START

OAKLAND REPUBLICAN

JANUARY 6, 1916

TO

DECEMBER 26, 1918

MISSING: NONE

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THE REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME 40. OAKLAND, MARYLAND THURSDAY, JANUARY 6, 1916. NUMBER 45

MR. D. M. DIXON IS PRESIDENT OF NEW BOARD

County Commissioners Organized Monday—Mr. Walter G. Meyers Is Clerk.

The Board of County Commissioners organized on Monday of this week with the election of Mr. D. M. Dixon, of Oakland, as its president, succeeding Mr. A. C. Smith, who served in a like capacity during the past year.

Mr. George Warnick, of Bloomington, is the new member of the Board, having been elected at the general election last fall and he qualified as such before Clerk of the Circuit Court Tower, some time ago. The Board as now composed consists of Messrs. D. M. Dixon, A. C. Smith and George Earnick, the retiring member being Mr. Otho S. Fike, who served faithfully and well for two terms, giving entire satisfaction to the people of the county during his administration.

With the advent of the new Board Mr. Walter G. Meyers, of Crellin, who was also elected at the general election last fall, assumed his duties as Clerk to the Commissioners. For the present he will be assisted by Mr. A. G. Ross, who has been connected with the office for a great many years, whose efficiency and intimate knowledge of the affairs of the office is such as to render his service almost invaluable until his successor becomes better acquainted with the intricate workings of the county's affairs.

The new Board goes into office under most auspicioes circumstances, and they have the well wishes of hundreds of tax payers for a successful administration.

The Commissioners have been quite busy during the session selecting road supervisors for the various districts of the county and fixing the amounts to be expended by them on the many roads under the supervisions. This work will be completed by Friday. At that time constables will be appointed.

AN IMPORTANT RULING

Associate Judge Robert R. Henderson Decided Case in County's Favor.

A decision of some importance was rendered by Judge Henderson in Cumberland on last Friday when he held constitutional the law creating the Miners and Operators Co-Operative Relief Fund.

The question of constitutionality of the law was raised when the County Commissioners of Allegany and Garrett counties brought suit to compel certain mine owners to pay over to the respective funds the amount which they owe at the present time. One suit was brought in Allegany county and two in Garrett and all three were decided at the same time by the Court in favor of the claims of the counties.

The law in question was repealed at the last session of the Legislature, so far as new payments or claims are concerned, but it was provided that the mines and miners should continue to pay into the old fund until all claims existing against the same on Nov. 1, 1914, should be paid. Refusal to pay was based on the ground that the act was one of class legislation in that it compelled those engaged in mining to pay insurance which was not required of those engaged in other industries.

The effect of the decision so far as Garrett county is concerned will be to bring into the miners fund in this county about $1500 which will be sufficient to pay up all existing claims of that nature.

The local County Commissioners were represented by Attorneys G. S. Hamill and E. H. Sincell.

Resigned As Constable.

L. B. Friend of Oakland, resigned as constable of District No. 14 last Monday. To-day Mr. Friend went to Connellsville, Pa.

Presbyterian Ghurh Services.

Beginning on Sunday services will be held in the Presbyterian church in Oakland every Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. All are invited.

Democrats In Bitter Battle At Capital Over Speakership

Smith-Harrington Forces and Lee Followers Widen Breach in Party Ranks--- Senate Adjourns While House Squabbles.

ANNAPOLIS, Jan. 5.—The lagislature convened at noon. The Republicans, with the aid of two People's party members from Worcester county, have within six of a majority of the House and three short of a majority in the Senate.

The Caucus of Democratic Senators selected the following officers: President, Peter J. Campbell, of Baltimore City: Secretary, P. Watson Webb, of Cambridge; Journal Clerk, Andrew Schaab, of Howard county.

The Republican caucus selected as their candidate for President, Senator Zihlman, of Cumberland, who received the Republican vote.

Senator Williams, of Cecil county was selected as President of the Republican caucus. Mr. Williams is editor of the Cecil Whig.

After a bitter debate that lasted for two hours, the House of Delegates failed to elect a Speaker and adjourned until noon tomorrow when the battle will be resumed unless a conference of the leaders of the Democratic party results in a compromise. One ballot was taken, the result being Philip B. Laird, choice of Smith-Harrington caucus, 33; Millard E. Tydings, the Lee-Preston-Mahon candidate, 22; Oliver Metzerotto, Republican, 45; absentees 2. Necessary to elect, 52.

Throughout the attempt of the House to select a presiding officer for the 90-day session, United States Senator John Walter Smith occupied the Speaker's room and Governor-elect Harrington stood near one of the doors where he could hear all that was said. The fight for Mr. Laird was led by William Purnell Hall, of Baltimore City, an anti-Preston Democrat, while Robert E. Lee, the Mayor's secretary for five years led the fight against Mr. Laird. Lloyd Wilkinson made the first onslaught on the Montgomery county man. Lee was on his feet several times to answer Hall and McIntosh, of Baltimore county.

The result of the bitter debate was evidently to widen the breach in the Democratic ranks. The burden of the remarks of the Lee-Preston people was that they would take almost any Democrat except Laird and that the reason they did not want Laird was that Senator Blair Lee objected to him.

Howard Bryant, of Baltimore county was selected temporary Speaker by a party vote of 52 to 46.

After the House adjourned until tomorrow the Smith-Harrington people who are backing Mr. Laird, went into conference, evidently to discuss the threat of the Lee-Preston people that they will tie up the Legislature indefinitely to prevent the nomination of Mr. Laird.

ENGAGEMENT IS FORMALLY ANNOUNCED

Dr. John E. Legge, to Wed Mrs. Helen Louise Garrish, of Mt. Vernon, Ohio.

Formal announcement has been made in Mt. Vernon, Ohio, social circles by Mrs. Clara L. Gordon, of that city of the engagement of her daughter, Mrs. Helen Louise Garrish to Dr. John E. Legge, of Cumberland, Md.

To the host of friends of the happy twain in this city will this announcement come as a joyous surprise and their congratulations will be both prompt and profuse, and none the less earnest and sincere. The bride-to-be has been the guest here of her brother-in-law and sister, Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Smith, and during her brief residence has endeared herself to a large circle of friends by virtue of her charming personality, culture and refinement.

Dr. Legge, during the four years of his residence in Cumberland, has earned a prominent position in the front rank of medical practitioners in Western Maryland. His years of preparation in this country and abroad, but notably in the clinics of Vienna, Berlin, Paris and London, where he spent two years in assiduous study, gave him the broadened experience that was prompt to attract a large and lucrative practice.

While arrangements for the wedding have not been definitely determined, it is more than probable that the New Year will not have progressed far on its journey of the cycle of the seasons, ere the happy event is solemnized.—Friday's Cumberland News.

Quarterly Distribution of School Funds.

The first quarterly distribution of school funds for 1916 has been announced by the Comptroller of the Treasury. Garrett county will receive for public schools the sum of $7,150.53, divided as follows: For public schools, $5,411.29; for high schools, $925; for school book fund, $814.24. Garrett county stands sixteenth in the distribution of the fund. Somerset, Carroll and Kent counties received the same amount for high schools as did Garrett.

ALL-POWERFUL LONACONING CHAMPS ARE HUMBLED

Local Basket Ball Team Trimmed Them By a Score of 26-20

On New Year's night the famous Lonaconing Basket Ball "champeens" met their Waterloo, being defeated by the Oakland team in what was perhaps the fastest game ever staged in the city of Lonaconing, and what is more this game registered Coney's first defeat on its own floor in three years.

The playing of the local team was a revelation to those who were in attendance and showed what team work will accomplish.

The line up:

Lonaconing, 20.		Oakland, 26.
McKenty	F	Sanner
A. Stewart	F	Chance
Spear	C	Boyle
Pell	G	Giessman
Clark	G	Frantz

Substitutions, M. Stewart for A. Stewart. Field goals, Boyle 5, Sanner 1, Chance 1, Spears 4, A. Stewart 2, Clark 1. Fouls, Sanner 12 out of 20; McKenty 6 out of 20. Timekeeper, W. Scott. Referee, Durst.

An Increase in Tax Basis.

An increase of $13,640,318, or about 118 per-cent., in the assessed valuation of the intangible personal property in the State of Maryland, exclusive of Baltimore city and Baltimore county, is shown by the 1915 report of Allan E. Girdwood, secretary of the State Tax Commission. By intangible personal property is meant stocks, bonds and other securities.

According to the table published 10 per cent. of the increase has been found in Carrol, and 66 per cent. in Frederick county. In one county, Somerset, the ncrease found was 425 per cent, while in Allegany the increase was 104 per cent. and in Anne Arundel 340 per cent. Other counties furnished from 20 to 50 per cent.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

THE NEW FIRM OF

D. M. Dixon & Co.

Wishes to announce that they intend to do business on a strictly CASH and TRADE basis only.

Realizing that people want and should have bargains when they spend their hard earned cash, we are going to arrange to give them something special each week. For the coming week we will sell our best flour for

80c. Sack or $6.50 per Barrel

in wood. The wholesale price is $7.05 per barrel.

We can handle 300 to 400 bushels good Potatoes at 75 cents per bushel, one-half cash, and cannot be overstocked in Railroad Ties and 8 and 10 foot Mine Props.

Butter, Eggs and all kinds of Country Produce will be taken at the highest market price.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

Whetsell & Browning

Deer Park's Best Store

Preparedness is the success of every great enterprise, so we have prepared to give everybody the following bargains for the entire month of January:

One lot Men's "Rich" Woolen Overshirts, worth $2.00 each, now only $1.50

One lot Men's Overcoats AT COST.

One lot Men's Gums, worth $2.35 per pair, now only - - - - - $1.75

One lot Raincoats AT COST.

One lot of Shoes at 50 cents and $1.00 per pair.

Regular 10-cent Unbleached Muslin, now per yard, only - - - - - .05

4 pair of Men's Hose, excellent values, only 25c.

Regnlar 10-cent Bleached Toweling, good goods, now per yard, only - - .05

Regular 8-cent Apron Gingham, now per yard, only - - - - - .06

Boy's Gum Boots, only $2.75 per pair.

We hope everyone will take advantage of this great opportunity to secure bargains.

WANTED

Grain Buckwheat, Live Chickens, Ducks and Guineas; also Butter and Eggs. We will take all the Potatoes we can get as long as the weather remains open at 75c. per bushel.

Bring the above produce to us. We always pay the highest price.

Offutt's

We are in the market for several cars of 5-ft. and 5-ft. Double Length Mine Ties

OFFUTTS'

OAKLAND'S BIG STORE

BIG EVENTS EPITOMIZED

The News the Wires Gather From the Four Corners.

HISTORY IN PARAGRAPHS

Great Events That Are Changing the World's Destiny Boiled Down for Consumption by the Busy Reader.

War Bulletins

Lieut. Rogers, of the British Royal Flying Corps, was killed when his aeroplane fell at Portsmouth England, while he was flying at a low altitude.

Bulgarian reserves of the classes of 1916 and 1917 were called to the colors beginning Jan. 1.

The Turkish Government has asked Parliament to authorize a loan of $87,000,000 from Germany.

Several splendidly equipped hospital trains have been presented to the Teutonic Allies by residents of Holland.

Russian troops occupied Kasban, Persia.

The Bank of England bought 615,000 pounds in bar gold.

Captain Karl Boy-Ed, the German naval attache who was recalled, sailed from New York on the steamer Rotterdam.

It is estimated that the Norwegian shipping lost in the war up to date totals 108,000 tons, and its cost is placed at $10,000,000.

Cash payment on the third German war loan amounted to 11,111,900,000 marks, or 91.4 per cent on Dec. 23.

King Ferdinand of Bulgaria, Crown Prince Boris, and a German prince are reported to be en route to Monastir, Serbia, traveling incognito.

Russian troops have occupied the important Persian town of Kashan and are marching toward Ispahan.

Washington

Prosecution of oyster dealers found guilty of the practice of adding fresh water to shucked oysters so as to greatly increase their size, in violation of the food and drugs act, will be recommended by the Department of Agriculture.

A statement issued by the Post Office Department declares that the record-breaking Christmas mail was handled wih scarcely a hitch.

Democratic leaders in Congress are demanding that President Wilson shall consult them before he breaks off diplomatic relations with Austria or Germany.

Announcement is made that a passport bureau has been opened at No. 2 Rector street, New York, by the State Department.

Secretary Daniels announced wage increase in ten different trades at thirteen navy yards and naval stations.

State Department officials began investigating a report that American Consul Thomas D. Edwards at Juarez, Mexico, had given an interview calling Gen. Carranza "a bullheaded old fool."

The State Department is preparing a protest against British interference with American mail to and from Holland.

A whole-hearted fling at the pacifists "of the stamp of Messrs. David Starr Jordan and Henry Ford," by Theodore Roosevelt, enlivened the Pan-American Scientific Congress.

Secretary of State Lansing issued a formal denial that there is any friction between Ambassadors Page at London and Gerard at Berlin and Penfield at Vienna.

General

Mayor Thompson of Chicago requested the secretary of the state of Nebraska to withdraw his name from the Republican Presidential primary ballot.

The National Railway of Mexico has closed a contract with the Pullman company for thirty sleeping cars and diners with which to resume service between San Antonio and Mexico City.

Claude Jones, who, with Walter McFarland, robbed the Bank of Grant at Grant, Okla., of $4,000, died of gunshot wounds. Jones and McFarland were shot by Cashier Webb and the money was recovered.

James B. McEwan, former mayor of Albany and a member of the State Legislature for 10 years, died in Albany.

Colorado, Iowa, Washington, Oregon, Idaho, South Carolina, and Arkansas decided to "go on the water wagon."

"It is conceivable that means can be devised for the transmission through space of a sufficient amount of energy in electrical form to exterminate an army of men or to destroy battleships on the high seas," Dr. Raymond F. Bacon of Pittsburgh declared.

American Ambassador Willard of Spain arrived at New York from Bordeaux on the French line steamship Rochambeau.

Seattle shipping men are forming an organization to build and operate three steamships to ply between Seattle and Hawaii, New Zealand and Australia.

Harry K. Thaw, late of the Tombs, New Hampshire, Canada and Matteawan, is back on Broadway for a spell.

Philadelphia manufacturers are purchasing all available coal in preparation of a strike of miners expected early in 1916.

The American ambulance work in Paris is costing $1,000 daily, according to Robert Bacon, former Ambassador to France, and a leader in the work.

The Cudahy Packing Co. has withdrawn from New Jersey.

Crude oil prices were advanced 10 cents a barrel by the Texas Co.

A rise of 13 feet in the Connecticut River was recorded at Hartford.

Cable communication with Dutch Guiana via Hayti was restored by the Postal Telegraph-Cable Co.

Owners of the St. Louis Federals paid $425,000 for the St. Louis American base ball team.

Construction of the new $3,000,000 sugar refinery at Port Wentworth, Ga., will be started immediately.

Pacific coast wheat prices are advancing steadily.

The Anaconda Copper Mining Co. declared a quarterly dividend of $1.50 a share.

President Wilson appointed Lefert Slack United States attorney at Indianapolis.

An order for 10,000 tons of steel rails was placed with the Illinois Steel Co., by the Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railroad.

Miss Katherine B. Davis, commissioner of correction of New York City, resigned to become a member of the parole board.

Bringing $3,930,000 in gold, the American Line steamer New York arrived at New York from Liverpool.

Senator Charles O. Hennessy, of New Jersey, has entered the race for the Democratic nomination for governor.

New York is the largest city in the world. London, according to cable dispatches, officially admits the city is ahead by 250,000.

More than a million acres of land will be added to the bird reservations in the United States if the National Association of Audubon Societies, with headquarters at No. 1974 Broadway, New York, suceeds in having all the cemeteries of the country converted into bird sanctuaries.

The British steamship Embla was beached on Mucking Flats, England. The crew was saved.

The steamer Nieuw Amsterdam, New York for Falmouth and Rotterdam, went aground at Forkspit, near Deal.

Receivership for the Texas & Pacific Railway Co., was asked in a petition filed at Dallas, Texas, by attorneys of the Bankers' Trust Co., of New York.

Damage of $20,000 was caused when the Silver Opera House and several homes burned at Rahway, N. J.

Mortimer L. Schiff sent to the prefect of police of Paris $20,000 to help the mothers and children of soldiers at the front.

The building occupied by Comstock-Willet Co., at Bridgeport, Mass., wholesale grocers, was damaged by fire to the extent of $100,000.

The Calumet & Hecla Co. is reported to have sold its entire copper output up to April.

Sporting

"Mike" Devanny, the two mile national indoor champion, has started his training for a hard campaign on the board floors this winter.

Jack Abel of Chattanooga defeated Mickey Sheriden of Chicago in a furious eight round bout in Chattanooga.

Ted Lewis, the Whitechapel lad, carried the British colors through ten rounds of courageous and efficient fighting against the best 142-pound fighter America can produce—Willie Richie, of California and now the welterweight championship in New York.

Thomas L. Shevlin, millionaire lumberman and Yale football coach, died in Minneapolis of pneumonia. He was stricken with the malady after being weakened by overwork and exposure in drilling the Yale eleven last Fall.

Official announcement has been made that the Washington and Jefferson football team will play Rutgers College on the ePolo Ground, in New York City, on next Thangsgiving Day.

Foreign

Germany is reported to have discovered a successful substitute for cotton in the manufacture of gunpowder.

Two Austrian torpedo boat destroyers have been sunk as a result of an encounter with sea forces of the allies at a point outside of Cattaro, in the Adriatic.

Germany has extended recognition to the de facto government of Mexico headed by General Venustiano Carranza.

Lieutenant-Colonel Joseph Greenwood, aged 60, committed suicide by hanging in the office of the Horse Guards at Whitehall, London.

The Turkish Government announced that money orders will be accepted for Bulgaria, Austria-Hungary, Germany, Switzerland, Holland and Scandinavia.

General Francisco Villa has re-organized the remmants of his army and is making a march southward to join the Zapata forces.

Operations were begun on Jan. 1, by the syndicate organized by the Swiss Government for the supervision of the importation of iron, steel, and other metals.

Fifty thousand cars of Rumanian wheat were purchased by Germany.

CZAR HURLS GREAT ARMIES AGAINST AUSTRO-GERMANS 1,500,000 ON 300-MILE LINE

New Muscovite Offensive in Galicia Is in Full Swing---Series of Battles Projected in Effort to Influence Rumania to Join the War

BRITISH SHIP NATAL SUNK BY INTERNAL EXPLOSION

London.—Hard battles were fought by the vast Russian force which is pressing the new campaign of the Czar in Bessarabia, and the attacks covered a front of 300 miles, from the Pripet River to the Rumanian border.

The initiative over a distance of 190 miles on the Volhynian and Galician fronts is firmly on the side of the Russians, who seem to be securely established across the Styr River north of Czartorysk. They have captured the village of Khriask, three miles from the river.

The Russians continue to pour reinforcements into the region, and although the number of their troops engaged in the drive is not disclosed, reports from the Entente sources indicate that the Muscovite forces are much larger than those opposing them. The Austrians and Germans are said to total at least 1,500,000.

Dispatches from Petrograd emphasize the excellence of the equipment and munitions and the abundance of the supplies of the Russian army, accumulated in the period of inactivity following the retreat before the Germans in the last campaign.

London observers assert the Bessarabian move is likely to become the greatest dash of the whole war, and predict it will be a colossal attempt to break the backbone of the whole line of the Central Powers and their allies across the Balkans.

Both the Central Powers and Russia have been for months trying to influence Rumania to intervene on their sied. Russian, having failed to obtain Rumanian consent to drive through her territory for an invasion of Bulgaria, sent the large army which had been massed in Bessarabia to the Galician front, with the object, it is believed, of winning over King Ferdinand by inflicting a decisive defeat of the Austro-German troops there.

The British warship Natal, a first-class armored cruiser, was blown up in an English port, with heavy loss of life. The Admiralty stated officially that the explosion was due to internal causes aboard the vessel.

CAPTURE GERMAN TRENCHES

Paris.—More German defenses in the Vosges Mountains were added by the French to the trenches captured by them in the last few days.

Terrific fighting marked the battle for Hartmanns-Weilerkopf, and the struggle is fast developing into one of the big operations of the war.

After preparation by an intense cannonading in which guns of all calibre were employed, the Germans made several counter-attacks in an effort to recover lost ground. The troops came to grips in the open, and the Kaiser's forces, although fighting with the utmost determination, were repeatedly driven back, yielding each time a little more than they did before.

PITH OF THE WAR NEWS

Montenegro is suffering from a great dearth of provisions, owing to the sinking of foodships by Austrian submarines in the Mediterranean.

The French armored cruiser Suffren withdrew in flames after being hit twice by Turkish shore batteries at the Dardanelles.

The attitude of Rumania continues to grow in importance, and reports have been renewed that the entrance of Rumania into the war on the side of the Entente will not be delayed much longer.

Operations in the Austro-Italian arena are confined to artillery duels.

Rumania's entry into the war on the side of the Allies is imminent. This is the interpretation placed here on the new Russian offensive that has been launched from Pripet to Bukowina.

In the terrific battle in the Vosges for the summit of Hartmanns-Weilerkopf the French beat back German counter attacks made with grenades.

Every French soldier received as a New Year's gift from the government a slice of ham, a jar of jam, a pint of wine, a cigar, an orange and two apples.

Seventy-five thousand Serbians have re-formed at Scutari and Eloassan, in Albania, and the Montenegrin army is now throwing itself energetically into the contest against the Austrians.

The Russian advance in Persia is at points too remote to menace the Turks who are fighting the British under General Townshend, but the move is counted upon to have an important political effect.

Vienna asserts the renewed onslaughts against the Austro-Hungarians north of the Bukowina frontier failed, with losses to the Russians.

Amsterdam.—Two new landings by the Allies in the near East are reported. The British have transferred some troops from Saloniki to Orfano, a small Greek port sixty miles east of Saloniki, with the intention of checking any possibility of a hostile advance from that quarter.

The second landing was made by the French on the Greek island of Castelorizo, off the southeast coast of Asia Minor, not far from the important seaport of Adalia.

An Athens dispatchs says that the occupation of Adalia is the object of the landing. A railway runs north of Adalia, and the presence there of a strong allied force would menace the communications of any hostile force operating against Egypt or the lower Tigris region.

Rome reports that the Central Powers have begun a general withdrawal from the entire Macedonian front, owing to the serious Russian campaign in Bessarabia.

Durazo, capital of Albania and one of the chief Albania seaports, was occupied by the Italians, according to reports received by way of Geneva.

Exemption of Ireland from compulsory military service, and a compromise on a mild form of conscription, averted the threatened crisis in the British Cabinet, according to the general belief in London.

Russians, continuing their strong attacks in Galicia, were again repulsed with heavy losses, according to Vienna. The Czar's troops attempted to storm the bridgehead at Bukanoy, on the Strypa, but were thrown back, leaving dead and wounded on the field and 900 prisoners in the hands of the Austrians.

An overwhelming force of Turkish troops destined to co-operate in the Teuton-Bulgarian drive on Saloniki, is being rushed into Macedonia.

COMPULSION FOR BRITAIN.

London.—The advocates in the British Cabinet of compulsory military service for all unmarried "slackers" apparently have won the day. The departure from London of many of the leading Ministers after the Cabinet meeting is taken as indicating that a final decision has been reached. The question at issue was whether or not compulsion should be applied immediately to bring into the army every eligible unmarried man who had failed to attest his willingness to serve under Lord Derby's voluntary enlistment plan.

According to the Daily Mail the result was a triumph for the principle of single men first.

Andrew Bonar Law, the Colonial Secretary, is quoted in an interview given to the London correspondent of an Australian news agency as saying that when the time comes for the conclusion of peace "the dominions will be consulted and their views will have great weight in determining what the terms of peace shall be."

A despatch from Vienna says Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg, of Germany, is expected in Vienna soon with the full conditions under which the Teutonic Central Powers will accept peace.

After discussing the terms with Baron von Burian, the Austrian Foreign Minister, the conditions will be officially communicated to the Allies, Germany suggesting that the first conference be held at The Hague, asserts the despatch.

French gun fire frustrated a German sortie over an extensive front in Alsace. The French soldiery, then under cover of the same guns, flung themselves upon their retiring foes and captured a number of trenches between the Rehelfelsen and the Hirzstein.

PASSPORT DENIED DR. COOK.

Papers to Travel to Germany Refused by Minister to Denmark.

Copenhagen. — Dr. Frederick A. Cook, the explorer, and his secretary, Dr. F. P. Thompson, called at the American Legation. They expressed much disappointment because the Legation would not give them passports into Germany.

Dr. Cook and his secretary may appeal to the United States Government against the decision not to supply them with the passports.

FRENCH CONDEMN SOLVEIG.

Vessel Owned by American Transatlantic Company.

Washington.—The steamer Solveig, owned by the American Transatlantic Company, has been condemned by the French prize court. The owners will appeal.

Flying a Norwegian flag, the Solveig was seized while in a French port. Her American papers reached her Commander a few days later. Suspected German ownership was given as the cause for detaining the vessel.

Mortgagee's Sale

OF A VALUABLE

House and Lot

In the town of Deer Park, Garrett County, Md.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage from L. T. Friend and Claud C. Friend to William R. Offutt dated the 11th day of December, 1914, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 67, folio 556, one of the Mortgage Records of said Garrett County, default having occured in the condition of said mortgage, the undersigned, the said mortagee, hereby gives notice that he will on

FRIDAY,

the 7th day of January, 1916,

at the hour of two o'clock p. m. in front of the Garrett National Bank, on Second Street, in the town of Oakland, Maryland, offer at public sale to the highest bidder the property mentioned in said mortgage and described as follows, to wit:

All of that lot, piece or parcel of ground situate, lying and being in the town of Deer Park, Garrett County, Maryland, and described as follows. Beginning for the same at the junction of the road leading to Oakland and the road leading to Altamont and on the North side of said road, then North 66 degrees West 163 feet, then South 29 degrees West 67 feet to the beginning, this being the same property which was conveyed to the said Claud C. Friend by deed dated the 10th day of December, 1914, by Phoebe Clark, et al, and duly recorded among the Land Records of said Garrett county.

Said lot is improved by an excellent dwelling, stable and other necessary outbuildings.

TERMS OF SALE:—Cash on day of sale. Conveyancing at cost of purchaser.

WM. R. OFFUTT, Mortgagee.

N. B. For further particulars consult William R. Offutt, Attorney at Law, Garrett National Bank Building, Oakland, Md. Any party making substantial and satisfactory down payment can secure reasonable terms for deferred payments.

ROAD PETITION.

This is to give notice that thirty days after the first publication of this notice, application will be made to the Board of County Commissioners for Garrett County, for the appointment of viewers, to view and locate a proposed change in the public road, as described in the report in No. 229 in the County Commissioners office, beginning for the said proposed change at a point on the Grantsville and Bittinger County road, at the junction of the private road leading from said road to John Swauger and Simon Resh, and running thence through the lands of Paul Beachy, Noah Bittinger, John Swauger, Simon Resh, James Resh, Sincell, Thayer and Mitchell, Jacob Beeman, Joseph Durst, Benjamin Butler and Emma Knox, to intersect the Amish road near the McLaughlin school house, a distance of about two miles and they also will request the abandonment of the lately located road, leading from the Amish road as described in road case No. 229 on the docket of the County Commissioners of Garrett county.

PAUL BEACHY,
ROOT BEACHY,
NOAH BITTINGER,
S. W. BITTINGER,
JOHN SWAUGER,
DANIEL BAKER,
MARLON MILLER,
E. W. DAVIS,
PERRY BOWSER,
EDWARD BOWSER,
LLOYD BOWSER,
JAMES BOWSER,
ERNERT RESH,
EMMA KNOX,
SIMON RESH.

First publication Dec. 2nd, 1915.

NOTICE OF STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

The regular meeting of the Stockholders of THE GARRETT NATIONAL BANK OF OAKLAND, MARYLAND, will be held at its Banking House on

Tuesday, January 11, 1916,

at two o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors for the ensuing year and for the transacting of any other routine business that may come before them.

S. T. JONES, Cashier.

NOTICE OF STOCKHOLDERS MEETING.

Pursuant to the required legal notice a meeting of the Stockholders of THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF FRIENDSVILLE, MARYLAND, will be held at its Banking House on

Tuesday, January, 11, 1916,

at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business that may lawfully be done.

ORVAL A. WELCH, Cashier.

NOTICE OF STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

The regular annual meeting of the Stockholders of THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF KITZMILLERVILLE, MARYLAND, will be held at its Banking House on

Tuesday, January 11, 1916,

from 1 to 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors for the ensuing year and for the transacting of any other business that may be brought before them.

G. B. M. KEPLER, Cashier.

NOTICE OF STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

The regular annual meeting of the Stockholders of THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF OAKLAND, MARYLAND, will be held at its Banking House on

Tuesday, January 11, 1916,

from 1 to 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of any other business that may be brought before them.

R. E. SLIGER, Cashier.

THE STATE OF MARYLAND

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE
DECEMBER 7, 1915.

To all whom it may concern:

Notice is hereby given that application has been made to the Governor of Maryland for the parole of Benjamin Helmick, who was convicted at the December term, 1911, of the Circuit Court for Garrett county, of Assault to rape, and sentenced to the Maryland Penitentiary for a period of five years.

The Governor will take up the said case for final decision on or after Tuesday, December 21, 1915, until which time protests against such application will be heard and the papers filed will be open to inspection at the discretion of the Governor.

By order of the Governor.

ROBERT P. GRAHAM,
Secretary of State.

Get a Sleigh from Naylors.
Advertisement.

TAX SALE

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate

In Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of the power vested in the Treasurer of Garrett County, Maryland, by section 52 of Chapter 566, of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland for the year 1890, title "Garrett County," sub-title "County Treasurer," and as amended by the General Assembly of Maryland for the year 1898, Chapter 144, the undersigned late Treasurer in and for Garrett County, Maryland, will, on

FRIDAY

The 7th Day of January, 1916,

at 2 o'clock p. m. at the front door of the Court House in the town of Oakland, Garrett county, Md., offer and sell at public auction to the highest bidder all of the following pieces or parcels of land lying and being in Garrett County, Md., to wit:

No. 1.—All that part of Military Lot No. 1529, containing ten acres, the same being the North end of said lot as laid off, and more particularly described as follows: Beginning for the same at the end of the second line of said lot, and running thence with the third and part of the fourth lines thereof, North 67 degrees West, 80 perches, South 23 degrees West, 20 perches, then South 67 degrees East, 80 perches to said second line, and with it, North 23 degrees East, 20 perches to the beginning, the same being a part of the tract of land called "Parent and Child," and being a part of the same land which was conveyed to the said Norman Barnard by Johnson White, Administrator of William White of William, by deed dated the 16th day of August, 1882, and recorded in Liber W. H. T. No. 6, folio 657, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1910 and 1911, as is charged upon the assessment books of said Garrett county in the name of Norman Barnard, said land being situated in Election District No. 7 of said Garrett county.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on the day of sale. The right of redemption extends to six calendar months from day of sale by paying the amount of the purchase money with interest thereon at the rate of twenty per cent. per annum and all costs. Conveyancing at cost of purchaser.

ROBERT L. FRIES,
Late Treasurer of Garrett County.

SHERIFF'S SALE

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate and Personal Property

Located in Election District No. 2, Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland, at the suit of Dixon & Kelso against the goods and chattles, land and tenements of Jefferson Burch, the same being No. 19 Judicials to December Term, 1915, and to the undersigned sheriff of Garrett County directed, I did, on the 26th day of November, 1915, seize, levy upon and take into execution, by actual entry upon the land hereinafter described, and did also at the same time seize, levy upon and take into execution the personal property hereinafter mentioned and described, and I hereby give notice that on

FRIDAY

the 31st day of December, 1915,

at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m., on the premises of the said Jefferson Burch, located in Election District No. 2 in Garrett county, Md., and about one and one-half miles west of Blooming Rose I will offer for sale and sell to the highest bidder or bidders all the right, title and interest of the said Jefferson Burch in and to the following personal property, to wit:

One brown bald-face Mare named Nell; 1 black Horse named Dock, 1 black Mare named Bird, 4 sets Harness, 1 Road Wagon, 1 lot of Spreaders and Grabs, 1 Hay Rake, 2 Cows, 1 lot of Hay and Straw.

And I further hereby give notice that upon the same day and place and immediately after the sale of the above described personal property I will offer for sale and sell to the highest bidder or bidders all the right, title, interest and estate of the said Jefferson Burch in and to all that part of the tract of land called "Yough Manor," containing 41 acres, more or less, and being the premises whereon the said Jefferson Burch now resides and being the same land which was conveyed to the said Jefferson Burch by John H. Friend and wife by deed dated May 4th, 1898, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 34, folio 476, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, Md.

TERMS OF SALE:—Cash on the day of sale, and no personal property to be removed until terms are complied with.

BERT C. SCOTT,
Sheriff of Garrett County.

Order Nisi.

Edward H. Sincell, assignee, vs. Joseph E. Lint, et ux.

In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland, No. 2044 Equity.

Ordered, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in equity, this 18th day of December, 1915, that the sale of the property mentioned in these proceedings as made and reported by Edward H. Sincell, Assignee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 21st day of January, 1916, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett County once in each of three successive weeks before the 14th day of January, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $600.00.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy, Test: E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Sunshine In Your Home.

Beautify and Brighten Your Home AT SMALL COST,

By Installing Hollow Wire Gasoline Lighting System and Lamps.

The most successful and safest illuminating device in the world. Gasoline produces the most powerful light next to sunshine—and has no injurious effect on the eyes. Our modern systems are entirely safe and efficient, and more economical to maintain than either gas or electricity. Buy one of the systems for your home or store, and you will find that you have secured not only an economical light, but a more efficient one than is afforded by any other type of lighting system. These lamps are great labor savers, as there are no wicks to clean, no dirt nor objectionable odor; no trouble to light or operate, no danger of explosions. We guarantee them to be just as represented and perfectly satistactory. I represent three of the best companies who make these systems, all of which guarantee their system and back up their guarantee. These system are approved by all fire underwriters. I can also furnish systems suitable for halls, churches, hotels, street lamps, etc.

The following table shows the cost of maintaining 100 candle 'power of various kinds of light for 3 hours per night for one month, or 90 hours:

Electric (size 16 candle power)	$4.48
Gas (with mantle)	.64½
Gas (open burner)	6.37
Kerosene Lamps	1.61
Tallow Candle (100)	15.60
Single Candle	.15½
Gasoline Improved Lamps	.25

Below are the names and addresses of some of my many customers who have been using these systems, and who will be glad to recommend them and answer any enquiries:

B. H. Glotfelty,	McHenry, Md.	Mrs. T. B. Wiley,	Bittinger, Md.
Howard Brenneman P. M.	" "	O. C. Buckell,	" "
Prof E. A. Browning,	" "	P. G. Stark,	" "
McHenry Church,	"	Wm. H. Oss,	Swanton, Md.
C. M. Railey,	" "	Geo. Moon,	" "
A. C. Smith,	" "	H. W. Friend,	" "
Joe Sebolt,	" "	Westernport Merc. Co.,	" "
W. A. Smith, merchant,	Hoyes, Md.	Herman Steiding,	" "
N. H. Casteel,	" "	Theo. Beckman,	" "
George Sebolt,	" "	John Mankis,	" "
Hamilton Friend,	" "	Ed. Beckman,	" "
J. Arthur DeWitt,	" "	W. E. McClintoch,	Friendsville, Md.
D. O. DeWitt,	" "	J. Bunnell Friend,	" "
Hoyes Church,	" "	Frank Humbertson,	" "
A. P. Enlow,	" "	Geo. Humbertson,	" "
W. H. Haenftling.	" "	I. N. Welch,	Selbysport, Md.
F. C. Diehl,	" "	John Fresh,	Accident, Md.
C. C. Beachy,	" "	Henry Paugh,	Sang Run, Md.
John Harmon,	" "	Fred Gortner, Mt.	Lake Park, Md.
Silas Beachy,	" "	Jerome DeWitt,	Deer Park, Md.
John Gies,	" "	Walter Savage,	" "
A. J. Alexander,	" "	George Wilt,	" "
John Thayer,	" "	Wm. Casteel,	" "
T. B. Hinebaugh	" "	W. M. Thayer,	" "
Allen Glover,	" "	James W. Beeghley,	Oakland, Md.

We have built this business upon the solid rock of INTEGRITY, conscientious and faithful service, sincereity between ourselves and customers. This is our guiding principle and it will carry us to greater success. A big business founded on a little idea. Twelve months ago we planted a little seed, a ilttle idea; this little seed was planted in the earth of AMBITION, watered by the rains of HONESTY, and has grown into a tree whose branches extend throughout the county.

JOSEPH AMEEN, Agent.
KITZMILLER, MD.

WALTER'S Oscillating Sleds

IF you want a sled you should buy a good hand made oscillating white oak bob sled, made of the best white oak wood that is possible to get, and will outlast any factory sled on the market.

I have been making sleds for a number of years, also repairing all kinds and certainly ought to know where a sled ought to be made stronger and better than a factory that perhaps never repaired a sled in their existence.

My stock is larger and better than ever before. If you need a sled come and see mine before you purchase, then if we don't deal it will be because quality won't have anything to do with it.

Prices very reasonable. Remember the name of the sled.

James W. Walter
DEER PARK, MD.

The Republican--Garrett Co.'s Paper.

PARADISE

The recent rains of the last few days has put a stop to the labor loving class of Paradise.

Wm. Lohr and Chancey Glass were pleasant callers at T. E. Meese's on Sunday last.

W. W. Groves and son spent two days in Crellin having some repairs made to their engine.

The Sunshine Lumber Co expects to finish sawing on their contract at Arch Beckmans in a few days and will move hence to William Speicher's where they expect to live for the next 2½ or 3 months as the job has been estimated at something over 50,000 feet.

Our prospective bologna factor expects to do a good business on futures as Kit Carson is almost ready for market.

We are glad to learn that town sports can not always catch county does.

Mr. C. A. Miller and son are loading a car of hay at Altamont for Piedmont market.

The ice is now broken and a boat is waiting for the return of Gus Groves.

The stork made a visit at the home of L. H. Means and left a fine baby girl one night last week.

Wm. Lohr delivered a four horse load of produce, including a beef to O. H. Lee at Kitzmiller last week.

A. D. Fike has notified the superintendent of the Paradise bologna shop that "Dick" will be ready till he gets his lime hauled if prospective snows last.

We have been informed that P. J. Hamill has purchased the Arbuckle Bros. farm near Deer Park.

Mrs. Albert Groves and Mrs. A. D. Fike were calling on Mrs. L. H. Means Sunday afternoon. TIMOTHY.

COVE

Mr. Welltr and Jake Collier of Brownsville, Pa., visited their homes over Christmas.

John Hetrick's two children are ill with the whooping cough.

Miss Alice Ringer and Mr. Harry Beachy, both of Strawn, Pa., were married in Cumberland.

A number of the Cove folks attended the Christmas service at Accident in the Lutheran church.

J. D. Smearman of Moorland, Iowa, is here visiting relatives and friends.

George Smearman called on Miss Grace Kamp Sunday evening.

John Frazee of Boswell, Pa., and Martin George of Akron, Ohio, have returned home for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Milton Fisher spent Christmas with their daughter, Mrs. Jonas Margroff.

Henry Kolb made a business trip to Friendsville.

The Mineral Spring School held a very interesting entertainment. A number of Cove folks attended.

Mr. and Mrs. Beason Glotfelty visited the latter's parents Saturday and Sunday.

The Sunday school in both churches rendered a very interesting program during the holidays, but on account of bad weather the attendance was not large.

Jessie McCintock who is quite ill with cancer is not improving.

—Republican Meyersdale.

BITTINGER.

The year 1916 has begun with unusually warm, bright weather, and it is our wish that the entire year may be bright, prosperous and full of all good for THE REPUBLICAN, its host of readers and every citizen of good old Garrett.

Miss Cora Bittinger was treated to a surprise party on New Year's evening and she with a number of her young friends spent a very enjoyable evening.

Mrs. C. J. Brenneman and son Clark spent last week visiting relatives in Akron, Ohio. Mrs. Chauncey Broadwater accompanied Mrs. and Mr. Brenneman.

An unusually heavy sleet last week did great damage to timber, fruit trees and telephone lines in this section. In many sugar camps a large number of trees were broken and blown down.

Freeman Stark, of New Germany, spent Saturday and Sunday here the guest of Miss Cora Bittinger.

Clyde Broadwater returned to New Windsor, Md., early this week, where he will resume his studies.

Harvey Mellinger, of North Glade, is employed in F. M. Bittinger's coal mine, this winter.

Poultry Program Out.

Within the next ten days six hundred copies of the program and prmium list of the Western Maryland Poultry Exhibit will be mailed to people in Allegany and Garrett counties, this state, and Hampshire county, W. Va.

The book will be very elaborate. It will contain the premium list and program of the show.

The forthcoming show gives promise of being a great success, as much interest is being taken in the preparations by people of the town generally as well as by the committees of the association.

HERIFF'S SALE OF Real Estate AND Personal Property

At the McGraw Summer Residence, Deer Park, the 14th and 15th days of January, 1916.

Under and by virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of the Circuit Court for Garrett County, No. 17 Judicials, September Term, 1915, at the suit of Second National Bank of Parkersburg, against John T. McGraw et. al., the undersigned Late Sheriff of Garrett County, will sell at Public Auction to the highest bidder at the residence of John T. McGraw in the town of Deer Park, Garrett County Maryland, commencing on

FRIDAY

The 14th Day of January 1916,

at the hour of 10.30 o'lock a. m. of said day, and said sale will continue until Saturday, the next day, at 10 o'clock a. m., unless all of the goods are disposed of the first day, the following being the property which will be offered for sale, to-wit:

1. All that part of the tract of land called "Peace and Plenty," containing 57 acres, more or less, being the same property which was conveyed to the said John T. McGraw by Henry G. Davis and wife by deed dated June 30, 1900 and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 38, folio 564, etc., one of the Land Records of Garrett county aforesaid, together with the right to use the water from the spring commonly called the "Boiling Spring," and which right was conveyed by said deed, saving and excepting 4-10 of an acre of the above described land which was conveyed to the Real Estate and Improvement Company of Baltimore City by the said John T. McGraw by deed dated September 24, 1908, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 59, folio 226, one of the Land Records of Garrett county aforesaid.

2. All that other piece or parcel of ground containing 1-11 acres and being the same land which was conveyed to said John T. McGraw by the Real Estate and Improvement Company of Baltimore City, by deed dated November 11, 1907, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 58, folio 170, one of the Land Records of Garrett County aforesaid.

The above two mentioned and described parcels will be sold as a whole.

3. All that lot of ground containing 49½ square rods, and being the same which was conveyed to the said John T. McGraw by Henry Bobet and wife, by deed dated March 28, 1902, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 40, folio 504, one of the Land Records of Garrett County aforesaid.

4. All that other lot of ground known as the "Schoolheld Property," containing 45 square rods and being the same land which was conveyed to the said John T. McGraw by Frances Chidister by deed dated March 29, 1902, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 40 folio 505, one of the Land Records of Garrett county aforesaid.

5. All that other lot of ground known as the "Michael Garrett" lot, containing 97½ square rods, and being the same land which was conveyed to the said John T. McGraw by Michael J. Garrett and wife by deed dated April 11, 1902, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 40, folio 513, one of the Land Records of Garrett County aforesaid.

6. All that other lot of land containing 10,650 square feet, and being the same land which was conveyed to the said John T. McGraw by W. C. Jones and wife, by deed dated April 21, 1902, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 40, folio 555, one of the Land Records of Garrett county aforesaid.

This property is beautifully located at Deer Park and constitutes, with its improvements, the summer home of John T. McGraw, and was in part the former summer home of Senator Henry G. Davis, and with its buildings, tenant houses, barns and other outbuildings, is one of the most attractive properties in Garrett county, and said above described personal property and real estate will be sold to pay and satisfy said writ of venditioni exponas and the cost thereon accrued.

All of the following personal property: One Range, 2 Tables, 1 lot Cooking Utensils, 7 Chairs, 1 Churn, Kitchen Utensils, 1 Refrigerator, 1 Cupboard, 1 Table, 1 China Closet and Glass, 1 Extension Table, 9 Chairs, 1 Sideboard and Silverware, 3 Rugs in dining room, 1 lot Chinaware, 4 pieces Statuary, Library Furniture, 1 Mirror, 3 Tables, 1 Settee, 1 Marble Pedestal, 3 Rockers, 1 Porch Swing, 1 lot Porch Furniture, 1 Candelabrum, 1 lot of Brica-Brac, 1 lot Pictures in Parlor, 2 Jardeniers, 4 Jardeniers in hall, 1 Chest in hall, 15 Cushions in chest, 2 Settees, 2 Hall chairs, 2 Rugs, 2 Stands, 1 Brass Pedestal, 1 lot Pictures in hall, 1 Pool Table and Fixtures, 1 lot Reed Furniture, 20 Cushions, 1 Table, 1 Parlor Suit in pool room, 1 lot Brica-brac in pool room, 8 Fur Robes, 15 Rugs, 10 Large Rugs, 18 Rugs, 1 Library Table, 1 Set Parlor Furniture, 1 Pedestal and Figure, 1 lot Pictures in music room, 1 Corner Cabinet, 1 lot Brica-brac, 1 Hall Rack, 1 Hall Settee, 1 Hall Desk, 1 lot of Pictures in hall, Furniture in Three Bed Rooms, 1 Bed, Bed and three Presses, Child's Bed and Wash stand, Lawn utensils in tenpin ally, 1 Wagon, Bed and Ladders, 1 Plow, and Harrow, 7 Buggies and Carriages, Horse Sheets and Halters, 1 Spring Wagon, 1 bay Stallion, 2 sorrel Mares, 1 bay Mare and Colt, Gelding, 2 two-year old Colts, 6 Cows, 3 two year old Heifers, 4 Heifer Calves, grey Horse called "Joe," 2 Traps in good condition, lot harness, both for carriage use and farm work, and some other articles about said house not herein specified.

No property is to be removed from the premises until the terms of the sale are complied with.

TERMS OF SALE—On all sums amounting to $20 and under, cash will be required on the day of sale, before the article is delivered; on all sums in excess of this amount, a credit of four months will be given, if desired by the purchaser, by his giving his note to the Sheriff, payable and negotiable at some bank, with interest from date, with security satisfactory to the Sheriff. This extension of time is given by the undersigned in order that the property will bring better prices, and better for all parties concerned. Any party desiring to pay the cash can do so, and save paying interest, on personal property only.

TERMS OF SALE—For Real Estate cash on day of sale.

BERT C. SCOTT.
Late Sheriff of Garrett County.

TAX SALE OF VALUABLE Real Estate

In Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of the power vested in the Treasurer of Garrett County, Maryland, by section 52 of Chapter 566, of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland for the year 1890, title "Garrett County," sub-title "County Treasurer," and as amended by the General Assembly of Maryland for the year 1898, Chapter 144, the undersigned late Treasurer in and for Garrett County, Maryland, will, on

FRIDAY

The 7th Day of January, 1916,

at 11 o'clock a. m. at the front door of the Court House in the town of Oakland, Garrett county, Md., offer and sell at public auction to the highest bidder all of the following pieces or parcels of land lying and being in Garrett county, Md., to wit.

No. 1.—All that part of Military Lot No. 1529, situate, lying and being in Election District No. 7 of Garrett county, as laid off, and more particularly described as follows: Beginning for the same at the end of 60 perches on the 2nd line of said Military Lot No. 1529, and running with it North 23 degrees East, 20 perches, then North 67 degrees West, 80 perches to the end of 20 perches on the 4th line of said Lot, thence with it, South 23 degrees West, 20 perches, thence South 67 degrees East, 80 perches to the beginning, containing ten acres, and being a part of the same land which was conveyed to Rosa A. Riley by Norman Barnard, by deed dated the 27, day of October, 1910, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No 61, folio 298, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1912 and 1913, as is charged upon the assessment books of said Garrett county in the name of Rosa J. Riley.

No. 2.—All that part of the tract of land called "William and Mary," situate, lying and being in Election District No. 8 of Garrett county, as laid off, and more particularly described as follows: Beginning for the same at the end of the 3rd line of Military Lot No. 1380, and running thence West, 60 perches, thence North 20 degrees East, 58 perches to the South margin of the Northwestern Turnpike, thence with said Turnpike, South 61 degrees East, 47 perches to the 4th line of said Military Lot No. 1380, thence South, 31 perches to the beginning, containing fifteen acres, being a part of the same land which was conveyed to Susan H. Hendrickson by Paul S. Hendrickson by deed dated Sept. 2, 1889, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 15, folio 254, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1912, as is charged upon the assessment books in the name of Susan Hendrickson.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on the day of sale. The right of redemption extends to six calendar months from day of sale by paying the amount of the purchase money with interest thereon at the rate of twenty per cent. per annum and all costs. Conveyancing at cost of purchaser.

J. B. EMORY,
Late Treasurer of Garrett County.

The man Who Makes A STUDY OF HIS APPEARANCE

Is the man who best appreciates the detail of the tailoring we turn out The workmanship passes without a question, the fit is naturally a matter of course, but the shape we mould into the garments give them a character that finishes them off and makes the satisfaction of the owner complete.

All this is a bid for your next tailoring order. We know we can make you the best clothes you ever wore We want you to know it. That orde s the best and only sure way to settle he question.

JAMES BROCK,
Dixon Building,
Oakland, Maryland.

Commissioners Meeting.

The Board of County Commissioners for Garrett county, Maryland, will meet on

Monday, January 3rd, 1916,

to organize, appoint Road Supervisors and transact general routine business.

By order of the Board.
A. G. ROSS, Clerk.

Road Petition.

Notice is hereby given that thirty days after the first publication hereof application will be made to the Board of County Commissioners of Garrett county, Md., for the appointment of viewers to view and locate a new county public road, said proposed road beginning at a point on the public county road leading from Bittinger to New Germany at the farm of Gilbert Green, near the south branch of the Casselman river and following the course of said river to intersect the public county road at Jennings, passing through the lands of Frank Miller, Archie Bittinger, Jacob J. Bittinger, Ernest Bittinger, Charles W. Bittinger, Wilson Mason, Jennings Brothers, Jesse Wilt, Thomas Platter, Thomas Hoover, Samuel Handwerk and Solomon Wandwerk, Edward Swauger, a distance of about four miles.

JACOB J. BITTINGER,
ERNEST BITTINGER,
M. K. RYMAN,
and more than 100 others.

First publication Dec. 9, 1915.

ROAD PETITION.

Notice is hereby given that at the expiration of thirty days after the first publication hereof application will be made to the Board of County Commissioners of Garrett county, Maryland, for the appointment of viewers to view, examine and determine whether the public convenience requires the opening of a new county road in Election District No. 8, of Garrett county, the proposed new road to begin at or near the Lyndale school house, at a point on the present Lyndale public county road and running thence through the lands of George R. Beckman, Albert J. Beckman, William Warsaw, William R. Mason, Charles Ridder, Elmer Ridder and Hurley U. Miller, to intersect the Oakland and Fort Pendleton county road at or near the first bridge on said road southward of the Mason school house, a total distance of about 2¾ mile.

R. H. LEE,
WILLIAM P. WARSAW,
SCOTT RIDDER,
CHARLES C. RIDDER,
WM. R. MASON,
G. L. RIDDER.

First publication Dec. 9, 1915.

NOTICE OF STOCKHOLDERS MEETING.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Garrett County Telephone Company will be held in Oakland, Md., on

Monday, January 3rd 1916,

at the hour of ten o'clock a. m., for the purpose of transacting all matters of business that may be properly brought before them.

PAUL B. NAYLOR, Secretary.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF A Valuable Farm

near Swanton, Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of the Circuit Court for Garrett County, at the suit of A. B. Farquahr Company, Ltd., vs. L. H. Friend, being No. 8 Judicials, June Term, 1915, of said Court, the undersigned Sheriff did seize and take in execution by actual entry on the premises, all of the right, title, interest and estate of the said defendant, L. H. Friend, in and to all that tract of land, situated about one mile West of Swanton, containing 67 acres and 47 perches, excepting 5 acres on North side of county road, and being the same tract of land that is described in a deed from Virginia Rodeheaver et al., to L. H. Friend dated the 2th day of November, 1911, and duly recorded among the Land Records of Garrett county, especial reference to which said deed and the records thereof is herein made for a more particular description of said tract of land.

Said land is under fence and in a good state of cultivation and is improved by an excellent orchard of a variety of fruit.

And I hereby give notice that on

SATURDAY, the 15th day of January, 1916,

in front of the Court House, in the town of Oakland, at the hour of 2 o'clock, P. M., of said day I will offer to the highest bidder at public auction the aforesaid tract of land to satisfy the aforesaid execution and costs.

TERMS OF SALE:—Cash on the day of sale, and possession given to the purchaser as soon as the money is paid and a deed delivered.

BERT C. SCOTT,
Sheriff of Garrett County.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

CLARA H. CATON

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 23rd day of June 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 23rd day of December 1915.

ANTHONY D. CATON,
Administrator
Finzel, Md.

We Carry in Stock

TIRES
TUBES
SHOCK ABSORBERS
CHAINS
SPARK PLUGS
DRY CELLS
TIRETITE

And many other accessories at the

OAKLAND GARAGE,
Prest-O-Lite Exchange,
Oakland, Maryland.

Prompt Payment by Sun Life Insurance Company.

Oakland, Md., Nov. 23, 1915.

Mr. R. E. Sliger, Agent,
Sun Life Assurance Co.,
Oakland, Md.,

Dear Sir:—I want to thank you for check which you have handed me, in payment of policy of $3000.00 which my husband held in your company.

He took this policy on Aug. 22, 1911, and at that time was in perfect health.

The money has been paid to me without delay, and with no trouble or expense on my part, and I feel that I am very fortunate in having this investment made for me through the business judgment of my husband during his lifetime.

Yours very truly,
MRS. CLARK M. BOWERS.

Adv. tf

THE REPUBLICAN

BENJ. H. SINCELL, EDITOR.

Entered at the Postoffice in Oakland Md., as Second-class matter.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:

The Republican is published every Thursday morning at the following rates:

One copy one year.....$1.25
One copy six months ..... .75
One copy three months ..... .40

Advertising Rates made known upon Application.

Remittances may be made by Money Order, Registered Letter or Bank Draft and addressed to
THE REPUBLICAN,
Oakland, Md.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 6, 1916

NEW year, new opportunities.

As this is leap year everybody should be on the jump.

YOU can make no better resolution with which to begin the New Year than that which pledges you to unfailing kindness toward man and beast.

THE gain in church membership for 1915 is reported as follows: Baptists, 145,000; Methodists, 104,000; Lutherans, 60,000; Disciples, 50,000; Episcopalians, 26,000.

THIS country is exceptionally fortunate. It begins the new year with peace and prosperity, and its head, with a honeymoon. It ought to prove a lucky augury.

THE Baltimore Sun calls it "an appalling prosperity," which is quite significant. A famous general once described a victory: "It is magnificent, but it is not war."

THE bureau of standards has found that better glass melting pots can be made of clay found in the United States than of clays imported from Germany heretofore believed necessary.

THREE hundred and sixty-six days in the New Year. It's well to remember that whatever they are to bring they can only come one at a time. No man would want to face them all at once.

LAST Saturday Iowa, Colorado, Washington, Oregon, Idaho, Arkansas and South Carolina became prohibition states making 18 dry states. Six other states will vote on prohibition during 1916.

JUSTICE Lamar, of the United States Supreme Court, died at Washington, D. C. Sunday last, aged 58 years. He was a native of Georgia. He was appointed to the supreme bench by President Taft.

IN human affairs it is generally customary to reflect on the mistakes of every closing twelfthmonth, and, profiting by experience, to turn to the New Year with higher hopes and greater resolves, to new determinations to overcome our personal faults and weaknesses. This introspective custom is one of the cheeriest attributes of human nature, the world over—the confession that we have not done as well as we should have done, and that we have grievous faults that should be corrected. And what, if we fail again, just as we did last year, the endeavor to do better counts for something, and by it we become a little stronger each year.

O. H. S. NOTES.

Herbert Leighton has been out of school with an attack of la grippe.

The boys' basket ball team will play at Terra Alta next Saturday night.

The girls' team was defeated by Lonaconing last Thursday.

Dr. J. H. Howard gave us a very interesting talk last Monday. His subject was "Forces that Win".

The Ten Mile District high school basket ball team of Bristol, W. Va., will play the O. H. S. on January 27th. This is a very strong team. They are now leading the Central League as they have not been defeated this season. Several other games have been scheduled.

The following students have made not less than 80 per cent in each subject studied and not less than 95 per cent in deportment for the school month ending December 30, 1915: First Year Class: Katherine Barnhouse, Winona Jones, Rachel Long, Elizabeth Mitchell, Ellen Smouse, Effie Wamsley, Nellie Schmidt, William Garrett, Carlton Hinebaugh, Morgan Hinebaugh, Wyant McRobie, Ralph Robinson. Second Year Class: Eva Falkenstein, Mary Naylor, Lorene Falkenstein, Margaret Sincell, Victor Harvey, Edward Scott. Third Year Class. Edwana Peddicord, Mildred Dixon, Pauline Jones, Carrie Mann, Carol Miller, Winifred Weimer, Julius Littman, Felix Robinson, Gerald Tanner. Fourth Year Class. Norine Ault, Clara Bush, Mabel Falkenstein, Louise Harned, Mary Sincell, Margaret Slabaugh, Carrie Thrasher, Mildred Thrasher, Edward Lewis. Post Graduate: Ross Isenberg, Marion Newman.

COUNTIES TO AID

A Movement On Foot to Mark Old Braddock Road.

Mrs. Bertha Hall Talbott, of Rockville, who is the chairman for Maryland of the National Old Trails Road Committee, of the Daughters of the American Revolution has written to this county, in an effort which is being made by this committee to have the old trails of the nation marked from coast to coast.

In order to do this, the expenditure of considerable money is needed. The marking selected, is to paint the telephone or telegraph poles along the trails a bright red, with a distinguishing mark. In Montgomery county, the county commissioners have appropriated $100 for the purpose and in Allegany county $125, and efforts are being made to raise money in other ways for the work. The work is to be done at a contract price of 40 cents per pole.

Maryland has the oldest trail or road in the nation and it was about 95 years after the trail was cut through this state that the trail reached to the Pacific Coast. The first trail was blazed in Maryland in 1750 by Nemacolein, an old Delaware Indian, which was little more than a riding path. Major Washington, afterward the first president of the U. S., in 1854, widened it to 12 feet in order to transport his army in its march against the French and General Braddock later further widened it in order to make his march with his army on its fatal trip to Fort Duquesne. This road follows the old national pike through this country, and for about 50 miles the road traverses Washington county soil.

The plan is to mark the trail by painted poles from Washington clear across the country to San Francisco. The work has gone forward in many places. Good Roads Commissions have done the work, in other places Commissioners have helped through their counties, in other cases automobile clubs have raised funds for the purpose and in others private subscriptions were taken to defray the expenses of the work. The Washington County Historical Society has been appealed to in this county, to assist those in charge of the work in an effort to raise funds in this county. The aim will be to have the County Commissioners start off with a substantial donation for the work, and the remainder of the money will be raised from other sources. It is estimated that the work in this county will require an expenditure of about $400.

PILLOWS AND FEATHER BEDS

Wanted By Maryland Red Cross Auxiliary for Hospital Use.

To the Editor of The Republican

The Maryland Red Cross Auxiliary has been asked to assist in the collection of pillows and feather beds—to be made into pillows—to be sent through the agency of Mrs. John W. Garrett, of Paris, to the war hospitals of Europe.

A campaign under the chairmanship of Mrs. T. Harrison Garrett, of the Maryland Red Cross Auxiliary is working to make January 6th, 1916, "Pillow Day." On that day the campaign is to be started and every one is asked to either send pillows or feather beds to be made into pillows to the various depositories in Baltimore or to notify the chairman who will send for them.

We are asking the newspapers of Maryland to assist us in their various localities in this most appaling and humane work. Can you not help by interesting the generous public so that they will send to Mrs. T. Harrison Garrett at the Arundell Club, 1000 N. Charles Strett, Baltimore, Md., pillows and feather beds to be made into pillows?

Thanking you for helping us by interesting the public, through your columns, in this noble work.

Very truly yours.
MRS. T. HARRISON GARRETT,
Chairman.

GRANTSVILLE.

Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Miller, of Stone House Farm, entertained at an elaborate turkey dinner on Christmas day, the guests being Dr. and Mrs. J. A. Carney and Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Diefenbach and daughter Miss Carrie.

Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Schaefer had as Christmas dinner guests Mr. and Mrs. Henry Schaefer, Sr., Wm. Leonard and Charles Schaefer, Mrs. Dan Lohr and son Wendell.

Mr. and Mrs. Wright were Christmas guests of their son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. John Hetrick of the Cove.

Mrs. Lydia Wiley and daughter, Miss Lenore, of Bittinger, Mr. and Mrs. John Waldron of Jennings and Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Bill, Mr. and Mrs. Menno Miller and son, Mrs. Susan Durst and H. A. Baker, of Grantsville, were all entertained at a sumptuous turkey dinner at the home of Mrs. Sophia Winterberg.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. S. Zeller and Miss Minnie Miller enjoyed the Christmas hospitality of Mr. and Mrs. Fred, Livengood.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Swauger and family were guests for Christmas dinner at the home of Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Bittinger.

Mrs. Sophia Bonig was the delighted recipient of a lovely Victrola machine at Christmas, the gift of her son and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Peterson of Michigan, Mrs. Peterson having bought it in Cumberland on her way home a few weeks ago and had it delivered to her mother at Christmas time.

The 4-months old son of Mr. and Mrs. Emanuel Durst of near Grantsville died on Saturday morning of whooping cough.

Prof. Sanner spent Christmas in Cumberland with his wife who has been there several weeks.

Miss Maud Bevans spent several days in Cumberland with friends.

Wm. G. and Bayard T. Keller of Wilmington, Delaware, spent the holidays at home with their parents at this place.

Arthur Shirer, station lineman of the Western Union Telegraph Company, reported considerable damage to the lines in this vicinity, as a result of the recent snow and sleet storm, and he had a large gang of men at work making the necessary repairs.

Our merchants enjoyed a good holiday trade. The value of good roads was demonstrated by the business done by the hotels of this place during the holiday season.

The J. B. Davis family, of Ursina, Pa., had a family reunion Christmas day. It was the first Christmas for many years at which the whole family were under the parental roof. Mr. and Mrs. Frank Davis and son Joseph of Davis, near here, were present.

HUTTON

Owing to the imperative nature of my last letter in the Republican I was compelled to forego the pleasure of expressing the desired sentiments on the eve of the great New Year. The cathedral bells are now silent having tolled pathetically and solemnly the passing of the old year crowded with joys and sorrows, triumphs and disasters. All are gone, having passed to the great beyond, leaving fond recollections as a parting memento of the past. The lamenting dirge is interrupted, softly, but sweetly, harmonious chorals are borne on the midnight air. The mirthful strains, of melodious instruments, accompanied by chimes in distant belfries awaken us to the relization of a new dawn and the indefinite fleeting of time.

Our lives, like master musicians
That produce, with magical skill,
A rythmical chord of excellence—
Or otherwise, if He so wills.

Isn't life like a musical composition? That consists of a staff (intellectual ability) and many notes, (the power attributed) which may be formed according to the quality that constitutes the characteristics of life which produced reverberates, on the listner, causing an agreeable sensation, whilst the gifted may fascinate and attract large audiences merit their laudable applause, crowned with laurel wreaths, honored, revered, and loved, the selfish life prompted from the insursceptibleness of nature deserves a life of reproach.

A magic harp
Forbid to speak,
Talented interdicted—
A remorseful grave to seek.

Holy Mass will be celebrated in Pendergast hall Sunday, Jan. 9th, at 10 o'clock by Rev. James E. Connell, pastor of St. Peter's church of Oakland.

Mr. Thos. Huges spent Christmas with relatives at Pittsburgh, Pa.

News was received recently of a most unfortunate and painful accident which occurred to Mr. Joseph Pendergast, at Akron, Ohio, son of Mr. and Mrs. Michael W. Pendergast, of Hutton. The young man was employed at the Goodrich rubber factory of Akron, and while engaged in drilling a battery used in a submarine lost control of the machine and was severely injured. At this writing nothing definitely has been learned as to the extent of the injuries received. However our sympathies are extended to the young gentleman.

ST. ELMO.

MOUNTAIN LAKE PARK.

The weather has been quite disagreeable, the kind which favors colds, pneumonia and general illness. Our sick are doing well.

Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Winchell, their daughter from Denver and Miss Carmichael, of Ohio, had a most delightful Christmas season in "Journey's End."

The board of directors of the Park Association held a meeting Thursday of last week. Dr. Baldwin, of Baltimore, was present. A. D. Naylor was elected treasurer of the Association.

For the first time in the history of the Park, has one of our citizens become a member of the House of Delegates at Annapolis. Captain Hayden went to the Capital Monday, where for the next 100 days he will help make laws for the good of the commonwealth and assist in the inauguration of the Democratic governor.

The plans for next summer are progressing nicely. The Washington City Epworth League will spend a week in the Park, including over Sunday.

Mrs. T. H. Cuppett has been quite ill the past several days.

The rain and warm weather of the latter part of last week cleared the lake of ice.

Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Harmison returned home Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Camden, who spent the holidays at Charleston, W. Va., returned home Monday.

Mrs. Upton Cuppett is quite ill.

A. V. Cuppett, of Grafton, W. Va., was here Sunday to see his mother.

Sunday morning Mrs. Georgie Whipkey went to Covnellsville, Pa., where she and her husband will make their home.

Miss Jennie Lee is visiting friends at Frostburg.

Mr. John Wilkes, Jr., of Barton, Md., who has been visiting at Wm. McRobie's since Christmas, returned home New Years day.

Preaching Sunday night at the Baptist church. You are invited.

Mrs. McLain and daughter Miss Kate, of Wheeling, W. Va., arrived here Tuesday, enroute home, from Washington, D. C., where they spent the past few weeks with Mr. and Mrs. Charles Wilson.

Thomas Schooley, Ben Long and Lewis Killias went to Maysville, Tuesday morning to work on new houses being erected by a coal company.

OUT OF TOWN HAPPENINGS

A Variety of Interesting Paragraphs for Republican Readers.

Turn over several new leaves and plan for the best and most successful year of your farm life. Let all pull together for more and better roads, more ground under cultivation, more cattle for market, and a general improvement all over the farm.

Sometimes we imagine that no place has more bad weather than Garrett county. For instance, last Friday, the last day of 1915, they had four feet of snow on the level, in Arizon, and the temperature was 24 degrees below zero in Colorado. Garrett county was nothing like that.

More than a million acres of land will be added to the bird reservations in the United States if the National Association of Audubon Societies, with headquarters at 1174 Broadway, New York, succeeds in its campaign to have all the cemeteries of the country converted into bird sanctuaries. The plan includes not only the forty-eight burial grounds of New York city but all cemeteries down to the lonely gravyaerd of the smallest hamlet.

Small pieces of soap are usually thrown away, but quite a little economy may be practiced if the odd ends are gathered together and placed in a pan, covered with water and allowed to come slowly to the boiling point. Then pour the melted soap into molds or dishes; allow it to cool, and the result will be new cakes of soap. If oatmeal is added to the dissolved soap, it will improve it.

Senator H. J. Speicher, of Accident, Md., one of the most prominent citizens of Western Maryland, was here part of Thursday. The Senator had in charge a carload of registered draft stallions, one of the finest lots of horses ever seen at this station. On Thursday night, the C. & O. train crew made an extra trip to haul the car to Friendsville, where the horses were unloaded. —Republican Meyersdale.

The national organization of the Grand Army of the Republic, which controls the copyright of the tablet containing Lincoln's Gettysburg address, has long felt that it would be most appropriate to have these tablets erected alang the course of the Lincoln Highway through the many states it travels. Arrangements to this effect have been completed with the Lincoln Highway association and efforts will be made to have as many of these tablets placed along the route as possible. It is thought that no more appropriate terms of keeping Lincoln's famous utterance before the public could be found than that of placing such tablets along the course of the 3,384 mile highway dedirated to his memory.

Free Public Library Notice.

Dear Friends,

There will be a public meeting of those interested in the library, in the library rooms, on Thursday evening, January 13th, at 7:30 o'clock. The purpose of the meeting is to elect officers and effect a permanent organization.

We believe the results already obtained are sufficient to lay claim upon your interest.

We have no doubt but that you are interested in this library movement. Anyone with any conception of its great need would necessarily have to be interested, but is your interest of the practical kind? The kind that says, "I am going to push this thing all I can." That is the kind of interest we would like to have and the kind a few have already shown.

The library is in good working order. The number of books given out in the past month shows that the people intend to use it, and the reading room is a much used place.

Remember the meeting, Thursday, January 13th.

Sincerely,
O. A. BREMER.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

FOR

Mamma, Papa, Daughter, Son, Baby and your Relatives.

We are going to give another Kitchen Cabinet away on February 15, 1916. Aall in and we will explain all particulars.

We are offering a discount of 5 per cent. on all Notions, Dry Goods and Groceries if your order amounts up to $1.00.

We also offer you 10 per cent. off on all furniture, Carpets, Rugs, in fact on all Household furnishings.

Do not forget the place—the store that treats you fair and square.

Trusting to receive a liberal part of your patronage and thanking you for your patronage during the past, and wishing you a Merry Christmas and Happy New Year, I am,

Very truly yours,

D. E. BOLDEN.

THE REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME 40. OAKLAND, MARYLAND THURSDAY, JANUARY 13, 1916. NUMBER 46

MR. GILMOR S. HAMILL MADE PRESIDENT OF GARRETT NATIONAL

New Board of Directors Elected Tuesday Organized This Morning.

The annual stockholders meeting of the Garrett National Bank was held on Tuesday afternoon from 2 until 3 o'clock at the banking rooms of the institution and it proved to be a very successful meeting in every respect, resulting in the election of the following board of directors to serve for the term of one year: Messrs. Gilmor S. Hamill, George W. Legge, John T. Mitchell, Daniel E. Offutt, Jr., Joseph E. Harned, George A. Fraley and Harland L. Jones. The new board is composed of three former members and four new ones, the change being made owing to the fact that Messrs. D. E. Offutt, Sr., John M. Davis and Scott T. Jones have been and are yet quite ill and in consequence their inability to attend the meetings of the board of directors and give their attention to the management of the bank as they were accustomed to do prior to their sickness.

The new board of directors organized this morning when they elected the following officers: President, Mr. Gilmor S. Hamill; vice-president Mr. George W. Legge; cashier, Mr. George A. Fraley; assistant cashier, Mr. Harland L. Jones.

The bank is to be congratulated upon the election of Mr. Hamill as its head, who succeeds Mr. Offutt. Mr. Hamill has been a member of the board of directors as well as vice-president of the bank ever since its organization in 1888. As a business man he has been eminently successful and is well known throughout the county and state. Mr. Legge's elevation to the vice-presidency is a well deserved recognition of his services as a director for more than twenty-five years, while the re-election of Mr. Fraley as cashier and the election of Mr. Jones as his assistant will give general satisfaction to the customers of the institution.

The new members of the board of directors, Messrs. Offutt, Harned, Fraley and Jones, are all well known business men of more than ordinary ability.

GARRETT COUNTY'S NEW STATE'S ATTORNEY

MR. ERNEST R. JONES.

A Card of Appreciation From State's Attorney Jones.

To the people of Garrett County:

In taking up the duties of the office of State's Attorney for Garrett County I wish to again express my appreciation for the confidence reposed in me by the voters at the last election and to assure you that I shall strive to merit the same. At the same time I realize the responsibility of the office and it is my desire that I shall have the co-operation and support of all within the county who are interested in a just and impartial enforcement of the law. I feel confident that I shall have this.

Again thanking you, I am,

Very truly yours

ERNEST RAY JONES.

State's Attorney for Garrett County.

THE LEGISLATURE NOT YET DOWN TO BUSINESS

No Matters of Import Have Been Given Attention Thus Far.

An important move in the direction of legislative economy was made by Senator Harvey L. Cooper, of Caroline county who introduced an order paving the way for the abolition of the committee on public institutions whose junkets in the past have cost the taxpayers about $6,000 every session.

A uniform ballot law for the entire state and the abandonment of the requirement that a new citizen of Maryland must declare his intentions and then reside in the state one year before being allowed to vote will be provided for in two bills by Senator Frederick N. Zihlman, of Allegany county. The Republican Senate floor leader announced that he would introduce both measures in a few days. He will call upon the independent thinking men of both parties to support them.

The time has arrived when the people of the state are looking for a uniform ballot law, and even the Democratic party realizes that this lack of uniformity does not pay in the long run. The burden is upon the legislators of Maryland to remedy these evil conditions and to remedy them at this present session.

The House of Delegates organized last Thursday by electing Laird Speaker by a vote of 54 to 46 for Mezerott, Republican.

While Laird is not desired by the Lee faction it was too shrewd to hold up public business by continuing a deadlock in the House. Such a course would have ruined it with the mass of its adherents and so it made a virtue of necessity and swallowed the bitter pill. Doubtless the Lee people have assurance that they will not be ignored on the committees and in the distribution of the patronage.

The real fight between the factions will probably come on the election of the State Treasurer. The Lee people have sworn everlasting vengeance on Gen. Vandiver and it is hardly possible that the Smith State faction will consent to throw him over. To do so would give the Lee followers a great boost in the factional fight. The time hasn't come for the lion and the lamb to lie down together.

In his speech accepting the presidency of the Senate at Annapolis, Peter J. Campbell made the following reference to Senator Zihlman, the minority floor leader:

"A lover of the square deal, he, on every occasion, won the admiration of all his colleagues, irrespective of party, and I can pay him no greater tribute than to say that I agree with him that there were but few, if any, points of difference in the respective platforms of our parties, that we are all, as Senators, pledged to good, economical efficient government for the State and that we shall labor as best we know how to attain that end in order that good government shall reign in the State of Maryland."

Although the Republicans have within ten as many members in the House of Delegates, they will be given only two members on the large committee. Few of the committees have less than nine members, hence this allotment is out of all proportion. The counties of Frederick, Carroll, Allegany, Washington and Garrett would practically be disfranchised. The Republicans have appointed a committee of six to recommend assignments. Captain J. A. Hayden is one of the six.

The Republicans are also to be made the goats in the economy progam. They are to have one stenographer and a messenger—that's all. In other words, the Democrats intend to take all the credit of economizing, which is being done at the expense of the Republicans.

Free Public Library Meeting.

All those interested in the public library are invited and urged to be present at the meeting on Thursday evening, January 13th, at 7:30 o'clock in the Ravenscroft building.

DIRECTORATE-OFFICALS OF FIRST NATIONAL UNCHANGED

Mr. Fred A. Thayer Remains the President of Institution.

Throughout the Nation Tuesday was a busy day with the stockholders of the many hundreds of National banks as upon that day under the law the financial institutions of the country were compelled to elect their boards of directors who in turn selected the active officials.

Working under this law Oakland was not exempt, and in compliance with its provisions the Oakland banks held their annual elections. The First National directorate was unchanged in any particular by the votes of the stockholders and the men who have managed it from the first were re-elected as follows: President, Mr. Fred A. Thayer; vice-president, Mr. M. W. Wilson; cashier, Mr. R. E. Sliger; assistant cashier, Mr. W. L. Thomas.

The board of directors is composed of Messrs. F. A. Thayer, N. Wilson, N. U. Bond, A. G. Sturgiss, E. E. Sollars, Wm. A. Smith, R. A. Ravenscroft, Owen Treacy, C. E. Ellithorp, E. H. Sincell and D. M. Dixon.

Jr. O. U. A. M. Elect Officers.

At a meeting of the local lodge Jr. O. U. A. M., held on Tuesday evening of this week the following officers were elected: Past Counselor, Robert C. Townshend; Counselor, Wm. Whorton; Vice Counselor, Walter Hardesty; Secretary, George Little; Assistant Secretary, Neil Liller; Financial Secretary, W. J. Nair; Treasurer, E. G. Naylor; Warden, August Killius; Conductor, George D. White; Inside Sentinel, Daniel Miller; Outside Sentinel, Gus Delawder; representative to Grand Lodge, George Little; alternate, W. F. King; trustees, R. C. Townshend, A. D. Naylor, J. C. Renninger.

What we don't go after we seldom get.

WEDDING OF DR. JOHN E. LEGGE

And Mrs. Helen Louise Gerrish Occurred In Pittsburg Yesterday.

In the Louis XVI room of the Hotel Schenley, Pittsburgh, yesterday afternoon at one o'clock with a small company of relatives and intimate friends of the contracting parties to witness the ceremoney, Dr. John E. Legge, of Cumberland, Md., and Mrs. Helen Louise Gerrish, of Mt. Vernon, Ohio, were united in marriage, the nuptial rite being solemnized by the Reverend G. S. Richards, Ph. D., pastor of the First Congregational Church of Cumberland.

Both the Louis XIV and the private dining hall adjoining were beautifully decorated, a color scheme of red and green being artistically carried out. The bride, who was attired in a handsomely tailored traveling suit of dark blue panne velvet, with hat of harmonious shade, carried a boquet of lilies of the valley and wore the groom's gift, a pearl and diamond lavalliere. She was given in marriage by her mother, Mrs. Clara L. Gordon of Mt. Vernon, Ohio, while Master Charles Gordon Smith, the four-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Oliver H. Smith, of Cumberland, and a nephew of the bride, acted as ring bearer, the ring service of the Congregational Church being performed.

Following the ceremony and a brief period of congratulations, an elaborate wedding feast, especially prepared for the happy occasion, was served.

In addition to those already mentioned the company included Mrs. Oliver H. Smith, of Cumberland; Mr. and Mrs. Harry Zinch, of Steubenville, Ohio; Mr. Tennant and Dr. Behan, of Pittsburgh; Joseph M. Crouch, of Clarksburg, W. Va., and W. W. Brown of Cumberland.

Dr. and Mrs. Legge will spend their honeymoon in the East and upon their return to Cumberland will occupy the handsome and commodious residence No. 56 Cumberland street, recently purchased by the groom. Announcement cards state that they will be at home to their friends after March fifteenth.

J. L. Englehart, of Accident, had business in Oakland Tuesday.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

Below are a few of the Bargains we promised you in last week's advertisement:

1 Gallon Pure Maple Syrup, made at Bittinger, Md.	.75
½ Gallon Pure Maple Syrup, made at Bittinger, Md.	.40
Fancy California Peaches (cheap at 10c lb)	.06¼
Toilet Soap (worth 5c cake) 3 cakes for	.05
Lenox Soap (worth 5c cake) this sale	.03
1 Big Lot "Rose of Sharon" Canned Goods (Labels slightly soiled) per can	.05
½ Pound Can Pritchard's Baking Powder (Good as Royal) per can	.05
3 Cans Falcon Tomatoes, less than present cost	.25
4½ Pounds Blankey's High Grade Coffee (worth $1.25)	.75
1 Peck Onions, strong enough to make you cry when look at them	.20

Our Prices on Flour have them all "Beat To a Frazzle."

D. M. Dixon & Co.

Whetsell & Browning

Deer Park's Best Store

Preparedness is the success of every great enterprise, so we have prepared to give everybody the following bargains for the entire month of January:

One lot Men's "Rich" Woolen Overshirts, worth $2.00 each, now only $1.50

One lot Men's Overcoats AT COST.

One lot Men's Gums, worth $2.35 per pair, now only $1.75

One lot Raincoats AT COST.

One lot of Shoes at 50 cents and $1.00 per pair.

Regular 10-cent Unbleached Muslin, now per yard, only .05

4 pair of Men's Hose, excellent values, only 25c.

Regnlar 10-cent Bleached Toweling, good goods, now per yard, only .05

Regular 8-cent Apron Gingham, now per yard, only .06

Boy's Gum Boots, only $2.75 per pair.

We hope everyone will take advantage of this great opportunity to secure bargains.

WANTED

Grain Buckwheat, Live Chickens, Ducks and Guineas; also Butter and Eggs. We will take all the Potatoes we can get as long as the weather remains open at 80c. per bushel.

Bring the above produce to us. We always pay the highest price.

Offutt's

1 24 1-2 lb. sack of famous Daniel Webster Flour, for only - .01

FOR CASH buy the following list of Groceries amounting to $4.99, and we will sell you a sack of the above Flour for 1 cent:

5 Pound Bucket Caraja Coffee	$1.25
3 Boxes Macaroni	.25
6 Bars Lenox Soap	.25
1 Box Black Pepper	.10
1 Can Pine Apple	.20
2 Cans Early June Peas	.25
1 Bottle Vanilla	.25
1 Large Box Quaker Rolled Oats	.25
1 Can Tuna Fish	.20
2 Pound Ginger Cakes	.20
2 Pound New Prunes	.25
2 Pound Armour's Mince Meat	.25
3 Dozen Boxes Safety Matches	.25
1 Pound Can Rumford Baking Powder	.30
½ Pound Can Walter Bakers Cocoa	.25
1 Large Box Gold Dust	.25
2 Boxes Chocolate Pudding	.20
1 Box Salt	.04
1 Sack Gold Standard or Daniel Webster Flour	.01
	$5.00

P. S. If any of the above items you do not want, we will substitute to suit you.

Will trade Butter and Eggs at market prices for the above order.

OFFUTTS'

OAKLAND'S BIG STORE

GRIST OF NEWS OVER THE WIRES

Telegraphic and Cable Items Recording a Week's Events.

FROM FORTY-EIGHT STATES

Happenings in All Parts of the Union —Decisive Battles in the World War—Washington's Latest Gossip —Reports of Crops and Business.

War Bulletins

Capt. Franz von Papen, recalled German military attache to the German Embassy at Washington, left The Hague for Berlin.

Two hundred passengers perished when an Italian steamer was sunk by a mine near San Giovanni di Medua, on the Albanian coast.

King Nicholas of Montenegro has no intention of leaving his coutry the Montenegrin consul at Rome declared, denying reports to the cotrary.

England's trade during December showed an increase of 3,621,000 pounds in imports and 7,688,000 pounds in exports.

Two hundred thousand Bulgarian Austrian and German troops are now massed along the Greek border, ready for a combined invasion and assault against the Allies defending Saloniki.

The British War Office and Gen. Spotwood's inertia are blamed for the Dardanelles failure in the report of Gen. Ian Hamilton.

Sweden does not intend to let Germany lose the European war even if she is forced to make war herself as Germany's ally.

Beginning at once residents of Berlin will be able to buy petroleum only upon th presentation of oil cards. The cards wil only be given to those whose homes are without gas or electricity.

Lieutenant Robert M. Chester of Brooklyn, N. Y., is listed as wounded in the official overseas casualty list issued at Ottawa, Canada.

Washington

Mrs. Woodrow Wilson was nominated for honorary president of the Women's National Democratic League.

Secretary of War Garrison will be the first witness next week before the Senate military affairs committee.

The American Navy has been Americanized to the extent that 95.47 per cent of the enlisted men are now citizens, acording to the announcement made by Rear-Admiral Blue, chief of the Bureau of Navigation.

President Wilson is to lay bare before the Senate secrets of the diplomacy that resulted in recognition of the Carranza government in Mexico.

Emissaries of the administration are sounding the sentiment in the Senate concerning the course that should be adopted in handling the submarine controversy.

Senator Norris of Nebraska, in a letter in response to an inquiry from New York, makes a scathing attack on preparedness and on the administration national defense policy.

President Wilson and Secretary Lansing still were without definite information upon which official action in the crisis arising from the Persia incident is to be based.

Fire caused minor damage in the basement of the building that houses the State, War, and Navy departments.

General

Fire in the plant of Chevrolet Motor Co., at Kingston Point, N. Y., caused damage of $50,000

The acid plant of the Tennessee Copper Co., at Copperhill, Tenn., has been shut down.

The Postal Telegraph-Cable Co., announced that the Seattle-Sitka cable is interrupted

Sterret Tate was expelled from membership of the New York Cotton Exchange.

The du Pont Powder Co., has contracted for all surplus sulphuric acid which the Anaconda company is manufacturing in excess of its own needs.

President Howard Elliott of the New Haven Railroad informed directors of the road that the loss to the company from the past two storms would amount to $1,000,000.

Prices on all of its lead products were advanced 1-4 cent per pound by the National Lead Co.

Fire destroyed the plant of the Texas Co., at North Birmingham, Ala., at a loss of $250,000.

A charter was issued to the First National Bank of Buxton, N. D., capital $25,000.

Senator Gore of Oklahoma introduced a bill in the Senate forbidding the issue of passports to Americans planning to travel on belligerent vessels.

Eighteen persons who were on board the steamboat Kanawha when she sank in the Ohio River near Parkersburg, W. Va., were unaccounted for.

The California Legislature convened in special session for the purpose of amending the direct primary laws.

The plant of the Bellemead Sweet Co. at Trenton, N. J., was damaged by fire to the extent of $100,000.

M. N. Baker, prominent Texas-Oklahoma oil operator and chairman of the Dallas Park Board, has returned from Oklahoma alarmed over the decreased oil production. He predicts gasolene at 40 cents a gallon in the near future.

An order for 550 hopper and 200 gondola freight cars was placed with the Pressed Steel Car Co., by the Lehigh & New England Railroad.

Dr. James Clarke White, author, lecturer and professor in the Harvard Medical School, died at Boston. He was 82 years old.

A large quantity of powder was destroyed when a black powder mill of the du Pont Co., at Henry Clay, Del., was wrecked by an explosion.

Antonio Ponton, a Porto Rican, was put to death in the electric chair at Sing Sing for the murder of Bessie Kroner, a school teacher.

Four hundred men gathered at Rensselaer, Ind., to clean out all the wolves in Jasper county. The animals will be captured alive, if possible.

E. D. Hotchkiss has been appointed freight traffic manager of the Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad with offices at Richmond, Va.

The three-story depot and office building of the Adams Express Co., at Cincinnati, was destroyed by fire. The loss is $200,000.

The Mechanics Trust Co. of Harrisburg, Pa., declared a semi-annual dividend of 4 per cent

The Florida state Democratic executive committee has endorsed President Wilson for re-election.

Gasoline was reduced to 16½ cents per gallon at Chicago by the Standard Oil Co. This is a reduction of nearly 2 cents per gallon.

Twelve carloads of cigarettes are awaiting shipment to British soldiers at the front. They came from Richmond, and will be sent to Liverpool.

A Chicago and Milwaukee electric car with thirty passengers overturned and caught fire at the suburb of Wilmette, injuring many passengers.

The Navy Department plans to spend $150,000 to repair the historic frigate Constitution which has lain at the Boston navy yard since 1897.

Between 12 and 18 persons lost their lives when the river steamboat Kanawha sank below Parkersburg, W. Va.

The United States Steel Corporation is now producing its own spelter and sulphuric acid at its new $3,000,000 smelter.

The Chicago National League Base Ball Club was sold to Charles Weeghman by C. P. Taft.

The American steamer Santa Clara, New York for Valparaiso, was seriously damaged by storms while passing through the Straits of Magellan.

Several sheet, bar and open hearth steel mills will be erected at Beech-Bottom, W. Va., by the Whitaker-Glessner Co. of Wheeling, W. Va.

Exports through the port of Philadelphia in 1915 were valued at $135,000,000, an increase of $69,000,000 over 1914.

A seat on the New York Produce Exchange was sold for $1,100, an increase of $100 over the last previous sale.

An investigation of the rapid advance of oil and gasoline prices in Chicago is under way by Federal government agents there.

Sporting

Frank Moran will get that much-talked-of match with Jess Willard. He outclassed big Jim Coffey again, overcame superior size and weight by sheer determination, fought his fight like a champion, weathered the hard knocks and gave harder ones, and beat Coffey into utter helplessness in the ninth round.

Once more Seneca II. is a stir performer at the Juarez track. In a recent race he showed all the dazzling speed of his best young days.

Frank Moran of Pittsburgh earned the right to meet Jess Willard for the heavy-weight title when he knocked out Jim Coffey in the ninth round in New York City.

"Give the horse his share of the road and a chance to live and prosper." The New York State Association of Horsemen addressed this petition to the legislature.

Leonard J. Cole, pitcher on the New York American League baseball team and formerly with the Chicago National League club, died at his home in Bay City, Mich.

Foreign

Great Britain is reported to have limited the rate on cotton from the Gulf to Liverpool to $2 per 100 pounds.

Regular passenger train service between Germany and the Balkans is expected to start about the middle of this month.

China has placed orders aggregating $700,000 with American manufacturers for machinery to equip two cotton mills.

France has placed 10,000,000 francs, now being negotiated.

King Constantine stated that Greece's army will be strengthened.

One hundred armed men at midday attacked and looted the Chinese customs house on the boundary of Kowloon.

There were 326 cases of bubonic plague in Ecuador during 1915, 109 of which terminated fatally.

British capital flotations during 1915 amounted to $5,235,000,000.

India's wheat area is officially estimated at 27,600,000 acres, a great increase over 1915.

The British steamship Australian Transport, New York for Vladivostok, went ashore at Samasana Island, off the southeast coast of Formosa.

ALLIES END GALLIPOLI CAMPAIGN MINE DESTROYS KING EDWARD VII. GERMANS MAKE GAINS IN VOSGES

Recapture Trenches at Hartmanns-Weilerkopf and 15 Machine Guns---Win After 3 Weeks Fight---French Continue Struggle and Train Guns on Lost Ground

RUSSIANS TAKING LINE AFTER LINE OF TRENCHES

London.—The War Office announced that Callipoli Peninsula has been completely evacuated by the Allies.

Sir Charles Monro, the British commander in chief, reports that only one British soldier was wounded in the withdrawal and that not a French soldier was harmed.

All the guns were saved, he says, except seventeen that had been worn out, and these were blown up.

A semi-official dispatch from Constantinople, received by way of Amsterdam, says the British withdrew from Seddul Bahr as a result of a battle in which they suffered great losses and that not a man was left behind.

The loss of the battleship King Edward VII., through striking a mine, was officially announced.

The entire crew, numbering about 800 men, was saved.

Following its policy the Admiralty does not reveal the place where the vessel met her fate.

The King Edward cost about $8,000,000 and was one of the finest of the last class of pre-dreadnoughts, corresponding in a general way to the American ships of the New Jersey and Nebraska type, and was only slightly older than the Natal, which was sunk by an internal explosion about a week ago.

The Germans, after three weeks of continuous fighting for the summit of Hartmanns-Weilerkopf, recaptured the trenches near Hirzstein, south of the mountain, lost by them on December 21 last, and in regaining the positions took 20 French officers, 15 machine guns and 1,083 chasseurs.

Paris admits the repulse in an official report, and says the withdrawal from the crest of Hirzstein was due to the capture by the Germans of a hill to the north, which dominated their treaches.

COMMONS VOTES COMPULSION.

London.—The vote on the compulsion bill after the first reading in the House of Commons stood 403 for and 105 against the measure when the division was taken.

The Labor vote was divided. The Irish Unionists supported the Nationalists against the bill. The followers of William O'Brien, who is for the exemption of Ireland from compulsion, abstained from voting. An enthusiastic scene followed the announcement of the result.

Arthur Balfour, First Lord of the Admiralty, told the House that every member of the Cabinet was of the opinion that the bill is essential for the successful conduct of the war.

Arthur Henderson, President of the Board of Education and Labor representative in the Cabinet, resigned from the Government as the immediate result of the Government's stand on conscription as made clear by the bill.

PITH OF THE WAR NEWS

The military experts pay tribute to the remarkable recuperative power the Russians have displayed in the formation of their great fighting machine now battling on the Austro-German front. They are well supplied with munitions.

After a temporary lull in the operations the Montenegrins and Austrians are again clashing. An Austrian fleet has violently bombarded the Montenegrin positions on Mount Lovcen, near the Adriatic coast.

The Russians announce they have won further successes against the Turks in the Caucasus region.

A dispatch from Tokio credits to Count Okuma, the Japanese premier, the statement that Germany has made overtures to both Japan and Russia for a separate peace, which were rejected in both instances.

Bulgarian and German troops to the number of 200,000 are now massed on the Greek border awaiting the attack on the Allies at Saloniki.

According to advices from Constantinople the Russians have been defeated and driven back with heavy losses from an attack on a town in the province of Azerbain, Persia.

The Russian position 250 miles further north on the Middle Styr River has been much strengthened by successful operations in the region of the great marshes.

The Austrians are hard pressed in the Czernowitz section along a wide area, and are rushing huge reinforcements into the district.

The strained situation at Saloniki arising from the arrests made there may be solved by the withdrawal of the Greek forces from the town.

Bulgaria is reported to have approved a war credit of $100,000,000 for immediate use.

Paris.—The fighting in the Russian drive on the Bessarabian front, covering an area of 300 miles, has developed a ferocity hitherto unknown in the war, and has resulted in hand-to-hand fighting, in which no quarter is asked or given.

The dispatches say few prisoners are being taken on either side, and the infantry is rushing into encounters at close range for battles to the death.

The Russian losses are said by Vienna to have been at least 50,000 men in the last few days in the Bessarabian region and the Stripa sector.

Dispatches from other sources place the losses of Austro-Germans in killed as equal to those of the Russians.

The Russians are pressing their attacks from the Baltic to the Rumanian border. Petrograd has not disclosed officially whether the drive is the great offensive that has been predicted, and which, it was said, once begun was not to be ended until Russia had shot its bolt and the whole force of 8,000,00 men had done its utmost.

In some quarters the new movement is said to be a diversion of unparalleled magnitude and fierceness designed to weaken the pressure of the Central Powers in the Balkans and incidentally to lighten the burden of the Italians on the Austro-Italian front.

Dispatches from Kiev say the noise of cannon can be heard thirty-six miles and that windows in all the villages in the region have been broken by the concussions.

The battle is raging with particular fury on the Tarnopol-Trembowla front, where more than 800,000 men, with 3,500 cannon, are incessantly engaged. Long Austro-German Red Cross trains are leaving the front daily for more remote and thinly populated towns where hospitals have been organized.

The Russians have had to surmount enormous difficulties. Entanglements of barbed wire are often laid twenty-four deep and charged with powerful electric currents supplied from stations built for the sole purpose of furnishing the current.

BESSARABIAN BORDER FIGHT.

London.—The Russians repeated their attacks in the great battle along the borders of Bessarabia in their efforts to break the lines of the armies of the Central Powers.

Dispatches from Berlin say the fighting on the Bukowina front since Christmas Day, has been unexampled in its fury and in the extent of the losses.

The whole energy of the Russians is being directed to making a gap between the German armies in the centre and the southern Austrian forces, and the Austrians are attacking with determination in the region of Kolki to prevent the success of the Muscovite drive.

Reports from Austrian sources admit the withdrawal of Austrian troops from part of Czernowitz, and that the Russians are holding the heights above the city.

The Czar's forces have concentrated more than 200 guns and three divisions of infantry on a front of three quarters of a mile.

The most important event on the western line in France was the repulse by the French of a German attack in the region of Tahure.

On the Austro-Italian line a return of clear weather has brought about a renewal of the bombardments along the Isonzo front.

In Central Africa a British naval expedition on Lake Tanganyika has brought about the surrender of the German armed steamship Kingani, all the officers of which were killed.

KAISER YIELDS NEW POINT.

Admits Lusitania, Sunk by Wasp, Was Not Armed Vessel.

Washington.—Germany no longer contends that the Lusitania could be classed as an armed vessel, a contention which was advanced as a justification for the destruction of the ship with more than 100 American lives. Secretary Lansing disclosed that the contention had been abandoned in the course of the negotiations for settlement now in progress between the United States and Germany.

BRITISH SPIES EXPELLED.

Sweden Acts Against Commercial Espionage of England.

Stockholm.—The activity of British commercial agents, whom the Swedes call "commercial spies," has caused the greatest irritation here. Several have been expelled because of their activity in "shadowing" cargoes unloaded at Gothenburg and other ports. American buyers are carefully watched and their negotiations with the Swedish business followed in detail.

GRANTSVILLE.

New Year's dawned without any noise or demonstration of the slightest in the village, as out of respect and sympathy for Mrs. J. J. Bender whose condition has been critical, the boys considerately agreed to ring no bells and fire no sky-rockets, a favor which was deeply appreciated by the family. A heavy rain fell all day upon New Year's, keeping most of the people in doors and making the day a very quiet one.

Mary Ellen, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Marshall Beachy, died on Wednesday morning, a victim of the dreaded whooping cough which has become epidemic among the children. The baby was not quite four months old, having been born Sept. 4th, and the frail little body soon succumbed to the ravages of the disease. Interment was made on Friday in the Grantsville cemetery, Rev. Carder officiating. Much sympathy is felt for the bereaved parents, as this is the third baby they have been called upon to give up within the last ten years. The other members of the family are afflicted with the malady, but are recovering.

Misses Beulah and Esther Bender entertained during the holidays by giving a party for some of the young people of the town. The guests included Misses Harriett, Lena and Mary Stanton, Edna Bender, Eva Miller, Edna Durst, Hazel Younkin; Messrs. Earle Miller, Frank Stanton, Lee Custer, Allen and Charles Bender, Harry Ambell, Charles Kellar and Clarence Durst. Games of different kinds were indulged in, after which ice cream, cake and candy were served.

On Wednesday night Misses Angela and Wilda Getty entertained a number of friends with music and games at their home. The guests present were Misses Winifred Bonig, Ruth Keller, Ethel and Viola Broadwater, Vida and Beulah Engle, Lucretia and Almira Boucher; Messrs. John Livengood, Charles and Bayard Keller, Dan Dorsey, Olin Broadwater, Clay and Floyd Stanton, John Engle, Urban Blocher and John Younkin. Delicious refreshments were served.

The first basketball game in the New Year was played Saturday night in the Broadwater Hall between Eckhart and Grantsville. The game was most interesting and ran very closely, but resulted in a victory for our boys. Lineup:

Grantsville—22		Eckhart—20
Custer	F	McMillian
Stanton	F	Decker
Broadwater	C	Walters
Miller	G	Eckhart
Stanton	G	Logsdon

The Reformed Sunday school reorganized on Sunday morning with the following election of officers: Superintendent and assistant, Mrs. Fred Livengood and W. E. Stanton; organists, Misses Lulu Warnick and Mary Stanton; secretary and assist. Frank Durst and Chas. Kellar, librarians, Misses Lena Stanton and Esther Bender; treasurer, John Folk. Teachers are to remain in charge of the same classes as during the previous year. At the close of the church service at this church, Dr. G. C. Keller was elected elder and Clay Stanton deacon for the coming term of office.

Richard Schlossnagle, the competent and obliging saddler of the village, has accepted a position with the Muncie Lumber Co of Pennsylvania, and will probably move his family in the near future. His departure will be regretted by his many patrons, as it will leave the village without a saddler, an office that is in much demand.

At a meeting of the town council last week, Albert Swauger was appointed policeman of the village, an office which he will no doubt discharge to the best of his ability and the entire satisfaction of the community which is, however, a quiet well-behaved one as a rule, and will cause little trouble to the good-natured village officer while in discharge of his duties.

Misses Gertie Hone, Blanche Miller and Marie Connor spent the holidays with friends in Friendsville, Md., Frostburg and Keyser, W. Va.

Dr. and Mrs. L. P. Young and Rev. E. E. Oney of Elk Lick, Rev. and Mrs. W. H. B. Carney and neice Miss Euxine Axe, of Garrett, were dinner guests of Dr. and Mrs. J. A. Carney on Wednesday last.

Mrs. Clarence Loechel and children and Miss Leota Stanton were dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Zeller on Friday, and Mr. and Mrs. Zeller were dinner guests at the Loechel farm on Sunday.

Mrs. H. C. Bonig is better after a week of gripp.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Swauger, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Swauger, Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Bittinger, Mrs. Irene Hayes, Master Webster Bittinger and Emerson Hayes were all dinner guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Swauger on New Year's Day.

The Misses Stanton of Little Crossing entertained the entire Blocher family at a charmingly appointed Christmas dinner.

Miss Christina Winterberg entertained at luncheon on Thursday, her guests being Mrs. Frank Peterson, Mrs. John Zehner, Mrs. C. H. Bill and Miss Leoto Stanton.

Dennis and Leonard Kurtz have completed their new home and moved into it last week. Master Harry P. Ambell came in from Pittsburgh to assist with the moving and will be joined by his mother this week.

Mrs. Frank Peterson and Mrs. J. U. Stanton spent Tuesday as guests of Mrs. Clarence Loechel.

Nicholas Murphy has been quite sick for the last few weeks.

Misses Angela and Wilda Getty and Almira and Lucretia Boucher enjoyed a delightful New Year's dinner as guests of Misses Mollie and Carrie Dorsey.

Miss Bessie Engle is improving, being under treatment at the Passavator hospital, Pittsburgh.

The high wind and heavy sleet of last week did considerable damage to the telephone and telegraph wires. A corps of postal telegraph men have been working here the past week, being stationed at the Victoria hotel. A. T. Shirer, the W. U. lineman, and the Southern Pipe Line men have all been busy, as well as the men employed by the telephone companies,

Mrs. Laurence Bittinger and son Rexford have been guests of Mrs. Bittinger's parents, at Bittinger, this week.

Mrs. Jerry Yost, of Mt. Airy Farm, spent Thursday with Mrs. Susan Durst.

The body of E. W. Bevans, who died in Cumberland, was brought to this place last Thursday for burial. The funeral took place Saturday afternoon. The members of the Knights of Pythias lodge, of which he was a member, accompanied his widow and took charge of the remains. Mr. Bevans was a son of the late Dr. H. L. Bevans, and his widow is a daughter of Gilead Broadwater, merchant, formerly of this place and well known in Frostburg. Besides his bereaved widow six young children, one an infant of four months, also his mother, one brother and several sisters survive.

Mrs. Frank Peterson, Miss Christine Winterberg and Miss Wilda Getty were Frostburg and Cumberland visitors. Miss Getty remaining to resume her studies at the Tri State Business College.

Clyde Broadwater was a week end visitor at Salisbury, Pa.

THE DEATH RECORD.

CALVIN COLLINS.

Calvin Collins, aged sixty years, an employe of the Kendall Lumber Company, died at Crellin Tuesday after an illness extending over several months. He is survived by his widow and a number of small children.

MRS. COURTNEY WILSON.

Mrs. Courtney Wilson, residing near Gorman, died Sunday morning, after an illness of a few days from heart failure, aged about 24 years. Mrs. Wilson is survived by her husband, and a babe of 7 days. Her death was a great shock to the community.

FOR SALE—One Sterling Thresher 16h. p. I. H. C. Gasoline Engine; 1 rebuilt I. H. C. auto Truck. For prices and terms, write or call upon R. M. Holman, Friendsville, Md, 3t*tf.

Notice To Delinquent Tax-Payers.

Notice is hereby given to all delinquent tax-payers that if taxes now due and in arrears are not paid before JANUARY, 1st, 1916,

I will by law proceed to collect. I refer to section 50 of Chapter 556 Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland, which provides as follows: Section 50. The said treasurer shall during the first week in December in each and every year, give notice to all delinquent tax payers of said county, by advertisement inserted in two newspapers published in said county, and in hand bills posted in five of the most public places in each election district of said county, and at the court house door, warning them that the payment of all taxes then in arrears will be enforced by advertisement and sale unless the same be paid before the 1st day of January next following.

Please pay promptly and save costs.

C. A. BEACHY,
Treasurer for Garrett county.

J. W. Whorton & Son
CONTRACTING PLASTERERS
Only the Best Material Used.
Best Grade of Wall Plaster on hand at all times.
CONCRETE WORK
of All Kinds.
All Work Guaranteed.
OAKLAND, - MARYLAND.

Order Nisi.

Edward H. Sincell, assignee, vs. Joseph E. Lint, et ux.

In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland, No. 264 Equity.

Ordered, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in equity, this 18th day of December, 1915, that the sale of the property mentioned in these proceedings as made and reported by Edward H. Sincell, Assignee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 21st day of January, 1916, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett County once in each of three successive weeks before the 14th day of January, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $600.00.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy, Test: E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Sunshine In Your Home.

Beautify and Brighten Your Home AT SMALL COST,

By Installing Hollow Wire Gasoline Lighting System and Lamps.

The most successful and safest illuminating device in the world. Gasoline produces the most powerful light next to sunshine—and has no injurious effect on the eyes. Our modern systems are entirely safe and efficient, and more economical to maintain than either gas or electricity. Buy one of the systems for your home or store, and you will find that you have secured not only an economical light but a more efficient one than is afforded by any other type of lighting system. These lamps are great labor savers, as there are no wicks to clean, no dirt nor objectionable odor; no trouble to light or operate, no danger of explosions. We guarantee them to be just as represented and perfectly satistactory. I represent three of the best companies who make these systems, all of which guarantee their system and back up their guarantee. These system are approved by all fire underwriters. I can also furnish systems suitable for halls, churches, hotels, street lamps, etc.

The following table shows the cost of maintaining 100 candle power of various kinds of light for 3 hours per night for one month, or 90 hours:

Electric (size 16 candle power)	$4.48
Gas (with mantle)	.64½
Gas (open burner)	6.37
Kerosene Lamps	1.61
Tallow Candle (100)	15.60
Single Candle	.15½
Gasoline Improved Lamps	.25

Below are the names and addresses of some of my many customers who have been using these systems, and who will be glad to recommend them and answer any enquiries:

B. H. Glotfelty,	McHenry, Md.	Mrs. T. B. Wiley,	Bittinger, Md.
Howard Brenneman P. M.	" "	O. C. Buckell,	" "
Prof E. A. Browning,	" "	P. G. Stark,	" "
McHenry Church,	"	Wm. H. Oss,	Swanton, Md.
C. M. Railey,	" "	Geo. Moon,	" "
A. C. Smith,	" "	H. W. Friend,	" "
Joe Sebolt,	" "	Westernport Merc. Co.,	" "
W. A. Smith, merchant,	Hoyes, Md.	Herman Steiding,	" "
N. H. Casteel,	" "	Theo. Beckman,	" "
George Sebolt,	" "	John Mankis,	" "
Hamilton Friend,	" "	Ed. Beckman,	" "
J. Arthur DeWitt,	" "	W. E. McClintoch,	Friendsville, Md.
D. O. DeWitt,	" "	J. Bunnell Friend,	" "
Hoyes Church,	" "	Frank Humbertson,	" "
A. P. Enlow,	" "	Geo. Humbertson,	" "
W. H. Haenftling,	" "	I. N. Welch,	Selbysport, Md.
F. C. Diehl,	" "	John Fresh,	Accident, Md.
C. C. Beachy,	" "	Henry Paugh,	Sang Run, Md.
John Harmon,	" "	Fred Gortner, Mt.	Lake Park, Md.
Silas Beachy,	" "	Jerome DeWitt,	Deer Park, Md.
John Gies,	" "	Walter Savage,	" "
A. J. Alexander,	" "	George Wilt,	" "
John Thayer,	" "	Wm. Casteel,	" "
T. B. Hinebaugh	" "	W. M. Thayer,	" "
Allen Glover,	" "	James W. Beeghley,	Oakland, Md.

We have built this business upon the solid rock of INTEGRITY, conscientious and faithful service, sincereity between ourselves and customers. This is our guiding principle and it will carry us to greater success. A big business founded on a little idea. Twelve months ago we planted a little seed, a little idea; this little seed was planted in the earth of AMBITION, watered by the rains of HONESTY, and has grown into a tree whose branches extend throughout the county.

JOSEPH AMEEN, Agent.
KITZMILLER, MD.

WALTER'S Oscillating Sleds

If you want a sled you should buy a good hand made oscillating white oak bob sled, made of the best white oak wood that is possible to get, and will outlast any factory sled on the market.

I have been making sleds for a number of years, also repairing all kinds and certainly ought to know where a sled ought to be made stronger and better than a factory that perhaps never repaired a sled in their existence.

My stock is larger and better than ever before. If you need a sled come and see mine before you purchase, then if we don't deal it will be because quality won't have anything to do with it.

Prices very reasonable. Remember the name of the sled.

James W. Walter
DEER PARK, MD.

The Republican--Garrett Co.'s Paper.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

Notes by The Way.

To the Editor of The Republican:

Having occasion to drive across the county, the itinerary including Oakland, some things were learned "by bobservation" as a darkey was reputed as saying; and some deductions made which may be helpful if passed on to the public.

The change, in the line of improvement in buildings, more especially farm buildings and in farm lands is very marked but there is room for much improvement yet.

One of the most encouraging features, that bespeak progress, is the large number of silos which stand out so prominently as the vistas of those characteristic valleys or coves come into view.

The types of barns are a great improvement upon those of the past, but they *ought to be used more continuously*. (Please use italics, Mr. Printer) What I mean thereby is—They should be used to shelter the live stock in inclement weather which *some were not on one of the worst days of last week*. This indictment does not apply to the apparently shiftless only but to some, whose premises bespeak thrift and prosperity, had cattle and even a few horses outdoors—the cattle in some cases being supplied with a ration of uncut corn fodder or stover. And one farmer who is rated as somewhat prominent, had mower, tedder etc., standing in the barnyard in readiness (?) for next season's haying. And all this in plain sight of the state road. Live stock affords unprofitable source of heat or water shed for the great outdoors and the quicker our farmers realize and appreciate the fact the quicker will a change contribute to better prosperity and to more humane treatment of our dumb brutes which are a charge for which we are responsible.

Referring to barns recalls to mind what I consider defective construction and also short-sighted planning in barn construction. Some barns along Garrett county's state road have too low building site to begin with and additionally are built on foundations—walls—that are obviously and beyond question too low. The result is the yards and grounds surrounding barn do not drain off in wet weather, water forms in pools—there is mud and filth, insanitation and unpleasantness all of which are *unnecessary* evils and the foundation timbers will soon begin to decay where exposed to much dampness. Again judging from the distance some farmers have their nearest barns placed away from the residence one would think they had not figured on going to the barn very often. I can readily see why some barns or cattle sheds are remotely located from residence, but it is not to those that I object in this article. But it certainly is a short-sighted policy to locate house and barn further apart than safety from possible fires and proper sanitation demands.

I saw one man walk to the barn through the steady rain, in a shambling, slouchy gait he looked tired and probably was, too, if he had made several trips to the barn that morning for it certainly was a tiresome distance, but he may have fallen a victim to some other man's folly in planning, but *some one* was responsible for the plan. The addition of some windows in most barns would be a great, an exceedingly great improvement, for sunlight contributes much to sanitation and health—a fact that is too little appreciated—and when the stable doors must be left open in order to enable one to see, it not only indicts—it convicts, of mismanagement.

I also saw a woman very industriously devote her energies over an old washboard—tub combination—and I looked sharply, with the object of seeing nearby, somewhere, an improved washing machine, but there was none to be seen and I am of the opinion that there is none in use on the premises, yet the family, I have reason to believe, is a prosperous farmer family and has additional investments and interests and the head of the family drives an automobile and has considerable mechanical talent and skill. It is not the design or purpose of this article to "knock" or severely criticise, but to plainly and frankly call attention to defects as they were observed in passing along and I trust they may be read by some farmer who *will not* attend farmer's institutes nor read farm papers, for I know Garrett county has many a farmer in that class, and in evidence of the correctness of the last statement I cite the fact that farmer's institutes are no longer held in Oakland because nonattendance. To be just however, the institute management may in a measure, be blameable, because subjects and lectures were not always suited to Garrett county conditions and needs, when soils and climate are considered.

But to come back to my fellow farmer again, a number of you are so "sot" in your ways you wouldn't in all probability attend farmer's institute if Dr. Hill would bring in the best institute lecturers the whole county affords. When the former director of institutes, Mr. Amoss had Van Alstyne, now at the head, practically, of New York state institute work and a very practical lecturer and Prof. Watts a practical market gardner of near Johnstown, Penna., and now dean of that states agricultural college, and Wing from Ohio and Campbell from Pennsylvania and Kidd from Ontario and Jenanyou from Penna., as well as others, did you go to hear them? Oh no, many of you did not. You "got even" with the state like the man who "got even" with the railway company: he bought and *paid for his ticket but didn't go and avenged himself on the company*. We *pay the price*, in taxes, and—*don't go*.

Permit me to be a little more *helpfully* sarcastic some of you choose to get your farming information second and third handed. You scoff at scientific ideas advanced in the agricultural press, at farmer's institutes and by the state experiment stations, but when the thinking and enterprising farmer adopts and succeeds with these same ideas for about five or ten years and another gets the idea finally from farmer number one, *then* some of you, reluctantly "give in" and also adopt those ideas. Some Garrett county farmers *who could not now be induced to do without a silo*, scoffed, and, derided and scorned the silage idea and had once firmly, made up their minds their "critters" should never eat "silo" and they would, today have only a remote, long distance, vague, indefinite idea as to form and use of the silo—if the rest of us had not read and heard and talked silos and silage and put into practice the now familiar idea. The silo *pioneers* were few and far between in the county, except near Grantsville among the Pennsylvania German farmers, in which vicinity were, for some years probably more silos than in the other sections of the county put together. And the writer is gratified to add that that grand view point, Alleghany Heights, enables one to see a panorama of valley farms, commodious, well built barns, supplemented in so many cases with the useful silo, and above all the "homey" residences that one is reminded of some of Pennsylvanias well built well farmed valleys, and is really edified by the peaceful scene that feasts the eye. And the same is true of other valleys and coves in reach of the eye from the state road. I distinctly remember when a near neighbor got the first self binder that was ever used in the community. One of the merchants of the nearby town with oracular assurance and sage and seer-like mien solemnly and emphatically prophesied failure—but he came and saw the new fangled contrivance work—and—he *figuratively* and *literally* "left the field" before the elated and triumphant owner and operator could interview the wise (?) merchant.

I am told a certain farmer on the state road does not believe in silos—he has a large farm, principally cleared land. I am told he has a big barn too, but he doesn't have live-stock enough for more than one third of his barn capacity. Why is this, when he is too far from markets to sell farm products in crude and bulky and land-exhausting form such as hay and straw? I don't know, but it seems to me a practical progressive farmer could take that farm, build a silo, farm accordingly, keep twice as many sheep and then some more; at least four times as many cattle, and *not feed the cows on straw*.

Last, but not least, the saddest sight that met my gaze upon which I shall take the liberty to comment is that unused meeting house, by the side of the state road. Its door stands ajar—not to permit Sunday school and preaching service attendants to pass in and out, in regular and appointed and frequent attendance but it stands open—to neglect. It stands open to admit decay and decline. And does the same condition apply to the community, spiritually, or do the people assemble elsewhere to hold their public devotions? Was it a mistake to build the church—were its members too few in numbers—did they forget the Messianic assurance "Where two or three are gathered together in My name, there am I in the midst of them"? Did petty jealousies and rivalry for supremacy bring about luke warmness and indifference and the neglect and non-attendance? Did some of its former members give evidence of being, as a certain friend once characterized littleness and meanness as being "22 short in calibre?" I am writing this in ignorance as to *who* ever attended services at any time in the neglected church, but its mute appeals touch my heart. Let that abandoned-church-story which goes forth from other sections, never find basis in truth among the hills, the dells, the coves, the valleys and plateaus of Garrett, for its rock bound fastnesses should continually remind us of

"The Rock of Ages, cleft for me."

SOJOURNER.

A New Company.

The Oakland Automobile Company has secured the agency for the celebrated Dodge Car, and owing to the great demand for these cars the Oakland Company was able to secure but six of the cars for this territory the coming year. To appreciate this car one must see it. It is the most up-to-date car on the market. Price $785 f. o. b. Detroit. You can see this car at Treacy's new garage. Don't miss it For further particulars call on or address, C. B. Johnson, office First National Bank Building, Oakland, Md.
Advertisement.

FOR SALE—A number of gas heaters Apply to John J. Sweeney, Oakland Md. Adv.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF Real Estate AND Personal Property

At the McGraw Summer Residence, Deer Park, the 14th and 15th days of January, 1916.

Under and by virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of the Circuit Court for Garrett County, No. 17 Judicials, September Term, 1915, at the suit of Second National Bank of Parkersburg, against John T. McGraw et. al., the undersigned Late Sheriff of Garrett County, will sell at Public Auction to the highest bidder at the residence of John T. McGraw in the town of Deer Park, Garrett County Maryland, commencing on

FRIDAY

The 14th Day of January 1916,

at the hour of 10.30 o'lock a. m. of said day, and said sale will continue until Saturday, the next day, at 10 o'clock a. m., unless all of the goods are disposed of the first day, the following being the property which will be offered for sale, to-wit:

1. All that part of the tract of land called "Peace and Plenty," containing 57 acres, more or less, being the same property which was conveyed to the said John T. McGraw by Henry G. Davis and wife by deed dated June 30, 1900 and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 38, folio 564, etc., one of the Land Records of Garrett county aforesaid, together with the right to use the water from the spring commonly called the "Boiling Spring," and which right was conveyed by said deed, saving and excepting 4-10 of an acre of the above described land which was conveyed to the Real Estate and Improvement Company of Baltimore City by the said John T. McGraw by deed dated September 24, 1908, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 59, folio 226, one of the Land Records of Garrett county aforesaid.

2. All that other piece or parcel of ground containing 1-11 acres and being the same land which was conveyed to said John T. McGraw by the Real Estate and Improvement Company of Baltimore City, by deed dated November 11, 1907, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 58, folio 170, one of the Land Records of Garrett County aforesaid.

The above two mentioned and described parcels will be sold as a whole.

3. All that lot of ground containing 49½ square rods, and being the same which was conveyed to the said John T. McGraw by Henry Bobet and wife, by deed dated March 28, 1902, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 40, folio 504, one of the Land Records of Garrett County aforesaid.

4. All that other lot of ground known as the "Schoolheld Property," containing 45 square rods and being the same land which was conveyed to the said John T. McGraw by Frances Chidister by deed dated March 29, 1902, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 40 folio 505, one of the Land Records of Garrett county aforesaid.

5. All that other lot of ground known as the "Michael Garrett" lot, containing 97½ square rods, and being the same land which was conveyed to the said John T. McGraw by Michael J. Garrett and wife by deed dated April 11, 1902, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 40, folio 513, one of the Land Records of Garrett County aforesaid.

6. All that other lot of land containing 10,650 square feet, and being the same land which was conveyed to the said John T. McGraw by W. C. Jones and wife, by deed dated April 21, 1902, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 40, folio 555, one of the Land Records of Garrett county aforesaid.

This property is beautifully located at Deer Park and constitutes, with its improvements, the summer home of John T. McGraw, and was in part the former summer home of Senator Henry G. Davis, and with its buildings, tenant houses, barns and other outbuildings, is one of the most attractive properties in Garrett county, and said above described personal property and real estate will be sold to pay and satisfy said writ of venditioni exponas and the cost thereon accrued.

All of the following personal property: One Range, 2 Tables, 1 lot Cooking Utensils, 7 Chairs, 1 Churn, Kitchen Utensils, 1 Refrigerator, 1 Cupboard, 1 Table, 1 China Closet and Glass, 1 Extension Table, 9 Chairs, 1 Sideboard and Silverware, 3 Rugs in dining room, 1 lot Chinaware, 4 pieces Statuary, Library Furniture, 1 Mirror, 3 Tables, 1 Settee, 1 Marble Pedestal, 3 Rockers, 1 Porch Swing, 1 lot Porch Furniture, 1 Candelabrum, 1 lot of Brica-Brac, 1 lot Pictures in Parlor, 2 Jardeniers, 4 Jardeniers in hall, 1 Chest in hall, 15 Cushions in chest, 2 Settees, 2 Hall chairs, 2 Rugs, 2 Stands, 1 Brass Pedestal, 1 lot Pictures in hall, 1 Pool Table and Fixtures, 1 lot Reed Furniture, 20 Cushions, 1 Table, 1 Parlor Suit in pool room, 1 lot Brica-brac in pool room, 8 Fur Robes, 15 Rugs, 10 Large Rugs, 18 Rugs, 1 Library Table, 1 Set Parlor Furniture, 1 Pedestal and Figure, 1 lot Pictures in music room, 1 Corner Cabinet, 1 lot Brica-brac, 1 Hall Rack, 1 Hall Settee, 1 Hall Desk, 1 lot of Pictures in hall, Furniture in Three Bed Rooms, 1 Bed, Bed and three Presses, Child's Bed and Wash stand, Lawn utensils in tenpin ally, 1 Wagon, Bed and Ladders, 1 Plow, and Harrow, 7 Buggies and Carriages, Horse Sheets and Halters, 1 Spring Wagon, 1 bay Stallion, 2 sorrel Mares, 1 bay Mare and Colt, Gelding, 2 two-year old Colts, 6 Cows, 3 two year old Heifers, 4 Heifer Calves, grey Horse called "Joe," 2 Traps in good condition, lot harness, both for carriage use and farm work, and some other articles about said house not herein specified.

No property is to be removed from the premises until the terms of the sale are complied with.

TERMS OF SALE—On all sums amounting to $50 and under, cash will be required on the day of sale, before the article is delivered; on all sums in excess of this amount, a credit of four months will be given, if desired by the purchaser, by his giving his note to the Sheriff, payable and negotiable at some bank, with interest from date, with security satisfactory to the Sheriff. This extension of time is given by the undersigned in order that the property will bring better prices, and better for all parties concerned. Any party desiring to pay the cash can do so, and save paying interest, on personal property only.

TERMS OF SALE—For Real Estate cash on day of sale.

BERT C. SCOTT.
Late Sheriff of Garrett County.

Road Petition.

Notice is hereby given that thirty days after the first publication hereof application will be made to the Board of County Commissioners of Garrett county, Md., for the appointment of viewers to view and locate a new county public road, said proposed road beginning at a point on the public county road leading from Bittinger to New Germany at the farm of Gilbert Green, near the south branch of the Casselman river and following the course of said river to intersect the public county road at Jennings, passing through the lands of Frank Miller, Archie Bittinger, Jacob J. Bittinger, Ernest Bittinger, Charles W. Bittinger, Wilson Mason, Jennings Brothers, Jesse Wilt, Thomas Platter, Thomas Hoover, Samuel Handwerk and Solomon Wandwerk, Edward Swauger, a distance of about four miles.

JACOB J. BITTINGER,
ERNEST BITTINGER,
M. K. RYMAN,
and more than 100 others.

First publication Dec. 9, 1915.

ROAD PETITION.

Notice is hereby given that at the expiration of thirty days after the first publication hereof application will be made to the Board of County Commissioners of Garrett county, Maryland, for the appointment of viewers to view, examine and determine whether the public convenience requires the opening of a new county road in Election District No. 8, of Garrett county, the proposed new road to begin at or near the Lyndale school house, at a point on the present Lyndale public county road and running thence through the lands of George R. Beckman, Albert J. Beckman, William Warsaw, William R. Mason, Charles Ridder, Elmer Ridder and Hurley U. Miller, to intersect the Oakland and Fort Pendleton county road at or near the first bridge on said road southward of the Mason school house, a total distance of about 2½ mile.

R. H. LEE,
WILLIAM P. WARSAW,
SCOTT RIDDER,
CHARLES C. RIDDER,
WM. R. MASON,
G. L. RIDDER.

First publication Dec. 9, 1915.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF A Valuable Farm

near Swanton, Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of the Circuit Court for Garrett County, at the suit of A. B. Farquahr Company, Ltd., vs. L. H. Friend, being No. 8 Judicials, June Term, 1915, of said Court, the undersigned Sheriff did seize and take in execution by actual entry on the premises, all of the right, title, interest and estate of the said defendant, L. H. Friend, in and to all that tract of land, situated about one mile West of Swanton, containing 67 acres and 47 perches, excepting 5 acres on North side of county road, and being the same tract of land that is described in a deed from Virginia Rodeheaver et al., to L. H. Friend dated the 26th day of November, 1901, and duly recorded among the Land Records of Garrett county, especial reference to which said deed and the records thereof is herein made for a more particular description of said tract of land.

Said land is under fence and in a good state of cultivation and is improved by an excellent orchard of a variety of fruit.

And I hereby give notice that on

SATURDAY, the 15th day of January, 1916,

in front of the Court House, in the town of Oakland, at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M., of said day I will offer to the highest bidder at public auction the aforesaid tract of land to satisfy the aforesaid execution and costs.

TERMS OF SALE:—Cash on the day of sale, and possession given to the purchaser as soon as the money is paid and a deed delivered.

BERT C. SCOTT,
Sheriff of Garrett County.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

CLARA H. CATON

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 23rd day of June 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 23rd day of December 1915.

ANTHONY D. CATON,
Administrator
Finzel, Md.

We Carry in Stock

TIRES
TUBES
SHOCK ABSORBERS
CHAINS
SPARK PLUGS
DRY CELLS
TIRETITE

And many other accessories at the
OAKLAND GARAGE,
Prest-O-Lite Exchange,
Oakland, Maryland.

Prompt Payment by Sun Life Insurance Company.

Oakland, Md., Nov. 23, 1915.

Mr. R. E. Sliger, Agent,
Sun Life Assurance Co.,
Oakland, Md.,

Dear Sir:—I want to thank you for check which you have handed me, in payment of policy of $3000.00 which my husband held in your company.

He took this policy on Aug. 22, 1911, and at that time was in perfect health.

The money has been paid to me without delay, and with no trouble or expense on my part, and I feel that I am very fortunate in having this investment made for me through the business judgment of my husband during his lifetime.

Yours very truly,
MRS. CLARK M. BOWERS.

Adv. tf

THE REPUBLICAN

BENJ. H. SINCELL, EDITOR.

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THE REPUBLICAN,
Oakland, Md.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 13, 1916

IT is Governor Harrington now. Good luck to him.

THE State of Maryland asks of its legislature not many laws, but good laws.

BRYAN is raising fruit in Florida and will raise hail Columbia at St. Louis in June—or worse.

WHAT can the Democratic party do with Bryan, yet what would it have been without him?

THERE is some hope for Secretary Redfield. He admits that the present prosperity is but of a temporary character.

SPEAKER Clark refused the overtures of Bryan for a coalition against Wilson, as he has a bigger settlement to make with the traitorous Commoner.

IN the first 12 days of present Congress, 6,781 bills were introduced. Our congested statute books teach our politicians nothing.

NOW Bryan threatens to expose his "treatment" while in the cabinet which would be exceedingly interesting reading for a campaign consumption.

SENATOR Gore says he does not "hear any dark horse neighing in the Democrating paddock." If his hearing is good he might hear the braying of an ass, however.

THE new vacancy on the Supreme bench gives President Wilson another opportunity to perform a graceful nonpartisan act, especially since Justice Lamar was a Taft appointment.

GENERAL Sherwood, Democrat of Ohio, went after the administration's defense program, in the House, rather rough shod in declaring it to be "without sanity or excuse."

THAT was rather a remarkable incident at a New York gathering, when Senator Chamberlain, of Oregon, chairman of the Senate Committee on Military affairs, denounced the foreign policies of the administration as cowardly, "But" said Senator Chamberlain, "when it comes to the time that we have to deal with the greater powers of the world we do not act like a brave and courageous nation, we act like cowards, I am ashamed to say."

THAT collection of organized hypocritics, known as the Democratic party, which shed crocodile tears over the extravagance of the Republican party in the creation of useless offices, has not reduced the number, but on the contrary has been engaged in constantly increasing them. Only a few days ago Secretary McAdoo asked that provision be made in the appropriations for a largely increased force in the Treasury Department, where, he cited, it took one man a whole day to check up one income tax return. Here is where the internal revenue force will be swelled to accommodate "deserving Democrats."

O. H. S. NOTES.

News From The Oakland Temple Of Learning.

Through an error in our report last week Donald Maffett's name was omitted from the honor roll.

Prof. F. E. Rathbun visited the school last Tuesday.

We are very sorry to note that Oliver smouse is ill.

A beautiful painting, a scene from Longfellow's "Hiawatha," was presented to the school by Mr. R. E. Sliger.

Julia Rowan visited Terra Alta last Sunday.

Last Friday the Beall high school girls were defeated by the Oakland high school girls in a one-sided game of basketball. The score was 22-4 in favor of the Oakland girls. The next team to be played is the Keyser high school.

The boys team was defeated by Terra Alta high school last Saturday night at Terra Alta. The boys' next game will be with Kitzmiller on Jan. 21.

Miss Norine Taggart has presented to the library the following booke by Washington Irving: Christopher Columbus, Oliver Goldsmith and Mahomet.

The Bend In The Road.

BY SARA ROBERTA GETTY

Tho' the way may be narrow and rugged,
And you stoop 'neath the weight of your load—
Yet be of good cheer, the way will be clear,
When you come to the bend in the road.

Oh searcher for Truth, be not hopeless
While struggling for things that are right!
Have courage, dear friend, when you come to the bend,
You will see in the distance, the light.

The bend in the road is still hidden,
The future may look dark and drear—
But hope fills the soul, we know that the goal
May be ours if we persevere!

BURROWING LIKE MOLES IN DARK

Democratic Administration Put Soft Pedal on Pitiless Publicity.

Washington, Jan. 12.—"Legislation without information."

This seems to be the official New Year greeting adopted by the Democratic administration. The legislation proposed, including as it does a comprehensive plan for greatly increasing army and navy appropriations, is regarded by many as the most important ever undertaken in this country.

Yet in spite of this, administration leaders propose to close to Congress one of the most important sources of information bearing upon national defense. Orders have been issued that army officers with views upon national preparedness must refrain from discussing them with or before members of the military committees of the House and Senate.

If the administration program of preparedness is for defense of the Democratic party at the 1916 polls, this order muzzling the officers of the army, especially those of the general staff, must be regarded as a grave error.

Representative Kahn, of the Military Affairs Committee, regards the matter in a very serious light.

"Accurate information is the one essential for the intelligent enactment of any legislation," said the California Representative today. "It is doubly important in the consideration of the proposed national defense program, dealing as it does with adequate protection for the homes of our people, their industries, and the honor of our flag and our country.

"Administration leaders ought to be the last, rather than the first, to hinder the legislative branch of our government is securing facts that in any way would aid in the passage of intelligent laws for national defense."

Impatience over the secretive policy of the administration is not confined to members of the Military Affairs Committee, Representative Miller of Minnesota, of the Insular Affairs Committee today bitterly criticised the President for suppressing information about Philippine conditions.

"American honor is at stake in the Philippines," said Mr. Miller. "During the terms of three former Presidents a splendid non-partisan governmental force was established. President Wilson wiped this out, substituting inexperienced Americans and natives.

"Could we know the truth we would learn of a government whose efficiency is vastly reduced, under which neither American sovereignty nor American citizenship is decently respected; one under which tens of thousands have died from cholera because health safeguards were removed; one under which an uprising was started last year.

"President Wilson and his officials kept from Americans knowledge of the real facts. Publicity! Not a czar upon a throne ever more completely kept the truth from a people."

THE DEATH RECORD.

MRS. MARGARET GRIFFITH.

Mrs. Margaret Griffith, of near Oakland, died on Tuesday morning and her funeral was conducted at Red House church last Thursday, the Rev. O. A. Bremer, pastor of the Oakland Lutheran church officiating. The family of the deceased wish at this time to thank those who were so kind to them during their days of sorrow. Mrs. Griffth was one of the oldest residents of Garrett county, this also being her native county. She was aged 82 years and her death occurred at the home of her son. At Red House a host of friends filled the church of her girlhood to listen to the words of promise that God through His word speaks to those who live lives of hope and faith and love.

JAMES FRIBLEY GRIMES.

James Fribley Grimes, aged 69, one of the founders of Knoxville and high in real estate circles in Pittsburgh for years, dropped dead in the office of the Knoxville Land Improvement Company, 86 Knox avenue, Knoxville, of which he was president, at 9 o'clock last night. Cerebral hemorrage was the cause of death.

Mr. Grimes was talking with a party of prospective investors in South Hills property when the attack seized him. A physician was summoned but death was instantaneous.

Mr. Grimes was born in Aurora, W. Va. He was educated in Morgantown Academy, now the University of West Virginia. He began his business career as a clerk for the Rev. J. Knox, who owned the land on which the borough of Knoxville now stands.

He served through the Civil War as a member of the Fourteenth West Virginia Regiment of Infantry. He was a member of the G. A. R., the Pittsburgh Press Club and the Methodist Episcopal Church of Knoxville.

Mr. Grimes leaves his widow, Mrs. Bell Hagerman Grimes: four sons, William D., R. R., J. L. and Jack Grimes, the latter of Keyser, W. Va.; four daughters, Mrs. George L. Sincell, Miss Helen, Miss Josephine and Miss Zuliah Grimes, and three brothers, J. N. Grimes of Grafton, W. Va., John A. Grimes of Henry, W. Va., and Dr. J. B. Grimes of the South Side.—Sunday's Pittsburgh Times.

HUTTON

The good "old fashioned" wintry weather paid its respects to our settlement with a snow to the depth of several inches Friday morning of last week, which was accompanied by a terrific gale whilst the thermometer registered at ten degrees below zero, on the first and second days of its visitation.

Mr. M. W. Pendergast is this week a visitor at Akron, Ohio, having been called to that city, on account of the recent accident that occured to his son Joseph. The writer is unable as yet to narrate definitely the result of the unfortunate event.

The Tioga Tanning Company of this place, erected last week a new smokestack the construction being somewhat distinct from the ones heretofore. The work was under the general supervision of the manager L. R. Harton, and assistant F. P. Baker.

Rev. James E. Connell, pastor of St. Peter's church, of Oakland, solemnized holy mass Sunday in the Pendergast hall and delivered in his ever eloquent diction a very instructive sermon on a "Perfect Christian Life" before a large assembly.

A supplement to the article entitled "The Passing of the Old Year," in these columns of last week's issue. At the final (which to many, no doubt appeared as a "Chinease puzzle") was no other than a fitting and justifiable penned tribute of St. Elmo's to the prevailing European Monarchism; even though seperated by a gigantic ocean, thanks to Divine Providence, our heart has never ceased to throb with tender emotion for our distant kindred banded together under the common term of brother-hood. Amazed, yet pitiful, we sympathize with the devoted subjects, their filial obedience to their royal soverign affects us. To love one and hate the other, "for our lives, like master musicians, that produce with magical skill a rhythmical chord of excellence, or otherwise if he so wills." Kings and rulers have convulsed nations into terror, when peace was at their command. Look at the many graves filled with the untimely talented! For surely among the warriors men of remarkable ability are lost, a gifted harp forbid to speak, talented interdicted, a remorseful grave to seek, which must be the final retribution for the unjust and selfish ruler. Not until brutality is extinct and humanitarianism regains its equilibrium peace cannot be restored, nor happiness take possession of a land filled with hate.

Miss Lena Wolfe, of Oakland, was the guest of Miss Margaret Feeney, Edgewood, Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. Edward M. Pendergast, of Clarksburg, W. Va., is visiting his parents in this section.

Mrs. John Wolfe and daughter Miss Bertha, of Oakland, were visiting friends in this vicinity recently.

FINE COURSE IN HORTICULTURE

To Begin January 25th to February 5th 1916 at Maryland Agricultural College.

The two weeks' course in Horticulture at the Maryland Agricultural College, January 25th to Feb. 5th 1916, is given for the discussion and demonstration of practical methods of meeting successfully the various problems which arise in the production of orchard crops, small fruits and truck crops.

Lectures are given on location as regards soil, climate and market conditions; the selection of suitable varieties for commercial and home purposes; the planting and pruning of trees, and small fruit plants; the cultivation and feeding of orchards, small fruit plantings, truck and garden crops; orchard and gardening implements; the control of insects and diseases; harvesting, grading, and packing of fruits and truck crops and the general problems of marketing as applied to fruit and truck growing. Special lectures will be given by practical authorities upon various subjects.

In view of the fact that attractive surroundings play such an important part in the home life, lectures pertaining to principles underlying the art of Landscape Gardening will be given. The relation of the house to the grounds and the proper method of embellishing same, will be treated. Flowers and their use in the home flower garden will be given due consideration. The propagation and care of the common ornamentals suitable for planting in home grounds will be discussed.

Demonstrations will be a strong feature of this course. Methods of propagation of both tree and bush fruits will be shown; the pruning and training of old and young trees, berry bushes and grape vines will be done in a practical way; planting of seed, making of cuttings, transplanting of seedlings, potting of plant and the construction of hotbeds and cold frames will be a part of the course in Market Gardening and in Landscape Gardening. Preparation of insecticides and fungicides and the spraying of fruit trees will be demonstrated in detail. Classes will also have an opportunity to grade and pack fruit. The idea of the demonstration work is to give a practical working knowledge of as many as possible of the subjects under discussion.

The Maryland Agricultural College is located at College Park, Md., on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad between Baltimore and Washington, eight miles from the latter city with which it is connected by trolley. Located thus, there is every opportunity for visiting the United States Department of Agriculture, the Congressional Library and the Government Experiment Farms.

Adjoining the College Grounds, are the State Agricultural Experiment Station and Farm. The lecture rooms, laboratories and greenhouses of the College are offered freely for the use of the Short Course students as guests of the College and the regular student body. The College Library is open daily and students are encouraged to consult books bearing up their subject of study. The privileges of the College reading room are also extended to them.

There is no tuition charged for this course, instruction being free to all who may attend. Board may be had in College Park or in the adjoining trolley connected towns of Hyattsville, Riverdale or Berwyn at a cost of about five dollars per week for board and lodging. All persons planning to attend these courses should write to Dr. H. J. Patterson, President, promptly so that accomodations can be secured.

MOUNTAIN LAKE PARK.

Mr. Floyd White is visiting relatives in Baltimore this week. Before returning home he will spend several days taking in the sights of the National Capital, as well as looking over the U. S. Senate and House of Representatives. He may visit Annapolis for a day or two.

Capt. Bush Hardesty was a week end visitor at Washington, D. C., calling on some "old time" friends.

Mrs. T. H. Cuppett is very much improved in health.

The Methodist Sunday school sessions are reported as very interesting and profitable. The attendance is very large.

The laboring men are "watching and waiting" for the ice harvest.

Word reached the Park last Thursday of the death of Col. Charles B. Kefauver, at his home at Parkersburg, W. Va., after an illness of about six weeks, which developed into typhoid fever. He was 48 years of age. He served as chief clerk in the office of Former Auditor Lafollette for four years, a term of years as assistant adjutant general and several years as state bank examiner. He was for three years editor and manager of the Parkersburg News, and later served as manager of the Cairo and Kanawha railroad. In 1908, he was appointed clerk by Judge Dayton for the Northern District. He was prominent politically and managed several of Dayton's campaigns for Congress. He was married in 1901 to Miss Catherine Albert of Maysville, Ky.

Besides his wife and five children, a brother, Webster Kefauver, of Baltimore and his step-mother survive. The remains were taken to Baltimore for interment Friday, that being his former home.

The colonel and his family were summer citizens of the Park for several years and made many friends among our summer visitors.

J. Grant Hayden, son of Capt. and Mrs. J. A. Hayden, of the Park, has been appointed one of the tax collectors of Allegany county, known as the third collection district, embracing the territory from Lonaconing to Westernport.

Mr. Charles P. Martin and family are moving to Morgantown, W. Va.

Messers. Clyde Shipley and Walter Combs went to Akron, Ohio, Monday where they will work in the Goodyear Rubber factory.

Mr. William Johnson has gone to Meadowbrook, W. Va., where he has a position with the B. & O.

Miss Susan Pollock is "at home," at Cotha, Germany, 14, Thos. Brunnen St.

Mr. J. Gibson was a Terra Alta visitor Tuesday.

Rev. Dr. Wright preached in the Methodist church Sunday night, the pastor, Rev. Flanigan having gone to Clarksburg, W. Va., to attend a funeral.

George Dawson has employment at Akron, Ohio, for the winter. He will return to the Park in the early spring.

The date for the Training School of Missions has been changed from July 21-31 to August 21-31st, which date follows that of the Bible Conference.

CHESTNUT GROVE.

A very quiet but pretty home wedding took place at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Roman Tichnell of this place on Thursday, January 6, when their son, Mr. Troxell Tichnell and Miss Myrtle Gamer were united in marriage by Rev. Barnard. Intimate friends of the groom were the only guests present. The happy couple left early Friday morning for a two week's honeymoon trip.

Changeable weather seems to be the order of the day and is causing much sickness.

Our school closed for the holidays, reopened Monday morning with a large enrollment with Miss Anna Shaw as principal.

Mr. Howard Barnard accepted a position with the Monroe Coal Mining Company at Barnum recently.

Rev. Barnard of this place, was calling on Squire McRobie recently, who has been confined to his bed for the past two weeks.

The Myers saw mill which has been shut down during the holidays started up last Monday with Mr. Clarence Wilson as the new sawyer.

Mr. Ulhich Barnard, who is chief clerk in the Three Fork Supply Company store at Maysville, was visiting his parents over Sunday Rev. and Mrs. Barnard.

Mr. James Lockridge, of this place, whose wife died Christmas, has moved his household goods in with his son-in-law, Mr. Albert Wilson.

JENNINGS

The farmers have considerable less poultry to feed since the celebration of the birth of Christ, than before.

We believe in this section in general everybody spent a quiet enjoyable Christmas. Very few were intoxicated, compared with previous years.

Mrs. Olin Warnick's two sisters, Jesse and Rosa, spent several days in town recently.

Miss Maud Pritts and Miss Beckman of near Swanton, Md., are visiting Edw. Pritts' and Christ Yommer's families.

H. A. Groves preached a very interesting Christmas sermon in the school house on Bear Hill, on December 26, to a well filled house. Ed Walls preached on January 3rd at Bear Hill school house.

The Pentecostal people assembled at the home of Jacob Bittinger, Jr., on Thursday evening and held a cottage prayermeeting which was very interesting and edifying to all who attended it. T. E. Upole, the leader, appointed Mr. Groves who was leader on this occasion.

Rev. J. B. Carder, pastor of the M. E. church, did not begin his revival meeting at this place Sunday evening. The snow having very nearly all melted away, leaves the roads in a very muddy condition, and the water is considerably high, which makes church going quite difficult.

Henry Durst had a shooting match on New Year's afternoon, and disposed of some ducks and chickens.

John Blocher, Stephen Custer and Louis Hockman started for Akron, Ohio, a few days ago to visit friends and relatives.

Henry Palmer and family spent Christmas with W. M. Fold and family.

Miss Melva Bartley spent a few days with her parents in West Virginia during Christmas week.

Burl Hoover who was taken into custody by Officer Slosnagle, a few weeks ago, is back with us again.

Grant Dean, while going from the company store to his boarding house, fell upon the railroad, and hit his face upon one of the rails and bruised one side of his face considerably. He was carried into his boarding house by his friends.

George Hoover has received at West Salisbury a carload of Ford Cars. He is going to let Menno Miller have half of the carload, it is reported.

Mrs. Henry Patton, who resides near the covered bridge, is quite ill at the present writing.

Lot Sheets and family recently returned from Hopwood, Pa., where they were visiting Lot's wife's sister, who has been very sick, but is slowly recovering.

Harry Kolbfleisch is inventing a motor driven sleigh.

NEWSBOY.

Injured At Manheim.

Mr. Robert C. Townshend, who has been employed at Manheim, W. Va., during the past several months, in building and making repairs to the cement mill located at that point, is home nursing a badly bruised leg caused by a slab of cement breaking away from a wall and rolling upon him. The accident occurred about ten days ago, but Mr. Townshend only returned home last Friday.

Mortgagee's Sale
OF A
Valuable Farm
In Garrettcounty, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage from William C. Brafford to the undersigned mortgagee, dated the 26th day of November, 1910, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 60, folio 424 etc., one of the Mortgagee Records of Garrett county, he will on

SATURDAY,
the 5th day of February,

1916, in front of the Court House, in the town of Oakland, at the hour of two o'clock P. M. of said day, sell at public auction to the highest bidder, all that tract or parcel of ground, situate, lying and being in Garrett County, located about four miles North from Deer Park, near State road,

being a part of the tract of land called "Stock Farm" and containing the quantity of

Thirty Acres and 104 Perches,

more or less, and being the same tract of land which was conveyed to the said William C. Brafford by deed from Gilmor S. Hamill and wife, dated the 26th day of November, 1910, and duly recorded among the Land Records of Garrett county, especial reference to which said deed and the record thereof is herein made for a more particular description of said tract of land.

Said property is improved by a very good Dwelling House and outbuildings with an orchard thereon, and a good part of the property is under fence and well cultivated, besides being well watered.

TERMS OF SALE:—Whilst the mortgage calls for cash sale, still if any responsible party desires to buy this property reasonable terms can be made with the undersigned in buying the same, and by giving notes for the deferred payments to be agreed upon.

Possession will be given upon the ratification of the sale by the Court and the purchaser arranging the terms.

GILMOR S. HAMILL,
Mortgagee.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice That the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

MARGARET E. GRIFFITH

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 13th day of July 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this thirteenth day of January, 1916.

FRED. A. THAYER,
Administrator Margaret E. Griffith.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

JOEL J. MILLER

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 13th day of July 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 13th day of January, 1916.

JONAS B. MILLER,
Administrator,
Grantsville, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters Testamentary on the estate of

MARY RATHBUN

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 13th day of July 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 13th day of January, 1916.

FRANK E. RATHBUN,
Executor,
Oakland, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters Testamentary on the estate of

JONAS D. BRENNEMAN

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 13th day of July 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 13th day of January, 1916.

LYDIA BRENNEMAN,
Executrix,
Grantsville, Md.

THE

GARRETT NATIONAL BANK

OF OAKLAND, MARYLAND

INVITES accounts of individuals, firms and corporations on the most liberal terms consistent with safe banking. With a Capital of $50,000.00, earned Surplus and Undivided Profits over $65,000.00 and Deposits over $500,000.00, this Bank offers its patrons abundant resources, coupled with the highest type of service. Three per cent. interest paid on Time and Savings Accounts. Safe Deposit Boxes for rent.

OFFICERS

G. S. HAMILL, President. G. W. LEGGE, Vice President.
G. A. FRALEY, Cashier. H. L. JONES, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS

GILMOR S. HAMILL, GEO. W. LEGGE, J. T. MITCHELL, DANIEL E. OFFUTT, Jr.
JOSEPH E. HARNED. GEORGE A. FRALEY, HARLAND L. JONES

ESTABLISHED 1884. BOTH PHONES

Do Not Fail To See
A. D. Naylor & Company for

Portland Sleighs

AND

Oscillating Bob-Sleds

Remember the place and that—

"NAYLOR HAS IT AND SELLS IT FOR LESS."

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.

BIG STOCK COURTEOUS TREATMENT.

Hart's Fall Goods.

DRESS GOODS

LARGER AND BETTER THAN EVER.

Ladies and Childrens Suits and Coats

In the above line we have beauty and style. Prices will surprise you. See them.

CORSETS—We are now handling the Warner Rust-proof Corset. Better known and best on the market.

UNDERWEAR—Everything in Underwear for Men, Women and Children, Wool and Cotton.

Complete line Laces, Dress Trimmings, Silks, Neckwear, etc.

ALDER ST. HART'S OAKLAND.

WATCH THIS SPACE

W. S. MARTIN & CO.,
Jewelers,
Oaklond, Md.

Mr. L. H. Friend, of Swanton, was in Oakland Monday on business.

George Morely, of Deer Park, had business in Oakland yesterday.

James Broderick, of this city, visited his parents, at Midland last week.

Attorney Richard Semmes, of Cumberland, spent Saturday in Oakland.

Mr. H. C. Knepp, of Red House was called to Oakland Tuesday on business.

Mr. Henry M. Speicher, of Accident, spent a few hours in Oakland yesterday.

Mr. Silas O. Wiley spent part of last week taking in the sights of Washington City.

Rev. Dr. Reed, of Grafton, W. Va., was in Oakland Saturday on business connected with the Park.

Fish Commissioner W. A. Smith, of Hoyes went to Baltimore, on train No. 16, Monday, on official business.

Attorney G. S. Hamill, Sr., went to Annapolis Tuesday, to attend the inauguration of Governor Harrington.

Mr. Henry M. Casteel has been appointed constable for district No. 14. He entered upon his duties last Friday.

Mr. John Felty, of Rowlesburg, where he is engaged in the lumber business, spent last Friday in Oakland on business.

Henry Casteel will entertain the Oakland Knights of Pythias with a turkey luncheon at Hinebaugh s restaurant Friday night.

Mrs. Wm. H. Davis has gone to Oakland to spend some time as the guest of her mother and sisters.—Mining Journal Frostburg, Md.

Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Miller, of Grantsville, called on Mrs. T. E. Bishoff, of this city, Sunday, who is at the Sanatorium and doing nicely.

Of course there may be a few better towns than Oakland, but it's a cinch there are a lot of them a blamed sight worse. Buck up!

Mr. Layton Friend has returned home from Connellsville, Pa. He has decided to remain in Oakland. A most sensible conclusion to arrive at.

Sheriff Albert Ashby made a hurried trip to Accident yesterday morning to serve some foreign attachment papers on an alleged absconding debtor.

Former County Treasurer Robert L. Fries spent Sunday and Monday at his home near Swallow Falls, returning to Oakland Tuesday morning.

County Treasurer C. A. Beachy, of Grantsville, was in Oakland last Wednesday and Thursday on business in connection with his office.

Mr. and Mrs. George DeWitt drove to Cranesville and spent Saturday and Sunday at the home of Mrs. Dewitt's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frankhouser.

The girl basketball team of Beall High school, Frostburg, who played the Oakland high school girls in Oakland Friday, were defeated by the score of 21 to 4.

Mrs. Joseph Hitchens and son Mr. Holt Hitchens, of Frostburg, were in Oakland Tuesday where they were the guests of Mrs. Hitchens' sister, Mrs. R. E. Sliger.

Carrol Paugh, son of Allen Paugh, of near Oakland, was badly injured in the coal mines of Kitzmiller. Carrol was brought to Oakland and taken home last Thursday.

Mrs. Leah Sincell, of Oakland, who had been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Olin Durst, Lonaconing, left for Cumberland Monday to be the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Matheney.

Mr. William T. White, of of Terra Alta, spent yesterday afternoon in Oakland with friends and relatives.

Mr. W. R. Offutt returned from Cumberland Tuesday afternoon where he spent the week-end with his family.

Mrs. Julius C. Renninger returned home Monday from a two weeks' visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Julius Scherr, at Morgantown.

Offutts' store has added to its already splendid equipment a large electric sign exposed above the Second street entrance to the building. The sign is attractive and handsome.

The Knights of Columbus will hold their annual ball in their hall in the First National Bank building next Thursday night January 20. Music by the Frostburg City orchestra.

Mrs. Thomas Bishoff, of near Friendsville, who was brought to the Home Sanatorium in Oakland early last, week was operated upon for an abdominal tumor Thursday and is doing nicely.

Miss Vivian Berchdorf, of Terra Alta, was in Oakland a few days this week visiting her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Notley Browning, both of whom have been and are still quite sick.

Mr. E. G. Naylor will leave Oakland Saturday in company with his daughter-in-law, Mrs. Gus Naylor, who goes to Canton, Ohio, where her husband has secured employment in an automobile factory.

Mr. Harry Loar, who was so badly injured early in the fall by being thrown from a horse and suffered a fracture of his skull, is now able to walk about town where he is warmly greeted by his many friends.

Mr. James Broderick, who has been in the employ of the Rowlesburg Grocery Company for the past several years, has severed his connection with it and is now the representative of the Kenneweg Company of Cumberland, with headquarters in Oakland.

A large number of people of Oakland as well as other portions of Garrett county are suffering with attacks of the grip in its most aggravated form. Many cases of the grip have terminated in attacks of pneumonia and bronchial disorders and the victims suffer intensely.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In the Cumberland News happenings of "Forty Years Ago," published Monday there appears an item: "Alpheus Welch was appointed postmaster at Selbysport to succeed John C. Dunham, resigned."

The Edward Slabbaugh property, this city, was sold last Saturday at a foreclosure sale. It brought $1600 and Mr. George Shartzer was the purchaser. It is said Mr. Shartzer will occupy the house in the near future.

In another column of The Republican appears the report of the Garrett National Bank at the close of business, December 31st, 1915. The resources of the bank are $685,597.88, and the deposits $517,176.05. The 26th dividend of 7 per cent, has been declared.

FOR SALE—At a bargain, a good horse and runabout and 1 set of harness and pony trap at Martin's livery, Oak St.
44-3t Advertisement.

Subscribe for the Republican.

Mr. Joseph McComas, son of Dr. and Mrs. Henry W. McComas, returned to St. John's College, Annapolis, Sunday afternoon, being accompanied by his father. The young man's departure for school was delayed on account of an attack of the grip which he suffered shortly after the new year.

Every operator of an automobile running his car after today without tags may have a fine and costs to pay as Motor Commissioner Roe has ordered the law enforced. Get the 1916 tag or do not blame the officers for pulling you. If you are arrested it will be your own fault. You have had proper warning.

Deliver us from that town which seemingly has more people in it, to the square inch of territory at least, who would rather kick and knock at the town and people than anything else, except do nothing to advance its interests, and the people's prosperity.

In another column of this paper today Mr. Gilmor S. Hamill, as mortgagee, advertises at public sale, to occur on February 5th in front of the Court House, a very valuable farm located about 4 miles north from Deer Park, containing a little over thirty acres, the property being improved and is well watered.

Our front page advertisements contain much reading that it would be profitable for our readers to take advantage of. D. M. Dixon & Co., and Messrs. Offutt, of Oakland, and Whetsell & Browning, of Deer Park, offer great bargains in certain lines of merchandise. Read the advertisements and take advantage of the cut prices on staples.

Another serious wreck occuraed on the seventeen mile grade of the B. & O., Thursday afternoon. The wrecking crew from Keyser was hurried to the scene. All traffic was delayed for several hours. The company are experiencing a great deal of trouble from big boulders that become dislodged from the mountain side and which land on the track and delay traffic.

The weather man seems to be crowding all the seasons of the year into the month of January. During the first ten days of the month we have had sunshine and freezing; rain, sleet and snow; 10 inch ice, mud, several inches deep, and at least eight inches of snow. One day the thermometer registered 60 degrees above zero, another day 12 degrees below zero. No wonder we have had an epidemic of gripp.

On another page of today's Republican will be found the complete list of appointments of road supervisors as made by the Board of County Commissioners in session last week. Immediately after the appointments had been made the commissioners transacted some routine business and then adjourned to meet on February 7th for the transaction of business.

The sale of the Col. John T. McGraw property, both real and personal, located at Deer Park, is advertised in these columns to take place tomorow on the premises. Sheriff Bert C. Scott is making the sale under an execution issued against the property at the suit of the Second National Bank of Parkersburg, W. Va. Mr. G. Semmes Hamill, of the Oakland bar, is the legal representative of the bank.

A surprise birthday dinner was given Mrs. Jane Wolfe last Saturday in honor of her seventy-fifth anniversary, the affair taking place at her home on Third street. Among those present were Former Sheriff and Mrs. Bert C. Scott, Miss Alice Woife, Mrs. Harry Fowler, Mr. John S. Browning Miss Alice Browning, Mrs. Burke, of Swanton; Mrs. Ross Wolte, of Rowlesburg; Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Falkenstein.

The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad company has had a force of carpenters engaged for the past week or more erecting stock pens on the company's property near the water pumping station in Oakland. The pens have a capacity of several car loads of live stock and they are so arranged that sheep may be loaded in both the under and upper decks of cars at the same time. Stock loading facilities have been badly needed in Oakland for a number of years past and this action on the part of the railway company will be gratifying news to shippers of stock.

A Correction.

In the article published in these columns last week referring to the decision of Judge Henderson upholding the constitutionality of the Miners' Co-Operative law, one line of the manuscript copy was omitted by the type setter with the result that Messrs. G. S. Hamill and E. H. Sincell were made to appear as counsel for the County Commissioners, whereas they were counsel for the mine owners, and the name of Attorney E. R. Jones who brought suit for the County Commissioners, was omitted entirely from the article. Mr. Jones' contention that the law is constitutional was upheld in every particular by the Court and the mine owners who refused to pay the amounts chargable against them will now be forced to do so.

Orphan's Court Proceedings.

The semi-monthly meeting of the Orphans' Court was held on Tuesday with all members of the Court present when the following, among other business, was transacted:

Fred. A. Thayer was appointed and qualified as administrator of the personal estate of the late Mrs. Margaret E. Griffith.

Mr. Franklin E. Rathbun was appointed and qualified as administrator of the personal estate of his mother, the late Mrs. Mary E. Rathbun.

Mr. Jonas B. Miller was appointed and qualified as administrator of the personal estate of the late Joel J. Miller.

Mrs. Lydia Brenneman qualified as executrix of the last will and testament of the late Jonas D. Brenneman.

EPWORTH LEAGUE SOCIAL

And Musical Entertainment Next Monday Evening.

On Monday evening, January 17th, at the parsonage of St. Paul's M. E. church the Epworth League connected with the church, will render a literary and musical program, the program of which follows:

Duet.....J. Littman and R. Isenberg
Recitation.....Robert Porter
Solo.....Bess Hinebaugh
Recitation.....Mrs. Louis Bush
Duet.....Glenn Martin, D. Townshend
Girls Glee Club
Solo.....Norine Taggart
Recitation.....Mrs. Paul Naylor
Piano solo.....Mary Drake Naylor
Violin solo.....Josephine Browning
Piano solo.....Dwight Townshend
Piano solo.....Ross Isenberg
Duet.....Miss Browning, Miss Taggart
Piano solo.....Elizabeth Mitchell
Girls Glee Club
Piano solo.....Julius Littman

Road Petition

Notice is hereby given that thirty days after first publication hereof, application will be made to the Board of County Commissioners of Garrett county, for the appointment of viewers to view and locate a new public county road leading from Maysville, Md., to the road leading from Kitzmillerville, Md., to Wilson Store, said proposed new road to intersect at the end of John Hamill's farm at the old Fairview church, and to be about two and one-half miles in length, and running through the lands of Thomas Hilltritz, George Cohn, H. B. Smith, John H. Smith, Isaac Davis, Three Fork Coal Mining Company, Hamill Coal and Coke Company and the Blaine Mining Company.

L. C. BRAY,
RICHARD TASKER,
D. O. HARVEY,
and forty others.

First publication December 30, 1915.

ORDER NISI.

Sarah Abernathy, et al., vs. Susan Grant, et al.

No. 1918 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Ordered, this 4th day of January, in the year nineteen hundred and sixteen, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in equity, that the sale of the property mentioned in these proceedings as made and reported by Fred A. Thayer, trustee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 4th day of February, 1916; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett County once a week for three successive weeks before the 28th day of January, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $1025.00.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy. Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Governor Goldsborough Retires From Office With Strong Stamp of Approval on His Work by the People of Maryland

Close of a Term of Four Years Marked By Constant Effort to Uplift Humanity, to Advance the Agricultural and Industrial Interests of the State and to Give the People a Wholesome Administration.

The Baltimore American of Sunday says:

The verdict of the people of Maryland on Wednesday, when Governor Phillips Lee Goldsborough lays behind him his term of four years and returns to private life, will be that he has made good. This verdict will be based upon the broad mind, free of partisan bias, which he has brought to bear upon the discharge of his public duties and upon his considaration of all public questions, his untiring efforts to uplift humanity and to improve the condition of the unfortunates, to bring cheer and happiness into lives of those whose struggle for existence is hard and tempestuous, to advance the industrial and agricultural interests of the state, to exploit its unsurpassed resources, to impart confidence of the people in their own commonwealth.

The verdict, too, will be that Mr. Goldsborough has been a dignified and safe governor; that he has won highest commendations at home and elsewhere by his courtesy, by his kindness, by his polished manners and by his devotion to his state. And when he, with Mrs. Goldsborough, retires to his home, at Cambridge, there will go with them the best wishes of a grateful people; for let it be recorded here and let it long be remembered that the success of Governor Goldsborough's administration has been due largely to the charm, to the gracious manners, to the unostentatious hospitality of the mistress of the executive mansion.

Lest the people of Maryland forget the long list of achievements of Governor Goldsborough, achievements made possible through the aid extended by a party in the majority in the General Assembly opposed to him politically, but endeared to him because of his kindly dealings with its members and because of his devotion to the interests of the state, let them be recorded here:

Creation of the State Industrial Accident Commission.

Organization of the State Tax Commission.

Organization and creation of the Advisory Board of Pardons and Parole.

Creation of the Peoples' Court in Baltimore city.

Ten-Hour Labor Law for Women.

Child Labor Law.

State Auditor.

Act passed creating the health districts of the state under the supervision of a competent health warden, and starting of health surveys, and the greatly increased power of the State Board of Health over the sanitary and water supply matters of the various communities.

Completion of the state roads.

Reform in the administration of the penal institutions of the state.

Procuring of an educational survey for the state.

Organization of a Co-operative Purchasing Committee, an agency used effectively by the state hospitals for the purchase of supplies, thereby reducing cost and waste.

The Tubercular Conference, which he called and to which he invited the school commissioners of the counties, the county commissioners, the county superintendents, the county health officers and others to study the question of tuberculosis among the negroes of the state and to provide some method, if possible, whereby this form of suffering may be alieviated.

A general awakening of the public conscience to the state's obligations toward the weaker and less fortunate citizens, such as a movement looking to the establishment of an inebriate farm, where persons who have become a slave to alcohol can find relief.

The establishment upon a firm basis the correctness of the theory that the most successful form of representative government is one that is impersonal, dealing justly and fairly with every question as it arises without reference to its effect upon individuals, looking only toward the general good of the state, ignoring the source from which the suggestion might come whether it be friend or foe, not attempting to use the powers of office for the advancement of the individual interest of friends or the punishment of political foes.

The launching of the idea of her consolidation of the schools of higher learning and giving some substance to the idea of creating a Maryland State University.

The establishment of a technical school in connection with Hopkins University, where the advanced technical learning might be acquired and where the opportunity could be best given to promote the interests of applied science.

Long and honorable as is this record of achievements by Governor Goldsborough, his greatest triumph has been personal. When he became governor four years ago there were doubts if he could escape from his environment and develop into an executive of broad vision. He had been trained in the school of practical politics, a school whose graduates are the best fitted to give and take in politics, to deal in patronage. He laid aside his training and there emerged a man who was governor of the whole people, to whom office brokerage was subordinate to his activities in behalf of the state. In thus entering upon a new political life he broke ties near and dear to him. He has bitterly complained in private, at times, that he has been misunderstood; that his acts were solely for the public good.

PHILLIPS LEE GOLDSBOROUGH

The greatest political achievement of Governor Goldsborough has been a demonstration by his acts that the Republican party in Maryland can give a decent, clean honorable administration, one free of partisan bias and one without predominance of a large bulk of its membership. There are many Democrats who frankly acknowledge that a Democratic administration at Washington is not likely to succeed itself because north of the Mason and Dixon's Line and north of the Ohio river there are not in the rank and file of the party enough Democrats of broad intelligence and education, individually and through public print, to defend their national administration. It is further claimed that in the Democratic rank and file in the north are not Democrats in sufficient numbers who are qualified to fill acceptably the federal offices to which they may be appointed.

Maryland Democrats have retaliated by putting forward a claim that the Republican party here has not enough high grade men in several communities who are qualified to discharge acceptably the duties of the offices to which they may be appointed, that in the rank and file of the party there are not men who can successfully defend the administration of their party. They confess that in the Republican party there is a large number of leading citizens, but, they add, there is a wide chasm to the colored vote.

Governor Goldsborough has put to utter rout this charge of Democrats. He has relegated to the waste heap the old and familiar cry of "negro domination." Democrats have not found it profitable in this campaign to bring the negro bugaboo to the front. He has put to rout the accusation that the Republican party in Maryland is incapable of giving the state an efficient administration.

Said the Governor in a recent interview:

"In reviewing the acts of my administration I must discard the ego. Otherwise hundreds of men and women, blessed with high ideals, would be deprived of that credit which is due them. It would have been impossible for me to have accomplished as much as has been good fortune without the co-operation of Democrats in the Legislature, who, as I have tried, have placed state above party. It has been my constant aim to help along my fellowman. There are many who say that my administration has been altruistic. By building hospitals for the unfortunate insane, by increasing the accommodations of others, by reforms in our prisons, I have constantly had in view the amelioration of the condition of our unfortunates, at the same time striving to restore them to citizenship. Actuated by the same purpose, I appointed a commission several months ago to study the question of cure of inebriates by healthy farm work. I want these utterly miserable people to be restored to the state to be self-supporting, instead of a burden upon the state or upon their relatives."

The political creed of the Governor was thus laid down by him in one of his public speeches during his administration:

"I admire the spirit which makes men loyal to a party. I admire a man who believes in a party and its principles and does all in his power to advance the interests of both the party and the principles. But while you are loyal to your party, you must also be loyal to your state and your nation. And if your party or my party puts forth a candidate who does not represent the highest principles or the highest type of manhood, that candidate should never be allowed to get to the state or national legislature.

"If the candidate of your party does not possess courage and manhood, vote for the candidate of the other party."

An appreciation of the social needs of the farmer, by which life to him becomes more edjovable and broader, was thus expressed by Governor Goldsborough in one of his several speeches to farmers:

"This is an age of evolution. We are constantly being confronted with new things. We see these things and we want them. This is a natural law. You people in the country are not doing enough for yourselves. You should put bath tubs, hot water and steam heat into your houses. Above all things, if you can possibly afford it, you should get an automobile. These things I say with all seriousness. When the day's labor is over and the sun is going down in the west, who can measure the amount of pleasure that the boys and girls would derive in riding to town and spending the evening with a group of friends. Build social centers for yourselves; gather together in the evening and talk over the things which affect farm life; declaim, debate, sing, exchange friendships. It is the development of such farm life as this that the present administration is trying to bring about."

Governor and Mrs. Goldsborough have won the Annapolis heart during their four years' stay in the executive mansion. None were ever more popular than they. By their hospitality and democratic ways they have endeared themselves to all classes in Annapolis. In the "naval set" they are popular, indeed, more popular than their predecessors in the executive, for the Governor belongs to a family identified with the navy. He knows the ways and traditions of the navy.

Mrs. Goldsborough is a "home woman" and a "homemaker." Her greatest consideration is for her husband and children and for her domestic affairs. She excels as a housekeeper and always, and under all circumstances, a most gracious and charming hostess. She is a womanly woman and everything about her is strictly feminine.

New Year's Thoughts.

The old year has gone but where is its fruits? Have you been devoted to the good and true? Our master looks for fruit. Did you offer the fruit of your strength the best of your energy? If we have not, the record of the past chides us and with an admonitory finger it warns us not to let this year also follow in the track of former ones.

He who has wasted youth and the early years of life has surley had enough folly. The time past should suffice to have wrought the will of the flesh. It will be the height of folly to allow this year to be trodden down and wasted in the service of sin. Some of us are in the prime of life, What is the record of the years that have gone? What amount of fruit can the husbandman gather? What an amount of good could have been accomplished! Were the years blanks? or was there a half or full crop?

Have the years passed and the unchanging Christ not your friend? O, wasted years! No wonder the Lord's prophet asked, "How long hault ye between two opinions?" Why hesitate to choose between the slavery of sin and bondage to Satan and the liberty of Christ? If former years have been squandered, not this year be used the same way. Sad, alas, these truths are they fall upon our ears and make nothing more than a passing impression.

Past the turn of life, going down but whither? Let not the year go against your account.

We pause as we enter the new year. We recall the years that sparkled with mercies and were full of pleasures. Did we scatter them to the winds or lay them at the feet of our Master? Was their music like the merry tinkling bells upon which was engraven "holiness to the Lord?"

How shall we answer if this year also is wasted and we plod along regardless of the claims of our Saviour?

Continued indifference makes the heart callous. It may be a year of mercy or of judgment. Now we are related to mercy by and by we will have to deal with justice. When the dresser pleaded for the tree, it was only for this year, thereby implying a limit. Poor unfruitful trees we are! Planted in the vineyard yet not living up to our duties Jesus pleads for us—but He will cease by and by. Doom then will be fixed. We may go beyond the limit of divine endurance. If we will not repent we must perish. If the spade do not benefit us the ax must fall at our roots. There will be a last warning, a last chance. The present is our only chance. From the cradle to the tomb life is a stupendous reality.

Squander youth and your one chance in it is gone. Waste middle life, your one chance in it is gone. Fritter away old age, there's but a single chance in it. The reckless moral leper has no second set of early years.

The last stage of the Pilgrimage will be reached. It is just next to the Jordan of death, and what wilt thou do in the swelling of the Jordan? What if this year should be thy last? The scene will change, the curtain that hides the future from our view will rise and eternity will flash upon us. We will hear the cry "Behold the Bride-groom cometh." Shall we go into the marriage supper? What a day! when the righteous are caught up to this supper. Some are growing old, others are in prime of manhood, many in the vigor of youth, but any of us may hear the sentence "This year thou shalt die." There is in the nature of things a limit to the Divine endurance.

The new year greets thee and urges the to prepare for the issue of eternity.

Awake, O believer, put on thy strength for your complete salvation is nearer than when you believed. Before the end of the year you may be in paradise in all the glory of a blissful eternity. For this you have been laboring. Can you sleep so near your home? With sweet anticipations we look forward to that rest. That will be a better day than your birthday for it will be your coronation day. Friends may say you are dead, but the shout of the angels will be, born to life eternal.

There is much yet to do. The more good we do here the greater will be our capacity for the enjoyment of happiness hereafter. They will bring their rewards. The more then we have of them the greater must be our reward. Do then with your might; what your hands find to do.

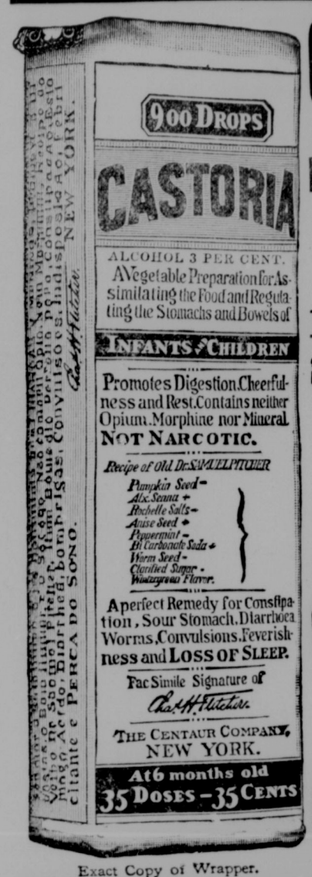
There is abundance of work to do, but only a short time in which to do it. May the Master grant you His blessing this year also. We have had great national prosperity, educational interests have increased, public benefactions have been conferred upon charitable and educational institutions. The attention of the church more than ever has been turned to benificince, but it needs the presence of the Divine Spirit to make the work effectual. Let the voices of supplication ascend continually to God, that the spirit may descend with power that the church may be quickened the impenitent converted and folly and sin be averted.

"Ring, bells ring! for the King is here;
Ring, bells ring! for the glad new year,
He mounts his throne with a smiling face
His scepter lifts with majestic grace,
Ring for the joy his advent brings;
Ring for the happy song he sings;
Ring for the promises sweet and true
With which he gladdens our hearts anew.
The new born year's a happy fellow,
His voice is sweet, and low, and mellow;
With the Christmas holly his head is crowned,
With the Christmas blessings we'll wrap him round.
Then ring, bells, ring! for the joyous day,
The past lies silent, the present is gay;
Ring out your merriest, cheer after cheer,
To welcome the birth of the happy new year.

May yours, dear reader, be a happy and prosperous New Year, of yours ever.

JOHANNES.

Subscribe for The Republican.



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This would be a good time for you to start your young folks on the road to Success.

Early training in the practice of self-denial; nstruction as to the use and value of money; opportunities for earning and saving money; all these tend to fix and fasten the children in the ways of thrift and prosperity.

We most gladly assist the young people in getting started.

One Dollar opens an account and entitles the depositor to one of our Savings Banks.

We shall be pleased to have our Garrett County friends call and open an account with us.

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Choice Steak, Boiling Meat, and all other kinds of meat. Highest cash price paid for Poultry and Eggs; also cash paid for Hides and Skins.

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The ENGER TWIN SIX is a car of many expensive features.

The following announcement in regard to the handling of the ENGER MOTOR CARS in New York City is taken from the AUTOMOBILE TOPICS for December 18th., 1915.

"Giving ENGER TWELVE-CYLINDER cars prominent representation in the very heart of New York's automobile district, the Fiat Motor Sales Company, 1776 Broadway, has taken the New York City agency for the ENGER line.

The Fiat Motor Sales Company is the company handling the New York sales for Fiat cars, made in Turino, Italy, and in Poughkeepsie, N. Y. It has a distinctly fashionable trade, and among its customers it numbers many of New York's wealthiest and most prominent people.

The ENGER "TWIN SIX" will therefore be staged in the beautiful show rooms at Broadway and 57th., street in companianship with the most expensive types of foreign and American Fiats."

The ENGER "TWIN SIX" is the most remarkable value on the motor market today. Graceful, luxurious, roomy, sturdy and complete as a $3,000.00 car it comes to the buyer at only $1,095.

Deliveries begin soon.

Arrange with your dealer for a demonstration.

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We can do the finest class of printing, and we can do that class just a little cheaper than the other fellow. Wedding invitations, letter heads, bill heads, sale bills, statements, dodgers, cards, etc., all receive the same careful treatment—just a little better than seems necessary. Prompt delivery always.

ROAD SUPERVISORS.

The Following is the List of Supervisors of Roads for the Year 1916, appointed at the January Meeting of the County Commissioners Garrett County, Maryland.

F. R. Sharpless, road from Swanton to top of mountain, and Backbone and Deep Run road to Sharpless School House, $75; road from Rhodes place to Blaine road, and Blaine road to Mud Pike, $75. $150.

George Paugh, road from Sharpless School House to Shaw and Chaffee road, $90.

W. S. Sharpless, road from Barnum road to Blaine road, $40.

Augustus Harvey, Barnum road, $60.

J. A. Wright, Mutton Hollow road, $35.

G. W. Weitzell, road from C. L. Paugh's gate to Wilson's fields at Altamont, $55.

George T. Beckman, road from Narrows of Deep Creek to Glendale, Paradise road from North Glade run to Altamont road, and road from Glendale to Altamont road, $90.

H. C. Hershman, road from Theodore Beckman's to Glendale Church, $50.

John T. O'Brien, road from Swanton to Theodore Beckman's, $60.

Mason Brothers, road from Theodore Beckman's to line of District No. 12, $40.

Alfred Lohr, Meadow Glade road. $30.

Charles Beckman, Spring Lick road, $60.

George Fitzwater, road from Altamont road to Andrew Friend's, $50.

John A. Wilt, Nicholas Paugh road, $85.

James Fitzwater, road from top of Swanton Hill to North Glade School House, $50.

Jerry Sweitzer, Josiah Friend road, $20.

Archibald Bernard, Archibald Bernard road, $25.

DISTRICT NO. 2.

Silas Teats, road from Bear Creek bridge at E. Friend's to line of District No. 5, $80.

John Veitz, road from School House to line of District No. 5, $30; road from Guard's bridge via Swalp's to State line, Mill Run road to School House, and Bowser road, $45; $75.

Joseph Jeffreys, road from Neil's Mill to line of District No. 5, $15.

W. W. Frazee, road from School House to State line, $30.

Jasper Groves, Cove road from Mineral Springs to Morgantown road, $30.

James Fike, road from M. E. Church at Selbysport to Guard's bridge, $20.

Frank Hileman, road from Mill Run to State line, $25.

James Guard, road from M. E. church at Selbysport to Mill Run by James Guard's, $50.

Ernest Griffith, road from John Riley's to Mill Run road by McCleary farm, $25.

N. R. Selby, Morgantown road from West end of Selbysport bridge to line of District No. 5. on Winding ridge, $85.

Henry Fike, road from Selbysport bridge to Bear Creek bridge, $30.

Jefferson Lowdermilk, road from Kim Frazee's to Pa. line by Ridge School House, and by Jefferson Lowdermilk's to Glade road, $65.

W. M. Lowdermilk, road from S. K. Frazee's to Guard's bridge, and road from Kim. Frazee's to Morgantown road, $65.

U. S. Frazee, road from Selbysport bridge to Hiram Humberson's, $40.

J. C. Lint, road from covered bridge to Morgantown road at Frey farm, $15.

Mathias Frazee, road from S. K. Frazee's to Pa. line at Daniel Umbel's House, $40.

John Meyers, road from Garey's gate to Reckner's lane by J. H. Rush's, $55.

A. M. Umbel, road from Reckner's lane to West Virginia line, from A. Thomas' to West Virginia line, $70.

Lieutellus Frazee, road from Rushes watering trough to Buffalo Run, $20.

William H. Friend, road from C. W. Friend's to Sand Spring at Alfred Schroyer's, $25.

Noah Frazee, road from Alf. Schroyer's to Blooming Rose church, $40.

G. W. Fike, road from Jeff. Frazee's to L. C. Fike's, $30.

Dorsey E. Fike, road from Sand Springs to I. M. Umbel's, $30.

Jessie Laraway, Glade road to West Virginia line, road from L. C. Fike's to McDermott farm, $55.

G. M. Friend, road from Reckner's farm to Sand Spring road, $35.

John W. Friend, road from C. W. Friend's to Trap Run, $30.

John Birch, road from Trap Run to White Rock Run, $30.

Newton Savage, road from White Rock Run to E. F. Sisler's Mail Box, $40; New road to West Virginia line, $10; $50.

Jefferson Burch, road from Sisler's Mail Box to B. F. Friend's, $20.

C. W. Friend, road from gate at Hook farm to C. W. Friend's, $85; road from Alfred Welch's to gate at Hook Farm, $75; $160.

Jefferson Burch, road from C. W. Friend's to West Virginia line, road from Falkner's Saw Mill to West Virginia line, and by Falkner's to West Virginia line, $80

Jackson Frantz, road from Morgantown road to Friendsville road, $18.

Isaac T. Meyers, road from Alfred Schroyer's to West Virginia line, $40.

William M. Fike, road from Sand Spring road near C. E. Fike's to intersect the Morgantown road near Franklin Humberson's, $25.

Leanous Detrich, road from Sand Spring to Alfred Schroyer's, $30.

DISTRICT NO. 3.

C. J. Folk, road from Keyser's Ridge to line of District No. 5, $15.

Z. Sibert, Negro Mountain road from National Road to Amish road, $35.

Edward Beachy, Negro Mountain road to Pa. line, and road from H. Miller's to State line at William Wright's, $40.

Harvey Durst, Amish road from Pike to line of District No. 12, $30.

John H. Folk, road from Aaron Beachy's to Pa. line, $25.

Noah Hershberger, road from S. Beachy's to Pa. line, $40.

S. M. Yoder, Neiverton road from Grantsville to Pa. line, $30; road from borough line near D. Dorsey's to Neiverton road, $30; $60.

Clarence Hetrick, river road from National road to Pa. line, $40.00

Charles Poleman, Red Run road from National road to Pa. line, $50.00

O. S. Fike, Avilton road from Bepler farm to Brown's lane, $70.00

Archibald Broadwater, road from Brown's lane to bridge at J. O. Wilhelm's, $25.00

Wesley Durst, Pope road from Hetz's lane to C. L. McKenzie's, $20.00

Peter Broadwater, road from C. L. McKenzie's store to McKenzie's Saw Mill, $15.00

G. L. Broadwater, Boucher road from D. Enlow's to National road, $30.00

C J. Ott, New Germany road from D. Enlow's to cross roads at M.E. Church, $50; road from M.E. Church to National Road, $50; road from C. J. Otto's Mill by Swauger's Mill to cross roads at M. E. Church, $23; $123.00

Arnold Jenkins, road from National road to cross roads, and little glade road, $30.00

C. C. Durst, Grantsville rood from D. Enlow's by A. Warnick's to National road, $60.00

Freeman Garlitz, Blue Lick road from Dorsey's School House to Brown's lane, $35.00

John Stark, road from Swauger's Mill by S. Wiland's to M. E. Church, $27.00

Asa Fresh, road from Bancard's to North end of Dorsey's lane, $40.00

B. W. Broadwater, Elk Lick Run road from Stark's gate to line of District No. 11, $30.00

Simon Orandorf, Manadier road from Ridgley's School House to R. R. Crossing, $25.00

P. Yost, Engle road from cross roads to L. Yommer's, $45.00

W. T. Stanton, river road from Iron bridge to Grantsville, $65.00

Ervin Baker, road from covered bridge to Engle's School House, $25.00

Stephen Custer, road from R. R. Crossing by M. Custer's to Meadow Mountain road near Widow Bittinger's, $60.00

Josiah W. Durst, Shade Hollow road from National road to Widow Miller's, $20.00

Fred Otto, road from Swauger's Mill Race to line of District No. 12, and to Widow Bittinger's fields, $40.00

S. M. Yoder, road from Yoder's barn to Neiverton road, $20.00

Ernest Q. Michael, road from National road by Coleman's to Avilton, $40.00

Simon Resh, Oakland road from Iron bridge to line of District No. 12, $45; and from J. L. Durst's to Oakland road near Beachy's farm, $15; $60.00

Lewis H. Deffinbaugh, road from Pike near Stone House to Pa. line, $40.00

DITSRICT NO. 5.

Asa Beeghley, road from Accident by George's to Bear Creek, $40.00

J. J. Smearman, Smearman road to top of mountain, $20.00

Adam Hetrick, road from Accident to line of District No. 2, $90.00

Joseph Bowman, road from Engle's Mill to Mud Pike, and from Engle's Mill to line of District at Charles Hetrick's, $45.00

John J. Weber, road from William Fisher's to Morgantown road by Samuel Hileman's and from Caroline Frazee's to Fike road, $60.00

Morgan Fike, road from Samuel Hileman's to Bear Creek bridge, $25.00

August George, Morgantown road from line of District No. 2 to Cove road, and from Cove road to National road, $45; Cove road to Jerry Strawn's to National road, Spruce Hollow road, Mill road to District No. 2, $35; and Paul road, $20; $100.00

William Spoerline, road from Matthew Frazee's by Solomon Boyer's to Accident road at Rock Lick, road from Ode Dewitt's to Charles Dewitt's, $30.00

Ode Dewitt, road from Legislative road at Flat Rocks to Bishoff's School House, and by School House to Legislative road by Brison Welch's farm, $40.00

F. J. Glotfelty, road from Grantsville road to Bear Creek, $40.00

George Miller, road from M. J. Miller's bridge to line at Samuel Mosser's $40; and from Miller's Distillery to cross roads at William Englehart's thence to Mud Pike on Boger's Hill, $20; $60.00

Samuel Jenkins, road from Horse Shoe Bend to Weber Run $30; and to Finger, $30; $60.00

Albert Ringer, road from Bear Creek Bridge (South Side) to Cove Church, $50.00

August George, road from Cove Church by A. Fisher's to Morgantown road, road from Church by William Fisher's to Wesley Hileman's, road from Krouse's Shop to Old School House, and road from William Lohr's to Morgantown road, $75.00

George Margroff, road from Boger's to George's, $10; and road from Englehart's to Eargroff's barn, $20; and new road, $20; $50.00

Charles Sweitzer, road from Zehner's gate to Bear Creek bridge, $20.00

Solomon Glass, road from Accident to Bear Creek, $40.00

Henry Kolb, road from Kasey's Mill to Weber Run, $20; and New Road, $25; $45.00

Conrad Oester, Morgantown road from Cove road to National road, and from Morgantown road to District line No. 3, $40.00

James McGettigan, road from Hartman's to State road, $20.00

DISTRICT NO. 6.

Elijah Friend, road from White Rock Run to W. Va. line at Black House, $50.00

Marshall Frankhouser, road from coal bank to the end of Crane's lane, also road from Crane's lane to the Cranesville road at Lake Ford, $90.00

Earl Teets, road from Swallow Falls road to the West Virginia line (New road included) $70.00

S. J. Thomas, road from William Lowdermilk's to Elijah Friend's (on the mountain), $40; road from coal bank to Joseph Frantz's, $70; $110.00

Sherman Savage, road from Sang Run to Hoyes Run, $50.00

Samuel Sines, road from Hoys Run to Deep Creek, $50.00

William Raley, road from McHenry to Pysell road, $30.00

John Glotfelty, road from Bender's place to McHenry road, $50.00

Blaine Wilburn, road from Hoyes Run to Andrew Sebolt's, $40.00

William Mattingly, road from Hoyes to George Sebolt's and road from Hoyes to District line No. 5, 40.00

Maurice Stark, road from McHenry to line of District No. 5, $25.00

George J. Brant, road from Fringer Board to Deep Creek and road from Deep Creek to State Road, $40.00

A. S. Alexander, road from Pysell's road to District No. 5, $25; and Grantsville road from Sand Hole to Bear Creek bridge and road from Mud Pike by Jonas Hostetler's, $40; $65.00

Stephen Dewitt, road from Bishoff's School House by Casteel farm, $25.00

Harvey Bowser, road from Cherry Creek to James Knots, $60.00

DISTRICT NO. SEVEN

John W. Haney, road from Broadford to King's Run, $35.

Jacob L. Echard, road from Oakland to Deer Park by Shartzer's farm, road from Mountain Lake Park Ice House to Deer Park, road from Oakland to Gortner, road from Loch Lynn to top of mountain at Kelso's gate, also all other roads in the District not mentioned, $870.

Roy O. Winters, road from Dennett Hotel to Oakland, $30.

Edmund Harvey, road from State road to Lake Brown, $40.

John Brenneman, road from State road to C. L. Paugh's gate, $30.

Jerry Uphold, road from top of mountain at Kelso's gate by his place to Trout Run bridge, also road from Loch Lynn corporation line to Trout Run bridge; also road from end of Cuppett's lane to end of Davis lane, $75.

James Sims, new road from Lyndale school house to Cuppett's farm, $35.

Robert H. Lee, new road by Henry Beckman's place, $75.

Michael Garrett, road from E. L. Rathbun's place across B. & O. R. R. to the Deer Park road, $20.

Thomas Garrett, road from Loch Lynn to Schreve's place, $40.

DISTRICT NO. EIGHT.

David Gnagey, Shaffer road, $75; Gauer & Miller road, $10; $85.

Jack Wilson, road from Kearney to Steyer, $40.

Abraham Moon, road from Kelso's place by Elisha Harvey's to Gorman road near White Oak Grove church, $75.

Henry Nine, Abernathy road from top of mountain to Wilson road, $55; road from Fairview church to road from Wilsons place to Dobbin, $75.

James Aronhalt, Bayard County road to Northwestern Pike, also Wilson road to bridge at intersection of Wilson & Cooper road, $100.

J. R. Pope, Beckman & Pope road, $30.

J. H. Sanders, Mansfield road by John Sanders, $30; Aurora road from Gortner to West Virginia line, $130.

P. F. Nine, The Nine road from Sunnyside school house to West Virginia line, $25; road from West Virginia line to Crellin road at Ami Foreman's, $25: $50.

O. S. Ridder, Dewitt & Ashby road, $50.

David Ridder, road from Gortner to top of mountain, $75.

William Kelley, road from Mason school house to Northwestern Pike, $30.

H. C. Fowler, Horse Shoe Run road to Red House, $45; Gauer road, $15; and Sunnyside road to Red House, $40; $100.

W. S. Booney, Northwestern Pike from Gorman to West Virginia line, $150.

A. E. Mosser, road from Henry to State line, $50.

J. W. Biggs, Mason road from Clemen's to Henry, $50; Wilson & Cooper road to Wilson, West Virginia, $70; road from Wood's place to Dobbin, $55; $175.

W. S. Boonie, road from Kearney to Gorman, $100; and road from Northwestern Pike to Murry White's, $15; $115.

DISTRICT NO. NINE.

Edward Finzell, Finzell road from National road to Pa. line, $65.

D. D. Meese, Wilhelm road from National road to Pa. line, $75.

Grant Diebler, Pocahontas road from National road to Pa. line, $75.

William Hager, Frostburg road from Wilson's lane to District No. 11, $50.

Calvin Wilson, Frostburg road from Wilson's lane to National road, $70.

Samuel V. Weimer, Lowery road to Pa. line, $50.

Thomas H. Layman, road from Frostburg road near Moor's to Johnson's, $25.

DISTRICT NO. TEN.

James L. Harvey, road from Jerry Tasker's corner to Schell, W. Va., $45.

Thomas R. McRobie, road from Lost Land Run to Deer Park, $60; road from Paugh's school house to Lost Land Run, $10; $70.

John Uppole, road from Jerry Tasker's corner to George Moon's sheep pen, $35.

Abel Dewitt, road from Sand Flat to Deer Park, $125.

J. L. Echard, road from Mrs. Pysell's to Broadford, $25.

Chauncey Glass, road from Chauncey Glass's mail box to Swanton road, $25.

I. A. Paugh, road from Dodge school house at Benj. Paugh's to the Deer Park road, $40.

W. W. Groves, Pond Run road from Altamont road to the Naylor farm, $30.

Alfred McRobie, road from Wilson to Eagle Rock road, $20; and road from Eagle Rock road to Deer Park, $45; $65.

J. R. Kope, Paradise road, $10.

James E. Lish, all roads in District No. 10 South of rail road not mentioned $240; road from Garrett V. Moon's lane to Hubbard, $35; $275.

W. O. U. Paugh, road from Columbus Paugh's mail box to Joe Harvey's, $30.

Albert Steyer, road from Kelso's gate to bridge across creek near Davis farm, via White Church, also road from Church to Kearney, $50.

DISTRICT NO. ELEVEN.

J. O. Wilhelm, Lonaconing road from J. O. Wilhelm's to Little Savage, $50.

Jacob Strickland, Lonaconing road from Little Savage to Strickland's church, $50.

Hugh Weir, road from Strickland's church, $50.

O. S. Fike, road from Brown's lane by Lancaster's to Wilhelmn's, $60; road from Lancaster's lane to J. A. Broadwater's and from E. O. Robeson's to Garlitz's Grist Mill, $60; $120.

Jonas Weitzell, Ridge road from J. O. Broadwater's to Merrill P. O., $15.

J. I. Robeson, Frostburg road to line of District No. 9, $30.

Cornelius Smith, Westernport & Barton road from Jesse Michael's to Lonaconing road near Layton's, $55.

David Warnick, Lonaconing road from J. Warnick's to Barton road, $25.

John Warnick, road from Barton to Jacob Strickland's, $55.

Jonas Weitzell, Point road from Allegany County line to A. Fazenbaker's, $40.

George W. Broadwater, Lonaconing road from line of District No. 3 to J. Warnick's, $50.

John Merrill, road from bridge at Merrill's by bridge to W. Warnick's, $30.

Charles Green, Laurel Run road from Allegany County line to Strickland's church, $40.

Lewis H. Broadwater, road from Ridge road near J. A. Broadwater's to Lonaconing road, $50.

A. Fazenbaker, Barton road from Allegany County line to A. Fazenbaker's, $55.

Charles E. Magruder, new road from William Ross to A. Fazenbaker's, $75.

DISTRICT NO. TWELVE.

George Bowers, Manadier Ridge road from mountain road to Bender's farm, $30; and road from Custer's lane to widow Bittinger's lane (East end), $15; $45.

S. D. Brenneman, Amish road from widow Hetrick's to top of mountain, District No. 5, $30; road from Grantsville road to Amish church, $20; and the Soekiers road, $10; $60.

John Hetrick, Accident road from Lohr's to District No. 5, $45; road from M. Lageer's to District No. 3, $15; and from Orendorf's to cross roads, $15; road from Bittinger to Mill road near John Hetrick's, $40; $115.

Charles Seckler, New Germany road from Bittinger to Manadier ridge road, $30.

Daniel Beitzell, Beitzell road from Bittinger to Amish road (new road), $40.

Jesse Warnick, Backwood's road from Stephen Miller's to Fairview church, $30.

Mason Brothers, road from Lutheran church at Bittinger to Raley's corner, $40.

Silas Beachy, Oakland road from concrete bridge to line of District No. 5, $35.

John Green, road from E. Raley's to line of District No. 4, $25.

Peter Bickford, mountain road from Swauger's place to Bittinger road at Berkey's $35; road from Manadier road to line of District No. 3, $20; $55.

Mason Brothers road from Herman Bittinger's to E. Raley's and from forks of road at Swauger's place to E. Raley's, $10.

DISTRICT NO. THIRTEEN.

Claud Harvey, road from corporation line at Kitzmiller to Lost Land Run, $200.

W. W. Harvey, Chaffee road, $75.

S. S. Bender, Dodson road, $100.

DISTRICT NO. FOURTEEN.

S. A. Kendall, road from Oakland to Crellin, $125.

Frank Graham, road from Ami Forman's farm to Hutton, $125.

Wallace Bowser, West Union road from Totten farm to William White's, $60.

Daniel Thayer, road from Joe Glotfelty's to Cherry Creek bridge, $35.

Charles Skipper, Sang Run road from Round Glade to Deep Creek and from Bray's school house to the State road, $150.

John Kisner, Sang Run road from Oakland to Round Glade, $125.

John W. White, road from King's Run to Miller's run, $40.

O. R. Leighton, road from Swallow Falls road to Terra Alta and Oakland road at Finger board, $100.

John M. Browning, Snaggy Mountain road, $20.

Frank Graham, road from Kendall's Supply Company store to the West Virginia line, $25.

I. G. Kitzmiller, road from Crellin road at Ami Foreman's to William White's gate, $35.

Freeman W. Lewis, road from bridge at Joseph Lewis to Swallow Falls road, $60.

D. N. Sanders, Terra Alta and Cranesville road from Oakland to Hutton, also road via D. N. Sanders to Snaggy Mountain road, $175.

J. W. Beeghley, road from Cranesville road to Sang Run road, $50.

Albert Moon, new road by Ben Moon's, $20; Snaggy Mountain road, $25; $45.

Judson Foster, road from Dodge school house via Henry Jordon's to Bray's school house, $50.

The appointees named in the aforegoing list are requested to promptly execute and return to the Clerk of the Board the bonds and oaths furnished them.

By order of the Board,
W. G. MEYERS, Clerk.

BITTINGER.

The mid-winter communion service will be held in the Lutheran church, in this village, next Sunday morning, Jan. 16th at 10:30.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Buckle spent last Sunday with relatives and friends here.

Prof. Jasper Fike and family were called to Friendsville last Saturday to attend the funeral of Mrs. Fike's sister.

A delightful party was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Wiley last Saturday evening in honor of the Twenty-first birthday of their eldest son Oscar.

The pupils and teachers of our public school rendered a most excellent literary program in the school house on Friday evening of last week.

Miss Edna Wiley, of Meyersdale, Pa., is visiting her parents here for a few days.

After a stay of several weeks with her sister here, Miss Cora Bittinger returned to her home near Deer Park last Sunday.

PARADISE

What is understood to be the latest move of the suffragetts is the "Leap Year" bill to be introduced in the present session of the legislature. Said bill acknowledges the ancient custom of "Maids popping the question," and any unmarried man more than thirty years old, who is not already engaged when said proposal is made, must either accept or confiscate a portion of his property for the support of the maid during her single life. As this bill will be effective from date of passage, it may work wonders during the present year among those who have found it lonely under the present "watching and waiting" It is rumored that at least one member of our local delegation will favor this bill. We advise all prospectives to have contract "signed, sealed and delivered" promptly.

Mrs. W. W. Groves spent part of last week with her father near Terra Alta.

W. H. Lohr and M. Calhoun traded horses last Saturday, and we understand that Will was not able to get to church Saturday evening, "Actions speak louder than words."

Gus Groves has perfected plans for an engine run by compressed air to propel his sleigh when old Prince is too tired to attend church at Steiding. If successful, a similar one will be installed in his scow running from Deep Creek bridge to Smith's crossing.

Chauncy Glass lost a valuable horse last week. Death caused by that dreaded disease typecuranimuncy.

T. E. Meese and family spent Sunday at John Smith's.

Weitzell & Vaughn, always in the market for fat dogs for future delivery. Stocked up at present. KID.

MCHENRY

We are having very disagreable weather at this writing.

Miss Elsie Smith has been on the sick list for the past few days.

Misses Clara and Amelia Smith have returned to Pittsburgh after a short visit to their parents at this place.

Mrs. W. A. Cars and daughter-in-law were calling on Mrs. John Harman one day last week and reported her condition some better.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Glotfelty and three children were visiting George Glotfelty's Sunday last.

Miss Esther Hinebaugh is quite ill with lagripp at this writing.

Quite a number of our young people attended the surprise party at Calvin Cuppetts' Saturday evening and all report a very nice time.

Mr. and Mrs. George Helfrick have gone to Red Rock, W. Va.

Mrs. W. M. Railey is visiting her daughter at Pittsburgh, Pa.

Sunday school every Sunday at ten a. m.

Store For Sale.

I the undersigned offer my entire stock of merchandise; for sale also my place of business consisting of store building, 6 roomed dwelling, stable, good ice house and all other necessary outbuildings all in good condition and 1 acre of land situated 12 miles north of Oakland, Md., located on the State road. Anyone wishing to go in the mercantile business will do well to investigate.

HOWARD BRENNEMAN,
Adv. McHenry, Md.

GERMANY YIELDS TO UNITED STATES

Pledges Humanity at Sea and Will Pay Lusitania Indemnity

ENDS SUBMARINE REPRISALS

Form of Settlement Negotiated With Lansing Is Satisfactory—All Submarine Captains in Mediterranean to Obey International Law.

Washington.—The German Government, in a memorandum presented to the State Department by Count Johann von Bernstorff, German Ambassador, announced it had yielded to every principle of submarine warfare contended for by the United States, and was conforming to those principles not only about the British Isles, where reprisals have been ordered stopped, but in the Mediterranean as well.

Two communications came from Berlin, one containing a proposal to pay an indemnity for the Americans lost in the Lusitania disaster, which may bring negotiations on that subject to a conclusion, and the other conveying assurances that German submarine commanders operating in the Mediterranean would not torpedo non-combatant ships of any character without warning them and according actual safety to their passengers and crews.

A final agreement over the previously unsettled points of difference in the Lusitania case hinges only on language mutually satisfactory.

GERMANY PLEDGES SAFETY OF LIVES

Secretary Lansing issued this statement:

"The German Ambassador left at the Department of State, under instructions from his government, the following communication:

"'1. German submarines in the Mediterranean had, from the beginning, orders to conduct cruiser warfare against enemy merchant vessels only in accordance with general principles of international law and, in particular, measures of reprisal as applied in the war zone around the British Isles were to be excluded.

"'2. German submarines are therefore permitted to destroy enemy merchant vessels in the Mediterranean—i. e., passenger as well as freight ships as far as they do not try to escape or offer resistance—only after passengers and crews have been accorded safety.

"'3. All cases of destruction of enemy merchant ships in the Mediterranean in which German submarines are concerned are made the subject of official investigation and, besides, submitted to regular prize court proceedings. In so far as American interests are concerned, the German government will communicate the result to the American government. Thus also in the Persia case if the circumstances should call for it.

"'4. If commanders of German submarines should not have obeyed the orders given to them they will be punished; furthermore, the German government will make reparation for damage caused by death of or injuries to American citizens.'"

WORLD'S NEWS IN CONDENSED FORM

WASHINGTON.—In full confidence that the submarine controversy with the central powers wil be settled very soon, Secretary Lansing is preparing to send a note to the British Foreign Office demanding that the Allies change their "hold-up" methods.

SOUTHINGTON, Conn.—The president and directors of the Southington National Bank issued a statement admitting that Fedral bank examiners had found a shortage of $87,500 in the accounts of Louis K. Curtiss, cashier of the bank for 20 years, who died of an overdose of poison, taken while the examination was in progress.

PARIS.—The Matin publishes a dispatch from Madrid which states that owing to the Kaiser's illness the rulers of all the German States have been called to Berlin. There is great anxiety, the dispatch says, about what may happen if the Crown Prince assumes the governing power.

WASHINGTON.—President Wilson was urged to appoint Senator O'Gorman to the Supreme Court vacancy, created by the death of Justice Lamar. The suggestion came from Senator Martine of New Jersey.

THE HAGUE.—A committee was formed to receive the Ford party.

ALBANY, N. Y.—Convinced that John B. Riley, Superintendent of Prisons, had deliberately set out to hamper the administration of Dr. George W. Kirchwey, the new warden of Sing Sing prison, Governor Whitman demanded his resignation.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—Direct authority came from the White House to place the President's name on the ballot to be voted at Indiana's May primary election in March.

NEW YORK.—The U. S. Steel Corporation decided to increase the wages of virtually all of its unskilled employes about 10 per cent.

CHEVROLET

THE "FOUR-NINETY" is a real automobile. It has a quiet, powerful, VALVE-IN-HEAD Motor. It has looks—it has style—it is beautifully finished and rides like a cradle.

THE "FOUR-NINETY" has the following novel and superior features not found in any other car built:

(1) Shock-absorbing duplex front springs; (2) Self-lubricating clutch collar; (3) Hub construction with triple-size bearings, preventing "wabble" of wheels and wear on tires; (4) Compound spur steering gear attached to body—the simplest and safest ever invented; (5) Unit power plant carrying transmission on open brackets, which gives accessibility to clutch and allows removal of all transmission, if necessary, in twenty minutes. (Patents granted or applied for on the above.)

BESIDES THESE EXCLUSIVE FEATURES, THE "FOUR-NINETY" HAS

(1) Steamline front; (2) Crown fenders; (3) Cellular radiator; (4) Body with flush sides and concealed hinges; (5) Three-speed transmission; (6) Three-quarter floating axle; (7) The world-famous Zenith carburetor.

OTHER THINGS WORTH KNOWING

THE "FOUR-NINETY" does not have a single hinged joint to squeak or a spring shackle to rattle—and you will find only six grease cups on the entire car.

READ THIS OVER TWICE

WHAT MORE DO YOU WANT FOR $490?

Auto-Lite Electric Starting and Lighting System Only $60 Extra.

These cars may be inspected at Lawton's Garage. Upon request demonstrations will be gladly given. Write for booklets describing these cars to

John J. Sweeney, Distributor,
OAKLAND, MARYLAND.

The Lutheran Church

SECOND STREET, OAKLAND

Sunday School, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

B. H. SINCELL, Superintendent.

Let every one heed the words of the Master, "Suffer little children to come unto Me and forbid them not: for of such is the Kingdom of God."

Men's Brotherhood Class, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

JULIUS C. RENNINGER, Brotherhood President.
REV. BREMER, Teacher.

We cordially invite all men not already enrolled in some school to study the Bible with this class.

Morning Worship, 10.45 o'Clock.

Undoubtedly, one of the richest blessings of the christian life is a consciousness of duty done and obligations maintained. Regular attendance upon the regular appointed hours of worship adds much to that consciousness.

Luther League, 6.30 o'Clock P. M.

Topic—"The Christian Kindergarden."
Leader—AMELIA LAUER.

Evening Worship, 7.30 o'Clock.

All are welcomed to worship with us.

—The above was prepared by the pastor and the advestisement is authorized and paid for by one interested in church work.

Settle the Silo Question and Settle it for Good

Do away with painting, repairing and tightening of hoops.

Know that your silo won't blow over.

Be sure of perfect silage at all times.

Build the worryless, efficient. Natco Imperishable Silo. "The silo that lasts for generations."

Its hollow, vitrified, clay tile are impervious to air and moisture; they preserve the silage sweet and juicy.

The dead air space in the wall resists frost making it the silo for cold climates.

Its a silo of efficiency, and a silo you'll be proud of.

For further information address, The National Fire Proofing Company, Pittsburgh, Pa., or, W. C. DeBerry, Oakland, Md.

P. S. A liberal discount is given on silos ordered before Feb. 1st. Discount becomes smaller each succeeding month.

Mr. and Mrs. Robison Bowman, of Accident, have sold their property and will locate in Akron, Ohio.

Matters are shaping up nicely for the Poultry exhibition to be held in Stern's Hall, Frostburg, February 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, under the auspices of the Western Maryland Poultry Association, Inc.

PUBLIC SALE OF Personal Property

Having rented my farm, located 3 miles north east of Oakland, and one-half mile east of the State Road, known as the Dixon farm, I will, on

TUESDAY
January 18th, 1916,

beginning at the hour of one o'clock p. m., offer at public auction all of the following personal property:

One bay horse, 6 years old and weighing 1400 pounds; 9 Jersey Cows, 3 Durham Heifers to be fresh, 5 yearling Durham Heifers, 3 yearling Durham Steers, 4 Jersey yearling Heifers, 1 two-year old Durham Heifer, 1 coming two-year old thoroughbred Durham Bull, 4 Jersey Heifer Calves and 1 steer Calf, 2 Shoats, 1 lot Chickens, 1 Syracuse Plow, 1 Shovel Plow, 1 Blue Bell Separator, 1 2-horse Runabout, 1 5-gal. Hauling Tank, 1 Stormberg Telephone, 1 set double lead Harness, 2 strans Sleigh Bells, 1 set Single Buggy Harness, 1 Saddle, Forks, Shovels, Mattocks, Chains and many other things too numerous to mention.

Terms of Sale—All sums amounting to $5 and under cash on day on sale, and all sums above this amount a credit of six months, if desired by the purchaser, will be given, the purchaser to execute his note with security and bearing interest from date. No property to be removed until terms of sale are complied with.

HARVEY N. BRENNEMAN.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Garrett National Bank,

AT OAKLAND,

In the State of Maryland, at the close of business, December 31st, 1915.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$399,599 52
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)		50,000 00
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged		125,185 00
Stocks, other than Federal Reserve Bank stock		2,750 00
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve Bank	$6,900	
Less amount unpaid	3,450	
		3,450 00
Value of banking house (if unencumbered)		27,500 00
Furniture and fixtures		3,000 00
Net amount due from Federal Reserve bank		11,755 52
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in New York, Chicago, St. Louis	$17,092 43	
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in other reserve cities	13,721 62	
		30,814 05
Net amount due from banks and bankers (other than that above)		4,408 66
Other checks on banks in the same city or town as reporting bank		237 58
Outside checks and other cash items	$177 50	
Fractional currency, nickles and cents	163 90	
		341 40
Notes of other national banks		220 00
Coin and certificates		21,791 15
Legal-tender notes		2,045 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		2,500 00
Total		$685,597 88

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$50,000 00
Surplus fund		65,000 00
Undivided profits		524 33
Circulating notes outstanding		49,297 50
Due to banks and bankers (other than that above)		100 00
Dividends unpaid		3,500 00
Demand deposits—		
Individual deposits subject to check		206,768 96
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days		27,420 08
Cashier's checks outstanding		516 92
Total demand deposits	$234,705.96	
Time deposits (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice)—		
Certificates of deposit		211,005 83
Other time deposits		71,464 26
Total of time deposits	$282,470.09	
Total		$685,597 88

State of Maryland, County of Garrett, I, G. A. FRALEY, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

G. A. FRALEY, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 7th day of January, 1916.

MARK S. WHITE, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: GILMOR S. HAMILL, GEORGE W. LEGGE, JOHN T. MITCHELL, Directors.

Subscribe for The Republican.

MRS. LELIA J. MAIN IS PLEASED WITH RESULT FROM NEW PREPARATION

Maryland Ave. Lady Lauds Tanlac; Now Is Much Improved, She Says.

Mrs. Lelia J. Maine, a well known lady of 919 Maryland Avenue, Hagerstown, is the latest to endorse the Master Medicine, Tanlac, which has taken Hagerstown by storm. She says:

"For 9 years I have suffered from stomach trouble which defied all my efforts to obtain relief. Nothing I could eat seemed to agree with me and all food caused terrible gas and belching of hot water. When night came I'd roll and toss for hours before falling asleep and would feel tired and worn out in the morning.

"My head was often dry and stuffed up which caused me no end of annoyance and embarrassment. I finally became so sick and nervous that I couldn't do my housework. And then, one happy day, I saw where Tanlac was mentioned in the paper as doing so much good.

"I purchrsed a bottle and began using it. I have only taken the one bottle, but I am feeling so much better that I can now attend to my household duties and enjoy them. My digestion and appetite are both improved and I can sleep like a babe at night. I hope others will try Tanlac—I'm sure it will help them."

Tanlac, the premier preparation which has electrified the country by its marvelous powers as a restorative, combatant and tonic, is being introduced in Oakland by Gonder's Pharmacy, Westernport at Pauls, Lonaconing at Campbell & Sons, Frostburg at Shupes Pharmacy and Cumberland at Lichensteins Pharmacy at one $1.00 per bottle. Adv.

Coal! Coal!

I am prepared to furnish coal either by the ton or by carloads at a price that will interest all consumers. All grades, both eastern and western coal constantly on hand and immediate delivery guaranteed. Can save you money on your fuel supply this winter. Harry Helbig, Oakland, Md. Adv.

Storm Headed Eastward.

Telegraphic reports this morning from the middle west are to the effect that a terrific blizzard is raging in that section and is making its way eastward. At Cincinnati this morning the mercury registered 20 degrees below zero; while a little farther north the readings were as low as 58 degrees below.

FOR SALE—A number of gas heaters. Apply to John J. Sweeney, Oakland, Md. Adv.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The First National Bank

AT OAKLAND,

In the State of Maryland, at the close of business, December 31, 1915.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$281,870 48
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	50,000 00	
U. S. bonds pledged to secure U. S. deposits (par value)	1,000 00	
Premium on U. S. bonds	1,000 00	52,000 00
Stocks, other than Federal Reserve Bank stock		1,500 00
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve bank	$4,800.00	
Less amount unpaid	$2,400.00	2,400 00
Value of banking house (if unencumbered)		39,821 90
Furniture and fixtures		3,175 29
Real estate owned other banking house		2,500 00
Net amount due from Federal Reserve bank		5,607 50
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in New York, Chicago, and St. Louis	1,078 03	
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in other reserve cities	11,920 09	12,998 12
Net amount due from banks and bankers (other than above)		1,512 73
Other checks on banks in the same city or town as reporting bank		330 60
Fractional currency, nickels and cents		217 28
Notes of other national banks		2,270 40
Coin and certificates		10,347 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		2,500 00
Total		$419,147 30

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		50,000 00
Surplus fund		30,000 00
Undivided profits		3,156 54
Circulating notes outstanding		50,000 00
Due to banks and bankers (other than above)		465 90
Dividends unpaid		1,589 00
Demand deposits—		
Individual deposits subject to check		108,521 59
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days		500 00
Certified Checks		781 10
Cashier's checks outstanding		887 50
United States deposits		1,000 00
Total demand deposits	$111,690.19	
Time deposits (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice)—		
Certificates of deposit		906 21
Other time deposits		161,329 46
Total of time deposits	$162,295 67	
Notes and bills rediscontinued elsewhere than at Federal Reserve Bank		10,000 00
Total		$419,147 30

State of Maryland, County of Garrett.

I, R. E. SLIGER, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

R. E. SLIGER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 11th day of January, 1916.

WALTER W. DAWSON, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: FRED. A. THAYER, E. H. SINCELL, D. M. DIXON, Directors.

MOB BURNS AND SACKS OHIO CITY

Troops Rush to Quell Raging Strikers at East Youngstown

DAMAGE PUT AT $1,500,000

After Score Are Shot and Many Houses Are Burning, Band Sets Out for Further Violence—Employed in Sheet & Tube Works.

East Youngstown, Ohio.—More than 2,000 soldiers are patrolling the streets of this devastated city. After the strike riots, during which the business section was reduced to ruins and hundreds of houses destroyed by flames, making as many families homeless, quiet and order again prevails. The toll of the mob violence will exceed $1,500,000 with but slight hope of retrieving the loss by insurance. With the arrival of the soldiers looting came to an end. A house to house search revealed thousands of dollars worth of plunder.

Rioters stole 500 pounds of dynamite and dynamited several houses. The bridge from East Youngstown to Struthers was burned to prevent rioters from entering the town.

Three of the dead men were killed in saloon fights and the fourth died of wounds inflicted earlier in the evening, when the mob shot promiscuously into the crowd.

Many of the leaders of the crowd were drink-crazed. Saloons were smashed and looted.

On request of Sheriff J. C. Umstead, who declared that the situation was beyond his control, Governor Willis summoned the 4th, 5th and 8th regiments.

The charge is made that the outbreak was fomented and is led by persons interested in closing war munitions plants. All of the rioters are foreign born, most of them Austrians.

The strikers have been demanding an increase from 19½ to 25 cents an hour. The announcement of four big concerns that they would grant an increase to 22 cents failed to bring peace.

N. H. JURORS ACQUIT SIX.

New Trials for Rockefeller, Brooker, Ledyard, Pratt and Robbins.

New York.—After fifty-one hours of acrimonious deliberation the jury that heard the evidence against the nine former and two present directors of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad—who have been on trial since October 13 for alleged violation of the Sherman law—broke its deadlock by acquitting:

James S. Hemingway,
Robert W. Taft,
A. Heaton Robertson,
Frederick F. Brewster,
D. Newton Barney and
Henry K. McHarg.

In the case of the following, after the jury admitted an irreconcilable difference of opinion, a disagreement was entered:

William Rockefeller,
Lewis Cass Ledyard,
Charles F. Brooker,
Charles M. Pratt, and
Edward D. Robbins.

Immediately after the findings had been reported to Judge Hunt it was announced by R. L. Batts, chief of the prosecuting staff, that those on whom the jury disagreed will be put on trial again.

DU PONT PLANT BLOWS UP.

Accident Occurs at Carney's Point, N. J.—42 Men Missing.

Philadelphia.—Belchers plant of the du Pont powder works at Carney's Point, N. J., exploded. Forty-two men employed in the plant are missing. The flash of the explosion was seen in this city.

The shifts of workingmen were changing at the plant when there was a flash that shot into the air a hundred feet. Employes of the plant who reached Wilmington about an hour after the explosion said that the explosion had occurred in the tower of plant No. 3, an elevator-like structure in which the powder is blended.

STEAMER EASTLAND SOLD.

Chicago Excursion Death Ship Brings $46,000 Under Order of Court.

Chicago.—The sale of the steamer Eastland for $46,000 to Captain Edward A. Evers, of the Illinois Naval Reserve, was confirmed by Federal Judge Landis.

Counsel for 115 claimants against the hull, on behalf of the estate of the victims of the overturning of the excursion ship in the Chicago River last July, opposed the sale, asserting the vessel was worth at least $125,000.

RELIEF CLOTH FOR BELGIUM.

Commission to Send $150,000 Worth to Shivering War Refugees.

New York.—The commission for relief in Belgium announced that it had contracted for $150,000 worth of cloth to be rushed to Belgium on a steamer sailing this week. The destitute men, women and children in Belgium and northern France are reported suffering from lack of proper clothing and underwear.

The cloth will be used in making clothing and underwear.

OUT OF TOWN HAPPENINGS

A Variety of Interesting Paragraphs for Republican Readers.

Charles Vester, of the Cove, was a recent visitor at Salisbury, Pa.

Isaac Junkin has been appointed Constable of the Kitzmiller district.

J. Milton Lowdermilk, of Selbysport, made a business trip to Uniontown, Pa., last week.

Rev. J. W. Beeghly preached at the Pineswamp school house, near Cranesville, Sunday.

Mr. Artie Dodge and wife, of Sunnyside, spent Saturday and Sunday at Cranesville.

Mr. and Mrs. William Menhorn, of Elk Lick, Pa., spent part of last week with Mrs. Menhorn's mother in the Cove.

Mrs. Alice Sanders, wife of Prof. Sanders, of Grantsville, is a guest of Mrs. John Kemp, Frostburg.

A. J. Frazee, another veteran of the Civil War, recently passed his 76th birthday. He was seriously scalded about a month ago and it was feared he would not recover from his injuries, but on New Year's day he was out walking as sprv as a man of half his years. Being a native of Garrett county, Md., he is a mighty nimrod.—Republican Meyersdale, Pa.

American wool growers will be interested in the news that wool valued at $15,000,000 is on the way here from Australia, South Africa and Argentina in a fleet of nearly 20 chartered steamers. The foreign producers will pay no revenue tax to the U. S. treasury, but will help it in competition with American growers who pay county, state and federal taxes. "America first" is merely a slogan—nothing more—to the men who aid the Underwood tariff law

Locomotive Fireman Injured.

Lee Meyers, fireman on the Jennings railroad, fell off the tender of the engine at Little Crossing Tuesday evening and broke an arm and sustained other painful injuries. He was taken to the Western Maryland Hospital at Cumberland. Meyers has a wife and two children and is an industrious and highly respected young man.

News Is Stranger Than Fiction

By MOSS.

SUPPOSE advertising of all kinds the world over were wiped out for a month—utterly obliterated. Yes, it would ruin business. But it would do more—it would make this old world positively STUPID.

Why?

Because ADVERTISING IS NEWS, and we must keep pace with the news or grow stale.

Newspaper advertising—THE BEST ON EARTH—is displayed news, paid for with a purpose.

The latest news in newspaper advertising, a special sale of furs, a big reduction in suits, a saving in groceries, furniture at annual sale prices or five bars of soap for the price of three—all this latest news is as important to every housewife and the husband who pays the bills as the last word from Mexico or an account of the newest municipal or society scandal.

Advertising is POSITIVELY and ABSOLUTELY news.

Successful advertisers make their ads. as NEWSY as possible. Read the ads. in this paper as NEWS. Keep up with them. Truth is stranger than fiction. So is news.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Garrett County Telephone Company.

for the year ending December 31, 1915.

REVENUE

Cash on hand Jan. 1, 1915		$166.56
Gross receipts from Subscribers' Rent		4,353.01
Receipts from Tolls		684.02
Total receipts		$5,203.59

EXPENSES

Operating system and salaries	$3,172.28	
Repairs and Maintenance	1,154.71	
Taxes	113.10	
Bills payable and interest	475.44	
Cash on hand December 31, 1915	288.06	
Total		$5,203.59

ASSETS.

Cost of property	$19,943 13
Open account due Company	5,913.00
Cash on hand	288.06
Total	$26,142 19

LIABILITIES.

Stock issued	$16,000.00	
Bills payable	1,300.00	
Accounts payable	901.53	
Balance to profit and loss	7,940.66	
Total		$26,142 19

PAUL B. NAYLOR, Secretary.

THE REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME 40. OAKLAND, MARYLAND THURSDAY, JANUARY 20, 1916. NUMBER 47

McGRAW ACCUSED IN BANK FAILURE

Indicted By Grand Jury On Three Separate Counts.

At Grafton, W. Va., on last Friday after a four-day probe of the Grafton Bank case the grand jury made its report. Two of the leading officials of the bank were indicted.

The prosecuting attorney was assisted in the investigation by ex-Congressman S. B. Avis, who was sent by the State legal department.

Col. John T. McGraw, Democratic National Committeemrn and one of the organizers and a stockholder of the bank, was indicted on a felony charge of three counts. It is charged that he aided Charles R. Durbin, the president, to commit felonies. Mr. Durbin was indicted on three separate charges of embezzlement on 35 counts.

Immediately after the jurv had read its report Colonel McGraw appeared in court and entered a plea of not guilty. The charges were not read to him, as he stated that he had read the idictments personanlly and was familiar with the charges. He filed bond of $5,000 for his appearance in court for a hearing on January 17.

The Grafton Bank suspended payment a year ago. The management announced that the bank was overloaned but said it was solvent. Col. McGraw owned a majority of the stock and he, his associates and various connections were named as the heaviest borrowers from the bank.

After the suspension Colonel McGraw stated that the bank was entirely solvent and would reopen and reorganize in a few weeks. When it failed to do so, C. D. Hiatt was appointed receiver and is still engaged in settling up the bank's affairs.

The bank had deposits of $300,000, mostly small accounts, a number of which were paid personally by Col. McGraw. His own liabilities to the bank have not been met as yet, however, although it is stated that he has about closed a deal which will enable him to take over the bank and pay all the debts himself.

Charles R. Durbin, the former president, is brother-in law of Col. McGraw and also was heavily involved, it is alleged. He has entered voluntary bankruptcy and his schedule shows liabilities of $250,000.

Several other men also have been driven into bankruptcy as a result of the bank failure, it is said. Indictments were returned against McGraw and Durbin at the last term of the grand jury, but McGraw's indictment was quashed as were several of the counts against Durbin. A few of the old charges, however, are still in force against him, besides the charges presented Friday.

THE DEATH RECORD.

STELLA LAWTON.

Stella, aged nearly three years, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Abram Lawton, died at the family home in Oakland Friday morning last after an illness of two weeks or more. Following an attack of the grip the child was stricken with pneumonia which caused its death. The little one was a most beautiful child and was a favorite with those who knew her. The funeral occured Sunday afternoon with interment in the Catholic cemeterv in Oakland.

Civic Club Meeting.

The Oakland Civic Club will hold its regular monthly meeting Tuesday, January 25th, at 3 p. m. All members are requested to be present.

MRS. JAMES D. HAMILL, Sec'ty.

Dr. R. H. Riley, the state health officer for Garrett and Allegany counties, was in Oakland professionally last Friday, his visit here being occasioned by the development of a case of diphtheria by Oliver Smouse of Deer Park, a student in the high school. Cultures of each student of the school was taken Dr. Riley, assisted by Dr. Darby, and upon examination of these by the bacteriologist in charge of the division only one showed any evidence of the disease which was at once reported to the school authorities and the student was detained at her home as a precautionary measure against further spread of the disease.

PROHIBITION MEASURE INTRODUCED TUESDAY BY SENATOR SPEICHER

Saturday at Annapolis Capt. Hayden Fell and Was Painfully Hurt.

STATE HOUSE, ANNAPOLIS, Jan. 19.—With the appointment of the House committies yesterday and the swearing in of the legislative employes for the session, the General Assembly for 1916 got down to business, and by the end of the week the mill will be grinding out new laws, and measures amending old ones, to its usual capacity.

To Senator Speicher, of Garrett county, was given the distinction of introducing the Statewide Prohibition Bill of yesterday's session of the Senate. It was expected that this honor would be conferred upon a member of the majority party, and therefore, the selection of a Republican came as a surprise. Around this bill in both the Senate and House, the bitterest fight of the session is expected to be waged and the prominence attending the Garrett Senator reflects the confidence Rev. Dr. Thomas M. Hare, superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League, which organization is behind the bill, and others, have in Senator Speicher's loyalty to the cause and his ability of pushing the measure through.

The same can be said of Frof. Arthur F. Smith, of the Allegany county delegation into whose hands the Statewide Prohibition Bill was entrusted in the House. He is likewise a Republican, and a gentleman of fine ability as well as of unquestioned loyalty to the "dry" cause.

The Prohibition bill is not a constitutional amendment, but provides for a state-wide referendum on the subject of whether the "sale, manufacture for sale or transportation for sale" of all intoxicating drinks for "beverage purposes" shall be made illegal in the State. This referendum, according to the provisions of the bill must be held at the general election in the State next November, and if the verdict is for prohibition, the law is to go into effect on May 1, 1918.

Under the provisions of the bill, if approved by the voters, it would be unlawful to manufacture for sale, sell, purchase for sale or dispense any form of liquid for beverage purposes that would produce intoxication, except where such liquid is to be used for "medicinal, pharmaceutical, scientific, sacramental or mechanical purposes."

It is provided that if the referendum is against prohibition the laws on the subject of liquor selling now in force would continue just as they are, including the "gallon-a-month" law on the Eastern Shore and the prohibition regulations in the various counties and districts. The prohibitionists would, therefore, have all to gain and nothing to loose by the referendum, but Dr. Hare said he would be entirely willing to have the bill amended so that the referendum would make the whole State wet or dry, on the theory that the citizens would be more apt to vote dry if they saw any danger of their own counties going wet again.

Another bill bearing upon the temperance question and to further enforce the principles of the law which makes Garrett county dry, was introduced by Senator Speicher yesterday in the Senate. It amends the present present law by adding two sections—one forbidding the giving of spirituous or vinous livuors, etc., to minors, and the other prohibiting the shipment of intoxicants into Garrett couuty. This bill was referred to a Select Committee composed of Senators Speicher, Zihlman, of Allegany, and Bomberger, of Washington county, instead of the Temperance Committee, which has been customorv with measures of this character.

At yesterday's session of the Senate also, Senator Speicher introduced a bill to repeal the dog tax law now in force in Garrett county, and which was passed at the session of 1914. This bill was also referred to the Select Committee composed of Senators Speicher, Zihlman and Bombeger.

A contest for the Republican caucus nomination for State Treasurer was narrowly averted yesterday. Some of the Baltimore friends of former Collector of Customs William F. Stone boomed him for the honor, but Minority Floor Leader Metzerott, who arrived later, soon got wind of a probable contest in the caucus, and upon his suggestions and in the interest of harmonv, the "Stone talk" stopped and Robert F. Duer, of Somerset county, was decided upon. Mr. Duer was the Republican candidate State Comptroller in the last election against Hugh McMullen, of Allegany county, the Democratic Comptroller-elect. Mr. McMullen was to have been sworn in today at noon and enter upon his duties at once, but he is detained at his home in Cumberland by illness. Mr. McMullen was sworn in a week ago to fill out the unexpired term of Comptroller Harrington, who had resigned to become Governor.

Delegate John Shartzer, of Garrett county, last Thursday had an order passed in the House to furnish him with a certified copy of the House roll call sheet of February 25th, session of 1914, showing the vote of the House on Senate Bill No. 1, known as "the Speicher Local Option Bill for Garrett county." Mr. Shartzer claimed that the roll-call sheet incorrectly showed him as having voted against the bill, whereas, he had voted for it, and he charged that someone had either altered the roll-call sheet or substituted the correct one for the falsified one, and stated that his purpose in asking for the certified copy of the roll-call sheet was in order that he might present the evidence to the grand jury. Up to today the certified copy had not been turned over to him, nor has Mr. Shartzer made any further demand for it, but he says he will do so.

Captain James A. Hayden, of the Garrett County Delegation, met with a painful, though not very serious accident, Saturday about noon. When descending some stone steps in the State House grounds, on one of the approaches to the capitol, Capt. Hayden slipped and fell, striking the edge of one of the steps on his side on the upper part of the right hip and near the small part of the spinal column. He was picked up by several of the bystanders and Delegate Campbell, who happened to be passing, and they assisted Mr. Hayden to his room at the Hotel Maryland. A physician was summoned and first aid remedies applied, but an examination showed that no bones had been fractured. Captain Hayden will be confined to his room for several days yet. He was able to leave his bed today, but could not attend the session of the House this afternoon. He is still suffering from the shock.

The accident was due to the fact that ice was permitted on the State House steps. The ice was removed immediately after the accident. The assistant superintendent, who has charge of this work is said to be using the incident as a complaint against the economy plan recently adopted, claiming that he is not given sufficient help to keep the house and grounds in proper condition. Some one suggested to Captain Hayden that he file a claim against the State for damages but he will probably not take this suggestion seriously. Captain Hayden being an elderly man, other members of the House, especially those from Western Maryland are giving him as much kindly attention as possible during his disability.

It is expected that the Legislature will liberally recompense Captain Hayden for the expense, loss of time and suffering he has entailed because of the accident.

Speaker Laird late yesterday afternoon announced the House committee assignments. The Garrett county Delegates have places on the following committees:

Fox—Claims and Labor.

Hayden—Printing.

Shartzer—Internal Improvements, Contingent Fund at the Disposal of the Governor, and Hygiene.

Stork News.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Shartzer are rejoicing over the arrival of a baby girl at their home which was born Saturday morning.

A daughter was also born to Mr. and Mrs. Jerry Flanigan Monday morning.

NEW K. OF P. OFFICERS.

Elected at the Regular Meeting Held Friday Night Last.

At the last regular meeting of the members of Garrett Lodge Knights of Pythias last Friday night the following officers were elected to serve the ensuing term:

Chancelor Commander, H. M. Casteel; Vice Chancellor, W. Z. Hendrickson; Prelate, Albert Ashby: M. at A., E. W. Leary; M. of W., Grover Stemple; M. of F., Thomas Little; M. of E., A. T. Mathews; K. of R. & S., Thos. J. C. Little; I. G., George Little; O. G. H. M. Leuthke; representative to Grand Lodge, Dr. W. W. Grant.

Immediately following the adjournment of the session of the lodge the members partook of a bountiful turkey dinner as the guests of the newly elected presiding officer, Mr. Henry M. Casteel, which was served at Hinebaugh's dining rooms and at which about fifty gentlemen were present.

College Building Burned.

The main hall of George Washington College, a state institution located at Chestertown, on the Eastern Shore, was burned to the ground last Saturday night and as a result the school has been closed indefinitely. Mr. George Queer, of near the Park, was the only Garrett county student of the college and he returned home Tuesday afternoon, but expects to return to Chestertown when the college is again open.

Valuable Property to be Sold.

Elsewhere in this paper today Mr. G. S. Hamill, mortgagee, advertises at public auction foreclosure proceedings, a small farm located in Election District No. 1, it being the farm of Augustus Bernard The sale will occur in front of the court house in Oakland on Saturday, the 12th of February at the hour of 2 o'clock.

Presbyterian Services.

At the Oakland Presbyterian church next Sunday services will be conducted both morning and evening by the pastor, Dr. J. C. Ely. The subject of Dr. Ely's Sunday evening discourse will be "Oded."

D. M. Dixon & Co.

Have some Notion Bargains on top for next week as follows:

36x72 Matting Rugs, worth 50c,	.25
27x54 Matting Rugs, worth 25c,	.10
2 Dozen Childrens White Wool Hose, worth 15c,	.05
1 Big Lot Wool Yarn all Colors, worth 12½c skein,	.05
2 Dozen Roys 25 and 50 cent Caps,	.10
5 Dozen Ladies 25c Tan Hose,	.10
10 Dozen Girls and Boys Black Cat Hose, worth 25c,	12½
5 Dozen Childreds 50 and 75 cent Sweateas	25
5 Dozen Mens 25c Suspenders,	12½
1 Dozen Ladies White Linen Dress Skirts, worth $1.50,	.50
2 Dozen Misses Coats, worth $4.00 to $6.00,	$2.50
1 Dozen Childrens Coats, worth $2.50 to $3.00,	1.00
5 Dozen Mens and Boys Sweaters, to sell Very Cheap.	

Will pay 85 cents a bushel for Potatoes. All kind of Cross ties have advanced 5 cents each. Bring your ties to us and get ½ cash, if you do not wish to trade them all out.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

Whetsell & Browning

Deer Park's Best Store

"SERVICE FIRST."

Men's Jersey Overshirts,	44c
A few Men's Sweaters,	one-third off
Men's heavy fleeced Underwear,	41c
Ladies' heavy fleeced Underwear,	21c

With the above bargains we will give thiss week only 7 lbs. Fancy loose Roasted Coffee for $1.00

Bring us your produce of all kinds as we always pay the highest price.

TRY US ONCE AND YOU WILL COME AGAIN

Offutt's

1 24 1-2 lb. sack of famous Daniel Webster Flour, for only .01

FOR CASH buy the following list of Groceries amounting to $4.99, and we will sell you a sack of the above Flour for 1 cent:

5 Pound Bucket Caraja Coffee	$1.25
3 Boxes Macaroni	.25
6 Bars Lenox Soap	.25
1 Box Black Pepper	.10
1 Can Pine Apple	.20
2 Cans Early June Peas	.25
1 Bottle Vanilla	.25
1 Large Box Quaker Rolled Oats	.25
1 Can Tuna Fish	.20
2 Pound Ginger Cakes	.20
2 Pound New Prunes	.25
2 Pound Armour's Mince Meat	.25
3 Dozen Boxes Safety Matches	.25
1 Pound Can Rumford Baking Powder	.30
½ Pound Can Walter Bakers Cocoa	.25
1 Large Box Gold Dust	.25
2 Boxes Chocolate Pudding	.20
1 Box Salt	.04
1 Sack Gold Standard or Daniel Webster Flour	.01
	$5.00

P. S. If any of the above items you do not want, we will substitute to suit you.

Will trade Butter and Eggs at market prices for the above order.

OFFUTTS'

OAKLAND'S BIG STORE

BIG EVENTS EPITOMIZED

The News the Wires Gather From the Four Corners.

HISTORY IN PARAGRAPHS

Great Events That Are Changing the World's Destiny Boiled Down for Consumption by the Busy Reader.

War Bulletins

The National Railwaymen's Union, one of the strongest labor organizations in Great Britain, defied the Government to enact the conscription bill.

The wrecking of the Demir-Hissar bridge over the Struma River by the French was accomplished over the objection of the Greek troops guarding the bridge.

The recent censorship of American mails has uncovered an extensive enemy espionage in England.

Official denial was made in Berlin that the Kaiser's illness is serious, or has been serious at any time.

Anglo-French troops from Gallipoli are being landed at Saloniki to reinforce Gen. Sarrail's army.

Italian troops may be ordered to proceed to the relief of the hard pressed Montenegrins. King Victor Emmanuel summoned military chiefs and members of the Cabinet to a conference on the Montenegrin situation.

Last week's expenditures by Great Britain amounted to 33,000,000 pounds. The revenue amounted to 13,331,000 pounds.

After spending nearly eight months at the front with his trops, King Victor Emmanuel returned to Rome.

The British steamship City of Lincoln went through the Mediterranean Sea flying the American flag as a protection against submarines.

The semi-official Overseas News Agency says competent authorities fix the cost of the Dardanelles adventure to the allies at $1,250,000,000 not including the valuable battleships lost.

Washington

It would take at least 270,000 men to clean up Mexico as Cuba was cleaned up. This was the viewpoint held by members of the Army General Staff.

Miss Jane Addams conferred with President Wilson at the White House.

Senator Tillman's proposal to establish a Government armor plate factory was approved by President Wilson.

President Wilson is standing firmly against any move toward intervention in Mexico until the Carranza Government has had the fullest possible opportunity to meet the State Department's demands.

Two pronounced earthquake shocks were recorded on the Georgetown University seismograph.

Striking changes are occurring in the Democratic position regarding a tariff commission.

Women peace advocates laid their plans before congress.

Proposed increases in class and commodity rates by mail and lake routes between New England and middle Atlantic states points and the west were found unjustified by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

President Wilson told Bishop Walters, president of the National Negro Democratic League, that he would not appoint a negro as Recorder of Deeds for the District.

General

About 1,100 employes of the Corn Products Refining Co., at Argo, Ill., will receive an increase of 10 per cent in wages.

A blizzard is sweeping Kansas. Temperatures are below zero.

The Duke of Connaught is suffering from an attack of grip at Ottawa, Canada.

The French liner Lafayette, whose passengers received notices before they embarked warning them that the vessel was marked for destruction, arrived safely in New York from Bordeaux.

According to the will of Gen. G. M. Dodge, his widow, who lives in Riverside Drive, New York, and her two daughters, are chief beneficiaries of his estate, which is estimated to be $1,000,000.

About 200 South and Central American delegates to the Pan-American Scientific Congress, left Washington on a tour of eastern cities.

A dispatch from Oakland, Cal., states that the Standard Shipbuilding Corporation will invest $25,000,000 in a shipbuildng plant to be established there.

Masonic Hall at Newark was damaged by fire to the extent of $15,000.

Governor Ferguson of Texas sent a telegram to President Wilson urging him not to intervene in Mexico as a result of the murder of Americans there.

Dr. Roy D. McClure, resident surgeon at Johns Hopkins Hospital, Baltimore, accepted the position of surgeon-in-chief at the Henry Ford Hospital, Detroit.

Two persons were killed and several injured when a Chicago bound Northernwestern passenger train struck another train near Milwaukee.

The strike of coke workers at the Carnegie Steel Co.'s plant at Farrell, Pa., has been called off.

The Curtiss Aeroplane and Motor Corporation of Buffalo was incorporated at Albany, with $6,750,000 capital.

Total contributions to date to the New York City Boys' Club Association amounted to $65,286.

The worst blizzard in 15 years struck Duluth, Minn.

Samuel J. Wetherel, of Philadelphia, purchased 11,000 acres of zinc land in Hancock county, Tenn., for about $2,000,000. A plant of 10,000 tons daily capacity is planned.

Pending a reply from the Italian Government to an informal request by the State Department for the removal of guns from the decks of the Italian liner Guiseppe Verdi, the steamship was held up.

Gen. Jacinto B. Trevino, Commander-in-Chief of the Carranza troops, sent 500 men in pursuit of the bandits who massacred twenty American citizens near Chihuahua.

The efficiency of the Argentine embassy at Washington will be strengthened by the creation of several new positions.

Damage of $500,000 was caused when the American hotel and several other buildings at Panama were destroyed by fire.

Striking employes of the Youngstown Sheet & Tube Co. at Youngstown, Ohio., returned to work.

The Canadian Parliament convened.

Senator Wilson of Ontario county, introduced a bill at Albany for statewide prohibition.

President Wilson is opposed to conscription, Chairman Hay told the House Committee on Military Affairs.

Sixteen men were killed and forty injured in a collision between a snow clearing train ad a stock train near Brandon, Manitoba.

Many persons have died at Juarez, Mexico, of typhus fever.

A wage increase of 10 per cent to all employes except those working on salary and tonnage was announced by the Cambria Steel Co.

Mrs. Christina Maves turned on the gas in her home at Lyons, Ill., killing her five children and herself. She is reported to have quarrelled with her husband.

Experiments in growing hemp for cordage purposes will be undertaken in the western Canadian provinces with seed imported from Kentucky.

Mrs. Elizabeth Mohr was placed on trial at Providence, charged with hiring two negroes to murder her husband.

Articles of incorporation were filed at Ottawa, Canada, by the Canada Nitro Products, Ltd., capital, $5,000,000, to manufacture war munitions.

Lieut. Joseph E. McDonald, Twelfth United States Cavalry, was killed while coasting with four comrades in Yellowstone National Park.

Hundreds of strikers at the plant of the Youngstown Sheet & Tube Co., at East Youngstown, Ohio, returned to work.

The Rev. Richard Scannell, Bishop of the Catholic diocese of Omaha, Neb., died at Omaha.

Lord Burnham, owner of the London Daily Telegraph, died in London, aged 82.

Bringing 90 members of the crew of the Greek steamship Thessaloniki, abandoned at sea, the Anchor liner Perugia arrived at New York.

Sporting

George L. Lyon, 34, of Durham, N. C., amateur champion trap shooter, died in Albuquerque, N. M., of tuberculosis.

Steve Yerkes, former second baseman of the Pittsburgh Feds, has been purchased by the Cubs. The price is said to be $6,000.

Atlantic City is the latest town to fall before the wrestling wave which seems to be sweeping over the country.

Johnny Overton of Yale, the intercollegiate cross-country champion, will be among the stars who will compete in the annual games of Brooklyn College.

The Louisville American Association Baseball Club's proposed training trip to Florida has been called off. It was decided to train in Tennessee, probably near Nashville.

The sale of the Boston Braves by Jim Gaffney to Percy Houghton, the famous coach of Harvard football teams, came as the big stunner of the Winter League.

Foreign

Heavy storms on the coast of Holland are seriously delaying telegraphic communications.

The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows increases of 9,099,000 francs in gold and of 327,000 francs in silver.

The Argentine Government has begun a campaign to increase trade bebetween United States and Argentine.

Senor Don Eduardo Suarez-Mujica, Chilian Ambassador to the United States, resigned.

The coronation of Yuan Shi Kai as Emperor of China will take place February 12.

The Bank of England bought £1,037,000 of bar gold, and earmarked £400,000 in sovereigns for Egypt.

The Duke of Connaught, governor-general of Canada, opened the Canadian parliament.

David Currie, Canadian newspaper man, died at Montreal. He was 82 years old.

No American mails have been received at Copenhagen since Jan. 3, and it is believed Great Britain is detaining them.

Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, Prussian Prince Minister, opened the new session of the Prussian Diet.

ALLIES DEFEAT TURKS ON TIGRIS AUSTRIAN CRUISER IS SUNK TURKS TAKE KERMANSHAH

British Column Drawing Near Beleaguered Troops at Kut-el-Amara; Ottomans Caught Between Two Fires; Resumption of Bagdad Drive to Follow Siege.

ALLIES PREPARE TO WITHSTAND DRIVE AT SALONIKI

London.—On each of the three principal theatres in the Near East, widely separated but interdependent, the Turks have suffered serious setbacks. In Mesopotamia the British relief force marching to the aid of the army locked up at Kut-el-Amara has driven the Turks twenty-five miles northward along the Tigris.

In Persia the Russians who recently took the city of Hamadan have captured the town of Kengavar, half way between Hamadan and Kermanshah, which is in the hands of the Turks. Both places lie on the road to Bagdad. This Russian success may seriously affect the Turkish campaign in Mesopotamia.

In the Caucasus the re-enforced Russians have launched a new offensive on a 100 mile front. A five-day battle resulted in a defeat of the Turks in the Kavardag region.

The British force which recently started from Iami-Ali-Gherbi to the relief of the 45,000 British trooops bottled up at Kut-el-Amara, sixty-two miles further up the Tigris, have reached Orah, twenty-five miles from Kut-el-Amara, and is still advancing.

According to an official announcement the British attacked the Turks above Orah and forced them to retreat further. At last accounts the British were still in pursuit.

The morale of the Austrian troops is said by British military observers to have been impaired in the last great Russian offensive, and their losses are said to have been almost 100,000 men, 10,000 of whom were captured.

Rome.—Kermanshah, the so-called capital of Persia, has been occupied by the Turks.

The city is important commercially, famous for its rugs and carpets and surrounded by a fertile wheat country.

Unofficial dispatches from Berlin announcing the Turkish move said the Ottoman forces were warmly welcomed by the population.

A naval encounter is reported in the Adriatic Sea and an Austrian cruiser of the Novara type has been sunk by the French submarine Foucault, operating with the Italian fleet.

This is the first time recently that any of the warships of the Allies have been reported in those waters.

Austria has four scout cruisers of the Novara type, the others being the Helgoland, Saida and Admiral Spaun. They have a displacement of 3,384 tons and carry in their armament two 18-inch torpedo tubes and nine 3.9-inch guns.

With the flag of the Dual Monarchy flying over Cettinje the Austro-Hungarians are moving rapidly southward toward the fortified port of Antivari, driving before them by force of numbers the soldiers of King Nicholas.

Montenegro is now encompassed on all sides, except in the south, by the invaders, and across the southern border in Albania, should they be driven there, they will have to fight the Albanian tribesmen.

GREEK BRIDGES BLOWN UP.

London.—In connection with the advance toward Saloniki of the army of the Central Powers, estimated at 500,000 men, the troops of the Entente allies clashed with Greek forces, when the French and British blew up the important railroad bridge over the Struma River at Demir-Hissar.

The officer commanding the Greek guard ordered his men to resist the destruction of the viaduct, and called for reinforcements. Before aid arrived the bridge was destroyed and the troops of the Allies withdrew, avoiding further difficulty.

The Demir-Hissar bridge spanned the Struma fifty miles northeast of Saloniki, just south of the Bulgarian frontier, and was regarded as being of the utmost importance to a force moving from Bulgaria against the Allies at Saloniki.

The bombardment of the British line in the Doiran zone continues, indicating preparation for an infantry attack on a big scale.

It is now certain, say dispatches from Saloniki and other points, that the drive against Saloniki will be made by an army comprising Germans, Austrians, Bulgarians and Turks, all doubt regarding the participation of the Moslems having been removed by the developments of the last twenty-four hours.

PITH OF THE WAR NEWS

In addition to blowing up the railroad bridges at Demir-Hissar and Kilindir, in the northern Greece, the Entente forces also destroyed three small bridges between Kilindir and Dorian.

The Russians renewed their heavy offensive in east Galicia and on the Bessarabian frontier with the bloodiest fighting of many months but gained no ground, Berlin declared.

King Nicholas of Montenegro, with his valiant but small army almost wholly surrounded, officially denied rumors of a truce with the Austrian invaders.

Kaiser Wilhelm has congratulated the Turkish Sultan on the victory over the Allies at the Dardanelles.

In the Austro-Italian theatre the Italians are keeping up their offensive and have come to grips with the Austrians at several places.

Despite the complete evacuation of Gallipoli Peninsula by the Allies, naval attacks against the Turkish positions continue, assisted by aeroplane raids on both sides.

In response to an inquiry, Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, the Imperial Chancellor, stated that the Kaiser takes walks in the palace gardens.

Another decisive stage in the Balkan situation has been reached. Montenegro now follows Serbia in being, virtually absorbed by the invading forces. Austria and Montenegro have come to an armistice.

Russian troops stormed and occoupied Sadagora, the key to Czernowitz, and now menace the latter city which is the capital of Bukowina.

Despite precautions taken by the British Admiralty, German submarines are still operating in British waters off the coast of Ireland.

Greece protested against the occupation of the island of Corfu.

GERMANY TO AVENGE BARALONG SHOOTING

Berlin, (by Wireless to Sayville, N. Y.).—The German Government has transmitted to Great Britain through the American Embassy a note which declares that as a result of Great Britain not fulfilling Germany's demand for an explanation of the circumstances surrounding the sinking of a German submarine by British patrol beat Baralong, Germany will adopt suitable measures of reprisal.

AUSTRIA COMMANDS ADRIATIC.

Rome.—The reduction of Montenegro will enable Austria not only to command the Adriatic but also theaten the flank of any any advance from Saloniki and prevent any effective move by the Entente forces through Albania.

Cettinje, capital of Montenegro, was evacuated by all government officials, who removed the archives to an unknown place.

Mount Lovcen fell after five days of uninterrupted bombardment by the Austrian squadron in Cattaro harbor, the harbor forts and lighter Austrian artillery, brought up to close range.

Cettinje stands on an elevation 2,000 feet above the sea, completely dominated by Mount Lovcen, which is nearly 1,000 feet higher. In their retirement the Montenegrins were unable to destroy or remove their heaviest guns, which presumably are already being trained on Cettinje.

For Italy the new Austrian success has a most serious aspect. The long, narrow Italian peninsula is peculiarly vulnerable to an attack from the sea. Any really great Austrian naval base in the magnificent hrbor of Cattaro would have been impossible without Lovcen, but under the new circumstances Austrian possession of Cattaro is almost as great a menace to Italy as the German conquest of Calais would have been to Great Britain.

The great Russian drive on the Bessarabian front has been renewed and the Muscovites made six attacks on the Austrian positions with big forces of men.

The campaign of the Russians to reach the Balkans recently was halted by a drop in temperature to 20 degrees below zero on the battle line.

DENIES GERMANS LACK MILK.

"Daily Mail" Says Cattle Census Shows Cry Is Fraudulent.

London.—The Daily Mail publishes a denial of the assertion that German babies are without milk, citing a recent German census of milch cows, which shows, it says, that if the output were used for babies, instead of for conversion into nitroglycerine, there would be no lack now.

It quotes the Koelnische Zeitung and the Volkzeitung to the effect that milch cows are being slaughtered.

OPEN ATTACHE'S MAIL.

Private Letters Reach London Embassy After Being Read by Censor.

London.—Since the censorship on incoming American mails was inaugurated, personal letters have arrived at the American Embassy and Consulate, marked "Opened by the Censor." A collection of these letters is being made as evidence for a possible protest against this extension of the censorship.

No attempt has been made to interfere with embassy official mail.

CONSERVATION IN MARYLAND

WHY IT PAYS TO PRONECT BIRDS.

This is the third of a series of eight articles on the need of conservation in Maryland, puolished under the auspices of the Maryland Wild Life Protective Association at this time with a view of having some of the defects remedied by the passage of adequate conservation laws at the present session of the State Legislature.

In Washington there is a mausoleum wherein lie unknown to nearly every passer-by 130,000 bodies or parts of them. Nothing in the exterior of this bright and cleanly structure at 1358 B street S. W. goes to suggest the character of its interesting and as we shall come to see, immensely important interior. Entering its portals one finds himself not in a morgue or museum but in the corridors of a modern busy office building, and he must know his business if, while reading on door panels the names of departments and officials, he is to discover the structure's great secret. Not a morgue, did I say, yet it is, for the dead fragments are stomach's of birds, and they do await recognition by those to whom they proved friends, as the evidence they died holding demonstrates beyond peradventure. Here sits a line of trained analysts peering through six and eight-power microscopes into the foot balls before them—separating, classifying, tabulating, reporting. It is the Bureau of Biological Survey in the United States Department of Agriculture, which for 30 years, though most actively for the latter half of that period, has been determining the food habits, the distribution and migration of North American birds, publishing its findings as the basis for intelligent legislation, and reporting from year to year the progress of enactments, protective or destructive.

It is this great Bureau's good fortune and ours to have found the reason for saving wild life which gets a hearing when humanitarian considerations fail. It is demonstrating that birds pay in dollars and cents. We have been thinking of them generally as either pleasant to see and hear, or good to eat. These are but happy accidents. If indeed to enrich our aesthetic nature and stock the larder were their only service they would deserve our full protection. But their real function in nature is to keep in check the hordes of insects, rodents and weeds, to act as scavengers and so to render the earth habitable by us. In truth, Henry W. Henshaw, Chief of the Biological Survey, gives it as his conclusion that without insectivorous birds "it is more than likely—nay, it is almost certain—that within a limited time not only would successful agriculture become impossible, but the destruction of the greater part of vegetation would follow." (Nat. Geog. Mag. 1908, p. 89). Missing the point of their existence, we have allowed ignorance and greed to visit them with stupid and relentless persecution.

To test the effect of birds at work let us take what is regarded popularly as a hard case—that of hawks and owls, against which the hand of man is raised.

Dr. A. K. Fisher has written a monograph of 200 pages giving the detailed analysis of 2690 stomachs of these birds taken at all seasons and from every section. The result is that poultry is found to be practically confined to 6 out of 73 species and sub-species. Of these six, three are so extremely rare in agricultural America as to be negligible. This leaves the Sharp-shinned hawk, Cooper's hawk and great horned owl only to be shot. In 2212 stomachs of other 67, poultry and game birds are found in 3½ per cent., other birds in 11 per cent., contained mice and other noxious mammals, and 27 per cent insects.

Oddly and cruelly enough the two species commonly called Hen and Chicken Hawks (i. e., Red-shouldered and Red-tailed Hawks) prove to be about as innocent as Fido and immensely more useful. Of 206 stomachs of the former, poultry was found in three, fish in three, birds in 12, while the other 188 were filled with mice and other mammals, reptiles, batrachians, insects, spiders, crawfish, earthworms and offal.

Sparrow hawks, like many others, prefer grasshoppers. In 320 stomachs not a trace of poultry was found, though 215 had eaten insects and 89 had captured mice. It is estimated that an ordinary flock of Swainson's hawks consume 1,000,000 grasshoppers a month.

Owls at night are even more effective, for more rodents are abroad then.

In 1247 barn-owl pellets collected in the towers of the Smithsonian Building in Washington, D. C., Dr. Fisher found 3004 skulls of mice, rats, and other small rodents and shrews, with very few remains of birds, and these mostly English sparrows.

Owls are fond of the larger insects, such as grasshoppers, crickets and May beetles. Of 255 screech owl stomachs, 100 held insects, while all the rest held mice, etc., except one, which had taken poultry and 38, other birds, preferably English sparrows. This is representative owl work.

Is it valuable? Remove them and see. Rodents multiply. They are prolific, breeding several times a season and producing litters of from 6 to 10. Ordinary numbers cause serious loss in orchards, nurseries and forests. Under favorable circumstances, they amount to a plague. Eighteen thousand acres of alfalfa worth $250,000 were laid low in two winters (1906-08) in a section of Nevada. Nurserymen near Rochester, N. Y., sustained losses from meadow mice amounting to fully $100,000 during the winter of 1901-02.

The lesson ought to be patent. Shoot the three noxious species and the rare individuals of other species that find their way to the barn yard, but as for the rest they had better be given the spare bedroom than scared away.

Under no circumstances offer a bounty. Pennsylvania did it once and repented in a year and a half, after spending $90,000 in bounties and suffering from resultant rodent plague and immediate loss set at $4,000,000. For every dollar saved in poultry she had thrown away $2105.

In Maryland, hawks and owls receive protection nowhere. They may be shot, their nests and eggs destroyed with impunity. County Commissioners can lay bounties on their heads. Off and on this has been done, but when Frederick repealed such a provision in 1914, Allegany, Montgomery and Prince George's were apparently left alone in setting a price on hawks, and Allegany adds hoot owls. In the case of the former they are just 30 years behind the times, and while the great horned owl (i. e., hoot owl) does enough damage to deserve death perhaps despite the great execution he effects among rodents, there is no excuse for a bounty, since the inevitable result always is that large numbers of innocents also fall by mistake. Allegany, which deserves the greatest credid for prohibiting the slaughter of doves, should go one step further in clearing the record, and Montgomery and Prince George's follow suit.

M. LLEWELLYN RANEY.

Prospering in South DaKota.

There was quite a shipment of livestock from the yards in this city Saturday. Rathbun & Beachy shipped three cars of cattle to South St. Paul. One load they bought from H. O. Wickre, thirty head, for which they paid him $1,732.20 in the yard.

Rathbun & Beachy were offered $1.90 per bushel Tuesday for the 5,000-bushel flax crop they just completed threshing on their ranch on the reservation. They are holding it for $2.50 per bushel, and they will get it, too, as it is a fine, large, plump bright seed and tests 99 per cent. It is undoubtedly the finest and cleanest flax this country has ever produced and will be in great demand at seeding time next spring.—Reporter and Farmer, Webster, S. D.

The Mr. Beachy mentioned above is Eph A. Beachy, formerly of Grantsville, who went west to grow up with the country some years ago and appears to be growing rich through his industry and hustling ability. He is a son of the late Aaron Beachy and has a number of brothers still living at Grantsville and vicinity.—Republican, Meyersdale, Pa.

Store For Sale.

I the undersigned offer my entire stock of merchandise, for sale also my place of business consisting of store building, 6 roomed dwelling, stable, good ice house and all other necessary outbuildings all in good condition and 1 acre of land situated 12 miles north of Oakland, Md., located on the State road. Anyone wishing to go in the mercantile business will do well to investigate.

HOWARD BRENNEMAN,
Adv. McHenry, Md.

Sale Postponed.

On account of weather conditions on Tuesday I was unable to make sale of my personal property which was advertised for that date and now offer all the property so advertised at private sale, which will be sold at a bargain within the next ten days.

H. N. BRENNEMAN.
Advertisement 47-2t

FOR SALE—One Sterling Thresher 16h. p. 1. H. C. Gasoline Engine; 1 rebuilt I. H. C. auto Truck. For prices and terms, write or call upon R. M. Holman, Friendsville, Md. 3t*tf.

J. W. Whorton & Son
CONTRACTING
PLASTERERS

Only the Best Material Used.
Best Grade of Wall Plaster on hand at all times.
CONCRETE WORK
of All Kinds.
All Work Guaranteed.
OAKLAND, - MARYLAND.

Order Nisi.

Edward H. Sincell, assignee, vs. Joseph E. Lint, et ux.
In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland, No. 2084 Equity.

Ordered, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in equity, this 18th day of December, 1915, that the sale of the property mentioned in these proceedings as made and reported by Edward H. Sincell, Assignee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 21st day of January, 1916, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett County once in each of three successive weeks before the 14th day of January, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $600.00.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy, Test: E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Sunshine In Your Home.

Beautify and Brighten Your Home AT SMALL COST,

By Installing Hollow Wire Gasoline Lighting System and Lamps.

The most successful and safest illuminating device in the world. Gasoline produces the most powerful light next to sunshine—and has no injurious effect on the eyes. Our modern systems are entirely safe and efficient, and more economical to maintain than either gas or electricity. Buy one of the systems for your home or store, and you will find that you have secured not only an economical light, but a more efficient one than is afforded by any other type of lighting system. These lamps are great labor savers, as there are no wicks to clean, no dirt nor objectionable odor; no trouble to light or operate, no danger of explosions. We guarantee them to be just as represented and perfectly satisfactory. I represent three of the best companies who make these systems, all of which guarantee their system and back up their guarantee. These system are approved by all fire underwriters. I can also furnish systems suitable for halls, churches, hotels, street lamps, etc.

The following table shows the cost of maintaining 100 candle power of various kinds of light for 3 hours per night for one month, or 90 hours:

Electric (size 16 candle power)	$4.48
Gas (with mantle)	.64½
Gas (open burner)	6.37
Kerosene Lamps	1.61
Tallow Candle (100)	15.60
Single Candle	.15½
Gasoline Improved Lamps	.25

Below are the names and addresses of some of my many customers who have been using these systems, and who will be glad to recommend them and answer any enquiries:

B. H. Glotfelty,	McHenry, Md.	Mrs. T. B. Wiley,	Bittingor, Md.
Howard Brenneman P. M.	" "	O. C. Buckell,	" "
Prof E. A. Browning,	" "	P. G. Stark,	" "
McHenry Church,	"	Wm. H. Oss,	Swanton, Md.
C. M. Railey,	" "	Geo. Moon,	" "
A. C. Smith,	" "	H. W. Friend,	" "
Joe Sebolt,	" "	Westernport Merc. Co.,	" "
W. A. Smith, merchant,	Hoyes, Md.	Herman Steiding,	" "
N. H. Casteel,	" "	Theo. Beckman,	" "
George Sebolt,	" "	John Mankis,	" "
Hamilton Friend,	" "	Ed. Beckman,	" "
J. Arthur DeWitt,	" "	W. E. McClintoch,	Friendsville, Md.
D. O. DeWitt,	" "	J. Bunnell Friend,	" "
Hoyes Church,	" "	Frank Humbertson,	" "
A. P. Enlow,	" "	Geo. Humbertson,	" "
W. H. Haenftling,	" "	I. N. Welch,	Selbysport, Md.
F. C. Diehl,	" "	John Fresh,	Accident, Md.
C. C. Beachy,	" "	Henry Paugh,	Sang Run, Md.
John Harmon,	" "	Fred Gortner,	Mt. Lake Park, Md.
Silas Beachy,	" "	Jerome DeWitt,	Deer Park, Md.
John Gies,	" "	Walter Savage,	" "
A. J. Alexander,	" "	George Wilt,	" "
John Thayer,	" "	Wm. Casteel,	" "
T. B. Hinebaugh	" "	W. M. Thayer,	" "
Allen Glover,	" "	James W. Beeghley,	Oakland, Md.

We have built this business upon the solid rock of INTEGRITY, conscientious and faithful service, sincereity between ourselves and customers. This is our guiding principle and it will carry us to greater success. A big business founded on a little idea. Twelve months ago we planted a little seed, a little idea; this little seed was planted in the earth of AMBITION, watered by the rains of HONESTY, and has grown into a tree whose branches extend throughout the county.

JOSEPH AMEEN, Agent.
KITZMILLER, MD.

WALTER'S Oscillating Sleds

IF you want a sled you should buy a good hand made oscillating white oak bob sled, made of the best white oak wood that is possible to get, and will outlast any factory sled on the market.

I have been making sleds for a number of years, also repairing all kinds and certainly ought to know where a sled ought to be made stronger and better than a factory that perhaps never repaired a sled in their existence.

My stock is larger and better than ever before. If you need a sled come and see mine before you purchase, then if we don't deal it will be because quality won't have anything to do with it.

Prices very reasonable. Remember the name of the sled.

James W. Walter
DEER PARK, MD.

The Republican--Garrett Co.'s Paper.

SUBMARINE IS BLOWN UP---4 DIE

Mysterious Explosion on the E-2 in Brooklyn Navy Yard

EDISON'S BATTERY ON BOARD

Accident That Traps Many Below Deck Occurs in Room Where Edison Battery Was Being Discharged—Fail to Reach Imprisoned.

Brooklyn.—An explosion which naval officers so far are unable to explain wrecked the interior of the U. S. submarine E-2 while she was being repaired in Dry Dock No. 2 in the New York Navy Yard, killing one enlisted man and three yard workmen and injuring at least ten others so severely that some of them are expected to die.

THE DEAD.

LONGAN, JOSEPH, plumber, No. 417 Forty-seventh street, Brooklyn.

PECK, J. H., plumber, No. 291 Ainslee Place, Brooklyn.

SCHULTZ, JOHN, yard workman.

SEABERT, A. B., third class electrician, No. 5689 East Forty-ninth street, Cleveland, O.

The E-2 was the only submarine in the navy equipped with Edison batteries, for which the chief merit claimed is that they do not give off chlorine gas. Also the E-2 had no gasolene aboard, as her motion power is generated by a Diesel oil burning engine. There was no explosive powder aboard.

The gas in the hull of the underwater boat for many minutes defied all attempts at rescuing those known to be inside. It was not until electric blowers had been rushed from the navy yard's shops and set to work clearing the air in the wrecked interior of the E-2 that rescuers could crawl through the little hatchway. Even then the descent could be made only by using a diver's helmet. It was more than three hours before the last body had been removed.

No one could be found who would say definitely what the actual damage to the boat amounts to, but from a description of the havoc wrought in the intricate machinery which fills the hull it is not thought the boat can be put back into commission for less than $75,000 to $100,000. It will be many months before the E-2 can take her place in the submarine flotilla.

EX-DICTATOR HUERTA DIES.

Onetime President of Mexico Passes Away in El Paso.

El Paso, Tex.—General Victoriano Huerta, ex-provisional President of Mexico, died at his home here from intestinal trouble, after four operations. He was 61 years old. General Huerta received the last rites of the Church from the Rev. Father Carlos M. Mayer, after saying, "I am a very weak man." With him at the time of his death were his wife and other members of his family.

General Huerta died a prisoner of the United States. He was to have been tried on Jan. 10, for alleged violation of neutrality in conspiring to foment in the Unite' States an armed rebellion in a foreign country. Owing to his illness, the trial was postponed; General Huerta remained nominally under $30,000 bail.

On March 3, 1915, General Huerta left Spain ostensibly for Buenos Ayres. He disembarked at Algeciras, Morocco, and early in April boarded a steamer for New York. June 27 he was arrested at Newman, N. M., on a charge of conspiring to incite a revolution against a friendly country. He was released on bond, but was rearrested by Secret Service men at El Paso on July 3, when apparently planning to cross the border.

Huerta remained in jail until December 28, when he was permitted to be removed to his home in El Paso on account of the serious nature of his illness.

Victoriano Huerta was a full blooded Indian. He was born in Colotlan, State of Jalisco, on December 23, 1854. Colotlan was an Indian village, and Huerta's parents were peons of the lowest class.

NO ARMORY BOXING?

Gov. Whitman Leaves Matter in Hands of Military Officers.

Albany, N. Y.—It is unlikely that professional boxing will be allowed in State armories. Adjt.-Gen. L. W. Stotesbury said that the commanding officers of the various military organizations had been informed by his department that Gov. Whitman believes the use of State property for such purpose would be unwise.

No orders have been issued to the State Athletic Commission.

KANSAS HEALTH O. K.

Lowest Death Rate Ascribed to Its "Dry" Rule.

Topeka, Kan.—"Kansas, with a rate of 9.8 in each 1,000 population, has the lowest death rate of any State in the Union, because the people do not drink liquor, because they have money enough to live right and because they have the intelligence to read of the conditions that make for short lives and know how to dodge them."

That is the statement of W. J. V. Deacon of Kansas Statistics Bureau,

ZIHLMAN TO FATHER NEW BALLOT MEASURE

Uniform Ballot Law Eliminating the Senseless "Declaration" Clause Now Being Prepared.

A uniform ballot law for the entire State and the abandonment of the requirement that a new citizen of Maryland must declare his intentions and then reside in the State one year before being allowed to vote will be provided for in two bills by Senator Frederick N. Zihlman, of Allegany county. The Republican Senate floor leader announced today that he would introduce both measures in a few days. He will call upon the independent-thinking men of both parties to support them.

"A distinct burden and inequality is now placed upon the voters of some of the counties by the present system of election laws," said Senator Zihlman, "and this inequality should be ended at once. I now have in preparation a uniform ballot law which will place the voters of the entire State on an equal basis. Another crying evil is the law compelling a declaration of intentions.

"Under the present law," continued the Senator, "a man coming to Maryland to make the state his home must appear before the clerk of the court of the county in which he lives and state his intention of becoming a permanent resident. He must then live in the state one year before his name is entered on the registration books. Hundreds and even thousands of men who settle in Maryland are ignorant of this law and fail to declare their intentions, only to find on some future election day that they are temporarily disfranchised. A citizen of Maryland who plans to leave the state temporarily must declare his attention of not abandoning his local residence. The injustice of these provisions is manifest.

"In some counties gross discrimination is the case because of these laws. Court officials may co-operate with the voters of one party by touring the county and securing declarations of intentions, while the voters of an opposite party are forced to journey to the county seat to make their declarations through lack of knowledge that the clerk was nearby.

"I shall not seek in my bill to have the party emblem restored, but the measure will provide for a general rule as to advance copies of the ballots.

"At this time in the counties of Anne Arundel, Calvert, Charles, Kent, Prince Georges, St. Marys, Somerset, Talbot and Worcester, all persons, including newspapers, are forbidden, under penalty, to advertise or circulate in any way any copy or facsimile of the ballot to be used. Likewise, in these same counties, the ballots must be without party designations.

"Why should this law be on the statute books when in Baltimore city and in other counties it is mandatory upon the Election Supervisors to advertise and otherwise expose advanced copies of the ballot?

"In Anne Arundel and Worchester counties the entire ballot is thrown out and not counted if the voter marks the names of too many candidates in a single group. The other sections of Maryland have realized the gross injustice to the innocent candidates in this, and have so amended their election laws as to permit the remainder of the ballot to be counted.

"The time has arrived when the people of the state are looking for a uniform ballot law, and even the Democratic party realizes that this lack of uniformity does not pay in the long run. The burden is upon the legislators of Maryland to remedy these evil conditions and to remedy them at this present session."

Thirteen Brave Lads of Elkins Quit Sweets.

Thirteen brave boys of Elkins, W. Va., have signed an agreement whereby they undertake during the year to undergo the most rigid tests of will power that ever a lad has undergone. They have agreed to eschew tea, coffee, soda water, ice cream, candy, cakes, pies, pastry of any kind and chewing gum for a whole year.

They will abstain from these things in an experiment to show whether they have a harmful effect on youth.

McGraw Property Sold.

The real estate and personal property of Col. John T. McGraw, located at Deer Park, was sold at Sheriff's sale last Friday and Saturday by former Sheriff Bert C. Scott under an execution issued at the suit of the Second National Bank of Parkersburg, W. Va., which bank had secured a judgment in the court at Parkersburg and had it transferred to this county. The purchaser of the property was Mr. George Hay, of Parkersburg, who represented the judgment conditor. The property brought something over $14,000. The dwelling was erected by Senator Henry G. Davis and was his summer home for many years. The property is in splendid condition and is worth considerable more than it brought at the sale.

Subscribe for the Republican.

DR. FRANCE ENTERS LISTS FOR SENATE

Cecil Countain Announces Candidacy For Republican Nomination.

Dr. Joseph Irwin France, former state senator of Cecil county, has entered the Republican lists for the United States senatorial nomination. Dr. France formally announced his candidacy Monday morning and followed later in the day with a statement explaining the reasons for his entry.

Prominent in this statement is the fact that former Senator William P. Jackson has refused the pleas of Dr. France and other Republicans that he be a candidate and thus possibly eliminate a bitter primary fight.

Though he has been out of public life for several years Dr. France is recognized as one of the most vigorous men of the state. He has demonstrated a keen interest in all public questions and is one of the best posted men in Maryland on national, economic and educational conditions.

His career in the Senate of Maryland is well remembered by people who follow the legislative affairs of the state.

Dr. France made his personal debut in Maryland politics in 1905 when he was nominated for the state Senate against the late Governor Austin L. Crothers. The campaign was a fierce and memorable one. The late governor, then an ex-senator, was at the very height of his strength, had a powerful political machine and was known as an almost invincible personal adversary and an aggressive fighter. In addition Senator Crothers had in his favor the nominal Democratic majority of Cecil county of from 400 to 600 votes.

Nevertheless, on a platform which promised definite reforms, Dr. France stumped the county and interviewed personally the voters, with the result that he defeated Mr. Crothers, who was powerful enough in his party to secure the nomination and election as governor the following year.

In the State Senate Dr. France was a vigorous supporter of measures looking to a greater publicity for legislative procedure and for economy in the administaation of the business of the state. He made a notable fight for the printing of all bills, for the appointment of employes in open session of the Senate, and against the making of appropriations of lump sums for unspecified objects. He also sought to amend, strengthen and enforce the law against corruption in the lobby, favored the taxation of merely paper corporations and urged a bill designed to improve the educational sysem of the state. Senator France was recognized as a most aggressive advocate of these and many other measures involving the public welfare.

Since 1906 he has been devoting himself almost entirley to business affairs and has not been a candidate for any public office. He has taken an active interest in the various campalgns and has worked steadily in many directions to advance the cause of good government. When important public questions are being discussed he never hesitates to speak out fearlessly. He has always taken a great interest in public education, having been, at Port Deposit, actively engaged in that work and considers that a perfectly adapted efficient system would do as much or more than any other one thing to correct the ills of government.

In 1903 Dr. France married Mrs. Evalyn S. Tome, of Port Deposit, Md., who assisted the late Jacob Tome in founding the Jacob Tome Institute.

Mrs. France is a highly cultivated woman, who not only actively coperated in the great philanthropic work which was started at Port Deposit, but has always taken a prominent part in other important philanthropic and business affairs of the city and state.

Coal! Coal!

I am prepared to furnish coal either by the ton or by carloads at a price that will interest all consumers. All grades, both eastern and western coal constantly on hand and immediate delivery guaranteed. Can save you money on your fuel supply this winter. Harry Helbig, Oakland, Md. Adv.

FOR SALE—A number of gas heaters. Apply to John J. Sweeney, Oakland, Md. Adv.

The man Who Makes
A STUDY OF HIS
APPEARANCE

Is the man who best appreciates the detail of the tailoring we turn out The workmanship passes without a question, the fit is naturally a matter of course, but the shape we mould into the garments give them a character that finishes them off and makes the satisfaction of the owner complete.

All this is a bid for your next tailoring order. We know we can make you the best clothes you ever wore We want you to know it. That orde s the best and only sure way to settle he question.

JAMES BROCK,
Dixon Building,
Oakland, Maryland.

OUT OF TOWN HAPPENINGS

A Variety of Interesting Paragraphs for Republican Readers.

Miss Gladys Hamill, of Kitzmiller, visited Cumberland and Keyser the past week.

Rev. Carder, of Grantsville is holding a revival meeting in the Jennings Methodist church.

Mrs. Susan Brydon, of Bloomingthn, spent part of last week with friends in Cumberland and Keyser.

Walter White, of Kitzmiller, was taken to the Hoffman hospital at Keyser, W. Va., for treatment Friday last.

A marriage license was issued to Edward Gallagher and Nellie Butler, both of Jennings, at Cumberland last Saturday.

Francis C. Wilhelm and Miss Margaret McKenzie, of Avilton, went to Cumberland a day or two ago and a marriage license was issued them.

Whetzel & Browning, Deer Park, are publishing in this paper, each week, an attractive advertisement, Chester Browning is hustling after business and is getting it, too, and ought to have it.

One of the propositions by which revenue be increased in Maryland, is to place a tax of $1.00 on every man in the State who owns a gun. It is said that such a law would bring in fully $50.000.

David H. Keim, of Elk Lick, was this year as usual, the first sugarmaker in Somerset County to open the season. He made 20 gallons of syrup during the first week of January and sold the entire product to S. Lichliter, of Salisbury.

D. A. Arnold of Keyser, W. Va., manager of the Knobley Mountain fruit farm near that place, says the company has 30,000 apple and 7,000 peach trees in the orchard and last year sold 7,000 barrels of apples and all the peaches the market would take.

Road Petition.

Notice is hereby given that thirty days after the first publication hereof application will be made to the Board of County Commissioners of Garrett county Md., for the appointment of viewers to view and locate a new county public road, said proposed road beginning at a point on the public county road leading from Bittinger to New Germany at the farm of Gilbert Green, near the south branch of the Casselman river and following the course of said river to intersect the public county road at Jennings, passing through the lands of Frank Miller, Archie Bittinger, Jacob J. Bittinger, Ernest Bittinger, Charles W. Bittinger, Wilson Mason, Jennings Brothers, Jesse Wilt, Thomas Patter, Thomas Hoover, Samuel Handwerk and Solomon Wandwerk, Edward Swauger, a distance of about four miles.

JACOB J. BITTINGER,
ERNEST BITTINGER,
M. K. RYMAN,
and more than 100 others.

First publication Dec. 9, 1915.

ROAD PETITION.

Notice is hereby given that at the expiration of thirty days after the first publication hereof application will be made to the Board of County Commissioners of Garrett county, Maryland, for the appointment of viewers to view, examine and determine whether the public convenience requires the opening of a new county road in Election District No. 8, of Garrett county, the proposed new road to begin at or near the Lyndale school house, at a point on the present Lyndale public county road and running thence through the lands of George R. Beckman, Albert J. Beckman, William Warsaw, William R. Mason, Charles Ridder, Elmer Ridder and Hurley U. Miller, to intersect the Oakland and Fort Pendleton county road at or near the first bridge on said road southward of the Mason school house, a total distance of about 2¾ miles.

R. H. LEE,
WILLIAM P. WARSAW,
SCOTT RIDDER,
CHARLES C. RIDDER,
WM. R. MASON,
G. L. RIDDER.

First publication Dec. 9, 1915.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

CLARA H. CATON

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 23rd day of June 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 23rd day of December 1915.

ANTHONY D. CATON,
Administrator
Finzel, Md.

We Carry in Stock

TIRES
TUBES
SHOCK ABSORBERS
CHAINS
SPARK PLUGS
DRY CELLS
TIRETITE

And many other accessories at the
OAKLAND GARAGE,
Prest-O-Lite Exchange,
Oakland, Maryland.

ORDER NISI.

Robert L. Fries, Late Treasurer of Garrett county, Maryland vs. Norman Barnard, No. 266, Miscellaneous Docket In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Ordered by the Circuit Court for Garrett county, Maryland, this 13th day of January, 1916, that the tax sale made and reported in the above entitled case by Robert L. Fries, late treasurer of Garrett county, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 28th day of February, 1916, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 21st day of February, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $94.65.

ROBERT R. HENDERSON.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

THE REPUBLICAN

BENJ. H. SINCELL, EDITOR.

Entered at the Postoffice in Oakland Md., as Second-class matter.

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THE REPUBLICAN,
Oakland, Md.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 20, 1916

IT is a good thing these days to lose your "grip."

THE Democrats are scouting for an impossible thing—a popular tax.

THERE appears to be too much jelly-fish in the Wilsons administration's cosmos.

THIS time President Wilson has a Congress on his hands, not in his hands, like the former one.

GOVERNOR Harrington is now trying to divide a few offices among very many hungry Democrats.

CONGRESS wants the President to change his Mexican policy. How can you change a thing that doesn't exist?

HOW does it come that we rustled little Haiti and let Mexico go unrestrained in murder, pillage and outrage?

"What, revise the tariff!" exclaim the Democrats in Congress. "Why, didn't we revise it?" You certainly did.

THE Democratic party is quite incomsistent in declaring for the integrity of treaties when its repudation of its own platform is considered.

A MILLION and a quarter dollars is on deposit in school savings banks in the United States. This money is distributed among 217,000 pupils.

THE administration is greatly concerned about the safety of American citizens at sea, but wholly indifferent to the fate of those in Mexico.

SENATOR Newlands, of Nevada, and a Democrat, told the Senate what he thought of his own party, which coincides with the majority opinion of the country.

ACCORDING to Champ Clark this is to be a "Democratic year." And so it is. What the Speaker meant to say, however, was that this would be the "last Democratic year."

THE administration's program for national defense is in such a precarious position that the President is thinking about going to the country to arouse the people on the subject.

THE Sixty-third Congress made a record for a contumacious disregard of provident action is spending $166,000,000 more than any Republican Congress in forty years, and besides gave us an annoying and vexatious extra tax, which it blamed on the war, which had nothing to do with it.

THE Commoner, edited by William Jennings Bryan, in its last issue, sounds this warning note:

"The elections of 1915 ought to serve as a warning to the Democratic party. They indicate that the Progressives have returned to the regular Republican party, and that the Democrats can no longer hope to win by division in the ranks of the opposition. Neither can the Democrats afford to dally with vital issues."

MR. Forgan, the noted financier of Chicago, said in an address last week: "The country is far more in danger of going too fast than going too slow during the coming 12 months. For that reason I am not shouting 'prosperity,' but am convinced that the old principles of sober, careful and conservative business are the ones to be preached to the American people today." In this warning appears the good old doctrine of simple living; and also the profounder idea that all business has a moral basis, and that he who strives to make himself rich without bestowing upon the people a corresponding benefit will hurt himself and the people, too.

THE present administration stands in a very odious light when it is compared with others. Let us take the two Democratic administrations, the last Cleveland regime and the Wilson occupation of the White House and compare them with a middle Republican period. In 1893, under Grover Cleveland, the number of failures in the nation was 15,508, and the excess of liabilities over assets among those who failed was $150,000,000. In 1907, under Republican administration, the number of failures was 10,265 and the excess of liabilities over assets was $95,800,000. In 1914 under President Wilson's administration, the number of failures was 16, 579, and the excess of liabilities over assets was $162,213,407.

THE assertion has frequently been made by the President, and echoed by the Democratic press, that the tariff is the only issue the Republicans will have in this campaign. Undoutedly Mr. Wilson's wish is father to the thought. He would like to have the Republicans forget Democratic extravagance, Democratic inefficiency, broken Democratic pledges, Democratic overthrow of the merit system in the government service, Democratic mismanagement of foreign affairs, Democratic vacillation on every issue and subject before the American people. But it happens that no man or group of men can define the issues of 1916. The people want a free and full discussion of all importaut problems of government, and they particularly want to know why excessive direct taxes have become necessary at a time when the Democrats tell us we are enjoying the greatest prosperity in our history.

SENATOR ZIHLMAN'S BALLOT BILLS

Senator Zihlman, of Allegany, Republican floor leader in the Upper House of the legislature, served notice recently, practically at the beginning of the session, that he will shortly introduce two bills proposing important reforms in the election laws of the State. He proposes, in the first place, to remove the absurd restrictions upon the acquirement of the franchise privilege by new citizens of Maryland who have come hither from other States, and in the second to bring about uniformity in the form, the publication, the marking and the counting of ballots in the several counties.

The need of both changes is manifest to anyone who is familiar with existing laws and conditions. That a new resident of Maryland should have to wait a year, not after establishing himself permanently in the State, but after discovering that he must declare his intention of becoming a resident, in order to take part in the government of the commonwealth to which he has become a party, is but one of the many absurdities of our election and franchise system. The fact that some counties prohibit advance publication of the official ballot and others so circumscribe the publication of such information for the voter that it is practically worthless to him, represents a survival of Know-Nothingism, a throw-back to the era when our voters were practically driven blind folded and in droves, to the polling places, and under the figurative lash—and sometimes the literal fist—of the heeler, voted as they had been told to vote by the interested pillars of machine politics in its worst phase.

Mr. Zihlman's bills should provide an excellent test of the real temper of the majority at Annapolis this winter. Although fathered by the Senate leader of the minority, they will represent a reform which every honest citizen of Maryland sincerely believes should be brought about. If the old order has really changed and our representatives in Annapolis are anxious to revive both the good name and the credit of the State, financially and politically, they could in no wise more conclusively prove it than by passing these bills.—Baltimore Star.

HERE is something for the farmers of Garrett county to think over. These are indisputable, undeniable facts, and prove beyond doubt and contradiction that the Democratic party is not to be trusted with the government of this country.

In the ten months period under the Democratic law and before the outbreak of the war the total imports of meat and dairy products increased $28,000,000 or more than 200 per cent, This particular knock which the Democratic party aimed against American industry fell most severely on our agricultural population, upon which we depend for the largest measure of our prosperity.

During a seven months period under the Underwood law, and before the war broke out in Europe, our imports of woolens amounted to more than $20,000,000 as compared with less than $9,000,000 in a corresponding period under the Republican tariff rates. Here was an increase of $20,000,000 in a seven months' period, an increase of 225 per cent. As a knocker of the American woolen industry and as a booster for the foreigner the Democratic party is entitled to first prize. In an eight months' period the Democratic tariff law brought us an increase of 100 per cent in the imports of unmanufactured wool. In order to satisfy those economic theorists who believe in tariff for revenue only we sent out of this country more than $26,000,000 for increased purchases of wool from Australia, South Africa, Argentina and other countries. Again the American farmer received a particularly hard knock from the Democratic party.

Again the benevolence of the Democracy to foreign producers is seen in the imports of breadstuffs in a ten months' period, which increased from $13,000,000 to $35,000,000, an increase of $22,000,000 or at the rate of $2,200,000 per month. This was an increase of more than 250 per cent. Once more the Democrats found opportunity to bring their hammer down upon the heads of American farmers. Almost every other industry in the United States except perhaps one or two that are confined particularly to states that are Democratic, received similar knocks from Democratic legislation. The American voter will not forget however, that his injuries were wrought deliberately by Democratic statesmen and it was through no effort or intention on their part that their destructive influences were halted.

OAKLAND COLORS LOWERED BY K. O. G.

Cumberland Boys Take Across Cagemen of the Glades in Exciting Contest.

K. O. G., Cumberland, last year's amature basketball champions of Western Maryland, played in old form last evening and defeated the Oakland Collegians by the score of 23 to 20. The game was fast and furious, and marked by considerable rough playing on both sides.

In the first half the K. O. G. only allowed the Oakland players to make one field goal and four fouls, the score ending 17 to 6. In the last half the champs played on the defensive and Oakland was only able to toss two field goals. Boyle tossed the only goals that were made by his team. The goal shooting of Macfarlane in the first half was sensational. Piper and Ward also played well for the K. O. G., while Sanner and Boyle starred for Oakland. Oakland was handicapped by the absence of one of their regular forwards. Brownie Landis, one of the K. O. G. regular guards was not in the lineup on account of illness.

The victory over the Oakland Collegians on their home floor can be counted as a great win for the Cumberland quint as the Oakland team has defeated some of the best teams in Maryland, Pennsylvania and West Virginia this year. They defeated the Hollidaysburg Y. M. C. A. team at Oakland and are the only team from around this section that defeated the Lonaconing team on the latter's floor.

The lineup:

K. O. G.		Oakland
Macfarlane	F	Boyle
Spriggs	F	Sanner
Piper	C	Kildow
Nicholson	G	Geissman
Ward	G	Frantz

Goals—Macfarlane, 5; Piper, 2; Boyle, 3. Fouls—Macfarlane, 7 out of 16; Sanner, 8 out of 20. Referee—Boyle. Scorer—Fraley.

KINGWOOD DEFEATED.

The Oakland Collegians played up to usual form here Saturday night, defeating the fast Kingwood All Stars in a game which held the spectators spellbound at all stages. The final score was 42-19 in favor of the locals, who literally played "rings around" the visitors. The work of Mike Boyle for the locals was nothing short of spectecular, he having caged 12 field goals during the game. Considerable fouling was done by both teams.

The lineup:

Oakland 42		Kingwood 19
Sanner	F	S. White
Boyle	F	C. Hanst
Kildow	C	K. Hanst
Geissman	G	Murdock
Frantz	G	Liston

Field Goals—Boyle 12, Sanner 4, Kildow 1, Frantz 1, White 4, C. Hanst 3. Fouls—Sanner 6 out of 15, C. Hanst 3 out of 14, K. Hanst 2 out of 19. Referee, Bremer. Scorer, Fraley.

CHESTNUT GROVE.

We are having some very cold weather at this writing.

Mr. Parker Titchnell, who is working at Swanton, was visiting his grandmother, Mrs. Joseph Paugh of this place, who is critically ill.

Rev. Barnard left this place last Sunday for Maysville, to conduct a revival there.

Mr. William Paugh, of Chaffee, W. Va., was in our town recently.

Mr. A. S. Warnick, of Kitzmiller, was here Saturday and accepted a job at the Myers mill.

Mr. Henry Barnard is critically ill with a bad case of the grip. The people think this is a grippy winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Paugh, who are making their home at Mr. William Titchnell's are both ill at this writing. Mrs. Paugh has been an invalid for a couple of years.

Mr. Herbert Barnard, who has been working for the past month on the dwelling of Martin Titchnell, completed his job last week.

Mr. H. L. Barnard, of Fair View farm, made a business trip to Swanton Monday.

Those who were visiting the sick at Henry Barnard Sunday were Mr. and Mrs. Troxell Titchnell, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Barnard.

David H. Keim, of Elk Lick, was this year as usual, the first sugarmaker in Somerset County to open the season. He made 20 gallons of syrup during the first week of January and sold the entire product to S. Lichliter, of Salisbury.

Announcement of the Candidacy of JOSEPH IRWIN FRANCE for the Republican United States Senatorial Nomination.

TO MY FELLOW REPUBLICANS OF MARYLAND:

In the forthcoming primary you will decide who shall be your candidate for the office of Senator of the United States.

It is no time for indulgence in a wearying waste of irrelevant personalities. It is no time for the subordination of the great problems of government to the clashing rivalries of petty political factions. We are in a critical period of transition. Large issues confront us. Public opinion upon them is fluid and unformed. Everywhere we hear the murmurings of a feverish discontent.

Practical men have begun to visualize a government administered with that efficiency which would make impossible the notorious, palpable, but curable ills of which we have all become so acutely conscious. We are just beginning to catch a vision of the vast possibilities which are wrapped up in the priceless heritage of our great new land and of our carefully ordered, perfectly balanced, constitutional democracy, a governmental system at once so essentially rational as to be indestructible, and so pliable and adaptable as to be fully capable of being shaped to achieve all of the proper and legitimate ends of government under any possible set of conditions.

It is now time for constructive thinking upon those fundamental and far-reaching governmental problems which are of such deep personal concern to every citizen of the state and nation. We must all, as good Republicans and good citizens, resolutely resist the temptation to descend to that superficial, narrow, personal form of discussion which, if persisted in, will sooner or later cause any political organization to become static, stale and reactionary. We must not, we cannot become this; for it is the high destiny of the Republican party to promote and to advance the cause of true progress, good government and humanity.

We pay as a people and as individuals a fearful toll of health, of life, of natural wealth, of personal freedom, of happiness, of national security against disintegrating influences within, and possible enemies without our borders, because of our abject failure to free ourselves from those small enmities and animosities and from those partisan prejudices which not only cloud and clog the currents of our thoughts, but impede all vigorous, effective, patriotic action.

Let us strive to emulate those great minds who conceived, founded and, with sacrifice of self, preserved to us this government. Let us seek to be imbued with and animated by their lofty spirit, in order that we may, in wisdom, direct, adapt and perfect that government to meet all the changing and growing complexities of human needs. Let us as strong men courageously and unselfishly take up anew the weighty responsibilities of our political duties, remembering with reverence those who feared not to live in devotion to and who even dared to die for the perpetuation of those institutions which we enjoy, hold and administer as a sacred trust.

I am thus announcing myself as a candidate for the Republican nomination for the United States Senate and what I consider to be the plane upon which the campaign should be conducted, because I prefer to appeal directly to you, to all of the people, and to ask you to pass upon my candidacy after giving me a full and fair hearing upon the issues in which we are all so profoundly interested.

To this end I propose to make an active personal canvass in every section of the state and in every part of Baltimore city, seeking thus to meet every individual Republican face to face and to put before him the actual issues of this campaign.

When I have had with you a man wise discussion of these matters of great movement to the social and governmental welfare, I shall be quite content to leave in your hands the verdict as to whether the opinions which I entertain and the policies which I advocate represent in any adequate measure your hopes and your desires.

JOSEPH IRWIN FRANCE,
Cecil County.

$63,000,000 Mortgage Filed for Record.

Mr. Gilmor S. Hamill, the local attorney of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, filed for record in the Clerk's office in Oakland yesterday a refunding bond mortgage executed by officials of the Baltimore and Ohio covering its property in Maryland and other states through which it passes, the mortgage representing the sum of $63,250,000. It is printed in a pamphlet of 126 pages and will require something over a hundred pages of the mortgage record book in the Clerk's office to admit of its recordation.

MCHENRY

We are having quite a blizzard at this writing.

There were a number of people from here who attended the funeral of Mrs. Moses Bowman last Sunday afternoon.

Miss Esther Hinebaugh was calling on Carolyn Carr Sunday last.

The attendance at Young People's meeting on last Sunday evening was very poor, do doubt owing to the disagreeable weather.

Mary Carr was visiting Miss Margaret Friend over Sunday.

Mr. T. C. Hinebaugh and son Paul were visiting the former's daughter, Mrs. Paul Hove, of Sang Run, Sunday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Josephus Ferguson were calling at George Glotfelty's last Sunday.

Sunday school next Sunday at 10 a. m., and preaching at 11. Everyone we come. NIC.

LIBRARY ASSOCIATION MEETING

Officers Elected For the Coming Year With Mr. H. A. Loraditch President.

A meeting of the Free Public Library Association was held in the reading room on Thursday evening of last week.

The following officers were elected for the year: Mr. H. A. Loraditch, president; Mrs. B. H. Sincell, vice president; Mrs. O. A. Bremer, secretary; Miss Cora Weimer, treasurer; Mr. Jos. Harned, Rev. O. A. Bremer and Dr. Fleming Howell, members of the advisory board.

The new treasurer, Miss Weimer, is also librarian. She will be glad to receive for the library fund contributions of any amount at the library on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday afternoons and evenings, and will give due credit for same.

Books and magazines presented or loaned to the library will also be received and credited by Miss Weimer.

At present the library has two hundred and twenty-seven volumes. Of these forty are loaned by the State Library commission. Seventy-four are part of a Y. M. C. A. library in existence here some years ago. One hundred and thirteen volumes have come from members and friends of the library association.

These books cover a variety of subjects, including good works of fiction, and both young and old are sure to find something pleasing to their tastes.

In the few weeks the library has been open ninety books have been in circulation.

MRS. O. A. BREMER, Secretary.

Mortgagee's Sale OF A Valuable Farm

Near the town of Swanton, Garrett County, on the road leading to Deer Park.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage from Augustus Bernard to the undersigned Mortgagee, dated the 13th day of May, 1909, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 57, folio 375, etc., one of the Mortgages Records of Garrett county, the undersigned Mortgagee will on

SATURDAY
the 12th day of February, 1916,

in front of the Court House in the town of Oakland, at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M., of said day, offer at public auction to the highest bidder, all of that farm situate in District No. 1, Garrett county, known and designated as

Military Lot No. 1939,

containing fifty acres of land, and being the same lot of of ground which was conveyed to Gustavus Bernard from Smith S. Browning and wife, dated the 13th day of May, 1909, and duly recorded among the Land Records of Garrett county.

Said property is partly cleared and under cultivation, and is calculated to make a very nice farm. It is located near the old "Ingman Place" and fronts on the County road for some distance.

TERMS OF SALE:—One third of the purchase will be required on the day of sale, and the balance in two equal instalments, at one and two years from the day of sale, said deferred payments to bear interest from the day of sale and to be secured by the notes of the purchoser, with security satisfactory to the undersigned, or all the purchase money may be paid down on the day of sale.

Possession given upon the ratification of the sale by the Court so the purchaser can go to work on it during the coming spring.

GILMOR S. HAMILL,
Mortgagee.

THE

GARRETT NATIONAL BANK

OF OAKLAND, MARYLAND

INVITES accounts of individuals, firms and corporations on the most liberal terms consistent with safe banking. With a Capital of $50,000.00, earned Surplus and Undivided Profits over $65,000.00 and Deposits over $500,000.00, this Bank offers its patrons abundant resources, coupled with the highest type of service. Three per cent. interest paid on Time and Savings Accounts. Safe Deposit Boxes for rent.

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JOSEPH E. HARNED. GEORGE A. FRALEY, HARLAND L. JONES

ESTABLISHED 1884. BOTH PHONES

Sleighs and Sleds

Sleds and Sleighs

Permit us to again call your attention to our line of Portland Sleighs, and Genuine all Oak Burton Bob-sleds. If you examine the sleds or sleighs you will find they cannot be equaled.

Sleds and Sleighs

Remember we have the Price and that—

"NAYLOR HAS IT AND SELLS IT FOR LESS."

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.

BIG STOCK COURTEOUS TREATMENT.

Hart's Fall Goods.

DRESS GOODS

LARGER AND BETTER THAN EVER.

Ladies and Childrens Suits and Coats

In the above line we have beauty and style. Prices will surprise you. See them.

CORSETS—We are now handling the Warner Rust-proof Corset. Better known and best on the market.
UNDERWEAR—Everything in Underwear for Men, Women and Children, Wool and Cotton.
Complete line Laces, Dress Trimmings, Silks, Neckwear, etc.

ALDER ST. HART'S OAKLAND.

WATCH THIS SPACE

W. S. MARTIN & CO.,
Jewelers,
Oaklond, Md.

Mr. John J. Sweeney went to Baltimore yesterday to take in the auto show.

Mrs. James L. Pollock entertained a number of her friends at luncheon last Saturday.

Merchant Jones and Farmer Ed. Smouse, of Deer Park, were in thi city yesterday.

Attorney William R. Offutt retured yesterday morning from Rockville, Md., where he was called professionaly.

Miss Fetcher, of Keyser, W. Va., was the week-end guest of Miss Ruth Michael at her home adjoining Oakland.

Measles have developed in a number of families in Oakland and those affected have been quarantined by the authorities.

Miss Bertha Wolfe left Oakland Tuesday for a two weeks visit with friends in Wheeling, W. Va., and Pittsburgh, Pa.

Mrs. Perry Frantz, who was on a visit to her parents at Tunnelton, W. Va., for several days, returned home Monday afternoon.

Mr. Milton Sincell returned home Tuesday afternoon from Flint, Mich., where he was the guest of friends for two or three weeks.

Mrs. Jos. Hitchens, of Frostburg, who visited her sister, Mrs. R. E. Sliger, in Oakland, returned to her home Tuesday afternoon.

Deputy Sheriff Jesse Ashby has rented Mrs. Alexander's house, now occupied by Mr. and Mrs. George A. DeWitt, and expect to occupy it about February first.

Mr. J. C. Kendall has just had installed a Honey-well hot water heating system in his residence adjoining Oakland. The work was done by the firm of A. D. Naylor & Co.

The past week the Oakland meat markets were not able to get enough fresh pork to meet the demand of their trade. This is an indication that the farmers want to increase their stock of hogs.

Former policeman Bartlett Nethkin has gone to Ralphton, Pa., where he has employment, he having resigned the Oakland position recently and in his place Mayor Mathews has appointed Joseph Lewis.

Hon. James S. Lakin, of Charleston, W. Va., who is one of the members of the West Virginia State Board of Control, spent Tuesday afternoon and yesterday morning in Oakland where he was a guest of Mr. D. E. Offutt, Jr.

Mr. John J. Sweeney, the local Chevrolet dealer, has sold two cars within the past week, Mr. L. W. Hopkins, manager of the creamery buying one, and Will Casteel a progressive farmer of near town, purchasing the other.

Mr. Parley DeBerry, formerly of Terra Alta, and well known in Oakland, is slowly recovering from a severe surgical operation performed some time ago for the relief of a mastoid tumor. While Mr. DeBerry's condition is favorable he is still dangerously ill.

Get your sled or sleigh from Naylor & Co. He has the price.
Advertisement lt.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Bush and children formerly of Oakland, but who have been residents of Lynn Haven, Florida, for several years, will arrive in Oakland some time this week with the probable intention of making this their future home. Oakland people will be glad to again welcome this most estimable family.

See Naylor for that Gas stove and save money.
Advertisement lt.

Mr. William Miller, of Deer Park, spent Saturday in town.

With the weather these days it is either a roast or a frost.

Mrs. Lewis Walter and daughter, Genevieve, spent Saturday in Deer Park.

Attorney Fred Martin, of Grafton, W. Va., spent Sunday with his family in this city.

Mr. Jasper Enlow spent Friday with home folk near town, returning to Cumberland on train No. 12.

Mrs. Mattie Alexander, who has spent sometime in this city, returned to Huntington, W. Va., Monday.

Mr. Norman R. Sanner, of Westernport, spent Sunday in Oakland with his two sons, Masters George and Richard.

Attorney George W. Legge was one of last week's grip victims, but the attack, fortunately, was not a severe one.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Schmit, of Altamont, spent last Saturday in Oakland where they visited Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Kahl.

Mr. James R. Anderson, of Parkersburg, W. Va., spent Sunday in Oakland where he was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Scott T. Jones.

Mr. William Spear, editor of the Lonaconing Advocate, was in Oakland Sunday afternoon, the guest of Miss Beatrice Faherty.

State Senator Harvey J. Speicher returned to Annapolis Monday night after having spent Saturday and Sunday at his home in Accident.

Fish Commissioner W. A. Smith, of Hoyes, returned home from Annapolis Saturday after having spent the week in Baltimore and Annapolis.

Dr. Henry W. McComas returned home Saturday morning from Baltimore to which city he accompanied his son Joseph who returned to school at Annapolis.

Dr. Webster Ravenscroft, Mr. Henry Smouse and Mr. W. S. Friend left Oakland Monday afternoon for Baltimore in which city they are attending the automobile show now in progress.

The Epworth League social and musical given at the parsonage of St. Paul's M. E. church on Monday evening was largely attended and a pleasant evening was enjoyed by all present.

If our young readers (and older ones, too,) desire to be entertained as well as instructed, they should read Rev. D. A. Friend's article on the "Heavenly Bodies," found on another page of this paper today.

It will pay you to read the advertisements in The Republican. Offutt's adv. last week was a money saver. Think of it, a sack of flour for one cent. The Oakland merchants want the trade of Garrett countians, hence are offering some bargains.

The turkey supper given by Mr. Henry Casteel, last Friday night to about thirty-six Knights of Pythias at Hinebaugh's restaurant, was a decidedly enjoyable affair. The menu was well served and extra fine. Everybody was in the best of humor.

Forty years ago Senator Getty, of this county, besides being a member of the committee on pensions, was made a member of the committees on finance, internal improvement, engrossed bills, public buildings and revolutionary claims, in the Senate, then in session at Annapolis.

Mr. E. F. Lee, of Swanton, was in Oakland Saturday.

Mr. John A. Connell, of Hutton, was in Oakland this morning on business.

Mrs. James L. Paugh, of Kitzmiller, spent the first part of the week in Oakland.

Mrs. L. W. Hopkins, who spent a month at her former home in the state of Ohio, has returned to Oakland.

Mr. Zack Hendrickson is putting a saw mill on Wallace Bowser's farm, near town, and will saw up the timber on the place.

Mr. Fred Miller, of Accident, motored to Oakland yesterday and spent several hours in town looking after some business matters.

Mr. Jack Campbell, of Keyser, spent Tuesday and yesterday in Oakland calling on the merchants and selling them their spring bills of notions.

The Association of Master Plumbers of Allegany and Garrett counties, will hold their annual banquet in the Stafford Dining Room Wednesday evening. A large delegation from both counties is expected to participate.—Cumberland, News.

Monday was by all odds the coldest day of the winter. The mercury at six o'clock a. m. registeaed nine below. It staggered up to four above along during the day but was drawn back to zero about five o'clock which position it maintained and held up to nine p. m. when further readings were discontinued—it was cold enough.

Last Friday a woman in District No. 5 kicked a constable from her porch when he undertook to read a summons to her, while the husband went upstairs. The constable, however, served the summons to the couple and brought them to time. The way that constable picked himself up and got into that house before the door could be locked was a caution.

Let Naylor & Co., fix up your gas fixtures with fancy beaded shades.
Advertisement lt.

In another column of today's Republican will be found a highly instructive as well as a timely article on diseases and the importance of reporting the same to the proper authorities, promptly. The communication is from the pen of Dr. R. H. Riley, the state health officer in charge of Garrett and Allegany countiss.

Miss Mary Maroney, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Maroney, returned to her home in Oakland last Wednesday from Wheeling where she has been for the past three years taking a training course in nursing. Miss Maroney recently underwent an operation for appendicitis and is at home for the purpose of recuperating.

The annual ball of the Knights of Columbus will occur this evening at the Knights hall in the First National Bank building, invitations for which were issued early last week. A large crowd of the members of the organization from points out of town are expected to be present. Refreshments will be served and music will be furnished by the Frostburg City orchestra.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

One of Baltimores big department stores advertised a bargain sale, an item was, 10 cakes Lenox soap 39 cents; another, Prichard's baking powder 19 cents per pound. Dixon & Co. in The Republican last week advertised Lenox soap 3 cents a bar or 10 for 30 cents, Pritchard's baking powder 5 cents for half a pound or 10 cents per pound, a saving of 9 cents over the Baltimore store. Buy at home and save money.

Dr. R. F. Bartlett, who has been receiving treatment for tuberculosis at the State sanatorium located at Sabillasville, near Pen Mar, returned home Monday afternoon after an absence of five months. He is very much improved in health and speaks highly of the institution and its methods of treatment. During his stay at the sanatorium he gained about thirty-five pounds in flesh and is seemingly as strong as he was before the disease developed. His friends here were delighted to see him again.

Mr. F. W. Chase, of near Oakland, accompanied by his brother, returned to his home this morning after an absence of three weeks which he spent at Radnor, Pa., to which city he was called on account of the illness of his aged mother, Mrs. William Minot Chase, whose death occured on Monday at the advanced age of 86 years. Mr. Chase expects to leave Garrett county as soon as he is able to arrange his business affairs, expecting to make his future home at Radnor.

The Wheeling Intelligence of yesterday tells of a nameless man in Idaho. He has lost all knowledge of his identity or past life. He thinks he knows of a one armed negro character, "Jay Bird," at Oakland, Md., who has been at more weddings, as he puts it, than any man in the United States. "It may be fancy," he says, "and I may only have heard of him, it he is a real person instead of having known him." The officials of American Falls, Idaho, want any information that may lead to his identity.

Friday night, January 28, the Champs of Lonaconing leave for a little week end trip. The Oakland crowd will be taken on for a game Friday night. The result of this game will be watched with eager interest by basketball fans all over the region. Several weeks ago the Champs vanquished the Oakland team on the Oakland floor by a large score. A week later the Oakland bunch came to Lonaconing and turned the trick against the Champs, who suffered their first defeat in three years on the home floor.—Advocate Lonaconing.

Dr. J. C. Ely returned home on Friday evening from Parkersburg, W. Va., to which city he had been summoned early in the week to appear before the United States grand jury to testify in a matter in which it is alleged that some unknown party, had forged the local minister's name to a marriage certificate. The fake marriage ceremony according to the testimony of the girl victim, occurred during the month of June and was performed just outside the waiting room at the B. & O. station in Oakland. The man in the case was arrested several weeks ago and is being held in the jail at Huntington, W. Va. Dr. Ely was accompanied to and from Parkersburg by Mr. A. G. Ross, who acted as the deputy clerk of the Court here and produced the records before the grand jury.

Francis C. Wilhelm and Miss Margaret McKenzie, of Avilton, went to Cumberland a day or two ago and a marriage license was issued them.

Road Petition

Notice is hereby given that thirty days after first publication hereof, application will be made to the Board of County Commissioners of Garrett county, for the appointment of viewers to view and locate a new public county road leading from Maysville, Md., to the road leading from Kitzmillerville, Md., to Wilson Store, said proposed new road to intersect at the end of John Hamill's farm at the old Fairview church, and to be about two and one-half miles in length, and running through the lands of Thomas Illitritz, George Cohn, H. B. Smith, John H. Smith, Isaac Davis, Three Fork Coal Mining Company, Hamill Coal and Coke Company and the Blaine Mining Company.

L. C. BRAY,
RICHARD TASKER,
D. O. HARVEY,
and forty others.

First publication December 30, 1915.

ORDER NISI.

Sarah Abernathy, et al., vs. Susan Grant, et al.

No. 1915 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Ordered, this 4th day of January, in the year nineteen hundred and sixteen, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in equity, that the sale of the property mentioned in these proceedings as made and reported by Fred A. Thayer, trustee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 4th day of February, 1916; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett County once a week for three successive weeks before the 28th day of January, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $1025.00.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

Deputy State Health Officer Dr. R. H. Riley Wants Immediate Reports on Infectious Diseases.

To the Editor of The Republican.

DEAR SIR:—As you said that you would publish a little article on the matter of reporting of contagious and infectious diseases I am sending you some copy. It is not only information for the physicians but it will place the householder right in these matters. If this is of sufficient interest to your readers to give it any prominence in your paper I assure I will appreciate it and it will be my most direct method of reaching the greatest number of people. Thanking you for your valuable part in keeping down infectious diseases in Garrett through your paper, I am,

Very sincerely yours,
R. H. RILEY
Deputy State Health Officer.

The following diseases are reportable under the laws of the State of Maryland within twelve hours after ascertaining that such diseases exist. From reports that come to me I have reasons to believe that there are many cases of infectious diseases in Garrett county at this time and that there have been cases recently that have never been reported to the State Health authorities. The correspondents of local papers from time to time mention cases of la grip or influenza, whooping cough, mumps, chicken pox, and other contagious or infectious diseases that have never been reported.

These cases will be investigated later. Occasionally deaths are recorded by these correspondents as being due to some reportable contagious or infectious disease. I want to thank these reporters for the important part they are playing in getting these matters before the people and incidentally into the hands of the health officers. The work of the State Department of Health is to prevent diseases and how can an epidemic be prevented if the health authorities do not know of its presence.

Physicians are not by any means always responsible for this lack of reports and I do not say that they are falling short of their duty in this respect because I do not know of any positive violations. The householder that does not call a physician in the event there are known cases of contagious or infectious diseases in the home must report these diseases to the County Health Officer immediately.

On this point I wish to quote the law on the duties of householders that they may have due warning: "Whenever any householder knows that a person within his family or house is sick of smallpox, diphtheria, membranous croup, scarlet fever, typhoid fever, typhus fever, measles, mumps, whooping cough or any other infectious or contagious disease dangerous to public health, he shall immediately give notice thereof to the board of health of the city, town or county in which he dwells. Any person neglecting or refusing to comply with any of the provisions of this section shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars."

The physician's duty in the matter of reporting is stated as follows: "Whenever any physician knows or has reason to believe that any person whom he is called to visit is infected with smallpox, diphtheria, scarlet fever, typhoid fever, typhus fever, yellow fever, measles, whooping cough or any other disease dangerous to public health, he shall immediately give notice in writing over his own signature to the Board of Health or Health Officer of the city, town, county or district in which such disease exists; and if he refuses or neglects to give such notice, he shall be fined not less than ten dollars nor more than one hundred dollars."

The regulations of the State Department of health which have the effect of law list the following contagious and infectious that are reportable by the physician or by the householder in those homes where there is no physician in attendance:

Acute Dysentery, Anthrax, Asiatic, Cholera, Bubonic Plauge, Cerebo-Spinal Meningitis, Chickenpox, Dungue (Breakbone fever), Diphtheria (Membranous Croup), Erysipelas, German Measles, Glanders (Farcy), Influenza (La Grippe), Leprosy, Malaria, Measles, Mumps, Ophthalmia Neouatorum, Pellaga, Poliomyelitis (Infantile paralysis), Rabies (Hydrophobia), Relapsing Fever, Scarlet Fever (Scarlatina, Scarlet Rash), Septic Sore Throat, Smallpox (Variola, varioloid), Trachoma, Tuberculosis (Consumption), Typhoid Fever, Typhus Fever, Whooping Cough, Yellow Fever.

I advise the careful reading of this list of diseases and if it is found that there has been any of them in your home and not reported that you immediately write Dr. N. I. Broadwater to that effect giving the time of development of the disease, name, and age, and address of each one. This will save much correspondence in the future.

This is the day of preventive medicine and the people of the best communities have reached that point when they will not tolerate any loose methods in dealing with preventable contagious and infectious diseases. It is a pretty good sign to see interest taken in the first case of infectious diseases that shows up in a community. The people realize that one case of infectious disease is a p[illegible]nic and that if due precaution is taken with each individual case as it arises that an epidemic that will close schools and interrupt the usual business activities will hardly occur.

R. H. RILEY,
Deputy State Health Officer,
First sanitary district,
Allegany and Garrett Counties.

Winter.

The Holiday season interrupted our thoughts on winter. Christmas time have a way of their own of turning our thoughts away from everything else and fixing them upon the festal days. But they are gone though winter stays with us, so we may again resume our thoughts upon this stern evangelist of nature and list to his sermon which he thunders into our ears, and resume where we left off a few weeks since.

"Come thou, says the poet, to life's feast, with dove eyed meekness and bland charity and thou shall find even winter's blast, the teacher of thy well tuned soul and when the last drop of thy cup is drained, an sing with a song of praise—go up to the eternal banquet."

While we, during the inclemency of the season, enjoy convenience and comfort, let us not forget the poor and needy, who want even the commonest necessities of life. Remember those whose miserable hovels and shattered panes cannot screen them from the piercing cold. Think of the shivering creatures whose tattered garments scarcely cover their bodies. Let us think kindly of and help the hungry poor, who, after a hard struggle to determine which they will relinquish, give up their scanty pittance of bread to get some fuel to warm their aching limbs.

Think of the hatless, stockingless, half clad, hungry waifs who wrangle over a lump of coal that is jostled from the passing wagon; of those who cry for hunger, or talk in their sleep as visions of the old home and its abundance come up before them. Help the old and infirm, the sick and diseased, comfort and cheer them by giving a little of your abundance that the blessing of them that are ready to perish may come upon you. It is the council of the Lord that changes the face of the declining year. At his bidding the sun shortens his race and the wintry days appear. Hoar frost and fleecy snow descend and clothe the earth and streams are chained in icy fetters.

The hasty hours of the day faintly smile. Fields and gardens mourn, for the brow of winter is not decked with lucious fruit or blooming flowers The beams of the sun are withdrawn; warmth departs, and nature is drooping and apparently lifeless like the heart of man.

The sun of righteousness returns with soul reviving rays and changes mental winter into spring and the gloom of sorrow into the brightness of joy. We long for the beams of this light to be displayed, that our drooping joys may be restored and that we may be guided to realms of day where the frowns of winter are never seen.

Life too, has its seasons. Fair fleeting days of infancy they are gone like a dream. 'Tis the spring time of life. Youth comes with its buoyant limbs, ardent glance and kindling soul—it is the burning summer time. Manhood, matured with fruit of wisdom, when the fruit of learnings deep pursuit is gathered comes as the autumn follows the prime of summer. But this, too, soon passes away. Then comes the languid eye, the bowed form, the tottering frame, the hoary head, the quivering hand and the o'er cast soul. It is winters sickening withering blast—the season of life, for it is the last.

Let the soul arouse itself from its slumbers to see how soon the glories of this life flee away and the footstep of decay come stealing on them. As we see the rolling tide that is so rapidly bearing our hours away let us employ the present hour to the best advantage and prepare our frail craft for the ocean of eternity, in which the stream of our life, however circuitous it may be, is bound to engolf us--the ocean whose waves roll over the proud monarch of the noblest kingdom and engulfs crown and throne with peasant and pauper, nay all regardless of position, influence, wealth or rank. The beauty of God is seen in the spring, when his tenderness and love flush the fields while nature revives and rejoices in newness of life. Hearts then bound with joy. Summer proclaims his glory and "the sun shoots perfection through the swelling year."

Lurid lightnings and deafening thunder utter His voice. Autumn speaks of the bountiful repast which He spreads for all that lives, but winter, with clouds and storms and rolling tempest proclaims the terror of the fierceness of the wrath of Him who maketh the winds His chariots; rideth on the whirlwind; bidst the world adore and humbles proud nature with His terrible blasts.

JOANNES.

Within the next month or so an organized survey of rural church conditions in Maryland will be made for the distinct purpose of improving the church and country life in the State. Tentative plans for the work have already been formed and Dr. H. J. Patterson, head of the Maryland Agricultural College and Mr. B. H. Darrow, connected with the same institution, are among those most interested.

THE OPEN ROAD

Along Which An Effort Will Be Made to Assist the Wanderer on His Way Up Hill.

BY LEO J. RASCHE.

TWO WEEKS

The year is still very young, Erasmus, but young as it is, one twenty-sixth of it has already gone, and less than five months from today the great party conventions will be over and partly over. Don't seem but a very short time since the last ones were held, does it? Just the same it has been nearly four years. And in the interim you have had many opportunities to do things you haven't done, and opportunities also to do a great many things you have done.

With the weeks slipping away the way they do it don't take long for them to run into months and the months soon multiply themselves into years and the years into decades. When you figure the thing out there is not much time to lose as we meander along on our way up hill. Sometimes the time seems to be passing along very slowly, but when you consider a few years and how fast they have flown the consideration should serve to place a very great value on time. And time, Erasmus, while free as the air has a value greater than anything else we have if properly applied. The greatest extravagance we can be guilty of is waste of time. Knowing how to use time properly is an art and one of the easiest arts of all to learn, as well as one of the most profitable. Time offers much, Erasmus, but you must use your head to recognize the offers, and your head and your hands to grasp the offers when they are recognized. If you consume time talking things that get you nothing and arguing affairs that little concern you, you are apt to be extravagant with your time.

There are people who actually have their time so taken up with a multiplicity of small affairs that they are among the very busiest people you know and yet never get anywhere. Others have their time so occupied with other people's business that their own business goes to blazes, and you know them. Some have so little of their own business to attend to that they seem utterly unable to attend to what little business they have of their own. Still others are worn out working on the regulation of the public morals and worrying away their time trying to keep the old world straight, seeming to forget that the old world got along some way thousands of years before they ever landed, and the probabilities are that it will get along thousands of years after they have left.

The worst wasted of all time, Erasmus, is that time wasted in attending to the other fellow's business while neglecting your own. The other fellow, remember, is endowed with the same mind as you, is just as well qualified by nature to attend to his own affairs as you, and the chances are very great that he will not pay you anything for your time and trouble in attending to his affairs. On the other hand, if you get too zealous in attending to his business he's liable to dim your glim. Use your time and energy on yourself, old fellow, and it will help you on your way up hill.

BITTINGER.

On account of the prevalence of la grippe among our people communion services, which were announceed to be held last Sunday morning, were postponed until next Sunday morning at 10:30.

The sect, vulgarly styled, "Holy Rollers," are again holding a series of meetings in the Bear Hill settlement.

Dr. Carney, of Grantsville, was called to this village last week to administer relief to grip sufferers.

While working in his blacksmith shop one day last week, a small piece of steel flew and lodged in the eye of the smith, Jacob Brenneman. Dr. Carney removed the steel and Mr. Brenneman is recovering and there will not likely be any permanent injury to the eye.

A few days ago Andrew J. Oester slipped and fell, badly straining his knee, and as a result he is confined to his home.

At the regular annual meeting of the Mutual Telephone Co., held in this village last Saturday afternoon, little change was made in the corps of officers, but the members of the company regretted the resignation of their treasurer, Noah Brenneman, who will shortly remove to his new home near Grantsville.

Prompt Payment by Sun Life Insurance Company.

Oakland, Md., Nov, 23, 1915.

Mr. R. E. Sliger, Agent,
Sun Life Assurance Co.,
Oakland, Md.,

Dear Sir:—I want to thank you for check which you have handed me, in payment of policy of $3000.00 which my husband held in your company.

He took this policy on Aug. 22, 1911, and at that time was in perfect health.

The money has been paid to me without delay, and with no trouble or expense on my part, and I feel that I am very fortunate in having this investment made for me through the business judgment of my husband during his lifetime.

Yours very truly,
MRS. CLARK M. BOWERS.

Adv. tf

HEAVENLY BODIES

A Letter to the Young People About the Stars.

BY REV. D. A. FRIEND.

My Dear Young Friends:

I just want to talk to you about "Aster." Now aster is the Greek word for star; and the word astronomy means the science of the stars.

And all the stars are known as heavenly bodies, and so the science of astronomy treats of the distance, form, magnitude and motion of the heavenly bodies.

Stars are designated as of different magnitudes or in other words different sizes, so the largest stars are termed stars of the first magnitude, and the next largest of the second magnitude and so on. Our sun is a star of the first magnitude and it has a great many worlds of lesser magnitude revolving around it, and at different distances from it; and the nearest they approach to the sun, or to each other is many millions of miles.

Those stars that revolve in this manner around the sun are called planets, and they all travel eastward, each one in its circle, or orbit, (it it true that they seem to be going westward but that is owing to the rotary motion of the earth) and they travel at the rate of many thousands of miles in an hour. Thus they run in their courses through all the ages of time, and eternity.

I will mention a few of the planets by name and tell you the distance of each from the sun, as we go along; and now we will begin up next to the sun. The first is Mercury, 35 millions of miles from the sun, then Venus 66 millions of miles then earth, 92 millions, and there is where we live at this time.

I suppose some of you never thought before that we live on a star, but such is really the case.

Next in order comes Mars, 139 millions of miles from the sun, and then we come to Jupiter, that wonderful planet which is 479 millions of miles from the sun, and has a diameter of 88,390 miles and is 1200 times larger than our earth and has five large moons to give it light.

Then comes Saturn, one of the most interesting of all the planets. It is 872 million of miles from the sun, and has eight moons and three wondrous white rings which encircle it to give it light and beauty. This planet is so beautiful that some one of the astronomers has suggested that it might be heaven itself.

Now we go way out to Uranus 1,754 millions of miles from the sun with a diameter of 33,024 miles.

And farthest of all the group we reach Neptune, 2,746 millions of miles from the sun, with a diameter of 36,620 miles.

Now these planets can be known from the fixed stars in the fact that they never twinkle. All the other stars are twinkling stars, but the planets never twinkle.

The twinkling stars are all said to be suns in the vast distance, and are supposed to have each a system of worlds revolving about it.

Our sun is more than a million of times as large as our earth and is 500 times as large as all its planets put together.

All these things seem to be great in our estimation, but they are only a beginning of the great universe which God, who alone is great, has formed, and the same God has made each one of us, that we might know Him and love Him, and enjoy Him forever, in that world where our Redeemer, Christ, has gone to prepare a place for us.

Friendsville, Md., January 15, 1916.

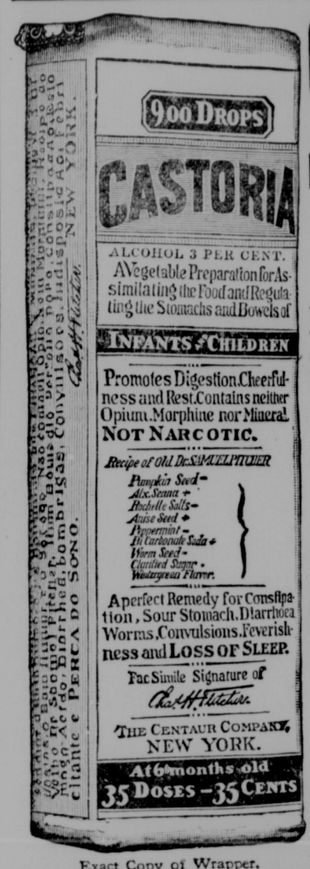
Farm Stationery.

Our correspondence with farmers shows a constantly increasing percentage of printed letter-heads and envelopes. The use of such stationery is a cheap and effective way of giving personality and efficiency to correspondence. It is cheap advertising of your farm specialties and insures special attention to your letters and their contents. Letterheads neatly printed to give name, address, perhaps name of farm, a few farm specialties and even a small cut of farm buildings if you choose, can be had at small cost.

Envelopes to match can be added at a little above the cost of plain envelopes. The cost is paid in every letter mailed. The value of special attention given to a single letter may pay the entire cost. If you are a breeder of any class of farm live stock, or grow any special crop, or are selling farm seeds of any kind or variety, the advertising given by a well arranged letter-head will many times pay the cost. Individual stationery is a mark of individuality and progress worth while whether your correspondence is large or small.

Sulphur To Ward Off Grip.

At Fairmont residents are putting sulphur in their shoes to keep away the grip. Older residents recall that 20 years ago when an epidemic of grip swept the country, Dr. George Angel, a celebrated physician, recommended at that time that everybody put sulphur in his shoes as a preventive, the discovery having been made that men employed in the sulphur mines were immune from the disease.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

The Lonaconing Savings Bank
Of Allegay Count.
Stands First among the State Banks of Maryland

Capital Stock . $20,000
Surplus and Undivided Profits . $60,000
Deposits . . $625,000

3 PER CENT. Interest Paid Upon all Savings Accounts.

GIVE THEM A START

This would be a good time for you to start your young folks on the road to Success.

Early training in the practice of self-denial; nstruction as to the use and value of money; opportunities for earning and saving money; all these tend to fix and fasten the children in the ways of thrift and prosperity.

We most gladly assist the young people in getting started.

One Dollar opens an account and entitles the depositor to one of our Savings Banks.

We shall be pleased to have our Garrett County friends call and open an account with us.

JAMES M. SLOAN, President. DUNCAN R. SLOAN, Cashier.

THE CITY'S BEST
MEAT MARKET
IN THE EMPIRE BUILDING.

Choice Steak, Boiling Meat, and all other kinds of meat. Highest cash price paid for Poultry and Eggs; also cash paid for Hides and Skins.

H. L. MILLER

When a Doctor is Needed

When you need a doctor, you usually want him in a hurry. The quickest way is by telephone.

You may not need a doctor now, but it is well to be prepared for emergencies. The prompt use of the telephone has saved many a life.

You can have service for a few cents a day. Ask our local manager about it.

THE CHESAPEAKE AND POTOMAC TELEPHONE COMPANY
J. BROOKE BOYLE, Local Manager
Tel. 9000 10 Union St., Cumberland

Our Annual Piano Clearance Sale

Entire stock of slightly-used, store samples and taken-in-exchange pianos, including the best makes of uprights grands and player pianos, at greatly reduced prices.

This January, on account of the large number of pianos on our floors, which we received the past year in exchange on new pianos and other musical instruments, we are making the prices the lowest ever attempted by a reliable house. The only time we offer pianos at reduced prices is during one of these sales, and they are consequently looked forward to by many, so it will be advisable to attend the sale at once. Write us if you cannot come in person. Every piano on our floors has been carefully and thoroughly gone over in our own shops, by experienced workmen, until we can guarantee every one to be in first class condition. Some of them you cannot tell from new.

Uprights-Grands-Players

Upright Pianos $90 up

Player Pianos $275 up

20% OFF ON ALL Music Cabinets & Record Cabinets

MORRISON MUSIC COMPANY,
181 Baltimore Street, CUMBERLAND, MD.
Please send me a full list and description of instruments in your great sale of slightly used Pianos and Organs; also details of easy-payment plan.
Name .....
Address .....

We will pay car fare for piano purchasers within 100 miles of Cumberland.

EASY TERMS

MORRISON MUSIC CO.

Pianola Pianos, Aeolian Vocalions, Edison Diamond Disc and Victor Victrola Phonographs

Y. M. C. A. Building *131 Baltimore Street* *Cumberland, Md.*

HUTTON

The rain and sleet of Sunday was followed by a terrible blizzard that "didn't slight Hutton," as a young gentleman recently termed it.

Mr. James Broderick, of Oakland, was a business visitor here Tuesday.

Miss Madeline Dent, of Crellin, was the guest of Miss Emma Saltzman Monday of last week.

Owing to the scarcity of home news the writer from time to time will contribute notes of interest on the general happenings of abroad, under the head of the community news as heretofore

Mr. Thos. Hughes was a business visitor at Uniontown, Pa., recently.

Miss Margaret Feeney, of Edgewood, was an Oakland visitor one day last week.

Miss Margaret Connell entertained a number of friends at her home Saturday evening.

In continuation of the subject of my last letter, suppletary to the one previous, the writer, no doubt, has been very uncharitable in his criticism of the European rulers. It is the enormity of wickedness that is being perpetrated day by day in the beautiful country of a once peaceful nation, that calls forth our righteous and just indignation. Sad, indeed, to see men in the prime of life destroyed as mere nothingness in the sight of a cruel and vainglorious ruler, for how often, kind reader, have we not gleaned from the daily news a royal edict of an unmerciful commander: "Gain the victory, irrespective of the loss of life!" Ah! it is here I may venture the old saying, but a very true one:—"The mills of the Gods grind slowly, but exceedingly fine." A day of retribution will come, be it a year hence or many, when the Supreme Ruler of the universe, who hath endowed the monarchs of the earthly kingdom with power, in a measure, to that of his own, will summons the offending before the divine tribunal of justice and demand an exact, an accurate account, of his stewardship, as well as to the safe keeping of the most precious treasurers of his heart. O! what a penalty the divine Judge and vindicator of righteousness will impose on the trangressor, I will leave for the reader to imagine, The dove appears bearing the olive branch of reconciliation whilst a loud shout ascends, "His majesty has won a triumphant victory, an overwhelming success," which terminates this outrageous slaughter, bought at a priceless sacrifice of thousands of poor unfortunate and innocent victims, whose very life current tinges crimson the snowclad battle fields of Europe. Shall not the people of nations rise up in anger and exclaim, "*Is it worth the price?*" Homes are shattered, ruin and desolation are everywhere; devoted wives are bereft of husbands; mothers separated from sons; sweethearts are parted from loved ones; home-ties are rent asunder, whilst the despairing cries of weeping mourners echo the fatal words "*Is it worth the price*?" Indeed it requires a strong mind and still stronger heart to take up the broken thread of life, and begin anew. O, sorrowing, tear stained, broken-hearted Europe, writhing anguishly in the blood of your innumerable slain, truly you may ask "*Is it worth the price?*" Whilst the inevitable answer must be "save the ship!" But first sound the warning cry across the channels:

O! captain at the helm take heed
When Higher Powers supersede—
A strict accountance of your deeds
Will be required before you're free
To persevere in liberty.

Then tow and row gently and safely the broken, weather-beaten vessel out of the abysa of hatred, and the whirlpool of contention, into a peaceful harbor of love and unity, where time and patience worketh wonders. Do you wish to help rescue the perishing ship and her human cargo from the perils of barbarism? Do you, reader, without leaving your beautiful and peaceful homes in this bright and sunny America, eagerly desire to accomplish that which Ford, and still greater crusaders, have utterly failed to achieve? Does not your christian belief hold out a most efficacious means by which you can, and may, if your faith does not waver. Ah! even move mountains if necessary. Won't you throwout the "life line," to the millions of beseeching and beckoning hands that are slowly but surely sinking below the water's edge? And finally, when the historian whose duty it will be to record the sad events of this terrible and atrocious catastrophe, shall he attribute (irrespective of nationality) the conquering monarch with the unfading laurel wreath of valor? Shall he pay him the admiration and homage like to that paid the noble Washington or the illustrious Lincoln, whose very life and ambition was a self sacrifice for the betterment of poor humanity? Shall he credit the "Lord of wars," with those honors? I leave for you to decide.

O! pen of Justice write indelibly on the never-to-be forgotten pages of history that fame and gain can never be obtained where sin, shame and stain have branded the fair name of civilization. In conclusion, dear readers, you have noticed that in this important and vital narrative I have prepared in a serial form of three instalments; the the first, to attract your attention; the second, to win your allegiance, and this the third, and last to enlist your sympathy and cooperation. "Cast your bread upon the waters, and after many days it shall return a hundred fold."

ST. ELMO.

MOUNTAIN LAKE PARK.

T. B. Doman is working up a nice trade in graham flour. Saturday he made a shipment to Virginia Beach, Va.

Robert Momaw is slowly improving from an attack of pneumonia.

Andrew Dolbow, well known in this county, is doing very successful evangelic work. He recently closed a meeting at Hokeson, Del., with forty-two additions to the church. Mrs. Dolbow is quite ill at her home.

Miss Dottie Doman, of Loch Lynn, has been invited to be the pianoist during the coming camp meeting.

Captain Bush Hardesty will spend a week or two in Florida and possibly go to Cuba before returning home from the east.

Miss Nevitt, of Asbury College, Wilmore, Ky., will have charge of the boys and girls meetings during the camp meeting. Miss Nevitt is a great friend of children. We are glad that she will be in charge of these meetings, which will be a feature of the annual gathering.

Word reached the Park Tuesday of the death of Mrs. Asenath Mary Thompson, at the home of her sister, in Bellefontaine, Ohio, after an illness of only two weeks, from heart disease, on last Thursday. Mrs. Thompson for years was a summer visitor at the Park and a property owner. She was an active member of the Park Civic Club, to which she gave of her talent in various ways. Before leaving the Park last summer she had arranged to go to California, early in this year, with her daughter, Mrs. S. T. Tierney and family, of Weston, W. Va., and expected to spend a year on the Pacific coast.

Mrs. Thompson was a woman of affectionate nature, deeply attached to her family and kindred, She was ever ready with a smile and a kind word. Her life was a life of usefulness to the end. The interment was in the Bellfontaine cemetery, beside the body of her husband. She will be greatly missed by the summer citisens of the Park.

The Baltimore Conference Epwort League Vacational Institute will Convene at the Park August 3-10. A number of the leaguers will remain over for the Bible Conference. Burbank, of Washington, D. C., is in charge of the program.

Miss Jennie Smith writes that she will attend the camp meeting this summer, as the guest of Hotel Chautauqua.

The Henry Weber Son's Co., are filling their ice house from the lake at the Park.

GRANTSVILLE.

The girls basket basket ball team of Salisbury, Pa., in the near future will play the girls' team of this place.

Henry Swauger, a civil war veteran of Grantsville, Md., is visiting his son and daughter-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. George E. Swauger of 218 Haynes street. Although not a resident of Johnstown, Mr. Swauger is a great admirer of this city and spends some time there every year with relatives. So says the Leader, of Johnstown, Pa.

Adam Hanft, of Keyser Ridge, was a recent visitor at Meyersdale, Pa.

Mrs. H. W. Ambell has removed from Pittsburgh to this village to keep house for her bachelor uncles, D. H. and L. B. Kurtz, in their new home, "The Three Oaks."

Mrs. Rebekah Johnston has moved her family out of the Hetrick property into the old home place this week.

Miss Malamphy, trained nurse of Cumberland, is in charge of Mrs. J. J. Bender and family, Miss Finan having been called home.

Miss Bessie Engle, who returned from the Passavant hospital, has accepted a position in a school of physical culture at Iowa City, Iowa, and has left to enter upon her duties at that place, being greatly benefitted by her treatment at the hospital.

A New Company.

The Oakland Automobile Company has secured the agency for the celebrated Dodge Car, and owing to the great demand for these cars the Oakland Company was able to secure but six of the cars for this territory the coming year. To appreciate this car one must see it. It is the most up-to-date car on the market. Price $785 f. o. b. Detroit. You can see this car at Treacy's new garage. Don't miss it For further particulars call on or address, C. B. Johnson, office First National Bank Building, Oakland, Md.

Advertisement.

Subscribe for The Republican.

WILSON TO GIVE CARRANZA TIME

Administration Resists Cry in Congress to Invade Mexico

NEED AN ARMY OF 200,000

Determined That the Administration Shall Not Be Stampeded by War Talk and Cries of Vengeance Into Sending an Army to Mexico

Washington.—Gen. Carranza and the de facto Government of Mexico are to be given full opportunity, without intervention from the United States, to run to earth the murderers of American citizens at Santa Ysabel and to demonstrate ability to restore order and protect foreign rights in the southern republic.

That was the outstanding fact here after a meeting of the Cabinet, a conference between President Wilson and Chairman Stone of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, and stirring debates in the Senate Chamber.

Supported by his Cabinet and the Democratic leaders in Congress, the President is declared to be determined that the American Government shall not be stampeded by war talk and cries of vengeance into rushing an army across the Rio Grande to destroy in its infancy the de facto Government which the United States, with the co-operation of Pan-American nations, aided in establishing after the Mexican nation had been torn by revolution for years.

Carranza Promises Aid.

The oral announcement of the decision of the President followed the receipt of a telegram from General Venustiano Carranza, head of he de facto Government, to Eliseo Arredondo, Ambassador designate from the de facto Government to the United States, as follows:

The murderous attack on the passenger train near Chihuahua was made by the only remaining band of outlaws in that region. This band is being actively pursued in order to insure its capture whereupon condign punishment which their crime deserves will be meted out to every guilty participant. The Constitutionalist Government troops have been ordered to establish strong patrols from end to end of the railway line to forefend against similar outrages. You will make this declaration to the press of the United States.

VENUSTIANO CARRANZA.

Senator Works of California offered a resolution for armed intervention.

Senator Fall of New Mexico took up the cudgels and flayed the President's acts since the "war on Vera Cruz."

Senator Lodge was a sarcastic interrupter in the debates, on the side of the war advocates.

Senator Stone pleaded to let the President decide what to do in Mexico.

Army experts figure that it would take an army of 200,000 men at an enormous cost to pacify Mexico.

After riots at El Paso, between Mexicans and United States soldiers and civilians, troops stopped the trouble.

Funerals of C. R. Watson, general manager of the Cusihuiriachic Mining Co. of Chicago and head of the party of 18 Americans massacred and of Richard McHatton, private secretary to Watson, another victim were held at El Paso.

WORLD'S NEWS IN CONDENSED FORM

EL PASO.—Carranza has put a decree of death on Villa and all his "bandits." He promises speedy execution of the slayers of Americans. The First Chief also asks that Americans be patient and give time to avenge the massacre.

OTTAWA.—The first shot in a nationwide fight to make the entire Dominion of Canada "dry" was fired here with the publication of an appeal to the Parliament of Canada to enact a Federal prohibition law.

CHRISTIANIA.—A large part of Bergen, Norway, has been destroyed in biggest fire Norway has ever suffered.

LONDON.—Letters and other documents showing that Captain Franz von Papen advanced thousands of dollars to persons accused or suspected of bomb plots in connection with pro-German activities in the United States are included in the correspondence taken from the recalled military attache at Falmouth.

NEW YORK.—Details for the formation of a $150,000,000 oil merger, headed by the Mexican Petroleum Co., have been virtually completed except for the formal signing of the contracts.

PITTSBURGH.—Lehigh Valley R. R. placed orders for 1,500 automobile cars.

GALVESTON, Texas.—Captain Edward P. Nones and three privates were drowned in the Galveston channel when the boat J. L. 16 was run down and sunk by the tank steamer Charles E. Harwood.

NEW YORK.—Bankers are taking exceptional interest in the news that Great Britain is preparing to make her blockade of German ports effective. The opinion was expressed that an iron hand on traffic into German waters might considerably restrict our commerce with Europe.

TOKIO.—An attempt was made in this city to assassinate Count Okuma.

CHEVROLET

THE "FOUR-NINETY" is a real automobile. It has a quiet, powerful, VALVE-IN-HEAD Motor. It has looks—it has style—it is beautifully finished and rides like a cradle.

THE "FOUR-NINETY" has the following novel and superior features not found in any other car built:

(1) Shock-absorbing duplex front springs; (2) Self-lubricating cluten collar; (3) Hub construction with triple-size bearings, preventing "wabble" of wheels and wear on tires; (4) Compound spur steering gear attached to body—the simplest and safest ever invented; (5) Unit power plant carrying transmission on open brackets, which gives accessibility to clutch and allows removal of all transmission, if necessary, in twenty minutes. (Patents granted or applied for on the above.)

BESIDES THESE EXCLUSIVE FEATURES, THE "FOUR-NINETY" HAS

(1) Steamline front; (2) Crown fenders; (3) Cellular radiator; (4) Body with flush sides and concealed hinges; (5) Three-speed transmission; (6) Three-quarter floating axle; (7) The world-famous Zenith carburetor.

OTHER THINGS WORTH KNOWING

THE "FOUR-NINETY" does not have a single hinged joint to squeak or a spring shackle to rattle—and you will find only six grease cups on the entire car.

READ THIS OVER TWICE

WHAT MORE DO YOU WANT FOR $490?

Auto-Lite Electric Starting and Lighting System Only $60 Extra.

These cars may be inspected at Lawton's Garage. Upon request demonstrations will be gladly given. Write for booklets describing these cars to

John J. Sweeney, Distributor,

OAKLAND, MARYLAND.

The Lutheran Church

SECOND STREET, OAKLAND

Sunday School, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

B. H. SINCELL, Superintendent.

Let every one heed the words of the Master, "Suffer little children to come unto Me and forbid them not: for of such is the Kingdom of God."

Men's Brotherhood Class, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

JULIUS C. RENNINGER, Brotherhood President.

REV. BREMER, Teacher.

We cordially invite all men not already enrolled in some school to study the Bible with this class.

Morning Worship, 10.45 o'Clock.

Undoubtedly, one of the richest blessings of the christian life is a consciousness of duty done and obligations maintained. Regular attendance upon the regular appointed hours of worship adds much to that consciousness,

Luther League, 6.30 o'Clock P. M.

Topic—"Our Lutheran Missions in Japan."

Leader—EFFIE WAMSLEY.

Evening Worship, 7.30 o'Clock.

All are welcomed to worship with us.

—The above was prepared by the pastor and the advestisement is authorized and paid for by one interested in church work.

Settle the Silo Question and Settle it for Good

Do away with painting, repairing and tightening of hoops.

Know that your silo won't blow over.

Be sure of perfect silage at all times.

Build the worryless, efficient.

Natco Imperishable Silo. "The silo that lasts for generations."

Its hollow, vitrified, clay tile are impervious to air and moisture; they preserve the silage sweet and juicy.

The dead air space in the wall resists frost making it the silo for cold climates.

Its a silo of efficiency, and a silo you'll be proud of.

For further information address, The National Fire Proofing Company, Pittsburgh, Pa., or, W. C. DeBerry, Oakland, Md.

P. S. A liberal discount is given on silos ordered before Feb. 1st. Discount becomes smaller each succeeding month.

D. A. Arnold of Keyser, W. Va., manager of the Knobley Mountain fruit farm near that place, says the company has 30,000 apple and 7,000 peach trees in the orchard and last year sold 7,000 barrels of apples and all the peaches the market would take.

Mortgagee's Sale OF A Valuable Farm In Garrett county, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage from William C. Brafford to the undersigned mortgagee, dated the 26th day of November, 1910, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 69, folio 424 etc., one of the Mortgagee Records of Garrett county, he will on

SATURDAY, the 5th day of February,

1916, in front of the Court House, in the town of Oakland, at the hour of two o'clock P. M. of said day, sell at public auction to the highest bidder, all that tract or parcel of ground, situate, lying and being in Garrett County, located about

four miles North from Deer Park, near State road,

being a part of the tract of land called "Stock Farm" and containing the quantity of

Thirty Acres and 104 Perches,

more or less, and being the same tract of land which was conveyed to the said William C. Brafford by deed from Gilmor S. Hamill and wife, dated the 26th day of November, 1910, and duly recorded among the Land Records of Garrett county, especial reference to which said deed and the record thereof is herein made for a more particular description of said tract of land.

Said property is improved by a very good Dwelling House and outbuildings with an orchard thereon, and a good part of the property is under fence and well cultivated, besides being well watered.

TERMS OF SALE:—Whilst the mortgage calls for cash sale, still if any responsible party desires to buy this property reasonable terms can be made with the undersigned in buying the same, and by giving notes for the deferred payments to be agreed upon.

Possession will be given upon the ratification of the sale by the Court and the purchaser arranging the terms.

GILMOR S. HAMILL,
Mortgagee.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Garrett National Bank,

AT OAKLAND,

In the State of Maryland, at the close of business, December 31st, 1915.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$399,599 52
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)		50,000 00
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged		125,185 00
Stocks, other than Federal Reserve Bank stock		2,750 00
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve Bank	$6,900	
Less amount unpaid	3,450	3,450 00
Value of banking house (if unencumbered)		27,500 00
Furniture and fixtures		3,000 00
Net amount due from Federal Reserve bank		11,755 52
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in New York, Chicago, St. Louis	$17,092 43	
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in other reserve cities	13,721 62	30,814 05
Net amount due from banks and bankers (other than that above)		4,408 66
Other checks on banks in the same city or town as reporting bank		237 58
Outside checks and other cash items	$177 50	
Fractional currency, nickles and cents	163 90	341 40
Notes of other national banks		220 00
Coin and certificates		21,791 15
Legal-tender notes		2,045 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		2,500 00
Total		$685,597 88

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$50,000 00
Surplus fund	65,000 00
Undivided profits	524 33
Circulating notes outstanding	49,297 50
Due to banks and bankers (other than that above)	100 00
Dividends unpaid	3,500 00
Demand deposits—	
Individual deposits subject to check	206,768 96
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days	27,420 08
Cashier's checks outstanding	516 92
Total demand deposits....$234,705.96	
Time deposits (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice)—	
Certificates of deposit	211,005 83
Other time deposits	71,464 26
Total of time deposits....$282,470.09	
Total	$685,597 88

State of Maryland, County of Garrett, I, G. A. FRALEY, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

G. A. FRALEY, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 7th day of January, 1916.

MARK S. WHITE, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: GILMOR S. HAMILL, GEORGE W. LEGGE, JOHN T. MITCHELL, Directors.

Subscribe for The Republican.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The First National Bank AT OAKLAND,

In the State of Maryland, at the close of business, December 31, 1915.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$281,870 48
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	50,000 00	
U. S. bonds pledged to secure U. S. deposits (par value)	1,000 00	
Premium on U. S. bonds	1,000 00	52,000 00
Stocks, other than Federal Reserve Bank stock		1,500 00
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve bank	$4,800 00	
Less amount unpaid	$2,400 00	2,400 00
Value of banking house (if unencumbered)		39,821 30
Furniture and fixtures		3,175 29
Real estate owned other banking house		2,500 00
Net amount due from Federal Reserve bank		5,607 50
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in New York, Chicago, and St. Louis	1,078 03	
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in other reserve cities	11,920 09	12,998 12
Net amount due from banks and bankers (other than above)		1,512 73
Other checks on banks in the same city or town as reporting bank		330 60
Fractional currency, nickels and cents		217 28
Notes of other national banks		2,270 40
Coin and certificates		10,347 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		2,500 00
Total		$419,147 30

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	50,000 00
Surplus fund	20,000 00
Undivided profits	3,156 54
Circulating notes outstanding	50,000 00
Due to banks and bankers (other than above)	465 50
Dividends unpaid	1,559 00
Demand deposits—	
Individual deposits subject to check	168,521 59
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days	500 00
Certified Checks	781 10
Cashier's checks outstanding	887 50
United States deposits	1,000 00
Total demand deposits	[illegible]
Time deposits (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice)	
Certificates of deposit	926 21
Other time deposits	161,329 46
Total of time deposits	$162,255 67
Notes and bills rediscontinued elsewhere than at Federal Reserve Bank	10,000 00
Total	$419,147 30

State of Maryland, County of Garrett.

I, R. E. SLIGER, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

R. E. SLIGER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 11th day of January, 1916.

WALTER W. DAWSON, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: FRED. A. THAYER, E. H. SINCELL, D. M. DIXON, Directors.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice That the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

MARGARET E. GRIFFITH

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 13th day of July 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this thirteenth day of January, 1916.

FRED. A. THAYER,
Administrator Margaret E. Griffith.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

JOEL J. MILLER

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 13th day of July 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 13th day of January, 1916.

JONAS B. MILLER,
Administrator,
Grantsville, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters Testamentary on the estate of

MARY RATHBUN

late of Garrett County, Maryland deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 13th day of July 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 13th day of January, 1916.

FRANK E. RATHBUN,
Executor,
Oakland, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters Testamentary on the estate of

JONAS D. BRENNEMAN

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 13th day of July 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 13th day of January, 1916.

LYDIA BRENNEMAN,
Executrix,
Grantsville, Md.

Commissioners Meeting.

The County Commissioners of Garrett county, Maryland, will meet in their office in Oakland on

Monday, February 7th, 1916,

to hear appeals on assessments and make transfers. Road Supervisors who have not filed their Bonds and Oath of Office are requested to do so on or before the above date.

By order of the Board.
W. G. MEYERS, Clerk.

Men's Defects Sized Up.

The ten chief defects of men, as decided by the votes of the women readers of Femina, one of the most popular women's weeklies in France, are egotism, easily first with 2,387 votes; then come jealousy, 1,968; infidelity, 1,783; intemperance, 1,417; cowardice (or rather base mean-spiritedness), 1,350; immorality, 1,070; despotism, 1,057; anger, 1,051; conceit, 1,000, and idleness, 935.

Had Johnson Stumped.

Doctor Johnson and Macklin were arguing a literary question, when the former quoted Greek. "I don't understand Greek," said Macklin. "The man who presumes to argue literature should understand every language," replied Johnson, severely. Whereupon Macklin began reeling off a string of Gaelic, and for once Johnson had nothing to say.

Uncle Pennywise Says:

Give a woman a gallon of leftover lemonade and she immediately wants to arrange a reception.

Modern

Fashions are so peculiar that it's a real treat for a woman to be unlovely and comfortable.

News Is Stranger Than Fiction

By MOSS.

SUPPOSE advertising of all kinds the world over were wiped out for a month—utterly obliterated. Yes, it would ruin business. But it would do more—it would make this old world positively STUPID.

Why?

Because ADVERTISING IS NEWS, and we must keep pace with the news or grow stale.

Newspaper advertising—THE BEST ON EARTH—is displayed news, paid for with a purpose.

The latest news in newspaper advertising, a special sale of furs, a big reduction in suits, a saving in groceries, furniture at annual sale prices or five bars of soap for the price of three—all this latest news is as important to every housewife and the husband who pays the bills as the last word from Mexico or an account of the newest municipal or society scandal.

Advertising is POSITIVELY and ABSOLUTELY news.

Successful advertisers make their ads. as NEWSY as possible. Read the ads. in this paper as NEWS. Keep up with them. Truth is stranger than fiction. So is news.

REPORT OF CONDITION OF

The First National Bank AT KITZMILLERVILLE,

In the State of Maryland, at the close of business, December 31, 1915.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$102,154 79
Overdrafts, secured		62 25
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)		24,000 00
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged		16,450 00
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve bank	2,300 00	
Less amount unpaid	1,150 00	1,150 00
Value of banking house (if unencumbered)		7,000 00
Furniture and fixtures		4,387 60
Net amount due from Federal Reserve bank		2,080 70
Net amount due from approved reserve agents New York, Chicago and St. Louis	49 74	
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in other reserve cities	6,545 59	6,595 33
Net amount due from banks and bankers (other than above)		5 54
Outside checks and other cash items	95 38	
Fractional currency, nickles, and cents	189 63	283 01
Notes of other national banks		3,150 00
Lawful money reserve in bank—		
Coin and certificates		6,850 55
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		1,249 50
Other assets, if any		134 16
Total		$176,523 43

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	25,000 00
Surplus fund	13,000 00
Undivided profits	1,527 07
Circulating notes outstand	24,500 00
Net amount due to approved reserve agents in other reserve cities	209 91
Due to banks and bankers (other than above)	2,251 89
Dividends unpaid	24 00
Demand deposits—	
Individual deposits subject to check	26,027 07
Cashier's Checks out standing	610 72
Total demand deposits	26,637 79
Time deposits (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice),	
Other time deposits	73,482 83
Total of time deposits	73,482 83
Bills payable, including obligations representing money borrowed	10,000 00
Total	$176,523 43

State of Maryland, County of Garrett.

I, G. B. M. KEPLER, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

G. B. M. KEPLER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 13th day of January, 1916.

Sue L. LAUGHLIN, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: R. A. SMITH, D. F. FICHTNER, S. S. BENDER, Directors.

TWO THINGS NEEDED IN COUNTRY LIFE

State Prize Winner In Maryland Week Essay Contest Urges Education and Organization.

JESSE M. HUFFUNGTON,
Wicomico County.

Education is a most important matter in our country life. Our farmer boys and girls should be trained in country industries. Our boys sho be taught the general principles of farming, farm management, crop and animal production, and the like. This work should be started in the elementary grades, continuing throughout their school days. Our girls should learn household economy and home sanitation. With such training in childhood, any country girl is better fitted for the many problems which confront her in later life.

A consolidated school in each rural community instead of so many small one-teacher schools would meet an urgent need in many communities. Advantages gained by having a consolidated school are more competition, better equipment, and more specialized instruction. Our high schools ought also to be provided with means for giving agricultural courses, particularly, winter short courses for the benefit of the older farmer boys. They should also have classes for training rural teachers, as many of our teachers do not understand the needs and problems of country life. Our normal schools should train teachers especially for country schools. Our Agricultural College ought to be looked up to as the greatest institution in the State devoted to teaching agriculture. Students either intending to be teachers or farmers should be encouraged to attend it. The agricultural short courses held there are of immeasurable value to the agricultural interests.

We need also to promote local organizations in our rural communities. Local improvement associations work effectively for improved roads, better schools, and a more effective local government. Women's clubs are useful in aiding our country mothers to become better home keepers, and secure necessary recreation. Boys' and Girls' Clubs give the boys enthusiasm for farming, and teach them improved methods, while they create in our girls an interest in household economy and give them the social life they need. The local grange has rendered valuable services in promoting improved living conditions, better agricultural methods, the elimination of unnecessary middlemen, economy and honesty in government, and satisfactory educational facilities.

In Maryland, particularly, the Affiliated Agricultural Societies, promoting the Maryland Week Exhibiti have been particularly helpful in affording an opportunity for the State's agricultural resources and a meeting place for our city and country people. The Essay contest for the boys and girls of the public schools, which they supervise, is an inducement to us to study our agricultural problems and help us become more useful men and women. It is a good thing that we have these societies and associations in our State. They are much needed. We should have them in every community in Maryland.

WHERE DO YOUR FOWLS ROOST ON WINTER NIGHTS?

ROY H. WAITE,
Maryland Agricultural Experiment Station.

Do you ever look into your hen house to see how the fowls are spending the night? It will pay you to keep track of how your birds arrange themselves for the night, especially during the cold winter months. This is one phase of poultry culture that seems to be overlooked by most writers.

We hear about colds being caused by all manner of things, but did it ever occur to you that isolated cases of colds might be caused by birds roosting apart in a drafty portion of the house? I have seen hens roost on nests, feed-hoppers, cross braces and even on drinking vessels. What is worse, I have seen many take cold apparently from no other reason than that they were in a very cold and drafty place. The best way to keep them off such places is to provide sloping tops so that the birds cannot obtain a foothold.

It is especially important to look after this situation when you have more than one male in the pen. Have you ever puzzled over the fact that one male bird seemed to stand the cold weather better than the others? It might be interesting for you to watch proceedings about roosting time some cold night. This may be about what happens: The more timid "rooster," gets on the perches early and settles down to enjoy the night's rest. A little later, up jumps the boss "rooster" (there is always a boss), and drives them off. They vainly try to get back a few times and then give it up, finally contenting themselves with m any place they can find. They a somewhat heated up and ready to take a cold and on extremely cold nights are in a fair way to get a frozen comb.

The "boss" sits up among the flock, their animal heat helping to keep him warm and comfortable. Those roosting apart are lucky to get off with simply a frozen comb, they sometimes in addition have their toes frozen.

Are your hens laying winter eggs, or are they "soldiering" on you? Then attend the annual short course in Poultry Keeping at your Agricultural College, January 17-20.

THE REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME 40. OAKLAND, MARYLAND THURSDAY, JANUARY 27, 1916. NUMBER 48

SENATOR SPEICHER'S ANTI-SHIPPING BILL

Its Aim Is To Abolish Transportation of Liquor In The County.

In the Senate last Friday Senator Speicher's anti-shipping bill was delivered in printed form and yesterday morning this paper was furnished a copy which is published in full as follows:

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Section 4 of Chapter 34 of the Acts of 1914 entitled "An Act to enable the registered qualified voters of Garrett County to determine by ballot whether spirituous or fermented liquors shall not be sold in said County, or shall be sold only as hereinafter described, and to repeal all Acts or parts of Acts inconsistent with this Act, or any part of this Act," be and the same is hereby repealed and re-enacted so as to read as follows:

SEC. 4. And be it enacted, That if it shall appear by the returns of said judges and certificates of said Clerk that a majority of said votes have been cast "Against license," it shall not be lawful for any person or any house, company, or association, or body corporate or any manufacturer of intoxicating liquors of any kind to barter or sell, directly or indirectly, or to solicit or to receive orders for the purchase of, at any place within the limits of Garrett County, or to give away at any place of business, or to give to or furnish any person under the age of twenty-one years, within the limits of said County, any spirituous, fermented or malt liquors or alcoholic bitters, or intoxicating drinks of any kind, including whiskey, brandy, rum, wine, ale, beer and all other fermented, malt and distilled liquors, and every mixture of liquors which shall contain more than two per cent. by weight, of alcohol and every mixture of liquors which shall contain less than two per cent. of alcohol, if the same shall be intoxicating; or any article used or sold as a beverage in the composition of which whiskey, brandy, high wines, or alcohol or any spirituous or fermented liquors shall be an ingredient, nor shall any license be granted for the sale of the same therein, that no person or public or private carrier shall knowingly accept or receive for shipment, transportation or delivery to any person or place within the limits of Garrett County, or to carry, bring into, transfer to any other person, carrier or agent, handle, deliver or distribute in Garrett County, any intoxicating liquor, regardless of the name by which it may be called; provided, however that individuals may bring into Garrett County, upon their person or as their personal baggage, for their personal use only, such liquor in quantity not to exceed one quart, and the proper officers of churches may receive wine in unbroken packages for sacramental purposes only.

SEC. 2. And be it enacted, That this Act shall take effect from the date of passage.

Betrothal Dinner.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Liller, of Keyser, W. Va., Friday evening gave a dinner, attended by a few of their nearest relatives and friends, and at the dinner announcement was made of the engagement of their daughter, Miss Joretha Ambrose Liller, to Rev. H. F. Baughman, pastor of the Lutheran church at Keyser. The date for the wedding has not yet been set. Miss Liller is one of Keyser's most popular young ladies with a large circle of friends who will be much interested in the coming event.

Junior Brown Is Father.

Congressman Wm. G. Brown of the Second West Virginia district and Mrs. Brown are rejoicing at their home in Kingwood over the birth of a daughter. Mr. Brown was married in the fall of 1914 to Izetta Jewel who was then leading lady of the Poli stock company in Washington.

Subscribe for the Republican.

TO LEGISLATE MILLER DISTILLERY OUT OF BUSINESS

Such a Measure Has Been Introduced At Annapolis.

STATE HOUSE, ANNAPOLIS, JAN. 25.—A number of bills for Garrett county will be introduced by the members and Senator from that county.

Senator Speicher has already introduced a bill to prohibit the giving or selling of liquors to minors in Garrett county, and to prevent the shipment of intoxicants into the county which is dry. He has also introduced a bill repealing the dog tax law in Garrett, another bill he will introduce probably this week, is one to incorporate the town of Accident.

Capt. Hayden, of the Garrett Delegation, introduced Monday night, the bill which appropriates $4,000 a year for two years to the School Commissioners of Garrett county for public school purposes. This bill is introduced at every session of the Legislature and is done to equalize the appropriations for schools which discrimates against Garrett county owing to the small colored population there. No difficulty will be experienced in passing the bill.

Delegate Shartzer's bill repealing the law exempting taxation on personal property, household furniture, etc., to the amount of $500 and under, has been introduced. It provides that the County Commissioners of Garrett County shall assess all such personal property of $100 and over. This makes it mandatory, instead of optional, upon the County Commissioners to make this assessment, but it is optional with municipalities, whether to asses household goods of $500 or less, or not, as they choose, and when unnecessary they need not so assess, and when they need the money they can assess. This bill was referred by Speaker Laird to the Committee on Ways and Means, explaining, when Mr. Shartzer asked that it be referred to the Garrett Delegation, that it is necessary for the Ways and Means Committee to examine it and determine whether or not the State's revenues will be affected. If the bill makes no provision for the assessment of the property for State taxes, it is probable it will be amended by the committee; if it does provide for State taxation, then the probability is that the Ways and Means Committee will recommend that the bill be referred to the Garrett Delegation in the House. The fact is, that no provision is made in the bill for assessing personal property for State purposes.

TO INCREASE TERM OF COUNTY COMMISSIONER'S CLERK.

Chairman Fox, of the Garrett Delegation, introduced Monday night a bill to increase the term of the Clerk to the Board of County Commissioners for Garrett county from two to four years. At present the term of the Clerk to the Commissioners is two years, and it is claimed that it is too short a term for so important an office. Besides, all the other counties of the State, without exception, so far as known, elect their Clerk to the County Commissioners for four years. The salary is left the same, $800 a year.

FISH AND GAME BILL.

The Garrett Delegation are in receipt of a petition signed by nearly 250 residents and citizens, asking that a bill be passed making the open season for game to begin not later than October first, and to permit the hunting of rabbits "when snow is on the ground." Under the present law "it is not unlawful to kill game except in the month of November," and hunting rabbits when snow is on the ground is forbidden. The petition also asks that the bill include protection for Mountain Brook Trout, and that a days catch be limited to fifty of the "speckled beauties."

Whether or not to introduce a new game and fish law for Garrett county, or to accept the proposed new Statewide bill has not yet been determined by the Garrett Delagation. As soon as the State Game Warden has the new Statewide bill ready for examination it will be gone over carefully, and such changds asked for as may be deemed necessary to meet the wishes of the sportsmen in Garrett county. It is the concensus of opinion among many legislators that a uniform law for all the counties will bring better results than for each county to have laws and regulations to suit its own purposes and differing in many essentials from those in the other counties. The matter will receive careful consideration, at any rate.

TO PROHIBIT MANUFACTURE OF INTOXICANTS.

At yesterday's session Delegate Shartzer introduced a bill to prohibit the manufacture for sale, of any spirituous liquor or intoxicants of any kind, and the bill was referred to the Committee on Temperance. If the bill passes, it will require the closing down and removal of the "Melky Miller" Distillery, which is situated in Garrett county, where it has been running for years.

Chairman Fox, of the Garrett Delegation, will probably introduce today or tomorrow, a bill authorizing $20,000 and the creation of a commission to build a protecting wall at Kitzmiller, Garrett county, against floods and high water. This bill was introduced two years ago but did not get through the House, as it was late in the session and fell by the wayside along with hundreds of other local and general bills.

STATEWIDE PROHIBITION BILL NEXT WEEK.

Next week the Statewide Prohibition Bill will be brought to the front, a hearing of the "Drys" before a joint meeting of the Senate and House Temperance Committees on Thursday afternoon, February 3. The hearing will take place in the chamber of the House of Delegates at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, unless the Legislature be still in session, in which event the hearing will take place as soon as adjournment occures, and the hearing will be public, the Senators and members of the House being especially invited, Senator Speicher, of Garrett county, will be one of the first speakers. The Garrett Senator introduced the bill in the Senate and he will explain the provisions of the measure to the joint committees. Numerous speakers of note will be present and speak at the hearing, and Dr. Thomas M. Hare, Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League, will be the principal speaker. Prof. Arthur F. Smith, of the Allegany county Delegation, who introduced the Prohibition Bill in the House, has accepted the invitation to introduce the speakers as they appear before the hearing in their turn, and he will also give a ten minute talk in behalf of the bill. Senator Speicher will also make a speech on the floor favoring the passage of the Prohibition measure when it comes from the Temperance Committee. It is said that the committee will report the bill without recommendation, thus permitting the whole matter to be threshed out in open session.

At a later date the "Wets" will be given a hearing before the Temperance Committees in joint session in the same manner, the date for which will be announced later. It is assumed that each side will be given two hearings, in order to reply to each other's arguments after which the committees will report the bill and the real fight will be on. Senator Speicher will figure conspicuously in the contest and will be in the front for the bill throughout.

STATE HOUSE PERSONALS.

L. A. Rudisill, of Oakland, who was clerk to the minority Senators during the session of 1914, has again been appointed to this position by Senator Speicher, of Garrett county. Mr. Rudisill is an experienced newspaper man and performed his duties in a manner that was eminently satisfactory to the Republican members of the Senate two years ago. He arrived on Monday in Annapolis and entered upon his duties yesterday morning.

Capt. James A. Hayden, of the Garrett Delegation, and nestor of the House, was in his seat during Monday night's session for the first time since he met with the accident by falling on the icy steps at the State House grounds on January 15. He has almost fully recovered from the effects of the fall. He was warmly welcomed by his colleagues and associate members, all of whom expressed their pleasure upon his being able to resume his duties.

Prof. Frank Rathbun, Superintendent of Schools for Garrett county, arrived in Annapolis yesterday and will attend the meeting of the County Superintendents of the State here tomorrow.

O. E. OFFUTT, JR. MADE VICE PRES'T GARRETT NATIONAL

Takes Place of Mr. George W. Legge Who Has Sold His Stock.

At the weekly meeting of the board of directors of the Garrett National Bank of Oakland, held this morning the resignation of Mr. George W. Legge as vice president and also as a member of the board of Directors of the bank, was received and accepted, and in his place Mr. D. E. Offutt, Jr., eldest son of the former president of the bank, Mr. D. E. Offutt, Sr., was elected to the vice presidency of the institution. Mr. Legge has been connected with the bank ever since its organization, being a member of the directorate and a factor in the success of the bank. Mr. Legge disposed of his holdings in the bank several days ago, and hence is not eligible to remain an officer. Mr. Offutt is one of the leading business men of the community and has been associated for many years with the firm of D. E. Offutt & Sons as the manager of that concern.

At the directors meeting this morning Mr. Charles S. Davis, was elected as a member of the board to take the place of Mr. Legge in that body. Mr. Davis is also a splendid business man and his success as a merchant has given him standing as such in the community.

Harmon Wilt, of Swanton, was a business visitor to our city Thursday, says the Piedmont Independent.

Mrs. Sara R. Getty, of Grantsville, spent last week in Frostburg where she was the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Reppert, says the Cumberland news.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

This week we are going to give our customers something that is right in season this muddy, rainy weather; as follows:

1 Dozen Boy's School Rain Coats, worth $3.50, for only - - well $1.75

2 Dozen Men's Rain Coats, worth $6.50, for only - - well $4.00

1 Dozen Men's Rain Coats, worth $10.00, for only - - well $6.00

1 Dozen Men's Rain Coats, worth $15.00, for only - - well $8.00

Our E Stout Snag proof Gum Boots, worth $4.50, for only - - well $3.50

Our High top Lumberman Gums, worth $3.50, for only - - - well $2.50

Our Men's Oil Storm Coats, worth $4.00, for only - - - well $2.75

D. M. Dixon & Co.

Whetsell & Browning

Deer Park's Best Store

"SERVICE FIRST."

Men's Jersey Overshirts, - - 44c

A few Men's Sweaters, - one-third off

Men's heavy fleeced Underwear, - 41c

Ladies' heavy fleeced Underwear, 21c

With the above bargains we will give this week only 7 lbs. Fancy loose Roasted Coffee for - - - $1.00

Bring us your produce of all kinds as we always pay the highest price.

TRY US ONCE AND YOU WILL COME AGAIN

Offutt's

1 24 1-2 lb. sack of famous Daniel Webster Flour, for only - .01

FOR CASH buy the following list of Groceries amounting to $4.99, and we will sell you a sack of the above Flour for 1 cent:

5 Pound Bucket Caraja Coffee	$1.25
3 Boxes Macaroni	.25
6 Bars Lenox Soap	.25
1 Box Black Pepper	.10
1 Can Pine Apple	.20
2 Cans Early June Peas	.25
1 Bottle Vanilla	.25
1 Large Box Quaker Rolled Oats	.25
1 Can Tuna Fish	.20
2 Pound Ginger Cakes	.20
2 Pound New Prunes	.25
2 Pound Armour's Mince Meat	.25
3 Dozen Boxes Safety Matches	.25
1 Pound Can Rumford Baking Powder	.30
½ Pound Can Walter Bakers Cocoa	.25
1 Large Box Gold Dust	.25
2 Boxes Chocolate Pudding	.20
1 Box Salt	.04
1 Sack Gold Standard or Daniel Webster Flour	.01
	$5.00

P. S. If any of the above items you do not want, we will substitute to suit you.

Will trade Butter and Eggs at market prices for the above order.

OFFUTTS'

OAKLAND'S BIG STORE

GRIST OF NEWS OVER THE WIRES

Telegraphic and Cable Items Recording a Week's Events.

FROM FORTY-EIGHT STATES

Happenings in All Parts of the Union —Decisive Battles in the World War—Washington's Latest Gossip —Reports of Crops and Business.

WAR BULLETINS

The floods in North Holland are subsiding.

Russian troops occupied Sultanabad, Persia.

The Australian government has prohibited further exports to Holland.

A small German naval vessel has foundered off the Island of Aeroe, in the Baltic. Neither the vessel's name or the fate of its crew is known.

The Russian government of Dvinsk, which was removed when the German advance menaced the city has been ordered to return.

The first passenger train leaving Berlin for Constantinople arrived at the Turkish capital safely, establishing direct communication between the two capitals.

Prolonged cheering greeted the announcement of Montenegro's surrender in the German Reichstag.

Italy is withdrawing her troops from Albania. Her patrols at Avlona have been ordered home. It is understood that Italy has decided to send no aid to the Allies in the Balkan campaign.

Piraeus, the port of Athens, five miles from the Greek capital, was occupied by a Franco-British force.

The Paris "Petit Journal" has suggested that a statue of Brand Whitlock, American Ambassador to Belgium, be erected after the war in recognition of his help to the people.

Persia is reported to have declared war against Russia and England.

The Spanish steamer Belgica has been sunk by a submarine. Twenty-three of her crew have been rescued.

WASHINGTON

Through the good offices of the United States, the German, Austrian, Turkish, and Bulgarian Consuls at Saloniki, who have been held under arrest by the Allies, are to be released.

A House resolution asked the names of all persons "arrested in connection with criminal plots affecting the neutrality of our Government."

The White House authorized a denial of reports that Joseph Johnson or any one else had been selected for postmaster of New York.

A bill providing for the construction of a $3,000,000 dry-dock at the Puget Sound Navy Yard was introduced in the Senate by Senator Jones of Washington.

The reciprocity agreement between the United States and Brazil has been extended by the Brazilian Government to include the year 1916.

Vienna is prepared to take up with the United States the questions involved in permitting merchant ships armed for defensive purposes to leave American ports.

For the first time in a decade or more, the Supreme Court was disqualified to hear an argument in Government cases because only five members were present. Absence was caused by grip.

A study of neutral rights and duties from the point of view of neutrals rather than of belligerents is the first task to be proposed by Secretary Lansing for the newly organized American Institute of International Law.

GENERAL

Col. Miguel Baca Valles, chief executioner of the outlawed Gen. Villa, was publicly executed at Juarez by a Carranza firing squad.

Fire that almost totally destroyed the town of Wirt, Okla., has rendered nearly 1,000 people homeless.

Charged with carrying a loaded revolver, and sending threatening letters to President Wilson, Joseph Dolansky was arrested in New York City.

The Adirondack Hotel at North Creek, N. Y., was destroyed by fire.

Fire destroyed one of the most important business corners of Passaic, N. J. Eleven buildings were burned, including the Passaic Opera House. The loss will be about $250,000.

The 109th anniversary of the birth of General Robert E. Lee was observed generally throughout the south to-day.

Russell G. Colt has made a bet with Hermann Oelrichs that there are more dogs in Palm Beach than there are babies and has set out to prove it.

Harry Sinclair is reported to have been asked to buy the St. Louis Cardinals.

The National Association of Credit Men opened its annual meeting in Chicago.

Heavy property damage has been done in Belgium by the overflowing of the River Scheldt, caused by the Holland floods.

Pittsburgh is suffering from a shortage of laborers, employment for nearly 6,000 skilled and unskilled laborers going begging.

Temperature of two degrees below zero was recorded at Cincinnati.

Mrs. Annie Eisenberger, of Lancaster, Pa., accused of murdering her husband whileh e slept, was acquitted.

William Bayne, Jr., was re-elected president of the New York Coffee Exchange.

The Alliance Bank of Rochester, N. Y., increased its capital from $275,000 to $500,000.

Increase of from 15 to 25 cents per day have been granted the employes of the Utah Copper Co.

Standard Oil Co. of Indiana declared the regular quarterly dividend of 3 per cent, payable Feb. 29.

American Smelting & Refining Co. advanced its price for lead from 5.90 cents to 6.10 cents per pound.

J. Daniel McNamara has been appointed passenger traffic manager of the Wabash railroad.

For the first time this winter, the red ball for skating was run up in every park in New York city.

Gold coin to the amount of $250,000 was withdrawn from the New York sub-treasury for shipment to Canada.

The plant of the Asbury Park (N. J.), Press was destroyed by fire at a loss of $100,000. One fireman was badly hurt.

A Chicago Board of Trade membership was sold at $3,900, an increase of $100 over the last previous sale.

The national convention of the United Mine Workers of America opened in Indianapolis.

President Wilson has decided to appoint John J. Sinnott to be postmaster at Newark, N. J.

The New Haven Railroad will not raise its freight embargo for some time, General Manager Bardo stated at New Haven.

A report issued by the Kansas State Department of Agriculture estimates the area of wheat sown in Kansas last fall at 8,454,000 acres.

Six thousand garment workers, mostly women and girls, went on strike in Philadelphia for higher wages, closing about 250 factories.

Restoration of order along the Mexican border is demanded in a resolution introduced in the Senate by Senator Gore of Oklahoma.

Manufacture of 2,500 freight cars for the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad will be started immediately at the New Castle, Pa., plant of the Standard Steel Car Co.

A bill to regulate the price of gasoline was introduced in the House of Representatives by Johnson of Kentucky.

Henry S. Ames, vice-president of the Mississippi Valley Trust Co., died of pneumonia in St. Louis.

Articles of incorporation were filed at Dover, Del., by the American Chemical and By-Products Co., capital $3,750,000.

After having been refused a 10 per cent wage increase, 100 weavers at the Lowell, Mass., mill of the Bay State Cotton Corporation went on strike.

Harry Baird, police sergeant, shot and killed his two young sons, and then himself at his home in Chicago. He is thought to have been insane.

Lieut. Rufus G. Fessenden, 6 feet 6 inches high, the tallest man in the Boston Police Department, died in Boston of pneumonia, aged 57.

SPORTING

Matthew Mann, who has coached New York A. C. and Brookline (Mass.) swimming teams, has been engaged to coach the Yale swimmers, the remainder of the season.

Joe Loomis is reported to have run 60 yards in 6 1-5 seconds at Chicago while training for his meeting with Howard P. Drew.

Harry Howard, height six feet four, weight 300, one of the biggest business men in Cincinnati, swims from half a mile to a mile every morning in the pool of the Cincinnati Gymnasium. And Howard is fifty-two years old. Stripped he weighs more than 280.

Following up his victory over Dr. Roller, Robert Frederick, alias "Strangler Lewis," accomplished the unexpected by downing Wladek Zbyszko, the young Polish Hercules, in one hour twenty-seven minutes and seven seconds.

A San Francisco golfer has so trained an Irish terrier that the dog will retrieve golf balls driven from a tee. It is said that the canine caddie is so proficient that he will retrieve at the rate of 120 balls an hour without losing a single one.

FOREIGN

Pope Benedict will hold another consistory early in March.

The British steamship Barranca ran ashore on the south coast of Cuba.

The rate of discount of the Bank of Bengal was raised from 7 to 8 per cent.

The Bank of England bought 7,000 pounds in bar gold and shipped 89,000 pounds in sovereigns to the United States.

An Anglo-French corporation, with a capital of $96,000,000 has been formed to buy up all available grain in Rumania, to prevent the Central Powers from securing it.

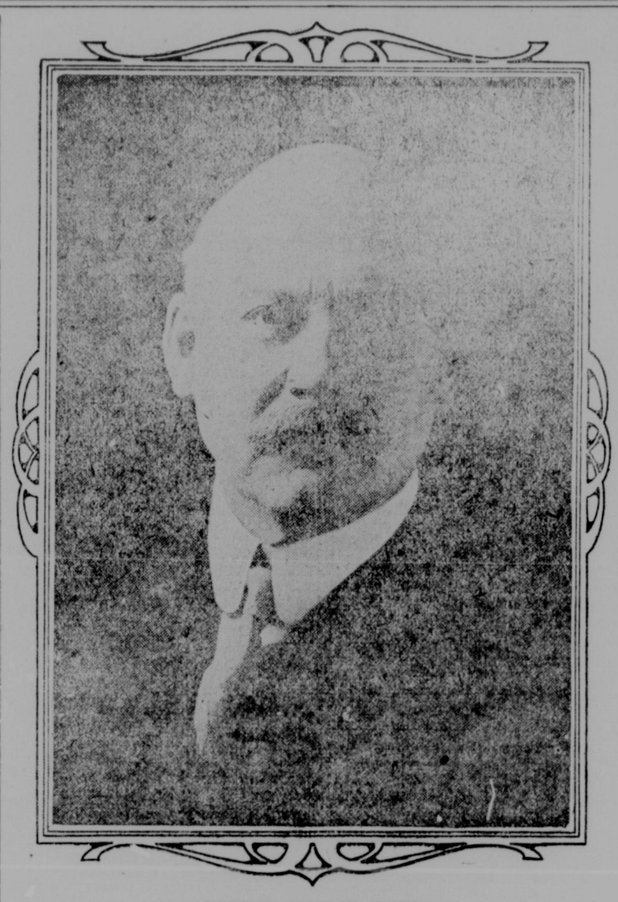
There is a growing feeling of dissatisfaction manifesting itself among the Americans in Berlin because of the delay to the mails from the United States, which it is asserted is due to Great Britain's seizure of all

Canada is in the grip of the coldest weather ever known there.

Arnold Morley, former British Postmaster-General, died in London, aged 67.

Twelve German prisoners of war escaped from the detention camp at Amherst, N. B.

postal shipments sent to Germany via Holland.



SENATOR JOHN W. WEEKS
Of Massachusetts

Senator Weeks was one of those directly responsible for the return of Massachusetts to the Republican Party at the late November elections. He was an ardent advocate of the progressive planks included in the Republican platform in that State, which resulted in reuniting the party. Because of his work in this direction, Senator Weeks has acquired a nation-wide following, and he is one of those most prominently mentioned for the Presidency.

TO FORM STATE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE IN MARYLAND

Plans Have Been Formulated Looking to That End.

A plan for a State Board of Agriculture, which shall be the official head of the agricultural interests of Maryland and be in charge of all State agencies having to do with agriculture, including the Maryland Agriculture College, was launched recently at a meeting in Baltimore of representatives of the various bodies organized for the promotion of farming and live-stock growing. A number of other organizations of state-wide importance also were represented.

Under the proposed plan, which is soon to be submitted to the Legislature, the Maryland Agricultural College is to be the head of the State system of agricultural education, demonstration, regulation and development, but it is to be a college modeled on lines broader than those on which the college now operates. It provides for a $1,000,000 plant at the college, the money to be available in lots of $200,000 extending over a series of years. The board of trustees of the college is to compose the State Board of Agriculture.

The special committee which called the meeting submitted the general plan, which was approved by the meeting and referred to a special committee of nine, of which Samuel M. Shoemaker was made chairman. The plan provides in detail:

The State Board of Agriculture shall be the board of trustees of the Maryland State College of Agriculture. The composition of this board to be safeguarded so as to insure stability of the work to be performed.

The State Board of Agriculture to select a chief executive officer, who shall be the executive head of the Maryland State College of Agriculture, the Maryland Experiment Station, the Extension Service and all other work under the control of the board.

The executive officer of the board to organize the work of the State Board of Agriculture and to have power, with the approval of the board, to select all officers, heads of departments, specialists, assistants, etc., to properly carry on the work assigned to the board.

The State Board of Agriculture to enforce all laws and have control of all work pertaining to regulatory, inspection, control and sanitary measures for the protection and fostering of the agricultural interests of the State, including:

(a) The prevention and control of infectious diseases among farm animals which the law now provides shall be conducted by the Live Stock Sanitary Board, State veterinarian, State dairy inspection, State biological laboratory and State Veterinary Medical Board.

(b) The inspection and analysis of all fertilizers, animal feeds and lime now conducted by the State Fertilizer, Feed and Lime Control Department.

(c) The prevention and control of injurious insects and diseases affecting farm crops, and the inspection of nurseries, orchards, apiaries and imported stock, now conducted by the State Horticultural Department.

(d) The inspection and analysis of farm seeds, now conducted by the State seed laboratory.

(e) The advertising of farm lands and placing of settlers, now conducted by the State Bureau of Immigration.

(f) All phases of the work pertaining to the gathering of industrial and agricultural statistics, as now conducted by the State Bureau of Statistics and Information.

The meeting also registered its approval of the idea of putting under the control of the State Board of Agriculture the inspection of tobacco and the control of the State tobacco warehouses the work done by the Maryland Horticultural Society, and the Peninsular Horticultural Society and the disbursing through the board of the appropriations made to the various agricultural fairs and exhibitions. Also the work of the State Board of Forestry should, it was asserted, logically be placed under the board, together with the enforcement of the law pertaining to drainage work and such other regulatory inspection and control measures as may be designated to the board by the Legislature or may be deemed advisable in order to conserve and protect the agricultural interests of the State.

It was also declared that the State Board of Agriculture should be granted power by the Legislature "to declare quarantine restrictions in any section of the State, to enter upon for purposes of inspection any and all premises, at any and all times, when, in their wisdom, such a course is necessary and to issue such rules and regulations which will have the effect of law as may seem necessary from time to time for proper performance of their duty and for the public good," and that "power to enforce all laws on the statute books pertaining to the above lines of work to be vested under the control of the State Board of Agriculture and all laws, or parts of laws, in conflict to be repealed."

The executive officers of the board will be required to submit in October, preceding the meeting of the Legislature, a budget covering requirements for the two succeeding years; that the board be given sufficient funds for carrying on its work as outlined and an emergency fund to provide for the control of special outbreaks of infectious diseases and so forth, and that it is to submit an annual report to the Governor on or before the 1st of January of each year.

Store For Sale.

I the undersigned offer my entire stock of merchandise, for sale also my place of business consisting of store building, 6 roomed dwelling, stable, good ice house and all other necessary outbuildings all in good condition and 1 acre of land situated 12 miles north of Oakland, Md., located on the State road. Anyone wishing to go in the mercantile business will do well to investigate.

HOWARD BRENNEMAN,
Adv. McHenry, Md.

Sale Postponed.

On account of weather conditions on Tuesday I was unable to make sale of my personal property which was advertised for that date and now offer all the property so advertised at private sale, which will be sold at a bargain within the next ten days.

H. N. BRENNEMAN,
Advertisement 47-2t

GERMAN AEROPLANES RAID LONDON
TURKEY TAKES BLAME FOR PERSIA
KAISER WINNING FRENCH TRENCHES

Flight of Turks Continues---Roads Strewn With Dead as They Retreat Before Russians in Caucasus---Antivari and Dulcigno on the Adriatic Occupied by Austrians

MONTENEGRIN ARMY FALLING BACK ON ALBANIA

London.—The east coast of Kent was raided twice by hostile aeroplanes, one person being killed and six persons being injured.

Of the first raid which occurred early in the morning, the following official account was issued:

"The War Office announces that, taking advantage of the bright moonligth, a hostile aeroplane visited the east coast of Kent at 1 o'clock A. M. After dropping nine bombs in rapid succession it made off to seaward.

"No naval or military damage was done, but there was some damage to private property. Incendiary bombs caused fires, which were extinguished by 2 A. M.

"The following casualties occurred: One man killed; two men, one woman and three children slightly injured."

The second attack, this time by two seaplanes, was made on the same coast the same afternoon, but no casualties were reported. All the raiders escaped.

The War Office announcement concerning the second attack says:

"Following on the aerial attack on the east coast of Kent two hostile seaplanes made a second attack upon the same locality shortly after noon. After coming under a heavy fire the raiders disappeared, pursued by our naval and military machines.

"The enemy effected no damage, and no casualties have been reported."

Fifty thousand German troops have arrived at Constantinople, according to Saloniki dispatches. British correspondents express the view that the object of this army is not an expedition against Egypt, but to support the authority of the Turkish War Minister, Enver Pasha.

According to an official report from Amsterdam, Turkey had admitted that one of her submarines was responsible for the sinking of the liner Persia, in the Mediterranean last month, with the loss of American lives and many women and children.

The Russians are continuing their advance against the Turks in the Caucasus. Petrograd says the Turks are making a precipitate retreat in the region of Erzerum and that the Russians are capturing many prisoners and much ammunition and other supplies. The roads are strewn with Turkish dead.

The defeat of the Turks, it is asserted, was particularly disastrous in the direction of Koprukeui.

MONTENEGRO REJECTS TERMS.

London.—A dramatic change in the war situation in the Balkans was announced. Montenegro rejected the conditions imposed by Austria, and King Nicholas, it was reported, will fight so long as a man remains loyal.

The terms made by Vienna for Montenegro's surrender were said in dispatches from the Near Eastern capitals to be such as to reduce Montenegro to virtually a vassal state, and to be impossible of acceptance.

Delayed cablegrams were received giving both sides of the controversy which has arisen as to the part Greece is playing in the war.

King Constantine gave to a correspondent his version of what he called the "unheard of high-handedness of the recent action of the Allies toward Greece." This dispatch was held up by the censor until "the highest French authority" could prepare a reply to it, and then both were put on the cable simultaneously.

In effect, the Greek King complains of an attempt to force Greece into the war on the side of the Allies. The French reply is that the Allies acted at every turn with the full cognizance of the Greek Government, and in pursuance to a secret agreement which involved gains "not unconnected with the foreign policy of Greece."

CAN EQUIP 800,000 SOLDIERS.

Outfit Now in Store or Readily Purchased, Says Quartermaster.

Washington.—Quartermaster General Aleshire told the House Military Committee that equipment for an army of 800,000 men was either in the Government storehouses, or can be bought in the open market in less than three months. Equipment for 500,000 is in army or militia depots, and manufacturing concerns could easily turn out equipment for 300,000 in 90 days.

COLONEL HOUSE HUSTLING.

Will Hasten Journey to Report Findings to President.

London.—That Colonel House is anxious to return as soon as possible to America is shown by the fact that he has practically abandoned his plan to make a side trip to Italy to visit his closest personal friend, Ambassador Thomas Nelson Page. Colonel House has likewise advanced the time of his departure for Paris. After a few days in Paris, Colonel House will go to Switzerland.

Rome.—Peace negotiations between Austria and Montenegro have been broken off owing to the intervention of Gen. Martinovich, leader of the anti-Austrian party in Montenegro, who assumed command of the troops, including the Serbian detachments aiding the Montenegrins, and opposed their disarmament, thus averting the betrayal of the Allies by King Nicholas.

The entire population hails Gen. Martinovich as the deliverer of Montenegro. A complete exodus from the little country is expected. All efforts are now being concentrated on the defence of Scutari.

To aid in extricating the troops an appeal has been issued to the Allies for assistance such as was rendered the Serbs.

On the front in France and Belgium and in the Austro-Italian theatre the operations have been confined chiefly to mining and sapping moves and artillery duels.

A substantial victory of the Russians over the Turks in the Caucasus and the capture of the town of Hassan Kahah, twenty miles east of Erzerum, after a hard fight, was reported by Petrograd.

When the Turkish line broke under the heavy Russian fire, the Sultan's forces were pursued to the forts of Erzerum, the Russians sabering or taking prisoner more than 1,500.

The Turks retreated in all directions to the protection of the forts, abandoning magazines, guns and huge quantities of supplies in their flight.

COMMONS PASS CONSCRIPTION.

London.—Loud cheers greeted the final passage of the Military Service bill through the Committee of the whole of the House of Commons.

At every stage the government by its conciliatory attitude made friends for the bill, with the result that it had a much smoother passage through the House than had been expected.

Groups 2, 3, 4 and 5 of recruits who enlisted under the Earl of Derby's plan were formally called to the colors, in accordance with the proclamation of Dec. 13. These groups, the first Derby recruits to be called out, are composed of unmarried men from 19 to 22 years of age.

The men have been warned of the necessity of reporting for duty immediately, the Recruiting Committee having stated that any one who is summoned and does not appear will be treated as a deserter.

The number of men in the first four groups, after subtracting exemptions and postponements of service, is estimated roughly at 100,000.

From Dvinsk, southeast of Riga, to the centre of Persia four great Russian armies are fighting—and winning, according to the Russian reports.

TEUTONS HALT SALONIKI ATTACK

Transport Difficulties Hamper Them as Roads Are Bad.

Saloniki.—The belief is growing in Entente circles that the Austro-German attack on Saloniki is likely to be delayed some time. The Germans are finding that it will require considerable time to surmount all the obstacles facing them in this campaign. Chief among these is the transport of troops, heavy artillery and support along the bad roads and the railway line, which is still considerably damaged in several parts. It is said that the railway will not be completely established for two months yet.

PITH OF THE WAR NEWS

The Austrians captured Antivari and Dulcigno, the two principal seaports of Montenegro.

Vienna announced that the Montenegrins are surrendering in all parts of the country and that on the northeast front of Montenegro 1,500 Serbians, co-operating with the forces of King Nicholas, threw down their arms.

The Germans won two victories on the western front, taking an advanced position of the Allies near Neuville, north of Arras, by mining operations, gaining a series of defenses. Paris admits the losses.

Austrian armies have resumed the conquest of what remains of Montenegro.

North of Czartorysk an attempt by the Germans to recapture in a bayonet charge a hill held by Russians was beaten back with big losses.

To prevent the Central Powers from importing wheat from Rumania, an Anglo-French corporation has been formed to buy all the grain.

Berlin heard that the demands made by the Allies in their ultimatum to the king of Greece, that passports be handed to representatives of the Central Powers, were refused.

LONDON
PERSIA
TRENCHES

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Sunshine In Your Home.

Beautify and Brighten Your Home AT SMALL COST,

By Installing Hollow Wire Gasoline Lighting System and Lamps.

The most successful and safest illuminating device in the world. Gasoline produces the most powerful light next to sunshine—and has no injurious effect on the eyes. Our modern systems are entirely safe and efficient, and more economical to maintain than either gas or electricity. Buy one of the systems for your home or store, and you will find that you have secured not only an economical light, but a more efficient one than is afforded by any other type of lighting system. These lamps are great labor savers, as there are no wicks to clean, no dirt nor objectionable odor; no trouble to light or operate, no danger of explosions. We guarantee them to be just as represented and perfectly satisfactory. I represent three of the best companies who make these systems, all of which guarantee their system and back up their guarantee. These system are approved by all fire underwriters. I can also furnish systems suitable for halls, churches, hotels, street lamps, etc.

The following table shows the cost of maintaining 100 candle power of various kinds of light for 3 hours per night for one month, or 90 hours:

Electric (size 16 candle power)	$4.48
Gas (with mantle)	.64½
Gas (open burner)	6.37
Kerosene Lamps	1.61
Tallow Candle (100)	15.60
Single Candle	.15½
Gasoline Improved Lamps	.25

Below are the names and addresses of some of my many customers who have been using these systems, and who will be glad to recommend them and answer any enquiries:

B. H. Glotfelty,	McHenry, Md.	Mrs. T. B. Wiley,	Bittinger, Md.
Howard Brenneman P. M.	" "	O. C. Buckell,	" "
Prof E. A. Browning,	" "	P. G. Stark,	" "
McHenry Church,	" "	Wm. H. Oss,	Swanton, Md.
C. M. Railey,	" "	Geo. Moon,	" "
A. C. Smith,	" "	H. W. Friend,	" "
Joe Sebolt,	" "	Westernport Merc. Co.,	" "
W. A. Smith, merchant,	Hoyes, Md.	Herman Steiding,	" "
N. H. Casteel,	" "	Theo. Beckman,	" "
George Sebolt,	" "	John Mankis,	" "
Hamilton Friend,	" "	Ed. Beckman,	" "
J. Arthur DeWitt,	" "	W. E. McClintoch,	Friendsville, Md.
D. O. DeWitt,	" "	J. Bunnell Friend,	" "
Hoyes Church,	" "	Frank Humbertson,	" "
A. P. Enlow,	" "	Geo. Humbertson,	" "
W. H. Haenftling,	" "	I. N. Welch,	Selbysport, Md.
F. C. Diehl,	" "	John Fresh,	Accident, Md.
C. C. Beachy,	" "	Henry Paugh,	Sang Run, Md.
John Harmon,	" "	Fred Gortner,	Mt. Lake Park, Md.
Silas Beachy,	" "	Jerome DeWitt,	Deer Park, Md.
John Gies,	" "	Walter Savage,	" "
A. J. Alexander,	" "	George Wilt,	" "
John Thayer,	" "	Wm. Casteel,	" "
T. B. Hinebaugh	" "	W. M. Thayer,	" "
Allen Glover,	" "	James W. Beeghley,	Oakland, Md.

We have built this business upon the solid rock of INTEGRITY, conscientious and faithful service, sincereity between ourselves and customers. This is our guiding principle and it will carry us to greater success. A big business founded on a little idea. Twelve months ago we planted a little seed, a ilttle idea; this little seed was planted in the earth of AMBITION, watered by the rains of HONESTY, and has grown into a tree whose branches extend throughout the county.

JOSEPH AMEEN, Agent.
KITZMILLER, MD.

WALTER'S Oscillating Sleds

IF you want a sled you should buy a good hand made oscillating white oak bob sled, made of the best white oak wood that is possible to get, and will outlast any factory sled on the market.

I have been making sleds for a number of years, also repairing all kinds and certainly ought to know where a sled ought to be made stronger and better than a factory that perhaps never repaired a sled in their existence.

My stock is larger and better than ever before. If you need a sled come and see mine before you purchase, then if we don't deal it will be because quality won't have anything to do with it.

Prices very reasonable. Remember the name of the sled.

James W. Walter
DEER PARK, MD.

The Republican--Garrett Co.'s Paper.

THE SHORT COURSE AND THE FARMER

Preserving Fertility In His Soil Is One Of the Lessons He Learns At His Agricultural College.

H. J. PATTERSON,
Maryland Agricultural College.

With the beginning of the annual winter short courses in improved farming methods at the Agricultural College the farmer who has not hitherto attended them is inclined to question what benefit is to be secured from them. Perhaps no more striking lesson is taught than the preserving of fertility in the soil, which is beyond doubt the foundation of all successful farming. Particularly is this true in the matter of properly handling the manure made on the farm.

How Manure Is Wasted.

Even though manure is regarded highly by farmers in all sections of the State, there is, nevertheless, no product of equal value which is so much neglected and poorly cared for. It has been found as a result of experiments that fresh manure during decay will lose from 20 to 70 per cent. of its weight. In losing weight, manure also loses in fertilizing value, sources of such loss being due to the incomplete absorption of the liquid manure, which, by the way, is richer both in nitrogen and potash than the dung; to leaching, as when manure is piled against the side of the stable or in a yard where rains wash out much of the nitrogen and potash, which is seen in the dark brown liquid oozing from the pile; and to heating and fermenting while in the pile which breaks down the organic matter, causes loss of humus, and the giving off of ammonia, compounds, containing the most valuable element in manure, the nitrogen.

How To Handle Manure.

Steps to be taken in preventing such losses are to provide sufficient bedding or litter in the stable to absorb all the liquid manure; to check fermantation by mixing the cooler cow manure with horse manure; to make piles compact so as to exclude air and lower the temperature; to use chemical absorbents such as plaster, kainit, phosphate rock, etc., sprinkled over the manure in the stable, thus preserving it and preventing loss; to prevent loss from leaching by piling the manure under a roof or still better hauling it directly to the field and spreading it as fast as it is produced.

This last practice is without question the most economical, both in the saving of labor and in preserving the fertilizing qualities of the manure Manure should be spread as soon as it is hauled to the field. The practice of putting it in piles is objectionable because of the loss that is likely to occur. The placing of it in piles also requires additional labor. The manner of spreading will depend on the equipment of the farmer, but where the distance is relatively short and it is desired to have the manure evenly spread, a manure spreader will prove a valuable investment.

The proper handling of farm manure is only one point among many that the farmer will have the opportunity to hear discussed at the winter short courses. The mixing of fertilizers their application, the securing of superior seed, the use of lime, the growing of clover crops, spring fertilization of grass, proper drainage, and the many other factors in successful soil building and crop production which every farmer ought to know furnish endless food for thought and future application in the improvement of methods and the increasing of yields What information his Agricultural College can give is freely his; it lies with the farmer himself to make the most of his opportunity to become acquainted with his Agricultural College and gain help from its instructions.

MARYLAND STATE GRANGE IN SESSION AT SALISBURY, DECEMBER 6-9.

Farmers and farm women belonging to the 80 subordinate granges of Maryland are in session this week at Salisbury where they are being entertained as guests of the Wicomico County Pomona Grange. Subjects of vital interest to all Maryland farmers are being discussed by well known speakers, among them being Governor-elect Emerson C. Harrington on "The Agricultural Development of Maryland;" Congressman David J. Lewis, on "Cheaper Telephone and Telegraph Service for the Farmer;" Dr. Wm. E. Palmer, Board of Health, Baltimore City, on "Co-Operation In Milk Production;" Prof. F. B. Bomberger, Maryland Agricultural College, on "Better Financial Credit for the Farmer," and Miss Katherine A. Pritchett, Maryland Africultural College, on "Home Demonstration Work In Maryland."

The representatives of local granges, presided over by State Grange Master B. John Black, of Baltimore county, will discuss a number of questions of especial interest to farmers such as better roads, the support of the Maryland Agricultural College, the employment of County Demonstration Agents, agricultural teaching in the rural schools, the representation of the agricultural interests of the State before the Legislature, the securing of a simplified land registration, and the establishing of rural credits. The session concludes with the biennial election and installation of officers on Thursday, Dec. 9, when National Grange Lecturer Edw. E. Chapman, of Massachusetts, will address the grangers.

MAKE GOOD OR QUIT

This Is the Demand Upon the Democrats Made By the Nation.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 29—Another day of reckoning.

The United States Treasury faces a deficit of over $100,000,000. The party responsible for that deficit must either meet the situation or surrender the reins of power.

In other words, the American people demand that a political party, either make good or give up.

The handwriting on the wall was recently revealed by Representative Joseph W. Fordney, of Michigan, in a discussion of the Democratic tariff and revenue politics before the House. He showed that the Democratic party has failed to make good.

"The Treasury balance is nealy $100,000,000 less than it was when the Republicans were in power," said Mr. Fordney. "The war in Europe is the EXCUSE, but it is not the CAUSE for the deficit. Without that war the Democratic party would have been compelled to admit ere this that tariff law is a complet failure.

"Compareing nine months from March to November, 1915, with the corresponding nine months from March to November, 1913, imports showed a gain of $72,716,000. Customs receipts that can be attributed to the war in Europe is $5,520,000 per month, and the war tax, so-called, is producing $6,800,000 per month, or about $1,300,000 per month more than the loss in customs receipts.

"Notwithstanding the fact that the war tax is more than making up for the loss in customs receipts, the balance in the general fund declined $75,603,336 from July 31, 1914, to July 31, 1915. On July 31, 1914, the balance was $143,776,800 and one year later it was down to $68,173,000.

"The Underwood law started out with a good balance in the Treasury. That is not an argument in favor of the Underwood law. Credit for that balance belongs to the preceding Republican tariff law. The real question is, what balance will you have at the end of the operation of the Underwood law?

"Up to the present time some $85,000,000 has been raised by the so-called war taxes, and not standing this and the fact that importations at present are breaking past records in volume, the balance in the general fund is now down to about $50,000,000.

"When the Underwood act is finally repealed and the reckoning is made, it will show some hundreds of millions raised by objectionable methods of taxation and an empty treasury!"

A New Company.

The Oakland Automotile Company has secured the agency for the celebrated Dodge Car, and owing to the great demand for these cars the Oakland Company was able to secure but six of the cars for this territory the coming year. To appreciate this car one must see it. It is the most up-to-date car on the market. Price $785 f. o. b. Detroit. You can see this car at Treacy's new garage. Don't miss it For further particulars call on or address, C. B. Johnson, office First National Bank Building, Oakland, Md.
Advertisement.

Marrying Parsons.

It is easy to jest about the marrying parsons of our local Gretna Green, but there is a serious side to the business.

Runaway marriages frequently are justifiable, but more frequently they are not. We have no knowledge of the actual conditions in Elkton, but as a general fact it may be stated that when ministers enter into competition for this sort of business they are apt to be less careful in screutinizing those who present themselves for the marriage ceremony, less scruplous in observing all the proprieties that should surround such marriages, than they should be.

The case is not entirely analogous to that of the shyster lawyer who foment litigation, but there are several points of similarity between the two. Senator Williams' bill is deserving of consideration.—Baltimore Sun.

Resolutions of Respect.

At a meeting of Acme Lodge No. 69, Knights of Pythias, held at Gormania, W. Va., January 8th, 1916, the following resolutions of respect were passed and ordered published:

WHEREAS, The allwise Supreme Chancellor of the Universe has summoned our beloved Brother Ernest R. Hilleary to abandon the earthly castle and sever all his earthly connections with temporal affairs and enter into the great beyond; therefore be it

Resolved, That Acme Lodge No. 62, hereby tender the bereaved family of our deceased brother this expression of our sincere sympathy in the loss of a husband and supporter, and commend them to Him who doeth all things well for the consolation that He alone can give; be it further

Resolved, That this Lodge and community has lost an honest and upright brother and citizen, and that we drape our charter in mourning for thirty days, and that a copy be sent under seal of this Lodge to the widow, and a copy be spread on the minutes, and a copy be sent to THE REPUBLICAN at Oakland, Md., and to the Grant County Press of Petersburg, W. Va., for publication.

Respectfully submitted,
SCOTT HARVEY,
GEO. W. HARVEY,
HENRY DILGARD,
Committee.

Subscribe for the Republican.

WILSON ROUTE FOR SPEAKING

First Tour of Preparedness to Reach Into the West—May Reach South Later.

President Wilson plans to speak in Pittsburgh, Cleveland, Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City, St. Joseph, Des Moines and Davenport on the first trip he will take to lay his national-defense program before the country. He expects to leave Washington January 28 and remain away one week.

An itinerary for the tour practically was completed at the White House last night. It was drafted with the view of including as many cities as possible in six days, but many of the points the President hoped to visit had to be stricken off the list, One of these was Cincinnati, and he still is being strongly urged to go there.

The President will not stop in Baltimore on this tour, but will take up the question of accepting an invitation in that city in connection with his second trip.

Preliminary plans for the second trip, to be made about the middle of next month, already are being considered. This journey probably will take the President as far West as Denver, and if possible he will spring through the South to stop at Birmingham and other cities.

Pittsburgh will hear the first preparedness speech Saturday, January 29. The President will go to New York January 27 to speak at banquets of the Railroad Business Association and the Motion Picture Board of Trade. He will return to Washington to attend a dinner given in his honor by the Secretary of the Treasury and Mrs. McAdoo, January 28, and that night will leave for Pittsburgh.

Special importance is attached by the President to his address, before the Railroad Business Association, and he will prepare it in advance. He is expected to speak particularly on the need for business preparedness and the necessity for the railroad and manufacturing plants getting ready to assist the Government in time of danger. In his second address, the same night, he may mention the Mexican question.

Messages from the cities chosen as stopping places indicate that elaborate plans will be made for the President's reception. In St. Louis a parade is in contemplation. As far as possible, the arrangements will be in the hands of nonpartisan organizations, because of the President's known position that the preparedness issue is not political.

Mrs. Wilson is expected to accompany her husband on the trip, and Secretary Tumulty also will be in the party. While the president is away he will be kept in close touch with the European and Mexican questions by Secretary Lansing.

In addition to the cities selected for formal addresses, the President probably will deliver a number of short speeches from the train. Although none of the preparedness addresses will be written out in advance he will begin work next week shaping the ideas he desires to present to the public.

O. H. S. Lost.

The Kitzmiller High school boys defeated Oakland High last Friday evening by the score of 15 to 13. Both sides played a clean game.

Line up.

Oakland, 13		Kitzmiller, 15
Lewis	F	Miller
Robinson	F	Murphy
E. Scott	C	Hart
Rathbun	G	Walker
R. Scott	G	Junkins

Substitutes—O. H. S., Leighton; K. H. S., Chappell. Field Goals Lewis 1, Robinson 1, Scott 2, Miller 2, Hart 3. Fouls, Lewis 5, Murphy 4, Miller 1.

Referee—Prof. Collison. Umpire—Tenant.

Jail For Loyalty.

Refusing to give evidence which would incriminate friends from whom he secured whiskey, Henry Lawson, a wealthy young business man of Logan, and a member of one of the oldest families of that county, was committed to jail by Judge John B. Wilkinson until the first day of the next term of circuit court of Cabel county. Lawson was sent to jail while the grand jury was still in session, and immediately before adjournment was given a second opportunity to testify. He steadfastly refused and his continued imprisonment was ordered.

Prompt Payment by Sun Life Insurance Company.

Oakland, Md., Nov, 23, 1915.

Mr. R. E. Sliger, Agent,
Sun Life Assurance Co.,
Oakland, Md.,

Dear Sir:—I want to thank you for check which you have handed me, in payment of policy of $3000.00 which my husband held in your company.

He took this policy on Aug. 22, 1911, and at that time was in perfect health.

The money has been paid to me without delay, and with no trouble or expense on my part, and I feel that I am very fortunate in having this investment made for me through the business judgment of my husband during his lifetime.

Yours very truly,
Adv. tf MRS. CLARK M. BOWERS.

Mr. H. W. Kahl, who was ill for upwards of a month suffering with a prolonged attack of the grip, was in town Friday for the first time since he was taken ill.

Road Petition.

Notice is hereby given that thirty days after the first publication hereof application will be made to the Board of County Commissioners of Garrett county, Md., for the appointment of viewers to view and locate a new county public road, said proposed road beginning at a point on the public county road leading from Bittinger to New Germany at the farm of Gilbert Green, near the south branch of the Casselman river and following the course of said river to intersect the public county road at Jennings, passing through the lands of Frank Miller, Archie Bittinger, Jacob J. Bittinger, Ernest Bittinger, Charles W. Bittinger, Wilson Mason, Jennings Brothers, Jesse Wilt, Thomas Platter, Thomas Hoover, Samuel Hauverk and Solomon Wandwerk, Edward Swauger, a distance of about four miles.

JACOB J. BITTINGER,
ERNEST BITTINGER,
M. K. RYMAN,
and more than 100 others.

First publication Dec. 9, 1915.

ROAD PETITION.

Notice is hereby given that at the expiration of thirty days after the first publication hereof application will be made to the Board of County Commissioners of Garrett county, Maryland, for the appointment of viewers to view, examine and determine whether the public convenience requires the opening of a new county road in Election District No. 3, of Garrett county, the proposed new road to begin at or near the Lyndale school house, at a point on the present Lyndale public county road and running thence through the lands of George R. Beckman, Albert J. Beckman, William Warsaw, William R. Mason, Charles Ridder, Elmer Ridder and Hurley U. Miller, to intersect the Oakland and Fort Pendleton county road at or near the first bridge on said road southward of the Mason school house, a total distance of about 2½ mile.

R. H. LEE,
WILLIAM P. WARSAW,
SCOTT RIDDER,
CHARLES C. RIDDER,
WM. R. MASON,
G. L. RIDDER.

First publication Dec. 9, 1915.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

CLARA H. CATON

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 23rd day of June 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indobted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 23rd day of December 1915.

ANTHONY D. CATON,
Administrator
Finzel, Md.

We Carry in Stock

TIRES
TUBES
SHOCK ABSORBERS
CHAINS
SPARK PLUGS
DRY CELLS
TIRETITE

And many other accessories at the
OAKLAND GARAGE,
Prest-O-Lite Exchange,
Oakland, Maryland.

ORDER NISI.

Robert L. Fries, Late Treasurer of Garrett county, Maryland vs. Norman Barnard, No. 266, Miscellaneous Docket In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Ordered by the Circuit Court for Garrett county, Maryland, this 13th day of January, 1916, that the tax sale made and reported in the above entitled case by Robert L. Fries, late treasurer of Garrett county, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 28th day of February, 1916, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 21st day of February, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $94.65.

ROBERT R. HENDERSON.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

The man Who Makes A STUDY OF HIS APPEARANCE

Is the man who best appreciates the detail of the tailoring we turn out The workmanship passes without a question, the fit is naturally a matter of course, but the shape we mould into the garments give them a character that finishes them off and makes the satisfaction of the owner complete.

All this is a bid for your next tailoring order. We know we can make you the best clothes you ever wore We want you to know it. That order s the best and only sure way to settle he question.

JAMES BROCK,
Dixon Building,
Oakland, Maryland.

J. W. Whorton & Son CONTRACTING PLASTERERS

Only the Best Material Used.
Best Grade of Wall Plaster on hand at all times.
CONCRETE WORK
of All Kinds.
All Work Guaranteed.
OAKLAND, - MARYLAND.

Commissioners Meeting.

The County Commissioners of Garrett county, Maryland, will meet in their office in Oakland on

Monday, February 7th, 1916,

to hear appeals on assessments and make transfers. Road Supervisors who have not filed their Bonds and Oath of Office are requested to do so on or before the above date.

By order of the Board,
W. G. MEYERS, Clerk.

THE REPUBLICAN

BENJ. H. SINCELL, EDITOR.

Entered at the Postoffice in Oakland Md., as Second-class matter.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:

The Republican is published every Thursday morning at the following rates:

One copy one year.....$1.25
One copy six months.....75
One copy three months.....40

Advertising Rates made known upon Application.

Remittances may be made by Money Order, Registered Letter or Bank Draft and addressed to
THE REPUBLICAN,
Oakland, Md.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 27, 1916

"KEEP THE GARRETT COUNTY DOLLAR IN GARRETT COUNTY."

Commencing with our next issue The Republican will conduct a community building for a period of four weeks. The chief feature of this effort will be to bring about a more general co-operation between all the people of the county and to advocate the trading at home so far as is possible. It will be a campaign to "Keep the Garrett County Dollar in Garrett County."

We wish to have it understood in the beginning that this is not merely an effort to throw more money into the coffers of the local merchants and to bring about a benefit to them alone. We have solicited the co-operation of the business people generally throughout the county in this effort to bring about a better condition to all the people. They have responded generously as they always have in a move to improve conditions in their home community.

An investigation has disclosed the fact that a very large percent of our substance is being taken out of the community and contributed toward the building and enrichment of the already great metropolitan cities. The chief medium through which our money is being lured to the greater communities is the mail order houses which are making a special effort in this community.

It will be our aim to prove the advantage to be had on the part of everybody in keeping the money at home so far as it is possible and to prove the superior worth of goods to be found in the local business houses as well as the advantage in the mercantile service at home.

HELD FOR GRAND JURY

Beer Cause of Free-for-All Fight and One Arrest Follows.

Down on the Seventeen-Mile Grade at what is known as Strickner's siding is located a camp of railroad workmen who have been engaged during the past few months in keeping the track in repair and at odd times when work was not pushing, the men would indulge in the glass cheers, especially after the monthly paydays.

On the last celebration of this momentous event—pay-day—the men sent to Westernport and secured a keg or two of beer, and when it arrived at the camp they all partook freely. In the camp are representatives of many of the European nations now at war and while it is true that Ireland as a nation is peaceably inclined, allowing Johnny Bull to work out his own salvation in the warfare across the water, yet Johnny Kelly, who came to America many years ago from the Emerald Isle, and Herman Dohlke, a Tueton from the German Empire, could not settle the war amiably between themselves and resorted to methods now in vogue in and out of the trenches that make France and Russia checkerboards. Herman had a knife and used it pretty freely upon Johnny with the result that John was taken to the Keyser hospital for repairs where he was kept until he became so obstreperous that the nurse rebelled at keeping him longer and he was quietly brought to Oakland to which point Herman had been escorted by Sheriff Ashby several days before and kept in durance vile until last Thursday when he was given a hearing before Justice Fries upon the charge of attempted murder in slashing John with the knife. Kelly was the prosecuting witness and exhibited to the Court several scars he alleged were the result of the bout with the German. One of those across Kelly's abdomen measured twelve inches, while another was of lesser dimensions but almost entirely encireled his wrist.

After hearing the evidence in the case Justice Fries committed Dohlke to jail for the action of the June grand jury, while the prosecuting witness Kelly, was held under his personal recognizance to appear against his late fellow workman. Kelly said that he intended returning to Philadelphia and enter a hospital in that city but that he would be here in June to answer when he is called before the grand inquest.

Mrs. Ernest Bush, who recently arrived in Oakland with her husband and children from Florida, has entered the Home Sanatorium in Oakland for treatment prior to undergoing a surgical operation.

OAKLAND COLLEGIANS NOSE OUT ALTOONA

Result in Doubt Until Final Whistle So Close Was Contest.

The Altoona Y. M. C. A. team was defeated here Thursday night by the Oakland Collegians in what proved to be the best and most exciting game ever played on the local floor. The Altoona team is undoubtedly the fastest bunch yet visiting Oakland and their passing system was great. However the defensive work of the Collegians showed to good advantage and broke up the smooth playing of the visitors time and again. Boyle and Sanner for the locals were the star performers on offense while Giessman and Frantz were good on the defense. Donnelly and Wheelock for the visitors put up a strong game. The result was in doubt until the whistle blew and the Collegians won out 29-25. The lineup:

Oakland, 29.		Altonna, 25.
Sanner	F	Donnelly
Chance	F	Norris
Boyle	C	Kintry
Geissman	G	Wheelock
Frantz	G	Bowser

Summary:—Field Goals—Boyle 4, Sanner 2, Geissman 1, Frantz 1, Donnelly 3, Norris 1, Kintry 2, Wheelock 1. Foul Goals—Sanner 13 out of 26, Donnelly 7 out of 11. Referee Bremer. Scorer Fraley.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

Real Sport.

To the Editor of The Republican.

We have just returned from the basket ball game with the Altoona Y. M. C. A. played on the Oakland floor.

Those who were so fortunate as to witness that game saw one of the fastest games ever played on the local floor. Our enthusiasm is unbounded and we wish to write while memory is fresh. Tonight, especially, we feel that we can heartily commend the Oakland Collegians to the local lovers of sport.

We have not always been able to do this, for many games have been marred with a surplus of unpleasant roughness and underhanded work. None of those ugly elements were visible in the game tonight. The game was fast and rough, rough because it was fast, but it was not an unpleasant roughness. It was not intentional roughness as we observed it, but it was that kind of a whole-souled game that is a joy to the spectators and a developer of true sportsmanship to the players themselves. The team work of the local players was superb and their floor-work was a joy to the beholder, and if ever a team deserved to win the Collegians deserved this game. We believe they out-did the visitors in every department of the game and were only out-done by the visitors when it came to roughness.

The visitors were in a way handicapped because of a lack of knowledge of the amateur atheletic rules which caused them to foul more than they would otherwise have done.

We hope that there will be many more games of this kind to be seen on the local floor. We attribute the winning of this game to one out-standing predominating element which has won many a game that would otherwise have been lost, and that is this: the team attended strictly to the business of winning the game. There was none of that ill-feeling between the teams which often causes a player to spend much of his time trying to get even with the other chap. When a game degenerates to this it doesn't deserve the honored name of sport.

We would find it difficult to mention one player above another, because they worked together as a well oiled machine each doing his part with victory as the result.

We would like to name one player in particular, not because his work has been better than the others, not because he shoots more goals, but because he has learned to do that which he found well-nigh impossible to do a year ago. We are thinking of Walter Sanner. He has learned to control himself under high pressure. and that is a victory worth more than any game ever won. A year ago he was the most consistent fouler on the team. He broke loose with his rough work often without the slightest excuse, and the referee was in constant dread of a necessary disqualification. But for most of the games of this season, and especially the last few, and more particularly this game, he has played an exceptionally clean and satisfactory game.

This is what basket ball should do and will do for that player who goes into the game for the joy of the sport, the development of a quick eye and a steady arm, and above all who consistently tries to conquer self.

The work of the referee is at best an unpleasant and difficult, plus a thankless, task, although we have no complaint against the public, but we would like very much to see a few of these games from the spectator's point of view.

THE REFEREE.

Oakland, Thursday, Jan. 20, 1916.

Mrs. Harry Turney, of this city, returned home last Thursday after a two weeks visit with her parents at Markleysburg, Pa. She was accompanied home by her mother, Mrs. Fisher, who will be her guest for a short time.

FORTY YEARS AGO

Happenings of Local Interest Occupying That Long Ago.

Francis Thomas "one of Maryland's greatest sons," was accidently killed on the B. & O. railroad near Frankville, a station named in his honor, adjacent to his home in Garrett county. The tragedy occured as Mr. Thomas stepped from an eastbound track to the westbouud and was run over by a helper engine. Col. Thomas R. Sharp, master of transportation, arranged for a special train to take the remains to Cumberland. Rev. Dr. Thrall, rector, officiated at the funeral services in Emmanuel Episcopal Church and the pallbearers were: Col. D. C. Bruce, Hon. Lloyd Lowndes, Jr., Joseph Shriver, Col. J. M. Schley, George A. Pearre, Col. W. H. Lowdermilk, H. W. Hoffman, Col. Henry J. Johnson, Judge Robert Bruce, Hopwell Hebb, Judge C. Slack and Capt. Rodger Perry. During his brilliant career GovernorThomas was speaker of the C. & O. Canal Company, member of constitutional conventional convention from Maryland, Governor of Maryland (1841-44), representative foe nine consecutive sessions of Congress (21st to 40th), collector of internal revenue appointed by President Grant, and in 1872 was appointed minister to Peru. In 1875 he resigned and secluded himself in his mountain home. He was an ardent Democrat. He was 55 years old at the time of his death.

Charles Perry, sold to Henry G. Davis property at Deer Park for $4,600.

T. J. Cadwell was killed on the railroad of the Garrett Coal Company near Oakland.

The Garrett county school board appropriated $6,000 each to Grantsville and Oakland to establish at those places high schools.

The following committee was appointed at the canal extension meeting in Baltimore to wait upon the representatives in Congress and urge an appropriation for an extension of the canal to the mouth of the Savage river: Dr. C. H. Orr, Capt. J. W. Pearce, John S. Combs, Allegany; Patrick Hamill and William I. Brown of Garrett.

In reminiscenses and sketches of the life of the late Governor Thomas, The Cumberland News refers to his domestic difficulties. The distinguished Marylander married Miss McDowell, daughter of Governor McDowell, of Virginia, exceedingly attractive. Thinking his wife unfaithful to him, Governor Thomas applied for a divorse and, as was the custom, the case was argued before the state legislature. Governor Thomas argued his own case and Governor McDowell, his wife's father, argued for the defendant. The argumentative efforts by the twodistinguished advocates is said not to have been excelled in the state forum. The Governor was refused a divorse but separated from his wife and in 1841 was granted a legal separation by the Virginia legislature. Following political difficulties starting, it was said, over a remark made by Mr. Thomas "that when the cat's away the mice will play," to which William Price, of Hagerstown took exception, a duel was arranged between the two men in 1840. Standing ten paces apart in a shaded nook on the road between Hancock and Bath the men fired. Neither shot took effect and the seconds, friends and surgeons attempted to effect an amicable settlement. After an hour's argument the two men shook hands. Those present at the duel as Mr. Thomas' seconds, friends and surgeon were: Col. John McPherson, of Frederick; Col. Edward Lucas and Robert Lucas, of Virginia; Dr. Chas. McGill, of Hagerstown; Mr. Price's friends were W. H. Norris, Reverdy Johnson, and Prof. Nathan R. Smith, of Baltimore; Col. Jacob Hollingsworth and Dr. Frederick Dorsey, Hagerstown; and Dr. C. H. Ohr, Hancock, later of Cumberland. Robert Shriver played a funeral march at the obsequies.

HILLEARY HOME BURNED

Fire Destroyed New Dwelling of Mr. Gus T. Hilleary Yesterday.

Yesterday morning about nine o'clock a telephone message was received in Oakland from the Hilleary Farm, near Gorman, stating that the new dwelling house of Mr. Gus T. Hilleary, erected about two years ago, was burning and asking that help be sent from here to that place for the purpose of preventing the spread of the flames to the barn and other buildings on the place.

Later a message was received stating that the dwelling had been entirely consumed, but that much of the furnishings had been saved and that the fire was confined to the house alone, the flames having started from a defective chimney.

The dwelling was comparatively new and was erected on the lower portion of the farm about two years ago. Mr. Hilleary carried insurance on the building to about $2900 with Mr. A. T. Matthews, agent.

The Frostburg correspondent of the Cumberland News Tuesday morning said: "Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Friend, who have been the guest of their daughter, Mrs. John Morgan, of Water street, have returned to their home at Selbysport, Md."

BRUCE MOORE ENDS LIFE

Saw Footprints of Man Leading From His Home; Had Fight.

Bruce Moore, a former resident of Terra Alta, W. Va., but now residing at Rowlesburg committed suicide at his home there last Friday night.

When on Tuesday evening of last week he returned to his home, the mercury was below zero. The water pipes in his home had frozen, Mrs. Moore had called in Jacob Shaffer, a Baltimore and Ohio engineer, to assist her in thawing out the pipes. Mr. Moore saw the foot prints of a man leading from the street to his back door, he demanded an explanation, which was given by the wife, but same failed to satisfy him and it is reported he drove her from the house. She went to the home of her father, Jacob Ayersman, where she remained. Friday evening Moore called at the home of his wife's father and demanded to see his wife. When she entered the room he started to upbraid her. Her parents came to her rescue, had a warrant sworn out for the arrest of the husband and placed in the hands of a local policuman, who subsequently arrested Moore. Then Moore, who asked time to go into his house to prepare to go to the town lockup, secured a revolver, with which he sent a bullet through his heart.

KITZMILLER SCHOOLS

Report of Mid Year Examinations, Honor Roll and Grades.

Grade No. 1. Honor Roll, Claude Boyer, Marie Borelli, Lenwood Craver, Edith Davis, Vadie Downey, Alice Hartley, Luke Harvey, Ray Helmick, Lulu Sharpless, Irene Shiflett.

Highest averages, Neva Bishop 89 5-6, Sammy Sullivan 88, Alice Hartley 85½, William Pooler 85½, Verra Junkins 85, Gertrude Hoey 84 5-6, Thelma Saucer 83½, Victoria Chappell 81, Lenwood Craver 80½, Joe Sullivan 79½.

CARRIE LYON, Teacher.

Grade No. 2. Honor Roll, Dixie Walker, Amelia Grant, Viola Felix, Arzolia Davis, Norma Harvey, Gertrude Flanigan, Carl Gough, Moses Borelli, John Bischopf, Albert Pyles, Oscar Felix, Murl Elifritz.

Highest Averages, John Bischopf 90, Teddy Bischopf 90, Albert Sullivan 91, Dixie Walker 90, Nixie Noce 92, Ethel Hoey 9-.

HARRIET LISTON, Teacher.

Grade No. 3. Honor Roll, Mark Bender, Virginia Bell, Lucy Davis, Edna Downey, Charlie Harvey, Dove King, Walter King, Homer Nyle, Russell Ross, Isabella Sprague, Mary Tanner.

Highest averages, Ceclestia Mackley 81, Herbert Tanner 80, Mary Tanner 79, Billy Sapp 76, Virginia Bell 75.

NELLIE STANTON, Teacher.

Grade No. 4. Honor Roll, Leotia Mackley, Hazel Bosley, Thelma Bowers, Virginia Bray, Mary Bishopf, Tersia Barnard, Dorothy Harvey, Grace Tasker, Huldah Bishop, Mildred Weicht, Norma McRobie, Leo Rosier, Charles Sowers, Herman Keller.

Highest averages, Mildred Weicht 86, Leotia Mackley 82, Huldah Bishop 81, Herman Keller 79.

BELLE H. NINE, Teacher.

Grade No. 5. Honor Roll, Marion Price, Harry Wilson, Richard Bosley, Ray McRobie, Nellie Murphy, Bulah Walker, Jane Sullivan, Evelyn Gough, Delma Harvey.

Highest averages, Marion Price 82 2-9, Bulah Walker 81, Jane Sullivan 79½, Evelyn Pool 77 2-9.

C. ORPAH ASHBY, Teacher.

Grades No. 6 and 7. Honor Roll, Elwood Wilkins, Ember Barricks, Ernest Abernathy, Robert Rossier, George Pritts, Andrew Wilson, Alva Bender, Georgina Sprague, Ottie Downey, Thelma Pew, June Bray.

Highest averages, Grade six, Alva Bender 79 9-10, Thos. Skaggs 77 1-10, Ernest Abernathy 77, George Pritts 73. Grade seven, Hazel Weicht 81½, Irene Poole 78 4-5, Fred Brown 77 2-5, June Bray 73 7-11.

A. M. ENLOW, Teacher.

High School. Honor Roll, Marie Bell, Doris Gough, Nellie Kines, Sarah Murroy, Pearl Sharpless, Esther Starr, Ruth Walker, Arlie Barrick, Roy Harvey, Ferrie Trout.

Highest averages, Ernest Moon 94, Ruth Walker 92, Carolina Walker 90, Jone Long 89, Mary Sprague 89, Howard Junkins 89.

ORPHA ASHBY, HERMAN A. ZILL, Teachers.

HUDSON AUTO AGENCY

Has Been Secured by Dr. Web. Ravenscroft For Garrett County.

During the past week Dr. W. Ravenscroft, of Oakland, secured the agency for the Hudson car, the territory assigned the local dealer being Garrett county.

Immediately after having secured the contract Dr. Ravenscroft sold four cars, the purchasers being Messrs. Edward H. Smouse, Willev I. Friend, of Oakland, and Dr. R. A. Ravenscroft, of Accident.

All the purchasers, with the exception of Dr. Ravenscroft, contracted for the six cylinder touring cars, the latter buying a roadster of 67 horse power.

Seven cars is the number allotted by the manufactures to Garrett county. The cars are expected here about March 1st.

OAKLAND PHARMACY ROBBED

Burglar Entered Through Rear Window Last Night, Securing Money.

Last night burglars entered the Oakland Pharmacy through a window in the rear of the store and after robbing the two cash registers of all the money they contained as well as a drawer in which postage stamps and money derived from their sale was kept, left the building through a rear door, with no clue to their identity. The amount of money secured is only a matter of conjecture, Mr. Harned, the proprietor, being of the opinion that not more than $15.00 in all was secured.

An effort was also made by the thief to secure the money contained in the Bell telephone, which concern maintains a pay station in the store, the evidence pointing to this being the fact that the cord connecting the instrument had been severed and the table upon which it was kept upset into the middle of the floor.

THE DEATH RECORD.

MRS. LUCY KUYKENDALL.

Mrs. Lucy Kuykendall, widow of Captain Isaac Kuykendall, of Romney, died Tuesday morning at 3 o'clock at the home of her sister, Mrs. Nannie D. McCoole, on Piedmont street, at Keyser after many weeks of illness.

Surviving are four daughters and two sons, namely, Miss Nan, a teacher in the Keyser schools; Miss Hallie, a trained nurse of Winston-Salem, N. C.; Miss Lucy and Mrs. Frances Blue, of Springfield; M. S. Kuykendall, of Keyser, and Ned Kuykendall. Another son, Rev. Isaac Kuykendall, died just one year ago Monday.

Funeral services will be conducted at the McCoole home at 10 o'clock on Thursday morning and the remains will be taken to Springfield where they will be interred by the side of her late husband.

MRS. AMELIA GARLITZ FITZWATER.

To the Editor of The Republican:

Enclosed is a clipping from our local paper reporting the death of Mrs. Amelia Fitzwater.

She was a devout and useful member of the Baptist church here and will be greatly missed. Our entire community is in mourning for she was greatly beloved by all the people. As she was born in your community and has many friends and relatives there, I send the clipping and this personal tribute for publication.

As her pastor, I wish to bear personal testimony to her fine Christian character and devotion to duty.

Sincerely,
JOHN R. GEORGE.

Mrs. Amelia Garlitz Fitzwater, wife of Isaac Fitzwater, died suddenly of heart failure Wednesday evening Jan. 12, while on her way to prayer meeting. She left home in the best of spirits to attend the prayer meeting. Her body was found a few minutes later in the street near her home. It appeared that she had slipped on a piece of ice; the shock of the fall produced heart failure.

The funeral service will be held in the Baptist church, but the hour cannot be announced until word is received from children.

Mrs. Amelia Garlitz Fitzwater was born in Garrett county, Maryland, February 14, 1895. She was the youngest daughter of Jacob and Lydia Garlitz. She has three brothers and four sisters living. Her earlier life was spent in Maryland and Ohio. In 1885 she came to Socky Bar, Idaho, where she married on November 12, of that year, Isaac Fitzwater. Four children were born into the home, all of whom are living, Clyde W., Marguerite and Allen.

Her married life has been spent in this county where she is known for her life of helpful service. For many years up to her death she was a faithful member and an untiring worker in the Baptist church. As a wife and mother she was devoted to her home. A splendid neighbor and a woman of high moral and spiritual ideals. Her brusque manner only dimly concealed the gentlest tenderest of heart's within.

In the home, church and community her memory will be cherished as one singularly devoted to duty and who lovingly and unstingly gave herself to all good works. "Blessed are the dead who die in the Lord."—Mountain Home Republican, Mountain Home, Idaho.

MRS. UPTON CUPPETT.

Mrs. Upton Cuppett died last ningt at 10:30 o'clock at her home in Mt. Lake Park. No arrangements have yet been made for the funeral.

OUT OF TOWN HAPPENINGS

A Variety of Interesting Paragraphs for Republican Readers.

John Kaminskey, of Bond, spent a day in Piedmont last week on business.

Mrs. James Laffey, of Frankville, called on friends in Piedmont the latter part of last week.

Born unto Mr. and Mrs. Ray Kittle, at their home on Duff Street, Stealey Heights, Thursday Jan. 20th a ten pound baby boy.—Clarksburg Exponent.

Post Card Sale.

On next Saturday afternoon the Lutheran Girls' Missionary Society will sell a beautiful assortment of post cards at Mr. D. E. Bolden's store. You will find these cards just what you want to send to your friends at any season of the year. Prices of all cards in the lot, ten cents per package of ten cards. Don't miss this opportunity to get some unusually fine cards.

PUBLIC LIBRARY

Is Being Well Patronized and Number of Books Augmented.

The Free Public Library and Reading Rooms for Garrett county, located in Oakland, are now being pretty well patronized. Many of the current magazines are found on the reading room tables, and in addition, the editors of our county papers have consented to place a copy of their respective papers on the tables, gratis, each week.

To the public school teachers will say that the books of the teachers' library, formerly kept in the School Board office, have been placed on the library shelves, as well as other rererece books for teachers. Those books are always at your disposal.

I wish to also remind the general public that books will be added from time to time. These books will be donations for the present, as many people have promised to bring in books which have been read by members of the family. I might say to those who contemplate bringing in books that those suitable for boys are always in demand.

In closing will say that, as in every project of this nature, money is needed for the purpose of meeting requirements which can only be met with cash. Of course, we must have money with which to buy books as time demands, but aside from that we need money with which to pay for room rent and also to pay the librarian for her service. So do not wait to be asked for a cash donation but come forward of your own volition and contribute your mite. Any amount will be acceptable, if it is only five cents, but give what you can.

The librarian will always be glad to receive your donation and give you due credit for same.

H. A. LORADITCH,
Pres. Free Library Assn.

CONTRIBUTORS.

The following persons have contributed or subscribed money to the Free Public Library:

A. D. Naylor	J. A. White
E. H. Smouse	J. M. Jarboe
Dr. F. Howell	E. E. Friend
D. E. Bolden	B. H. Sincell
J. E. Bergman	S. F. Hamill
Mark S. White	E. H. Sincell
Dr. H. W. McComas	H. Lauer
G. W. Legge, Jr.,	C. A. Deffinbaugh
C. S. Davis	L. Gortner
J. A. Kelly	A. B. Fike
J. A. Grant	J. D. Hamill
T. A. Gonder	E. A. Weimer
H. Creutzburg	Rev. O. A. Bremer
Nathan Buckwald	J. W. Hart
B. H. Wiley	G. A. Fraley
A. T. Matthews	J. E. Harned

Knights of Columbus

Mrs. H. A. Loraditch, Mrs. Helen Nugent, Mrs. H. Creutzburg, Mrs. R. R. Jones, Mrs. Lillian Sincell, Mrs. J. D. Hamill, Mrs. E. Z. Tower, Mrs. Semmes Hamill.

The following have contributed books:

Rev. O. A. Bremer, FrederickThayer, Rev. H. E. Friend, W. A. Gonder, Homer Spiker, Dwight Townshend, Dr. F. Howell, J. M. Jarboe.

Mrs. F. G. Hyde, Mrs. Cross, Mrs. B. H. Sincell, Mrs. Buckwald, Miss Helen Townshend, Miss Rebecca Thayer, Miss Sudie Friend, Mrs. F. A. Thayer, Mrs. J. A. Hayden, Mrs. H. W. McComas, Miss Ferguson, Mrs. F. T. Martin.

The following have loned books:

J. S. Gnegy, Mrs. S. O. Townshend, Garrett County Teachers' Assn., State Library Commission.

Reading room open daily from 7 a. m. to 10 p. m. Library open Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday of each week, from 2 to 9, p. m.

CORA WEIMER,
Librarian.

Mortgagee's Sale
OF A
Valuable Farm

Near the town of Swanton, Garrett County, on the road leading to Deer Park.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage from Augustus Bernard to the undersigned Mortgagee, dated the 13th day of May, 1909, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 57, folio 575, etc., one of the Mortgages Records of Garrett county, the undersigned Mortgagee will on

SATURDAY

the 12th day of February, 1916,

in front of the Court House in the town of Oakland, at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M., of said day, offer at public auction to the highest bidder, all of that farm situate in District No. 1, Garrett county, known and designated as

Military Lot No. 1939,

containing fifty acres of land, and being the same lot of of ground which was conveyed to Gustavus Bernard from Smith S. Browning and wife, dated the 13th day of May, 1909, and duly recorded among the Land Records of Garrett county.

Said property is partly cleared and under cultivation, and is calculated to make a very nice farm. It is located near the old "Ingman Place" and fronts on the County road for some distance.

TERMS OF SALE:—One third of the purchase will be required on the day of sale, and the balance in two equal installments, at one and two years from the day of sale, said deferred payments to bear interest from the day of sale and to be secured by the notes of the purchaser, with security satisfactory to the undersigned, or all the purchase money may be paid down on the day of sale.

Possession given upon the ratification of the sale by the Court so the purchaser can go to work on it during the coming spring.

GILMOR S. HAMILL,
Mortgagee.

THE GARRETT NATIONAL BANK
OF OAKLAND, MARYLAND

INVITES accounts of individuals, firms and corporations on the most liberal terms consistent with safe banking. With a Capital of $50,000.00, earned Surplus and Undivided Profits over $65,000.00 and Deposits over $500,000.00, this Bank offers its patrons abundant resources, coupled with the highest type of service. Three per cent. interest paid on Time and Savings Accounts. Safe Deposit Boxes for rent.

OFFICERS

G. S. HAMILL, President. **D. E. OFFUTT, Jr., Vice President.**
G. A. FRALEY, Cashier. **H. L. JONES, Assistant Cashier.**

DIRECTORS

GILMOR S. HAMILL, DANIEL E. OFFUTT, Jr. J. T. MITCHELL, CHAS. S. DAVIS
JOSEPH E. HARNED. GEORGE A. FRALEY, HARLAND L. JONES

Mr. W. S. Uphole, of near Altamont, was in the city Monday morning on business.

Mr. Stuart F. Hamill was quite ill several days last week, but was able to be out on Friday.

Miss Bertie Turney spent Sunday in Deer Park, where she was the guest of Mrs. Emma Specht.

Mr. John Fitzwater, of the Garrett National Bank, spent Sunday at his home in Deer Park.

Mr. Allen Justus, of Baltimore, spent Sunday in Oakland where he visited Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Naylor.

Mr. L. L. Savage, of near Accident, was in Oakland yesterday on business when he called at this office.

Mr. Edward H. Sincell and son Mr. Milton Sincell spent last Friday in Lonaconing and Frostburg on business.

SMALL FARM FOR SALE—Bargain. Apply to P. O. Box 73, Swanton, Md. Adv. 48tf

Mr. Gorman Thayer, who has been on a business trip through Virginia selling lumber returned home for a brief stay Saturday.

Mrs. John Smythe, of Fairmont, W. Va., is here on a weeks visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Ault at their home near town.

Mr. Gilmor S. Hamill was at Fairmont, W. Va., Monday, where he was called on professional business, returning home Tuesday morning.

State Senator Speicher returned to Annapolis Monday afternoon after having spent Sunday and a portion of Monday at his home in Accident.

Dr. A. Moore, District Superintendent of the Oakland district, returned home on Monday from an extended visit to points within the confines of his territory.

Mrs. W. A. Sturgiss and little daughter Dorothea, who visited relatives at Meyersdale for some weeks, returned to their home in Oakland Monday.

Mr. Joseph P. Helbig, of Oakland, accompanied by one of his sons, went to Meyersdale, Pa., last Friday where he was on business until Monday when he returned home.

Mrs. Frank Browning went to Cumberland last Friday where she visited relatives for the day, being accompanied by little Margaret Fraley, who remained in Cumberland with friends.

The Ladies Aid Society of St. Paul's M. E. church will hold an exchange on Saturday afternoon, January 29th, at Sturgiss' pharmacy, at which pies, cake, bread, rolls, etc., will be on sale. All are invited to come and purchase.

The stork has again visited the home of Mr. and Mrs. Leslie E. King at Fairmont and left a third daughter. Mrs. King is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Bolden of Oakland.

Misses Anna Treacy, Bertie Lawton and Rose Browning, as guests of Miss Edith Bolden, motored to Cumberland Tuesday where the party spent the day, returning to their homes Tuesday evening. The roads were in splendid condition and the trip was made on Summer-time schedule.

Mrs. Ernest Hilleary, who has been critically ill for several weeks of pneumonia and complications, was operated upon last Thursday night by Dr. Broadwater. Her condition following the operation has slowly but gradually improved and now hopes are entertained by her family for her ultimate and complete recovery.

The early days of last week kept the plumbers of Oakland employed in thawing out frozen pipes and making repairs to heating plants that had been damaged by the freeze-up of Monday and Tuesday.

Miss Allie Traver entertained at 500 Friday afternoon. Those present Mrs. Tom Gonder, Misses Lucile and Rose Mitchell, Frances Hamill, Teckla Johnson, Douglas Sincell. Refreshments were daintily served.

Rev. John M. Davis, of Oakland, who has been quite ill for some weeks, was out yesterday for the first time since he was taken sick. Yesterday also marked the eighty-first anniversary of Mr. Davis' birth and he was the recipient of the congratulations of his many friends.

Dr. Harriet B. Jones, of Wheeling, who was here last year visiting the schools in the interest of the Anti-Tuberculosis League, and who gave the pupils and teachers so many excellent suggestions as to the care of their bodies and means of preventing disease, will return about the first of March.—Piedmont Independent.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

County Superintendent of Schools F. E. Rathbun went to Baltimore Monday morning to which city he had been called by State Superintendent Stephens to attend a conference of the various county school superintendents and commissioners for the purpose of discussing and putting in concrete form the matters appertaining to the schools which it is desired to have the legislature consider at the present session.

Merchant F. C. Diehl, of Accident, who was in an automobile accident several days ago when a car in which he was a passenger became unmanageable on the west slope of Savage mountain and left the roadway, has been quite ill since suffering from shock and a complicated attack of measles and chicken-pox. Last Thursday Mr. Diehl was critically ill, but at this time is somewhat improved.

Mrs. William R. Offutt and children, who were in Cumberland for several weeks as guests of Mrs. Offutt's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Wilson Humbird, returned home on Saturday last. The family was detained in Cumberland for some time owing to the illness of the youngest daughter, who suffered an attack of pneumonia and whose condition for several days was considered critical by the family physician.

One of the principal features with DeRue Bros. Ideal Minstrels will be the reappearance of the Lazello Brothers in America, direct from their tour of the principal cities of Europe, which included a ten weeks engagement at the Coliseum Hippodrome, in London, England, where their act met with great favor and was witnessed by DeRue Bros.' European agent, and immediately an agreement was made and they were engaged for their first return appearence in America. They have the distinction of being one of the few acrobatic duos who have performed and appeared before royalty. This sensational novelty is without a doubt the most marvelous performance which has yet appeared in America, performing seemingly impossible feats of acrobatic agility. DeRue Bros, guarantee the appearance of the feature act at each performance at Maryland Theatre Monday, Jan. 31. Adv.

Miss Douglas Sincell entertained a small party at dinner Sunday evening.

Mr. George Loar, of Grafton visited home folks in Oakland Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. Notley Browning spent last Tuesday at Terra Alta looking after some business matters and visiting friends.

Miss Hazel Thayer, of Thayerville, was the guest of her sister, Mrs. Blaine Giessman, several days last and this week.

Mr. James A. Sincell, of Grafton, spent Saturday last in Oakland on business, returning home the same afternoon.

Mr. J. Will Whorton, plastering contractor, who has a large lot of work at Newberg, spent several days this week at that point.

Former Sheriff Bert C. Scott, of Hutton, was in the city last Saturday on business connected with the affairs of his former office.

Miss Ada Laffey, of Frankville, is the guest of Miss Evelyn Helbig who entertained a number of friends in her honor Saturday evening.

Mrs. T. C. Claggett and two children, of Hagerstown, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wade H. Hinebaugh, having arrived Friday afternoon.

Dr. R. A. Ravenscroft, of Accident, left Oakland last Thursday evening for Baltimore to attend the automobile show held there last week.

Election Supervisors George D. Browning, of Friendsville, was in Oakland a day or two last week attending to some business matters.

Mr. John F. Browning, of near Thayerville, was in the city last Thursday, being accompanied by his son, when they called at this office.

Prof. C. Edward Bender, principal of the Oakland high school, returned home on Friday last from a visit of several days to the Frostburg and Cumberland high schools.

Messrs. Charles Liller and John J Sweeney, who attended the automobile show in Baltimore several days last week, returned to Oakland on Friday morning.

Miss Orpah Ashby, of the Kitzmiller high school faculty, spent Saturday and Sunday in Oakland with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. M. Ashby, at their home on Third street.

B. F. Browning, wife and son Claude, were in Oakland Saturday called there by the death of Mrs. Browning's niece, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Abram Lawton.—Terra Alta Republican.

An ordinance passed at a recent meeting of the Town Council prohibits the keeping open of bowling alleys and pool rooms after the hour of 11:30 p. m., and prescribes a penalty if the ordinance is violated.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Bush arrived in Oakland last Tuesday night from Lynn Haven, Florida, and will remain here for an indefinite time with Mr. and Mrs. Louis Bush at their home on Crook's Crest.

Mr. R. A. Smith, president of the Hamill Coal Company, one of the large coal mining operations at Kitzmiller, this county, spent last Friday in Oakland attending to some business matters.

Miss Prema Bolden left Oakland last Wednesday for a visit to her sister, Mrs. Leslie King, at Fairmont, W. Va. Miss Bolden will also visit other points in West Virginia before she returns home.

Mr. Harry Hague, of Cranesville, W. Va., spent part of Tuesday in this city.

Mrs. J. Gordon Mealey, who spent several weeks at her former home in Ohio, has returned to Oakland.

Miss Nell Compton spent Wednesday in Deer Park where she was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Dave Walter.

Mrs. Louis Bush, who was taken ill on Christmas eve, has so far recovered as to permit her leaving the house.

Rev. Steinmetz, of Arlington, near Baltimore, is the guest this week of the Rev. A. D. Appleton, rector of the local Episcopal church.

Mr. D. E. Offutt, Jr., reteurnd home yesterday morning from a visit of a few days to Fairmont and Wheeling where he went on business.

Miss Grace Bowman, formerly of Oakland, now residing near Terra Alta with her sister, was the guest for a day or two this week of Miss Ruth Michael near town.

Attorney Stuart F. Hamill went to Baltimore Tuesday afternoon to submit to an examination by a specialist for the purpose of determining the cause of his recent illness. He was accompanied by Dr. Henry W. McComas, his local physician, who will return to Oakland as soon as the examination of his patient is complete.

County Commissioner George Warnick, of Bloomington, spent last Friday in Oakland on business. Mr. Warnick is very much interested in the future welfare of his native county and is enthused with the proposition of the Luke paper makers to branch out and locate a mill at Bloomington as large or larger than the one now in operation at Luke, plans for which have been under consideration by the Messrs. Luke, for some months past. Surveys have already been made for the proposed railroad from Luke to Bloomington, which will follow the new road about to be built connecting the two towns.

Mr. L. A. Rudisill, who has been connected with this paper for two or three years, left Oakland Monday for Annapolis, where he has taken his former position as secretary to the Republican State Senators and where he will be engaged as such until the close of the Legislative session late in the month of March. As a secretary to the Senators two years ago Mr. Rudisill rendered invaluable service and his worth being recognized by them he was again given the position, which is one of much importance and trust. During the present session Mr. Rudisill no doubt will be kept busy, but expects to make weekly visits to Oakland to look after his duties as a Justice of the Peace.

Tomorrow night at the Empire Theatre the fourth of a series of five games of basket ball between the Oakland Collegians and the well-nigh invincible Lonaconing "Champs" will occur. Of the three games already played Oakland has won but one, that being on the floor of the Lonaconing team about two weeks ago. The game scheduled for tomorrow night will no doubt be one of the hottest contested and most interesting games ever played on the local floor. Should Oakland succeed in her efforts to make this game tie the standing of the two teams, the two teams, the last of the series will be played on the Lonaconing floor upon a date not yet announced.

Miss Hallie Thrasher and brother, John Thrasher, returned yesterday to Kitzmiller, after attending the funeral of their neice, Thelma Thrasher, at Martinsburg.

ESTABLISHED 1884. BOTH PHONES

Sleighs and Sleds
Sleds and Sleighs

Permit us to again call your attention to our line of Portland Sleighs, and Genuine all Oak Burton Bob-sleds. If you examine the sleds or sleighs you will find they cannot be equaled.

Sleds and Sleighs

Remember we have the Price and that—

"NAYLOR HAS IT AND SELLS IT FOR LESS."

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.

BIG STOCK COURTEOUS TREATMENT.

Hart's Fall Goods.

DRESS GOODS
LARGER AND BETTER THAN EVER.

Ladies and Childrens Suits and Coats

In the above line we have beauty and style. Prices will surprise you. See them.

CORSETS—We are now handling the Warner Rust-proof Corset. Better known and best on the market.
UNDERWEAR—Everything in Underwear for Men, Women and Children, Wool and Cotton.
Complete line Laces, Dress Trimmings, Silks, Neckwear, etc.

ALDER ST. HART'S OAKLAND.

WATCH THIS SPACE

W. S. MARTIN & CO.,
Jewelers,
Oaklond, Md.

Road Petition

Notice is hereby given that thirty days after first publication hereof, application will be made to the Board of County Commissioners of Garrett county, for the appointment of viewers to view and locate a new public county road leading from Maysville, Md., to the road leading from Kitzmillerville, Md., to Wilson Store, said proposed new road to intersect at the end of John Hamill's farm at the old Fairview church, and to be about two and one-half miles in length, and running through the lands of Thomas Hilltritz, George Cohn, H. B. Smith, John H. Smith, Isaac Davis, Three Fork Coal Mining Company, Hamill Coal and Coke Company and the Blaine Mining Company.

L. C. BRAY,
RICHARD TASKER,
D. O. HARVEY,
and forty others.

First publication, December 30, 1915.

ORDER NISI.

Sarah Abernathy, et al., vs. Susan Grant, et al.

No. 1915 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Ordered, this 4th day of January, in the year nineteen hundred and sixteen, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in equity, that the sale of the property mentioned in these proceedings as made and reported by Fred A. Thayer, trustee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 4th day of February, 1916; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett County once a week for three successive weeks before the 28th day of January, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $1025.00.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk

A "PUNT" GUN.

Found in use in Virginia for the wholesale slaughter of game birds. Since the passage of the federal migratory bird law, of which Senators Weeks and McLean were the joint authors, more than forty State Legislatures have passed laws in conformity with the federal statute. The result has been a tremendous increase in the waterfowl population of the country.

"The insectivorous migratory bird is of incalculable value to the farmer in fighting the insect pest," Senator Weeks recently said, "and it is gratifying that the State law-making bodies have acted so promptly in bringing the local game regulations into conformity with the federal law."

GRANTSVILLE.

Susan Mitilda Stofer, an elderly maiden lady, died at the home of Mrs. George Younkin, at this place, on Monday morning at 3 o'clock. Death was due to tuberculosis, with which she had been afflicted for years, but in spite of the disease and a peculiar bodily affection, she was able to be up and about the house each day until Sunday when she complained of feeling tired and wished to remain in bed. Although protesting she felt no pain, Mrs. Younkin deemed it advisible to call a physician during the day, and at midnight she seemed to be resting easily, but before 3 o'clock she had passed away with little or no suffering. Miss Stofer was born at Accident, Md., and was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Martin Stofer. She was within a few days of 68 years old, and has no living relatives. For years she was companion and attendent to Mrs. Sarah Broadwater and was one of the beneficiaries of her will. At the death of Mrs. Broadwater, a few years ago, Miss Stofer was placed in the home of Mrs. George Younkin, who looked after her wants and needs faithfully, according her the privilege of the home the same as one of the family. Miss Stofer was very quiet and reticent, seldom conversing with any one, and seldom going out, except to church. Being in ill health and without relatives, it was merciful that God should call her suddenly and quietly, and summoning the soul from the poor misshapen body, clothe it in a new frame, wearing the robe of the redeemed through Christ. The funeral was held on Wednesday morning at the Lutheran church, of which she was a member. Dr. L. P. Young officiated at the services; interment in the Grantsville cemetery.

The basketball season seems to be at its height and despite sickness among the members of the teams, several games were played last week. On Jan. 13 the Meyersdale team played our boys in the Broadwater hall and, except for the loss of a front tooth of Clay Stanton, one of the players, the game was a most enjoyable one, resulting in a score 47-15 in favor of Grantsville. Line-up:

Grantsville—47		Meyersdale—15
Gnagey	F	Brant
Stanton	F	Griffith
Broadwater	C	Benford
Warnick	G	Baldwin
Boucher	G	Hady

On Jan. 14 our boys met defeat at the hands of the Salisbury boys, the game being played at that place. The score was 7-24 in favor of the Salisbury team.

On Saturday night the girl's team, with Hazel Younkin as manager, played the Salisbury girls at the latter place. Several players being absent on account of illness, the Grantsville girls were considerably handicapped, but put up a good fight with substitute players, the game resulting in a score of 7-3 in Salisbury's favor. A dance was held in the hall at the conclusion of the game for which the Grantsville players and fans remained.

Wm. Gnagey from San Francisco, C[illegible]ing his sister, Mrs. Clarence Loechel. Since his arrival both M[illegible]l and the children have b[illegible]with the grippe. Miss Leota S[illegible]been at the helm in things o[illegible]e her aunt's illness. Mr. C[illegible]d his brother Edward and family at Washington, Pa., before coming here.

Mrs. Sophia Bonig and Mrs. Sophia Winterberg have both been quite ill with grippe the past few weeks, the latter's condition bordering on pneumonia; both are holding their own in spite of advanced years. Among some of the others who are ill are the families of Lewis Diefenbach, Joel H. Miller and Ralph Engle; also H. A. Schaefer, Mrs. Michael Nathan, Mrs. Fred Livengood, Mrs. T. H. Bittinger, Mrs. A. T. Shirer, and Mrs. Howard Ringer. Miss Helen Stanton is quite ill with pneumonia and Mrs. E. B. Durst is recovering from an attack of pleurisy.

The condition of Lee Meyers of Jennings is improving at the Western Maryland hospital in Cumberland. Mr. Meyers is fireman on the Jennings railroad and the accident occured while in the discharge of his duties. He has a wife and two small children anxiously awaiting his speedy return from the hospital.

Menno Hershberger is having brick hauled in readiness to put up a new house in the spring months. The brick come from Rockwood and are shipped up on the Jennings branch from the B. & O. at West Salisbury.

The Reformed congregation at this place was priviledged on Sunday afternoon in hearing Rev. Jocab Kombar, the Turkish Missionary of the Reformed church and Sunday school board, who threw some most interesting side lights on life in Turkey and her dependencies. The lecture was in the interest of foreign missions and was greatly enjoyed by all present, Rev. Kombar being a most entertaining lecturer as well as a zealous convert to the cause of the Master.

Mrs. Clarence Loechel, of near Grantsville, was given a postal shower by her many friends on Tuesday, 18th inst. Mrs. Loechel, who is just recovering from the grippe, greatly appreciated the attention on the part of her neighbors and friends, who thus remembered her.

The following party from Meyersdale took supper at the Victoria, Thursday night: Harry Baldwin, Park Weimer, Sidney Eisler, Walter Gress, George Demmer, Wm. Hady, Kenneth Brant, Geo. H. Benford, Guy Baer, Gilbert Fullem and C. Q. Griffith.

Services were held in the Catholic church Sunday morning, also in the Lutheran church. Rev. E. E. Oney, the Lutheran pastor, was a little late owing to an accident with his car on the way.

Mrs. Chas. Zeller and Mrs. Chas. Getty spent Thursday with Mrs. Clarence Loechel.

Mrs. R. C. Bowen was a Cumberland visitor on Tuesday last.

Master Elwood Bevans of Union Bridge, Md., is spending a few weeks with his aunt, Mrs. Fred Livengood.

PARADISE

It is announced that Mr. George Reckner, of North Glade, and Miss Jessie Dewitt, of our community, long since decided that it is not well for man to live alone; acting on that decision, by mutual consent, they boarded train No. 71 and journeyed to Oakland where they were joined in the holy bonds of matrimony by the minister, who happened to be present on said occasion.

Chauncy Glass called officially at the school-house last week in the interest of the "Just Government League.

A. L. Vaughn is active agent for hand power stump pullers, suitable for extracting anything from wisdom teeth to standard gauge jack oaks. Anyone interested, call at office. Hours 8:11 p. m. Demonstrations daily.

Bruce Lohr spent Sunday in Paradise, but returned to J. W. Walter's home in time for supper.

Suppose our village will soon be bathed in Penticostal Power, as meetings are scheduled to begin this week.

W. W. Groves and family are recovering from a severe attack of la grip.

Deputy Ashby passed through this section Friday issuing the "call of the wild."

Suitable reward will be given for the return of 6 mine ties that strayed away from Pond Run hill.

We are informed that the report that Senator Speicher had introduced a "dog law" was without foundation, but instead a bill has been introduced repealing our present "model" dog law.

Miss Edith Kimmel is again with home folks, after an extended visit to West Virginia. KID.

[From another correspondent]

We have been having quite a variety of weather during the past week.

Our school if progressing nicely under the management of Miss Jessie.

James Paugh made a flying trip to Deer Park one day last week.

We are sorry to note that Albert Groves has been on the sick list for some time.

Miss Lizzie Smith, of Steiding, was visiting Paradise school one day last week.

Dutch Fike was hauling ties to Oakland one day last week. His load weighed a ton and a half when he left home, but we understand that it increased to five ton before he reached the State road.

C. A. Miller and son Moses made a business trip to Oakland Friday.

Mrs. J. L. Brenneman is on the sick list at this writing.

Wade Meese was going some Saturday. He visited the three large cities of Oakland, Mountain Lake and Deer Park all in one day. We don't understand how he got around so fast.

MOUNTAIN LAKE PARK.

Mrs. Frank Pierson, of Missoula, Montana, who spent a month at Mountain Lake Park with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Winchell, left Oakland Monday afternoon for her home at Missoula, Montana, being accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Winchell as far as Woodsfield, Ohio, their winter home. Mr. Winchell is now engaged in erecting a large public building at Rowell, Ohio, which will require his attention for some weeks to come.

Mr. Malcolm Chance, of Camden, New Jersey, arrived home Monday to visit his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Chance, for a short time.

Winter.

We can remember the time when by a good comfortable fire we shuddered at the roaring blasts without. The storm dashed out the silver light of the moon and night was cheered by never a star, as the angry wind burst forth on its mission of woe. The snow coming down all day covered hills and valleys; fences were lost and streams were hidden. Night fell on a world of snow. The air grew sharper; winds shrieked and the fierce north wester made the old trees writhe. He tossed the snow on the plans and howled with a savage will. Against that blinding storm a benighted traveler vainly urges his weary horse, blinded by the cutting sleet, and plunging through constantly increasing drifts he floundered in his struggles and lay exhausted in the snow. In vain the master urged, with words and blow. Snow deepens about him, hands grow numb, strength is going, hope is declining, and the poor man wraps himself with coat and robe in his half filled sleigh, vainly striving to find shelter till morning. Midnight comes, the storm has abated. The old trees no longer writhe in the blast, but the moon peacefully looks down on the snow capped hills, yet horse and master are locked in the embrace of a sleep that shall never be broken.

With fur cap tied under his chin and reigns and whip in hand, he sat in his sleigh with glazed eyes staring out into the darkness. Many a traveler in the journey of life has lost his way in the darkness and stormes of sin's gloomy night, and though he urges on his hobbies, and wraps the robes of his self-righteousness closely about him, and vainly tries to find his eternal home by a way of his own devising, he is overtaken by the storms of divine wrath; the fury of God's vengence sweeps down upon him and with moral sensibilities stupified by sin, he stares into an awfully dark future. The storms of life are ended but he awakes to find himself in the region of the lost. Heed well the lesson of winter to make "your calling and election sure," that you may enjoy the favor of God and awake in the likeness of Christ. The lessons it brings us are legion.

Where now are the joys of the summer of your life? Long ago you laid your dead away. Things have changed greatly. So much of your life and love are gone yet we live on, we some-times wonder why, and though we long to fly away and be at rest, yet we are loathe to give up these scenes. Love still dreams, faith trusts and we hope to meet again. Yes companions of other days have fallen. A leaf hangs here and there. Joyous youth has succumbed, prattling childhood has dropped. The frosts have nipped the tender bud you held so carefully in your arms, or rocked in the cradle. You kissed those smiling lips for the last time, but you preserved a lock of hair or a flower that decked the coffin and as you think of the mound in the cemetery you feel the premature frosts have blasted your hopes. Wintry winds of adversity have swept over your soul, a silver cord has been snapped, a branch has been torn from you and hurled to the ground, but the sweet voice that charmed your home swells the melody of the angel choir yonder. Waves of trouble roll high about you, bitter winds of sorrow beat against your vessel, darkness deepens, the light of hope flickers, but a form comes near which in the dark night of your grief you mistake for an enemy and cry out in consternation and despair and you only discover the form of the Master when His tender voice says, "It is I be not afraid." He enters the vessel with you and at his bidding waves subside, winds sink, the heart is at rest and the mind at peace because Jesus has administered the cordials of His grace. Some of us are in the winter season of life. Memory is busy with other times and scenes of by gone days flit before the imagination. Tears dim the eye as in sorrowful thought they turn away from you and thought flies back over the past and is busy with the friends who were with you for a season but are not now.

Like these children of the cloud and frost that dazzle the eye for a moment and then vanish, all are lost in the dark and silent forever. You look again, the clouds divide, because of the sun of righteousness streaming through. Joy comes to the soul, peace fills the mind as you hear a sweet voice saying, not lost but gone before. This year may be the winter season of your life. Though young and full of vigor and of good constitution the seeds of death are in you. Though full of business and with bright prospects the wintry night of death will not consult your leisure or wait for you to accomplish your design.

Though you deliberately delay preparation, or are unwilling to admit the thought of it, or hope the contrary, the journey of life may end when you least expect it.

Reason, conscience and God tell you that it is the part of wisdom to prepare for the future. May you so live that your transit through the Jordan may be calm, peaceful and triumphant. May your death be that of the righteous and your last days as peaceful as a summer's evening.

"Tis' a fearful night in the winter time,
As cold as it ever can be;
The roar of the blast is heard like the chime
Of the waves of an angry sea.
The moon is full; but her silver light
The storm dashes out with its wings tonight;
And over the sky from south to north
Not a star is seen, as the wind comes forth,
In the strength of a mighty glee."

The End.

JOHANNES.

PLANETS VISIBLE TO THE NAKED EYE

Venus, Mars, Jupiter and Saturn Giving World a Good View.

The sky just now presents many interesting features to those who may have only a slight knowledge of the movements of the stars and planets, and from shortly after dusk until about nine o'clock four of the planets of our solar system are visible in the sky to the naked eye. They are the planets Venus, Mars, Jupiter and Saturn.

Venus is now quite bright in the southwestern heavens, but as it is not yet very high it must be observed early in the evening. This planet is almost as large as the earth, and its orbit is between the earth and sun. Somewhat higher in the heavens and looking almost as bright, although not of as whitish color, Jupiter, the giant of our planetasy system, may be observed. More than eleven times the diameter of the earth is this great planet, and from Chicago comes the news that another moon has been discovered for the planet, making a grand total of eight. Details of the unar phenomenon were given at the Chicago Academy of Sciences. Last spring some remarkable photographs of Jupiter were taken, which evidenced the existence of the eighth moon, and this verified the contention of certain well known European astronomers. One of the moons of Jupiter is estimated to be larger than the planet Mars, and of a density less than water.

Saturn, whose rings are plainly seen through a small telescope, is observable almost over head at ten o'clock, the apparent position of the planet being about midway between the Twins (Pollux and Castor) and the bright first magnitude star in the head of Orion. Saturn is apparently moving backward through the heavens just now, towards the Hyades, although its real motion is eastward.

Mars may be seen low down in the east, and is rapidly becoming brighter and ruddier, as in its movement around its orbit it comes closer to the earth.

Mars, too, has moved rapidly over the sky eastward and several months ago was very close to Saturn, both planets at that time lying near the Pleiades. Mars is now in the constellation Leo and very close to a faint star in the handle of the sickle, from which it is apparent rapidly moving westward. Mars appears decidely brighter and larger than the first magnitude star Regulus, at the end of the sickle handle.

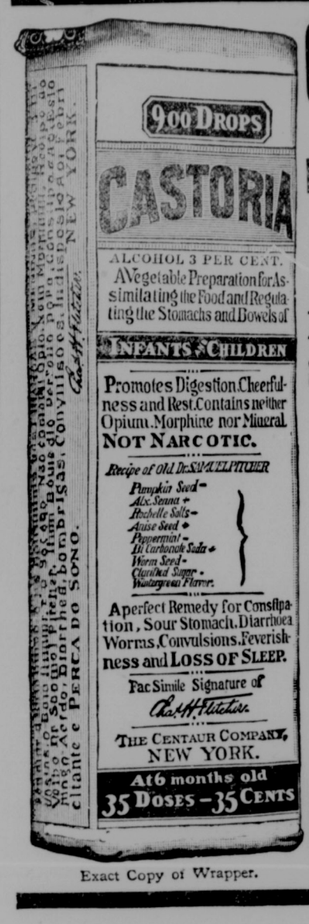
Many of the most prominent and beautiful constellations are to be seen in the winter sky, and as the heavens continue to grow darker for the next two weeks, because of the waning of the moon, they will stand out still more prominently in the sky overhead.

Forty Years Ago.

Last Saturday's Cumberland News related the following as having occured forty years ago:

The canal extension committee met in a room at Barnum's hotel, Baltimore. There were present: Hon. P. Hamill, chairman; Col. Horace Resley, John S. Grove, James Parks, Col. J. M. Schley and G. W. Kildow, of Allegany; R. T. Browning and W. H. Barnard, of Garrett; Col. J. E. Wood, Mineral; Judge J. D. Armstrong, of Hampshire; W. I. Brown, of Grant, and Thomas Maslenn, of Hardy; also ex-Mayor Platt, Dr. C. H. Ohr, Capt. J. W. Pearce, Asa Willison and G. F. Gephart, of Cumberland; Senator T. G. McCulloh and Wm. Ward, of Frostburg; John S. Combs, Lonaconing, and C. P. Manning, Cumberland. It was proposed to extend the canal to the mouth of the Savage river. This would tap an undeveloped coal region with half a million tons of coal a year.

FOR SALE—A number of gas heaters. Apply to John J. Sweeney, Oakland, Md. Adv.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

The Lonaconing Savings Bank

Of Allegany County

Stands First among the State Banks of Maryland

Capital Stock . $20,000
Surplus and Undivided Profits . $60,000
Deposits . . $625,000

3 PER CENT. Interest Paid Upon all Savings Accounts.

GIVE THEM A START

This would be a good time for you to start your young folks on the road to Success.

Early training in the practice of self-denial; nstruction as to the use and value of money; opportunities for earning and saving money; all these tend to fix and fasten the children in the ways of thrift and prosperity.

We most gladly assist the young people in getting started.

One Dollar opens an account and entitles the depositor to one of our Savings Banks.

We shall be pleased to have our Garrett County friends call and open an account with us.

JAMES M. SLOAN, President. DUNCAN R. SLOAN, Cashier.

THE CITY'S BEST MEAT MARKET

IN THE EMPIRE BUILDING.

Choice Steak, Boiling Meat, and all other kinds of meat. Highest cash price paid for Poultry and Eggs; also cash paid for Hides and Skins.

H. L. MILLER

When a Doctor is Needed

When you need a doctor, you usually want him in a hurry. The quickest way is by telephone.

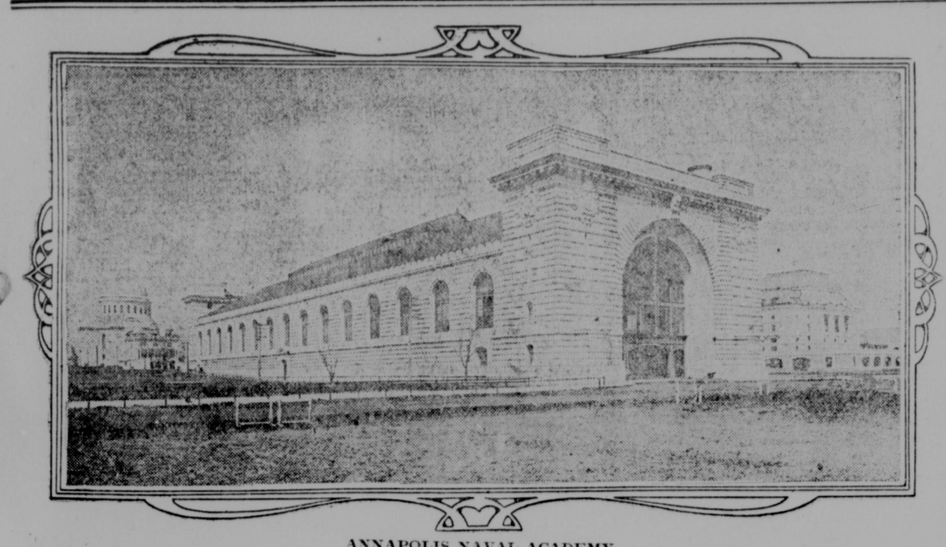
You may not need a doctor now, but it is well to be prepared for emergencies. The prompt use of the telephone has saved many a life.

You can have service for a few cents a day. Ask our local manager about it.

THE CHESAPEAKE AND POTOMAC TELEPHONE COMPANY

J. BROOKE BOYLE, Local Manager

Tel. 9000 10 Union St., Cumberland



ANNAPOLIS NAVAL ACADEMY.

Now that Uncle Sam is to have an adequate Navy, the academy at Annapolis will be kept busy preparing young officers for the new ships that Congress is expected to authorize this session. Senator John W. Weeks, of Massachusetts, who is taking an active part in the discussion of preparedness in the Senate, is the only member of Congress who is a graduate of Annapolis, and for this reason his speeches concerning the needs of the Navy are listened to with especial interest.

CONSERVATION IN MARYLAND

A BULWARK AGAINST STARVATION

This is the fourth of a series of articles on the need of conservation in Maryland, published under the auspices of the Maryland Wild Life Protective Association at this time with a view of having some of the defects remedied by the passage of adequate conservation laws at the present session of the State Legislature.

Birds stand between us and starvation through the ravages of insects. There are but 14,000 species of the former as against some 5,000,000 species of the latter, but if man is hands off the birds can hold the hungry millions down. Under control the function of insects in the world is as big as their numbers. They carry pollen from blossom to blossom, and so get plants fertilized and propagated. The doctrine of botany is that flowers, with their wonderful endowment of color, perfume, nectar and form are only tricks to win insects visitation. But out from control insects constitute man's greatest earthly menace. Through extension of cultivated areas and reduction in bird population, we have disturbed the balance. Insect depredation is now a major concern. In its year book for 1904 the Department of Agriculture published the following estimate of the annual loss occasioned by the destructive insects in the United States:

Cereals	$200,000,000
Hay	53,000,000
Cotton	60,000,000
Tobacco	5,300,000
Truck crops	53,000,000
Sugars	5,000,000
Fruits	27,000,000
Farm forests	11,000,000
Miscellaneous crops	5,800,000
Animal products	175,000,000
Natural forest and forest products	100,000,000
Products in storage	100,000,000
Grand total	$795,100,000

The accuracy of these figures has apparently never been questioned.

Insects are possessed of prodigious fecundity and voracity. Given a free hand, a pair of Colorado potato beetles would in one season be the progenitors of over 60,000,000, and they are slow coaches compared with plant lice. There are larva which in 24 hours will consume 200 times their original weight. If an infant did as much he would eat 1500 pounds his first day, or if he grew like some caterpillars he would weigh 40 tons at maturity. Against them nature has, aside from disease and the elements, two regulative agencies: First, birds; second, predacious and parasitic insects. Some insects feed on others, but it is insectivorous birds that act as the primary check. They are well equipped. Flight gets them quickly to points of threatened outbreak. The bird's eye is unmatched; he can become far-sighted or near-sighted instantaneously.

Its hearing is keener than ours. Its heart beats faster, blood is warmer, lung capacity higher, and muscular activity greater than those of any other animal. To maintain such hot fires of life, great quantities of food are required, and for assimulating it they have enormous capacity.

A nestling needs one-half its own weight of food daily. Three hundred parental visits daily with one to a dozen insects each trip may be called a low average. Here are a few single meals of adult birds and there may be a dozen or more a day. One cuckoo, 217 webworms; another, 250 caterpillars; a flicker, 5000 ants; another, 1000 chinch bugs; a nighthawk, 60 grass-hoppers; another, 500 mosquitos; red-winged blackbird, 28 cutworms; cedar bird, 100 cankerworms; 2 Maryland yellow-throats each 3500 plant lice on a birch in 40 minutes, and they were apparently on this job about three hours a day. (Count that up for a week); 2 scarlet tangers, 35 gipsy moths a minute for 18 minutes.

If they worked one hour a day, they would clear off 14,700 in a week or enough to defoliate two apple trees, and thus save a crop worth $200 to $500 or more. Thirty-six species eat the coddling moth, which destroys apples, and 52 the cotton-boll weevil.

Let us pass this army of defense rapidly in review.

The cuckoo is a caterpillar specialist. One hundred and fifty-five stomachs contained 2771 (chiefly hairy), plus 818 other insects. And yet they can be shot in Maryland.

The woodpecker's function is the protection of trees, especially those of the forest. His beak is a chisel and with it he drives into wood after boring insects, while his long barbed tongue drags them forth. Damage to trees is confined to one species—the yellow-bellied sapsucker. Woodpeckers (this includes flickers) stay with us all winter, living on eggs of insects picked out of the bark. The Maryland statute dealing with this genus is a joke, the sapsucker being fully protected, while the word "woodpecker" does not appear.

The nighthawk, or bullbat, feeds awing, and, of course, wholly on insects. Thousands go to make up a meal. One-fourth of them are ants, which damage stored products and foster destructive plant lice. Other delicacies are the adults of white grubs, noted pests, cotton-boll weevils and malarial mosquitoes. Maryland is no refuge for them, however, but metes out merciless persecution, for they are grand targets on a summer's evening.

"The kingbird destroys honeybees, and so we will have none of him," they cry from Dan to Beersheba, but in 665 stomachs examined in Washington, 51 drones and 8 workers was the total. The great bulk of their food is noxious insects, and to a poultry yard they are insurance against hawks and crows.

Indeed, the whole remaining brood of flycatchers—phoebes, pewees—of whip-porwills and swifts, of martins and swallows, join to purge the air. Brown thrasher, towhee, meadowlark and thrush scour the ground between songs, while vireos and warblers twice a year comb the foliage, and creepers, kinglets, nuthatches, titmice and chickadees cleanse the trunks and limbs of the forests.

Orchard or grove, honored by hummingbird, oriole, mockingbirds, catbird, wren, robin or bluebird, is assured of a long and happy life, even if a Russian mulberry must be included to toll some away from the cherries.

Finally, to the finch or sparrow family (including the snowbirds and grosbeaks), most numerous of all, 40 species strong, is set the task of consuming weed seed. All are beneficial except the English sparrow, an immigrant of 1852. A single species, the tree sparrow, has been estimated to take 875 tons annually in Iowa. More of this another day.

In behalf of this host of gifted friends we are going to ask the next Legislature to pass the Audubon model law. This was prepared originally by the American Ornithologists' Union in 1886, but reached its perfected form in Louisiana in 1904. It is now on the statute books of 39 States. Maryland is the only State in North, East or South now without it, the others being sparcely settled Western States. Its Legislature is the only one of this groupe which meets in 1916. An enactment by unanimous consent will prove that our delay was an oversight, and that is expected.

M. LLEWELLYN RANEY,
Johns Hopkins University.

Piano Clearance **Piano Clearance**

MORRISON'S Clean Sweep Clearance Sale

Makes Many Happy Every Day.

UPRIGHT' PLAYER and GRAND PIANOS

SLIGHTLY USED, STORE SAMPLES, AND SOME NEW PIANOS

Every one in guaranteed condition. Each instrument in stock being a reliable make in first-class shape. We make a practice never to make a disappointed customer.

Clean Sweep at $90 and up

EVERY PIANO A BARGAIN. TERMS TO SUIT.

Write Us For Full Particulars.

MORRISON MUSIC CO. 131 Baltimore St. Y. M. C. A. Building.

CUMBERLAND, MARYLAND.

BITTINGER.

The Lutheran brethren celebrated their mid-winter Communion in this village last Sunday morning.

We experienced the coldest and warmest weather of the winter during the past week. On Monday morning the mercury was as low as eight degrees below zero and on Friday it was up to a summer point.

The spring like weather of last week occasioned some stir among sugar makers and it is reported that George Wiley opened his camp.

C. E. Ellithorp received a new spreader from a western manufacturer last week.

E. S. Brenneman recently received a shipment of lime to be used in land improvement.

A. J. Oester is again able to go about, having recovered from the injury to his leg reported last week.

A traveling musician named Sheets spent last week in this settlement repairing organs.

Lloyd F. Brenneman will be ready to operate his saw-mill on the Henry Platter farm in the near future.

Several unsuccessful fox chases were had in the near-by mountains last week.

GLADES

We are having very pleasant weather at this writing

We are glad to report that our school teacher, Miss Cora Knox, who has been quite ill with la grip, is able to teach her school again.

Quite a number of people from this place attended communion services at Bittinger on Sunday.

Mr. Clarence Stephen and family, Silas Beachy and wife and Miss Arma Bittinger were Sunday visitors at J. B. Harmon's.

Ermon and Dewey Bittinger, who are employed at Mason Bros., spent Sunday with home folks.

Bert Bittinger, who had the misfortune of cutting his foot, is able to work again.

The little daughter of Nelson Orendorf is ill.

Church at the Glades next Sunday morning at half past ten. Everybody invited. ECHOES.

CHESTNUT GROVE.

We have been having some very cold weather for the past week. Some days are May and some days January.

Mr. Jashay Paugh, of Oakmont, and brother Charles of Barnum, were in our town recently.

Rev. Barnard was visiting home friends the last of the week. He preached a very interesting sermon Sunday morning.

Messrs. Stewart and Delbert Titchnell were visiting their aunt, Mrs. Solomon Moon, of Chaffee, last Sunday.

On account of the roads being in a deplorable condition farmers have about quit hauling.

Messrs. Philip R. and William Titchnell were looking out a locality for a county road last Saturday. This road is to begin at the far end of Mr. Titchnell's lane and leading from there to Empire.

We are glad to note that Henry Barnard, who has been sick for some time, is on the mend.

Mr. Arthur Titchnell made a flying trip to Kerons recently.

Messrs. Herbert and Howard Barnard butchered a very fine beef for Henry Barnard Thursday.

FOR SALE—One Sterling Thresher 16h. p. I. H. C. Gasoline Engine; 1 rebuilt I. H. C. auto Truck. For prices and terms, write or call upon R. M. Holman, Friendsville, Md, 3t*tf.

MANY TYPES OF ROADS ARE FOUND IN STATE

Soil Traffic and Topography Considered in Building Maryland Highways.

In the section of the report of the State Roads Commission dealing with the types of roads in Maryland this statement is made:

Perhaps no other state has a wider diversification of road building conditions than Maryland, this including crossing the Alleghany Mountains in Garrett and Allegany counties; the smaller ranges of the Blue Ridge east of there; the broken and hilly region of Central Maryland, with its variety of soils; the sandy Eeastern Shore counties, with no road-building material, and in cases with tidewater only a few inches below the surface; the broken and irregular sand and clay country of Southern Maryland, with no stone, many rivers and swamps, and scant transportation facilties; the expenditure of several million dollars in paving city streets in and around Baltimore, with a population of nearly three-quarters of a million; the designing and construction of a number of large bridges, etc.

In carrying out this great undertaking, close study has been given to adapting the types of our roads, as far as is consistent with a system of modern highways, to the resources of the state, and to the physical characteristics, the traffic requirements, and the wishes of the people in the several parts of same. As a result, these vary from sand-clay roads in Southern Maryland to the highest class of street improvements in Baltimore city.

Generally speaking, the types of roads vary greatly, according to the availability of material, the character of soil, the intensity of traffic and the topography of the county.

In Western Maryland operations have been largely confined to macadamizing the old National, Frederick and other turnpikes, the stone roadbeds being resurfaced with five or six inches of new hard stone, thus making a highway which compares very favorably with our standard macadam. In 1912 contractors would not bid on this class of work except on a percentage basis, but a plan has since been devised, whereby a large mileage in that section has been built by contract on a unit basis. Near Green Ridge, in the mountains east of Cumberland, where the cost of hauling in a stone suitable for macadam would be excessive, seven miles have been built of shale, which is found in quantities in that vicinity. This makes a smooth and comparatively inexpensive road, similar to that through the Delaware Water Gap, in Pennsylvania. It is not costly to maintain, and is soft only in the wet spring months, when it is little traveled. Through the Alleghany Mountains much local material had to be used, as the long hauls over the mountains made the importation of other materials so excessive that the cost of the roads would have been prohibitive. Limestone was used where it could be secured at a reasonable cost and whsre it could not be thus had, local sandstone, which had been exposed to the weather, or a hard variety that was found at the foot of the mountains, was utilized and bound together with a bituminous product.

HUTTON

Tuesday evening, Jan. 25th, a dance was held in Pendergast hall, with quite a number from out-of-town in attendance.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank P. Baker spent Saturday with Oakland friends.

Mr. George White, traveling salesman of Oakland, passed through our town Friday enroute to Crellin, Md.

Misses Madeline and Pauline Dent, of Crellin, were visiting friends in town Saturday.

Mr. L. R. Horton was a Cumberland visitor a few days last week.

Mr. Edmund Dent, of Crellin, passed through Hutton Saturday enroute to Gratton, W. Va.

Miss Julia Kerins, of Oakland, was a Hutton visitor Saturday.

Mr. Martin Huges has been quite ill at his home but is now able to be about again.

Mr. W. R. Pendergast attended the K. of C. dance at Oakland last Thursday evening.

Principal Miss Katherine O'Donnell spent Saturday, as usual, with her parents at Mt. Lake Park.

Mr. Joseph T. Pendergast, of Akron, O., is visiting his parents at this place, where he is recuperating his failing health, as well as receiving medical treatment for injuries received, from an accident at the Goodrich rubber factory at Akron.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Horton were shopping at Oakland Friday evening.

ST. ELMO.

Coal! Coal!

I am prepared to furnish coal either by the ton or by carloads at a price that will interest all consumers. All grades, both eastern and western coal constantly on hand and immediate delivery guaranteed. Can save you money on your fuel supply this winter. Harry Helbig, Oakland, Md. Adv.

FRAMES NATIONS' RIGHTS AT LAW

Remarkable Declaration Resists Aggression of Belligerents

AMERICAN REPUBLICS JOIN

Five Principles Set Forth Based on Rights of Existence and Independence—Bearing on Belgium—Violation Seemingly Condemned.

Washington.—A Declaration of the Rights of Nations, applying to the countries of the world the principles of human rights set forth in the American Declaration of Independence, has been prepared by the American Institute of International Law, which is composed of 105 members—five from each of the twenty-one American republics. The institute, which recently has taken on an almost official character, with Secretary of State Lansing and two ex-Secretaries of State on the delegation from the United States, drafted the declaration during the recent sessions of the Pan-American Scientific Congress here.

The declaration, as made public by Dr. James Brown Scott, president of the institute, chairman of the Joint Neutrality Board of the State and Navy Departments, and secretary of the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace, sets forth five international principles, two of which seem to have a direct and significant bearing on the events of the war in Europe. The first declares that every nation has the right to exist, but is not justified in defending this right at the expense of "innocent and unoffending states." The other declares that "every nation entitled to a right by the law of nations is entitled to have that right respected and protected by all other nations." The first seems to condemn the German invasion of Belgium. The second is held in some quarters to imply that all the nations of the world should have rallied to Belgium's protection.

The importance of this declaration of principles lies in the fact it represents the opinion of the most eminent authorities of the 21 republics of the Western Hemisphere. Among the five American representatives in the institute are Elihu Root and Secretary Lansing.

BIG CALIFORNIA FLOOD.

Sixteen Dead and $3,000,000 Loss In State Wide Disaster.

Los Angeles, Cal.—With sixteen persons known to have perished, property loss exceeding $3,000,000, and a number of cites and towns still isolated, southern California began repairing the damage done by the six day storm, which swept this State. San Diego, Pomona, Colton, Riverside, Ontario, Sandimas and Monrovia were the worst sufferers. San Diego and Pomona report property losses estimated at $1,000,000.

Halted by heavy snows in the mountains the flood waters are receding gradually. All the isolated cities have been heard from. Many rescues were made. In a number of cases the rescued, marooned on islands for several days, were nearly starved, and had to be taken to hospitals. It is estimated that two thousand are homeless.

Passenger trains which had been stalled for six days have arrived here.

FLOODS SWEEP ILLINOIS.

Joliet and Other Towns in Valley of Des Plaines Inundated.

Chicago.—Rivers throughout northern Illinois, swollen by rain which fell almost continuously for a night, overflowed their banks and inundated a score of cities and villages. No loss of life was reported, but the property damage was estimated at several hundred thousand dollars.

The worst flood since 1902 engulfed Joliet. Water ran five feet deep in the streets. Nearly a thousand persons were driven from home.

Rockdale, a manufacturing town, reported six feet of water on the level, and business suspended.

The whole valley of the Des Plaines River was inundated.

The river rose six feet at Wilmington, and much damage was done there and throughout the adjoining country.

TO ADMIT MRS. PANKHURST.

All Formalities Will Probably End on President's Order.

Washington.—Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, the Suffragist leader, on parole in New York, will be formally admitted to the United States.

Commissioner General Caminetti said that unless it was shown that something since Mrs. Pankhurst's admission two years ago was sufficient to exclude her, he could not see any reason to alter the Immigration Bureau's ruling admitting her then.

JOBS FOR GIRLS; NO GIRLS.

Baltimore Firm Is Offering Bonuses for Operators.

Baltimore.—Scarcity of girl operators has forced several Baltimore manufacturers of shirts and other clothing to sublet 10 per cent or more of contracts to Philadelphia firms.

Never, they say, in the history of the city has it been so difficult to get girls for work in factories. Competition among firms to obtain girl operators is keen, and each firm is trying to outdo the others in inducements.

CHEVROLET

THE "FOUR-NINETY" has the following novel and superior features not found in any other car built:

(1) Shock-absorbing duplex front springs; (2) Self-lubricating cluten collar; (3) Hub construction with triple-size bearings, preventing "wabble" of wheels and wear on tires; (4) Compound spur steering gear attached to body—the simplest and safest ever invented; (5) Unit power plant carrying transmission on open brackets, which gives accessibility to clutch and allows removal of all transmission, if necessary, in twenty minutes. (Patents granted or applied for on the above.)

These cars may be inspected at Lawton's Garage. Upon request demonstrations will be gladly given. Write for booklets describing these cars to

John J. Sweeney, Distributor,

OAKLAND, MARYLAND.

The Lutheran Church

SECOND STREET, OAKLAND

Sunday School, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

B. H. SINCELL, Superintendent.

Let every one heed the words of the Master, "Suffer little children to come unto Me and forbid them not: for of such is the Kingdom of God."

Men's Brotherhood Class, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

JULIUS C. RENNINGER, Brotherhood President.

REV. BREMER, Teacher.

We cordially invite all men not already enrolled in some school to study the Bible with this class.

Morning Worship, 10.45 o'Clock.

Undoubtedly, one of the richest blessings of the christian life is a consciousness of duty done and obligations maintained. Regular attendance upon the regular appointed hours of worship adds much to that consciousness.

Luther League, 6.30 o'Clock P. M.

Topic—"The Open Church."

Leader—WALTER KAHL.

Evening Worship, 7.30 o'Clock.

All are welcomed to worship with us.

—The above was prepared by the pastor and the advestisement is authorized and paid for by one interested in church work.

Settle the Silo Question and Settle it for Good

Do away with painting, repairing and tightening of hoops.

Know that your silo won't blow over.

Be sure of perfect silage at all times.

Build the worryless, efficient.

Natco Imperishable Silo. "The silo that lasts for generations."

Its hollow, vitrified, clay tile are impervious to air and moisture; they preserve the silage sweet and juicy.

The dead air space in the wall resists frost making it the silo for cold climates.

Its a silo of efficiency, and a silo you'll be proud of.

For further information address, The National Fire Proofing Company, Pittsburgh, Pa., or, W. C. DeBerry, Oakland, Md.

P. S. A liberal discount is given on silos ordered before Feb. 1st. Discount becomes smaller each succeeding month.

First Numbering of Houses.

London began to number its houses in 1764, about the time it removed the house signs that made ancient London an open air picture gallery.

Mortgagee's Sale OF A Valuable Farm

In Garrett county, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage from William C. Brafford to the undersigned mortgagee, dated the 26th day of November, 1910, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 60, folio 424 etc., one of the Mortgagee Records of Garrett county, he will on

SATURDAY, the 5th day of February,

1916, in front of the Court House, in the town of Oakland, at the hour of two o'clock P. M. of said day, sell at public auction to the highest bidder, all that tract or parcel of ground, situate, lying and being in Garrett County, located about four miles North from Deer Park, near State road,

being a part of the tract of land called "Stock Farm" and containing the quantity of

Thirty Acres and 104 Perches,

more or less, and being the same tract of land which was conveyed to the said William C. Brafford by deed from Gilmor S. Hamill and wife, dated the 26th day of November, 1910, and duly recorded among the Land Records of Garrett county, especial reference to which said deed and the record thereof is herein made for a more particular description of said tract of land.

Said property is improved by a very good Dwelling House and outbuildings with an orchard thereon, and a good part of the property is under fence and well cultivated, besides being well watered.

TERMS OF SALE:—Whilst the mortgage calls for cash sale, still if any responsible party desires to buy this property reasonable terms can be made with the undersigned in buying the same, and by giving notes for the deferred payments to be agreed upon.

Possession will be given upon the ratification of the sale by the Court and the purchaser arranging the terms.

GILMOR S. HAMILL,
Mortgagee.

THE OPEN ROAD

Along Which An Effort Will Be Made to Assist the Wanderer on His Way Up Hill.

BY LEO J. RASCHE.

Daily events these days have a great tendency to arouse the war spirit, particularly the events in the country to the South of us, and there are some very aggravating occurances down that way. Things are pretty provoking sometimes. But the chances are, George, resting comfortably and living in ease at home as you are, many of those fellows in the trenches of Europe would gladly change places with you, and if your fighting spirit gets too strong you might migrate to Canada and the probabilities are that they would give you an opportunity to enlist.

Here's annother suggestion: You have personaly never been killed in Mexico, George, and if you have good sense the chances are that you are not going to be killed there. Things have been pretty much mussed up there for a long time and it has been a danger zone for several years. Plenty of time has been given for all time in the danger zone to move out, and those who take hazardous risks during troublous times not only endanger their own personal safety, but the peace of their own people. When the man in the circus places his head between the jaws of the lion it must sorely tempt the lion and it is a question whether it would be right to kill the lion if he took advantage of the fool-hardiness of the adventurer, or whether an immediate expedition should be organized to invade the jungles and kill off all the lions.

If the Mexicans would hold this coutry responsible for every "greaser" killed in the West it is probable they would be daily demanding reparation for some life or another, and there would be a big score to pay. It would be the part of patriotism for Americans to keep out of war zones during war, lest the adventurous spirits they are so frequently deprived of in the danger zones should arouse the naturally peaceful spirits of their countrymen and plunge the nation in war. Keeping out of danger and thereby keeping alive is a duty they owe themselves and their country. People have a right to go when and where they please, but if they go into the jaws of the lion in his rage, they should do so wholly and solely upon their own responsibility. If you go where killing is a popular pastime, George, you may expect to get yours at any time, and if you remain where peace prevails you may run a good chance of reaching your "three score and ten."

All good Americans regret the loss of good American lives at any time or place, but did the giving of a score of lives of American sailors and marines at Vera Cruz avenge the arrest of a couple of American sailors? Because a couple sailors were arrested did it pay to give the lives of a score or more? This war business is worth considering carefully, George, Peace at any price? Uo. But war when absolutely necessary and not before. There will always be war, but it should not be for trifles.

SWANTON

Mrs. George Beckman who has been confined to her home the past month with lagrip is rapidly recovering.

Mrs. Charles O'Brien and daughter, Miss Nina, spent Sunday, January 16th, in this community.

Misses Edith and Lena Beckman went to Deer Park Sunday.

Mr. George Fitzwater and son, Wilmer, called at the home of Mr. James Fitzwater Sunday.

Mr. Will Enlow was the guest of Miss Ethel Harvey Sunday.

Those on the sick list are Miss Bessie Green, Mrs. Charles Harvey, Mr. Arch Beckman and Mr. Charles O'Brien.

Miss Alice Dye and Kate Fitzwater called at the home of Judge and Mrs. Charles Harvey Sunday.

Mr. Earl Harvey is employed in the coal mine at Bittinger at this writing.

Mr. John McRobie, our mail carrier, is confined to his home with lagrip. His son, Carl, is filling his place at the present time.

Mr. and Mrs. Steve Rhodes spent Friday with Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Beckman.

Mr. George Fitzwater went to Oakland Wednesday, on business.

Mr. Harry Beckman called upon the Browning boys Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs J. Willis Green and little daughter, Beulah, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. O'Brien.

Mr. David Gilpin went to Blaine on business Tuesday.

The Penticostal People are holding meetings at Paradise. The public are invited to help make their meetings a success.

Quite a few farmers have been seen on the road, taking advantage of this nice weather.

Charles Harvey and son, Ray, were business callers in Oakland Tuesday.

Miss Elizabeth Beckman called at the home of her uncle, Mr. Geo. Fitzwater, Tuesday.

Mr. Chancey Glass was a visitor in this part Sunday, January 16.

Artesian Wells Long Known.

Chinese have obtained water through the means of artesian wells for over a thousand years. One of the most famous wells in existence is that of Grenelle in the outskirts of Paris, where the water is brought from a depth of 1,796 feet. It yields 516¼ gallons of water a minute. A well in Pesth was sunk to the depth of 3,100 feet in the '70s.

Thought for Women.

When New York State forbade the sale of egret plumes the dealers in this horrible product went to Jersey. When Jersey joined New York they went to Philadelphia, where they are now carrying on a mail order business with women who think themselves beautiful by carrying on their heads a souvenir of a mother bird killed and her fledglings left to starve.—Syracuse Post-Standard.

Business Men.

Business men are divided into two classes—those who have machines and those who are.—Life.

Great Is Education.

Uncle Joe—Well, Rob, what have you learned at school today? Anything new? Rob—Yep; how to fix crooked pins in a chair so they'll stay.

Too Much Nose.

Wobly—Why did you discharge that bookkeeper that you had? Jobly—Had to do it. He was so nearsighted that every time he wrote with his pen he rubbed out with his nose.

News Is Stranger Than Fiction

By MOSS.

SUPPOSE advertising of all kinds the world over were wiped out for a month—utterly obliterated. Yes, it would ruin business. But it would do more—it would make this old world positively STUPID.

Why?

Because ADVERTISING IS NEWS, and we must keep pace with the news or grow stale.

Newspaper advertising—THE BEST ON EARTH—is displayed news, paid for with a purpose.

The latest news in newspaper advertising, a special sale of furs, a big reduction in suits, a saving in groceries, furniture at annual sale prices or five bars of soap for the price of three—all this latest news is as important to every housewife and the husband who pays the bills as the last word from Mexico or an account of the newest municipal or society scandal.

Advertising is POSITIVELY and ABSOLUTELY news.

Successful advertisers make their ads. as NEWSY as possible. Read the ads. in this paper as NEWS. Keep up with them. Truth is stranger than fiction. So is news.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice That the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

MARGARET E. GRIFFITH

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 13th day of July 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this thirteenth day of January, 1916.

FRED. A. THAYER,
Administrator Margaret E. Griffith.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

JOEL J. MILLER

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 13th day of July 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 13th day of January, 1916.

JONAS B. MILLER,
Administrator,
Grantsville, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters Testamentary on the estate of

MARY RATHBUN

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 13th day of July 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 13th day of January, 1916.

FRANK E. RATHBUN,
Executor,
Oakland, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters Testamentary on the estate of

JONAS D. BRENNEMAN

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 13th day of July 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 13th day of January, 1916.

LYDIA BRENNEMAN,
Executrix,
Grantsville, Md.

REPORT OF CONDITION OF

The First National Bank

AT KITZMILLERVILLE,

In the State of Maryland, at the close of business, December 31, 1915.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$102,154 79
Overdrafts, secured		62 25
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)		24,000 00
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged		16,450 00
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve bank	2,300 00	
Less amount unpaid	1,150 00	1,150 00
Value of banking house (if unencumbered)		7,000 00
Furniture and fixtures		4,387 60
Net amount due from Federal Reserve bank		2,080 70
Net amount due from approved reserve agents New York, Chicago and St. Louis	49 74	
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in other reserve cities	6,545 59	6,595 33
Net amount due from banks and bankers (other than above)		5 54
Outside checks and other cash items	90 38	
Fractional currency, nickles, and cents	189 63	280 01
Notes of other national banks		3,150 00
Lawful money reserve in bank—		
Coin and certificates		6,830 55
Redemption fund with U.S Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		1,249 50
Other assets, if any		154 10
Total		$176,523 43

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		25,000 00
Surplus fund		13,000 00
Undivided profits		1,327 01
Circulating notes outstand		24,500 00
Net amount due to approved reserve agents in other reserve cities		209 91
Due to banks and bankers (other than above)		2,251 80
Dividends unpaid		24 00
Demand deposits—		
Individual deposits subject to check		26,027 07
Cashier's Checks out standing		615 72
Total demand deposits	26,657 79	
Time deposits (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice):		
Other time deposits	73,482 83	
Total of time deposits		73,482 83
Bills payable, including obligations representing money borrowed		10,000 00
Total		$176,523 43

State of Maryland, County of Garrett.

I, G. B. M. KEPLER, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

G. B. M. KEPLER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 13th day of January, 1916.

Sue L. LAUGHLIN, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: R. A. SMITH,
D. F. FICHTNER,
S. S. BENDER,
Directors.

Examiners' Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, appointed by the County Commissioner of Garrett County, to view the lands through which the Road leading from Avilton to the Pike through the lands of Elias Arnold road, and examine whether the said road should be Relocated will meet on the 25th day of February, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said relocation of said road, and if so, to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

LEWIS H. BROADWATER,
J. O. WILHELM,
ERNEST Z. MICHAEL,
Examiners.

Maryland Theatre
Oakland, Md.

One Night Only

Mon., Jan. 31

De Rue Brothers

Ideal Minstrels

"The People's Favorites"

All White Stars

Spectacular First Part

"A Fountain of Mirth"

Introducing our Commedians, Singers, Dancers and Suburb Orchestra and

Billy and Bobby De Rue

"That Talkative Man" and "A Satan for the Blues."

Eight Big Vaudeville Acts

Leahy Bros.

Muscular and Athletic Feats

Frank Clark

Juggling Banjoist

First American Appearance with this Company

Happy Bert Allen

Scare Crow Eccentric Dancer

8--Dancers and Comedians--8

Flaherty & Howard

Comedians and Singers

Golden City Quartette

Empire Musical Duo

De Rue and Sears

Comedy and Music in a Joyous Combination

Turner Bros.

Comedy Acrobats

And Many Big, New, Startling Features

Guarantee Best Minstrel Show Ever Here

Grand Street Parade at Noon

Remember the date

Tickets now on sale at

Gonders' Pharmacy

Prices 35, 50, and 75 cents

Order Nisi.

Jerome B. Emory, Late Treasurer of Garrett County, Maryland vs. Rosa J. Riley, No. 267, Miscellaneous Docket. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County.

Ordered, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland, this 25th day of January, 1916, that the tax sale made and reported in the above entitled case by Jerome B. Emory, late Treasurer of Garrett county, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 6th day of March, 1916; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 25th day of February, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $83.79.

M. L. KEED

True copy, Test: E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Order Nisi.

Jerome B. Emory, Late Treasurer of Garrett County, Maryland vs. Susan Hendrickson, No. 268, Miscellaneous Docket. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County.

Ordered, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland, this 25th day of January, 1916, that the tax sale made and reported in the above entitled case by Jerome B. Emory late Treasurer of Garrett county, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 6th day of March, 1916; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 25th day of February, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $130.09.

M. L. KEEDY.

True copy, Test: E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Examiners' Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned appointed by the County Commissioners of Garrett County, to view the lands through which the new road is prayed to be examined commencing at Garey's gate and passing through the lands of Edith Hileman, Abell Friend and Hiram Humberson to intersect the Morgantown road at or near John Meyer's house, and examine whether the said new road should be granted will meet on the 29th day of February, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said building of said new road, and if so, to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

C. W. FRIEND,
W. F. MEYERS,
S. K. FRAZEE,
Examiners.

Order Nisi.

Edward H. Sincell, assignee, vs. Joseph Lint, et ux.

In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland, No. 2034 Equity.

Ordered, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in equity, this 18th day of December, 1915, that the sale of the property mentioned in these proceedings as made and reported by Edward H. Sincell, Assignee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 21st day of January, 1916, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett County once in each of three successive weeks before the 14th day of January, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $600.00.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy, Test: E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Subscribe for The Republican.

THE REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME 40. OAKLAND, MARYLAND THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1916. NUMBER 49

FORMER AGENT AT ROWLESBURG HELD FOR COURT

Charged with Having Used B. & O. Pass Belonging To Another Man.

A preliminary hearing last Thursday before U. S. Commissioner Charles R. Lilly, at Grafton, was given W. V. Fairall on the charge of having used a pass belonging to another man to make the trip over the B. & O. lines from Fairmont to Uniontown. Fairall was ordered held under $500 bond for trial in the federal court at Wheeling in May. Bond was furnished in the required amount and he was released until the day of his trial.

Fairell is a prominent Rowlesburg man and for a number of years was employed as the agent of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company at that place. He left the service several months ago, it is understood that his arrest came as a great surprise to his many friends in Oakland where he was born and reared as he held an excellent reputation here and his friends are hoping that he will be able to make a successful defense when the case comes up for a hearing in the federal court.

Big Engines Coming.

Officials of the Cumberland division of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad have been notified that several of the big Santa Fe type locomotives to be used on the Cumberland and Grafton divisions of the road will arrive at Martinsburg on February 10th It is expected that by that time improvements to the right of way will be completed and that the bridges along the road will be sufficiently strengthened to allow the passage of the huge machines over them. In order to accommodate the new type of power the tracks all over the system have been moved seven inches further apart. In Oakland the platforms at the station have been sawed off that much. The locomotives are the largest and most powerful machines ever built for use on an eastern road.

BASKET BALL

Lonaconing Defeats Collegians By Close Score.

The mighty Lonaconing "Champs," loaded for bear, came to Oakland last Friday evening and took the Collegians into camp by the close score of 23-19, before the largest crowd ever assembled in Oakland for a basket ball game.

This game was the fourth of a series of five games, the Champs previously winning two, and had the locals won, the series would have been tied two and two hence the great interest in this particular contest.

Both teams were determined to win, and the playing was fast and furious all through the contest. The first half ended 14—8 in the visitors' favor, but a sensational spurt by the locals early in the second half tied up the game at 18 each. The game after this became a veritable whirlwind, both teams going for all that was in them.

The Collegians had the ball in close proximity of the visitors' goal all through the contest, but were off in their shooting for the basket. Had they been up to form in this department, they would have won hands down, for time after time they had opportunities for goals and missed.

Spear, the "tall Sycamore" of the Champs, was a team in himself, caging five field goals, some of which were of sensational order. Chance, for the locals made one "circus" shot, Boyle and Sanner getting two good ones each. Frantz and Giessman were "there" as usual with good defensive play. National rules were played for the first time on the local floor. The Line-up.

Lonaconing—23		Oakland—19
McKen[illegible]	F	Sanner
Stafford	F	Chance
Spear	C	Boyle
Pell	G	Giessman
Clark	G	Frantz

Summary—Field Goals—Stafford, 1; Spear, 5; Pell, 2. Sanner, 2; Chance, 1; Boyle, 2. Foul Goals—McKenty, 7 out of 13, Sanner, 9 out of 18. Referee Rev. Bremer. Scorer, Fraley.

Mr. Claud Rigger, of Keyser, W. Va., spent Friday evening in Oakland.

GOLDSBOROUGH GETS READY FOR THE CONTEST

Former Governor in Baltimore Conferring On Plans For His Campaign.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 31.—Former Governor Phillips Lee Goldsborough is in town today for the first time since he left the chief executive's chair. He is here to confer with friends regarding his campaign for the Republican United States Senatorial nomination.

"I am full of confidence as to the result," he said this afternoon at the Rennert. "I believe that the great mass of the party are for my nomination, and I propose to make an active campaign. The only way I can be gotten out of the fight is for the other fellow to lick me, and then I will turn around and help him all I can in the general election."

Except for a slight cold, the former Governor said he felt tiptop. He will remain in Baltimore for the first half of the present week and during that time, he said, his papers may be filed with the Secretary of State.

Dr. Joseph I. France, who will oppose the former Governor in the senatorial primaries, is also shaping his plans for an active canvass of the state.

Both candidates will probably get into the open in a short time with their respective appeals for support.

That he is looking ahead for months Mr. Goldsborough indicated by the acceptance today of an invitation to be the orator at the Decoration Day exercises at Grant's Tomb in New York on May 30. The former governor was invited to make the oration last year, but he was compelled to decline and the invitation was again extended this year.

As to my active plans for headquarters," said Mr. Goldsborough, "they have not yet been completed. I will open headquarters as soon as it is necessary. As to when I shall file my papers, that also has not been decided. I may send them to the Secretary of State tomorrow, or I may wait until I come to Baltimore again."

Laughingly the former Governor added, "I had hoped to get the nomination without a fight, but since that is apparently impossible, I propose to fight in the primaries to get it. While I am here I shall confer with a number of persons as to my campaign plans."

Shortly after this talk the ex-Governor was joined by Col. W. Bailen Lowndes, and Chairman John B. Hanna, of the Industrial Accident Board who are expected to be prominent figures in the Goldsborough campaign.

The Republican senatorial primaries this year will be one of the most interesting settos ever seen in Maryland. Himself a good campaigner, Mr. Goldsborough will have against him in Dr. France a most aggressive candidate. Dr. France is generally recognized as a well-posted man on all public questions, a keen thinker and an able speaker.

In addition, he is a hard fighter and one who will carry the campaign from end to end of the state. It is too early to forecast the actual lineups, but every indication points to Dr. France receiving some of the strongest Republicans in the state.

The former Governor will, of course, make his campaign on his record in office just completed, and his friends are expected to appeal to all those who held state offices under the late administration.

THE DEATH RECORD.

DR. JAMES MCHENRY HOWARD.

Dr. James McHenry Howard, 76 years old, 939 St. Paul street Baltimore a veteran of the Civil War, died at the Johns Hopkins Hospital Monday, following an illness of about 12 weeks. Death was due to a complication of diseases. Dr. Howard who had an office at 202 East Twenty-fifth street for many years, was born March 26, 1839, and was a son of the late James Howard and Katherine M. Ross Howard, and received his education at the University of Virginia, where he graduated with honors. At the beginning of the Civil War he enlisted with the University of Virginia Guards, and went with that contingent of the Confederate Army when it was dispatched to Harpers Ferry. Later Dr. Howard joined Company C., of the First Maryland Regiment, and served under Capt. Edward Dorsey for one year, when he went to Richmond and joined Gen. Jeb Stuart's Horse Artillery.

During the railroad riots of 1878 he was made lieutenant colonel of the Seventh Maryland Regiment, and during the years of 1881 and 1882 was quarantine officer.

Dr. Howard is survived by two brothers (Harry C. Howard and David Ridgley Howard) and one sister (Miss Anne Harrison Howard), all of Baltimore.

For more than fifty years Dr. Howard was a summer visitor to Oakland and was well-known about town where he made and retained many warm friends.

Resolutions of Respect.

At a recent meeting of Fort Lodge No. 236, I. O. O. F. held at Gormania, W. Va., the following was adopted:

WHEREAS, By the inscrutable mystery of Divine dispensation, we are deprived of the companionship of our beloved Brotner E. R. Hilleary, who departed this life January 2nd, 1916, in the fullness of his manly vigor, and mature manhood; Be it

Resolved, That yielding obedience to the infinite wisdom of Him who is too wise to err, and too good to be unkind, we join his beloved family and friends in mourning and tender our united sympathy to his sorrowing wife and children, bereft of husband and father, soliciting for them the comforting presence of Him who never leaves or forsakes those who put their trust in Him; Be it further

Resolved, That the charter be draped, and the official mourning badge be worn for thirty days, and that a copy of these resolutions be sent to the bereaved widow and family, Mrs. Ethel Hilleary, and published in the Grant County, Press, and Oakland Republican, and a copy spread on the minutes.

M. ARONHALT,
GEO. A. WHORL,
SCOTT SHREVE,
Committee.

Sincell's annual bargain sale will open Feb. 10th and continue until Feb. 19th. Adv.

O. H. S. NOTES.

News From The Oakland Temple Of Learning.

The girls' basket ball team played two games last week, one at Lonaconing and one at Keyser. They were defeated at Coney 20 to 12, but came out victory over Keyser by a score of 5 to 4.

On Monday Miss Breyfogle gave us a practical talk on the prune. Among other things she states that three large prunes contained one and three-fourths times as much nutriment as an ordinary serving of beef, and twice as much as a large egg. Another way to cut the high cost of living.

The Yorkist and Lancastrian Literary Societies will join in presenting a Lincoln-Washington program on Tuesday, February 22.

The Yorkists will render the following afternoon:

Song, by the School; piano solo, Elizabeth Mitchell; vocal solo, Professor Bender; debate- Resolved, "That the United States should Take Immediate Steps to Increase both the Army and Navy," affirmative, Herbert Leighton, negative Marion Newman; piano duet, Mildred Dixon and Mary Drake Naylor; violin duet, Glenn Martin and Felix Robinson; reading of the Star, by the Editor; vocal quintette, Norine Taggart, Cecelia Hart, Glenn Martin, Donald Sincell, Felix Robinson; instrumental quartette, Martin, Robinson, Mitchell, Littman; song, Girls Glee Club; critic's report; song, school; adjournment. Everybody cordially invited to attend. The Honor Roll for January:

First Year Class—Herschel Harvey, Carlton Hinebaugh, Wyant McRobie, Ralph Robinson, Katherine Barnhouse, Rachel Long, Icie Schoch, Nellie Schmidt.

Second Year Class—Coyla Barnhouse, Grace Bush, Margaret Sincell, Eva Falkenstein, Lorena Falkenstein, Victor Harvey.

Third Year Class—Mildred Dixon, Lillian Helbig, Pauline Jones, Ada Glotfelty, Carrie Mann, Carol Miller, Beulah Ralston, Winifred Weimer, Charles Garrett, Julius Littman, Felix Robinson.

Fourth Year Class—Norine Ault, Clara Bush, Margaret Slabaugh, Mabel Falkenstein, Carrie Thrasher, Mildred Thrasher.

Post Graduate—Ross Isenberg, Edwana Peddicord.

WM. MORGAN CHARGED WITH MURDEROUS ASSAULT

Upon His Brother-in-Law, Donald Frazee, Is Held In The Oakland Jail.

William Morgan, aged about 45 years, is in jail in Oakland charged with having shot with intent to kill his brother-in-law, Donald Frazee, at Selbysport this county, on last Thursday evening as they were returning from services in the church at that point.

What brought about the trouble seems to have been a family affair Morgan, so it is claimed, treated his wife, a sister of Frazee, so shamefully that she left him and on the day preceding the shooting he made an effort to see her and effect a reconcillation, which brought about the trouble.

Morgan shot Frazee twice, one bullet entering his brest and another struck him about the shoulder. Both bullets came in contact with the ribs of the young man and following them around lodged in his back near the surface. Immediately after the shooting Morgan left and was apprehended at a point over the state line in Pennsylvaina, being delivered to Sheriff Ashby, who left for the scene of the shooting as soon as he was notified, at Somerfield, Pa., who brought him to Oakland and where he is being held pending the result of the injuries of Frazee who will appear against him as soon as he is able to leave his bed.

Farm For Sale or Rent.

I offer my farm, adjoining Oakland on the west, consisting of 35 acres, for sale or rent. For particulars apply or write to. CYRUS DEWITT,
Adv. April 1st. * Oakland, Md.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

This week we are going to give our customers something that is right in season this muddy, rainy weather; as follows:

1 Dozen Boy's School Rain Coats, well worth $3.50, for only - - $1.75

2 Dozen Men's Rain Coats, well worth $6.50, for only - - $4.00

1 Dozen Men's Rain Coats, well worth $10.00, for only - - $6.00

1 Dozen Men's Rain Coats, well worth $15.00, for only - - $8.00

Our E Stout Snag proof Gum Boots, well worth $4.50, for only - - - $3.50

Our High top Lumberman Gums, well worth $3.50, for only - - - $2.50

Our Men's Oil Storm Coats, well worth $4.00, for only - - - $2.75

D. M. Dixon & Co.

Whetsell & Browning

Deer Park's Best Store

With each $3.00 purchase, cash or trade, and 59 cents extra, we will give a handsome set of dishes. Each family should take advantage of this offer.

We always pay the highest prices for Country Produce.

Potatoes 95 cents per bushel.

Offutt's

Big Reduction

On all Men's Suits
On all Men's Over Coats
On all Men's Rain Coats
On all Boy's Suits and Over Coats

One Lot of Ladie's Coats, will be sold cheap, while they last.

One lot of Men's Suits, that formerly sold for $10.00 to $15.00, your Choice for $3.98

WANTED

Butter and Eggs at market price. Potatoes, will pay 90 cents per bushel. All Cross Ties have advanced. White Oak, No. 1, 70 cents.

OFFUTTS'
OAKLAND'S BIG STORE

THESE BUSINESS HOUSES DESERVE YOUR LOYAL SUPPORT AND PATRONAGE.

H. C. SINCELL

Be sure to visit our Annual Bargain Sale February 10th to February 19th, and we will prove to you that mail order houses have nothing on us. Bring your catalogues and be convinced that we are the undersellers of all who handle Merchandise of quality.

H. C. SINCELL

Bolden Has It:

If it is anything in the General Mercantile line, including Furniture. This is Oakland's big supply house for every room in the home and every member of the family. From "the cradle to the grave" we feed and furnish you.

D. E. BOLDEN

OAKLAND, MARYLAND.

General Merchandise Furniture and Undertaking

Come In

And see what we have to offer in the way of merchandise before sending your money out of town. When you buy here you see and know what you are getting. If you compare quality and prices you will buy at home.

Creutzburg's

Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions, Hats, Caps and Shoes.

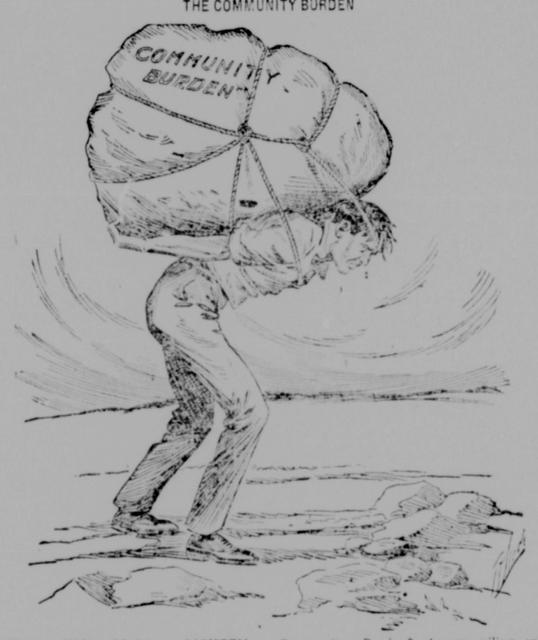
Reliability

Of the merchandise handled here has made this store a shopping center for a number of years. We are for Garrett county and her people.

Arthur Townshend

OAKLAND

THE COMMUNITY BURDEN



What are YOU and I doing to LIGHTEN our Community's Burden? Are we piling on the back of our Community INDIFFERENCE and NEGLECT? Are we holding BACK our patronage? If so, we are adding to the Burden. We are making it HEAVY. But if we are generously giving our Community our loyal support, then we are doing our SHARE in making the Burden light. We can so direct our THOUGHTS, WORDS and ACTIONS as to lighten that Load. Don't BREAK the back of your OWN community. Do what you can to LIGHTEN the load. Buy from Garrett's merchants

Harness

That you can depend upon at all times and under all conditions. It must be right before it leaves our hands Horse Goods, Trunks, Suit Cases and Hand Bags.

W. H. Hinebaugh

Second Street, Oakland.

. . . THE . . .

Oakland Model Bakery

Is a local institution, buying locally so far as possible and anxious to help make Garrett County more prosperous.

BREAD OF QUALITY AND PASTRY THAT PLEASES

Millinery

AT ALL PRICES

Watch for our opening announcement. Greater stock than ever seen here in the past.

Gossard Corsets

PRICES $2.00 to $10.00

Mrs. M. G. Martin

Fourth and Oak Streets, Oakland.

Service

In plumbing, roofing, gas fitting and any special sheet metal work. you have it here.

Stoves and Ranges

Every size and design for both coal and gas. We are for Garrett county.

W. E. Shirer

OAKLAND

PROMPT SERVICE OUR MOTTO.

Dependable Goods

A mercantile service as well as reliable goods at the right prices. Here you see what you are getting and get what you want.

Thomas Little

OAKLAND

Dry Goods, Notions and Groceries

Cash or trade for Country Produce

Both Phones

J. M. DAVIS C. S. DAVIS J. W. DAVIS

J. M. DAVIS & SONS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

DAVIS' PATENT STEEL RANGE

WHOLESALERS AND RETAILERS OF

General Hardware, Stoves, Glassware, Chinaware, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Ranges,
Hay Tools, Household Supplies, Washing Machines, Sewing Machines, Modern Barn Equipment, Etc.

Second Street OAKLAND, MD. Alder Street

GARRETT COUNTY BOOSTERS!

The Future of Mountain Lake Park

As a business centre depends upon the co-operation of all the people. Community building is accomplished by keeping the money at home. Keep the Garrett County Dollar in Garrett County, and everybody will be infinitely better off thereby.

HARVEY BROTHERS,

Dry Goods, Notions, Groceries, Hardware, Flour, Feed, Farming Implements, Etc.

MOUNTAIN LAKE PARK, MD.

Whetsell & Browning

"DEER PARK'S BEST STORE"

Value and merit in every article sold in this Store. Merchandise of the highest standard only. We are here to serve you and help make Deer Park a greater business center. Let's co-operate to that ultimate end.

HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR PRODUCE

Are you going to Build or Repair?

LET US QUOTE YOU

The C. M. Rathbun & Sons Company,

Mountain Lake Park, Maryland.

WHERE THE SHOE PINCHES.

This man KNOWS where the shoe pinches, and he lays the blame on no one but HIMSELF. "I should have KNOWN better." This is the kind of reform that counts. MOST people busy themselves trying to reform OTHER people. They think things would be just a little better if somebody ELSE did just a little different. But where the shoe pinches is probably with yourSELF, with MYself, with OURselves. When we get to the point of KNOWING this and acknowledging it, THEN we have made a start. Let's try this line of reasoning in tackling our Community problems. Where does the SHOE PINCH? "Am I doing anything that is keeping BACK the growth of Clarksburg?" "Am I leaving anything UNDONE to advance the growth?" With THIS spirit we CAN co-operate. Co-operation wins every time.

Grantsville

Has a mercantile establishment at the service of everybody in the community. Everything is guaranteed to be just as represented and of full value. We invite your co-operation to make this a more prosperous community.

JACOB J. BENDER,

Groceries, Flour, Feed, Harness, Hardware, Queensware, Paints, Oils, Glass, Implements, Produce, etc.

Mr. Farmer:

You know the advantages to be had in a Silo. We are making the best to be found in this country and at a much less price than that away from home.

H. W. Kahl & Sons,

OAKLAND, MD.

Manufacturers of Sash, Doors, Blinds, Brick, Concrete Blocks and everything in Lumber

We Have the Goods

For every member of the family and furnishings for every room of the home. The quality and the prices right.

Hamill Coal & Coke Co.

BLAINE, WEST VIRGINIA.

Dry Goods, Notions, Shoes, Clothing, Furniture, Feed, Hardware, Miners' Supplies.

"Boost your Home and your Home will Boost you"

MONEY.....

Represents the substance of our community. Where would you have the fruits of your labor working?

BUY AT HOME—BANK AT HOME

And the Home Community reaps the benefits.

The First National Bank

KITZMILLER, MARYLAND.

MONEY AT HOME

The fad for "imported" goods in this country for practically all times past has been discovered as a genuine fallacy. The European war has practically cut off the supply of these supposed superior goods and has thrown the proper light upon the merits of the domestic products. Already the fad has changed and today the popular article is the one "Made in U. S. A."

This means that millions of dollars heretofore going out of this country annually because of a mere fad will now remain in the United States and that there will be just that much more money at home and within reach of everybody. It means that many thousands of men will receive employment here making the articles which have heretofore been made in the foreign country.

During the past few years a fad has developed among the people throughout this country to do their shopping with the mail order houses. It is a fad much less warranted than that of buying the "imported" goods and has deprived the local communities of more than did the other fad deprive this great country in the way of money and home prosperity.

Through the influence of this fad the mail order houses have been reaping a great harvest. The popularity of the fad has enabled them to fleece the people in a manner which is truly shameful They have made gross misrepresentations in their catalogues and have employed many deceptive means to sell their goods to the unthinking public.

It is estima ed that several hundred thousand dollars annually is being sent from Garrett county and its trading district to these mail order houses. This means that just that amount of cash is being sent away never to return and the business men who have no interest whatever in this community and who do not pay one cent of taxes here profits to just that extent.

The local business people are your greatest assistance in building your community. They are your friends on all occasions and the people who will appreciate your co-operation in the effort to build a greater business community.

When misfortune befalls anyone of the community the business men are the first to be appealed to for assistance. When money must be raised for the bringing of an industry the same men are looked to for it. He is called upon to support the band, the ball team, the volunteer fire department and the many other institutions and causes for the protection, pleasure and convenience of all the people. An appeal to a mail order house for a donation in any one of these events or for any cause would be completely ignored.

This "fad" is proving a real detriment to every community throughout the country. The patrons of the mail order houses are not only receiving an inferior article in their purchases but the financial drain is retarding local development.

Community Building Is Our Aim.

We are here to serve the public and help make Kitzmiller and community a better place to live. We want to co-operate with everybody to this end.

Pool & Scothen.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

We want to see Everybody in this community Prosper.

Coffman & Fisher

KITZMILLER, MD.

Let us prove the superior worth of our goods and advantage in a home mercantile service.

FURNISHINGS FOR THE WHOLE FAMILY

Ready-to-Wear Garments FOR ALL

There is an advantage here

Kitzmiller Bread!

THE BEST YET

C. J. DeROO.

Better Goods Here

And for less money than paid out of town.

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THE REPUBLICAN

BENJ. H. SINCELL, EDITOR.

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Oakland, Md.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1916

AND did you ever stop to think what would have happened if Noah had been against preparedness?

THE President hopes every man in public life will get what's coming to him. Could he have had Mr. Bryan in mind?

IN the last 38 years, from 1877 to 1914, including the total loss by fire in the United States and Canada was $5,866,000,000.

FREEDOM should be given the Philippines when they are able to appreciate the fact that it is a responsibility as well as a privilege.

MR. BRANEDEIS who has been appointed a Judge of the United States Supreme Court, was frequently mentioned for the attorney generalship in Wilson's cabinet, and had his Democratic affiliation been a little more marked would probably have been selected. He is an independent in politics, voting as seems best to him and holding no close allegiance to the Democratic machine in his state, Massachusetts. By his appointment, President Wilson has placed a member of Jewish race upon the Supreme Bench of the United States, for the first time in the history of the country and the selection is the more notable on that account.

A WILSON SCARECROW.

In these days, when the democracy of the country appears to be hopelessly divided, the House of Representatives entirely apathetic over the President's "preparedness policy," and the latter going about the country trying to make political capital, as many people believe to save his skin at the approaching fall election, the people generally can look with complacency upon the situation with a deep rooted conviction that this is only a Wilson and Bryan fight.

To read the President's speeches, one would conclude that the world was getting ready to pounce upon us—whereas, we believe that Wilson has gotton up his scorecrow and the press supporting him have resorted to their scare headlines for no other purpose than to break the hold Bryan has upon the affections of the rank and file of his party. Of course, to admit this would result in a smash up of the Wilson "preparedness" propaganda, and therefore, he is giving the country an example of what he is pleased to style his patriotism and his unselfish devotion to the country's cause. The truth of the matter is, Wilson wants the job of President again, and the only way he sees to get it, in the face of the Bryan opposition, is to go out among the people and try to scare them into belaboring their representatives to support his newly discovered remedy for his political ills.

The President tells the people that the blood of Americans will be shed for the flag if needed, but some of us can remember the time when the opportunity to shed their blood for the flag was presented to the Woodrow Wilson tribe and can recall no particular instance where the Wilson blood was so shed. Wonder how much blood the President is prepared to give himself in defense of the flag?

It is all very well to prepare for eventualities, but we recall that about a year ago, when Bryan was still with him, he announced his unalterable opposition to a policy of "preparedness." Wilson says he has changed his mind, and while anybody is at liberty to change his mind, the President has changed his mind upon so many matters of public interest that we have about reached the conclusion that he never had any settled convictions upon any of these matters, and we are forced to doubt the sincerity of his position now, and question the motives that have lead him to advocate his "preparedness policy."

We are opposed to war, for war is what Sherman said it was, but it will take more than Woodrow Wilson's finely rounded academic word pictures to convince the people of this country that we are on the verge of a clash with the rest of the world, especially when we know that he wants the job again, and that his fear is the fear of Bryan and nothing more.

DAILY GRIND AT THE STATE CAPITAL LEGISLATIVE MILL

Many Measures of Local Import Through The Hoppers.

STATE HOUSE, ANNAPOLIS, FEB. 2.—If the Rural Post Roads Bill, which has passed the National House of Representatives and is now pending in the Senate, shall become a law, it will be a very great aid toward completing the system of good roads throughout this State which has been so well managed for several years. The bill in Congress carries an appropriation of several millions of dollars, and each State is to receive a sum stipulated in the bill, which is to be applied and used in the work of good road building here. Maryland's share, according to the apprortionment in the bill, is $350,000, and the Maryland legislators are extremely anxious to have the Senate pass the bill, and to have the bill become effective before the annual roads appropriations shall have been made by the General Assembly now in session. With this in view, Delegate Fisher, Republican, of Prince George's county, just before adjournment for the week-end last Friday, introduced a Joint Resolution, calling upon the Senate of the United States to pass the Rural Post Roads Bill as speedily as possible, and the Resolution passed both Houses here without dissent. Certified copies of the Resolutions were immediately forwarded to Washington.

MAKES ROADS COMMISSION SMALLER.

Along the line of the good roads movement also, Delegate Wimbrow, Republican, of Worcester county, has introduced a bill in the House, reducing the membership of the Good Roads Commission from five to three members. Delegate Wimbrow states that the large amount of work already accomplished in the matter of good roads in Maryland puts the system in condition where the future work can be accomplished with three members of the board quite as "efficiently," and with considerably more "economy," as if five members are retained. He believes the present stage and condition of the good roads system fully justifies a decrease in the personnel of the Commission, and a great many other members of the House think the same thing.

BIG "DRY" DEMONSTRATION TOMORROW.

Tomorrow the State House will be in possession of the "Dry" faction of the State—representative men and women from every section of Maryland being expected to attend and participate in the hearing before the Senate and House Temperance Committees, jointly, in the House Chamber, and endeavor to persuade those committees that they ought to bring in the Statewide Prohibition Bills which each committee is considering; and they will at the same time try to convince the members of the General Assembly, who are expected to occupy seats in the House during the hearing, that they should pass the bill and submit the question to a vote of the people and let them determine this important question for themselves. Prof. Smith, of the Allegany Delegation, who introduced the bill in the House, will make a 10 minute speech and introduce the speakers among whom will be Senator Speicher, of Garrett county, who introduced the Prohibition Bill in the Senate, Dr. Thomas M. Hare, of the Anti Saloon league of Maryland, and other speakers of note.

AFRAID OF "BILLY" SUNDAY.

Activity upon the part of the liquor interests is said to be due to the desire of the "wets" to get the Prohibition Bill out of the Committees and disposed in both the Senate and House as quickly as possible. It is claimed by the representatives of the Liquor Dealers' Association that they have enough votes to defeat the bill if the measure can be gotten out and submitted to a vote of the Legislaturemen now, as they fear if action is postponed until the "Billy" Sunday campaign gets under way in Baltimore, in two or three weeks, a stronger sentiment in favor of the measure will be created and the danger of the bill passing will be materially increased. It is believed the "Billy" Sunday campaign will cause a wave of temperance and prohibition sentiment to sweep the State that will be irresistible on the part of certain members of the Legislature who are now "on the fence" or openly opposed to the pending Prohibition Bill.

LEGISLATION FOR GARRETT COUNTY.

A bill carrying an appropriation from the State of $20,000, for the purpose of providing protection against floods along the banks of the Potomac River, at Kitzmiller, along Bear Creek, at Friendsville, both in Garrett county, has been introduced by Chairman Fox, of the Garrett Delegation. Of this money, $10,000 is to be spent at Kitzmiller, and $10,000 at Friendsville, for the purposes stated, and two commissions of three members are created to supervise the work and carry out the provisions of the bill. The commissions named in the bill, will be composed of Messrs. Stanley S. Bender, Bert Pew and Bradley Bray, for Kitzmiller, and Messrs. Orval E. Welch, Henry L. Wolfe and Frederick Kemp, for Friendsville. Their compensation is fixed at 30 cents per hour for actual work performed in carrying out the provisions of the bill, and each commission will select one of its own members to act as secretary and treasurer. The bill was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Subsequently it was found that the technical wording and phraseology of Fox's bill were found to be defective, and in order to avoid the delay incident to having the bill returned, the corrections made and then reintroduced in the House, Senator Speicher immediately had a duplicate bill drawn, correcting the errors in the fish bill, and introduced the new dratt in the Senate, where it was sent to the Committee on Finance.

CHANGING BOUNDARIES OF LOCH LYNN.

It has been discovered that the boundaries of Loch Lynn Heights in Garrett county, as described in the charter incorporating that town, includes a farm and other property which were not intended to be included when the charter was made originally. In order to correct these errors, an amendment to the charter of Loch Lynn Heights, changing the boundaries of the incorporated limits of the town so as to omit these properties which should not have been included at all, has been introduced in the House by Capt. Hayden, of the Garrett Delegation. Being a local measure, the bill was referred to the Delegation, and they have reported it favorably, sending it to the third-reading file for final passage. It will then go to the Senate.

READY FOR THIRD READING FILE.

The bill extending the term of the Clerk of the County Commissioners of Garrett county, from two to four years, was reported favorably by the Garrett Delegation as a Select Committee, and it was ordered to be printed for a third reading.

Other bills which have been reported favorably and ordered to be printed for the third reading file, are Chairman Fox's bill fixing a bounty for fox and hawk scalps, and delegate Hayden's prohibiting the killing of deer in Garrett county for a period of six years, or until October, 1922.

Delegate Shartzer has introduced a bill to repeal the law enacted in 1914, prohibiting ministers from paying fees or commissions to anyone for bringing or sending couples to them to be married. It is said this law became unpopular because of the reflection the bill cast, inferentially, upon the clergymen of Garrett county.

A bill to enact a law similar to the one Mr. Shartzer's bill aims to repeal, has been introduced in the Senate by Senator Williams, of Cecil county.

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE IN OAKLAND.

Capt. Hayden, of the Garrett Delegation, has endorsed the application of E. I. West, of Oakland, for Justice of the Peace for Oakland District No 14, vice, Justice Dunham, deceased. Capt. Hayden, who is a Republican, called on Governor Harrington in the interest of Mr. West, who is a Democrat, and filed his application, petitions, etc. Mr. West seeks the appointment now to fill out the unexpired term of his deceased predecessor, and then wants reappointment for the full term. Mr. West's petition is signed by prominent attorneys, court officers, business men and citizens, and when Capt. Hayden's endorsement was added, Gov. Harrington said, practically, that Mr. West will be named. Capt. Hayden explained to the Governor that it was a case of a Republican endorcing a Democrat, due to a situation in which Mr. West had no Democrats in the General Assembly of Maryland, for Garrett county, to whom he could send his petition, and the Republican member knew that the appointee will be a Democrat, so that he need not recommend one of his own party, and the courtesies are mutual. It is expected that Mr. West will be appointed promptly.

STATE HOUSE NOTES AND PERSONALS.

Six Republicans, residents of Annapolis, retained to keep the State House clean pending the appointment of the employees for the session, have been displaced by six Democrats. When it came to paying off the Republicans they were not allowed for their night work at 15 cents per hour and were paid only for ten hours daytime. This is regarded as carrying the "economy" program a trifle too far, and it may be made the subject of some speech making before long.

Chairman Fox, of the Garrett Delegation, missed his train connections somewhere enroute and was absent from the session Monday night. He turned up "right side up" "with care," yesterday, however, and the 1916 session was thus enabled to proceed.

Mr. William Miller, of the "Melky Miller" Distillery, Garrett county, dropped in at roll call Monday night with "a message from mars." "Silver Bill" is making "google eyes" at the House Temperance Committee, where reposes Delegate Shartzer's bill to "stop the works" at the gin mill. Mr. Miller explained that he just dropped in to renew some old acquaintances, and make some new ones, incidently.

GARRETT WILL BE VERY "DRY."

Senator Speicher's bill amending the local option law of Garrett county so as to make it a crime to give or furnish liquor to any person under 21 years of age in the county, and also appending an anti-shipping provision to the original law, was passed by the Senate today.

The measure provides that no "person or public or private carrier shall knowingly accept or receive for shipment, transportation or delivery to any person or place within the limits of Garrett county, or to carry, bring into, transfer to any other person, carrier or agent, handle, deliver or distribute in Garrett county, any intoxicating liquor, regardless of the name by which it may be called; provided, however, that individuals may bring into Garrett county, upon their person or as their personal baggage, for their personal use only, such liquor in quantity not to exceed one quart, and the proper officers of churches may receive wine in unbroken packages for sacramental purposes only."

When the Speicher bill was called upon its final passage Senator Norris called attention to the fact that the law it is intended to amend has been voted upon in Garrett county and that the voters have approved it as it stands.

"It is now being changed by the Legislature," he said. "Under this bill no liquor can be shipped into the county, but a man living near the border can go across and bring in a quart and he can make as many trips a day as he wants to. All of the provisions in the bill were voted upon, and if they are to be changed it seems to be a sort of breach of faith, but in view of the idea that Senator Speicher is supposed to know what his constituents want I cast my vote in the affirmative."

Senator Ogden said that he felt a strong indisposition toward the legislation, but that the principle of home rule was strong within him and remarked "if Garrett county wants it they shall have it. Anything the county wants the delegation from Baltimore city will help them to get."

"And I hope that when similar questions arise that will affect Baltimore the representatives of localities will concede to our wishes in regard thereto." The Senator added that under the Speicher bill a father who happened to have a bottle of beer in his house and gave it to his son who was under age would be sent to jail.

Senator Speicher said that the provision was made under a previously enacted law to the effect that if the State should go "wet" no saloon should sell or give liquor to minors.

KILLING TYPHOID

U. S. Public Health Service Co-operates With Rural Districts And Shows Results.

Reduction in typhoid fever and improvement in sanitary conditions have followed the intensive investigations of rural communities carried on by the United States Public Health Service in co-operation with the local and State health officers, according to the annual report of the Surgeon General of that Service. During the past fiscal year 16,359 rural homes in eight different states were visited and many of them re-visited. In each of these homes information was obtained as to the prevalence of disease and insanitary conditions and a complete sanitary survey of the premises conducted. This was followed by reinspections to determine if remedial measures has been instituted. In but a relatively small precentage of the cases did the persons concerned, after having their attention drawn to the danger of a particular unhygienic condition, fail to inaugurate corrective measures. Stimulus was given to the work by means of public lectures, the formation of active sanitary organizations, and the enlisting of all public spirited citizens in the campaigns for reform. Public buildings were also inspected and local authorities given expert advice in solving such sanitary problems as the disposal of excrete, the prevention of soil pollution, and the maintenance of pure water supplies.

The surveys made during the year 1914 had shown that in rural communities less than one per cent. of the homes had sanitary toilets and that more than fifty per cent. of the people were using water from polluted sources. This condition, according to the Public Health Service, made the rural sanitation question, loom large among the matters vitally affecting the welfare of the nation. Following these studies and as a result of the interest aroused, the typhoid fever rate, and excellent indicator of the sanitary status of a community, has in some places frequently been cut to one quarter of its previous figure. In Berkeley county, West Virginia, the cases of typhoid fever were reduced from 249 to 40 in one year. In Orange County, North Carolina, the rural sanitation campaign resulted in a reduction of the cases from 59 to 17.

The tangible results of operations in rural sanitation indicate that marked advancement in maintaining hygienic and satisfactory surroundings in country districts is possible by the application of the common principles of preventive medicine. Insanitary conditions exist largely because they are not known to be such. Actual demonstrations of their harmfulness, together with definite recommendations for their correction, remain one of the most gratifying and successful methods for instituting reforms and has been, in the experience of the Public Health Service, invariably accompanied by definite and measureable results.

Special Reduction Sale

To Reduce my stock I have determined to make the following big reductions for cash during February.

All Men's Suits that were $20.00, we now offer at - - - $15.00

All Men's Suits that were $15.00, we now offer at - - - $11.00

CHEAPER SUITS AT PROPORTIONATE REDUCTIONS.

Boy's Suits that were $8.50 and $9.00, we now offer at - - - $6.50

Boy's Suits that were $7.00 and $7.50, we now offer at - - - $5.50

Boy's Suits that were $5.50 and $6.00, we now offer at - - - $4.50

Boy's Suits that were $4.00 and $5.00, we now offer at - - - $3.50

Boy's Suits that were $3.50, we now offer at - - - - $2.50

Boy's Suits that were $3.00, we now offer at - - - - $2.25

Boy's Suits that were $2.50, we now offer at - - - - $1.75

1 Lot Beacon Shoes that were $3.00, we now offer at - - - $2.50

1 Lot Beacon Shoes that were $3.50, we now offer at - - - $2.90

1 Lot Beacon Shoes that were $4.00, we now offer at - - - $3.25

OTHER SPECIAL BARGAINS IN SHOES.

Come and see.

Yours truly,

E. A. WEIMER.

Mas-sota Flour

Positively the best Flour on earth and the best ever offered by us

For one week only we offer this superlative Flour at the low price of [per sack] - - - - - 85c.

It is guaranteed to bake the best bread and the greatest quantity of any Flour made.

We guarantee it in every respect, and anyone dissatisfied may bring the empty sack back and get their money. "We have them all beat to a frazzle" in quality.

Try MAS-SOTA now and you will use no other.

AUSTIN BROWN & SON

Dr. Riley in Frederick.

Dr. Robert Riley, of Cumberland, deputy health officer of Allegany and Garrett counties, will be in Frederick county during the entire month of February, where the State Health Board, in co-operation with the United States government health authorities are making a complete survey of the school districts of the county.

Tome Contest.

The Tome School, Port Deposit, Md., has just sent out invitations to all the secondary schools in Maryland to take part in a state wide contest in public speaking, the finals of which will be held at Tome on the evening of May 20, the same day as Tome's tenth annual interscholastic field and track meet. Tome offers two prizes, one of $25 and one of $15, and will entertain the contestants as its guests during their stay in Port Deposit. It is likely that a great many entries will be made, as most of the schools in Maryland recognize a practical training in Public Speaking as an essential part of a boy's education, and should the competition meet with the interest and enthusiasm it merits, a similar event will be arranged each year.

Mrs. Bartlett Paralyzed.

Mrs. Harriett Bartlett, widow of the late Dr. E. H. Bartlett, was stricken with paralysis early Sunday morning which affected her speech very much. At present she is much improved and is gradually regaining the use of her vocal powers.

For Sale.

Having rented my farm I offer the following at private sale: Two young Horses, good weight; 4 Jersey Cows, 40 Tons baled Hay, 6 tons baled Straw, some loose hay and straw, a lot of Oats, Corn and Wheat, 1 Sleigh, 1 Buggy, 1 New Sled, Plow, Harrows and Cultivators, 1 good Surrey, Harness of all descriptions. Call on or address George Shartzer, Oakland, Md. Adv. 49

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OF OAKLAND, MARYLAND

INVITES accounts of individuals, firms and corporations on the most liberal terms consistent with safe banking. With a Capital of $50,000.00, earned Surplus and Undivided Profits over $65,000.00 and Deposits over $500,000.00, this Bank offers its patrons abundant resources, coupled with the highest type of service. Three per cent. interest paid on Time and Savings Accounts. Safe Deposit Boxes for rent.

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BIG STOCK COURTEOUS TREATMENT.

Hart's Fall Goods.

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LARGER AND BETTER THAN EVER.

Ladies and Childrens Suits and Coats

In the above line we have beauty and style. Prices will surprise you. See them.

CORSETS—We are now handling the Warner Rust-proof Corset. Better known and best on the market.

UNDERWEAR—Everything in Underwear for Men, Women and Children, Wool and Cotton.

Complete line Laces, Dress Trimmings, Silks, Neckwear, etc.

ALDER ST. HART'S OAKLAND.

WATCH THIS SPACE

W. S. MARTIN & CO.,
Jewelers,
Oakland, Md.

Mr. E. C. Weimer, of Albright, W. Va., spent Saturday in Oakland on business.

Mr. Vernon Lyon, who is employed at Keyser, W. Va., spent Saturday in Oakland.

Former Sheriff Bert C. Scott, of Hutton, was in the city Saturday last on business.

Mr. A. E. Ridder, of the Mason settlement, spent Monday in Oakland on business.

Former Assemblyman, N. L. Selby, of Selbysport, spent Monday and Tuesday in Oakland on business.

Mr. John Smyth, of Fairmont, spent Sunday in Oakland where he was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. John Ault.

Miss Auburn Smith, of Hoyes, was the guest a day or two last week of Miss Olive Thayer in Oakland.

Mrs. Howard P. Stuck and baby went to Washington Junction Monday to visit relatives for a short time.

SMALL FARM FOR SALE—Bargain. Apply to P. O. Box 73, Swanton, Md. Adv. 48tf

Justice Rudisill will be at his office in Oakland on Saturday of this week to take up several cases appearing on his docket.

Fish Commissioner William A. Smith went to Cumberland from Oakland Monday where he spent Tuesday on business.

Mrs. J. G. Robinson, of Accident, is in Oakland for the week where she is the goest of her mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Hinebaugh on Fourth street.

Mr. John H. Brown, of Kingwood, the only surviving brother of the late Mrs. D. I. Totten, of Oakland, spent Saturday in Oakland on business where he was the guest of Mr. A. T. Matthews.

Visitors to Annapolis from Garrett county will always find a welcome at room No, 33 in the State House. This room is the headquarters of the Republican senators and is in charge of Mr. L. A. Rudisill.

Delegate Fred. G. Fox returned to his home in Friendsville Friday evening from Annapolis, expecting to resume his official duties at the capital on Monday. For several days prior to his visit home Mr. Fox was much indisposed.

Dr. John G. Robinson, of Accident, spent Sunday in Oakland with friends and relatives, returning home Sunday night in company with Mr. and Mrs. John Compton also of Accident, who spent the day here with relatives.

Rev. Dr. Moore, district superintendent of the Oakland district, West Virginia conference, was unexpectedly present at the evening service of the First M. E. church on last Sunday. He was enroute from Grantsville to Oakland.—Piedmont Herald.

WANTED—Seven to fifteen acres of land with a dwelling on it, adjacent to one of the following places: Oakland, Mt. Lake, Terra Alta, Kingwood, Albright or Reedsville. I can pay from fifteen hundred to two thousand dollars for it. Address 142 Lorentz ave., Morgantown, W. Va. Adv. 49-3t

Attorney Julius C. Renninger went to Leonardtown, St. Mary's county, on Sunday evening to look after some professional matters in which he appears as attorney for the plaintiff. Mr. Renninger returned to Oakland Tuesday morning.

Harry Loar and sister, Miss Lottie, of Oakland, are here to spend a few days. This is the first time that Mr. Loar has visited Grafton since he was thrown from his horse, while riding near Oakland, and severely injured.—Friday's Grafton Sentinel.

Dr. R. A. Ravenscroft, of Accident, returned home Monday from Indiana, Pa., to which point ne was called on account of the illness of his son Mr. Randall Ravenscroft, who is a student at the School in Indiana. The young man's condition was very much improved when his father left him.

Prof. Jack Grimes, of the Keyser Prep school, spent last Friday afternoon, and evening in Oakland securing data from the fair officials which will be used by himself and his associates at Keyser in planning a fair association which is contemplated for Mineral county with Keyser as the show town.

An official guide, or several of them, are needed at the State House, says the Annapolis Capitol, "to show the Legislators the way home in the wee sma' hours in the city of circles, where one, especially a stranger, when he starts out never fails to meet himself coming back. It is an official duty of the State to guide and properly direct its lawmakers while sojourners of Annapolis."

County Superintendent F. E. Rathbun, after a busy week spent in Baltimore and Annapolis, returned to Oakland last Saturday morning. During his visit to the State capital Prof. Rathbun inspected the navy yard and buildings at Annapolis and doubtless the school children of the county will hear of the many interesting things he saw there.

Mr. William Miller, of Accident, left Oakland Monday morning for Annapolis, where he went to appear before the Temperance Committee of the House to protest against the passage of the measure which has been introduced to legislate the Millery distillery out of business. Mr. Miller came up to Oakland in his automobile Monday, being accompanied by his brother, Mr. Fred. Miller.

The F. G. Hyde property, fronting fifty feet on Alder street, was sold under foreclosure proceedings last Friday by Messrs. G. S. Hamill and Ami Rodeheaver, joint mortgagees, the property being bid in by Mr. G. S. Hamill at $3500. The personal property consisting of merchandise and store fixtures, was sold in bulk to Mr. Harris, a jeweler of Westernport, Md., while the house furnishings were disposed of to various parties at auction, the prices realized being low.

Dr. Foster C. Howord, son of Dr. and Mrs. J. H. Howard, of Oakland, arrived here one day last week with his family and after visiting his parents a few days went to Rowlesburg, W. Va., where he will enter upon the practice of his profession. Dr. Howard has been practicing medicine at Shadyside, Anne Arundel county, for some years. He receiving his hospital training at the Metropolitan Hospital, Blackwell's Island, N. Y., and will take with him to his new field thorough training and experience.

Remember Naylor & Co., when you think of Gas Stoves or Fancy Fringed Shades.

Advertisement

Mr. G. A. Bolden, of Charleston, West Va., spent Saturdby and Sunday in Oakland with his brother and sister, leaving here Monday morning for Grafton. For more than a year Mr. Bolden was stationed in San Francisco, where he had charge of the West Virginia building at the Pan-American Exposition, just returning to the state of his adoption where he is in the employ of the State government.

Mr. Gus T. Hilleary, of near Gorman was in Oakland Monday on business.

Messrs. Henry M. Speicher and Fred. Burkhardt, of Accident, spent Tuesday in Oakland on business.

FOR SALE—A number of gas heaters. Apply to John J. Sweeney, Oakland, Md. Adv.

Rev. Henry E. Friend, of the Park, who has been quite ill for some time, is now able to be out.

Mr. Augustus Bernard, formerly of Swanton, now of Pierce, W. Va., spent yesterday in Oakland on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles S. Davis went to Cumberland Monday afternoon where they are visiting their daughter, Mrs. C. H. Echard.

The daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Howell left Oakland last night for Wheeling, W. Va., where she will enter Mount du Chantel Academy.

Try Sal-Vet for your stock. Get it of Naylor & Co.

Advertisement

Mrs. F. A. Thayer went to Baltimore last Saturday morning where she will visit her son and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Thayer, for a month.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Mr. Harry Lowenstein, city engineer, has recently purchased of John J. Sweeney, local repressntatiye, a Chevrolet touring car which will be delivered to the purchaser in a few days.

Sincell promises the buy at home campaign to be a benefit to consumer. Look for big advertisement next week. Adv.

Mr. H. B. Harvey has just had installed in his residence south of Oakland, a complete bath room with a pneumatic pumping outfit. The work was done by the firm of A. D. Naylor & Co.

Mr. Herbert Shaffer, of the West Virginia University, Morgantown, after spending a few days in Oakland with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Shaffer, returned to Morgantown yesterday afternoon.

Dr. R. B. Ward returned to Oakland Tuesday evening from northern Ohio where he had been engaged in special work for some weeks. He will leave Oakland again this week for work in West Virginia.

Mr. Emerson Ferrier, woods superintendent for the Kendall Lumber Company, was brought to Oakland Monday afternoon and taken to the Browning Hotel where he is receiving treatment for inflammatory rheumatism.

Drug Stores Report Rush.

The drug stores of Oakland during the past month or six weeks have had the busiest seasons ever before experienced by them as the direct result of so many cases of grip and other diseases in and about town. One drug store alone reports an average of more than seventy-five prescriptions filled each day during the month just closed. The other stores have had a like share of the business, which gives an average of something over two hundred prescriptions filled each day.

Miss Edna Frazee, of Guard, Md., is spending some time with her sister, Mrs. Roy Loudermilk, here.—Cumberland News.

BLOOMINGTON

Mrs. F. E. Rathbun and littie son, Howard, of Oakland, are spending this week with Dr. and Mrs. H. M. Kemp.

Miss Ruth Howard, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Garland Howard, of this place, who has been very ill with croupis pneumonia and diphtheria, is now convalescing. Miss Howard is a student in the Westernport High School.

Miss Mary Murphy, who while spending some time here with her sister, Mrs. Blanche Warnick, was taken ill with diphtheria, returned Friday to Latrobe Hospital, Latrobe, Pa., where she will graduate next fall as a professional nurse.

Miss Clara Tasker, widow of the late Joseph Tasker, died at her home near Cross on Jan. 24, 1916. Mrs. Tasker was 79 years of age, having been born Dec. 20, 1837, on Cabin Run. She was married May 18, 1859, to Mr. Tasker. Surviving are a daughter, Mrs. Ella Sutton, and two sons, George and Charles Tasker. She also leaves one brother, Mr. David Adams, and two sisters, Mrs. Joshua Kight, of Cross, and Mrs. Gill Knight, of Westernport. The funeral service took place from the Cross M. E. church Wednesday afternoon. Rev. A. R. Snedgar, of this place, officiated.

The people of Bloomington feel elated over the thought that a branch railroad and county road will be built from Luke along the north side of the Potomac to Bloomington and Lochiel. This means a bright future for Bloomington and easier and quicker access to the Tri-Towns. Then the extension of the county road up Savage river to the mouth of Crabtree, following that creek to Swanton on a slight grade, from thence to Oakland, would mean thousands of dollars value to the county, giving access to the fine markets of the Tri-Towns. Bloomington has prospects of her coal to last many years. One company on the West Virginia side claims they have coal for a hundred years. So with roads and new developments Bloomington will be one of the desirable towns in Garrett county.

CHESTNUT GROVE.

We are having some very rainy weather; on Sunday a very heavy sleet.

Commissioner Warnick was called here last Thursday to settle a road question. Which has been agitated for the last year.

Mr. Arthur Titchnell has returned after a long visit with his grandmother in the wilds of West Virginia.

Rev. Barnard, who is conducting a revival at Maysville, was called to Barnum last Saturday to preach the funeral of littlo Lewis Rockman, aged 3 years, 2 months, who was burned to death by playing with a miner's lamp. The remains were taken to the Paugh cemetery.

Mr. Joseph Myers, Mr. Bowser and Wash Barnard were visiting Mr. Henry Barnard last Sunday.

Those who are on the sick list this week are Mrs. Mary Davis, Miss Anna Shaw and the little son of Cleaver Titchnell with the fever.

Mr. Parker Titchnel who is sub-agent under Mr. Whet Burk for the Standard Oil Co., was a business caller at this place.

Subscribe for the Republican.

Order Nisi.

Edward H. Sincell, assignee, vs. Joseph E. Lint, et ux.

In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland, No. 2084 Equity.

Ordered, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in equity, this 18th day of December, 1915 that the sale of the property mentioned in these proceedings as made and reported by Edward H. Sincell, Assignee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 21st day of January, 1916, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett County once in each of three successive weeks before the 14th day of January, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $600.00.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy. Test: E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Subscribe for The Republican.

ORDER NISI

Sarah Abernathy, et al., vs. Grant, et al.

No. 1915 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Ordered, this 4th day of January, in the year nineteen hundred and sixteen, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in equity, that the sale of the property mentioned in these proceedings as made and reported by Fred A. Thayer, trustee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 4th day of February, 1916, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett County once a week for three successive weeks before the 28th day of January, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $1025.00.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk

Home Merchant vs. M. O. Houses

SYMPATHY—BUT NO ASSISTANCE.

A farmer of very moderate means living near the central part of W. Va., became a patron of one of the large mail order houses in Chicago. He boasted to his neighbors that he did not spend one cent of money with the local merchants. He even solicited his neighbors to join him in ordering goods from this favorite mail order house and was successful in taking considerable trade from the local stores.

It was but a few months ago that this same farmer had a misfortune of a fire which swept away his house with all its contents and his barn with all his feed and farming implements. He immediately wrote to the mail order house, related his calamity and asked for assistance. It is needless to relate the reply but here it is:

"Dear Mr—

We are sorry indeed to hear of your great misfortune. It is contrary to the rules of this company to make any donations. However, we hope you will soon recover your losses and be in position to continue your patronage of this house.

Yours truly, etc."

In order to alleviate the suffering of the family action was taken by the neighbors and by the assistance of the local business men the man was relieved of his embarrassment. It was done by the men that this man had refused to patronize and whom he opposed by soliciting business for the out-of-town business.

With its magnificent climate great area of fertile and well lying farm land along with other natural advantages, Garrett county is coming into her own at a rapid rate. There has been more rapid developments of these resources during the past few years than ever before and the immediate future for this section of the state is particularly bright. This is because these fine natural conditions are attracting people from other sections and the on-coming generations are applying modern farming ideas as well as business development.

There can be but one material fault found with the conditions as they exist here and that is the lack of co-operation between the business men of the county and the citizens in general. In view of the high standard of citizenship which is found throughout the entire county this condition should not exist and it is the general belief that much of it comes from lack of giving the matter the careful thought it should have. It is with the view of setting all the people to thinking the matter over that we have taken up this campaign.

If the business men of the various commercial centers of the county are at fault we would urge them to make themselves right with the people without delay for their own welfare as well as for the good of the community and where the farmer and other citizens are neglecting their own interests as well as the interests of the entire community by throwing their support to other communities we likewise urge them to correct their fault and get in working harmony with their local merchant.

Like other communities there are many instances where the slight difference arising between the merchant and patron is permitted to end their business relations and in place of adjusting the difference and establishing an alliance for mutual benefit the real substance of the dissatisfied patron is sent into some far away metropolitan city. With their immense amount of misleading literature the mail order houses of the cities are encouraging this dissatisfaction with the local merchant as far as possible. They have been the means f disturbing the peace and prosperity of thousands of communities throughout the country and have thereby built up great business concerns. These concerns have no interest whatever in the welfare of the local communities, pay no taxes here or contribute in any way to the maintenance of the local community.

They have made themselves unwelcome invaders in every community where they have operated, and that extends all over the country. There are many instances, however, where the citizens have gotten together and after getting a thorough understanding of the situation have returned to home cooperation and have done entirely away with the objectionable out-of-town trading. Where this has been accomplished the towns and villages have been built up and made prosperous. The stores were made larger and greater with the result that the patrons were given a great advantage in shopping in every line. The farmers were given a greater and better market for their products. The city, town and villages paid a greater volume of taxes and reduced the tax rate on the farm and homes of every individual. Farm land became more valuable on account of its proximity to a good trading point. The local prosperity results in better schools, better churches, improved roads and many other advantages not enjoyed by the community not receiving the full benefit of the money produced there.

As stated above, Garrett county is developing at a rapid rate and with a better co-operation between all the people we will develop more rapidly and will have many advantages which we will not otherwise receive from the fruits of our labor. It is with this aim in view The Republican is making this campaign.

The superiority of home products over that which is handled by the mail order house is best demonstrated in the harness business. The illustrations and descriptions given in the catalogue would lead one to believe that the harness handled by them was the best material and was just as good if not better than that produced by the man at the bench in the home town harness shop. When the harness arrives the purchaser is usually pretty well satisfied with what he has gotten because it has the appearance of being genuine.

It is but a few weeks however, until the difference comes to the surface. The leather begins to stretch, sag and twist. The machine sewing begins to let lose and the owner soon finds that it is very unsafe to go out on the roads with it. The interiority has come to the front but it is too late to send it back and the owner must "grin and bear it."

In the state of Ohio there is a large manufacturing concern which, for many years, manufactured high grade harness exclusively. In useing only the best material for its products there became a great accumulation of second and third grade leather which was useless in such a manufacturing plant. It would not do for their class of harness.

One day a bill came from a mail order house for cheap harness. "We want them cheap. Make them look good but make them cheap" wrote the mail order house. Here was the solution of the great accumulation of inferior leather. The contract was made and by the cheapest of the material and the rapidity with which the cheap harness could be turned out there was found to be more profit in this class of work than in the higher grade. The result is that this big plant is now making the mail order house harness almost exclusively.

Grantsville has long been one of the most important trading centers in Garrett county and the presence of the business houses there has always been a great convenience to all the people of the great community which surrounds it. It has afforded the people throughout that section the best possible schools, churches and social advantages. The many people living there and not engaged in active business have been attracted by the presence of the splendid mercantile service and the many conveniences which are brought about by the centralization of business.

These attractive conditions are contingent entirely upon the financial prosperity of the business houses as without them the attractiveness of the place would be taken away. The business men are the largest contributors toward the maintainence of the public institutions and it is entirely through them that the farmers of the community have a market for their products. This being the case it is to the advantage of all that they co-operate to the end of making Grantsville a better business center. If the people of the community will patronize the local stores as much as possible they will soon find themselves doing as much for themselves as they are for the merchants.

No community can boast of a better trading place than that which is being conducted in Grantsville by J. J. Bender. He has been engaged in business there during the past seventeen years and has done much toward the building of that fine community. He has made for the people there a cash market for their produce and has supplied them thebest possible line of merchandise. His fine store is truly a credit to the people.

During his long career there he has seen to it that his customers received full value for their money in every transaction. His high class goods are the best to be had anywhere in the country and his cheaper goods are just what they are represented to be and likewise worth every penny paid for them.

The stock of groceries found in this store is seldom equaled outside of the much larger towns or cities. There is also a large stock of flour, feed, hardware, harness, farming impliments, paints, oils, glass, drugs and queensware.

Mr. Bender is a community builder, is interested in the welfare of every person in the community and has always made himselt a valuable citizen in Grantsville.

Did you ever stop to think what would be the ultimate result should every family in this community purchase all their supplies from the mail order house? And some of you are doing that very thing for thousands of dollars are being sent out of this community each month for merchandise no better and no cheaper than your local merchants carry in stock. Should every family here be so disloyal to their home city, what use would there be for store buildings, office buildings and bank? None! The merchants would be forced out of business and their empty buildings would stand as ghastly monuments to your disloyalty, while their clerks and employes would be forced to go elsewhere in search of employment, leaving "For Rent" signs on their homes to stare you in the face for months, and even years, homes which some of them had worked hard for years to acquire, while others were paying for on the installment plan, now forced to stand idle and vacant and falling into decay for lack of purchasers and tenants.

The banks would also be forced to close their doore and quit business after the merchants left the city, for it is largely the merchants money that sustains the banks. There would be no more beautiful bank buildings erected to adorn your city. And if you needed some money to lift a mortgage or buy a home, or to pay doctor bills or funeral expenses, where would you get it? Would the mail order house which had been getting your trade and your money come to your rescue? Hardly! You would be obliged to pay for a money order each and every time you sent an order away for supplies, instead of enclosing the convenient certified check or New York draft, which your bank formerly accommodated you with free of charge. If you had unexpected guests for dinner and found you were out of coffee, sugar, flour or other essential, instead of sending out to the corner grocery as you do now, you would have to keep your guests in waiting until you sent to Chicago for the missing articles.

Take a look at the tax books of the city and see if the merchants and the bankers do not pay the bulk of your taxes. With them gone, who will contribute the money to keep up your streets and support your schools, unless you do? With the merchants and the bankers and their employes and their money gone out of the city and property depreciating in value, it would inflict a great hardship on those remaining to bear the burden of taxation, and they would eventually grow discouraged and leave like rats deserting a sinking ship. And this community would be doomed. By buying at home and boosting for the home town you will not only make this a great and prosperous industrial and commercial center, but you will save money while you are bringing this about. Be loyal to your city and be loyal to your home by leaving the outside merchants alone.

MRS. M. G. MARTIN.

The presence of Mrs. M. G. Martin's establishment has been the means of making Oakland a more popular shopping place for the women of this section of the country. The millinery establishment of Mrs. Martin has become well established as the place where none but the very latest styles are carried. In order to keep in touch with the current fads and prevailing styles Mrs. Martin makes semi-annual trips to New York where she acquaints herself with them.

In addition to the millinery business there is a fine line of suits, coats and waists which are likewise strictly up-to-the minute in respect to material and style. Mrs. Martin is also agent for the famous Gossard corset which has long been the most popular with the best dressed women throughout the country.

It cannot be said that Mrs. Martin is in competition with the mail order houses as such goods as carried by her cannot be purchased from them even though she handles some popular price goods. When a purchase is made here the purchaser knows just what has been purchased and knows that it not only fits, is strictly in harmony with the style of that day but is also becoming to the person who is to wear it.

W. H. KAHL & SONS.

It is safe to say that there is not a business establishment in the city of Oakland which is of greater importance to all the plople than that which is being conducted by H. W. Kahl & Sons. It is not only proving a great convenience to all the people of the entire county but it is the means of bringing much money to the community.

Whether it is the building of a new home, barn or any other structure, or the remodeling or repairing of such a building the service of this concern is right here at your door to do the work just as cheap and good as it can be done by any person or firm in the country. This includes wood work, brick or concrete. There is a lumber for every purpose as well as a fine stock of sash, doors, roofing and material for any building.

A special effort is how being made along the line of silos for farmers. They are being produced in both wood and concrete and those who have investigated have found him to be furnishing a silo far superior to that purchased elsewhere and at a lower cost.

Mr. Kahl and his sons, Messrs Albert and Walter, are boosters for Oakland and can be depended upon to do their full share toward the betterment of the community.

GRANTSVILLE.

Lee Meyers, the fireman on the Jennings railroad who met with an accident a few weeks ago in which his hip was crushed and one leg broken, was brought home from the Western Maryland Hospital on Tuesday night in Menno Miller's car. Mr. Meyers is much improved but still obliged to retain a recumbent position, owing to the serious injury to his side, and will remain in bed at his home for the present.

Mrs. E. B. Durst was taken to a specialist in Cumberland last week who found her suffering with neuritis. She is under her physician's care at her home.

Mrs. Peter Yost, of near Grantsville, was taken to the University Hospital a Baltimore for an operation for appendicitis. She is improving as rapidly as can be expected.

A postal card shower was tendered Mrs. Clarence Loechel last week in honor of her birthday.

A fire caused considerable damage in the basement of John Zehner's home on Saturday morning, burning some clothing and a portion of the kitchen before it could be extinguished.

Mrs. C. B. Getty has been in Frostburg several days assisting her daughter, Mrs. C. H. Reppert, in storing her household goods preparatory to moving to Jenkins Ky., where Mr. Reppert is employed. Mrs. Reppert and baby will remain in Fairmont, W. Va., until their removal to the blue grass State.

Gus Wm. Zeller and Gratta Broadwater were Grantsville visitors Tuesday, guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Zeller. ABRAHAM'S WIFE.

BITTINGER.

The weather continues fine, with much rain and very muddy roads.

During the fine days of last week many farmers did considerable plowing.

Joseph Durst and a couple of friends, from Negro Mountain, were calling in this village last week.

Messrs. Alfred Lohr and Peter Bickford, of Meadow Mountain, were business visitors on this side last week.

Dr. Carney, of Grantsville, was called to this neighborhood a few days ago by the illness of Mrs. J. E. Reel, who resides on the John B. Harman farm.

Mr. John J. Miller, of near this place, had the misfortune to fracture his left arm near the wrist, one day last week, while, repairing some fence on his place.

Peter Opal has resumed operations on his sawmill, located on the Melchor Hetrick farm.

A number of cases of chicken pox have been reported among the young folks of the community.

NORTH GLADE

Seemingly there was a death of news in Swanton last week; hence your scribe from that place gathered some interesting items from hereabouts extending even to Paradise.

A good many farmers have been plowing during the past week. This is something unusual in midwinter.

Our community has had its full quota of grip cases during the past month or more, some of them quite serious.

We are glad to note that Mrs. G. W. Moon is rapidly recovering. During her illness her sons Gilbert and Harold, with their wives, from Cleveland, O. and Washington, D. C., visited her.

J. L. McRobie, who has had a serious time, is also convalescing, Mrs. Hersman is still quite sick, we are sorry to learn.

J. L. Fitzwater and Sam'l Shank escorted their best girls, Misses Nina and Bessie, to League Service Sunday evening.

Mrs. Wm. Junkins and Mrs. C. T. Rhodes visited Mrs. G. W. Moon last week.

Mrs. Wm. Lawton of Oakland and sister Miss Olyo, have been visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Rhodes.

Mrs. Lucy McRobie has been visiting friends here for a week or so.

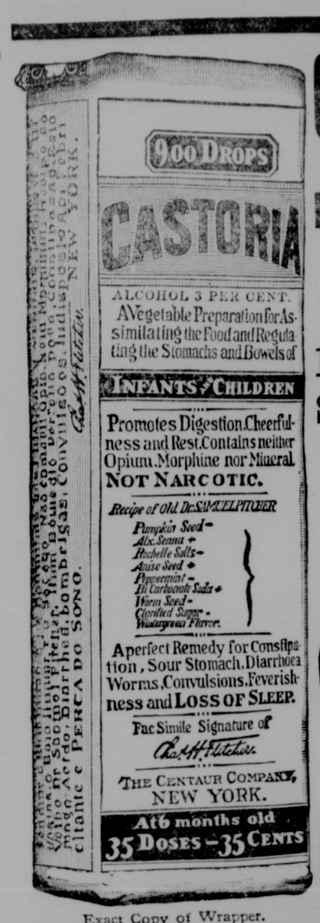
According to some penticostal folks other Christians are false teachers and leaders of the people. Wonder who set them up as judges. MORE ANON.

A New Company.

The Oakland Automobile Company has secured the agency for the celebrated Dodge Car, and owing to the great demand for these cars the Oakland Company was able to secure but six of the cars for this territory the coming year. To appreciate this car one must see it. It is the most up-to-date car on the market. Price $785 f. o. b. Detroit. You can see this car at Treacy's new garage. Don't miss it For further particulars call on or address, C. B. Johnson, office First National Bank Building, Oakland, Md.
Advertisement.

Coal! Coal!

I am prepared to furnish coal either by the ton or by carloads at a price that will interest all consumers. All grades, both eastern and western coal constantly on hand and immediate delivery guaranteed. Can save you money on your fuel supply this winter. Harry Helbig, Oakland, Md. Adv.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

THE CITY'S BEST
MEAT MARKET
IN THE EMPIRE BUILDING.

Choice Steak, Boiling Meat, and all other kinds of meat. Highest cash price paid for Poultry and Eggs; also cash paid for Hides and Skins.

H. L. MILLER

WALTER'S
Oscillating
Sleds

If you want a sled you should buy a good hand made oscillating white oak bob sled, made of the best white oak wood that is possible to get, and will outlast any factory sled on the market.

I have been making sleds for a number of years, also repairing all kinds and certainly ought to know where a sled ought to be made stronger and better than a factory that perhaps never repaired a sled in their existence.

My stock is larger and better than ever before. If you need a sled come and see mine before you purchase, then if we don't deal it will be because quality won't have anything to do with it.

Prices very reasonable. Remember the name of the sled.

James W. Walter
DEER PARK, MD.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

CLARA H. CATON

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhib't the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 23rd day of June 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 23rd day of December 1915.

ANTHONY D. CATON,
Administrator
Finzel, Md.

We Carry in Stock

TIRES
TUBES
SHOCK ABSORBERS
CHAINS
SPARK PLUGS
DRY CELLS
TIRETITE

And many other accessories at the
OAKLAND GARAGE,
Prest-O-Lite Exchange,
Oakland, Maryland.

ORDER NISI.

Robert L. Fries, Late Treasurer of Garrett county, Maryland vs. Norman Barnard, No. 266, Miscellaneous Docket In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Ordered by the Circuit Court for Garrett county, Maryland, this 13th day of January, 1916, that the tax sale made and reported in the above entitled case by Robert L. Fries, late treasurer of Garrett county, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 28th day of February, 1916, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 21st day of February, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $94.65.

ROBERT R. HENDERSON.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

The man Who Makes
A STUDY OF HIS
APPEARANCE

Is the man who best appreciates the detail of the tailoring we turn out The workmanship passes without a question, the fit is naturally a matter of course, but the shape we mould into the garments give them a character that finishes them off and makes the satisfaction of the owner complete.

All this is a bid for your next tailoring order. We know we can make you the best clothes you ever wore We want you to know it. That orde s the best and only sure way to settle he question.

JAMES BROCK,
Dixon Building.
Oakland, Maryland.

J. W. Whorton & Son
CONTRACTING PLASTERERS

Only the Best Material Used.
Best Grade of Wall Plaster on hand at all times.
CONCRETE WORK
of All Kinds.
All Work Guaranteed.
OAKLAND, - MARYLAND.

Commissioners Meeting.

The County Commissioners of Garrett county, Maryland, will meet in their office in Oakland on

Monday, February 7th, 1916,

to hear appeals on assessments and make transfers. Road Supervisors who have not filed their Bonds and Oath of Office are requested to do so on or before the above date.

By order of the Board.
W. G. MEYERS, Clerk.

Order Nisi.

Jerome B. Emory, Late Treasurer of Garrett County, Maryland vs. Rosa J. Riley, No. 267, Miscellaneous Docket. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County.

Ordered, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland, this 25th day of January, 1916, that the tax sale made and reported in the above entitled case by Jerome B. Emory, late Treasurer of Garrett county, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 6th day of March, 1916; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 25th day of February, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $83.79.

M. L. KEED
True copy, Test: E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Order Nisi.

Jerome B. Emory, Late Treasurer of Garrett County, Maryland vs. Susan Hendrickson, No. 268, Miscellaneous Docket. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County.

Ordered, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland, this 25th day of January, 1916, that the tax sale made and reported in the above entitled case by Jerome B. Emory late Treasurer of Garrett county, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 6th day of March, 1916; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 25th day of February, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $130.00.

M. L. KEEDY,
True copy, Test: E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

FOR SALE—One Sterling Thresher 16h. p. I. H. C. Gasoline Engine; 1 rebuilt I. H. C. auto Truck. For prices and terms, write or call upon R. M. Holman, Friendsville, Md, 3t*tf.

BIG EVENTS EPITOMIZED

The News the Wires Gather From the Four Corners.

HISTORY IN PARAGRAPHS

Great Events That Are Changing the World's Destiny Boiled Down for Consumption by the Busy Reader.

WAR BULLETINS

Dispatches from Rome state that Prince Mirko of Montenegro is believed to have been either killed or captured by the Austrians at Scutari.

After having brought down eight enemy aeroplanes, and receiving the order Pour le Merite, Lieut. Boelke of the German air service, was killed.

By a majority of 1,577,000 the Trades Union conference at Bristol, England, voted to oppose compulsory military service in Great Britain.

Fifty English women, who have beenemployed in Germany, were ordered to leave the country not later than Feb. 6.

A French submarine torpedoed the Turkish Sultan's private yacht Ertogroul in the Bosphorus.

Payments on the third German war loan, amounting to 12,160,000,000 marks, have been completed.

President Poincare returned to Paris after reviewing the French armies on the eastern front.

British prisoners held by the Turks number 47 officers and 598 men, it was announced in London.

A new ruling by the British home secretary in London requires baby carriages to carry lights.

Brig. Gen. Hugh G. Fitton, aide-de-camp to King George of England, was killed in battle in France.

Five hundred Russian prisoners have been taken to the Belgian coast by the Germans to work on the dunes.

A renewal of the rioting at Leipsic was reported.

WASHINGTON

One thousand bundles of petitions urging an embargo on war munitions to Europe, and signed by 1,000,000 persons, were presented to the Senate.

Secretary Daniels will test the wireless detective invented by Frederick Kolster of Washington. The device locates the source of radio messages.

General Leonard Wood told the House Committee on Military Affairs that the United States fleet would be at the bottom of the sea in sixty days or less if the country were attacked by a first class power.

At the urgent request of President Wilson, the House and Senate leaders have decided to hasten the legislative program so that important legislation will not be delayed.

Venezuelan delegates to the Pan-American Congress at Washington paid a visit to Mayor Mitchel at the New York City Hall.

Secretary Lansing had before him another written proposal from Germany, designed to bring about a settlement of the controversy over the sinking of the liner Lusitania.

President Wilson returned to Washington from his two day cruise on the Presidential yacht Mayflower.

The house in which President Wilson wooed and won his bride is for sale.

Attorney General Gregory filed in the United States Supreme Court the Government's brief in 5 per cent discount cases, growing out of importers' claims for rebates of duties under the Underwood-Simmons tariff law.

President Wilson has signed the nomination of John J. Sinnot to be Postmaster at Newark.

GENERAL

Chicago's surface transportation lines and several elevated lines were tied up for four hours by a blowout of high tension cables.

The Ford Motor Co. plant at Highland Park, Detroit, will be enlarged to three times its present size, at a cost of $10,000,000.

The Baltimore Sheet & Tin Plate Co., capital $3,000,000, will soon locate a plant at Baltimore. Six hundred men will be employed.

Standard Oil Co. of Indiana advanced the price of gasoline tank wagon basis, 1 cent a gallon to 17 1-2 cents.

Owing to uncertainty regarding the movement of slides in Gaillard cut the Panama Canal is not ready to be reopened.

Bank drafts of an estimated value of $70,000 were taken from a mail pouch in a local railway station at Newton, Iowa.

Theodore Roosevelt in a letter received by A. A. Rahn, of Minneapolis, asked that his name be not used in the Minnesota primaries.

More than $4,000,000 has been raised by the Presbyterian Church at Philadelphia for the maintenance of aged preachers and missionaries.

Charles Orvil Pitcher of Milwaukee, was sentenced to four years in the state prison after he admitted he had married eight women.

It was announced at Oyster Bay, that Col. Roosevelt is not planning to visit Cuba when he makes his trip to the West Indies next month.

Production of the Island Creek Coal Co. during 1915 amounted to 2,213,616 tons, against 2,207,445 in 1914.

After having been damaged by a heavy storm, the Panama liner Alianca arrived at New York from Cristobal.

A report from Washington says that President Wilson will urge Secretary of Labor Wilson to run for the U. S. Senate to succeed Senator Oliver.

County officers in Oklahoma will use armored motor cars hereafter in pursuing train and bank robbers.

Mines and smelters of the three copper camps at Clifton, Morenci, and Medcalf, Ariz., shut down for more than four months by a strike, were reopened.

The two American soldiers who were captured by Mexicans near Progresso, Tex., were returned to the United tates unharmed.

Shipbuilding yards on the Great Lakes are so busy that no contracts for vessels can be entertained by them before September, 1917.

Fire destroyed the Albany Garage Co. plant at the Odd Fellows' Temple at Albany, N. Y., at a loss of $500,000.

Four American troopers were drowned near Progresso, Tex.

Cut nails were advanced $2 per ton to $2.10 per keg in Pittsburgh.

Crude oil prices were advanced 5 cents a barrel by the Ohio Oil Co.

Flood conditions along the Illinois river continue serious.

A seat on the Boston Stock Exchange was sold for $17,500.

Crude oil prices were advanced 5 cents a barrel by the Texas Co.

Mrs. Charlotte White celebrated her 100th birthday at Sacramento, Cal.

A heavy snowfall, delaying railroad traffic, was reported from Seattle, Wash.

A report from London says that a new British war loan is expected in February.

Prices for light steel rails were advanced $3 a ton by the Carnegie Steel Co.

Standard Oil Co. of Louisiana advanced prices on all grades of oil 5 cents per barrel.

James Eads How's hobo convention opened in St. Louis with only 200 hoboes attending.

Purchases of flour were made in Chicago Monday for Greece, France and Holland.

Samuel S. Chamberlain, editor of the Boston "American," died at San Francisco, aged 64.

Furnace coke is selling at $3.50 and $3.75 at Connellsville, Pa., as compared with $5 last Saturday.

Members of the American Live Stock Exchange held their 19th annual convention at El Paso, Texas.

Toledo, Ohio, has an epidemic of measles, more than 1,000 cases being reported, with 11 resulting fatally.

Gold to the amount of $650,000 was deposited at the New York Assay.

SPORTING

A nine days' ice frolic was started at St. Paul, Min. Movies are shown inside an ice fort.

Paris Le Journal Officiel prints a decree announcing that the State accepts the late H. B. Duryea's gift of the thoroughbred stallion Blarney, which will be placed in the national stud.

Connie Mack, manager of the Philadelphia Athletics, released to the Baltimore Internationals' pitchers Knowlson and Sherman and infielder Kopf.

An indoor football game, with music to keep time to the players' movements, will be played on a ballroom floor in Chicago on Feb. 12.

Ernie Hjertberg, the Swedish Olympic coach, expects to be in this country for another four weeks unless he is summoned back to Sweden unexpectedly.

In the fastest bout ever staged in Cincinnati, Richie Mitchel of Milwaukee defeated Joe Rivers of California, knocking him down in the ninth round.

The National Hunt Stewards have decided that the Grand National will be run off on the Gatwick racecourse on March 24, the original Liverpool date. This famous race over the sticks, which is to steeplechasing what the Derby is to flat racing, has been run each year since 1839.

Matthew Mann, who has coached New York A. C. and Brookline (Mass.) swimming teams, has been engaged to coach the Yale swimmers, the remainder of the season.

FOREIGN

Maximilian Harden arrived at Switzland to resume there the publication of his periodical "Die Zukuntt," which was suppressed in Germany.

The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows increase of 5,375,000 francs in gold and 426,000 francs in silver holdings.

Ninety-five British survivors of the British ship Tara were captured by Senussi tribesmen in northwestern Egypt, it was announced in London.

The Bank of England bought 6,000 pounds in bar gold and shipped 150,000 pounds in sovereigns to America.

Bombardment of Monastir, in southwestern Serbia, by forty-five French aeroplanes is reported.

Large quantities of wheat have been bought in western Canada by the Hudson Bay Co., for Great Britain.

Output of gold in Rhodesia, South Africa, during December was 79,107 fine ounces, valued at 331,376 pounds.

A decree removing 90 per cent of the duty on cotton goods imported into Mexico was issued by Gen. Carranza.

The Swedish ship Gracie, Baltimore for Gothenburg, put in at Stormoway, Scotland, badly damaged by storms.

ZEPPELINS TWICE BOMBARD PARIS; TURKS ROUTED IN THE CAUCASUS PRUSSIANS PIERCE FRENCH FRONT

German Army in Artois Drive Captures Line of Trenches ---Key to Suez Canal Surrounded by Superior Army of Turks and Arabs

BRITISH GARRISON IS HEMMED IN BY THE MOSLEMS

Paris.—German Zeppelins raided Paris twice within 2 hours. Nine women were killed and 14 wounded, one baby was killed and two children wounded, the total casualities being 54.

Ten houses were damaged by the raiders. Three houses were the scenes of eight killed and injured each; in another house seven persons were killed or injured.

One of the houses in which the most serious damage was done was a home in which the family had met to celebrate the return of a son, a Zouave, on leave of absence from the front. Around the table were the grandfather 66 years of age; his daughter, the latter's husband, and aunt, two sons and a girl of 15 years. Seven mutilated corpses were found in the wreckage of the house.

Renewal of the German offensive south of the Somme, in France, resulted in the capture by the Germans of two miles of French positions south of Frise and also the capture of that village. Northeast of Neuville the Germans stormed trenches over a front of 1,700 yards, Berlin claiming the capture of 1,287 prisoners and nine machine guns.

Turkish airmen dropped bombs on an Allied monitor, which fired upon Akbach, in the Dardar lles. Three bombs hit the vessel aft of the bridge, setting it ablaze, so that only with difficulty could the monitor flee to the Bay of Kephalos on the island of Imbros, reported Constantinople.

Abandonment of all attempts to stop the Teuton drive through Albania is foreshadowed in an official statement issued by the French War Office telling of the continued retreat of the Serbians.

Guns and munitions are being taken from Albania to Italy. The fact that these stores are sent to Italy instead of to Avlona, where the Italian expedition is concentrated, is taken to indicate that Italy may abandon even that port.

Prisoners taken during the last few days by the Russians confirm reports of the terrible condition of the German troops in the Pinsk marshes, where a rapid thaw released vast quantities of subterranean water.

Not only have thousands of caissons, quantities of munitions and numerous guns been ingulfed, the dispatch says, but various intrenched detachments of troops, and often large ones, have been cut off, and, having been unable to extricate themselves from the marshy labyrinth, they perished miserably.

TURKS DRIVE BACK BRITISH.

London.—A British army protecting Aden, the "Gibraltar of the East" and key to the Suez Canal, was reported by Berlin to be in great peril from attacks by vastly superior forces of Turks and Arabs.

The British are said to have been driven from all the vast territory held by them in southern and southwestern Arabia at the beginning of the war and to have fallen back to Aden for a final stand after losing 15,000 men killed and 20,000 wounded.

The Germans say the British forces are penned up in Aden, near the entrance to the Red Sea, and if they fail to hold their position the approach to the canal will pass from their hands.

The garrison is defending itself stubbornly and only the support of the warships, it is said, has saved it from capture.

The British official Press Bureau gave out a statement denying the truth of German reports concerning the situation at Aden.

The British army besieged at Kut-el-Amara by the Turks has driven back the investing force. The Moslems have evacuated their trenches on the land side of the city and withdrawn to about a mile from the British defenses.

Fighting has been renewed on the Russian front, and at many places from Riga down into eastern Galicia the armies have come to grips without important changes of terrain.

Dispatches regarding the situation in Albania indicate that the Austrians are still advancing. British military men predict that Essad Pasha, the Provisional Governor, would be able to hold out a considerable time, as the condition of the roads prevents the moving of artillery.

BRITAIN NEEDS SHIPS.

War Requirements Inspire Proposal for Imports Embargo.

London.—Walter Runciman, president of the Board of Trade, has been holding conferences for the last few days with representatives of various business interests which would be affected by the proposed embargo, the purpose of the conferences being to evolve means of a practical character, while at the same time minimizing, as far as possible, all damage to legitimate trade.

Rome.—The Russian drive in the Caucasus, having as its object the relief of the British army beleaguered at Kut-el-Amara, made another big gain.

The Muscovites followed up their previous successes and swept into the town of Khynsskala, between Erzerum and Mush.

They captured large quantities of arms and ammunition and many prisoners fell into their hands.

Russian military experts assert it is practically impossible for the Germans to send reinforcements from Constantinople to aid the Turks at Erzerum. To send troops from Bagdad would mean the weakening of the forces which are facing the British in Mesopotamia. As between Kut-el-Amara and Erzerum it is believed in Petrograd the Turks will decide to concentrate their strength at Erzerum.

In Persia the Czar's army defeated a large force of Turks, inflicting a heavy loss in killed and wounded and taking many prisoners and large quantities of ammunition and military supplies. Petrograd says the victory is important, as the Russians got hold of munitions which apparently had been stored for an extensive campaign.

The fighting on the Austro-Italian front is of a desperate character and the Italians, with the bayonet, have reoccupied on the heights west of Gorizia, ground they had been forced to give up in an Austrian attack.

Berlin gave out for publication through James W. Gerard, United States Ambassador, a charge that the French and British have been guilty of cruelty and have violated the rules of war on the western front.

MONTENEGRO SURRENDERS.

Berlin.—The formal surrender of Montenegro and the signing of articles for the laying down of arms by the Montenegrins was officially announced here.

The act by which Montenegro was definitely eliminated as an active factor in the war was completed at 6 o'clock Tuesday night, Berlin says, the representatives of the Montenegrin Government accepting the terms named by Austria-Hungary. The demands had previously been rejected on the ground that they made practically a vassal state of Montenegro.

Germans reported that enormous damage was done at Dover when their air squadron raided the British coast and that a transport anchored in the harbor was sunk, despite the British announcement that the results were slight.

They also say one of their bombs fell on a deposit of mines, killing thirty-nine persons, including one officer and twenty-four soldiers.

Hard fighting is reported on the western front, and the French and Germans met foot to foot near Neuville when the French tried to retake the trenches captured from them by the Germans. The loss on both sides was heavy.

PRESS ALLIED TRADE PLANS.

French Chambers of Commerce Hope to Capture German Markets.

Paris.—A commercial understanding among the allied countries and plans to conquer the foreign markets were among the important economic questions discussed at a meeting of the Presidents of the Chambers of Commerce of France. More than 120 chambers were represented.

The promoters of the alliance of business interests, represent Great Britain and France.

PITH OF THE WAR NEWS

The Germans began another big drive in the west, centering their attacks at two points on the French line. The gain in territory made by the Germans was the most extensive reported in several months.

In the Caucasus the Russians have scored further successes against the Turks.

In the Balkans the Austrians continue to make progress in Albania, reporting the occupation of Alessio and San Giovanni di Medua.

On he eastern front there have been only isolated engagements between the Austrians and the Russians.

Since Oct. 1, 1915, 16 German aeroplanes have been lost in engagements on the western front, while the Allies are known to have lost 63, the Berlin War Office stated.

It is alleged that wounded German prisoners, including officers, have been placed in positions before the defenses of the Allies, where they would be under the fire of German guns, and have been kept there for hours, in some cases, in the utmost agony.

South of Givenchy the Germans succeeded in getting a footing in some parts of the French trenches.

PRESIDENT SAYS NATION MUST ARM

Arouses Middle West in Campaign for Preparedness

PEACE AND EXPANSION

America Will at No Time Cravenly Avoid Conflict to Uphold Its Convictions, He Asserts — Must Stand as Strong Brother.

POINTS IN SPEECHES OF WILSON ON DEFENSE

Country faces danger because of the world war.

Time might come when the President of the United States could not keep out of war and maintain honor of the nation.

New circumstances have arisen that make it necessary that the country should prepare herself for national defense.

Dangers are infinite and constant. Wherever there is contact there is friction. Wherever the ordinary rules of commerce at sea and of international relationships are apt to be thrust aside and ignored there is danger of the more critical kind of controversy.

Exert fullest influence for preparedness.

There are many differences between Republicans and Democrats, but not upon nation's safety.

Sorry this is a campaign year. Seeks no personal profit out of defense.

The only way you can maintain peace is by enjoying the thorough respect of everybody with whom you deal.

We must defend life of this nation against any sort of interference.

Willingness of young men of country to volunteer in proposed army is going to be test of preparedness.

Has no anxiety on what Congress will do.

World is on fire; tinder everywhere.

Women feel the pulse of the nation more than men do. No difference between men and women when it comes to national defense.

National Guard not instrument for immmediate use.

Chicago.—President Wilson's campaign to inform the country of the grave dangers it must face unless the army and navy are strengthened adequately continued with renewed energy. His schedule called for five speeches in Illinois and Wisconsin. The President spoke from the observation end of his private car at Waukegan, Ill., and Kenosha and Racine, Wis., He delivered a set speech in an auditorimu at Milwaukee at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon and in the evening made another in the Auditorium at Chicago.

Chicago gave the President a big non-paatisan reception.

New York.—Sounding a solemn warning that the world of today is not the world of tomorrow, no man knowing today what the world will be tomorrow, and declaring that "No political party can disappoint America," Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States, opened his country wide campaign for preparedness in this city.

"Let no man dare be a marplot. Let no man bring partisan passion into these great things," he said.

MANN PLEADS FOR DEFENSE.

Republican Leader Sees U. S. in Danger After Present Conflict.

Washington.—Representative James R. Mann of Illinois, the Republican leader, in a speech in the House, expressed the opinion that the United States is likely to be called to defend itself at the close of the present war. He urged Congress to make large appropriations for the army and navy and enact legislation which will enable American industry to supply all the Government needs in the event of war.

Mr. Mann, who has heretofore opposed increased armaments, spoke with great deliberation, and as he urged that the question of national defense be treated in a non-partisan way, he was applauded by members of the House.

FEAR POWDER PLANT AIR RAID.

U. S. Agents Ask Hydroaeroplane Owners to Guard Machines.

Philadelphia.—Robert E. Glendinning and Clarke Thomson, prominent socially and owners of hydroaeroplanes, have been asked by Federal agents to guard their planes so that they cannot be used in the air on the du Pont powder mills in New Jersey and Delaware. The Government investigators requested that the flying boats, which are stored along the Delaware River, be dismantled.

WOMAN OUT FOR CONGRESS.

Kansan Enters Race on a National Prohibition Platform.

Topeka, Kan.—Dr. Eva Harding, a physician of this city, is a candidate for the Democratic Congressional nomination in the First Kansas district.

Besides opposing militarism Dr. Harding's platform includes national prohibition, nationwide suffrage, mothers' pensions, recall of judges, old age pensions for those who deposit money for this purpose with the Government.

The Lutheran Church

SECOND STREET, OAKLAND

Sunday School, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

E. H. SINCELL, Superintendent.

Let every one heed the words of the Master, "Suffer little children to come unto Me and forbid them not: for of such is the Kingdom of God."

Men's Brotherhood Class, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

JULIUS C. RENNINGER, Brotherhood President.

REV. BREMER, Teacher.

We cordially invite all men not already enrolled in some school to study the Bible with this class.

Morning Worship, 10.45 o'Clock.

Undoubtedly, one of the richest blessings of the christian life is a consciousness of duty done and obligations maintained. Regular attendance upon the regular appointed hours of worship adds much to that consciousness.

Luther League, 6.30 o'Clock P. M.

Topic—"Our American Lutheran Work in China."

Leader—ELIZABETH TOWNSHEND.

Evening Worship, 7.30 o'Clock.

DEER PARK.

There will be preaching and the Holy Communion will be administered at the Deer Park Lutheran church Sunday, Feb. 6th, 2:30 p. m.

All are welcomed to worship with us.

—The above was prepared by the pastor and the advestisement is authorized and paid for by one interested in church work.

Settle the Silo Question and Settle it for Good

Do away with painting, repairing and tightening of hoops.

Know that your silo won't blow over.

Be sure of perfect silage at all times.

Build the worryless, efficient.

Natco Imperishable Silo. "The silo that lasts for generations."

Its hollow, vitrified, clay tile are impervious to air and moisture; they preserve the silage sweet and juicy.

The dead air space in the wall resists frost making it the silo for cold climates.

Its a silo of efficiency, and a silo you'll be proud of.

For further information address, The National Fire Proofing Company, Pittsburgh, Pa., or, W. C. DeBerry, Oakland, Md.

P. S. A liberal discount is given on silos ordered before Feb. 1st. Discount becomes smaller each succeeding month.

Examiners' Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned appointed by the County Commissioners of Garrett County, to view the lands through which the new road is prayed to be examined commencing at Garey's gate and passing through the lands of Edith Hileman, Abell Friend and Hiram Humberson to intersect the Morgantown road at or near John Meyer's house, and examine whether the said new road should be granted will meet on the 29th day of February, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said building of said new road, and if so, to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

C. W. FRIEND,
W. F. MEYERS,
S. K. FRAZEE,
Examiners.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters Testamentary on the estate of

MARY RATHBUN

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 13th day of July 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 13th day of January, 1916.

FRANK E. RATHBUN,
Executor,
Oakland, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters Testamentary on the estate of

JONAS D. BRENNEMAN

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 13th day of July 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 13th day of January, 1916.

LYDIA BRENNEMAN,
Executrix,
Grantsville, Md.

Examiners' Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, appointed by the County Commissioner of Garrett County, to view the lands through which the Road leading from Avilton to the Pike through the lands of Elias Arnold road, and examine whether the said road should be Relocated will meet on the 25th day of February, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said relocation of said road, and if so, to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

LEWIS H. BROADWATER,
J. O. WILHELM,
ERNEST Z. MICHAEL,
Examiners.

Mortgagee's Sale OF A Valuable Farm

In Garrett county, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage from William C. Brafford to the undersigned mortgagee, dated the 26th day of November, 1910, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 60, folio 434 etc., one of the Mortgagee Records of Garrett county, he will on

SATURDAY, the 5th day of February,

1916, in front of the Court House, in the town of Oakland, at the hour of two o'clock P. M. of said day, sell at public auction to the highest bidder, all that tract or parcel of ground, situate, lying and being in Garrett County, located about

four miles North from Deer Park, near State road,

being a part of the tract of land called "Stock Farm" and containing the quantity of

Thirty Acres and 104 Perches,

more or less, and being the same tract of land which was conveyed to the said William C. Brafford by deed from Gilmor S. Hamill and wife, dated the 26th day of November, 1910, and duly recorded among the Land Records of Garrett county, especial reference to which said deed and the record thereof is herein made for a more particular description of said tract of land.

Said property is improved by a very good Dwelling House and outbuildings with an orchard thereon, and a good part of the property is under fence and well cultivated, besides being well watered.

TERMS OF SALE:—Whilst the mortgage calls for cash sale, still if any responsible party desires to buy this property reasonable terms can be made with the undersigned in buying the same, and by giving notes for the deferred payments to be agreed upon.

Possession will be given upon the ratification of the sale by the Court and the purchaser arranging the terms.

GILMOR S. HAMILL,
Mortgagee.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice That the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

MARGARET E. GRIFFITH

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 13th day of July 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this thirteenth day of January, 1916.

FRED. A. THAYER,
Administrator Margaret E. Griffith.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

JOEL J. MILLER

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 13th day of July 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 13th day of January, 1916.

JONAS B. MILLER,
Administrator,
Grantsville, Md.

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF MARYLAND

ORDER NO. 2639.

In the matter of the joint application of The Piedmont Electric Light and Power Company and the Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Company of Baltimore City for the approval of an agreement for the joint use of poles in Westernport, District No. 4, Garrett county, Maryland.

Before the Public Service Commission of Maryland. Case No. 1027.

The above mentioned petition having been received and filed, it is this twenty-eighth day of January, 1916, by the Public Service Commission of Maryland

ORDERED: That the same be, and it is hereby, set for hearing at the office of the Commission, Baltimore, Maryland, on Tuesday, February 8th, 1916, at 11 o'clock, A. M.

PROVIDED: The applicant cause a copy of this Order to be published in Garrett county, Maryland, at least one time before the seventh day of February, 1916.

True Copy, Test:

B. T. FENDALL,
Secretary.

THE OPEN ROAD

Along Which An Effort Will Be Made to Assist the Wanderer on His Way Up Hill.

BY LEO J. RASCHE.

KAISER BILL'S BIRTHDAY.

"Some men are born great, some achieve greatness, others have greatness thrust upon them." That's an old one and a good one, but the best word in it is the word, "achieve" because most men who mount the hill are not born at the top but at the bottom and this thing of thrusting greatness is not a daily practice, so most conspicuously out of the quotation arises the one word, "achieve." Many dubs have been born to great places, but that did not make them great. Others have been born to great places and made the places greater because they occupied them, and none ever had their backs broken with the greatness thrust upon them because they had first to be great enough to bear the burden. So from the sentence above quoted we sift the word "achieve," as the one part that stands best the test of analyzation.

If a man be born to a princely place and fails to achieve he is lost behind the barrier of his own insignificance, and if a man is born in the most lowly estate and does by his own efforts achieve, for all achievement is by individual effort, he will loom like a light of obscurity, and surmount the barrier of birth that originally hid him from his well won heritage. Achievement is a powerful personality made strong by perseverance. Greatness is in the man and not in the place he occupies. Character will conquer conditions.

In all ages there have been men great in peace and great in war. War is one of the worst woes that warps the world. It has always been a hindrance to humanity, a voracious, greedy glutton that gloats over gore. It has always substituted sorrow and distress and desolation for happiness and husbandry and humanitarianism. It always will. Mars is a mighty old meddler whom men cannot resist when he starts to stir up strife. There are those who are wasting words in the vain hope that they can head off future strife—pacifists who imagine they can make men with the blood of ten thousand years of fighting ancestors coursing through their veins simply kiss and make up when they feel like fighting—make their little arguments with ink and air. Would that they could! But it is an absurd idea for parleying pacifists to imagine they can obstruct the tide of men's passions. Men have fought from the beginning of the world, and what effect will the work and words of these pacifists have on the fighting generations of the future. Long after their scattered dust has mingled again with Mother Earth, in unborn centuries to come, red blood will still be ruling—young blood, fighting blood—and when wrong outrages this blood of the future and arouses it to resentment and revenge to the flood-tide of fury—it will demand an outlet in war. Men don't kiss when they're mad, they fight. Mars has lived since the beginning. He's in the prime of his youth today. The years rest lightly upon him, which seems to indicate that he'll probably live to a ripe old age. All of which leads us up to today, and to the war lord of today.

Fifty-seven years ago today he was born, not great but to a great place. Greatness was not thrust upon him, but he was thrust into a place of greatness, a place of power. He studied, he planned, he thought, he achieved. He was not content to live in luxury and tote a title. He could have done so and he could have lived fit, fed and fat and wandered on his way without worry. He had an empire, did this tiny mite that entered the world fifty-seven years ago today. But he was not content with merely the title of ruler he wanted to rule and he rules. He wanted to make his empire the mightiest in the world and he is trying to, is Kaiser Bill. Today he is the most prominent figure in the entire world, the storm centre of the nations, the most conspicuous personality that looms upon the horizon of worlds events—he is Germany. What one Louis of France once said of himself, "I am the state," might well today be actually applied to Wilhelm. He is not only the Fatherland, but the father of the Fatherland. Some accuse him of setting the world aflame with war. That's a question that cannot be settled here. But get this fixed in your ko-ke, Fritz: No one man ever starts a war. Wars usually start themselves when men get ready to fight. And remember this: An argument has two sides, even a small one, and an argument of the proportions of the one in which Wilhelm is engaged today on his 57th anniversary, has to naturally have several sides. But this is not an eulogy of William the warior, but a citation of the vigorous work of William the man. He could have lounged in luxury and ooze out his life in a secure throne rendered obscure by his own obscurity. But he worked, he planned, he studied and he achieved. And then, with his achievements, he put the force of his powerful personality working toward empire aggrandizement and empire expansion, and today the princes who played while William worked are puppets in the purple of the court in comparison with William who wears the stern habilements of war. He was not born great, Fritz, but to a great place, and he has achieved greatness as a man by individual effort, the only channe thru which men high and low arrive. And because William, the man, made himself great, Fritz, win or lose, his tory will write William, the Emperor great. Not as a warrior, mind you, but as a man and an emperor.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

Perilous Times.

It is undoubtedly true that we are living in perilous times. Such times were predicted long ago and it looks as if we were coming into the times predicted by prophets of former ages. Be that as it may there have never been times so fraught with vital interests to the world as now, times that are enough to make the heart of all men, and especially christians quail.

You can find anxiety enough everywhere, without doubt and this necessiates all christians to stand by their annus; and do their duty. It may be well to consider some of the perils of the day, or some of the things that make our times perilous.

(1) We are in perilous times morally We are apt to boast of our times and comfort ourselves with the thought that they are so much better than they used to be, and so rest content. You may not all agree with me, yet I must say what I believe, and what I hope you will believe too. However, I am not concerned about pleasing all, as much as I am to present the truth. I know there are some who will say pessimism—you are trying to give needless alarm. There is no danger, for things are going on as they always have. Nor am I seeking popularity, for those who warn of evil to come, are seldom popular.

Some may say, he's a bit blue, he doesn't see the great amount of good that is being done in the world, I do not forget that. It is easy to look on one side of things and from that view point, draw very strong conclusions, though they may be wholly wrong. We must look at the good and the evil as well, for there is an immense amount of evil—a far greater amount than the good. From a moral standpoint we are in perilous times. The unrest of the world is very noticeable.

In some of the countries of Europe it reached the point of revolution; it passed that and plunged the nations into the most gigantic war of the ages.

The forment of discontent is evident in our own country. Back of sudden outbreaks of strikes in Spain, is what appears to be an organized revolutionary movement. Portugal has been in a state of turmoil which has at times made the ezistence of the republic precarious. Food notes have necessitated material law in some quarters severe droughts and crop failures in others, with rising cost of living, is the most serious question of the day in France and Austria. Lawlessness seems to be in the air. Lack of confidence characterizes the business of the world. Uncertainty and forebodings of evil control the minds of multitudes. Yet in a large part of the church is an optomistic feeling which verges on delusion. Presently they will see signs in the sun and moon and stars and upon the earth distress of nations in perplexity for the roaring of the sea and the billows; men fainting for fear and for expectation of the things which are coming on the world, for the powers of the heavens shall be shaken.

These words refer to the last period of the present dispensation, when grievous times shall come; when men shall be without love for kindred, implacable, incontent, fierce, yielding to self indulgence, hard hearted and haters of good things and persons, betrayers of their brethren, false in friendship, headstrong, impulsive, lovers of pleasure more than lovers of God—for, the love of pleasure destroys the love of God.

The outward profession of religion is maintained under a visible prevalence of wickedness. Men are prone to forsake the truth and seducers abound.

There is a mixture on the part of professions with the world, indeed you can scarcely distinguish them at times. Outward duties receive attention but the inward spiritual duties decay. Persecution against true believers will be, indeed is rampant now, in many places.

The form of godliness which is in itself right, beautiful and advantageous, will continue to exist, but the powers thereof will be and is already denied. Its consequences are alarming, as seen in the lack of heart searching; of pungent sorrow for sin; a lack of love of the truth with refusal to conform to the Divine will. Mere form does not entitle one to christian fellowship, for formalities have no sympathy with the sentiments of true believers. The sense of personal relationship to God seems to have been lost for the most part, hence but little interest in the progress of his work throughout the world. The standard of morality is low it is verging on the immoral, moral principle does not grip us as it once did. The fact is the age does not want a moral code to which it shall bring its conduct for something. The general state of society is deplorable. In the last decade the increase in the number of divorces has been more than seven times the increase of the population. Moral forces seem to have failed, legislative bodies are trying to induce women to dress modestly. The "white slave" traffic is appaling. The consumption of cigarettes is increasing by the billion annually.

One gets tired of the sounding brass of this cultural religion which spends itself in all kinds of service because it is the fad, but does little or nothing from a loving expression of a personal relation to the Lord. It is a form of religion, true enough, but as hopeless and helpless to save as the sphinx of Egypt.

People are courteous but the word fails like hail on an iron roof. They hear it but they heed not. Surely these are perilous times and the earth is filled with violence. The latest statistics show that 8,000 murders were committed in the United States last year, showing a marked increase over the previous year. No doubt there were many more murders committed which were not known to man. What of Europe! Hundreds of thousands have been killed and fearful deeds of violence are constantly being done. But there must and will follow awful judgments upon the violence of this age. The lynching record for 1915 surpasses all previous ones. There were 69 in all, of which 55 were negroes and 14 whites. Three women are included in the record. It was discovered that at least four of these were innocent. More than one fourth of these were in one state. Fifteen per cent were charged with rape, about twenty-five per cent with murder. Then there were various charges killing officers, sleaying hogs, not regarding warnings of night riders, insulting women, stealing meat, cotton, a cow, furnishing amunition to a man resisting arrest, showing the wide range of offences that drew the prize of lynching.

There are scholars who deny the truth of Moses and impeach the veracity of the Son of man, but it will be just as he said, "as it was in the days of Noah, so, shall it be in the days of the Son of man." There were days of violence and bloodshed in the days of Noah, and such will be the case before the Son of man comes back to this earth.

JOANNES.

CONSERVATION IN MARYLAND

A PLEA FOR BOBWHITE

This is the fifth of a series of articles on the need of conservation in Maryland, published under the auspices of the Maryland Wild Life Protective Association at this time with a view of having some of the defects remedied by the passage of adequate conservation laws at the present session of the State Legislature.

There is something more to bobwhite than gameness and six ounces. That is news to lawmakers, but lawmakers have been taking their cue from gunners, and gunners cannot afford to know. But Dr. Silvester Sudd, of the Biological Survey, has held autopsy over bobwhite dead, and Mrs. Margaret Morse Nice, of Clark University, has played detective on bobwhite living, and bobwhite is innocent—innocent, not merely, but marvelously beneficent to humankind. Such another little combination of scourger to insects and exterminator of weed seed never left the hand of nature under feathers.

Non-migratory, he will be found 12 months in the year on the little plot of ground lucky enough to have him for tenant.

On his bill of fare are 141 species of insects and 129 of weed seed. The gunner who shoots him in the stubble, imagines that grain is about all that he eats, but as a matter of fact it amounts to only one-sixth of his food for the year and this is taken not from the standing crop or among the sheves at harvest time but from what escapes the reaper. When grain is sprouting and when the crop is in the milk, bobwhite has other concerns, for in late spring and summer one to two-thirds of his food consists of the field's insect foes, which make 15 per cent. of the year's total in the wild, or more than a third in captivity. It is an important list, too, for birds not of his order eschew many of his favorites. Potato beetles he likes, and the cucumber bettle, squash ladybug, corn billbug, cutworms, the tobacco worm, army worm, cotton boll worm, clover weevil, cotton boll weevil, imbricated snout beetle, may beetle, plant lice, grasshoppers, Rocky mountain locust and chinchbug. The chick, eating 44 per cent. of his weight daily, lives for six weeks on insects, and in this time one consumes some 20,000 and increases in weight tenfold. One, a week old, ate 2326 plant lice and 20 mealworms, but was not done for the day.

Here are some single meals of adults: Forty-seven boll weevils, 101 potato bugs, 100 chinchbugs, 12 squashbugs, 12 army worms, 12 cutworms and 568 mosquitoes in three hours. And as samples of a day's work in addition to seeds, grain and green food, note 1350 flies or 1286 rose slugs or 5000 plant lice.

In the winter months he turns to weed seed, which forms more than half his food for the year, and here are some samples of one day's consumption by one bird.

Barnyard grass, 2500; beggar tricks, 1400; black mustard, 2500; burdock, 600; crab grass, 2000; curled dock, 4175; dodder, 1560; evening primrose, 10,000; lamb's quarter, 15,000; milkweed, 770; peppergrass 2400; pigweed, 12,000; plantain, 12,500; rabbitsfoot clover, 30,000; bush clover, 1800; smartweed, 2250; white vervain, 18,750; water smartweed, 2000.

Finally the year's consumption by one pair in captivity was 130,905 insects and 10,442,688 weed seeds.

If bobwhite were a machine what would a farmer give for him? Common sense would have run like a chicken over field and garden and the gunner should be taboo.

This brings us to ruffed grouse and wild turkey, and one of the absurdities of human conduct. I wonder how many know that the royal bird which has graced our Christmas tables is of Mexican origin, while our native turkey is the one which we are letting gunners persecute to annihilation. Spaniards took some Mexican turkeys to Europe early in the Sixteenth Century, and there they were domesticated, and finally exported to the United States. Grain and shelter are their portion, while our own bird draws shot and trap.

Similiarly, while the incomparable bobwhite, heath hen and ruffled grouse have been interrupted in their skilled labors for agriculture and rushed through a program to the verge of extinction, three-fourths of the States in the Union are falling over one another to extend complete protection to the Hungarian partridge and European and Asiatic pheasants, which are imported to take the very ranges that by preemption and demonstrated fitness belong to our own superior birds.

Caught in improper conduct, it is much less galling for one to fly off on a spectacular tangent than to turn simply around in one's tracks and retrace the erroneous steps. The cure for lessening game is less gunning, and it is the only cure. When a gunner can be made to stop firing long enough to realize that, it is possible that he may listen to the economic ornithologist, who is earnestly telling what the real function of the bird in the world is.

The time was when the Southern rice-grower was justified in warring on what we call the reedbird because of his depredations on that crop in both spring and autumn. But this basis for its classification as a game bird in the Eastern States has been swept away because this industry has vanished. In the North it is an economic factor of great importance, for in May, June and July 85 per cent. of its food is insects. It is very destructive to grasshoppers and caterpillars, particularly to the army worm. After the young are able to fly, the whole family gathers for a vicious assault on weed seed.

It ought to be a pleasure for the South to treasure for the North this efficient and melodious harlequin of the meadows, just as the North should foster the swallows and orioles, the blackbirds and meadowlarks, which work so bravely on the cotton boll weevil of the South. Maryland is one of only six States, which, with the District of Columbia, keep up the slaughter.

The shore birds have a bigger task before them than to provide liveliness for city dwellers by the sea and sport for gunners on the uplands. They form the most important bird enemy to mosquitoes known to us, according to Professor McAtee, who has reported on their food. Like numerous other species, they are death to grasshoppers. Take the individual diet of upland plover, which sportsmen seem determined to retire: Crane flies, destructive to grasslands and wheat fields; cut-worms, pests of forage and grain crops; North American fever ticks, which attacks cattle; cotton cutworm; boll weevil, cloverleaf weevil, cowpea weevil and clover root curculio; billbugs, that damage corn; wire worms, cornleaf beetle and the grape vine colaspic; crayfish, which is a pest in rice and cornfields in the South and which injures levees; diving beetle, which are a nuisance in fish hatcheries.

Shoulder to shoulder with him in most of this work stand woodcock and killdeer, and the latter is in a group which devours the larvae of horseflies and eats marine worms, which prey upon oysters.

Is this not enough to spoil the aim of a gunner with a heart?

M. LLEWEDLYN RANEY,
Johns Hopkins University.

Remember.

Don't sneer at the man who fails, but remember that he at least dared to try.

Bankrupt Stock.

The bankrupt stock of jewelry of F. G. Hyde will be sold, regardless of value, on Friday and Saturday, February 4 and 5. The stock consists of jewelry, watches, millinery, musical instruments, fixtures, etc. Mr. E. I. West is in charge. Adv. 1t

Mad Johnson Stumped.

Doctor Johnson and Macklin were arguing a literary question, when the former quoted Greek. "I don't understand Greek," said Macklin. "The man who presumes to argue literature should understand every language," replied Johnson, severely. Whereupon Macklin began reeling off a string of Gaelic, and for once Johnson had nothing to say.

THE REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME 40. OAKLAND, MARYLAND THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1916. NUMBER 50

A FATAL ACCIDENT ON SEVENTEEN-MILE GRADE

One Man Instantly Killed and Another Seriously Injured Tuesday Morning.

Mike Danahar was instantly killed and William White was seriously injured when struck by Baltimore and Ohio engine No. 2056, hauling passenger train No. 6, about 11:50 o'clock Tuesday morning near Frankville on the 17-mile Grade. The men, both track hands, were walking along the track when the accident happened. The body of Danahar was removed to the Fredlock morgue at Piedmont and White was taken to the Hoffman Hospital at Keyser. At the hospital last night he was said to be resting very comfortably.

MASONS FEASTED.

Two Score Were Guests Of Mr. Henry Lauer at an Oyster Roast.

Tuesday evening of this week about forty members of the Masonic fraternity, along with one or two non-members, were guests of Mr. Henry Lauer, of Oakland Bakery fame, at an oyster roast, the affair following the regular communication of the Masonic lodge of that evening.

The host had secured barrels of the finest Chesapeake Bay bivalves and they were roasted to a turn in the large oven of the bakery and served to the guests in tremendous proportions, so many in fact that fears were entertained for the welfare of several present.

In addition to the oysters served all that went with them were provided in abundance and a most enjoyable evening was had by those present upon the occasion.

Farm For Sale or Rent.

I offer my farm, adjoining Oakland on the west, consisting of 35 acres, for sale or rent. For particulars apply or write to. CYRUS DEWITT,
Adv. April 1st. * Oakland, Md.

FOURTEEN-YEAR OLD BOY KILLED YOUNGER BROTHER

Son of Charles Platter, Negro Monntain, Victim of Simple-Minded Brother.

On last Friday one of the most horrible occurrences in the history of the county took place when the fourteen-year old son of Charles Platter, residing on Negro Mountain, about two miles from the new lumber town of Davis, and some six or eight miles from Grantsville, secured a shot gun and with it fired upon and killed his nine-year old brother instantly, the charge of shot taking effect in the boy's face and blowing a portion of it away.

From what can be learned of the matter it seems that the boy who did the shooting is simple-minded and on Friday he ran into the house and picking up the loaded gun returned to the yard where the smaller boy was playing and without a word pointed the gun at him and fired, returning the gun to the place he had gotten it and walked away.

The funeral of the victim took place on Sunday.

The matter has been brought to the attention of the State's Attorney and he is making an investigation of the affair.

Valuable Farms at Mortgagee's Sale.

In another column of this paper today Mr. Stuart F. Hamill, mortgagee, advertises a farm of more than 400 acres to be sold at mortgagee's sale on Saturday, March 4, in front of the court house in Oakland, the property being what is commonly known as the Lowdermilk Farm, located near Friendsville, in this county.

Mr. G. S. Hamill also advertises at mortgagee's sale the Brafford place of about thirty acres, located near the State road, to occur on next Saturday.

THE PUBLIC SCHOOL SYSTEM OF MARYLAND

Is Soundly Organized But Poorly Managed.--Have Too Much Politics.

The Legislature of Maryland in 1914 authorized the appointment of a Commission to procure a survey of education in Maryland and appropriated $5,000 for its expenses. The Governor appointed as members of this commission B. Howell Groswold, Jr., of Baltimore; Col. Albert W. Sisk, of Preston, and Dr. McPerson Scott, of Hagerstown.

At the request of the Commission the General Education Board of New York undertook to make the survey, agreeing to bear any expense incurred in excess of the State appropriation. The results of the survey are made public today.

The report says: Every county in Maryland was visited and typical schools of all kinds were studied throughout the State.

"Public education in Maryland is on the whole soundly organized," says the report of the General Education Board. "Further, the State deals generously with its public schools in the matter of money.

"We do not propose therefore any fundamental changes in the general structure of the public school system of Maryland nor do we suggest that the State increase at all its appropriations to the schools.

"But there are other aspects which will cause grave concern. A few counties possess good and steadily improving schools; a good school may be found here and there in other counties. But the large majority of the schools are poor; teachers are, for the most part, poorly trained; instruction is ineffective and obsolete; children attend school with disastrous irregularity; school buildings are far too often in unsatisfactory condition, school grounds, neglected and untidy.

"A few words suffice to explain. Public education in Maryland is 'in politics.' Politics are apt to prevent the State Board from acting with vigor; to determine the composition of the County Boards; to affect the choice of the County Superintendens; even to enter into the selection of the one room rural school teacher.

"Of course, there are exceptions. Some of the county boards are excellent; some schools are entirely free from political taint. But in general political and personal considerations impair the vigor, independence, thoroughness and efficiency of the school system. The public does not begin to realize the seriousness of the political infection or the damage it does."

Salaries are too low to obtain well-trained teachers; they range "from an average of $271 a year in St. Mary's to $662 a year in Baltimore county. Three counties pay an average of less than $300; four less than $350; seven less than $450, and only two, Allegany and Baltimore, pay in excess of $450."

The report points out that it is in the selection of county superintendents that the next session's instance of political influence are exhibited.

"The county superintendents are elected by the politically constituted county boards. The politicians view the county superintendency as "spoils," and in most counties the indifference of the people permits them to dispose of it on that basis. A general election, bringing about a change in party controls, scarcely over before political candidates are brought forth and 'groomed' for this important office.

"In the four years during which the Republicans were in power—1896-1900—new county superintendents were chosen in 19 out of 23 counties of the State, 11 of them in the year when the county school board became Republican. In the first year of the new Democratic administration of 1900, 16 new county superintendents were appointed, whereas during the ensuing 11 years, aside from removals by death there was a total of only 11 changes.

"Similarly, the first three years of the present Republican control witnessed the election of 12 new superintendents. Some of these changes were indeed for the better; but as long as a political upset is the cause, there can be no certainty that changes will be based upon public advantage. Luckily, these deplorable conditions are not universal.

"In a few—a very few—countie, politics play no part in either the selection or retention of the county superintendents. While a dozen superintendent's have served three years or less, three have been in office for fourteen years.

The general conclusion is that, unless education is taken out of politics, even the improvements recommended by the report will be of little avail.

OAKLAND GIRLS WIN CLOSE GAME

Play-Off Was Necessary to Decied Contest With Allegany County High Sextet.

In a contest which took an extra period to decide, the Oakland High School girls defeated the girl's basketball team at the Allegany County High School, at Cumberland, Saturday afternoon, by the score of 16 to 14. The Central Y. M. C. A. gymnasium in which the game was staged was crowded with Blue and White students who tried hard to urge their team by cheers.

The score was 14 all when the final whistle sounded. In the play-off, after several minutes of exciting work, Miss Thrasher, one of the Oakland forwards, caged the winning goal with a sensational one-handed shot. The A. C. H. S. defeat was due mostly to their inability to shoot fouls. The visitors were guilty of 24 violations of the rules and of these only six were tossed. The A. C. H. S. girls played a hard contest and never gave up. The line-up:

Oakland 16		High School 14
Thrasher	F	Alburtis
Hendrickson	F	Keiser
Sincell	C	Bernstein
Jones	C S	Taylor
C. Bush	G	Willison
G. Bush	G	Scharf

Goals—Thrasher 7, Alburtis 3, Keiser 2. Fouls—Hendrickson 2, Keiser 1, Alburtis 1. Referee—Ford. Scorer—Gould.

ROAD TO STATE LINE OF WEST VIRGINIA

Proposed to Build Shoemaker Road From Oakland to Hutton.

A large delegation of the citizens of Oakland and the section of country lying between this point and the West Virginia state line at or near Hutton, appeared before the Board of County Commissioners yesterday afternoon and laid before that body a petition and bond as required by law, asking that the proper legal steps be taken preliminary to building a State-Aid road from the western limits of Oakland to the West Virginia line near Hutton.

The route for the proposed road as laid down in the petition is practically the same as that now traversed by the old road leading out Liberty street through the Bradley lane and crossing the river below the railroad, eliminating, however, by a new survey the heavy hills on either side of the Yough by relocating the present road.

At the West Virginia line Portland District, in Preston county, will begin the building of its new system of roads as soon as the weather conditions will permit, and it is proposed that the new road asked for by the Garrett county people join Preston county road at this point.

New Tie Specifications.

The Baltimore and Ohio has posted notices of revised specifications and prices on railroad ties, effective March 1. Prices remain practically unchanged, but some species of timbers will no longer be accepted. Prices ranged from 77 cents for first class and 62 cents for second class white oak and rock oak down. Red oak, once a standard timber for ties, has fallen off in price from what was paid years ago. Red Oak now brings but 55 cents for first class, as compared with 65 cents several years age. Third class is quoted at 25 cents and second at 40.

TO BUILD CONCRETE ROAD LUKE TO BLOOMINGTON

West Virginia Pulp and Paper Company Has Made the Proposition.

Mr. Allan L. Luke, manager of th W. Va. Pulp & Paper Co., of Luke, and Atty. H. P. Whitworth, of Westernport, appeared before the Allegany county Road Directors Wednesday, offering to construct a concrete road approximately 4,000 feet long from Luke along the Potomac river to the Garrett county bridge at Bloomington. They also offered to build a retaining wall approximately 2,000 feet long to support the county road, providing that the Road Directors grant them a right of way for a railroad to their pulp mill storage yard at the Savage river dam. The new road improvements will cost the company over $10,000, and will comply with state and county requirements in every respect.

Mr. Carroll Pattison, of Bloomington, presented a petition, signed by the business people and residents of that town, urging the board to accept the offer. It was explained that the new road will connect with roads being built in Garrett county.

The road directors were favorably impressed with the offer and requested their attorney to draw up the necessary papers.

Pool Room Changes Hands.

Late during the past week Mr. W. G. Hinebaugh purchased at private sale the pool and billiard room operated by Mr. Paul Feity for the past months in the Goss building on Second street, and immediately took charge. The new owner contemplates making some changes and improvements which will add materially to the comfort and convenience of his patrons. Mr. Hinebaugh will continue to operate his dining rooms and lunch counter in the Beckwith building.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

We were fortunate in purchasing a very large stock of

WOVEN

AND

BARB WIRE

before the recent big advance in the wire market, and will be glad to give our customers the advantage of our good luck.

Our stock of

Flour, Feed and Grain

was never so large and we will be a position to name some very attractive prices for cash

Can now offer 90c. per bushel for Potatoes; 70c. for No. 1 Cross Ties.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

Whetsell & Browning

Deer Park's Best Store

With each $3.00 purchase, cash or trade, and 59 cents extra, we will give a handsome set of dishes. Each family should take advantage of this offer.

We always pay the highest prices for Country Produce.

Potatoes 95 cents per bushel.

Offutt's

NOW is the time to sell your Potatoes. We pay . . . **$1.00**

PER BUSHEL

We still have a few of those

$3.98 Men's Suits

ON HAND.

Our Entire Clothing Stock is Reduced

If you have nice Onions, see us; also if you have anything to trade, see us

OFFUTTS'

OAKLAND'S BIG STORE

THESE BUSINESS HOUSES DESERVE YOUR LOYAL SUPPORT AND PATRONAGE.

H. C. SINCELL

Be sure to visit our Annual Bargain Sale February 10th to February 19th, and we will prove to you that mail order houses have nothing on us. Bring your catalogues and be convinced that we are the undersellers of all who handle Merchandise of quality.

H. C. SINCELL

Bolden Has It:

If it is anything in the General Mercantile line, including Furniture. This is Oakland's big supply house for every room in the home and every member of the family. From "the cradle to the grave" we feed and furnish you.

D. E. BOLDEN

OAKLAND, MARYLAND.

General Merchandise Furniture and Undertaking

Come In

And see what we have to offer in the way of merchandise before sending your money out of town. When you buy here you see and know what you are getting. If you compare quality and prices you will buy at home.

Creutzburg's

Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions, Hats, Caps and Shoes.

Reliability

Of the merchandise handled here has made this store a shopping center for a number of years. We are for Garrett county and her people.

Arthur Townshend

OAKLAND

Harness

That you can depend upon at all times and under all conditions. It must be right before it leaves our hands Horse Goods, Trunks, Suit Cases and Hand Bags.

W. H. Hinebaugh

Second Street, Oakland.

. . . THE . . .

Oakland Model Bakery

Is a local institution, buying locally so far as possible and anxious to help make Garrett County more prosperous.

BREAD OF QUALITY AND PASTRY THAT PLEASES

Millinery

AT ALL PRICES

Watch for our opening announcement. Greater stock than ever seen here in the past.

Gossard Corsets

PRICES $2.00 to $10.00

Mrs. M. G. Martin

Fourth and Oak Streets, Oakland.

Service

In plumbing, roofing, gas fitting and any special sheet metal work. you have it here.

Stoves and Ranges

Every size and design for both coal and gas. We are for Garrett county.

W. E. Shirer

OAKLAND

PROMPT SERVICE OUR MOTTO.

Dependable Goods

A mercantile service as well as reliable goods at the right prices. Here you see what you are getting and get what you want.

Thomas Little

OAKLAND

Dry Goods, Notions and Groceries

Cash or trade for Country Produce

Both Phones

J. M. DAVIS C. S. DAVIS J. W. DAVIS

J. M. DAVIS & SONS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

DAVIS' PATENT STEEL RANGE

WHOLESALERS AND RETAILERS OF

General Hardware, Stoves, Glassware, Chinaware, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Ranges,
Hay Tools, Household Supplies, Washing Machines, Sewing Machines, Modern Barn Equipment, Etc.

Second Street OAKLAND, MD. Alder Street

GARRETT COUNTY BOOSTERS!

The Future of Mountain Lake Park

As a business centre depends upon the co-operation of all the people. Community building is accomplished by keeping the money at home. Keep the Garrett County Dollar in Garrett County, and everybody will be infinitely better off thereby.

HARVEY BROTHERS,

Dry Goods, Notions, Groceries, Hardware, Flour, Feed, Farming Implements, Etc.

MOUNTAIN LAKE PARK, MD.

Whetsell & Browning

"DEER PARK'S BEST STORE"

Value and merit in every article sold in this Store. Merchandise of the highest standard only. We are here to serve you and help make Deer Park a greater business center. Let's co-operate to that ultimate end.

HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR PRODUCE

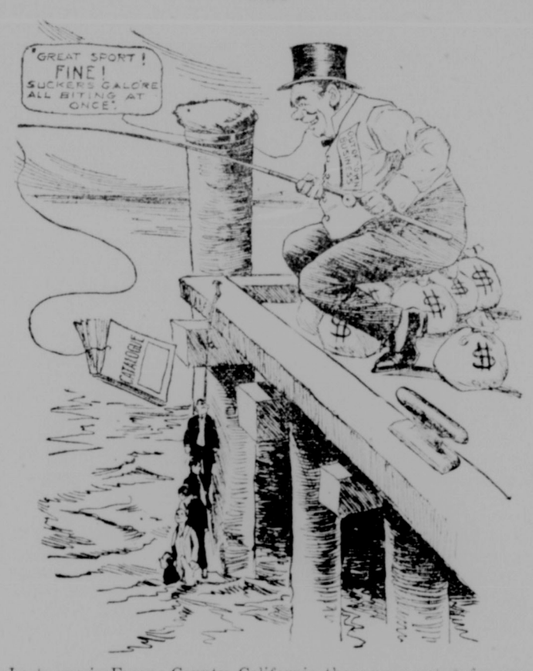
Are you going to Build or Repair?

LET US QUOTE YOU

The C. M. Rathbun & Sons Company,

Mountain Lake Park, Maryland.

BAIT



Last year in Fresno County, California, there were orders for over one hundred windmills sent to one mail order house alone. In each case the man who bought "long distance" had to pay the freight, haul the windmill out to his place and stand the expense of erecting it—WHEN, if he had been wise, he could have bought the same, identical windmill at his local dealer's for the same money, could have had it taken to his place and erected without cost or trouble and without the freight from Chicago to Fresno tacked on. "Fishing for suckers" may be good sport — for the other fellow — but it's hard on the suckers. Let us shun this "out-of-town" bait religiously.

Grantsville

Has a mercantile establishment at the service of everybody in the community. Everything is guaranteed to be just as represented and of full value. We invite your co-operation to make this a more prosperous community.

JACOB J. BENDER,

Groceries, Flour, Feed, Harness, Hardware, Queensware, Paints. Oils, Glass, Implements, Produce, etc.

Mr. Farmer:

You know the advantages to be had in a Silo. We are making the best to be found in this country and at a much less price than that away from home.

H. W. Kahl & Sons,

OAKLAND, MD.

Manufacturers of Sash, Doors, Blinds, Brick, Concrete Blocks and everything in Lumber

We Have the Goods

For every member of the family and furnishings for every room of the home. The quality and the prices right.

Hamill Coal & Coke Co.

BLAINE, WEST VIRGINIA.

Dry Goods, Notions, Shoes, Clothing, Furniture, Feed, Hardware, Miners' Supplies.

"Boost your Home and your Home will Boost you"

MONEY.....

Represents the substance of our community. Where would you have the fruits of your labor working?

BUY AT HOME—BANK AT HOME

And the Home Community reaps the benefits.

The First National Bank

KITZMILLER, MARYLAND.

MONEY AT HOME

The fad for "imported" goods in this country for practically all times past has been discovered as a genuine fallacy. The European war has practically cut off the supply of these supposed superior goods and has thrown the proper light upon the merits of the domestic products. Already the fad has changed and today the popular article is the one "Made in U. S. A."

This means that millions of dollars heretofore going out of this country annually because of a mere fad will now remain in the United States and that there will be just that much more money at home and within reach of everybody. It means that many thousands of men will receive employment here making the articles which have heretofore been made in the foreign country.

During the past few years a fad has developed among the people throughout this country to do their shopping with the mail order houses. It is a fad much less warranted than that of buying the "imported" goods and has deprived the local communities of more than did the other fad deprive this great country in the way of money and home prosperity.

Through the influence of this fad the mail order houses have been reaping a great harvest. The popularity of the fad has enabled them to fleece the people in a manner which is truly shameful They have made gross misrepresentations in their catalogues and have employed many deceptive means to sell their goods to the unthinking public.

It is estimated that several hundred thousand dollars annually is being sent from Garrett county and its trading district to these mail order houses. This means that just that amount of cash is being sent away never to return and the business men who have no interest whatever in this community and who do not pay one cent of taxes here profits to just that extent.

The local business people are your greatest assistance in building your community. They are your friends on all occasions and the people who will appreciate your co-operation in the effort to build a greater business community.

When misfortune befalls anyone of the community the business men are the first to be appealed to for assistance. When money must be raised for the bringing of an industry the same men are looked to for it. He is called upon to support the band, the ball team, the volunteer fire department and the many other institutions and causes for the protection, pleasure and convenience of all the people. An appeal to a mail order house for a donation in any one of these events or for any cause would be completely ignored.

This "fad" is proving a real detriment to every community throughout the country. The patrons of the mail order houses are not only receiving an inferior article in their purchases but the financial drain is retarding local development.

Community Building Is Our Aim.

We are here to serve the public and help make Kitzmiller and community a better place to live. We want to co-operate with everybody to this end.

Pool & Scothen.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

We want to see Everybody in this community Prosper.

Coffman & Fisher

KITZMILLER, MD.

Let us prove the superior worth of our goods and advantage in a home mercantile service.

FURNISHINGS FOR THE WHOLE FAMILY

Ready-to-Wear Garments

FOR ALL

There is an advantage here

Kitzmiller Bread!

THE BEST YET

C. J. DeROO.

Better Goods Here

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THE REPUBLICAN

BENJ. H. SINCELL, EDITOR.

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THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1916

THE TWO LITE DOLLATLRS.

Once upon a time there were two little dollars that started out in life together at the little stone bank in Apple Center.

One was round and hard and shiney, and the other was square and soft and crinkly.

The first trip outside the little bank was when they were crowded close together in Farmer Watkins' big wallet after he had cashed his check for a load of wheat. Thus the two little dollars became quite chummy, and they hoped they would not be separated for a long time.

As luck would have it, they were not. The first thing they knew they were plunked together into the cash drawer at Wilson's Dry Goods Store. Then they were paid out together to a busy little country as change for an aristocratic ten-dollar bill which would hardly look at them as it passed by.

Their next trip was to Jones Bros. Grocery store where they almost lost each other in the mad scramble of the Saturday afternoon trade, but finally found themselves in two different rooms of the cash drawer with only a thin partition between.

"How do you like it?" whispered the round hard dollar to the soft crinkly one.

"Fine business," answered the other. "Everybody is so busy and seems so happy."

Just then the round dollar was whisked out of the drawer and didn't have time even to say good-by.

But the two little dollars met again and again, quite often, in fact, for they were busy all the time. Now it would be back to the stone bank they would be carefully sorted and stacked. Then at the grocery store, and once in a while at one of the many farm houses which they each visited every few days. They became well acquainted with the farmers, the trades people, the carpenters, the doctor, the druggest, and, in fact, all the busy folks in Apple Center.

Then for a long time they did not see one another. The round little dollar kept on working just as tight as it could work, sometimes doing the work of twenty dollars in a day and making twenty people glad. He wondered where his old friend, the soft little dollar, had disappeared to. Finally after about a year they came together at the bank.

"My, how old you look!" was the hard little dollar's first words. "Where have you been?"

"I've been in Chicago, leading too fast a life," was the soft little dollar's reply.

"How on earth did you get to Chicago?" asked the hard little dollar again.

"Mrs. Hartigan sent me to a mail-order house after an order of groceries," was the answer, "and such a time I had. I haven't seen a farmer for an age. And I though I never would get back."

"They seldom do," remarked the hard little dollar.

"Are things as busy as they used to be?" asked the soft little dollar.

"Not since so many of you went away to the mail-order house in Chicago," answered the round one. The Jones Boys have closed their grocery and Wilson's are running a general store now. The farmers are complaining about hard times and high prices. Two or three of them have moved away."

"How about Mrs. Hartigan, the lady that sent me to Chicago?"

"Well, I haven't seen her for a long time. We all stopped calling on her after her husband lost his job. Then they began to buy their goods at home here on the credit and finally they moved away."

The two little dollars lived to a good old age, although the hard dollar outlived the soft dollar.

And they stayed in Apple Center the rest of their lives and made many people happy many, many times. For the people in Apple Center learned wisdom—and after the Hartigan and some others had moved away, the rest of the people decided they would keep their money at home. So the mail-order business in Apple Center dwindled and dwindled and dwindled and finally became so small that it could be rolled up in a little wad and balanced on the point of a cambric needle.

Which, as you all know, is some small.

MORAL: Money is made round so it can roll. Keep it rolling round your own home town.

Another Moral: Spend your money where you get it and you may get it back again.

OUR WEEKLY LETTER FROM THE STATE CAPITOL

Legislative Matters of Interest To Garrett Countains.

STATE HOUSE, ANNAPOLIS, FEB. 9—By a vote of 56 to 34 on roll call, Monday night, Delegate Shartzer's bill, which was aimed at the Miller Distillery at Accident, Garrett county, was substituted for the unfavorable report of the House Temperance Committee, and was passed on to the third-reading file. It would seem now that nothing can prevent the passage of the bill through both House and Senate, and the subsequent discontinuance of the Miller Distillery in Garrett county. The fight for and against this bill was the most interesting and hotly contested that has taken place this far over any legislative measure, and called out the best oratorical and wire manipulating talent on the floor.

TEMPERANCE COMMITTEE TURNED DOWN.

Under ordinary conditions the House stands by its committees and allows their reports to be adopted, incidents to the contrary being the exception. Yet the House reversed the Temperance Committee on this occasion, notwithstanding the unfavorable report of the committee was supported by eight of the nine members of the committee, only one—Delegate Baederston, of Cecil county,—voting against the unfavorable report in the committee. Then, too, the fight against the bill and for the report of the committee was led, p n ed and outlined by that pastmaster in legislative technique, ex-Senator Carville D. Benson, of Baltimore county, than whom there is no more skillful manipulator or shrewd parliamentarian. Mr. Benson, who was defeated for re-election to the State Senate last November by a reversal of the large Democratic majority in Baltimore county, and whom Senator Allen, a "dry" Republican, now succeeds, had charge of Mr. Miller's fight, and at times it looked as if he would win; but the delegates from Baltimore City, for the most part, were looking ahead, and in the hope that the same principal will be applied to them when the Statewide Prohibition Bill comes up, they declared that the policy of "Home Rule" should be adhered to and they voted with the Garrett Delegation to substitute the bill for the unfavorable report of the Temperance Committee on that basis. Montgomery county and a few others did the same thing, all evidently with the same motive—that will be allowed to exempt themselves from the operation of the Statewide Bill when it comes before them. The Garrett Delegation, however, made no promises and entered no deals, winning out on their merits entirely.

LAW TO TAKE EFFECT ONE YEAR LATER.

Immediately the bill had been substituted for the unfavorable report of the committee, an amendment was offered making it go into effect June 1, 1917, instead of June 1, 1916, thus giving the Distillery people more than a year in which to close down the distillery, remove it to some other point, if they want to, and adjust themselves to the new conditions. The amendment was adopted without dissent and the bill was ordered to be printed for the third reading file. There is little if any doubt that the bill will pass the House, and the application of the same principle of "Home Rule" in the Senate will pass the bill ultimately. Monday night's vote is not regarded as a test of strength on the "Dry" Bill, many "wet" members voting with the Garrett Delegation on the ground that each section should be its own judge in such matters.

OTHER GARRETT COUNTY BILLS.

Senator Speicher's bill repealing the Dog Tax Law for Garrett county passed the Senate last week-end, and was referred to the Garrett Delegation Monday night. It was reported out promptly and passed the House yesterday.

Senator Speicher has introduced in the Senate a bill amending the charter of the town of Deer Park, empowering and authorizing the Mayor and Common Council of that place "to purchase, receive by gift, donation or otherwise, hold and enjoy, sue for and defend, a suitable piece of land within the limits of said town of Deer Park, not exceeding the quantity of two acres, for the purpose of a public park for the use of the inhabitants of said town, and on which to erect any necessary municipal building."

Delegate Shartzer has introduced a bill providing that hotel and restaurant proprietors and keepers of boarding houses, who serve other than genuine butter with meals post placards in the dining room stating that "Oleomargaine is served here," or naming what ever other kind of imitation butter is being used. The bill is Statewide.

The following bills passed their third reading in the House yesterday: Amending the charter of Loch Lynn Heights; providing for payment of bounty on fox and hawk scalps and forbidding the killing of deer for six years, to October, 1922. These bills now go to the Senate.

"WETS" HAVE HEARING TODAY.

This afternoon immediately upon adjournment of the House, not earlier than 3 o'clock, the "Wets" or apponents of the Statewide Prohibition Bill will have a hearing before tne Temperance Committee in the House chamber.

BOTH GET PHOTOS OF ROLL CALL SHEET.

Chief Clerk Almoney, of the House of Delegates, in accordance with the order adopted during the second week of the session, is having photographic copies made of the House roll call sheet of February 25, 1914, on Senate Bill No. 1, known as the "Speicher Local Option Bill." This is the roll-call sheet which Delegate Shartzer alleges has been tampered with, it showing Shartzer, who was a member of the 1914 session, as having voted against the Speicher Bill, he claiming that he voted for it. Inasmuch as Senator Speicher has also ordered copies of the photographs of the roll call sheet, it would appear that both sides to the controversy are satisfied with what the photograph is expected to show. At the time he asked for the certified copy Delegate Shartzer stated that he wanted to offer it as evidence before the grand jury in an effort to have the parties whom he alleges tampered with the original roll-call sheet (Senator Speicher and L. A. Rudisill by inference and implication) indicted and prosecuted. Senator Speicher declares the roll-call sheet sustains his contention from the begining, viz: that it had not been altered or changed.

DELEGATE FOX HAS MUSICAL EAR.

Fred Fox, Chairman of the Garrett county Delegation, is a musician of more than ordinary ability, and besides having a good ear for music, he has a well developed talent that enables him to distinguish between the difficult classical compositions and the ordinary melodies. He takes great delight in listening to the concerts by the Naval Academy Band in the Academy grounds, which takes place twice daily, morning and afternoon, and the Garrett statesman is often found listening to the splendid music rendered by the band.

ACTION DEFERRED TWO WEEKS.

Action on the "Smithing" and "Docking mine bills, for Allegany and Garrett counties has been deferred by the House Labor Committee until Tuesday, February 22.

SOCIAL EVENTS AT THE CAPITOL.

Invitations have been issued to the reception to be givin by Governor and Mrs. Harrington on Wednesday evening next, February 16, from 8:30 to 11 o'clock, to the members of the General Assembly.

A number of ladies, wives and daughters of Senators and Members of the House, give a dance at Carvel Hal every Wednesday night. The gentlemen are preparing for a reciprocall dance in the Annapolis Armory within the next two weeks.

Members of the Senate Finance and House Ways and Means Committees will be guests of the Fifth Regiment officers in Baltimore next Monday afternoon.

NATIONAL PREPAREDNESS

Has Beed Tardily Urged By The Democratic Admisistration.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 9.—An appalling oversight of the Demooratic administration in providing for national defense has been laid bare.

Representative Patrick H. Kelly of Michigan, a member of the Naval Affairs Committee, has disclosed to the House that of the nine dreadnaughts, seventeen destroyers, thirty-nine submarines and two transport and supply ships authorized by Congress or under construction, since the Democrats have been in control of the House, NOT ONE IS COMPLETED.

More important still, no apparent effort has been made by the President or the Navy Department since the beginning of the war in Europe to hasten the construction and completion of these additions to the Navy.

Why this neglect on the part of the administration to carry out the mandate of Congress to equip the navy for adequate national defense at this time?

In a resolution seting forth this condition Mr. Kelley referred to the President's recent statement that "the world is on fire and we are daily treading amidst dangers not of our making and not under our control; no man can tell what a day may bring forth."

His resolution proposed that the Secretary of the Navy be directed to negotiate at once with contractors and government ship yards to learn the earliest time within which these war craft can be completed, and report to the House.

"The President has said in his recent speeches that the country faces a crisis," said Mr. Kelley, "and none could tell what a day might bring forth. If this language means anything, it means that our need of defense is a present need. Dreadnaughts and battle cruisers authorized by this Congress will not be available for the defense of the country for four years to come.

"Hence it seems to me that the first duty of Congress is to see that the sixty-seven ships now under construction or authorized for the American navy are completed and made available at the earliest possible moment. Preparations which do not materialize for five years would not avail us anything if our danger is a present one.

"I cannot understand how the President, knowing the danger as he only can know it, has made no suggestion to Congress that the ships now under construction ought to be rushed to completion.

"Either we are not in danger or the President has been negligent in this regard."

OAKLAND-FROSTBURG GAME OF BASKET BALL LAST FRIDAY

Referee Bremer, of Oakland. Contributes an Article Describing It.

The Republican is in receipt of the following from the pen of the Rev. O. A. Bremer, of Oakland, who witnessed the game of basket ball played at Frostburg on last Friday evening between the team of that city and the Oakland Collegians. The result of the game and the manifest unfairness of some of those participating in it has put the local "fans" so high in the air that it is doubtful whether or not they will come down until they succeed in hanging the scalps of their opponents at their belts at a future game in case such can be arranged. Rev. Bremer's article follows:

On February 4, the Oakland Collegians and a few lovers of the sport travelled to Frostburg for the contest scheduled with that team. The game promised to be an interesting one and when the editor of the Republican turned his mileage book over to the writer the invitation to witness the game was straightway accepted.

The town of Frostburg has a very nice floor on which to play the game, with one exception, the ceiling is rather low. But the floor space gives lots of room for open work in passing.

The evening's entertainment opened with the game between the Oakland and the Frostburg High School girls. The halves were played alternately, girl's first half, then boy's first half, etc.

The game was very interesting. We expected to see the Oakland girls win. We are quite sure they played the better game, but it ill becomes one official to criticize another, so we will say no more. The final score was Oakland 14, Frostburg 18.

The men's game proved to be most unsatisfactory. It was quite a farce. We believe there would be a splendid opportunity for further labors for that "Thompson investigating committee." They might unearth considerable graft. The moneyed interests seemed much in evidence.

It was a splendid game in many respects and any one thoroughly enjoying the game had ample opportunity in point of time, for the first half lasted thirty eight minutes when it should have closed in twenty. Oakland did not have a chance from the first, but we are sure that man for man the Oakland team was superior.

The floor work and the passing, with the exception of one player, was as good as any we have seen. Mike Boyle, at center, seemed to be having a very bad night. His spirits seemed to be good, but he couldn't jump for the ball. His passes were invariably wild, just wild enough to reach a Frostburg player, and his goal shooting was practically a negative factor, not withstanding the fact that his opportunities were many. We were greatly surprised at this, for we have always considered Mr. Boyle the superior player on the team, yet out of thirty-three points, he made but one goal, but as we have said, it seemed to be an off-night for Mr. Boyle.

During the first half the spectators were very abusive toward the visiting team, something which could never be said of the Oakland spectators.

At the request of the Collegians the writer took charge of the second half, and the said abuse cost the Frostburg team seven points in quick succession, and the slander and abuse in general was soon stopped.

The game ended, if we remember correctly, thirty-three to fifty-nine in favor of the Frostburg team.

The Frostburg team seemed determined to win under any circumstances, and when they couldn't win on their own merits they created conditions that made victory possible, but it is the kind of victory that we do not want in Oakland.

We believe thoroughly in clean sports. We believe that baseball, tennis, basketball, and all other indoor and outdoor manly sports if properly conducted are genuine helps in the development of true manhood.

O. A. BREMER.

MOUNTAIN LAKE PARK.

Word has reached the friends of Miss Sarah Harris in the Park, that her brother, Robert, recently died at his home near Franklin, Va. Mr. Harris was an occasional visitor at the Park, and was a pleasant man.

Secretary Rudisill is writing the boarding house keepers for votes for entertaining guests at the Camp meeting, June 30-July 11 inclusive. Miss Jennie Smith will be a guest of Hotel Chautauqua during the Camp meeting.

Mrs. John Thompson, of Philadelphia, has been invited to be the guest of the Deaconness' home.

Rev. Westfall, formerly pastor of the M. E. church of this place, will be one of the workers at the Camp meeting.

Secretary Rudisill, of the Park Association, has a letter from Dr. Gray, stating that the Moody Bible Institute will conduct the Park Bible Conference August 11-20 inclusive. The Doctor personally will preside at the sessions and will preach the opening sermon and conduct a daily Bible instruction. Mr. Charles G. Trumbull, of the Sunday School Times; Mr. A. C. Gaebelein, Editor of Our Hope; Prof. E. O. Sellers; Pastor Joseph W. Kemp, formerly of Edinburg; Dr. R. McWatty Russell, ex-moderator of the United Presbyterian church and Miss Elinor Stafford Miller, known as the Australian evangelist will be among the workers.

The corporation of Loch Lynn Heights is considering the advisability of issuing bonds to the amount of $1000, to complete the sewer system of the village. The bonds will be redeemable at the rate of $200 a year. This is a most sensible move on the part of the citizens of that progressive village, which now has a water system, natural gas and a partial sewer system.

We are glad to report that Charlie Dawson, now of Chicago, has fully recovered from his injuries and is able to be about as usual. Mr. Dawson holds a good position with one of the largest paint firms of Chicago.

Mr. Wolfe has just returned to his store here after a few days visit with his family in Elkins.

Mr. L. B. Harmison is visiting his son Luther east of Romney, W. Va. Marvin Harmison, the modern Nimrod, is giving some of the old foxes their last chase.

The spring like weather is not giving us much ice on the lake. Only a small crop has been harvested.

Mr. Oliver Hayward and his little daughter, Mary, are visiting Mrs. Beatris Norris at Wallace, W. Va.

Mrs. A. V. Enlow and Miss Helen are visiting Mrs. W. E. Dean in Beallsville, Ohio.

Mr. Chas. Weimer left for Keyser last week.

We have had two weddings recently: Mr. Scott White and Miss Stuart and Mr. Ira Barnhouse and Miss Rhoda Welch. Miss Welch gave up her school in Loch Lynn and Miss Cora Weimer is now the teacher.

Several of our people have been on the sick list: E. A. Coronis, Mrs. Lulu Dawson, Mrs. Schooley and Grant Rightsman, but all are reported better.

Mrs. Ida Lee, who has been shut in for several weeks, was out again last Sunday.

During the past three weeks Rev. Flanigan, the faithful M. E. pastor, has done excellent work in his special meetings. The church was greatly helped and there were some additions. Revs. Jones and Barnhouse and members of their congregations gave splendid help in these meetings in the Park.

J. A. Enlow, the licensed real estate and insurance agent, is having calls already for the purchase and renting of property here.

We are looking for a lengthy and splendid season here.

An effort is on foot to organize a Boy's Scout company here.

BITTINGER.

A few cold days, accompanied by a delightful fall of snow last week, is again followed by rain and slushy weather.

Miss Cora Bittinger, of near Deer Park, in company with her two brothers, Lester and Irvin, spent Sunday with relatives here.

Mrs. Chauncey R. Broadwater, who has been in Akron, Ohio, for several weeks, returned to her home here last Friday night.

Messrs. George Wiley and Lewis Orendorf were marketing on George's Creek last week.

It is reported that George Wiley has already made about one thousand pounds of maple sugar this early in the season.

About 2 o'clock a. m. one day last week fire was found in the residence of John Beitzell, but fortunately Mr. Beitzell discovered the fire in time to extinguish the flames before they were well started, and but little damage was done to the building, the only loss being a quantity of clothing.

Mrs. Amos H. Reckner and daughter, Mrs. William Fitzwater, of North Glade, with Master Johnny Reckner, spent the early part of last week calling on friends and relatives in this neighborhood.

Mrs. Patterson Engle, who has been ailing for some time, is reported to be recovering from her malady.

Entertainment.

The Ladies aid of Deer Park, M. E. church, will give an entertainment and festival in the Savedge Hall on the evening of Feb. 22nd, 1916. All are cordially invited. Admission free.

MRS CLARY, Sec.

A New Company.

The Oakland Automobile Company has secured the agency for the celebrated Dodge Car, and owing to the great demand for these cars the Oakland Company was able to secure but six of the cars for this territory the coming year. To appreciate this car one must see it. It is the most up-to-date car on the market. Price $785 f. o. b. Detroit. You can see this car at Treacy's new garage. Don't miss it For further particulars call on or address, C. B. Johnson, office First National Bank Building, Oakland, Md.

Advertisement.

Mortgagee's Sale
OF A
Valuable Farm
AND PROPERTY
Near Friendsville, Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage from Walter L. Friend and wife, to William M. Trickett and others, dated the 8th day of April, 1915, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 80, folio 119, etc., one of the Mortgage Records of Garrett County, the undersigned attorney named in said mortgage, will on

SATURDAY,
the 4th day of March,

1916, in front of the Court House in the town of Oakland at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m. offer at public auction to the highest bidder, all that parcel of land called "FRIEND'S MANOR," situated about three miles South of Friendsville, and near Elder Hill, in District No. 2, Garrett County, and known as the "Lowdermilk Property" containing

417 7-8 ACRES OF LAND,

and being the same tract of land as described in a deed from Walter P. Lowdermilk and others dated the 26th day of March, 1915, and duly recorded among the Land Records of Garrett County, especial reference to which said deed and the records thereof is herein made for a more particular description of said land.

The minerals under said land, if any, being reserved in a former deed.

Said property is improved by a small Dwelling House, some other outbuildings, and perhaps thirty or forty acres of cleared land, with an orchard, etc., and a good deal of timber remains on said property, which would be valuable to anyone who desires to cut it.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash, but if any responsible party desires to purchase said property by making a small payment down on the day of sale, and the balance running in installments say from one to five years, or a little longer, such terms will be granted, the purchaser giving his notes with security for said installments, and bearing interest from the day of sale, and to be secured by either personal security or by a mortgage for the deferred payments.

Possession given immediately after the ratification of the sale by the Court.

For further particulars apply to
STUART F. HAMILL,
Mortgagee

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters Testamentary on the estate of
GEORGE T. PORTER
late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 1st day of May 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 15th day of February 1916.

FLORENCE PORTER,
Executrix.
Oakland, Md.

POSTPONED
Mortgagee's Sale
OF A
Valuable Farm
In Garrett county, Maryland

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage from William C. Bradford to the undersigned mortgagee, dated the 28th day of November 1910, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 80, folio 424 etc., one of the Mortgagee Records of Garrett county, he will on

SATURDAY
the 12th day of February

1916, in front of the Court House, in the town of Oakland, at the hour of two o'clock P. M. of said day, sell at public auction to the highest bidder, all that tract or parcel of ground, situate, lying and being in Garrett county, located about
four miles North from Deer Park, near State road,
being a part of the tract of land called "Stock Farm" and containing the quantity of

Thirty Acres and 104 Perches

more or less, and being the same tract of land which was conveyed to the said William C. Bradford by deed from Gilmor S. Hamill and wife, dated the 28th day of November, 1910, and duly recorded among the Land Records of Garrett county, especial reference to which said deed and the record thereof is herein made for a more particular description of said tract of land.

Said property is improved by a very good Dwelling House and outbuildings with an orchard thereon, and a good part of the property is under fence and well cultivated, besides being well watered.

TERMS OF SALE:—Whilst the mortgage calls for cash sale, still if any responsible party desires to buy this property reasonable terms can be made with the undersigned in buying the same, and by giving notes for the deferred payments to be agreed upon.

Possession will be given upon the ratification of the sale by the Court and the purchaser arranging the terms.

GILMOR S. HAMILL,
Mortgagee.

Auditor's Notice.

U. O. Blocher, Trustee, vs. Frank Cuschleg.
No. 2057 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Notice is hereby given to the creditors of Frank Cuschleg, to file their claims, duly authenticated, with the Clerk of said Court in the above entitled cause on or before the 23rd day of February, 1916, as I shall then forthwith proceed to state an account distributing the funds in the hands of U. O Blocher, Trustee, in said case.

EDWARD H. SINCELL,
Auditor.

Examiners' Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, appointed by the County Commissioners of Garrett County to view the lands through which the County road is to be relocated and proceed to examine said road through the lands of Truman Casteel and Thomas Bishoff and examine whether the said new road should be granted will meet on the eleventh day of March, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said building and relocation of said road, and if so, to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

DAVID W. FRAKER,
SAMUEL GLOTFELTY,
Examiners.

THE

GARRETT NATIONAL BANK

OF OAKLAND, MARYLAND

INVITES accounts of individuals, firms and corporations on the most liberal terms consistent with safe banking. With a Capital of $50,000.00, earned Surplus and Undivided Profits over $65,000.00 and Deposits over $500,000.00, this Bank offers its patrons abundant resources, coupled with the highest type of service. Three per cent. interest paid on Time and Savings Accounts. Safe Deposit Boxes for rent.

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G. A. FRALEY, Cashier. H. L. JONES, Assistant Cashier.

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ESTABLISHED 1884. BOTH PHONES

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.

BIG STOCK COURTEOUS TREATMENT.

Mrs. Lizzie Duckworth, of Bloomington, was in the city Tuesday.

Misses Evelyn and Lillian Helbig spent Sunday in Frankville.

Mrs. Emma Specht, of Deer Park, spent Monday in Oakland on business.

Mr. James Bowser, of near Bittinger, spent Monday and Tuesday in Oakland.

Mr. George W. Snyder, of Cumberland, spent Monday in Oakland on business.

Mr. Joseph Ash, of near Accident, spent Saturday last in Oakland on business.

SMALL FARM FOR SALE—Bargain. Apply to P. O. Box 73, Swanton, Md. Adv. 48tf

Mrs. Lawrence Fraley returned home Sunday afternoon from a week's visit to relatives and friends in Cumberland.

Mr. Herman Steiding, of near Swanton, was a visitor to Oakland Tuesday, when he called at this office.

LOST.—A collie dog; answers to the name of "Snookie," reward will be paid if returned to Paul E. Mitchell, Oakland, Md. Advertisement.

Among the visitors to Oakland early in the week were Messrs. Gilead Broadwater and W. S. Bittinger, both of Grantsville.

FOR SALE—A number of gas heaters. Apply to John J. Sweeney, Oakland, Md. Adv.

State's Attorney Jones has moved his office from the First National Bank building to rooms in the Ravenscroft building.

In Cumberland on Tuesday a marriage license was issued to Noah Colmer and Rebecca Jane Teats, both of Swanton, this county.

Remember Naylor & Co., when you think of Gas Stoves or Fancy Fringed Shades.
Advertisement

Dr. and Mrs. W. D. Reed, of Grafton, spent Monday evening and Tuesday in Oakland where they visited Dr. and Mrs. A. Moore.

Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Falkenstein and little son, of Terra Alta, were guests, on Tuesday, of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Falkenstein in Oakland.

Messrs. J. B. Miller and Emanuel Hershberger, both of Grantsville, were in Oakland Monday when Mr. Miller made a brief visit to this office.

Mr. R. M. Holman, one of the energetic business men of Friendsville, spent Tuesday evening and a portion of yesterday in Oakland on business.

Try Sal-Vet for your stock. Get it of Naylor & Co.
Advertisement

Mrs. Julius C. Renninger entertained the Woman's Foreign Missionary society of the Lutheran church at her residence on Second street in Oakland yesterday afternoon.

Mr. Walter Beckman, of Kitzmiller, was in the city last Saturday on business when he called at this office and ordered The Republican sent to his address for the next year.

Miss Orpah Ashby, of the Kitzmiller high school, spent Saturday and Sunday in Oakland with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. M. Ashby, returning to Kitzmiller Monday to resume her school duties.

Mr. Joseph McComas arrived home Saturday last from Annapolis where he is a student in St. John's College, which institution was forced to close on account of scarlet fever having developed among the student body.

Subscribe for the Republican.

Mr. John D. Miller, of Elk Lick, Pa., son of the late Jacob S. Miller, of Grantsville, spent Tuesday in Oakland where he was called in connection with the settlement of his father's estate before the Orphan's Court for this county.

Messrs. Jacob J. and Ernest Bittinger, both of near Jennings, were in Oakland Monday on business before the board of County Commissioners relative to the building of a new road leading to their respective farms from a point near Jennings.

Mrs. John Smythe, of Fairmont, W. Va., who spent two or three weeks near Oakland as guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Ault, returned home Sunday afternoon, being accompanied from here by her husband, who spent the day here.

Messrs. Harry and George Loar left Oakland Tuesday morning for a trip covering several weeks through the south, their objective point being Tampa, Florida, where they will remain the greater portion of the time they are absent from home.

County Superintendent, F. E. Rathbun, was summoned to Baltimore Monday afternoon to attend a called meeting of the State Board of Education which met there Tuesday for the purpose of formulating proposed legislation along educational lines.

WANTED—Seven to fifteen acres of land with a dwelling on it, adjacent to one of the following places: Oakland, Mt. Lake, Terra Alta, Kingwood, Albright or Reedsville. I can pay from fifteen hundred to two thousand dollars for it. Address 142 Lorentz ave., Morgantown, W. Va. Adv. 49-3t

Constable Junkins, of Kitzmiller, was in Oakland Monday, going from here to Cumberland to visit his son, who is a patient in the Allegany County Hospital, having recently undergone a surgical operation there. The father hoped to find his son sufficiently improved to allow his removal home.

Merchant Charles S. Davis left Oakland last Thursday afternoon for Cleveland, Ohio, where he was on business connected with the manufacture of the Davis stove. From Cleveland Mr. Davis returning home, stopped off at Pittsburgh, Pa., where he is attending a convention of the Hardware Retailers Association of Pennsylvania and Maryland.

Mr. L. A. Rudisill, of the Park, who is in the employ of the State as superintendent of the minority Senators' room at the State House spent last Friday and Saturday at his office in Oakland where he heard and determined several cases which required his attention, returning to Annapolis Monday morning, arriving there that evening.

Mr. C. W. Allen, General Passenger Agent of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, was in Oakland Tuesday on business connected with his road. While in Oakland Mr. Allen addressed the student body of the local high school placing before them the great educational advantages afforded by traveling and visiting the many sites of the country through which his line passes, dwelling at length upon the many historical things to be observed in Baltimore and Washington.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Among thoso who went from Oakland to Frostburg last Friday afternoon to witness the game of basketball between the local team and the Frostburg players were Rev. O. A. Bremer, Lawrance Fraley and Donald Sincell, all returning home early Saturday morning.

Mr. T. D. Kenny, of Piedmont, has been transferred from that point to Oakland and made the local Baltimore and Ohio station agent. The Piedmont station is now in charge of Mr. H. P. Stuck, formerly agent here, to which point he was transferred about ten days ago. The Piedmont agency is quite an advancement over the local office. The many friends of Mr. Stuck regret his removal from Oakland where during his short stay he formed numerous and lasting friendships.

It is probable that more than three hundred property owners from different sections of the county were in Oakland during the past three days, their visit to town being for the purpose of having the Board of County Commissioners reduce the assessment upon their respective properties. As a result of the invasion the Commissioners' office was crowded to the doors from early Monday morning until late every evening during the three days and the end is not yet, as the board will likely remain in session today and tomorrow.

Sincell's annual bargain sale will open Feb. 10th and continue until Feb. 19th. Adv.

KILLED ON THE RAIL.

Benjamin Purnell, Formerly of Oakland, Met Death at Independence.

The remains of Benjamin Purnell, of Oakland, who recently went to Independence, W. Va., to work in the mines at that point, were brought to Oakland last Thursday from Fairmont, W. Va., where he died on Wednesday following an accident which befel him on Tuesday night preceding when he was struck by B. & O. passenger train No. 1 at Independence just as he stepped from a helping engine which he had ridden to that point from Austen, where he spent the evening attending a basket ball game.

Immediately following the accident the injured young man was taken to the Miners' Hospital at Fairmont, W. Va., but he never rallied, his death occurring Wednesday evening at 6:30 o'clock. The funeral took place Friday afternoon with interment in the Oakland cemetery.

Forty Years Ago.

Forty years ago, on the 5th inst., the Cumberland News contained this item. "Seven marriage licenses were issued in Garrett county last month." During the past month of 1916, many times that number of licenses were issued. The same paper said: James Chisholm, John Delawder, Playford Townshend and Edward Pennington, four young men of Garrett county, petitioned the county commissioners for $12, for new hats, their old ones being ruined in carrying water in them to extinguishing a blaze which threatened to destroy a small bridge. The commissioners returned the request to the lads with the reply that "virtue was its own reward.

For Sale.

Large and small farms; a tract of virgin timber; property for rent; one house at $2; several snaps; apply quick. Box 73, Swanton, Md. Adv. 50-3t *

O. H. S. NOTES.

News From The Oakland Temple Of Learning.

We learned Monday, from a talk given by Professor Collison, of an excellent and simply prepared disinfectant. The application of common baking soda, vinegar and sugar to a wound or sore will thoroughly cleanse it through the action of carbon dioxide, which is formed by the combination of these compounds.

Several students and one of our teachers, Miss Stewart, have been absent during the past week on account of the mumps.

The girls' basket ball team played two games last week, both away from home. The B. H. S. team defeated them at Frostburg Friday night 14 to 16, while they won from A. C. H. S. at Cumberland Saturday afternoon by a score of 14 to 16.

The Junior Class have bought and paid for a number of German text books, which they needed.

Miss Helen Virginia Nesbitt will give a recital to-night (Thursday) in the High School Auditorium at eight o'clock, under the auspices of the Senior class. Miss Nesbitt is a graduate of several colleges of dramatic art including Byron W. King's school of Oratory. She comes highly recommended as a reader and impersonator. Tickets may be procured from the students. Children, 15 cts. and adults, 25 cents.

Mr. C. W. Allen, General Traveling Passenger Agent of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, gave us a short talk Tuesday. He explained to us the purpose of the excursion which the Baltimore & Ohio runs annually to Washington and Baltimore. He told us it was mainly for the benefit of the graduating classes of the high schools along its route.

Free Public Library Notes.

Contributions of books and money have been made by the following people since the last report:

Rev. O. A. Bremer, Robert Porter, Irving Baumgartner, C. Clayton Englehart, H. A. Loraditch, M. R. Hamill, Mrs. Fred. Martin, Mrs. H. W. McComas, Mrs. Emma Davis, Miss May Arnold.

CORA WEIMER,
Treas. and Librarian.

Tome Public Speaking Contest.

A remarkable amount of interest is being shown in the state wide public speaking contest to be held at the Tome School, Port Deposit, Md., on the 20th of May. Dr. Thomas S. Baker, headmaster of the Tome School, is in receipt of a letter from Mr. M. Bates Stevens, the State Superintendent of Education, expressing his keen interest in the project, and offering his hearty co-operation. Mr. Wilbur F. Smith, principal of the Balto. City College, has written to accept Tome's invitation. In all, out of the seventy odd schools that were invited a few days ago, about thirty replied expressing their interest and asking for more information.

Coal! Coal!

I am prepared to furnish coal either by the ton or by carloads at a price that will interest all consumers. All grades, both eastern and western coal constantly on hand and immediate delivery guaranteed. Can save you money on your fuel supply this winter. Harry Helbig, Oakland, Md. Adv.

Subscribe for The Republican.

Hart's Fall Goods.

DRESS GOODS

LARGER AND BETTER THAN EVER.

Ladies and Childrens Suits and Coats

In the above line we have beauty and style. Prices will surprise you. See them.

CORSETS—We are now handling the Warner Rust-proof Corset. Better known and best on the market.

UNDERWEAR—Everything in Underwear for Men, Women and Children, Wool and Cotton.

Complete line Laces, Dress Trimmings, Silks, Neckwear, etc.

ALDER ST. HART'S OAKLAND.

Special Reduction Sale

To Reduce my stock I have determined to make the following big reductions for cash during February.

All Men's Suits that were $20.00, we now offer at - - - $15.00

All Men's Suits that were $15.00, we now offer at - - - $11.00

CHEAPER SUITS AT PROPORTIONATE REDUCTIONS.

Boy's Suits that were $8.50 and $9.00, we now offer at - - - $6.50

Boy's Suits that were $7.00 and $7.50, we now offer at - - - $5.50

Boy's Suits that were $5.50 and $6.00, we now offer at - - - $4.50

Boy's Suits that were $4.00 and $5.00, we now offer at - - - $3.50

Boy's Suits that were $3.50, we now offer at - - - - $2.50

Boy's Suits that were $3.00, we now offer at - - - - $2.25

Boy's Suits that were $2.50, we now offer at - - - - $1.75

1 Lot Beacon Shoes that were $3.00, we now offer at - - - $2.50

1 Lot Beacon Shoes that were $3.50, we now offer at - - - $2.90

1 Lot Beacon Shoes that were $4.00, we now offer at - - - $3.25

OTHER SPECIAL BARGAINS IN SHOES.

Come and see.

Yours truly,

E. A. WEIMER.

The Republican-The Leading Paper.

Home Merchant vs. M. O. Houses

A prominent Oakland woman is still waiting for the holiday goods which she ordered from one of the leading mail order houses of the country. She has made attempts to recover her money but has failed so far.

THINK of this. If all the people of Garrett county should turn their back on the local merchant and deal with the mail order houses exclusively, what would become of Oakland and the other trading centers throughout the country?

LESSON IN SHOES.

A farmer living in central West Virginia discovered that he was buying three pair of shoes each winter for his boys while his neighbor was buying but one pair for a boy of the same age. He enquired of his neighbor as to the difference and found that the good wearing shoes came from one of the leading stores in the home town. Here was where the big mail order houses lost a customer because it set the farmer who had been buying three pairs of shoes to thinking. If he was getting bit that way in shoes they were doing the same thing in their goods. He is now keeping the money at home and patronizing the merchants who stand back of every piece of goods sold.

HIS SHOE BARGAIN.

At Cameron, W. Va., recently a young man walked into the shoe store of Frank P. Ross with a pair of shoes purchased from a Chicago mail order house. They were entirely too small and he asked Mr. Ross to stretch them for him which he did to the limit of safety for the shoes. The young man explained to Mr. Ross that he had got a bargain in the shoes, paying only $3.98 for them. He and Mr. Ross figured the cost of getting them and it totaled $4.25. Then the mail order house customer was shown a pair of shoes which he admitted were superior to his and the price mark, in plain figures on the box, showing that Mr. Ross was selling them for $3.50. Like any other shoe man Mr. Ross will not allow a customer to leave his store without a perfect fit.

LESSON IN WATCHES.

A Garrett county citizen has just received a lesson in the difference between mail order goods and those handled by the local merchant. He paid the neat sum of $21 for a watch which was beautifully illustrated in the catalogue and which appeared to be a real bargain.

Soon after receiving the watch the owner discovered that it was not keeping good time and took the time piece to the local jeweler. To prove his assertion that the watch was old the local jeweler sent it to the factory for examination. The factory replied that the watch was all of twenty-five years of age and was completely worn out. The local jeweler's price for a new watch of the same class nine dollars.

WHERE IS YOUR MONEY WORKING?

Every day more or less expressions are heard on the streets and throughout the community on the part of good citizens to the effect that they would like to see a new industry located here—something to afford employment to many men and bring more real money into the community. That long looked for industry may come knocking at our door any day. Will we be in position to take care of it? One of the first questions to come from the prospective manufacturer will be "Can your local people raise enough cash for a suitable site and a sidetrack to our plant?" And the next question will be "Are your banks in position to take care of our business? On certain occasions we will need accommodations to the extent of several thousand dollars."

When such propositions as this come to a community the local business people, and no others, are looked to take care of the situation. If they have enjoyed the co-operation of the people and are made prosperous it is an easy matter to furnish the money which will bring the new industry to the community. If the money is going out of town and the merchant is left to take care of the credit business and to struggle along with the small amount of patronage the people care to give them when they cannot wait long enough to get it from the mail order house, they will be found greatly handicapped as public benefactors.

The ability of the local bank or banks is controlled by the people just the same as the local merchant. With the support of all the community the local banking institutions can well be depended upon to come to the front to encourage and welcome the new industry and to foster any business enterprise designed to improve the conditions in the home community. But if the local people persist in doing their banking away from home and assisting some other community the local institutions will find it impossible to assist no matter what their desires may be.

No matter what degree of prosperity may prevail in this community it needs every dollar produced here and needs the co-operation of the local banking institutions.

KITZMILLER

With such an establishment as that of Coffman & Fisher in their midst the people of Kitzmiller and vicinity have a mercantile service which they can well be proud of. It is now giving a service seldom found outside of the much larger towns and cities and is truly a credit to the community as well as a great advantage and convenience to all the people.

This is one of the largest and best stores in Garrett county and no where can there be found a better grade and more modern stock of dry goods, notions and ready-to-wear garments for men, women and children than is carried in stock here. It is truly a store of "Furnishing for the Whole Family" and not only do they carry a line such as will meet the fa[illegible]on who may enter the establishment but every article goes out of the store with a strict guarantee to be just as represented by the salesman. The high standard in quality, strict adherence to the prevailing styles and the very fair prices asked for these goods have made this one of the most popular shopping centers in this section of the country.

None but the most reliable goods are allowed to be placed on sale in this store. As evidence of the high character of merchandise sold there the shoe department carries a complete stock of the famous King Quality for men and Queen Quality for women and misses. In men's clothing the Styleplus brand is the leader. For those who want their clothing made to measure this firm takes orders for some of the best known tailoring establishments in the country.

One of the most important departments of the store is that of the coats and suits for ladies and misses. The stock is large with such an assortment as to meet the demands of all.

The people of Kitzmiller have this store in their midst because they patronize it. With more co-operation on the part of the people Coffman and Fisher will make it greater and will be in position to do more for the community. Mr. G. W. Coffman, the manager, is a young man of the community building type and one of the kind who would make himself a valuable citizen in any community.

KITZMILLER BREAD.

Since the first of last November the people of Kitzmiller and Blaine have had a first class bakery service in their community. C. J. DeRoo, the baker, has already demonstrated the fact that he is a man of more than ordinary ability in his line. The people of the community are fully appreciative of the high grade bread and pastry produced. Mr. DeRoo and his business venture is proving a decided success.

A full line of bread and pastries are carried in stock and attractively arranged in his retail store.

GULLY & WATKINS.

For those who want goods at popular prices the firm of Gully & Watkins at Blaine is in position to supply the demand in a most satisfactory manner. Their 5, 10 and 25 cent store is stocked with almost anything needed in the home. These goods beat the mail order house offerings in both quality and price and in addition to this the purchaser has an opportunity to examine the goods before paying for the same. this establishment is a great convenience to the people of that section.

COMPLETE STORE.

The general mercantile establishment of the Hamill Coal & Coke Company at Blain is one of the largest and most complete establishment in this section of the country and is doing its full share toward community building in its trading district. With its forty-two hundred feet of floor space taken up to the very best advantage in handling the great assortment of high class merchandise it is a business institution which would do credit to any town or city in the country.

In addition to the great stock of dry goods, notions, groceries and general hardware carried there is a fine shoe department where foot wear is carried for every member of the family and for the people in every walk of life. There is a millinery department which gives the ladies and misses of that community a direct advantage over almost any community of a like size in the country.

There is a department for mine and miners supplies which is a big establishment within itself. More than seven kegs of powder were handled in this department during last year. In this and the flour and feed department the supplies are purchased in car load lots and by this means the company is in position to meet all competition.

There is also a furniture department which is stocked to supply every want in the way of home furnishing and like the goods in every other department of the big establishment the prices are right considering the real worth of the goods.

Such a business establishment as this is essential in the building of any community and should have the support of every person in that section who is interested in the welfare of home.

POOL & SCOTHERN.

The people of Kitzmiller would find themselves confronted with a most inconvenient situation indeed were they to be deprived of such a store as that conducted by Pool & Scothern. It is one of the most complete stores of general merchandise to be found in all this section of the country. There is a fine line of dry goods, notions, clothing for every member of the family, groceries and cured meats.

As representatives of the I. H. C. this firm is in position to supply the wants of the farmers with the best farming impliments and supplies to be found anywhere. The hardware department is supplied with everything desired by the people there in this line. The feed department is proving a great convenience to all the people of that community.

THE BANK.

That the presence of the First National Bank of Kitzmiller is a great convenience to all the people of that community is readily agreed by everybody. In addition to giving a fine banking service to the people this institution is taking the initiative in community improvement and the building of a greater business center. With the money of the community going to the metropolitan cities this bank is being interferred with in its effort toward the good of everybody in that section of the county.

J. M. DAVIS & SONS.

For more than half a century the name of J. M. Davis has been prominently associated with the business interests of Oakland and Garrett county. When Mr. Davis launched into the business affairs of this community more than fifty years ago he became a community builder and it was through the efforts of this man and his associates in business development that we have the fine community here in Garrett county as it exists today.

But few of the present generation can realize the wonderful change which has taken place in this section during the business career of Mr. Davis and a less number can comprehend the difficulties which were necessarily overcome by the business man in those early and primitive days. There were no banking facilities, no telephone and the means of transportation were limited to practically nothing outside of the railroad running East and West.

However, in those days, the people depended entirely upon the local merchant as a market for their goods and source of supply and it was this business policy which built this great community. In this manner the community received the full benefit from its products. The spirit of co-operation prevailed among all the people and while each individual was receiving a direct benefit the entire community prospered and advanced at a wonderful rate.

While the invasion of the mail order houses has retarded business development during late years the folly of the practice of throwing their support to other communities is rapidly becoming realized by the people and they are coming back to the home merchant. Messrs. Charles S. and J. W. Davis, sons of the pioneer business man and community builder in Garrett county, and who are now in charge of the business of the firm of J. M. Davis & Sons, have fully prepared themselves to meet the requirements of the present day business conditions and are giving the people of this community a store of which they are justly proud. While Mr. Davis has retired from active business he is still greatly interested in the welfare of this great community and is anxious to see everybody prosper.

The great hardware establishment of this firm deserves the support of every individual in Garrett county. It is a business institution of a most complete and modern character and one which fills the requirements of today just as the general store of Mr. Davis did a half a century ago. In this great store is not only found an assemblage of a great stock of goods to meet every requirement in the way of hardware and to give the people of this community a hardware service such as is seldom found outside of the larger cities but the buying has been done to such an advantage as to meet all competition in the way of prices.

While there is a department in this store made up of a cheaper grade of goods and which are sold at the popular prices to meet the demand for that class of goods the store is made up generally of the highest character and most reliable goods to be had on the market. Every department, except the one mentioned, bear this evidence. In the cutlery department the leading brand is the Robeson "Sure Edge" which is well known to the best posted trade as one of the best to be found in the country. No better tools can be had at any price than the "O. V. B." brand which are made by one of those high class concerns which competes with the world on the reliability of its produce and is proud to place its name on every article turned out.

During the thirty years this firm has been engaged in the hardware business it has catered particularly to the paint business and in that time has given much attention to the matter of paint service. In order to make the paint department harmonize with the remainder of the store it was necessary to carry the very best brand. Their long experience has taught them that the product of H. B. Davis of Baltimore was not only the highest standard of paint on the market but was the most adaptable for this climate. During the many years they have been handling this paint it has been giving absolute satisfaction and has proven its superior worth.

The Davis Steel Ranges, patented and manufactured by Mr. Charles S. Davis has become popular with the housewives throughout this country where it has been introduced. This business enterprise on the part of Mr. Davis has been the means of bringing much outside business to Oakland. In addition to this particular type of range there is a complete line of gas and coal heaters and cooking stoves. They are there in such a wide range of styles, sizes and prices as to meet the desires of everybody.

Throughout this and many of the adjoining states the best barns are equipped with the great labor saving outfits sold and installed by this firm. They have been found the most economical and convenient among the other makes and have been the means of attracting farmers here from long distances.

The roofing department has also been developed until it has become a trade drawing feature for the town. Roofing material of every description is carried in stock and in every instance the reliability can be depended upon.

With its thirteen thousand square feet of floor space and immense stock of well selected goods it is truly a wonderful store and is a great convenience and advantage to this community. In addition to those features mentioned above there is everything to make up a complete and up-to-date hardware store. On the same grade of goods this establishment will compete with any retail establishment in the country, including the stores of the larger cities and the mail order houses.

The women of this community are invited to visit the model kitchen which has been installed in the rear of the room fronting on Alder street. It is equipped with every modern convenience and will prove especially interesting to those contemplating the building of a home or the remodeling of their kitchen. In this connection there is a complete kitchen utensil outfit of one hundred pieces which is sold for ten dollars, or on an average of ten cents per piece.

These are but a few of the interesting features of this store and to those who have been sending their money to the catalogue houses or going to other points to do their shopping in this line we wish to assure that they have been doing themselves an injustice in not first ascertaining what can be had here.

After his long years of active service in business here and community building Mr. J. M. Davis has practically retired from active service. The work, however, has been taken up where he left off by the two sons who are now in the very prime of life and who are here to do their full share toward making Oakland and Garrett county a greater and more prosperous business center and a better place in which to live.

For Sale.

Having rented my farm I offer the following at private sale: Two young Horses, good weight; 4 Jersey Cows, 40 Tons baled Hay, 6 tons baled Straw, some loose hay and straw, a lot of Oats, Corn and Wheat, 1 Sleigh, 1 Buggy, 1 New Sled, Plow, Harrows and Cultivators, 1 good Surrey, Harness of all descriptions. Call on or address George Shartzer, Oakland, Md. Adv. 49

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice That the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

MARGARET E. GRIFFITH

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 13th day of July 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this thirteenth day of January, 1916.

FRED. A. THAYER,
Administrator Margaret E. Griffith.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

JOEL J. MILLER

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 13th day of July 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 13th day of January, 1916.

JONAS B. MILLER,
Administrator,
Grantsville, Md.

Examiners' Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned appointed by the County Commissioners of Garrett County, to view the lands through which the new road is prayed to be examined commencing at Garey's gate and passing through the lands of Edith Hileman, Abel Friend and Hiram Humberson to intersect the Morgantown road at or near John Meyer's house, and examine whether the said new road should be granted will meet on the 26th day of February, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said building of said new road, and if so, to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

C. W. FRIEND,
W. F. MEYERS,
S. K. FRAZEE,
Examiners.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters Testamentary on the estate of

MARY RATHBUN

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 13th day of July 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 13th day of January, 1916.

FRANK E. RATHBUN,
Executor,
Oakland, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters Testamentary on the estate of

JONAS D. BRENNEMAN

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 13th day of July 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 13th day of January, 1916.

LYDIA BRENNEMAN,
Executrix,
Grantsville, Md.

Examiners' Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned appointed by the County Commissioner of Garrett County, to view the lands through which the Road leading from Avilton to the Pike through the lands of Ellis Arnold road, and examine whether the said road should be Relocated will meet on the 25th day of February, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said relocation of said road, and if so, to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

LEWIS H. BROADWATER,
J. O. WILHELM,
ERNEST Z. MICHAEL,
Examiners.

Set tle the Silo Question and Settle it for Good

Do away with painting, repairing and tightening of hoops.

Know that your silo won't blow over.

Be sure of perfect silage at all times.

Build the worryless, efficient.
Natco Imperishable Silo. "The silo that lasts for generations."

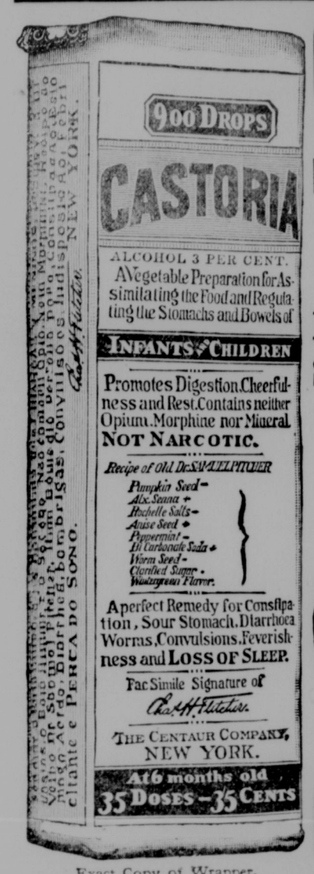
Its hollow, vitrified, clay tile are impervious to air and moisture; they preserve the silage sweet and juicy.

The dead air space in the wall resists frost making it the silo for cold climates.

Its a silo of efficiency, and a silo you'll be proud of.

For further information address, The National Fire Proofing Company, Pittsburgh, Pa., or, W. C. DeBerry, Oakland, Md.

P. S. A liberal discount is given on silos ordered before Feb. 1st. Discount becomes smaller each succeeding month.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

THE CITY'S BEST

MEAT MARKET

IN THE EMPIRE BUILDING.

Choice Steak, Boiling Meat, and all other kinds of meat. Highest cash price paid for Poultry and Eggs: also cash paid for Hides and Skins.

H. L. MILLER

WALTER'S OSCILLATING Sleds

ONE year's time without interest, for you to buy a pair of these genuine J. W. WALTER'S HAND MADE WHITE OAK OSCILLATING BOB SLEDS. Come and get a pair while they last. Use them all the rest of this winter and most of next before paying one cent. Workmanship and material guaranteed.

I have several pairs on hand now and they must go to make room for my new spring stock that is coming in. Yours

J. W. WALTER,

DEER PARK, MD.

SINCELL'S

20th Annual Cash Converting Sale

This special sale is put on for the purpose of converting our stock of $6,600.00 worth of High-grade Clothing, Shoes and Furnishings for men, women and children into cash. We invite the public to inspect this stock. Bring your catalogues with you and make a comparison between this stock and the goods of the Mail Order Houses and be convinced that our prices are lower than the lowest. The open winter has caused us to make this sacrifice and we know that no one has ever before quoted such extremely low prices. Now is your time to make good. Don't put it off, but be sure to be on time to secure some of these splendid bargains.

Clark's O. N. T. Cotton
3 Spools to each customer for 10 cts

Hem Stitched Hdkfs
Regular 10 cent ones for only 3 cts

Women's Suits
From last season are in this sale at $3.00 each, worth up to $20.00

Women's Shoes
In this sale we include Queen Quality Shoes some as low as $1.00 and up to $2.25. In most cases these goods are worth $4.00

Children's Shoes
We include our entire stock of Children's shoes to sell at 19 cts. up to $1.25. These goods sell readily up to $3.00 a pair.

Middy Blouses
In all sizes with plain or colored collars at 39 cts. Don't miss these; they are what every girl wants.

Embroideries
Ebmroideries in endless variety.
5000 yards Emb. edge worth up to 28 cts. for 15 cts.
5000 yards, worth up to 15 cts. for 8 cts.
1 lot Emb. at 3 cts.

10,000 Yards Lace
Laces worth 6, 8, 10, for 4 cts.
Laces worth 15 cts. for 7 cts.

Emb. Flouncing
Worth up to 75 cts. Entire stock on sale at 21 cts.

Umbrellas
A good Umbrella worth $1.25 for 79 cts.

Men's All Linen Collars
300 dozen 15 ct. quality at 10 cts. or 3 for 29 cts.
Any style, size or shape.

Men's Rubber Shoes
$1.00 Rubbers for 75 cts. Get them and avoid the grip.

Women's Rubbers
Rubbers that sell for 75 cts. for 55 cts.
Children's rubbers regular 50 ct. quality 39 cts.

Men's Neckwear
50 dozen Men's all Silk Neckwear made by the well known firm of Fink, Rohmer & Harcum 50 ct. and $1.00 quality for 39 cts.

Boy's Caps
All Wool navy serge or fancy Caps the 50 ct. quality for 39 cts. A lot of Men's and Boys Caps, broken lot 19 cts.

Trousers
300 pairs men's fine Dress Trousers in all sizes that ordinarly sell at $2.00 to $5.50 to close out at $1.00 to $3.00.
100 pairs boys Knickerbocker Trousers worth up to $1.75 will be closed out at 25 cts. to $1.25 a pair.

Men's Clothing
Your unrestricted choice of any Hart Schaffner & Marx.
$20.00 or $22.00 Suits $12.50
16.50 Griffon Suits 10.50.

Men's Overcoats & Mackinaws
Just a few Overcoats in stock but these few will be sold at next to nothing.
A good coat for $5.00
$8.00 Mackinaws for $5.00
6.75 Mackinaws for 4.50.

Boy's Clothing
All Wool Norfolk Suits, blue and fancy serge.
$5.50 Suits $3.75
4.00 Suits 2.50
3.50 Suits 2.25
Don't let the boys go without a new suit.

Hats
Our line consists of Stetson, Hawes VanGal and Howser stocks.
$3.00 Stiff or Soft hats $2.00
2.50 Stiff or Soft hats 1.50
2.00 Stiff or Soft hats 1.25
1.50 Stiff or Soft hats 1.00.

Men's Caps
25 doz. all Wool fancy dress Caps that always ready sale at $1.00 for 69 cts.
$3.00 Fur Caps $1.98; $2.50 Fur Caps $1.59; $1.50 Fur Caps 98 cts.

Muslin Underwear
Trimmed Corset Covers, 19 cts.
Handsome Quality Skirts, 39 cts.
Heavy Emb. and Lace Skirts, 49c.
Emb. and Lace trimmed Gowns, 79c.

Waists
150 fine Wash Waists that sell regular for $1.00 to $1.50 for 69 cts.

Hose
Children's black and tan fine Lisle Ribbed Hose up to 35c, for 19c

Henderson Corsets
These always sell at $1.00, $1.50, $2.00 and $3.00. In this special sale at 39c, 79c, 98c, $1.39, $1.98.

Silk Petticoats
All colors at $1.79, $1.98 and $3.98. These goods are worth up to $5.50.

Women's and Children's Underwear
Heavy Fleeced & Ribbed underwear at a great sacrifice
35 ct. quality at 19 cts.
50 ct. quality at 39 cts.
$1.00 quality at 75 cts.

Table Linen
While the wholesale prices have very materially advanced in this line we include in this sale every yard of linen we have at 39 cts. to $1.29; worth to $1.75

Women's Hose
A good quality for 12 cts.
Pure Lisle all colors, 19 cts.
Pure Silk, 39 cts.

Ribbons
Entire line of all silk ribbons in all colors and widths at ⅓ off the regular price.

Silk Waists
Bought within the last week and for Spring stock will be in this sale. Are worth $3.00 for only $1.98

Women's Coats
$15.00 Coats for $7.50
12.00 Coats for 6.00
10.00 Coats for 5.00
8.00 Coats for 6.00
6.00 Coats for 3.00

Dress Skirts
Entire line including our newest winter styles
$5.50 Values for $3.50
4.00 Values for 2.50
3.00 Values for 1.98

Women's Coats
Every Coat carried over from last season including values up to $18.00 are in this sale at $1.50

Dress Skirts
Every Dress Skirt in the store carried over from last season worth up to $6.00 are in this sale at $1.25

House Dresses
Buy one of these comfortable House Dresses worth $1.25 for 79 cts.
White Lawn and Gingham kitchen Aprons for 19 cts.

Rain Coats
Men's & Women's Rain Coats that always sell at $5.50 to $12.00 have been reduced for this sale to $3.50; $5.00 and $6.50

Children's Rain Coats
Complete outfit with school bag and hat to match for $2.75

Silk Dresses
Silk Poplin and combination of Taffetta and Serge Dresses worth up to $12.00 for $6.50, $5.00 and $3.75

Women's Tailormade Suits
Just a few left of this season's suits but must be sold at less than ½ price $5.00 to $7.50. Worth up to $17.50.

Boy's Overcoats
$5.50 Overcoats $3.75
5.00 Overcoats 3.50
4.00 Overcoats 2.50
3.00 Overcoats 1.69
You can appreciate the good quality of these goods by seeing them.

Sweaters
$5.50 extra heavy All Wool Sweaters, - - - - $3.98
4.00 extra heavy All Wool Sweaters, - - - - 2.98
3.00 extra heavy All Wool Sweaters, - - - - 1.98
A good Sweater for - - .39

Men's Underwear
$2.50 and 3.00 Union suits $1.69
2.00 Union suits, 1.39
1.50 Union suits, 1.10
1.00 Union suits, .75
Extra heavy Fleeced and Ribbed Shirt and Drawers. 39 cts.

Shirts
Men's fine dress shirts in all styles and sizes with French or Laundered Cuffs. $1.00 and $1.50, for 89 cts.

Shoes for Men
$6.00 men's Bostonian Shoes $4.50
5.50 men's Bostonian Shoes 3.95
5.00 men's Bostonian Shoes 3.75
4.50 men's Bostonian Shoes 3.10
4.00 men's Bostonian Shoes 2.90
3.50 men's Bostonian Shoes 2.65

This Sale is put on for the purpose of converting Merchandise into Cash and we will not charge anything at any price during its continuance.

Don't Miss This Greatest Money-Saving Event of the Year

Considering the advance by manufacturers and importers of all merchandise it makes it impossible for us to replace these goods at anything near the prices quoted herein, and it will be to your advantage to visit us at this time.

This Sale Begins on Thursday, February 10th, and Continues but 10 Days.

Come to this sale early and we will guarantee you to save more money than you can earn by staying away

H. C. SINCELL.

The Lutheran Church

SECOND STREET, OAKLAND

Sunday School, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

B. H. SINCELL, Superintendent.

Let every one heed the words of the Master, "Suffer little children to come unto Me and forbid them not: for of such is the Kingdom of God."

Men's Brotherhood Class, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

JULIUS C. RENNINGER, Brotherhood President.
REV. BREMER, Teacher.

We cordially invite all men not already enrolled in some school to study the Bible with this class.

Morning Worship, 10.45 o'Clock.

Undoubtedly, one of the richest blessings of the christian life is a consciousness of duty done and obligations maintained. Regular attendance upon the regular appointed hours of worship adds much to that consciousness.

Luther League, 6.30 o'Clock P. M.

Topic—"University Student work."
Leader—MISS RUTH McCROBIE.

Evening Worship, 7.30 o'Clock.

All are welcomed to worship with us.

—The above was prepared by the pastor and the advertisement is authorized and paid for by one interested in church work.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

Perilous Times.

In my last I spoke of Perilous Times Morally. In this let me call attention to the social aspect of this question. It will scarcely be called in question that there is an immense amount of social unrest. It is everywhere apparent. There is a mad rush for new pleasures. We are reminded of the experience of an old Monarch, who having gone the round of all the known pleasures, only to be disgusted with the whole thing, offered a fabulous sum to the man who would invent a new pleasure.

The masses want new excitement. Anything to gratify a morbid desire and taste, there is a frenzied rush for blood curdling spectacles; an insatiable greed for money. Men, women and children go half wild over races, one of the favorites being auto races. But these have degenerated into a means of satisfying a thirst for blood on the part of spectators and greed for money on the part of promoters. Every appeal possible is made to the lowest element in man's nature. What can Americans say of Spanish or Mexican bull fights or gladiatorial contests of old Rome, when an auto race is advertised as follows:

"Shaking Dice With Death—20 Dare Devil drivers in thrilling speed duels. The field vs. death. Which will win."

Here is another.—60-40 car No. 4 ran into car No. 7. Two men hurt. Come out to see the spill.

It is hypocrisy and a misnomer to call the ghastly results of such races accidents. They are "features" "drawing cards." The killed and wounded are victims of human sacrifice to the twin gods of blood lust and money-lust. This is the opinion of those who can distinguish between what is robust and murderous in healthful and invigorating sport.

Barney Oldfield, in "Popular Mechanics" says, "I was never popular until I went through the fence at St. Louis and killed two spectators. Promoters fell over themselves to sign me up. It is the call of the old Roman Arena; of the Spanish Bull ring. It is no more sport than hanging is sport. The game is not worth the candle. It took ten years to prove this. It has been a decade replete with black headlines and black mourning. The interest of the public was immense, but so was the interest in cock-fighting, in prize fights, in gladiatorial contests. So it was in the old Mexican bull fights, where in the name of sport they killed cattle instead of human beings, though now and then they managed to sacrifice a man or two to add interest to the show. While the body of Basle still lay beside his machine, women tried to cut off pieces of his clothing as a souvenir. On the day after his death 10,000 persons fought for front seats at the track.

Today daily papers fairly drive their readers into the chamber of horrors by their ingenuity in phrasing of headlines and the prominence and space given to reports of bloody murders, of lynching, of shocking incidents and hideous violations of the customs of civilized society. Sensational papers and many respectable journals devote more space to crime than to virtue, courage and honor; while they report at length the views of criminals and sometimes of harlots. They thereby invest lawbreakers with the importance of great public figures.

The center of the stage, is awarded with enthusiasm to the "affinities," who figure as journalistic heroes and heroines. Unhappy affinities have fallen into this trap of the devil but their end is monotonously miserable, though they are accorded the front of the stage to give their views of the marriage relation, as if they were leaders in the war for the emancipation of humanity. But they are blind guides that have fallen into the pit.

Does the violation of the seventh commandment qualify a woman to become a teacher of manners and morals? When men by reason of their wealth defy the laws of the land, and because of their adulterous practices are divorced and forbidden to remarry, yet trample under foot all decency, despoil the integrity of the family and strike at the foundations of society and defy the moral sense of the community by marrying one who is silly enough to sacrifice her virtue on the alter of lust, it is time for society to let such feel its displeasure, and if it is sensitive to right and wrong, it will repudiate the woman who thus surrenders herself to one judicially unfit to marry again. It will rebuke also the empty pated mother and fool father who connived at it, for the sake of money and position, and especially will it rebuke the vain godless concubine the polluted social barnacle, who through her doubles his own offence.

Decent, moral, christian society should consign such to oblivion and let them rest under the blighting perpetual stigma of an outraged society.

This condition of things socially is the legitimate result of the style of dressing that characterizes so much of our Social High Life.

The kind of dressing adopted by some of our women in the social functions is a disgrace, a slur on decency; a travesty on virtue. It ought to bring a blush of shame to the cheeks of womanhood. The low neck and short sleeves and perforated stockings and thin skirts in warm weather all combine to work evil, which if unchecked results disastrously. Cards, dances, shows, some of them decidedly lascivious, corrupt the mind, debase the morals and suggest thoughts that lead to sensuality and eventually to destruction of virtue and morals.

The fearful thing too, is the prominent part that professing christians play in this thing.

Society in its present condition needs the reforming influences of christianity, the elevating power of grace, and the sweetness and sanctifying tendencies of Him who honored it by his presence in Galilee, and gave it a divine touch, an example—the imitation of which will elevate and purify it and make it a fit place for the Angels of Light, but it will put the ban forever on the presence and influence of the angels of darkness. Perilous times socially are surely upon us.

JOHANNES.

GRANTSVILLE.

George Oester, an employe at the home of S. C. Loechel, near the Mason and Dixon line, had a painful experience last week from which he has not yet recovered. Mr. Oester was indulging in the luxury of a yawn when his jaws became unhinged and to his dismay he found himself unable to close them again. A physician was hastily summoned from the village who, finding himself unable to administer ether and perform the operation alone, sent in a hurry call for the other physician and the two, after hard work, restored the sufferer's jaws to their normal position. Mr. Oester is a son of Conrad Oester of the Cove and has been in the employ of Mr. Loechel for some time, being a quiet industrious young man. Owing to the severe shock and unavoidable laceration of the young man's mouth, which causes him much pain, he has gone to his home for a few weeks until recovered from his painful misadventure.

Little Anna Catharine, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alvin Schrock of near Grantsville, died on Wednesday, Jan. 19th, from pneumonia and complications resulting from whooping cough. The child had been ill but a short while. She was aged 7 years, 1 month and 26 days. Two smaller sisters, who also have the same malady, are bereaved besides the parents. Funeral services were held Friday in the Amish church, Rev. Jonas B. Miller and Christian W. Bender officiating.

The families of Mrs. J. P. Miller, H. P. Miller and Lewis Schrock are recovering from the whooping cough and grippe. A trained nurse has been secured for Miss Helen Stanton who has had a relapse with pneumonia lately. The condition of Mrs. Sophia Bonig remains about the same, also that of Mrs. J. J. Bender and Squire Peter Nathan, all of whom have been quite seriously ill. Miss Althea Engle is about recovered from the whooping cough and has started to school again. Master Guy Stanton has been obliged to stay home from school the past month, owing to a badly infected foot due to having been frozen.

Lee Meyers, the fireman who was badly injured on the Jennings railroad several weeks ago, has sufficiently recovered to permit his being brought home from the Western Maryland hospital last week. He was brought up in M. J. Miller's car to his home, where he will remain in bed until entirely recovered.

A basket ball game was held Saturday night at this place between Mt. Savage and Grantsville, resulting in a score of 18-13 in favor of the Mt. Savage team. The line-up:

Grantsville 13		Mt. Savage 18
Gnagey	F	Collins
Stanton	F	Caslay
Broadwater	C	Graham
Warnick	G	Shaffer
Boucher	G	Carter

Referee—Bloucher. Timekeeper—Broadwater. The Mt. Savage boys were guests at the Victoria Hotel over night returning Sunday morning.

Provided with lots of good things to eat, about eighteen or twenty young folks descended upon Master Oliver Bender on Jan. 31, in honor of his 12th birthday, and gave him the surprise of his life. After an evening spent in various kinds of games, refreshments were served and the party dispersed.

Miss Ethel Broadwater entertained informally on Friday night in honor of her guest, Miss Jennie Lee. Games were the diversion and refreshments followed. The guests included Misses Angela Getty, Ruth Keller, Beulah and Hazel Engle, Messrs. U. O. Blocher, W. M. Gnagey, Charles Keller, John Livengood and John Younkin.

The Late Governor Francis Thomas

BY CHARLES M. MILLER

This is the first of a series of several articles relative to an illustrious but unfortunate Governor of Maryland who is remembered by many.

A compactly constructed and engagingly phrased review of the unhappy yet not inglorious career of this gifted Marylander lately printed in your columns, lessen such faint excuse as may have existed for this burden upon the reading public. An earnest avowal is here registered against even the slightest pretention in these mentions of any biographical production or pretended tracings of the occurrences of a life so deserving of intelligent study and of the closest accumulation of facts. The purpose here is to reproduce some of the striking features noted in a brief acquaintance with this remarkable personage late in the evening of a long life; to catch some of the sun-beams falling through the clouds, and to revive some of the sayings that came to me from respected sources, with the hope that some part of such charm of personality and brilliancy of mind may be rescued from oblivion.

Likely a little investigation will make clear to you that the above mentioned published article was in error in its statement that Governor Thomas was a Democrat. He was not of the type of men concealing their attitude upon public policies. Though a son of the South, when the war of 1861-1865 called the divided sections to arms, he stood upon the Federal side of that fierce conflict and gave unchanging adherence to the administration of President Lincoln. After the triumph of the Union armies, he received from President Grant appointment of Plenipotentiary from this government to Peru. Prior to the Civil war he served a term as governor of Maryland, making his inauguration notable by the announcement that morning of his separation from Mrs. Thomas. This event occured more than a quarter of a century before this writer ever heard of either of the actors in this singular estrangement; but that the Governor in his declining years, mellowed by time and calm reflection, censured himself as the wrongful cause of that deplorable act and became so embittered by its memory as to seek the home of a recluse, no one will be apt to deny. In the western part of Allegany, now covered by Garrett county, possessing himself of a magnificent stretch of real estate in virgin growth, unbroken for the distance of about thirty miles in length, with width, in parts, of four miles. Far back in the interior of the untamed forest, he erected himself a home (now known as the Joel Wiland farm of New Germany) and, for a time, lived there a life of lonliness, beyond the confines of that society in which he was fitted by nature and attainments to shine as a center.

Perplexing surveys, escheat titles and vexing contentions in courts, required unrelaxing attention and entailed such enormous costs in securing a clear right to, perhaps, near fifty separate tracts and a great number of "Military Lots," tracts and lots making an aggregate approximating fifty thousand acres of mountain and glade lands, that the Governor became so heavily involved in debt as to induce him, after a reservation of four hundred and ten acres, embraced in the generally known Frankville home under the name of "Polo Alto," to sell the entire remaining part of this princely holdings to General Joseph R. Anderson, of Richmond Virginia, who was not only a kinsman but a most ardent admirer of Gov. Thomas and, after an interval of some fifteen years, this large purchase of timbered land, eventuated in the coming of the undersigned to Garrett county, in the year 1873, as the personal representative of General Anderson and of a consequent contact with Governor Thomas.

When the star of the Governor's widening future was in its, apparently, assured ascendancy, Virginia's commanding septre in the sister-hood of states had not departed from her, and at so auspicious a period, his marriage alliance with the accomplished daughter of Governor McDowell of the "Old Dominion," bringing to the support of his political ambition one of the best founded and most influential families of Virginia, the way to the presidency was in view. But an unseen folly robbed fortune of her fruits. In a blind passion of insane jealousy, like Othelo, he threw away the jewel worth all things else and, stripped of his plumage he fell in his flight, a destined victim of an endless disappointment. The one aspiration now remaining as a distinct element in that altered mind, was to get beyond the foot-fall of moving humanity, into a quiet that would have been a prison, before a blow from a pitiless decree

One night, deep in the mountains, this writer picked up a pamphlet, yellowed by age, and found it to be an address by Gov. Thomas to the people of Maryland, vindicating his stand in a proceding for divorce. This printed address was read with growing interest to the last page, which in some way had been detached and lost. My feelings were so keenly stirred by the intensity of the author's language as to compel acceptence of his suspicions and his charges. Returning the next evening from a survey to the same house, the pamphlet was again but more guardely read, and then not one allegation impressed one as being equal either to the test of logic or the application of a dispassionate weighing.

The opinion was current that the Governor bitterly regreted this publication and did all he could to gather every copy of the issuance.

(To be continued.)

C. M. MILLER.

Order Nisi.

Jerome B. Emory, Late Treasurer of Garrett County, Maryland vs. Ross J. Riley. No. 267, Miscellaneous Docket. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County.

Ordered, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland, this 25th day of January, 1916, that the tax sale made and reported in the above entitled case by Jerome B. Emory, late Treasurer of Garrett county, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 6th day of March, 1916; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 25th day of February, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $83.75.

M. L. KEED

True copy, Test: E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Order Nisi.

Jerome B. Emory, Late Treasurer of Garrett County, Maryland vs. Susan Hendrickson. No. 268, Miscellaneous Docket. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County.

Ordered, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland, this 25th day of January, 1916, that the tax sale made and reported in the above entitled case by Jerome B. Emory late Treasurer of Garrett county, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 6th day of March, 1916; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 25th day of February, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $130.00.

M. L. KEEDY.

True copy, Test: E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

We Carry in Stock

TIRES
TUBES
SHOCK ABSORBERS
CHAINS
SPARK PLUGS
DRY CELLS
TIRETITE

And many other accessories at the
OAKLAND GARAGE,
Prest-O-Lite Exchange,
Oakland, Maryland.

TAX SALE

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate

In Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of the power vested in the Treasurer of Garrett County, Maryland, by section 52 of Chapter 566, of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland for the year 1890, title "Garrett County," sub-title "County Treasurer," and as amended by the General Assembly of Maryland for the year 1898, Chapter 144, the undersigned Treasurer in and for Garrett County, Maryland, will, on

FRIDAY,

The 3rd Day of March, 1916,

at 10 o'clock a. m. at the front door of the Court House in the town of Oakland, Garrett county, Md., offer and sell at public auction to the highest bidder all of the following pieces or parcels of land lying and being in Garrett County, Md., to wit:

No. 1.—Military Lot No. 1633, containing fifty acres of land, more or less, located in Election District No. 5 of Garrett county, and being a part of the same land which was conveyed to Harry L. Lowdermilk by George W. Herring and wife by deed dated September 1st, 1910, recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 61, folio 192, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, Maryland, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Harry H. Lowdermilk.

No. 2.—Twenty-seven acres, more or less of a tract of land called "Western Route," with a reserve of one hundred and twenty square rods out of said acreage, lying and being in Election District No. 5 of Garrett county, and being the same property which was conveyed to Henry Sue by Jacob E. Bowser and wife by deed dated August 12th, 1907, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 56, Folio 70, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, Maryland, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Henry Sue.

No. 3.—Military Lot No. 1861, containing fifty acres of land, more or less, located in Election District No. 1 of Garrett county, and being the same property which was conveyed to George G. Lee by Anna J. Condron and husband by deed dated February 17, 1913, recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 64, folio 447, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915, as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of George G. Lee.

No. 4.—Military Lot No. 2882, containing fifty acres of land, more or less, located in Election District No. 2 of Garrett county, and being the same property conveyed by Jonas Frazee and wife to U. G. Savage by deed dated the 14th day of April, 1892, and which is duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 19, folio 416, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of said Garrett county in the name of U. G. Savage.

No. 5.—Fifty-five acres of a tract of land called "Yough Manor," excepting the minerals underlying the same, being the same property conveyed by Newton Savage and wife to Preston Savage by deed dated the 3rd day of May, 1910, which deed is duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 59, folio 581, one of the Land Records of Garrett county. Said property adjoins the lands of Harry Sisler and Yough Manor Mining Company, is located in Election District No. 2 of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Preston Savage.

No. 6.—Military lot No. 903, containing 50 acres, located in Election District No. 10 of Garrett county, but assessed in Election District No. 1 of said county and being the same property which was devised to Mary J. Ritchie under the will of Louis W. Ritchie, dated August 31, 1901, and recorded in the office of the Register of Wills of Garrett county in Wills, Liber B. folio 45, etc., August 28, 1902, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915, as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Mary J. Ritchie.

No. 7.—All that part of the tract of land called "Swanton," situate in Election District No. 1, Garrett county, containing thirty-eight and one half acres, being the same property which was conveyed to Abraham M. Lee by William G. Wagner by deed dated February 20, 1900, recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 38, folio 205, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915, as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of A. M Lee.

No. 8.—Military Lot, No. 1861, containing fifty acres, being the same property which was conveyed to Anna J. Condron by Thomas F. Smouse and wife by deed dated September 2, 1908, recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 64, folio 429 one of the Land Records of Garrett county, said land being situated in Election District No. 1, Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915, as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Anna J. Condron.

No. 9.—All the surface right of Military Lot No. 96, containing fifty acres, located in Election District No. 4, Garrett county, and being a part of the same property which was conveyed to Joseph A. Wilson by G. Semmes Hamill, Jr., Assignee, by deed dated December 30, 1912, recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 64, folio 351, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915, as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Joseph A. Wilson.

No. 10.—One hundred and forty-five acres of Military Lots Nos. 71, 72 and 73 situate in Election District No. 1 of Garrett county and being the same which was conveyed to Wallace Buckman by The United States Bituminous Coal Company of West Virginia by deed dated January 31, 1901, recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 39, folio 271, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Wallace Buckman.

No. 11.—Military Lot No. 554, containing fifty acres, more or less, located in Election District No. 9 of Garrett county, and being a part of the same property which was conveyed by Oscar McKenzie and others to George W. Pulliam by deed dated May 18, 1912, recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 64, folio 37, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1914 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of George W. Pulliam.

No. 12.—Seventy-two Acres, more or less, of a tract of land called "Cleveland," located in Election District No. 2 of Garrett county, and being the same property which was conveyed to McClelland Savage by Harrison Burges and wife by deed dated April 13, 1899, recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 36, folio 420, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915, as is charged upon the Assessment Books of said Garrett county in the name of M. C. Savage (Heirs).

No. 13.—Sixty-nine and three quarter acres, more or less, of the tract of land called "Swanton," located in Election District No. 1 of Garrett county, and being the remainder of that part of said tract which was conveyed by M. M. Armstrong to A. F. George by deed dated December 1, 1904, recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 49, folio 37, etc., one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915, as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Mrs. A. F. George.

No. 14—Military Lot No. 2595, containing fifty acres of land, more or less, located in Election District No. 5, of Garrett county, Maryland, and being part of the same property which was conveyed to Lewis Kamp by Jacob Mosser and wife by deed dated October 26, 1889, recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 15, folio, 462, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914, and 1915, as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Lewis Kamp.

No. 15.—All that piece or parcel of ground situate in the town of Swanton, in Election District No. 1 of Garrett county, commonly called "The Walker Lot," and being the same property which was conveyed by Charles C. Pierson and wife to M. M. Armstrong by deed dated November 19th, 1892, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 20, folio 269, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, containing one-half acre, more or less, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915, as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of M. M. Armstrong.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on the day of sale. The right of redemption extends to six calendar months from day of sale by paying the amount of the purchase money with interest thereon at the rate of twenty per cent. per annum and all costs. Conveyancing at cost of purchaser.

C. A. BEACHY,
Treasurer of Garrett County.

ORDER NISI.

Robert L. Fries, Late Treasurer of Garrett county, Maryland vs. Norman Barnard. No. 266, Miscellaneous Docket In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Ordered by the Circuit Court for Garrett county, Maryland, this 13th day of January, 1916, that the tax sale made and reported in the above entitled case by Robert L. Fries, late treasurer of Garrett county, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 28th day of February, 1916, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 21st day of February, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $84.65.

ROBERT R. HENDERSON.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

FOR SALE—One Sterling Thresher. 16h. p. I. H. C. Gasoline Engine; 1 rebuilt I. H. C. auto Truck. For prices and terms, write or call upon R. M Holman, Friendsville, Md, 3t*tf

THE REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME 40. OAKLAND, MARYLAND THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1916. NUMBER 51

FORMER JURIST OF THIS CIRCUIT HAS PASSED AWAY

Judge W. J. Witzenbacher Succumbs After Several Months' Illness.

William J. Witzenbacher, 53 years old, former Associate Judge of the Fourth Judicial Circuit, died at Hagerstown last Friday of convulsions. He had been ill for several months with kidney disease.

Judge Witzenbacher was born in Hagerstown in 1863, the son of William Witzenbac her, a business man of that city, and Catherine Witzenbacher. His father, who was a native of Hesse Darmstadt, Germany, emigrated to America in 1853, and died in 1886.

After graduating from the Washington County High School in 1880, the future judge entered Johns Hopkins University, from which he was graduated in 1883 with the degree of bachelor of arts.

During the three succeeding years he was an instructor in the McDonough School, Baltimore county, relinquishing the position to study law, which was pursued in the office of the late Alexander Neill. He was admitted to the Washington county bar in 1886.

When Judge Stake a Republican died Mr. Witzenbacher was appointed by Governor John Walter Smith to fill out the unexpired term. In 1904 he was nominated for associate judge by the Democrats, but was defeated by Martin L. Keedy, the present Republican incumbent.

Loch Lynn Bonds.

The corporation of Loch Lynn heights is considering the advisability of issuing bonds to the amount of $1,000, to complete the sewer system of the village. The bonds will be redeemable at the rate of $200 a year. The village now has a water system, natural gas and a partial sewer system.

Subscribe for the Republican.

OPERATION FOR APPENDICITIS

Donald Frazee Recovering From This and From Gunshot Wounds, Too.

Donald Frazee of Selbysport, who was shot by his brother-in-law, William Morgan following trouble with Morgan because of his alleged bad treatment of his wife, who is Frazee's sister, was operated upon for appendicitis at the Western Maryland Hospital in Cumberland last Friday and is doing nicely.

Mr. Frazee's gunshot wounds are healing. It was at first thought that they would prove fatal. Morgan has been held in the Garrett county jail pending the outcome.

FISH PROTECTION MUST BE INSURED

Closed Season of Two Years Proposed in Order to Get Stock From the Government.

In order to secure fish to stock streams from the United States Fish Commission, it is proposed by sportsmen to have the present Legislature pass laws for the protection of fish. It is understood that the government refuses to supply fish for stocking streams longer unless there is protection. It is proposed to have the trout streams closed for fishing for two years in order to permit propagation to proceed unhindered.

In this event it is understood, the government likely will accede to a request for two carloads of fish this spring for local streams—one of bass, pike and other varieties and one of trout. The plan is to stock every stream in Allegany and Garrett. A delegation from Allegany county is expected to visit Annapolis in behalf of this legislation and also to go to Washington to urge a liberal allotment of fish stock for the local streams.

Fertilizer.

A carload of Rock Phosphate will be unloaded at the railroad siding in Oakland on or after February 22nd. Anyone desiring any of this phosphate will please notify the undersigned and I will then advise when it may be expected. The price will be $9.75 per ton at the car. D. J. SWARTZENTRUBER.
Adv. 1t

LARGE BLOCK OF PARK STOCK CHANGES HANDS

One Hundred and Twenty-two Shares Sold to a Wheeling Business Man.

Last Saturday one hundred and twenty-two shares of the stock of the Mountain Lake Park Association changed hands, the purchaser being Mr. Edward W. Westwood, of Wheeling, W. Va., where the new owner of the stock is engaged in the real estate business.

The stock sold comprised ninety-two shares owned by Dr. John F. Goucher; twenty shares of the Woman's College and ten shares of Dr. C. W. Baldwin, all of Baltimore. It is said that the price paid for the stock was $150 per share, or a bonus of $50 per share, the par value being $100.

The transfer on the books of the Association was made by Secretary Rudisill, who came to Oakland from Annapolis for that purpose, meeting Mr. Westwood here with whom he went over the affairs of the Park. Mr. Westwood will visit Oakland again on next Friday and will take over other shares of the stock of the Association, expecting to purchase sufficient to give him control, when a syndicate will be formed and the Park property will be improved and many things done to make it more attractive.

The present board of directors will continue until the annual meeting next July.

WRECK ON GRADE.

Many Cars Broken Up and All Tracks Were Blocked Monday Afternoon.

Monday afternoon a wreck of a freight train on the Seventeen mile grade, near Bond Junction, tied up all traffic for several hours.

The wreck was caused by a broken wheel of a freight car on an eastbound train which caused it to leave the track and pile up along with several other cars, blocking all three tracks so completely that trains were delayed four to five hours. The westbound accommodation, due in Oakland at 5:15 in the afternoon, did not get through until after 11 o'clock that night. Eastbound train No. 16 was held at Altamont until the tracks were cleared.

Thimble Club Entertained.

The members of the Thimble Club entertained their husbands at a six o'clock turkey dinner at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph E. Harned in Oakland Tuesday evening of this week, those present beihg Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Mealy, Mr. and Mrs. Harry A. Rasche, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph E. Harned, Mr. and Mrs. George W. Legge, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Paul Naylor, Mr. and Mrs. C. Edward Bender, Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Rathbun, Misses Flo White, Bess Hinebaugh, Louise Harned and Mary Drake Naylor, and Messrs Art and Mark White.

Mr. Ernest Liller spent part of this week in Cumberland.

FOREST PLANTING IS A GOOD INVESTMENT

Experience in Maryland Shows Tree Planting On Poor Farm Soils Pays.

During the past two years the State Board of Forestry at Baltimore has distributed from the State Forest Nursery more than 125,000 trees at cost prices for forest planting on waste lands. The average charge to residents and land owners of the State was only $5.85 per thousand, representing the actual expense of growing them. The office of the State Forester directed the planting of 50,000 of the trees.

It would therefore seem that local land owners are appreciating the facilities offered by the State Nursery and have become convinced of the soundness of such a proposition, and of the thorough practicability, in a financial sense, of reclaiming, through tree planting, exhausted soils which cannot be made to grow farm crops in paying quantities.

One landowner in Northern Maryland, near Havre de Grace, had 18,000 young oak and Locust trees set out on poor pasture land in 1914, and the plantation so far is very successful. Another, living on the Eastern Shore, used 30,000 Loblolly Pine seedlings for reforestration purposes to his own satisfaction and the improvement of the land. On the former site there should be a good crop of posts in not over 12 to 15 years from the time of planting, and the whole plantation may either be handeled for such products, in short rotations, or managed as a longer-time investment for valuable saw timber. The Loblolly should produce a heavy yield of the latter, in addition to smaller material, secured from occasional thinnings, for use about the farm. In either case the work is constructive and desirable, and should be profitable. A plantation of forest trees protects the soil from erosion, and is a good investment for the sake of the trees alone, though it is undoubtedly true that a stand of merchantable or growing timber adds to the cash value of any farm.

The board has at this time about 150,000 forest seedlings and transplants available for planting next month. These, as were those last year, will be sold to local land owners at the cost of growing them. Prices for small trees of suitable size to run from $3.50 per thousand for White Pine seedlings to $12 per thousand for Black Walnut transplants, and there are also for sale at corresponding prices Norway, Red Oak, Black Locust, White Ash, Honey Locust and American Elm. Orders for less than a thousand will be filled at the regular per thousand rate, with a small charge for packing.

Stocks of some varieties are limited, but trees will be reserved for those who get their orders into the office of the State Forester, Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, before the stock is exhausted. Price lists and blanks for ordering will be forwarded upon application, together with any information desired on the subject of tree planting, but the planting should be done before April 10th for best results.

O. H. S. NOTES.

News From The Oakland Temple Of Learning.

The recital given by Miss Helen Virginia Nesbitt in the Assembly hall last Thursday evening, February 10, was a literary treat which would be hard to surpass. Miss Nesbitt had a well arranged program of humorous, pathetic, oratorical and witty selections. She evinced great ability as a reader and held the closest attention of her audience. Her charming personality and her unaffected demeanor added greatly to her performance. It is to be hoped that Miss Nesbitt will appear in Oakland again sometime, and that all the lovers of art and literary culture may have the privilege of hearing her.

Miss Hanna gave us a very interesting and instructive talk about the care of the teeth last Monday.

The Senior Class has decided to take a trip to Washington in the spring, substituting it for the usual class day exercises.

The Lancastrian and Yorkist literary societies will combine to render two programs on February 22. One is to be given in the morning at 9:45 in honor of Lincoln, the other in the afternoon at two o'clock in honor of Washington. At both programs there will be special addresses delivered, and the work of our best local musical talent will be a feature. We extend a most cordial invitation to the community to be present at the rendition of both programs. The programs are as follows:

IN HONOR OF ABRAHAM LINCOLN

Song, "Maryland"; anecdotes of Lincoln, Joseph Rathbun; piano duet, "Invitation to the Dance," Isenberg & Littman; reading, "Lincoln's Gettysburg Address," Pauline Jones; vocal solo, Emma Rathbun; address, "Abraham Lincoln," Rev. Arthur Appleton; vocal solo, "Sing, Sing, Birds on the Wing," Mrs. Gordon Mealy; reading, "The Blue and the Gray", Icie Schock; male quartette, Sincell, Robinson, Rathbun & Littman; piano solo, "second Waltz", Mary Drake Naylor; song, "The Battle Hymn of the Republic."

IN HONOR OF GEORGE WASHINGTON

Song, "America," recitation, Robert Porter; vocal solo, "Bid Me Good bye", Felix Robinson; recitation, Joseph Foley; selection, "America the Beautiful," Girls' Glee Club; reading, "Hevre Riel", Prof. Bender; violin solo, "Souvenir", Glenn Martin; select reading, "Tribute of President's to the Memory of Washington", Carrie Thrasher; song, in Memory of Washington"; address, "George Washington," Rev. O. A. Bremer; song, "The Star Spangled Banner."

DROPPED DEAD WHILE HANDLING HAY FROM STACK

Sudden Death of Mr. Michael Garrett of Near Deer Park, Monday.

On Monday of this week, Mr. Michael Garrett, of near Deer Park, dropped dead as he was pitching hay from the top of a stack standing in a field near his home, and in view of members of his household who were observing what he was doing at the time.

Mr. Garrett owns the Thomas Hayes place, west of Deer Park and adjacent to the tracks of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. He had left the dinner table just a few minutes before his sudden demise for the purpose of feeding his stock, going directly to the field in which he had stacked some hay and was engaged in pitching it to the ground when death overtook him. He fell upon the top of the stack and lay there until his body was removed to the house just a short time afterwards, where it was prepared for burial, the funeral occuring yesterday morning from St. Peter's Catholic church in Oakland after a high mass conducted by the pastor, Rev. James E. Connell.

Mr. Garrett was aged 59 years. He was born in Ireland and came to this country while yet a young man, locating at Deer Park where he always resided. He is survived by his widow and one daughter. He was an excelent citizen and was held in high esteem by all.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

WE WILL EXCHANGE

FISH

FOR GOOD SMOKED COUNTRY MEAT—

Side, Hams and Shoulder

Can sell Fish at 4 1-2 cents a pound and will pay 15 to 18 cents for Meat, giving about 3 1-2 pounds of Fish for one pound of Meat.

Can pay $1 per bu. for Potatoes.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

Whetsell & Browning

Deer Park's Best Store

COME, SEE OUR BARGAINS IN

Men's Overcoats, Shirts, Pants,

LADIES DRESS GOODS

We have a few pairs Snag Proof Gums left to sell at $1.75

We pay highest prices for Country Produce

GET RIGHT. TRY US ONCE

Offutt's

Fish!

In 10-lb. Buckets and 50-lb. Kits, will sell cheap this week

A SPECIAL DISCOUNT ON

9x12 Rugs, Linoleum, Matting and Furniture

Will pay $1 per bu. for Potatoes.

Bring us all your Mine Ties, Cross Ties, Eggs, Butter and anything you have to sell or trade. We pay the highest market prices.

OFFUTTS'

OAKLAND'S BIG STORE

THESE BUSINESS HOUSES DESERVE YOUR LOYAL SUPPORT AND PATRONAGE.

H. C. SINCELL

Be sure to visit our Annual Bargain Sale February 10th to February 19th, and we will prove to you that mail order houses have nothing on us. Bring your catalogues and be convinced that we are the undersellers of all who handle Merchandise of quality.

H. C. SINCELL

Bolden Has It:

If it is anything in the General Mercantile line, including Furniture. This is Oakland's big supply house for every room in the home and every member of the family. From "the cradle to the grave" we feed and furnish you.

D. E. BOLDEN

OAKLAND, MARYLAND.

General Merchandise Furniture and Undertaking

Come In

And see what we have to offer in the way of merchandise before sending your money out of town. When you buy here you see and know what you are getting. If you compare quality and prices you will buy at home.

Creutzburg's

Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions, Hats, Caps and Shoes.

Harness

That you can depend upon at all times and under all conditions. It must be right before it leaves our hands. Horse Goods, Trunks, Suit Cases and Hand Bags.

W. H. Hinebaugh

Second Street, Oakland.

Reliability

Of the merchandise handled here has made this store a shopping center for a number of years. We are for Garrett county and her people.

Arthur Townshend

OAKLAND

. . . THE . . .

Oakland Model Bakery

Is a local institution, buying locally so far as possible and anxious to help make Garrett County more prosperous.

BREAD OF QUALITY AND PASTRY THAT PLEASES

Millinery

AT ALL PRICES

Watch for our opening announcement. Greater stock than ever seen here in the past.

Gossard Corsets

PRICES $2.00 to $10.00

Mrs. M. G. Martin

Fourth and Oak Streets, Oakland.

Service

In plumbing, roofing, gas fitting and any special sheet metal work, you have it here.

Stoves and Ranges

Every size and design for both coal and gas. We are for Garrett county.

W. E. Shirer

OAKLAND

PROMPT SERVICE OUR MOTTO.

Dependable Goods

A mercantile service as well as reliable goods at the right prices. Here you see what you are getting and get what you want.

Thomas Little

OAKLAND

Dry Goods, Notions and Groceries

Cash or trade for Country Produce

Both Phones

J. M. DAVIS C. S. DAVIS J. W. DAVIS

J. M. DAVIS & SONS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

DAVIS' PATENT STEEL RANGE

WHOLESALERS AND RETAILERS OF

General Hardware, Stoves, Glassware, Chinaware, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Ranges, Hay Tools, Household Supplies, Washing Machines, Sewing Machines, Modern Barn Equipment, Etc.

Second Street OAKLAND, MD. Alder Street

KODAK SAFETY FILM

GARRETT COUNTY BOOSTERS!

The Future of Mountain Lake Park

As a business centre depends upon the co-operation of all the people. Community building is accomplished by keeping the money at home. Keep the Garrett County Dollar in Garrett County, and everybody will be infinitely better off thereby.

HARVEY BROTHERS,

Dry Goods, Notions, Groceries, Hardware, Flour, Feed, Farming Implements, Etc.

MOUNTAIN LAKE PARK, MD.

Whetsell & Browning

"DEER PARK'S BEST STORE"

Value and merit in every article sold in this Store. Merchandise of the highest standard only. We are here to serve you and help make Deer Park a greater business center. Let's co-operate to that ultimate end.

HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR PRODUCE

Are you going to Build or Repair?

LET US QUOTE YOU

The C. M. Rathbun
& Sons Company,

Mountain Lake Park, Maryland.

Mr. Farmer:

You know the advantages to be had in a Silo. We are making the best to be found in this country and at a much less price than that away from home.

H. W. Kahl & Sons,
OAKLAND, MD.

Manufacturers of Sash, Doors, Blinds, Brick, Concrete Blocks and everything in Lumber

"Boost your Home and your Home will Boost you"

MONEY.....

Represents the substance of our community. Where would you have the fruits of your labor working?

BUY AT HOME—BANK AT HOME

And the Home Community reaps the benefits.

The First National Bank
KITZMILLER, MARYLAND.

We want to see Everybody in this community Prosper.

Coffman & Fisher

KITZMILLER, MD.

Let us prove the superior worth of our goods and advantage in a home mercantile service.

FURNISHINGS FOR THE WHOLE FAMILY

Ready-to-Wear Garments
FOR ALL

There is an advantage here

WISE TO THE GAME

This is the type of man OUR community needs. The man who is "WISE to the game." The man who CAN'T be "April-fooled." HE is on to all the tricks of the mail order business. He's got them all down PAT, and so he smiles as he passes up the gold brick on his way home with his basket of home bought goods on his arm. Take a good look at this man, for we need more of his kind. The crying need of today is for more men and women who refuse to be fooled by this most gigantic swindle of modern times. Every community needs men and women who will INVESTIGATE for themselves, who will compare home [illegible] values. Let US all get wise to this game and

MONEY AT HOME

The fad for "imported" goods in this country for practically all times past has been discovered as a genuine fallacy. The European war has practically cut off the supply of these supposed superior goods and has thrown the proper light upon the merits of the domestic products. Already the fad has changed and today the popular article is the one "Made in U. S. A."

This means that millions of dollars heretofore going out of this country annually because of a mere fad will now remain in the United States and that there will be just that much more money at home and within reach of everybody. It means that many thousands of men will receive employment here making the articles which have heretofore been made in the foreign country.

During the past few years a fad has developed among the people throughout this country to do their shopping with the mail order houses. It is a fad much less warranted than that of buying the "imported" goods and has deprived the local communities of more than did the other fad deprive this great country in the way of money and home prosperity.

Through the influence of this fad the mail order houses have been reaping a great harvest. The popularity of the fad has enabled them to fleece the people in a manner which is truly shameful They have made gross misrepresentations in their catalogues and have employed many deceptive means to sell their goods to the unthinking public.

It is estima ed that several hundred thousand dollars annually is being sent fromtGarrett county and its trading district to these mail order houses. This means that just that amount of cash is being sent away never to return and the business men who have no interest whatever in this community and who do not pay one cent of taxes here profits to just that extent.

The local business people are your greatest assistance in building your community. They are your friends on all occasions and the people who will appreciate your co-operation in the effort to build a greater business community.

When misfortune befalls anyone of the community the business men are the first to be appealed to for assistance. When money must be raised for the bringing of an industry the same men are looked to for it. He is called upon to support the band, the ball team, the volunteer fire department and the many other institutions and causes for the protection, pleasure and convenience of all the people. An appeal to a mail order house for a donation in any one of these events or for any cause would be completely ignored.

This "fad" is proving a real detriment to every community throughout the country. The patrons of the mail order houses are not only receiving an inferior article in their purchases but the financial drain is retarding local development.

Grantsville

Has a mercantile establishment at the service of everybody in the community. Everything is guaranteed to be just as represented and of full value. We invite your co-operation to make this a more prosperous community.

JACOB J. BENDER,
Groceries, Flour, Feed, Harness, Hardware, Queensware, Paints. Oils, Glass, Implements, Produce, etc.

We Have the Goods

For every member of the family and furnishings for every room of the home. The quality and the prices right.

Hamill Coal & Coke Co.
BLAINE, WEST VIRGINIA.

Dry Goods, Notions, Shoes, Clothing, Furniture, Feed, Hardware, Miners' Supplies.

Community Building Is Our Aim.

We are here to serve the public and help make Kitzmiller and community a better place to live. We want to co-operate with everybody to this end.

Pool & Scothen.
GENERAL MERCHANDISE

Kitzmiller Bread!

THE BEST YET

C. J. DeROO.

Better Goods Here

And for less money than paid out of town.

Everything for the Home at 5, 10 and 25c. prices.

GULLEY & WATKINS
BLAINE, WEST VA.

THE REPUBLICAN

BENJ. H. SINCELL, EDITOR.

Entered at the Postoffice in Oakland Md., as Second-class matter.

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One copy six months.....75
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Advertising Rates made known upon Application.

Remittances may be made by Money Order, Registered Letter or Bank Draft and addressed to
THE REPUBLICAN,
Oakland, Md.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1916

NEW York has about 700,000 school children.

THE policy of chocking an individual, an enterprise or a city never was known to be helpful to normal growth.

Now that President Wilson has risen above politics he finds his own party sinking to a selfish partisan level.

THE area in square miles of the United States of America (continental) is 2,025,000; all Europe, 3,800,000.

MR. WILSON says he would rather surrender territory than ideals. But why consider the surrender of either?

IT is easy to clamor against preparedness, but those who did it in Noah's time have not had their names enshrined in history.

These are great times. In the intervals of skating one can wander in the fields and pick fresh-blooming violets and daisies.

A New York shoemaker was fined $10 for mending his own shoes on Sunday. Yes, indeed, Gotham's morals are improving and the world is growing better.

IT is estimated that the annual loss to agriculture in this country from the depredation of insects and rodents alone is $10,000,000,000—about $1 a month for every man, woman and child in the United States.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

Doubtful is it if any character in American history has been as great an inspiration to men as that of Abraham Lincoln. Washington, the soldier, the pioneer in the exemplification of the principles of free government, has ever held first place in the estimate of the youth of every generation and by all has the great first-president been revered as the master mould of true Americanism, but Lincoln, because he more intimately touched the masses and because of the obstacles he had to overcome in preparing himself for the attainment of the high position he held—these facts added to those connected with the remarkable phases of his career in most troublous times have left an indefinable impress upon every era.

Hardly any notable character has had more superlatives woven into the delineation of his life; few have had more good-intentioned, but overfanciful romances written about him; not many have had so great a number of well-meaning yet totally inaccurate principles ascribed to him as has Lincoln. But making due allowance for this inexactness, this tendency to overestimate, to exaggerate, Lincoln stands out to-day as a rare type of rugged honesty, simplicity, fair-mindedness, broad humanity, high principle and indomitable will—a character well worthy of emulation.

SOME WEATHER

The groundhog didn't see it, so he is not to blame; it's up to Old Man Winter, who got there just the same. And thus again 'tis proven, in manner that is clear, we're up against a season that certainly is queer.

The day a chap goes biking, and feels a springtime thrill, the next day he goes sledding down snow-clad street or hill. At morn he's gladly doffing his heavy overcoat, at noontime Old Man Winter swoops down and gets his goat.

One day a fellow's hearing the robins' merry lay; next day the bird has scooted to regions far away. One day a fellow's giving his rubber shoes the slip; the next day he's a victim of chills and aches and grip.

One day a fellow's chuckling because of balmy clime, and mentions that the plumberis idle all the time; nextmorning he awakens to learn that in the night a sudden change of weather froze water pipes up tight.

One day a fellow shivers, the next day he declares he's suffering from spring fever that struck him unawares. And thus, through frequent changes, vile drugs we're forced to sup, and meanwhile vainly question, Who balled this winter up?

MILLER DISTILLERY BILL PASSED HOUSE TUESDAY

To Put The Only Distillery In The County Out of Business.

STATE HOUSE, ANNAPOLIS, FEB., 16.—Shartzer's bill, prohibiting the manufacture of intoxicants in Garrett county, and aimed directly at the Miller Distillery at Accident, passed the House yesterday after a stormy session. The bill came up after the regular business had been disposed of, as a special order of the day being on its passage in the House. Shartzer immediately took the floor and asked the members of the House to stand by Garrett county on the bill, assuring them that the entire representation, including Senator Speicher, is for the bill, and telling them how badly the people of his section wanted the distillery removed.

Delegate League, of Baltimore, a member of the Temperance Committee, spoke against the bill and said it is only a "political scheme" to help somebody politically in Garrett county.

THREATENED TO "GET MILLER NEXT TIME."

Chairman Herpich, of the Allegany Delegation, took the floor in opposition to the bill and declared that it is a personal matter with Shartzer, and said that at the close of the 1914 session, a similar bill having been introduced and failed, Shartzer had threatened to "get Bill Miller next time." Mr. Herpich, referring to Shartzer's remark that "Miller is not the white-winged angel the opponents of the bill would try to make him," said "there are others from Garrett county who are not white-winged angels." He said the bill was a medium for personal spite and he hoped the House would not pass it.

Delegates Wilkinson, of Baltimore City, and Winsborow, of Worcester, spoke in favor of the bill, and Delegate Tydings, of Ha... against it.

"PREVIOUS QUESTIONS" CALLED FOR.

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The funeral of Daniel Klotz's baby was preached last Sunday in the Lutheran church by Rev. Marvin.

The Pentecostal Saints held a prayer meeting Saturday evening at Thomas Hoover's house. It was well attended and one converted to God, and others came out for prayers. The religious movement seems to be progressing rapidly.

Joe Lytle recently returned home. He was here for several weeks taking up maple lumber for the Appalachia Lumber Co., of Cincinnati, O.

CHESTNUT GROVE.

Veterinary Beavers and wife, of near Bloomington, were the guests of their parents recently.

E. A. Barnard, of Swanton, was visiting his parents, Rev. and Mrs. Barnard, Monday.

Mr. Martin Titchnell and daughter, Della, were visiting their aunt, Mrs. Leth Warnick at Windom last Sunday. Mrs. Warnick has been an invlid for several years.

Mr. William Titchnell was the guest of his daughter, Mrs. Duckworth at Bloomington, Monday night.

The family of Mr. Wilber Tasker have been sick the past week. The condition of Mrs. Joseph Paugh remains about the same, and Mrs. Mary Davis was extremely ill last week.

Mr, and Mrs. Henry Barnard were guests at the home of Rev. Barnard Sunday.

As we have been absent a week we will try again.

Our roads are in a deplorable condition, as this weather is not summer nor yet winter weather.

Several of the men from this place attended the Odd Fellows lodge at Bloomington Monday night.

A good many farmers were visitors at the county capital the first of the week.

Miss Laura Shaw, of Barton, who has been visiting her sister Amanda, for the past few days, returned home Wednesday.

The schools of this community are progressing nicely under the instruction of Miss Anna Shaw and Miss Edith Durst.

Miss Lidia Titchnell and little sister, Ada made a flying trip to Kitzmiller Friday.

Miss Anna Shaw entertained on Monday night a number of young people in honor of her sister, Miss Laura. Refreshments were served.

MOUNTAIN LAKE PARK.

The Ladies Aid of the Baptist church of Loch Lynn, were very pleasantly entertained at luncheon, at the home of Mrs. E. E. Kessner, by the U. B. Ladies Aid last Friday. The afternoon was spent very pleasantly and enjoyed by all, thanks to all concerned.

Mr. and Mrs. C. S. May, now of Grafton, W. Va., were visiting Mrs. S. E. Garthright last Friday.

Mrs. Buckwold returned from New York on Wednesday.

Elijah Rightsman was stricken with paralysis and died Thursday night and was buried at the Pleasant Valley cemetery on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Cornwall and little daughter are now visiting his mother, Mrs. L. J. Cornwall, but will soon leave for their western home in Montana where they own quite a ranch.

Mrs. Lulu Dawson is quite ill again with grip.

I made a very pleasant visit last week to our old friend, Mr. Abe Wilson, at Wilson, Md. He has partly recovered from his stroke of paralysis in his right side, and talks well, and it is a treat to any one to listen to the thrilling accounts of his early days. His devoted niece is taking most excellent care of him. He was in his wheel chair and can get around in his room in that way. If he lives until next July he will complete his hundredth year. The weight of years seem to bear rather heavily upon him. He said, "I am done for, and I wish to go home." I sang a few old hymns for him which he seemed to enjoy. He then repeated one his grand-mother used to sing, "When we've been there ten thousand years, etc." His good wishes for me were expressed most earnestly.

Rev. Barnhouse is now conducting his special meetings at Loch Lynn.

Mr. Bush Hardesty become badly choked on a piece of meat Monday and was sent to Cumberland after an effort to relieve him at Oakland.

Miller Doman made a business trip to Midland last Monday.

We, of the Park, are hoping that the purchasers of Association stock, sold last week, will prove live wires in developing the Park as Maryland's great summer resort.

Mr. L. A. Rudisill spent Sunday at home, returning to Annapolis Monday morning.

Monday morning the thermometer registered 10 degrees below zero.

SUNNYSIDE

Several cattle buyers have been in our vicinity buying young cattle. The demand for young choice cattle is pretty good, but for ordinary ones they don't seem to want any. They do not price so high as they did last year and year before.

Mr. Peter Speicher, our up-town saw miller, is now ready for business. He has a yard full of logs and still more coming in.

Quite a number of our young people attended the literary at Hauser last night. They all report a pleasant time.

Some four or six weeks ago Mr. Peter Brenneman left here for Ohio. Later, we understand he left for Iowa and his last letter says I am going farther. Our good wishes go with him for a pleasant trip, but invite him back next spring, for he is one of our leading farmers.

Mr. W. P. Welch, formerly of this place, now residing in Oakland, was calling among old friends and relatives.

Mr. Jonas Yutzy, who has been visiting his son Guy, of Thomas, W. Va., is back again.

HAUSER

It has been so long since you have heard from us that no doubt it would be agreeable to get us located again.

Our community is known as Hauser; the school as Gauer and our post office address is Oakland, while we get our mail on free rural delivery number two.

We are situated about ten miles west of Oakland and near the main road through from Oakland to Davis, W. Va. It is just two miles from the main highway to the famous Roth Rock, which is 3200 feet above sea level, and one half mile to the West Virginia state line. We can honestly boast of having one of the most beautiful farming sections and the prettiest natural scenery of anywhere in the county. For many a mile stretch on the main highway will you encounter any remarkably steep hills or find a farm that is not in good condition or at least cannot boast of a comfortable house and a spacious well painted barn.

The roads, in summer, are generally in good condition and as the mojority of farmers in this community have automobiles it is very convenient for them to do their shopping in Oakland, Davis and other large towns. The farmers also market their products for the highest market price, in Dobbin, Thomas, Henry and other nearby-towns, where sawmilling and mining are the main industries.

The school house is situated on the main highway at a convenient distance from the homes of all the thirty-eight pupils as is also our little church where we worship twice on Sunday and once during the week. There is a large and very modern Lutheran church situated about two miles from here where we attend preaching, have our harvest home, missionary and Christmas day exercises. There are, on an average about three hundred persons represented in that church. The Lutheran West Virginia and Maryland Synod met there in October where they all reported a very pleasant and successful meeting. Rev. H. E. H. Sloop is on the circuit now and is conducting a series of lectures on home and foreign missions. There will be a program rendered on February 20 for Foreign Mission day in that church.

The Gauer School Progressive Literary Society was organized a few weeks ago, the following officers being elected: Pres., Mr. Clyde C. Gnegy; Vice Pres., Mr. R. Lathrum; chairman, Mr. H. L. Gnegy; Editor, Mr. Page Gnegy, and Secretary, Miss Ada Friend. The program committee is composed of: Messrs. H. Roth, Floyd Shaffer, Robert Lathrum, L. J. Reed and Miss Ada B. Friend. The debates given on January 28 and February 11 were quite a success and the speakers held the audience enwrapped in the best of attention throughout on the questions, respectively, under discussion: "Resolved, that the Orator has more Power than the Editor," and "Resolved, that the Farmer is a greater Benefactor to the Community than the Manufacturer." The affirmative won the decision on the first and the negative on the latter.

There was also a spelling contest given by the Gauer school on Jan. 4. The teacher and part of the pupils from Slabaugh school attended. The spellers were all enthusiastic and did exceptionally well. Mr. Clyde Gnegy, formerly of Gauer school, received the highest honors as best speller.

The Progressive Literary Society will have a debate here again on February 29, the question for discussion to be: "Resolved, that Doctors are more Beneficial than Lawyers." There will also be a home talent play entitled: "A Kiss in the Dark," rendered the same night, by Miss Oda Gnegy, Miss Ada Friend, Miss Mabel Lathrum, Messrs. Thurston Cosner and Wm. Gnegy.

Miss Nina Lathrum has been spending a few weeks with her parents here, but yesterday returned to her sister, Mrs. Edward Leary, of Oakland.

Mr. Steward Roth spent a short vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. O. Roth, but returned on Feb. 4, to Hagerstown, where he again assumed his duties as fireman on the W. M. R. His many friends were sorry to say good bye again, for he was very popular and a great favorite in this community.

The stork visited the home of Mr. and Mrs. D. R. Bittner's a few days ago and left a baby boy which, we are sorry to learn, has been seriously ill since its birth.

Miss Lela Mosser is visiting her sister, Mrs. Artie Dodge, at Sunnyside.

Mrs. S. C. Mosser was called to the bed-side of her sick brother, Mr. Wm. Hollen, at Clarksburg, W. Va. She was accompanied by another brother, Mr. B. H. Hollen.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Fowler and sister, Miss Alice, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. D. O. Roth.

Messrs. Harvey A. Roth and Robert Lathrum were business callers in Oakland Tuesday.

Mr. Geo. Blamble purchased a fine three year old colt from Mr. D. O. Roth a few days ago.

Messrs. Elsworth Moon and Ernest Gortner are frequent callers in this community. Did you say you imagined you heard wedding bells?

An effort is being made to secure donations to purchase a new bell for the Red House church.

Mr. T. N. Tanner has finished his saw-milling in this section and is now removing his mill.

The weather has been eight below zero for several days here.

TRIXIE.

A Big Porker.

Mr. S. W. Slabach, of Gortner, places himself before the Garrett county pork raisers association as the champion producer. Some time ago this paper stated that a hog dressing 611 pounds had been killed in the county and invited its readers to enter into competition. Now comes Mr. Slabach with a hog dressing 622 pounds without the heart or liver; with these two very important organs weighed with the carcass it weighed 640 pounds. Who's next?

Boy Killed in Mine.

A young son of Lawrence Finzel, of Finzel, Md., was killed in a West Virginia coal mine several days ago. The body was brought home for burial today.

GARRISON'S resignation is the second bad break in the President's cabinet. Bryan quit because he, Wilson and Congress could not hit it off together. And the war in Europe is the cause of it all.

Entertainment.

The Ladies aid of Deer Park, M. E. church, will give an entertainment and festival in the Savedge Hall on the evening of Feb. 22nd, 1916. All are cordially invited. Admission free.

MRS CLARY, Sec.

SUNNYSIDE

The Sunnyside Literary society will hold its next meeting on the evening of the 12th of February. The question for discussion is "Resolved, That Monopolies and Trusts should be Abolished." The following speakers have been appointed for the occasion. Affirmative, Harry Stahl, Al Fike, Jonas Yutzy, negative, Wm. Kolb, Marshall Wolf and Ernest Soilter. A programme has been prepared for the occasion and everybody is cordially invited to spend an enjoyable evening with the society.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Yutzy spent Saturday and Sunday at the home of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Sanders at Gortner.

We are sorry to loose our valued neighbor, Mr. Hurley Blamble, who will take charge of the farm of Mr. George Shartzer near Oakland in the near future.

The new saw mill located in our vicinity, operated by Mr. Peter Spiker, is now running regular ready to do sawing for the general public.

Messrs. Jacob and Wellington Yutzy spent Sunday as the guests of Parley sisters and family.

Our school is progressing nicely with a large attendance under the management of Harry N. Turney.

Mr. Edward Kight, of Cumberland, spent a few days recently with his family at this place.

Quite a number of the young people, this place, attended the literary at Houser, also at Mason last week. All report a fine time.

Commissioners Meeting.

The County Commissioners of Garrett county, Maryland, will meet in their office in Oakland on

Monday, March 6th, 1916,

to transact general routine business.
By order of the Board,
W. G. MEYERS, Clerk.

Auditor's Notice.

F. Ernsst Brackett, et al vs. Mountain Lake Water and Light Company, et al.
No. 1951 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Notice is herebp given to the creditors of Mountain Lake Water & Light Company to file their claims against said corporation in the above entitled cause, with the Clerk of this Court properly authenticated on or before the 2nd day of March, 1916, as on the 6th day of March, 1916, I shall proceed to state an account distributing the funds in the hands of the Receivers in said cause.

EDWARD H. SINCELL,
Auditor.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters Testamentary on the estate of

GEORGE T. PORTER
late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 1st day of May 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 10th day of February 1916.

FLORENCE PORTER,
Executrix,
Oakland, Md.

Auditor's Notice.

U. O. Blocher, Trustee, vs. Frank Cuschleg.
No. 2037 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Notice is hereby given to the creditors of Frank Cuschleg, to file their claims, duly authenticated, with the Clerk of said Court in the above entitled cause on or before the 23rd day of February, 1916, as I shall then forthwith proceed to state an account distributing the funds in the hands of U. Blocher, Trustee, in said case.

EDWARD H. SINCELL,
Auditor.

Examiners' Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, appointed by the County Commissioners of Garrett County to view the lands through which the County road is to be relocated and proceed to examine said road through the lands of Truman Casteel and Thomas Bishoff and examine whether the said new road should be granted will meet on the eleventh day of March, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said building and relocation of said road, and if so, to locate the same and perform their duty in premises.

DAVID W. FRAKER,
SAMUEL GLOTFELTY
Examin

THE REPUBLICAN

BENJ. H. SINCELL, EDITOR.

Entered at the Postoffice in Oakland Md., as Second-class matter.

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THE REPUBLICAN,
Oakland, Md.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1916

NEW York has about 700,000 school children.

THE policy of chocking an individual, an enterprise or a city never was known to be helpful to normal growth.

Now that President Wilson has risen above politics he finds his own party sinking to a selfish partisan level.

THE area in square miles of the United States of America (continental) is 2,025,000; all Europe, 3,800,000.

MR. WILSON says he would rather surrender territory than ideals. But why consider the surrender of either?

IT is easy to clamor against preparedness, but those who did it in Noah's time have not had their names enshrined in history.

These are great times. In the intervals of skating one can wander in the fields and pick fresh-blooming violets and daisies.

A New York shoemaker was fined $10 for mending his own shoes on Sunday. Yes, indeed, Gotham's morals are improving and the world is growing better.

IT is estimated that the annual loss to agriculture in this country from the depredation of insects and rodents alone is $10,000,000,000—about $1 a month for every man, woman and child in the United States.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

Doubtful is it if any character in American history has been as great an inspiration to men as that of Abraham Lincoln. Washington, the soldier, the pioneer in the exemplification of the principles of free government, has ever held first place in the estimate of the youth of every generation and by all has the great first-president been revered as the master mould of true Americanism, but Lincoln, because he more intimately touched the masses and because of the obstacles he had to overcome in preparing himself for the attainment of the high position he held —these facts added to those connected with the remarkable phases of his career in most troublous times have left an indefinable impress upon every era.

Hardly any notable character has had more superlatives woven into the delineation of his life; few have had more good-intentioned, but overfanciful romances written about him; not many have had so great a number of well-meaning yet totally inaccurate principles ascribed to him as has Lincoln. But making due allowance for this inexactness, this tendency to overestimate, to exaggerate, Lincoln stands out to-day as a rare type of rugged honesty, simplicity, fair-mindedness, broad humanity, high principle and indomitable will—a character well worthy of emulation.

SOME WEATHER

The groundhog didn't see it, so he is not to blame; it's up to Old Man Winter, who got there just the same. And thus again 'tis proven, in manner that is clear, we're up against a season that certainly is queer.

The day a chap goes biking, and feels a springtime thrill, the next day he goes sledding down snow-clad street or hill. At morn he's gladly doffing his heavy overcoat, at noontime Old Man Winter swoops down and gets his goat.

One day a fellow's hearing the robins' merry lay; next day the bird has scooted to regions far away. One day a fellow's giving his rubber shoes the slip; the next day he's a victim of chills and aches and grip.

One day a fellow's chuckling because of balmy clime, and mentions that the plumberis idle all the time; nextmorning he awakens to learn that in the night a sudden change of weather froze water pipes up tight.

One day a fellow shivers, the next day he declares he's suffering from spring fever that struck him unawares. And thus, through frequent changes, vile drugs we're forced to sup, and meanwhile vainly question, Who balled this winter up?

MILLER DISTILLERY BILL PASSED HOUSE TUESDAY

To Put The Only Distillery In The County Out of Business.

STATE HOUSE, ANNAPOLIS, FEB., 16.—Shartzer's bill, prohibiting the manufacture of intoxicants in Garrett county, and aimed directly at the Miller Distillery at Accident, passed the House yesterday after a stormy session. The bill came up after the regular business had been disposed of, as a special order of the day being on its passage in the House. Shartzer immediately took the floor and asked the members of the House to stand by Garrett county on the bill, assuring them that the entire representation, including Senator Speicher, is for the bill, and telling them how badly the people of his section wanted the distillery removed.

Delegate League, of Baltimore, a member of the Temperance Committee, spoke against the bill and said it is only a "political scheme" to help somebody politically in Garrett county.

THREATENED TO "GET MILLER NEXT TIME."

Chairman Herpich, of the Allegany Delegation, took the floor in opposition to the bill and declared that it is a personal matter with Shartzer, and said that at the close of the 1914 session, a similar bill having been introduced and failed, Shartzer had threatened to "get Bill Miller next time." Mr. Herpich, referring to Shartzer's remark that "Miller is not the white-winged angel the opponents of the bill would try to make him," said "there are others from Garrett county who are not white-winged angels." He said the bill was a medium for personal spite and he hoped the House would not pass it.

Delegates Wilkinson, of Baltimore City, and Winsborow, of Worcester, spoke in favor of the bill, and Delegate Tydings, of Ha..., against it.

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As the debate proceeded it became more and more acrimonious and heated, and the "hot shot" of oratory was kept going at a lively rate. When the talkfest was at its height and there were some indications of the severing of diplomatic relations between some of the members, majority Floor Leader Bryant, of Baltimore county made a motion to take a recess until 5 o'clock, but the motion went under beneath a flood of "Noes!"

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Mr. Groundhog failed to see his shadow, this year, as his day was cloudy from sunrise to sunset.

The funeral of Daniel Klotz's baby was preached last Sunday in the Lutheran church by Rev. Marvin.

The Pentecostal Saints held a prayer meeting Saturday evening at Thomas Hoover's house. It was well attended and one converted to God, and others came out for prayers. The religious movement seems to be progressing rapidly.

Joe Lytle recently returned home. He was here for several weeks taking up maple lumber for the Appalachia Lumber Co., of Cincinnati, O.

CHESTNUT GROVE.

Veterinary Beavers and wife, of near Bloomington, were the guests of their parents recently.

E. A. Barnard, of Swanton, was visiting his parents, Rev. and Mrs. Barnard, Monday.

Mr. Martin Titchnell and daughter, Della, were visiting their aunt, Mrs. Leth Warnick at Windom last Sunday. Mrs. Warnick has been an invlid for several years.

Mr. William Titchnell was the guest of his daughter, Mrs. Duckworth at Bloomington, Monday night.

The family of Mr. Wilber Tasker have been sick the past week. The condition of Mrs. Joseph Paugh remains about the same, and Mrs. Mary Davis was extremely ill last week.

Mr, and Mrs. Henry Barnard were guests at the home of Rev. Barnard Sunday.

As we have been absent a week we will try again.

Our roads are in a deplorable condition, as this weather is not summer nor yet winter weather.

Several of the men from this place attended the Odd Fellows lodge at Bloomington Monday night.

A good many farmers were visitors at the county capital the first of the week.

Miss Laura Shaw, of Barton, who has been visiting her sister Amanda, for the past few days, returned home Wednesday.

The schools of this community are progressing nicely under the instruction of Miss Anna Shaw and Miss Edith Durst.

Miss Lidia Titchnell and little sister, Ada, made a flying trip to Kitzmiller Friday.

Miss Anna Shaw entertained on Monday night a number of young people in honor of her sister, Miss Laura. Refreshments were served.

MOUNTAIN LAKE PARK.

The Ladies Aid of the Baptist church of Loch Lynn, were very pleasantly entertained at luncheon, at the home of Mrs. E. E. Kessner, by the U. B. Ladies Aid last Friday. The afternoon was spent very pleasantly and enjoyed by all, thanks to all concerned.

Mr. and Mrs. C. S. May, now of Grafton, W. Va., were visiting Mrs. S. E. Garthright last Friday.

Mrs. Buckwold returned from New York on Wednesday.

Elijah Rightsman was stricken with paralysis and died Thursday night and was buried at the Pleasant Valley cemetery on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Cornwall and little daughter are now visiting his mother, Mrs. L. J. Cornwall, but will soon leave for their western home in Montana where they own quite a ranch.

Mrs. Lulu Dawson is quite ill again with grip.

I made a very pleasant visit last week to our old friend, Mr. Abe Wilson, at Wilson, Md. He has partly recovered from his stroke of paralysis in his right side, and talks well, and it is a treat to any one to listen to the thrilling accounts of his early days. His devoted niece is taking most excellent care of him. He was in his wheel chair and can get around in his room in that way. If he lives until next July he will complete his hundredth year. The weight of years seem to bear rather heavily upon him. He said, "I am done for, and I wish to go home." I sang a few old hymns for him which he seemed to enjoy. He then repeated one his grand-mother used to sing, "When we've been there ten thousand years, etc." His good wishes for me were expressed most earnestly.

Rev. Barnhouse is now conducting his special meetings at Loch Lynn.

Mr. Bush Hardesty become badly choked on a piece of meat Monday and was sent to Cumberland after an effort to relieve him at Oakland.

Miller Doman made a business trip to Midland last Monday.

We, of the Park, are hoping that the purchasers of Association stock, sold last week, will prove live wires in developing the Park as Maryland's great summer resort.

Mr. L. A. Rudisill spent Sunday at home, returning to Annapolis Monday morning.

Monday morning the thermometer registered 10 degrees below zero.

SUNNYSIDE

Several cattle buyers have been in our vicinity buying young cattle. The demand for young choice cattle is pretty good, but for ordinary ones they don't seem to want any. They do not price so high as they did last year and year before.

Mr. Peter Speicher, our up-town saw miller, is now ready for business. He has a yard full of logs and still more coming in.

Quite a number of our young people attended the literary at Hauser last night. They all report a pleasant time.

Some four or six weeks ago Mr. Peter Brenneman left here for Ohio. Later, we understand he left for Iowa and his last letter says I am going farther. Our good wishes go with him for a pleasant trip, but invite him back next spring, for he is one of our leading farmers.

Mr. W. P. Welch, formerly of this place, now residing in Oakland, was calling among old friends and relatives.

Mr. Jonas Yutzy, who has been visiting his son Guy, of Thomas, W. Va., is back again.

HAUSER

It has been so long since you have heard from us that no doubt it would be agreeable to get us located again.

Our community is known as Hauser; the school as Gauer and our post office address is Oakland, while we get our mail on free rural delivery number two.

We are situated about ten miles west of Oakland and near the main road through from Oakland to Davis, W. Va. It is just two miles from the main highway to the famous Roth Rock, which is 3200 feet above sea level, and one half mile to the West Virginia state line, We can honestly boast of having one of the most beautiful farming sections and the prettiest natural scenery of anywhere in the county. For many a mile stretch on the main highway will you encounter any remarkably steep hills or find a farm that is not in good condition or at least cannot boast of a comfortable house and a spacious well painted barn.

The roads, in summer, are generally in good condition and as the mojority of farmers in this community have automobiles it is very convenient for them to do their shopping in Oakland, Davis and other large towns. The farmers also market their products for the highest market price, in Dobbin, Thomas, Henry and other nearby-towns, where sawmilling and mining are the main industries.

The school house is situated on the main highway at a convenient distance from the homes of all the thirty-eight pupils as is also our little church where we worship twice on Sunday and once during the week. There is a large and very modern Lutheran church situated about two miles from here where we attend preaching, have our harvest home, missionary and Christmas day exercises. There are, on an average about three hundred persons represented in that church. The Lutheran West Virginia and Maryland Synod met there in October where they all reported a very pleasant and successful meeting. Rev. H. E. H. Sloop is on the circuit now and is conducting a series of lectures on home and foreign missions. There will be a program rendered on February 20 for Foreign Mission day in that church.

The Gauer School Progressive Literary Society was organized a few weeks ago, the following officers being elected: Pres., Mr. Clyde C. Gnegy; Vice Pres., Mr. R. Lathrum; chairman, Mr. H. L. Gnegy; Editor, Mr. Page Gnegy, and Secretary, Miss Ada Friend. The program committee is composed of: Messrs. H. Roth, Floyd Shaffer, Robert Lathrum, L. J. Reed and Miss Ada B. Friend. The debates given on January 28 and February 11 were quite a success and the speakers held the audience enwrapped in the best of attention throughout on the questions, respectively, under discussion: "Resolved, that the Orator has more Power than the Editor," and "Resolved, that the Farmer is a greater Benefactor to the Community than the Manufacturer." The affirmative won the decision on the first and the negative on the latter.

There was also a spelling contest given by the Gauer school on Jan. 4. The teacher and part of the pupils from Slabaugh school attended. The spellers were all enthusiastic and did exceptionally well. Mr. Clyde Gnegy, formerly of Gauer school, received the highest honors as best speller.

The Progressive Literary Society will have a debate here again on February 29, the question for discussion to be: "Resolved, that Doctors are more Beneficial than Lawyers." There will also be a home talent play entitled: "A Kiss in the Dark," rendered the same night, by Miss Oda Gnegy, Miss Ada Friend, Miss Mabel Lathrum, Messrs. Thurston Cosner and Wm. Gnegy.

Miss Nina Lathrum has been spending a few weeks with her parents here, but yesterday returned to her sister, Mrs. Edward Leary, of Oakland.

Mr. Steward Roth spent a short vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. O. Roth, but returned on Feb. 4, to Hagerstown, where he again assumed his duties as fireman on the W. M. R. His many friends were sorry to say good bye again, for he was very popular and a great favorite in this community.

The stork visited the home of Mr. and Mrs. D. R. Bittner's a few days ago and left a baby boy which, we are sorry to learn, has been seriously ill since its birth.

Miss Lela Mosser is visiting her sister, Mrs. Artie Dodge, at Sunnyside.

Mrs. S. C. Mosser was called to the bed-side of her sick brother, Mr. Wm. Hollen, at Clarksburg, W. Va. She was accompanied by another brother, Mr. B. H. Hollen.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Fowler and sister, Miss Alice, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. D. O. Roth.

Messrs. Harvey A. Roth and Robert Lathrum were business callers in Oakland Tuesday.

Mr. Geo. Blamble purchased a fine three year old colt from Mr. D. O. Roth a few days ago.

Messrs. Elsworth Moon and Ernest Gortner are frequent callers in this community. Did you say you imagined you heard wedding bells?

An effort is being made to secure donations to purchase a new bell for the Red House church.

Mr. T. N. Tanner has finished his saw-milling in this section and is now removing his mill.

The weather has been eight below zero for several days here.

TRIXIE.

A Big Porker.

Mr. S. W. Slabach, of Gortner, places himself before the Garrett county pork raisers association as the champion producer. Some time ago this paper stated that a hog dressing 611 pounds had been killed in the county and invited its readers to enter into competition. Now comes Mr. Slabach with a hog dressing 622 pounds without the heart or liver; with these two very important organs weighed with the carcass it weighed 640 pounds. Who's next?

Boy Killed in Mine.

A young son of Lawrence Finzel, of Finzel, Md., was killed in a West Virginia coal mine several days ago. The body was brought home for burial today.

GARRISON'S resignation is the second bad break in the President's cabinet. Bryan quit because he. Wilson and Congress could not hit it off together. And the war in Europe is the cause of it all.

Entertainment.

The Ladies aid of Deer Park, M. E. church, will give an entertainment and festival in the Savedge Hall on the evening of Feb. 22nd, 1916. All are cordially invited. Admission free.

MRS CLARY, Sec.

SUNNYSIDE

The Sunnyside Literary society will hold its next meeting on the evening of the 12th of February. The question for discussion is "Resolved, That Monopolies and Trusts should be Aboliished." The following speakers have been appointed for the occasion. Affirmative, Harry Stahl, Al Fike, Jonas Yutzy, negative, Wm. Kolb, Marshall Wolf and Ernest Soilter. A programme has been prepared for the occasion and everybody is cordially invited to spend an enjoyable evening with the society.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Yutzy spent Saturday and Sunday at the home of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Sanders at Gortner.

We are sorry to loose our valued neighbor, Mr. Hurley Blamble, who will take charge of the farm of Mr. George Shartzer near Oakland in the near future.

The new saw mill located in our vicinity, operated by Mr. Peter Spiker, is now running regular ready to do sawing for the general public.

Messrs. Jacob and Wellington Yutzy spent Sunday as the guests of Parley sisters and family.

Our school is progressing nicely with a large attendance under the management of Harry N. Turney.

Mr. Edward Kight, of Cumberland, spent a few days recently with his family at this place.

Quite a number of the young people, this place, attended the literary at Houser, also at Mason last week. All report a fine time.

Commissioners Meeting.

The County Commissioners of Garrett county, Maryland, will meet in their office in Oakland on

Monday, March 6th, 1916,

to transact general routine business.
By order of the Board.
W. G. MEYERS, Clerk.

Auditor's Notice.

F. Ernsst Brackett, et al vs. Mountain Lake Water and Light Company, et al. No. 1951 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Notice is hereby given to the creditors of Mountain Lake Water & Light Company to file their claims against said corporation in the above entitled cause, with the Clerk of this Court properly authenticated on or before the 2nd day of March, 1916, as on the 6th day of March, 1916, I shall proceed to state an account distributing the funds in the hands of the Receivers in said cause.

EDWARD H. SINCELL,
Auditor.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters Testamentary on the estate of

GEORGE T. PORTER

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 1st day of May 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 10th day of February 1916.

FLORENCE PORTER,
Executrix,
Oakland, Md.

Auditor's Notice.

U. O. Blocher, Trustee, vs. Frank Cuschleg.

No. 2387 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Notice is hereby given to the creditors of Frank Cuschleg, to file their claims, duly authenticated, with the Clerk of said Court in the above entitled cause on or before the 23rd day of February, 1916, as I shall then forthwith proceed to state an account distributing the funds in the hands of U. Blocher, Trustee, in said case.

EDWARD H. SINCELL,
Auditor.

Examiners' Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, appointed by the County Commissioners of Garrett County to view the lands through which the County road is to be relocated and proceed to examine said road through the lands of Truman Casteel and Thomas Bishoff and examine whether the said new road should be granted will meet on the eleventh day of March, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said building and relocation of said road, and if so, to locate the same and perform their duty in premises.

DAVID W. FRAKER,
SAMUEL GLOTFELTY
Examin

THE

GARRETT NATIONAL BANK

OF OAKLAND, MARYLAND

INVITES accounts of individuals, firms and corporations on the most liberal terms consistent with safe banking. With a Capital of $50,000.00, earned Surplus and Undivided Profits over $65,000.00 and Deposits over $500,000.00, this Bank offers its patrons abundant resources, coupled with the highest type of service. Three per cent. interest paid on Time and Savings Accounts. Safe Deposit Boxes for rent.

OFFICERS

G. S. HAMILL, President. D. E. OFFUTT, Jr., Vice President.
G. A. FRALEY, Cashier. H. L. JONES, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS

GILMOR S. HAMILL, DANIEL E. OFFUTT, Jr. J. T. MITCHELL, CHAS. S. DAVIS
JOSEPH E. HARNED. GEORGE A. FRALEY, HARLAND L. JONES

Here are three reasons for buying a Studebaker

1—We could not afford to sell you an inferior buggy any more than you could afford to buy one.

2—Studebaker cannot afford to build an inferior article.

3—"Because it's a Studebaker"—backed by years of experience in building buggies.

We want to show you a buggy that Studebakers made. Then you will know *why* it's the one to buy.

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.

Mr. Harry Hague, of near Cranesville, W. Va., spent part of this week in Oakland.

Merchant W. C. Jones, of Deer Park, was a business visitor to Oakland on Monday.

Miss Grace Laffey, recently of Oakland, is at Keyser, W. Va., where she is visiting her sister.

Dr. Arnold Scherr and family, of Eglon, W. Va., spent a part of yesterday in Oakland with relatives.

Miss Edna Shank returned home last Wednesday from an extended visit to her sister, Mrs. Downs, at Confluence, Pa.

FOR SALE—A number of gas heaters. Apply to John J. Sweeney, Oakland, Md. Adv.

Mrs. Lewis Walter and daughter, Genevieve spent last Saturday in Deer Paak where they were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Dave Walter.

Justice of the Peace Rudisill will be in his office on Saturday of this week, expecting to arrive from Annapolis on an early morning train that day.

SMALL FARM FOR SALE—Bargain. Apply to P. O. Box 73, Swanton, Md. Adv. 48tf

Mr. D. E. Offutt, Sr., who was taken ill early in the winter, has improved so much recently that he was down town yesterday shaking hands with his many friends.

Mrs. J. Gordon Mealy, assisted by Mrs. A. Moore, delightfully entertained the Thimble club, an organization of the ladies of the M. E. church, on last Thursday evening.

Mr. W. R. Pendergast, of Hutton, was in Baltimore and Annapolis Monday. At the latter city Mr. Pendergast was much interested in the State buildings and so expressed himself.

Former Policeman Bartlett B. Nethken, who has been at Ralphton, Pa., for about a month, returned to Oakland last Saturday and on Monday moved his household effects to that town where he has secured employment.

WANTED—Seven to fifteen acres of land with a dwelling on it, adjacent to one of the following places: Oakland, Mt. Lake, Terra Alta, Kingwood, Albright or Reedsville. I can pay from fifteen hundred to two thousand dollars for it. Address 142 Lorentz ave., Morgantown, W. Va. Adv. 49-3t

Mrs. Harvey J. Speicher, of Accident, was the guest yesterday of Dr. and Mrs. Webster Ravenscroft at their home near town, returning to Accident yesturday afternoon accompanied by Mrs. Ravenscroft and Miss Bess Hendrickson.

Mr. Thomas J. Browning, chairman of the Democratic County Committee for this county spent last Thursday and Friday in Annapolis, having gone there to file with Governor Harrington the committee recommendations for civil appointments in Garrett county. Mr. Browning returned to Oakland on Saturday.

Sincell's annual bargain sale will open Feb. 10th and continue until Feb. 19th. Adv.

Secretary L. A. Rudisill of the Mountain Lake Park Association, spent last Saturday in Oakland making transfers of some of the stock of the Association to other parties alleged to have purchased the same. The stock transferred may mean a reorganization of the Association along other lines, but not until after July 1st or later.

FOR SALE—Twenty-five acres improved farm land located on the Oakland-Gortner State Road, two miles South of Oakland. Easy terms. Call on or write Harry Helbig, Oakland, Md. Advertisement 51 tf

FOR RENT—Three unfurnished rooms. J. G. Mealy, Oakland. Adv.

Mr. Roy Hinebaugh, of Keyser, W. Va., spent Tuesday in this city.

Mr. Wade H. Lohr, of Swanton, was a business visitor in Oakland Tuesday morning.

Miss Ella Lipscomb, of near Deer Park, spent Tuesday in Oakland shopping.

Miss Mary Harsch, of the C. & P. telephone office, is visiting relatives at Uniontown, Pa.

Messrs. Allen Yaste and Lloyd Durst, both of Lonaconing, Md., spent part of Saturday in this city.

Rev. Dr. John Howard returned last Thursday morning from a brief visit to Baltimore and Annapolis.

Miss Ada Leighton, of Terra Alta, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. M. Falkenstein, on Third street.

FOR SALE—Cheap, A fine fox gun complete with case and rods. A. J. King, Deer Park. Adv.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel B. Aronhalt entertained a number of their young friends very delightfully on last Thursday evening.

Mrs. Florence White returned to her home in Oakland Tuesday after spending two weeks in Westernport, Md., the guest of relatives.

Miss Jane Ralston, of Frostburg, was the guest for several days recently of her aunt, Mrs. Thomas R. McRobie at her home on Third street.

State Fish Commissioner William A. Smith, of Hoyes, spent a day or two in Cumberland and other points in Allegany county last week.

MONEY TO LOAN—On real estate. Renninger & Offutt, Attorneys at Law, Garrett National Bank building, Oakland, Md. Adv. 51 4t*

Mrs. John G. Robinson, of Accident, who visited her mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Hinebaugh in Oakland for ten days, returned to Accident last Saturday morning.

Former Sheriff Bert C. Scott, of Hutton, spent Tuesday in Oakland where he was engaged in closing up some business matters in connection with his late office.

Miss Vivian Birchdorf, of Terra Alta, who spent several days in Oakland with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Notley Browning, returned home on last Friday afternoon.

County Treasurer Christian A. Beachy, of Grantsville, came up to Oakland last Friday afternoon and remained here until Saturday looking after the business of his office.

Mr. James R. VanCleve, of Flint, Michigan, general sales manager of the Dort Automobile Company, was in Oakland last Sunday where he was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Sincell.

Mrs. J. H. Howard is on a visit to her son, Dr. Howard, at Rowlesburg, W. Va., in which town he recently located for the purpose of practicing medicine and is meeting with much success.

Mr. Courtney Wilson, one of the energetic young farmers and stock dealers of the Potomac Valley section of Garrett county, was in the city Tuesday when he called at this office on business.

State Senator H. J. Speicher came up to Garrett county from Annapolis last Friday night and went from here to his home in Accident after the arrival of train No. 1, where he remained until Sunday afternoon, when he returned to Annapolis on train No. 12.

Former Senator R. T. Browning, Editor H. A. Rasche, of the Mountain Democrat, and Election Supervisor J. M. Stanton, all of Oakland, made a pilgrimage to the State Capital on Monday.

Dr. R. A. Ravenscroft, of Accident, accompanied Senator Speicher to Oakland Sunday afternoon and after his arrival here he was taken ill with lagrippe and was compelled to remain in Oakland as a result for two or three days before he returned home.

Mr. Joseph McComas returned to St. John's College, Annapolis, Sunday night after an enforced vacation spent at home owing to the outbreak of scarlet fever at the school, but which is now under control and the school reopened Monday to complete the school year.

Mrs. Benj. H. Sincell left Oakland yesterday for Gettysburg, Pa., where she will visit her son Morris Sincell, a student at Pennsylvania College in that town. Before returning to Oakland Mrs. Sincell will also visit Rev. and Mrs. E. Manges at their home in York, Pa.

Mr. J. Lee McComas, of Brooklyn, N. Y., youngest son of the late Dr. J. Lee McComas and brother of Dr. Henry W. McComas, of Oakland, who has been here since the death of the former, returned to Brooklyn last Friday night where he is engaged in laboratory work in connection with a plating establishment.

In another column of this paper today Mr. Stuart F. Hamill advertises at private sale his residence located on Alder street and also five desirable building lots fronting on Liberty street in Oakland. The dwelling advertised by Mr. Hamill is a modern home, recently completed and has all the latest conveniences.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

FOR SALE

My Residence on Alder Street, Oakland, Md., consisting of two town lots, comprising one half acre, new house just recently erected, containing eight rooms and bath, and cellar under the entire house, comprising coal bin, fruit closet, furnace room and cellar. The house is lighted throughout with electric lights and gas, five to ten lights in each room, and open gas fire places in all rooms, stationary wash tubs in cellar, also instantaneous water heater, supplying hot water at all times, night or day, and hot water heating plant throughout the house, and all other conveniences necessary to make a comfortable home. Said house is finished entirely in hardwood. Also new stable or garage, 28x30, large room for automobile or carriages, three stalls, one box, large loft and all necessary feed boxes with automatic shoots.

Said property is enclosed in a new iron fence.

Five desirable building lots on Liberty street, running from Liberty street to the railroad, with large building, 30 x 60, located on the railroad switch, and suitable for manufacturing purposes or storage. Said lots will be sold separately or all together to suit purchaser. For prices and particulars apply to

STUART F. HAMILL,
Oakland, Md.

Subscribe for The Republican.

SANITARY SURVEY BEING MADE

State Board of Health Representative Here for That Purpose.

Mr. J. Franklin Diggs, Jr., assistant engineer of the State Board of Health of Maryland, has been in Oakland all the present week making a survey of the water and sewerage system of the town for the purpose of comparison and to enter in a permanent record the condition of the water and sewerage system as they at present exist.

During his stay in Oakland Mr. Diggs is being assisted in his work by City Engineer, Harry Lowenstein, who is in charge of the system.

THE DEATH RECORD.

MRS. BLANCHE BENSON KELLEY.

Mrs. Blanche Benson Kelley, daughter of the late E. D. Benson, the well known gun smith of Terra Alta, and wife of Chas. Kelley, of near Red House, Md., died January 21, 1916, while on the way to the Davis, West Virginia Hospital for treatment. She is survived by her husband and five small children who will sadly miss the mother's care and the mother's guiding hand; also two sisters, Mrs. M. L. Bratherton, of Chillicothe, Ohio, Mrs. W. F. Kelley, of Terra Alta, W. Va., and three brothers, D. A. Benson, of St. Petersburg, Fla., Robert Benson, of Smithfield, Pa., and George Benson, of Akron, Ohio. She was a gentle, kind and devoted mother, the greatest tribute to womankind. She was an intelligent woman and had an exceedingly kind and loving disposition and was greatly liked by all who knew her. The funeral was preached January 23, at the M. E. church, Terra Alta, W. Va., by the Rev. C. H. King, and she was laid to rest in the Terra Alta cemetery. Thus a mother has gone to await the coming of the ones that she so tenderly cared for during her brief life.

ELIJAH WRIGHTSMAN.

Elijah Wrightsman, aged 62 years, 4 months and 13 days, died at his home in Loch Lynn Heights last Saturday of cerebral hemorrhage. His funeral took place Monday with interment in the Pleasant Valley burying ground. Mr. Wrightsman is survived by a number of children.

J. WILLIAM BLOCHER.

J. William Blocher, aged 40 years, a native of Garrett county, died at 12.30 o'clock Tuesday morning at the Miner's Hospital Frostburg, after undergoing an operation for cancer of the abdomen.

He was a prosperous farmer of Garrett county, residing on his own farm, near "Johnson's." He leaves a wife, whose maiden name was McKenzie. The following brothers and sisters are also bereaved: Brad and Bruce Blocher and Mrs. William Turner, of Garrett county; Scott and Harry Blocher, of Chicago.

The funeral was held this morning. Burial in St. Anne's cemetery, Garrett county.

M. L. SNYDER.

A telegram was received in Oakland yesterday morning announcing the death, at Pittsburgh, of Mr. M. L. Snyder, after a very short illness. The deceased was the brother-in-law of Mrs. M. M. Ashby, of Oakland, and visited in Oakland and other parts of the county several weeks last summer.

For Sale.

Large and small farms; a tract of virgin timber; property for rent; one house at $2; several snaps; apply quick. Box 73, Swanton, Md. Adv. 50-3t *

Hart's Fall Goods.

DRESS GOODS

LARGER AND BETTER THAN EVER.

Ladies and Childrens Suits and Coats

In the above line we have beauty and style. Prices will surprise you. See them.

CORSETS—We are now handling the Warner Rustproof Corset. Better known and best on the market.

UNDERWEAR—Everything in Underwear for Men, Women and Children, Wool and Cotton.

Complete line Laces, Dress Trimmings, Silks, Neckwear, etc.

ALDER ST. HART'S OAKLAND.

Special Reduction Sale

To Reduce my stock I have determined to make the following big reductions for cash during February.

All Men's Suits that were $20.00, we now offer at - - - - $15.00

All Men's Suits that were $15.00, we now offer at - - - - $11.00

CHEAPER SUITS AT PROPORTIONATE REDUCTIONS.

Boy's Suits that were $8.50 and $9.00, we now offer at - - - $6.50

Boy's Suits that were $7.00 and $7.50, we now offer at - - - $5.50

Boy's Suits that were $5.50 and $6.00, we now offer at - - - $4.50

Boy's Suits that were $4.00 and $5.00, we now offer at - - - $3.50

Boy's Suits that were $3.50, we now offer at - - - - - $2.50

Boy's Suits that were $3.00, we now offer at - - - - $2.25

Boy's Suits that were $2.50, we now offer at - - - - - $1.75

1 Lot Beacon Shoes that were $3.00, we now offer at - - - $2.50

1 Lot Beacon Shoes that were $3.50, we now offer at - - - $2.90

1 Lot Beacon Shoes that were $4.00, we now offer at - - - $3.25

OTHER SPECIAL BARGAINS IN SHOES.

and see.

Yours tr

E. A. WEIMER.

Home Merchant vs. M. O. Houses

"GOOD ENOUGH FOR CHILDREN."

There are comparatively few grown people who have so little regard for their personal comfort as to take a chance on getting shoes from the mail order house. They are to particular about the fit. Those who have tried it have been thoroughly convinced of the folly of attempting to get a satisfactory shoe service at a long distance.

However, many of those who will not endure the tortures of wearing ill fitting shoes themselves but impose the hardships on their children. This is truly a tragedy on the helpless little one. It is at this time that the feet are being shaped for a lifetime. The bones are soft and in their rapid growth are forced to take the shape of the shoe placed upon them. One pair of ill fitting shoes will bring about a condition which will mar their comfort and happiness for the remainder of their days. This will start a corn or bunion which will cause untold suffering for years. The bones of the foot are thrown into an unnatural position which will make a comfortable fit impossible from that time on.

This fault economy is very often practised by parents who are devoted to their children and who are vitally interested in their future welfare. They are striving to give these children the proper education to fit them for the battle of life and are careful about their social environments. Yet they are unconsciously inflicting an injury which may contract much of the good training and influence. Physical comfort is one of the essentials in a successful business or professional career.

MAKE THEM CHEAP!

Not long ago a manager of a furniture concern in this state was looking over the catalogue of one of the leading mail order houses of this country. He spied the illustration of a very good looking table which was advertised for One Dollar f. o. b. the factory. While the description of the table related the fact that it was a very substantitable, made of select wood and well furnished he figured that he could make a legitimate profit, especially in the fact that shipments were made from the mill and there would be no investment on the part of the Chicago people who sold it.

The factory manufacturer wrote to the mail order house as to the possibility of getting his business. There was a prompt reply to the effect that the mail order house would take their entire output providing that the price was right and the writer added "make them cheap, remember we never see the tables." Under these conditions the furniture manufacturer figured that he could sell the table for sixty-five cents, there being no restrictions as to the material and workmanship. In reply to his bid of sixty-five cents, making the mail order house a profit of thirty-five cents without a penny invested, the Chicago firm's reply in substances was this: "Nothing doing, we can buy all we want for forty-nine cents."

Here the mail order house is getting more than one hundred per cent on their sales, without one cent invested, without freight bill or having to see the goods they are handing out to the public. In addition to this immense profit without an investment the mail order house has use of your money for a period of at least thirty days.

There is certainly some significance attached to the statement of the mail order houses letter "make them cheap, remember we never see the tables." If your local dealer would attempt to sell you such tables as that you would take it as an insult to your intelligence and respectability.

DEER PARK

Deer Park is well on the way to become a much more important trading point and at the present rate of progress will be recognized as one of the most important in Garrett county. Since the firm of Whetsell & Browning entered business there last August the business of the community has been practically doubled. This means that it has been made more attractive for the people of that community in many ways and by this improvement everybody in that section of the county have been benefitted.

It is the old story of the "young blood" taking charge of the situation and the instalation of modern business ideas. Mr. C. H. Browning, who is in charge of the business, is formerly of Oakland where he received his business training. He was well known to many of the people there before entering business in that community and his worth to the community was known to those who knew him. He has had the confidence of everybody since locating there and is daily growing in their esteem.

The modern business methods of the new firm has met with the approval of all the people. The better class and more modern goods have been the means of keeping much of the trade at home which was formerly going to other trading centers. The good care which has been taken of the producers of the community in the way of handling their products to the best possible advantage has made many friends for the firm.

This big store now carries a fine line of dry goods, notions, groceries, shoes and everything for the home with furnishings for every member of the family. Through the agency for one of the best known tailoring companies in the country they are in position to furnish high class tailormade clothing to the men and young men.

This store will be to the people of the Deer Park community just what the people there will permit Mr. Browning to make it. With reasonable co-operation he will give them a store such as will compete in every way with the large mercantile establishments of the metropolitan cities and will make a market for their products which will prove a great advantage to them. The influence of this business house will be far reaching and will bring about a direct benefit to every individual of the entire community.

While Mr. Browning is there working for the betterment of that community the millionaires at the head of the mail order houses are contributing their efforts and money toward the betterment of New York and Chicago. Your patronage is your co-operation in community building.

MOUNTAIN LAKE PARK.

No matter what the natural conditions may be no business community is better than what it is made to be by the people residing there. Although the country may be rich with coal, oil or some other valuable mineral it must be developed and marketed so as to reap the benefit in the right place—at home. In the midst of the richest natural gas territory in West Virginia, in many instances, the local people are paying a higher rate for gas than people who consume the gas a long distance away. This condition came about for lack of local co-operation and interest in the home community.

All Garrett county can well be termed a rich community. Through farming and other industries there is a sufficient amount produced here to make this one of the most prosperous communities in the country and while it must be said that prosperity prevails here to a certain degree it is also a fact that with a complete co-operation of all the people many times greater benefits could be realized throughout the entire county.

The value of a farm is regulated largely by its proximity to a live town or trading point, a place where the products of the farm can be marketed to an advantage and where shopping can be done in a satisfactory manner. In other words the town or trading point is there for the convenience of the people of that community and the extent of this convenience depends entirely upon the support which it receives from the people of the community. Then, with a complete co-operation of the farmer and business men all are made more prosperous.

In order to give an illustration at home we will site you to Mt. Lake Park. There are many farmers in that section of the county who do not find it convenient to come to Oakland to do their shopping and who do not find it profitable to make the trip here to market a small quantity of produce. It is convenient, however, to run into Mt. Lake Park and if the stores there are justified in carrying a large stock of goods the business men of that place will supply the demand. They will make their stores just as good as the patrons of the community will permit them.

The big store of Harvey Brothers at Mt. Lake Park reflects credit upon the entire community and it must be said that the people there are receiving a great mercantile service at the hands of this firm. It is an establishment which deserves the support of every resident of the community and which is well designed to assist in community building. This great mercantile establishment not only serves the people with high class merchandise at the right prices but makes a most satisfactory market for every product of the farmer.

In order to make it a complete community store Harvey Brothers have stocked the store with goods to fill every want of the people. There is an immense stock of dry goods, notions, groceries, hardware, farming implements, flour and feed. There is a handsome line of high class shoes with style and fit for every member of the family. To supply the demand for men's and young men's clothing orders are taken for one of the leading tailoring establishments of the country.

For the producer this establishment affords a market for every product of the community. In addition buying the farm products.

For the producer this establishment affords a market for every product of the community. In addition to buying the farm products this firm buys mine props and ties. In all this can well be termed a great community market and shopping place where the most reliable goods are sold at the right prices and where the produces of the farmer can be disposed of at the best prices.

It therefore behooves every property owner and resident of thrt vicinity to make Mt. Lake as large a business center as possible. The Messrs. Harvey are business men of ability and are citizens of worth to the community. They are community builders of the highest type and to co-operate with them means to assist in making Mt. Lake Park and community more prosperous and a better place in which to live.

THE C. M. RATHBUN SONS CO.

Such an establishment as that owned and operated by The C. M. Rathbun Son's Co. is seldom found outside of the larger towns and cities. Mt. Lake Park is fortunate indeed in having such an establishment as this in their community. It not only affords a market for a great amount of lumber and other material produced in this section but gives employment to a number of men. In addition to this the people of this vicinity have a supply of high class building material and supplies right at their door.

Here are some of the things manufactured and handled by this firm: Building materials, siding, flooring, ceiling, frames, roofing, building paper, screen doors and windows, building lime, cement, brick, hardware tools and cutlery, sporting goods, gas stoves, gas fixtures, oils, paint brushes. Their specialties are sash, doors and blinds, interior finish, mouldings and porch work.

GRANTSVILLE.

A sleighing party drove to Addison, Pa., on Thursday night and took supper at the Rush Hotel, the menu being most elaborate and palatable and greatly enjoyed by the guests who included Misses Beulah, Esther and Hazel Engle, Ethel Broadwater, Jennie Lee, Winifred Bonig, Angela Getty and Hazel Younkin; Messrs. Wm. Gnagey, John Livengood, Emmons Younkin, Clay Stanton and Forest Beachy. After the supper a dance was held in the hotel dining room, music being furnished by Emmons Younkin. The trip was made in J. A. Beachy's big sled.

The Salisbury basketball team played our boys in the Broadwater hall Saturday night, the game resulting in a score of 21 9 in favor of Grantsville. A number of Salisbury people accompanied the players. A dance was held in the hall after the game.

Mrs. Ida Hershberger has had her home remodeled by building a new kitchen, and adding a heating plant, bath room and other improvements which add greatly to the attractiveness and comfort of the home. Painting and papering are in progress at present.

Squire Peter L. Nathan was taken to Allegany Hospital, Cumberland, on Tuesday for examination and treatment, he being ill with a complication of maladies. He remained under the care of a Cumberland specialist until Saturday when he was brought home by M. J. Miller in his car and will continue treatment at home. Miss Gertrude Hone, Mr. Nathan's niece, accompanied him to and from the hospital.

The little "Dutch College" (as the Amish school near Grantsville is called) has been closed the past two weeks, owing to the illness of the teacher, Miss Carrie Horchler, who has been suffering with scarlatina, but she is now almost recovered and, fortunately, as none of her pupils have contracted the disease she will be able to resume her duties shortly.

Miss Gertrude, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Beachy of the Mountain, has been ill with scarlatina.

The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Miller has contracted whooping cough. Clyde, the older brother, is recovering from pneumonia.

Miss Ruth Keller has been quite sick with grip and tonsilitis for several days. In consequence her pupils have been granted a brief holiday until their teacher's recovery.

Mrs. Frank Peterson has been suffering with acute indigestion. Her mother, Mrs. Sophia Bonig, who has been quite ill, remains in the same condition.

The Adult Bible Class of the Lutheran Sunday School held a social on Tuesday night at the Stone House Farm, Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Miller being host and hostess. Refreshments, consisting of ice cream, cake, and cocoa, were provided by members of the class and games and music were the diversion. The guests included Mr. and Mrs. Richard Younkin, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Diefenbach and daughter, Miss Carrie, Mr. and Mrs. Menno Miller and little son, Philip, Mr. and Mrs. Mark T. Bender, Dr. and Mrs. J. A. Carney, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Loechel, Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Zeller, Messrs. William Winterberg, George Younkin and daughter, Nina, William Schafer, Christ Merbaugh, Frank Younkin, Asa Miller, Mrs. Albert Swauger and daughter, Irma, Mrs. Joel Miller, Mrs. Irene Hayes, Mrs. C. B. Getty, Misses Dorothy and Hazel Younkin, Esther Engle, Evelyn Beachy, Winifred Bonig, Maggie Cuppett, Katherine Crone, Masters Henry Bonig and Webster Bittinger. The class members were indebted to Menno Miller, Clarence Loechel and George Younkin for driving them to and from in auto and carriages. The old farm-house, with its new heating plant installed, was delightfully warm and pleasant and the guests all enjoyed the evening and the drive.

BITTINGER.

The ladies of the Women's Home Missionary society were pleasantly entertained by Mrs. C. E. Ellithorp, at her home, on Wednesday afternoon of last week.

Andrew J. Oester had the misfortune to slip and fall a few days ago, sustaining considerable injury to his left knee, which has kept him indoors since the accident.

Clyde Broadwater returned last Wednesday from a few days visit with friends over in Pennsylvania.

Frank Brenneman spent the early part of last week in Oakland, where he transacted business with the Board of County Commissioners.

Perry H. Broadwater recently sold his splendid farm, near here, to his two sons, Messrs. Chauncey and Clyde, and Mr. Broadwater now expects to live a retired life.

While returning from a marketing trip to Lonaconing some days ago Clarence Stephens, of near this place, was taken ill and was sheltered in the home of Columbus Broadwater, some miles from New Germany, where he is now very ill of pheumonia.

The little sun-beams that filter through the curtains at the State House seem to confuse the vision of the general public and many are not quite certain whether the Shartzer bill or Silver Bill will be finally sustained for the unfavorable report of the Temperance Committee.

Subscribe for the Republican.

For Sale.

Having rented my farm I offer the following at private sale: Two young Horses, good weight; 4 Jersey Cows, 40 Tons baled Hay, 6 tons baled Straw, some loose hay and straw, a lot of Oats, Corn and Wheat, 1 Sleigh, 1 Buggy, 1 New Sled, Plow, Harrows and Cultivators, 1 good Surrey, Harness of all descriptions. Call on or address George Shartzer, Oakland, Md. Adv. 49

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice That the subscriber has obtained from the orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

MARGARET E. GRIFFITH

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 14th day of July 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this thirteenth day of January, 1916.

FRED. A. THAYER,
Administrator Margaret E. Griffith.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

JOEL J. MILLER

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 13th day of July 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 13th day of January, 1916.

JONAS B. MILLER,
Administrator,
Grantsville, Md.

Examiners' Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned appointed by the County Commissioners of Garrett County, to view the lands through which the new road is prayed to be examined commencing at Garrett gate and passing through the lands of Edith Hileman, Abell Friend and Hiram Humberson to intersect the Morgantown road at or near John Meyer's house, and examine whether the said new road should be granted will meet on the 26th day of February, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said building of said new road, and if so, to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

C. W. FRIEND,
W. F. MEYERS,
S. K. FRAZEE,
Examiners.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters Testamentary on the estate of

MARY RATHBUN

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 13th day of July 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 13th day of January, 1916.

FRANK E. RATHBUN,
Executor,
Oakland, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters Testamentary on the estate of

JONAS D. BRENNEMAN

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 13th day of July 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 13th day of January, 1916.

LYDIA BRENNEMAN,
Executrix,
Grantsville, Md.

Examiners' Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, appointed by the County Commissioner of Garrett County, to view the lands through which the Road leading from Avilton to the Pike through the lands of Elias Arnold road, and examine whether the said road should be Relocated will meet on the 25th day of February, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said relocation of said road, and if so, to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

LEWIS H. BROADWATER,
J. O. WILHELM,
ERNEST Z. MICHAEL,
Examiners.

Set tle the Silo Question and Settle it for Good

Do away with painting, repairing and tightening of hoops.

Know that your silo won't blow over.

Be sure of perfect silage at all times.

Build the worryless, efficient.

Natco Imperishable Silo. "The silo that lasts for generations."

Its hollow, vitrified, clay tile are impervious to air and moisture; they preserve the silage sweet and juicy.

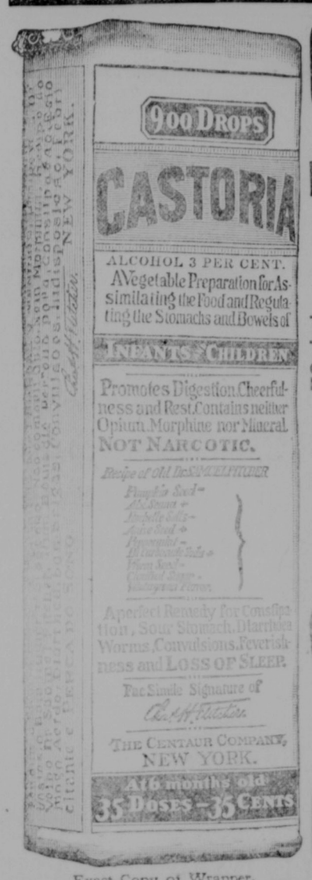
The dead air space in the wall resists frost making it the silo for cold climates.

Its a silo of efficiency, and a silo you'll be proud of.

For further information address, The National Fire Proofing Company, Pittsburgh, Pa., or, W. C. DeBerry, Oakland, Md.

P. S. A liberal discount is given on silos ordered before Feb. 1st. Discount becomes smaller each succeeding month.

LOST.—A collie dog; answers to the name of "Snookie," reward will be paid if returned to Paul E. Mitchell, Oakland, Md. Advertisement.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

THE CITY'S BEST

MEAT MARKET

IN THE EMPIRE BUILDING.

Choice Steak, Boiling Meat, and all other kinds of meat. Highest cash price paid for Poultry and Eggs; also cash paid for Hides and Skins.

H. L. MILLER

WALTER'S OSCILLATING Sleds

ONE year's time without interest, for you to buy a pair of these genuine J. W. WALTER'S HAND MADE WHITE OAK OSCILLATING BOB SLEDS. Come and get a pair while they last. Use them all the rest of this winter and most of next before paying one cent. Workmanship and material guaranteed.

I have several pairs on hand now and they must go to make room for my new spring stock that is coming in. Yours

J. W. WALTER,

DEER PARK, MD.

SINCELL'S

20th Annual Cash Converting Sale

This special sale is put on for the purpose of converting our stock of $6,600.00 worth of High-grade Clothing, Shoes and Furnishings for men, women and children into cash. We invite the public to inspect this stock. Bring your catalogues with you and make a comparison between this stock and the goods of the Mail Order Houses and be convinced that our prices are lower than the lowest. The open winter has caused us to make this sacrifice and we know that no one has ever before quoted such extremely low prices. Now is your time to make good. Don't put it off, but be sure to be on time to secure some of these splendid bargains.

Clark's O. N. T. Cotton
3 Spools to each customer for 10 cts

Hem Stitched Hdkfs
Regular 10 cent ones for only 3 cts

Women's Suits
From last season are in this sale at $3.00 each, worth up to $20.00

Women's Shoes
In this sale we include Queen Quality Shoes some as low as $1.00 and up to $2.25. In most cases these goods are worth $4.00

Children's Shoes
We include our entire stock of Children's shoes to sell at 19 cts. up to $1.25. These goods sell readily up to $3.00 a pair.

Middy Blouses
In all sizes with plain or colored collars at 39 cts. Don't miss these; they are what every girl wants.

Embroideries
Ebmroideries in endless variety.
5000 yards Emb. edge worth up to 28 cts. for 15 cts.
5000 yards, worth up to 15 cts. for 8 cts.
1 lot Emb. at 3 cts.

10,000 Yards Lace
Laces worth 6, 8, 10, for 4 cts.
Laces worth 15 cts. for 7 cts.

Emb. Flouncing
Worth up to 75 cts. Entire stock on sale at 21 cts.

Umbrellas
A good Umbrella worth $1.25 for 79 cts.

Men's All Linen Collars
300 dozen 15 ct. quality at 10 cts. or 3 for 29 cts.
Any style, size or shape.

Men's Rubber Shoes
$1.00 Rubbers for 75 cts. Get them and avoid the grip.

Women's Rubbers
Rubbers that sell for 75 cts. for 55 cts. Children's rubbers regular 50 ct. quality 39 cts.

Men's Neckwear
50 dozen Men's all Silk Neckwear made by the well known firm of Fink, Rohmer & Harcum 50 ct. and $1.00 quality for 39 cts.

Boy's Caps
All Wool navy serge or fancy Caps the 50 ct. quality for 39 cts. A lot of Men's and Boys Caps, broken lot 19 cts.

Trousers
300 pairs men's fine Dress Trousers in all sizes that ordinarly sell at $2.00 to $5.50 to close out at $1.00 to $3.00.
100 pairs boys Knickerbocker Trousers worth up to $1.75 will be closed out at 25 cts. to $1.25 a pair.

Men's Clothing
Your unrestricted choice of any Hart Schaffner & Marx.
$20.00 or $22.00 Suits $12.50
16.50 Griffon Suits 10.50.

Men's Overcoats & Mackinaws
Just a few Overcoats in stock but these few will be sold at next to nothing.
A good coat for $5.00
$8.00 Mackinaws for $5.00
6.75 Mackinaws for 4.50.

Boy's Clothing
All Wool Norfolk Suits, blue and fancy serge.
$5.50 Suits $3.75
4.00 Suits 2.50
3.50 Suits 2.25
Don't let the boys go without a new suit.

Hats
Our line consists of Stetson, Hawes VanGal and Howser stocks.
$3.00 Stiff or Soft hats $2.00
2.50 Stiff or Soft hats 1.50
2.00 Stiff or Soft hats 1.25
1.50 Stiff or Soft hats 1.00.

Men's Caps
25 doz. all Wool fancy dress Caps that always ready sale at $1.00 for 69 cts.
$3.00 Fur Caps $1.98; $2.50 Fur Caps $1.59; $1.50 Fur Caps 98 cts.

Muslin Underwear
Trimmed Corset Covers, 19 cts.
Handsome Quality Skirts, 39 cts.
Heavy Emb. and Lace Skirts, 49c.
Emb. and Lace trimmed Gowns, 79c.

Waists
150 fine Wash Waists that sell regular for $1.00 to $1.50 for 69 cts.

Hose
Children's black and tan fine Lisle Ribbed Hose up to 35c, for 19c

Henderson Corsets
These always sell at $1.00, $1.50, $2.00 and $3.00. In this special sale at 39c, 79c, 98c, $1.39, $1.98.

Silk Petticoats
All colors at $1.79, $1.98 and $3.98. These goods are worth up to $5.50.

Women's and Children's Underwear
Heavy Fleeced & Ribbed underwear at a great sacrifice
35 ct. quality at 19 cts.
50 ct. quality at 39 cts.
$1.00 quality at 75 cts.

Table Linen
While the Wholesale prices have very materially advanced in this line we include in this sale every yard of linen we have at 39 cts. to $1.29; worth to $1.75

Women's Hose
A good quality for 12 cts.
Pure Lisle all colors, 19 cts.
Pure Silk, 39 cts.

Ribbons
Entire line of all silk ribbons in all colors and widths at ⅓ off the regular price.

Silk Waists
Bought within the last week and for Spring stock will be in this sale. Are worth $3.00 for only $1.98

Women's Coats
$15.00 Coats for $7.50
12.00 Coats for 6.00
10.00 Coats for 5.00
8.00 Coats for 6.00
6.00 Coats for 3.00

Dress Skirts
Entire line including our newest winter styles
$5.50 Values for $3.50
4.00 Values for 2.50
3.00 Values for 1.98

Women's Coats
Every Coat carried over from last season including values up to $18.00 are in this sale at $1.50

Dress Skirts
Every Dress Skirt in the store carried over from last season worth up to $6.00 are in this sale at $1.25

House Dresses
Buy one of these comfortable House Dresses worth $1.25 for 79 cts.
White Lawn and Gingham kitchen Aprons for 19 cts.

Rain Coats
Men's & Women's Rain Coats that always sell at $5.50 to $12.00 have been reduced for this sale to $3.50; $5.00 and $6.50

Children's Rain Coats
Complete outfit with school bag and hat to match for $2.75

Silk Dresses
Silk Poplin and combination of Taffetta and Serge Dresses worth up to $12.00 for $6.50, $5.00 and $3.75

Women's Tailormade Suits
Just a few left of this season's suits but must be sold at less than ½ price $5.00 to $7.50. Worth up to $17.50.

Boy's Overcoats
$5.50 Overcoats $3.75
5.00 Overcoats 3.[illegible]
4.00 Overcoats 2.[illegible]
3.00 Overcoats 1.[illegible]
You can appreciate the good quality of these goods by seeing them.

Sweaters
$5.50 extra heavy All Wool Sweaters, - - - $3.98
4.00 extra heavy All Wool Sweaters, - - - 2.98
3.00 extra heavy All Wool Sweaters, - - - 1.98
A good Sweater for - - - .39

Men's Underwear
$2.50 and 3.00 Union suits $1.69
2.00 Union suits, 1.39
1.50 Union suits, 1.10
1.00 Union suits, .75
Extra heavy Fleeced and Ribbed Shirt and Drawers 39 cts.

Shirts
Men's fine dress shirts in all styles and sizes with French or Laundered Cuffs $1.00 and $1.50, for 89 cts.

Shoes for Men
$6.00 men's Bostonian Shoes $4.50
5.50 men's Bostonian Shoes 3.95
5.00 men's Bostonian Shoes 3.75
4.50 men's Bostonian Shoes 3.10
4.00 men's Bostonian Shoes 2.90
3.50 men's Bostonian Shoes 2.65

This Sale is put on for the purpose of converting Merchandise into Cash and we will not charge anything at any price during its continuance.

Don't Miss This Greatest Money-Saving Event of the Year

Considering the advance by manufacturers and importers of all merchandise it makes it impossible for us to replace these goods at anything near the prices quoted herein, and it will be to your advantage to visit us at this time.

This Sale Begins on Thursday, February 10th, and Continues but 10 Days.

Come to this sale early and we will guarantee you to save more money than you can earn by staying away

H. C. SINCELL.

The Lutheran Church

SECOND STREET, OAKLAND

Sunday School, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

E. H. SINCELL, Superintendent.

Let every one heed the words of the Master, "Suffer little children to come unto Me and forbid them not: for of such is the Kingdom of God."

Men's Brotherhood Class, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

JULIUS C. RENNINGER, Brotherhood President.
REV. BREMER, Teacher.

We cordially invite all men not already enrolled in some school to study the Bible with this class.

Morning Worship, 10.45 o'Clock.

Undoubtedly, one of the richest blessings of the christian life is a consciousness of duty done and obligations maintained. Regular attendance upon the regular appointed hours of worship adds much to that consciousness.

Luther League, 6.30 o'Clock P. M.

Topic—"Abba Father."
Leader—MARGARET SINCELL.

Evening Worship, 7.30 o'Clock.

All are welcomed to worship with us.

—The above was prepared by the pastor and the advertisement is authorized and paid for by one interested in church work.

THE ROSS SILO

Means large profits and less work. Quality is the Ross motto. Compare it with others and you will buy the Ross. Ask the men that use them.

For Further information, see

E. H. SMOUSE, Agt.

Deer Park, Md.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

Perilous Times.

It will be generally conceded that politically our times are fraught with more or less peril.

There are political gangs galore. So corrupt too, that they reek with filth. Machine or gang rule is largely responsible for it all. They do not owe their supremacy in power year after to honesty or virtue. Crime and corruption keeps them where they are, and that is why they wink at crime and protect criminals. Graft prevails on all hands. Where the gang is supreme in municipal politics. Every aspirant knows that his only hope is to do the will of the bosses and faithfully serve the gang. All who have business with the city know they must do it with the gang. As is to be expected under such circumstances, votes are demanded--more votes--enough votes to accomplish their purposes and every subaltern knows what that means. If bribery will help, then that is a go. If theft is necessary they stop not at that. If stuffed ballot boxes or even murder are necessary, some way is found to accomplish these bits of deviltry. The gang must be perpetuated at all hazzards. Labor gangs may use a large proportion of the money paid by unsophisticated working men, not to relieve suffers, but to keep them in power. The organizers, well a lot of them, get good pay and travel around at the expense of the American Federation of Labor.

The head of the great Burn's Detective agency says, "It has been preached all over the country, of course, that after all, power rests within the people who have the votes and can put municipal rings out of business. So, of course with the labor movement in general, the honest labor men have the votes and can at any time put its ring out of business. But the gangs, both the municipal and labor gangs, know that story by heart. That is the reason why you see the municipal gangs pad the registration lists and commit election frauds of all kinds even when they don't strictly have to do it to win an election. They keep the majorities big by fraud to discourage honest citizens.

The labor ring knows that, after all, it must have the revenues from the honest working people in order to keep itself in power. Without those revenues, the machine could not keep up the pay roll of its retainers, its ward bosses as you might call some of those national organizers. So when strikes cannot be won, they must be lost dearly That's where the loyal dynamiter's work comes in. The dynamiter is the labor machines substitute for the municipal machines' ballot box stuffer, election thing and vote intimidator."

Corruption always breeds corruption —Burns speaking on the point says, "The criminal gang has fostered the dynamite gang. They use the same methods to accomplish their ends of the work together. The political gang is the more terrible of the two, as it is always working and corrupting and to protect itself commands the basic bulwarks of our liberties, courts, juries and executives."

It is practically useless to arrest a gangster for the Boss is right there to back him up and with no uncertain hand supports him. He has no fear of failing for has he not filled the jury boxes and drawn the juries and made the local judges his creatures. He practically owns the court officials and the officers recognize their obligation to the chief. Political gangs are worse than dynamiters for while these may blow up our properties by taxation our liberties, independence and everything else necessary to uphold a firm Republic. Our institutions are nothing to them. Everything is sacrificed to their greed for power. A rotten boodle gang of vicious politicians is a greater menace than a gang of burglars or horse thieves could ever be. They undermine and would destroy the American system of government by corrupting the voters at elections and this is a greater crime than that of the McNamaras who are now serving time. No one who carefully observes the trend of the times will doubt that the world is laboring under an acute nervous tension. We are on the alert, suspicious, fearful that some unseen enemy is lurking about just ready to do us up.

In New York City steps were hastily taken to guard the subway lest it should be blown up or some unknown calamity happen to it. In Canada, the spy scare is sweeping the country. Under normal conditions no attention would be given the threats made in New York City. Now an idle threat is likely to be magnified into a real menace and cause the populace to be thrown into a state of high excitement. We may ask, why anyone should wish to destroy the subway? But deeds as unjustifiable and as improbable have been attempted in the past year. Why was the explosion in the United States capitol? Enemies of the British Empire are bold, resourceful and enterprising. True it is said that the burning of the Parliament at Ottawa was accidental, yet there is ground for suspicion that this may be a mistake.

There have been many outbreaks of a mysterious character in the dominion of late to be passed on the score of mere coincidence. Call it hysteria if you wish to; or make light of the threatening dangers whether they are real or imaginary—it is up to Canada and the United States to adopt every means in their power to guard against the possibility of anything that might be done in the heat of mistaken patriotism or partisanship which would result in the destruction of property or life. Eternal vigilance is the price of safety as well as of liberty in these troublous times and there is little danger of taking measures that are too precautionary. Horrible beyond description or comprehension are the atrocities against the Americans by the Turks. It is reported that half a million have been foully murdered. Even if this estimate is too high, there is no doubt that tens of thousands innocent victims have been cruelly slaughtered. Thousands of women and young girls were carried into slavery. Hundreds of thousands have been driven from their homes and are poverty stricken wanderers. Alas! is there no help for poor America? Was there ever such a time of sorrow, blood shed and crime as there is now? In our next we shall speak of perilous times religiously.

JOANNES.

A New Company.

The Oakland Automotile Company has secured the agency for the celebrated Dodge Car, and owing to the great demand for these cars the Oakland Company was able to secure but six of the cars for this territory the coming year. To appreciate this car one must see it. It is the most up-to-date car on the market. Price $785 f. o. b. Detroit. You can see this car at Treacy's new garage. Don't miss it For further particulars call on or address, C. B. Johnson, office First National Bank Building, Oakland, Md.

Advertisement.

Coal! Coal!

I am prepared to furnish coal either by the ton or by carloads at a price that will interest all consumers. All grades, both eastern and western coal constantly on hand and immediate delivery guaranteed. Can save you money on your fuel supply this winter. Harry Helbig, Oakland, Md. Adv.

Store For Sale.

I the undersigned offer my entire stock of merchandise; for sale also my place of business consisting of store building, 6 roomed dwelling, stable, good ice house and all other necessary outbuildings all in good condition and 1 acre of land situated 12 miles north of Oakland, Md., located on the State road. Anyone wishing to go in the mercantile business will dowell to investigate.

HOWARD BRENNEMAN,
Adv. McHenry, Md.

The Late Governor Francis Thomas

BY CHARLES M. MILLER

This is the second of a series of several articles relative to an illustrious but unfortunate Governor of Maryland who is remembered by many.

If memory is not at fault, Governor Thomas terminated his official appointment to the government of Peru in the year 1874, to return to his native country.

On the way home from a fatigueing horseback ride over an extensive territory, my attention was attracted at Frankville by one or more freight cars standing on the station switch, with an unusual number of men moving about the locality. In answer to an inquiry, information was had of the arrival of Gov. Thomas to the United States and to Frankville, with twenty-five Peruvian sheep from South America for an experimental introduction into North America. While looking over the men busy in their employment about the loaded cars, an erect form appeared in such contaidistinction to the others as to convince me in the first glance of the presence of the famous Marylander. The dignified bearing, high hat and black suit bespoke the respectable yet unostentatious dress of a gentleman with an affability of manner inviting deferential approach. After a brief self-introduction, with a reference to so much clearly requiring his immediate supervision, the wish was expressed to call at his residence in a more convenient season, particularly on account of the high esteem in which he was held by Gen'l Anderson, his established prominence in the State of Maryland and to more closely observe the novelty and merit of the extraordinary breed of sheep now moking their first landing on the soil of North America. Here, with a lightening countenance and a courtly bow, he quickly interposed: "Ah Mr. Miller! now you disclose the real object of the proposed visit. I will relate a short story of Alcibides' little dog. People, disguising their curiosity under their pretended tribute to the great Greek, called on him in truth to see the no less notable little dog. You want to see the sheep, Sir, and it will afford me pleasure to gratify the wish." While relating this incident from ancient history in an inimitable zest, an opportuniy came to me for a calm scrutiny of the enchanting conversationalist of whom so much had been heard. His straight silvery hair was brushed back from a ruddy cleanly shaved face played over by a pair of black piercing eyes limitless in their power to please or repel. The voice was of marvelous modulation, rich in tone and of flute-like clearness. Looking at him in the multiplicity of his gifts, it ceased to be strange with such a master in the forum, audiences of thousands would sit spell bound listening to the music of his eloquence. At this time he was, probably, not less than seventy-five years old, but he was not bent by age nor were his native forces abated.

These Alpaca sheep, the original name of the Peruvian sheep, have an attached value peculiarly their own. The Governor explained that they were selected from the mountain section of Peru, that being the cooler part in the pacific climate of the country, with the hope of more endurance for the extreme cold of Western Maryland and the high altitude of Garrett. Peru has an even climate, continuing near temperate the year round. Many will remember these sheep, with us about a year and then disappeared forever. In contour and appearance, with the drooping curve of the neck from the shoulder to the head was suggestive rather of the camel than of our native sheep, and the wool hung down from the sides in more profusion than it existed on the back. This wool would uncurl in long, soft strands of the finest texture and would bring in market, it is said, most any price a vendor might name, from fifteen dollars to thirty dollars to the pound. The rarity of a commodity so valuable considered with its growing demand in refining factories, induced Peru to prohibit the exportation of the Alpaca sheep and compel all purchasers from the outside to come to her and her rates. The Governor stated that the Peruvian government had deviated from this restriction in but two instances, twenty five of Alpacas had been presented to the Queen of England and twenty five to this country as the greatest Republic. Could we trace back to the actuating motive in such a compliment from Peru to this government the origin, most likely, would be found in admiration of a statesman for a Minister so delightful, serving in their midst. We are safely in the bounds of reason in the venture of the assertion that had Gov. Thomas lived the sheep would have lived. He knew what was needed for their nurture and preservation through an acclimating process, and be regarded neither time nor cost to protect their lives and propagate their worth in this country; his energies were dedicated to an undertaking with promise to result in a national benefit. Three miles North of Swanton, the Governor purchased a tract of glade and woodland, embracing several hundred acres; procured a sawmill and had it in busy operation under the direction of the late Mr. Richard J. West, manufacturing plank intended for the enclosure of the purchased tract by a fence so high and so close as to keep these sheep in security from prowling dogs and carnivorous animals. Before a realization of these extensive plans for a successful transmission of the Peruvian sheep to coming ages, in the twinkling of a moment and with fatality of a lightning flash the Governor was struck dead.

In a short time after this tragic end, all of these curious sheep, with every one of the lambs, so dependent upon human care, died except ten which remained for disposition to the day of the executor's sale. At the sale in the final settlement of the estate in 1876, a stock combination from Frederick county came up and paid one thousand dollars for the remaining ten animals with the view of taking them to the Centennial that year in the city of Philadelphia. Unfortunately to an extent beyond estimate, when these sheep, accustomed to the mountains of Peru, got into the close climate of the low altitude of Frederick county, all died from prostration before the time of leaving for Philadelphia. This was a calamity to Garrett, to Maryland and the United States.

Farm For Sale or Rent.

I offer my farm, adjoining Oakland on the west, consisting of 35 acres, for sale or rent. For particulars apply or write to CYRUS DEWITT,

Adv. April 1st. * Oakland, Md.

FOR SALE—One Sterling Thresher 16h. p. I. H. C. Gasoline Engine; 1 rebuilt I. H. C. auto Truck. For prices and terms, write or call upon R. M. Holman, Friendsville, Md. 31*tf

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Prest-O-Lite Exchange,
Oakland, Maryland.

TAX SALE

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate

In Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of the power vested in the Treasurer of Garrett County, Maryland, by section 52 of Chapter 566, of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland for the year 1890, title "Garrett County," sub-title "County Treasurer," and as amended by the General Assembly of Maryland for the year 1898, Chapter 144, the undersigned Treasurer in and for Garrett County, Maryland, will, on

FRIDAY,

The 3rd Day of March, 1916,

at 10 o'clock a. m. at the front door of the Court House in the town of Oakland, Garrett county, Md., offer and sell at public auction to the highest bidder all of the following pieces or parcels of land lying and being in Garrett County, Md., to wit:

No. 2.—Twenty-seven acres, more or less of a tract of land called "Western Route," with a reserve of one hundred and twenty square rods out of said acreage, lying and being in Election District No. 5 of Garrett county, and being the same property which was conveyed to Henry Sue by Jacob E. Bowser and wife by deed dated August 12th, 1907, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 56, Folio 70, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, Maryland, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Henry Sue.

No. 3.—Military Lot No. 1861, containing fifty acres of land, more or less, located in Election District No. 1 of Garrett county, and being the same property which was conveyed to George G. Lee by Anna J. Condron and husband by deed dated February 17, 1913, recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 64, folio 447, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915, as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of George G. Lee.

No. 4.—Military Lot No. 2882, containing fifty acres of land, more or less, located in Election District No. 2 of Garrett county, and being the same property conveyed by Jonas Frazee and wife to U. G. Savage by deed dated the 14th day of April, 1892, and which is duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 19, folio 416, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of said Garrett county in the name of U. G. Savage.

No. 6.—Military lot No. 903, containing 50 acres, located in Election District No. 10 of Garrett county, but assessed in Election District No. 1 of said county and being the same property which was devised to Mary J. Ritchie under the will of Louis W. Ritchie, dated August 31, 1901, and recorded in the office of the Register of Wills of Garrett county in Wills, Liber B, folio 45, etc., August 28, 1902, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915, as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Mary J. Ritchie.

No. 7.—All that part of the tract of land called "Swanton," situate in Election District No. 1, Garrett county, containing thirty-eight and one half acres, being the same property which was conveyed to Abraham M. Lee by William G. Wagner by deed dated February 20, 1900, recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 38, folio 205, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915, as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of A. M Lee.

No. 9.—All the surface right of Military Lot No. 96, containing fifty acres, located in Election District No. 4, Garrett county, and being a part of the same property which was conveyed to Joseph A. Wilson by G. Semmes Hamill, Jr., Assignee, by deed dated December 30, 1912, recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 64, folio 351, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915, as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Joseph A. Wilson.

No. 10.—One hundred and forty-five acres of Military Lots Nos. 71, 72 and 73 situate in Election District No. 1 of Garrett county and being the same which was conveyed to Wallace Buckman by The United States Bituminous Coal Company of West Virginia by deed dated January 31, 1901, recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 39, folio 271, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Wallace Buckman.

No. 11.—Military Lot No. 554, containing fifty acres, more or less, located in Election District No. 9 of Garrett county, and being a part of the same property which was conveyed by Oscar McKenzie and others to George W. Pulliam by deed dated May 18, 1912, recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 64, folio 37, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1914 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of George W. Pulliam.

No. 12.—Seventy-two Acres, more or less, of a tract of land called "Cleveland," located in Election District No. 2 of Garrett county, and being the same property which was conveyed to McClelland Savage by Harrison Burges and wife by deed dated April 13, 1899, recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 36, folio 420, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915, as is charged upon the Assessment Books of said Garrett county in the name of M. C. Savage (Heirs).

No. 13.—Sixty-nine and three quarter acres, more or less, of the tract of land called "Swanton," located in Election District No. 1 of Garrett county, and being the remainder of that part of said tract which was conveyed by M. M. Armstrong to A. F. George by deed dated December 1, 1904, recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 49, folio 37, etc., one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915, as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Mrs. A. F. George.

No. 14—Military Lot No. 2595, containing fifty acres of land, more or less, located in Election District No. 5, of Garrett county, Maryland, and being part of the same property which was conveyed to Lewis Kamp by Jacob Messer and wife by deed dated October 26, 1889, recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 15, folio, 462, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914, and 1915, as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Lewis Kamp.

No. 15.—All that piece or parcel of ground situate in the town of Swanton, in Election District No. 1 of Garrett county, commonly called "The Walker Lot," and being the same property which was conveyed by Charles C. Pierson and wife to M. M. Armstrong by deed dated November 19th, 1892, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 20, folio 269, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, containing one-half acre, more or less, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915, as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of M. M. Armstrong.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on the day of sale. The right of redemption extends to six calendar months from day of sale by paying the amount of the purchase money with interest thereon at the rate of twenty per cent. per annum and all costs. Conveyancing at cost of purchaser.

C. A. BEACHY,
Treasurer of Garrett County.

ORDER NISI.

Robert L. Fries, Late Treasurer of Garrett county, Maryland vs. Norman Barnard, No. 296, Miscellaneous Docket In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Ordered by the Circuit Court for Garrett county, Maryland, this 13th day of January, 1916, that the tax sale made and reported in the above entitled case by Robert L. Fries, late treasurer of Garrett county, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 28th day of February, 1916, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 21st day of February, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $94.65.

ROBERT R. HENDERSON.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Order Nisi.

Jerome B. Emory, Late Treasurer of Garrett County, Maryland vs. Rosa J. Riley, No. 267, Miscellaneous Docket. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County.

Ordered, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland, this 25th day of January, 1916, that the tax sale made and reported in the above entitled case by Jerome B. Emory, late Treasurer of Garrett county, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 6th day of March, 1916; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 25th day of February, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $83.79.

M. L. KEED

True copy, Test: E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Order Nisi.

Jerome B. Emory, Late Treasurer of Garrett County, Maryland vs. Susan Hendrickson. No. 268, Miscellaneous Docket. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County.

Ordered, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland, this 25th day of January, 1916, that the tax sale made and reported in the above entitled case by Jerome B. Emory late Treasurer of Garrett county, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 6th day of March, 1916; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 25th day of February, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $120.00.

M. L. KEEDY.

True copy, Test: E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

ORDER NISI.

Gilmor S. Hamill, Mortgagee vs. William C. Brafford.

In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland. No. 2843, Equity.

It is ordered by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in equity, this 12th day of February, 1916, that the sale of the property mentioned in these proceedings as made and reported by Gilmor S. Hamill, mortgagee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 17th day of March, next; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed in Garrett County once in each of three successive weeks before the 10th day of March, next.

The report states the amount of sale to be $500.00.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

THE REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME 40. OAKLAND, MARYLAND THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1916. NUMBER 52

WILL YOU HELP?

Pertinent Question Propounded By The Public Library Secretary.

Do you remember when you finished reading the "best book that was ever written?" What a deep sense of real enjoyment filled your soul! Perhaps it was when you were a child and some of the words in the story were new to you, but you caught their meaning and read on, page after page, with growing wonder and delight! New worlds of beauty and adventure were opened to you. You held the key to a wonderful garden where you were free to enter and gather the choicest fruits and the most fragrant blossoms.

Good books have come into the world to stay and they have proved real friends to all of us.

Our lives are made richer in proportion to our acquaintance with good literature. Our knowledge is increased, our imagination quickened, our ideals made higher.

Are you generous? Do you wish to make it possible for every one to have the opportunity to read the kind of books that will delight the heart? On the shelves of the Free Public Library of Oakland are many good books but there is still room for more. Why not share those books you read last month or last year with others who have not had the privilege of reading them? Where are those books you read when you were a child? Won't you give them or lend them to the Library to be enjoyed by the scores of boys and girls who are, hungry for something to read?

The books do not stay on the shelves long, especially boys books and the late books of fiction. You are doing an immeasurable good for the public when you bring your books and magazines to the library.

Something else is needed besides books. The expenses of the rooms and of the librarian's salary must be met with money. In order that the work may be built upon a permanent basis the Library Board desires that every individual in the community as well as every lodge and social organization will make a generous annual pledge.

The leaders in this great movement are busy men and women and they cannot conveniently see you in person to appeal to you for money. This is your work as well as theirs.

Will you please, in the near future, let the librarian know the amount of money you are willing to give each year for the purpose of carrying on this splendid work?

Remember, everyone in the county is cordially invited to assist in this work and to share its benefits by using the library and reading room at any time.

Mrs. O. A. Bremer,
Secretary.

Contributions have been received from the following people, since our last report:

Mrs. E. Z. Tower, Mrs. W. S. Martin, Miss Bertie Turney; Messrs. J. E. Harned, Carl Welch, Homer Speicher, Emerson Cross, Miss Beulah Loughridge, Mrs. L. C. Cross.

Cora Weimer,
Treas. and Librarian.

One Hundred Elk For Pennsylvania Forest.

At Pittsburgh last week a shipment of 100 elk from Yellowstone Park was received by the State Game Commission to stock the forest reserves of Pennsylvania. Four of the animals died in transit. The remainder were transhipped from Pittsburgh to various counties in the central part of the State to be turned loose in the forests. Secretary Kalbfus of the State Board of Game Commissioners, County Game Protector Osmar and other employes of the State Game Board were present to help unload the animals from the train on which they arrived and load them for other points. It was some job as the huge animals were hard to handle.

Library Benefit.

A benefit for the free public library will be held in the Maryland Theatre on Thursday evening, March 2nd. The money realized will be used with which to purchase books for the library. In addition to the regular moving picture show, a fine musical program will also be rendered. Give this worthy object your encouragement.

THE GOVERNOR'S GARRETT COUNTY APPOINTMENTS

Mr. R. T. Browning, Fish Commissioner; Thos. J. Johnson, School Commissioner.

State House, Annapolis, Md., Feb. 23—At a late hour tonight Governor Harrington sent to the Senate for confirmation his list of appointments for the city and counties of the State, the Garrett county appointees being as follows:

For Fish Commissioner Former Senator Richard T. Browning, of Oakland.

To be justicee of the peace for a term of two years from the first Monday in May, 1916:

J. L. McRoby, Swanton.
William Frederick, Friendsville.
W. F. Holman, Friendsuille.
Norval Speelman, Guard.
Daniel W. Dorsey, Grantsville.
Peter Nathan, Grantsville.
Marcus Facenbaker, Bloomington.
Henry F. Lininger, Accident.
R. M. Alexander, McHenry.
N. C. Browning, McHenry.
James D. Hamill, Oakland.
E. R. Browning, Mountain Lake.
M. G. Williams, Gormania, W. Va.
William Murphy, Frostburg.
W. D. Hove, Deer Park.
George B. Brown, Avilton.
J. B. Emory, Bittinger.
A. L. Lee, Kitzmiller.
Edward I. West, Oakland.
W. A. Gonder, Oakland.

To be Notaries Public for a term of two years from the first Monday in May, 1916.

H. C. Bonig, Grantsville.
W. R. Browning, Oakland.
J. P. Treacy, Oakland.
Asa H. Rush, Friendsville.
W. Clay Stanton, Grantsville.
John L. Richter, Accident.
H. C. Browning, Sang Run.
George J. Pool, Kitzmiller.
C. B. Johnson, Oakland.
Mark S. White, Oakland.

To be supervisors of elections for a term of two years from the first Monday in May, 1916.

D. M. Mason, to represent the Democratic party, vice Jerry Stanton; term expired.

Jeremiah M. Stanton, vice George D. Browning, term expired.

George D. Browning, to represent the Republican party, vice D. E. Bolden, term expired.

To be a school commissioner for a term of six years from the first Monday in May, 1916:

Thomas J. Johnson, vice Peter H. Yost; term expired.

The appointment of Senator Browning and Mr. J. M. Stanton, the former as Fish Commissioner and the latter as a member of the Board of Election Supervisors are personal selections made by the Governor and their respective friends are highly gratified with the action of the chief executive in recognizing them.

Senator Speicher's bill, appropriating $65,000 for the purpose of building a road to connect with the proposed new system of roads being built by West Virginia, said road to lead out of Oakland on the west and to connect at the State line near Hutton, was introduced on Friday and referred to the Finance Committee of the Senate.

Tuesday was Garrett county day in the Senate. It was a field day for Senator Speicher. He succeeded in putting through the Senate five Garrett county House bills and advanced a Senate bill to the third reading.

The bills passed will go to the Governor for his approval and of his approval there is no doubt. The bills passed were: 1. Prohibiting the killing of deer until 1922; 2. Amending the game law, providing for a bounty of one dollar for fox scalps; 3. Making it unlawful to manufacture liquor in Garrett county after June, 1917. There is some question about the constitutionality of this bill. Senator Speicher made a record on this bill in securing its passage in such a short time. The bill went to the Senate from the House on February 16th and reached its final passage on the 22d of February, just five days after its appearance in the Senate. It was very appropriate that this bill should pass on the birthday of George Washington; 4. Releasing the farm of Fred Gortner from the boundaries of Loch Lynn Heights; 5. Making the term of service of the clerk of the County Commissioners, after 1917, four years.

The Senator had passed to the third reading his bill sanctioning the sale of ground in Deer Park to the Mayor and Council.

ALTAMONT

As we have not seen any news from this busy little burg I will endeavor to pen a few.

D. E. Jeffries has just returned from an extended trip to Canada where he expected to enlist in the British army but was turned down.

Mrs. Katie Boggs was called to Pittsburgh one day last week on account of the illness of her mother.

Miss Naomi Lohr, one of Garrett's most successful teachers, visited friends at Oakland Saturday.

The sick of this community are all on the road to recovery.

Thos. H. Wilburn visited Bond one evening last week. He reports work at that place scarce.

Mrs. Russel Walters is on a visit to friends near Mt. Lake Park.

Dollar Social.

The Ladies Aid Society of St. Paul's M. E. church will hold a dollar social in the lecture room of the church on Friday (tomorrow) Feb. 25, at 7.30. The object is that everyone earn a dollar to be presented to the society and after a musical and literary program all present will tell "how I earned my dollar." The evening will be one of profit and pleasure to all who attend. Everyone cordially invited. Refreshments will be served.

SMALL FARM FOR SALE—Bargain. Apply to P. O. Box 73, Swanton, Md. Adv. 48tf

ILLUSTRATED BIBLE TALK

Tuesday Evening, Feb. 29th, in the Maryland Theatre.

On Tuesday evening, Feb. 29th, Rev. Arthur D. Appleton, rector of St. Matthew's P. E. church of Oakland, will deliver an illustrated Bible talk in the Maryland Theatre. Those who have heard the speaker are delighted with his talks and the Tuesday evening lecture promises to be one of more than passing interest.

The first half of the lecture will be devoted to the story of how we got our Bible, and the second half to the book of Genesis, as illustrated by copies of the famous paintings of J. James Tissot. About one hundred slides will be used during the evening, seventy of which will be highly colored.

A personal invitation is extended to all to attend this meeting. There will be no charge for admission but a free will offering will be received to defray expenses. Come, give a blessing and receive one.

The program for the evening has been arragned as follows:

Invocation,...Rev. Dr. John H. Howard
Hymn.....Stand up for Jesus
Scripture reading,..Rev. O. A. Bremer
Prayer,.....Rev. Dr. J. C. Ely
Hymn.....Love Divine
Offering
Solo, Illustrated Jesus Lover of My Soul
Miss Bessie Hinebaugh
Hymn.....Onward Christian Soldiers
Lecture.....Rev. Artnur D. Appleton
Hymn.....Blest be the Tie that Binds
Benediction, ...Rev. Dr. A. Moore

Prof. F. E. Rathbun will be the chorister; Mr. Dwight Townshend, pianist, and Mr. Joseph E. Harned chairman of the meeting.

Civic Club Meeting.

The Civic Club will held its regular monthly meeting Tuesday, 3 p. m. Feb. 29th.

MRS. JAS. D. HAMILL, Sec'y.

For Sale.

Large and small farms; a tract of virgin timber; property for rent; one house at $2; several snaps; apply quick. Box 73, Swanton, Md. Adv. 50-3t *

CIVIC CLUB ENTERTAINMENT.

Members Are Now Working on Show to be Presented March 6th.

A committee composed of members of the Civic Club of Oakland is at work preparing for the presentation of an entertainment to be given at the Maryland Theatre on March 6th, which promises to be highly entertaining, the proceeds to be devoted to the uses of the club.

Among other features to be presented are Mrs. Jarley's Wax Works, dances, drills, etc., which will be participated in by the very young of the town. A more complete announcement of the affair will be made in these columns later.

THE DEATH RECORD.

MRS. HARRIETT BANKS.

Mrs. Harriett Banks, a most estimable colored woman of Oakland, the widow of the late Baker Banks, died, at her home on Water street in Oakland Tuesday morning after a brief illness. She was aged sixty-five years and was the mother of a number of children, all of whom are grown and residing at different points in the country. Her funeral will occur this morning form St. Peter's Catholic church with interment in the Catholic cemetery.

CLAUD HOWARD SCHROCK.

At his home near Dobbin, W. Va., Claud Howard Schrock, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Schrock, aged 20 years and 7 months. He was loved and respected by all who knew him, and his sad taking away was quite a shock to the community. He leaves to mourn his loss a father, one brother and seven sisters, his mother having preceded him to the spirit world about two years ago. His remains were laid to rest in the Fairview cemetery after funeral services conducted by Rev. Frank H. Harvey. The pallbearers were, Ralph and Richard Liller, Paul and Teddy Gibbs, Alva Cooper and George Arnold.

FOR SALE—Cheap, A fine fox gun complete with case and rods. A. J. King, Deer Park. Adv.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

Flour (Gold Medal, Gold Loaf, or Sleepy Eye) at 85 cents a sack or either of these Brands in wood for good clean Wheat at $1.20 per bushel if delivered within a week or ten days.

Our price on flour is below the wholesale market and will give our farmer customers a good opportunity to convert some of their wheat into first class flour.

The Ladies are invited to drop in our Store and inspect a new line of Ladies Skirts and Waists, Ladies, Children's and Misses Dresses, Muslin Underware and other things too numerous to mention, all of which will furnish you a real surprise.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

Whetsell & Browning

Deer Park's Best Store

COME, SEE OUR BARGAINS IN

Men's Overcoats, Shirts, Pants,

LADIES DRESS GOODS

We have a few pairs Snag Proof Gums left to sell at $1.75

We pay highest prices for Country Produce

GET RIGHT. TRY US ONCE

Offutt's

WILL PAY

One-Half Cash on Cross Ties

OFFER IN TRADE

60 cents Per Bushel For Oats

BLOW OUT THE STUMP

Will Sell You 40 per cent. Dynamite at 15 cents Per Pound

OFFUTTS'

OAKLAND'S BIG STORE

THESE BUSINESS HOUSES DESERVE YOUR LOYAL SUPPORT AND PATRONAGE.

H. C. SINCELL

Be sure to visit our Annual Bargain Sale February 10th to February 19th, and we will prove to you that mail order houses have nothing on us. Bring your catalogues and be convinced that we are the undersellers of all who handle Merchandise of quality.

H. C. SINCELL

Bolden Has It:

If it is anything in the General Mercantile line, including Furniture. This is Oakland's big supply house for every room in the home and every member of the family. From "the cradle to the grave" we feed and furnish you.

D. E. BOLDEN

OAKLAND, MARYLAND.

General Merchandise Furniture and Undertaking

Come In

And see what we have to offer in the way of merchandise before sending your money out of town. When you buy here you see and know what you are getting. If you compare quality and prices you will buy at home.

Creutzburg's

Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions, Hats, Caps and Shoes.

A PLAIN TRUTH.

A man may patronize the mail order houses for years—may send them in that time hundreds of dollars—and at the same time they wouldn't accomodate him for a two-cent stamp. This is the plain, unvarnished truth. If you think otherwise try it for yourself and see. These out-of-town houses do not know you—do not care to know you—are not interested in you in any way—only in the money you send them. Spend your money with our own townsmen, who know you for what you really are, who appreciate your worth, your business, your assistance in building up home interests.

Harness

That you can depend upon at all times and under all conditions. It must be right before it leaves our hands Horse Goods, Trunks, Suit Cases and Hand Bags.

W. H. Hinebaugh

Second Street, Oakland.

Reliability

Of the merchandise handled here has made this store a shopping center for a number of years. We are for Garrett county and her people.

Arthur Townshend

OAKLAND

. . . THE . . .

Oakland Model Bakery

Is a local institution, buying locally so far as possible and anxious to help make Garrett County more prosperous.

BREAD OF QUALITY AN PASTRY THAT PLEASES

Millinery

AT ALL PRICES

Watch for our opening announcement. Greater stock than ever seen here in the past.

Gossard Corsets

PRICES $2.00 to $10.00

Mrs. M. G. Martin

Fourth and Oak Streets, Oakland.

Service

In plumbing, roofing, gas fitting and any special sheet metal work. you have it here.

Stoves and Ranges

Every size and design for both coal and gas. We are for Garrett county.

W. E. Shirer

OAKLAND

PROMPT SERVICE OUR MOTTO.

Dependable Goods

A mercantile service as well as reliable good at the right prices. Here you see what y are getting and get what you want.

Thomas Little

OAKLAND

Dry Goods, Notions and Groceries

Cash or trade for Country Produce

Both Phones

J. M. DAVIS C. S. DAVIS J. W. DAVIS

J. M. DAVIS & SONS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

DAVIS' PATENT STEEL RANGE

WHOLESALERS AND RETAILERS OF

General Hardware, Stoves, Glassware, Chinaware, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Ranges,

Hay Tools, Household Supplies, Washing Machines, Sewing Machines, Modern Barn Equipment, Etc.

Second Street OAKLAND, MD. Alder Street

GARRETT COUNTY BOOSTERS!

The Future of Mountain Lake Park

As a business centre depends upon the co-operation of all the people. Community building is accomplished by keeping the money at home. Keep the Garrett County Dollar in Garrett County, and everybody will be infinitely better off thereby.

HARVEY BROTHERS,

Dry Goods, Notions, Groceries, Hardware, Flour, Feed, Farming Implements, Etc.

MOUNTAIN LAKE PARK, MD.

Whetsell & Browning

"DEER PARK'S BEST STORE"

Value and merit in every article sold in this Store. Merchandise of the highest standard only. We are here to serve you and help make Deer Park a greater business center. Let's co-operate to that ultimate end.

HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR PRODUCE

Are you going to Build or Repair?

LET US QUOTE YOU

The C. M. Rathbun & Sons Company,

Mountain Lake Park, Maryland.

THE WRONG MEDICINE

A community is no better than the men and women who live in it. If you and I do ill our community suffers. But it is useless to look far away for the remedy. The real remedy is near at hand. It is we who are able to kill or cure. The wrong medicine kills—the medicine that bears the out-of-town label. But the tonic that cures is practice of "trade-at home." Let us all—each one of us—from this day on practice and preach "buy in Garrett county."

Grantsville

Has a mercantile establishment at the service of everybody in the community. Everything is guaranteed to be just as represented and of full value. We invite your co-operation to make this a more prosperous community.

JACOB J. BENDER,

Groceries, Flour, Feed, Harness, Hardware, Queensware, Paints, Oils, Glass, Implements, Produce, etc.

Mr. Farmer:

You know the advantages to be had in a Silo. We are making the best to be found in this country and at a much less price than that away from home.

H. W. Kahl & Sons,

OAKLAND, MD.

Manufacturers of Sash, Doors, Blinds, Brick, Concrete Blocks and everything in Lumber

We Have the Goods

For every member of the family and furnishings for every room of the home. The quality and the prices right.

Hamill Coal & Coke Co.

BLAINE, WEST VIRGINIA.

Dry Goods, Notions, Shoes, Clothing, Furniture, Feed, Hardware, Miners' Supplies.

"Boost your Home and your Home will Boost you"

MONEY.....

Represents the substance of our community. Where would you have the fruits of your labor working?

BUY AT HOME—BANK AT HOME

And the Home Community reaps the benefits.

The First National Bank

KITZMILLER, MARYLAND.

MONEY AT HOME

The fad for "imported" goods in this country for practically all times past has been discovered as a genuine fallacy. The European war has practically cut off the supply of these supposed superior goods and has thrown the proper light upon the merits of the domestic products. Already the fad has changed and today the popular article is the one "Made in U. S. A."

This means that millions of dollars heretofore going out of this country annually because of a mere fad will now remain in the United States and that there will be just that much more money at home and within reach of everybody. It means that many thousands of men will receive employment here making the articles which have heretofore been made in the foreign country.

During the past few years a fad has developed among the people throughout this country to do their shopping with the mail order houses. It is a fad much less warranted than that of buying the "imported" goods and has deprived the local communities of more than did the other fad deprive this great country in the way of money and home prosperity.

Through the influence of this fad the mail order houses have been reaping a great harvest. The popularity of the fad has enabled them to fleece the people in a manner which is truly shameful They have made gross misrepresentations in their catalogues and have employed many deceptive means to sell their goods to the unthinking public.

It is estima ed that several hundred thousand dollars annually is being sent fromtGarrett county and its trading district to these mail order houses. This means that just that amount of cash is being sent away never to return and the business men who have no interest whatever in this community and who do not pay one cent of taxes here profits to just that extent.

The local business people are your greatest assistance in building your community. They are your friends on all occasions and the people who will appreciate your co-operation in the effort to build a greater business community.

When misfortune befalls anyone of the community the business men are the first to be appealed to for assistance. When money must be raised for the bringing of an industry the same men are looked to for it. He is called upon to support the band, the ball team, the volunteer fire department and the many other institutions and causes for the protection, pleasure and convenience of all the people. An appeal to a mail order house for a donation in any one of these events or for any cause would be completely ignored.

This "fad" is proving a real detriment to every community throughout the country. The patrons of the mail order houses are not only receiving an inferior article in their purchases but the financial drain is retarding local development.

Community Building Is Our Aim.

We are here to serve the public and help make Kitzmiller and community a better place to live. We want to co-operate with everybody to this end.

Pool & Scothen.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

We want to see Everybody in this community Prosper.

Coffman & Fisher

KITZMILLER, MD.

Let us prove the superior worth of our goods and advantage in a home mercantile service.

FURNISHINGS FOR THE WHOLE FAMILY

Ready-to-Wear Garments FOR ALL

There is an advantage here

Kitzmiller Bread!

THE BEST YET

C. J. DeROO.

Better Goods Here

And for less money than paid out of town.

Everything for the Home at 5, 10 and 25c. prices.

GULLEY & WATKINS

BLAINE, WEST VA.

THE REPUBLICAN

BENJ. H. SINCELL, EDITOR.

Entered at the Postoffice in Oakland Md., as Second-class matter.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:

The Republican is published every Thursday morning at the following rates:

One copy one year.....$1.25
One copy six months..... .75
One copy three months ..... .40

Advertising Rates made known upon Application.

Remittances may be made by Money Order, Registered Letter or Bank Draft and addressed to
THE REPUBLICAN,
Oakland, Md.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1916

THERE are times in the work of a newspaperman when he must be controlled by his sympathies for the innocent ones in the publication of news. This paper bows to the inevitable in such cases and is willing to accept the criticism of some if good is accomplished and aching hearts are saved further pain.

THE young man with limited means, who has a few hundred dollars to begin life with, or perhaps has nothing but a pair of strong and willing hands, we would say to all such young men that the farm is the best place in the world. Do not be afraid of toil, but set an example to the weak and lazy loiterer about town by putting your hand to the plow.

THERE is nothing that makes a man feel more like making the air look blue than to go home feeling himself the most abused person on God's footstool and ready to give his family a curtain lecture and find that there is company at home. Then he nas to put on a pleasant face and pretend he is the happiest man in the world. B-r-r-r! It's a terrible feeling.

ONE of the best and brightest things we can give is kind words. They have well been likened to the bright flowers of earth's existence. Use them everywhere, but especially around the fireside; they will make a paradise out of a hovel. Nothing can heal a wounded heart, or cheer a crushed spirit like kind words. Let us not be so careful how we use them, for they are the greatest blessing earth can give.

A NEWSPAPER is in no sense a child of charity. It earns twice over every dollar it receives, and it is second to no enterprise in contributing to the upbuilding of a community. Its patrons reap far more benefits from its pages than its publishers, and in calling for the support of the community in which it is published, it asks for no more than in all fairness belongs to it, though generally it receives less.

No "pipe dream" about this. You may put it in your pipe and smoke it: The real goblin that will get you if you don't watch out is the great big Mail Order goblin. This goblin has got the bulk of the business in many communities. Do not let it ruin our community. It is the greatest detriment and in the end will be the means of lowering property value. If you are loyal to your home town you will patronize your home merchant.

A POINTER ON ADVERTISING.

Some retail businessmen do not advertise and yet the best information of what is "on the market" is gained by the nonadvertising merchant through the advertising of his wholesaler or jobber. Would it not occur to the unbeliever, would this concrete example not prove to him, that if the wholesaler can increase his business by reaching him, the retailer could increase his sales by adopting the same method?

Ten leading newspapers printed 92,868,700 lines of advertising in 1915. The price received was $27,860,610. This amount was not spent with a view to helping the newspapers. No charitable motive was the incentive; it was an investment for profit, as all advertising is. Successful business men, one and all, unhesitatingly acknowledge that their success was built upon advertising. Their names and their fortunes are monuments to their business acumen—to the value of printer's ink in commercial enterprise.

What strange line of reasoning leads the man who fails to advertise his own business to advocate advertising for other purposes? How often does he—having been made a member of some church entertainment committee or a participator in a benefit performance, or chairman of a charitable or a civic movement—how very frequently does he, following his first thought, say "put it in the paper, advertise it well, let everybody know and it will be a success; we'll make money."

If advertising is profitable to other business men; if it is the greatest medium for attracting the populace; if civic measures and charitable purposes are made successful thereby where is the argument, where is the reason why the non-advertiser sould not hadvertise?

PROHIBITION IN WEST VIRGINIA

J. C. Kepler, A Traveling Man, Addressed The Hardware Association.

J. C. Kepler, of the Logan-Gregg Hardware Company, who will be remembered by our readers as a contributor under the non-de-plume of "Jason Kep," delivered the following address before the West Virginia Hardware Merchants Association at Clarksburg recently.

Mr. Kepler has made an exhaustive study of his subject, having called on bankers, merchants and other people all over his territory. He has also interviewed city and county officials, and was so well posted on his subject that there seemed no desire to contradict his statements. "Law," he said, "is an agreement of or by the people that certain rules shall govern their conduct, and the aim is the greatest good for the greatest number of people. The prohibition amendment was an agreement by the people of West Virginia that certain rules shall govern their conduct on the liquor question. It was carried over by 91,000 majority. I will not go into the moral phase of the question, but will speak strictly from a business standpoint. Whiskey is a beverage that will cause a father to sell his baby's shoes or a rabbitt to spit in the face of a bulldog, and it has no moral standing in a civilized community. About 85 per cent. of our people are laboring people. You know without my telling you that when the head of these families spends a large part of his income for booze, the family must curtail expenditures in legitimate lines of trade. The great curse of the saloons in West Virginia has been that we could not regulate them. We tried to, but our experience was a joke, and a mighty cruel one. On pay days in our factories our saloon keepers loaded up with money ready to cash the checks of the men. In comes Tom to get his check cashed and, of course, he buys a drink. Then Jerry drops in for the same purpose, and he and Tom must buy one for each other. Then Mike and John appear to get their checks cashed, and they all have one together. After five or six rounds, time and money slip away and the consequences are forgotten, as are store bills and the imperative needs of the family. This condition is one that State laws have never regulated, and never will as long as the open saloon exists.

"I have talked with hardware men and other merchants through thirteen counties which I travel, and with one accord they state that the situation is vastly improved, and in former strong saloon districts the improvement is most marked. Many men who were considered impossible from a credit standpoint have become good paying customers, and many who could in the old days supply themselves with but the bare necessities of life are in good condition, in good circumstances, and are better citizens. The natural tendencies of the laboring men of West Virginia are asserting themselves, and with booze out of their systems they are building homes. There is a very noticeable improvement in the territory I travel, and particularly so in the great number of small houses being built. You know that isn't doing the hardware business any harm.

"I have talked with mine owners, and they report that before the amendment it required a great many more men to keep the mines going full time than it does now. This was because of a certain percentage of men who were laying off, either acquiring a drunk or getting over one. These men are working more regular today, are earning more money, and their families are getting a good share of it. This mine superintendent showed me his books, and particularly some pages on the time sheets of drinking men, and these men, are earning all the way from 15 to 120 per cent more than they earned before prohibition amendment came into effect.

"The public service and troiley people report that Saturday night in the old days required their putting on extra guards and officers to take care of the drunks who persisted in fighting on the street cars. These guards and officers are not used to-day. Saturday night was always a big night for the street car people. The spenders were out; but these same people report to-day that their business is better than ever on Saturday nights, and the passengers are made up of great numbers of women and children, who come downtown with their men folks to take in a picture show.

"Shortly after the State went dry, I met a collector for one of the large installment houses in this city. He said he was feeling a little blue, and I asked him what his grievance was. He said: 'You know it has always been hard to make collections. People have offered all sorts of excuses. That's why they sent me out to get the slow pay accounts. I have called on forty-three people today, and every one of them had the money waiting ready to pay me. Some wanted to pay in full. It this keeps up I will be out of a job.'

"There has been a decrease in the criminal court work in the State, a decrease in the number of people sent to insane asylums, jails, penitentiaries and hospitals; there has been a raised standard of living, and I say without fear of contradiction, a healthier, brighter, happier lot for the wives and children of the laboring classes of the State. It has made West Virginia a better place in which to live and raise a family. While there is more or less trouble along our wet borders, and not quite all the boot-leggers have discovered that such a law is being enforced, yet we live in hopes, and we know that as the hardware business is so closely interwoven with all the other interests of the State, that we shall participate fully in the benefits that have come to West Virginia since the State became dry."

BLOOMINGTON

Born, unto Mr. and Mrs. Hubert Beavers, last Monday, Feb., 14, a daughter.

Rev. A. R. Snedegar, pastor of the Bloomington M. E. church, is out of town this week on business.

Mr. George Warnick, of Bloomington, county commissioner, spent yesterday with Mr. S. S. Bender and other parties of Kitzmiller, looking over a route for a county road connecting Chaffee and Kitzmiller.

Miss Jennie Kight, of Cross, was a guest at the home of Dr. and Mrs. H. M. Kemp on Tuesday evening. She left with Mrs. Kemp on Wednesday morning to spend a week with the latter's daughter, Mrs. F. E. Rathbun, at Oakland.

Mr. John C. Durham, of Barnum, Civil War veteran, celebrated his 80th birthday on last Sunday. The anniversary fell on Saturday, Feb. 12, but was celebrated on Sunday, that day being more convenient for a number of relatives from a distance to attend.

The new railroad from Luke to Bloomington is now being built. Thirty or forty men are cutting away the hills and grading along the river bank near Luke. This road, with the concrete county road, parallel to it, will be completed by early spring. Then for the first time will Bloomington have a good and safe road to the Tri-Towns.

One of the surprises in the Aarons Run community was the marriage on Feb. 20th, of William Wilkinson and Miss Rebeca Ellen Duckworth. Since the death of her father, Aden C. Duckworth, Miss Rebeca has lived alone at the old homestead. She is a most industrious and economical woman, not only making a living but able each year to deposit a nice little sum in the bank. She is also a devoted member of the Aarons Chapel M. E. church, always present at the services and a liberal contributor to pastor's salary and all interests of the church. Her many friends wish her a most pleasant life in her new home. Mr. Wilkinson was born in England coming to this country when a boy. He is a man of excellent traits of character, and a local preacher on the Bloomington M. E. charge and the pastor, Rev. A. R. Snedegar, who performed the ceremony with the entire church join in well wishes for the happy couple.

The Bloomington lodge 162, the I. O. O. F., had a treat on Tuesday night, 22nd, when the Grand officers paid a special visit. The Grand Master Wm. F. Bofsteter, Jr., never appeared to a better advantage than on this occasion, delighting the entire lodge. After lodge adjournment refreshments were served at Mr. Charles Brandlen's by the following ladies, Mrs. Charles Brandlen, Mrs. H. M. Kemp, Mrs. James Spence and Miss Bessie Coffman. The Grand Officers left for Baltimore on No. 4.

Bloomington teachers are to be congratulated on the splendid work being done in the school. The principal has fine control of his room and Miss Ellen Kerns seems to be a real specialist in the primary work. Following is the program which was rendered on Washington's Birthday: Opening Song, "America"; Six Years Old, Edward Harris; Washington, Bertha Ball; Hatchet Drill, Ten Small Boys; Like Washington, Martha Price; Color Drill, Six little girls; Recitation, Victoria Raley; Reading, Bessie Johnson; George Washington, Edith Miller; Our Flag, Three girls; Like George Washington, Clyde Brandle; Address, Rev. Snedegar; Song, Maryland My Maryland; Washington's Birthday, Samuel Harshbarger; George Washington, Leona Price; Remarks by the principal; Closing Song; Columbia the Gem of the Ocean.

Mr. John W. Young, a most active member of Centre Street M. E. church, will be the speaker in the Bloomington M. E. church on February 27th at eight o'clock. The public should hear this popular speaker.

NOTICE

I have given up the Ford Automobile agency, and anyone contemplating the purchase of a Ford will do well to see me before my stock ie gone or wait for the big Ford sale which will be advertised later. I have just received 16 new cars—five Roadsters and 11 Touring, to be sold in the next two weeks. This is your opportunity—not mine.
Adv. J. P. TREACY.

Coal! Coal!

I am prepared to furnish coal either by the ton or by carloads at a price that will interest all consumers. All grades, both eastern and western coal constantly on hand and immediate delivery guaranteed. Can save you money on your fuel supply this winter. Harry Helbig, Oakland, Md. Adv.

The Late Governor Francis Thomas

BY CHARLES M. MILLER

This is the third of a series of several articles relative to an illustrious but unfortunate Governor of Maryland who is remembered by many.

In the tranfer to General Anderson of an estate that was, in truth a principality, the subject of these notes, reserved, as has been stated, four hundred and ten acres called "Mont Alto" near Frankville. In addition to this home place, he obtained a Land Office grant to an unknown quantity under the title of "Alexander" intended to cover possible vacancies between several large tracts that were supposed to connect in that vicinity and east of the railroad. On the wide and graceful formation of the high mountain slope, constituting the Mont Alto homestead, commanding for five or more miles an inspiring view of the B. & O. R. R., hugging the meanderings of the Savage Mountain range, a large square clearing was made within the lines of the Mont Alto reservation. Near the center of this clearing a location was chosen, superb in the grandeur of its extended and varied scenes, as the site of the future residence. In contrast with the country homes of that day, this residence crowning so lofty a height stood out as a stately pile. Circled by wide verandas and tastefully finished under gables, passengers on the trains laboring up the steep grade through the long sweep of view, looked with admiration upon the imposing structure. Such was the creation of a home built by this strange genuis for the solitude he sought, and where he could indulge his love of books or, undisturbed, watch the majestic mountains and valleys alternating under a play of lights and shadows.

His State Warrant for the mentioned tract "Alexander" struck me as obscure in purpose and vague as to location apt to become a bone of contention. The Governor was insistent that a joint survey, be agreed upon between us, beginning at a given point, would disabuse my mind of an impression that the location of Alexander must clash with the lines and over-lap the belongings of Gen'l. Anderson.

This little cloud, thrugh not so large as a man's hand in the sky of our amity, was disturbing. While the facts seemed too substantial to be dissolved in argument, it was futile for me to attempt their support in a discussion with one so resistless in equipments at every point of debate. He was learned in the law, experienced in locations and, perhaps, without a superior in familiarity with the requirements and rulings of the Land Office; and for a stripling to contend with such an authority upon a vital point would be wanting in both judgment and respect. My hope was to avoid the survey so long as polite conduct could sanction or a reasonable excuse could be found, trusting to time for an adjustment more salutary and less apt to terminate in a rupture.

Following a brief interval a letter was received requesting a conference on a specified day at Frankville to consider the advisability of moving the railroad station, less than a mile, down the grade near the present location of the Crabtree siding. The suggestion was a free conveyance from me, as agent, to the R. R. Company of the ground requsite for the proposed station, switch and yard. Apparent benefits to every interest involved taken with a desire to accommodate him, made it a pleasure on my part to accede to this proposition.

After a quick concurrence in the design for an improved and more accessible depot, we were walking down the west side railroad track when he stopped with deliberation, waiting for me to end what was being related; then pointing down a precipitous fall of rough ground in a distance of seventy-five or more feet from the railroad limit to Savage river, stated in carefully measured terms: "Right here, sir, your men,"—he knew of my having been a soldier in the Confederate army—"plotted for my death."

Such an imagination on his part was distressing to me, but to my earnest protestation, he replied; "hearing that I was on a coming train, they turned the rails to precipitate the engine with its coaches down this fearful cliff for my destruction." My declaration that no motive could have existed for so heinous an act against him, and the wanton cruelty in the death and injury to so many innocent persons, only elicited the answer, "the reason is unknown, but their purpose was sure."

No train was wrecked there, and the belief grew in his suspicious mind from a disordered condition of repairs he chanced to see without understanding—a foreman of the road explained that to me.

But how strange! Can it be that to us short sighted mortals, coming events sometimes cast their shadows before?

Close to where we were standing this dark thought deeply rooted in the mind of Governor Thomas, just upon the opposite side of the railroad bed, in less than one year, his life went in an accident of, perhaps, far less duration than it would have gone by the imaginary plot in the days of war.

Before the completion and occupancy of the above noted well appointed home, on that part of the improved area not facing the railroad but on the equally steep side slanting to Savage river, stood an ordinary old cabin in which for a time, the Governor lived with his aged negro man servant. This respected old man died there and was taken by the kind master to Frederick county, Maryland, for burial among the graves of his ancestors and while the statesman and the serving attendant lived in this plain old building, a party of newspaper representatives came up from New York fishing for mountain trout in the clear and cold streams gushing through the fastness of that part then, of Allegany county, Maryland. Their sport brought them in the community of the noted hermit. Hearing no little of one whose peculiarities justly traced would adorn the columns of any Journal, they decided to indulge attempting to see the man of whose eccentricities so much had been heard. To better understand the man they were planning to approach, it was deemed prudent to consult a near by neighbor, who assured them that the Governor was a gentleman and would meet them as gentlemen if they met him in a similar civility; but he added, it will not do to fool with him, you must be gentlemen, insisted the correctly informed mountaineer.

Armed with these advisements, they were ascending the difficult path from the river to the cabin, when a bend in the way brought them face to face with one who agreed too fully with descriptions to admit of mistake. One of the party moved forward with the salutation: "We assume that it is our honor to meet Governor Thomas," a courteous bow preceeded an all-round introduction. Then the peculiar master of a peculiar home, expressed regrets at having no lady to provide such an entertainment as he would be pleased to offer; but if they could be contented with such as was limited to him, the old man servant would give them fried chicken equal to any, where ever served. This unexpected treat was gladly accepted by the hungry fishermen.

The generous host excused himself to return a short while to the house for instructions as to dinner. In this absence every pencil was busy writing descriptions of the lion in his lair, humorous characters and objectionable drawings.

While absorbed in such writing and drawings, a loose leaf was drifted, unobserved from other notes, by the wind some distance up the path. The Governor returning, stooped and picked the strayed leaf; catching at a glance the disparaging meaning, the lion broke from the lair in fury. The startled knights of the quill saw trouble brewing. Walking calmly forward the Governor said: "When I extended to you the hospitality of my home, it was presumed from your appearance and address that you were gentlemen; I now hold in my hand evidence to the contrary and order you immediately from my presence." They were full of apologies; but he declared no apology could be entertained and as men unworthy of the presence of a gentleman, "I turn my back upon you and order you at once from my premises."

Recalling the injunction of the mountaineer, they saw the time was at hand to go, and they stood not upon the order of the going, but shuffled down the hill in the confusion of a stampede.

HUTTON

In the sweetest repose the lily and rose
Rests side by side in the gloom—
Whilst the storm king whirls with many a swirl;
The death-white pall o'er the tomb.

With many a moan and, many a groan;
Poor Nature fills the air—
With an intensegrief as she oft repeats,
"My treasures lie buried there."

At various intervals I have through the excellent medium of this valuable paper briefly and roughly sketched the magnificence of Nature's phenomina at the three most beautiful stages of her progress which are chiefly classified as Spring, Summer and Autum. And so at this period, or season, I am going to ask is winter bereft of all charms?

This morning, as I gazed for a moment on the boundless area of sleeping Nature I was so forcibly imbued with admiration that I take this occasion to depict for your pleasure that fleeting vision of loveliness that to me was a privilege of extreme happiness upon being accorded the pleasure of witnessing the splendor of this mid-winter scene.

Toward the south-western part of the village lies great stretches of unbroken woodlands, save for the deep gorge of a winding riverlet the setting of this picture of landscape would indeed assume a weird appearance.

Whilst for the inevitable back ground, there looms up in grandeur the now apparent snow-capped peaks of the majestic hills of West Virginia, whose towering heights form the distant horizon. Skirting the river's front comprises the reguant feature of this scene, the figure of a group of clustering pines, adorned by a silvery-sheen of snowy whiteness betraying the veritable blue of the fibers beneath, and as I gazed enraptured at the craftiness of the handiwork of nature, there appeared from behind the dull leadening-gray clouds that obscured the February's sky, a bright gleam of golden sun-shine, that rested for a brief second on the minute particle like crystal, emblazon them with a sparkle and brilliancy of a thousand diamonds, then vanishing as quickly into the gathering gloom. A gentle breeze seemed to whisper, through the branches of the swaying pines as it symmetrically tossed the boughs to and fro obliterateing in its wake the beautiful device producing a miniature like snow fall and leaving slumbering nature more dreary and more desolate than before: This is only one of the many handsome winter scenes that old mother nature frequently presents to view and truly one may say, winter has its charms and enchantments.

Rev. James E. Connell, pastor of St. Peter's church, of Oakland, was visiting his parishioners at this place Monday.

Mrs. Michael Pendergast entertained a number of friends, at her home Friday evening.

Mr. F. P. Baker was an Oakland visitor recently.

Dr. Henry McComas, of Oakland, was a professional visitor Monday.

Mr. Le Roy Horton was a business visitor at Chicago recently.

Mr. Jerry J. Pendergast and sister, Miss Agnes F. were visiting Terra Alta friends Saturday.

ST. ELMO.

TWENTY YEARS' TORTURE ENDS IN HAPPINESS

Hagerstown Lady Made Happy. Whole Family Now Rejoice.

"If you had suffered for twenty years like I had, from indigestion, sour stomach, nervousness, spitting up food and couldn't sleep nights, I believe you'd look around like I did for something to relieve you." Said Mrs. Sarah B. Lum, wife of the popular lounge maker, Henry E. Lum, who resides at 235 Alexander street, Hagerstown, Md., and is a valued employee in the Hagerstown Lounge Factory.

"I had almost despaired of ever getting relief, and didn't have much faith in remedies, but when I saw Tanlac advertised in the papers, and learned that so many people afflicted just like I was had been entirely relieved by it, I decided to try it.

"Well, were I to talk to you for a week," she said to the Tanlac man, when she called at Rudy & Meredith's drug store, for another bottle of Tanlac "I could not tell the half of what it has done for me. I don't have any more sour stomach. I just sleep like a baby and my appetite is so good that all I now fear is the grocery bill; and my daughter too, who suffered for years from catarrh has been wonderfully benefitted by this Tanlac also. Both of us pin our faith to it, and shall continue taking it, until we are entirely cured, which we firmly believe will be the result, and we have only taken one bottle of it, and I want another. "In fact no other remedy I have ever taken has had such remarkable effect as this Tanlac, I'd just like for my friends and every one else afflicted as I was, to try it, as I'm confident they will get the same good results that I did. It is the greatest medicine I ever heard of."

Tanlac is sold exclusively in Oakland at the popular pharmacy of T. Gonder, where all drugs and remedies dispensed are pure and fresh and compounded by scientific and skillful methods. Advertisement.

A Card of Thanks.

We desire to extend through the medium to the neighbors who so faithfully and kindly aided and assisted us in sympathy kindness and helpful acts during our sickness and loss of one.

C. F. KELLEY,
W. M. KELLEY and WIFE,
VICTOR KELLEY and WIFE.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters Testamentary on the estate of

GEORGE T. PORTER

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 1st day of May 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indabted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 10th day of February 1916.

FLORENCE PORTER,
Executrix,
Oakland, Md.

Examiners' Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, appointed by the County Commissioners of Garrett County to view the lands through which the County road is to be relocated and proceed to examine said road through the lands of Truman Casteel and Thomas Bishoff and examine whether the said new road should be granted will meet on the eleventh day of March, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said building and relocation of said road, and if so, to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

DAVID W. FRAKER,
SAMUEL GLOTFELTY,
Examiner.

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Comas, of Oakland,
visitor Monday.
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were visiting Terra
day.

ST. ELMO.

RS' TORTURE
IN HAPPINESS

Made Happy. Whole
ow Rejoice.

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KELLEY,
KELLEY and WIFE
KELLEY and WIF

o Creditors.

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the Orphans' Court of
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T. PORTER
ty, Maryland, deceased,
claims against the de-
warned to exhibit the
vouchers thereof duly
e subscriber, on or be-
of May 1916, they may
excluded from all bene-
e. All persons knowing
d to said estate are re-
mediate payment.
hand this 10th day of

LORENCE PORTER,
Executrix,
Oakland, Md.

ers' Notice.

given, that the under-
by the County Commis-
County to view the lands
County road is to be re-
d to examine said road
of Truman Casteel and
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ld be granted will meet
of March, 1916, for such
ermine whether the pub-
quires the said building
aid road, and if so, to lo-
perform their duty in the

DAVID W. FRAKER,
SAMUEL GLOTFELTY,
Examiners.

THE
GARRETT NATIONAL BANK
OF OAKLAND, MARYLAND

INVITES accounts of individuals, firms and corporations on the most liberal terms consistent with safe banking. With a Capital of $50,000.00, earned Surplus and Undivided Profits over $65,000.00 and Deposits over $500,000.00, this Bank offers its patrons abundant resources, coupled with the highest type of service. Three per cent. interest paid on Time and Savings Accounts. Safe Deposit Boxes for rent.

OFFICERS

G. S. HAMILL, President. D. E. OFFUTT, Jr., Vice President.
G. A. FRALEY, Cashier. H. L. JONES, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS

GILMOR S. HAMILL, DANIEL E. OFFUTT, Jr. J. T. MITCHELL, CHAS. S. DAVIS
JOSEPH E. HARNED. GEORGE A. FRALEY, HARLAND L. JONES

FOR RENT—Three unfurnished rooms. J. G. Mealy, Oakland. Adv.

Naylor & Co., just received a car of "3 and 4" Drain Tile.
Advertisement

Mr. J. W. Bittinger, of near Grantsville, was in the city yesterday on business.

Rev. William Barnard, of Bloomington, spent yesterday in Oakland on businens.

Mr. Frederick A. Thayer, Jr., is on a visit to his brother, Mr. Ralph Thayer in Baltimore.

Cashier R. E. Sliger, of the First National Bank, spent Tuesday at Accident where he was the guest of Mr. Henry M. Speicher and other friends.

Mr. Robert C. Townshend, who is engaged at work at Manheim, where he in charge of a number of carpenters, spent a few days at his home in Oakland last week.

Deputy Road Inspector Strite, of Hagerstown, came up to Oakland Tuesday morning and went from here to Accident to investigate some alleged infractions of the automobile license law.

FOR SALE—A number of gas heaters. Apply to John J. Sweeney, Oakland, Md. Adv.

Mrs. Howard Hoffman, of Oakland, who was recently discharged from a Cumberland hospital where she had undergone a serious surgical operation, is now in Pittsburgh where she is visiting relatives and friends.

Mrs. Elizabeth Shaffer, of Washington, D. C., accompanied by her two children spent from Saturday until yesterday afternoon in Oakland where they were guests of Mrs. Shaffer's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John W. Hart.

Mrs. M. M. Ashby, of Oakland, accompanied by her daughter, Miss Orpah, left here last Thursday morning for Pittsburgh to which point they were called on account of the death of the late M. L. Snyder, mention of which was made in this paper last week.

Mr. William Clark, of Morgantown, West Va., who recently removed to that town from Oakland, spent yesterday here and expects to bring his family back to Garrett county early in the spring and take charge of the farm he recently purchased, located near the Gate road.

FOR SALE—Twenty-five acres improved farm land located on the Oakland-Gortner State Road, two miles South of Oakland. Easy terms. Call on or write Harry Helbig, Oakland, Md. Advertisement 51 tf

Mrs. H. P. Stuck and little daughter, who have been on a visit to relatives at Sandy Hook, Md., returned to Oakland Tuesday afternoon, being accompanied here by Mr. Stuck, who remains relief agent at the B. & O. station at Piedmont, but who expects to be returned to the Oakland office within a short time.

Naylor & Co., have a limited supply of Stock Food at 8 cents pound.
Advertisement

Mr. and Mrs. B. B. Cross, who left Oakland about six years ago and went to Nez Perce, Idaho, where they continued to reside while absent from Maryland, returned to Oakland last Friday night to again take up their residence, Mr. Cross declaring that Garrett county was good enough for him and that so far as the west was concerned it was a splendid country but unsuited to those who are attached to the east and its customs.

Mr. George D. Browning, of Friendsville, spent a few days last and this week in Oakland on business.

Misses Annie and Helen Wheeler, of Cumberland, spent part of last week in this city the guests of relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Harland L. Jones went to Terra Alta Tuesday where they spent the day visiting relatives and friends.

Misses Mary and Ilda Turner, of Cumberland, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Sturgiss at their home on Alder street.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Humbird, of Cumberland, came up to Oakland Sunday where they are guests of their daughter, Mrs. W. R. Offutt.

Mrs. Web Ravenscroft and Miss Bess Hendrickson returned home Saturday after spending part of last week in Accident the guests of Mrs. H. J. Speicher.

Editor H. A. Rasche, of the Democrat, was able to return to his office Monday after an illness of about a week, caused by a recurrence of an attack of the grip.

Mrs. H. J. Speicher entertained at her home in Accident last Friday evening in honor of Miss Bess Hendrickson, of Oakland. There were about twenty guests present.

Tuesday being a legal holiday the banks were closed and at the postoffice Sunday hours were observed. The rural route carriers also had a holiday, one of the two granted them each year by the department.

Dr. Henry W. McComas, of Oakland, has been appointed and has qualified as the administrator of the estate of his father, the late Dr. J. Lee McComas, of Oakland, whose death occured several weeks ago.

An effort is being made by Congressman Brown to have the rural mail route out of Oakland, which now extends into West Virginia, extended still farther to accommodate a number of West Virginians.

Rev. Dr. R. B. Ward, who recently returned home from a visit to points in Ohio, left Oakland last Friday for Alexander, West Va., where he will be engaged in special work for the next two or three weeks.

Messrs. S. A. Kendall and W. R. Cunningham, of the Pittsburgh office of the Kendall Lumber Company, spent Saturday afternoon and evening here the guests of Mr. J. C. Kendall at his residence adjoining town.

Misses Grace and Mabel Falkenstein, of Oakland, spent Sunday at Terra Alta where they were guests of relatives. They were accompanied by Messrs. Walter Falkenstein and Herbert Leighton, of Mountain Lake Park.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Dr. John E. Legge, of Cumberland, accompanied by Mrs. Legge, came up to Oakland Sunday afternoon and spent the evening here as guests of Mr. and Mrs. George W. Legge, Jr., returning to Cumberland on train No. 12 Sunday night.

Mike Boyle, of last year's team, was in town Tuesday evening last visiting some friends. Mike looks fine and says, in his quiet way, that he is "fit" and will be with us bigger and better than ever next season.—Frostburg Journal.

Justice of the Peace L. A. Rudisill came to Oakland from Annapolis Saturday morning and spent until Monday in Oakland and at the Park looking after some business matters connected with the transfer of the Park property to its new owners.

Mr. Carl Martin, of near town, received yesterday by express a thoroughbred Polled-Angus animal which he will use for breeding purposes. The animal is a yearling and weighs eight hundred pounds; a jet black, heavy of bone and will grow very materially within the next few months.

In painting stations and other buildings, freight cars and bridges, the Baltimore and Ohio railroad used 6,232,371 gallons of paint during the three years ended December 31, 1915. A standard color scheme for buildings, cars and bridge structures was adopted, so that throughout the entire territory the property of the Baltimore and Ohio is uniformly painted.

Mrs. Edward J. Frantz and daughter, Mrs. John J. Sweeney, left Oakland Sunday afternoon for Selbysport to which point they were called owing to the extreme illness of Mrs. Frantz's mother, Mrs. George Dunham, who is quite aged and who has been ill for some weeks with an ailment due to advancing years. The trip to Selbysport was made via Cumberland.

Mrs. Benj. H. Sincell returned home Monday evening from a week's visit to Gettysburg and York, Pa. At the last named point she was the guest of Rev. and Mrs. E. Manges, former residents of Oakland where Mr. Manges was pastor of St. Mark's Lutheran church. At York a new home is now being built by Rev. Manges who will occupy it with his family upon its completion.

A large crowd of basket ball fans went to Keyser Monday evening to witness the first of a series of games between the teams of that town and Lonaconing, the score at the close of the contest being 22 to 31 in favor of Keyser. Among those who witnessed the contest were Messrs. Mike Boyle, John J. Sweeney, Perry Frantz, Abram Lawton, Milton Sincell and several others whose names could not be learned.

Dr. W. D. Reed, of Grafton, until recently superintendent of the Oakland District, M. E. church, was in the city Monday, where he met Mr. Edward W. Westwood, of Wheeling, West Va., who recently purchased a large block of the stock of the Mountain Lake Park Association and to whom Dr. Reed transferred additional shares upon the occasion of his visit here the first of the week. Both Dr. Reed and Mr. Westwood returned to their respective homes Monday night.

A New Company.

The Oakland Automobile Company has secured the agency for the celebrated Dodge Car, and owing to the great demand for these cars the Oakland Company was able to secure but six of the cars for this territory the coming year. To appreciate this car one must see it. It is the most up-to-date car on the market. Price $785 f. o. b. Detroit. You can see this car at Treacy's new garage. Don't miss it For further particulars call on or address, C. B. Johnson, office First National Bank Building, Oakland, Md.
Advertisement.

FOR SALE—One Sterling Thresher. 16h. p. I. H. C. Gasoline Engine; 1 rebuilt I. H. C. auto Truck. For prices and terms, write or call upon R. M. Holman, Friendsville, Md. 3t*tf

Subscribe for The Republican.

FOR SALE

My Residence on Alder Street, Oakland, Md., consisting of two town lots, comprising one half acre, new house just recently erected, containing eight rooms and bath, and cellar under the entire house, comprising coal bin, fruit closet, furnace room and cellar. The house is lighted throughout with electric lights and gas, five to ten lights in each room, and open gas fire places in all rooms, stationary wash tubs in cellar, also instantaneous water heater, supplying hot water at all times, night or day, and hot water heating plant throughout the house, and all other conveniences necessary to make a comfortable home. Said house is finished entirely in hardwood. Also new stable or garage, 28x30, large room for automobile or carriages, three stalls, one box, large loft and all necessary feed boxes with automatic shoots.

Said property is enclosed in a new iron fence.

Five desirable building lots on Liberty street, running from Liberty street to the railroad, with large building, 30 x 60, located on the railroad switch, and suitable for manufacturing purposes or storage. Said lots will be sold separately or all together to suit purchaser. For prices and particulars apply to

STUART F. HAMILL,
Oakland, Md.

HAUSER

Miss Marguerite Roth and Miss Oda Gnegy attended the literary at Sunnyside Saturday night and reported a delightful time. They were the guests of Mrs. Harry Moon over Sunday.

We wish to correct the mistake published last week in reference to the debate and play entitled: "A Kiss in the Dark," to be given on next Saturday, Feb. 26, instead of Feb. 29, as was formelly stated last week. The question for discussion will be: "Resolved, The Doctors are more useful than Lawyers." The speakers are: Affirmative, Messrs. Marshall Wolf, Geo. Wolf and Wm. Gnegy. Negative, Messrs. Ernest Perrick, Clyde C. Gnegy and Thurston Cosner.

We are sorry to learn of the sad accident of the three year old boy of Mr. Tom Parks, whose death was caused by falling in a tub of hot water, head foremost. It was buried at Texas, Feb. 21. The sympathizers with them in their great bereavement are many.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Arnhalt visited at the home of her parents Mr. and Mrs. Robert Lathrum last Sunday.

Mr. Adrian Glotfelty has returned to his home, after an absence of about two months, spent in Akron, O.

Mr. Joseph Martin is now employed at Dobbin, W. Va.

Mr. and Mrs. Ira Miller and son, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Artis Sunday.

Misses Oda, Vernie and Bessie Gnegy were calling on Mrs. Charles Winters Friday last.

Quite a number of our young folks attended the debate at Horse Shoe Run Friday night. The question under discussion was: "Resolved that Pres. Wilson's National Preparedness for War is Justified." The affirmative won the decision. It was a hot debate, and very interesting and enlightening, being the most popular subject of the day.

TRIXIE.

Silver Tea.

The ladies of the Presbyterian church will hold a Silver Tea at the Manse, Thursday, March 2, at 7:30. An interesting program will be rendered. Everybody is invited to attend.

ESTABLISHED 1884. BOTH PHONES

We just received another car of the Famous

Turnbull Wagons

(To sell at the old price.) The best wagon as well as the lightest runner on the market. See the new roller bearing axle, something new.

Also we are receiving car loads of machinery which we bought before the advance in price. We are going to give our customers the advantage of same.

We have a fine line of Grain drills, all kind of Harrows, Land rollers, Plows, Cultivators, Cornplanters etc.

See us for our special terms for early orders.

If your Horses and Cattle are not in good condition try a bucket or keg of Acme stock food. Nothing better.

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.
Oakland, Md.
"Naylor has it and sells it for less."

BOTH PHONES RIGHT PRICES

Hart's Fall Goods.

DRESS GOODS
LARGER AND BETTER THAN EVER.
Ladies and Childrens Suits and Coats

In the above line we have beauty and style. Prices will surprise you. See them.

CORSETS—We are now handling the Warner Rustproof Corset. Better known and best on the market.
UNDERWEAR—Everything in Underwear for Men, Women and Children, Wool and Cotton.
Complete line Laces, Dress Trimmings, Silks, Neckwear, etc.

ALDER ST. HART'S OAKLAND.

Special Reduction Sale

To Reduce my stock I have determined to make the following big reductions for cash during February.

All Men's Suits that were $20.00, we now offer at	$15.00
All Men's Suits that were $15.00, we now offer at	$11.00

CHEAPER SUITS AT PROPORTIONATE REDUCTIONS.

Boy's Suits that were $8.50 and $9.00, we now offer at	$6.50
Boy's Suits that were $7.00 and $7.50, we now offer at	$5.50
Boy's Suits that were $5.50 and $6.00, we now offer at	$4.50
Boy's Suits that were $4.00 and $5.00, we now offer at	$3.50
Boy's Suits that were $3.50, we now offer at	$2.50
Boy's Suits that were $3.00, we now offer at	$2.25
Boy's Suits that were $2.50, we now offer at	$1.75
1 Lot Beacon Shoes that were $3.00, we now offer at	$2.50
1 Lot Beacon Shoes that were $3.50, we now offer at	$2.90
1 Lot Beacon Shoes that were $4.00, we now offer at	$3.25

OTHER SPECIAL BARGAINS IN SHOES.

and see.

Yours tr

E. A. WEIMER.

The Republican---Th Leading Paper.

Home Merchant vs. M. O. Houses

THE SUCCESS OF ALL COMMUNITY BUILDING

One Way, And The Best, Is to Keep Every Dollar at Home.

The success of community building depends very largely upon the completeness of a local business organization. Like any other organization it must be well balanced and every feature given careful consideration. If we should have too many dry goods stores and not good hardware establishment many citizens would have to go out of the community to buy their hardware. This would result in the dry goods merchants loosing much business because many people would do all their shopping where they could get a hardware service. On the other hand a complete hardware establishment, such as is conducted by J. M. Davis & Son's brings many shoppers to Oakland who patronize the business houses generally.

It must be said that Oakland has a very complete business organization, every line of trade being well represented. With his immense stock of dry goods, notions, groceries and furniture D. E. Bolden is an important factor in the business affairs of Garrett county and has done much toward making Oakland a popular shopping place. His stock is very large in every department and has been well selected for the people of this community. Mr. Bolden has seen to it that there is real merit in every article sold by him. This establishment reflects great credit upon the community and is of great service to all the people.

H. C. SINCELL.

The dry goods and furnishings store of Mr. H. C. Sincell has long been one of the most attractive business houses in this section. This establishment has long been the means of bringing much general trade to Oakland, because it has been in advance of every other shopping center in this section of the country in the way of handling high class dry goods, notions, ready-to-wear clothing and furnishings for every member of the family.

This store is the pride of all Oakland and vicinity, not only for the very attractive manner in which it is arranged but for the fine service which it affords the people. No matter how particular the man or woman may be as to their wearing apparel they can supply their wants here in a most satisfactory man-

HE BANKS OF THE COUNTY.

Oakland and Garrett county has a real advantage in respect to its banking facilities. The two large and substantial institutions in Oakland and the banks at Kitzmiller, Friendsville and Grantsville, are not only managed with such a degree of care as to gain the confidence of all the people but in every instance these institutions are doing their full share toward community building. Fortunately they are free from fractional strife and are working in harmony to the one end—to make Garrett county a more prosperous community.

W. H. HINEBAUGH.

Through the store and workshop of W. H. Hinebaugh the harness, saddle and general horse supply business is well taken care of in Oakland. The high standard of goods carried by him is well known to all the people and those who have tried both sources of supply are well aware of the fact that there is so much difference in the goods that there should be no comparison in prices between he and the mail order houses.

Mr. Hinebaugh carries everything in the way of leather goods, including harness, saddles, whips and every kind of horse goods. There is also a fine line of trunks, suit cases and hand bags.

ARTHUR TOWNSHEND.

Practically ever since Oakland has been the chief trading center of this end of the state the general mercantile establishment of Davis & Townshend and latter that of Arthur Townshend has been among the leading mercantile establishments. During that time this store has served nothing but the highest class of goods, has given a fine mercantile establishment to all the people of the community and has afforded a market for the products of the farmers who have brought their goods to Mr. Townshend. These are but a few of the benefits which all the people here have derived from the presence of this pioneer mercantile establishment. In addition to the great sum of money paid out by Mr. Townshend in the way of taxes for the up keep of the public institutions he has contributed to every move toward public improvement and community building. He has been interested in the welfare of Garrett county all this time and has assisted materially in the building of this fine community.

Mr. Townshend carries a fine assortment of dependable goods and is giving a mercantile serviceworthy of the support of the community. In addition to his stock of dry goods, notions, groceries and shoes he has the agency for the Royal Tailoring company by which he is furnishing the best custom made clothing for men and young men at very popular prices.

OAKLAND BAKERY.

Oakland is far in advance of the average city of its size in respect to a bakery. The service which is given here by Mr. Henry Lauer, proprietor of the Oakland Model Bakery, is equal to that enjoyed by any city in the country. Here is a demonstration of the benefits to be derived from support to the local business house. By getting practically all the bread and pastry business of the local people Mr. Lauer has been able to build and maintain this very creditable as well as serviceable bakery.

Mr. Lauer is one of Oakland's best citizens and is a citizen of unusual worth to the community. So far as is possible he uses local products in his business and in his personal affairs gives the local business houses the full benefit of his patronage.

MR. H. CREUTZBURG.

The big mercantile establishment of Herman Creutzburg has long been one of the leading shopping centers in this community. Those who have made a careful study of mercantile values and the prices which should be paid are loud in their praise of this store. Mr. Creutzburg is a buyer of unusual ability and in selecting this fine stock of goods has seen to it that he has received genuine values in every instance. He gives his patrons the benefit of this advantage.

During his many years in business here Mr. Creutzburg has been of great assistance in the building of this community. He has not only paid his full share in the way of taxes but has contributed in many others toward the building of the business center and social improvement.

W. E. SHIRER.

For forty years the name Shirer has been identified with the business interests of Oakland and Garrett county and today a representative of the second generation is making the name even more prominent in the local business affairs. Without such an establishment as that conducted by Mr. W. E. Shirer the business organization of Oakland would be far less complete and the people of this community would feel the need of this important place of business.

The tin roofing and special sheet metal business of this establishment extends all over this section of the country and is the means of bringing much money to the community. This great business in tin work, plumbing and gas fitting has been built upon the merits of the work done and the goods sold. The motto "Prompt service" has prevailed for years and this with the high standard of products coupled with fair dealing with everybody, has been the secret of the success of the enterprise. In addition to this business Mr. Shirer carries a fine line of gas and coal stoves and ranges which have been found well worth the prices asked and very reliable in every instance.

THOMAS LITTLE.

Thomas Little has been serving the people of Oakland and vicinity with high class merchandise for more than twenty years. During that time he has not only been giving the people here full value for their money but has been assisting to a great extent in the building of this city and great community. In addition to giving the people a fine shopping place he has made a market where the products of the farmers are taken in exchange for both trade and cash.

Mr. Little has a fine line of dry goods, notions, groceries and queensware and it can well be depended upon that there is real values in every article handled by him. Mr. Little also takes orders for tailor made clothing, representing one of the best tailoring concerns in the country.

The appreciation of his worth as a citizen and the best evidence of the confidence of the people in him is demonstrated in the fact that he is now treasurer of the town of Oakland.

THE DIFFERENCE IN PLUMBING.

We are all familiar with the fate of the man who saved money by defending himself in court—he is in the penitentiary. And the man who economized by being his own doctor—he is dead. Few have attempted to sidestep the plumber but many have purchased their fixtures from the mail order house—they have been stung.

About five years ago a Richwood, W. Va., citizen asked his local plumber the price of his new bathroom fixtures. He found them fifteen dollars higher than that asked by the mail order house for equipment which looked just as good and the order was placed in a Chicago house. When the fixtures arrived the purchaser applied to W. A. Hamilton, the plumber, to install the outfit. Mr. Hamilton refused to have anything to do with it because of his former experience with like fixtures from the same house. On account of the misfits and inferiority of the fixtures the cost of installation had been very expensive and the work could not be made satisfactory, always leaving a reflection on the man who did the work.

Another Richwood plumber accepted the job, but with the understanding that he was not to be held responsible for the work one day after the installation. The plumber who did the installation work wrestled with the job for three years but with no satisfactory results. Mr. Hamilton was called in two years ago and gave the job his best effort. During the past two years the repair bill on this bath room has long past the two hundred dollar mark. In all this man that "saved" money by sending to Chicago has many times paid the price asked by the local plumber.

S. L. Harmon, one of Richwood's leading business men, purchased his fixtures from Mr. Hamilton when he built his new home ten years ago. The repair bill on this bathroom in ten years has been less than twenty dollars and a portion of that has been the result of freezing, there being no fault laid to the material or workmanship.

These are but two of many like causes in Richwood as well as every town and city throughout the country. It is safe to say that if the prospective purchasers of like material will investigate the cases where the outfits have come from the mail order house they will be only too glad to patronize the local plumber.

In all lines of trade there are none in which there is a keener competition than that which exists between the manufacturer and dealers in plumbing supplies. The price for the same grade of goods are practically the same and when the mail order house quotes prices below these the difference comes in the quality. In selling you an outfit the local plumber sees to it that the fixtures fit and are free from defects. He must give you reliable goods because he is there to answer for any faults that come to light.

The local plumbers patronize the local stores, the local banks, and helps to consume the products of the local farmers. He pays taxes, contributes to the support of the churches and assists in the charity work and helps in many ways to make the home community a better place in which to live. Without a first class plumbing establishment in your community you would find it a very inconvenient place to live. Good plumbers locate and remain where they get the patronage of the people.

WHO ARE YOU BOOSTING?

In discussing the mail order business this question arises: Are you boosting your own town or are you boosting for New York and Chicago? It is safe to say that every man living in this city is giving "moral support" to this city and community. They are interested in the welfare of the schools, the churches and a large per cent of them are advocates of good roads. They want to see the community prosper and progress yet a great many of them are taking the real substance out of the community and placing it in the hands of the capitalists who are operating the mail order houses in two metropolitan cities.

In each of these cities stand great monuments to the folly of the people of the smaller cities and communities throughout the country. They are in the shapes of great business blocks which cover many acres of ground and the palatial mansions of the capitalists who reap the great profits from this unscrupulous manner of doing business.

The two cities and great states in which they are located receive the tax benefits from these big institutions. The patronage of these houses means assistance in the building of great highways, libraries and parks for the convenience and comfort of those people who already have so much more than we have here at home.

This "moral support" which is given the home community is of no interest to the great capitalists of the far away cities. We are welcome to that so far as they are concerned so long as we furnish them the hard earned cash. They are satisfied to let this community have the hot air.

HOME MERCHANT SAVE THE HOME

A Garrett county farmer, owning and living on a small piece of land near Oakland became a generous patron of the mail order houses. He not only made his purchases there but solicited orders from his neighbors. A few months ago he found himself out of cash, having sent it all to Chicago. A note for three hundred dollars came due and in his desperation he asked an Oakland merchant to endorse for him in order to save his farm. The merchant instructed the farmer to send the note to the mail order house where he had been making his purchases. Not realizing the absurdity of the thing the farmer sent the note to his mail order house with a request that it be endorsed by them. It is needless to say that it came back unsigned. The farmer went back to the local merchant, who, after giving the mail order victim a just "talking to" signed the note and saved the farmer's home.

GRANTSVILLE.

Captain R. R. Sanner, despite his 74 years, is out bright and early each morning and after a brisk walk and breakfast is ready for school routine; nor has he been prevented from teaching at any time this winter on account of illness, although most of his pupils have succumbed to grippe and whooping cough for a few days at a time since the holidays. The midwinter examinations however, show splendid work by all the pupils, in spite of illness and the absence of a few. Those standing highest in their examinations were:

Tenth grade—Edna Bender first, Allen Bender second.

Ninth grade—Margaret Getty first, Lee Custer second.

Eighth grade—Everett Miller first Albert Miller second.

One of the prettiest social affairs of the season and the most successful, was a Valentine Leap Year dance given by the Grantsville girls on Monday evening in the Broadwater hall. The hall was beautifully decorated with hearts and cupids and the programmes were decorated with likenesses of the roguish little love god. Punch was served by the ladies, and a most delicious luncheon was served by two little girls—Grace Hershberger and Margaret Getty—with Mrs. Fred Livengood as caterer.

Michael Durst, a veteran of the Civil War, living several miles west of Grantsville, died the fore part of this week, of paralysis. He was about 84 years of age. Funeral at Grantsville on Wednesday.

In the third grade, primary room, the following four pupils made almost equally high marks: Viola Swauger, Clarence Gingerich, Harry Durst and Floyd Miller.

A Card of Thanks.

We desire to extend through this medium to the neighbors who so faithfully and kindly aided and assisted us in sympathy kindness and helpful acts during our sickness and loss of one.

C. F. KELLEY,
W. M. KELLEY and WIFE,
VICTOR KELLEY and WIFE.

MONEY TO LOAN—On real estate. Renninger & Offutt, Attorneys at Law, Garrett National Bank building, Oakland, Md. Adv. 51 4t*

For Sale.

Having rented my farm I offer the following at private sale: Two young Horses, good weight; 4 Jersey Cows, 40 Tons baled Hay, 6 tons baled Straw, some loose hay and straw, a lot of Oats, Corn and Wheat, 1 Sleigh, 1 Buggy, 1 New Sled, Plow, Harrows and Cultivators, 1 good Surrey, Harness of all descriptions. Call on or address George Shartzer, Oakland, Md. Adv. 49

Examiners' Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned appointed by the County Commissioners of Garrett County, to view the lands through which the new road is prayed to be examined commencing at Garey's gate and passing through the lands of Edith Hileman, Abell Friend and Hiram Humberson to intersect the Morgantown road at or near John Meyer's house, and examine whether the said new road should be granted will meet on the 25th day of February, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said building of said new road, and if so, to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

C. W. FRIEND,
W. F. MEYERS,
S. K. FRAZEE,
Examiners.

Examiners' Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, appointed by the County Commissioner of Garrett County, to view the lands through which the Road leading from Aviltion to the Pike through the lands of Elias Arnold road, and examine whether the said road should be Relocated will meet on the 25th day of February 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said relocation of said road, and if so, to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

LEWIS H. BROADWATER,
J. O. WILHELM,
ERNEST Z. MICHAEL,
Examiners.

Settle the Silo Question and Settle it for Good

Do away with painting, repairing and tightening of hoops.

Know that your silo won't blow over.

Be sure of perfect silage at all times.

Build the worryless, efficient.
Natco Imperishable Silo. "The silo that lasts for generations."

Its hollow, vitrified, clay tile are impervious to air and moisture; they preserve the silage sweet and juicy.

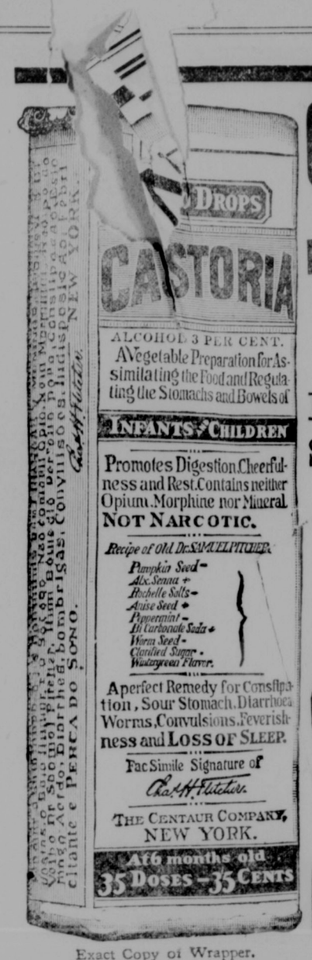
The dead air space in the wall resists frost making it the silo for cold climates.

Its a silo of efficiency, and a silo you'll be proud of.

For further information address, The National Fire Proofing Company, Pittsburgh, Pa., or, W. C. DeBerry, Oakland, Md.

P. S. A liberal discount is given on silos ordered before Feb. 1st. Discount becomes smaller each succeeding month.

LOST.—A collie dog; answers to the name of "Snookie," reward will be paid if returned to Paul E. Mitchell, Oakland, Md. Advertisement.



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MEAT MARKET
IN THE EMPIRE BUILDING.

Choice Steak, Boiling Meat, and all other kinds of meat. Highest cash price paid for Poultry and Eggs; also cash paid for Hides and Skins.

H. L. MILLER

WALTER'S
OSCILLATING
Sleds

ONE year's time without interest, for you to buy a pair of these genuine J. W. WALTER'S HAND MADE WHITE OAK OSCILLATING BOB SLEDS. Come and get a pair while they last. Use them all the rest of this winter and most of next before paying one cent. Workmanship and material guaranteed.

I have several pairs on hand now and they must go to make room for my new spring stock that is coming in. Yours

J. W. WALTER
DEER PARK, MD.

MANY DEFECTS IN STATE SCHOOLS

ke Education Out of Politics, Expert Advice to Maryland.

TEACHERS BADLY TRAINED.

General Eucational Board of New York, After Inspection of Every County In the State, Points to Need of More Superintendents, Higher Salaries and Changes In Existing Laws.

Baltimore, Md., Feb. 6.—The Legislature of Maryland in 1914 authorized the appointment o a Commission to procure a survey of education in Maryland and appropriated $5,000 for its expenses. The Governor appointed as members of this Commission B. Howell Griswold, Jr., of Baltimore; Col. Albert W. Sisk, of Preston and Dr. J. McPherson Scott, of Hagerstown.

At the request of the Commission, the General Education Board of New York undertook to make the survey, agreeing to bear any expense incurred in excess of the state appropriation. The results of the survey are made public to-day.

The Report is the work of Abraham Flexner and Frank P. Bachman. The former is the author of "The American College" and several years ago conducted for the Carnegie Foundation investigations of medical schools in the United States and Europe; Dr. Bachman, formerly Assistant Superintendent of Schools of Cleveland, was a professional [illegible] of the Hanus Commission which investigated the New York schools and is the author of important educational studies.

Every County Inspected.

Every county in Maryland was visited, typical schools of all kinds were [illegible] throughout the state; the records of the state and county departments were carefully examined; and much new material was gathered. The material is set forth in a comprehensive volume dealing with each detail of the situation.

"Public education in Maryland is on a whole soundly organized," says the Report of the General Education Board. Further, the state deals generously with its public schools in the matter of money.

We do not propose therefore any fundamental changes in the general structure of the public school system of Maryland nor do we suggest that the State increase at all its appropriations to the schools.

"But there are other aspects which will cause grave concern. A few counties possess good and steadily improving schools; a good school may be found here and there in other counties. But the large majority of the schools are poor; teachers are, for the most part, poorly trained; instruction is ineffective and obsolete; children attend school with disastrous irregularity; school buildings are far too often in unsatisfactory condition, school grounds, neglected and untidy.

Need of More Superintendents.

"The County Superintendency is in even more unsatisfactory condition. In the first place, the law does not even require the County Superintendent to be a trained or experienced school man; in the second place, adequate provision for skilled assistance exists in only one or two counties.

"In most counties, therefore, an untrained official without expert aid, certificates teachers, arranges courses of study, supervises instruction, and examines for promotion pupils who attend school regularly or not, as they or their parents please.

"Finally, the state's large school fund is not distributed so as to accomplish the greatest possible good. For it is distributed almost unconditionally. The counties get their quota whether they do their educational duty or not, with the result that the backward counties sometimes do much less than they ought and some well-to-do counties do much less than they should.

"The state fund thus becomes a source of positive demoralization. It can be converted into a real help and stimulus only if payment by the State is conditioned upon the performance of [illegible] duty.

"In view of these conditions, it is [illegible] enough to understand why a fundamentally correct type of organization produces unsatisfactory educational results in Maryland. But, as a matter of fact, the state does not even fare as well with its present organization as it might: why not?

Education Is "In Politics."

"A few words suffice to explain. Public education in Maryland is 'in politics.' Politics are apt to prevent the State Board from acting with vigor to determine the composition of the County Boards; to affect the choice of the County Superintendents; even to enter into the selecton of the one-room rural school teachers. Of course, there are exceptions. In the county boards are excellent; schools are entirely free from political taint. But in general personal considerations independence, thoroughness of the school system does not begin to realize the ideals of the political influence it does."

The survey says that:

"[illegible] must be singled out for especial commendation. The County Superintendent is a man of experience and modern training; and he is aided by a corps of supervisors, including an assistant superintendent, a primary supervisor with an assistant, a grammar grade supervisor with an assistant, a manual training supervisor, a domestic science supervisor, and, finally, a supervisor of rural schools.

"But every county in Maryland could, up to the limits of its financial ability, do the kind of thing that Baltimore County does. At bottom it depends on the competency of the County Superintendent."

Training of Teachers.

In discussing the weaknesses of the school situation in most of the counties, the Report points out that the teaching force of the state is in a high degree miscellaneous. On this fundamental point the Report states:

"Regarding the training of these teachers, no general statement can be made at all. There are the widest possible variations in the training of teachers doing the same grade of work—inconceivable confusion and lack of sequence and order in their preparation.

"Of over 3,000 white elementary teachers in the state outside of Baltimore, 391 (12.7 per cent.) have had only an elementary school education; 634 (20.7 per cent.) have spent one or two years in a high school; 1,031 (33.7 per cent.) have completed a four-year high school course; only 148—less than 5 per cent. of the whole—have received a standard normal school training.

One-third of Teachers Untrained.

"Of the rest, some have spent a little while in normal school; some have received an irregular normal schooling; a few have been to college and still fewer through college. Grouping together standard normal school, part college and college graduates, about 10 per cent. of the elementary teachers of Maryland—not more—may be called well trained; not over one-third could on a stretch be called fairly well trained; at least two-thirds are practically untrained. The body as a whole is thus heterogeneous to the last degree."

Of the high-school teachers, it is declared that not over two-fifths are adequately trained.

A revision of the law dealing with the certification of teachers is therefore recommended as the first step toward realizing improved conditions.

Teachers' Salaries Too Small.

Salaries are too low to obtain well-trained teachers; they range "from an average of $271 a year in St. Mary's, to $692 a year in Baltimore County. Three counties pay an average of less than $300; four less than $350; seven less than $400; seven less than $450; and only two, Allegany and Baltimore, pay in excess of $474."

School Attendance.

The attendance of school children is so irregular and uncertain that even good teachers could of teach successfully. As the state is without an effective compulsory attendance law, many children remain away from school altogether—large numbers begin to go to school too late or attend irregularly. The precise extent of this evil cannot be stated, for there is no correct school census.

It is recommended, therefore, that the state enact a state-wide compulsory education law, including proper provisions for attendance officers and whatever else is required to make it effective.

Organization.

The schools of Maryland are supported in part by county, in part by state taxation. Some of the counties, notably Baltimore, Allegany, Queen Anne, and Worcester, support their schools liberally; the rest do less and some of the most prosperous do much less than they can and should.

Help Those Who Help Themselves.

It is recommended by the Report, therefore, that the state contribution should in future be paid to no county which does not levy for educational purposes a minimum tax fixed by the Legislature. The more progressive counties will, of course, continue to levy more as they now do.

* * * * * * *

Again, the state and county organizations exist in skeleton or outline only. The State Department of Education, which should guide, study and report upon the educational activities of the entire state, consists of a superintendent, his assistant and a clerk.

"Nothing is simpler," says the Report, "than to authorize or require the State Superintendent to 'supervise', 'inspect', 'examine' or 'pass upon'. But neither inspection, supervision, nor examination can avail, unless an adequate trained organization is provided through which he can work. The force now at the Superintendent's disposal is utterly insufficient. He has a single assistant appointed with the approval of the State Board at a salary of $2,000 and one clerk at a salary not to exceed $1,200. In addition to his own salary, he has an expense allowance of five hundred dollars, and one thousand dollars more for furniture, supplies and printing. Three persons thus constitute the entire staff at the disposal of the Superintendent of Public Education in Maryland.

"It goes without saying that the functions which we have enumerated simply cannot be effectively discharged by this organization."

Would Increase Number of Officials.

The Report therefore recommends an increase in the staff in the office of the State Department of Education, said staff to be paid, not by additional legislative appropriation, but out of the present school fund, before this fund is distributed to the counties.

Equally defective is the county organization. At present, the County Superintendent is not only the main, but in most counties practically the only county educational officer. Baltimore County alone has a really adequate county organization, with the result that the schools of Baltimore County are the best in the state. Not only is the County Superintendent usually unaided—he is not even always a trained educator.

"Three County Superintendents," says the Report, "have had less than a high school education and four of them never went beyond the high school. Only one of the seven has added to his initial preparation, and he only to the extent of six weeks at a summer school. Of those remaining, one is a normal school graduate with a summer term of professional work. Though fifteen hold college and university degrees, yet not more than six of the fifteen have made special and professional preparation for their work."

Salaries are indeed frequently so low that trained men cannot possibly be obtained for this highly important post. "Of twenty-three county superintendents, one receives $5,000 a year, one $3,000, one $2,250. Of the remaining twenty, one receives $800 a year, six receive from $1,200 to $1,500 and thirteen from $1,600 to $2,000. In addition, there is an allowance of from $100 to $500 for expenses incurred in visiting schools, though Garrett County makes no allowance, and Hartford and St. Mary's only $25. One cannot be surprised, therefore, to find that these positions have not attracted trained men."

Competent Assistants Lacking.

"Conditions are aggravated," the Report continues, "by the almost universal lack of competent assistants. The law, while permitting the county boards to expend thousands annually in their discretion, forbids the employment of even a clerk to assist the Superintendent, unless the number of teachers in the county exceeds 85; an assistant superintendent may not be employed unless the number of teachers exceeds 175.

"Hence, five counties depend almost entirely upon the County Superintendent alone, employing only occasional and temporary clerical assistance. Six out of the twenty-three have assistant superintendents, and supervisors are found in four.

"In only three counties—Baltimore, Frederick and Allegany—are the offices ample and well equipped; elsewhere space is often meagre and equipment usually limited. One-fourth of the County Superintendents have but one room, often a small one at that, which serves alike as a store-house for school supplies, as a meeting-place for the County Board, and as general office."

* * * * * * *

How can an untrained and unaided County Superintendent organize schools, certificate teachers and examine children efficiently? Furthermore, it is manifestly impossible to secure good results under these circumstances.

Would Specify Qualifications.

The Report recommends that the law define the qualifications of the County Superintendents; requiring that he devote himself exclusively to his office, and that every superintendent be given such aid as is indispensable to the proper performance of his duties.

It is recommended, further, that one-half the additional expense of the county school organization be paid out of the general school fund, provided the several counties pay the other half.

* * * * * * *

Where Politics Disturb.

The Report points out that it is in the selection of county superintendents that the next session's instance of political influence is exhibited. On this subject the Report says:

"The County Superintendents are elected by the politically constituted County Boards. The politicians view the County Superintendency as 'spoils,' and in most counties the indifference of the people permits them to dispose of it on that basis. A general election, bringing about a change in party control, is scarcely over before political candidates are brought forth and 'groomed' for this important office.

"In the four years during which the Republicans were in power—1908-1912—new County Superintendents were chosen in 19 out of the 23 counties of the state, 11 of them in the very year when the County School Boards became Republican. In the first year of the new Democratic administration of 1900, 16 new County Superintendents were appointed, whereas during the ensuing 11 years, aside from removals by death, there was a total of only 11 changes.

"Similarly, the first three years of the present Republican control witnessed the election of 12 new superintendents. Some of these changes were indeed for the better; but as long as a political upset is the inciting cause, there can be no certainty that changes will be based upon public advantage. Luckily, these deplorable conditions are not universal.

"In a few—a very few—counties, politics play no part in either the selection or retention of the County Superintendents. While a dozen Superintendents have served three years or less, three have been in office for fourteen years."

* * * * * *

THE GENERAL CONCLUSION OF THE REPORT IS THAT, UNLESS EDUCATION IS TAKEN OUT OF POLITICS, EVEN THE IMPROVEMENTS RECOMMENDED IN THE REPORT WILL BE OF LITTLE AVAIL.

Complete copies of the Report will be placed in the hands of the members of the State Legislature, and additional copies can be obtained by addressing the State Department of Education, Baltimore.

TAX SALE

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate

In Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of the power vested in the Treasurer of Garrett County, Maryland, by section 52 of Chapter 566, of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland for the year 1890, title "Garrett County," sub-title "County Treasurer," and as amended by the General Assembly of Maryland for the year 1898, Chapter 144, the undersigned Treasurer in and for Garrett County, Maryland, will, on

FRIDAY,

The 3rd Day of March, 1916,

at 10 o'clock a. m. at the front door of the Court House in the town of Oakland, Garrett county, Md., offer and sell at public auction to the highest bidder all of the following pieces or parcels of land lying and being in Garrett County, Md., to wit:

No. 2.—Twenty-seven acres, more or less of a tract of land called "Western Route," with a reserve of one hundred and twenty square rods out of said acreage, lying and being in Election District No. 5 of Garrett county, and being the same property which was conveyed to Henry Sue by Jacob E. Bowser and wife by deed dated August 12th, 1907, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 56, Folio 70, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, Maryland, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Henry Sue.

No. 3.—Military Lot No. 1861, containing fifty acres of land, more or less, located in Election District No. 1 of Garrett county, and being the same property which was conveyed to George [illegible] and Anna J. Condron and [illegible] by deed dated February [illegible] recorded in Liber E. Z. T. [illegible] 447, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy

No. [illegible] Records be sold to due and in years 1914 and upon the Ass Garrett county in M Lee.

No. 9.—All the surface tary Lot No. 96, cor acres, located in Ele No. 4, Garrett coun part of the same was conveyed to Jo by G. Semmes Har by deed date recorded i folio 351, of Garre to pay and 1914 the coun Wilson.

No. 10.—One acres of Mi and 73 situate No. 1 of Garrett

TE sale. T to six cale by paying money wit of twenty costs. chaser.

(

Jerome B. E County, No. 267, Miscell Court Ordered, by t County, Maryla 1916, that the ta the above entit late Treasurer and confirmed, thereof be show March, 1916; prov inserted in som Garrett county o cessive weeks bef ary, 1916. The report stat $83.79.

True copy, Test:

Orde

Jerome B. Emory, Late County, Maryland vs. Sus No. 268, Miscellaneous Dock Court for Garrett Ordered, by the Circuit Co County, Maryland, this 25th da 1916, that the tax sale made an the above entitled case by Jerom late Treasurer of Garrett county, and confirmed, unless cause to the thereof be shown on or before the March, 1916; provided a copy inserted in son Garrett [illegible] cessive ary

Do You Fear Fire?

Your buiklings may never burn, but that does not lessen the fear of fire or the danger.

A good way to feel safe and be protected is to have a telephone in your home. Then you can give instant alarm at any hour of the day or night.

Ask our local manager for full information.

THE CHESAPEAKE AND POTOMAC TELEPHONE COMPANY

J. BROKE BOYLE, Local Manager

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Pictured above is the Hub-Mark Storm Slipper.

FROM the Atlantic to the Pacific, from the Gulf to the Great Lakes, this is the favorite rubber of men and women who want a light-weight and dressy rubber that is a real protection in snow and rain. This Storm Slipper is also made for boys and girls.

Hub-Mark Rubber Footwear is made in a wide variety of styles to cover the stormy weather needs of men, women, boys and girls in town or country.

The Hub-Mark is the mark.

Frederick County Pleads for Justice.

The Following Record Speaks For Itself:

Congressmen From The Sixth District Since 1876:

Allegany County

1876—WALSH, DEM. ..... ELECTED
1890—McKAIG, DEM. ..... "
1892—McKAIG, DEM. ..... "
1894—WELLINGTON, REP. "
1898—PEARRE, REP. ..... "
1900—PEARRE, REP. ..... "
1902—PEARRE, REP. ..... "
1904—PEARRE, REP. ..... "
1906—PEARRE, REP. ..... "
1908—PEARRE, REP. ..... "
1910—LEWIS, DEM. ..... "
1912—LEWIS, DEM. ..... "
1914—LEWIS, DEM. ..... "
1892—WELLINGTON, REP. NOMINEE
1914—ZIHLMAN, REP. .... "

Washington County

1882—McCOMAS, REP. .... ELECTED
1884—McCOMAS, REP. .... "
1886—McCOMAS, REP. .... "
1888—McCOMAS, REP. .... "
1912—WAGAMAN, REP. .. NOMINEE

Montgomery County

1896—McDONALD, REP. .. ELECTED
1910—WARNER, REP. .... NOMINEE

Frederick County

1878-1880—TURNER, REP. .. ELECTED

TURN ABOUT IS FAIR PLAY

FREDERICK COUNTY HAS OVER 6000 REPUBLICAN VOTERS---HAS A TAXABLE BASIS OF $30,000,000---IS FOREMOST IN AGRICULTURAL RESOURCES

She has Supported the Republican Ticket For 36 Years

SHE NOW CLAIMS RECOGNITION

(PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY OF MILLARD N. NUSZ, POLITICAL AGENT.)

Can You Deny the Justice of Her Claim?

Vote For Her Favorite Son---

LEO WEINBERG

FOR

CONGRESS

REPUBLICAN PRIMARIES MONDAY, MAY 1st, 1916

MEET HIM! HEAR HI!

HE IS FOR YOU!

...me allotted was from 8 to ...n Kovno 160,000 were driven ...e cattle, yet hosts of the young ... were serving in the army and sac...icing their lives on the field of battle. Women and children, old men and maidens, the sick and crippled and even the insane were driven out. Even ...ounded Jewish soldiers with surgeons ...nd hospital staff were expelled. Whole ...owns became extinct.

They were driven out to starve or die or suffer untold hardships.

The church can't overcome the enemy because she doesn't know how to use "The sword of the spirits." She is not expert in the use of her weapons.

The devil can't be fought successfully with experiences or pet theories, or ideas.

He cares not for these things. We must know how to use the sword of the spirit. It cuts deeper than anything else.

In the selection of the beasts in Daniel's first night vision of chap. 7 to represent the world powers which domineer the age in the Gentile times, Jehovah shows us their moral character, which is beastly. The lion devours; the bear crushes; the leopard springs on its prey, but the fourth and last world power is so beastly that no beast on earth was found to describe its true character. The nations of christendom, which will be found in ths future revival of the Roman empire into ten kingdom aspect, testify to their devouring beastly character and ferocious nature. Their standing armies and increasing navies tell us that some day in the near future the dogs of war will be let loose and the beasts will do their dreadful work to the utmost.

We may well ask if this is not no true? We may well wonder if the outcome of the European carnage will not witness the revival of the old Empi.

As an instance of the fury and diabolical character of the actions of the of these nations, and a professedly christian nation at that we may cite the the action of the Russian nation bore the beginning of this war.

They slaughtered 1500 men, women children—Jews of course. A ...ritchery, when the savage Csack ...d for slaughter, when one he ...ed the blood of his innocent They were drawn, quartered, Children were ...ed to ...re the eyes of parent. Old ...omen were cut down and ...eces until the gu... by the ...reet was pile... ith dis... disfigur...s, and ...ater. talk of but not ...n out of ...vill questi... end"

is spreading over Asia and Africa, giving alarm in the missionary world.

Paganism, that we used to think was confined to the far east, is now casting its shadows on the shores of the west.

Josiah Strong, the noted sociologist says: "Long since it became apparent that those who are not Christians are on the increase in the world."

The Secretary of the World's Missionary Conference in London in 1888, said: "The increase of the heathen is numerically, more than seventy times greater than that of the converts during the century of christian missions."

Bishop McDowell, doubts if India can everbe won by the present scale of operations. "Mohammedans increase faster than Christians today."

But a better time is coming for Israel and the church. Though these are days of tears and sorrows. Yet God's true children sing redemptions song. We are waiting for that morning when we shall be seated on thrones, clothed in white and crowned. Better things are in store for this earth. The rightful king will come to reign in righteousness when the things now witnessed on earth will be impossible. Lasting peace can only come with His reign of righteousness. Then will be fulfilled the prophecy of Psalm 96:10-13.

JOHANNES.

This Farmer Takes A Broad View of Matters Affecting The "Buy At Home" Policy.

To the Editor of The Republican:

Recently we have heard a good deal about sending money out of the county to buy articles that are no better or cheaper than articles sold right at our door. We all realize that it is a mistake to do this, and it would be the part of wisdom to first look around and see what you can do at home, before hearkening to the call of the flashing advertisements of the mail order houses. For as a truth, in many instances, they prove to be a snare and delusion. However, there is another phase of this question that I think has been overlooked, and that is the money that leaves our county every year for registered animals. Thousands of dollars have been expended and sent out of the county and state by our people for registered cattle of all breeds, hogs and fowls, and no one who knows enough to ... will question the ... end.

purchase an inferiorgrade at a distance. These home-grown animals are just as well bred as any foreign importations, and will serve our purpose much better, as they are acclimated and will thrive better than those brought from a distance. We have in this county young male cattle of the Angus, short horn, Herford, or of other strains, as well bred as the same animals in any part of the country. Then why send away for them, and pay more money than you can buy them for at your own door?

I admit that the home breeders are partly responsible for this, for they have the animals, but fail to let it be known. The writer knows several of our farmers who are at this time considering sending away for registered cattle, male and female, and of course will pay six prices for them. Keep this money at home. Let the breeder who has registered stock for sale advertise the fact in our local papers and let those who are contemplating improving their herds look nearer home for their supply, and thus not only save money but produce animals that will serve their purposes better.

FARMER.

Oakland, Feb'y 22, 1916.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

J. LEE McCOMAS

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 3rd day of August 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 1st day of February, 1916.

H. W. McCOMAS,
Administrator,
Oakland, Md.

Commissioners Meeting.

The County Commissioners of Garrett county, Maryland, will meet in their office in Oakland on

Monday, March 6th, 1916,

to transact general routine business.
By order of the Board,
W. G. MEYERS, Clerk.

Auditor's Notice.

...tt, et al vs. Mountain Lake ... Light Company, et al.
In the Circuit Court for ...ounty, Maryland.
...n given to the creditors of ...ater & Light Company to ... said corporation in ... with the Clerk of ...icated on or be... ...s on the 6th ...o state ... in the ...LL. ...ter.

MEN WANTED

Steady Work
Good Wages

Miners, Mine Laborers and Coke Drawers are needed at mines near Uniontown and Connellsville, Fayette County, Pa., and Mount Pleasant, Westmoreland County, Pa.

Drivers, Tracklayers and Timbermen now earning	$3.05	per day
Coke Drawers now earning	3.00	per day
Pick Miners now earning $3.00 to	4.00	per day
Machine coal loaders now earning	5.00	per day
Machine runners now earning	6.00	per day

Other labor paid in proportion.

Good houses are provided for employes, many of them lighted by electricity. Plants located along street car lines and close to town, schools and churches.

Cars Plentiful

THE REPUBLICA.

VOLUME 41. OAKLAND, MARYLAND THURSDAY, MARCH 2, 1916.

EXPLOSION KILLS FIFTEEN MINERS AT KEMPTON

Two Others In Davis Hospital Expected to Die.

Within twelve hours after the explosion that wrecked one heading in the Kempton mine of the Davis Coal and Coke Company at Kempton, Garrett county, early Tuesday morning, when 72 miners were trapped, the rescuing party succeded in removing every miner from the working, the last being brought to the surface at six o'clock Tuesday night. Of the seventy-two traped fifteen of that number are dead, while five were injured. Two of the injured men were sent to the hospital at Davis while the others were made comfortable at their respective homes at Kempton. It is believed that the two men sent to the hospital are seriously injured and they may die.

It is impossible to get the names of those who were killed as all were foreigners and working by number.

Work at the mines will not be resumed until the investigation to ascertain what caused the explosion, now being made, is completed, and until the funeral of those who met their death in the explosion, have been held.

Maryland State Mine Inspector William Walters, of Frostburg, left there on a special train Tuesday afternoon, to conduct an investigation. President Calloway also went to the scene on a special train. The rescue party, which did heroic work, was organized under R. F. Maloney, general superintendent. A special train from Thomas, W. Va., carried physicians and a rescuing party.

Director Manning, of the United States Bureau of Mines, on hearing of the explosion, immediately ordered two rescue cars to Kempton. Car No. 6, located at Pittsburgh, reached the scene at 10 o'clock Tuesday night, and the men, under Chief Mine Safety Inspector H. W. Wolfiin, will probably assist in the investigation.

"After a thorough investigation into the cause of the explosion in this mine and from all evidence in the affected part where the loss of life was the greatest, it is the conclusion of myself and the expert investigators that the trouble was caused by a blowout shot in room 11, on the first left off first dip.

"The mine was found to be free from any noxious or dangerous gas.

"WILLIAM WALTERS,
State Mine inspector."

The above is the finding of the state mine inspector as the cause of the accident. This notice has been posted at the office of the company near the mine. The mine was but slightly damaged. Work, however, will not be resumed until the dead have been buried.

RED OAK

Miss Virginia Jack who has been staying with her sister, Mrs. John Veach at Bayard, W. Va., was visiting relatives at this place Saturday and Sunday.

There was a large crowd attended the literary and pie social at this place last Friday night. All report a good time. There will be a literary at this place again on Friday night, March 10th. Everyone cordially invited to attend.

Master Richard Wilson, son of Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Wilson, is visiting his grand parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Jack, near the Red Oak school house.

Mr. Edwin Childs, who is employed at Kempton, Md., spent Saturday and Sunday last with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Childs.

Our school is progressing nicely under the able management of Mr. C. F. Hanft.

There was a number of young folks from this place attended the dance at Dobbin, W. Va., last Saturday night.

Coal! Coal!

I am prepared to furnish coal either by the ton or by carloads at a price that will interest all consumers. All grades, both eastern and western coal constantly on hand and immediate delivery guaranteed. Can save you money on your fuel supply this winter. Harry Helbig, Oakland, Md. Adv.

ENTERTAINMENT EXTRAORDINARY

For the Benefit of the Ladies Civic Club on Monday, March 6th.

A revival of the old favorite Mrs. Jarley's Wax Works will be staged on the above date at The Maryland Theatre and which will be interspersed by a number of beautiful drills by the boys and girls, as well as a number of songs, with good music, and brilliant stage effects.

This will be an unusual entertainment, well worth the price of admission, which will be 50 cents for reserved seats, and 25 cents general admission.

The Morrison Music Company, of Cumberland, will have on exhibition one of the best Aeolian Vocalions, and will add to the attraction some of the best music.

The Ladies Civic Club deserves the patronage of the people of Oakland, and have worked to give them an entertainment worth while.

Miss Turner, of Cumberland, will be the vocalist of the evening.

INDORSED BY LEWIS.

Mothers' Pension Bill Receives Approval of Congressman.

Indorsement of the mothers' pension bill, which is being supported by the committee of 100 in Baltimore, and is now pending in the Legislature continues to be received by the committee. One of the latest comes from Congressman David J. Lewis of Cumberland.

The committee is also receiving reports from states in which mothers' pension laws are operative, showing the benefits and advantages gained under the law, not only by mothers and children, but also by the community at large.

Illustrated Bible Talk.

The illustrated lecture given by Rev. Appleton on Tuesday evening at the Maryland Theatre was well attended and deserves hearty commendation.

Rev. Appleton lectured on Genesis and with his illustrations followed the thread of Divine revelation from the creation to the death of Joseph.

We commend Rev. Appleton in his desire to give to the public the opportunity of developing their knowledge of God's revelation to men.

The invocation was made by Dr. Howard; prayer by Dr. Ely; Scripture Lesson, by Rev. Bremer, and the benediction by Dr. Moore.

The programme was in charge of Mr. Jos. E. Harned. Several of the old familiar hymns were thrown upon the screen and sung by the audience, Prof. Rathbun leading the singing.

A beautiful rendition of "Jesus Lover of My Soul" was given by Miss Bessie Hinebaugh with Dwight Townshend at the piano.

Missionary Meeting.

Mrs. Gilbert, of the Missionary Society of the Baltimore Presbytery of the Presbyterian church, will lecture on the text book, "The King's Highway," in the Oakland Presbyterian church Saturday, March 4th, from 3 o'clock until 4. All ladies of every denomination interested in mission work, are cordially invited to attend.

FOUND DEAD IN SHOPS

Michael Flynn, a Bloomington Miner, Died Suddenly Thursday Night.

Mr. Michael Flynn, a miner, aged 43 years, son of Mr. Michael Flynn, of Bloomington, was found dead in the old shops at Beryl early last Thursday morning. The hearing held in the afternoon before Squire J. F. Harrison brought out the facts that Flynn and a party of four others, Wm. Schell, of Beryl; Jas. Flynn, a brother; Thomas Thompson, of Chicago, and Charles Miller, of Blaine, had been dissipating for a week and had been loafing about the shops playing cards, etc. The jury brought in a verdict that the cause of the death was unknown. It was supposed to have been from alcoholism however. The four men were sentenced to pay a fine of $5 and costs and to serve 15 days in jail. The jail sentence of James Flynn, however, was rescinded.

JACKSON PICKS FRANCE

G. O. P. Leader Will Support Cecil Countain for Senate.

Former Senator William P. Jackson, generally regarded as the strongest individual in the Republican party in this State and looked upon as the State leader by many people, has determined to support Dr. Joseph Irwin France, of Cecil county and Baltimore, for his party's nomination for the United States Senate, according to reliable information received yesterday. He is expected to make public a statement within a day or two.

This means that Dr. France will have the support of substantially the same element which backed Roads Chairman O. E. Weller for the nomination for Governor in last summer's primary, and which won an overwhelming victory. These were the Jackson, Stone, Heintzeman and Mudd elements. And, of course, that means that former Governor Goldsborough and Edward C. Carrington, the other candidates for the Senatorial nomination, face heavy odds.

Sleighing Party.

A party composing nine young people from the vicinity of Wilsonia, were driven to Oakland Tuesday evening by Mr. Frank H. Harvey where they spent several hours visiting the moving pictures and basket ball games, returning home later. Those composing the party were: Misses Hazel Jack, Maude Baer, Minnie Gilbert, Elsie Whitfield, Pearl Blamble; Messrs. James, Charles and Wesley Harvey and Ward McCloy.

Bitter Winter Weather.

More suffering was experienced Sunday and Sunday night from the cold weather than at any time this winter. Though the thermometer did not register so low a mark as on other days the keen wind from the northwest carried a bitter sting that was felt by every one who dared venture out. The gas supply remained at normal, however, and the homes about the city did not suffer. Snow fell to a depth of twelve inches.

FOR RENT—Three unfurnished rooms. J. G. Mealy, Oakland. Adv.

MILLER DISTILLERY BILL VETOED BY THE GOVERNOR

Measure Was Held To Be Class Legislation and Therefore Unconstitutional.

STATE HOUSE, ANNAPOLIS, March 1.—[Special]—Governor Harrington last night vetoed the Shartzer Bill prohibiting the manufacture of intoxicating liquors in Garrett county, and aimed particularly at the Miller Distillery at Accident. The bill was returned to the House during the debate on the Statewide Prohibition Bill and was not announced until the session today. The Governor states as his reason for withholding his sigature that the bill is class legislation and, therefore, uncontitutional. No effort will be made to override the Governor's veto.

Two years ago, on advice of expert legal authorities, Senator Speicher purposely omitted the provisions contained in the distillery bill from his Local Option measure for Garsett County, in order that the Local Option Law might not be affected by an unconstitutional provision, and when this "distillery bill" came up in the Senate after having passed the House Senator Norris, of the First Legislative District of Baltimore City, stated that the bill was unconstitutional, but allowed it to go through, and now the Attorney General of the State, to whom the question was submitted by Governor Harrington, has sustained the position of both Senator Speicher two years ago, and of Senator Norris, more recently.

Messrs. William and John Miller have been in Annapolis all week.

Baltimore lost in the first skirmish in both Houses late tonight on the prohibition bill. The proposition voted on was the exemption of the city from the provision of the bill. If the amendment had prevailed there would be no vote in the city on the question whether saloons shall or shall not be licensed. In the Senate the vote was, for exemption, 7; against exemption 20. The

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Potato Grow

Last year a suc
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Garrett and Allega
Frank Watts, cashie
National Bank at F
a carload of fine seed p
were sold to the farmers a
and the results were most
both in yield and quantity. M
efforts will be put forth th
raise a larger crop, and und
conditions, with increased a
will be out of the question to c
the 1916 crops in the local mark
for this reason it seems necessa
the growers should act in unison t
organization of some kind in orde
the best results may be realized. To
this end Mr. Frank Watts and Mr. John
McGill have called a meeting, which
will be held at the Citizens National
Bank, Frostburg, on Friday, March 10
at 2 p. m. The purpose of this meeting will be to go over the situa
with the idea of forming a
Grower's Association and g
vitation has been sent out to
er and those interested in t
inviting them to be pres
meeting.

FOR SALE—
16h. p. I. H
built I. H
and terr
Holmar

D. M. Dixon & Co.

Will again treat their customers to Bargains in their Grocery department as follows:

Lenox Soap in any quantity cake - -	.03
Vesper and Rose of Sharon can goods, worth 15 cents, now - - - - - -	.10
Our famous Falcon Tomatoes, worth 15 cents,	.10
½ Pound can high grade Baking Powder, worth 15 cents, now - - - - - -	.05
3 Cakes good Toilet Soap for - - -	.05
This years catch, Lake Fish, 100 pound lots	.04½
Either of the following flours:	
Gold Medal, Gold Loaf or Sleepy Eye, sack	.85
1 Pound good Roasted Coffee, - - -	.15
Lima and Soup Beans, pound, - - -	.09
50 cent bottle Honey and Tar, - - -	.25

Will pay 30c a pound for good fresh butter.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

Whetsell & Browning

Deer Park's Best Store

Keep the cash at home and buy twenty pounds of sugar for $1.00 with the following order:

5 Pounds of a No. 1 Dried Peaches -	.39
5 Pound of High Grade Loose Coffee -	.75
10 Cans of Best Tomatoes - - -	.90
5 Cans of Best Corn - - - -	.46
12 Cakes of Lenox Soap - - -	.49
10 Pounds of Pearl Hominy - - -	.27
1 Pound of Baking Powder - -	.10
3 Cans of String Beans - - -	.25
3 Packages of the famous Do-Ne-Do -	.24
3 Packages of Chocolate Icing - -	.24
20 Pounds of fine Granulated Sugar -	$1.00
	$5.00

We offer the above order for cash or the following trade:

Butter 30 cents, Potatoes $1.00 per bushel, and Eggs highest market price.

GET RIGHT. TRY US ONCE

Offutt's

ONE CAR GROUND ROCK PHOSPHATE

$9.75

PER TON

Leave your orders now and we will notify you on arrival of car.

OFFUTTS'

OAKLAND'S BIG STORE

ers with which the people never in-ded to vest them.

HY THE QUESTION SHOULD BE SUBMITTED.

The proponents of this measure are not asking the members of the Legislature to pass upon this most important question, to the extent of saying that the liquor traffic shall be abolished or continued. But it is apparent to any one who has kept track of the progress of the age, that public opinion on this question has undergone revolutionary changes within recent years. From the dawn of history it has been held without question that the abuse of intoxicating liquors was necessarily harmful to the individual and to the community, but that the use of alcoholic beverages in moderate quantities was not harmful to the individual and in some instances might prove of actual benefit; that this view is no longer held by the most modern scientific public opinion is evident to every one who has studied the question.

It is now generally maintained by those best qualified to pass judgment that the moderate use of intoxicating liquor is never productive of good and is very often the cause of physical and mental decay and degeneracy; that used in even moderate quantities, has been tested by laboratory experiments, and universally it has been found that the mental alertness of the subject has slowed down when alcohol was taken in moderate quantities; and the skill and effectiveness of men who do muscular tasks have been found to fall off when alcohol has been administered. Not only is this true, but the old conception of the value of alcohol medicinally administered has undergone a revolutionary change, and where it was used by the gallon in hospitals in other days it is now used by the gill, and the larger number of the most skillful physicians and surgeons of the world have abandoned its use altogether.

In harmony with this modern knowledge of the injurious effects of alcohol, its use has been barred on the railroads and in most of the large manufacturing institutions of the nation.

Inasmuch as it is generally conceded that alcohol is always harmful and never beneficial, it is perfectly proper that the people of the state should be permitted to abolish its manufacture, transportation and sale for beverage purposes if they so desire.

THE PEOPLE HAVE THE RIGHT CONSTITUTIONALLY

That the state has a right to do this we think no one can question. The Supreme Court of the United States has frequently sustained this contention. As far back as 1845, in the decision upon the license cases in which Rufus Choate and Daniel Webster represented the liquor traffic, Chief Justice Taney said:

"If any state deems the retail and internal traffic in ardent spirits injurious to its citizens and calculated to produce idleness, vice or debauchery, I see nothing in the Constitution of the United States to prevent it from regulating and restraining the traffic, or from prohibiting it altogether, if it thinks proper."

In the decisions rendered in the same cases, Justice McLean said:

"The acknowledged police power of a state extends often to the destruction of property. A nuisance may be abated. Everything prejudicial to the health or morals of a city may be removed. Merchandise from a port where a contagious disease prevails, being liable to communicate the disease, may be excluded; and, in extreme cases, may be thrown into the sea. This comes in dire conflict with the regulation of commerce, and yet no one doubts the local power. It is a power, essential to self-preservation, and exists, necessarily, in every organized community. It is, indeed, the law of nature, and is possessed by man in his individual capacity. He may resist that which does him harm, whether he be assisted by an assassin or approached by poison. And it is the settled construction of every regulation of commerce, that, under the sanction of its general laws, no person can introduce into a community malignant diseases, or anything which contaminates its morals or endangers its safety. And this is an acknowledged principle applicable to all general regulations. Individuals in the enjoyment of their own rights must be careful not to injure the rights of others."

In harmony with these early decisions have been the decisions of this great court continuously down unto this day. Perhaps as strong an utterance as has ever been given upon this question is that made by Justice Field in 1890, in rendering the decision of the Supreme Court in the case of Crowley vs. Christensen, in which he said:

"The police power of the state is fully competent to regulate the business, to mitigate its evils, or to suppress it entirely. There is no inherent right in a citizen to sell intoxicating liquors by retail. It is not a privilege of a citizen of the state or of a citizen of the United States. As it is a business attended with danger to the community, it may, as already said, be entirely prohibited, or be permitted under such conditions as will limit to the utmost its evils."

In rendering the opinion in the case of Stone vs. Mississippi, the Court said:

"No legislature can bargain away the public health or the public morals. The people themselves cannot do it, much less their servants."

The burden of all these decisions show that the public welfare is the supreme law, and anything which touches the public well-being of the people of the whole state is certainly subject matter to be passed upon by the people of the whole state.

NOT A LOCAL QUESTION.

Again Mr. President, it is apparent to every student of this question that it is not a local question. It stands on all fours with contagions and infectious diseases. That the state has an absolute right to quarantine against such disease no one can question. In the interest of the people of the whole state it can take such measures as it deems necessary to prevent the ingress or egress of people from a city or a section where such diseases exist. It can go to the extent of seizing and, if necessary, destroying goods or property that carries the infection. There is no limit to the length that the state may go in order to protect the interests of the whole people in such matters. The effects of the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors cannot be confined to any one locality as long as free intercourse between the different localities of the state in maintained. People coming from other sections are brought into contact with and subjected to the temptation of the sale of intoxicants in the communities where they are allowed.

BALTIMORE CITY.

Of course, this applies to Baltimore, the great city of the state. The city and state are intra-dependent. The people of the state are justly proud of their great metropolis, and its streets teem with the citizens of other sections, who come there to trade and to enjoy the social advantages of the great city. From the state it draws a large percentage of its population. It is dependent upon the state for its prosperity, for from the farms, villages and cities throughout the state it draws trade in vast quantities. Its educational institutions are recruited from the sons and daughters of the residents of farms, villages and other cities. Consequently, the citizens of the state are very much concerned about the conditions which exist in the metropolis. Fathers, whose sons and daughters are to become residents of the city are concerned and have a right to have some say as to the conditions under which they shall live. Parents whose children are in the educational institutions of the city supported by the state have a right to know that the environment is wholesome and clean. Therefore, it seems that in passing upon this matter it is eminently proper that the whole state should have a voice.

VIOLATION OF PRECEDENT.

The attempt to exempt a part of the state from the provisions of the law which is to the best interests of the entire state is contrary to all precedent. In no instance has this ever been done. In Colorado, where Denver, its metropolis, occupies very much the same relationship to the whole state as does Baltimore to Maryland, the prohibition of the liquor traffic is state-wide. The same is true in Oregon, where Portland has about the same relationship to the state as Baltimore to Maryland; and in Washington, with Seattle in the same relation.

THE SIGNS OF THE TIMES.

That public opinion has undergone a revolutionary change in regard to the liquor traffic of late years is at once apparent if we but once take into consideration the rapidly growing list of states that have prohibited the manufacture, sale and transportation of alcoholic liquors for beverage purposes. At the present time the following states have adopted state-wide prohibition of the liquor traffic: Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, Colorado, Georgia, Idaho, Iowa, Kansas, Maine, Mississippi, North Carolina, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia, Washington and West Virginia. The question of state-wide prohibition will be passed upon next November by the following states by a vote of the qualified voters of such states at the general election: Michigan, Montana, Nebraska, South Dakota; Vermont votes March 7, 1916.

Mr. President, we have heard discussed to considerable length upon this floor both senatorial courtesy and courtesy due the coordinate branch of this Legislature on account of its part in the enactment of laws; and this courtesy, extended to the body across the hall, dictates that we shall pay great deference to its decision and messages; but I now desire to call attention to a third coordinate legislative branch in this State—the citizenship thereof, which has unquestioned authority to initiate legislation and of itself to pass thereupon, and that is the exact status of the bill now before the Senate—it has had its origin in the citizenship of Maryland and it is prayed that the entire citizenship of the State be permitted next November at the polls to pass thereupon, either making its provisions the law of our State or rejecting its enactment; we, as a Legislature, therefore, are but as a committee to pass thereupon without recommendation, especially so since the bill has come from the most sacred and powerful origin in our land—the citizenship of Maryland which makes and unmakes representatives at its will. Keeping this fact well in mind, we detect at a flash that so far as we are concerned as members of this Senate, this bill does not present a moral question, with which many members hesitate to deal, but it becomes strictly a bill that involves the sacred courtesy that is due from the Senate or Legislature of Maryland to the highest legislative body of Maryland—the citizenship thereof. It may be shown with equal conclusiveness that it is not a party measure, for both of the great parties of this land have been committed by pledges with the people to the furtherance of the referendum, of which doctrine this bill is a concrete example and presents an admirable opportunity for every Senator in this body to measure up in the highest degree possible to the confidence and trust reposed in him by the electorate of Maryland. Continuing farther along this same line of thought, I heard a Senator, only a few days ago, in voting upon a certain measure before this body state that the principle of home rule was strong within him, and he cast his vote accordingly. Now, I desire to state this bill now before the same Senate involves the same principle of home rule. To explain: As our intellectual powers heighten and the mental vision enlarges accordingly, we do not see our environment to be as large as we had been accustomed to view them when our intellectual powers were low and our mental vision accordingly narrowed. To illustrate this abstract statement by a concrete example, I desire, with due apology thereof, to recite an experience of my own. It is this: When I am in Garrett county and am asked where my home is, I reply, "In Accident." But last summer, when traveling in the far west, upon the Pacific coast, if asked where my home was, I replied, "In Maryland," and could barely keep from replying, "in the East," such an answer having been prompted by the great distance we had traversed across this continent, which had accordingly lengthened the measuring rod that had been used during the narrow days of youth. So, to a broadened intellect, Maryland is home, and this bill contemplates the blessed home-rule to which the Senator the other day committed himself.

AN OBJECTION TO THE BILL.

We shall pass over many of the objections to the present bill, feeling confident that the friends of the measure will be fully able to explode them as they later are brought forth by the opponents of the bill. There is one, however, that I do desire to anticipate and that is the one which I shall prove is far-fetched and without foundation in fact, and it is stated as follows: Prohibition does not prohibit. Aside from the fact that the present bill is opposed by the liquor interests, which, if the statement were true that prohibition does not prohibit, would not be in opposition to the ultimate end to which they fear the bill might lead, the abolition of the liquor traffic in Maryland, for if prohibition does not prohibit, then there would not be the opposition from that quarter that now exists, for the sale of liquor, if that statement were true, would be as large after as it was before the electorate of Maryland wrote the contemplated law upon the statute books of Maryland; the coffers of the liquor dealer, if prohibition does not prohibit, would be as well-filled after as before its enactment, and if that were true, the present opposition would be wholly dissipated and the present bill would pass without a dissenting vote. Aside from the point just made, I repeat, that the financial returns of the liquor interests would be as great after as before Maryland went dry, if it were true that prohibition does not prohibit, and that that fact would remove the present opposition to this bill, I desire to call the attention of the Senators to a far greater menace that prohibition does not prohibit, and that threatens us as Senatore of this State; and that is, by admitting the truthfulness of that slogan of the liquor interests, we place ourselves in the embarrassing and humiliating position of confessing that the acts to which this Senate is a part are null and void and without effect and that the lawless element of Maryland overrides the executive officials of this State, many of whom derive their authority from this body directly, indirectly or through confirmation. Shame upon us. I say, if we as members of this great commonwealth proclaim that prohibition does prohibit, for in so proclaiming we concurrently admit our inability to provide our State with executive officials who are sufficiently armed to carry out the mandates of its citizenship. No one here admits that, for each of us is inspired in our endeavors that each act of this body shall be charged with enough electricity to make it a means of control over those whom it concerns.

A RETROSPECT.

It is not our intention to thumb the pages of the history of our State and nation to find all the parallel incidents that have marked our progress up to the present time. But there are two or three historical facts that serve as fountains to every student of Maryland and national history, which, when drunk from, serve as great sources of patriotism and love for both our State and nation. And those who participated in those dreams were inspired to do that which they did do on account of their abiding faith in the truthfullness of and validity in the prerogatives of the people to be their own authority, which form of authority was aptly phrased by Lincoln upon the battlefield of Gettysburg when he said: "It is rather for us to be here dedicated to the great task remaining before us—that from these honored dead we take increased devotion to that cause for which they gave the last full measure of devotion—that we here highly resolve that these dead shall not have died in vain—that this nation, under God, shall have a new birth of freedom and that government of the people, by the people, for the people, shall not perish from the earth." And the bill now before the Senate of Maryland, through which the people of this State desire to exercise in the highest type of example the authority bequeathed to them by the immortal Lincoln, is but an outgrowth of the principle of government thoroughly imbued in their hearts and minds. Let us not ignore its presence or try to set it at naught. The same spirit that prompted the burning of Peggy Stewart near this city and that dictated this sentence in the Declaration of Independence, that "Governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed," the same religious belief upon the part of the citizenship of Maryland, with a more advanced method, I repeat, knocks today upon the doors of the Legislature of Maryland, demanding the rights conferred in the bill now before this Senate. Let us not play the part of King George III of England, imbecile as history tells us that he was.

A FORECAST.

There are members of this body who look forward to political advancement and public preference which must come from the electorate. In this connection, I desire to point out that those of us who disregard and trample under foot the fundamental principles of government by the people to which I have been calling attention. Those who do these things, I state, shall go on record as disregarding and ignoring the covenants made with our constituencies, who shall later demand explanation and with all our explaining shall never be explained away. And with the highly advanced educational equipment of our people back home, who know well their own rights under our system of government, the inability to explain away our inconsistencies shall only be more highly intensified and they shall serve as boomerangs that will cause our political downfall. Every avenue of escape is open to the Senator who votes in favor of this measure, but the door of public esteem will be closed in the face of him who opposes it, for the electorate of Maryland will suspicion that we as members of this body have deprived them of a certain privilege, and every member, like the wife of Caesar, should be above suspicion. Furthermore, by voting in favor of this measure, we vitalize again the principle set forth in the Declaration of Independence quoted awhile ago, that "Governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed," and by defeating this bill we are ourselves as members of this body usurping powers without the consent of the governed; for, if we were not, we would have no hesitation whatever in permitting this bill to go at once before the electorate of Maryland. But some will oppose it for fear that the results would not be in harmony with their own desires, when this in fact has no bearing upon the present question before this Senate, yet that reason only intensifies the point I have just made—that we are usurping powers that are not ours in even trying to block this measure in its very beginning. Let the Senator who comes from a wet county or district vote in favor of the bill, thus showing him to be a man of such heightened mental horizon that Maryland is home, and that home rule is strong within him, and that the Legislature of Maryland stands primarily for the government of the entire State, and that it derives its just powers only from the consent of the governed. Let the Senator who comes from a county or district that is evenly divided upon this question of wet or dry, vote in favor of the present bill, for his escape lies in permitting the electorate to decide the question for themselves, with which decision only will the electorate be content. Let the Senator who comes from a county or district that is indifferent or quiescent upon the liquor problem vote in its favor, for in so doing he shall become a recognized leader, crystallizing thought, as well as obeying and vitalizing the fundamental laws of government by the people, to which we have previously called attention. Let the Senator who does not know just how to vote, vote for the measure, thus honoring the traditions of our State and nation as well as obeying his clean conscience and all the teachings of his early manhood.

In conclusion I wish to say that it is only natural that people should differ on this all-important question, and we expect it. Some of you are, of course, expected by perhaps a majority of your constituents, to vote against this bill, and they should not criticise you if you voted for it, as you are only placing the matter in their hands where it rightfully belongs, to decide this all-important question. Why should Baltimore city protest against the passae of this bill, giving the entire State the right to vote on this matter, when one-half of the population of the State of Maryland lives in the City of Baltimore and have back of them the combined force of the liquor interests of the state to defeat this bill when it comes up before the people next November? I firmly believe if we give the people of the State this referendum we can all in later years point with pride to the fact that we were members of the General Assembly of Maryland at the session of 1916 that gave to the people of this grand old State of ours the first state-wide local option bill that was ever passed by the General Assembly of Maryland.

I have trailed across the continent from New York to the Pacific Coast. I have crossed the Dominion of Canada, and have traveled through England, France, Belgium, Holland and Germany, and I have always been a close observer and nave not, in all my travels found any locality or community that has ever been benefitted by the saloon.

Can any of you point to a single instance where the sale of intoxicants of any kind, has ever been a benefit morally, physically, socially, financially or any other way?

I say, No! But one may look around and about you and point to thousands that have been sent down to eternal ruin by the effects of alcoholic drinks.

I have heard the eloquent speeches on the Woman Suffrage Amendment, and the argument produced. Why not give it to them and let the people settle it once. If we do not give it to them this time, they will be back next session for it. You are always willing to refer the Budget System to the people. Then why not be consistent and refer the liquor question to the people and let them decide whether or not this Bill shall become a law?

Were I a member of Congress, I would introduce an amendment to the Federal Constitution of the United States, which would give to the whole people of this continent the right to vote on this proposition, and I predict that within the next ten years not a State in the Union will be selling or manufacturing liquor.

These words of the Immortal Lincoln are as applicable today as they were on the day when he made his most memorable address at Gettysburg:

"The world will little note, nor long remember what we say here, but it can never forget what they did here. It is for us, the living, rather, to be dedicated here to the unfinished work which they who fought here have thus far so nobly advanced. It is rather for us to be here dedicated to the great task remaining before us that from these honored dead we take increased devotion to that cause for which they gave the cast full measure of devotion."

ELDER HILL.

We have been having an interesting school here, but there has been a lot of sickness in the community and the school has been rather small. Miss Ruth Riley, of Selbysport, is our teacher and has been sick for the last week and her brother Dale Riley is teaching in her place. We had a small program last Friday afternoon and Mr. John Ferguson, of Friendsville High school, was here and made an interesting speech.

Mr. William McClintock had an attack of grip but is well again.

Mr. M. W. Lytle also had a severe attack of grip, but is convalescing.

There have been a good many cases of grip but the people seem to be improving nicely.

Mrs. Asa Friend and daughters, Mrs. Hallie Custer, Miss Grace Friend also Mrs. Alven DeWitt and son Paul, of Hoyes, were visiting Mr. William McClintock and family.

Mr. Willis Camp, who has been living on Mr. S. F. Cuppetts farm, has occupied his own farm which he bought of Mr. Burgess.

Mr. S. F. Cuppett, wife and grandson, Karl, were calling on Mr. M. W. Lytle and family a few hours last Sunday evening.

Mr. Silas Sterling and family, of Friendsville, were visiting Mrs. Sterling a few days.

Mr. Hayes Ferguson and Mr. M. W. Lytle caught a wild cat in a trap last Friday.

Miss Cecelia Leichter, of near this place, fell on the ice while skating and it is thought she has broken her nose.

Flossie and John Sterling have been sick and unable to attend school for week.

Victor Frazee, of Hoyes, was calling on Miss Jessie Lowdermilk last Saturday evening.

Mrs. Lowdermilk and Miss Koontz have been very ill with the grip but are able to be around again.

There has been a heavy snow and the roads are drifted shut and people are opening them. If farmers have no work in winter, opening roads will be a good job.

Mrs. Florence Hoye and little daughter were visiting Mrs. Susan Lyth a few days.

Mr. Thomas Bishoff, near here, lost a pig the result of a rat bite. The rat ate the pig's ear off close to the head. When the master of the house went out at noon to feed the pig, it was dead.

FOR SALE—Twenty-five acres improved farm land located on the Oakland-Gortner State Road, two miles South of Oakland. Easy terms. Call on or write Harry Helbig, Oakland, Md. Advertisement 51 tf

Frederick County Pleads for Justice.

The Following Record Speaks For Itself:

Congressmen From The Sixth District Since 1876:

Allegany County

1876—WALSH, DEM. .....ELECTED
1890—McKAIG, DEM. ..... "
1892—McKAIG, DEM. ..... "
1894—WELLINGTON, REP. "
1898—PEARRE, REP. ..... "
1900—PEARRE, REP. ..... "
1902—PEARRE, REP. ..... "
1904—PEARRE, REP. ..... "
1906—PEARRE, REP. ..... "
1908—PEARRE, REP. ..... "
1910—LEWIS, DEM. ..... "
1912—LEWIS, DEM. ..... "
1914—LEWIS, DEM. ..... "
1892—WELLINGTON, REP.NOMINEE
1914—ZIHLMAN, REP. .... "

Washington County

1882—McCOMAS, REP. ....ELECTED
1884—McCOMAS, REP. .... "
1886—McCOMAS, REP. .... "
1888—McCOMAS, REP. .... "
1912—WAGAMAN, REP. ..NOMINEE

Montgomery Connty

1896—McDONALD, REP. ..ELECTED
1910—WARNER, REP. ....NOMINEE

Frederick County

1878-1880—URNER, REP. ..ELECTED

TURN ABOUT IS FAIR PLAY

FREDERICK COUNTY HAS OVER 6000 REPUBLICAN VOTERS---HAS A TAXABLE BASIS OF $30,000,000---IS FOREMOST IN AGRICULTURAL RESOURCES

She Has Loyally Supported the Republican Ticket For 36 Years

SHE NOW CLAIMS RECOGNITION

Can You Deny the Justice of Her Claim?

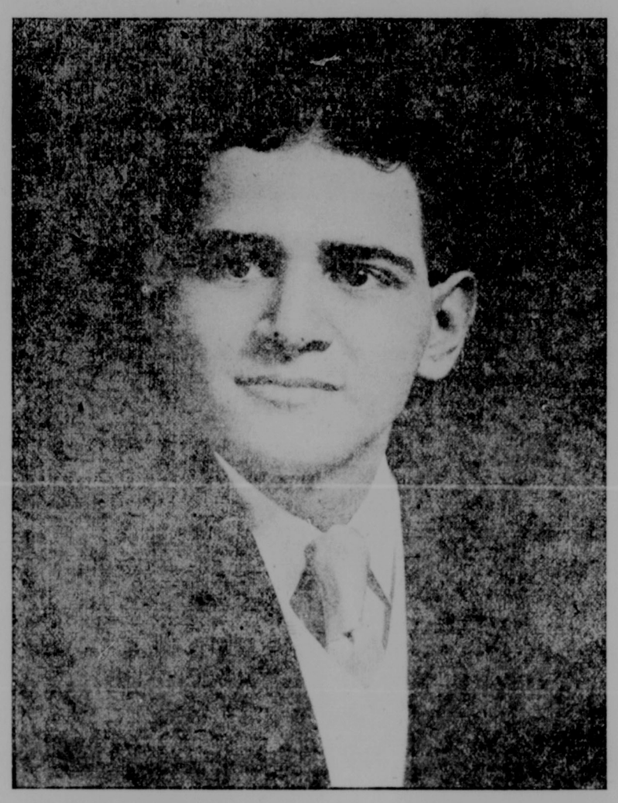
Vote For Her Favorite Son---

LEO WEINBERG

FOR

CONGRESS

REPUBLICAN PRIMARIES MONDAY, MAY 1st, 1916



MEET HIM! HEAR HIM!

HE IS FOR YOU!

(PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY OF MILLARD N. NUSZ, POLITICAL AGENT.)

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

Snares.

Long ago a very great man praved "Keep me from the snares which they have laid for me and the grip of the workers of iniquity."

These snares are carefully and secretly laid for us, but often they catch the ones who laid them. The gallows erected by Hannan for the hated Mordicai was used to stretch his own neck. The snares laid for us by our enemies often are the instruments of their own destruction.

Our journey through life is ever a way full of pitfalls and we are in danger of being taken in them unless we have an experienced guide. But we may have such a one if we so desire. Satan has divised many evils for the destruction of youth and we can't shut our eyes nor close our ears to the many homes turned into darkness, joy changed to grief, and countless children swept from parents, into the great mad storm of vice, and entangled in the meshes of the devil's snares, lost to home, society and the church. I would make a plea for the youth, for if we can save them we save the world but if they are polluted and lost, then farewell to the church and when it is gone the world is ready for the final conflagration.

The snares of the day are popular, they must be so to succeed. Demagogues monopolize politics and government, but indifferent christians delegate to the svecial care of the ministry, the poor who he must look after. He must visit the sick comfort the sorrowing and help the needy.

But he has an interest in the affairs e local government as well. Now en you will find one who wants to ne whole thing, from the Governor n, and dictate the policy of all rties even though he has only been a tizen for six weeks.

He ought to be a good leader against all ruin traps, that are set for unwary feet of our youth.

Then there are the gambling snares. These are designed for the feminine portion especially and are set in our homes They are attractive looking snares, and usually the victims think there is no danger for them, but thousands of girls and women are falling into them, while myriads of boys and men are hopelessly entangled every year.

Against these and the houses of vice a ceaseless war should be waged.

Of course there must be common sense used in fighting these things as in everything else. Cranks will shout their objections and hurl their anathemas against any who dare oppose these things, but these are among the unreasonable and wicked men from whom Paul prays to be delivered.

The way to treat such is to thrust them aside.

Who should be better able to lead against these and kindred evils than the minister and if he is true to his convictions and his trust he cannot refuse to do so. As an educator of public taste and good morals and religion he is bound to expose current evils however incipient they may appear at first, or however popular they may become.

They may be advocated and supported by generous people, yet that does not make them right or proper, but it only increases this danger and makes it more necessary to expose these carefully concealed snares.

With the desire to help all and to worn the thoughtless and unwary let me speak of the snares laid especially for the young. Let us begin at the home. Here is where the first and lasting impressions are made, where the foundation of character is laid, and what these shall be depends upon the parents.

An atmosphere of cheerfulness has a salutary influence, but fault finding, pettishness, rough speech, harsh words, and coarse expressions are soon followed by evil results. The child looks upon the parent as infallible and so what they do is right in their eyes, hence we often hear them say, My father does that, or mother allows me to do this, therefore it is just right with them.

This will enforce the necessity of imparting right thoughts, desires and motives in the child, for as the twig is bent the tree is inclined. Bad thoughts are like bees, where there is one there are usually many. They go in swarms and if one gets in it will have a large following.

They may enter so stealthily that we can scarcely perceive their entrance yet they flock in from all sides, and as the locusts of Egypt darkened the atmosphere, so these filthy brood of evil thoughts darken the understanding, fill reason's ears with their hum, extinguish the danger signals and then the victims rapidly lose their sense of purity and virtue, vile thoughts and suggestions find ready lodgement in the minds of youth and when they have established themselves, then farewell innocency. Let the mind become familiar with corrupt stories and criminal deeds, then self respect soon disappears. Keep the young innocent by all means and as long as you can. Solomon knew what he was talking about when he said, "Evil communications corrupt good manners." Loche says, "That of all men we meet with, nine parts out of ten are what they are, good or evil, useful or not, by their education."

What a responsibility rests on parents. It is their's to shape the future of an immortal mind, while the direction it shall take depends largely upon the care and faithfulness of the natural instructor.

Parents who are as vacillating as a weather vane, whose principles are not established on a firm basis but who sacrifice conviction to expediency, whose self interest controls instead of right, whose sense of honor is blunted, cannot expect their children to be any better than themselves. They need not be surprised if they do not make moral heroes.

You can't expect the stream to rise higher than the fountain and you might as well expect flowers to come to perfection in a dark cellar as children to become moral heroes under such influences. Proper education developes and enlarges our capacity for enjoyment.

The vivacious child, of lively disposition, nervous temperament and lively imagination is more readily drawn aside and is more easily influenced by those about them. Such is the effect of companionship. See then that it is right in every respect.

JOHANNES.

SHORT RUN

As we have not seen any news from Short Run for quite a while we will pen a few of the latest happenings.

This snow is one of the greatest and most agreeable surprises we have had for a while. The farmers who have hauling to do are getting busy. Monday was a busy day. Every one was hustling around breaking roads and shoveling snow.

Our school continues under the skilful management of Miss Orpah McKinzie. Mr. Harry Poleman, of Meyersdale, Pa., visited the school one day last week and seemed very much pleased with Miss McKenzies method of instructing. Mr. Poleman made a brief address on Educational Possibilities in Rural districts, which was greatly enjoyed by the pupils.

Mr. George Wilson, who cut his knee very badly some six weeks ago, is still a patient at the Western Maryland Hospital and the doctors there found it necessary to perform a surgical operation which proved successful and he is reported to be convalescing nicely, and will probably be brought to his home here this week.

Mr. Albert M. Enlow and Master Kepler, of Kitzmiller, spent a recent Saturday visiting at J. H. Wilson's.

Mr. and Mrs. Claude Harvey and two little sons of this place are spending a few days visiting friends at Paradise.

Mrs. Scott Harvey spent last week visiting her parents at Kitzmiller.

Missess Ruth Wilson and Virgie Moore are spending a few days visiting friends in Kitzmiller.

Success to The Republican.

HARVESTER.

STEIDING

Mr. H. G. Hamill is on the sick list at the present time. We hope for his speedy recovery.

Mr. G. W. Smith, of Elk Garden, spent a few days last week with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Smith.

Quite a number of our people have been attending the "Pentecostal" revival which is being held at the Paradise school house.

Mr. T. E. Upole, of Jennings, spent Sunday with his family at this place.

The people in this section are busy opening the roads so as to make them passable, there being so many drifts made by the snow storm which recently passed through our section.

Quite a number of our people attended the entertainment held in Deer Park on last Tuesday night. They report a fine entertainment as was also the one held at Wilson school house.

Mrs. George Reckner has been very ill for a few days but is improving some now.

Mrs. Guy Coyell is spending a few days in Grafton.

Miss Bertha Spoerline and Dewey Upole spent last Saturday and Sunday at the formers home at Accident.

Revs. DeWitt and Smearman spent last Sunday evening at John Smith's.

In Loving Memory.

Of Mrs. Sarah Ellen Hook, who died March 2, 1915.

NOT FORGOTTEN.

We loved her, yes we loved her,
But her Saviour loved her more;
So the angels sweetly called her
To that bright and happy shore.
We miss her, yes, we miss her;
We miss her everywhere.
Home is not what it used to be
Since dear mother is not there,
It was hard to part with mother
Oh! so sad to see her die,
But we will try to meet her
Some sweet day, bye and bye.

HUSBAND AND CHILDREN.

FOR RENT—Three unfurnished rooms. J. G. Mealy, Oakland. Adv.

GIFFORD PINCHOT.

Sees a New Danger to Conservation in Shields Bill Now Pending in Congress.

Gifford Pinchot, the pioneer of National Conservation, sees a new danger to water power of the country in a measure now pending before Congress and he is calling loudly to the people through the press of the country for a united effort to secure its defeat. In a letter to The Republican Mr Pinchot says:

I write to ask your help to defeat a most serious attack on our public resources. Since the fight over the Alaska resources was won there has not been so pressing a threat against the Conservation policy as the present effort in Congress to give our public water powers for nothing into monopolistic control.

The Shields Bill, now before the Senate, gives to the power interests without compensation the use of water power on navigable streams. The amount of water power these streams will supply is larger by far than all the power of every kind now in use in the United States. It pretends to, but does not, enable the people to take back their own property at the end of fifty years, for in order to do so under the bill, the Government would have to pay the unearned increment, and to take over whole lighting systems of cities and whole manufacturing plants. Private corporations are authorized to seize upon any land, private or public, they choose to condemn.

Bills which gave away public water powers without due compensation were vetoed by President Roosevelt and President Taft. The Shields Bill would do precisely the same thing today.

Another water power bill, the Ferris Bill, relating to the public lands and National Forests, was in the main a good bill as it passed the House. As reported to the Senate, it encourages monopoly by permitting a corporation to take as many public water power sites as it may please. Under it the corporations could not even be kept from fastening upon the Grand Canyon, the greatest natural wonder on this continent. This bill takes the care of water powers on National Forests from the experienced and competent Forest Service, and gives it to the Interior Department, thus entailing duplication and needless expense.

In my opinion, there is undue carelessness as to the disposal of public resources at present in Washington. The water power legislation now before the Senate is too favorable to the men who, as Secretary Houston's admirable recent report shows, control through 18 corporations more than one-half of the total water power used in public service throughout the United States The water power men charge that Conservation hampers development. The Houston report shows, on the contrary, that the most rapid development is in the National Forests, where conservation is best inforced. On the other hand, 120 public service corporations own and are holding undeveloped and out of use an amount of water power equal to four-fifths of all there is developed and in use by all the public service corporations in the whole United States.

As I said in an open letter of January 29 to the President:

"Natural resources lie at the foundation of all preparedness, whether for peace or war. No plan for national defense can be effective unless it provides for adequate public control of all the raw materials out of which the defensive strength of a nation is made. Of these raw materials water power is the most essential, because without electricity generated from water power we can not manufacture nitrates, and nitrates are the basis of gunpowder. There are no great natural deposits of nitrates in the United States as there are in Chilli. It would be folly to allow the public water power, which can supply this indispensable basis of national defense, to pass out of effective public controll.

A concerted movement is on foot to break down the Conservation policy. Feeble resistance or none at all is being made by official Washington. Unless the press and the people come to the rescue, the power interests are likely to win. This is a public matter wholly removed from political partizanship. Your help is needed, and that of your paper. For nearly ten years this fight for the public water power has gone on. We ought not to lose it now.

Sincerely yours,

GIFFORD PINCHOT.

GRANTSVILLE.

William E. Gnagey, a native of Garrett county, a son of Jonas E. Gnagey, who for the past ten years or more had been in San Francisco, Cal., and returned here recently to visit relatives, surprised his many friends last week by purchasing the farm of Samuel C. Loechel, this county near the Mason and Dixon line, for a future home. Mr. and Mrs. Loechel will hold sale some time during March and contemplates buying a home in Salisbury. Mr. Gnagey, who is unmarried, will take possession April 1st, and will have as housekeeper Mrs. Anna Beachy, widow of the late Jonas Beachy of Bittinger, Md. Mrs. Beachy has been a warm friend of the family for years and is realy a sort of foster mother to Mr. Gnagey, having taken care of him from the age of 8 to 16 years before he left for the West. Recently Mrs. Beachy has been visiting relatives, and having no permanent home, has consented to act as housekeeper to the boy whose interests she has so much at heart. She has one child, an adopted daughter. Mr. Gnagey is very enthusiastic over his purchase amd proud to be back again upon his native heath and owner of one of the finest farms in the country. He is a young man of excellent character and attractive personality and the people of this locality are pleased to have him settle down among them.

Mr. and Mrs. John Zehner have had their basement repaired and partly rebuilt since the fire a few weeks since which did considerable damage to the interior of the basement, burning away the partition between the kitchen and cellar, damaging the ceiling to a great extent and burning some of the furniture and a lot of clothing. The insurance company promptly sent a claim adjuster who settled the damages and Messrs. Miller and Klotz, carpenters, and Forest Beachy painter, have worked a complete metamorphosis in the charred, blackened kitchen and dining-room combined, and transformed it into a bright, cheery appartment once more. The fire had reached the head of the basement stairs leading into the upper regions, but was checked, fortunately, before the door was burned through.

Miss Winona Fern Durst and John Milton Horchler were married on Sunday, Feb. 20th, at the home of the bride's parents, at 6 o'clock in the evening. The ceremony was performed by Rev. E. E. Oney, the groom's pastor. The bride is the pretty daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Christian Durst of Meadow Mountain. She wore a dainty gown of white silk. Mr. Horchler is a son of Louis Horchler of near Grantsville. The young people will reside at the groom's home for the next few months until they begin housekeeping.

A most enjoyable entertainment was given at the Grantsville school house on Tuesday afternoon in honor of George Washington, all of the little people taking part in the exercises with the keenest enjoyment. There were recitations, some pretty drills, a graceful minuet by Gertrude and [illegible] Washington; another [illegible] person Martha Washington and [illegible] songs. Prof. Sanner, the [illegible] ers were justly proud of their [illegible] pupils displayed, and [illegible] ents and friends [illegible] event.

for Men, d Cotton. BITTINGER, Md. is Neck-

The blizzard which raged all last Sunday was so severe that all out door travel was suspended and services in church and Sunday school abandoned.

Lester Bittinger, of near Deer Park, came down to this village a few days ago and will remain during the sugar season to assist his brother-in-law, E. S. Brenneman.

John H. Stark delivered five head of beef cattle to a Piedmont butcher last week.

A very excellent program was rendered by the pupils and teachers of the public school of this village on the evening of February 22nd.

While breaking a colt one day last week Simon Beachy was thrown from the animal's back and sustained some slight injuries about the head and face.

Lewis Berkey, of North Glade, visited his wife and children on Wednesday of last week. Mrs. Berkey and children are spending some time with the former's father, John Deitriech, at this place.

Telephone service in this section was considerably interrupted by the storm of last Saturday and Sunday.

Prominent Physician Dead.

Dr. Buckner Fairfax Scott, 38 years old, of Terra Alta, died suddenly at his home there Monday morning from heart trouble. He had been visiting in Cumberland the past two weeks where he was taking treatment from Dr. E. B. Claybrook, but returned home Saturday to attend to some business matters. He expected to return to Cumberland in a few days to continue his treatment. While in Cumberland he was the guest of his brother-in-law, Frederick Dodd.

Funeral services were held at 1 o'clock Wednesday afternoon from the First Presbyterian church at Terra Alta of which the deceased was a member. Burial in Terra Alta cemetery.

A New Company.

The Oakland Automobile Company has secured the agency for the celebrated Dodge Car, and owing to the great demand for these cars the Oakland Company was able to secure but six of the cars for this territory the coming year. To appreciate this car one must see it. It is the most up-to-date car on the market. Price $785 f. o. b. Detroit. You can see this car at Treacy's new garage. Don't miss it For further particulars call on or address, C. B. Johnson, office First National Bank Building, Oakland, Md.

Advertisement.

FOR SALE—One Sterling Thresher. 16h. p. I. H. C. Gasoline Engine; 1 rebuilt I. H. C. auto Truck. For prices and terms, write or call upon R. M. Holman, Friendsville, Md, 3t*tf

KODAK SAFETY FILM

THE REPUBLICAN

BENJ. H. SINCELL, EDITOR.

Entered at the Postoffice in Oakland Md., as Second-class matter.

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THE REPUBLICAN,
Oakland, Md.

THURSDAY, MARCH 2, 1916

BANK AT HOME.

Only a few people realize what an important and essential factor a bank in a community. It is the silent sentinel that stands guard over your money by day and by night and protects you against loss by theft or fire and pays you for the privilege of doing it; it warns and protects you against fakirs and fraudulent wild-cat schemes; it comes to the rescue of the business man who is obliged to have money to save, or to enlarge his business; it enables the worthy man to embark in business; it has come to the rescue and saved many a business and home from being sold under the hammer; it has furnished the money to erect many a home and build many a business block; it finances, fosters and encourages many a new enterprise which affords employment to many people, and it has sent many men on the high road to success and prosperity by inducing them to start a savings account. Indeed, there wouldn't be very many mines, mills, stores and factories, if it was not for the banks. But there would be a lot of people out of work. The bank is a community builder. No community can get along without a bank.

THE OPEN ROAD

...ich An...ort Will Be Made to Wand...r on His Way Up Hill.

BY LE... RASCHE.

...the m... disagreeable things sar..., and most any one o... ...er say misuse it, for ... ...se of English. The ...ole of so many better ...hat it may well be said ...strictly a misuse of it. ...s get on the nerves of every one within earshot of them, and sometimes they make you want to do a first class job of choaking. But they are generally always sprung at a time when you must listen to them without a word and sit like a lamb when you're really the goat.

The other evening I had the pleasure (?) of attending a little dinner party. Both host and hostess were all smiles and as gracious as far farmed Southern hospitality could warrant. They were gracious to the point of gushing and they gushed. But something must have happened between the reception room and the dining room, one of those little domestic clashes that come up occasionally as suddenly as a Jack in the box, for at the table the gush had gone and there began one of those pleasant (?) little battles of wits. You know what they are Cornelius, those little battles where hubby gets back in a gentle (?) way every time wifey makes what she figures out as a cute witicism, and then wifey comes back again, when hubby calculates he's put a good one over, with a quiet little lady-like slam and then bows smiling to the guests, offering some more of the eats. That's when the gush is gone and the guest is the goat. You have to sit quiet and choke down an insane desire to kick over the table, break up the party and make your get-away. That's d—— decarum. But you've been squeezed in between one or two of these quiet little storms, Cornelius, and you know how it is. I thought of Oliver Wendell Holmes, the "Autocrat of the Breakfast Table," and could not help here mentally recalling his sage philosophy:

"Don't flatter yourself that friendship authorizes you to say disagreeable things to your intimates. On the contrary, the nearer you come into a relation with a person, the more necessary do tact and courtesy become. Except in cases of necessity, which are rare, leave your friend to learn unpleasant truths from his enemies; they are ready enough to tell them."

A whole library could contain no sounder truths than the brief bit of philosophy from Holmes. And if it could just be remembered whenever you feel those little remarks coming on that cut like a knife blade, Cornelius, it would make the way much more pleasant along the open road. No remarks once said can ever be unsaid. There is something in the world, an empty form they call apology. But remember that the word once spoken cannot be recalled for the reason that no amount of apology can erase it from the mind. The spoken word sets up a vibration and every vibration has a certain effect. Vibration carries the word to the drum of the ear and into the brain. Rememberance locks it there. Lots of bitterness is caused along the way of words. Lots could be avoided if a seal could sometimes be placed on the lips. Cutting remarks and saracasm form one of the unnecessary cups of bitterness.

THE DEATH RECORD.

ANDREW DELAWDER.

A telegram was received in Oakland last Friday announcing the death of Mr. Andrew Delawder, uncle of Mr. James A. Delawder, of Oakland, and brother of Mr. David Delawder, of near Hutton. The deceased was aged 84 years and is survived by his widow, four sons and five daughters. He was a resident of Oakland immediately following the Civil War where he was engaged in the blacksmithing business, and left here more than forty years ago when he returned to his old home in Howard county, Md., where he continued to reside until his death. He was a close personal friend of former Governor Edwin Warfield in whose employ three of his sons now are.

EDWARD MARGROFF.

Mr. Edward Margroff, a life long resident of the Accident District, died at his home near Accident Tuesday, his death following a stroke of appoplexy. The deceased was well known in all portions of Garrett county and counted his friends legion. Mr. Margroff was for a number of years tax collector for the county, served one term as County Commissioner and for the past fourteen years has been vice president of the Farmer's Fire Insurance Company of this county. He was a Union veteran, serving his country throughout the war of the Sixties with credit and honor. He is survived by his widow and a number of children, all of whom are grown. His funeral will occur today with interment at Accident.

DAVID MORGAN MASON.

This vicinity was called upon to witness the passing of another of its old and respected citizens last Saturday evening about 9:30 o'clock, at which time Mr. D. M. Mason succumbed from heart trouble, at his home on Third street.

While it was known that he had been in failing health for some time past, his death was a shock to the community, it being sudden and unexpected. Early in the evening he seemed better than usual and in fine spirits.

Mr. Mason was born in Preston county, West Virginia, on June 22, 1843, and was a son of William D. and Rebecca Mason. At the outbreak of the Civil War he cast his lot with the fortunes of theSouth joining in September, 1862, Company F, 33rd, Virginia Volunters, which later became a part of the famous Stonewall Brigade. He served in the Confederate army until the close of the war in 1865, and during his army career was captured and made to serve fourteen months in a Federal prison.

Mr. Mason came to Oakland in the year 1871, and about the year 1888 entered the service of the Baltimore & Ohio R. R. Co., at the station here, and served in various capacities until about 1900, when he was appointed agent of the company in Oakland. He held this position until December, 1903, when he resigned to enter the milling business with Mr. J. H. Painter, under the firm name of Mason & Painter. He later sold the business and has since been engaged in various official capacities.

Always a prominent Democrat, he took an active part in the politics of the state, town and county, and has held different positions of trust, having been mayor, a member of the Board of Election Supervisors for Garrett county several years ago, and served several terms as tax and water collector for the city of Oakland, which position he held at the time of his death. He was an appointee to the Election Board under the present Democratic administration of the state, and would have been a member of the new board had he lived.

Mr. Mason was united in marriage to Miss Sarah Chisholm, of Oakland, on February 21, 1889. No children were born of this union. He is survived by his wife, Mr. George M. Mason, a brother, and Mrs. Mary Susan Chisholm and Miss Martha Ellen Mason, sisters.

The funeral took place from the Garrett Memorial church Tuesday afternoon, after services conducted by Rev. Dr. J. C. Ely, the pastor.

The local lodge of the Knights of Pythias, of which the deceased was a member, attended in a body.

We join with the many friends of the bereaved wife and relatives in extending heartfelt sympathy in their sad loss.

B. & O. Contracts For Locomotives.

Contracts were placed Tuesday by the Baltimore and Ohio for 50 Mikado locomotives and ten switching engines. The Mikado engines, which will be used in freight service, will be built by the Baldwin locomotive works, Philadelphia, and the switching engines by the Lima Locomotive company, Lima Ohio.

Assignee's Sale.

An assignee of the mortgage for foreclosure and sale, Mr. Ernest R. Jones, attorney, advertises at public auction in this paper today the notice of the sale of a valuable farm located near Grantsville, which will occur in front of the court house in Oakland on Saturday, March 25th.

LOST.—A collie dog; answers to the name of "Snookie," reward will be paid if returned to Paul E. Mitchell, Oakland, Md. Advertisement.

The Late Governor Francis Thomas

BY CHARLES M. MILLER

This is the fourth of a series of several articles relative to an illustrious but unfortunate Governor of Maryland who is remembered by many.

In political ambition the star of Governor Thomas was in a steady and clear ascendancy until, after the meridian of life, it entered the eclipse—the divorce decree, and in the wake of that deplorable step, no little of the closing years "was bound in miseries and in shallows."

With a fearless independence he filled most every position of exalted trust in the domain of the commonwealth. His terms in the Federal Congress aggregated nearly a quarter of a century. It was in debates as a candidate before the people and on the floor of representatives, that were emitted so many escaping sparks, telling of the deep fire glowing in the mental engine.

One of these occasions was vividly reproduced for my hearing, by the late Judge George A. Pearre, himself a lawyer of admitted forensic qualities in a period of distinguished competitors, and subsequently elevated to the bench of the 4th Judicial Circuit of Maryland, handing down opinions respected for their ability. In fact, Judge Pearre, in his graphic, vigorous style, pointed out two of these instances. One was a nominating convention in the lower end of the district at the wind up of a heated and bitterly waged contest for Congressional leadership. If memory correctly serves me, an aspirant named Hoover, measured blades with the Governor in the closely fought battle. The storm center was in the lower extremity of the Congressional district, and the Governor regarded his strenth too safe in the house of his friends in the upper section of the district to require diversion from the main conflict. The watchful adversary caught the chance for a skillful move and, by a quick manipulation captured the precinct; but, it was explained, got rather a rag-tag delegation. The loss of support from a strong-hold relied upon as his own, made the old War Horse champ the bit and paw the ground. But a popular expression gave the honor to Maryland's favorite son. That evening the recipient of the nomination was called out by a serenade to speak from the balcony of a hotel; and in racy vituperation paid warm respects to the delegates filched from his friends, saying in part: "All came down to this nominating convention dressed up in borrowed clothes that they might wear the semblance of gentlemen. Early inthe morning, following the night of their arrival, the proprietor of the hotel tried to press open his front door, but close from the outside against it was a weight as that of a hog. He went round some other way and found one of these delegates asleep inhis drunk and filthy in the swill from his mouth. The proprietor wished the door opened, and to save his hand from such a touch, shook him under the pressure of his foot; and all the hog could grunt was: I am for Hoover! Hoover!! Hoover!!!

And, continued Judge Pearre, in the same locality on another occasion, this champion of the husting was pitted in debate against an applicant for office, who had previously filled an important official position but during his administration a moneyed shortage had been whispered, leaving a suspicion delicate to probe. This candidate rashly held the Governor up to ridicule as an aristocrat perpetually pleading for political preferment, and that he had lived among people, a farmer boy all day between the handles of a plow, working hard for his bread. In rejoinder the practiced campaigner delivered a glowing tribute to any boy with the spirit and determination to rise through his own efforts to positions of public usefulness, he merits confidence and admiration. "But," said the withering critic, "if the history of my State is correct, and I assume it is, this boastful boy has permitted his plow to cut rather too deep in the financial soil of Maryland either for the safety of his reputation or the interest of the people." And from that he broke the vials of denunciation over the victim's head in retorts too burning to be remembered. For cutting invective his tongue was a lash with scorpion's sting.

In rambles through the mountains a man old enough to be my father, was asked if he knew Gov. Thomas, replied "I knew him better than I will ever know you." Then he was asked to tell me something of him; and answered: "O, Mr. Miller, I do not know what to tell you; my work was with him many years on surveys and in other work as he would need." "Did you ever hear him make a public speech?" "Oh, yes, Sir, more than once." "Where did you last hear him?" The reply was Grantsville. "Now please tell me what you remember of that address; how did it impress you?" "Well, the Governor was running for Congress, and the candidate opposing him spoke at Grantsville only the day before and he said hard things about the Governor; that he held himself as a gentleman above those about him; had blue blood in his veins, soft white hands; wore fine clothes and when soliciting votes was polite and cringing, but after the election his head was up and his intimacy vanished—all he wanted, declared the opponent, was your votes. This orator left that night, and the next day when the Governor came he had liberal explanations of the charges lodged against him. Too many people poured in to hear the Governor for the size of any hall in Grantsville, so the meeting was held under the shade of the trees in the open. The former life and spirit of the hearers appeared to be strangely lacking at the beginning; not much clapping of hands and stamping of feet when the familiar form of the old charmer stepped upon the stand. The Governor proceeded in a quiet manner with a thoughtfully constructed and skillfully elaborated speech, warming up with the march of his mind until many stirring passages had fallen flat and, seemingly, unaccepted by the large audience. Soon the temper of the assemblage was caught, with the memory of the arraignment made the day before by his rival, and then he rose in the full statute of his powers: with flashing eyes over a face of frowns, he moved to the edge of the platform and vehemently declared: "I believe the day will yet dawn in the history of these people, when they will become so superstitious that they will believe no man, unless it is proven to their satisfaction he was born in the dark of the moon, cradled in a sugar trough and christened in stump water!"

(End in next publication.)

GRANTSVILLE'S GRAND OLD SCHOOL TEACHER

Captain R. R. Sanner Doing As Good Work Now as Half a Century Ago.

Grantsville, Md., has the unique distinction of having the same principal of schools that it had fifty years ago, and despite the fact that this grand old pedagogue is now 74 years of age, he appears to be as vigorous in mind and body and as proficient in imparting knowledge and teaching the young idea how to shoot as he was half a century ago, for during the present winter when youth and age have alike been sufferers from la grippe and other distempers, Capt. Sanner has not missed one hour from school on account of sickness, and all reports indicate that the Grantsville schools have never been under better discipline nor made better progress than during the present school year.

Ross R. Sanner is a native of Somerset County and a brother of Capt. Wm. H. Sanner, of Somerset, former County Superintendent of Schools and ex-Assemblyman and present County Sealer of Weights and Measures, who is two years his senior, W. H. being 79 and R. R. 74 years of age. The two brothers enlisted for the defense of the Union when mere youths and served with distinction throughout the Civil War, both attaining the rank of captain.

Capt. R. R. Sanner served in the same regiment and company as the late Norman B. Ream and carried the latter off the field of battle when seriously wounded. Mr. Reem recovered from his wounds and become one of the richest money magnates of the United States, while Capt. Sanner elected to follow the humble though none the less honorable vocation of a pedagogue and in worldly goods and chattles is accounted a poor man in his old age, though rich in honor and respect shown him by the many pupils who have been under his guidance. The multi-millionaire, Norman B. Ream, remained his steadfast friend until death, but did not remember him in his will.

At the close of the Civil War, Capt. Sanner became the village school-master at Grantsville, Md., and taught there several years. The writer (editor of The Republican) had the privilege of being one of his primary pupils in 1868 and among the readers of The Republican are many who received their first instructions from this grand old pedagogue and who have ever since held him in grateful memory and high esteem.

Besides teaching in the public schools of Allegany county, Md., in his younger years, Capt. Sanner also taught a number of normal terms and for about 15 years was an instructor in the Soldier's Orphans' School at Uniontown. Some years ago he emigrated to the Red River Valley, North Dakota, to engage in wheat farming, but soon returned East and resumed teaching. For several years past, he was principal of schools at Oakland, Md., and last fall after a lapse of half century since first going there to teach, he returned to the pleasant village of Grantsville as principal of the schools of that district.

He and his good wife, a native of Grantsville (nee Fuller) are domiciled in the Casselman Hotel, which was one of the old tavern stands in the halcyon days of the National Pike, and are happy in the sere and yellow period of their lives amidst the scenes of their youth.—Meyersdale Republican.

THE economy pledges made by the Democratic State administration prior to the election, seemingly are not being sustained, By a vote of 93 to 8 the House, after a lengthy discussion, added two men to its payroll, and the wiseacres believe this is evidence of the intention of the body to add to the number of its employes whenever the opportunity offers. It was all about the proofreader, and the debate ended in the House adopting a report of the committee of printed bills providing for the employment of two additional proofreaders at $5 a day each.

Mr. J. W. Keefe, who was until recently employed at Jennings, this county, where he had charge of the boarding house in connection with the mill at that point, has gone to Jennirgston, W. Va., where he is occupying a similar position with the milling company operating at that point.

For Sale

Having rented my farm I offer the following at private sale: Two young Horses, good weight; 4 Jersey Cows, 40 Tons baled Hay, 6 tons baled Straw, some loose hay and straw, a lot of Oats, Corn and Wheat, 1 Sleigh, 1 Buggy, 1 New Sled, Plow, Harrows and Cultivators, 1 good Surrey, Harness of all descriptions. Call on or address George Shartzer, Oakland, Md. Adv. 49

We Carry in Stock

TIRES
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SHOCK ABSORBERS
CHAINS
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Assignee's Sale

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate

In Garrett County.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage from Charles Warnick and Maggie Warnick, his wife, to William H. Durst, dated the 11th day of May, 1909, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 57, folio 417, one of the Mortgage Records of Garrett county, and duly assigned to E. R. Jones for the purpose of foreclosure on the 16th day of February, 1916, default having occurred in the terms of said mortgage, the undersigned assignee will on

SATURDAY,
the 25th day of March, '16.

at the hour of two o'clock p. m. of said day in front of the Court House in the town of Oakland, Maryland, offer at public auction to the highest bidder all of that tract or parcel of land situate near Grantsville, in Garrett county, containing the quantity of one hundred and ten acres more or less, the same being the tract of land described in a deed from Phineas C. Boucher and wife to the said Charles Warnick bearing date of May 8th, 1909, which said deed is recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 59, folio 107, one of the Land Records of Garrett county.

Said farm is improved by about 45 acres of cleared land and it is otherwise improved by a two story dwelling, stable, silo and other out-buildings, and a small sugar camp is also located on the property.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on day of sale, but if any responsible party should purchase the property and pay a reasonable amount down, in the discretion of the undersigned, the balance may be arranged in deferred payments being secured by the notes of the purchaser with security satisfactory to the undersigned and to bear interest from the day of sale; or all of the purchase money may be paid down upon the ratification of the sale by the Court.

Possession being given to said property upon the ratification of the sale and compliance with the terms thereof.

For further particulars, apply to.

ERNEST RAY JONES,
Assignee of said Mortgage.

Commissioners Meeting.

The County Commissioners of Garrett county, Maryland, will meet in their office in Oakland on

Monday, March 20th, 1916,

to transact general routine business.
By order of the Board.
W. G. MEYERS, Clerk.

Mortgagee's Sale

OF A

Valuable Farm

Situated in Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage from William Taylor Lewis and wife to the undersigned mortgagee, dated the 9th day of February, in the year 1912, I will on

SATURDAY
the 25thday of March, '16

at the hour of two o'clock p. m. of said day in front of the Court House in the town of Oakland, Maryland, offer for sale the following property:

First. All that lot of ground containing the quantity of Five acres, more or less, and being the same lot of ground which was conveyed to the said William Taylor Lewis by deed from Daniel Lewis and wife dated the 29th day of November, 1902, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 44, folio 92, etc, one of the Land Records of Garrett county.

Second. All that other lot of ground containing the quantity of one hundred and thirty-three and one-half acres of land, and being the same lot of ground which was conveyed to the said William Taylor Lewis by deed from Perry M. Stemple and wife dated the 25th day of January, 1912, which deed is duly recorded among the Land Records of Garrett county.

Third. All that other lot of ground containing the quantity of four acres and sixty perches, and being the same lot of ground which was conveyed to the said William Taylor Lewis by deed from Walter Speicher and wife, dated the 30th day of October, 1909, which deed is duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 59, folio 292, etc, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, except that portion of said land sold to Newton Reams.

Said property is improved by a good dwelling house and all necessary out building and is one of the best properties in the county.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on the day of sale, but if any responsible party desires to purchase the same he can do so by paying one-third cash, the balance to be divided into two equal instaliments payable in one and two years from date of sale by the purchaser giving his notes bearing interest from date.

GILMOR S. HAMILL,
Mortgagee.

Trustee's Sale

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate

in Garrett County, Maryland

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court passed on the 25th day of February, 1916, at the suit of Abel DeWitt, next friend, etc., vs. Donald U. Maffett, et al, the same being No. 2681 Equity in said Court, the undersigned trustee hereby gives notice that she will on

SATURDAY
the 25th day of March,

1916, at the hour of two o'clock p. m., in front of the court house in the town of Oakland, Maryland, offer at public auction to the highest bidder the following parcels of real estate situate in Garrett County, Maryland, and described as follows, to-wit:

All that lot of ground situate in the town of Oakland and which is on the plat of Pennington's Addition to the town of Oakland, enlarged, as recorded in Liber W. H. T. No. 2, folio 518, one of the Land Records of said Garrett County is known and designated as Lot No. 41, containing one acre, more or less, excepting therefrom so much thereof as by deed conveyed by McHenry Howard, trustee, to the County Commissioners of Garrett County for an alley, dated the 17th day of November, 1888, and recorded in Liber W. H. T. No. 2, folio 162, one of the Land Records of Garrett County, and being the same ground which was conveyed to Wm. A. Maffett by deed from Elizabeth G. Howard dated the 30th day of May, 1903, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 44, folio 371, one of the Land Records of said Garrett County. This property is improved by two dwellings and a stable.

2. A part of Military Lot No. 3282, containing 66 1-10 perches and commonly known as the Collier Hotel property in the town of Friendsville, Garrett County, Md., improved by a good hotel and out buildings.

3. All that other lot in said town of Friendsville known as the Livery stable lot, and beginning for the same at the Northwest corner of the river bridge and running thence N. 72° West, 6 3-10 perches, North 47¾° East, 10 perches to a point of island and then by a straight line to the beginning, improved by a livery stable.

4. All that other parcel in the town of Friendsville, and beginning for the same at the Southern corner of a blacksmith shop situate on the east bank of the Youghlogheny River and running with the Oakland road 25 feet to a point at the edge of said road, then in a westerly direction to the line of "Look Sharp," in river, then North with said line 25 feet and from there to the beginning, improved by a blacksmith shop.

The three last parcels above being the same property which was conveyed to the said Wm. A. Maffett by deed from Austin Brown, Sheriff, dated the 18th day of Oct., 1909, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 56, folio 274, one of the Land Records of said Garrett County.

5. Lots Nos. 15 and 16 in Block 26 on the plat of the Mountain Home Company, recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 1, folio 2, one of the Plat records of said Garrett county, containing 10-121 of an acre each, being the same lots which were conveyed to the said Wm. A. Maffett by deed from the Mountain Home Company dated the 31st day of December, 1894, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 30, folio 315, one of the Land Records of said Garrett county.

6. All those lots which on the plat of the sub-division of the tract of land called the Bradley farm are known as Lots Nos. 5, containing 5.10 acres, Lot No. 37 containing 7.61 acres. All these lots are situate close the town of Oakland and are in a high state of cultivation, being the same lots which were conveyed to the said Wm. A. Maffett by deed from Wm. E. Walsh, et ux, dated the 4th day of June, 1912, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 64, folio 91, one of the Land Records of said Garrett county.

7. Lot No. 40 in Pennington's Addition to the town of Oakland containing ¼ of an acre, more or less, and described in a deed from the County Commissioners of Garrett County to Wm. A. Maffett dated the 2nd day of December 1912, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 68, folio 41, one of the Land Records of said Garrett county. Said lot is improved by a brick dwelling and a frame stable.

TERMS OF SALE: One third cash, one third in one year and one third in two years, or all cash at the option of the purchaser or purchasers, the credit portion to bear interest and to be secured to the satisfaction of the trustee.

These several pieces of property will be offered separately.

Conveyancing at cost of purchaser.

MRS. NELLIE MAFFETT,
Trustee.

For further particulars consult the trustee or Renninger & Offutt, attorneys, Garrett National Bank Building, Oakland, Md.

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FOUNDED 1888

OF OAKLAND, MARYLAND

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Oakland, Md.

"Naylor has it and sells it for less."

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED PROMPT SERVICE

Mrs. J. M. Crane, of Kingwood, W. Va., is in Oakland as the guest of Mrs. Benj. H. Sincell.

Mrs. Chester Browning, of Deer Park, spent a few hours in Oakland yesterday with friends.

Dr. and Mrs. A. A. Scherr, of Eglon, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Shaffer at their home on Third street.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Browning, of Terra Alta, spent yesterday in Oakland where they were guests or Mr. Browning's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Notley B. Browning.

Mr. Thomas Browning, chairman of the Democratic County Committee, visited Annapolis yesterday in the interest of applicants for appointment to civil positions in Garrett county.

Mrs. Edgar Long and sister, Miss Flossie Shaffer, of Clarksburg, arrived in Oakland Tuesday evening and are on a visit to their parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Shaffer at their home on Third street.

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company is preparing a splendid line of advertising for the benefit of Mountain Lake Park and other summer resorts in this section of the country. The matter will be largely circulated and will be illustrated with views of the Park and its surroundings.

A. D. Naylor & Co., will sell you a Burton Sled on next year' sterms.

Advertisement.

Mr. John J. Sweeney, the Chevrolet automobile dealer, advertises his new car pretty extensively in this paper today. The car is one of the best made and offered at an exceedingly low price. Read his advertisement on page eight of this paper today and then if wanting a car see Mr. Sweeney and have him book your order.

Attention is directed to the advertisement of Mr. D. E. Bolden, of Oakland, who recently sold his general merchandise business to the new firm of Shaffer & Bush and who now offers his stock of furniture, carpets, mattings, etc., at much reduced prices. Mr. Bolden will continue the furniture and undertaking business and his object in disposing of his present stock is to save the labor of removing it to another location which so far has not yet been secured.

Burton Bob Sleds can be bought on next year's terms from A. D. Naylor & Co.

Advertisement it.

On Thursday evening, the 16th inst., at the parsonage of St. Paul's M. E. church, a social under the auspices of the Epworth League will be held, which closes the membership contest which has been on for some time past. All members of the League are invited to be present. Refreshments will be served.

Dr. R. A. Ravenscroft, of Accident, former State Senator and more recently Surveyor of the Port at Baltimore, went to the latter city last Thursday morning to meet his daughter, Mrs. Mae Hyde, of New Pork, who entered a hospital in Baltimore for treatment. Dr. Ravenscroft took occasion to go to Annapolis from Baltimore on Friday where he spent a few hours at the State House, which became so familiar to him a number of years ago and where he made a large number of personal and political friends.

SMALL FARM FOR SALE—Bargain. Apply to P. O. Box 73, Swanton, Md. Adv. 48 tf

Dr. W. D. Reed, of Grafton, spent Monday in Oakland on business.

Mrs. Virginia Liller spent Saturday in Terra Alta, W. Va., the guest of relatives.

Mr. J. A. Kelley spent last Saturday and a portion of Sunday in Cumberland, returning home Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Florence White returned to her home in Oakland Tuesday, atfer spending several days in Fairmont, W. Va.

Mr. Peter Brenninger, of near Gortner, who made an extended trip through the West, returned home one day last week.

Mrs. Fleming Howell, who recently spent a week in Oakland, has gone to Philadelphia, where she is the guest of friends.

Mrs. W. H. Berry, of Morgantown, W. Va., was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Jackson in Oakland Saturday evening and Sunday.

Mrs. B. V. Wensel, of near Oakland, was the recipient of a large number of birthday cards one day last week and employs this means to thank all the donors.

Attorney J. C. Renninger went to Cumberland Tuesday morning where he argued an equity case before Judge Henderson, returning home Tuesday night.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Mr. Frederick Thayer, Jr., who spent several weeks in Baltimore where he visited his brother, Mr. Ralph Thayer, returned to his home in Oakland Tuesday evening.

Mr. S. H. Thompson, of Keyser, spent yesterday in Oakland, having been accompanied here by Mr. S. H. Jordan, also of Keyser, who is interested in some coal properties in the vicinity of Oakland.

Mr. W. C. Dunnington, of Berkeley Springs, W. Va., where he has been for the past several months conducting the Washington Hotel, spent Monday in Oakland in conference with some of the Mountain Lake Park officials.

Mr. Herbert Ferguson, of Fairmont, W. Va., was in the city last Saturday on business and calling upon his many friends in Oakland where he resided until about three years ago when he removed to West Virginia.

Mrs. George W. Haulenbeek, who was taken to Baltimore City in October last seriously ill, spent the winter with her son, Mr. Elmer Haulenbeek. Her health has very much improved and she is now arranging for an early return to her Deer Park home.

Capt. James A. Hayden, member of the House of Delegates, who has been at Annapolis continuously ever since the Legislature convened, will come to his home in Mountain Lake Park tomorrow to spend the week-end with his family, expecting to return to Annapolis Monday morning.

"He has a crushed radiator, shattered windshield, broken steering gear, twisted fenders and bent axles," is the way a Frederick newspaper summed up the damages which resulted from an automobile wreck last week. Wonder if it was possible for the doctor to put him in running order after all that?—Brunswick Times.

HAVE YOU HELPED?

If Not, Now is Your Opportunity to Help the Public Library.

The question naturally follows: How? By going to the entertainment in the Maryland Theatre this evening.

In addition to five reels of excellent motion pictures a good program will be rendered, consisting of vocal and instrumental selections, readings, etc., by some of our best local talent. The entertainment will begin at 7:45 and the library will be closed for the evening at 7:15.

The following is the program to be rendered:

Piano solo,.....Mrs. C. E. Bender
Mixed quartette,....Mrs. Mealy, Miss Grace Loar, Messrs. Max Jarboe, Mark White.
Violin solo,.....Glen Martin
Reading,.....Rev. O. A. Bremer
Selection,.....High School Quartette
Piano duet,....R. Isenberg, J. Littman
Vocal solo,.....Mrs. Gordon Mealy
Violin and piano.....Miss Eleanor Hinebaugh, and Felix Robinson.

The following persons have contributed to the library since the last report:

Mrs. W. S. Martin, Mrs. Louis Littman, Mrs. S. H. Jackson, Miss Grace Loar, Mrs. E. R. Jones, Mrs. Lewis Bush, Miss Ora Bush, Mrs. B. H. Sincell, Homer Spiker, Morgan Hinebaugh, James Nally, Alva Gortner, Ralph Robinson.

MRS. H. A. LORADITCH,
Acting Librarian.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Stanton, of Oakland, took their eldest daughter, Marie, to Cumberland on Monday where she was operated upon the same afternoon for a throat trouble. Mr. Stanton returned home Monday evening and Mrs. Stanton returned yesterday, accompanied by her daughter, who is well on the road toward recovery.

Mr. Wallace Mason, son of Mr. George M. Mason, of Oakland, who has been in Chicago, Ill., for the past two years where he is in charge of a Young Men's Christian Association building, arrived home on Tuesday morning to attend the funeral of his uncle, the late D. M. Mason, which took place Tuesday afternoon. After visiting relatives here for a few days Mr. Mason will return to Chicago to resume his work.

Walter Blair Simmons, of near Oakland, who sent the Lincoln Cabin to the Maryland State fair at Baltimore early in the fall and received a blue ribbon, has received a check for $10.00 as a further appreciation of the merits of his exhibit, the check having been sent by the management of the fair. The cabin was on exhibition at the Garrett County fair and attracted the attention of all who visited the building where it was shown.

In honor of Miss June Dunnington, who is residing during the winter at Berekley Springs, W. Va., the dancing club of that town gave a complimentary dance at the Washington Hotel, Berkeley Springs, on the evening of February 22nd, at which more than a hundred guests were present. Referring to Miss Dunnington the Post published at Berkeley Springs, said in its last issue: "Miss Dunnington is very popular with our people here and the high esteem in which she is held was amply shown on Tuesday evening."

For Sale.

Large and small farms; a tract of virgin timber; property for rent; one house at $2; several snaps; apply quick. Box 73, Swanton, Md. Adv. 50-3t *

A NEW FIRM.

Messrs. L. C. Shaffer and Lewis Bush Succeed Mr. D. E. Bolden.

Last Saturday Messrs. Lloyd C. Shaffer and Lewis Bush, of Oakland, took charge of the general mercantile establishment of Mr. D. E. Bolden in Oakland from whom they purchased the dry goods, notion and grocery department of the store, Mr. Bolden retaining control of the furniture and undertaking business and will continue to conduct the same, but at a different location which has not yet been decided upon.

Mr. Shaffer has had years of experience as a merchant and was quite successful as such, conducting a general store at Carmel, in Preston county, W. Va., until about two years ago when he removed to Oakland where he has been a resident ever since. Mr. Bush has been residing here for the past several years, having retired from his farm after disposing of it. Both are known as genial gentlemen and will conduct the well known store upon a cash basis.

MOUNTAIN LAKE PARK.

Mr. E. F. Freeland has left us and has moved to his own home in Albrightsville, W. Va.

Mr. Walter Meyers has been shut in for several days with quinsey, but is out again.

Mr. G. W. Sterling and family who have been living with Mrs. Garthright, have moved back to Loch Lynn and Mr. C. S. May has returned from Grafton to take his place.

Mrs. C. F. Dawson has returned from a visit to relatives in West Virginia.

Steve Cornwallis and family have returned to their home in Montana.

The protracted meeting in the U. B. church is increasing in interest.

Scott White has opened a shoe shop in Loch Lynn.

Henry Gibson is delighted with his little son, lately arrived.

Ben Harvey has bought an auto. Just watch him spin.

Mrs. Kneiss, who is spending her first winter in the Park, is making extensive improvements on her cottage, corner of Oakland avenue and I street.

A splendid program was rendered by our public school pupils on the 22d.

We have just passed through one of the worst snow storms of this winter, but March is coming in like a lamb; let us see how she goes out.

Basket Ball Games Scheduled.

Two games of basket ball which promise to prove of more than ordinary interest have been scheduled by the Collegians for the present week. The first game will occur this evening at the Empire when the local quint will meet the Hollidaysburg Y. M. C. A. team and on Saturday night they will contest with the team from Johnstown, Pa.

Will Go To Mountain Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. C. S. May and family who have been making their home at the Central Hotel since last fall, are now returning to Mountain Lake Park. The hotel has been managed by Mr. May during his residence in Grafton and the members of the family have made many friends in the city who will regret to have them leave the city.—Grafton Sentinel.

Hart's Fall Goods.

DRESS GOODS

LARGER AND BETTER THAN EVER.

Ladies and Childrens Suits and Coats

In the above line we have beauty and style. Prices will surprise you. See them.

CORSETS—We are now handling the Warner Rust-proof Corset. Better known and best on the market.

UNDERWEAR—Everything in Underwear for Men, Women and Children, Wool and Cotton.

Complete line Laces, Dress Trimmings, Silks, Neckwear, etc.

ALDER ST. HART'S OAKLAND.

THE ROSS SILO

Means large profits and less work. Quality is the Ross motto. Compare it with others and you will buy the Ross. Ask the men that use them.

For Further information, see

E. H. SMOUSE, Agt.

Deer Park, Md.

The Lutheran Church

SECOND STREET, OAKLAND

Sunday School, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

B. H. SINCELL, Superintendent.

Every parent should know that their child is in Sunday School on the Lord's Day learning of Him. God will hold parents responsible for the religious growth of their children.

Men's Brotherhood Class, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

REV. BREMER, Teacher.

We cordially invite all men not already enrolled in some school to study the Bible with this class.

Morning Worship, 10.45 o'Clock.

The sincere christian will be found in God's House at the regular appointed hours of worship and the only kind of excuse worth while is the kind that Almighty God will accept.

Luther League, 6.30 o'Clock P. M.

Topic—"The Holiest Prayer."
Leader—ADA GLOTFELTY.

Evening Worship, 7.30 o'Clock.

All are welcomed to worship with us.

During the Lenten Season there will be a special service every Wednesday night at 7:30 o'clock. The public is invited.

DEER PARK.

There will be worship at Deer Park Lutheran church Sunday afternoon March 5th at 2:30 o'clock.

—The above was prepared by the pastor and the advertisement is authorized and paid for by one interested in church work.

ARMIES LOCKED AT DOUAUMONT AS FRENCH RUSH AID TO VERDUN; TERRIFIC DRIVE BENDS JOFFRE'S LINE

Position Held by Germans with Difficulty---500,000 in the Battle---Artillery Fire Makes Cote du Talou Untenable for Either Side---British Aid French

RUSSIAN GRAND DUKE ROUTS TURKS NEAR BITLIS

London.—The great battle centering around Verdun, in which half a million men are engaged, is still being fought at some points with the same fury as characterized it at the beginning ten days ago.

Utterly regardless of appalling losses, the German legions under personal command of the Kaiser and Crown Prince continued to assualt the heavily fortified French positions north and east of Verdun. After capturing by storm and sheer weight of numbers Fort de Douaumont, four miles north of Verdun and one of the permanent defenses of the great fortress itself, the Germans were driven northward by a counter attack, which again placed the French in some parts of Fort de Douaumont as well as respossession of considerable lost terrain beyond the fort.

To the west of fort de Douaumont, the Germans toog Champneuville and the Cote de Talou, advancing to Nave. To the east of the fort they stormed the extended fortified works of Haraumont.

In the official statement from Berlin, the German War Office announces that the Germans pressing forward to the west of Douaumont reached Nave, on the southern border of the wooded district northeast of Bras, raking Champneuville and Cote de Talou on the way.

The British line in France was extended an additional several miles in order that General Joffre might concentrate greater forces to meet the German onslaught upon Verdun.

KAISER SPURS ON LEGIONS.

London.—Inspired by the presence of their Emperor and Crown Prince Frederick William, the German troops are engaged in one of the greatest battles of the war on the front centering around the fortress of Verdun. Attack has succeeded attack against the French line after bombardments, incessant and terrific, continuing for several days.

Three hundred thousand picked men the flower of the German army, desperately pushed their great smash at the French fortress, the orders being to take the stronghold at any cost. For miles the battle area is a shambles, the losses being variously estimated at from 60,000 to 120,000 men on both sides. It is the biggest military operation since the Allied offensive of September 25, 1915.

While the Germans have not been able, despite the rain of shells and furious onslaughts by the infantry, to break the French line, nevertheless the French on their right and left wings have been compelled to withdraw their lines, respectively, to the south of Ornes and behind the town of Samogneux, six miles north of the fortress.

The Germans are now in positions from which their guns can easily reach the Verdun forts, and at the same time are within easy range of the French fortress' artillery.

The plan with which Field Marshal von Hindenburg succeeded in Russia is being followed by two hundred thousand men are massed on a narrow front. Advancing in close formation, twelve deep. They are mown down by machine guns, but others take up the advance again, their heavy artillery active all the time.

Germany and Austria are expected to declare war immediately upon Portugal as the result of the seizure by Portuguese naval authorities, in the harbor at Lisbon, of 36 German and Austrian steamships, some of them large vessels, interned in the River Tagus for the war. The seizures were made by Captain Leotte Rego, by official decree. The Portuguese fleet then saluted the captured craft with a naval salvo of 21 guns.

NO NAVY MILKSHIP TO GERMANY.

Daniels Refuses to Send Warships to Alleviate Babies' Woes.

New York.—The request of Dr. Edmund von Mach, executive chairman of the Citizens' Committee for Food Shipments that a United States warship be sent to Europe with a supply of milk for the babies for the babies of Germany and Austria has been denied by Secretary of the Navy Daniels. The secretary said he could send no naval vessel into the war zone without authorization by Congress.

BUTTER ONLY BY CARD, TOO.

Berlin Cuts Supply to Four Ounces to a Person Each Week.

Berlin.—The bread card, which has been a year in operation, will be supplemented henceforth in Greater Berlin by a similar regulation with respect to the butter supply. The executive authorities have decided to limit the sale of butter to a quarter of a pound for each person weekly, to be obtained on presentation of the bread card. Other cities are also effected.

Paris.—For the time being at least the great German offensive aimed at Verdun seems to be at a standstill.

Disregarding unfavorable weather conditions amid a heavy snowstorm, the Germans centered their offensive on the ridge of hills to the east of Champ Neuville, but although large numbers of effectives were used and the assault was unprecedented in violence no further gain was made.

General Joffre, commander of the French, arrived at Verdun to personally direct the defense of the fortress. Across the battle front the Kaiser, surrounded by his staff officers, and the Crown Prince are planning the blows being struck in the greatest German offensive since the defeat at the Marne.

Paris admits that the French lines were bent back several miles, and concedes the evacuation of three villages, but asserts the retirement was made with all lines unbroken, in good order, to avoid useless waste of human life. The Germans, attacking in massed formation, lost whole regiments, it was stated.

Six villages and 10,000 French prisoners have been captured in the German smash at Verdun, the Berlin War Office declared officially.

Men returning from the front give descriptions of terrible slaughter. One surgeon bringing back a trainload of wounded, said that he watched one German brigade advance against the French lines in close formation. When it came within range of the French batteries the entire brigade was mowed down.

The German losses during the first five days of the battle around Verdun are authoritatively estimated at 150,000.

The German offensive is recognized now as probably only the beginning of a determined effort to take the fortress, formerly the key to the French front, and compares in violence and losses to the battle of the Yser.

A report has been received here that the Turks have been heavily defeated by the Russians under Grand Duke Nicholas near Bitlis.

CROWN PRINCE LEADS ATTACK.

London.—The German army under Crown Prince Frederick William, having fought its way to within eight miles of the fortress of Verdun, was reported to be attempting to smash the French lines on a front of twenty-five miles, with the capture of the citadel in view.

By a series of heavy attacks the Germans penetrated the French positions north of Verdun two miles, on a front of ten miles.

Then the battle line was extended and the fighting increased rapidly in intensity until the conflict became the fiercest since the British lines were broken at Ypres last May.

The battle area reached from Malancourt on the west to Etain on the east, with Verdun in the centre only a few miles southward.

The French War Office admits an advance by the Germans, but says the gains were made at a great cost in killed and wounded.

The German preparations for the great offensive covered a period of three weeks, and the bombardment of the French positions with thousands of shells had been continuous. The French were not taken unawares, and had massed all their available guns to meet the onslaught.

PITH OF THE WAR NEWS

In a daring raid southeast of Friedrichstadt the Russians have captured several German posts, killing all the defenders with their bayonets and scoring an important success.

In the Caucasus region, in snow that is breast deep, the Russians continue their vigorous pursuit of the Turks, who are throwing away their guns in their flight.

Evacuation of Durazzo, the Albanian port, by the Italians, was officially confirmed from Rome. The Austrians hotly attacked the retreating brigade, which embarked under difficulties owing to a heavy sea.

The Albanian army under Essed Pasha and the Italian forces at Durazzo will not offer resistance to the Austrians and Bulgarians approaching that port.

British forces in Mesopotamia made an attack on the Turkish position at Felahie, below Kut-el-Amara, but were driven back with heavy losses.

The beginning of a French counter-offensive is indicated in the last Paris communique.

Telegrams from Russia report a violent resumption of offensive by the Russian army in Galicia and Poland under command of the Czar.

BERLIN UPHOLDS NEW U-BOAT WAR

Determined to Wage a Contest Against Britain to Decision

HOPEFUL OF SETTLEMENT

Berlin Government Willing, However, to Meet United States in Every Way Practical to Assure Protection of Citizens.

Berlin.—"Germany will stand by her guns in the announced submarine war against England. Let that be clearly understood. Germany will conduct a legal war with a legal naval arm of warfare, recognized as being a legal naval arm even by your Mr. Lansing. Let that also be clearly understood," said a German official to a correspondent of an American newspaper.

"The impression you say obtains in America that Germany is seeking to force the United States into a war is too ridiculous to call for an answer. We haven't reached that pinnacle of madness.

"Germany wants to and is going to prosecute a war against England to a decision in which our U-boats, a recognized legal arm, will be one of our means to that end.

"We ask nothing from the United States. We merely desire and hope that Americans will exercise that care of their own safety that they do in ordinary, normal, peaceful times—that is, that they travel by safer instead of more dangerous means, by neutral or American boats. In other words, to apply your own great maxim, 'safety first.'"

FAVOR ARMY OF 175,000.

Senate Military Committee Wants Bigger Force Than House.

Washington.—Both the Senate and House Military Committees are struggling with details of the army part of the preparedness program. The Senate Committee virtually completed its preliminary review of the measure to be drafted for the regular army, agreement being reached upon its main feature.

The bill will provide for a peace strength standing army of 175,000 men as against 135,000 proposed by the House bill under consideration. The war strength will be fixed at 225,000. A seven-year enlistment, three with the colors and four in the reserve, will be expected to provide the men to fill up the regiments for war service. Under this plan the soldier could be discharged into the reserve at the end of a year if found efficient and can optionally go into the reserve at the end of two years if he desires.

The Senate bill follows closely the plan of 1912 devised by the Army War College after an exhaustive study. The committee will begin at once devising its own plan for federalizing the National Guard.

Representative McKellar of Tennessee submitted to the House a favorable report on his bill to establish and maintain military training schools in the various states.

GERMANS TAKE BRITISH SHIPS.

Seven Vessels Victims of Mysterious Teuton S a Rover.

Madrid, Spain.—According to advices received from Santa Cruz, Teneriffe, the following statement was given out by the local Spanish commandant:

The steamship Westburn (British) entered this port for repairs, flying the German flag. She has a prize crew consisting of one officer and seven men on board, one of the men wearing a cap with the inscription 'S. M. S. Moeben.'

There are 296 prisoners aboard the Westburn. These were taken from the British vessels Flaminco, Horace, Clan MacTavish, Cambridge, Edinburgh, and Belge, and from the Belgian vessel Luxemburg.

WORLD'S NEWS IN CONDENSED FORM

WASHINGTON.—President Wilson told members and guests at the Gridiron Club dinner that America ought to keep out of the European war "at the sacrifice of everything except this single thing upon which her character and her history are founded—her sense of humanity and justice." He was well applauded by those present.

CHICAGO.—Because of the recent attempt to poison Archbishop Mundelein an official taster will be named to test all of the dishes at a St. Patrick's day dinner where the Archbishop and ex-President Taft will guests.

WASHINGTON.—President Wilson has the revolt in Congress over his submarine policy in control and there will not be any legislation on this subject against his wishes unless the situation should suddenly change.

BERLIN.—The German Government has released 150,000 doses of salvarsan to be distributed by the American Red Cross, also 430 tons of aniline colors, especially blue, green and carmine, for the United States Bureau of Engraving and Printing.

LISBON.—Eight German steamers in the harbor at St. Vincent were seized by the Portuguese Government.

O. H. S. NOTES.

News From The Oakland Temple Of Learning.

On Tuesday of last week the Yorkist and Lancastrian Literary Societies combined in giving a very suitable programmes in commeration of Lincoln and Washington.

The programme in honor of Lincoln was held in the forenoon. In addition to the many selections rendered by the students, Rev. Arthur D. Appleton gave an instructive address on "Lincoln." Mrs. Gordon Mealy sang a very beautiful vocal selection in a most pleasing manner.

The programme in honor of Washington was held in the afternoon. In addition to the many appropriate selections given by the students, Rev. O. A. Bremer gave an interesting address on the "Character of Washington." Miss Bess Hinebaugh sang a very pretty vocal selection. Mr. Glenn Martin, accompanied by Mr. Dwight Townshend on the piano, incited much applause by some excellent violin music. Supt. F. E. Rathbun made a few remarks before the programme was completed.

Both programmes were greatly enjoyed by students and the visiting friends of the school.

Prentiss Porter, a commercial student, has withdrawn from school for the balance of the school year.

Mr. John W. Chambers, representative of the Ridath Lyceum Bureau, visited us on Monday and gave us some interesting remarks on the study of Lyceum work. He also incited much laughter and applause by his excellent, humorous reading. We sincerely hope a Lyceum course will be established here next year.

The following students have made not less than 80 per cent. in each study and not less than 95 per cent. in deportment for each school month ending February 24:

First year class, Katherine Barnhouse, Winona Jones, Elizabeth Mitchell, Icie Schoch, Nellie Schmidt, Ralph Davis, Merchel Harvey, Morgan Hinebaugh, Wyat McCrobie, Townshend Naylor, Ralph Robinson. Second year class, Coyla Barnhouse, Grace Bush, Reva Davis, Eva Falkenstein, Francis Miller, Mary Drake Naylor, Victor Harvey, Edward Scott. Third year class, Mildred Dixon, Edwana Peddicord, Cecelia Hart, Pauline Jones, Julius Littman, Gerald Tanner. Fourth year class, Clara Bush, Louise Harned, Margaret Slabaugh, Mabel Falkenstein, Carrie Thrasher, Mildred Thrasher, Donald Moffett; Post-Graduate class, Ross Isenberg.

MONEY TO LOAN—On real estate. Renninger & Offutt, Attorneys at Law, Garrett National Bank building, Oakland, Md. Adv. 51 4t*

Examiners' Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned appointed by the County Commissioners of Garrett County, to view the lands through which the new road is prayed to be examined commencing at Garey's gate and passing through the lands of Edith Hileman, Abell Friend and Hiram Humberson to intersect the Morgantown road at or near John Meyer's house, and examine whether the said new road should be granted will meet on the 26th day of February, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said building of said new road, and if so, to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

C. W. FRIEND,
W. F. MEYERS,
S. K. FRAZEE,
Examiners.

Examiners' Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, appointed by the County Commissioners of Garrett County, to view the lands through which the Road leading from Avilton to the Pike through the lands of Elias Arnold road, and examine whether the said road should be Relocated will meet on the 23th day of February, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said relocation of said road, and if so, to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

LEWIS H. BROADWATER,
J. O. WILHELM,
ERNEST Z. MICHAEL,
Examiners.

Settle the Silo Question and Settle it for Good

Do away with painting, repairing and tightening of hoops.

Know that your silo won't blow over.

Be sure of perfect silage at all times.

Build the worryless, efficient.

Natco Imperishable Silo. "The silo that lasts for generations."

Its hollow, vitrified, clay tile are impervious to air and moisture; they preserve the silage sweet and juicy.

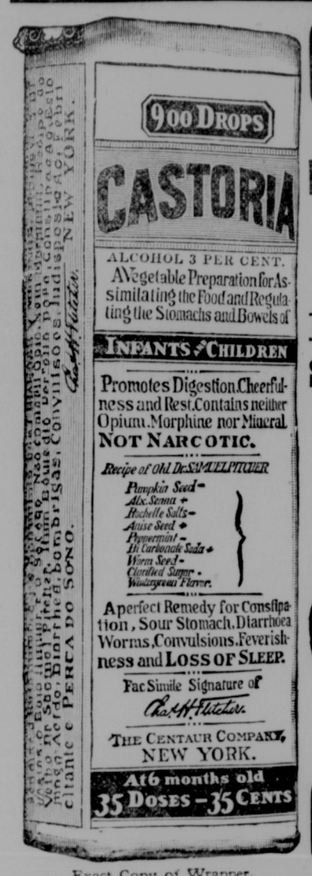
The dead air space in the wall resists frost making it the silo for cold climates.

Its a silo of efficiency, and a silo you'll be proud of.

For further information address, The National Fire Proofing Company, Pittsburgh, Pa., or, W. C. DeBerry, Oakland, Md.

P. S. A liberal discount is given on silos ordered before Feb. 1st. Discount becomes smaller each succeeding month.

LOST.—A collie dog; answers to the name of "Snookie," reward will be paid if returned to Paul E. Mitchell, Oakland, Md. Advertisement.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

THE CITY'S BEST

MEAT MARKET

IN THE EMPIRE BUILDING.

Choice Steak, Boiling Meat, and all other kinds of meat. Highest cash price paid for Poultry and Eggs; also cash paid for Hides and Skins.

H. L. MILLER

WALTER'S

OSCILLATING Sleds

ONE year's time without interest, for you to buy a pair of these genuine J. W. WALTER'S HAND MADE WHITE OAK OSCILLATING BOB SLEDS. Come and get a pair while they last. Use them all the rest of this winter and most of next before paying one cent. Workmanship and material guaranteed.

I have several pairs on hand now and they must go to make room for my new spring stock that is coming in. Yours

J. W. WALTER,

DEER PARK, MD.

The Republican--Garrett Co.'s Paper.

TAX SALE

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate

In Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of the power sted in the Treasurer of Garrett County, Maryland, by section 52 of Chapter 566, of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland for the year 1890, title "Garrett County," sub-title "County Treasurer," and as amended by the General Assembly of Maryland for the year 1898, Chapter 144, the undersigned Treasurer in and for Garrett County, Maryland, will, on

FRIDAY,

The 3rd Day of March, 1916,

at 10 o'clock a. m. at the front door of the Court House in the town of Oakland, Garrett county, Md., offer and sell at public auction to the highest bidder all of the following pieces or parcels of land lying and being in Garrett County, Md., to wit:

No. 2.—Twenty-seven acres, more or less of a tract of land called "Western Route," with a reserve of one hundred and twenty square rods out of said acreage, lying and being in Election District No. 5 of Garrett county, and being the same property which was conveyed to Henry Sue by Jacob E. Bowser and wife by deed dated August 12th, 1907, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 56, Folio 70, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, Maryland, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Henry Sue.

No. 4.—Military Lot No. 2882, containing fifty acres of land, more or less, located in Election District No. 2 of Garrett county, and being the same property conveyed by Jonas Frazee and wife to U. G. Savage by deed dated the 14th day of April, 1892, and which is duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 19, folio 416, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of said Garrett county in the name of U. G. Savage.

No. 6.—Military lot No. 903, containing 50 acres, located in Election District No. 10 of Garrett county, but assessed in Election District No. 1 of said county and being the same property which was devised to Mary J. Ritchie under the will of Louis W. Ritchie, dated August 31, 1901, and recorded in the office of the Register of Wills of Garrett county in Wills, Liber B. folio 45, etc., August 28, 1902, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915, as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Mary J. Ritchie.

No. 7.—All that part of the tract of land called "Swanton," situate in Election District No. 1, Garrett county, containing thirty-eight and one half acres, being the same property which was conveyed to Abraham M. Lee by William G. Wagner by deed dated February 20, 1900, recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 38, folio 205, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of A. M Lee.

No. 10.—One hundred and forty-five acres of Military Lots Nos. 71, 72 and 73 situate in Election District No. 1 of Garrett county and being the same which was conveyed to Wallace Buckman by The United States Bituminous Coal Company of West Virginia by deed dated January 31, 1901, recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 39, folio 271, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Wallace Buckman.

No. 12.—Seventy-two Acres, more or less, of a tract of land called "Cleveland," located in Election District No. 2 of Garrett county, and being the same property which was conveyed to McClelland Savage by Harrison Burges and wife by deed dated April 13, 1899, recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 36, folio 420, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915, as is charged upon the Assessment Books of said Garrett county in the name of M. C. Savage (Heirs).

No. 14—Military Lot No. 2595, containing fifty acres of land, more or less, located in Election District No. 5, of Garrett county, Maryland, and being part of the same property which was conveyed to Lewis Kamp by Jacob Mosser and wife by deed dated October 26, 1889, recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 15, folio, 462, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914, and 1915, as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Lewis Kamp.

No. 15.—All that piece or parcel of ground situate in the town of Swanton, in Election District No. 1 of Garrett county, commonly called "The Walker Lot," and being the same property which was conveyed by Charles C. Pierson and wife to M. M. Armstrong by deed dated November 19th, 1892, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 20, folio 269, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, containing one-half acre, more or less, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915, as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of M. M. Armstrong.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on the day of sale. The right of redemption extends to six calendar months from day of sale by paying the amount of the purchase money with interest thereon at the rate of twenty per cent. per annum and all costs. Conveyancing at cost of purchaser.

C. A. BEACHY,
Treasurer of Garrett County.

Order Nisi.

Jerome B. Emory, Late Treasurer of Garrett County, Maryland vs. Rosa J. Riley. No. 267, Miscellaneous Docket. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County.

Ordered, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland, this 25th day of January, 1916, that the tax sale made and reported in the above entitled case by Jerome B. Emory, late Treasurer of Garrett county, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 6th day of March, 1916; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 25th day of February, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $83.79.

M. L. KEED

True copy, Test: E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Order Nisi.

Jerome B. Emory, Late Treasurer of Garrett County, Maryland vs. Susan Hendrickson. No. 268, Miscellaneous Docket. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County.

Ordered, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland, this 25th day of January, 1916, that the tax sale made and reported in the above entitled case by Jerome B. Emory, late Treasurer of Garrett county, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 6th day of March, 1916; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 25th day of February, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $130.00.

M. L KEEDY,

True copy, Test: E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

ORDER NISI.

Gilmor S. Hamill, Mortgagee vs. William C. Brafford.

In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland. No. 2043 Equity.

It is ordered by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in equity, this 12th day of February, 1916, that the sale of the property mentioned in these proceedings as made and reported by Gilmor S. Hamill, mortgagee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 17th day of March, next; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed in Garrett County once in each of three successive weeks before the 10th day of March, next.

The report states the amount of sale to be $500.00.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

FOR SALE—A number of gas heaters. Apply to John J. Sweeney, Oakland, Md. Adv.

POSTMEN, policemen, watchmen, drivers, etc.,—"out-of-doors" men who give rubbers hard wear, find the Hub-Mark Rubber "Patrol" illustrated—with its extra heavy double sole and heel—a real economy and a sure protection.

The "PATROL" is built to give extra service without forgetting comfort.

Hub-Mark Rubber Footwear is made in a wide variety of kinds and styles to cover the stormy weather needs of men, women, boys and girls in town or country.

The Hub-Mark is your value mark.

HUB MARK

HUB-MARK RUBBERS

The World's Standard Rubber Footwear

D. E. OFFUTT & SON
H. C. SINCELL
H. CREUTZBURG

THE WEEK'S BIG NEWS EVENTS

Happenings That Caused A Stir Briefly Chronicled.

SITUATION AT WASHINGTON

Executive Acts at the Capital—Victories and Defeats of the Great War—Doings in the Forty-Eight States Recorded.

War Bulletins

Baron Ishii, Foreign Minister of Japan, said in the Diet that Japan does not intend to send troops to assist Russia.

Premier Bratiano, of Rumania, did not receive the Austro-German envoys who went to his country for an interview with him, Rome reported. The Premier gave illness as his reason.

Czar Nicholas has left Petrograd for the front.

Germany has lost 31 Zeppelins since the beginning of the war.

Austrian aeroplanes flying above the harbor of Durazzo sank an Italian transport carrying troops from Albania.

A gift of $1,000 has been donated by the Marquis d'Ornane for distribution among the members of the gun crew that shot down the Zeppelin "L Z 77" near Bar le Duc.

Lord Robert Cecil, Parliamentary under-secretary for foreign affairs, attended a Cabinet meeting for the first time in his capacity as Minister of Blockade.

Flying the German naval ensign and with a prize crew aboard, the British steamship Westburn put into Santa Cruz, Teneriffe, Canary Islands. The crew ran the vessel out of the harbor, sank her and returned to the port.

Twenty-five Zeppelins have been destroyed since the war began according to official statements of the English and French governments. Eighty Zeppelins were in commission Feb. 1.

Seven German battalions, by a most violent attack against the French front in Givenchy wood, carried more than half a mile of French first line trenches and also second line trenches in many places, the French War Office admitted.

Washington

President Wilson, at the end of days of agitation in Congress for some action warning Americans not to sail on armed merchant ships of the European belligerents, wrote Senator William J. Stone, chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, that he could not consent to any abridgment of the rights of American citizens in any respect.

Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, British Ambassador, conferred with Secretary Lansing on the Appam case. Viscount Chinda, Japanese Minister, also visited the Secretary of State.

Secretary Daniels denied that he has permitted delay in construction of the United States submarine Schley the largest undersea boat in the world. Its contract calls for completion by March 19, 1918.

Ignace Paderewski, pianist, and John Smulski, a Chicago banker, called at the State Department to arrange for the distribution of relief supplies in Poland.

David R. Francis, former Governor of Missouri, accepted the position of American Ambassador to Russia, offered him by President Wilson.

Rear-Admiral Badger told the House Naval Committee that the 35-knot battle cruisers planned for the new naval program will be the most powerful ships of their class in the world.

General

Three large steamships, the Venezuela, Colombia and Ecuador, have been purchased for the Panama Canal trade by the American International Corporation of New York from the Royal Dutch West india Mail for $4,000,000.

Wages of 2,000 employes of the Thomas B. Jeffrey Co., of Kenosha, Wis., have been increased 10 per cent, and the working hours reduced.

Oscar Wunsch, president of the Wunsch Manufacturing Co., of Pawtucket, R. I., was found dead of heart disease beside his automobile.

Mrs. Eva Yorke, aged 65, of Brenford, was killed by a Pennsylvania train near the State Insane Asylum at Farmhurst, Md., from where she had escaped.

The International Mill & Lumber Co.'s plant at Bay City, Mich., was destroyed by fire at a loss of $250,000.

W. H. Hughes, Prime Minister of Australia stated at Buffalo that Australia will send 300,000 more troops to aid Great Britain this year.

Paul R Haffner, Socialist candidate for comptroller of Tacoma was arrested for criminal libel in assaulting the character of George Washington in a newspaper article.

Ten persons were killed and fifty injured in a rear end collision of passenger trains on the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad near Milford, Conn. Four of the victims were railroad employes and four were passengers.

The French liner Espagne, threatened with destruction in several anonymous letters, will not sail from New York for Bordeaux, as scheduled, but will undergo repairs in drydock.

Damage of $20,000 was caused when the 3-inch field gun of Battery B of Purdue University, Lafayette, Ind., and 1,200 Krag rifles with 7,000 rounds of ammunition were destroyed by fire.

About 54,000 square feet of land on Halsted street, Chicago, has been purchased by the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Terminal Co., at a price reported to be $435,000.

Spain has placed an order with the Western Cartridge Co., of Alton, Ill., for 50,000,000 eleven-millimetre cartridges, at an estimated cost of $1,500,000.

Kansas grain dealers and growers estimated that the probable wheat yield has been reduced 25,000,000 bushels by the coating of ice on the ground.

President Wilson has consented to allow the Georgia Democratic delegates to the National Convention to use his name for renomination.

Warring Chinese tongs at Portland, Ore., signed a 30-day truce.

Wheat prices at Chicago declined more than 7 cents a bushel as a result of talk of serious trouble with Germany.

A large acid and chemical manufacturing plant will be erected at Washington, Del., by the Pyrites Co., Ltd.

Inquiries for 11,000 freight cars are reported in the equipment market.

Canadian munitions manufacturers have made large purchases of antimony in New York.

Exports of merchandise from the port of New York for the week ended Feb. 19 were valued at $31,656,904, against $23,661,448 the previous week.

A gas well producing about 2,000,000 cubic feet of gas daily has been struck on Lesnott Farm near New Castle, Pa., by the Ellwood City Oil & Gas Co.

A report issued by the Illinois Department of Agriculture shows 23 per cent of the area of winter wheat killed, and 9 per cent lost as the result of floods.

Calvin S. Demarest, famous billiardist reported dead at the State Hospital for the Insane at Elgin, Ill., is alive and well, according to officials of the institution.

United States Senator Albert B. Cummins, of Iowa, filed affidavits with the secretary of state of Iowa, as a candidate for president on the Republican ticket.

Edward Callaghan of Charleroi, Pa., filed with the Ohio Secretary of State notice of his candidacy for the Democratic nomination for president, against President Wilson.

An increase in wages of one cent an hour was granted to 2,500 shopmen of the Denver & Rio Grande Railway system.

Mahlon D. Thatcher, millionaire banker of Pueblo, Colo., died at his home, aged 76.

Damage of $10,000 was caused when Gray's Inn, a large summer hotel at Jackson, Miss., was burned to the ground.

Sporting

Hans Wagner, veteran star of the Pittsburgh Pirates and the oldest active player in the big leagues, celebrated his 41st birthday.

Wen Pin Pan, a Chinese, was elected captain of the soccer team of the University of Minnesota for 1916.

Miller Huggins, manager of the St. Louis Cardinals, will be instructor in a school for amateur baseball managers to be opened in Cincinnati next winter. Cincinnati already has a school for umpires.

Lieut. G. Bache, a leading international football player, was killed in action at Ypres.

The vanguard of the New York Yankees started for the training camp in Macon, Ga. Bill Donovan was in charge of a squad of nine battery men.

Jess Willard was ordered to bed in Chicago by his physicians and, according to information given out later, he may not be able to fight Frank Moran at Madison Square Garden, in New York, on March 25.

J. C. Dunn, a Chicago contractor, will be the principal owner of the Cleveland club, according to Ban Johnson.

Foreign

The failure of an important bank at Essen, Germany, is announced. It is believed many of the men in the Krupp works have lost their savings.

Canada has officially decided to honor the executed Edith Cavell, British war nurse, by naming a large western mountain peak for her.

Several outgoing steamers from Liverpool have been forced to postpone their sailings, owing to a shortage of laborers to load the ships.

Admiral von Pohl, who retired from command of the German battle fleet three days before because of ill health, died in Berlin.

Sweden has arranged with England for the importation of more coal, in return for which Sweden will export certain articles to Great Britain.

Vice-Admiral Reinhardt Scheer has been appointed commander of the German battle fleet, succeeding Admiral von Pohl, retired because of illness.

King Nicholas of Montenegro, who holds the rank of Russian field marsal, was offered the command of a Russian army corps by Czar Nicholas.

Ambassador Gerard appeared at the Embassy in Berlin, after having his broken collarbone reset. He still limps from effects of his skiing accident.

BRITISH LINER BLOWN UP

Maloja Hits Mine in Strait of Dover and Quickly Sinks

WOMEN AND CHILDREN DIE

Steamer Empress of Fort William, Attempting Rescues, Also Goes to Bottom — Thousands on Shore Witness Disasters.

London.—The Peninsular and Oriental line steamship Maloja, bound from Tilbury to Bombay with mails and 319 passengers and crew, struck a mine in the Strait of Dover at 10:30 o'clock a. m., and sank two miles off Dover. The dead are estimated at 147, of whom 117 are Lascars, members of the crew.

While attempting to rescue the survivors who dotted the water around the sinking Maloja the steamship Empress of Fort William, a 2,101-ton vessel, struck another mine and sank in less than half an hour. One man of her crew was killed.

The bodies of eighteen men, eleven women and four children were washed ashore or picked up in the waters near the spot where the Maloja went down. Surviving officers and passengers of the ship declare many women and children were blown to pieces when the explosion of the mine blew in the side of the second saloon and shook the ship from end to end. Among the dead is Mrs. McLeod, the wife of General McLeod of the British Army. Her body has been washed ashore.

The Maloja was sunk in what was supposed to have been the only absolutely safe passage in the waters surrounding the coast of England. She came in contact with the mine just after she had passed the Admiralty Pier, opposite Shakespeare Cliff, and was almost exactly in the centre of the path from Dover to the Continent through which British ships have been transported to the battlefields of France and Flanders.

Thousands of the people of Dover witnessed the rescue work from shore. A considerable number actually witnessed the blowing up of the ship, while almost the entire population reached the waterfront before the vessel went down.

Just before the Maloja sank those watching from the shore had another thrill when the Empress of Fort William sank under exactly similar conditions.

WILSON APPEALS TO COUNTRY.

To Warn Americans Off Armed Ships Would Be Humiliation.

Washington.—President Wilson has uttered a call to the country to support him against the effort that is being made in Congress to abridge the rights of Americans to travel the high seas.

The President declares that such a yielding as is now proposed by the leaders of the revolt in Congress will amount to conceding "the impotency" of this nation, and of surrendering the independent position of the United States among the governments of the world.

President Wilson set forth these remarkably strong sentiments in a letter to Senator Stone, chairman of the Senate foreign relations committee, which was made public.

This letter breathes a deep determination on the part of the President to stand unalterably for every right now possessed by an American citizen, and in its firmness surpasses even the most exaggerated accounts of the President's attitude as outlined by him to leaders of Congress at the recent White House reception.

At the same time the letter shows that the President is still hopeful of obtaining an amicable settlement of the submarine controversy, and that he is confident of his ability to keep the country out of the war.

The President declared that for the United States to yield the abridgment of the right of its citizens as regards armed merchantmen would be a "humiliation and would amount to an acquiescence in the violation of the rights of all mankind."

The President takes occasion in this letter to express for the first time his confidence in the good faith and fidelity of the German government in regard to the promises already made.

$30,000 VERDICT FOR SULLY.

Jury Award In Cotton Man's $1,500,000 Suit Against Hammond.

Washington.—Daniel J. Sully, of New York, was awarded $30,000 damages in his suit against John Hays Hammond, of this city, who he claimed attempted to destroy his reputation as a cotton expert. A sealed verdict was given by a jury.

LEAPS FROM DEATH INTO IT.

Engine Crushes Owner, But Spares Auto and Companions.

Reading, Pa. — Badly frightened when a milk train loomed up in front of his auto, at Kutztown, William McChallicher, 38 years old, of West Reading, jumped, and fell in front of the engine, and was instantly killed, the engine crushing his head. Charles Geiger, driver; Mrs. Bessie Weidner and small son, Winfield, in the rear, were uninjured. The auto, new, was only slightly damaged.

Washington's Birthday Observed.

The Bethlehem and Combination schools combined to observe Washington's birthday. The Combination pupils, with their teacher, Miss Stella Paugh, met at their school house at 8:30 and marched to the Bethlehem school, a distance of about two and a half miles, arriving there at 10 o'clock.

In the morning the regular classes were heard by the Bethlehem teacher, Mrs. Alma Clary, the scholars of both schools taking part.

At 11:30 school was dismissed and the pupils, fifty in number, marched to a saw mill near by. It was a very interesting lesson to all teachers and pupils, to see the mill in motion as only two or three of the number had ever seen a saw mill running. When the mill shut down at 12 o'clock they marched back to the school house and partook of a quick lunch and played various games 'till 1:30 when they assembled in the school house with a number of patrons of the school where an appropriate program was rendered, both schools participating in the exercises. The program consisted of patriotic songs, recitations, exercises by small pupils, reading, memory gems and questions and answers.

The afternoon was profitably spent and greatly enjoyed by all who were present.

Honor Roll Crellin School.

Primary room. Present every day, Herbert Adams, Harold Shaffer, Harry Ammerman, Thomas Graham, Willie Knotts, Joseph Titchler, Jr., Melvin Bittinger, Cletis Carskadon, Olivia Thompson, Loretta Dent, Edna Collins, Virginia Dent, Elsie Hinebaugh, Erma Tritchler.

EDITH M. SCHOCH, Teacher.

Intermediate room. Hubert Bittinger, Harry Fraley, Robert Bowman, Darrell Clark, Floyd Carskadon, Robert Smith, Earle McKimmy, Webster Bittinger, Mary DeWitt, Dessie Carskadon, Icy Lee, Freda Fraley, Mary Dent, Goldie Bittinger, Belva Hinebaugh, Violet Fairchilds, Hilda Bittinger, Glendine Ammerman, Wilma Friend, Margaret Friend, Mildred Knotts, Dorothy Hardesty, Vera Ream.

JULIA KERINS, Teacher.

Principal's room, Roy Wilson, Earle Fraley, Wilbur Titchler, Mary Keiper, Margaret Dent, Eleanor Dent, Iva Thompson.

G. W. STERLING, Principal.

Six Weekly Report of the Kitzmiller Schools.

Room No. 1. Honor Roll, Elton Flanigan, Ray Helmick, Joe Sullivan, Allen Weatherholt, Victor Chappell, Lula Sharpless, Irene Shiflett.

CARRIE LYON, Teacher.

Room No. 2. Honor Roll, Arzola Davis, Carl Gough, Dixie Walker, Ethel Hoey, Loval Wilkens, Moses Borelli, Sadie Keller, Viola Felix.

HARRIET LISTON, Teacher.

Room No. 3, Highest averages, Mary Tanner, 87; Raleigh Sharpless, 87; Frank Rafter, 85; Edna Sollars, 85; Billie Sapp, 84; Virginia Bell, 82.

Honor Roll, Virginia Bell, Lucy Davis, Edna Downey, Novellia Garner, Homer Dyle, Russell Ross, Isabella Sprague.

NELLIE STANTON, Teacher.

Room No. 4. Highest averages, Mildred Weicht, 89; Ruth Hunt, 81; Huldah Bishop, 80; Bonnie Goss, 80; Bonnie Lyon, 80.

Honor Roll, Herman Keller, Hiram Hogle, Charles Sowers, Frank Hershberger, Leo Rosier, Milroy Davis, Norma McRobie, Gertrude Chaney, Hulda Bishop, Tersia Barnard, Virginia Bray, Mildred Durham, Thelma Bowers, Lessie Harvey, Leotie Mackley.

BELLE H. NINE, Teacher.

Room No. 5. Highest averages, Holmes Miller, 73; Marion Price, 73; Nellie Murphy, 72; Evelyn Gough, 72; Harry Wilson, 70.

Honor Roll, George Pew, Holmes Miller, Nellie Murphy, Beulah Walker, Jane Sullivan, Lulu Smith, Evelyn Gough.

ORPAH ASHBY, Teacher.

Room No. 6. Highest averages, grade 6. Thomas Skaggs, 79; George Pritts, 77. Grade 7, Luther Kepler, 90; Hazel Weicht, 79; Fred Brown 78.

Honor Roll. Fred Brown, Ember Barrick, Ernest Abernathy, Robert Rosier, George Pritts, Andrew Wilson, Alva Bender, Hazel Weicht, Georgina Sprague, June Bray.

A. M. ENLOW, Teacher
High School.

Highest averages. Ernest Moon, Edward Miller, 89; Tousie Bischof, Jane Long, 84; Mary Sprague, 84.

Honor Roll, Ira Jones, Edward Miller, Ernest moon. Edmond Murphy, Adan Smith, Hallie Wilson, Ferrie Trout, Donis Gough, Sarah Murray, Pearl Sharpless, Marion Trout, Ruth Walker.

ORPAH ASHBY, HERMAN A. ZIEL,
Teachers.

NOTICE

I have given up the Ford Automobile agency, and anyone contemplating the purchase of a Ford will do well to see me before my stock ie gone or wait for the big Ford sale which will be advertised later. I have just received 16 new cars—five Roadsters and 11 Touring, to be sold in the next two weeks. This is your opportunity—not mine.

Adv. J. P. TREACY.

Naylor & Co., just received a car of "3 and 4" Drain Tile.

Advertisement

INCREASED HAY YIELDS FROM TOP DRESSING

Experiments Prove Use Of Fertilizers In The Spring Most Profitable.

NICKOLAS SCHMITZ,
Maryland Agricultural College
Extension Service.

The production of the average timothy meadow in Maryland is very far below what it can be made to yield profitably in both quality and yield per acre. The low yields and poor quality are not due so much to poor germination and poor stand in the spring after seeding as to the crowding out of the timothy by weeds. Where weeds are the determining factor the remedy is sowing the timothy, or timothy and clover, alone in the early fall, not with a grain crop, but after the grain crop has been harvested and a fine, firm seedbed prepared.

Where the stand of timothy is fair the yield can be profitably increased by the use of commercial fertilizers. Extensive tests at the Maryland Experiment Station with various kinds and combinations of fertilizers have shown beyond question that the best fertilizer for timothy is nitrate of soda or a combination of nitrate of soda and acid rock. The proper amount to apply depends of course upon the fertility of the soil, but ordinarily nitrate of soda should be applied at the rate of from 150 to 250 pounds per acre, and if a combination of acid rock and nitrate of soda is used, equal parts, the mixture should be applied at the rate of 200 to 450 pounds per acre. Such an application under ordinary conditions may be expected to give an increase in yield of from 1 to 1½ tons per acre.

The time of applying the fertilizer is very important. It should be applied as soon as the grass begins to green, which is usually the latter part of March or the first of April. The early application of the fertilizer is absolutely necessary for maximum returns, for the fertilizer can not be made use of by the plant until it has been dissolved and carried down into the soil. The early application makes use of the early rains.

Many farmers have been disappointed when using nitrate of soda because they have applied it too late or at a time when there was not sufficient moisture to dissolve it, so that the timothy would get full use of what was applied before maturing.

WHY NOT TRUE PREPAREDNESS IN RURAL EDUCATION?

"Preparedness" is the present cry. Well, genuine education is true preparation. Teach the youths how to become efficient and economical in their life work and the problem is readily solved.

Make the Corn Clubs, the Home making Clubs, the Poultry competitions, the Cooking and Sewing contests and all such activities a part of the school system. Let the work on the farm and in the home become a part of the school study. Let the rural school not only teach farm accounting, but have the pupils keep the accounts of their farms and homes.

Seed testing, soil examination, stock judging and selecting, garden planting, and working, household management and routine, canning fruit and vegetables, milk management, egg testing, incubating, brooding, balancing rations and feeding the rations, recording progress, and studying results, learning to reason on homely subjects and to solve personal problems, learning to think and to work efficiently—these are some of the items of real rural education—is this narrow educating? No! It is as broad as the life and the work of the world. Are we leaving out culture? No! The highest and best culture comes through studying intelligently the country, the life about us, nature, human nature, and the work of the world—this we cannot do without knowing something of the thoughts of our poets, our philosophers, our historians, and our writers as well as our scientists and our teachers of practical things. We should have all of the best that we have now, but so applied as to make the life we live brighter and more satisfying to our children. Educate to this end!

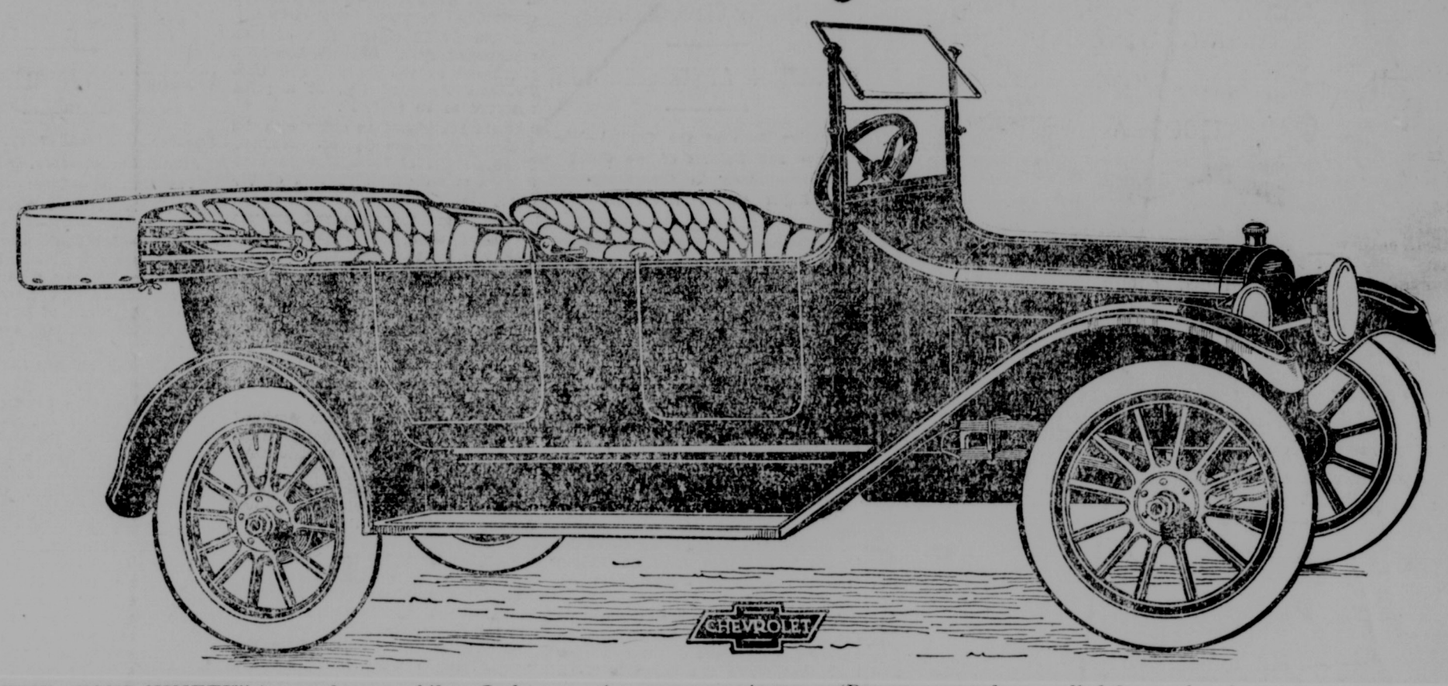
SOW SWEET PEAS EARLY.

B. W. ANSPON,
Maryland Agricultural College.

This flower will grow in any good garden soil that is well drained, provided it is in a sunny and open location. To secure early flowers and best results, spring sowing is generally used. In order to have the plants strong, they should be sown early. They should be sown just as soon as the ground can be worked. To determine when the ground is dry enough to work, take up some of the soil and form it into a ball with the hand. If it falls apart, the ground is dry enough to work. Some start the plants in paper pots or thumb pots in the hot bed, but especially good results are obtained by sowing outdoors.

Prepare the soil well by spading deeply. Adding well rotted manure will be a great benefit. Then make a shallow trench about 4 inches deep, in the bottom of this, plant the seed two inches apart. Where one uses poultry netting or brush, to serve as trellis, two rows may be sown 6 to 8 inches apart.

The "Four-Ninety" Chevrolet



THE "FOUR-NINETY" is a real automobile. It has a quiet, powerful, VALVE-IN-HEAD Motor. It has looks—it has style—it is beautifully finished and rides like a cradel.

THE "FOUR-NINETY" has the following novel and superior features not found in any other car built:

(1) Shock-absorbing duplex front springs; (2) Self-lubricating clutch collar; (3) Hub construction with triple-size bearings, preventing "wabble" of wheels and wear on tires; (4) Compound spur steering gear attached to body—the simplest and safest ever invented; (5) Unit power plant carrying transmission on open brackets, which gives accessibility to clutch and allows removal of all transmission, if necessary, in twenty minutes. (Patents granted or applied for on the above.)

BESIDES THESE EXCLUSIVE FEATURES, THE "FOUR-NINETY" HAS

(1) Steamline front; (2) Crown fenders; (3) Cellular radiator; (4) Body with flush sides and concealed hinges; (5) Three-speed transmission; (6) Three-quarter floating axle; (7) The world-famous Zenith carburetor.

OTHER THINGS WORTH KNOWING

THE "FOUR-NINETY" does not have a single hinged joint to squeak or a spring shackle to rattle—and you will find only six grease cups on the entire car.

READ THIS OVER TWICE

WHAT MORE DO YOU WANT FOR $490.00?

These cars may bs inspected at Lawton's Garage. Upon request demonstrations will gladly be given. Write for booklet describing these cars to

John J. Sweeney, Dealer, Oakland, Maryland.

Notice to Creditors.

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J. LEE McCOMAS

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 3rd day of August 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 1st day of February, 1916.

H. W. McCOMAS,
Administrator.
Oakland, Md.

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GEORGE T. PORTER

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Given under my hand this 10th day of February 1916.

FLORENCE PORTER,
Executrix.
Oakland, Md.

Examiners' Notice.

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DAVID W. FRAKER,
SAMUEL GLOTFELTY,
Examiners.

Auditor's Notice.

F. Ernsst Brackett, et al vs. Mountain Lake Water and Light Company, et al. No. 1951 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Notice is hereby given to the creditors of Mountain Lake Water & Light Company to file their claims against said corporation in the above entitled cause, with the Clerk of this Court properly authenticated on or before the 2nd day of March, 1916, as on the 6th day of March, 1916, I shall proceed to state an account distributing the funds in the hands of the Receivers in said cause.

EDWARD H. SINCELL,
Auditor.

Notice of Municipal Election.

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Monday March 13, 1916,

for the purpose of electing—

One person to serve as Mayor of the town of Oakland for the term of two years.

Three persons to serve as members of the Town Council of Oakland for the term of two years.

The polls will be held in the Council Chamber, First National Bank Building, from 8 o'clock a. m. until 6 o'clock p. m.

By order of Council,

J. B. CHEUVRONT, Clerk, protem.

Subscribe for The Republican.

$6,000 Worth OF FURNITURE

Having sold my Dry Goods, Notion and Grocery business to Shaffer & Bush, I now offer my entire stock of Furniture, Carpets, Matting, etc., at a discount of 20 per cent. This means a saving of 30 per cent. to the purchaser as all household goods have advanced 10 to 20 per cent. in the last two months.

Sale will start Saturday, March 4th, and continue for two weeks.

If you need household goods now is the time to buy them.

Thanking the public for past patronage and soliciting a continuance of the same, I beg to remain,

Yours very truly,

D. E. BOLDEN.

Terms Cash

MEN WANTED

Steady Work Good Wages

Miners, Mine Laborers and Coke Drawers are needed at mines near Uniontown and Connellsville, Fayette County, Pa., and Mount Pleasant, Westmoreland County, Pa.

Drivers, Tracklayers and Timbermen now earning	$3.05	per day
Coke Drawers now earning	3.00	per day
Pick Miners now earning $3.00 to	4.00	per day
Machine coal loaders now earning	5.00	per day
Machine runners now earning	6.00	per day

Other labor paid in proportion.

Good houses are provided for employes, many of them lighted by electricity. Plants located along street car lines and close to town, schools and churches.

Cars Plentiful

The Republican---The Leading Paper

INCREASED HAY YIELDS FROM TOP DRESSING

Experiments Prove Use Of Fertilizers In The Spring Most Profitable.

NICKOLAS SCHMITZ,
Maryland Agricultural College
Extension Service.

The production of the average timothy meadow in Maryland is very far below what it can be made to yield profitably in both quality and yield per acre. The low yields and poor quality are not due so much to poor germination and poor stand in the spring after seeding as to the crowding out of the timothy by weeds. Where weeds are the determining factor the remedy is sowing the timothy, or timothy and clover, alone in the early fall, not with a grain crop, but after the grain crop has been harvested and a fine, firm seedbed prepared.

Where the stand of timothy is fair the yield can be profitably increased by the use of commercial fertilizers. Extensive tests at the Maryland Experiment Station with various kinds and combinations of fertilizers have shown beyond question that the best fertilizer for timothy is nitrate of soda or a combination of nitrate of soda and acid rock. The proper amount to apply depends of course upon the fertility of the soil, but ordinarily nitrate of soda should be applied at the rate of from 150 to 250 pounds per acre, and if a combination of acid rock and nitrate of soda is used, equal parts, the mixture should be applied at the rate of 200 to 450 pounds per acre. Such an application under ordinary conditions may be expected to give an increase in yield of from 1 to 1½ tons per acre.

The time of applying the fertilizer is very important. It should be applied as soon as the grass begins to green, which is usually the latter part of March or the first of April. The early application of the fertilizer is absolutely necessary for maximum returns, for the fertilizer can not be made use of by the plant until it has been dissolved and carried down into the soil. The early application makes use of the early rains.

Many farmers have been disappointed when using nitrate of soda because they have applied it too late or at a time when there was not sufficient moisture to dissolve it, so that the timothy would get full use of what was applied before maturing.

WHY NOT TRUE PREPAREDNESS IN RURAL EDUCATION?

"Preparedness" is the present cry. Well, genuine education is true preparation. Teach the youths how to become efficient and economical in their life work and the problem is readily solved.

Make the Corn Clubs, the Home making Clubs, the Poultry competitions, the Cooking and Sewing contests and all such activities a part of the school system. Let the work on the farm and in the home become a part of the school study. Let the rural school not only teach farm accounting, but have the pupils keep the accounts of their farms and homes.

Seed testing, soil examination, stock judging and selecting, garden planting, and working, household management and routine, canning fruit and vegetables, milk management, egg testing, incubating, brooding, balancing rations and feeding the rations, recording progress, and studying results, learning to reason on homely subjects and to solve personal problems, learning to think and to work efficiently—these are some of the items of real rural education—is this narrow educating? No! It is as broad as the life and the work of the world. Are we leaving out culture? No! The highest and best culture comes through studying intelligently the country, the life about us, nature, human nature, and the work of the world—this we cannot do without knowing something of the thoughts of our poets, our philosophers, our historians, and our writers as well as our scientists and our teachers of practical things. We should have all of the best that we have now, but so applied as to make the life we live brighter and more satisfying to our children. Educate to this end!

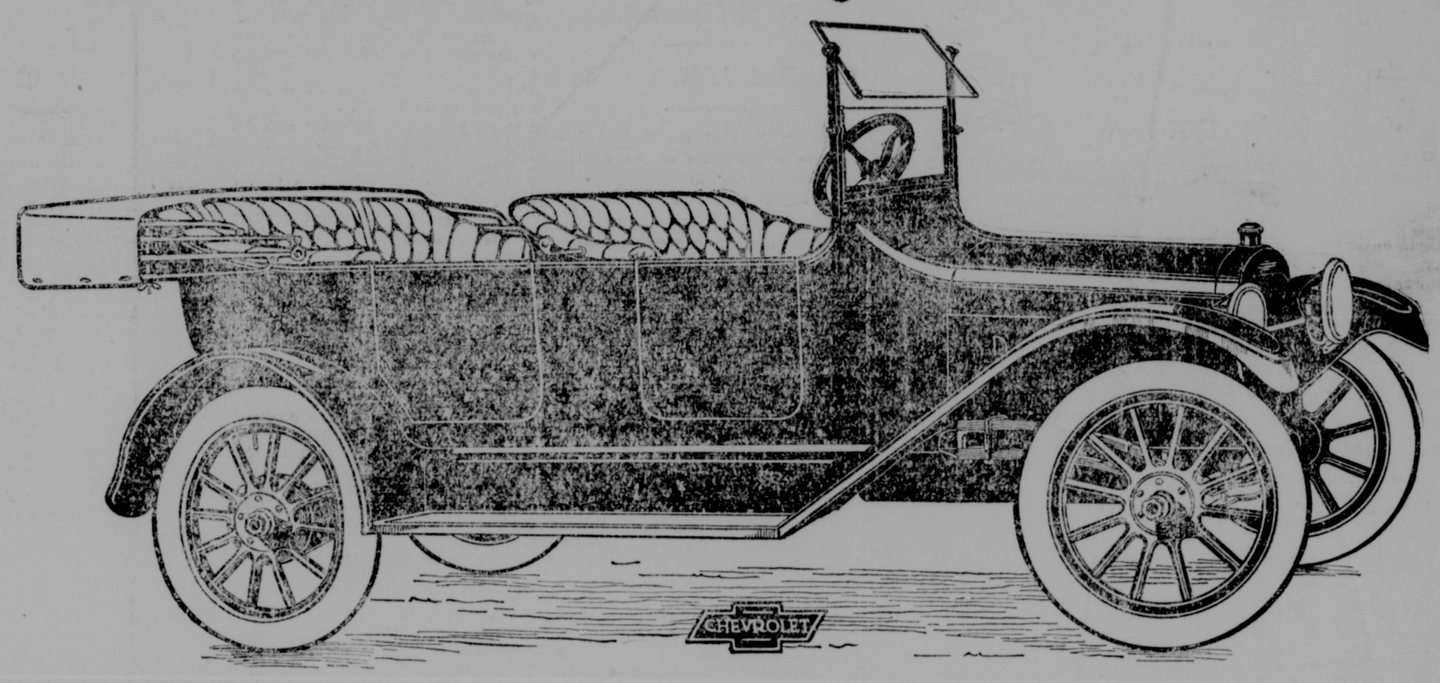
SOW SWEET PEAS EARLY.

B. W. ANSPON,
Maryland Agricultural College.

This flower will grow in any good garden soil that is well drained, provided it is in a sunny and open location. To secure early flowers and best results, spring sowing is generally used. In order to have the plants strong, they should be sown early. They should be sown just as soon as the ground can be worked. To determine when the ground is dry enough to work, take up some of the soil and form it into a ball with the hand. If it falls apart, the ground is dry enough to work. Some start the plants in paper pots or thumb pots in the hot bed, but especially good results are obtained by sowing outdoors.

Prepare the soil well by spading deeply. Adding well rotted manure will be a great benefit. Then make a shallow trench about 4 inches deep, in the bottom of this, plant the seed two inches apart. Where one uses poultry netting or brush, to serve as trellis, two rows may be sown 6 to 8 inches apart.

The "Four-Ninety" Chevrolet



THE "FOUR-NINETY" is a real automobile. It has a quiet, powerful, VALVE-IN-HEAD Motor. It has looks—it has style—it is beautifully finished and rides like a cradel.

THE "FOUR-NINETY" has the following novel and superior features not found in any other car built:

(1) Shock-absorbing duplex front springs; (2) Self-lubricating clutch collar; (3) Hub construction with triple-size bearings, preventing "wabble" of wheels and wear on tires; (4) Compound spur steering gear attached to body—the simplest and safest ever invented; (5) Unit power plant carrying transmission on open brackets, which gives accessibility to clutch and allows removal of all transmission, if necessary, in twenty minutes. (Patents granted or applied for on the above.)

BESIDES THESE EXCLUSIVE FEATURES, THE "FOUR-NINETY" HAS

(1) Steamline front; (2) Crown fenders; (3) Cellular radiator; (4) Body with flush sides and concealed hinges; (5) Three-speed transmission; (6) Three-quarter floating axle; (7) The world-famous Zenith carburetor.

OTHER THINGS WORTH KNOWING

THE "FOUR-NINETY" does not have a single hinged joint to squeak or a spring shackle to rattle—and you will find only six grease cups on the entire car.

READ THIS OVER TWICE

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The Republican---The Leading Paper

THE REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME 41. OAKLAND, MARYLAND THURSDAY, MARCH 9, 1916. NUMBER 2

THE WEEK'S DOINGS AT THE STATE CAPITAL

Status of Local Legislation for Garrett County—Two Bills Killed.

STATE HOUSE, ANNAPOLIS, MARCH 8.—Evidently the Democratic leaders are about to attempt to appropriate Republican reform measures to carry out some of their campaign promises to the people, and which the Republican leader in the Senate has forced them to "make good." Early in the session Senator Zihlman, of Allegany county, introduced a Bill amending the State Election Laws, cutting out all the loopholes that have permitted the Democratic "strategists" to perpetrate "trick" ballots to confuse the voters in certain counties—the remnant of the notorious "Wilson Ballot Law," which the Democratic party enacted at Gov. John Walter Smith's extraordinary session f the Legislature of 1901, immediately ollowing the Republican administration of the late Gov. Lowndes, and which became so disgusting to the better element of the Democratic party themselves that public sentiment compelled them to modify each succeeding Legislature until these practices are continued in only a few sections of the State. The demands for a uniform ballot law became so strong that the Democratic party, along with other numerous promises to be good in the last campaign, pledged themselves in the State platform to amend the refarious "trick" ballot law and give the people a ballot which voters of higher intelligence, at least, could mark properly and with some assurance of having it counted and not thrown out. The Republican party has consistently stood for a clean ballot and last year as theretofore, represented their platform promise for such a law. And one of the very first things Senator Zihlman did, as the leader of his party in the Senate, was to introduced his Bill to amend the unpopular Election Laws and provide for a simple and uniform ballot for every county in the State and in Baltimore city.

DEMOCRATS FORCED TO ACT.

That bill has been resting in the files of the Senate Committee on Elections ever since, and the Democratic majority neither offered to do anything themselves nor have they allowed the Republican made measure to make any progress. But Senator Zihlman determined that his Bill should not be "smothered" if it was to be killed he wanted the execution to take place in the open where the public might see and know how, and by whom, the killing was done. So he demanded a hearing on his Bill last week, and he appeared before the Elections Committee and laid down a few principles in "keeping faith with the people" which must have spurred the majority party into action; because it was given out on Friday last, just before the week-end adjournment, that the "Zihlman Elections Bill" would be reported out this week. Whether the report is to be favorable or unfavorable, the Chairman of the Elections Committee would not say, and will not now so much as give an intimation. In the light of subsequent vents, however the report of the Committee may be forecast with reasonable accuracy.

WILL INTRODUCE ONE IN THE HOUSE NOW.

Simultaneously with the announcement that the Senate Elections Committee will report the "Zihlman Bill" in a few days, came the rumor that Delegate Bryant, of Baltimore county, the Majority Floor Leader at that, will introduce "a Uniform Ballot Bill" in the House. Because of his position as the Democratic "whip" in the House, therefore, it is a safe bet that the Democratic organization leaders have decided that they cannot afford to let the Republicans walk off with the credit for this very popular reform measure, and in consequence they will introduce the same thing themselves. My information is that the Bryant Bill, which is already prepared, is a duplicate of the "Zihlman Bill." When asked concerning his Bill yesterday, Mr. Bryant told THE REPUBLICAN'S Annapolis correspondent that he has the Bill in his desk and may introduce it at this afternoon session of the House. It is quite evident, in these circumstances, that the plan is to have the Senate Elections Committee report the "Zihlman Bill" unfavorably, and then, having killed it, get behind the Bryant House Bill and railroad it through. It will be the "Zilhman Bill" in substance, but the Democratic party will appropriate the credit for giving a Uniform Ballot Law to the people of the State.

SENATOR ZIHLMAN WILL FIGHT.

And they will probably "get away with it;" but not without a bruising fight, if anyone should ask you. If the Senate Elections Committee reports the "Zihlman Bill" unfavorably, the Republican Floor Leader will move to have the Bill substituted for the unfavorable report, and upon that issue he will warm things up in the Senate to a degree not attained thus far in this session in the "calm, dignified and deliberative body." And there are few Democratic Senators there who are conservative and liberal enough to support Senator Zihlman's position if they see fit, as they have done more than once during the past sixty-five days, and with the Republican Senators solidly behind him there is a possibility, whatever the probability may be, that the plans of the Democratic bosses may be upset. But if the expected should happen, and the "Zihlman Bill" be killed and the "Bryant Bill be passed, the people of the State will have a thorough understanding of the situation when the smoke of the battle clears away. One thing all will be thankful for anyway will be that Maryland will have a Uniform Ballot Law at last.

CAPT. HAYDEN REIMBURSED.

Taking advantage of Capt. James A. Hayden's absence from Friday morning's session of the House, he having taken an early train for home to spend the week-end recess with his family in Garrett county, Delegate Bryant, Majority Floor Leader, offered an order to pay the Garrett county Delegate $25 to reimburse him for medical attendance following the accident when he slipped on the icy steps on the State House grounds early in January, sustaining injuries which confined him to his room in the Maryland Hotel for more than a week. Mr. Bryant explained how the accident occurred, said he felt that it was due to some negligence on the part of the State House employees, and moved the immediate adoption of the order. The motion was seconded by Minority Floor Leader Metzeroot, and the order was passed by a unanimous roll-call. Capt. Hayden had the distinguished honor of administering the oath of office upon Speaker Laird assuming his duties, and as the nestor of the House has been accorded uniform courtesy and respect by his colleagues in the lower branch of the Assembly on both sides of the chamber, by all of whom he is held in high personal regard.

Capt. Hayden returned from his home Monday night and was in his seat to answer roll-call when that body reconvened.

LOCH LYNN TWIN BILLS ADVANCED.

Delegate Hayden's Loch Lynn Twin Bills—one providing for a bond issue of $1,500 for sewers and other improvements; the other changing the date of the town election in order to permit of the bond issue being submitted to the voters in accordance with the referendum clause in the first bill, were Monday night favorably reported by the Garrett Delegation, to whom they had been referred, and were ordered to the third reading file. They will probably pass at today's session, and will go at once to the Senate.

NEW BILLS FOR GARRETT COUNTY.

Delegate Shartzer, of Garrett county, yesterday introduced two new bills. One is "An Act repealing Chapter 841 of the Acts of 1914, creating the State Tax Commission, insofar as the same relates to Garrett county. Mr. Shartzer early in the session introduced a bill legislating the State Tax Commission out of office, but the Judiciary Committee reported the bill unfavorably and the unfavorable report was adopted, killing the bill. Mr. Shartzer's bill introduced yesterday makes the law he tried to repeal inoperative in Garrett county and gives the State Tax Commission no jurisdiction whatever in that county.

His other bill appropriates $4,000 for two years, payable in quarterly installments of $500, "for the maintenance and support of a free bed in the Home Sanitorium located in the town of Oakland, Garrett county."

TWO OF SHARTZER'S BILLS KILLED.

Delegate Shartzer's bill repealing the Dog Tax Law for Garrett County, and another repealing the law passed in 1914 prohibiting ministers from feeing or tipping hack drivers, hotel porters, trainmen, etc., for bringing or sending to them couples to be married, were unfavorably reported in the Senate, and the unfavorable report was adopted killing the bills.

WILL REPORT BILLS UNFAVORABLY.

The Ways and Means Committee in the House will report unfavorably the bills appropriating $10,000 each for flood protection walls at Kitzmiller and another point in Garrett county, and providing for a commission at each place to see that the work was properly done.

Six new bills were introduced by the Garrett County Delegation today as follows:

By Delegate Hayden—Empowering the Community of Mt. Lake Park, Garrett County, to collect community taxes in the same manner as county and State taxes are collected.

By Delegate Fox—Requiring the B. & O. R. R. Co., to provide a ticket agent at Bloomington, Garrett County, and to stop the local freight train, known as the "way train," East and West, each day, to receive and transport freight to and from Bloomington.

Also for the better protection of fish in all the streams in Garrett County stocked by the State Fish Commission, and exempting the Youghiogheny river.

By Delegate Shartzer—Requiring the County Commissioners of Garrett County to have the necessary work done on the roads in that county before July 1st of each year.

Also, creating an auditor, to be appointed by the Governor, who shall audit the books of the County Treasurer, the Sheriff, the School Commissioners, County Commissioners and Board of Election Supervisors of Garrett County.

Also, providing for the awarding of the contract for public printing by the County Commissioners and Election Supervisors of Garrett County by competitive bids to the lowest bidder.

This bill was introduced by Mr. Shartzer in 1914, and it was killed by an unfavorable report by the committee.

STATE HOUSE NOTES AND PERSONALS.

Wednesday March 15, has been fixed upon as the date for holding Assembly Ball, in the Annapolis Armory. This function is under the auspices of the Senators and members of the House of Delegates. Lunch will be served at midnight.

Mr. Gist Blair, of Montgomery county, Republican candidate in the primaries for the congressional nomination in the Sixth District, was at the State House Monday and yesterday.

Mrs. H. L. Jones Entertains.

Mr. and Mrs. Harland L. Jones entertained very delightfully at dinner Saturday evening last Dr. Harriet B. Jones, of Wheeling, Dr. and Mrs. J. C. Ely and their guest, Miss Gilbert, of Baltimore, who is here conducting a series of missionary studies, and Mr. and Mrs. Benj. H. Sincell and their guest Mrs. J. M. Crane, of Kingwood, W. Va. Mrs. Jones' sister, Miss Virginia Mayer, of Terra Alta assisted in entertaining the guests. The evening was a most enjoyable one.

THE DEATH RECORD.

MARY SPEICHER.

Miss Mary Speicher was born in Garrett county, Maryland, March, 1, 1844, died February 26, 1916, aged 71 years, 11 months and 25 days. She joined the Brethren church early in life, to which she remained faithful until death. She made her home with her neice, Mrs. Milton Fisher, for the past twelve years at which place she died. The funeral services were held in the Cove Lutheran church by her pastor Rev. S. A. Miller, with interment in the Bear Creek cemetery.

MUNICIPAL NOMINATION CONVENTION TONIGHT

At Which Candidates For Mayor and Councelmen Will Be Named.

The Republican voters of the town of Oakland are requested to assemble at the Council Chamber in the First National Bank building this evening for the purpose of placihg a municipal ticket in the field to be voted on Monday, March 13, candidates for the following offices to be nominated:

Mayor, to serve for a period of two years.

Three Councilmen also to serve for the period of two years.

Every Republican voter is urged to be present at this meeting.

J. C. PEDDICORD,
Chairman County Committee.

Sales Advertised.

Elsewhere in this paper today Mrs. Nellie Maffett, of Oakland, advertises at trustee's sale, which is to occur in front of the court house in Oakland on Saturday, the 25th inst., all of the real estate of her recently deceased husband, the late William A. Maffett. The property advertised consists of three parcels of land in Friendsville, all of which are improved, two lots at Loch Lynn Heights and two parcels of land in Oakland, both well located and improved; also a portion of the Bradley farm, which is located just across the Crellin road from the Washington Spring in the Oakland Hotel grounds.

Mr. Gilmor S. Hamill, mortgagee, advertises also the sale of three parcels of land lying in Garrett county and known as the William Taylor Lewis farm, improved by a dwelling, barn and other buildings. This sale will occur on the 25th inst., and will take place in front of the court house in Oakland.

FOR RENT—Three unfurnished rooms. J. G. Mealy, Oakland. Adv.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

Will again treat their customers to Bargains in their Grocery department as follows:

Lenox Soap in any quantity cake	.03
Vesper and Rose of Sharon can goods, worth 15 cents, now	.10
Our famous Falcon Tomatoes, worth 15 cents,	.10
½ Pound can high grade Baking Powder, worth 15 cents, now	.05
3 Cakes good Toilet Soap for	.05
This years catch, Lake Fish, 100 pound lots	.04½
Either of the following flours:	
Gold Medal, Gold Loaf or Sleepy Eye, sack	.85
1 Pound good Roasted Coffee,	.15
Lima and Soup Beans, pound,	.09
50 cent bottle Honey and Tar,	.25

Will pay 30c a pound for good fresh butter.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

Whetsell & Browning

Deer Park's Best Store

Keep the cash at home and buy twenty pounds of sugar for $1.00 with the following order:

5 Pounds of a No. 1 Dried Peaches	.39
5 Pound of High Grade Loose Coffee	.75
10 Cans of Best Tomatoes	.90
5 Cans of Best Corn	.46
12 Cakes of Lenox Soap	.49
10 Pounds of Pearl Hominy	.27
1 Pound of Baking Powder	.10
3 Cans of String Beans	.25
3 Packages of the famous Do-Ne-Do	.24
3 Packages of Chocolate Icing	.24
20 Pounds of fine Granulated Sugar	$1.00
	$5.00

We offer the aboye order for cash or the following trade:

Butter 30 cents, Potatoes $1.00 per bushel, and Eggs highest market price.

GET RIGHT. TRY US ONCE

Offutt's

ONE CAR GROUND

ROCK

PHOSPHATE

$9.75

PER TON

Leave your orders now and we will notify you on arrival of car.

OFFUTTS'

OAKLAND'S BIG STORE

Authorship of "Stonewall Jackson's Way."

Some years ago there was a good deal of controversy over the authorship of the famous war poem, "Stonewall Jackson's Way," but this was definitely settled later. It is somewhat surprising, that a Baltimore clergyman should recently have quoted this stirring war-time song as of unknown authorship.

The poem was written by Dr. John Williamson Palmer, who was born in Baltimore in 1825, was educated in Baltimore and studied medicine under Dr. Dunbar, of Baltimore. Dr. Palmer was for some time a physician in the British East Indian service and was at San Francisco during the gold fever. During the Civil War he was army correspondent for Southern papers. After the war he went to Baltimore and lived there for a short time, then he went to New York, devoting his time to literary work, writing a number of poems and contributing to magazines of the day. Later he returned to Baltimore and died there in 1906.

"In September, 1862, I found myself at the Glades Hotel, Oakland, Md. This mountain hostelry had long enjoyed a peculiar celebrity, dating from a time before the war, when its register was rich in names of tourists more or less distinguished, who came thither led by love of wild scenery or wilder sport. The house was as famous for a cosmopolitan company of guests as for versatility of experience and accomplishment and various charm of entertainment had not their like in any caravansary between the two oceans.

"Early on the 16th there was a roar of guns in the air and we knew that a great battle was on, yet carriages and saddle horses were waiting to take us all to an Arcadian picnic in the woods above the Cheat river. The hearts of the others were beating, but they went. I alone made excuse and remained in the deserted house, while the guns roared on, and my heart was full of the mystery of apprehension and longing. I knew that Stonewall was in it, whatever it might be; it was his way—'Stonewall Jackson's Way.' I had twice put that phrase in my war letters and other correspondents, finding it handy, had quoted it in theirs.

"I paced the piazza and whistled a song of Oregon lumbermen and loggers that I had learned from a California adventurer in Honolulu. The two thoughts were coupled and welded into one to make a song and as the words gathered to the call of the tune I wrote the ballad, 'Stonewall Jackson's Way,' with the roar of those guns in my ears. On the morrow I added the last stanza and the completed lines were first read by that boats, took a carriage at Hancock winsome rebel Miss Mary Dailey.

"On the 17th the wires brought us the story from Cumberland; Lee had joined battle with McClellan at Antietam Creek. Stonewall Jackson had captured Harper's Ferry on the 15th with its garrison of 12,000. Then he had started by one of those swaggering forced marches, which were his 'way,' to join Lee at Sharpsburg, where he came up in time to take command of the left wing for the bloody doings of the 17th.

"On one of the first days of October six gentlemen, including myself, and two ladies took leave of Oakland, went by train to a point opposite Hancock, crossed the Potomac there in small drove through Fairview to Hagerstown and thence south to Antietam creek and Sharpsburg. On the battlefield we traversed the 'Bloody Lane' and the ground that death had plowed when McClellan had hurled upon Stonewall's thin lines the legions of Hooker, Sumner and Mansfield. Then we took to the carriage again, to make our way to the railroad.

"As we labored over the stony road, torn in desperate ruts by the artillery and the baggage trains, the men in our party climbed out and in again and again to relieve the horses, and in one of these struggles I lost my copy of the song. I had thrust it carelessly into the breast pocket of my coat, where it protuded and finally worked out somewhere on the road. So the original draft of 'Stonewall Jackson's Way' was dropped in the midst of the graveyard he had helped to make, and was probably found by those who were prepared to appreciate its significance.

"In Baltimore I told the story of the song to my father, and, at his request, made immediately another copy of it. This was shown cautiously to certain members of the Maryland Club, and a trusty printer was found who struck off a dozen slips of it, principally for private distribution. That first printed copy of the song was headed "Found on a Rebel Sergeant of the Old Stonewall Brigade. Taken at Winchester.' The fabuluos legend was for the misleading of the Federal Provost Marshal, as were also the address and date: 'Martinsburg, September 15, 1862.' "

The suppression of the poem in the North, its entry into the South by way of the "underground railway," and its popularity there, together with the details of his own work and imprisonment in the South during these events, complete Dr. Palmer's interesting story of the birth and fortunes of the song, and suffice to dispose of any doubt as to its authorship.

"Stonewall Jackson's Way."

Come, stack arms, men! Pile on the rails;
Stir up the camp-fire bright;
No matter if the canteen fails,
We'll make a roaring night.
Here Shenandoah brawls along,
Here burly Blue Ridge echoes strong,
To swell the brigade's rousing song,
Of "Stonewall Jackson's way."

We see him now—the old slouch hat
Cocked o'er his eye askew—
The shrewd dry smile—the speech so pat.
So calm, so blunt, so true.
The "Blue Light Elder" knows 'em well:
Says he, "That's Banks; he's fond of shell!
Lord save his soul! we'll give him"—well
That's "Stonewall Jackson's way."

Silence! Ground arms! Kneel all! Caps off!
Old "Blue Light's" going to pray.
Strangle the fool that dares to scoff!
Attention! it's his way!
Appealing from his native sod
In forma pauperis to God,
"Lay bare thine arm! Stretch forth thy rod.
Amen!" That's Stonewall's way.

He's in the saddle now: Fall in!
Steady! The whole brigade!
Hill's at the ford, cut off; we'll win
His way out, ball and blade.
What matter if our shoes are worn?
What matter if our feet are torn?
Quick step! we're with him before dawn:
That's Stonewall Jackson's way!

The sun's bright lances rout the mists
Of morning—and, by George!
Here's Longstreet, struggling in the list,
Hemmed in an ugly gorge.
Pope and his Yankees, whipped before:
"Bayonets and grape!" hear Stonewall roar;
"Charge, Stuart! Pay off Ashby's score,
In Stonewall Jackson's way!

Ah, maiden! wait, and watch, and yearn,
For news of Stonewall's band!
Ah, Widow! read—with eyes that burn,
That ring upon thy hand!
Ah, wife! sew on, pray on, hope on;
Thy life shall not be all forlorn.
The foe had better ne'er been born,
That gets in Stonewall's way.

HENRY G. DAVIS FIRST MAN TO PROPOSE RUNNING TRAINS AT NIGHT

Human Interest Story of Great West Virginian Who is Alert as Ever At Ninety Three Years.

Nearly every reviewer of the biography of Lord Strathcona has laid most stress upon what that statesman accomplished after he had passed the customary age limit of activity. A wonder quite as great in its way is the daily spectacle of Henry Gassaway Davis, once Democratic candidate for Vice-President, mounting his horse for a spin over the country roads. The animal is sixteen and one-half hands high, bred of the best Kentucky stock, with all that means in spirit, in strength and self-will. Any of Mr. Davis's neighbors who has passed fifty-five, and not a few who are younger, would have to climb into the saddle—if they ventured to ride such a horse at all; but he, though well on the way to ninety three lifts his whole weight on his left leg, and swings his right into place with almost the agility of a college athlete.

Ninety-three next birthday, yet with all the faculties and most of the powers of his prime still in good working order! And this in spite of a youth devoted to the hard labor and constant exposure of an old-time railway brakeman, a middle manhood spent with nose to grindstone while transforming a rough mountain wilderness into a human beehive, and an advanced age passed largely in finishing projects set going long before. The secret of his preservation undoubtedly lies in his abstention from excess. On his physical side he has lived in moderation with an abundance of open-air exercise; and he has never allowed his mental operations to be thrown out of balance by excitement, either undue exhilaration or undue disappointment.

Comparing the life of this nonogenarian with that of a Strathcona or a Fabre, it seems insignificant, for Mr. Davis is neither a statesman nor a scientist. Nevertheless, his services to mankind have been by no means inconsiderable. They began while he was still in the railway business, for he is credited with having been the first man to propose running trains at night. Till then they had been laid over after dusk, wherever they might be, to await the dawn. He broached his views to the president of the Baltimore & Ohio system, and received permission to experiment with a train which should leave Cumberland for Baltimore at a certain hour one evening and take its chances of ever reaching its destination. The local fame he achieved by the success of this daredevil expedition enabled him to throw up his employment by the railway and settle down in West Virginia as a coaldealer. Here he bought a small mining property for himself and opened a savings bank for the convenience of the people drawn into the Piedmont district by the new industry. Every dollar he earned he put into coal lands till he had accumulated an acreage which made him practically a dictator in the trade of the region.

Before leaving the railway he had risen by gradual promotion to a conductorship and it chanced that a frequent traveler over his line was Henry Clay, who used to talk to him about national politics. So, when his neighbors decided to send him to the State Legislature and the Legislature in its turn elected him United States Senator, he was equipped with a useful knowledge of the issues in dispute between the parties. But, with all his intelligence, he has always lacked the gift of expressing himself on his feet. Whatever he has had time to write, he could put into direct and logical form; as soon, however, as he has attempted to make an extemporaneous speech, he has seemed to lose his facility.

One funny experience in the Senate illustrates the force of early association. The chamber was in the midst of a prolonged and dreary debate, and Davis, tired out with night sessions, fell into a doze. Suddenly Mr. Thurman, of Ohio, having made copious drafts on the Senate snuff-box, blew into his big bandanna handkerchief two short, quick toots. Instantly Davis was on his feet, with both hands grasping the sides of his desk, and struggling for dearlife to "down brakes" in response to the signal he had learned to obey automatically in his youth.

Stephen B. Elkins, his son-in-law, was for years obliged, as a Republican party leader, to oppose him in political campaigns. Davis, however, with the ever-vigilant foresight which distinguished him in business had taken pains to train his grandchildren in his own partisan faith; and it used to delight the neighbors when the little Elkins boys organized their playmates into torch-light processions, and paraded on summer nights past their father's house, hurrahing lustily for the Democratic candidates.

Family ties are very strong with Mr. Davis and he passed his winters in Washington with Mrs. Elkins and her household. He is there now and probably the Democratic campaign managers are already figuring on the size of his contributions for 1916. Will their expectations fare as Tom Taggart's did once when he came on a begging errand to the old gentleman, then far beyond the "alloted age"? Taggart began by complimenting him on his excellent health and strength.

"Oh, yes," assented Davis. "I'm doing pretty well for a man whom the almanac places at eighty-one."

"At eighty-one!" exclaimed Taggart, with a dramatic outburst of astonishment. "Why, Mr. Davis, you can't make me believe you are more than forty-five."

"Well," said Davis dryly, "let's come to business. How much do you want?"

"The other big men in the party," replied Taggart, "realizing that this is a mighty important fight, are assessing themselves at the rate or two thousand dollars for every year they have lived. That would let you in for, say, one hundred and sixty-two——"

"Hold on!" interrupted the patriarch. "Twice forty-five is only ninety. Stick to your own figures, Mr. Taggart—stick to your own figures!"

"TATTER," in The Nation, New York.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

Snares.

The most intimate companions you can have are your thoughts. You can't get away from them. They are with you at all times and everywhere.

It has been said one cannot get away from a book. In a sense this is true. The impressions it makes are lasting and memory brings back the unconscious impressions, be they good or evil. The authors who from greed of gain, for love of sensation, or from the vicious desire of perverting taste, or corrupting the mind, or leading the young astray, deliberately publish works developed from their vitiated imaginations and depraved hearts have a fearful responsibility to answer for. They are on a level with the basest criminal, and deserve to be expelled from decent society. They are proper candidates for the pit and are the chosen instruments of the enemy of souls and the race.

He uses them as the willing instruments of setting his snares to allure the souls of men, and none are more in danger of being taken in his pit falls than the unguarded and unsuspecting youth. The country boy knows the variety of snares used to catch his game.

They differ in nature, form and manner of setting. He baits his snare with an apple when he is after the rabbit. He places the steel trap with its saw teeth jaws and covers it with loose earth to catch the fox. A piece of roast meat attached to the dead fall is very tempting for the rat. The devil has many devices to ensnare the youth and destroy their souls. Some of his plans are apparently harmless, some are demoralizing in the extreme and some crush soul and body.

One of his snares is set in many households. You may see it sometimes on the parlor table, by the big family bible. By the way it is seldom removed for use. It is closed from one year's end to the other. You may see it in the library in the hands of children. The cook becomes infatuated with it and neglects her duty; the housewife is engrossed with it; the child wastes precious hours and weeps over it until the eyes are red and swollen. The taste is perverted and the desire for study is lost. Such is the tendency and influence of light trashy literature, love stories and cheap fiction which captivates the fancy and perverts the imagination, thereby destroying the future man or woman.

These exaggerations of the unreal have nothing ennobling or purifying in them, but they weaken the intellect, warp the judgment, create false notions of truth and give incorrect ideas of life.

They convert a student into a senseless castle builder and make day dreamers of youth. They prevent the concentration of the mind on any useful subject, but at home, in school, at work, in church the mind revels in the unsubstantial and unreal, while despising what is of real importance he is captivated by pictures and scenes that cannot be realized. He has his ideals which cannot be attained. He cannot accomplish his object, for on all hands the realities of life disappoint him. His way is strewn with wrecks of fondly cherished hopes. He is disgusted, yet hungers for food that cannot fail to make a lot of mere sentimentalists. For the pure, good and noble they will be like the chimney bats instead of the singing skylarks.

History is too inspired for them, poetry will be odious, and science will be as Greek. The devil knows the best time to capture the mind, so he lays his snares at the threshold of life and baits them so adroitly and conceals them so skillfuly, that unless guided by the wisdom and counsel of wise and judicious parents or friends they will be taken.

Gradually he supplants the real with the fictitious and habits of study are destroyed by mental dissipation. I have heard parents wonder why the child's mind did not go out after nobler things and lament that they were listless and careless and had so little taste for study while they would devour story books but they little thought that the interesting book was the secret of the trouble. Lofty ambitions and noble aspirations are supplemented by vain imaginings, while the mind is filled with evil surroundings. The mind will not be inactive but the evil one is swaving his scepter and establishing his power by means of sensational books and serial story papers that flood the land. This common and popular snare of Satan has the sanction of fashion hence the tired mother finds it an easy way to quiet the restless little ones by reciting some thrilling story until their nervous system vibrates with excitement and they lie down to dream of what they have heard or to form the desire to initiate these creatures of a depraved imagination. Then the mind longs for something more exciting and the imagination like a canal is walled on both sides and thoughts like water pour down the groove until the mind is emptied of noble aspirations and high aims and worthy ambitions leaving the soul empty and a fit receptacle for all that is vile and polluting. When thus the mind is vitiated and bad and impure thoughts in solitary hours rush in upon the mind, then the weird, wild fancies rush onward with increasing force, as a river increases in power the farther it gets away from the fountain a child is quieted by a story. It devours the exciting, loves the marvelous, but needs to be checked at times and parents are the ones whom Providence has made responsible for deciding for their children in these matters.

The trashy or so called light literature of the day is one of the devil's pet snares for capturing the youth and preventing the proper development of the possibilities that are concealed in the child. He thereby robs the world of a high order of manhood and womanhood which would appear if the children were properly developed in intellect and morals. Though the literature be free from crime they have no morals, but are full of mean insinuations against justice, virtue and religion they place a premium on deceit and encourage lying.

Let the youth be taught to love right and hate wrong, to respect virtue and defend truth, to emulate heroic deeds and do good and right at all hazards but never allow themselves to be laughed into doing a base thing or sneered out of doing duty. For God and the right let them always be led onward and upward, loving the good, the true, and the beautiful, ever imitating Him who was the model child, the exemplary youth and the true and safe man—the God man. JOANNES.

Mr. James Campbell, of Allegany County, Deems Mr. Weinberg's Challenge to Senator Zihlman Unfair and Unnecessary.

To the Editor of The Republican.

The challenge of Mr. Weinberg, candidate for Congress from Allegany county, to Mr. Zihlman present State Senator and candidate for Congress from Allegany county, is so transparently unnecessary and unfair as to call in question any past, present or prospective claim Mr. Weinberg may have as a justification in asking the constituency of the Sixth Congressional District for further consideration as a candidate for this high and exalted position.

As Mr. Weinberg and Mr. Zihlman are from the same district, candidates for the same office and must stand for and advocate every plank in the National and State platforms, there can be no controversy between them and consequently nothing to debate. Mr. Weinberg knows this and while he has sufficient honor to deter him from making an open and unfair canvass while Senator Zihlman as usual is faithfully and ably caring for the interests of and upholding the principles of the Republican party as minority leader in the State Senate, every hour of his time being devoted to the interest of his constituency. Mr. Weinberg knows this; he knows that to make an open canvass of the District while Mr. Zihlman is tied up would bring down upon him the justifiable censure of all fairminded men. Hence his flimsy attempt in issuing a challenge to get before the people that he might gain influence and votes by his great eloquence and oratory, the only asset to the best of my knowledge that he possesses in asking the support from the Republican party of our District. If Mr. Weinberg is such an able orator, where was his eloquence when Mr. Zihlman was touring the Sixth District in 1914 and Mr. Weinberg could not find time to even raise his voice in the interest of the party and its standard bearer.

While Senator Zihlman has faithfully served his people, led the fight that resulted in such an unprecedented majority in his home county for Mr. Weller for Governor, what has Mr. Weinberg done to establish a claim from our people as a candidate for Congress.

While every citizen is privileged to aspire for any office within the gift of the people, we claim the battles fought by Mr. Zihlman for our party, for and in the interest of our people entitles him to the nomination to Congress without opposition. But with or without opposition I believe the people will nominate him, and I certainly hope that his own good judgment will guide him in declining Mr. Weinberg's challenge where he has nothing to gain. His reputation as a clean man of the people, an able and competent leader in the ranks of the Republican party is so well established that no man can truthfully assail it.

Very respectfully,
JAMES CAMPBELL,
Delegate from Allegany county.
Annapolis, March 6th, 1916.

THE OPEN ROAD

Along Which An Effort Will Be Made to Assist the Wanderer on His Way Up Hill.

BY LEO J. RASCHE.

CHOICE OF CREEDS.

There are many creeds in the world, many who claim creeds, and many of splendid practical creeds, who claim no creed at all. These latter are those who practice the great creed of conscientiousness. Some espouse creeds because they are natural born churchgoers. Some use them as political assets, some use them to build business upon, some use them as a cloak behind which to conceal much. There are those who claim a creed and have none. Others are church worshippers. That is, they love the four walls and the roof in which they have heard singing and psalms since childhood and they have grown naturally to love the old building of so many pleasant memories—grown even to the fondness of worship. They just love building as a pile of brick or stone with little thought of it as part of an institution, and with rarely a thought of what it realy represents. These honest souls think they are sincere. They are churchgoers—church worshippers—ready to give battle were another church, of the same denomination and standing for the same thing, to try to enroll some of the churche's members into its fold. Others there are who are the salt of the earth, earnest, conscientious, sincere "with malice toward none, with charity for all." These are true exponents of the great creed, the creed of human kindness, and built and resting upon love of men. And whether or not you claim a creed, whether you are of the faithful or faithless, if you follow the fair faith of love of men, if you make choice of that creed, Ralph, it is very unlikely that you will be lost in the shuffle in "the separation of the wheat from the chaff."

Much has been written of creeds, and there are many who think they are sincere, yet whose hearts hold hatred for those who disagree with them as to methods of acquiring wings. Those who are thus deceiving themselves, Ralph, whose minds are sanctified to their own entire satisfaction, yet whose hearts are malicious, are not to be condemned, but pitied. It would be great if they could see more clearly, if they could choose a creed built on love of men, if they could act upon Emerson's splendid advice:

"Go put your creed into your deed,
Nor speak with double tongue."

There's a world of good religion there, Ralph, in those dozen words from Emerson. There's religion enough there for all those whose creed is based on love of men. Did you ever read, Ralph, "Abou Ben Adhem?" If not you should do so, for there is religion, pure, unadulterated and sound. Religion should not consist so much in craving death and courting the unknown as in loving nature, loving men, and loving life. This is a great old life in a glorious old world and we only have it once. There are some who have the preposterous idea that all the beauty of nature, all the alluring things that make the world worth while, all the glory and glitter of the globe, were created by some long tailed chump who fires a furnace with a fork. These see smoke in a smile, lurid flames in love and laughter and evil in everything. These need no new religion, for we have enough real religion already here. But they need reconstructed religion; they should make a new choice of creed and adopt love of men and love of life as its fundamental principle. On our way up hill we ought to be closer together, because we work better doubly harnessed than singly hitched. If we make proper choice of creed there cannot be condemnation of each other if we build it on the base of brotherly love. Alice Cary puts it prettily thus:

"I hold that Christian grace abounds
Where charity is seen; that when
We climb to heaven 'tis on the rounds
Of love to men."

Basket Ball. Basket Ball. Basket Ball.

It was the second day of March, 1916,
The hill and vales were white with snow,
Not a green blade to be seen;
When over came bold Hollidaysburg
To play the OAKLAND TEAM.
The score at first was tit for tat,
They thought they were giving us a run,
But ere long they found it out
That Oakland had not yet begun.

Then came two fouls for Oakland;
When the score was yet a tie,
And SANNER made these two points good,
Which started the score on high;
Then came our mighty center
With his fairy and magic art,
And pitched one with his sure right hand,
That went through like Cupid's dart.

Then GIESSMAN like a wrought iron safe
That guards a mint of gold;
From counting up these most cherished points
His men to the floor did hold.
Like a western hurricane
Down came the fleety CHANCE,
From shooting they did sure retreat
Before his swift advance.

Riedler, like George Washington,
Calmly held his ground;
But when the ball came up the floor,
It went back like a frightened hound.
SINCELL, like an Arab's horse,
Who fears his masters doom,
Plunged through their strongest ranks,
And brought his prizes home.

When the whistle blew for time
It seemed so easy and so fine
For OAKLAND won the victory,
Sixteen to twenty-nine.
FRANTZ stood beyond the foul line
All ready for the fray,
But his good work wasn't needed
For the rest could gain the day.

KILDOW was the referee;
And treated both sides fair.
You say that ye have not cold feet
Then come up bold Keyser,
And meet this mighty team
On the Garrett county crest—
Here you'll meet your Waterloo,
Mid snow and pine trees green,
Because OAKLAND will trim you
Up fair but trim you clean.

Now teams of foreign cities
Bear this in mind players,
That when you come to Oakland
Here is the team you'll find
BOYLE, GIESSMAN, CHANCE and
FRANTZ;
The swiftest to advance.
While REIDLER, SINCELL and
SANNER,
With force defend their banner.

JOSEPH FOLEY.

FOR SALE—Twenty-five acres improved farm land located on the Oakland-Gortner State Road, two miles South of Oakland. Easy terms. Call on or write Harry Helbig, Oakland, Md. Advertisement 51 tf

FOR SALE—A number of gas heaters. Apply to John J. Sweeney, Oakland, Md. Adv.

LENTEN SERVICES BEGIN IN ST. MARK'S CHURCH

First of a Series of Mid-Week Sermons Delivered Last Night By Pastor Bremer.

Beginning last night the first of a series of mid-week sermons was delivered by the Rev. O. A. Bremer, pastor in St. Mark's Ev. Lutheran church to a congregation that was quite appreciative.

The intention is to have services throughout the Lenten season on Wednesday evening of each week.

The speaker used as his text the following: "Pray Without Ceasing," I Thess. 5:17.

Rev. Bremer, in his sermon, said:

"Paul tells us in this text that the soul of man should be in constant communication with God. We are told that we should pray without ceasing. We are told that "the effectual, fervent prayer of a righteous man availeth much." We must believe that. We should incorporate that in the minutes of our daily thoughts.

"Prayer is the most beautiful speech that can be uttered. It is the most important of all forms of speech. It is the most beautiful, because it is conversation with the Perfect Absolute Beauty, which is Almighty God. It is the most important, because it is communion of the soul with the soul's maker, God.

"When we pray to God we are having conversation with God. We are, as it were, having a quiet talk with him about ourselves. We speak to Him about the things we have done, about the things whereof we have need.

"Prayer is an essential link in the chain of love that binds us to a loving God. Prayer is a great and necessary part of worship. To pray without ceasing means that we ought to have a constant thought in the heart for God.

"Prayer satisfies a particular longing of the soul. We are told that men in discouragement and dispair ought to pray and not to faint. When the heart is heavy with discouragements and doubts hover over the soul as a great cloud hiding from us all the sunshine and cheer, it is then that the soul communes with God, its maker.

"Prayer has existed from the very beginning between the created creature man and his maker, God. We hear the patriarchs of old lifting their petitions and asking for blessings from God. We hear the kings, especially King David, in his wonderful prayers of thanksgiving and repentance. Most of the Psalms of David are prayers. We hear the prophets praying for their people, petitioning almighty God to lift the burden of punishment from them, interceeding in their behalf, as Christ shall interceed for us before the Judgment Throne of God.

We come to the New Testament, the New Dispensation, and God comes down to earth in the form of the creature man. He has taken upon Himself man's nature, but it does not make Him any less God.

"There are those who look upon Christ and they can see His divine nature coexisting with the human. The Son of Man, Jesus Christ is both human and divine, and thus in His double nature He supplied a great need. He fulfilled conditions and made it possible for man to come nearer his maker. For Christ in His human nature dwelt among men and in the purity of that human nature he gave a great example to man of pure living.

"In His divine nature He understood perfectly the Divine Will of the Father and God of all. Had Christ been only human He could not have perfectly known the Father's Will. Had Christ been only divine we could not have known Him so well, because between the finite and the infinite there is such a vast space of unknown that man unaided is unable to transcend the distance.

"The limited finite capacity of the human mind is not able to grasp the infinite mind of God. But Christ came to us, being perfectly human and wholly divine, and thus, as it were, in the person of Christ, we have had God brought nearer to us, and looking to God through the human nature of His Blessed Son we are more able to understand His commands concerning us.

"Instead of developing the nature of pride and selfishness and bigotry the Son of Man has taught us by precept and example to walk humbly before God and to deal with meekness, gentleness and equality with our fellowmen. He has taught us that it is foolish for man to be puffed up with vain pride, for in the sight of God all men are equal. The man who permits himself to be governed by pride, controlled by avarice and greed reveals to the world that he has but a poor conception of God, the Great Exemplar, who gave us a perfect example of christian living.

"Christ, as we have said, has taught us how to live, and as we see glimpses of His relations with the Father in Heaven, as it is given in the Gospels, we see Christ fulfill these words, "Pray without ceasing." ForH e communed often in words with God and there was a continual communion of His spirit with the Father.

"Finally the disciples, witnessing the fervor of His prayers and the joy that those prayers seemed to bring to the Master, come to the Master and say, "Lord, teach us to pray." They had the law of Moses as their guide, they were versed in the commands that God had given to Moses on Mt. Sinai, and yet we are led to believe that they did not know how to pray. It is thus that we account for the coldness, the haughtiness, of the Jews at this time. The Pharisees thought that when they had kept the letter of the Mosaic law they fulfilled the whole law of God concerning themselves.

"When the disciples miss in their own hearts and lives that which they see in the happiness of the Master as He speaks with God they long for that something which they have never known and one of them says, "Lord teach us to pray." Then Christ gives that beautiful petition, that perfect prayer, the Lord's Prayer. In that prayer, short and simple as it is, is the embodiment of every form of petition every request that the soul need make to God. And it is right for those who wish to pray well to develop their petitions on the basis of this perfect prayer.

"We find in the Gospel an example of proper and improper prayer. We see the Pharisee in all his pride and false dignity and egotism standing as a worshipper in the temple. A little way off we see the publican who realizes in his heart that he is a great sinner, who feels unworthy to come to God in prayer. Both, no doubt, believe that they are true worshippers. At least we are led to believe that the Pharisee feels so concerning his worship. We see him standing in all his self-righteousness before his Almighty Maker, condemning the sinfulness of a poor worshiping neighbor as he says, "Lord I thank Thee that I am not as other men are, even as this publican."

"In other words the Pharisee thanks God that his life is perfect, that he has kept the law; thanks his God that he is better than his fellowmen and that he can come before men as an example of right living.

"We see the other man, standing worshiping with a great passionate cry for mercy and with a declaration of his sinfulness.

"God be merciful to me a sinner." Christ tells us that this publican, acknowledging his sin, pleading for mercy, went out of the house of God justified, because there was in his heart true repentance. He does not say that the Pharisee in his pride and haughtiness was justified. That attitude was condemned by the Son of Man.

"And so the publican has given to the world an example of prayer, for he was a sinner, and all men are sinners.

"We find all through the New Testament that the followers of Christ lived in a constant condition of communion with God. It was necessary for them to do so to maintain a right relationship with Him.

"It is impossible for a child to know the wishes of its parents or to understand and appreciate their love unless that child remains in the presence of its parents.

"God has given us his commands in the law. He has given us His plan of Salvation, and has shown us His great love in the Gospel, but it is essential that we maintain an inner personal relation with Him by prayer. Somewhere in man's heart there should be an incessant, silent petition to God for guidance and direction in our daily living. Without that we will do many things that we have been forbidden to do. Without that we cannot enjoy that deeper satisfaction and happiness that is the reward of the true worshiper.

"There is so much that we should pray for. The great conflict between the forces of good and evil keep us in constant danger. When we remember that our natures are prone to follow the lusts of the flesh and the appetites of the passions, we see the necessity of a greater sustaining power. The man who tries to fight the battles of life alone, the man who faces the forces of evil without the help of Almighty God is fighting a losing fight. God permits man to be tempted of Satan and Satan is stronger than man. When man tries to outwit the devil, alone, he will soon find himself in a maze of compromise from which he is unable to extricate himself without loss of self respect and honor.

"But God has promised His aid to every one that will seek His aid when temptation and the forces of evil try to take him captive. And in this age of greed, of supreme activity, when man is called upon to decide great and important questions without notice, man needs some power that will steady and control him.

"What the church needs today more than anything else is less indifference and more sincerity in worship. Men know the Bible perhaps better than ever before, but there is a question whether the worship of man with all its pretention is yet as sincere. And the reason, as I see it, is that men have forgotten to pray. The home altar about which our parents gathered us when we were children, where we knelt before God, our Maker, in prayer, is absent from our homes today. We haven't time to talk to God these days because there is always some one who wants to talk to us, or we to them, about some business.

"The story of the excuses in the Bible is lived out in the lives of men today more than ever before.

"But the man who lives that life in which the richest joys are found will find it in the christian life. He will find it possible to live that life only through prayer with God. For prayer gives to man a mysterious something, a quietness, a satisfaction without which life is empty indeed.

"Pray without ceasing."

"Lord, what a change within us one brief hour spent in Thy presence can prevail to make—

What heavy burdens from our bosoms take,
What parched fields refresh as with a shower;
We kneel,—and all about us seems to lower;
We rise,—and all the distant and the near,
Stands forth in sunny outline, brave

We kneel, how weak; we rise, how full of power!
Why therefore should we do ourselves this wrong,
Or others, that we are not always strong.
That we are ever overborne with care,
That we should ever weak or heartless be,
Anxious or troubled when with us is prayer
And joy and strength and courage are with Thee."

PRAYER.

"Dear Father, Thou Eternal God, Thou Lover of the souls of men, Thou Infinite Embodiment of love and purity and truth, into Thy presence we have come, as Thy creatures, worshiping Thee.

"We have sung to Thee hymns of praise, dedicated to Thy pure and holy Name. We have read from Thy divine Word, given to men. We have received the message of that Word, and now we lift our hearts in prayer to Thee.

"Oh, God, draw near unto us that we may feel Thy loving presence. Encourage us that we may not be afraid of Thee. Only let us keep that filial love and fear that makes us dread to displease Thee.

"But, oh, God, we know we have done much to cause divine displeasure. We know we have not been pure and sinless in our thoughts and words and deeds. The heart which Thou hast cleansed to the whiteness of snow and the purity of wool is again defiled by evil thoughts and sinful emotions.

"With repentant and humble hearts we come to Thee and ask Thee to forgive. Thou alone art God and "Holy is Thy Name." All sin is against Thee. There is no sin against any creature that is not against Thee. If we curse men we have cursed Thy most perfect handiwork, for Thou hast made us in Thy image. If we destroy created things we have destroyed that which Thou hast made. Ever and anon we sin against Thee.

"Dear Blessed Father, wilt Thou forgive. Wilt Thou help us to be better children, more obedient to Thy commands.

"Bless those who worship in Thy sanctuary. Bless all who call upon Thy Holy Name.

"Bless all the churches of this community and throughout the land. Grant that men may willingly and joyfully labor in Thy vineyard for the laborers are few.

"Bless those who love us and are dear to our hearts and keep them steadfastly faithful to Thee in their journey through this life.

"Bless the homes of our land and grant that Thy word may not be forgotten there. May the babes in the arms hear the mother whispering messages of love that God has placed in the heart and may these little ones be led to love the God who made them.

"Teach us, Oh Lord, to pray without ceasing for the worship of this blessed season, and may we do only those things which are in accord with the spirit of these days.

"May we think often of the sufferings of the Saviour, and may we think of them with gratitude. May we maintain a study of His life and realize the meaning of His words when He said, "I am the Way, the Truth and the Life."

"Help us to lay up treasures in heaven that cannot be destroyed or taken away, and that shall be the joy of eternity. Make this the beginning of a richer joy and a true christian life. We ask it in Jesus' name. Amen.

BITTINGER.

Elias Orendorf, an aged resident of this village, sustained a slight stroke of paralysis early last week and is now confined to his bed, though somewhat improved under the care of Dr. R. C. Bowen, of Grantsville.

Daniel D. Brenneman, who is more than ninety years of age, and a life long resident of the Amish settlement, near here, is reported to be critically ill.

Daniel Orendorf, and family, of Mt. Lake Park, spent part of last week here with Mr. Orendorf's parents.

Mrs. David Miller and son, Master Irvin, of Deer Park, are spending some time with relatives here.

Farmers made use of the snow last week for hauling lime for use on their farms in the spring.

Miss Mary Brenneman, of Meadow Mountain, is employed in the home of Mrs. T. B. Wiley.

Earl Harvey, who recently suffered a serious attack of blood poisoning, has returned to work in F. M. Bittinger's coal mine.

GRANTSVILLE.

Quite a number of Grantsville people witnessed the production of the "Birth of a Nation" at Cumberland last week.

Miss Ethel Broadwater has been spending a week in Frostburg, the guest of Mrs. Sarah Frost.

A sleighing party composed of Miss Duggan and girl friend from Youngstown, Ohio, Jack Ryan and Oliver Wittig, of Frostburg, were guests at the National on Tuesday evening, enjoying a delicious chicken and waffle supper while there.

Charles Keller attended the leap year dance at Frostburg Monday night.

A party of young folks enjoyed a sleigh ride from this place to Salisbury on Tuesday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Livengood were in Frostburg Wednesday. Mrs. Livengood was enroute to Union Bridge, Md., to see her sister, Mrs. Eva Bevons, who is ill at that place.

HAUSER

Mr. Russell Roth had an accident Tuesday with an axe and cut his foot so badly that when Doctor Scherr arrived he found it necessary to put in five stitches. Part of one of the toes was amputated.

Mrs. E. W. Leary and sister Miss Nina Lathrum, are visiting at the home of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Lathrum.

We have been having some very remarkable winter weather here lately. It began storming here Friday evening and till Monday the roads were drifted shut. The mail was snowbound as was the Minister of our church on Sunday, it being the first Sunday this year that we have been unable to have services.

Mr. Lloyd Heckert attempted to make a business trip to Oakland Monday, but when he reached the State Road the drifts were so large he could not get through, and after having trouble in getting his horses extricated from them he sent his team home and walked the rest of the way in to his destination.

Mr. Robert Lathrum also made a business trip to Oakland on Tuesday, and reported the roads in a bad condition. We think that our Legislature men ought to devise some plans or means by which our roads could be opened and made passable during the winter.

The Gauer School Literary, Saturday night, was reported to have been a success, although because of the very stormy and disagreeable weather, the attendance was moderate. The program covered about two hours and the question for debate was: "Resolved that Doctors are more beneficial than Lawyers." The affirmative won the decision. The play entitled: "A Kiss in the Dark," held the audience spellbound throughout, while the comedy, entitled: "The Yankee still Ahead," played by, Messrs. Russell Roth, Kirk Lathrum and Harry Friend, appealed to the audience as being excruiatingly funny.

The Gauer Progressive Literary Society will have another debate on March 10. The question for discussion will be: "Resolved, That Luxury is a Vice." The speakers on the affirmative are: Messrs. Clyde Gnegy, Kirk Lathrum and Wm. Gnegy. Negative: Messrs. Page Gnegy, Harry Enlow and Thurston Cosner.

The pupils attendance to the Gauer school, this winter, has been remarkable, considering the weather, and is holding out very good.

Mr. Homer Gnegy has gone to Dobbin, W. Va., to work.

McHENRY

The snow drifts are quite deep at this writing.

The mail carrier failed to put in his appearance on Monday last, as the drifts were impassable.

The programe rendered at the school here on Washingtons Birthday was good, and was very well attended by patrons and friends.

The young ladies of this place and Hoyes tendered their gentlemen friends a leap year party on last Wednesday night at the home of Arthur Custer of Hoyes. Those present were Misses Margaret, Grace and Jessie Friend, Irene Mattingly, Auburn Smith, Mary Carr and Esther Hinebaugh; Messrs. Milton and Webster DeWitt, Orlando Welch, Wayne Smith, Carroll and Bliss Friend, and Clifford Enlow. Games and music were indulged in until a late hour when refreshments were served. All report a delightful time.

Our school is progressing very nicely under the able management of Mr. Charles Callis.

Miss Esther Hinebaugh was visiting Miss Hazel Thayer over Sunday.

Sunday school Sunday morning at 10 a. m.

SUNDAY SMASHES CROWD RECORDS

80,000 People Flock to Hear the Great Evangelist.

MODERN SCHOOLS SCOLDED

All Modern Schools Of Thought Opposed To Evangelist Idea Of Religion Were Scolded In the Best Of His Individual Diction.

Baltimore.—Eighty thousand struggling men, women and children were drawn to the Billy Sunday Tabernacle Sunday.

The audience at night was the largest Sunday has ever addressed at one time. Governor Harrington was in the crowd.

Only 60,000 gained entrance to the great structure to hear the famed evangelist deliver his morning, afternoon and evening sermons.

When 22,000 souls were squeezed between its walls in the afternoon, it was believed that the building could hold no more. Five thousand were then disappointed.

But at night the ushers, the policemen and the people themselves gave an extra push and succeeded in getting into the building about 23,000. More than half this number—at least 15,000—were left outside at the evening service, pounding the doors and trying every conceivable ruse to gain an entrance.

Sunday showed his appreciation of the turning out of the largest audience he has ever addressed. True, he was irritable, and twice threatened to stop speaking when there was coughing and moving around immediately after he began his sermon.

But he made the crowd soon forget this, for he preached by far the most effective sermon he has delivered in Baltimore so far. The serman itself was an effective answer to those critics of Sunday who claim that his slang and grotesqueness alone make his sermons appealing. Maybe it was Sunday's slang and eccentric and grotesque gestures that drew the immense throng to the tabernacle. But it was a fine sermon—a sermon against infidelity, a ringing defense of the Bible as the greatest of all books—that held the attention of that great audience and drew forth great salvos of handclapping and cheers.

Against those things which go to undermine the religion of Christ—infidelity, materialism, naturalism, isms and schisms—Sunday devoted his sermons throughout the day. But it was at night that he made his greatest effect, and it was on the greatest audience.

"Fools! Fools!"

He didn't plead for the Bible; he didn't plead for belief in God. He fired forth facts, and after he had thrown them to his audience he challenged them to a disbelief in the Infinite. "Fools! Fools!" he cried. "No God! No Heaven? No Hell? Oh, worst of fools!"

He harked back to the Old Testament, down on through the ages into modern times. Sunday was eloquent when he spoke of Constantine, and repeated the cry of the Roman Emperor: "Oh! Gallilean. Thou hast conquered."

It was at the end of his sermon, however, that the dynamic evangelist reached the highest of his eloquence. Standing erect before his pulpit stand, he pounded his finger at the great audience before him and paused until there was not a sound except the dull humming of the nosy crowd outside, which filtered in through the doors and windows.

"You, then, have one of five courses open to you," he shouted. "You have Mahammedanism, you have the faith of the Persians, you have the beliefs of the Hindu, you have the teachings of Buddhism, or you have Jesus Christ and the Holy Bible." For these last words Sunday's voice seemed to take on added strength and his audience leaned forward with eyes opened wide, with every nerve tense.

Then Sunday electrified them.

A Striking Climax.

With a flourishing sweep of his right arm, he grasped a Bible from his pulpit stand, jumped from the floor of the pulpit to a chair and from the chair to the top of the stand, and then, with the Bible held aloft, and in a striking and dramatic position, shouted:

"Give me, give me for God's sake, the Bible and Jesus Christ!"

Sunday's hand, grasping tight the Bible, was still held aloft; one foot was raised from the top of the stand as if to give him greater height; his eyes shone as they had not shone before during the local campaign, and he looked happy—happy. There was silence for a second. Then one of the greatest bursts of applause that Sunday has received so far greeted him.

Sunday grinned and remained on the top of the stand.

"Oh, men and women," the evangelist then cried, the smile disappearing from his face, and his features expressing all the earnestness that his words conveyed; "this is your truest friend. Don't be fools. Take the Bible; take Jesus Christ!"

After the sermon Sunday got down in the pit of his pulpit and grasped the hands of about 5,000 of his audience who passed before him.

The great attendance was divided as follows: About 15,000 at the morning session, 22,000 at the afternoon and 23,000 at night. In the afternoon 5,000 were turned away, and at the night service about 15,000.

Attacking the creeds of some modern faiths which he called humbugs, he paid a tribute to the masters of modern magic and sleight-of-hand. "When Kellar, Herrmann and Howard Thurston show you tricks, they admit they're going to humbug you," he said. "So ought these other fellows, and not take your money under false pretenses."

Billy Sunday drew his record crowd that far in the local campaign to the Tabernacle in the afternoon, a record which he broke at night. Twenty-two thousand persons crowded in through the doors and there received from the eccentric evangelist a denunciation such as the great majority of them had never before heard.

Practiced His Text.

Sunday used pleading, denunciation and invective to get beneath the skins of his hearers and bring home to them the meaning of his text—The People Had a Mind to Work. His methods of preaching invariably bring perspiration, but on this occasion they seemed to bring it in a double degree.

Sunday had been speaking for only a few minutes when he decided to throw his collar off. "I don't care," he told his audience. "This thing chokes me. You didn't come out here anyhow to see me on dress parade; you came to hear me preach. If you didn't you shouldn't have come out at all."

"Some of you fellows wear out 10 pairs of holdbacks to one pair of tugs," he cried; 'you're ridin' on the breechin' all the time instead of taking the bit for Jesus Christ!"

"Work! Work! Work!" he cried time and again, the perspiration pouring from him sprinkling over those in the press boxes on either side of the platform, the drops punctuating the notes of the scribes.

Get To Work.

At one point Sunday stopped for several seconds to wipe the perspiration from his face. He looked at his very wet handkerchief, and, as if inspired by its condition, cried: "You can't expect me to wear out my life in the cause of Jesus Christ here in Baltimore while you are loafing on the job. Get to work! For God's sake, get to work!" he shouted to the ministers' section. "The trouble with your churches is that they contain a whole bunch of frauds."

"Criticise if you must," exclaimed the Evangelist, "but criticise by creation. Sisters, if any of you down there think you can preach a better sermon than I can, come up here and do it. I'll gladly give you the platform. That's the way to criticise—don't do it by complaint. Any of those weak-kneed, white-livered cads who are always criticising me are welcome to this platform if they can bring the Word of God home to His people better than I can. Let him come up; I'll quit."

At the conclusion of his sermon Sunday made a plea for all those who wanted to help him save Baltimore for Christ to raise their hands. Thousands of hands went up and Billy looked immensely pleased.

SUNDAY SAYINGS

When it comes to the divorce question, I am a Roman Catholic from the top of my head to the soles of my feet.

The fellow who has been divorced may go to the cheesey-looking church around the corner, where the minister is anxious for a ten-spot, but when he comes to your Uncle Fuller, I say: "Get out, you lobster!"

There are some people who are so sensible that when a hungry tramp panhandles them for a flapjack they will offer him a tract on The Bread of Life.

Other people are so stingy that they talk through their noses to save their false teeth.

Some people don't care whether Baltimore goes to hell or not so long as they can walk the streets and sing "Jesus Paid It All."

God does not care whether you hoofed it up here or came in a limousine.

If you should decree that there should be no church within 25 miles of Baltimore, the real estate men of this city would not be worth 25 cents on a dollar.

If I was some men's wives I would refuse to clean their spittoons. Let every hog clean his own trough.

Let me tell you, sister, when I see you smoking a cigarette I don't want to know anything more about you. I've got your number.

You admire anybody who preaches the Word of God, though he shoots your old carcass full of holes.

I haven't any quarrel against the bed bug, but I don't like the way he makes his living.

Some fellows wouldn't be called men if they didn't wear whiskers and breeches.

People are afraid to launch out into the ocean of God. They stand on the borderland shivering, with religious goose pimples all over them.

There are men so hellish and rotten in this town that they should be disinfected with loyal, carbolic acid and formaldehyde for two years before they are allowed to touch the doorknob of a house where decency dwells.

It's not my plain preaching that shocks you. It's your rotten living.

THE REPUBLICAN

BENJ. H. SINCELL, EDITOR.

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THURSDAY, MARCH 9, 1916

THE CIVIC CLUB ENTERTAINMENT

Many Beautiful Scenes in Connection With Mrs. Jarley's Wax Works.

The opinion of everyone who saw the entertainment given by the Ladies Civic Club at the Maryland Theatre on Monday, March 6th, is the same, and the universal verdict is "the best amateur show we ever saw." As there was standing room only at the performance, the show was a financial success. It should have been called a musical comedy, and some of the talent could make good as professionals.

It would be hard to say just what part was the best, or to say which feature was the most enjoyable.

Before the entertainment proper Mr. Tatrow, representing the Morrison Music Company of Cumberland, and Mr. W. A. Sturgiss, of Oakland, gave an exhibition of the Aoelian Vocalion, the latest and best in the way of a graphophone. This wonderful instrument filled the whole theatre with its great volumn of tone, giving the impression that the band or orchestra that made the record was really playing, and yet the tone could be softened and reduced to the faintest volume of sound, and each note of a voice could be heard distinctly.

The program opened with the Dance of the Nations in which the smaller children took parts. The first dance, the Irish folk dance, with Fannabelle Offutt, Bernadette Stanton, Gilmore Hamill, and James Pollock. They wore the typical Irish costume of the land of Old Erin and gave the dance without a flaw.

The next was the Dutch dance by little Nell Offutt and Nelson Offutt. They both looked as if they had just come from Holland, wooden shoes and all. Miss Nell was seated at the window of her Dutch home, when her sweetheart comes along, invites her for a walk, and they dance the dance of their native Holland and into the hearts of the audience.

The next was the Japanese dance by Adeline Sincell, Thorton Deffinbaugh and Seymour Offutt. The costumes and customs in this, as in all the other scenes, was faithfully carried out, and the little Japs danced through their part easily and gracefully.

The Spanish dance was the only part the Dance of the Nations where the performer danced alone, and little Virginia Johnson, in the garb of sunny Spain, gave an exhibition that many of the Senoritas might have envied.

The darky cake walk, by Mary Jane Offutt and Henry McComas was an excellent exhibition, worthy of much older actors.

The Dance of the Nations ended with an exhibition of the modern American dances by Miss Douglas Sincell and Mr. Fossett, of Cumberland. They danced the foxtrot, hesitation and one-step, showing the grace and beauty of the American dance.

The little company of foreigners then came in with a large American flag, which called to mind the place the Stars and Stripes occupy at this stage of the world's crisis.

The second act opened with a beautiful tableau of Spring, with Miss Leah Sincell to represent this season. She summoned her "Spring Girls" with a trumpet call, and Nell McComas, Mary Sincell, Bessie Hendrickson, Bernadette Hart, Norine Ault and Mabel Falkenstein came in, with wreathes of blossoms, giving a graceful dance and drill, while dogwood blossoms were falling during the scene.

Miss Anna Gonder, as Summer, followed this scene, and after her came the "Poppy Girls," Lois Fraley, Celia Hart, Helen Hart, Mary West, Martha West, Martha McComas, Margaret Sincell and Regina Helbig. Their song and dance was one of unusual merit.

Next came the "Daisy Girls," Evelyn Cheuvront, Sarah Hayes, Rebecca Naylor, Mabel Forman, Mary Martin, Martin, Alice Welling, Mildred King and Margaret Selby. Their dance and drill was very good, and the costumes worn carried out the idea of the daisy to perfection.

They were followed by the "Rose Girls," Virginia Moore, Ruth Lawton, Ruth Davis, Dorothy Pritchard, Gladys Smithwick, Margaret Kahl, Rebecca White, Ara Peddicord, Lillian Sincell, Nellie Naylor, Virginia Duval, Helen Little, Ella Helbig and Audrey Tricket. The Roses gave a beautiful exhibition.

And then came the "Sweet Peas," Martha Hinebaugh, Gladys Gonder, Mary Gonder, Genevieve Gonder, Isabella West, Helen West, Amelia Lauer, Margaret Nally, Louise Coglan, Helen Hinebaugh, Elizabeth Dixon and Mildred Welling. What a dainty boquet the sweet peas were and their intricate drill was all that could be desired.

Then all the flowers, with Spring and Summer, came on together, making a tableau of beauty.

The next was a song, "Hello Frisco," by Mark White and Mary West, which was thoroughly enjoyed.

The last act was the famous Wax Works, with Mrs. Paul Naylor as Mrs. Jarley, and John Hart as her assistant. Mrs. Jarley was perfectly at home with her wooden headed figures, and caused much laughter by her introductions. The following statues took part in this exhibition.

Mason.....Mr. J. E. Harned
Sleeping Beauty and the Prince.....Josephine Browning, Walter Kahl
False Prophet.....Dr. Grant
Jesse Jamison.....Grover Stemple
Dude.....Milton Sincell
Two Headed Girl.....Mary West, Mrs. T. Gonder
Babes in the Wood.....D. E. Bolden, Gertrude Shirer
Doctor.....Jerry Stanton
Jack Sprat and Wife.....James Bell, Isabelle Hamill
Mrs. Winslow and Baby.....Miss Tower, Mrs. Hill
Vocalist.....Miss Turner

The ladies of the Civic Club deserve credit for the way in which this entertainment was prepared and the ladies in charge of the different parts showed ability that it is hoped will bear fruit at some future time.

We cannot close a description of the show, however, without making mention of the vocalist of the evening, Miss Turner, of Cumberland. She gave three selections, one of them in Italian, and all were thoroughly enjoyed.

The instrumental music was furnished by Dwight Townshend, Mrs. B. F. Selby, Mrs. Ethel Selby, Glen Martin.

All feel that the Ladies Civic Club is an institution that merits patronage, and one that is doing good for the town, and if they can give an entertainment of the kind produced on Tuesday last, all shall be glad to have a repetition at any time.

Is Thirteen Unlucky?

The superstition still lingers that thirteen is an unlucky number. Take a silver quarter from your pocket and look at it closely. The maidens head is surrounded by 13 stars and the word "Quarter Dollar" contains 13 letters. In one claw the eagle holds a branch containing 13 leaves, in the other he holds 13 arrows while from his beak he flaunts the insignia "E pluribus unum" containing 13 letters. On his breast reposes a shield containing 13 bars, while in the firmament above his head floats 13 resplendant stars. And yet who would say it is unlucky to own a quarter?

R. SEE.

Rock Phosphate.

Please send in your orders by March 15th for rock phosphate which will be ready for delivery on or about April 1st. This phosphate will be in 100 pound sacks, 32 per cent. phosphoric acid at $9.75 per ton on car in Oakland. Have several tons on hand stored at the Helbig mill where my customers may obtain the same at any time, as long as it lasts.

D. J. SWARTZENTRUBER.

Adv. 2-2t.

Mr. Homer E. Turney, who is attending Wittenberg Theological Seminary at Springfield, Ohio, has had the honor conferred upon him by his fellow students in electing him President of the Seminary Association. Mr. Turney represented the Association at the annual conference of Y. M. C. A. presidents, which was held March third, fourth and fifth at Ohio State Uuiversity, Columbus, Ohio.

Mallets Expected Here.

The greater number of the forty-five new Mallet type locomotives that were recently purchased by the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company from the Baldwin Locomotive Works, are expected to arrive at the South Cumberland shops during the week, and will be used on this division of the railroad, according to a Baltimore and Ohio official in an interview this morning. The official added that the locomotives are satisfactory and that they will prove invaluable on the 17 mile grade and other steep grades in heavy freight traffic. The old engines, which are being substituted by the new Mallets, will be used in yards and on level trackways of this and other divisions of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad company's lines.

The new Pacific type of engines recently purchased by the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company for use through Oakland from Cumberland to Grafton, are now being delivered by the building corporation to the officials of the railroad at Cumberland and will be placed in service probably this week. The machines are the heaviest ever built and are equipped with every late device that tends to safety and the comfort of the men employed in operating them.

MONEY TO LOAN—On real estate. Renninger & Offutt, Attorneys at Law, Garrett National Bank building, Oakland, Md. Adv. 51 4t*

The Late Governor Francis Thomas

BY CHARLES M. MILLER

This is the last of a series of several articles relative to an illustrious but unfortunate Governor of Maryland who is remembered by many.

A bright day, the 28th of January, 1876, the year of the Philadelphia Centennial, now forty years ago; a day exceptionally mild, considering the high altitude in so rigorous a winter climate, a messenger hastened to me in the yard at Swanton and said excitedly: "Mr. Thomas had been killed by a railroad engine near his home." The horseback ride from Swanton to the Mont Alto residence below Frankville was over a rough route of between seven and eight miles, but a spirited horse bore me over it in a short while. At the front yard people had gathered in groups and were talking in whispered tones, some exhibiting unsurpressed grief. Intelligence had been wired to Cumberland and from that city acquaintances of the distinguished deceased had arrived on a special over the Baltimore and Ohio R. R.

Among these arrivals was an attorney, at that time in active practice at the Cumberland bar, who, apparently, had assumed direction of affairs. From the front room opening on the veranda, a room in which the body lay just as it had been brought from the railroad, came warm protestations from the widow in the family employed about the premises, weeping while she protested, against the freedom of the attorney in advance of such time as she believed should be reached for such action.

With the hope of procuring the fullest details surrounding the deplorable calamity, a visit was made to the scene of the happening on the railroad where observers were still lingering and discussing the one topic then first in all minds.

The recently printed account appearing in the columns of THE REPUBLICAN that Gov. Thomas was run over on the westbound track is a mistake, in fact, he was not run over at all. While he was walking down the eastbound track, close to his left a heavy freight train was laboring in the opposite direction up the steep grade, creating such a clatter as to deaden the less sound of the two engines, linked together, overtaking him on the down track. As these two helpers rounded the acute curve, the foremost engineer caught a view of Gov. Thomas directly in his front, with his hands clasped at the back and strolling forward as in the leisured indulgence of a morning walk. In the flash of the glance, the engineer saw the unsuspecting old gentleman lightly tripped by the scooping pilot and flirted in the air to the right, falling beyond the roadbed on a grass-plat close to where the ruins of a former lime furnace to day stands. Not a single cut was left in the flesh nor any indication of a hurt resulting from the impact, and the belief was not without reason that serious harm would not have occured to the light frame in the quick dash, but for the pile of bed bars on the grass-flat, in the fall the back of the head came in contact with the end of one of these iron rails, crushing in the skull at the base of the brain causing instant death.

Looking just across the double track from the spot on which the body fell, was the vividly remembered place, previously describe in these notes, where this old man, in his misleading conviction, stood pointing out to me how, as he so strangely believed, Confederate soldiers had conspired to kill him. As visionary and as groundless as was this suspicion it had become too deeply rooted by time even for his sound reason to loose its grip. Only a few yards from this place of which he had so gravely spoken and where he so firmly believed his doom was pending, as if by an irrevocable decree, in less time than the flicker of a sem-mote before the vision, the end came.

One more similar coincidence remained for disclosure in the chamber where, in an endless silence, the eccentric master now lay in his own house.

Reference has been made in this writing to an anxiety of Gov. Thomas for a joint survey with me to establish a contention entertained by him. Seeing the friction calculated to be brought out by such a survey for an adjustment of lines and clashing claims, my object was to postpone the location of bounds. In my belief no vacancy existed out side of the tracts duty required me to protect, liable to the location of his procured potent under the name of "Alexander." From a table in the room where the body was waiting removal, a letter was handed to me, sealed, stamped and bearing my address, evidently completed just before the Governor left that table for the ill-fated walk on the railroad below the Frankville station. Many letters have come to me from many directions but few, if any, have made the impression as was made by this particular letter, and not one has so defied the defacements of time or left its imprint so distinctly fixed in memory.

It was brief but brevity was not its dominant feature: "You are a very young man, and your life lies before you. I am a very old man, with my life behind me, and am admonished by age and increasing infirmities that all my worldly affairs should be speedily settled. Will you please come to Frankville for the proposed survey?" Reading this letter in the solemnity of such an occasion, but little at my disposal that would not then have been gladly relinquished to step backwards a few months in the past for a revision of intentions and a ready compliance with this earnest and often reiterated wish.

In all this wide world, under the hardest imposition of its exactions, we find not one place where man stands so stripped and helpless, as in the presence of the mystery of death. Here is the freshly penned and prophetic letter traced but a few hours ago; close by lies the author with the spirit fled and the hand still. While nature lavished her wealth upon him and fate oppressed him by blinding shadows, the harp of his melodies reached and stirred his fellow beings as but few could, raising their minds to loftier heights and opening their visions to fairer ranges. It was his gift to see in the mountains and in the valleys, in the storms and in the calm glories not revealed to the common eye. Such privileges born in genius and heightened by culture, enabled him to leave creations of speech as the refinement of language—creations of such utterances as, to some small extent, have been our mission in these letters to reproduce and that came in such faultless grace from lips here sealed up forever.

THE END.

ANOTHER MINER DIES

Sixteenth Victim of Mine Explosion at Kempton Expires.

The death list resulting from the mine explosion at Kempton last week was brought up to 16 with the death at Davis, W. Va., Monday of one of the men who was injured by falling slate. The four other men injured at the same time will recover, physicians believe.

Lenten Services.

Beginning last night Rev. O. A. Bremer, pastor of St. Mark's Ev. Lutheran church in Oakland, will conduct special services every Wednesday evening during the Lenten season. On another page of this paper today Mr. Bremer's sermon delivered last night to an appreciative audience made up of representatives of all denominations, will be found.

Civic Club Meeting.

Special meeting of the Civic Club will be held in Court House Tuesday March 14th 1916, 3 p. m. All members are requested to attend.

MRS. JAS. D. HAMILL, Sec'y.

Merchant Asks Pardon.

William Nusbaum, a Clarksburg merchant, has applied to Gov. H. D. Hatfield for a pardon in the case against him at Morgantown in which he was fined $500 and sentenced to serve four monhts in jail for bringing a shipment of champagne into the state in his automobile for his personal use. The application has been referred to Judge G. C. Sturgiss. Should the Governor refuse a pardon, the case is to be carried to the Supreme Court.

O. H. S. NOTES.

News From The Oakland Temple Of Learning.

Laura Shaffer, Icy Schoch and Victor Harvey, who were absent last week on account of sickness, are again in school

Elizabeth Mitchell is reported on the sick list with the mumps.

Clara Bush, a senior, was in charge of the primary department of the Grammar school last Monday.

We wish to make a correction in the Honor Roll published last week. Carol Miller's name should have been mentioned instead of Cecelia Hart's.

The High School has adopted an official pin. The pin was designed and is to be manufactured by Messrs. Quayle & Sons, of Albany, N. Y. Mr. John Cramer, their representative, visited us on Monday and sold pins to several of the Students.

Mr. R. A. Farnham gave a lecture at the school Tuesday afternoon. His subject was "Souvenirs From Oriental Lands." He exhibited one hundred articles, which he collected in his travels. The articles represent Greece, Rome, Egypt, Syria and other foreign lands. His lecture was very instructive and interesting, and he told us many things we never knew about history, botany, and the customs of the people of foreign countries.

For Sale.

Having rented my farm I offer the following at private sale: Two young Horses, good weight; 4 Jersey Cows, 40 Tons baled Hay, 6 tons baled Straw, some loose hay and straw, a lot of Oats, Corn and Wheat, 1 Sleigh, 1 Buggy, 1 New Sled, Plow, Harrows and Cultivators, 1 good Surrey, Harness of all descriptions. Call on or address George Shartzer, Oakland, Md. Adv. 49

Presbyterian Services.

The subject of the discourse at the Presbyterian church next Sabbath will be "Preparedness." You are invited to attend.

War Prices Prevailing.

Not since the close of the Civil War have goods in all lines advanced as they have during the past six months. This is especially true of numerous lines handeled by us. Nails, iron, stoves, ranges, paints, oils, varnishes, dynamite, powder, roofing, building material, household supplies, etc., have all advanced and on many articles from 50 to 200 per cent. and in some cases more.

The iron reports of March 2nd say:

"The most important and serious questions that is before the trade now is that of how much material or merchandise will be available in the last six months of this year for the consumers, though willing to pay the advances.

"It is estimated by large manufacturers that if things go on as they are now buyers may not be able to get more than one-fourth of the amount of material or goods they will need in the last half of the year."

In order to take care of our trade we have bought and put in stock a large line of goods as handled by us, and on most lines have made very little advance although realizing the goods cannot be replaced at present prices, and in giving our trade and customers the advantages of our buying it is absolutely necessary to demand the cash with order for our goods, otherwise we would have to advance goods to a profit beyond the market prices that would make many lines so high that they could not be sold.

Manufacturers, jobbers and supply houses are demanding the cash for their goods, adding the advanced prices. To meet conditions and prices we are compelled to demand cash for goods sold believing it will be the best and most advisable plan we can adopt with the present conditions.

Yours,
J. M. DAVIS & SONS.
Oakland, Md., March 8, 1916.
Advertisement 2-2t

ORDER NISI.

C. A. Beachy, Treasurer of Garrett county, Maryland vs. U. G. Savage.
No. 271, Miscellaneous Docket in the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Ordered by the Circuit Court for Garrett county, Maryland, this 6th day of March, 1916, that the tax sale made and reported in the above entitled case by C. A. Beachy, Treasurer of Garrett county, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 10th day of April, 1916, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 3rd day of April, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $75.00.

ROBERT R. HENDERSON.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Order Nisi.

C. A. Beachy, Treasurer of Garrett County, Maryland, vs. Wallace Buckman.
No. 276, Miscellaneous Docket. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County.

Ordered, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland, this 6th day of March, 1916, that the tax sale made and reported in the above entitled case by C. A. Beachy, Treasurer of Garrett county, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 10th day of April, 1916; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 3rd day of April, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $71.97.

ROBERT R. HENDERSON.

True copy, Test: E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Examiners' Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, appointed by the County Commissioners of Garrett County to view the lands through which the County road is to be relocated and proceed to examine said road through the lands of Truman Casteel and Thomas Bishoff and examine whether the said new road should be granted will meet on the eleventh day of March, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said building and relocation of said road, and if so, to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

DAVID W. FRAKER,
SAMUEL GLOTFELTY,
Examiners.

Assignee's Sale
OF VALUABLE
Real Estate
In Garrett County.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage from Charles Warnick and Maggie Warnick, his wife, to William H. Durst, dated the 11th day of May, 1909, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 57, folio 417, one of the Mortgage Records of Garrett county, and duly assigned to E. R. Jones for the purpose of foreclosure on the 16th day of February, 1916, default having occurred in the terms of said mortgage, the undersigned assignee will on

SATURDAY, the 25th day of March, '16,

at the hour of two o'clock p. m. of said day in front of the Court House in the town of Oakland, Marylard, offer at public auction to the highest bidder all of that tract or parcel of land situate near Grantsville, in Garrett county, containing the quantity of one hundred and ten acres more or less, the same being the tract of land described in a deed from Phineas C. Boucher and wife to the said Charles Warnick bearing date of May 8th, 1909, which said deed is recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 56, folio 107, one of the Land Records of Garrett county.

Said farm is improved by about 45 acres of cleared land and it is otherwise improved by a two story dwelling, stable, silo and other out-buildings, and a small sugar camp is also located on the property.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on day of sale, but if any responsible party should purchase the property and pay a reasonable amount down, in the discretion of the undersigned, the balance may be arranged in deferred payments being secured by the notes of the purchaser with security satisfactory to the undersigned and to bear interest from the day of sale; or all of the purchase money may be paid down upon the ratification of the sale by the Court.

Possession being given to said property upon the ratification of the sale and compliance with the terms thereof.

For further particulars, apply to.

ERNEST RAY JONES,
Assignee of said Mortgage.

Trustee's Sale
OF VALUABLE
Real Estate
in Garrett County, Maryland

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court passed on the 25th day of February, 1916, at the suit of Abel DeWitt, next friend, etc., vs. Donald F. Maffett, et al, the same being No. 2851 Equity in said Court, the undersigned trustee hereby gives notice that she will on

SATURDAY the 25th day of March,

1916, at the hour of two o'clock p. m., in front of the court house in the town of Oakland, Maryland, offer at public auction to the highest bidder the following parcels of real estate situate in Garrett County, Maryland, and described as follows, to-wit:

All that lot of ground situate in the town of Oakland and which is on the plat of Pennington's Addition to the town of Oakland, enlarged, as recorded in Liber W. H. T. No. 2, folio 518, one of the Land Records of said Garrett County is known and designated as Lot No. 41, containing one acre, more or less, excepting therefrom so much thereof as by deed conveyed by McHenry Howard, trustee, to the County Commissioners of Garrett County for an alley, dated the 17th day of November, 1888, and recorded in Liber W. H. T. No. 8, folio 162, one of the Land Records of Garrett County, and being the same ground which was conveyed to Wm. A. Maffett by deed from Elizabeth G. Howard dated the 26th day of May, 1903, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 44, folio 571, one of the Land Records of said Garrett County. This property is improved by two dwellings and a stable.

2. A part of Military Lot No. 3282, containing 66 1-10 perches and commonly known as the Collier Hotel property in the town of Friendsville, Garrett County, Md., improved by a good hotel and out buildings.

3. All that other lot in said town of Friendsville known as the Livery stable lot, and beginning for the same at the Northwest corner of the river bridge and running thence N. 72° West, 6 3-10 perches, North 47¾ East, 10 perches to a point of island and then by a straight line to the beginning, improved by a livery stable.

4. All that other parcel in the town of Friendsville, and beginning for the same at the Southern corner of a blacksmith shop situate on the east bank of the Youghiogheny River and running with the Oakland road 25 feet to a point at the edge of said road, then in a westerly direction to the line of "Look Sharp," in river, then North with said line 25 feet and from thence to the beginning, improved by a blacksmith Shop.

The three last parcels above being the same property which was conveyed to the said Wm. A. Maffett by deed from Austin Brown, Sheriff, dated the 18th day of Oct., 1909, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 59, folio 274, one of the Land Records of said Garrett County.

5. Lots Nos. 15 and 16 in Block 26 on the plat of the Mountain Home Company, recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 1, folio 2, one of the Plat records of said Garrett county, containing 10-121 of an acre each, being the same lots which were conveyed to the said Wm. A. Maffett by deed from the Mountain Home Company dated the 21st day of December, 1894, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 30, folio 315, one of the Land Records of said Garrett county.

6. All those lots which on the plat of the sub-division of the tract of land called the Bradley farm are known as Lots Nos. 36 containing 5.10 acres, Lot No. 37 containing 7.61 acres. All these lots are situate close the town of Oakland and are in a high state of cultivation, being the same lots which were conveyed to the said Wm. A. Maffett by deed from Wm. E. Walsh, et ux, dated the 4th day of June, 1912, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 64, folio 91, one of the Land Records of said Garrett county.

7. Lot No. 40 in Pennington's Addition to the town of Oakland containing ¾ of an acre, more or less, and described in a deed from the County Commissioners of Garrett County to Wm. A. Maffett dated the 2nd day of December 1912, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 68, folio 41, one of the Land Records of said Garrett county. Said lot is improved by a brick dwelling and a frame stable.

TERMS OF SALE: One third cash, one third in one year and one third in two years, or all cash at the option of the purchaser or purchasers, the credit portion to bear interest and to be secured to the satisfaction of the trustee.

These several pieces of property will be offered separately.

Conveyancing at cost of purchaser.

MRS. NELLIE MAFFETT,
Trustee.

For further particulars consult the trust or Renninger & Offutt, attorneys, Garr National Bank Building, Oakland, Md.

Commissioners Meeting.

The County Commissioners of Garrett county, Maryland, will meet in their office in Oakland on

Monday, March 20th, 1916,

to transact general routine business.

By order of the Board.
W. G. MEYERS, Clerk.

FOUNDED 1888

THE GARRETT NATIONAL BANK

FOUNDED 1888

OF OAKLAND, MARYLAND

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, - - $115,000.00

THE highly developed facilities of this Bank resulting from 28 years of careful and conservative management, together with prompt, efficient and courteous service, are offered as the basis for a satisfactory business connection.

OFFICERS

G. S. HAMILL, President. D. E. OFFUTT, Jr., Vice President.
G. A. FRALEY, Cashier. H. L. JONES, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS

GILMOR S. HAMILL, JOHN T. MITCHELL, DANIEL E. OFFUTT, Jr.
JOSEPH E. HARNED. GEORGE A. FRALEY, HARLAND L. JONES CHAS. S. DAVIS

Interest paid on Time Deposits. Safety Deposit Boxes for Rent.

ESTABLISHED 1884. BOTH PHONES

There is scarcely a piece of machinery that has not advanced in price, but our early buying and getting our implements in car lots gives YOU the advantage of the rock bottom price on

Black Hawk Manure Spreaders, Lime Sowers, Grain Drills, Check Row Corn Planters, Wagons, Buggies, Sulky Plows, Harrows of any description, Walhing Plows, Glade Plows, Mowers, Tedders, Land Rollers and Dise Harrows.

We stand back of every sale made and absolutely guarantee every piece of machinery turned out.

Yours to please,

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.

Oakland, Md.

"Naylor has it and sells it for less."

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED PROMPT SERVICE

Yesterday was a typical March day, as all brands and conditions of weather existed.

Mr. G. Semmes Hamill was in Annapolis a few days last week on business.

Mr. Henry Bonig, of Grantsville, was a business visitor to Oakland yesterday when he called at this office on business.

Mr. C. W. Burke, of Swanton, Md., was circulating among his friends in the Tri-Towns on Saturday.—Piedmont Hearld.

Mr. Claude Reger, of Keyser, West Va., has been in Oakland a few days as the guest of Mrs. John Faherty and family.

Mr. E. H. Smouse, of Deer Park, spent Sunday and Monday at Fairmont, W. Va., where he was the guest of relatives.

WANTED—Farmer with team to move on farm 4 miles from Oakland; hauling sufficient to keep team busy. J. B. CHEUVRONT, Oakland, Md. Adv. 2-3t*

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Hyde, of New York, are visiting Dr. and Mrs. Ravenscroft at Accident. Mrs. Hyde is recovering from an operation performed on her throat in Baltimore.

WANTED—At the Mt. Lake Hotel, April 1st, a girl to do general housework. Address, W. C. Dunnington, Mt. Lake Park, Md. Adv. 2-tf

Dr. and Mrs. A. J. Mason, of Friendsville, are in Oakland as guests of their daughter, Mrs. J. C. Kendall, who arrived here last week where she joined her husband and who are now occupying their recently remodeled home adjoining town.

Mr. J. A. Smith, of Pittsburgh, representing the Estey Organ Company, spent yesterday in Oakland where he discussed pipe organs with prospective users of the instrument. Mr. Smith returnen to Pittsburgh last night.

Dr. John H. Howard has heard Billy Sunday this week and will give his impressions of the great Evangelist and will also repeat much of one of Billy Sunday's sermons at the service in St. Paul's M. E. church next Sunday evening.

The first of the illustrated lectures promised under the auspices of the Epworth League of St. Paul's M. E. church will be given next Monday evening in the church. The subject will be "The American Civil War." Dr. Howard shows in this lecture what is not generally known, viz. That Slavery had nothing to do with bringing on the great war.

Messrs. W. H. Wolfe and S. A. Hayes, both of Parkersburg, W. Va., were in Oakland and at Deer Park yesterday. At the sheriff's sale conducted early in the winter when the summer home of Col. John T. McGraw was sold by Sheriff Scott, it announced as sold to Mr. Hayes. Since the sale some entanglements have arisen and the purchaser has thrown the property back on the sheriff's hands. The latter is readvertising it in this paper today.

Prof. C. Edward Bender, principal of the Oakland High School, will be one of the instructors in the Summer Normal School at Goshen College, Goshen, Indiana, during the months of June, July and August. The subjects to be taught by Prof. Bender are History of Education, First course in Pedagogy, Freshmen year English and Psychology. In the school there will be twelve instructors and between four hundred and five hundred students, and is intended primarily for teachers and those wishing to make up extra work.

"Sit Down, but don't Intern," reads a sign in a busy business man's office in Baltimore.

Attorney Stuart F. Hamill was quite ill several days last week with an acute attack of bronchitis and grip.

Mrs. N. I. Broadwater went to Cumberland Saturday where she is making a visit to relatives and friends.

Mr. George D. Browning of Friendsville, spent yesterday in Oakland on business.

Miss Isabella Broderick, of Cumberland, was the guest of her brother, Mr. Jas. Broderick, of this city, the first of this week.

Mr. H. E. Felty, who is in the whole sale grocery business here spent Sunday in Oakland, Md., the guest of his family.—Piedmont Herald.

Dr. Hattie B. Jones, of near Wheeling, spent Saturday and Sunday in Oakland visiting her brother, Mr. Scott T. Jones, and other relatives.

Miss Virginia Mayer, of Terra Alta, spent Saturday afternoon and Sunday in Oakland where she was the guest of her sister, Mrs. Harland L. Jones.

Mr. R. A. Smith, president of the Hamill Coal Company, Kitzmiller, spent last Friday afternoon and evening in Oakland looking after some business matters.

Miss Stemple, nurse in charge at the Home Sanatorium in Oakland, who made a professional visit to Baltimore early last week, returned to her duties here on Saturday evening.

Mrs. J. Edgar Long, of Clarksburg, W. Va., who visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd C. Shaffer several days last week, returned to her home at Clarksburg Saturday afternoon.

County Superintendent F. E. Rathbun returned from Baltimore and Annapolis Monday morning. He was at the latter city in the interest of school legislation affecting Garrett county.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Hammond returned to their home in Oakland last Friday evening from a visit of ten days to Baltimore. During their stay in that city Mr. and Mrs. Hammond were present at a number of the Billy Sunday meetings.

Mr. M. N. Wilson, vice president of the First National Bank, of Oakland, whose home is at Elkins, W. Va., where he is largely interested in the manufacture of lumber, was a recent visitor to Oakland when he was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Sincell and other friends.

Misses Bertha and Anna Thrasher, of Deer Park, have been having a very pleasant time visiting relatives in Baltimore. Mrs. Elmer Haulenbeek entertained the young ladies at her residence during their stay in Baltimore and escorted them to the big tabernacle to hear the Rev. Billy Sunday.

Vincent, the three-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Browning, of Oakland, who was operated on Tuesday for the removal of tonsils at the Allegany Hospital, has returned much improved to the home of his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. James Foreman, North Centre street.—Cumberland Times.

County Treasurer C. A. Beachy, of Grantsville, spent last Friday in Oakland when he sold at public auction three tracts of lands for the non-payment of state and county taxes for the years 1914 and 1915. All other lands which were advertised in these columns last week were redeemed by the owners and they were not sold.

Mr. S. A. Smith, of Crellin, was a business visitor to Oakland Monday.

Mr. Thomas J. Browning, of near Teayerville, spent Tuesday in Oakland on business.

Mr. J. Edgar Long, of Clarksburg, spent last Saturday in Oakland with his family.

Miss Flossie Shaffer, after visiting her parents in Oakland for a few days, returned to Clarksburg Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. S. Hilleary, of near Gorman, accompanied by her son, Mr. Gus Hilleary, were in Oakland Monday for a few hours on business.

Mrs. J. Wilson Humbird and Mrs. Devries, of Cumberland, were guests for a few days this week of Mr. and Mrs. William R. Offutt.

The ladies of the Presbyterian church will hold a silver tea at the Manse, Thursday evening, March 16th, at 7:30. Everybody invited to attend.

Deputy Sheriff Stephen Ashby was in the vicinity of Bittinger Monday serving papers in cases to be heard at the March term of the Circuit Court.

Mr. Vernon Lyon, of Keyser, where he is in the employ of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company as night station man, spent Tuesday at his home in Oakland.

Mrs. C. Edward Bender and little son will leave today for Williamsport, Pa., where they will be guests for one week of Mrs. Bender's mother, Mrs. Isenberg.

Mr. Edward W. Westwood, of Wheeling, W. Va., the new owner of the majority of stock of the Mountain Lake Park Association, spent several days in Oakland and at the Park last week, returning to his home Saturday afternoon.

Miss Ilda Turner, of Cumberland, who charmed a large audience with her singing at the Maryland Theatse Monday night, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Sturgiss while in Oakland, returning to her home Tuesday afternoon.

Several merchants in Oakland have had artisans employed in their respective places of business during the past week or two repainting and repapering the interiors of their store rooms and making changes in the arrangement for the spring and summer trade.

C. J. DeRoo, who has been conducting a bakery at Kitzmiller for several months past, disposed of his property on March 1st, selling it to Messrs. Weimer & Miller, of near Oakland. Mr. DeRoo will engage in business at Piedmont, W. Va., where he will open in a short time.

Mr. Otto Filsinger, of near Deer Park, who recently went to the State Tuberculosis Sanatarium at Sabillasville, near Hagerstown, where he became a patient and remained for several days, returned to Oakland last Thursday and went from here to his home. The patient was dissatisfied with the treatment and surroundings at the hospital, hence his return home.

Former County Commissioner Peter J. Stephen, of New Germany, accompanied by Mr. S. P. Broadwater, also of New Germany, were in Oakland Monday, having come here to meet the Board of County Commissioners on business. Mr. Stephen is well known and highly esteemed by the Oakland people as well as by the residents generally of the county for as a Commissioner he gave genuine satisfaction in the discharge of the duties of the office he filled. His visit here was a great pleasure to his friends.

Capt. James A. Hayden, member of the House of Delegates, came up to his home at the Park Friday afternoon and remained there and in Oakland until Monday morning, when he returned to Annapolis. This was the Captain's first trip home since he went to the State capital early in January.

Mr. L. A. Rudisill, of the State House, spent Friday and Saturday at his office in Oakland where he conducted court in which the State was plaintiff and a number of residents of Garrett county were defendants, upon charges of a more or less serious nature, none, however, to warrant commitment.

Because of the fact that the law requires the Board of County Commissioners to hold their meetings at the same time the Circuit Court is in session, the advertised notice of the regular monthly meeting of the Commissioners has been changed from the 6th to the 20th inst., at which time the Circuit Court (non-jury term) will be in session.

Merchant John W. Hart has some good advice for his customers if they will read his new advertisement found in another column of this paper today. What Mr. Hart says concerning present conditions are quite true and while the future has not been made clear it is plain to be seen that mercantile conditions are not settled in any respect.

Mrs. J. M. Crane, of Kingwood, W. Va., who spent a number of days in Oakland recently, returned to her home Tuesday afternoon. Mrs. Crane is a native of Garrett county, having been bnor at Grantsville, and is the daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Simon Wardwell. Her sister, Mrs. Carroli Lippmann, who has been a resident of Weimer, Saxony, Germany, for more than thirty years, arrived in this country two weeks ago and is now at Terra Alta visiting relatives. Mrs. Lippmann is accompanied by her daughter.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Mr. Carroll Elliott of Terra Alta, spent Saturday and Monday in Oakland delivering pianos to two of his customers. Mr. Elliott represents the Frederick Music Company of Cumberland in this section and has been successful in placing a number of fine instruments here in recent weeks.

Mr. Wallace Mason, of Chicago, Ill., where he has charge of a railroad Y. M. C. A. building, who was called to Oakland last week by reason of the death of his uncle, the late D. M. Mason, left here on Saturday morning last for Washington, D. C., from which city he returned to Chicago after spending several days there on a visit to friends.

Mrs. M. M. Ashby, of Oakland, who went to Pittsburg more than two weeks ago to attend the funeral of her brother-in-law, the late L. L. Snyder, suffered an attack of bronchial pneumonia at the home of her sister in Pittsburgh and has been critically ill since. Mrs. Ashby was accompanied to Pittsburgh by her daughter, Miss Orpah, who remains with her. Miss Hart, of Oakland, went to Kitzmiller Monday to take charge of Miss Ashby's department of the school at that point and will remain there until the return of the regular teacher.

HART'S

SPRING GOODS

OUR Spring Goods are now in—Wool Cloths as well as Wash Fabrics; also Laces, Embroideries and other Dress Trimmings.

These goods were bought last fall when it was possible to buy at right prices. If we were compelled to go into the market to buy these goods today we would on most things be forced to pay more than our present retail price. This applies to almost everything in the dry goods and notion lines.

We never believe in misrepresenting facts in advertising as well as in other things. Our advice is to anticipate your wants for spring before present stocks are exhausted you will save money. Old prices still prevail at

ALDER ST. HART'S OAKLAND.

THE ROSS SILO

Means large profits and less work. Quality is the Ross motto. Compare it with others and you will buy the Ross. Ask the men that use them.

For Further information, see

E. H. SMOUSE, Agt.

Deer Park, Md.

The Lutheran Church

SECOND STREET, OAKLAND

Sunday School, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

B. H. SINCELL, Superintendent.

Every parent should know that their child is in Sunday School on the Lord's Day learning of Him. God will hold parents responsible for the religious growth of their children.

Men's Brotherhood Class, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

REV. BREMER, Teacher.

We cordially invite all men not already enrolled in some school to study the Bible with this class.

Morning Worship, 10.45 o'Clock.

The sincere christian will be found in God's House at the regular appointed hours of worship and the only kind of excuse worth while is the kind that Almighty God will accept.

Luther League, 6.30 o'Clock P. M.

Topic—"The Last Friendly Talk."
Leader—FELIX ROBINSON.

Evening Worship, 7.30 o'Clock.

All are welcomed to worship with us.

During the Lenten Season there will be a special service every Wednesday night at 7:30 o'clock. The public is invited.

—The above was prepared by the pastor and the advertisement is authorized and paid for by one interested in church work.

VERDUN FIERCEST BATTLE OF WAR

RAIDER MOEWE WITH $250,000 GOLD SLIPS BY BRITISH TO "HOME PORT"

German Artillery Heavily Bombarding from Argonne to the Woevre and with French Defense Heavily Countering All Assaults---Battle Line is Widening

RUSSIANS TAKE BY STORM BITLIS, TURKISH FORT

Berlin.—A sort of enthusiasm, such as has been equalled only in the case of the famous Emden, greeted an announcement by the Admiralty that the now equally famous Moewe, the German raider which since the beginning of the year has held mysterious sway on the high seas, notably in the mid Atlantic, had arrived "in a home port." She brought with her, according to the announcement, 1,000,000 marks in gold bars ($250,000), and 402 prisoners taken from a total number of 15 Allied vessels—with the exception of one French and one Belgian all British—aggregating a tonnage of nearly 60,000.

Of these 15 vessels, the majority were sunk, the Admiralty says, while "a small part were sent as prizes to neutral ports."

The Moewe, according to the statement, not only wrought havoc on Allied maritime commerce by sinking or capturing nearly everything that came into its path, but was also engaged on her "successful cruise lasting several months" in sowing mines along what is described as "the enemy coast." It was one of the Moewe's mines, the Admiralty avers, which caused the sinking on Jan. 9, last, of the British pre-dreadnought Edward VII., from which everyone of the 777 men aboard was saved by British rescue vessels.

The "home port" into which the German raider finally brought her prisoners and booty is not designated by the Admiralty, nor is it believed that that it will be made known. This leads to the belief here that other raiders are expected to return from sea-roving trips. Some here even believe the port in question may be the base for a number of similar enterprises.

The theory that the Moewe is a warship is dispelled by the official announcement through the fact that it is not designated as an "S. M. S.," but simply as "the Moewe." The commander is Count and Burggraf zup Dohna-Schledien, a Captain Lieutenant in the Imperial Navy.

In order to reach "a home port," the Moewe must have covered a distance on her home journey of between 1,500 and 2,000 miles.

BRITISH GAIN VICTORY.

London.—The British along the Ypres-Comines Canal have reversed the victory gained over them by the Germans February 14 by retaking the 800 yards of trenches the Germans captured at that time.

The German mine galleries in the trenches were destroyed and four officers and 176 men were taken prisoners.

French guns have destroyed a German work in the region of Beuvraignes, between the Somme and Oise Rivers.

On the western Russian front the Germans have bombarded with naval guns the villages of Laprenesh and Bigauntzen. German aeroplanes have shelled the Riga sector and have bombarde towns on the Dvina River.

Near Dvinsk the Russian lines have been bombarded with shells weighing 150 pounds.

In Galicia, on the middle Stripa front two attempts by the Germans to approach the Russian trenches were repulsed with big losses.

On the Caucasus front the Russian cavalry is closely pursuing the fleeing Turks southwest of Erzerum and increasing the number of prisoners and guns. In the direction of Bitlis the Turks are abandoning their supplies in their retreat. The Russians have occupied Kamalk and the Nekevand Covent, seven miles from Bitlis.

On the Austro-Italian front severe weather has failed to put an end to the fighting and in the Isonzo region the Italian patrols have attacked the Austrians in their trenches with rifles and grenades.

TWO DYE CARGOES FOR U. S.

Great Britain Permits $5,000,000 Shipment from Rotterdam.

Washington.—Great Britain will permit the shipment of two cargoes of dyestuffs valued at $5,000,000 from Rotterdam to the United States. Ambassador Page, at London, has advised the State Department, and officials here are hopeful that Germany will make an exception to its embargo by granting permission for exportation.

The dyes have been bought and paid for by Americans.

MALOJA DEATH LIST GROWS.

The Total Number of Persons Saved Was 301.

London.—The owners of the Peninsular and Oriental Line steamer Maloja which struck a mine and sank off Dover, announced that the total number of persons saved in the disaster was 301. Of these 72 were passengers, 92 members of the European crew and 137 men of the Lascar crew. The missing comprise 49 passengers, 20 members of the European crew and 86 La... al of 155.

Paris.—The Germans, in the great battle for Verdun, captured the village of Douaumont and extended their lines west and south but the French, in a series of counter-attacks, recovered part of their lost ground.

According to the latest dispatches, the fighting was increasing in intensity and the losses were becoming greater. The ground was reported to be covered with dead, over which the troops were rushing in their efforts to advance.

The French occupied the highest part of the mound on the slope of which the village is situated. The bombardment is violent along the entire front from the west of the Meuse to the Woevre region.

In the Verdun battle both the Germans and French are employing fresh troops. The artillery duel in the vicinity of Beaumont is terrific, and in the region of Malancourt the shelling is incessant.

The capture of Bitlis, in Turkish Armenia, about 110 miles southeast of Erzerum, by the Russians was officially announced. The city was taken by assault. The victory placed the Russians within 100 miles of the Bagdad Railroad. Bitlis has about 35,000 inhabitants and is capital of the villayet of the same name.

The army of Grand Duke Nicholas has thus covered within a little more than two weeks, more than one-fourth of the distance from Erzerum to Bagdad, which is about 500 miles.

With the capture of Bitlis the menace to the Mesopotamian capital becomes more than tangible and relief for the still surrounded main British army at Kut-el-Amara assumes the light of a possibility.

RENEW ATTACK AT VERDUN.

London.—With the announcement that the Kaiser had left the Verdun front and returned home comes the news that the Germans renewed their attacks on the great French stronghold.

In the attack on Douaumont the fort changed hands four times, until finally the Breton Corps was brought into action. They charged with irresistible clan through a storm of German shells, routed the Brandenburger Corps and drove the Germans back beyond the village of Douaumont, north of the fort.

Two thousands Brandenburgers remain in the fort, which is now well within the French lines. The French have placed a guard to wait until hunger brings the Germans out to surrender.

The sudden lull after almost two weeks of fighting is regarded by French military observers as indication that the Germans are preparing for a renewal of their assault in a gigantic scale at two distinct points—in the Meuse Heights and west of Pont-a-Mousson, in the Moselle River region, ten miles southwest of the German stronghold at Metz.

Many military experts in Paris express the opinion that the German offensive has broken down, and that the Germans were not able to advance when they got within range of the main forts around Verdun.

The French are rushing up reinforcements in a steady stream. The British are now fighting to the north of the Somme, having stretched their front between thirty and forty miles, from Lens down to the region of Amiens, to release French troops for operations against the Crown Prince's army.

PITH OF THE WAR NEWS

Shattered against the French defensive, the Kaiser's desperate drive against Verdun has been halted again.

The latest figures indicate that the futile attempt to force the Lorraine gateway which leads to Paris has cost the Germans at least 200,000 dead and wounded.

French artillery officers at Verdun estimate that in the first four days of the struggle the Germans discharged 2,000,000 shells. The French probably fired as many, making a total of 4,000,000 shells, or 1,000,000 a day.

The Russians captured at Bitlis six Turkish guns and many prisoners, among them 17 officers. The Turkish defending army is in full flight southward.

The French War Office admitted that the Teutons penetrated the French lines at Douaumont after suffering "cruel losses."

On the Russian front severe weather has caused a lull in the operations. At a few points the armies have come in contact in small engagements, but no gains or losses of any great importance have been reported.

CONGRESS ACTS ON RIGHT OF TRAVEL ON ARMED SHIPS

Forty-nine Democrats and Nineteen Republicans Vote to Table Resolution

VOTE IN SENATE 68 TO 14

Amendment Incorporated in House Measure Urging Wilson to Take No Drastic Step Before Submitting Facts to Congress.

Washington.—Resorting to the most direct legislative procedure available, the Senate by a vote of 68 to 14, removed from its calendar the Gore resolution warning Americans not to travel on armed ships of the belligerent powers.

The Foreign Affairs Committee of the House of Representatives, by a vote of 17 to 2, paved the way for the rejection of similar measures prevailing in that body.

On the third anniversary of his inauguration the President expressed complete satisfaction with the action of Congress.

By an overwhelming vote the Senate gave notice to the world that it is the sense of that body that Congress should not interfere with the Executive in the conduct of international affairs.

The two houses having thus sustained the President in his right to handle foreign affairs without interference by the law making department, Administration officials say that Mr. Wilson will be free to press his negotiations with Berlin without the fear of possible restraint by Congress.

Opinions vary as to the extent of the Administration victory in the Senate. It is agreed that as the vote was taken it did not afford opportunity for expression of sentiment on the merits of the questions as to whether Americans should be warned not to travel on armed ships.

Of the sixty-eight who thus killed the measure 49 were Democrats and 19 Republicans, in the 14 who favored the Gore resolution the Democrats were Senator O'Gorman of New York and Senator Chamberlain of Oregon. Senator Gore voted against his own motion with the view of having a chance to move for a reconsideration. Fourteen members did not vote—9 Democrats and 5 Republicans.

NEW U-BOAT WAR.

Two British Vessels Are the Victims on the Opening Day.

London.—The first day of the new Austro-German submarine war—the decree announcing destruction without warning of armed merchantmen—was ushered in by sinking of two British steamships, the Thornaby of 1,732 tons, and the Malvina, of 1,244 tons. All aboard the Thornaby are reported killed or drowned. It is believed that she was sunk in the Mediterranean. The Malvina is reported to have been torpedoed off the Kentish coast.

Neither is believed to have carried arms, even for defensive purposes.

The general opinion is that the actual campaign, as set forth in the recent German memorandum to neutrals, will not begin in any spectacular way, particularly in view of the still undetermined questions in the German-American controversy.

The Mediterranean, it is believed, will be the chief scene of the new U-boat operations, and attacks are also looked for in the Adriatic, where the Austrians, from their base, Pola, are expected to do all in their power to prevent traffic of supplies and munitions, as well as of transports between the Italian coast towns and Avlona, the next objective of the Austrian and Bulgarian invaders in Albania.

WORLD'S NEWS IN CONDENSED FORM

NEW YORK.—Colonel E. M. House, confidential envoy of President Wilson, returned from the European mission on which he departed a little more than two months ago.

LONDON.—A dispatch from Bucharest says the Queen Mother Elizabeth (Carmen Sylva) left all her property to charitable institutions.

WASHINGTON—Traffic on all street railway lines was entirely suspended as a result of the first street car strike in the history of the Capital.

TULSA, Okla.—Prices for Oklahoma and Kansas crude oil were advanced ten cents a barrel to $1.40.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va.—Captain Griffiths of the British steamer Swift Wings reported on the ship's arrival here that he was fired on twice by a mysterious ship about 600 miles off the Virginia Capes.

PITTSBURGH.—One hundred and one indictments against 100 brewing companies situated in various parts of Pennsylvania were returned by the Federal Grand Jury which has been investigating the alleged political activity of brewers.

WASHINGTON.—Joseph H. Shea, of Seymour, Ind., was nominated as Ambassador to Chili.

BLOOMINGTON

Mrs. Margaret Paugh, aged 76 years, a descendant of one of the pioneer families of this portion of the state of Maryland, died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. William Tichnell, of Chestnut Grove, on last Friday. Worn and weary, for the journey had been long, she fell asleep in death at the close of life's day in the late afternoon of Feb. 25th. She leaves a husband, Mr. Joseph Paugh, and four living children; Charles, of Barnum, William A., of Maysville, Joshua, of Blaine, and Ellen J., her daughter with whom she made her home. The last sad rites were conducted on Sunday morning at the Bethel M. E. church on the farm, where she spent her entire married life, until failing health caused her to make her home with her children. Rev. Wm. Beavers conducted the services at the church. The interment was made in the family burying grounds.

Rev A. R. Snedegar was called to Renix, W. Va., this week on account of the critical illness of his father, 62 years old, and ill with the grip.

Mr. Bosmond, of Baltimore, is the guest of friends in town this week.

Miss Ethel Green, daughter of Mr. John Green, of Brantsburg, and Mr. Floyd Fazenbaker of this place, two popular and well known people of this vicinity, were married in Cumberland on Friday, Feb. 25.

Mr. George Wolf, of Altoona, Pa., spent the week-end with relatives in town.

Mr. Harry Coffman, the hustling and wide awake Bloomington grocer, was in Cumberland on business on Thursday.

Eye Operated Upon.

Henry Wolfe, of Garrett county, is a patient at the Western Maryland Hospital, Cumberland, having recently undergone an operation on one of his eyes. On Saturday Mr. Wolfe's mother, an aged lady, died at her home in Garrett county, a few miles west of Frostburg.

Examiners' Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned appointed by the County Commissioners of Garrett County, to view the lands through which the new road is prayed to be examined commencing at Garey's gate and passing through the lands of Edith Hileman, Abell Friend and Hiram Humberson to intersect the Morgantown road at or near John Meyer's house, and examine whether the said new road should be granted will meet on the 29th day of February, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said building of said new road, and if so, to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

C. W. FRIEND,
W. F. MEYERS,
S. K. FRAZEE,
Examiners.

Examiners' Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, appointed by the County Commissioner of Garrett County, to view the lands through which the Road leading from Avilton to the Pike through the lands of Elias Arnold road, and examine whether the said road should be Relocated will meet on the 29th day of February, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said relocation of said road, and if so, to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

LEWIS H. BROADWATER,
J. O. WILHELM,
ERNEST Z. MICHAEL,
Examiners.

Settle the Silo Question and Settle it for Good

Do away with painting, repairing and tightening of hoops.

Know that your silo won't blow over.

Be sure of perfect silage at all times.

Build the worryless, efficient.

Natco Imperishable Silo. "The silo that lasts for generations."

Its hollow, vitrified, clay tile are impervious to air and moisture; they preserve the silage sweet and juicy.

The dead air space in the wall resists frost making it the silo for cold climates.

Its a silo of efficiency, and a silo you'll be proud of.

For further information address, The National Fire Proofing Company, Pittsburgh, Pa., or, W. C. DeBerry, Oakland, Md.

P. S. A liberal discount is given on silos ordered before Feb. 1st. Discount becomes smaller each succeeding month.

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All Work Guaranteed.
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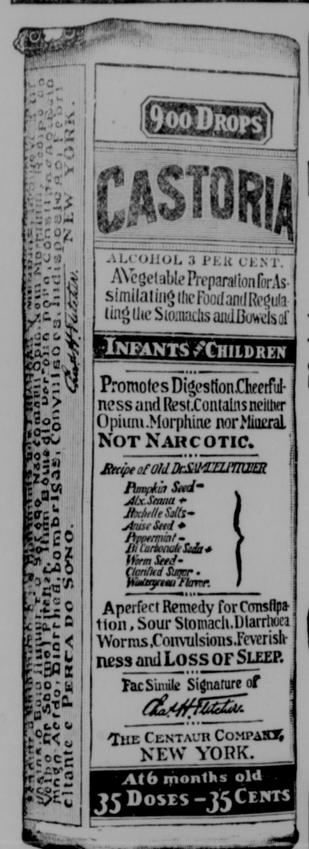

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Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. In Use For Over Thirty Years

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THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

THE CITY'S BEST MEAT MARKET

IN THE EMPIRE BUILDING.

Choice Steak, Boiling Meat, and all other kinds of meat. Highest cash price paid for Poultry and Eggs; also cash paid for Hides and Skins.

H. L. MILLER

WALTER'S OSCILLATING Sleds

ONE year's time without interest, for you to buy a pair of these genuine J. W. WALTER'S HAND MADE WHITE OAK OSCILLATING BOB SLEDS. Come and get a pair while they last. Use them all the rest of this winter and most of next before paying one cent. Workmanship and material guaranteed.

I have several pairs on hand now and they must go to make room for my new spring stock that is coming in. Yours

J. W. WALTER,

DEER PARK, MD.

The Republican--Garrett Co.'s Paper.

OFFICIAL REPORT ON MINE EXPLOSION AT KEMPTON

State Mine Inspector William Walters Issues Statement of Details.

Mine Inspector William Walters, of Allegany and Garrett Counties, after a most thorough and careful investigation of the cause of the terrible calamity in which fifteen miners lost their lives, has furnished the following report:

On February 29, 1916, at 6:40 a. m., an explosion occurred in Kempton Shaft, No. 42, located at Kempton, in Garrett county, along the Western Maryland railroad, operated by the Davis Coal and Coke Company, resulting in the death of fifteen persons. Of this number fourteen were killed outright and one died after being taken out of the mine, four others were injured, two being sent to the Davis Memorial Hospital seventy-one men were in the mine when the explosion occurred. The working and ventilation of this mine had been carefully planned having overcasts and regulators to give the required split for each section of the mine. Ventilation is produced by a large Robinson fan, capable of producing 150,000 cubic feet of air per minute against a three-inch water column. There never has been any gas detected in this mine, which is working the Lower Kittanning seam of coal. The coal runs from 4½ to 5½ feet thick.

The shaft is four hundred and twenty feet deep. The explosion occured in first left heading off dip heading and did not affect any other section of the mine.

Several men loaded their empty cars and did not know that anything had happened. There are twenty-one rooms in this heading, and judging from the conditions found after the explosion it was conclusive that it was caused by a shot. In room No. 11, the room was advancing and the last work done at face was firing a shot in the middle of the breast, the hole being against the roof 12 inches over solid and from all appearance this was the point of origin. Evidence shows force coming down the room, from the amount of coke and dust found on the inside of props and debris thrown into the middle of the road. Also the track in the top crosscut was disconnected from the force passing through. 9 sweater coat was found about 4 feet from face and in the pockets of same was found four No. 6 ditonators and two pieces of fuse 12 inches long. Jacob Zukolich's body was found nearby and was mutilated more than any found. He had been working alone in this room. There was no cut-through to No. 12 room the barrier being left solid for the benefit of drainage, which proved very lucky as no damage was done and no person hurt from No. 12 to No. 21 room.

Room No. 10 was just starting to filler adjacent barrier line. Two cars were standing in the cut-through to the left, eighteen feet apart. Some coal had been filled into the inside car and end-gates on both cars were forced in; also some coke on same. The force of the explosion evidently went through this cut-through to room No. 9. Two bodies were found in this room.

In room No. 9 was found a great deal of coke on the right side of the props, and moisture on the roof near top of the room. One body was found in this room.

In room No. 8 there were two cars in the cross-cut to the left at the top of the room. Front end of inside car was off the track. Coke in the right side of inside car; also coke on the right side of props, which was more noticable than opposite cross-cut from room No. 9. There was considerable moisture on the roof. Two bodies were found in this room.

In room No. 7 was found two cars, each off the track, with an accumulation of dust on the inside end, also a prop near the inside end of a car knocked out, showing the greater force to have come from the inside.

In room No. 5 coke was found on the right side of the props and cars. Two bodies were found at the top of this room.

In room No. 5 was found two cars near the top of room with end off the track. A large accumulation, of dust on the ends and side of the cars. The air was found somewhat foul at the face.

At the bottom of room No. 4 two dead bodies were found.

Four dead bodies were found on main, a heading, close to the bottom of the shaft.

There was no damage done in the mine except a few stoppings blown out along first left air course and heading from room No. 6 to room No. 12.

The rescue party, which done such heroic work, deserves credit for the splendid service rendered under the leadership of R. F. Maloney, general superintendent, and George Roberts, superintendent, in restoring ventilation conditions before the afterdamp reached the miners.

The mine officials took great pride in the development of this mine and were thoroughly satisfied that the same was operated under safe conditions, as the coal was properly mined, using permissable explosives for blasting and shots fired by electric batteries.

On being informed of the explosion the company's officials arranged for a special train to take me and a party to the scene, where we remained and conducted an investigation. I arrived at the scene at 4 p. m. and found that all the men were out safe and the bodies of the dead men were later taken out of the shaft and taken on a special train to Thomas, W. Va., to be prepared for burial. I immediately dispatched a telegram to Governor Harrington advising him of the disaster and that the rescue work was very satisfactory.

LOST.—A collie dog; answers to the name of "Snookie," reward will be paid if returned to Paul E. Mitchell, Oakland, Md. Advertisement.

SMALL FARM FOR SALE—Bargain. Apply to P. O. Box 73, Swanton, Md. Adv. 48 tf

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

J. LEE McCOMAS

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 3rd day of August 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 1st day of February, 1916.

H. W. McCOMAS,
Administrator,
Oakland, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters Testamentary on the estate of

GEORGE T. PORTER

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 1st day of May 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indobted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 10th day of February 1916.

FLORENCE PORTER,
Executrix,
Oakland, Md.

ORDER NISI.

Gilmor S. Hamill, Mortgagee vs. William C. Brafford.

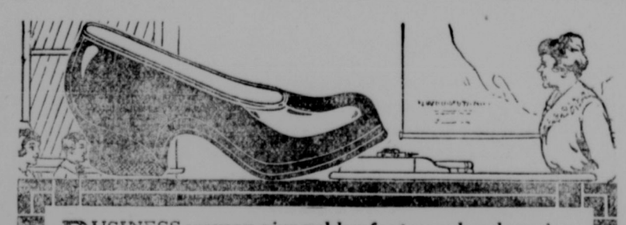
In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland. No. 2043 Equity.

It is ordered by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in equity, this 12th day of February, 1916, that the sale of the property mentioned in these proceedings as made and reported by Gilmor S. Hamill, mortgagee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 17th day of March, next; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed in Garrett County once in each of three successive weeks before the 10th day of March, next.

The report states the amount of sale to be $500.00.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.



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That's why school teachers, saleswomen, stenographers, etc., show a decided preference for Hub-Mark Rubber Footwear.

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The World's Standard Rubber Footwear

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WEEK'S EVENTS IN NEWSY ITEMS

What the World Is Doing Told in Condensed Form.

MOVES IN THE GREAT WAR

Battles in Europe's Gigantic Struggle —Affairs at the Nation's Capital —Happenings in All Corners of the Country.

War Bulletins

Spread of disease after war is feared by British commission which has been investigating social ills.

The drive on Verdun was renewed, but attacks were beaten back, declares Paris. Berlin says French made more vain efforts to regain Fort Douaumont.

The British Admiralty officially made public the Admiralty orders to armed merchantmen given October 20, 1915. The orders say that the armament of such vessels must be used solely for resisting an attack by an armed vessel and for no other purpose.

Sweden has decided to prevent citizens of any belligerent country from addressing public gatherings in Sweden during the war.

A Copenhagen newspaper estimates that Swedish shipping to the amount of 50,000 tons has been destroyed by German submarines. The lost ships were valued at $2,000,000.

Standing on a hill four miles north of Fort Douaumont, Kaiser Wilhelm watched for six hours the bloody struggle for possession of the fort, according to German prisoners.

With the lessening of the activity of the contending forces to the north of Verdun, the French in the Woevre region, east of Verdun, are using their artillery to break up German preparations for further advances toward the fortress.

British married men between the ages of 25 and 32 will be called to the colors the first week in April.

That trenches have literally been scrapped and the long-drawn field fortress deadlock displaced by an old-fashioned pitched battle is the great lesson of the German attempt to take Verdun.

Accounts of the fighting at Verdun in German newspapers received here pay high tribute to the cunning of the defense works constructed by the French.

Washington

President Wilson has designated Col. William Black as chief of engineers of the Army.

Oliver B. Harriman of New York has been designated as secretary to the American Embassy in Berlin.

Frederico Alphonso Pezet, minister from Peru, called at the White House to give President Wilson his formal farewell. Minister Pezet has resigned because his government is unable to pay his salary.

President Wilson startled Congress by calling for a showdown on his submarine policy. The President wrote to the acting chairman of the rules committee of the House urging an early vote on the resolutions now pending, which warn Americans from traveling on armed merchant vessels.

"No enemy merchantman is to be torpedoed without warning unless the presence of armament on board such vessel is proved." This assurance on behalf of the German Government was given to the United States Government.

Confirmation was received by the Department of Justice of the report that Felix Diaz had left the United States for Mexico to start a new revolution.

General

Gasline tank wagon basis, was advanced 1 cent a gallon to 20 cents at Memphis.

England has discontinued the purchase of horses and mules for war purposes in the United States.

Americans stranded in Europe at the beginning of the war, who obtained money from the United States to return home with, and have failed to repay it, will be sued by the government.

The Alabama Progressive Executive Committee called a State convention in Birmingham May 17 to elect national delegates, and adopted resolutions urging that the Progressives and Republicans nominate the same candidate for President.

New Orleans' 1916 Mardi Gras Carnival was opened with an illuminated pageant of the Knights of Momus, in which the mythical story "Pinocchio, the Tale of a Marionette," was portrayed.

Five million bushels of May wheat have been bought by Minneapolis milling interest in the last week as prices tumbled according to estimates of Minneapolis Chamber of Commerce traders.

Fire of mysterious origin caused $2,000 damage to the office of the managing editor of the Providence (R. I.) Journal.

The Budget of the City of Chicago calls for $71,000,000. This compares with $91,000,000 in 1915. The reduction is said to be more apparent than real.

An act giving citizens of the United States preference over aliens in employment on public works was upheld by the Massachusetts Supreme Court.

Twelve hundred machinists employed in Buffalo, N. Y., plants went on strike, demanding better pay, and no Sunday work.

Col. Walter H. Taylor, adjutant to Gen. Robert E. Lee during the Civil War, died at Norfolk, Va., aged 74.

A report from Richmond states that the du Pont Powder Co. will establish a giant plant in that section.

The town hall at Holbrook, Mass., was burned at a loss of $25,000.

The superdreadnaught Nevada was formally delivered to officers at the Navy Yard at Quincy, Mass.

The bodies of six dead were found in the ruins of a farmhouse owned by M. Creed near Taloga, Okla., which was burned to the ground, while Creed and his family slept.

Sixty thousand tons of canned pineapples will be shipped to the mainland by the growers of Hawaii this year.

The Southern Pacific will spend nearly $5,500,000 in improvements on its lines in Texas and Louisiana this year.

Six men were killed, and nine are entombed in the Davis Coal & Coke Co., mine No. 42 at Kempton, W. Va., which was wrecked by a dust explosion.

Damage of $50,000 was caused when a building of the New England Manufacturing Co., at Woburn, Mass., blew up. The plant was making gases for the Allies.

Effective, voluntary wage increases of approximately 10 per cent have been made in the dyeing establishments of Paterson, N. J.

The Westinghouse Air Brake is reported to be turning out 5,000 shells daily for the Allies at its plant at Wilmerding.

An order for 50 Pacific type locomotives was placed with the American Locomotive Co., by the New Haven road.

Authority has been granted to Receiver Bush of the Missouri Pacific Railroad to spend $1,300,000 for improvements.

Former Representative Richmond P. Hobson will be a candidate for Congress from the new 10th district in Alabama.

Following England's refusal to supply Greece with sulphate of copper, the latter country has asked the United States for the needed supplies.

A train made up of 50 freight cars, carrying 2,400,000 cans of salmon, most of which is destined for Europe, is on the way from Seattle to New York over the Union Pacific system.

The 3,000 employes of the American Brass Co., at Ansonia, Conn., who went on strike for more pay, returned to work after they were granted a 15 per cent wage increase.

Sporting

Notre Dame defeated Oklahoma Agricultural College, 984 to 941, in a rifle contest which closed at South Bend, Ind. This is the ixth shoot to be won by Notre Dame this year.

Charles H. (Heine) Wagner, of New Rochelle, N. Y., former shortstop of the Boston Americans, signed a contract to manage the Hartford baseball team in the new Eastern League.

Eddie Grant, a utility infielder of the Giants, retired from baseball for the purpose of devoting his time to his law practice in Boston.

Gilmour Dobie, who has had marked success as football coach at the University of Washington for eight years, has agreed to stay another season.

One of George Stallings' pennant winning schemes is carrying two sets of outfielders, on the Boston National right handers to bat against left handed pitchers and left handers to bat against pitchers of the dexter hand.

Six-day racing in Chicago and Kansas City has proved so unsuccessful under the management of Packey McFarland and his associates that the meets planned to be held at St. Louis, Milwaukee, and San Francisco have been canceled.

The New York Giants started spring training at Marlin, Tex.

Foreign

A warning against travel on armed merchantmen has been issued to Swedish citizens by their government.

William F. Kelley, American consul at Rome, was found dead in the consulate there. He is thought to have died of heart disease.

A bill providing for confiscation of property of persons who have evaded duty with the French army was introduced in the Chamber of Deputies.

The police of Shanghai, China, discovered five cases of artillery ammunition at the bottom of a well in the garden of a German, who is said to have planned to ship it to India.

Two hundred members of the German colony at Lisbon, Portugal, left for Spain. Most of the German business houses in Lisbon were closed.

As a result of the meat shortage, the Russian Ministry of Agriculture, issued an order stating that meat may be eaten only on five days.

Holland's cost of mobilization up to January, 1916, is estimated at $103,000,000 by the Dutch War Minister.

Carmen Sylva, the Dowager Queen of Rumania, is dead at her palace at Bucharest of bronchitis.

Denmark has placed an embargo on coffee.

HOUSE BILL GIVES ARMY OF 1,324,790

Cost to the Nation to Be $141,704,846 Annually

CALLS FOR 170,000 REGULARS

Provide That Number of Men for Use at Once—Figures from Bureau Hearings Disclose Equipment on Hand for From 400,000 to 500,000.

Washington.—The Administration Army Reorganization bill, providing the land defense part of the preparedness program, was reported to the House by Chairman Hay, of the Military Affairs Committee.

The report asserts that upon the passage of the measure there will be made available 1,324,790 men trained for military service. This force is made up as follows:

Regulars, peace time	140,000
Regular Army Reserve	60,000
National Guard	129,000
Trained men in country	995,790
Total	1,324,790

The bill provides for the increase of the regular army by 40,000 men and 7,439 officers, besides officers for training the militia and students in military schools.

Like the Senate measure, the House bill provides for the expansion and reorganization of the National Guard as a defense force. The cost of the House committee's plan when carried out is estimated at $141,704,846, an increase of approximately $46,000,000 of the regular army estimates for the fiscal year 1917. The estimated cost of the plan for the first year is $116,090,000 and at the end of the fifth year $137,000,000.

The House bill also provides for the following:

The doubling of the number of cadets at West Point; improved military training schools and colleges where army officers are detailed.

An officers' reserve corps.

Summer camps.

The authorization of a plant for the manufacture of nitrogen.

The mobilization of industries.

General Aleshire, Quartermaster-General of the army, says there is on hand now equipment enough to supply the regular army, the National Guard and 250,000 men in addition and that in ninety days there could easily be provided equipment for from 600,000 to 700,000 men.

PRESIDENT ENTERS DENIAL

Senator Gore's Statement Brings a Disclaimer from White House.

Washington.—These are the important developments in the submarine situation:

Senator Gore, of Oklahoma, one of the Democratic leaders, startled the Senate by charging that President Wilson had told Senators Stone and Kern that unless Germany backed down on the submarine issue he would sever diplomatic relations; that war probably would follow; and that this might not necessarily be an evil to the United States, as it would bring the European struggle to a conclusion by mid-summer, and render a great service to civilization.

Senator Gore challenged Sen. Stone, chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee, and Senator Kern to deny that the President had made the extraordinary remarks attributed to him. Senator Stone entered a partial denial, and Senator Kern did not respond to the challenge.

The White House issued an unqualified denial of any utterance on the part of the President to which any such meaning could be attached as was set forth by the blind senator from Oklahoma.

From an authoritative source it was learned that the President, in this conference with members of Congress, had said that a diplomatic break with Grmany would follow the torpedoing of an armed merchant vessel with loss of American life, and that it had been represented to this Government that such a break would probably mean war.

WENDEL LEFT $12,000,000.

Estate of "Hermit of Fifth Avenue," Overrated, Appraiser Says.

White Plains, N. Y.—State Transfer Tax Appraiser William C. Clark of Mount Vernon, said that the statements that the late John G. Wendel, who was called the "Millionaire Hermit of Fifth Avenue," Manhattan, left an estate of $50,000,000, were incorrect.

"Figures submitted to me show that Mr. Wendel owned about $12,000,000," said Mr. Clark.

UNITE FOR SUGAR REPEAL.

House Committee Is Unanimous for Retention of Duty.

Washington.—The unusual incident of Democratic and Republican members of the Ways and Means Committee joining in a unanimous report on a revenue bill occurred here. The committee unanimously reported the Democratic bill for the repeal of the free sugar clause of the Underwood tariff law. The bill, if enacted, will retain the present duty of about 1 cent a pound on sugar.

HOYES.

After March coming in as a roaring lion and continuing almost a week of fierce weather, to-day (Tuesday) is sunshine and warm. The large snow drifts are melting very rapidly, making traveling anything but pleasant.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Mitchell, of Oakland, came to Hoyes Monday evening, and spent the night and Tuesday with Thomas Bishoff and family.

Miss Oscie Casteel, accompanied by Prof. John Holman, of Friendsville, were guests of Mrs. Mattingly and daughter last Sunday.

Rev. Stephen conducted preaching services at this place Sunday morning after which he dined with Charles Callis and family.

William Enlow was calling on friends at North Glade several days last week.

Taylor Savage recently moved on and took charge of W. A. Smith's farm.

Thomas Bishoff and wife and Miss Mary Koontz were dinner guests at the home of J. Arthur DeWitt Sunday.

Mr. Freeman DeWitt, who has been seriously ill with erysipelas for the past two months, is slowly improving.

Wm. Mattingly and son, Owen, took several fine horses to Uniontown this week.

Mrs. D. O. DeWitt entertained some of her friends one afternoon recently. Among them were Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Custer, Mrs. Asa Friend and the Misses Grace and Margaret Friend and Auburn Smith.

J. Wesley Callis visited the home of his parents several evenings last week to see his brother who has been very ill with mumps.

Henry Hauser left here Saturday for Shaffer where he has employment as a teamster for The Kendall Lumber Co. He will move his family to that place in the near future.

Clifford Enlow took advantage of the good sleighing Sunday evening by driving to Thayerville to visit his sister, Mrs. Earl Dodge.

Mrs. Christina Mattingly and children were visiting her brother Frances McGettigan one day last week.

Rufus Enlow has returned from Zion City, Ill., where he was called by the serious illness of his wife of pneumonia fever. Mr. Enlow expects to sell his farm near here and join his family at that place again soon.

GORTNER

As we have not seen any news from Gortner for quite a while, we will pen a few of the latest happenings.

Our school is progressing nicely under the skiltul management of Mr. William Kolb.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Sanders were visiting the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Sanders.

Miss Emma Burkholder, who has been ill for some time, we are glad to say is improving.

C. F. Sanders is hauling lime stone for P. P. Gortner.

Mr. W. H. Smouse, who has been ill, is improving.

There was a large crowd attended the literary at this place Wednesday night. All reported a good time but we were sorry for our teacher Mr. William Kolb, who was called away by the death of his uncle and our entertainment went on under the management of the Sunnyside school teacher, Mr. Harry Turney, and we thank him for his help.

Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Smouse's little daughter, Sadie, has been very ill.

Mr. C. C. Sanders and D. O. Collins, of Oakland, were callers at Deer Park Saturday evening.

Miss Birdie Spiker was calling on Miss Reba Shaffer at W. H. Smouse's Tuesday afternoon.

Mr. H. N. Turney was a caller at C. L. Wamsley's Sunday evening.

Earle Hauger and Mark Gauer, who are employed at the Kendell Lumber Co., at Crellin, were in Gortner Sunday.

Our hustling young friend, Ernest Gortner, has been busy the past week taking orders for the Reo car.

Willie Dodge took a flying trip to Friendsville Tuesday and was accompanied home by his lady friend.

Mr. and Mrs. Simon Swartzentruber has returned home from Pennsylvania, where they attended the wedding of her sister.

Mr. Jacob Swartzentruber is employed at W. H. Smouse's.

Mr. W. C. Welch is busy hauling lime rock and coal.

The people around here were very busy Monday morning opening the state road which has been closed ever since the snow storm of last Saturday and Sunday.

NOTICE

I have given up the Ford Automobile agency, and anyone contemplating the purchase of a Ford will do well to see me before my stock is gone or wait for the big Ford sale which will be advertised later. I have just received 16 new cars—five Roadsters and 11 Touring, to be sold in the next two weeks. This is your opportunity—not mine.

Adv. J. P. TREACY.

FOR SALE—One Sterling Thresher, 16h. p. I. H. C. Gasoline Engine; 1 rebuilt I. H. C. auto Truck. For prices and terms, write or call upon R. M. Holman, Friendsville, Md, 3t*tf

Mortgagee's Sale
OF A
Valuable Farm
Situated in Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage from William Taylor Lewis and wife to the undersigned mortgagee, dated the 9th day of February, in the year 1912, I will on

SATURDAY
the 25th day of March, '16

at the hour of two o'clock p. m. of said day in front of the Court House in the town of Oakland, Maryland, offer for sale the following property:

First. All that lot of ground containing the quantity of Five acres, more or less, and being the same lot of ground which was conveyed to the said William Taylor Lewis by deed from Daniel Lewis and wife dated the 29th day of November, 1902, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 44, folio 92, etc. one of the Land Records of Garrett county.

Second. All that other lot of ground containing the quantity of one hundred and thirty-three and one-half acres of land, and being the same lot of ground which was conveyed to the said William Taylor Lewis by deed from Perry M. Stemple and wife dated the 25th day of January, 1912, which deed is duly recorded among the Land Records of Garrett county.

Third. All that other lot of ground containing the quantity of four acres and sixty perches, and being the same lot of ground which was conveyed to the said William Taylor Lewis by deed from Walter Speicher and wife, dated the 30th day of October, 1909, which deed is duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 59, folio 292, etc, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, except that portion of said land sold to Newton Reams.

Saving and excepting from this sale the quantity of 32½ acres and 60 perches of land, heretofore conveyed by the said William Taylor Lewis and wife to Walter Spiker by deed dated the 9th, day of August 1912, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 64, folio 208, etc., one of the Land Records of Garrett county.

Also saving and excepting from this sale the quantity of 13½ acres of land heretofore conveyed by William Taylor Lewis and wife to William R. Montgomery by deed dated the 11th, day of August 1913 and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 66, folio 510, etc., one of the Land Records of Garrett county.

Said property is improved by a good dwelling house and all necessary out building and is one of the best properties in the county.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on the day of sale, but if any responsible party desires to purchase the same he can do so by paying one third cash, the balance to be divided into two equal installments payable in one and two years from date of sale by the purchaser giving his notes bearing interest from date.

GILMOR S. HAMILL,
Mortgagee.

SHERIFF'S SALE
OF VALUABLE
Real Estate
located in Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of the Circuit Court for Garrett county, Maryland, at the suit of The Second National Bank of Parkersburg, West Virginia, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of John T. McGraw, the same being No. 17 Judicials to September Term, 1915, on the Docket of said Court, and to the undersigned, then Sheriff of Garrett county, directed, I hereby give notice, that on

SATURDAY,
the 1st day of April, 1916,

at the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., on the premises, in the village of Deer Park, Garrett county, Maryland, I will offer for sale and sell to the highest bidder or bidders, all the right, title, interest and estate of the said John T. McGraw, in and to the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in Garrett county, Maryland, to-wit:

1. All that part of the tract of land called "Peace and Plenty," containing 57 acres, more or less, being the same property which was conveyed to the said John T. McGraw by Henry G. Davis and wife by deed dated June 30, 1900, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 38, folio 564, etc., one of the Land Records of Garrett county aforesaid, together with the right to use the water from the spring commonly called the "Boiling Spring," and which right was conveyed by said deed, saving and excepting 4-10 of an acre of the above described land which was conveyed to the Real Estate and Improvement Company of Baltimore City by the said John T. McGraw by deed dated September 24, 1908, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 50, folio 226, one of the Land Records of Garrett County aforesaid.

2. All that other piece or parcel of ground containing 1-11 acres and being the same land which was conveyed to the said John T. McGraw by the Real Estate and Improvement Company of Baltimore City, by deed dated November 11, 1907, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 58, folio 170, one of the Land Records of Garrett County aforesaid.

3. All that lot of ground containing 49½ square rods, and being the same which was conveyed to the said John T. McGraw by Henry Bobet and wife, by deed dated March 28, 1902, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 40, folio 504, one of the Land Records of Garrett County aforesaid.

4 All that other lot of ground known as the "Schoolfield Property," containing 45 square rods and being the same land which was conveyed to the said John T. McGraw by Frances Chidister by deed dated March 29, 1902, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 40, folio 505, one of the Land Records of Garrett County aforesaid.

5. All that other lot of ground known as the "Michael Garrett" lot, containing 97½ square rods, and being the same land which was conveyed to the said John T. McGraw by Michael J. Garrett and wife by deed dated April 11, 1902, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 40, folio 513, one of the Land Records of Garrett County aforesaid.

6. All that other lot of land containing 10,650 square feet, and being the same land which was conveyed to the said John T. McGraw by W. C. Jones and wife, by deed dated April 21, 1902, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 40, folio 555, one of the Land Records of Garrett County aforesaid.

This property is beautifully located at Deer Park and constitutes with its improvements the summer home of John T. McGraw, and was in part the former summer home of Senator Henry G. Davis, and with its buildings, tenant houses, barns and other outbuildings, is one of the most attractive properties in Garrett county, and said real estate will be sold to pay and satisfy said writ of fieri facias and the costs thereon accrued.

TERMS OF SALE: Cash on the day of sale.

BERT C. SCOTT,
Late Sheriff of Garrett County.

Notice of Municipal Election.

Notice is hereby given to the qualified voters of the town of Oakland that an Election will be held on

Monday March 13, 1916,

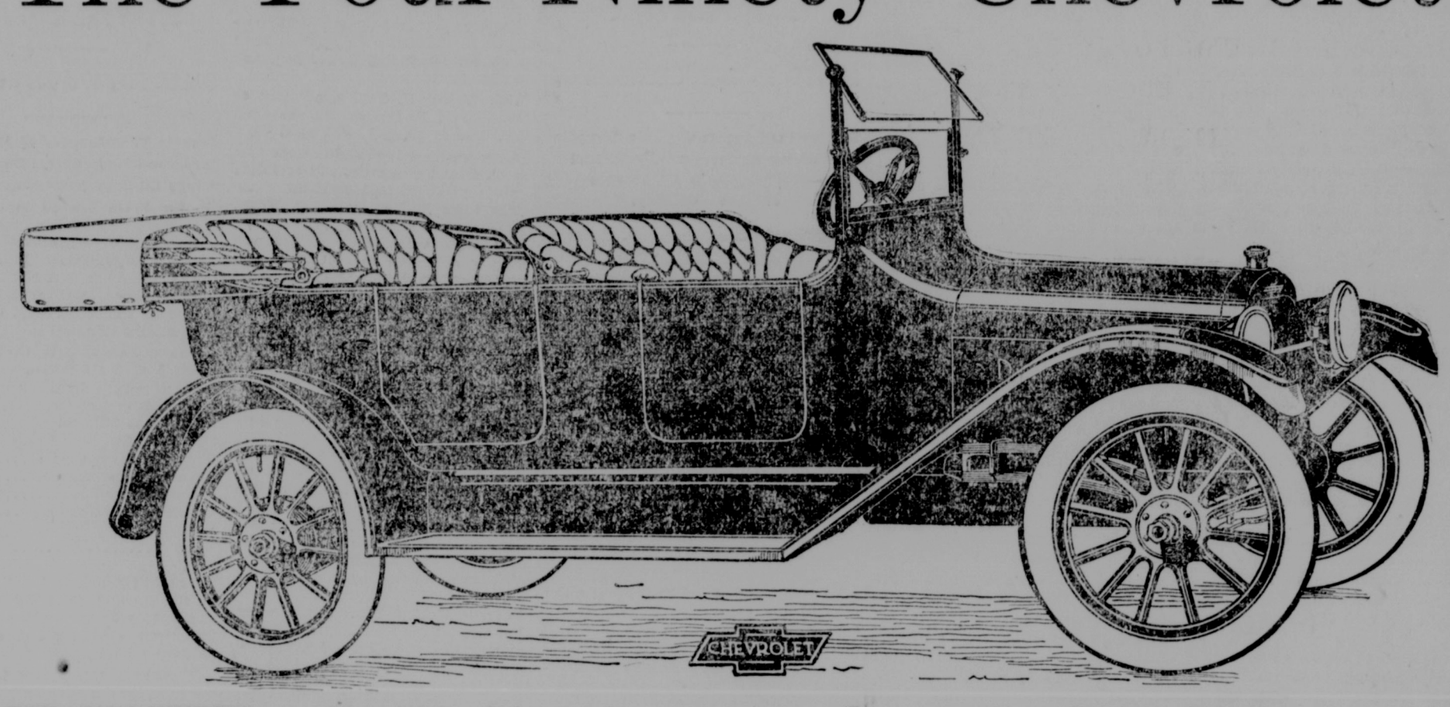
for the purpose of electing—
One person to serve as Mayor of the town of Oakland for the term of two years.
Three persons to serve as members of the Town Council of Oakland for the term of two years.
The polls will be held in the Council Chamber, First National Bank Building, from 8 o'clock a. m. until 6 o'clock p. m.

By order of Council,
J. B. CHEUVRONT, Clerk, protem.

We Carry in Stock
TIRES
TUBES
SHOCK ABSORBERS
CHAINS
SPARK PLUGS
DRY CELLS
TIRETITE
And many other accessories at the
OAKLAND GARAGE,
Prest-O-Lite Exchange,
Oakland, Maryland.

FOR SALE—One Sterling Thresher. 16h. p. I. H. C. Gasoline Engine; 1 rebuilt I. H. C. auto Truck. For prices and terms, write or call upon R. M. Holman, Friendsville, Md, 3t*tf

The "Four-Ninety" Chevrolet



THE "FOUR-NINETY" is a real automobile. It has a quiet, powerful, VALVE-IN-HEAD Motor. It has looks—it has style—it is beautifully finished and rides like a cradel.

THE "FOUR-NINETY" has the following novel and superior features not found in any other car built:

(1) Shock-absorbing duplex front springs; (2) Self-lubricating clutch collar; (3) Hub construction with triple-size bearings, preventing "wabble" of wheels and wear on tires; (4) Compound spur steering gear attached to body—the simplest and safest ever invented; (5) Unit power plant carrying transmission on open brackets, which gives accessibility to clutch and allows removal of all transmission, if necessary, in twenty minutes. (Patents granted or applied for on the above.)

BESIDES THESE EXCLUSIVE FEATURES, THE "FOUR-NINETY" HAS

(1) Steamline front; (2) Crown fenders; (3) Cellular radiator; (4) Body with flush sides and concealed hinges; (5) Three-speed transmission; (6) Three-quarter floating axle; (7) The world-famous Zenith carburetor.

OTHER THINGS WORTH KNOWING

THE "FOUR-NINETY" does not have a single hinged joint to squeak or a spring shackle to rattle—and you will find only six grease cups on the entire car.

READ THIS OVER TWICE

WHAT MORE DO YOU WANT FOR $490.00?

These cars may bs inspected at Lawton's Garage. Upon request demonstrations will gladly be given. Write for booklet describing these cars to

John J. Sweeney, Dealer, Oakland, Maryland.

$6,000 Worth
OF
FURNITURE

Having sold my Dry Goods, Notion and Grocery business to Shaffer & Bush, I now offer my entire stock of Furniture, Carpets, Matting, etc., at a discount of 20 per cent. This means a saving of 30 per cent. to the purchaser as all household goods have advanced 10 to 20 per cent. in the last two months.

Sale will start Saturday, March 4th, and continue for two weeks.

If you need household goods now is the time to buy them.

Thanking the public for past patronage and soliciting a continuance of the same, I beg to remain,

Yours very truly,
D. E. BOLDEN.

Terms Cash

MEN WANTED
Steady Work
Good Wages

Miners, Mine Laborers and Coke Drawers are needed at mines near Uniontown and Connellsville, Fayette County, Pa., and Mount Pleasant, Westmoreland County, Pa.

Drivers, Tracklayers and Timbermen now earning	$3.05	per day
Coke Drawers now earning	3.00	per day
Pick Miners now earning $3.00 to	4.00	per day
Machine coal loaders now earning	5.00	per day
Machine runners now earning	6.00	per day

Other labor paid in proportion.

Good houses are provided for employes, many of them lighted by electricity. Plants located along street car lines and close to town, schools and churches.

Cars Plentiful

THE REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME 41. OAKLAND, MARYLAND THURSDAY, MARCH 16, 1916. NUMBER 3

GOVERNOR GOLDSBOROUGH IN THE SENATORIAL RACE

Started His Campaign This Week and Will Be Kept Busy.

Former Governor Phillips Lee Goldsborough, candidate for the Republican nomination for United States Senator, started this week on his campaign that will bring him in personal contact with nearly every Republican voter in Maryland. He has planned a long speaking tour that will take him to all sections of the State between now and the primary election on May 1.

With each passing day, the candidacy of Mr. Goldsborough gains momentum. Answering the requests from members of the Republican party from e ery part of the State, including many who were formerly allied with the Progressive Party, that he become a Senatorial candidate, he has received so many assurances of support that he feels that his candidacy not only meets with the approval of a large majority of the Republicans of the State, but there is a general demand for the nomination of Mr. Goldsborough from the rank and file of the party.

"I have been in touch personally and by letter," said Mr. Goldsborough, "with representative citizens of every county in the State, as well as the City of Baltimore, and I am greatly gratified over the encouraging offers of help I received on all sides.

"It will be my purpose to make a vigorous and active campaign throughout the State, and with the help of my friends and those interested in the future of the Republican Party, present to every Republican voter of every shade of opinion, what the issues involved in the primary are.

"To my mind the vast body of voters will recognize the duty of participating in the primary election. The fundamental reason for the direct primary is to be found, in that the people themselves have the say as to whom will be their candidate for public office."

Irrespective of party affiliation, the record of Mr. Goldsborough as Governor has been endorsed on all sides. Men in every walk of life and of every political creed, commend the Goldsborough administration through a firm belief that while in office Mr. Goldsborough labored earnestly and conscientiously for the welfare of the people and advocated all measures that tended to promote the general welfare of the State.

The Goldsborough administration, combined with the personal makeup of the man himself, have caused leading Democrats to intimate that Mr. Goldsborough would be the strongest nominee to oppose their candidate in the general election. In fact it is conceded on all sides that Mr. Goldsborough is the strongest candidate that can be produced for the nomination of Senator by the Republicans, particularly at this time.

His record as Governor of Maryland has probably never been equalled. In this connection, The Baltimore News, in an editorial on January 12 last, said:

"Governor Goldsborough leaves office with the best wishes of the people of Maryland. He has been a kindly Governor, a man who disliked to hurt even his opponents. He has made few enemies, those within his own party being due to factional rather than personal reasons. The State can find in his record much to congratulate itself upon.

"He co-operated in whatever endeavors were made to give the State progressive government. He stood in the way of few good laws, and applied himself diligently to the work alloted to him. His choice of men who have to do with the enforcement of the election laws has never been instigated by desire to win partisan advantage. Few men have left office with higher personal regard of the public which intrusted them with office, and we are sure there are few who supported Mr. Goldsborough four years ago who regret their action."

FOR RENT—Three unfurnished rooms. J. G. Mealy, Oakland. Adv.

REV. D. HARRISON FRIEND DIED LAST THURSDAY

One of Garrett County's Oldest and Best Known Residents, Answered Final Call.

Rev. D. Harrison Friend, of Sang Run, died at his home there on last Thursday, March 9th, after a life of nearly a century spent on the spot where he was born.

Mr. Friend was born on March 27th, 1825, and was the son of John Friend, one of the early settlers of Garrett county, who first resided at Friendsville, arriving there about the year 1798, later going up the river to Sang Run, where he settled and raised his family.

Mr. Friend was united in marriage to Mary Ann Riley on January 11th, 1855, whom he survived nineteen years. To them seven children were born, those surviving being Mrs. D. S. Custer, of Friendsville, Mrs. A. R. Fearer, of Terra Alta, W. Va., and Mr. J. Alvin Friend, of Sang Run, with whom the deceased made his home for the past number of years. He is also survived by seven grandchildren. For more than two-thirds of a century Mr. Friend was a local preacher of the M. E. Church and by both precept and example he led the way of right living and true obedience to the moral as well as civil law. He was a kind and devoted father; sympathizing, helpful and encouraging to those in adversity.

His funeral took place at Sang Run Sunday afternoon and was largely attended by relatives and friends from every section of the county.

Do You Know That

Four per cent of the inhabitants of certain sections of the South have malaria?

The United States Public Health Servics has trapped 615,744 rodents in New Orleans in the past 18 months?

The careless sneezer is the great grip spreader?

Open air is the best spring tonic?

Typhoid fever is a disease peculiar to man?

Measles kills over 11,000 American children annually?

There has not been a single case of yellow fever in the United States since 1905?

Bank Statement Called.

The comptroller of the Currency issued a call on Monday for a statement from the National banks of the country showing their condition as of March 7th. In compliance with the demand of the Comptroller the Oakland banks publish in these columns today statements showing their conditions as of the above date.

FOR SALE—One Sterling Thresher. 16h. p. I. H. C. Gasoline Engine; 1 rebuilt I. H. C. auto Truck. For prices and terms, write or call upon R. M. Holman, Friendsville, Md. 3t*tf

MR. GEORGE GIESSMAN ELECTED MAYOR MONDAY

With Republican Council, D. E. Bolden and Samuel Aronhalt, and R. H. West, Democrat.

Monday witnessed the hottest contested municipal election ever held in Oakland when the Republicans came off victorious, electing their candidate for Mayor and two of the three City Councilmen.

The Republican ticket was nominated at a meeting held on last Tnursday evening at the Council Chamber, when Mr. George Giessman was nominated for Mayor and Messrs. D. E. Bolden, E. G. Naylor and Samuel Aronhalt were named for Councilmen.

The Democrats held their convention on Friday night and named Dr. B. F. Selby for Mayor and the following as their councilmanic candidates: Messrs. Stuart F. Hamill, R. Harry West and William G. Hinebaugh.

The result of the election places the Republicans in power for the next year at least, the Council standing now four Republicans, two Democrats and a Republican Mayor.

The vote on Monday was as follows:

For Mayor

George Giessman, R.	135
Dr. B. F. Selby, D.	131

For Councilmen

DeCoursey E. Bolden, R.	145
E. G. Naylor, R.	122
Samuel Aronhalt, R.	167
S. F. Hamill, D.	101
R. Harry West, D.	135
W. G. Hinebaugh, D.	118

NOTICE

I have given up the Ford Automobile agency, and anyone contemplating the purchase of a Ford will do well to see me before my stock ie gone or wait for the big Ford sale which will be advertised later. I have just received 16 new cars—five Roadsters and 11 Touring, to be sold in the next two weeks. This is your opportunity—not mine.

Adv. J. P. TREACY.

O. H. S. NOTES.

News From The Oakland Temple Of Learning.

To-morrow afternoon (Friday) the Lancastrian Literary Society will render the following programme in honor of St. Patrick:

Song.....By the school
Select Reading.....Clara Bush
Joint Debate: Resolved, That a dog is more useful than a gun. Affirmative, Townshend Naylor; Negative, Carleton Hinebaugh.
Vocal Solo.....Louise Chance
Quotational Contest.....Carrie Mann and Lucy Trickett
Recitation.....Carol Miller
Piano Duet.....Lorena Falkenstein and Louise Harned
Recitation.....Robert Porter
Reading of Lancastrian News.....Gerald Tanner
Song.....By the school
Remarks.....Miss Hanna
Song.....By the school

In addition to the above numbers there will be selections by people outside of school. All friends of the school are invited to be present.

Last Wednesday Mr. Bender read to the school a humorous story entitled, "Our First Burglar."

On Thursday of last week the boys' basket ball team of Keyser came to Oakland to play the O. G. S. Team. While in town they visited our high school.

Last Friday Miss Breyfogle gave us an interesting talk on "Household Bacteriology." The following is the essence of her talk: The smallest and simplest of plants are the bacteria. They are so small that they cannot be seen without the aid of a powerful microscope. They live in the soil, air, water and foodstuffs. Some of these bacteria are of great value to man, while others are a great source of danger to man and animals. Bacteria are divided into two classes, the harmful and useful. The useful consist of the yeasts, and the germs that enable us to make butter and cheese out of cream and milk. The harmful are the disease germs, which we should be careful to subdue. She also gave us some valuable pointers as to how to prevent the spread of these disease germs.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Harned entertained the Senior class Tuesday evening.

Donald Sincell is absent from school on account of the mumps.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Second National Bank

OF CUMBERLAND

In the State of Maryland, at the close of business March 7th, 1916.

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans and Discounts	$2,113,571 91	Capital Stock	$200,000 00
United States Bonds	240,000 00	Surplus, Undivided profits	356,270 76
Other Bonds, Securities Etc.	377,755 00	Circulation	197,200 00
Banking House and other Real Estate	50,794 81	Deposits	2,712,171 69
Due From Reserve Agents and other Banks	489,367 82		
Cash	184,152 91		
Redemption Fund	10,000 00		
	$3,465,642 45		$3,465,642 45

DIRECTORS:

D. ANNAN L. M. SHEPHERD ROBERT R. HENDERSON
JAMES CLARK W. BLADEN LOWNDES O. C. GEPHART
TASKER G. LOWNDES JOHN KEATING
JOHN SCHWARZENBACH

D. ANNAN, Pres't.
W. BLADEN LOWNDES, TASKER G. LOWDES, Vice Presidents
D. F. KUYKENDALL, Cashier.

THREE PER CENT INTEREST PAID ON SAVINGS DEPOSITS

D. M. Dixon & Co.

D. M. Dixon & Co., received a car load of the following which we can offer below the present market prices:

One Car 2 and 3 Ply Rubber Roofing

One Car Cement

One Car of Wove and Barb Wire

One Car of Salt

Will exchange any of the above for Good Potatoes, Wheat, Butter, Eggs, Cross Ties and Props.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

Whetsell & Browning

Deer Park's Best Store

CLEAN UP SALE ON

Ladies White Dress Goods

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Many Bargains For You

We Keep the Deacon Lamp Supply

Butter 30 cents, Potatoes $1.00 per bushel, and Eggs highest market price.

GET RIGHT. TRY US ONCE

Offutt's

Grass Seeds!

Just received a large shipment of the following Seeds, which we will sell at a low price:

"Pine Tree" Timothy
Medium and Alsike Clover
Fancy Kentucky Blue Grass
Choice Orchard Grass
Alfalfa

We have unloaded a car of Tennessee Raw

PHOSPHATE ROCK

$9.75

OFFUTTS'

OAKLAND'S BIG STORE

HENRY G. DAVIS DEAD

Former Senator Expires In Washington; Was 93.

Former United States Senator Henry Gassaway Davis, of West Virginia, Vice-Presidential candidate on the Parker Democratic ticket in 1904, died at Washington at 1:45 A. M. Saturday, after a brief illness. He was 93 years old.

Mr. Davis was stricken with grip about a fortnight ago while on a visit to his daughter, Mrs. Stephen B. Elkins, and was unable to withstand the attack.

Interment was made at Elkins, W. Va., home of the former Senator.

Henry Gassaway Davis' career was a remarkable and distinguished one. When he ran for the Vice-Presidency he was the oldest candidate ever known for that office. If Mr. Davis had been elected, the end of his term would have found him strong mentally and physically, and, indeed a second and even a third term of office would have passed with his mind and body still undanted.

Mr. Davis was born at Woodstock, Md., November 16, 1823, and received a meager education in public schools.

He saved his money and became a merchant and coal-land operator. His many ventures prospered exceedingly. His coal lands rose to almost fabulous value.

He was also successful as a railroad builder. Two of his lines were the West Virginia Central and Pittsburgh Railway, which was sold to the Wabash in 1902, and the Coal and Coke Railway of West Virginia.

A large section of West Virginia was almost created by the hand of Senator Davis. He built two towns, one of which, Davis, bears his own name, and the other Elkins, that of his son-in-law. His philanthropies were numerous.

Mr. Davis in 1853 married Miss Kate A. Bantz, daughter of Judge Gideon Bantz of Frederick, Md. His home was in Elkins. He leaves three children—Mrs. Stephen B. Elkins, widow of the late Senator Elkins of West Virginia, and Mrs. Arthur Lee, both of Washington, and John T. Davis, who lives in Elkins.

Senator Henry Gassaway Davis witnessed and participated in the great political epoch of American progress for more than three-quarters of a century. He was the "old fashioned gentleman" in the Senate. His utterances were those of the old Jeffersonian days.

"Liberty and free government have always been secured at the cost of great sacrifices," he said on one occasion. "But history teaches us that both can be easily lost without the knowledge of the people."

It is significant that he was born in the same year, 1823, that the Monroe Doctrine became a fundamental principle in American politics. During his distinguished career he sought to maintain it. He later represented the United States at two Pan-American conferences at which by his personality and speeches he strove to strengthen the bonds of friendship between North and South America.

Senator Davis' active political career began the year after the Civil War. He was elected a member of the House of Delegates of the new State of West Virginia, and next served as State Senator.

West Virginia sent him to the United States Senate as its first Democratic representative in 1871. He served two terms with distinction. He ceaselessly urged Congress to help the farmers by establishing an agricultural department. His own bills failed in passing, but he lived to see the day when his farsightedness was recognized.

A familiar figure in Presidential conventions, Senator Davis led his delegates from West Virginia to the nomination hall on seven occasions, probably a record for such services.

A year after he had retired voluntarily from the Senate he was urged to become candidate for Vice-President on the ticket with Grover Cleveland. He declined. He accepted the nomination, however, as running mate with Alton B. Parker.

The venerable Senator was not only a Democrat in politics, but he was a democrat in nature. He was the champion of liberty.

"Imperialism is hurtful and abhorrent in a free Government," he declared when accepting the nomination for Vice-President in the St. Louis Convention of 1904. "The policy of imperialism is always dangerous to liberty."

The great wealth of Senator Davis, estimated at $30,000,000, was acquired by his farsightedness and his ability to take advantage of opportunities. He was the eldest of five children, and at an early age, on his father's death, became the breadwinner of the family. At 19 years of age he was a farm hand on a Maryland plantation, having relinquished opportunities for an education in favor of the younger children.

His great business career began when he became brakeman on a freight train. His rise was rapid. At that time railroad trains did not run at night—it was too dangerous. At the approach of dusk they made for the nearest stations and waited for sunrise.

"It is a waste of time," insisted young Davis, who was then master of transportation.

He startled the veteran operators by sending out the first night train between Baltimore and Cumberland. It marked a new epoch in railroading.

At the close of the Civil War, the foundations of his fortune were rapidly and securely established. In 1867, Davis & Brothers purchased several thousand acres of land in Garrett county, Maryland. Timber for ties, bridges, and other purposes was supplied to the railroad company. Mr. Davis laid out on this tract the mountain resort of Deer Park, and constructed an elegant summer residence, where simple hospitality was extended all visitors.

The Deer Park investment having furnished him with sufficient funds, Mr. Davis began obtaining extensive tracts of land in the Cheat River and Upper Potomac regions and increased his wealth and fame rapidly. As a merchant, he made a small fortune. Then as a landholder in West Virginia, he came into possessions of coal lands which were destined to make him a prince of wealth.

No man surpassed Mr. Davis in amiability. His clear brown eyes were always laughing. He was invariably pleasant and approachable. His voice, ordinarily keyed to a low, soft, musical pitch, when occasion required took on the most surprising force and volume. The vehemence of these infrequent utterances belied the surface indications of under-strength. He was never garrulous, but always conversational.

One of the curious phases of his political life in West Virginia was his family connection with the late Stephen G. Elkins, who married his daughter. Both were rich, but Elkins was a Republican ruler of iron just as Davis was a Democrat. Each man was wont to boast that he had never been defeated when he ran for office in the State.

West Virginia went Republican when Senator Elkins ran for office. It went Democratic when Senator Davis ran for office. The two men lived in adjoining mansions—show houses of the South. They owned the same coal lands, the same lumber fields and were united in every interest.

It is said down in West Virginia that for a quarter of a century politics was never argued between them.

Mr. Davis was a very frequent visitor to Baltimore. When he was especially active in business he was interested in financial matters with a number of Baltimoreans and his personal and social relations with the people there were always close. He liked to consider himself a Marylander and not a stranger to this State. Two of his most intimate friends were the late William Pinkney Whyte and the late Arthur P. Gorman. At times Governor Whyte and Senator Gorman were far apart politically and worked in opposite directions, but the relations of the former West Virginia Senator remained cordial with both of them.

Senator Davis always remained "young" and adapted himself to the environment he found. He liked young people, they liked him and they were always congenial together. The acquirement of great wealth did not change the democratic nature of Mr. Davis and he was as plain as the proverbial old shoe and entirely lacking in ostenation. His early life had been full of struggles and he was always in sympathy with and ready to lend a helping hand to young men ambitious to make their way in the world.

Senator Davis and his brother, the late Col. "Tom" Davis, who was a bachelor, were very devoted to each other. "'Tom,'" the Senator used to say, "is the sport of the family." Colonel "Tom" was an enthusiastic lover of horses and of racing and he never missed a Pimlico spring or fall meet unless for some most excellent reason.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

Snares.

Another of Satan's snares is gambling, but as I touched on this subject sometime ago I shall not discuss it at length now. It is one of his most popular and dangerous snares. He sets it in the home and many a short sighted mother introduces cards in her parlor ostensibly to keep the boys at home. She finds out her mistake when they become expert gamblers visiting the iniquitous dens, and her daughter marries a professional gambler who breaks her heart. Of course not all marry professionals but they turn their home into a gambling den and start their own as well as their friend's children off in the wrong direction. The end of such a life is full of sorrow—even death. It is well for us to remember that it was God who said, as you sow you will reap, and if you sow the wind you will certainly reap the whirlwind. When once entangled in a snare you will not get out without difficulty and very probably some scars and bruises. To say the least you endanger your soul and may lose both body and soul for your folly. There is something better to live for than the gratification of self or pleasure. We are living for the future. This is not our home. We are preparing for eternity. Where and what shall it be? This is seed time. Harvest comes bye and bye. If we sow good seed we may expect to reap a glorious reward. Though many things we engage in may not hurt us, yet for the sake of others who will be injured by them, we should give them up. The magnanimiity of self denial should prompt us to this course. If we are imbued with the spirit of Christ we will not hesitate to do this.

The chief aim and object of this life should be to seek and serve Christ, to be prepared for judgment and eternity. So long as we refuse to do this we are not fulfilling the mission for which our Creator designed us.

There are great possibilities in every one and if they are not destroyed or turned in a wrong direction, you may be benefactors of the world. What is the use of living to do those things which in after life we will regret and that we shall then see were of no benefit to us or the world. God intends us to be blessings to the world, then let us live as those who must give account. We hold life as a gift, but presently we must give it back. We may be called suddenly. We too may be called at our work or on the street. The Lord has spoken to us quite often.

We say how sad to be taken without a moments preparation, as if a few moments at the end of life, when the body is wrecked with pain and the mind is distracted and sudden fear has seized upon us, were enough to give to the proper preparation to meet our God. Nay, nay, a lifetime is given us, in which to prepare and if we waste our opportunities, disregard our warnings and reject the invitations of love and despise the Saviour's offers of mercy our doom will be fixed, our guilt will be great and it will rest upon ourselves. We alone are at fault and must bear the guilt. As the old adage puts it, "if we make our own beds we must sleep in them." We may be called to go without a moment in which to lift up a prayer for mercy, or we may be called after long and painful illness. No matter which, but if we are prepared, then sudden death is a blessing, for it means sudden glory. You are making an investment. Your deeds are laid up for the future as money is in a bank. You expect your money back with interest. Our lives are investments for the future. Each day and hour we are adding to the original sum, through our thoughts, words and deeds, but on the day of final account we shall receive again what we have deposited in the eternal treasury with interest. We may gain a hundred fold for the life to come. This ought to stir every soul. Consider how greatly we may sin against ourselves by continuing in rejection of Christ.

You are not laying up treasures in heaven, but on the contrary you are storing up treasures of wrath. You have committed many sins that have passed from your memory, but taking only those which you remember, how can you meet them at the judgment, If the Son of God is your advocate, you will be forgiven, and His blood will wipe out the record of past guilt. Blotted out! that is, as if it had never been. Every hour of delay diminishes your time for laying up treasures in heaven. Every hour you remain impenitent diminishes the amount you might have had.

What shall our investment be, my friend?

Every sin committed, and every good done for the Master, adds to your investment.—Either good or bad.

Every act of kindness, or self-denial for others, will appear in beautiful form. It will be a profitable investment. Your works shall follow you. Let it be our aim to increase the good deeds of life that they and the joys they bring may be multiplied in the world to come.

"Rouse to some work of high and holy love,
And thou an angel's happiness shall know,
Shall bless the earth, while in the world above;
The good begun by thee shall onward flow
In many a branching stream, and wider grow;
The seed that in these few and fleeting hours,
Thy hands unsparing and unwearied sow,
Shall deck thy grave with amaranthin flowers,
And yield thee fruit divine in heaven's immortal bowers.

JOANNES.

The Liquor Question, The Legislature and the Whiskey Influence in Maryland.

(The following communication was written and forwarded to the Baltimore Sun by a prominent business man of Oakland while the Prohibition Amendment was being considered by the Maryland Legislature, but it failed to appear in the columns of that paper and has been handed The Republican with the request that it be printed in these columns—Editor Republican.)

Editor of The Sun:

It is apparent to all that the liquor interests of this State dominate the press of Baltimore City, but the question arises have said interests of the State of Maryland by the throat? This question is suggested by the report published in the Sun of the proceedings in the Maryland Legislature in regard to submitting to the people of the State as a whole, the question whether or not intoxicating liquors shall be manufactured and sold within its borders. As we understand it, in a democratic form of government, the right of the people to pass upon all important questions affecting their welfare, has never been denied, and when the majority of the people so expressed themselves, i became the supreme law: vox populi vox Dei. This right is accorded to the people on all other important questions and why should it be denied them when it comes to the liquor question? The proposition to submit this question to the people is now made in the Maryland Legislature, and the proposition is met by representatives of the liquor traffic, notwithstanding said traffic is represented by a minority of members, with a refusal to allow the people to express their views by popular vote on this very important question. If the liquor interests have the power to do this, how long will it be before they will say that the people cannot pass upon any important question? Where is this arrogancy to stop and is government by the will of the people to be abolished? We are told in a boasting and defiant manner by one of said interest's shining light in a speech opposing this measure in the Maryland Legislature the other day, that if this question was submitted to the people, and a majority of the voters of the State adopted it as the law of the State, that the liquor interests in Baltimore City would nullify this law; that its Grand Juries would not indict violaters of it; that the Petit Juries would not convict; that officers of the law, whose sworn duty it is to enforce the same, would violate their oath of office and refuse to discharge their duty. Can this be true, and if true, is it because the liquor interests have the city by the throat? We have heard rumors that such is the case, but this is the first time that we have ever heard it boast of the fact. Then again we notice that while its advocates are in the minority in the Legislature, it boasts that it has the power to block all legislation and bring the wheels of the State Government to a standstill, and threatens so to do, unless the people of the State bow down to this dragon. If these reports, as published, are true, it is about time for the people of the State to sit up and take notice. And if this monster can control the juries of the city and the officers of the law and block all much-needed legislation by the Maryland Legislature, then we must conclude that this arrogant boasting demon has its claws firmly fixed in the vitals of a part of the State at least, and should be destroyed before it throttles the entire commonwealth.

GORTNER

The young men of this place made good use of the snow, but it went away as fast as it came.

Mr. Ruben Gnegy was calling on C. T. Sander's and family Monday.

Mr. Ernest Gortner went to Clarksburg Saturday to visit his brother.

Mr. John Wilson has been busy the last couple of weeks cutting cross ties on the Captain Mansfield farm.

Mr, Harland went to Friendsville Monday.

The young people at this place attended the literary at Hauser Friday night.

Mrs. Fannie Gauer and little daughter Maxine went to Terra Alta Saturday evening to visit her sister, Mrs. Delph Matheny.

Miss Laura Sanders, who has been spending the winter at Keyser with her sister, Mrs. H. L. Bowman, has returned home.

Rumor says there will be a wedding soon.

FAIR SWEEP

Not seeing any items from this place for a while I will pen you a few of the latest happenings.

Mr. Pierson White, who has been employed at Gleason, spent Friday and Saturday at home.

Mr. and Mrs. J. I. Sollars, spent Sunday with Dr. Sollars at Deer Park.

Mr. and Mrs. William Ewing, of Thomas, spent a few days at their parent's home.

Pery Beckman and sister were callers at Dice Speiker's Sunday.

Wesley White and family were Sunday visitors at Crellin.

Mr. and Mrs. Russell Beckman and son spent Saturday and Sunday at Ami Formans.

A crowd of young people of this vicinity attended the literary at Hauser, Friday night, and all report a good time.

Bruce Durst and family and Maude White were callers at Charles Glotfelty's Sunday.

Mr. Perry Thayer, employee of Kendall Lumber Co., spent Tuesday at Terra Alta. He was accompanied home by his sister, Sadie, who spent a few days with friends at that place.

Mr Arthur White will move to Crellin soon where he will be employed by the Kendall Lumber Co.

GUESS WHO.

FOR SALE—Twenty-five acres improved farm land located on the Oakland-Gortner State Road, two miles South of Oakland. Easy terms. Call on or write Harry Helbig, Oakland, Md. Advertisement 51 tf

SUNDAY DRAWS MIGHTY CROWDS

Big Day of Campaign For Trail-Hitters.

MANY WOMEN CONVERTS

Mr. Sunday Hands Out Some Plain Truths, In Unvarnished Language, During His Famous Sermon, "When Chickens Come Home To Roost."

TOTAL ATTENDANCE SO FAR 435,000.

Fifty-six thousand people, 41,000 being men and youths, attended the three services at the tabernacle Sunday, bringing the total attendance for the campaign to 435,000.

Thirty-five hundred women attended a special service conducted in the afternoon in the Lyric by Mrs. Sunday and about 1,000 were at an overflow meeting in Associate Congregational Church. Seven hundred men, women and children attended a meeting in Abbott Memorial Presbyterian Church at night addressed by the Rev. Dr. James E. Walker, Billy Sunday's assistant.

The day's total of trail-hitters was 1,131, a record for the campaign, divided as follows: At the tabernacle, 1,067; at the Lyric, 40; at Abbott Memorial Church, 24. These made the total number of trail-hitters to date 2,797.

Baltimore.—Forty-one thousand men and youths attended Sunday afternoon and evening services at the great tabernacle, the largest two gatherings composed solely of members of the male sex ever housed in one building in Baltimore. The afternoon attendance was 20,000; the evening throng went 1,000 better. Between 8,000 and 10,000 men were turned away from the meetings, being unable to get in. Fifteen thousand men and women and children attended the forenoon service, bringing the day's congregations up to a total of 56,000.

Trail Record Also Broken.

As the size of all these congregations broke a record for Baltimore in attendance at religious services, so did the day's total of trail-hitters establish a new mark for the Sunday campaign here.

Eleven hundred and thirty-one persons hit the trail. At the morning tabernacle service the number who grasped Sunday's hand as he stood in his platform pit was 311, about half men, the balance being women and children; 406 men, youths and boys hit the trail at the tabernacle in the afternoon, and at night the number, all men, youths and boys, was 350, a total for the tabernacle of 1,067.

Big Day Of Campaign.

It was the "big day" of the campaign in all respects, so far as results were concerned, and Sunday made acknowledgment of the fact when, in concluding the evening service at the tabernacle, he gave thanks to God for "this memorable day in the history of Baltimore."

He preached on "Chickens Come Home to Roost," a sermon based on a text from the one hundred and fourth Psalm, "Let the sinner be consumed out of the earth and let the wicked be no more." Its keynote was an amplification of the Decalogue provision: "For the sins of the father shall be visited upon the children unto the third and fourth generation."

It was the sermon he had delivered in the afternoon, but his congregation was made up of other men than those who had packed the building for the service that started at 1.15 o'clock, 45 minutes ahead of schedule.

There was nothing sensational at either meeting in the trail-hitting. Men walked forward to the platform, shook Mr. Sunday's hands, then took their seats on the benches reserved for converts, and were held until the after meeting by the secretaries. Most of them appeared somewhat ill at ease, the faces of most of them showed awakened earnestness and a few of them wept.

"Chickens Come Home to Roost" was a sermon dealing with facts and figures, religious, moral, hereditary and pathological in a way that was frank to the point of brutality. Sunday hurled at his hearers statements that made some of them wince and others to show by their faces a distaste for such plain speaking. He flayed, of course, the saloon, the disorderly house, gambling, carelessness of conduct generally, and particularly "cussing."

"Men," he cried at night, "in God's name, even if you're not men enough to become Christians, if you're not decent enough to give your lives to Jesus, for God's sake stop that cussing."

Flays the Liquor Dealer.

He anathematized the liquor dealer, but particularly the man who would give liquor to boys.

"God," he cried, in a very paroxysm of rage, "you kill that old devil and take him out of the world, if he's got to give liquor to boys."

He cited statistics to show how the effect of alcohol was suffered by the sons and daughters of drinkers "unto the third and fourth generation;" read a poem by Ella Wheeler Wilcox to prove his point, and hammered in his moral by repeating: "Yes, they'll come home to roost, whether they are vultures or birds of paradise."

Spurred on by the applause that met a random shot at the liquor interests, he whirled around, pointed his finger at first one section of the congregation and then at another, and shouted:

"Yes, and I've got something to say about the things that rotten, dirty gang have done in Baltimore to defame my character. I'll cram it down your dirty throats, if you're here.

"If an emetic were thrown into the pit of hell the last imp thrown out would be an archangel compared to some of the hell-spawn of that dirty, God-forsaken gang right here in Baltimore."

When, concluding his sermon, he asked all those present who believed it to be right and manly to be Christrians to stand up, the great throng rose in a body.

Wins the Little Folks.

At the children's afternoon meeting the Tabernacle was packed by thousands, and the children had as much to do with preaching Rev. Billy Sunday's sermon as did the evangelist himself. And the vim they put into the meeting struck a new note in the campaign in Baltimore, while it revealed Mr. Sunday in an entirely new light, the light of a gentle adviser, a courteous and sympathetic teacher, a man with a keen insight into child psychology.

Grown-ups who heard him then, who saw the way he stirred the little ones without frightening them; saw them expand, saw their eyes light up with interest, and who heard him again at night when he flayed a great audience, denouncing as fools all those who would not accept Christ, marveled at the difference in the methods of preaching. The children he won with a smile; the men and women be belabored with barbed anathemas.

Both Sermons Bear Fruit.

But both sermons bore immediate fruit. At night men and women and youths and girls hit the trail to the number of 103. In the afternoon there was no formal trail-hitting, but 1,566 boys and girls, averaging around ten years of age, were enrolled as those who wished to put their feet upon the road of Christianity.

Two novel features made distinctive the boys and the girls' meeting. One of them was the showing, one by one, of flags of nearly all the Christian and a few of the non-Christian nations and the calling out of the names of those countries by the children. The other was the breaking of six highly decorated vases, of different designs, by the evangelist to illustrate the manner in which a small boy broke as many of God's Commandments on Sabbath morning.

Behind In Trail-Hitters.

It is intefesting to contrast the progress of the Baltimore campaign with that of Trenton for the same period of their progress.

Sunday was the thirteenth day on which Tabernacle meetings were held here, and the outstanding figures were: Attendance for the day, 56,000; trail-hitters for the day (at the Tabernacle and the two outside services), 1,131; total attendance to date, 435,000, and total of trail-hitters, 2,797.

Trenton's statistics for the first 13 days of meetings were: Attendance for the day, 39,000; total to date, 243,000; trail-hitters for the day, 741; total to date, 2,045; collections for the day, $2,221.74; total $13,708.08.

Baltimore's collections for the 11 days of Tabernacle meetings was $15,010.96.

Wants Live Christians.

"You can't double-cross God with that sort of bunk," Billy Sunday warned thousands at the tabernacle.

"I want to strike the death blow to the belief that a Christian has to hide like a sick pup in a garret, that he has to be a weak, namby-pamby, spineless, sissified effiminate, all-around hothouse proposition. God expects you to be as much of a man outside the church as you are in.

"The average man," he went on, "thinks he can gratify his senses all week and then beat it to church and sit with a glum look on his mug and get the notion in his noodle that he is fooling God. He thinks that God is not wise that he's been leading a rotten life six days of the week." And later, "some fellow asked me if I believed in a literal hell. I told him: 'Do I look like a fool?' By the time I dust out of Baltimore, you'll know that I believe in hell all right."

Mr. Sunday In Baltimore Society.

Several pages torn at random from the Blue Rock of Baltimore were at the home of Mrs. John Gill, 929 North Charles street, when Billy and Ma, two choristers and two other workers edged their way into the crowded hallway leading to the drawing room. Sunday dramatically told the thrilling story of Hermos.

SUNDAY SAYINGS

At Belshazzar's feast it was no common sauerkraut, wienerwurst, pretzel and lager beer crowd; it was the real goods, lords and ladies, mighty men of the land.

I tell you old Bel was about all in that night.

I don't care a rap who wrote the Ten Commandments, but any citizen who is not ready to live up to them ought to be in the penitentiary.

Hell is just as much the manifestation of the love of God as is heaven.

BLUNDERS OF THE ADMINISTRATION

Wilson Has Failed In Foreign and Domestic Policies.

ROOT SHOWS HIS ERRORS.

Address as Temporary Chairman of New York Republican Convention Points Out Sins of Democratic Commission and Omission—"We Have Lost Influence Because We Have Been Brave In Words and Irresolute In Action."

In his address as temporary chairman of the New York state Republican convention, delivered in Carnegie Hall, New York, the Hon. Elihu Root said:

We are entering upon a contest for the election of a president and the control of government under conditions essentially new in the experience of our party and of our country. The forms and methods which we are about to follow are old and familiar, but the grounds for action, the demand of great events for decision upon national conduct, the moral forces urging to a solution of vaguely outlined questions, the tremendous consequences of wisdom or folly in national policy, all these are new to the great mass of American voters now living. Never since 1864 has an election been fraught with consequences so vital to national life. All the ordinary considerations which play so great a part in our presidential campaigns are and ought to be dwarfed into insignificance.

Democratic Party to the Bar.

For the first time in twenty years we enter the field as the party of opposition, and indeed it is a much longer time, for in 1896, in all respects save the tariff, the real opposition to the sturdy and patriotic course of President Cleveland was to be found in the party that followed Mr. Bryan. It is our duty as the opposition to bring the Democratic party to the bar of public judgment, to put it upon its defense so far as we see just and substantial grounds to criticise its conduct and to ask the voters of the country to decide whether that party, organized as it is, represented as it has been since it came into power, has shown itself competent to govern the country as it should be governed and whether its spirit, its policies, and its performance are the best that the American people can do in the way of popular self government.

In the field of domestic affairs some facts relevant to these questions had already been ascertained when in August, 1914, the great European war began. During the year and a half of Democratic control of government in a period of profound peace there had been a steady decrease in American production, in exports and in revenues and a steady increase in imports and expenditures. Enterprise had halted. The Democratic tariff had been framed upon an avowed repudiation of all protection, however moderate and reasonable, and because all protection was repudiated practically all information from competent witnesses as to the effect new provisions would have upon business was rejected. It was with just cause that the enterprise of the country halted, timid and irresolute because it felt and feared the hostility of government.

Foreign Competition After War.

The great war has not changed the lesson which we had already learned when it began. It has but obscured further demonstration. It has caused an enormous demand for some things which the United States is able to produce in large quantities, and in these lines of production, while other industries still languish, there have been extensive employment of labor, great exports and a great influx of money. But this is temporary. It must soon cease, and when the factories have stopped and their laborers are no longer employed we must deal with a situation for which wise forethought should make provision. More important still, the war has paralyzed the peaceful industries of all Europe and has stopped that competitive foreign production which in July, 1914, had already entered American markets to supersede American products under the tariff law of 1913. The war has thus given to American products an immunity from competition far more effective than any possible protective tariff. But that is temporary, and when the war is over, when foreign production begins again, the American market compared with impoverished Europe will be more than ever before the object of desire and effort, and we shall become the dumping ground of the world to the destruction of our own industries unless that is prevented by a wise and competent government.

How Can We Defend Ourselves?

But it is not from domestic questions that the most difficult problems of this day arise. The events of the last few years have taught us many lessons. We have learned that civilization is but a veneer thinly covering the savage nature of man. How can this nation, which loves peace and intends justice, avoid the curse of militarism and at the same time preserve its independence, defend its territory, protect the lives and liberty and property of its citizens? How can we prevent the same principles of action, the same policies of conduct, the same forces of military power which are exhibited in Europe from laying hold upon the vast territory and practically undefended wealth of the new world?

Have we still national ideals? Will anybody live for them? Would anybody die for them? Or are we all for ease and comfort and wealth at any price? Confronted by such questions as these and the practical situations which give rise to them, is the country satisfied to trust itself again in the hands of the Democratic party?

Impotent Inteference In Mexico.

The United States had rights and duties in Mexico. More than 40,000 of our citizens had sought their fortunes and made their homes there. A thousand millions of American capital had been invested in that productive country. But revolution had come, and factional warfare was rife. Americans had been murdered, American property had been wantonly destroyed, the lives and property of all Americans in Mexico were in danger. That was the situation when Mr. Wilson became president in March, 1913. His duty then was plain. It was, first, to use his powers as president to secure protection for the lives and property of Americans in Mexico and to require that rules of law and stipulations of treaties should be observed by Mexico toward the United States and its citizens. His duty was, second, as the head of a foreign power to respect the independence of Mexico, to refrain from all interference with her internal affairs, from all attempt at domination except as he was justified by the law of nations for the protection of American rights. The president of the United States failed to observe either of those duties. He deliberately abandoned them both and followed an entirely different and inconsistent purpose. He intervened in Mexico to aid one faction in civil strife against another. He undertook to pull down Huerta and set Carranza up in his place. Arms and munitions of war were freely furnished to the northern forces and withheld from Huerta. Finally the president sent our army and navy to invade Mexico and capture its great seaport, Vera Cruz, and hold it and throttle Mexican commerce until Huerta fell.

Americans Outraged In Mexico.

The government of the United States intervened in Mexico to control the internal affairs of that independent country and to enforce the will of the American president in those affairs by threat, by economic pressure and by force of arms. Upon what claim of right did this intervention proceed? Not to secure respect for American rights, not to protect the lives or property of our citizens, not to assert the laws of nations, not to compel observance of the law of humanity. On the contrary, Huerta's was the only power in Mexico to which appeal could be made for protection of life or property. That was the only power which, in fact, did protect either American or European or Mexican. It was only within the territory where Huerta ruled that comparative peace and order prevailed. The territory over which the armed power of Carranza and Villa and their associates extended was the theater of the most appalling crimes. Bands of robbers roved the country with unbridled license. Americans and Mexicans alike were at their mercy, and American men were murdered and American women were outraged with impunity. Thousands were reduced to poverty by the wanton destruction of the industries through which they lived. Yet the government of the United States ignored, condoned, the murder of American men and the rape of American women and destruction of American property and insult to American officers and defilement of the American flag and joined itself to the men who were guilty of all these things to pull down the power of Huerta. Why? The president himself has told us. It was because he adjudged Huerta to be a usurper, because he deemed that the common people of Mexico ought to have greater participation in government and share in the land, and he believed that Carranza and Villa would give them these things. We must all sympathize with these sentiments, but there is nothing more dangerous than misplaced sentiment.

When our army landed at Vera Cruz Carranza himself, who was to be the chief beneficiary of the act, publicly protested against it. So strong was the resentment that he could not have kept his followers otherwise. When Huerta had fallen the new government which for the day had succeeded to his place peremptorily demanded the withdrawal of the American troops. The universal sentiment of Mexicans required the peremptory demand, and the troops were withdrawn. Still worse than that, the taking of Vera Cruz destroyed confidence in the sincerity of the American government in Mexico, because every intelligent man in Mexico believed that the avowed reason for the act was not the real reason. The avowed purpose was to compel a salute to the American flag. Three hundred Mexicans were reported killed; seventeen United States marines were killed and many were wounded. At that very time Mr. Bryan, with the president's approval, was signing treaties with half the world agreeing that if any controversy should arise it should be submitted to a joint commission and no action should be taken until after a full year had elapsed. This controversy, slight as it was, arose on the 9th of April, and on the 21st of the same month Vera Cruz was taken. With the occupation of Vera Cruz the moral power of the United States in Mexico ended. We were then and we are now hated for what we did to Mexico, and we were then and we are now despised for our feeble and irresolute failure to protect the lives and rights of our citizens. No flag is so dishonored and no citizenship so little worth the claiming in Mexico as ours. And that is why we have failed in Mexico.

Policy of "Watchful Waiting."

Incredible as it seems, Huerta had been turned out by the assistance of the American government without any guaranties from the men who were to be set up in his place, and so the murdering and burning and ravishing have gone on to this day. After Huerta had fallen and the Vera Cruz expedition had been withdrawn President Wilson announced that no one was entitled to interfere in the affairs of Mexico; that she was entitled to settle them herself. He disclaims all responsibility for what happens in Mexico and contents himself with a policy of watchful waiting. And for the death and outrage, the suffering and ruin of our own brethren, the hatred and contempt for our country and the dishonor of our name in that land the administration at Washington shares responsibility with the inhuman brutes with whom it made common cause.

When we turn to the administration's conduct of foreign affairs incident to the great war in Europe we cannot fail to perceive that there is much dissatisfaction among Americans. Dissatisfaction is not in itself ground for condemnation. The situation created by the war has been difficult and trying. Much of the correspondence of the state department, especially since Mr. Lansing took charge, has been characterized by accurate learning and skillful statement of specific American rights.

Three Errors In European Policy.

A study of the administration's policy toward Europe since July, 1914, reveals three fundamental errors: First, the lack of foresight to make timely provision for backing up American diplomacy by actual or assured military and naval force; second, the forfeiture of the world's respect for our assertion of rights by pursuing the policy of making threats and failing to make them good; third, a loss of the moral forces of the civilized world through failure to truly interpret to the world the spirit of the American democracy in its attitude toward the terrible events which accompanied the early stages of the war.

First, as to power:

When the war in Europe began, free peaceable little Switzerland instantly mobilized upon her frontier a great army of trained citizen soldiers. Sturdy little Holland did the same, and both have kept their territory and their independence inviolate.

Great, peaceable America was farther removed from the conflict, but her trade and her citizens traveled on every sea. Ordinary knowledge of European affairs made it plain that the war was begun not by accident, but with purpose which would not soon be relinquished. Ordinary knowledge of military events made it plain from the moment when the tide of German invasion turned from the battle of the Marne that the conflict was certain to be long and desperate. Ordinary knowledge of history—of our own history during the Napoleonic wars—made it plain that in that conflict neutral rights would be worthless unless powerfully maintained.

The Democratic government at Washington did not see it. Others saw it, and their opinions found voice. Mr. Gardner urged it, Mr. Lodge urged it, Mr. Stimson urged it, Mr. Roosevelt urged it, but their argument and urgency were ascribed to political motives, and the president described them with a sneer as nervous and excited.

Wilson Has Shifted Ground.

But the warning voices would not be stilled. The opinion that we ought no longer to remain defenseless became public opinion. Its expression grew more general and insistent, and finally the president, not leading, but following, has shifted his ground, has reversed his position and asks the country to prepare against war. God grant that he be not too late. But the Democratic party has not shifted its ground. A large part of its members in congress are endeavoring now to sidetrack the movement for national preparedness, to muddle it by amendment and turn it into channels which will produce the least possible result in the increase of national power of defense. What sense of effectiveness in this effort can we gather from the presence of Josephus Daniels at the most critical post of all—the head of the navy department—when we see that where preparation has been possible it has not been made, when we see that construction of warships already authorized has not been pressed and in some cases after long delay has not even been begun?

If an increase of our country's power to defend itself against aggression is authorized by the present congress it must be largely through Republican votes, because all the traditions and convictions of that party are for national power and duty and honor.

As to the policy of threatening words without deeds:

When Germany gave notice of her purpose to sink merchant vessels on the high seas without safeguarding the lives of innocent passengers our government on the 10th of February one year ago informed Germany in unmistakable terms that in attacking and sinking vessels of the United States and in destroying the lives of American citizens lawfully traveling upon merchant vessels of other countries she would act at her peril. They pledged the power and courage of America, with her hundred million people and her vast wealth, to the protection of her citizens, as during all her history through the days of her youth and weakness she had protected them.

On the 28th of March the passenger steamer Falaba was torpedoed by a German submarine and an American citizen was killed, but nothing was done. On the 28th of April the American vessel Cushing was attacked and crippled by a German aeroplane. On the 1st of May the American vessel Gulflight was torpedoed and sunk by a German submarine and more than 100 Americans and 1,100 other noncombatants were drowned. The very thing which our government had warned Germany she must not do, Germany did of set purpose and in the most contemptuous and shocking way. Then, when all America was stirred to the depths, our government addressed another note to Germany. It repeated its assertion of American rights and renewed its bold declaration of purpose. It declared again that the American government "must hold the imperial German government to a strict accountability for any infringement of those rights, intentional or incidental," and it declared that it would not "omit any word or any act necessary to the performance of its sacred duty of maintaining the rights of the United States and its citizens and of safeguarding their free exercise and enjoyment."

Still nothing was done and a long and technical correspondence ensued, haggling over petty questions of detail, every American note growing less and less strong and peremptory until the Arabic was torpedoed and sunk and more American lives were destroyed, and still nothing was done, and the correspondence continued until the allied defense against German submarine warfare made it unprofitable and led to its abandonment, and the correspondence is apparently approaching its end without securing even that partial protection for the future which might be found in an admission that the destruction of the Lusitania was forbidden by law. The later correspondence has been conducted by our state department with dignity, but it has been futile. An admission of liability for damages has been secured, but the time for real protection to American rights has long since passed.

The brave words with which we began the controversy had produced no effect, because they were read in the light of two extraordinary events. One was the report of the Austrian ambassador, Mr. Dumba, to his government that when the American note of Feb. 10 was received he asked the secretary of state, Mr. Bryan, whether it meant business and received an answer which satisfied him that it did not, but was intended for effect at home in America.

"Too Proud to Fight."

The other event was the strange and unfortunate declaration of the president in a public speech in Philadelphia the fourth day after the sinking of the Lusitania that "a man may be too proud to fight." Whatever the Austrian ambassador was in fact told by the secretary of state, the impression which he reported was supported by the events which followed. Whatever the president did mean, his declaration, made in public at that solemn time, amid the horror and mourning of all our people over the murder of their children, was accepted the world over as presenting the attitude of the American government toward the protection of the life and liberty of American citizens in the exercise of their just rights, and throughout the world the phrase "too proud to fight" became a byword of derision and contempt for the government of the United States.

Later, in another theater of war—the Mediterranean—Austria, and perhaps Turkey also, resumed the practice. The Ancona and then the Persia were destroyed, and more Americans were killed. Why should they not resume the practice? They had learned to believe that, no matter how shocked the American government might be, its resolution would expend itself in words. They had learned to believe that it was safe to kill Americans, and the world believed with them.

Shaking Fist and Finger.

No man should draw a pistol who dares not shoot. The government that shakes its fist first and its finger afterward falls into contempt. Our diplomacy has lost its authority and influence because we have been brave in words and irresolute in action. Men may say that the words of our diplomatic notes were justified; men may say that our inaction was justified, but no man can say that both were wise and creditable.

I have said that this government lost the moral forces of the world by not truly interpreting the spirit of the American democracy.

The American democracy stands for something more than beef and cotton and grain and manufactures; stands for something that cannot be measured by rates of exchange and does not rise or fall with the balance of trade. The American people, informed by their own experience that is confirmed by their observation of international life, have come to see that the independence of nations, the liberty of their peoples, justice and humanity cannot be maintained upon the complaisance, the good nature, the kindly feeling of the strong toward the weak; that real independence, real liberty, cannot rest upon sufferance; that peace and liberty can be preserved only by the authority and observance of rules of national conduct founded upon the principles of justice and humanity; only by the establishment of law among nations, responsive to the enlightened public opinion of mankind. To them liberty means not liberty for themselves alone, but for all who are oppressed. Justice means not justice for themselves alone, but a shield for all who are weak against the aggression of the strong.

To this people the invasion of Belgium brought a shock of amazement and horror. If the public opinion of the world was to remain silent upon that, neutral upon that, then all talk about peace and justice and international law and the rights of man, the progress of humanity and the spread of liberty is idle patter, mere weak sentimentality; then opinion is powerless and brute force rules and will rule the world. If no difference is recognized between right and wrong then there are no moral standards. There come times in the lives of nations as of men when to treat wrong as if it were right is treason to the right.

The Wrong Done to Belgium.

The American people were entitled not merely to feel, but to speak concerning the wrong done to Belgium. It was not like interference in the internal affairs of Mexico or any other nation, for this was an international wrong. The law protecting Belgium which was violated was our law and the law of every other civilized country. That law was the protection of our peace and security. It was our safeguard against the necessity of maintaining great armaments and wasting our substance in continual readiness for war. Moreover, that law was written into a solemn and formal convention, signed and ratified by Germany and Belgium and France and the United States in which those other countries agreed with us that the law should be observed.

There was no question here of interfering in the quarrels of Europe. We had a right to be neutral, and we were neutral as to the quarrel between Germany and France, but when as an incident to the prosecution of that quarrel Germany broke the law which we were entitled to have preserved and which she had agreed with us to preserve we were entitled to be heard in the assertion of our own national right.

Neutral Between Right and Wrong!

Yet the American government acquiesced in the treatment of Belgium and the destruction of the law of nations. Without one word of objection or dissent to the repudiation of law or the breach of our treaty or the violation of justice and humanity in the treatment of Belgium our government enjoined upon the people of the United States an undiscriminating and all embracing neutrality, and the president admonished the people that they must be neutral in all respects in act and word and thought and sentiment. We were to be not merely neutral as to the quarrels of Europe, but neutral as to the treatment of Belgium, neutral between right and wrong, neutral between justice and injustice, neutral between humanity and cruelty, neutral between liberty and oppression. Our government did more than acquiesce, for in the first Lusitania note, with the unspeakable horrors of the conquest of Belgium still fresh in our minds, on the very day after the report of the Bryce commission on Belgian atrocities, it wrote these words to the government of Germany:

> Recalling the humane and enlightened attitude hitherto assumed by the imperial German government in matters of international right and particularly with regard to the freedom of the seas, having learned to recognize the German views and the German influence in the field of international obligation as always engaged upon the side of justice and humanity, etc.

And so the government of the United States appeared as approving the treatment of Belgium. It misrepresented the people of the United States in that acquiescence and apparent approval. It was not necessary that the United States should go to war in defense of the violated law. A single official expression by the government of the United States, a single sentence denying assent and recording disapproval of what Germany did in Belgium, would have given to the people of America that leadership to which they were entitled in their earnest groping for the light. It would have ranged behind American leadership the conscience and morality of the neutral world.

It was not to be. The American government failed to rise to the demands of the great occasion. Gone were the old love of justice, the old passion for liberty, the old sympathy with the oppressed, the old ideals of an America helping the world toward a better future, and there remained in the eyes of mankind only solicitude for trade and profit and prosperity.

Shrank From the Truth.

The American government could not really have approved the treatment of Belgium, but under a mistaken policy it shrank from speaking the truth.

Such policies as I have described are doubly dangerous in their effect upon foreign nations and in their effect at home. It is a matter of universal experience that a weak and apprehensive treatment of foreign affairs invites encroachments upon rights and leads to situations in which it is difficult to prevent war, while a firm and frank policy at the outset prevents difficult situations from arising and tends most strongly to preserve peace. On the other hand, if a government is to be strong in its diplomacy its own people must be ranged in its support by leadership of opinion in a national cause worthy to awaken their patriotism and devotion.

We have not been following the path of peace. We have been blindly stumbling along the road that continued will lead to inevitable war.

When our government failed to tell the truth about Belgium it lost the opportunity for leadership of the moral sense of the American people and it lost the power which a knowledge of that leadership and a sympathetic response from the moral sense of the world would have given to our diplomacy. When our government failed to make any provision whatever for defending its rights in case they should be trampled upon it lost the power which a belief in its readiness and will to maintain its rights would have given to its diplomatic representations. When our government gave notice to Germany that it would destroy American lives and American ships at its peril our words, which would have been potent if sustained by adequate preparation to make them good and by the prestige and authority of the moral leadership of a great people in a great cause, were treated with a contempt which should have been foreseen, and when our government failed to make those words good its diplomacy was bankrupt.

Upon the record of performance which I have tried to describe will the American people say that the Democratic party is entitled to be continued in power?

The defects of the present administration arise from two distinct causes. The first is the temperament and training of the president. The second is the incapacity of the Democratic party as it is represented in Washington both in the legislative and in the executive departments either to originate wise policies or to follow them when proposed by others or to administer them effectively if they are established. The Democrats in congress are never controlled except with a club, and government with a club is always spasmodic and defective.

We must not deceive ourselves by assuming that the critical period arising from the great war has passed. The real dangers and the real tests of the strength of our institutions lie before us. The most exacting demands upon the wisdom, the spirit and the courage of our country are still to be made. In this great conflict all forms of government are on trial, democracy with the rest. The principles of national morality are on trial. We must play our part in the universal trial whether we will or no, for upon the result depends directly the question whether our republic can endure.

What Are People to Expect?

But what are the people to expect if the Republican party is restored to power?

This much we can say now:

They may expect, with confidence, that their government will meet the economic situation with which we must deal immediately upon the close of the war, with a policy of moderate but adequate protection to American industry.

They may expect that the government will be administered with the honesty and efficiency which have marked Republican administrations in the past.

They may expect that the best possible course for the preservation of peace will be followed by a foreign policy which, with courtesy and friendliness to all nations, is frank and fearless and honest in its assertion of American rights.

They may expect that their government will stand for full and adequate preparation by the American people for their own defense. The Republican party loves peace and hates war; it abhors and will never submit to military domination; but it is composed of men who love our country and who deem that the independence, the liberty, the honor and the opportunity of the American democracy are not merely to be talked about with weak and flabby sentiment, but are to be maintained and safeguarded by the practical power of a virile and patriotic people. It is clearsighted enough to see that preparation for defense must have due relation to the possibilities of attack; that under the conditions of modern warfare much preparation must be made before a possible attack or all preparation will be impossible after the attack. The Republican party stands for a citizenship made competent by training to perform the freeman's duty of defense for his country. It stands for a regular army no larger than is necessary, but as large as is necessary to serve as a first line, a nucleus, a source of instruction and of administration for the army of American citizens who may be called upon to defend their country. And the Republican party stands for the gospel of patriotic service to our country by every citizen, according to his ability in peace and in war. It stands for a reawakening of American patriotism. It is not content that while the people of other lands are rendering the last full measure of devotion in sacrifice and suffering and dying for their countries America shall remain alone dull to the call of country and satisfied in the comforts and pleasures of prosperity.

Our Power For Peace.

They may expect that assured readiness for defense will give power to our diplomacy in the maintenance of peace.

They may expect that the power and will of a united people to defend their country will prevent the application to our peaceful and prosperous land of the hateful doctrine that among nations might makes right regardless of the rules of justice and humanity.

They may expect that the manifest, potential strength and competency of the nation will maintain the effectiveness and reality of that great policy of national safety which in the declaration of President Monroe forbade the destruction of our security by the establishment of hostile military powers in our neighborhood.

They may expect that their government will not forget, but will ever maintain, the principles of American freedom, the duties of America to the peace and progress of the world and those ideals of liberty and justice for all mankind which above all else make the true greatness of the American democracy.

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THURSDAY, MARCH 16, 1916

THE WEEK'S DOINGS AT THE STATE CAPITAL

Status of Local Legislation for Garrett County.

STATE HOUSE ANNAPOLIS, MARCH 15.—If Baltimore City gets Annexation through this session, there will have to be a decided change in the situation. The first skirmish was scheduled to take place in the Senate last night, and if it amounted to anything one way or the other, it was favorable to the anti-Annexationists. There is considerable jealousy mixed up in the Annexation fight, and this very thing may kill the whole proposition. Senator Ogden, of Baltimore City, has a bill, and then there is the "Furst-Field" Bill. The latter is identified as the Bill most kindly regarded as the Baltimore Administration Bill, that being Mayor Preston, and believed to be the Bill which has been drawn just as the Mayor wanted it. It was drawn by City Solicitor Field, Mayor Preston's "Attorney General," and he has been here for the past week every day lining up the Baltimore City Delegates and as many of the others as he finds tractable. Frank Furst, of Baltimore, whose "power" in the primary for Harrington and later in the election was said to have been "some" power, is here to take charge of the City's interests in the Annexation matter. He is regarded as a man of exceptional influence in matters of this kind and he is credited with having had the Goodnow Commission idea accepted by the State Caucus.

WILL HAVE TO AGREE ON ONE BILL.

One of the very first things Mr. Furst must do will be to get the Baltimore City Senators and Members of the House to concentrate upon one or the other bills. There are said to be three in the Senate, but there seems to be only two "live" ones. Senator Ogden is a bit sentimental about the matter and has concluded that his name as a "Home Rule" statesman can be handed down to posterity best through an Annexation Bill bearing his name; hence, he is for the "Ogden Bill" first, last and all the time. The Preston-Furst people like the other bill because it was built by their own architect who drew the plans and specifications to suit the Mayor, and Senator Campbell, President of the Senate, introduced it and of course he, too, wants to see the "Ogden Bill" sidetracked. But there isn't any use at all for them to hope for Annexation until after they have decided upon one bill and throw all their reserves behind it, because the Members of the House outside Baltimore City will not interfere one way or the other until the Baltimore City people have determined upon their own bill. Members of the House—some of them, find objectionable features in both bills in the Senate, and some may favor one and some the other; and it will be difficult to live them up behind any Annexation Bill to be entirely frank and truthful about it.

ANOTHER CONGRESSIONAL CANDIDATE.

Annapolis just now—the State House particularly—is the political clearing house for candidates and booms. The candidates for the United States Senate of both political parties come here often; Mr. Bruce and Mr. Lewis are here frequently, but rarely on the same day, and Mr. France and Mr. Goldsborough drop in semi-occasionally "to look things over." The candidates for Congress, too, have made frequent pilgrimages to the City on the Severn and either Mr. Blair or Mr. Weinberg are here almost continuously, while Senator Zihlman, of course, remains here in the performance of his duties as State Senator for Allegany County and Republican Floor Leader in the upper branch. It must be said for Senator Zihlman, however, that he has been paying more attention to his public duties than he has to his campaign for the congressional nomination in the Sixth District, and this fact of itself has done him a great deal of good, because the people who come here see that he is industrious, watchful and a resourceful leader, and that he is conscientiously serving the people of his State while his alleged opponents are playing politics.

A factor that will have considerable bearing upon the contest for the Sixth District Republican nomination for Congressman has just been put to work, and that is the declared candidacy of Hon. George L. Kauffman, State Senator from Frederick County, who yesterday declared himself a candidate for the Congressional nomination. Senator Kauffman, coming from Mr. Weinberg's county, would seem to improve the situation for Senator Zihlman, but one can never tell these days just how one or another candidate is going to affect the prospects of others in the field. Senator Kauffman says he is not in the fight so much to defeat either of the other two aspirants as he is to secure the nomination himself. He stated yesterday to The Republican's Annapolis correspondent in declaring his candidacy, that he intends to make a thorough and vigorous canvas of the Sixth District and expects to meet most of the voters in the larger towns at least. Senator Kauffman stated that Mr. Weinberg is not an acceptable candidate to the rank and file of the Republican party, and that he (Kauffman) expects to represent that large element of Republican voters.

BOUND TO WEAKEN WEINBERG.

Nevertheless, Senator Kauffman's candidacy, however much the Weinberg managers try to belittle and ridicule it will have a considerable bearing upon Mr. Weinberg's future standing, and will to a greater or less extent weaken his chances. Senator Kauffman will divide the vote in Frederick County, and what he receives undoubtedly would go to Weinberg. But the most serious feature is that with a contest in his own county Mr. Weinberg will now be in the position of being an unwise selection as a candidate in the interest of a united party in the election, as it is always desirable to have a candidate who is the unanimous choice of his own county.

SENATOR ZIHLMAN ANSWERS WEINBERG.

Senator Zihlman, of Allegany county, candidate for the Republican congressional nomination in the Sixth District, yesterday sent the following letter to Mr. Weinberg at Frederick.

"Annapolis, March 13th, 1916.

"Hon. Leo Weinberg,
"Frederick, Maryland.

"My dear Mr. Weinberg:—

"I have received your letter of the 2nd instant, in which you request me to join you in a joint debate in order that the people of the Sixth Congressional District may be informed as to our respective fitness to represent them in Congress.

"In reply, would say that this challenge came as a complete surprise to me, as we are both Republicans, and, in the event of either of us being nominated, we will, of course, be bound by the provisions of the Republican Platform to be adopted at Chicago, in June.

"This being true, I can see no question open between us for discussion, as to enter into a joint debate suggests a difference of principles between the parties to that discussion, and so far as I am informed, it would be an anomaly for two men to debate and both take the same side of the question.

"Since, then, there are no public questions open for debate, there would be nothing left for discussion but our own personal merits or demerits, and, I am sure, it would not be in good taste or enlightening to the public, or conductive to party harmony at the November election, for us each to proclaim in pretended debate, our own merits or indulge in detraction of each other.

"You also suggest that the cost of this advertising plan be equally divided between us. The legitimate and necessary expenses of the campaign I am ready to discharge as a candidate, but being, as you probably know, a man of very moderate means (having been a working man up until a few years ago), I do not feel called upon to bear the large expense necessary to provide halls, music, etc., for the entertainment of the voters, which you seem so anxious to provide.

"I am, at present, confined to Annapolis on account of my duties both as the State Senator from Allegany and as the Republican Floor Leader (an honor which my colleagues kindly conferred upon me), hence, I will be in no way free until well along in April, or only a matter of days before the Primary Election takes place, and, therefore, I am forced to decline your invitation to a joint discussion, and will occupy the limited time left me after the legislative session is over, in personally meeting the voters of the Sixth District.

"In the meantime, it is natural that you should desire to get out and meet the people, and so far as I am concerned, you are entirely free to begin your campaign at once.

"Trusting you are well, and with kindest regards, I beg to remain.

"Very sincerely yours,
[Signed] "F. N. ZIHLMAN."

GARRETT COUNTY LEGISLATION.

Delegate Haydens "Twin Bills," Nos. 451 and 452, one providing for a bond issue of $1,500 for Loch Lynn Heights, Garrett county, and the other changing the date of the municipal election of Loch Lynn in order that the voters may pass upon the bond issue, passed the House and will have passed the Senate by the time this appears before your readers.

Senator Speicher's Bill No. 111, authorizing the Mayor and Common Council of Deer Park, Garrett county, to receive as a gift or purchase a tract of land not to exceed two acres to be used for a public park, passed the House and will be signed by the Governor this week. This is a bill to validate the title to a tract of land heretofore purchased by the authorities of Deer Park.

TWO BILLS KILLED.

Delegate Shartzer's Bill repealing the $500 personal property tax exemption law of 1914, was reported unfavorably by the House Ways and Means Committee and the report was adopted, killing the bill.

Delegate Fox's Bill repealing the law making it necessary for prospective voters to declare their intention to become citizens of Maryland one year before they can be registered, insofar as it applies to Garrett county, was reported unfavorably by the House Committee on Elections, and the unfavorable report was adopted, killing the bill.

TO SELL LAKE BROWN.

Senator Speicher before last week's adjournment, introduced a bill, "by request," authorizing the State Board of Public Works to sell the State's interest in 17 acres of ground at Lake Brown, near Oakland, Garrett county, which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

ANTI-SHIPPING BILL MAY BE KILLED.

Senator Speicher's Anti-Shipping Bill, introduced early in the session, and which passed the Senate some time ago, will be reported unfavorably by the House Temperance Committee, probably today. Delegate Shartzer says he intends to make an effort to have the bill substituted for the unfavorable report and save the bill if possible. It is doubtful if he will be able to do this, as the anti-Prohibition element in the House, will kill all such measures that now make their appearance, and Baltimore City Delegations particularly will oppose the Garrett county measure.

RESTRICTING POOL AND BILLIARD PARLORS.

Delegate Fox Monday night introduced a Bill regulating Pool and Billiard Parlors in Garrett county. The Bill provides for the closing of these places between 11 p. m. and 6 a. m., except on Saturday nights, and forbids boys under 16 years of age from playing and from loafing or loitering about the premises of Pool and Billiard Rooms. The Bill is fashioned after the Allegany county Bill, and a similar Bill which has been introduced by the Washington Delegation.

STATE HOUSE PERSONALS.

Mayor Charles H. Ashby, of Deer Park, has been spending several days in Annapolis and about the State House, looking after some legislation in which he is interested.

STATE HOUSE, ANNAPOLIS, MARCH 14.—Governor Harrington is receiving full credit for settling the Prohibition muddle, and so evident has been the Governor's influence that Dr. Hare, the superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League in Maryland, who led the fight for the Statewide Bill and lost, has dubbed the bill that has finally been passed "An Administration Measure," and gives the Chief Executive of the State full credit for bringing the factions together on the compromise bill and thus getting rid of a situation that threatened to tie up all further legislation at this session of the General Assembly. No one but Governor Harrington, it is admitted, could have accomplished this in the manner in which it was done—no one but Governor Harrington could have brought around those Senators and members of the House who were standing out for a "Statewide vote or nothing," and induced them to support the compromise effected by the McIntosh and Norris amendments.

NEITHER SIDE GOT WHAT IT WANTED.

Neither the "wets" nor the "drys" got the sort of bill they wanted, but each side accomplished something of the purposes it had been advocating. Baltimore City did not want to vote on the question at all, and the other side wanted both wet and dry sections to vote and make the "wet" spots wet or dry according to the majority as a whole, without affecting the dry portions one way or the other. Now Baltimore City must vote, and all other "wet" sections must vote, but the "dry" sections must keep out, and one section will not be affected by the vote in another. No matter how Allegany county votes, for instance, it can in no way affect Baltimore City, nor can the majority of Baltimore City one way or the other, affect Allegany county or any of the other units that are designated to vote in the bill, while the "dry spots" have no say-so in the election. Practically it is a Local Option Bill for Baltimore City, Baltimore County, Allegany, Frederick, Washington, and Prince George's Counties, with parts of Anne Arundel, Harford and Carroll Counties. These designated localities vote on the same day, but they decide the question of wet or dry only for their own section.

MANUFACTURING STILL TO GO ON.

Neither does it matter how any one or more of these designated "dry spots" vote so far as the manufacturers are concerned, the Norris amendment to the bill providing that breweries and distilleries that are at that time in operation anywhere, may continue in business, but provides that they shall not ship for sale any of their product into dry territory, or territory made dry by the vote provided for in the bill. This amendment was offered to protect the breweries and distilleries in Baltimore County and Baltimore City, where enormous sums are invested in those enterprises, Baltimore County alone claiming to have $15,000,000 invested in the manufacture of whiskey and beer. Of course, the protection thus afforded will avail in every other section of the State where breweries or distilleries exist, whether those sections go dry or not. Many of the "dry" members of the House and Senators in explaining why they voted for this bill, stated that it seemed to be the best they could get, and that "half a loaf is better than no bread at all."

SMITH AND SPEICHER "STAND PAT."

Senator Speicher, of Garrett county, and Delegate Smith, of Allegany, who introduced the Statewide Prohibition Bills in the Senate and House respectively, fought to the last against all compromises. The Garrett Senator was one of nine to vote against the bill after the Norris amendment had been put on in the Senate and Delegate Smith was one of the fifteen who voted against it in the House. Delegate Campbell, of Allegany, also voted on the last rollcall as he had voted on the first—for Statewide Prohibition vote or no vote at all. He, indeed, was alone in the Delegation in voting against the bill with the McIntosh amendment, Delegate Smith accepting the bill with that amendment as a compromise and in the belief that no other changes would be attempted.

The Governor will sign the bill passed last Faiday.

And so the fight is over—for two years more.

THE DEATH RECORD.

MRS. CARRIE BENDER.

Mrs. Carrie Bender, wife of Mr. Jacob J. Bender, merchant of Grantsville, died at her home last Friday night. The funeral services were conducted at the residence and at the M. E. church Sunday afternoon at two o'clock. Interment was made in the Grantsville cemetery.

Mrs. Bender is survived by her husband, one daughter and five sons, the youngest being about three years old. She was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Adam Fogle, of Salisbury, Pa., who are still living.

Mrs. Bender was afflicted with tuberculosis for nearly two years, and at times suffering most intensely. Her husband did all that a true husband could possibly do for his life-companion. He placed her under the care of expert physicians at the hospital of Johns Hopkins University and at the State Sanatorium. But both places failed to restore her to her former health. After failing to receive any help for Mrs. Bender away from home, he had built for her a sun-parlor adjoining the home residence. Here Mrs. Bender spent most of her days during the last year of life in this world, under the constant care of a well-trained nurse and skilful physicians who did everything possible to alleviate her suffering.

Mrs. Bender was a true Christian, a member of the M. E. church, always taking an active part in the affairs of her church, and a loving, devoted wife and mother. All who knew her feel confident that she has been translated from this life of tribulation into that spiritual life in the spirit world where she is free from pain and sorrow.

The brothers and many friends sympathize deeply with the surviving father and children in their sad hour of bereavement.

A FRIEND.

CLAUDE SHROCK.

On Thursday evening, Feb. 17, 1916, Claude Shrock, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Shrock, quietly passed away, after an illness of just one month. He was aged twenty years. It is, indeed, with much sorrow that we write of the death of one so young, and one whose afflictions seemed to make him nearer to us all. He bore his afflictions with much fortitude and patience. Life is a mystery and there is much that we cannot comprehend, but we know that God doeth all things well. He leaves to morn his sad taking away, a father, one brother and seven sisters, other relatives and a host of friends. The funeral was held at Fairview, by Rev. Frank Harvey. Interment in the Fairview cemetery.

A FRIEND.

WM. M. O. DAWSON.

Former Governor William Meekins Owens Dawson, of West Virginia, died at his residence in Charleston, W. Va., last Sunday morning after an illness of short duration, and was buried at Kingwood, W. Va., Tuesday to which point his body was conveyed by a special train. Governor Dawson was born in Bloomington in the year 1853. As a man he made and retained friends in every walk of life; as a leader in his party he was without equal and as a friend, as the editor of The Republican can testify, he was true and loyal, for he had evidence of this friendship over a quarter of a century. Mr. Dawson was a self-made man, struggling against odds from the lower walks of life until he finally filled with honor and distinction the Gubernatorial chair of his adopted State. He will be missed not only in West Virginia but among his Maryland friends as well.

WILLIAM G. BROWN.

Congressman William Gay Brown, of Kingwood, died at his Washington residence on last Thursday morning after an illness of a few hours of appoplexy, and was buried at Kingwood, his home, on Saturday afternoon. Mr. Brown's remains were taken through Oakland on a special train of five Pullmans Saturday morning and was accompanied by his family and a delegation of United States Senators and Congressmen. Mr. Brown is survived by his widow and two daughters, the youngest being but two months old.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF The Garrett National Bank, AT OAKLAND,

In the State of Maryland, at the close of business, March 7th, 1916.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$392,162 47
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)		50,000 00
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged		146,085 00
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve Bank	$6,900	
Less amount unpaid	3,450	3,450 00
Value of banking house (if unencumbered)		27,500 00
Furniture and fixtures		3,000 00
Net amount due from Federal Reserve bank		11,129 10
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in New York, Chicago, St. Louis	$13,484 53	
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in other reserve cities	15,443 10	28,927 63
Net amount due from banks and bankers (other than that above)		1,412 74
Other checks on banks in the same city or town as reporting bank		120 69
Outside checks and other cash items	$45 00	
Fractional currency, nickles and cents	156 44	201 44
Notes of other national banks		880 00
Federal Reserve notes		15 00
Coin and certificates		20,235 40
Legal-tender notes		1,565 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		2,500 00
Total		$689,184 47

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$50,000 00
Surplus fund		65,000 00
Undivided profits	5,309 53	
Less current expenseses interest, and taxes paid	3,398 32	1,911 21
Circulating notes outstanding		49,997 50
Due to banks and bankers (other than that above)		3,401 03
Demand deposits—		
Individual deposits subject to check		197,964 03
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days		47,725 47
Cashier's checks outstanding		499 08
Total demand deposits	$246,188 58	
Time deposits (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice)—		
Certificates of deposit		143,508 74
Other time deposits		129,177 41
Total of time deposits	$272,686.15	
Total		$689,184 47

State of Maryland, County of Garrett I, G. A. FRALEY, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

G. A. FRALEY, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 14th day of March, 1916.

MARK S. WHITE, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: GILMOR S. HAMILL,
DANIEL E. OFFUTT, Jr.
JOSEPH E. HARNED,
Directors.

Notice—To School Communities.

This is to give notice to the school communities of Garrett County, Maryland, that the Board of County School Commissioners of the County aforesaid has suggested, in pursuance of the custom of this county, that the residents over 21 years of age of each school community of Garrett County, meet in their school building upon

Thursday, April 13, 1916,

at the hour of 4 o'clock p. m., and there proceed by ballot, after proper organization, the details of which are left discretionary with each school community, to elect three residents of the school community, who are to be recommended to the Board of County School Commissioners as suitable parties for appointment as trustees of the school for the ensuing school year. All recommendations for such appointments and a copy of the minutes and records of the meeting, including the names of each person nominated as well as the number of votes that each of those nominated received at the meeting, held as herein requested, are to be in this office on or before May 1, 1916.

By order of the Board.

F. E. RATHBUN,
Adv. 3-4t Secretary.

WE PAY CASH FOR THE FOLLOWING:—Live chickens, 12 cents per pound; live turkeys, 20 cents per pound; Veal calves, hog dressed, 10 cents per pound; dressed Hogs, 9½ cents per pound. Call on or phone, WM. L. CASTEEL, L. W. HOPKINS, Oakland, Md. Adv. 3tf*

Assignee's Sale OF VALUABLE Real Estate

In Garrett County.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage from Charles Warnick and Maggie Warnick, his wife, to William H. Durst, dated the 11th day of May, 1909, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 57, folio 417, one of the Mortgage Records of Garrett county, and duly assigned to E. R. Jones for the purpose of foreclosure on the 16th day of February, 1916, default having occurred in the terms of said mortgage, the undersigned assignee will on

SATURDAY, the 25th day of March, '16,

at the hour of two o'clock p. m. of said day in front of the Court House in the town of Oakland, Maryland, offer at public auction to the highest bidder all of that tract or parcel of land situate near Grantsville, in Garrett county, containing the quantity of one hundred and ten acres more or less, the same being the tract of land described in a deed from Phineas C. Boucher and wife to the said Charles Warnick bearing date of May 8th, 1909, which said deed is recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 59, folio 167, one of the Land Records of Garrett county.

Said farm is improved by about 45 acres of cleared land and it is otherwise improved by a two story dwelling, stable, silo and other out-buildings, and a small sugar camp is also located on the property.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on day of sale, but if any responsible party should purchase the property and pay a reasonable amount down, in the discretion of the undersigned, the balance may be arranged in deferred payments being secured by the notes of the purchaser with security satisfactory to the undersigned and to bear interest from the day of sale; or all of the purchase money may be paid down upon the ratification of the sale by the Court.

Possession being given to said property upon the ratification of the sale and compliance with the terms thereof.

For further particulars, apply to.

ERNEST RAY JONES,
Assignee of said Mortgage.

Trustee's Sale OF VALUABLE Real Estate in Garrett County, Maryland

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Circuit court passed on the 25th day of February, 1916, at the suit of Abel DeWitt, next friend, etc., vs. Donald U. Maffett, et al, the same being No. 261 Equity in said Court, the undersigned trustee hereby gives notice that she will on

SATURDAY the 25th day of March,

1916, at the hour of two o'clock p. m., in front of the court house in the town of Oakland, Maryland, offer at public auction to the highest bidder the following parcels of real estate situate in Garrett County, Maryland, and described as follows, to-wit:

All that lot of ground situate in the town of Oakland and which is on the plat of Pennington's Addition to the town of Oakland enlarged, as recorded in Liber W. H. T. No. 2, folio 518, one of the Land Records of said Garrett County is known and designated as Lot No. 41, containing one acre, more or less, excepting therefrom so much thereof as by deed conveyed by McHenry Howard, trustee, to the County Commissioners of Garrett County for an alley, dated the 17th day of November, 1888, and recorded in Liber W. H. T. No. 8, folio 162, one of the Land Records of Garrett County, and being the same ground which was conveyed to Wm. A. Maffett by deed from Elizabeth G. Howard dated the 30th day of May, 1885, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 44, folio 571, one of the Land Records of said Garrett County. This property is improved by two dwellings and a stable.

2. A part of Military Lot No. 3282, containing 66 1-10 perches and commonly known as the Collier Hotel property in the town of Friendsville, Garrett County, Md., improved by a good hotel and out buildings.

3. All that other lot in said town of Friendsville known as the Livery stable lot, and beginning for the same at the Northwest corner of the river bridge and running thence N. 72° West, 6 3-10 perches, North 47¾ East, 10 perches to a point of island and then by a straight line to the beginning, improved by a livery stable.

4. All that other parcel in the town of Friendsville, and beginning for the same at the Southern corner of a blacksmith shop situate on the east bank of the Youghiogheny River and running with the Oakland road 25 feet to a point at the edge of said road, then in a westerly direction to the line of "Look Sharp," in river, then North with said line 25 feet and from thence to the beginning, improved by a blacksmith shop.

The three last parcels above being the same property which was conveyed to the said Wm. A. Maffett by deed from Austin Brown, Sheriff, dated the 18th day of Oct., 1909, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 59, folio 274, one of the Land Records of said Garrett County.

5. Lots Nos. 15 and 16 in Block 26 on the plat of the Mountain Home Company, recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 1, folio 2, one of the Plat records of said Garrett county, containing 10-123 of an acre each, being the same lots which were conveyed to the said Wm. A. Maffett by deed from the Mountain Home Company dated the 31st day of December, 1894, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 30, folio 315, one of the Land Records of said Garrett county.

6. All those lots which on the plat of the sub-division of the tract of land called the Bradley farm are known as Lots Nos. 2 containing 5.10 acres, Lot No. 37 containing 7.61 acres. All these lots are situate close the town of Oakland and are in a high state of cultivation, being the same lots which were conveyed to the said Wm. A. Maffett by deed from Wm. E. Walsh, et ux., dated the 4th day of June, 1912, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 64, folio 91, one of the Land Records of said Garrett county.

7. Lot No. 40 in Pennington's Addition to the town of Oakland containing ¾ of an acre, more or less, and described in a deed from the County Commissioners of Garrett County to Wm. A. Maffett dated the 2nd day of December 1912, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 68, folio 41, one of the Land Records of said Garrett county. Said lot is improved by a brick dwelling and a frame stable.

TERMS OF SALE: One third cash, one third in one year and one third in two years, or all cash at the option of the purchaser or purchasers, the credit portion to bear interest and to be secured to the satisfaction of the trustee.

These several pieces of property will be offered separately.

Conveyancing at cost of purchaser.

MRS. NELLIE MAFFETT,
Trustee.

For further particulars consult the trustee or Renninger & Offutt, attorneys, Garret National Bank Building, Oakland, Md.

Commissioners Meeting.

The County Commissioners of Garrett county, Maryland, will meet in their office in Oakland on

Monday, March 20th, 1916,

to transact general routine business.

By order of the Board.

W. G. MEYERS, Clerk.

FOUNDED 1888

THE GARRETT NATIONAL BANK

FOUNDED 1888

OF OAKLAND, MARYLAND

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, - - $115,000.00

THE highly developed facilities of this Bank resulting from 28 years of careful and conservative management, together with prompt, efficient and courteous service, are offered as the basis for a satisfactory business connection.

OFFICERS

G. S. HAMILL, President. D. E. OFFUTT, Jr., Vice President.
G. A. FRALEY, Cashier. H. L. JONES, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS

GILMOR S. HAMILL, JOHN T. MITCHELL, DANIEL E. OFFUTT, Jr.
JOSEPH E. HARNED. GEORGE A. FRALEY, HARLAND L. JONES CHAS. S. DAVIS

Interest paid on Time Deposits. Safety Deposit Boxes for Rent.

ESTABLISHED 1884. BOTH PHONES

We know that every Farmer wants to get the very best machinery on the market at the lowest possible price. Our experience of the past 32 years has enabled us to select the best impliments that can be bought, and buying them in carload lots we are in a position to make you the lowest possible price.

Grain Drill season is here, see us we can save you money.

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.

Oakland, Md.

"Naylor has it and sells it for less."

RIGHT PRICES PROMPT SERVICE

HART'S

SPRING GOODS

OUR Spring Goods are now in—Wool Cloths as well as Wash Fabrics; also Laces, Embroideries and other Dress Trimmings.

These goods were bought last fall when it was possible to buy at right prices. If we were compelled to go into the market to buy these goods today we would on most things be forced to pay more than our present retail price. Thi applies to almost everything in the dry goods and notion lines.

We never believe in misrepresenting facts in advertising as well as in other things. Our advice is to anticipate your wants for spring before present stocks are exhausted you will save money. Old prices still prevail at

ALDER ST. HART'S OAKLAND.

THE ROSS SILO

Means large profits and less work. Quality is the Ross motto. Compare it with others and you will buy the Ross. Ask the men that use them.

For Further information, see

E. H. SMOUSE, Agt.

Deer Park, Md.

The Lutheran Church

SECOND STREET, OAKLAND

Sunday School, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

B. H. SINCELL, Superintendent.

Every parent should know that their child is in Sunday School on the Lord's Day learning of Him. God will hold parents responsible for the religious growth of their children.

Men's Brotherhood Class, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

REV. BREMER, Teacher.

We cordially invite all men not already enrolled in some school to study the Bible with this class.

Morning Worship, 10.45 o'Clock.

The sincere christian will be found in God's House at the regular appointed hours of worship and the only kind of excuse worth while is the kind that Almighty God will accept.

Luther League, 6.30 o'Clock P. M.

Topic—"The Last Lonely Vigil."
Leader—MARGARET KAHL.

Evening Worship, 7.30 o'Clock.

All are welcomed to worship with us.

During the Lenten Season there will be a special service every Wednesday night at 7:30 o'clock. The public is invited.

—The above was prepared by the pastor and the advertisement is authorized and paid for by one interested in church work.

Justice Rudisill will be in his office next Saturday, and possibly Friday.

Mrs. S. H. Jackson spent last Sunday at Terra Alta with relatives.

Dr. H. W. McComas spent Saturday in Cumberland to which point he was called on professional business.

Mr. Fred Miller, of Accident, was in the city on business Saturday, returning to his home the same afternoon.

Former Sheriff Bert C. Scott, of Ottaway, spent Monday in Oakland on business connected with his late office.

Charles Ashby, of Deer Park, was a visitor at the State House, Annapolis, Saturday. He was with Hon. Gist Blair.

Mr. George M. Mason returned home Monday afternoon from Washington, D. C., where he had been for a week visiting friends.

Mrs. John Ault, of near Oakland, has gone to Pittsburgh, Pa., where she is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Arthur Schlossnagle.

Price and Quantity enter into every sale of Implements made by A. D. Naylor & Co.
Advertisement.

Mr. Henry M. Speicher, of Accident, was in Oakland Monday on business, having arrived here the night previous from a point in the west.

Mr. C. R. Savage, the Oakland meat man, was unfortunate on Monday when a highly prized as well as valuable cow belonging to him died.

Dr. and Mrs. J. C. Ely and Mrs. Lewis Walter spent Thursday last in Deer Park, where they were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Dave Walter.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Ptersheim, of near Oakland, returned home Friday from Fredericksburg, Ohio, where they had spent several weeks on a visit to relatives.

Mrs. Benj. H. Sincell and Miss Julia Byrne went to Kingwood, W. Va., Saturday morning to attend the funeral of the late Congressman William G. Brown, which occured in that town Saturday afternoon.

Miss Nelle Bosley returned to her home in Oakland one day last week after a two months visit with relatives in Garland, North Carolina and Richmond, Virginia.

The Association has had the Park ice house filled with good ice. They also shipped 20 or more cars of ice for the B. & O. Railroad Company. J. L. Echard had charge of the ice field and shipment of ice.

Mrs. John Speicher, of Terra Alta, spent Sunday near Oakland where she visited her father, Mr. D. T. Enlow, who is suffering as the result of a fall he sustained early last week and in consequence is bedridden.

Miss Daisy Nine, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Luther C. Nine, of near Crellin, left Oakland on train No. 12 Thursday evening for Jersey City, N. J., she has a host of friends throughout the county and she will be greatly missed in the community.

Grain Drills at the right price and on liberal terms at A. D. Naylor & Co.
Advertisement

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Bush and two children left Oakland Monday night for Conneaut, Ohio, near which town Mr. Bush recently purchased a farm where he will reside in the future. Their eldest daughter will remain in Oakland with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Bush.

Naylor & Co., has just the Grain Drill to suit your need.
Advertisement.

Attorneys E. H. Sincell and G. Semmes Hamill were in Cumberland vesterday on professional business.

Miss Mary Canty returned home Friday after spending several weeks in Elkins, W. Va., the guest of relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Falkenstein spent Saturday and Sunday in Terra Alta where they visited relatives and friends.

WANTED—At the Mt. Lake Hotel, April 1st, a girl to do general housework. Address, W. C. Dunnington, Mt. Lake Park, Md. Adv. 2-tf

Mrs. Henry W. McComas went to Baltimore Saturday night to visit her son Mr. Harry L. McComas, for a few days.

WANTED—Farmer with team to move on farm 4 miles from Oakland; hauling sufficient to keep team busy. J. B. CHEUVRONT, Oakland, Md. Adv. 2-3t*

Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Tanner, of Eglon, were in Oakland Saturday on their way home from a visit of several days to friends and relatives at Keyser, W. Va.

A son, Charles Daniel, has been born to Mr. and Mrs. John Houck, of Braddock, Pa. Mrs. Houck was formerly Miss Lucille Hilleary, of Garrett county.

Mr. Z. C. Hendrickson, of Oakland, was called to Baltimore Monday by a telegram announcing the death of his mother, whose demise was caused by infirmities due to advanced years,

Mrs. Emma Specht, of Deer Park, was in Oakland Wednesday, having returned that morning from a visit of several weeks to Philadelphia and Pittsburgh, Pa. While in Philadelphia Mrs. Specht was the guest of her brother.

In St. Paul's M. E. church Sunday evening Rev. John H. Howard, the pastor, will use as the basis of his remarks "A Hot Shot on Temperance with reference to the Doings of the Maryland Legislature." All invited.

Miss Ada Friend, of Friendsville, daughter of the late Capt. M. E. Friend of that town, who has been teaching the Roth school south of Oakland during the present school term, was called to her home at Friendsville Tuesday owing to the serious illness of her sister.

Attention is directed to the advertisement of the Second National Bank of Cumberland, which appears in this paper today. The Second National is among the leading banks of the country and stands at the head of all institutions of its kind in Western Maryland.

Rev. Arthur D. Appleton returned to Oakland Saturday night from a point in Northern Pennsylvania where he has been on a visit for two weeks to his family. His eldest son, four years old, is quite ill of diabetes, but a late report from the bedside of the little sufferer is to the effect that his condition is somewhat improved.

Who would have thought that the tin can is a menace to the public health? The expert malaria investigators of the U. S. Public Health Service have found however that discarded tin cans containing rain water are breeding places for the mosquito which is the sole agent in spreading malaria. A hole in the bottom of the can might have resulted in the saving of a human life. Certainly it would have assisted in preventing a debilitating illness. Empty tin cans have no business about the premises anyway, but if we must so decorate our back yards, let's see to it that the can has a hole in the bottom.

PARK STATION BURGLARIZED.

Was Entered Through Rear Door and Goods Stolen.

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad station at Mountain Lake Park was broken into sometime Sunday night and burglarized, entrance having been effected through a rear door leading into the warehouse adjoining the ticket office.

In the warehouse a box containing shoes consigned to Messrs. Harvey Bros., merchants, was broken open and some of the contents extracted and carried away. A suitcase was also broken open and wearing apparel belonging to some one unknown to the railway officials, but who holds a baggage check for the case, was carried off.

No clue has yet been found leading to the identity of the thieves.

Rock Phosphate.

Please send in your orders by March 15th for rock phosphate which will be ready for delivery on or about April 1st. This phosphate will be in 100 pound sacks, 32 per cent. phosphoric acid at $9.75 per ton on car in Oakland. Have several tons on hand stored at the Helbig mill where my customers may obtain the same at any time, as long as it lasts.

D. J. SWARTZENTRUBER.

Adv. 2-2t.

Mr. and Mrs. John Doffort and two children, Guy and Helen, of Conneaught, Ohio, are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. M. R. Hamill. Mr. Doffort is the only brother of Mrs. Hamill. Mrs. Doffort, whose maiden name was Miss Bessie Bover, formerly lived in Oakland and was one of the city's successful teachers.

Rev. and Mrs. Otto A. Bremer went to Fairmont Sunday afternoon at which point Mr. Bremer preached in the Lutheran church that evening. In his absence from Oakland the local Lutheran pulpit was very acceptably filled by the Rev. Arthur D. Appleton, rector of the Episcopal church in Oakland. Mr. Appleton's sermon was timely, the speaker dwelling upon the Lenton season and all that it means to the church today.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Senator Speicher came to Oakland from Annapolis Saturday morning and went from here that afternoon to his home at Accident where he spent Sunday with his family. Senator Speicher received the congratulations of his many friends in Oakland for the position he took and maintained on the State-wide Temperance measure during its consideration by the Senate, his vote for the measure as introduced being against every proposed amendment.

Justice L. A. Rudisill has been notified of his election as a member of the National Geographic Society, of Washington, D. C. This society was founded twenty-seven years ago to increase and diffuse geographic knowledge. Its membership includes many distinguished men, among them ex-presidents of the United States, members of the Supreme Court, Senate and House of Representatives.

The Pythian Improvemnet Company offers the Maryland Theatre for rent. Apply to Ernest Shirer, Secretary, Oakland, Md. Adv.

War Prices Prevailing.

Not since the close of the Civil War have goods in all lines advanced as they have during the past six months. This is especially true of numerous lines handeled by us. Nails, iron, stoves, ranges, paints, oils, varnishes, dynamite, powder, roofing, building material, household supplies, etc., have all advanced and on many articles from 50 to 200 per cent. and in some cases more.

The iron reports of March 2nd say:

"The most important and serious questions that is before the trade now is that of how much material or merchandise will be available in the last six months of this year for the consumers, though willing to pay the advances.

"It is estimated by large manufacturers that if things go on as they are now buyers may not be able to get more than one-fourth of the amount of material or goods they will need in the last half of the year."

In order to take care of our trade we have bought and put in stock a large line of goods as handled by us, and on most lines have made very little advance although realizing the goods cannot be replaced at present prices, and in giving our trade and customers the advantages of our buying it is absolutely necessary to demand the cash with order for our goods, otherwise we would have to advance goods to a profit beyond the market prices that would make many lines so high that they could not be sold.

Manufacturers, jobbers and supply houses are demanding the cash for their goods, adding the advanced prices. To meet conditions and prices we are compelled to demand cash for goods sold believing it will be the best and most advisable plan we can adopt with the present conditions.

Yours,

J. M. DAVIS & SONS.

Oakland, Md., March 8, 1916.

Advertisement 2-2t

Subscribe for The Republican.

SENATE AND HOUSE BACK UP WILSON

Whether Villa Pursuit Leads to War or Not Congress Will Stand By President

INTERVENTION CONSIDERED

"Uphold the Hand of the President in This Emergency," Urges Rep. Kitchin, Democrat—"He Did the Only Thing," Says Mann.

Washington.—Both in the Senate and in the House of Representatives, President Wilson's determination to take decisive action in Mexico was hailed with general approval.

With the purpose of the punitive expedition, whether it leads to war or not, no fault was found either by Democrats or Republicans. Under the overshadowing possibilities of the border turbulence there was no disposition to press any objections to the course followed by the President.

The foremost consideration, which apparently actuated members of both houses, was to put a stop to the Mexican atrocities, whatever the cost. So long as the Administration is moving toward that end it will be given a free hand.

Representative Cooper, ranking Republican member of the House Foreign Affairs committee, brought up the question of the right of the President to send troops beyond the territorial limits of the United States without the consent of Congress when the Committee met to hear what the President had done and to discuss the situation. He showed no inclination to press this question.

In the House, Representative Mann, the minority leader, and Representative Kitchin, the leader of the majority, found themselves in accord.

"The President did exactly the right thing," said Mr. Mann.

"He will get the support, united from all sides. He did the only thing, the proper thing, that could be done. It is not war."

"I am willing to let the Administration catch Villa," said Mr. Kitchin. "I favor any authorizations by Congress necessary and proper to uphold the hand of the President in the emergency.

INTERVENTION LIKELY—TAFT.

U. S. Justified in Chasing Villa, Says Ex-President.

Boston.—Ex-President Taft, speaking before the Unitarian Club, asserted that the United States was justified in chasing Villa into Mexico.

"If we are forced to intervene," he said, "it will be justified, because we have a right to object to a condition of anarchy in a country immediately adjoining ours so long continued as to become an international nuisance.

"I entirely acquit the present Administration of any desire to involve us in war with Mexico.

"I am glad to hear that a sufficient force is being sent after him. We should hope that we may not have to enter upon a general intervention, because that will be a serious matter and involve consequences the scope of which we cannot measure. But that there is ground for thinking it probable none can deny."

VILLA FINANCED IN U. S.—LIND

Interests Eager for Intervention Inspired Invasion, He Says.

Minneapolis.—That Villa's incursion and the Columbus killings were inspired and financed by interests on this side of the border was charged by ex-Gov. John Lind, recently confidential representative of President Wilson in Mexico. He intimated that they were trying to force intervention.

Mr. Lind made the suggestion that the two Governments agree on a neutral zone along the border, to be policed by armies of both countries in order to suppress Vila and his bandits.

"Villa undoubtedly was inspired and financed by interests on this side," said Mr. Lind. "But if there had been a neutral zone, with adequate police protection cooperating from both sides, even his incursion could have been prevented."

Washington Backs Up Slocum.

Washington.—Washington stands squarely behind Colonel Slocum in sending his cavalrymen into Mexico in pursuit of Francisco Villa and his band of outlaws who raided Columbus, New Mexico, murdering American soldiers and citizens and firing the town.

Secretary Lansing informed the de facto Government of Mexico, through Eliseo Arredondo, its Ambassador designate here, that he trusted no objection would be made to the action of the American troops.

IRISH SHIP SERVICE SUSPENDED.

Strike of Crews Cuts Off Belfast and Fleetwood.

Belfast.—Owing to a strike of the crews of steamships plying between Belfast and Fleetwood and Heysham, England, the service was suspended and there is no probability that it will be resumed soon.

Belfast is already congested with merchandise and the stoppage will seriously augment the block.

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STATE CAVALRY FOR BORDER

President Considers Asking for Five National Guard Regiments

GREAT NEED OF HORSES

Infantry of Texas, New Mexico and Arizona Likely to Be Used—Hay Act Permits National Guard to Enlist in Volunteer Army.

Washington.—President Wilson acted on the calling out five regiments of National Guard cavalry to go to the border to do patrol duty there in place of the regular soldiers who are being sent into Mexico in pursuit of Villa.

In case the President calls on the National Guard, cavalry regiments from New York, Pennsylvania, Michigan, Ohio and Illinois, all regarded as "crack" regiments, will be chosen for patrol duty at the beginning.

Infantry regiments in Texas, New Mexico and Arizona will also probably be called on. Each of these States has a complete regiment of infantry ready for service. Texas in addition to the regiment of infantry has available three troops of cavalry. There are approximately sixty-five men in each troop.

Should the National Guard regiments be sent to the border their service will be confined to American soil unless a general war with all factions in Mexico results.

Terms of the Hay Act.

In that event, under the terms of the Hay act, which was passed at the time of the taking of Vera Cruz two years ago, the National Guard regiments will have an opportunity to enlist as a body in the volunteer army. Should war ensue and should they enlist the regiments which are being sent to the border are most likely to see service in Mexico earlier than other militia or volunteer organizations.

"The President is said to want five regiments of cavalry," said one officer, "but the National Guard cannot furnish these regiments at present fully equipped to take the field. I fear it will be difficult to get sufficient horses of the proper kind. This country has been depleted of its best army horses and mules during the last eighteen months."

CHOOSE SOCIALIST TICKET.

Benson and Kirkpatrick Lead—Hillquit and Berger on Committee.

Chicago.—Allan L. Benson, of Yonkers, N. Y., has been chosen candidate for President by the Socialist party by referendum vote. George R. Kirkpatrick, of New York, has been nominated for vice-president.

Victor Berger, of Milwaukee, and Morris Hillquit, of New York, were chosen members of the executive committee. This is the first year the Socialist party has nominated its presidential candidate by referendum instead of by convention. The vote on the candidates was:

For President, Allan L. Benson, Yonkers, N. Y., 16,639; James H. Maurer, Reading, Pa., 12,264; Arthur Le Sueur, Fort Scott, Kan., 3,495.

For vice-president, George R. Kirkpatrick, New York, 20,607; Kate O'Hare, St. Louis, 11,388.

INDICT SIX STEEL COMPANIES.

Big Youngstown Corporation Accused of Fixing Wages.

Youngstown, Ohio.—Indictments were returned by the Mahoning County grand jury against the Youngstown Sheet & Tube Company, the Republic Iron & Steel Company, the Brier Hill Steel Company, the Youngstown Iron & Steel Company, the United States Steel Corporation, and Judge E. H. Gary, chairman of the United States Steel Corporation.

The law on which the indictments are based is known as the Valentine anti-trust law.

WORLD'S NEWS IN CONDENSED FORM

PARIS.—Seven of the crew of the Norwegian bark Silius, which was torpedoed and sunk, were Americans. The Silius left New York February 4 for Havre.

WASHINGTON.—A step in the direction of equipping the navy for war was taken by the House Appropriations Committee, which reported an additional appropriation bill carrying $2,750,000 for the manufacture of anti-aircraft guns for the battleships.

NEW YORK.—Mexicans hear of an Obregon-Cabrera plot against Carranza, which is construed as opposition to entrance of American troops.

PARIS.—"I swear I did not wish this war. I share your sorrow," reads a card signed by the German Emperor, which is sent to every German family which loses members at the front.

WASHINGTON.—Henry Gassaway Davis, former United States Senator from West Virginia and Vice-Presidential candidate on the Democratic ticket in 1904, died here after a brief illness. He was 93 years old.

CAIRO.—Emir Ibanalrashio, Arabian sheik, has declared a Holy War on the British.

CHRISTIANIA.—Norway recognized the Carranza Mexican government.

'DARK HORSE' MAY WIN G. O. P. RACE

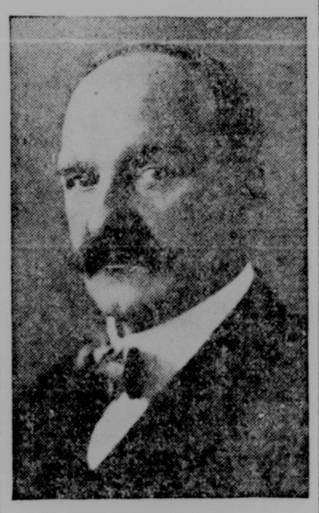
REPUBLICAN LEADERS LOOK FOR PRACTICAL BUSINESS MAN TO HEAD TICKET.

COLEMAN DU PONT NAMED AS LIKELY CANDIDATE

Delaware Man Has Splendid Reputation as a Self-Made Leader in Constructive Business.

With the Republican convention only a scant twelve weeks away, the most popular topic of conversation in political circles these days concerns the G. O. P.'s choice of a candidate to run against Wilson.

The Republicans will probably go back to old principles and look for a candidate who will command the support of the same army of voters who elected McKinley, when a wave of patriotic common sense swept the country, and business men by the hundreds of thousands marched the streets demanding a practical government. It is interesting to note that the name of General Coleman du Pont, of Delaware, has been repeatedly mentioned recently as the man eminently qualified for the nomination. To those who look upon the government as a big business concern demanding the supervision of a trained business man, the name of General du Pont carries a strong appeal, for there is no man more qualified to handle the big problems of today than this same self-made leader in constructive business. Moreover, both the public and private record of General du Pont will stand up well under the searchlight of political opposition.



GENERAL COLEMAN DU PONT.

Coleman du Pont was born in Kentucky and started his working life in the mines of the Blue Grass State. He stands today as one of the few successful men who have acquired their positions by methods that will stand scrutiny. He has been a producer—not a stock jobber. He has never antagonized any class of people. Capital and Labor alike admire him.

Without self-advertisement he does more charity than do most men. He is an ardent advocate of good roads and believes that a really perfect system of highways will enhance the farmer's income and reduce the cost of living to the cities. He has built roads and given them to his state, always with a sound business scheme to perpetuate them and save them from being a burden to the taxpayers.

He comes from a family more American than most—a family identified with the building of the nation since the Revolution. His grandfather was Thomas Jefferson's most valued personal friend and advisor in the time of great need during the dark days of the Republic.

The great Powder Company with which he was formerly identified has supplied our government with all its powder at a price always named by our government officials themselves and never by the company.

Because of his great executive ability and high standing in the business world, some of the shrewdest political minds in the country consider him as being one of the most likely "dark horses" for the Republican nomination. They point to the fact that his success in life would eliminate any need for a friendly Colonel House, or any other financial influence standing ever behind the presidential chair. Nor would he be compelled to take orders from any man or group of men.

Another factor that the supporters of General du Pont are pointing to is his knowledge of military affairs. For sixteen years he has been identified with the soldiery of his state and is thoroughly alive to the necessity for preparedness. He has also had practical training in politics, having been a delegate to a number of State and National conventions, and serving as a member of the Republican National committee for many years.

It is the splendid business training of General du Pont that is pointing the way for him to the nomination. For it is conceded on all sides that the biggest problems of this country at the close of the European war will be business problems, and there are few men among those mentioned, who have had his experience in coping with such huge problems. As a manager of constructive business and as a reorganizer, Coleman du Pont stands in a class by himself.

JACOBS SETTLEMENT

There will be a box social and entertainment at the Jacob's school house, Fridsy, March 24, for the benefit of the pastor, Rev. Mumford, to be given by the school children at the school house. Let everybody come and help along with the work.

W. H. Jacobs, wife and daughter, Miss Flossie, have returned from their visit with friends in Illinois and Iowa. They were gone nine weeks and report a grand time.

Little Ethel Broadwater has been quite ill all winter.

Stanley Jacobs is improving after a severe attack of pneumonia.

The fire clay works are going every day.

Something doing in the near future.

School of Missions.

All church workers, especially along missionary lines, will be interested in the plans which are being made for the Woman's Summer School of Missions—Home and Foreign—to be held at Mountain Lake Park, Md., August 21-28, 1916.

This will include classes for Bible study, classes on the 1917 home and foreign text books, classes in methods, for all of which expert teachers have been secured. There will also be conferences upon all vital problems and phases of missionary work, illustrated lectures, pageants, demonstrations, anniversaries, etc.

One of the most attractive features will be the "Camp Wesleyan" for young people. The afternoons will be given over to recreation and sports, tennis, hikes, boating, etc.

Special railroad rates and reasonable board have been secured.

The general chairmen are Mrs. S. W. Davis, Wilkinsburg, Pa., Home, and Mrs. W. E. Beall, Laurel, Md., Foreign.

SMALL FARM FOR SALE—Bargain. Apply to P. O. Box 73, Swanton, Md. Adv. 48 tf

FOR SALE—A number of gas heaters. Apply to John J. Sweeney, Oakland, Md. Adv.

Examiners' Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned appointed by the County Commissioners of Garrett County, to view the lands through which the new road is prayed to be examined commencing at Garey's gate and passing through the lands of Edith Hileman, Abell Friend and Hiram Humberson to intersect the Morgantown road at or near John Meyer's house, and examine whether the said new road should be granted will meet on the 29th day of February, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said building of said new road, and if so, to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

C. W. FRIEND,
W. F. MEYERS,
S. K. FRAZEE,
Examiners.

Examiners' Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, appointed by the County Commissioner of Garrett County, to view the lands through which the Road leading from Avilton to the Pike through the lands of Elias Arnold road, and examine whether the said road should be Relocated will meet on the 28th day of February, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said relocation of said road, and if so, to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

LEWIS H. BROADWATER,
J. O. WILHELM,
ERNEST Z. MICHAEL,
Examiners.

Settle the Silo Question and Settle it for Good

Do away with painting, repairing and tightening of hoops.

Know that your silo won't blow over.

Be sure of perfect silage at all times.

Build the worryless, efficient.

Natco Imperishable Silo. "The silo that lasts for generations."

Its hollow, vitrified, clay tile are impervious to air and moisture; they preserve the silage sweet and juicy.

The dead air space in the wall resists frost making it the silo for cold climates.

Its a silo of efficiency, and a silo you'll be proud of.

For further information address, The National Fire Proofing Company, Pittsburgh, Pa., or, W. C. DeBerry, Oakland, Md.

P. S. A liberal discount is given on silos ordered before Feb. 1st. Discount becomes smaller each succeeding month.

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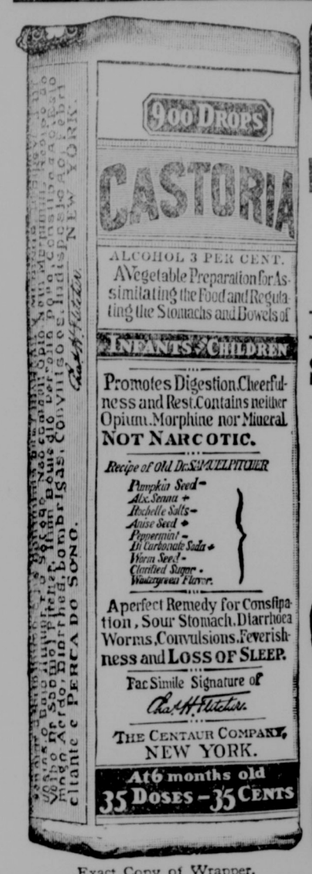
Only the Best Material Used.
Best Grade of Wall Plaster on hand at all times.
CONCRETE WORK
of All Kinds.
All Work Guaranteed.
OAKLAND, - MARYLAND.



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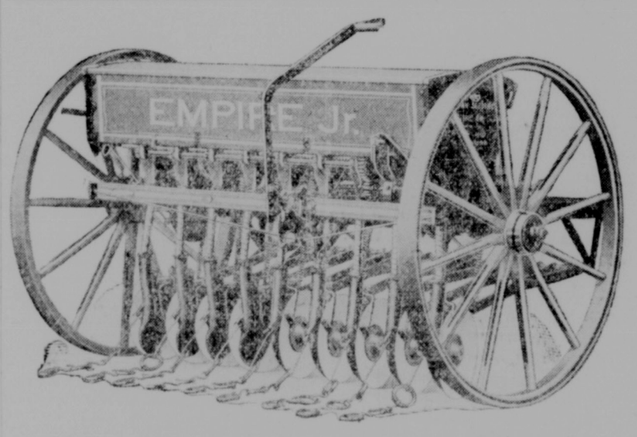
Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria
Always Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

THE CITY'S BEST
MEAT MARKET
IN THE EMPIRE BUILDING.

Choice Steak, Boiling Meat, and all other kinds of meat. Highest cash price paid for Poultry and Eggs; also cash paid for Hides and Skins.

H. L. MILLER



The Drill For Your Fields -- an Empire, Jr.

MEN come 'round every year to sell you crop insurance against hail, wind, and other elements. That is all very well, but there is another brand of insurance that costs less and pays every year.

Seed planted with an **Empire, Jr.** drill is insured against waste. The kernels are planted at a uniform depth and covered properly. In sections where the soil is exceptionally loose your **Empire, Jr.** can be equipped with press wheels that compact the soil firmly over the seed. Such seed is in better condition to withstand drouth or flood than broadcasted grain only half covered.

Come in and look over the **Empire, Jr.** line—there is nothing better.

All kinds of Plows and Harrows, Wagons and Buggies, and in fact everything that a Farmer will need at this season of the year at the right price. Agent for Armour's Fertilizer.

See me before you buy. My prices can't be beat in Western Maryland.

Yours to please,

J. W. WALTER,
DEER PARK, MD.

THE POLITICAL POT

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Republican success at the polls next November, in the opinion of Senator Weeks, of Massachusetts, depends largely upon the work done in Congress this session by the Republican leaders and the large number of new members who came into office last December.

"With the opening of the present Congress, the Republicans found themselves restored almost to a majority," Senator Weeks recently said; "and whether we shall be restored to an actual majority, with a Republican in the White House, in the coming elections depends very largely upon our conduct during the remainder of the session. The country is looking to the Republican party as it has seldom looked to any party before. It looks to us to voice its protests against the hardships and humiliations that have been brought down upon it during the past few years. It is the exact opportunity that the party needs, and I feel assured that we will take the fullest advantage of the opportunity. If we do our duty, the country will do the rest."

How about a Vice-President? We haven't heard very much about that, as yet, except that some of the friends of United States Senator Wesley L. Jones, of the State of Washington, have suggested that he is just the man for the place. Senator Jones, during the period when his State elected a Democratic governor, three Republican and two Bull Moose Congressmen, remained a sturdy Republican of progressive character, and was re-elected to the Senate by an overwhelming majority. The Pacific Coast has long had an ambition to figure in the party's national ticket, but realizing that the time is not yet ripe for them to capture the Presidency, they have their eye upon the Vice-Presidency, and that is why Senator Jones is being put forward as a man who would be a material addition to the ticket.

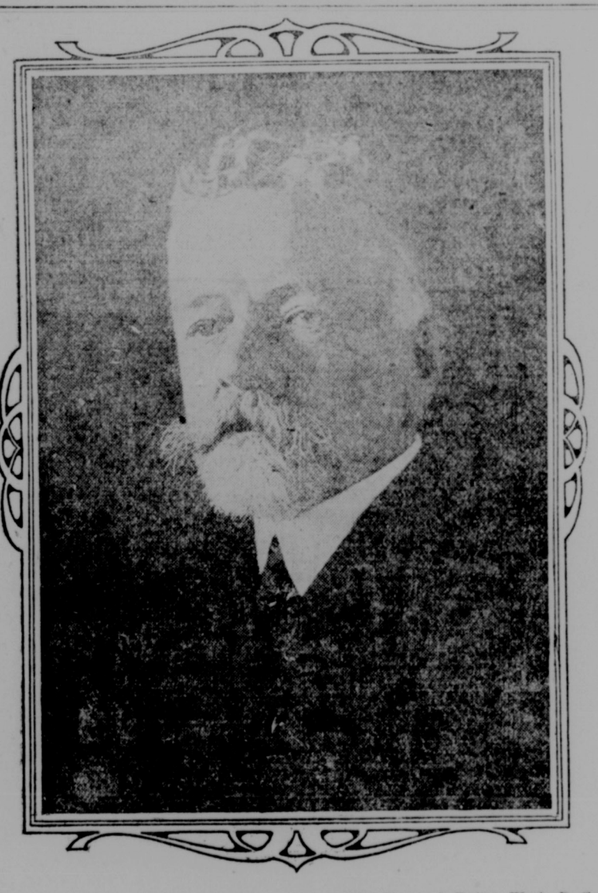
This is a busy time for the "Movie" men at the national capital. The city is so full of Presidential possibilities that it requires the constant presence of a battery of "movie" operators in the vicinity of the Capitol to get these distinguished men onto the films which are sent broadcast throughout the country.

"It's an easy way to travel," said Senator Weeks, recently, after going through the paces before a moving picture machine: "That picture will travel all around the country, while I can stay here and attend to business."

Congressman Martin Madden, of Illinois, has discovered a happy illustration of the exact relation of the Republican tariff to the country at large. He says:

"The Republican party looks upon tariff as it would upon a peddler's license. If a peddler comes into a town and sells goods, he must first go to the City Hall and secure a license. For this license he must pay a sum fixed by the town authorities or he cannot sell his goods. Why is this precaution taken? Because the peddler is there to sell in competition with local merchants who pay rent, pay taxes, maintain lights, pay the police, provide fire protection, employ citizens of the town, spend their money in the town, paving the streets and keeping them clean, while the peddler sells his goods, leaves the town and takes away his money with him. When he pays the license he is forced to leave something to help to maintain the Government."

The intimate friends of Senator Weeks call him "Captain," because that is probably what he would have been by this time if he had remained in the United States Navy. He served three years on the high seas under the Stars and Stripes, learning to be an officer, and then when he had completed this training there were more officers than ships, and together with several score of his classmates, he was mustered out of service. If he becomes Captain of the Ship of State next November, he will feel repaid for the disappointment of his youth.



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SENATOR HENRY CABOT LODGE
Of Massachusetts.

Senator Lodge, of Massachusetts, who is one of the country's great authorities on foreign affairs, began his service in Congress twenty-seven years ago. He has recently issued a strong endorsement of the candidacy of his colleague, Senator John W. Weeks, of Massachusetts, for the Presidency. He said, in part:

"As to presidential candidates, Massachusetts will be for Senator Weeks. Personally, I shall do all in my power for him. I have the highest regard for him, as well as the greatest confidence in his ability, his character, and his strength of purpose, which is accompanied by sanity of judgment and thorough good sense."

HERE is a well-fitting stylish rubber with a heavy service sole and heel. Neither sole nor heel will wear through until you have had more service than ordinary rubbers give.

This rubber looks well, fits well, and wears well.

Hub-Mark Rubber Footwear is made in a wide variety of kinds and styles to cover the stormy weather needs of men, women, boys and girls in town or country.

The Hub-Mark is your value mark. Look for it on the sole.

HUB MARK

HUB-MARK RUBBERS

The World's Standard Rubber Footwear

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GRIST OF NEWS OVER THE WIRES

Telegraphic and Cable Items Recording a Week's Events.

FROM FORTY-EIGHT STATES

Happenings in All Parts of the Union —Decisive Battles in the World War—Washington's Latest Gossip —Reports of Crops and Business.

War Bulletins

Russian forces advancing on Trebizond, the Turkish Black Sea port, captured Rizeh, 38 miles to the east. Rizeh is 22 miles from Atina, the port at which the Russian army disembarked under fire for the drive on Trebizond.

Kaiser Wilhelm has received the commander of the German commerce raider Moewe, and personally decorated him with the Order Pour le Merite.

Four hundred officers and sailors of the four German steamers seized at Lourenco Marquez, Portuguese East Africa, have been interned.

For the first time since he left the Admiralty, Lord Fisher, former First Sea Lord, attended a Cabinet meeting by invitation.

Under-Secretary of War Tennant announced that there are 13,821 German prisoners in England.

The Czar has decided to relinquish Poland to Germany if necessary, hoping to more than offset this loss by the capture of Bagdad, a large slice of Turkish Asia Minor and possibly Constantinople.

The French military observers say the explanation of the continued German offensive at Verdun is the Russian drive in the Near East.

The immediate object of the Germans, the French military critics say, is to take the railway between Verdun and Chalons.

The German and Austrian forces in the Balkans have been sent to the western front, practically all the Teutonic troops having been withdrawn from the north of Saloniki.

Drive for Verdun from northwest of fortress launched by Germans, who capture Forges, west of Meuse and six miles northwest of fortress.

U. S. Consulate hit by shell when Russians bombard Trebizond. Consul has narrow escape.

Washington

Wilson ordered approximately 5,000 troops into Mexico on a punitive expedition to "disperse or capture" the Villa forces, which attacked the town of Columbus, N. M., killing 19 Americans.

Newton D. Baker took up his duties as Secretary of War.

In a memorandum handed to Secretary of State Lansing by Count von Bernstorff, Germany explains her position in regard to armed ships and her submarine warfare. The memorandum states that international law makes no provision for the use of submarines.

President Wilson's stand was endorsed by the House of Representatives when, after four hours of debate, the McLemore resolution which sought to keep American citizens off armed merchant ships of other nations was tabled by a vote of 276 to 143.

Speaker Champ Clark celebrated his 66th birthday. He was loudly cheered in the House.

Newton D. Baker ex-Mayor of Cleveland, suggested to President Wilson by Secretary Lane after the latter had refused to become Secretary of War, was offered the portfolio relinquished by Lindley M. Garrison, and accepted.

General

A lone robber, unmasked, entered the Security State Bank at St. Paul, stole $1,000 at the point of a revolver, and escaped.

Reports received at El Paso say that two Americans named Wright and Franklin were killed by Villa bandits at Pechaco.

Hawaii's 1915 sugar production was 646,000 tons.

The army barracks at Fort Gibson, Alaska, were burned.

The Northern Pacific Railroad is reported to be in the market for 1,000 light box cars.

The Department of Agriculture estimated corn on farms March 1 at 1,138,773,000 bushels.

The prohibition amendment was defeated by a majority of more than 13,000 votes in Vermont.

The Chicago & Northwestern Railroad has ordered 77 locomotives from the American Locomotive Co.

After saying that London has already lost its pre-eminence as the financial hub of the world S. R. Wagel, in an article in the Journal of the American Bankers Association, says that there is a possibility of the shifting of the world's financial centre from London to New York. He says that dollar exchange is here and will stay.

Three hundred and seventy-one watercraft of all kinds are in various stages at American shipyards, according to the shipbuilding returns in the current issue of the Pacific Marine Review of San Francisco.

The body of former Mayor Thomas F. Kerns of Waltham, Mass., who disappeared Dec. 30, was found near Waltham in the Charles River.

Frank Oakley, universally known as "Slivers," the dean of American clowns, committed suicide in a New York theatrical boarding house.

The sixth annual distribution of bonuses to its employes was made by the Youngstown Sheet & Tube Co., more than $250,000 being divided among 5,000 employes.

Mayor Curley of Boston announced that he will back former Mayor John T. Fitzgerald, his old political opponent, as candidate for United States senator to succeed Senator Lodge.

Dr. William L. Rodman, of world-wide fame in medical circles as an expert on cancer, died at Philadelphia.

The Mahoning County Grand Jury, Youngstown, Ohio, ended spectacularly its investigation of the disastrous strike riots of January 7 in East Youngstown by returning indictments against Elbert H. Gary, chairman of the United States Steel Corporation, and against six big steel companies.

The Chicago Great Western Railroad purchased 10,000 tons of steel rails to replace its tracks between Chicago and St. Paul.

Representative Isaac R. Sherwood Democrat, of Ohio, announced that he, like Representative Page of North Carolina, will withdraw from politics.

Following the rumor that 200 Mexicans had been deliberately burned to death in the El Paso jail, Charles Phelps, motorman of a trolley car at Juarez, was shot and fatally injured by an unidentified Mexican.

The Supreme Court of Arkansas holds a woman justified in inflicting corporal punishment upon a male flirt who annoys her.

December earnings of the Crucible Steel Co., were $1,760,000.

Gasoline, tank wagon basis, was advanced 1 cent a gallon to 21 cents at Louisville, Ky.

Fire destroyed the Iowa elevator at Peoria, at a loss of $1,000,000. The elevator was filled with 750,000 bushels of wheat.

The condition of the winter wheat in Ohio on March 1 is given as 71 per cent of normal by the state crop report.

A woman passenger aboard the steamship Sea Foam died of terror during the storm the vessel encountered off the Pacific coast.

Sporting

Johnny Dundee by grace of a brilliant finish in the tenth round slightly shaded Benny Leonard at Madison Square Garden, New York. It was one of the most sensational lightweight battles seen around New York in years.

With Lee Magee and Fritz Maisel both in the outfield the indications are for a big improvement in the outer defenses of the New York American League baseball team.

Jim Thorpe is hitting left handed this spring down at Marlin.

Harry Wills of New Orleans outfought Sam Langford of Boston in a fast ten round bout at New York. Wills weighed 204 pounds, Langford 195.

Evers looks for one of the great races of baseball in his league. He figures the Phillies and the Cubs uncertainties.

Authority to transfer the Toledo franchise of the American Association to Roger Bresnahan was voted by the association.

Cincinnati's peppery leader, Charley Herzog, says he will have one of the strongest pitching staffs in the National League. He names Toney, Schulz, Schneider, Dale and Mitchell. Schulz and Mitchell are left handers.

Foreign

The River Meuse in France is at flood stage.

The Legislature of Jamaica rejected the proposed export tax on bananas.

The St. Johns sealing fleet left for the Labrador Coast and the Gulf of St. Lawrence.

The Portuguese Cabinet resigned, giving way to a national defense Cabinet now being formed.

A number of members of the German Reichstag will visit Bulgaria and study the resources of the country.

J. P. Morgan sailed from London for New York on the steamer Philadelphia of the American Line.

Private William Tunks, of the Leicestershire regiment, now in France, has asked the British government for an increased war allowance due to the arrival of triplets in his home.

The United States gunboat Marietta arrived at Vera Cruz. On entering port she fired a salute, which was returned by Mexican batteries.

The Cabinet of New South Wales has decided to disenfranchise all German-born voters for the duration of the war.

A report of the death of Enver Pasha, Turkish war minister, was received at Athens.

The British Brewers' Society has decided to curtail the manufacture of beer. The beer also will be further diluted, it has been agreed.

All German traders in Togoland, German West Africa, will be deported by Great Britain, on the ground of military necessity.

The crews which landed from the German ships requisitioned by Portugal have arrived at the German consulate at Madrid, Spain.

At Windsor, Ont., Charles Riespa was convicted of dynamiting Canadian buildings and sentenced to life imprisonment.

FRENCH GUNS STOP INFANTRY ATTACKS IN VERDUN BATTLE CHARGES NET GERMAN GAINS

German Advance Ended With Capture of Small Trench Near Eix---Russians Make New Gains---Take Positions in Galicia---Seize Persian Town

RUSSIANS MENACE TREBIZOND ON THE BLACK SEA

London.—The tremendous bombardment of the German lines in the region of Verdun by the French has prevented infantry attacks by the Crown Prince's army since the Teutons fought their way into a small French trench just north of Eix.

The Russians have increased their offensive in the Dniester district of East Galicia and have captured trenches from the Germans.

The Czar's army in Persia has made rapid progress in the campaign against the Turks and has taken the town of Kirind, the direction of Bagdad.

The Italians have renewed their attack on Gorizia, on the Isonzo front, and their artillery for the last forty-eight hours without interruption has been dropping shells on the southern part of the town. The bombardment is regarded as preliminary to an infantry attack in force.

In the fighting around Verdun an artillery duel of great intensity is under way on both sides of the Meuse from northwest of the city along the entire front to the southeast of the fortress. The expenditure of ammunition is as great as at any stage of the battle.

The Germans say they have captured in the twenty-one-day conflict 26,472 unwounded French officers and men and 189 guns and 232 machine guns.

To the south of the Somme River, in the Argonne forest and in the Bande-Sapt sector of the Vosges, the French guns have heavily bombarded German intrenchments.

Paris reports that eighteen aerial battles have been fought in the region of Etain, in which the Germans were put to flight.

Artillery battles of great intensity have been fought on the whole Belgian front. A bomb encounter took place south of the "Ferryman's House."

The Russians admit the sinking of a Russian torpedo boat destroyer by a submarine of the Central Powers in the Black Sea off the Bulgarian port of Varna. Part of the crew of the destroyer was rescued.

The British fleet auxiliary Fauvette, a vessel of 2,640 tons, has been lost, together with fourteen members of her crew, by striking a mine off the east coast of England.

ENORMOUS GERMAN LOSSES

Paris.—Enormous losses were sustained by the Germans in their continued assaults in mass formation on the French positions, northwest and north of Verdun. The Paris official report said that the French "curtain of fire" from artillery and rifles completely checked these attacks.

Particularly violent have been the attacks of the Germans to the north of Verdun, around Douaumont, the village of Vaux, Fort Vaux, but, according to Paris, they went for naught.

The Germans were thrown in solid formation against trenches of the French bordering the foot of the slopes of the ridge dominating Fort Vaux, which the latest German official report said the Germans had capture, but the French brought their curtain of flame into play and drove back the attacking forces.

To the west of the Meuse, midway between Bethincourt and the river the French have continued on the offensive against the Germans in the Corbeaux wood and are officially reported to have driven the Germans from almost all of that important salient.

Hill 265, to the southeast, and a portion of Corbeaux Wood, directly south of Forges, have been occupied by them through strong infantry attacks which were preceded by extremely heavy bombardments. The town of Fresnes in the Woevre also was captured.

DIED CHEERING FOR FRANCE

Troops on Lost Provence Returned Commander's Last Salute.

Paris.—"Commandant Vesco of the Provence, remaining on the bridge to the last second, dominated the tumult by his voice crying: 'Adieu, my boys.' The men massed in groups on the forward deck replied with enthusiastic cries of 'Vive la France.'"

Thus writes Maurice Bokanowski, a member of the Chamber of Deputies to President Poincare regarding the sinking of the French cruiser.

LOTTERY BONDS FOR BRITISH

Proposals for Next War Credit Find General Favor.

London.—The market pages of the leading morning newspapers are featured by a discussion of the new proposals for an issue of premium bonds, or lottery bonds as they have been less politely called, the holders of which would share at frequent intervals in the distribution by drawings of large bonuses or prizes.

The Times, Morning Post and Daily Mail all favor the proposals.

GERMAN ENVELOPING MOVE.

London.—Intensifying the great German enveloping movement which is designed to squeeze the French out of the fortress of Verdun, the Crown Prince drove his armies two miles farther into the French front, northwest of the stronghold, occupying seven square miles of territory in the late gain, taking two villages, two woods, 4,046 more French prisoners and 10 guns.

Berlin claimed new successes on both wings of the German armies about Verdun, the capture of the villages of Forges and Regneville and the Raben and Cumieres woods.

Through a vigorous French counter attack in the Bois de Corbeaux which, except for a fringe, Paris asserts has been retaken, the German offensive west of the Meuse has apparently been slowed down. The French also claim the repulse of violent attacks on Bethincourt, the most advanced point of their line, although east of the Meuse the loss of the Hardaumont redoubt is admitted.

In Alsace the French recovered in hand grenade attacks some of the trench positions taken by the Germans in the Seppois sector on February 12.

On the Caucasus front the Russian cavalry is closely pursuing the fleeing Turks southwest of Erzerum and increasing the number of prisoners and guns. In the direction of Bitlis the Turks are abandoning their supplies in their retreat. The Russians have occupied Kamalk and the Nekevand Covent, seven miles from Bitlis.

Rome.—Dispatches from the American Embassy at Constantinoule to the State Department say that the American Consul at Trebizond has taken over the Archives of the German Consulate there. The nearness of the advancing Russian forces caused the departure of the German Consul. The fall of the city is imminent.

The harbor of the captured Turkish town of Rizeh, on the Black Sea, will be used by the Russians as a naval base for operations against Trebizond, 38 miles to the west.

Turkish and Persian troops, under German officers, are evacuating the Persian city of Ispahan before the Russian advance.

Ispahan lies 210 miles south of Teheran and formerly was the metropolis of Persia, boasting nearly 1,000,000 inhabitants. Its present population is less than 100,000.

Turkish troops who had been concentrated along the Danube, with headquarters at Rustchuk, destined to aid the Bulgarians in the case of a Russian invasion, were withdrawn immediately after the Russian successes in the Caucasus and rushed to Turkey, where they followed German troops, especially artillery, for defending the Bulgarian Black Sea and Aegean coasts, declared Petrograd.

The Germans on the upper Stripa region of the Russian front are said by Petrograd to have suffered heavy losses in a counter-attack made on a position captured by the Russians.

An official communication issued in London says the British force which was attempting to relieve the siege of Kut-el-Amara and which had reached Essinn, seven miles east of the beleaguered town, has been forced, because of lack of water, to fall back to the Tigris River.

The Turks assert the British retired after their ejection from a Turkish trench they had captured and that they left behind them 2,000 dead.

PITH OF THE WAR NEWS

According to confidential statements made by the French Minister of War, General Gallieni, at the military conference, the French casualties up to March 1 amounted to 600,000 dead and 1,400,000 wounded. Among the latter, the dispatch adds 400,000 were severely wounded.

Two German aeroplanes were shot down, Paris stated; one falling in flames near the French lines close to Thiaucourt, and one within the Allies' front in the Argonne.

Rumania has seized 50,000 wagonloads of cereals which had been sold to Germany.

The Germans in a series of infantry attacks recaptured part of the Corbeaux Wood to the northwest of Verdun Wood to the northwest of previously driven them. . .Their losses were extremely heavy.

East of the Meuse River, while clearing the French from Corbeaux forest and the position at Bethincourt, the Germans captured 6 officers, 681 men and 11 cannon, says the Berlin statement.

Portugal's Legation in Paris announced that "a state of war exists between the Portuguese Republic and the German Empire."

GRANTSVILLE.

A housekeeping shower was tendered William Gnagey on Tuesday night at the home of his sister, Mrs. Clarence Loechel. His three sisters, Mrs. J. U. Stanton, Mrs. C. C. Beachy and Mrs. Loechel were hostesses, providing most delicious icecream, cake and coffee for the occasion. Games provided amusements during the evening. Mr. Gnagey received some very handsoms and useful presents, including linens, cutlery, china, glassware and kitchen utensils, and was a very surprised young man when his neighbors appeared upon the scene, but gracefully and feelingly acknowledged the favors conferred upon him. The guests included Misses Carrie Diefenbach, Lota Stanton, Winifred Bonig, Clara and Minnie Miller, Maud Bevans, Ruth Keller, Angela Getty, Blanche Miller, Gertie Hone, and Lulu Warnick; Mesdames John Zehner and son Roy, Joel H. Miller, Irene Hayes, Albert Swauger, Susan Durst, Ida Hershberger, H. C. Bonig and C. B. Getty; Messrs. Henry Baker, Benton Callas, Charles Keller, Frank Stanton, U. O. Blocher, W. E. Stanton, Frank Younkin, John Younkin and John Livengood; Dr. and Mrs. G. C. Keller, Dr. and Mrs. J. A. Carney, Mr. and Mrs. Mark Twain Bender, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Younkin, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Zeller, Mr. and Mrs. J. U. Stanton, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Loechel, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Beachy. The husbands of the hostesses obligingly brought the guests to and from the party in their sleds and every one enjoyed the occasion immensely. Mr. Gnagey, who is unmarried, recently bought the S. C. Loechel farm and will take possesion April 1st, with Mrs. Jonas Beachy, his foster mother, as his housekeeper until he tires of single blessedness and takes as his bride one of Maryland's fair daughters.

On Tuesday evening a sleighing party from Frostburg partook of a chicken and waffle supper at the National Hotel returning before midnight.

On Wednesday night a sleighing party from Salisbury, stopped at the same hotel for refreshments, the party being made up of the Boy Scouts and Camp Fire Girls, chaperoned by Misses Florence Maust and Mima Harding.

On Tuesday night a party of girls and boys from this place chaperoned by Miss Dorothy Younkin and Miss Evelyn Beachy, drove to Salisbury in Wm. Winterberg's sled. This crowd included the intermediate grades and a few of the eighth and ninth grades. Refreshments and moving pictures afforded the diversion.

On Friday evening a crowd of thirty-two from Frostburg were guests for a chicken and waffle supper at the Victoria Hotel, Miss Marshall acting as chaprone. The crowd came up in several sleds and were senior high school girls.

The basketball season has been active the past week. The Grantsville boys played the Oakland Collegians on Tuesday and were defeated by that team, but enjoyed the evening and the trip to Oakland very much. The Jolly Boys from Salisbury played the Boy Scouts at this place on Thursday evening, the score being in favor of Grantsville.

On Friday night the Salisbury Boy Scouts and Grantsville Scouts played here, victory again being Grantsville's, by a score of 13-10. The trip over was made in sleds each night, the game being held in Broadwater hall.

A surprise party was given to Miss Althea Engle at the Engle apartments, West Main street, on Thursday night. About two dozen boys and girls, each armed with a package of "eats," turkey-trotted up to her home and proceeded in their usual thorough manner to have a good time until a late hour when refreshments were in order and they dispersed.

Dan Hershberger entertained a few of his friends on Wednesday night at his home, games being the diversion. About eight guests were present. Dainty refreshments were served.

Menno J. Miller, the popular garage manager of this place, has sold his business interests to Daniel Klotz of Bittinger, who will take possession in the early spring. Mr. Miller has not as yet decided where he will locate but has several good openings in view. Grantsville will lose in his removal one of her best citizens—loyal, warm-hearted and zealous—and both he and his pretty, hospitable wife will be greatly missed socially in the community. Mr. Klotz comes well recommended as an alert business man of sterling quality.

STEYER

Our village has not been represented in your columns for some time, have decided to write some of the brief occurances.

Farmers around here are anticipating a good sugar season this year. Those not having tapped yet are busily preparing to do so as soon as weather conditions are favorable.

Several families have moved to our town recently most of whom are employees of the Miller Lumber Co., at Wallman, Md. The mill runs every day and the work is progressing nicely in every respect.

Miss Effie Schaeffer, of Mt. Storm, W. Va., was calling on friends here lost week.

C. E. Shillingburg has been quite busy hauling cross ties and pulp wood for the past three weeks.

James B. Shockey was visiting friends and relatives in Steyer one day this week.

The coal miners here are working every day. Some few days ago mining was slack on account of a scarcity of railroad cars. Mines are also being opened up on the property of W. T. Steyer.

Jasper Riley was calling on a friend in Gormania Wednesday night.

George Poling made a business trip to Oakland one dav during the week. He had considerable trouble getting home through the drifts and storm.

I. E. Steyer, who has been in California for some fifteen months, is at home again.

Misses Myrtle Wilson and Lida Steyer were calling on friends here Friday evening.

Supt. Rathbun was visiting schools in this locality last week. Our school is progressing nicely, Miss Nora Steyer being teacher.

Capt. J. W. White was a business caller in town this week.

J. T. Steyer and sons were putting up ice the first of the week.

Gus Hilleary spent Friday afternoon with friends here.

J. W. Cover, of Schell, W. Va., was loading lumber here last week. Mr. Cover having purchased a fine set of timber near Schell, W. Va., will reside at that place for some time.

ELDER

We are having fair weather now, only the roads are not in a very good condition.

Mrs. Laura Friend, of Connellsville, is visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. Walter Coddington, near this place.

Mr. S. F. Cuppett has a severe attack of the grip.

Mrs. Lichliter was called to Connellsville, Pa., by the death of her mother.

Mr. Hayes Ferguson was calling on Mr. M. W. Lytle a few hours last Sunday afternoon.

Mr. S. F. Cuppett, daughter and granddaughter were calling on Mrs. Levinia Friend of Sang Run.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Coddington and two daughters, Mrs. Laura Friend and Miss Cora Coddington, were calling on Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Friend last Sunday.

Mr. William Frazee's house caught fire Sunday morning and did considerable damage.

Mr. Percy Loudermilk has been sick with the grip.

Rev. Donachy, the Baptist minister preached at this place Sunday morning.

Mr. Ross Savage has returned home from Ohio Pyle, where he has been working, and will remain home until they move to their new home near Sand Spring.

After our school closes at this place, some of the pupils are going to enter the high school at Friendsville.

JENNINGS

We are having some pretty even winter weather at present. The ice cutters are busily engaged at filling up the icehouses. The ice is not very thick but if they miss this, the probability is they will not get the icehouses full as usual.

This weather is good for sliding logs and makes log-hauling in general much easier.

Daniel Klotz purchased the garage of Menno Miller at Grantsville, Md., and took possession on the 6th inst. Daniel is a good blacksmith and general repair man and we believe he will make a very successful garage man.

John Hare will do the blacksmithing for the Jennings Bros.' Co. in place of Daniel Klotz. John is a very good smith and general workman in wood.

George Hoover unloaded six new Fords and set them in his warehouse.

H. A. Groves is slowly recovering from his illness. The sciatic pain has abated and the soreness and stiffness is gradually disappearing.

Ray Durst and Miss Lillie Guinn of Jennings attended the revival meeting at Mt. Zion last Sunday night.

Jas. Bowser's two daughters and Nora Resh and Bruce Miller paid John Yaste's family a visit Sunday.

Mahlon Miller was visiting H. A. Groves last Sunday afternoon.

Fern Shaw is in town again.

MOUNTAIN LAKE PARK.

Mrs. Flanigan, our M. E. minister's wife, is on a visit to Clarksburg, W. Va.

Mrs. A. V. Enlow and Miss Helen have returned from their trip in Ohio.

Our depot was visited by robbers Sunday night who took away some valuable goods that were shipped here.

On Monday night Kesner's store and our post office and barber shop were broken into, but only a small amount was missed from either place.

REPUBLICANS

Why not nominate a candidate for United States Senator who will command the full party support, who will be accepted to the Progressives and who can win?

Isn't party victory at a time when the entire country is looking to Maryland to elect a Republican Senator more important than honor for any individual?

The situation demands the nomination of

Dr. JOSEPH IRWIN FRANCE

He Can Command the Full Republican Vote

Hon. W. P. Jackson.

National Committeeman

"I have thus slowly but inevitably come to the conclusion that our party should nominate Dr. France, and that I as one deeply interested in its welfare, should give him my outspokeu and vigorous support.—The Sun, March, 1st. 1916.

Hon. O. E. Weller

The man who received the greatest number of votes ever given a Republican in Maryland:

"He (Dr. France) is a man of force, of parts, of intellectual attainments, of ability, of attractive personality and with the courage of his convictions . . . . It is a pleasure, a privilege and a party duty to me to give him my hearty support.—The Sun, February, 28th 1916.

Hon. Charles H. Heintzeman

Last Republican candidate for Mayor and prominent anti-Stone leader in Baltimore City:

"I will support Dr. Joseph I. France for the nomination for the United States Senate in the primaries because I think he is the logical candidate for the Republican Party . . . . When I was a candidate for the nomination for Mayor last spring, former Collector of Port William F. Stone and some of his friends, supported my opponent in the primary, John Philip Hill. These things do not matter to me now.—The Sun, March, 9th 1916.

Col. Harry Wilcox

President of the First National Bank of Baltimore, business man, and and leading Republican.

"He (Dr. France) is a candidate to whose support every element of the party could and should rally, a gentleman highly equipped to fill this most important office, an advocate on whom the people could confidently rely for a careful attention to the safeguarding of their rights and privileges, an official with no entangling alliances, and a business man with a close touch on financial affairs.—Baltimore American, Saturday, March, 4 1916.

Hon. John H. Cunningham

Prominent Republican and candidate for comptroller on the ticket with Ex-Governor Goldsborough:

"Being without factional complications, his (Dr. France's) nomination will cement the two wings of the party . . . . enthuse the voters and almost certainly assure Republican victory."—Baltimore American, March, 7, 1916.

These are some representative indorsements. Hundreds of other earnest Republicans whose names are to numerous too mention have also indorsed him and prove that

Dr. France is the Choice of Rank and File.

He Will Be Acceptable to the Progressives

Hon. Charles J. Bonaparte

"If Governor Goldsborough shall be the Republican candidate, I think it probable there will be a Progressive candidate; if Doctor France is nominated, I think it probable there will not . . . —The News, March 7th, 1916.

Isn't it the duty of loyal Republicans to nominate a candidate whose selection will show the nation that Maryland Republicans and Progressives are ready to meet the Democratic opposition together, and particularly when that candidate is acceptable to all the elements of his own party?

Published by the authority of A. W. W. WOODCOCK, Treasurer

The recent cold weather has produced the best ice we have had this winter. Mr. Echard has filled our large ice house and has shipped several carloads to the B. & O. The wind was so sharp during the cutting of the ice that several of the men had their faces frosted, and Wade Harris took a plunge through the ice and went clear under, but fortunately he came up at the same place he went down and was helped out by persons nearby.

Our campmeeting announcement is already out.

Miss Gertrude Enlow is visiting her brother Earl at Cumberland.

FREE PUBLIC LIBRARY NOTES.

What is the Answer?

When a man wishes to take his family into a different community for the purpose of making a permanent home, three questions present themselves to him, and often the answer helps him to decide. The questions are as follows:

1. How about the church? Can my family have the privilege of attending church and receiving good religious instruction?

2. Have they good schools in that town? or, if I locate there, must I send my children away from home to get an elementary education?

3. Is there a good FREE PUBLIC LIBRARY in the town so that the members of my family may be able to obtain good, healthy, moral literature without the necessity of my paying out all my savings to get it?

Think about the above questions, dear reader, and then ask yourself: Have I contributed to the Library Fund? If you have not, see the librarian at once, so the work need not lag for the want of your support. Remember that no public enterprise can be carried along and be successful without money. While books have been donated and loaned very generously, there are some that need to be purchased in order that we may be able to meet the demands of the reading public, besides we must have money for the payment of room rent, librarian's services, etc.

The foregoing is merely a reminder. Please give it your earnest consideration and help to build up this monument to your memory.

As this is a library for Garrett county, and was started as a county library, you are all kindly requested to give your support, either in books or money, or perchance, both. Books can be sent via parcel post to Free Public Library, Oakland, Md., and money may be sent to Miss Cora Weimer, Librarian and Treasurer, Mt. Lake Park, Md.

What is the answer? Will the library live and grow? Will you help to keep it in a prosperous condition? Will our boys and girls be given an opportunity to read only good literature? Will the library be YOUR monument?

The following have contributed towards the library during the past week: Harry Weimer, Arthur Townshend, Jr., Homer Speicher, James Stemple, H. A. Rasche, Mrs. Louis Littman.

Yours sincerely,
H. A. LORADITCH, Pres.

ORDER NISI.

C. A. Beachy, Treasurer of Garrett county, Maryland vs. U. G. Savage.
No. 271, Miscellaneous Docket in the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Ordered by the Circuit Court for Garrett county, Maryland, this 6th day of March, 1916, that the tax sale made and reported in the above entitled case by C. A. Beachy, Treasurer of Garrett county, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 10th day of April, 1916, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 3rd day of April, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $75.00.

ROBERT R. HENDERSON.
True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

MARTIN DECKER

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 16th day of September 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this sixteenth day of March 1916.

SAMUEL I. WOLF,
Administrator,
Bayard, W. Va.

We Carry in Stock

TIRES
TUBES
SHOCK ABSORBERS
CHAINS
SPARK PLUGS
DRY CELLS
TIRETITE

And many other accessories at the
OAKLAND GARAGE,
Prest-O-Lite Exchange,
Oakland, Maryland.

SMALL FARM FOR SALE—Bargain Apply to P. O. Box 73, Swanton, Md. Adv. 48 tf

FOR SALE—A number of gas heaters. Apply to John J. Sweeney, Oakland, Md. Adv.

Dentistry.

Dr. G. C. Keller will be at Accident Monday, March 20th, remain until Tuesday, the 28th; Friendsville, Wednesday, March 29th, remain two weeks.
Advertisement 3-2t.

Mortgagee's Sale
OF A
Valuable Farm
Situated in Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage from William Taylor Lewis and wife to the undersigned mortgagee, dated the 9th day of February, in the year 1912, I will on

SATURDAY
the 25th day of March, '16

at the hour of two o'clock p. m. of said day in front of the Court House in the town of Oakland, Maryland, offer for sale the following property:

First. All that lot of ground containing the quantity of Five acres, more or less, and being the same lot of ground which was conveyed to the said William Taylor Lewis by deed from Daniel Lewis and wife dated the 29th day of November, 1902, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 44, folio 92, etc, one of the Land Records of Garrett county.

Second. All that other lot of ground containing the quantity of one hundred and thirty-three and one-half acres of land, and being the same lot of ground which was conveyed to the said William Taylor Lewis by deed from Perry M. Stemple and wife dated the 25th day of January, 1912, which deed is duly recorded among the Land Records of Garrett county.

Third. All that other lot of ground containing the quantity of four acres and sixty perches, and being the same lot of ground which was conveyed to the said William Taylor Lewis by deed from Walter Speicher and wife, dated the 30th day of October, 1909, which deed is duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 59, folio 292, etc, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, except that portion of said land sold to Newton Reams.

Saving and excepting from this sale the quantity of 32½ acres and 60 perches of land, heretofore conveyed by the said William Taylor Lewis and wife to Walter Spiker by deed dated the 9th, day of August 1912, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 64, folio 208, etc., one of the Land Records of Garrett county.

Also saving and excepting from this sale the quantity of 13¾ acres of land heretofore conveyed by William Taylor Lewis and wife to William R. Montgomery by deed dated the 11th, day of August 1913 and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 66, folio 510, etc., one of the Land Records of Garrett county.

Said property is improved by a good dwelling house and all necessary out building and is one of the best properties in the county.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on the day of sale, but if any responsible party desires to purchase the same he can do so by paying one third cash, the balance to be divided into two equal installments payable in one and two years from date of sale by the purchaser giving his notes bearing interest from date.

GILMOR S. HAMILL,
Mortgagee.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The First National Bank
AT OAKLAND,

In the State of Maryland, at the close of business, March 7, 1916.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$278,360 71
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	50,000 00	
U. S. bonds pledged to secure U. S. deposits (par value)	1,000 00	
	800 00	51,800 00
Premium on U. S. bonds		
Stocks, other than Federal Reserve Bank stock		1,375 00
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve bank	$4,800 00	
Less amount unpaid	$2,400 00	2,400 00
Value of banking house if un-incumbered		39,821 90
Furniture and fixtures		3,175 29
Real estate owned other banking house		2,500 00
Net amount due from Federal Reserve bank		6,500 00
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in New York, Chicago, and St. Louis	2,180 47	
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in other reserve cities	31,514 80	33,695 27
Net amount due from banks and bankers (other than above)		491 01
Other checks on banks in the same city or town as reporting bank		320 88
Fractional currency, nickels and cents		224 96
Notes of other national banks		1,015 00
Coin and certificates		10,604 35
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		2,500 00
Total		$434,784 36

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		50,000 00
Surplus fund		30,000 00
Undivided profits	5,663 79	
Less current expenses, interest and taxes paid	1,945 06	3,718 73
Circulating notes outstanding		50,000 00
Due to banks and bankers (other than above)		2,173 28
Dividends unpaid		96 00
Demand deposits		
Individual deposits subject to check		131,142 27
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days		766 21
Cashier's checks outstanding		713 77
United States deposits		1,000 00
Total demand deposits	$133,622 25	
Time deposits (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice—		
Certificates of deposit		200 00
Other time deposits		164,974 10
Total of time deposits	$165,174 10	
Total		$434,784 36

State of Maryland, County of Garrett.

I, R. E. SLIGER, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

R. E. SLIGER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 15th day of March, 1916.

WALTER W. DAWSON, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: FRED. A. THAYER,
A. G. STURGISS,
D. M. DIXON,
Directors.

SHERIFF'S SALE
OF VALUABLE
Real Estate
located in Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of the Circuit Court for Garrett county, Maryland, at the suit of The Second National Bank of Parkersburg, West Virginia, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of John T. McGraw, the same being No. 17 Judicials to September Term, 1915, on the Docket of said Court, and to the undersigned, then Sheriff of Garrett county, directed, I hereby give notice, that on

SATURDAY,
the 1st day of April, 1916,

at the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., on the premises, in the village of Deer Park, Garrett county, Maryland, I will offer for sale and sell to the highest bidder or bidders, all the right, title, interest and estate of the said John T. McGraw, in and to the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in Garrett county, Maryland, to-wit:

1. All that part of the tract of land called "Peace and Plenty," containing 57 acres, more or less, being the same property which was conveyed to the said John T. McGraw by Henry G. Davis and wife by deed dated June 30, 1900, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 38, folio 564, etc., one of the Land Records of Garrett county aforesaid, together with the right to use the water from the spring commonly called the "Boiling Spring," and which right was conveyed by said deed, saving and excepting 4-10 of an acre of the above described land which was conveyed to the Real Estate and Improvement Company of Baltimore City by the said John T. McGraw by deed dated September 24, 1908, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 50, folio 226, one of the Land Records of Garrett County aforesaid.

2. All that other piece or parcel of ground containing 1-11 acres and being the same land which was conveyed to the said John T. McGraw by the Real Estate and Improvement Company of Baltimore City, by deed dated November 11, 1907, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 58, folio 170, one of the Land Records of Garrett County aforesaid.

3. All that lot of ground containing 49½ square rods, and being the same which was conveyed to the said John T. McGraw by Henry Bobet and wife, by deed dated March 28, 1902, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 40, folio 504, one of the Land Records of Garrett County aforesaid.

4. All that other lot of ground known as the "Schoolfield Property," containing 45 square rods and being the same land which was conveyed to the said John T. McGraw by Frances Chichister by deed dated March 29, 1902, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 40, folio 505, one of the Land Records of Garrett County aforesaid.

5. All that other lot of ground known as the "Michael Garrett" lot, containing 97½ square rods, and being the same land which was conveyed to the said John T. McGraw by Michael J. Garrett and wife by deed dated April 11, 1902, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 40, folio 513, one of the Land Records of Garrett County aforesaid.

6. All that other lot of land containing 10,650 square feet, and being the same land which was conveyed to the said John T. McGraw by W. C. Jones and wife, by deed dated April 21, 1902, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 40, folio 555, one of the Land Records of Garrett County aforesaid.

This property is beautifully located at Deer Park and constitutes with its improvements the summer home of John T. McGraw, and was in part the former summer home of Senator Henry G. Davis, and with its buildings, tenant houses, barns and other outbuildings, is one of the most attractive properties in Garrett county, and said real estate will be sold to pay and satisfy said writ of fieri facias and the costs thereon accrued.

TERMS OF SALE: Cash on the day of sale.

BERT C. SCOTT,
Late Sheriff of Garrett County.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

J. LEE McCOMAS

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 3rd day of August 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 1st day of February, 1916.

H. W. McCOMAS,
Administrator,
Oakland, Md.

Order Nisi.

C. A. Beachy, Treasurer of Garrett County, Maryland, vs. Wallace Buckman.
No. 270, Miscellaneous Docket. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County.

Ordered, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland, this 6th day of March, 1916, that the tax sale made and reported in the above entitled case by C. A. Beachy, Treasurer of Garrett county, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 10th day of April, 1916, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 3rd day of April, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $71.97.

ROBERT R. HENDERSON.
True copy, Test: E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

For Sale.

Having rented my farm I offer the following at private sale: Two young Horses, good weight; 4 Jersey Cows, 40 Tons baled Hay, 6 tons baled Straw, some loose hay and straw, a lot of Oats, Corn and Wheat, 1 Sleigh, 1 Buggy, 1 New Sled, Plow, Harrows and Cultivators, 1 good Surrey, Harness of all descriptions. Call on or address George Shartzer, Oakland, Md. Adv. 49

THE REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME 41. OAKLAND, MARYLAND THURSDAY, MARCH 23, 1916. NUMBER 4

SENATOR ZIHLMAN'S CAMPAIGN

Spent The Week-End In Washington and Montgomery Counties.

State Senator, F. N. Zihlman, spent the week-end in Washington and Montgomery counties, fixing up his fences for the Congressional primaries. He has already filed his papers with the various Election Supervisors throughout the Sixth Congressional District and claims to have had assurance from a great many of his friends in Washington county that the county would be for him.

Saturday, he conferred with a number of prominent Republicans in Montgomery county and says he has assurance of support from active party men in nearly every District in that county.

Invitations have been sent out for a meeting to be held in Rockville on the 28th instant, at which time Mr. Zihlman will be formally endorsed. He states he will wage an active fight in Montgomery county and is confident of carrying the county at the primary election.

Birthday Party.

On the 17th of March, the Ladies Aid Society of Mt. Lake Park, met at the home of Mrs. F. P. Arnold, it being her birthday. After a truly sociable talk they were called to the dining room, which was tastefully decorated in green, where a delicious lunch was served consisting of sandwitches, salad, cake, peaches and tea. There were about thirty-five present. Among those present were her neices Mrs. Gilderoy and Winona Whorton from Oakland.

A very enjoyable time was had by all.

Late in the evening the ladies returned to their homes after wishing Mrs. Arnold many more happy birthdays.

ONE WHO WAS PRESENT.

NOTICE

I have given up the Ford Automobile agency, and anyone contemplating the purchase of a Ford will do well to see me before my stock ie gone or wait for the big Ford sale which will be advertised later. I have just received 16 new cars—five Roadsters and 11 Touring, to be sold in the next two weeks. This is your opportunity—not mine.

Adv. J. P. TREACY.

THE DEATH RECORD.

MRS. JOHN W. VEITCH.

Mrs. Anna Howard Veitch, widow of the late Col. John W. Veitch, for many years a prominent lawyer and at one time State's Attorney of Garrett county, died at her home in Mt. Ranier, Prince George's county, Maryland, on March 5th, after a few days illness of pneumonia. The deceased lady is survived by a son and daughter. Mrs. Veich is remembered by many residents as a remarkably beautiful and charming woman of splendid attainments and charming personality. Her funeral occured on the 7th inst. with interment at Mt. Ranier where her remains were laid to rest alongside of those of her husband who preceded her a number of years ago.

GAP RUN

The Ground-hog weather should have ended last week but it is still staying with us at this writing.

Our teacher, Wm. L. Thomas, spent last Sunday at his home at Asher Glade. Our school is progressing very nicely.

Some of our young people attended a surprise party at D. O. DeWitt's last Friday night.

Rev. A. L. Danachy was visiting Joseph Keller and family a couple of days last week.

Anyone wanting thoroughbred Plymouth Rock eggs for hatching, call on Mrs. T. E. Bishoff. She has them for sale.

The Bishoff School is preparing to have an entertainment on the night of April fifth.

A few weeks ago a unique photograph was taken on the steps of one of the buildings of the Johns Hopkins University. It was that of the class of 1891, and was taken by having those present at this 25th anniversary of their graduation in almost the identical spot each one occupied just twenty-five years ago. In the first picture 52 were present—in the second 31.

HIGH SCHOOL BUILDING UNROOFED IN YESTERDAY'S RAIN AND WIND STORM

Pupils Thrown Into a Panic When Walls Weaved Back and Forth.

What came near being a dreadful tragedy was only averted by the cessation of the terrific wind storm which passed over portions of Oakland yesterday afternoon about three o'clock, in which a number of buildings were more or less damaged, the most serious being the High School building, when a section of the roof twelve feet wide and running from the eaves to the comb of the building was picked up bodily by the wind and thrown to the ground with a terrific crash.

In the building at the time were a hundred or more young ladies and gentlemen diligently engaged in their studies. The suddenness of the crash attended by the high winds and the downpour of rain, added to their terror and it was only by tact displayed by the corps of teachers that a panic was averted which may have had serious results.

Adding to the terror of the pupils was the fact that the side wall facing the south, from which direction the storm came, weaved back and forth with each impact of the wind and it was feared that the wall would tumble over their heads, but fortunately this did not result and the pupils were allowed to leave the building as soon as it was thought safe for them to venture forth.

Immediately after the storm had ceased arrangements were made by the school authorities to have temporary repairs made so that classes would not be unduly interrupted. These repairs, it is thought, will be completed by Monday and the school will then convene.

The High School building was erected in the year 1877 and was Garrett county's old court house. As such it it was used until a few years ago and then turned over to the School Commissioners as a High School building. As a court house it was deemed unsafe by many who had occasion to maintain offices therein, but no evidence was ever produced until yesterday that would prove this contention.

Other buildings damaged by the storm were the Pythian structure on Third street, from which a portion of the roof was torn; the residence of Mr. J. M. Stanton, which suffered damages to the roof also, and the smoke house of Mr. Charles J. Newman, which was partially unroofed.

The new garage of Mr. Mark S. White, which he has been building at odd times for the past month, was completely demolished and the material entering into its construction was scattered over two or three town lots on Water street.

At Deer Park the storm was equally as bad as in Oakland. The machine shop of James W. Walters was unroofed and a portion of the roof on the barn of Mr. Edward Smouse was torn away.

A TRIBUTE TO THE LATE REV. D. HARRISON FRIEND

A Life-Long Acquaintance Writes Entertainingly of the Pioneer.

To the Editor of The Republican.

One by one the old pioneers go. On the 8th of this month Judge D. Harrison Friend died at his home at Sang Run in this county, in the house in which he was born March 27th, 1825, and in which his father, John Friend, had lived all his life.

Mr. John Friend settled on this beautiful tract of land, known as "Friend's Delight," about the year 1798, where he raised a family of eleven children, the Judge being the youngest.

Judge Friend was a remarkable man of his day and generation. He was above the average in intelligence and education and taught school when a young man, and for many years was engaged in the mercantile business and farming. He served as a County Commissioner in Allegany county during the Civil War and in 1873 and again in 1875 was elected Judge of the Orphan's Court for Garrett county, and at the time of his death was an ordained minister of the Methodist Episcopal church. He has left his impress upon the people of his day, and the verdict of those who knew him best will be that he was a high-toned honorable Christian gentleman and a model for all young men.

It is a well settled historical fact that the first white men who came to dwell in Garrett county were John Friend and his six sons, who arrived in 1760. They built a cabin somewhere along the Youghioghney River near where Friendsville now is. Two of the sons soon tired of wilderness life and enlisted in the British Army. Both were killed in battle during the French and Indian Wars.

John Friend, Jr., and his brother Charles moved up the river and established themselves at Sang Run where they found four other sturdy pioneer families who had preceded them to this place, namely: William W. Hove, Meshack Browning, Nathaniel Casteel and Jeremiah Enlow. These six families settled within a radius of three miles and reared seventy-two children, an average of twelve children to each family, all of whom grew to manhood and womanhood and that without a physician nearer than the town of Cumberland.

It is a sad reflection that the death of Judge Friend has severed the last link connecting these remarkable families, but let us all hope that when we are called to follow after them that they will be waiting to meet and greet us in that other and better land.

A FRIEND.

Rev. D. Harrison Friend, of Sang Run, Garrett county, Maryland, was born March 27th, 1825, and died in the triumphs of the Christian faith, March 9th, 1916, after a brief illness of about two weeks, aged 90 years, 11 months and 12 days.

He was a local preacher of the Methodist Episcopal church, and as such he did not preach very often, but when he did preach his sermons were clear, strong and logical.

As a neighbor he was kind and obliging; as a friend he was true and faithful. He was always courteous and polite and was always very percise in his language displaying a type of pure English far in advance of his time and surroundings.

He was elected as one of the first Judges of the Orphan's Court for Garrett county, in the year 1872, and served for four years as Chief Judge with honor and distinction. He was united in marriage to Mary Anne Riley, Jan. 11th, 1855. To this union were born seven children, three of whom are still living, Mrs. A. R. Fearer, of Terra Alta, W. Va., J. Alvin Friend, of Sang Run, Maryland, and Mrs. D. S. Custer, of Friendsville, who with seven grandchildren and a large circle of relatives and friends mourn their loss. The funeral was conducted by his pastor, the Rev. Dr. Henderson, of Cranesville, W. Va., in the presence of a large concourse of people, attesting the high esteem in which he was held.

A vacancy has been made in the church, the community and the home which we feel can never be filled. We miss him, we greatly miss him, but we bow in humble submission to Him who is too wise to err and too good to be unkind, and say "The Lord gave and the Lord hath taken away, blessed be the name of the Lord."

H. E. FRIEND.

Mt. Lake Park, March 21, 1916.

Print Paper Soars.

A letter received at this office this morning quotes an advance of more than $25 per ton on paper such as is used in the production of The Republican, with no assurances from the manufacturers that this price will remain longer than it takes to get a letter of acceptance to them. This is an increase of about 33 per cent. over the prices quoted thirty days ago.

Mr. J. C. Kepler, of Clarksburg, is in Oakland today on business.

CRELLIN MILL WORKER BADLY HURT

Samuel Uphold, Caught By Shafting, Whirled About and Bones Broken.

Samuel Uphold, an employe of the Kendall Lumber Company at Crellin, had his clothing caught by a shaft on the mill Tuesday afternoon just at the time the men were quitting for the day, and was whirled about the revolving steel a number of times, resulting in very serious injuries.

His arm was broken in a number of places, shoulder fractured and he was seriously crushed about the chest. Dr. Henry W. McComas attended the injured man.

Resolutions of Respect.

At a statedmeeting of Garrett Lodge No. 113, Knights of Pythias of Oakland, the following resolutions with respect to the death of the late D. M. Mason, of Oakland, were presented and passed by the membership.

WHEREAS, In the death of Brother D. M. Mason this lodge has lost one of its oldest, most valued and well beloved brothers and the community a citizen of sterling worth who served his town and county in many places of confidence and trust with unswerving fidelity and integrity; therefore be it

Resolved, By the officers and members of Garrett Lodge No. 113, that whilst we bow in humble submission to the will of God we keenly deplore our loss and shall ever cherish the memory of our brother who when physically able, delighted to meet with us and to do his part in carrying out the great aims and purposes of our order; be it further

Resolved, That we extend our sincerest sympathy to his bereaved widow and commend her for solace to Him who doeth all things well; be it further

Resolved, That this resolution be spread upon the minutes of the Garrett Lodge Number 113, and that a copy of same be sent to Mrs. Mason.

A. T. MATTHEWS,
J. C. RENNINGER,
PAUL B. NAYLOR,
Committee.

WE PAY CASH FOR THE FOLLOWING:—Live chickens, 12 cents per pound; live turkeys, 20 cents per pound; Veal calves, hog dressed, 10 cents per pound; dressed Hogs, 9½ cents per pound. Call on or phone, WM. L. CASTEEL, L. W. HOPKINS, Oakland, Md. Adv. 3tf*

D. M. Dixon & Co.

D. M. Dixon & Co., received a car load of the following which we can offer below the present market prices:

One Car 2 and 3 Ply Rubber Roofing

One Car Cement

One Car of Wove and Barb Wire

One Car of Salt

Will exchange any of the above for Good Potatoes, Wheat, Butter, Eggs, Cross Ties and Props.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

Whetsell & Browning

Deer Park's Best Store

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between Albert C. Whetzel and Cheston H. Browning, trading and doing business as Whetzel & Browning, was by mutual concent dissolved on March 18th 1916. All liabilities of said firm is assumed by Mr. Browning, and he alone is authorized to receive and collect all debts due said firm. Mr. Browning will continue the business as an individual, at the old stand in Deer Park, Maryland.

ALBERT C. WHETZEL,
CHESTON H. BROWNING.

Offutt's

Grass Seeds!

Just received a large shipment of the following Seeds, which we will sell at a low price:

"Pine Tree" Timothy
Medium and Alsike Clover
Mammoth or Sapling Clover
Fancy Kentucky Blue Grass
Choice Orchard Grass
Alfalfa

We have unloaded a car of Tennessee Raw

PHOSPHATE ROCK

$9.75

OFFUTTS'

PUNITIVE FORCE CORNER BANDITS

Hot on Trail of Outlaws Who Raided Columbus

SPIES ARE BEING USED

Congress Is Asked for $20,000 Fund—Permission to Transport Troops to Be Sought From Carranza—Secret Fund for Pershing.

Washington.—There were two important developments giving evidence of the way the War Department is whipping things up in its chase of "Pancho" Villa.

Major General Hugh L. Scott, Acting Secretary of War, sent in a request to Congress for $20,000 as a special fund to be used in employing spies and scouts in the search.

The question of asking General Carranza for permission to send not only military supplies, but troops as well over his railways has been reconsidered. It is now believed by army officers that such a request would be in keeping with the reciprocity agreement initiated by the First Chief. The United States has on several occasions permitted Carranza troops to use railways in this country to reach border points from which Carranza wished to drive the Villistas and it is being urged by officials here that the administration should now ask Carranza for same favor in the pursuit of Villa.

Thus far the State Department has refrained from asking permission to send troops for fear of meeting with a rebuff. It has asked only for permission to send supplies to the troops. A fund of several thousand dollars, which already is available, it is believed, to hire spies and scouts, will immediately be placed at the disposal of Brigadier General Pershing.

Meanwhile Villa was reported continuing his outrages upon Americans.

Villa was reported in the Babicora Lake region on the ranch of Mrs. Phoebe Hearst, which he has ravaged several times.

FREE SUGAR SHELVED.

Thirteen Democrats One Socialist Oppose the Repeal.

Washington.—By a vote of 346 to 14 the House shelved the free sugar provision of the Underwood tariff law as framed. The only members to raise their voices against the bill were 13 Democrats and a Socialist. The Republicans arrayed themselves solidly behind the repeal measure.

The thirteen Democrats were Bailey, Pennsylvania; Buchanan, Illinois; Callaway, Texas; Crosser, Ohio; Gordon, Ohio; Hilliard, Colorado; Howard, Georgia; Johnson, Kentucky; McAnders, Illinois; Thompson, Oklahoma; and Van Dyke, Minnesota. Meyer London of New York was the Socialist.

The Senate which has yet to pass on the repeal bill must complete its task before May 1, the date on which the free sugar clause is to go into effect if the bars are to be thrown down entirely to that commodity.

Administration officials will bend their energies to securing prompt action in the upper house to prevent the flooding of the market with free sugar and the consequent loss of revenue. By retaining the duty at one per cent. per pound it is hoped to save $45,000 a year in revenue.

The debate on the repeal bill revived the tariff controversy as a campaign issue.

REFINED SUGAR AT 7 CENTS A LB.

New High Record Made in Sensational Market.

New York.—Refined sugar reached 7 cents a pound in the New York market—a new high record in the sensational sugar rise of the last few months.

Seven cent sugar represents a rise of 25 points over the preceding high.

WORLD'S NEWS IN CONDENSED FORM

PHILADELPHIA.—The Bethlehem Steel Corporation and its subsidiaries earned $24,821,408.25 net in the calendar year 1915, as shown by the annual report.

ROCKLAND, Me.—A mile at the rate of 30.85 knots an hour, more than a knot in excess of contract requirements, was made by the torpedo boat destroyer Tucker during her standardization trials.

WASHINGTON.—Evidence of cooperation between President Wilson and Congress which may lead to an early adjournment is seen in the action of the Senate and House.

WASHINGTON.—The State Department made public copies of the "secret orders" which the German Government claims were given by the British Admiralty to British sailing masters, instructing them to attack German submarines.

PITTSBURGH.—Another advance in the price of crude oils carried the Pennsylvania grade to $2.60 a barrel.

LONDON.—Forty-four German merchant ships were seized by the Brazilian Government, according to dispatches from Liverpool. All were vessels interned in Brazilian ports at the outbreak of war.

PERSHING PLANS TO HEM IN VILLA

Cavalry Force Will Manoeuvre to Flank Mexican Marauders

FORCES MARCH AT NIGHT

Cavalry in Col. Dodd's Command Crossed Border Forty-Five Miles South of Hachita, N. M., to Envelop Outlaws From West.

El Paso, Texas.—General John J. Pershing and the United States army invading Mexico for the purpose of effecting the capture of Pancho Villa and his band of bandits, were reported between Janos and Ascencion, north of Casas Grandes, a little more than half way to Casas Grandes, from the American border at Columbus, N. M., where entry was made. They were marching parallel with the Janos river.

The report came to Gen. Gabriel Gavira, commander of the Juarez military garrison. Gen. Gavira also reported that Villa and his men were believed to be between Shleana and San Duena Ventura. The latter place is 48 miles southeast of Casas Grandes.

Gavira's report of the whereabouts of Pershing's column is generally credited, because an American who left Columbus with the Pershing command, and returned later to the border, was in El Paso and said when he left the American invaders they immediate expected to make the Boco Grande river for encampment. Leaving there they could have made Janos or Ascension by night, the total distance being 70 miles from Columbus.

General Funston announced that Col. G. A. Dodd's command, consisting of cavalry, crossed the border near Culberson's ranch 45 miles from Hachita, N. M., but he refused to say what its strength was. Dodd's command is hurrying to join Pershing's, but it will take three days to catch up.

Night marches will be made by Gen. Pershing's expeditionary forces in their search for Villa, it was indicated at Fort Sam Houston.

Night marches, it was pointed out, would help to puzzle Villa as to the movements of the American columns, and would keep the men and horses fresher. Days could be used for reconnoitring.

ARMY ENTERS MEXICO.

Caranza Troops Co-operate With United States Forces.

Washington.—Newton D. Baker, Secretary of War, made formal announcement that American troops had crossed the border into Mexico. After making it many questions were put to him regarding the expedition, but he begged to be excused from going into details.

Secretary Baker indicated that information reaching the War Department was to the effect that Carranzista military authorities generally in Chihuahua were apparently prepared to co-operate and were not putting obstacles in the path of the expedition.

The rigors of a press censorship were experienced here. Not even in the Spanish war was the suppression of news so marked. Only routine dispatches telling of the movement of regular troops to the Mexican boundary were given out at the War Department.

PERSHING AND DODD LEAD.

General's Column Goes From Columbus, Other From Near Hachita.

San Antonio, Tex.—Brig. Gen. John J. Pershing, with more than 4,000 troops, formally began the pursuit in Mexico of Francisco Villa, whose raid across the border caused President Wilson and his Cabinet to decide to use the United States Army to run him down.

General Pershing's report that he and his command had crossed the international boundary line just south of Columbus reached General Frederick Funston, in charge here of general operations.

LONE INVADER GETS MEXICAN.

Private of Seventh Infantry Captures His Assailant.

El Paso, Tex.—A private of the Seventh United States Infantry while on sentry duty in Camp Colton, which is close to the international line where it crosses the river, was fired upon by a Mexican who stood on his side of the line.

The Mexican tried to fire a second time, but his gun jammed and the American soldier went over to the Mexican side and captured him.

PENNA. R. R. TO PAY $1,379,881.

Federal Court Decides Against Road in Canal Case.

Philadelphia.—As the result of the failure of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company to maintain a sinking fund to meet the bonds of the Pennsylvania Canal Company at maturity in July, 1910, the railroad company, by a decision of Judge Dickinson, filed in the United States District Court recently, is directed to pay $1,379,881 to the bondholders of the canal company.

PREPAREDNESS IN FARM PRACTICE MOST NECESSARY

New Bulletin Offers Timely Suggestions In Farm Management.

During the month of March continue plowing. Harrow and reharrow until a perfect seed bed is secured. An ounce of preparation is worth a pound of cultivation. Apply lime to the corn land as the seed bed is prepared. Where grass lands have not had a sufficient amount of stable manure applied previously there should now be an application of commercial fertilizers. As the grass becomes green is the proper time to make the application.

Go over your drainage systems and see that they are working properly. Often earth from the sides is thrown into the bottom of open ditches by the freezing and thawing of winter. This may so choke up the ditch as to interfere with the outflow of water or the earth slide may cause the flow to cut into and undermine the opposite bank. Where there is under-drainage, see that the outlets are open. Examine the fields of winter wheat, rye and other winter grains and see if the crop has been killed, injured in spots by "heaving" or "spewing" or has been drowned out by water standing on the surface during the winter. If any such spots are found plan to give them better drainage.

Mend Your Fences.

The time will soon come for turning stock on pasture. Trouble may be saved if the fences are gone over at this time and loose wires tightened up and defective posts or rails replaced.

Continue hauling manure on the fields intended for corn. Fresh manure spread on the top of plowed land and worked in with the harrow will give better results than if spread before plowing at this season unless the manure be very coarse.

The too common practice of burning over old fields at this season preparatory to plowing is strongly to be reprobated. It is much better practice to go over such fields with the disk harrow once or twice to chop up the dry vegetable matter and mix it with the soil and then plow, rather than to burn the vegetable matter, which is the life of the soil.—From Maryland Agricultural College Bulletin, "Elementary Vocational Agriculture for Maryland Schools."

DISCING LAND BEFORE PLOWING DESIRABLE.

NICKOLAS SCHMITZ,
Maryland Agricultural College Extension Service.

Discing a sod before plowing makes the plowing easier and greatly facilitates the preparation of a good seedbed. It is as important to have the bottom of the seedbed finely pulverized as it is to have the surface well worked.

The easiest way to do this is to disc before plowing. It may seem that this is an extra operation, but land that is well disced before plowing will not need as much working after plowing in order to get it in first class condition, and there is no question of the bottom of the seedbed being as well worked as the surface.

It is also a good plan to disc rye or rye and clover before plowing under. This aids the complete turning under and at the same time helps to mix it with the soil, which is necessary in order to get the most rapid decomposition. It also insures against the difficulty of preventing the clover from being turned under in a mat, in which case it simply acts as a blanket in preventing the upward movement of moisture.

CANADA FIELD PEAS SHOULD BE SOWN EARLY.

Canada field peas are especially well adapted to the climate of Canada and the northern tier of states where there is sufficient moisture. In Maryland they will succeed much better in the northern and mountainous sections of the State than elsewhere.

Like the garden pea, they will not make much growth after hot, muggy weather sets in, along about harvest time or a little before, and for that reason should not be considered in the light of a grain crop with a mixture of oats as they are in the northern states and Canada.

Where oats is sown in the spring for soiling or for hay the feeding value may be greatly increased by mixing Canada field peas with the oats. The quantity of seed per acre varies from 1½ bushels of oats and 1½ bushels of peas to 2 bushels of each. It is very important that the crop should be sown in early spring, for the earlier the crop is planted the greater will be the likelihood of the maximum returns, as both oats and peas suffer in the hot days of late spring and early summer. Although some growers recommend that the peas be planted much deeper than the oats and a few days before planting the oats, there is, however, no good reason for this practice, as experiments have shown that even distribution and as large yields can be secured when the oats and peas are mixed together with the grain drill and seeded together.

Where land has never grown garden or field peas it is usually advisable to inoculate, otherwise the growth will not be sufficient to pay for the seed and the extra labor.

CHACE FOR VILLA TO BE LONG

Gen. Funston Says Bandit Has Fled to One of the Most Desolate Countries in World.

General Funston, commander-in-chief of American troops on the border, predicted Wednesday in an interview that the chace for Villa will be a hard and difficult campaign. He said General Pershing, commander in the field, has his orders, and will move when ready.

"I hope the American people appreciate," said Funstone, "that this is going to be a hard and very difficult campaign." It may be a long one, also.

"One of the best feature of the business is the fact that the troops are in splendid shape for the work. From a physical standpoint they could not be better. The time that most of them have had on the border has hardened and toughened them for just the character of campaign that they will have to undergo. But it is going to be a hard job.

"Villa has fled to one of the naturally most desolate countries in the world. What nature did not do for it in this respect the fighting factions in Mexico have done. Unless we go in there sufficiently supplied with food and fodder to take care of the problem of subsistence entirely, we would be defeated by nature long before we met Villa's forces.

"There is nothing left in all that vast and naked region for us to buy or take. Our prisoners, taken in the Columbus raid, tell us that Villa and his men are living off 'jerked' beef. They have no other food supply of consequence.

"I believe that our aeroplanes are going to be of great value to us in scouting work in this campaign. It will be the first time that we have ever used our planes under these conditions, and I have great hopes in their success.

"I hope the American people understand the reason for the apparent delay in crossing the border and starting after the chace. It would have been sheer folly for us to have continued the chace the day of the raid. We had but adout 250 men against Villa's 1,500 and possibly more. Our men had no supplies with them.

"They might have continued a running fight and killed more Villistas, but unless they could have actually captured Villa no particular military advantage would have been gained. The fact that Villa's forces so far out-numbered ours made pursuit dangerous. Had our troops been surrounded, as easily might have happened another Custer massacre would have resulted.

"From all I have learned, I believe that Villa made the raid one of his 'characteristic brainstorms.' These fits of blind, unreasoning anger of his are well known, and while in them he'll do anything.

"Back of all this was the hope, I presume, that intervention might result in swinging a tide of popular Mexican favor his way and bringing to him large bodies of Mexicans and so make him a serious factor in Mexican affairs again.

"It may be a hard chace and a long one before the end we seek to attain is secured, but we are ready for it and will attain it."

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Its hollow, vitrified, clay tile are impervious to air and moisture; they preserve the silage sweet and juicy.

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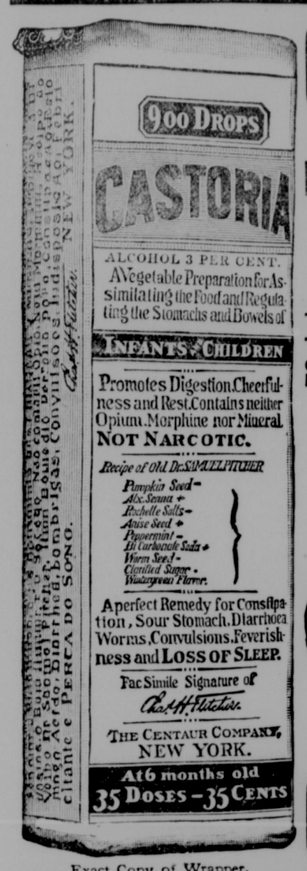

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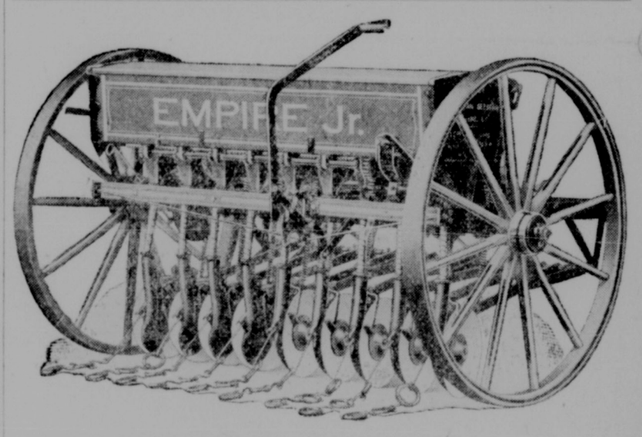

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We have a complete line of **Empire, Jr.** seeding machines. Come in and look them over at your earliest convenience.

All kinds of Plows and Harrows, Wagons and Buggies, and in fact everything that a Farmer will need at this season of the year at the right price. Agent for Armour's Fertilizer.

See me before you buy. My prices can't be beat in Western Maryland.

Yours to please,
J. W. WALTER,
DEER PARK, MD.

The Republican--Garrett Co.'s Paper.

PUNITIVE FORCE CORNER BANDITS

Hot on Trail of Outlaws Who Raided Columbus

SPIES ARE BEING USED

Congress Is Asked for $20,000 Fund—Permission to Transport Troops to Be Sought From Carranza—Secret Fund for Pershing.

Washington.—There were two important developments giving evidence of the way the War Department is whipping things up in its chase of "Pancho" Villa.

Major General Hugh L. Scott, Acting Secretary of War, sent in a request to Congress for $20,000 as a special fund to be used in employing spies and scouts in the search.

The question of asking General Carranza for permission to send not only military supplies, but troops as well over his railways has been reconsidered. It is now believed by army officers that such a request would be in keeping with the reciprocity agreement initiated by the First Chief. The United States has on several occasions permitted Carranza troops to use railways in this country to reach border points from which Carranza wished to drive the Villistas and it is being urged by officials here that the administration should now ask Carranza for same favor in the pursuit of Villa.

Thus far the State Department has refrained from asking permission to send troops for fear of meeting with a rebuff. It has asked only for permission to send supplies to the troops. A fund of several thousand dollars, which already is available, it is believed, to hire spies and scouts, will immediately be placed at the disposal of Brigadier General Pershing.

Meanwhile Villa was reported continuing his outrages upon Americans.

Villa was reported in the Babicora Lake region on the ranch of Mrs. Phoebe Hearst, which he has ravaged several times.

FREE SUGAR SHELVED.

Thirteen Democrats One Socialist Oppose the Repeal.

Washington.—By a vote of 346 to 14 the House shelved the free sugar provision of the Underwood tariff law as framed. The only members to raise their voices against the bill were 13 Democrats and a Socialist. The Republicans arrayed themselves solidly behind the repeal measure.

The thirteen Democrats were Bailey, Pennsylvania; Buchanan, Illinois; Callaway, Texas; Crosser, Ohio; Gordon, Ohio; Hilliard, Colorado; Howard, Georgia; Johnson, Kentucky; McAndrews, Illinois; Thompson, Oklahoma; and Van Dyke, Minnesota. Meyer London of New York was the Socialist.

The Senate which has yet to pass on the repeal bill must complete its task before May 1, the date on which the free sugar clause is to go into effect if the bars are to be thrown down entirely to that commodity.

Administration officials will bend their energies to securing prompt action in the upper house to prevent the flooding of the market with free sugar and the consequent loss of revenue. By retaining the duty at one per cent. per pound it is hoped to save $45,000 a year in revenue.

The debate on the repeal bill revived the tariff controversy as a campaign issue.

REFINED SUGAR AT 7 CENTS A LB.

New High Record Made In Sensational Market.

New York.—Refined sugar reached 7 cents a pound in the New York market—a new high record in the sensational sugar rise of the last few months.

Seven cent sugar represents a rise of 25 points over the preceding high.

WORLD'S NEWS IN CONDENSED FORM

PHILADELPHIA.—The Bethlehem Steel Corporation and its subsidiaries earned $24,821,408.25 net in the calendar year 1915, as shown by the annual report.

ROCKLAND, Me.—A mile at the rate of 30.85 knots an hour, more than a knot in excess of contract requirements, was made by the torpedo boat destroyer Tucker during her standardization trials.

WASHINGTON.—Evidence of cooperation between President Wilson and Congress which may lead to an early adjournment is seen in the action of the Senate and House.

WASHINGTON.—The State Department made public copies of the "secret orders" which the German Government claims were given by the British Admiralty to British sailing masters, instructing them to attack German submarines.

PITTSBURGH.—Another advance in the price of crude oils carried the Pennsylvania grade to $2.60 a barrel.

LONDON.—Forty-four German merchant ships were seized by the Brazilian Government, according to dispatches from Liverpool. All were vessels interned in Brazilian ports at the outbreak of war.

PERSHING PLANS TO HEM IN VILLA

Cavalry Force Will Manoeuvre to Flank Mexican Marauders

FORCES MARCH AT NIGHT

Cavalry in Col. Dodd's Command Crossed Border Forty-Five Miles South of Hachita, N. M., to Envelop Outlaws From West.

El Paso, Texas.—General John J. Pershing and the United States army invading Mexico for the purpose of effecting the capture of Pancho Villa and his band of bandits, were reported between Janos and Ascencion, north of Casas Grandes, a little more than half way to Casas Grandes, from the American border at Columbus, N. M., where entry was made. They were marching parallel with the Janos river.

The report came to Gen. Gabriel Gavira, commander of the Juarez military garrison. Gen. Gavira also reported that Villa and his men were believed to be between Saleana and San Duena Ventura. The latter place is 48 miles southeast of Casas Grandes.

Gavira's report of the whereabouts of Pershing's column is generally credited, because an American who left Columbus with the Pershing command, and returned later to the border, was in El Paso and said when he left the American invaders they immediate expected to make the Boco Grande river for encampment. Leaving there they could have made Janos or Ascension by night, the total distance being 70 miles from Columbus.

General Funston announced that Col. G. A. Dodd's command consisting of cavalry, crossed the border near Culberson's ranch 45 miles from Hachita, N. M., but he refused to say what its strength was. Dodd's command is hurrying to join Pershing's, but it will take three days to catch up.

Night marches will be made by Gen. Pershing's expeditionary forces in their search for Villa, it was indicated at Fort Sam Houston.

Night marches, it was pointed out, would help to puzzle Villa as to the movements of the American columns, and would keep the men and horses fresher. Days could be used for reconnoitring.

ARMY ENTERS MEXICO.

Caranza Troops Co-operate With United States Forces.

Washington.—Newton D. Baker, Secretary of War, made formal announcement that American troops had crossed the border into Mexico. After making it many questions were put to him regarding the expedition, but he begged to be excused from going into details.

Secretary Baker indicated that information reaching the War Department was to the effect that Carranzista military authorities generally in Chihuahua were apparently prepared to co-operate and were not putting obstacles in the path of the expedition.

The rigors of a press censorship were experienced here. Not even in the Spanish war was the suppression of news so marked. Only routine dispatches telling of the movement of regular troops to the Mexican boundary were given out at the War Department.

PERSHING AND DODD LEAD.

General's Column Goes From Columbus, Other From Near Hachita.

San Antonio, Tex.—Brig. Gen. John J. Pershing, with more than 4,000 troops, formally began the pursuit in Mexico of Francisco Villa, whose raid across the border caused President Wilson and his Cabinet to decide to use the United States Army to run him down.

General Pershing's report that he and his command had crossed the international boundary line just south of Columbus reached General Frederick Funston, in charge here of general operations.

LONE INVADER GETS MEXICAN.

Private of Seventh Infantry Captures His Assailant.

El Paso, Tex.—A private of the Seventh United States Infantry while on sentry duty in Camp Colton, which is close to the international line where it crosses the river, was fired upon by a Mexican who stood on his side of the line.

The Mexican tried to fire a second time, but his gun jammed and the American soldier went over to the Mexican side and captured him.

PENNA. R. R. TO PAY $1,379,881.

Federal Court Decides Against Road in Canal Case.

Philadelphia.—As the result of the failure of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company to maintain a sinking fund to meet the bonds of the Pennsylvania Canal Company at maturity in July, 1910, the railroad company, by a decision of Judge Dickinson, filed in the United States District Court recently, is directed to pay $1,379,881 to the bondholders of the canal company.

PREPAREDNESS IN FARM PRACTICE MOST NECESSARY

New Bulletin Offers Timely Suggestions In Farm Management.

During the month of March continue plowing. Harrow and reharrow until a perfect seed bed is secured. An ounce of preparation is worth a pound of cultivation. Apply lime to the corn land as the seed bed is prepared. Where grass lands have not had a sufficient amount of stable manure applied previously there should now be an application of commercial fertilizers. As the grass becomes green is the proper time to make the application.

Go over your drainage systems and see that they are working properly. Often earth from the sides is thrown into the bottom of open ditches by the freezing and thawing of winter. This may so choke up the ditch as to interfere with the outflow of water or the earth slide may cause the flow to cut into and undermine the opposite bank. Where there is under-drainage, see that the outlets are open. Examine the fields of winter wheat, rye and other winter grains and see if the crop has been killed, injured in spots by "heaving" or "spewing" or has been drowned out by water standing on the surface during the winter. If any such spots are found plan to give them better drainage.

Mend Your Fences.

The time will soon come for turning stock on pasture. Trouble may be saved if the fences are gone over at this time and loose wires tightened up and defective posts or rails replaced.

Continue hauling manure on the fields intended for corn. Fresh manure spread on the top of plowed land and worked in with the harrow will give better results than if spread before plowing at this season unless the manure be very coarse.

The too common practice of burning over old fields at this season preparatory to plowing is strongly to be reprobated. It is much better practice to go over such fields with the disk harrow once or twice to chop up the dry vegetable matter and mix it with the soil and then plow, rather than to burn the vegetable matter, which is the life of the soil.—From Maryland Agricultural College Bulletin, "Elementary Vocational Agriculture for Maryland Schools."

DISCING LAND BEFORE PLOWING DESIRABLE.

NICKOLAS SCHMITZ,
Maryland Agricultural College Extension Service.

Discing a sod before plowing makes the plowing easier and greatly facilitates the preparation of a good seedbed. It is as important to have the bottom of the seedbed finely pulverized as it is to have the surface well worked.

The easiest way to do this is to disc before plowing. It may seem that this is an extra operation, but land that is well disced before plowing will not need as much working after plowing in order to get it in first class condition, and there is no question of the bottom of the seedbed being as well worked as the surface.

It is also a good plan to disc rye or rye and clover before plowing under. This aids the complete turning under and at the same time helps to mix it with the soil, which is necessary in order to get the most rapid decomposition. It also insures against the difficulty of preventing the clover from being turned under in a mat, in which case it simply acts as a blanket in preventing the upward movement of moisture.

CANADA FIELD PEAS SHOULD BE SOWN EARLY.

Canada field peas are especially well adapted to the climate of Canada and the northern tier of states where there is sufficient moisture. In Maryland they will succeed much better in the northern and mountainous sections of the State than elsewhere.

Like the garden pea, they will not make much growth after hot, muggy weather sets in, along about harvest time or a little before, and for that reason should not be considered in the light of a grain crop with a mixture of oats as they are in the northern states and Canada.

Where oats is sown in the spring for soiling or for hay the feeding value may be greatly increased by mixing Canada field peas with the oats. The quantity of seed per acre varies from 1½ bushels of oats and 1½ bushels of peas to 2 bushels of each. It is very important that the crop should be sown in early spring, for the earlier the crop is planted the greater will be the likelihood of the maximum returns, as both oats and peas suffer in the hot days of late spring and early summer. Although some growers recommend that the peas be planted much deeper than the oats and a few days before planting the oats, there is, however, no good reason for this practice, as experiments have shown that even distribution and as large yields can be secured when the oats and peas are mixed together with the grain drill and seeded together.

Where land has never grown garden or field peas it is usually advisable to inoculate, otherwise the growth will not be sufficient to pay for the seed and the extra labor.

CHACE FOR VILLA TO BE LONG

Gen. Funston Says Bandit Has Fled to One of the Most Desolate Countries in World.

General Funston, commander-in-chief of American troops on the border, predicted Wednesday in an interview that the chace for Villa will be a hard and difficult campaign. He said General Pershing, commander in the field, has his orders, and will move when ready.

"I hope the American people appreciate," said Funstone, "that this is going to be a hard and very difficult campaign." It may be a long one, also.

"One of the best feature of the business is the fact that the troops are in splendid shape for the work. From a physical standpoint they could not be better. The time that most of them have had on the border has hardened and toughened them for just the character of campaign that they will have to undergo. But it is going to be a hard job.

"Villa has fled to one of the naturally most desolate countries in the world. What nature did not do for it in this respect the fighting factions in Mexico have done. Unless we go in there sufficiently supplied with food and fodder to take care of the problem of subsistence entirely, we would be defeated by nature long before we met Villa's forces.

"There is nothing left in all that vast and naked region for us to buy or take. Our prisoners, taken in the Columbus raid, tell us that Villa and his men are living off 'jerked' beef. They have no other food supply of consequence.

"I believe that our aeroplanes are going to be of great value to us in scouting work in this campaign. It will be the first time that we have ever used our planes under these conditions, and I have great hopes in their success.

"I hope the American people understand the reason for the apparent delay in crossing the border and starting after the chace. It would have been sheer folly for us to have continued the chace the day of the raid. We had but adout 250 men against Villa's 1,500 and possibly more. Our men had no supplies with them.

"They might have continued a running fight and killed more Villistas, but unless they could have actually captured Villa no particular military advantage would have been gained. The fact that Villa's forces so far out-numbered ours made pursuit dangerous. Had our troops been surrounded, as easily might have happened another Custer massacre would have resulted.

"From all I have learned, I believe that Villa made the raid one of his 'characteristic brainstorms.' These fits of blind, unreasoning anger of his are well known, and while in them he'll do anything.

"Back of all this was the hope, I presume, that intervention might result in swinging a tide of popular Mexican favor his way and bringing to him large bodies of Mexicans and so make him a serious factor in Mexican affairs again.

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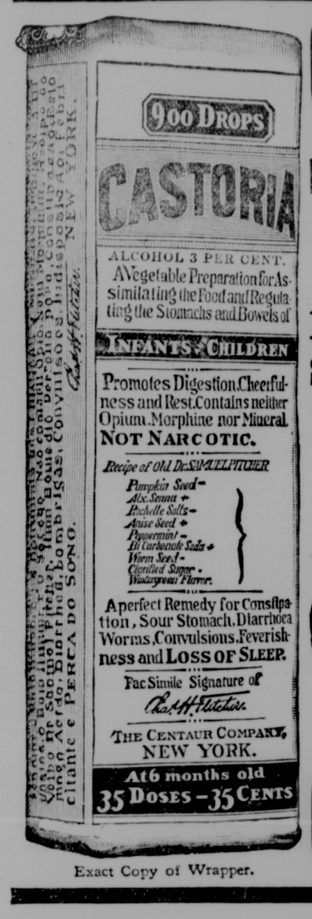

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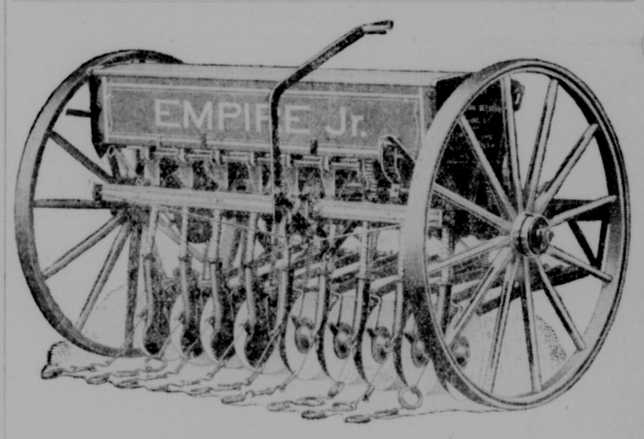

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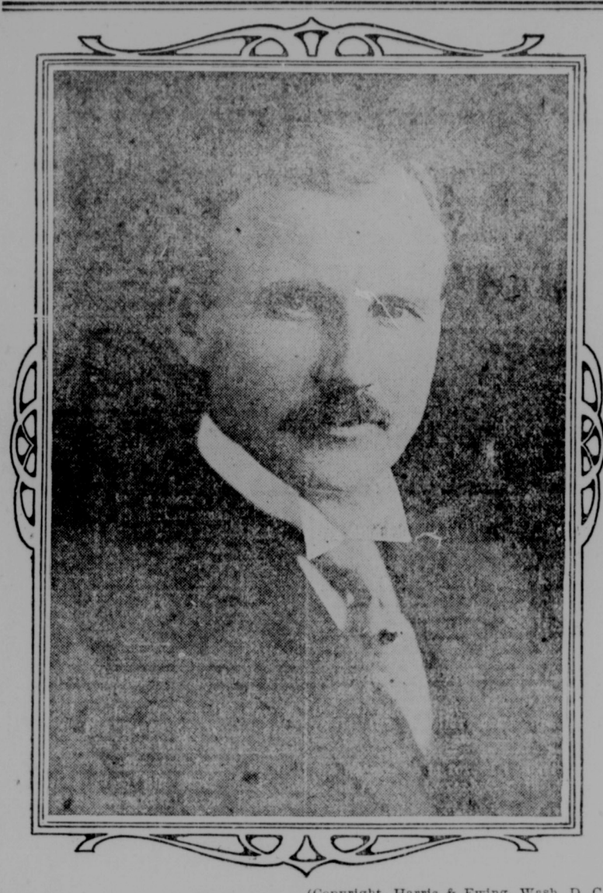

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HON. RALPH H. CAMERON
Of Arizona.

Former Congressional Delegate Cameron, of Arizona, is Republican National Committeeman from his State, and a national political figure. Concerning the coming Presidential campaign, Mr. Cameron recently said: "When it comes to selecting a candidate for the Presidency, I believe the choice will fall upon Senator John W. Weeks, of Massachusetts. Senator Weeks has been in the West. He has met our people, and I can say with truth that he made the biggest impression of any of the men who are aspirants for the Presidency."

WASHINGTON, D. C.—The present Presidential campaign is unusual because of the fact that although there are no less than a score of "possibilities" in the field, no individual candidate has, as yet, made a definite announcement of his candidacy, and no campaign headquarters of the accepted variety have been opened for the furtherance of Presidential ambitions. This does not mean, of course, that the supporters of the various candidates have been idle; to the contrary, the literary line of attack was resorted to by most of them many months ago. But when it comes to the old-fashioned headquarters, with lots of red, white and blue bunting, barrels of badges, and other accepted campaign paraphernalia, they are conspicuously absent.

One of the most gratifying phrases of the present preconvention campaign, from the standpoint of those who are interested principally in Republican success this year, is the lack of mud-slinging between the various candidates. In the last campaign at this time, the Taft and Roosevelt supporters were issuing hourly statements denouncing each other, but so far as the campaign of 1916 is concerned, there appears to be a general agreement between the various candidates to let the other fellow alone, so that when the time comes to decide between them, everyone can get together and work for a Republican victory in the November elections.

National politics and politicians were given a lot of attention in the recent minstrel show conducted by the National Press Club, of Washington, such as the following gag, which made something of a hit:

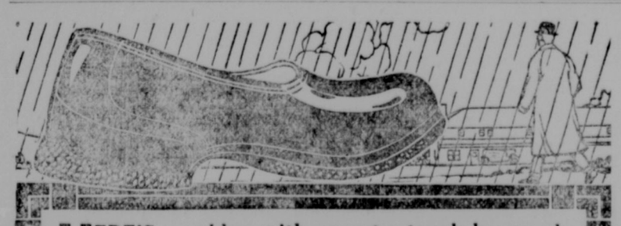
"Mr. Bones," inquired the interlocutor, "how long will it be before the Republican party nominates a presidential candidate?"

"Oh, Weeks," was the reply.

The question of geographical location of presidential candidates has become a disappearing element in politics, now that the professional politicians have less to say in the selection of delegates to the conventions, and the voters can exert a more direct influence in the naming of their party's candidate. In the present campaign we find strong men mentioned for the Presidency who live so far apart as Massachusetts and Idaho, with Iowa thrown in between. "It's the man," the voters say, "and not the place he comes from, that counts." Which, of course, is disconcerting to the old-time "leaders."

"The Presidential campaign of 1916 will be fought out on many issues," says Congressman Charles F. Curry, of California, in "Prosperity," "but the paramount issue will be the tariff. The Underwood bill, as a revenue producer, has been a failure, and it has cheapened men, but it has not cheapened commodities to the consumer. The Democratic party has never been able to think straight and act right on the tariff question. Free trade, or a revenue for tariff only with incidental protection, which is the nearest possible approach to free trade in this country, is a fraud, a delusion and a snare, and can only be supported by fallacious reasoning."

Many strange things go into the creation of a Presidential "possibility," and some of the city newspapers are having a little fun with Senator John W. Weeks, of Massachusetts, just now, because of the persistence with which his supporters call attention to the fact that he originated the federal law protecting migratory birds. But with the country papers, it is different, for they know that the migratory insectivorous bird is the farmers' friend, and whoever protects the birds protects the farms. So that is why Senator Weeks' friends keep on talking about his work in behalf of the country's migratory bird population, and refuse to be disconcerted when some of the newspapers refer to it as a "piece of sentimentality."



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A service rubber for men, women, boys and girls who walk a lot.

One of the most popular of the famous Hub-Mark Rubbers. Note the special heel and sole.

Hub-Mark Rubber Footwear is made in a wide variety of kinds and styles to cover the stormy weather needs of men, women, boys and girls in town or country.

The Hub-Mark is your value mark.

HUB MARK

HUB-MARK RUBBERS

The World's Standard Rubber Footwear

D. E. OFFUTT & SON
H. C. SINCELL
H. CREUTZBURG

GRIST OF NEWS OVER THE WIRES

Telegraphic and Cable Items Recording a Week's Events.

FROM FORTY-EIGHT STATES

Happenings in All Parts of the Union —Decisive Battles in the World War—Washington's Latest Gossip —Reports of Crops and Business.

WAR BULLETINS

After a fruitless attempt by the Germans to break the French lines in the Vaux sector, northeast of Verdun, the battle on the Meuse again resolved itself into a duel of heavy guns.

Liverpool dispatches say the Brazilian Government, following the example of Portugal, has requisitioned the 44 German ships which have been laid up in Brazilian ports since the beginning of the war.

A far-reaching Order in Council which will totally prohibit importation into the United Kingdom of a large number of articles which come under the general heading of luxuries, will be issued by the British Government.

Germany and France have reached a definite agreement in regard to the transfer to Switzerland of wounded and sick French and German prisoners of war.

Unofficial despatches from German sources have for some time told of rumors that Prince von Buelow was likely to succeed Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg.

At the end of June the war will have cost France $7,400,416,096.

All German officers below the rank of captain have been ordered to leave Bulgaria for Germany at once.

German troops broke the long lull in infantry fighting around Verdun by concentrated attacks in the Haudremont woods, near Douamont.

Official announcement was made that 2,300 Danes were killed while fighting for Germany during the war. The men were residents of Germany and were forced to enlist, it was stated from London.

WASHINGTON

With President Wilson's knowledge and sanction the Senate adopted without objection and with practically no discussion a concurrent resolution introduced by Mr. La Follette, of Wisconsin, expressing approval by Congress of the President's course in ordering the pursuit of Villa.

With 13 Democrats and the one Socialist member opposing, the House by a vote of 346 to 14, passed the Administration bill to retain the present tariff of one cent a pound on sugar.

An official prediction that the Panama Canal will be open by April 15 was announced by the War Department.

By unanimous vote, the House Military Committee approved Congressional investigation of the army aviation corps.

United States Senator Benjamin Franklin Shively of Indiana died at Providence Hospital. He had been ill several months. He was born on a farm in St. Joseph County, Ind. and was 59 years old.

President Wilson signed a proclamation giving notice of the neutrality of the United States in the state of war between Germany and Portugal.

The State Department authorized the armed Italian liner America to clear from New York with her guns intact.

GENERAL

The Sommers Woodworking Co., at Washington, N. J., was destroyed by fire that caused $100,000 damage.

The du Pont Powder Co. has acquired title to 3,000 acres of land near Yorktown, Va., for a new dynamite plant.

Governor Bilbo signed a bill prohibiting all forms of liquor advertising in Mississippi. It is effective in 60 days.

Cold weather has damaged the crop in the peach belt about Fort Halley, Ga.

The transport Hancock sailed from Philadelphia for Pensacola, Fla., carrying 500 marines.

The keeper of the lighthouse on Ano Neuvo Island, California, has appealed to Federal officials for relief from sea lions which have invaded the island in large numbers. The law prohibits the killing of the lions.

The Southern Railway Co. within the next two weeks will distribute bronze medals to 1,758 men who have been in the service of the railroad for a period of 25 years.

An average increase of 2 cents per hour has been granted the 13,000 machinists of the Atchison, Topeka, & Santa Fe Railroad.

An increase of 25 cents per day in wages has been granted 1,100 employes of three lead and zinc smelters at Bartlettsville, Okla.

A contract for four new steamships of full cable size was placed with the American Shipbuilding Co., by the Mallory Steamship Co.

Officers of the Bureau of Ordnance of the War Department denied the reports of the placing of large munition orders.

The car shortage on Western railroads continues, except in the coal trade, where the car supply is abundant.

The battleship Kentucky sailed from New Orleans for Vera Cruz.

Exports of copper from Atlantic ports for the week ended March 16 totalled 6,124 tons.

Governor Fielder of New Jersey, signed a bill providing for the regulation of jitney busses.

Pennsylvania crude oil was advanced 10 cents a barrel to $2.60.

Ellisworth E. Fout, a farmer of Claysville, W. Va., and his six children were burned to death when fire destroyed their home.

Wages of trainmen on the western Washington branch of the St. Paul Railroad have been advanced 20 per cent.

Because of severe storms, all available government cutters were ordered to New England waters.

William T. Thornton, Confederate veteran, and territorial governor of New Mexico from 1893 to 1897, died at Sante Fe, N. M., at the age of 73.

Representative Harry C. Foster, Republican, of Gloucester, was expelled from the lower house of the Massachusetts Legislature for grafting.

Fraternities and women's clubs of the University of Chicago have adopted 27 French children, orphaned by the war. They are to remain in France, the clubs paying one-half the funds to support and educate them.

Emil Bohme, former member of the crew of the liner Kroonland, awarded a Congressional medal for rescuing passengers from the burning steamship Volturno, has been located in a British prison camp.

Following a threat by Villa sympathizers to blow up Federal buildings and newspaper plants in Los Angeles, Cal., chief of police Snively issued a call for two thousand volunteer policemen to be ready for duty upon a moments's notice.

MEXICAN CAMPAIGN

Calculations at army headquarters at San Antonio indicated that General Pershing was in position to redivide his forces and from near the heart of the region where Villa has been operating begin a systematic search for the Mexican bandit.

Major William Elliot, Quartermaster at El Paso, estimated that the Villa campaign is costing the United States $72,000 daily.

A clash between any of the Carranza troops and the Americans is not anticipated by the American army officers.

General Funston has asked the governors of Texas, Arizona and New Mexico, through the War Department, to mobilize the militia of their states, and turn the force over to the Southern Department.

The battleship Kentucky was ordered from New Orleans to Vera Cruz, where she will be used to send wireless messages about Mexico.

SPORTING

Harrie H. Dadmun, of Arlington, Mass., Harvard, '18, was elected captain of the Harvard 'varsity football team for next year at a meeting of the letter men held at the 'varsity club, Cambridge.

At least two National League managers have placed automobile riding on the list of don'ts for their baseball players.

Cy Falkenberg, formerly with the Brooklyn and Newark Federals, may be signed by Roger Bresnahan for the Toledo American Association team.

"Aberg," says the manager of that wrestler, "has defeated every man in America, and now we are going after Stecher."

The attempt of Assemblyman Martin G. McCue of New York to prevent by Legislative action the Jess Willard-Frank Moran boxing contest in New York City met with failure.

Sir Thomas Lipton in a letter to Essex Yacht Club says he hopes to compete next year for the America's Cup.

As a result of the order of Boxing Commission to Jess Willard to stop charging admission to his training quarters, the champion is training behind closed doors at the Pioneer A. C., New York.

Defections from its ranks threatens the existence of the Federation of American Cyclists.

FOREIGN

Inquiries are being received at Lloyds, London, for insurance to pay total loss in case of peace being declared this year. The inquiries are large firms who hold war contracts and who have to give orders at war prices.

Four Carranza soldiers and 10 civilians were killed in an explosion of a carload of grenades and ammunition in the railroad yards at Monterey.

One thousand farms in western Canada will be prepared by the Canadian Pacific Railroad for Canadian soldiers, when disbanded.

The London "Standard," established in 1857, suspended publication.

Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg has received a vote of confidence from the Bavarian ministry.

The Vienna Stock Exchange has been reopened, for the first time since the beginning of the war.

German marks were quoted at Geneva at 91, a new low record.

The Nova Scotia Legislature passed the prohibition bill, by a vote of 28 to 3.

The Danish Foreign Office denied that Germany has offered $20,000,000 for the Danish West Indies.

AIR RAIDERS KILL 9 IN ENGLAND CROWN PRINCE HURLS PRUSSIAN GUARD AT VERDUN FORTIFICATION

Only Infantry Action on Entire Front From Vosges to Belgium---Vigorous Bombardments Near Douaumont ---Berlin Reports the Repulse of French

TURKS SAY THAT THE BRITISH ARE RETREATING

London.—Both Berlin and Paris reported a slackening of the fighting around Verdun, and Petrograd announced that the Russians had started a big offensive movement against the Germans.

Four German aeroplanes bombarded east Kent, England. The first pair appeared over Dover, flying at a height of between 5,000 to 6,000 feet. One machine dropped six bombs on the harbor and then went northwest, throwing bombs on the town. The other, after passing over Dover, appeared over Deal and dropped several bombs.

A second pair bombarded Ramsgate. One went west and the other north, pursued by a British aeroplane. One machine dropped bombs on Margate. A second appeared over Westgate, where British aeroplanes pursued it. No bombs were dropped.

The casualties reported were nine killed and 31 injured. In all, 488 bombs were dropped. One bomb fell on the Canadian Hospital at Ramsgate, causing damage but no casualties. Material damage was done to several houses.

Flight Commander Bono, in a single seater aeroplane, pursued one raider for 30 miles over the sea where, after an action lasting a quarter of an hour, the raider was forced to descend. The observer was killed.

A raid by 23 French aeroplanes on upper Alsace resulted in one of the greatest aerial battles of the war. Four French aeroplanes were driven to earth and three German machines. The raid which precipitated the battle was directed against Nualhausen and Habsheim.

FRENCH STEM GERMAN TIDE

London.—Repulse at the hands of the French again has been the net result of a German infantry attack launched with huge effectives after a heavy bombardment against French positions at Le Mort Homme, northwest of Verdun. The Germans, who attacked in serried masses, were driven eastward toward the Bois des Corbeaux, where the French guns inflicted heavy casualties on them.

The attack at Le Mort Homme constituted the only infantry maneuver along the entire French front, but from Belgium to the Vosges the artillery of both sides has been active at numerous points. Around Douaumont and the village of Vaux the big guns are operating with redoubled violence, while southward in the Woevre the artillery duels in the Meuse hills continue.

In the Argonne Forest the French guns are still shelling the German positions northwest of the road from Varennes and German batteries near Montfaucon.

The latest German official communication making reference to French attempts to "dispute our possession of the height of Le Mort Homme" has brought forth a statement from the French Embassy at Washington that the Germans have never gained a footing on the hill, which the French still hold.

If the Russians succeed in attaining Klanikin they will be in position to assail the rear of the Turkish Bagdad forces. Russia is also aiming to strike north of Bagdad for the purpose of severing the railway, thereby cutting off the Turks from their main source of supplies.

Artillery battles of great intensity continue along the whole western front.

The German army has received heavy reinforcements. The closing of the Swiss-German frontier is reported, and the order is supposed to have been given to cover the movement of great bodies of troops.

POLISH RELIEF HARD PROBLEM.

Britain, Fearing Confiscation by Germany, Still Undecided.

London.—The Cabinet considered the question of Polish relief. It was not decided whether or not to allow relief to be sent to the people of Poland. The problem has become one of the most troublesome before the Government. Against the wish to avert starvation among the Poles there is the fact that Germany has requisitioned all the cotton and woollen goods in Belgium.

SUEZ ATTACK ABANDONED.

Teutons Can't Cross Desert for Year at Least.

Rome.—Egypt and the Suez Canal are absolutely safe from a Turco-German attack for at least another year. February was the last month when the shifting desert sands east of the Suez Canal were firm enough to sustain marching columns. Movement of artillery or heavy supply wagons across the desert will be out of question for many months. Stories about desert railway building are untrue.

London.—Again the intensity of the fighting around Verdun has dwindled perceptibly. Only the artillery of the opposing sides are active. No infantry attacks or counter attacks are being engaged in.

Around Le Mort Homme, where furious battles have recently been fought, comparative quiet reigns. Even the bombardments here are only intermittent. There also has been a slackening in the fire of the big guns in the Wovre region to the southeast of Verdun.

Northwest of the fortress, however, around Douaumont and Damloup the Germans are hurling shells against the French positions, but the French are vigorously countering. North of Verdun, near the right bank of the Meuse, important German ammunition depots have been blown up by the French guns at Champneuville.

Only one infantry action has taken place along the entire line from Belgium to the Vosges; this was to the north of the Aisne, where a German attack against a small French post southeast of the Bois des Buttes was repulsed.

The Germans are now hurling the elite corps of the guard into the fiery furnace at Vaux and Douaumont, the key position at Verdun, and this, in the minds of French observers, represents the use of "the last cartridge."

The German offensive is said by the French military experts to have spent its force.

Constantinople reports that the British in Mesopotamia are in general retreat from the Felamie region, with the Turks vigorously in pursuit.

The hard fighting between the Italians and Austrians continues at various points, especially in the Isonzo region, but no important changes in positions have resulted. Little fighting of importance is taking place on the Russian front.

Petrograd reports the capture by the Russians of the town of Mamakhautan from the Turks. The town is some sixty miles west of Erzerum, on the Euphrates River.

CZAR'S TROOPS DRIVE ON.

London.—The French assumed the offensive in the Champaigne region of France, and in a series of infantry attacks with grenades and bayonets captured a German trench south of St. Souplet. The success was followed by preparations for further onslaughts.

In the immediate vicinity of Verdun infantry fighting has ceased for the present, but an artillery battle of great intensity is under way at various points along the line from Belgium to the Vosges Mountains.

Petrograd reported that the Russians have made most remarkable progress in co-operation with the British at Kut-el-Amara, where an army under General Townshend has been cooped up for several months.

The Czar's troops are said to be moving over difficult roads and in the face of considerable opposition toward the Mesopotamian frontier, where they say they will soon reach the relieving column near Kut under Generals Lake and Aylmer.

The Russians are reported to be within fifty miles of the last difficult pass, which will place them in the rear of the Turkish Bagdad army. Their object is to cut the railway to the north, thereby preventing the Turkish army from receiving supplies, and to join the British in a move against Bagdad.

PITH OF THE WAR NEWS

Rumanian military preparations are being hurried forward at Bucharest, officers of the Allies report.

Berlin reports the recapture of some ground from the British notheast of Vermelles, in the region of La Bassee, and the driving of the French from a position northeast of Badonvilliers, in the Vosges.

The Russians sent forces of infantry against the German positions near Driswiaty Lake and Lake Narocz, Berlin reporting the repulse of the attack and that 9,720 Russians dead were counted in the Lake Narocz region.

The battle of Verdun, which two weeks ago was being fought over a semi-circular front of fifty miles, has narrowed down to a struggle in which more than 1,000,000 men have been fighting on two miles.

Not since young Wilhelm II. abruptly dropped Bismarck as pilot of the ship of state has Germany been so stirred by the retirement of a statesman as by the resignation of Admiral von Tirpitz.

A far reaching Order in Council which will prohibit importation of a large number of luxuries has been issued by the British Government.

THE REPUBLICAN

BENJ. H. SINCELL, EDITOR.

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THURSDAY, MARCH 23, 1916

No trail can get too hot to follow.

FUNSTON seems to always be near a river in time of trouble.

FROM the looks of things, the ensuing presidential campaign will be a lively one at home and abroad.

A NEGRO 121 years old died in Kansas City the other day. One by one "the oldest man in the country" passes away.

WITHIN the past couple of weeks the Portuguese navy has increased in size, and that without the outlay of an escudo.

WE might as well move the whole family out of the Villa, renovate the place and readvertise for a sensible tenant.

"WHERE did you get that hat?" ought to be a spirited war song as the United States troops take after the Mexicans.

NOW in New Mexico they print the ballots for local elections in English and Spanish. Isn't it about time that nonsense ceased?

IF women's summer clothing is proportionally as scant as winter raiment has been—but why speculate on such a threadbare subject?

IT is a good thing that some of us can manage to survive without eating chile con carne, or pascli or any of those other dishes that grow in Mexico.

IT would seem to one unprejudiced that Carranza's request to send troops across the border into this country was entirely formal, because he has use at home for every gun toter he can muster.

NEARLY $500,000,000 in gold is corded away in the Denver mint. Well, if a foreign foe can fight his way to the front door of the plain looking building a mile high, it will have earned the money.

BOYHOOD RESPONSIBILITIES.

Recently a small boy in a Maryland town was asked by his schoolteacher to write down what he did after school hours, and the following was the result.

"I pick eggs, get in the wood, feed the chickens and get down hay for the horses and cows, and get in straw, and have to give the cats some milk, and water the chickens, and draw water for the kitchen, and bed down the cows, and set the table, and pick up chips and set things straight in the celler."

To most American men of middle age that list of chores has a very familiar sound. They are the tasks for which he was responsible every night after he left the schoolroom and often it was the penalty of the rod if he loitered after school to indulge in an hour of play with his comrades.

The modern city boy, however, has a far different program from this lad in a Maryland country town. The city home can furnish no chores and but few responsibilities. The greatest task its sons have after leaving school is to decide the momentous question of whether they will go skating, coasting or to the movies.

A man who can look back upon a boyhood of old-fashioned school days, supplemented with old-fashioned chores, will see how much must be added to the modern city school system before he can give his son the same chance to develop efficiency and character that he had.

Deer Park Firm Disolves.

The general mercantile firm of Whetsell & Browning, of Deer Park, was dissolved last Friday by mutual consent, the business being taken over by Mr. Cheston Browning, who will continue to conduct the store and transact all business connected therewith.

Civic Club Meeting.

The regular monthly meeting of the Civic Club will be held Tuesday, March 28th at 3 p. m. All members are requested to attend as election of officers will be in order.

MRS. JAS. D. HAMILL, Sec'y.

FREDERICK N. ZIHLMAN OUT FOR CONGRESS

Appeals Directly to Rank and File of Republican Party in District.

Senator Frderick N. Zihlman of Allegany county, has made formal announcement of his candidacy for the Republican Sixth District Congressional nomination. The Senator has already filed his papers with the Boards of Election Supervisors throughout the district, and his friends have for several weeks been waging a quiet but effective campaign in his behalf. In his statement Senator Zihlman appeals directly to the rank and file and the individual Republicans of the district, who, he points out, are each and every one responsible for the nomination of their congressional standard bearer under the direct primaries.

He issues a strong appeal directly to the voters of his party throughout Western Maryland for their support on his record as the Senator from Allegany county during the legislative sessions of 1910, 1912, 1914, and during the present year. He refers to his stewardship as his party floor leader in the Senate during the sessions of 1912 and again during the current session. Likewise he points to his stand and work for

FREDERICK N. ZIHLMAN.

constructive and humanitaran legislation introduced in the assembly during the last four sessions. A period when Maryland has brought herself to the front among the progressive states of the nation. Though he has definite views on the issues that will be involved in the approaching national campaign, the Allegany countian refers to the fact that the Sixth District Republican Congressional nominee, like the party's candidates for president and vice president, and for national offices throughout the country, will be bound to stand by the platform, which will be built and ratified by the Republicans assembled in national convention in June next.

That he will stand by these platform planks, together with the issues which will make for the progress, protection, prosperity and preparedness of the nation not only in war but in peace, the Senator gives as his guarantee his progressive record of the past. In concluding his appeal, Senator Zihlman says his duties at Annapolis will prevent him from making an extended canvass of the district, but that he proposes to devote the time between the adjournment of the General Assembly and the May primaries in an effort to meet personally as many of the voters of the district as possible. Senator Zihlman is already well known throughout the Sixth district, as he thoroughly canvassed that entire field in 1914, when he made a remarkable fight against the then strongly intrenched Congressman David J. Lewis. His personality left a lasting mark throughout the district and the Senator has already received many voluntary pledges from party people in all five counties of the district, men who believe Zihlman is the man to lead the party to victory in Western Maryland next November.

Alleged Bootleggers Caught.

Friday last was a very busy day in the court conducted by Squire L. A. Rudisill, a number of alleged bootleggers in and about Oakland being rounded up at that time. While there had been some little talk about the sale of liquor practically no one suspected what was coming and the accused parties seemed very much surprised when they were taken in by the sheriff. State's Attorney Jones had had a couple of detectives on the job and as a result of information which he received from them the warrants were sworn out. The accused parties were given a short hearing after which Squire Rudisill held them for the action of the June grand jury under heavy bond.

Groundhog's Regime Comes to End.

Everyone is greatly relieved because the reign of His Majesty, the Groundhog, is at an end. On Wednesday last the six week's period following February 2, during which he was supposed to rule with an icy hand, came to an end and you will notice that indications are that there is a break in the winter, though the crimp in winter's activities is encouraging and all are in hopes that it means some good weather at least.

TO SELL LAKE BROWN

Measure Has Been Introduced In Legislature With This in View.

In the Senate on last Thursday the bill authorizing the sale of Lake Brown, in Garrett county, was reported favorably by the finance committee and passed to its third reading. The measure was introduced by Senator Speicher and is as follows:

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the Board of Public Works is hereby authorized and directed, whenever it shall determine it to be for the best interest of the State to sell the State's interest in and to a certain tract of land, known as Lake Brown, situate lying and being in Garrett county, Maryland, containing seventeen acres more or less, being the same lands and premises heretofore conveyed to the State of Maryland by deed from Richard T. Browning and Hattie C. Browning, his wife, bearing date the 27th day of June, 1894, duly of record in Liber E. Z. T., No. 24, folio 366, as by reference thereto will more fully and at large appear. In making such sale, the said Board of Public Works is hereby authorized and directed to proceed under the provision contained in Article 78-A of the Annotated Code of Maryland, title "Public Works—Board of," sub-title "Sale of State's Interest in Works of Internal Improvements or in Corporations."

POTATO GROWERS TO MEET AGAIN

Permanent Organization to Be Formed at Meeting Friday.

The Citizens National Bank of this city is preparing to entertain the potato growers of this section at a meeting to be held in the directors' room of the bank on Friday, March 23rd.

The purpose of the conference is to form a permanent organization of potato growers. A committee made up of C. Wesley Loar, of this place; Benjamin Green, Garrett county; James A. Morgan, Carlos; Robert Tennant, of Vale Summit, and John Blake, of Eckhart, are now preparing the by-laws for the organization.

The association, which will be incorporated, will have for its main objects the encouragement of better and more economical methods of potato culture, to secure better results in grading, packing, marketing and advertising Western Maryland seed potatoes, to develop the local market, and find new markets for seed potatoes of local culture. Another object will be to secure pure seed at as low a price as is consistent with the best quality.

The association will buy supplies for its members in a co-operative way and will rent, buy or build suitable buildings to store, and from which to distribute, supplies. These storage houses and packing places will be modern in every particular.

There will be one committee, made up of experienced men, to arrange for the transportation and handling of all potatoes raised here. This committee will also make a constant effort to awaken general interest in the production of seed potatoes throughout Allegany and Garrett counties.

The Citizens National Bank, which is back of the movement, will hold a number of conferences during the year with the potato growers and will offer substantial aid to the movement until the association becomes self-supporting.

Twenty one farmers attended the meeting last Friday, and these, with the additional number who will be present at the coming meeting, will constitute the charter membership of the new association.

The following were present at the last meeting: Cecil Michael, Wm. L. Atkinson, Thomas J. Johnson, C. A. Murphy, John F. Workman, Earl C. Michael, Frostburg; Robert Tennant, C. Wesley Loar, Vale Summit; David Hansel, James Dunn and P. L. Blake, Eckhart; Benjamin F. Green, Avilton; James D. Harvey, Mt. Lake Park; George W. Oss, Cumberland; P. E. McLenna, Gilmore; H. P. Miller, Grantsville; James Weir, Lonaconing, Cyrus M. Bird, Meyersdale, Pa.; Jas. Morgan, Carlos, and Simon Duckworth, Eckhart. —Frostburg Journal.

Married.

SPEICHER—BERKEY—Frederick G. Speicher and Miss Leottie P. Berkey, both of Jennings, Garrett county, were married at the parsonage of St. Paul's Lutheran church at Frostburg by Rev. H. H. Beidleman, Wednesday evening.

LEMAITRE—PAULIE—Saturday afternoon, March 18th, 1916, the marriage of Miss Alma Blanche Paulie to Mr. Edward Frare LeMaitre, of Hartford City, Ind., was solemnized at Fairmont, West Virginia. Rev. W. J. Eddy of the first Baptist church, was the officiating minister and the ring ceremony was used. The wedding took place at the parsonage of the church with a few intimate friends present. The bride, who is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Paulie, of Hutton, Md., has made a wide circle of friends during her stay in Fairmont. Mr. LeMaitre is a young man of unusually pleasing personality and ability and holds a lucrative position with the Fairmont Window Glass factory. Early in June Mr. and Mrs. LeMaitre will leave for Harford City, Ind., to reside.

THE WEEK'S DOINGS AT THE STATE CAPITAL

Many Measures of Local Interest Have Been Considered.

STATE HOUSE ANNAPOLIS, MARCH 22—Western Maryland members of both houses of the Assembly are manifesting considerable interest in the bill introduced by Delegate White of Baltimore city on Wednesday of last week, but which has just been placed upon their bill files in printed form, and which amends in every important manner the laws relating to the appointment of the mine inspector for Allegany and Garrett counties. The bill takes away from the Governor the appointment of this important officer and places this selection in the hands of the State Board of Labor and Statistics, subject to confirmation by the Senate. In addition to taking the appointing power from the Governor, the bill places also in the hands of this board the control of the inspector's salary.

Instead of his salary remaining at the flat rate of $1,500 as at present, the new law provides that the inspector shall receive such salary as the Board of Labor and Statistics shall with the appro al of the Governor, deem proper.

The bill which was recently introduced in the Legislature, to substitute electricity for hanging, came up in the House on Tuesday but failed to pass. The majority of delegates evidently being of the opinion that hanging was preferable to electrocution. Another bill has been introduced to provide a central place for execution, naming the Penitentiary or the Maryland House of Correction.

Monday night Senator Speicher's anti-shipping bill came up for the third reading. Delegate Fox offered an amendment at the suggestion of Senator Speicher, relating to liquors needed by druggists in their business. The amendment was adopted. Delegate Green, of Allegany county, introduced an amendment which would have converted it into a "gallon-a-month" act. He painted a touching picture of the weary Garrett county farmer returning to his home in the evening with parching tongue and throat and being deprived of anything to bring relief. Rattlesnakes abounded in Garrett county, he declared, and asks what would happen if there was no antidote for their poison. Republican Floor Leader Metzerott came to the rescue and opposed this amendment and asserted that Garrett county was entitled to the bill as now before the House, and the House endorsed his thought and passed the bill. It now goes to the Senate for approval of the amendment, then to the Governor for his signature,

At the session of Friday the House adopted the unfavorable report of the Hygiene Committee on House bill No. 113, by Mr. Shartzer, to prohibit the use of oleomargerine in hotels, restaurants or boarding houses, unless a card 6 x 12 inches is displayed, reading, "We serve oleomargarine." This is a statewide bill.

Mr. Shartzer Friday night offered two more bills, the first, "to further protect pheasants and partriges in Garrett county." Referred to the committee on Fish and Game.

The second, to amend the election law in Garrett county governing declaration of intentions. Referred to Committee on Elections.

Delegate Keedy, of Washington county, a son of Associate Judge Martin L. Keedy, yesterday introduced a bill providing a Constitutional Amendment creating an additional associate judge in the Fourth Judicial Circuit, comprising Allegany, Garrett and Washington counties. The bill provides that no two associate judges shall come from the same county in the circuit, virtually requiring the new judge, in the event of adoption of the amendment, to come from Garrett county. Two years ago a Constitutional Amendment was passed by the Legislature and subsequently ratified by the voters, creating an additional associate judge in the Sixth Circuit, composed of Harford and Baltimore counties.

Favorable reports were made on the following Garrett county bills on the 17th.

Delegate Hayden's enlarging the powers of the Mt. Lake Community and amending the charter.

Delegate Fox's new game bill for Garrett county similar to that of Allegany county.

Delegate Shartzer's, creating an auditor to audit the accounts of the Clerk of the Court, County Commissioners and Board of Election Supervisors of Garrett county and also his bill requiring all work on the roads of Garrett county to be completed prior to July 1st each year.

These bills were ordered to be printed for the third reading file.

Delegate Fox last Wednesday offered a bill in the house to incorporate the village of Accident. The boundary lines are: Beginning at the northeast corner of John Garringer's land, on the west side of the State road, thence South 27 degrees West, 4 perches South 66 degrees East, 100 perches to a stake, stone and pointers thence North 35 degrees East, 160 perches to 6 feet north-west of service tree, thence north 26½ degrees West, 161 perches to stake on West side of State road near a culvert, thence South 72½ degrees West, 96 perches to corner at stone fence, thence South 42½ degrees West, 113 perches to a locust tree, thence South 25 degrees East, to place of beginning.

The officers of the town are to be, for two years, Adam Richter, Robert A. Ravenscroft and Henry M. Speicher; for one year, Newton Gies, Floyd C. Diehl and Leonord Shartzer. Mayor, Frederick Burkhard, for a term of two years.

The Senate passed Delegate Hayden's bill giving to voters privilege of deciding for or against bond issue to construct sewerage system at Loch Lynn Heights, also his bill amending the charter of Loch Lynn Heights. These bills are now in the hands of the Governor for approval.

Unfavorable report by Temperance Committee on Senate bill 8, by Mr. Speicher, to prohibit the shipping of liquor into Garrett county, was made in the House. Mr. Shartzer's motion to substitute the bill for the report was carried, and the bill passed to the third reading.

Senator Speicher presented a bill Thursday authorizing the mayor and council af Grantsville to issue bonds, not to exceed $15,000, for constructing, erecting and maintaining water works and sewerage in the village. Grantsville is certainly, putting on "city airs." They are a wide-awake people and are keeping up with the times.

The legislature has only six more working days to complete a large amount of work. Night and day sessions will be in order and some bills will be rushed through which should have gone to the scrap heap.

In the Senate Monday night the Finance Committee reported favorable Senator Speicher's bill appropriating four thousand dollars a year for the next two years for the Garrett county schools and it was passed to its third reading. This bill was introduced by the Garrett county delegation earlier in the session and was reported unfavorably by the Ways and Means Committee, and was killed.

THE OPEN ROAD

Along Which An Effort Will Be Made to Assist the Wanderer on His Way Up Hill.

BY LEO J. RASCHE.

THE HOME TOWN.

Occasionally we hear perpetual pounders rapping the home town. We find them exhibiting some article of wearing apparel or something else that they purchased in an adjoining city, and we frequently find them asking for some particular make of shoes or something else that they know the home merchant doesn't handle. These are the boys who never have a word of encouragement for the home city or any enterprise therein and who seem to take a secret delight when the plans of the boosters occasionally seem set back. You never find them at the boom meetings, you never find them hoping with the optimists, but always pounding with the pessimists. They never hit a homer for Homerburg, they never bat high in the houghers league, they never have their enthusiasm warmed in the sunlight of good cheer. Chilly fellows, these, frigid fellows, and forever frowning. These hinder Homeburg. They are the knockers who put the knock in the machinery that propels the people on their way up hill.

What a relief it is to get away from these fellows and into the group that is filled with the fire of enthusiasm. You know the group, Jerome, the group that has faith in the future that feels certain that the long delayed era of new life will come. And with enough of boosters behind the hope for higher things, behind the hope for a bigger and better city, the hope is certain to be some day realized. Boosters build, and in so doing they help hope. Hope has to be helped.

Out in the mining regions of the West are many great cities of yesterday, sad remnants of the glory that has gone, of long since "petered out," and the mad rush has raced onward and elsewhere. But still there are the boosters, the faithful, sitting amidst the neglected and deserted buildings of the boom days, firm in their conviction that the boom will return, certain that the skeleton will revive its lusty life of yesterday. What a splendid lesson these faithful old pioneers present!

Not long ago I visited a city that increased but a single person between the years of 1900 and 1910. But that city has its boosters who believe that it should have exactly the population and the industries that Louisville, Ky., now has, and they feel firmly that one day Louisville will be on the Indiana side of the Ohio. That's spirit—the real booster spirit—the spirit that defies decline and hopes for the height of the hill for Hameburg.

There must be a strong manifestation of civic pride at home, Jerome, before there can be any strong magnet to attract an influx from without. Because a brass band makes loud and pleasing music it attracts a crowd always. And in the same manner folk flock to the city that makes the most noise, and the noise of thrift, of industry, of concerted action, is the noise. New York, for instance, is getting to be quite a town because it has always made quite a noise. So if you have something to say, say it for and not against the home town. If you have something to buy, buy it at home. If you have a hammer hide it, or hide yourself.

HOYES

Our equinoxial storm came but was of short duration and we are ready to welcome spring.

Mrs. Freeman DeWitt is seriously ill with inflammatory rheumatism at this time. We feel very sorry as Mr. DeWitt has also been sadly afflicted this winter.

J. Wesley Callis and wife took dinner and spent Sunday afternoon with Charles Callis and family.

Mrs. Horace DeWitt, of Oakland, returned to her home Saturday after visiting relatives in this community for the past week.

The young people of the neighborhood gave a surprise party to Webb DeWitt Friday evening. After playing a number of amusing games, delicious refreshments were served and everyone went home feeling happy.

W. A. Smith left here Monday for Oakland where he will remain until Wednesday and will then leave for Baltimore to spend a few days in the fish interests.

Willie Mattingly took some fine horses to Uniontown Tuesday.

Mr. Sliger, of near Friendsville, has engaged with Perry Savage as farmer for the coming year and is moving his family on the farm.

William Enlow is a frequent caller at North Glade, as we seen him going that direction Sunday and returning Monday.

Among those who were guests of Miss Auburn Smith and brothers Sunday afternoon were, Misses Grace and Margaret Friend, Lena Ravenscroft, Milton DeWitt, Carroll Friend and Walter Speicher.

Mrs. Gilmor S. Hamill Entertains.

Last night Mrs. Gilmor S. Hamill entertained in honor of her son, Mr. G. Semmes Hamill, who celebrated his anniversary. Covers were laid for eight and a course dinner was served. Those present were Dr. W. W. Grant, Mr. Stuart F. Hamill, Mr. Gilmor S. Hamill, Dr. J. D. Darby, Mr. W. A. Sturgiss, Mr. T. A. Gonder, Mr. Dwight Townshend and Mr. G. Semmes Hamill.

MILLINERY OPENING

¶ YOU ARE CORDIALLY INVITED TO ATTEND OUR SPRING OPENING ON THURSDAY AND FRIDAY, MARCH THIRTIETH AND THIRTY-FIRST, AND SATURDAY, APRIL FIRST, NINETEEN HUNDRED AND SIXTEEN.

¶ WE WILL SHOW A NOTABLE DISPLAY OF FINE, NEW AND ATTRACTIVE PATTERNS, AND A LARGE LINE OF STYLISH MILLINERY AT VERY REASONABLE PRICES.

¶ MISS MUNRO, FORMERLY WITH REED BROTHERS, IS WITH US THIS SEASON.
WE WILL BE PLEASED TO SEE YOU.

MRS. M. G. MARTIN
OAK AND FOURTH STREETS
OAKLAND, MD.

GOSSARD CORSETS

FOUNDED 1888

THE GARRETT NATIONAL BANK

FOUNDED 1888

OF OAKLAND, MARYLAND

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, - - $115,000.00

THE highly developed facilities of this Bank resulting from 28 years of careful and conservative management, together with prompt, efficient and courteous service, are offered as the basis for a satisfactory business connection.

OFFICERS

G. S. HAMILL, President. D. E. OFFUTT, Jr., Vice President.
G. A. FRALEY, Cashier. H. L. JONES, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS

GILMOR S. HAMILL, JOHN T. MITCHELL, DANIEL E. OFFUTT, Jr.
JOSEPH E. HARNED. GEORGE A. FRALEY, HARLAND L. JONES CHAS. S. DAVIS

Interest paid on Time Deposits. Safety Deposit Boxes for Rent.

FOR SALE—A five passenger light touring car; reasonable terms. Apply at this office. Adv. 4-4t

Mr. Daniel W. Wilson, of near Wilson, spent Monday in Oakland on business.

Miss Grace Laffey, of Frankville, was the guest over Sunday of the Misses Helbig adjoining Oakland.

Mrs. Jennie Freeland, of Deer Park, was the guest on Saturday at the home of Rev. and Mrs. Otto A. Bremer.

Constable Isaac D. Junkins, of Kitzmiller, spent Monday in Oakland on business connected with his office.

Say a good word for your home paper every day. It always pays. Also be a subscriber and keep your subscription paid up.

Mrs. Margaret Turney and granddaughter Miss Ada Glotfelty, were at Deer Park Saturday as guests of Mrs. S. P. Specht.

See the beautiful line of wall decorations at Hamill's before placing your order. Adv. 4-3t

Mrs. N. I. Broadwater, who visited relatives and friends in Cumberland and nearby points for ten days, has returned to her home in Oakland.

Mr. Peter Brenninger, of near Gortner, spent Monday in Oakland on business, as also did Messrs. Calvin Fowler and Fred Stahl, of the same community.

WANTED—At the Mt. Lake Hotel, April 1st, a girl to do general housework. Address, W. C. Dunnington, Mt. Lake Park, Md. Adv. 2-tf

Robins and blue birds, sure harbingers of the approach of spring, have made their appearance. Unlike the human race their dress and appearance remains the same.

Miss Elizabeth Walter returned to her home in Oakland last Friday after having spent the past two months in Deer Park with her brother Dave and family.

Justice of the Peace L. A. Rudisill, of the State House, spent the week end in Oakland and at his home in Mountain Lake Park, returning to Annapolis Monday morning.

Carey's Ceilboard is better than plaster for old walls or for new ones. Full line will be found at Hamill's. Adv. 4-3t

Mr. Roy Hinebaugh, of Keyser, W. Va., where he is in the employ of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, spent Saturday in Oakland with his mother and sister.

Mr. J. L. Fitzwater has purchased from E. S. Evans of Terra Alta, one of the 1916 models Ford automobile roadsters, which has been delivered to Mr. Fitzwater.

Mr. William Miller, of Deer Park, left on Wednesday last for a trip west. His tour will carry him through the Middle western states and he expects to be absent about five weeks.

Mrs. Howard Hoffman and children, who have been absent from Oakland for some weeks owing to ill health of the former, have returned and are at home in their flat in the West building.

A big bunch of basket ball fans were much disappointed Saturday night when the advertised game between the Oakland and Mount Savage team was called off owing to the non-arrival of the latter team.

Mr. and Mrs. Harland L. Jones left Oakland Saturday afternoon for Baltimore where they will spend a week. Later Mrs. Jones will visit friends in and near Hagerstown, expecting to be absent about two weeks. Mr. Jones will return home Monday morning.

Get Hamill's prices on wall paper before placing your order. Adv. 4-3t

Miss Effie Cuppett, of Terra Alta, is the guest of Mrs. Fred. Peddicord in Oakland.

Mrs. Gilmor S. Hamill returned home Saturday afternoon from a brief visit to friends in Cumberland.

Mr. Littman, of Uniontown, Pa., spent Sunday and Monday in Oakland, the guest of Miss Gladys Browning.

Hamill has a carload of wall paper to dispose of at before-the-war prices. Fast colors and lowest prices. Adv. 4-3t

Mr. George J. Hesen has moved his family to Keyser, W. Va., where he is engaged in the Baltimore and Ohio shops as machinist's helper.

Mr. George B. Pew, of Terra Alta, visited Oakland Monday on business as representative of the Pew & Beavers Grocery Company of that town.

EGGS FOR HATCHING—From single comb Black Minorcas, $1.50 per 15; fine stock. Townshend Naylor, Oakland, Md. Adv. 4-8t*

The Board of County Commissioners, in session the first part of the week, transacted routine business preparatory to making the levy for the expenses of local government for the next twelve months.

Rev. Dr. W. B. King, pastor of the First M. E. Church, Clarksburg, W. Va., spent Tuesday night and yesterday in Oakland where he was the guest of Dr. and Mrs. John H. Howard at the Methodist parsonage.

Mrs. Stuart F. Hamill and little daughter have returned to Oakland after an extended visit to relatives and friends at Johnstown, Pa. They were accompanied home by Mr. Hamill, who spent a week at Johnstown.

Mr. George Shartzer, of near town, is just recovering from the effects of a case of blood poisoning with which the middle finger of his left hand became infected some weeks ago and which caused him much pain and suffering.

Mr. D. E. Offutt, Jr., who spent several days in Baltimore, returned home Tuesday afternoon. While in the city Mr. Offutt visited the Sunday tabernacle and is much enthused with the Billy Sunday idea of practical every day religion.

Mr. C. G. Brobst, of near Swanton, was in Oakland Tuesday when he called at this office and had an advertisement inserted in these columns giving notice that he will offer at public auction his farm located near Swanton. See advertisement for particulars.

Messrs. J. M. Davis & Sons, the hardware dealers and patentees of the Davis Ranges, received from the factory at Cleveland, Ohio, Monday a car of these justly celebrated stoves which they have stocked and will have on hand for delivery to their customers when the purchase is made.

Mr. Henry M. Casteel, until recently constable of District No. 14, tendered his resignation some time ago to the Board of County Commissioners and went to Grafton, where he secured work in the Baltimore and Ohio shops. Mr. Casteel spent Sunday with his family near town, returning to Grafton Sunday evening.

In St. Paul's M. E. church Monday night next Mr. Joseph E. Harned, the local botanist who has attained considerable prestige in other sections of the country as a lover of nature, will deliver an illustrated lecture entitled "God's Manifestations In Nature," using a large number of slides showing plants, animals, birds, etc. The lecture is interesting and proves profitable.

Mr. H. C. Sincell went to Baltimore Tuesday night on a business trip.

Mrs. Lewis Walter is visiting her son Dave and family in Deer Park this week.

Mrs. James Sellers, of Terra Alta, is here as the guest of Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Jackson.

Mr. Henry Smouse of near Oakland, went to Baltimore Saturday night and spent Monday at Annapolis.

Mr. Tracey A. Currey, of the Oakland Pharmacy, spent Sunday and Monday with his parents at Flemington, W. Va.

Playford Naylor and Delbert Davis, who are attending school in Delaware, Ohio, are home for the Spring vacation of one week.

Mrs. Horace R. DeWitt, who was on a week's visit to friends and relatives at and near Hoyes, returned to her home in Oakland Saturday.

WANTED—Farmer with team to move on farm 4 miles from Oakland; hauling sufficient to keep team busy. J. B. CHEUVRONT, Oakland, Md. Adv. 2-3t*

Forty years ago last Mondoy Judges Pearre and Motter came to Oakland and opened the regular March term of the Circuit Court which was held in the old Thomas Martin store room at the corner of Third and Oak streets, the original court house not then having been completed.

Mr. Charles S. Davis, of Oakland, is on a business trip through the Valley of Virginia and will be absent from Oakland about two weeks, during which time he will visit various points in Virginia, West Virginia and Maryland introducing the Davis Range to dealers in the three states named.

After three weeks of genuine winter weather with the thermometer hovering about the zero mark, sometimes for days at a time not getting above the freezing point, Monday morning came in bright and glorious with indications that spring is here, for which all are genuinely grateful.

The Pythian Improvemnet Company offers the Maryland Theatre for rent. Apply to Ernest Shirer, Secretary, Oakland, Md. Adv.

Miss Bertha Helbig, who spent several weeks in Johnstown, Tenn., where she visited relatives, returned home Sunday afternoon, accompanied by her sister, Miss Agnes Helbig, who has been on an extended visit to friends and relatives in Baltimore, Washington and Cumberland.

Mr. Roy H. Hamill, of Huntington, West Va., where he is engaged as general manager of the Diamond Construction Company, a general contracting concern, spent several days last week in Oakland with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. R. Hamill, returning to Huntington Monday morning.

Mr. Wellington Crane, who has been with the Ruberoid Roofing Company for the past two or three years, is spending a vacation of some weeks in Oakland with relatives, the factory with which he is connected having been forced to close down owing to the lack of raw material and the salesmen taken off the road in consequence. Mr. Allen Justis, of Baltimore, is here also with Mr. Crane.

Mumps have been prevalent among the young people of Oakland during the past few weeks and a number have been extremely ill resulting from the attacks they have suffered. Among those who have had more or less serious cases are Messrs. Harry Weimer, Carroll Kelly and Donald Sincell, all of whom are now better but still confined to their rooms.

By posters printed at this office Sheriff Albert Ashby advertises at public auction at the building formerly occupied by the Independent Garage on Liberty street, a large lot of automobile accessories, office furniture, etc., taken under an execution issued by a local Justice to satisfy a number of creditors. The sale will occur on the premises Saturday, April 1st.

Fish Commissioner Wm. A. Smith, of Hoyes, spent Tuesday and vesterday in Oakland on business, going from here last night to Baltimore, after having made a delivery of young trout hatched at the State Fishery in Baltimore to a number of Garrett countians. The fish were received in excellent shape and immediately transported to the streams for which they were intended and emptied.

Mr. D. E. Bolden, who sold his general mercantile business to the firm of Shaffer & Bush, the latter taking charge about three weeks ago, is moving his stock of furniture from the Bolden & Brown building to rooms in the Manhattan Hotel building on Second street, where excellent quarters have been secured by Mr. Bolden and where the business will in future be carried on.

Mr. Ralph T. Thayer, son of Mr. and Mrs. Fred A. Thayer, of Oakland, is occupying a prominent as well as very responsible position in the Billy Sunday tabernacle at Baltimore, he having recently been placed in charge of the one hundred and fifty ushers on duty at the meetings held daily in the vast building and is held responsible for the comfort and well-being of the thousands who attend the services.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Many friends of the couple in Oakland are in receipt of invitations to attend the twenty-fifth anniversary celebration of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Miller, formerly of Oakland, which will be held at their home No. 1 Takoma Avenue, Takoma Park, D. C., on Saturday evening, April 1st, from eight until eleven o'clock. Mr. Miller has been a resident of Washington and Montgomery county, Md., for more than a quarter of a century, being nearly all of that time an employee of the Government in the Nation's printing office in the city. Prior to going to Washington he was an employee of The Republican.

County Commissioner George Warnick of Bloomington, is much in earnest concerning the road conditions of the county and is making a close study of ways and means to bring about better returns for the money invested by the county for the building and maintenance of these highways. In this he is being ably seconded by his fellow Commissioners, Messrs. Dixon and Smith, who have also been students of road improvement for the past several years and as a result of their work along this line the roads have been made better and the work of past years is now bearing fruit. Garrett county has an intelligent, hard-working Board of Commissioners who devote much of their time, while giving their private affairs their attention, looking to the welfare of the community at large.

FOR RENT—Three unfurnished rooms. J. G. Mealy, Oakland. Adv.

ESTABLISHED 1884. BOTH PHONES

We know that every Farmer wants to get the very best machinery on the market at the lowest possible price. Our experience of the past 32 years has enabled us to select the best impliments that can be bought, and buying them in carload lots we are in a position to make you the lowest possible price.

Grain Drill season is here, see us we can save you money.

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.

Oakland, Md.

"Naylor has it and sells it for less."

RIGHT PRICES PROMPT SERVICE

HART'S

SPRING GOODS

OUR Spring Goods are now in—Wool Cloths as well as Wash Fabrics; also Laces, Embroideries and other Dress Trimmings.

These goods were bought last fall when it was possible to buy at right prices. If we were compelled to go into the market to buy these goods today we would on most things be forced to pay more than our present retail price. Thi applies to almost everything in the dry goods and notion lines.

We never believe in misrepresenting facts in advertising as well as in other things. Our advice is to anticipate your wants for spring before present stocks are exhausted you will save money. Old prices still prevail at

ALDER ST. HART'S OAKLAND.

THE ROSS SILO

Means large profits and less work. Quality is the Ross motto. Compare it with others and you will buy the Ross. Ask the men that use them.

For Further information, see

E. H. SMOUSE, Agt.

Deer Park, Md.

The Lutheran Church

SECOND STREET, OAKLA N

Sunday School, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

B. H. SINCELL, Superintendent.

Every parent should know that their child is in Sunday School on the Lord's Day learning of Him. God will hold parents responsible for the religious growth of their children.

Men's Brotherhood Class, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

REV. BREMER, Teacher.

We cordially invite all men not already enrolled in some school to study the Bible with this class.

Morning Worship, 10.45 o'Clock.

The sincere christian will be found in God's House at the regular appointed hours of worship and the only kind of excuse worth while is the kind that Almighty God will accept.

Luther League, 6.30 o'Clock P. M.

Topic—"The Priesthood's Last Challenge."
Leader—BERTIE TURNEY.

Evening Worship, 7.30 o'Clock.

All are welcomed to worship with us.

During the Lenten Season there will be a special service every Wednesday night at 7:30 o'clock. The public is invited.

—The above was prepared by the pastor and the advertisement is authorized and paid for ov one interested in church work.

GRANTSVILLE.

A community sleigh ride was given on Monday night of last week, the jumping off place being J. A. Beachy's farm house a few miles west of town. Mr. Beachy has recently had a heating plant installed in his home and the rooms were delightfully pleasant for the occasion. Games of many kinds were indulged in and merriment prevailed all during the evening. The guests brought something good to eat, which was supplemented by a big freezer of icecream provided by the host and hostess. The guests included Dr. and Mrs. G. C. Keller, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Bonig, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Younkin, Mr. and Mrs. Joel H. Miller, Mr. and Mrs. Irvin Baker and son, Mr. and Mrs. Mahlon Miller, Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Zeller, Dr. and Mrs. J. A. Carney, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Younkin, Mr. and Mrs. Menno Miller, Mr. and Mrs. John Folk and daughters; Mesdames Harry Ambell and sons, C. H. Bill, W. C. Loechel, J. U. Stanton, J. O. Getty, Susan Durst, J. H. Turner, Marshall Beachy and son, Ida Hershberger; Misses Mary and Sabina Blocher, Carrie Dorsey, Hattie Morrell, Lulu Shaw, Teena Winterberg; Messrs. Roy Menges, Wm. Winterberg, William Schafer, Albert Swauger, G. F. Shaw, Leonard Kurtz, Henry Baker and Ed. A. Beachy. Sleds were provided by the Kurtz brothers. Mrs. Loechel and Wm. Winterberg.

Miss Lulu Shaw treated a number of her friends to a sleighride on Tuesday afternoon, driving down to Mrs. P. C. Boucher's on Meadow Mountain. The ladies were: Mesdames C. H. Younkin, G. C. Keller, J. O. Getty, M. J. Miller, Misses Hattie Morell and Gertrude Aone.

On Thursday night a sled-load of young folks drove out to Wm. T. Stanton's and celebrated the 18th birthday of their son, Hubert. Games were played and refreshments were served. Those participating were Misses Lena, Harriet, Ethel and Mary Stanton, Beulah and Esther Bender, Lulu Warnick, Hazel Younkin, Edna Durst and Eva Miller; Messrs. Earl and Asa Miller, Clay, Frank, Guy and James Stanton, Clarence Durst, Burton Callis, Wm. Gnagey, Charles Keller and Lee Custer. The trip was made in J. U. Stanton's sleigh.

Miss Angela Getty entertained a few friends on Monday night of last week, the guests being Messrs. Nevin Broadwater, Wm. Gnagey, Chas. Keller and U. O. Blocher; Misses Winifred Bonig, Hazel Younkin, Beulah Bender, Blanche Miller, Marie Connor and Ruth Keller. Refreshments were served after an evening spent in music and games.

Mrs. G. C. Keller entertained at a turkey dinner on Thursday last, the occasion being the doctor's birthday. The menu was perfect and the day much enjoyed. The guests included Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Getty, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Bender, and Dr. and Mrs. R. C. Bowen.

Miss Winifred Bonig entertained the Girls Club on Friday night. Refreshments were served and fancy work was in order during the evening.

Lenten services were held in the Catholic, Lutheran and Reformed churches, Sunday, the services at the Reformed church being postponed until evening owing to the funeral of Mrs. J. J. Bender in the afternoon.

Miss Bertha Folk and Noah Miller were married on Sunday, March 12th, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Folk of near Grantsville. The ceremony was performed by Rev. L. N. Wilson, pastor of the Reformed church. The bride is a capable, attractive girl, and popular in the community. The groom is a son of the late Jacob S. Miller and has been employed in the garage at this place the past year. He is a young man of many sterling qualities. A very sumptuous wedding dinner was served by the bride's mother. The young couple will reside at the bride's home for the present.

A surprise party was given to Margaret A. Getty on Monday night by a few of her young friends who brought an array of good things to eat and proceeded to have one good time. The guests included Misses Althea Engle, Nina Younkin, Grace Hershberger, Hilda Beachy, Esther Zehner, Mary Miller and Irma Swauger; Masters Frank and William Getty, Frank Beachy and Emerson Hayes.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Shirer, on Monday, March 6th, a seven-pound boy.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Irvin Shumaker, on March 9th, a boy.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Greene of Davis, Md., a boy.

BLOOMINGTON

One of the large transfers of oil property that have occurred in West Virginia, recently, took place at the Kenny House, Piedmont, a few evenings ago, when the New Martinsville Oil Company, whose works have been producing 150 to 200 barrels per day, transferred this valuable property to the Barnet Oil Company, of New York city for the sum of $308,000. A number of well-known local people who profited handsomely and moved over to the sunny side of easy street, are G. C. McFarland and Harry Kight, of Barnum; Dr. D. J. Long, of Piedmont; Dr. Johnson, of Keyser, Casper Kight, and George Kinkead, of Cross; Charles Simpson, C. K. Steiner and Dr. Hawkins, Cumberland.

Messrs. Shucilly & Janey, of Philadelphia, have secured the contract to widen the B. & O. bridge at Bloomington, to accommodate a third track, which, when completed, will connect the spur at W. Va. Junction with the one at Bond, the work commencing Monday. We understand the bridge will be 12 feet wider when finished, and the contractors expect to employ about 100 men, and it will take about six months to complete the work.

Mr. Casper Kight, of Sistersville, who has been spending a few days with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joshua Kight, near Cross, left for his home Monday morning.

Born, unto Mr. and Mrs. Bernard Cross, of Franklin, on Friday last, a boy, turning the scales at eleven pounds.

The members of Bloomington Lodge No. 162, I. O. F. turned out in goodly numbers on last Sunday afternoon and marched from their hall to the M. E. church where they attended divine services. Rev. Snedegar, pastor of the church and Grand Chaplain of the Grand Lodge of Maryland, has charge of the services and preached a most excellent sermon from the text, "Who is thy neighbor." Mr. Charles Brendlin, Noble Grand, was unable to be present at the ceremonies on account of being confined to his bed with a very serious attack of pneumonia.

A festival will be held on the evenings of March 23rd, 24th and 25 at this place, the proceeds of which will go to making up a deficiency in the salary of the pastor of the M. E. church. The public is cordially invited.

SHORT RUN

Cold weather still continues. Some of our farmers have their sugar camps opened but have had little else to do in that line. We hope for a change soon.

Mr. H. L. Warnick who has been ill for some time with pneumonia, is able to be out again.

Mr. Geo. D. Wilson, who has been a patient at the Western Maryland Hospital, Cumberland, for seven weeks, was brought to his home here Sunday, and we are glad to know that he is convalescing nicely.

Mrs. R. O. Rafter, son John, and daughter, Dorothy, of Cumberland, are visiting friends here.

Mrs. O. V. Fortney, of Kitzmiller, is paying an extended visit to her parents here. Mr. Fortney, who is employed at Bloomington, spent Sunday here.

Messrs Scott and Claude Harvey were business callers at Oakland Monday.

Mr. Milo Wilson spent Saturday of last week in Cumberland.

A number of our young men attended the spelling bee at Eagle Rock Friday night. They reported a nice time.

Mr. James Hoopengardner attended a dance at Dodson Saturday evening.

Luther Kepler, Hollis Wilson and Ray Harvey, of Kitzmiller, spent the week end visiting at Daniel Wilsons.

Mrs. V. E. Rafter, of Kitzmiller, was visiting relatives here last week.

Blanche, the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Harvey, is quite ill with pneumonia at this writing.

Mr. G. W. Moon, of Eagle Rock, spent Sunday at J. H. Wilson's.

Success to the Republican.

HARVESTER.

NORTH GLADE

Solid winter continues. March and February seems to have exchanged weather conditions, but "its an ill wind that blows nobody good."

Our farmers have been busy getting lime and doing other hauling.

Mr. Charles Beckman and others have been slaying the foxes.

Mrs. J. L. McRobie has been at Cumberland for some time taking medical treatment.

H. C. Hershman has just received a telegram announcing the death of his father.

Considerable sickness prevails yet. There have been several cases of mumps hereabouts, but we hear of no new cases being developed.

Miss Lou Beckman has been visiting at Kitzmiller for a week or so.

Wm. Enlow has been a frequent visitor of Judge Harvey's. He and the Judge seems to be on intimate terms.

The Pentecostals are holding another meeting at Glendale. Our neighbors over there ought to get exceedingly good.

Our school is still progressing nicely: The school will close with a "spelling bee" and some recitations at night.

It has been decided to hold an Easter service at the Methodist church, to which all are cordially invited.

FOR SALE—Twenty-five acres improved farm land located on the Oakland-Gortner State Road, two miles South of Oakland. Easy terms. Call on or write Harry Helbig, Oakland, Md. Advertisement 51 tf

SUNDAY'S LASH MADE MEN WINCE

Many Overcome at Tabernacle As He Denounces Sin.

HUNDREDS HIT THE TRAIL

Picture Makes Big Audience Wince. Hurled Epigrams Like Schrapnel Into the Bulk Of His Listeners—Day One Of Results.

STATISTICS OF NINETEENTH DAY OF CAMPAIGN.

Morning	15,000
Afternoon	15,000
Evening	15,000
Lyric	2,500
Total	47,500
Former Days	541,700
Total	589,200

Trail-Hitters.

Morning	317
Afternoon	295
Evening	305
Lyric Meeting	22
Total	939
Former Days	6,785
Total	7,724

Baltimore. — "The Devil's Boomerang Up-to-Date, or Hot Cakes Off the Griddle," the sermon to hear which 30,000 men and youths sat through two services at the Billy Sunday tabernacle Sunday, 600 of that number hitting the sawdust trail, was too much for 18 members of the congregation, and these went to the hospital. Seven of them—three in the afternoon and four at night—were carried out feet first, having swooned.

Sunday had preached in the forenoon to a mixed audience of 15,000, when 317 persons trod the trail to shake his hand. His plea then was for religious activity; he delivered it with a quietness that was unusual, for his collar was dry when he concluded. He was saving up his energy for the men's meetings.

Picture Makes Them Wince.

In no preceding sermon here had the evangelist plumbed his vocabulary of sin-denouncing words to the extent that he did in that delivered to the men. In theme it was a flagellation of the social evil and its consequences; a series of word pictures of diseases and degradation flowing from vice which made thousands of men wince; an arraignment of the liquor traffic and of alcohol drinking couched in sentences that fairly seared.

"To hell with the saloon and all its infamy," he anathematized, and his audience cheered until the tabernacle was a-thunder; "the biggest fool on God's dirt is the man who drinks alcohol, and the biggest liar this side of hell is the man who tells him whiskey and beer are good for him."

But the sermon, even if it did make the audience of afternoon and evening wince, made an obvious impression and the trail-hitters seemed decidedly in earnest. Some of them wept openly.

Old men hit the trail, young men, little boys in knickerbockers and youths in their first long trousers. One Chinaman, with an inscrutable expression on his face, was piloted up the sawdust aisle by a man with white mutton-chop whiskers, and gravely shook the hand of Sunday. Then both the Oriental and his guide disappeared. A man who also appeared to be from the Orient, judging by his swarthy skin, coal-black eyes and general manner of being out of place in that gathering of Americans, brought his little boy to the platform. Both had hit the trail.

On the steps of the platform, to the right of the press box, stood a man with long white whiskers. A younger man hit the trail, went to him and wept on his shoulder.

"Hallelujah! Praised be the Lord!" shouted the aged man, his eyes streaming.

He Throws Himself About.

In delivering his sermon in the evening Sunday appeared more like the man as he is known best to the United States than he had since his first week in Baltimore. In contrast with his manner in the morning, he indulged in gestures of the most erratic kind, sprang upon his pulpit, threw himself once upon the platform to illustrate a baseball story, waved his arms, sprang about like a boxer and raised his voice again and again to a shout. Perspiration streamed from his face, his hair was disheveled and his collar a moist rag when he was halfway through.

He spoke in the language of the street, discussed diseases and vice in the vocabulary which the most uncultured could understand best, coined "Sundayesque" epigrams and hurled them like shrapnel into the bulk of his audience.

"There was a time in my life," he said, "when a man wouldn't have trusted me to hold a yellow dog 15 minutes, but that was nearly 29 years ago."

The audience laughed, but he checked the laughter to tell of the death of Commodore Vanderbilt.

"Don't worry if there are no pockets in your shrouds, you skinflints," he said, "your arms will be so stiff you couldn't reach into them anyway. You needn't bother about not being able to take silver and gold along with you; it would melt anyway."

No Double Standard.

The audience roared again. And again he checked its mirth, this time by preaching against different standards of morality for men and women. Later he plunged headlong into an excoriation of the liquor traffic and the men behind it.

"Men of Baltimore," he shouted, "I'll preach harder, preach longer, I'll reach up higher and reach down lower to save a man from hell than all that damnable, God-forsaken bunch put together."

The tabernacle broke into an ovation of applause and hats and handkerchiefs were waved, while the enemies of liquor shouted until their faces were red.

He approached the end of his sermon by recounting the story of his own conversion, following his decision one night on a Chicago street that the time had come for him to "live straight." At the time he was drunk, he said, and with him was a "sidekick" of the Old White Stockings team —Frank Flint. Then he told of Flint's continuance in a life of drunkenness and of the deathbed scene when the "umpire called him out."

Day One Of Results.

The day was one of results, and the total of trail-hitters was second only to last Sunday. Twenty-two converts were listed at a meeting for women held in the Lyric by Miss Frances Miller. At St. John's Emmanuel Methodist Episcopal Church South there were three trail-hitters when the Rev. Dr. James E. Walker spoke in the afternoon. Dr. Walker was the speaker at Roland Park Methodist Episcopal Church at night, where there were 12 reconsecrations, counted as trail-hitters, and at this church in the forenoon 25 new members were enrolled, four of them having previously hit the tabernacle trail. Five persons hit the trail at St. John's Methodist Protestant Church, where the speaker was the Rev. Alfred Sheldrick, manager of the tabernacle bookroom.

Grand Total 1,011.

Outside of the tabernacle meetings the largest number of trail-hitters were reported by Miss Alice Miriam Gamlin. At two union meetings, afternoon and evening, at Calvary Presbyterian Church, she prevailed upon 52 persons, 22 of them being children, to pledge their lives to Christianity. In the morning Miss Gamlin had conducted a meeting at the Mount Royal Avenue Methodist Protestant Church. She has charge of the boys' and girls' work of the Sunday organization.

This brought the grand total of trail-hitters for the day, in all services conducted by or under the auspices of the Sunday organization, to 1,011.

The throng which first heard the "Devil's Boomerang" sermon consisted of men and youths, who had arrived at the tabernacle by noon and waited patiently considerably more than an hour for the afternoon activities to begin.

This congregation was fully as much impressed by the testimony of Representative John T. Cooper, of Ohio, as by the sermon. He told how he had been converted by Sunday seven years ago, how he had thereafter risen from the humble position of locomotive engineer to become Congressman from Ohio, and who gave nearly all of the credit for his success to Sunday. It was the testimony of Representative Cooper which helped bring the 295 men to the platform up the sawdust trail.

HOT SHOTS FROM SUNDAY'S SERMONS

The mother knows God so much better than any one else; it is man who tries to measure God by the tape line of his puny understanding.

She has done her prayerful best, and when you have done that you can bank on it that God will not fail you.

If God Almighty struck dead those who haven't prayed today most of you would drop from your seats right into the sawdust on the floor of this tabernacle.

God always does things at the right time. Give God a chance; He may be a little slow at times, but He will always get around in time.

Fathers often give up. The old man often goes to boozing, becomes dissipated, takes a dose of poison and commits suicide; but the mother will stand by the home and keep the little band together if she has to manicure her finger nails over a washboard to keep the brood out of the poorhouse.

If you want to find greatness, don't go toward the throne; go to the cradle, and the nearer you get to the cradle the nearer to greatness.

When God sends us great men He wants to have them get the right kind of a start. So He sees to it that they get a good mother. Most any old stick will do for a daddy. God is particular about the mothers.

If every mother would rock her own baby the world would be much better. If every mother did as she should or as the Bible taught, the preachers and the police would have little to do.

Talk about greatness! Oh, you wait until you reach the mountains of eternity, then read the mothers' names in God's hall of fame, and see who they have been in this world.

How do you know but that the angels watch your work with as much interest as they watched Moses mother train that boy?

Dentistry.

Dr. G. C. Keller will be at Accident Monday, March 20th, remain until Tuesday, the 28th; Friendsville, Wednesday, March 29th, remain two weeks.

Advertisement 3-2t.

Mortgagee's Sale
OF A
Valuable Farm
Situated in Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage from William Taylor Lewis and wife to the undersigned mortgagee, dated the 9th day of February, in the year 1912, I will on

SATURDAY
the 25th day of March, '16

at the hour of two o'clock p. m. of said day in front of the Court House in the town of Oakland, Maryland, offer for sale the following property:

First. All that lot of ground containing the quantity of Five acres, more or less, and being the same lot of ground which was conveyed to the said William Taylor Lewis by deed from Daniel Lewis and wife dated the 29th day of November, 1902, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 44, folio 92, etc, one of the Land Records of Garrett county.

Second. All that other lot of ground containing the quantity of one hundred and thirty-three and one-half acres of land, and being the same lot of ground which was conveyed to the said William Taylor Lewis by deed from Perry M. Stemple and wife dated the 25th day of January, 1912, which deed is duly recorded among the Land Records of Garrett county.

Third. All that other lot of ground containing the quantity of four acres and sixty perches, and being the same lot of ground which was conveyed to the said William Taylor Lewis by deed from Walter Speicher and wife, dated the 30th day of October, 1909, which deed is duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 59, folio 292, etc, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, except that portion of said land sold to Newton Reams.

Saving and excepting from this sale the quantity of 32½ acres and 60 perches of land, heretofore conveyed by the said William Taylor Lewis and wife to Walter Spiker by deed dated the 9th, day of August 1912, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 64, folio 208, etc., one of the Land Records of Garrett county.

Also saving and excepting from this sale the quantity of 13½ acres of land heretofore conveyed by William Taylor Lewis and wife to William R. Montgomery by deed dated the 11th, day of August 1913 and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 66, folio 510, etc., one of the Land Records of Garrett county.

Said property is improved by a good dwelling house and all necessary out building and is one of the best properties in the county.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on the day of sale but if any responsible party desires to purchase the same he can do so by paying one third cash, the balance to be divided into two equal installments payable in one and two years from date of sale by the purchaser giving his notes bearing interest from date.

GILMOR S. HAMILL,
Mortgagee.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF
The First National Bank
AT OAKLAND,
In the State of Maryland, at the close of business, March 7, 1916.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$278,360 71
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	50,000 00	
U. S. bonds pledged to secure U. S. deposits (par value)	1,000 00	
Premium on U. S. bonds	800 00	51,800 00
Stocks, other than Federal Reserve Bank stock		1,375 00
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve bank	$8,800.00	
Less amount unpaid	$2,400.00	2,400 00
Value of banking house (if unincumbered)		39,821 90
Furniture and fixtures		3,175 29
Real estate owned other banking house		2,500 00
Net amount due from Federal Reserve bank		6,500 00
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in New York, Chicago, and St. Louis	2,180 47	
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in other reserve cities	31,514 80	33,695 27
Net amount due from banks and bankers (other than above)		491 01
Other checks on banks in the same city or town as reporting bank		320 88
Fractional currency, nickels and cents		224 95
Notes of other national banks		1,015 00
Coin and certificates		10,604 35
Redemption fund with U.S.Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		2,500 00
Total		$434,784 36

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		50,000 00
Surplus fund		30,000 00
Undivided profits	5,663 79	
Less current expenses, interest and taxes paid	1,945 06	3,718 73
Circulating notes outstanding		50,000 00
Due to banks and bankers (other than above)		2,173 28
Dividends unpaid		96 00
Demand deposits—		
Individual deposits subject to check		131,142 27
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days		766 21
Cashier's checks outstanding		713 77
United States deposits		1,000 00
Total demand deposits	$133,622.25	
Time deposits (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice)—		
Certificates of deposit		200 00
Other time deposits		164,974 10
Total of time deposits	$165,174 10	
Total		$434,784 36

State of Maryland, County of Garrett.

I, R. E. SLIGER, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

R. E. SLIGER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 15th day of March, 1916.

WALTER W. DAWSON, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: FRED. A. THAYER,
A. G. STURGISS,
D. M. DIXON,
Directors.

SHERIFF'S SALE
OF VALUABLE
Real Estate
located in Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of the Circuit Court for Garrett county, Maryland, at the suit of The Second National Bank of Parkersburg, West Virginia, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of John T. McGraw, the same being No. 17 Judicials to September Term, 1915, on the Docket of said Court, and to the undersigned, then Sheriff of Garrett county, directed, I hereby give notice, that on

SATURDAY,
the 1st day of April, 1916,

at the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., on the premises, in the village of Deer Park, Garrett county, Maryland, I will offer for sale and sell to the highest bidder or bidders, all the right, title, interest and estate of the said John T. McGraw, in and to the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in Garrett county, Maryland, to-wit:

1. All that part of the tract of land called "Peace and Plenty," containing 57 acres, more or less, being the same property which was conveyed to the said John T. McGraw by Henry G. Davis and wife by deed dated June 30, 1900, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 38, folio 564, etc., one of the Land Records of Garrett county aforesaid, together with the right to use the water from the spring commonly called the "Boiling Spring," and which right was conveyed by said deed, saving and excepting 4-10 of an acre of the above described land which was conveyed to the Real Estate and Improvement Company of Baltimore City by the said John T. McGraw by deed dated September 24, 1908, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 50, folio 226, one of the Land Records of Garrett County aforesaid.

2. All that other piece or parcel of ground containing 1-11 acres and being the same land which was conveyed to the said John T. McGraw by the Real Estate and Improvement Company of Baltimore City, by deed dated November 11, 1907, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 58, folio 170, one of the Land Records of Garrett County aforesaid.

3. All that lot of ground containing 49½ square rods, and being the same which was conveyed to the said John T. McGraw by Henry Robet and wife, by deed dated March 28, 1902, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 40, folio 504, one of the Land Records of Garrett County aforesaid.

4. All that other lot of ground known as the "Schoolfield Property," containing 45 square rods and being the same land which was conveyed to the said John T. McGraw by Frances Chidister by deed dated March 29, 1902, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 40, folio 505, one of the Land Records of Garrett County aforesaid.

5. All that other lot of ground known as the "Michael Garrett" lot, containing 97½ square rods, and being the same land which was conveyed to the said John T. McGraw by Michael J. Garrett and wife by deed dated April 11, 1902, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 40, folio 513, one of the Land Records of Garrett County aforesaid.

6. All that other lot of land containing 10,650 square feet, and being the same land which was conveyed to the said John T. McGraw by W. C. Jones and wife, by deed dated April 21, 1902, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 40, folio 555, one of the Land Records of Garrett County aforesaid.

This property is beautifully located at Deer Park and constitutes with its improvements the summer home of John T. McGraw, and was in part the former summer home of Senator Henry G. Davis, and with its buildings, tenant houses, barns and other outbuildings, is one of the most attractive properties in Garrett county, and said real estate will be sold to pay and satisfy said writ of fieri facias and the costs thereon accrued.

TERMS OF SALE: Cash on the day of sale.

BERT C. SCOTT,
Late Sheriff of Garrett County.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

J. LEE McCOMAS

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 3rd day of August 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 1st day of February, 1916.

H. W. McCOMAS,
Administrator,
Oakland, Md.

Order Nisi.

C. A. Beachy, Treasurer of Garrett County, Maryland, vs. Wallace Buckman, No. 270, Miscellaneous Docket. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County.

Ordered, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland, this 6th day of March, 1916, that the tax sale made and reported in the above entitled case by C. A. Beachy, Treasurer of Garrett county, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 10th day of April, 1916; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 3rd day of April, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $71.97.

ROBERT R. HENDERSON.

True copy, Test: E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

For Sale.

Having rented my farm I offer the following at private sale: Two young Horses, good weight; 4 Jersey Cows, 40 Tons baled Hay, 6 tons baled Straw, some loose hay and straw, a lot of Oats, Corn and Wheat, 1 Sleigh, 1 Buggy, 1 New Sled, Plow, Harrows and Cultivators, 1 good Surrey, Harness of all descriptions. Call on or address George Shartzer, Oakland, Md. Adv. 49

Assignee's Sale

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate

In Garrett County.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage from Charles Warnick and Maggie Warnick, his wife, to William H. Durst, dated the 11th day of May, 1909, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 57, folio 417, one of the Mortgage Records of Garrett county, and duly assigned to E. R. Jones for the purpose of foreclosure on the 16th day of February, 1916, default having occurred in the terms of said mortgage, the undersigned assignee will on

SATURDAY,

the 25th day of March, '16,

at the hour of two o'clock p. m. of said day in front of the Court House in the town of Oakland, Maryland, offer at public auction to the highest bidder all of that tract or parcel of land situate near Grantsville, in Garrett county, containing the quantity of one hundred and ten acres more or less, the same being the tract of land described in a deed from Phineas C. Boucher and wife to the said Charles Warnick bearing date of May 8th, 1909, which said deed is recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 59, folio 107, one of the Land Records of Garrett county.

Said farm is improved by about 45 acres of cleared land and it is otherwise improved by a two story dwelling, stable, silo and other out-buildings, and a small sugar camp is also located on the property.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on day of sale, but if any responsible party should purchase the property and pay a reasonable amount down, in the discretion of the undersigned, the balance may be arranged in deferred payments being secured by the notes of the purchaser with security satisfactory to the undersigned and to bear interest from the day of sale; or all of the purchase money may be paid down upon the ratification of the sale by the Court.

Possession being given to said property upon the ratification of the sale and compliance with the terms thereof.

For further particulars, apply to.

ERNEST RAY JONES,
Assignee of said Mortgage.

Trustee's Sale

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate

in Garrett County, Maryland

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court passed on the 25th day of February, 1916, at the suit of Abel DeWitt, next friend, etc., vs. Donald U. Maffett, et al, the same being No. 2631 Equity in said Court, the undersigned trustee hereby gives notice that she will on

SATURDAY

the 25th day of March,

1916, at the hour of two o'clock p. m., in front of the court house in the town of Oakland, Maryland, offer at public auction to the highest bidder the following parcels of real estate situate in Garrett Coun y, Maryland, and described as follows, to-w.t:

All that lot of ground situate in the town of Oakland and which is on the plat of Pennington's Addition to the town of Oakland, enlarged, as recorded in Liber W. H. T. No. 2, folio 518, one of the Land Records of said Garrett County is known and designated as Lot No. 41, containing one acre, more or less, excepting therefrom so much thereof as by deed conveyed by McHenry Howard, trustee, to the County Commissioners of Garrett County for an alley, dated the 17th day of November, 1885, and recorded in Liber W. H. T. No. 8, folio 162, one of the Land Records of Garrett County, and being the same ground which was conveyed to Wm. A. Maffett by deed from Elizabeth G. Howard dated the 8th day of May, 1905, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 44, folio 571, one of the Land Records of said Garrett County. This property is improved by two dwellings and a stable.

2. A part of Military Lot No. 3282, containing 66 1-10 perches and commonly known as the Collier Hotel property in the town of Friendsville, Garrett County, Md., improved by a good hotel and out buildings.

3. All that other lot in said town of Friendsville known as the Livery stable lot, and beginning for the same at the North west corner of the river bridge and running thence N. 72° West, 6 3-10 perches, North 47¾° East, 10 perches to a point of island and then by a straight line to the beginning, improved by a livery stable.

4. All that other parcel in the town of Friendsville, and beginning for the same at the Southern corner of a blacksmith shop situate on the east bank of the Youghioghany River and running with the Oakland road 25 feet to a point at the edge of said road, then in a westerly direction to the line of "Look Sharp," in river, then North with said line 25 feet and from thence to the beginning, improved by a blacksmith shop.

The three last parcels above being the same property which was conveyed to the said Wm A. Maffett by deed from Austin Brown, Sheriff, dated the 18th day of Oct., 1909, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 59, folio 271, one of the Land Records of said Garrett County.

5. Lots Nos. 15 and 16 in Block 26 on the plat of the Mountain Home Company, recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 3, folio 2, one of the Plat records of said Garrett county, containing 10-121 of an acre each, being the same lots which were conveyed to the said Wm. A. Maffett by deed from the Mountain Home Company dated the 31st day of December, 1894, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 30, folio 315, one of the Land Records of said Garrett county.

6. All those lots which on the plat of the sub-division of the tract of land called the Bradley farm are known as Lots Nos. 36 containing 5.10 acres, Lot No. 37 containing 7.61 acres. All these lots are situate close the town of Oakland and are in a high state of cultivation, being the same lots which were conveyed to the said Wm. A. Maffett by deed from Wm. E. Walsh, et ux, dated the 4th day of June, 1912, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 64, folio 91, one of the Land Records of said Garrett county.

7. Lot No. 40 in Pennington's Addition to the town of Oakland containing ¾ of an acre, more or less, and described in a deed from the County Commissioners of Garrett County to Wm. A. Maffett dated the 2nd day of December 1912, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 68, folio 41, one of the Land Records of said Garrett county. Said lot is improved by a brick dwelling and a frame stable.

TERMS OF SALE: One third cash, one third in one year and one third in two years, or all cash at the option of the purchaser or purchasers, the credit portion to bear interest and to be secured to the satisfaction of the trustee.

These several pieces of property will be offered separately.

Conveyancing at cost of purchaser.

MRS. NELLIE MAFFETT,
Trustee.

For further particulars consult the trustee or Renninger & Offutt, attorneys, Garret National Bank Building, Oakland, Md.

Commissioners Meeting.

The County Commissioners of Garrett county, Maryland, will meet in their office in Oakland on

Monday, March 20th, 1916,

to transact general routine business.

By order of the Board.
W. G. MEYERS, Clerk.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Garrett National Bank,

AT OAKLAND,

In the State of Maryland, at the close of business, March 7th, 1916.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$392,162 47
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)		50,000 00
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged		146,085 00
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve Bank	$6,900	
Less amount unpaid	3,450	3,450 00
Value of banking house (if unencumbered)		27,500 00
Furniture and fixtures		3,000 00
Net amount due from Federal Reserve bank		11,129 10
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in New York, Chicago, St. Louis	$13,484 53	
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in other reserve cities	15,443 10	28,927 63
Net amount due from banks and bankers (other than that above)		1,412 74
Other checks on banks in the same city or town as reporting bank		120 69
Outside checks and other cash items	$45 00	
Fractional currency, nickles and cents	156 44	201 44
Notes of other national banks		880 00
Federal Reserve notes		15 00
Coin and certificates		20,235 40
Legal-tender notes		1,565 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		2,500 00
Total		$689,184 47

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$50,000 00
Surplus fund		65,000 00
Undivided profits	5,309 53	
Less current expenseses interest, and taxes paid	3,398 32	1,911 21
Circulating notes outstanding		49,997 50
Due to banks and bankers (other than that above)		3,401 03
Demand deposits—		
Individual deposits subject to check		197,964 03
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days		47,725 47
Cashier's checks outstanding		499 08
Total demand deposits	$246,188 58	
Time deposits (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice)—		
Certificates of deposit		143,508 74
Other time deposits		129,177 41
Total of time deposits	$272,686.15	
Total		$689,184 47

State of Maryland, County of Garrett

I, G. A. FRALEY, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

G. A. FRALEY, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 14th day of March, 1916.

MARK S. WHITE, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: GILMOR S. HAMILL,
DANIEL E. OFFUTT, Jr.
JOSEPH E. HARNED.
Directors.

Examiners' Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned appointed by the County Commissioners of Garrett County, to view the lands through which the new road is prayed to be examined commencing at Garey's gap and passing through the lands of Edith Hileman, Abell Friend and Hiram Humberson to intersect the Morgantown road at or near John Meyer's house, and examine whether the said new road should be granted will meet on the 29th day of February, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said building of said new road, and if so, to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

C. W. FRIEND.
W. F. MEYERS.
S. K. FRAZEE.
Examiners.

Examiners' Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, appointed by the County Commissioner of Garrett County, to view the lands through which the Road leading from Avilton to the Pike through the lands of Elias Arnold road, and examine whether the said road should be Relocated will meet on the 25th day of February, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said relocation of said road, and if so, to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

LEWIS H. BROADWATER,
J. O. WILHELM,
ERNEST Z. MICHAEL,
Examiners.

ORDER NISI.

C. A. Beachy, Treasurer of Garrett county, Maryland vs. U. G. Savage.

No. 271, Miscellaneous Docket In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Ordered by the Circuit Court for Garrett county, Maryland, this 6th day of March, 1916, that the tax sale made and reported in the above entitled case by C. A. Beachy, Treasurer of Garrett county, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 10th day of April, 1916, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 3rd day of April, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $75.00.

ROBERT R. HENDERSON.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

MARTIN DECKER

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 16th day of September 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this sixteenth day of March 1916.

SAMUEL I. WOLF,
Administrator,
Bayard, W. Va.

A STORY OF THE EARLY DAYS OF GARRETT COUNTY

Wherein the Rev. D. A. Friend Relates Some Interesting Episodes

The story I am about to tell was current from 50 to 100 years ago, and in those times was often told, at least in part, by many whose tongues have long been silent in the dust of the grave.

When I was a small boy the long and dreary winter evenings were often spent in telling historical stories of days and years gone by.

And I for one was always happy when such occasions came around; and this is one of the stories I used to hear them tell:

About the year 1750 when the early settlers began to flock to these parts, and the Friends, and Ratans, and Freys, and Smiths, from time to time, would chase the roving bands of Indians away, there might have been seen a log cabin nearby a good spring, not far from the summit of the river hill, and about one mile south of where the town of Friendsville now stands.

In this cabin lived a sturdy settler by the name of Grimm, with his wife and a number of children, the eldest of which was a very attractive young woman, and who was a crack shot with a rifle, and often accompanied her father on hunting excursions in the dense woods about them which at the time abounded in all kinds of wild game.

Maggie Grimm was also fond of fishing, and often with her father and younger brother would bring home loads of speckled beauties from the river which flowed at the foot of the hill, and which was literally squirming with the beautiful trout. Their cabin was situated in a secluded place well protected from storms, and surrounded by a deep forest and a full mile away from the old Indian trail, which crossed the river at the broad riffle north of the site of the town and nearby where Mr. Fred Kamp now lives. Their smoke by day, nor their light by night could not be seen from the trail, so they felt comparatively safe, and yet they were well prepared with good rifles and a liberal supply of powder and ball. They had but one cleared field and that was near the cabin. They kept cows and pigs, but sheep they could not keep on account of bears and panthers and wolves which infested the woods around them.

At the spring nearby they had a very temporary spring house where they kept their fresh meat, and milk, and butter and honey and the like. One autumn morning about daylight, the dogs kept barking and they heard a crash at the spring house, and Grimm on going hastily out with his rifle in hand discovered that a huge black bear had broken into the spring house, and was helping himself to a pot of honey that he had doubtless smelled as he was passing by. Grimm cautiously slipped upon him, and sent a bullet through the heart of the fat old fellow which afforded him a splendid skin for an overcoat, in addition to a good supply of fat bear meat for the use of the family.

Now about this time there was a stranger came to Grimm's cabin and saw Miss Maggie Grimm, and was strongly impressed by her pleasing manner, and her charmingly beautiful face.

This man's name was Lapinton. He was a trapper and fur buyer and he soon began to make very frequent visits to Grimm's cabin, and would often stay for several days at a time; all the while his heart burning with love for Miss Maggie, but she for the while holding him off. Her father seemed right well pleased with Lapinton, and would often take him fishing and hunting with them, and indeed he was inclined to think him a rather brave and clever fellow.

On one of those visits there came up an occasion for Lapinton to show that indeed he was a fearless and brave man. He had been there for several days trying to woo his darling Maggie, but with only a partial success. But one morning the dogs were barking most furiously about a chestnut tree that stood by a lower spring; both men sprang out of bed and Grimm seized his rifle and made for the scene; Lapinton slipped along behind him without his gun and upon nearing the spot, to their utter surprise they discovered a huge panther perched among the lower limbs of the chestnut tree. Grimm fired at once, and the panther fell or sprang wounded to the ground and started to run away, but was checked for the moment by the dogs, when Lapinton bounded forward and seized the ugly beast by the tail, and with Lapintou at the tail end, and the dogs at the head end, round and round the tree they went, and by this time the women were on the scene, and screamed to Lapinton to let go or the beast would tear him to ribbons; but he only tightened his hold, and gritted his teeth and held on as if his life depended upon it. In the meantime Grimm had hurriedly reloaded his gun, and carefully watching his chance, sent a bullet through the head of the beast which laid it low. It was indeed a monster, one of the largest of its kind. And now, that this exciting battle was ended all was joy and rejoicing as they together exulted over the great victory they had won. And as they returned to the cabin, Miss Maggie gave Lapinton the first really encouraging word that he had heard from her in all their former courtship when she said "she believed that Lapinton was the bravest man she had ever seen."

Lapinton was so encouraged by this saying of Miss Maggie that he really began to think of "popping the question." A few evenings after this as they were seated together in the shade of a tree near the cabin watching whippoorwills as they were sailing through the air above them, he ventured to ask her if she would consent to be his wife? "Your question," said she, "is a very serious one, Mr. Lapinton, and I must ask you to let me consider the matter until sometime tomorrow, and I will give you an answer." "O, why not now?" he said in a subdued voice. Just at that moment Maggie's mother came to the cabin door and called out in a cheerful voice "come in to supper, children," and the matter was left undecided at least for the day. While the supper was tempting and everything nicely prepared, yet it was noticed that Lapinton was nervous, and he tasted things very sparingly that night. "You are not sick, are you, Lapinton?" said Grimm, "How does it come you don't eat more than you do?" "O, no," he replied with a labored smile, "I am not sick, but somehow I am not very hungry tonight." Maggie went about everything in her usual way, all that evening and the following morning, but the conversation was not resumed until after dinner next day, when Lapinton proposed to Maggie that they take a little walk. Maggie consented, and they started off leisurely along together and neither of them spoke a word for several minutes, and the silence at length became almost painful. Finally Lapinton took hold of her hand and swinging it along in a playful manner as they walked, broke the silence by saying, "Well, Maggie, I suppose till this time you are ready to give an answer to my question?" "Yes," said she, "I am ready, and I will tell you as a friend that I have never seen a man that I love better than I love my daddy, and I have concluded to remain with him for a while yet." "You don't mean to say you will not be my wife, do you, Maggie?" "That's just what I mean to say, Mr. Lapinton." "Then you break my heart and I can never see another happy day." "O," said she, "I think you will soon get over it." "Never! I cannot live! I will not live! I'll end my life this day," and so saying he walked with quickened step back to the cabin, picked up his rifle and other effects and Maggie stood gazing upon him as he disappeared among the great forest trees that stood on the southern side of the cabin.

Maggie kept the secret to herself, and the great query was, what has become of Lapinton? Why did he leave so suddenly? Why didn't he at least tell us where he was going? He never as much as said gooby, and in this manner time passed for several days.

At length Maggie's conscience began to lash her so heavily that she was forced to let the secret out. "O, why didn't you tell us sooner?" said her father. "I did'nt like to; I thought he did'nt mean it, and that he would be back again." "Maggie," said her mother, "I never thought you were so hard hearted as that." "That man has killed himself," said Grimm, "and we may be held responsible for his death. I'll go at once and get some neighbors and we'll a make search for his dead body." That afternoon Grimm traveled long distances and gathered together a number of men.

The next morning they started out with their guns and their dogs. They had not gone far 'till they came to a point of the hill where there was abundance of whortleberries, and some one observed that there were signs that some human being had been there, and presently they found Lapinton standing upon the top of a very large rock. The summit of the rock was some 15 to 20 feet above the ground and was covered over with ferns and small wild shrubbery. Upon this rock he had built himself a booth, where he was entirely safe from wild animals and snakes, and all the while he had subsisted upon the whortleberries which were very plentiful all around him. At the request of the men he reluctantly consented to return with them to the cabin. But he seemed very despondent, and soon left them saying he would return to England again from whence he had come, and the Grimm family had no tidings from him from that day. The rock upon which Lapinton was found is a very prominent one, and the story as it has been told, has attracted many people to visit the place, and it is still known by many as "Lapinton's Rock."

The above is the story as it was often rehearsed in my presence when I was a child.

The old fisherman's path led near by that rock, and as we passed by that way the story was often rehearsed.

And now we pass to another story which is so closely related to this one that it really seems a part of the same. It is a real history, and for the truth of this latter story I pledge you my honor.

The Grimm home passed from hand to hand for some years without any legal title more than a squatter's right, until some years after the Revolutionary War when order began to be restored. Some one, who occupied the land at the time, laid a warrant on the same, and obtained a patent from the State of Maryland for a tract of land called "Grimm's Point" being on both sides of the Yough river, and containing some 300 acres of land.

About the year 1844, the Grimm's Point farm was owned by one Jacob Spicher, who at that time made a transfer of the same to Andrew and Joshua Friend, my grandfather and my father.

The land was at once divided into three farms, my father and my uncle Jonathan occupying the farms on the west side of the river, and Coleman Friend occupying the east side.

The old Grimm home fell to the portion of Joshua M. Friend who was a young married man with one child, my elder brother. And there in a log house which stood on the site of the old Grimm cabin, and by that same spring these eyes of mine first saw the light of day, on the morning of the 18th of March, 1847, and there I spent the years of my early life. Many a time I have picked the chestnuts that grew and ripened upon that same old chestnut tree that stood by the side of the "lower spring," and which was pointed out as the scene of Grimm's and Lapinton's scene with the huge panther.

And as, has been observed, "Truth is more wonderful than fictin," I now have a special treat for the reader and with this I will close.

In my boyhood days there were still to be found wolves and panthers, and bears in the dense woods around us, and about the years 1860-1863 there was a pair of big gray wolves that infested the cove, near where the lumber town of Kendall was afterward built, and in the winter time they were known to kill a great many sheep for different farmers in reach of the place and those animals were so cunning that they never could be caught. Now comes the interesting part of my story.

On the 3rd of May, 1863, when I was 15 years old, I was out with my gun in that part of the woods. It was Saturday afternoon of a beautiful sunlit day, when after a continuous barking of my dog, I came up to where he was, and found him on the sunny side of that very identical "Lapinton's Rock" gleefully barking over a nest of five young wolves which he and I succeeded in killing without one of them getting away. For this day's work I was rewarded by the State of Maryland with $100.00 which my father obtained in cash the following July. Would any body for a moment wonder that I for one will never forget the old Lapinton Rock?

D. A. FRIEND.

Friendsville, Md., March 18th, 1916.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

Man's Need of Revelation.

The question may arise in some minds, Does man need a revelation from God? We must answer yes, by all means, he does. But what do we mean by a Revelation? It is the communication of truth to the mind, that could not otherwise be discovered.

Rationalists—Those who get their religious opinions from reason or the understanding, as opposed to revelation. As a system it makes rational power the ultimate test of truth. Rationalists say no, we do not need a revelation for it is inconsistent with the nature of God and His revelation to the world, to suppose that He interferes by direct agency the in course of events.

God having created the world and endowed His creatures with attributes and properties has done all that is consistent with His nature. He does not intefere by any immediate agency in the producing of effeets. These they say belong to the efficiency of second causes. But they say, admit the metaphysical possibility of such intervention it is still morally impossible because that would imply imperfection in God. If his work needs supervision, or his interference, it must be imperfect, hence God is either deficient in wisdom or power.

This, however, is against the testimony of our moral nature. We are conscious of being related to God and that relation implies that we are constantly in the presence of a God who takes cognizance of our acts, orders our circumstances and interposes for our correction or protection. He is a God not far off but near by, in whom we live and move and have our being---who counts the very hairs of our head and who notes the fall of a sparrow. The common consciousness of men is opposed to the theory that nature is sufficient. This is evident from the fact that all nations—enlightened and barbarous—conceive of God as able to take notice of human affairs and to reveal Himself to his creatures.

The argumens from the scriptures, while it is of no weight to the Rationalists, is convincing to the Christian. The God of the Bible is everywhere present with His works and acts upon them when, where and as He pleases. But while the teachings of natural theology are trust worthy, they are not sufficient. They appeal to the imagination, exciting wonder, awe and reveal the being, wisdom and power of God, yet the knowledge derived from His works would not lead fallen men to salvation. The deductions of reason cannot reveal the fact that any sinner can be saved, nor the conditions on which such may be saved.

The Bible refers to the works of nature as manifestations of the perfection of God and assert it plainly at the same time—Psalm 10:1-4; 94:8-10; Acts 14:15-17. Paul asserts the clearness of this revelation in Romans 1:19 21. The unwritten revelation or the revelation of nature while it is trustworthy is not infallible. (1) The teaching of God through the structure of the human mind is faulty or imperfect by reason of depravity.

That is to say, sin has so darkened the intellect that there is no longer the clear perception of truth that characterizes the angels and which Adam possessed before the fall. Again, sin gives a bias to the will against the truth, so that where it is accurately perceived, there is an effort to get rid of it. That is, men know that God is holy, yet they do not like to retain this knowledge of Him in their minds, Romans 1:28.

Sin also weakens the powers of intentions; vice debilitates the spiritual and rational faculties by giving strength to the sensuous natures. It is a part of the punishment for sin that God withdraws, for a time, his common grace so that there is little or no intuitive perceptive of moral truth the mind is left to sin. Hence they are given up to uncleanness, Rom. 1:24, and to a reprobate mind Rom. 1:28.

An unwritten revelation is not infallible because of the limitations of the human mind. Natural religion is no more trustworthy than the human intellect, but the human intellect can't be infallible unless preserved from all error by the extraordinary exertion of Divine power.

Unwritten revelation is also inadequate to the needs of man as a sinner, because it does not include those truths which relate to redemption. It has nothing concerning mercy. It reveals only stern law, strict justice—Paul says that the wrath, not the compassion of God, is taught to men in the workings of conscience. This is the lack of all natural religions of mankind. Men like to talk about comparative religions. They say that Buddism and Confucianism are co-ordinate with christianity, because they teach the Golden Rule, and other principles of Ethics. That proves nothing. The distinguishing character of christianity is not that it teaches sound Ethics, but that it is the offer of mercy through a mediator, it is a radical change of human nature.

Christianity is gospel, pure and simple, not law, while Buddism and Confucianism so far as they teach truth, are law, not gospel.

Can they secure forgiveness for sins? There is no regeneration, no pardon in any religion save in christianity, hence we can never admit that it is merly one among several religions. It is an exclusive religion for man, because it is the only redemptive religion for him. It is evident then if man is to know how to obtain the forgiveness he so much needs he must have a revelation other then that in nature.

In our next, we shall consider the written revelation.

Yours truly,
JOHANNES.

Mail Reaches Oakland By Freight.

To the Editor of The Republican.

We often read of and hear of the constant coining of new words to meet new conditions which if compiled together would no doubt make quite a long list within a very short while and after hearing the term "freight mail" used upon our streets on numerous occasions we were very much surprised to find that to Oakland evidently belongs the distinction of adding a new phrase to the already lengthy list.

The explanation it seems is this: After the arrival of a mail train during the day time it has been the custom at the post office to close the windows until all of the mail received from that train has been distributed to the boxes but because our people find mail in their boxes at all hours of the day when they have visited them once or more times since the last regular mail train came in they have evidently come to the conclusion that the only way it could arrive is by freight therefore the expression "freight mail" or "mail by freight" which we hear jocularly used so frequently.

A PATRON

Jennings Lad was Married at Reading

Fay O. Yommer, of Jennings, Md., left for Reading, Pa., last Saturday, where he was married on Friday, March 17th, to Miss Esther Price, a charming young lady of that city. Mr. Yommer became acquainted with his bride through correspondence and their marriage is the culmination of a very interesting romance. He is a young man of excellent character and has been employed as woods foreman by F. L. Otto & Co., lumber-men of New Germany. Mr. and Mrs. Yommer will go on a honeymoon tour of two weeks to Washington, D. C., and other places of interest before returning to Jennings where they expect to make their home. Fay is giving his many friends a genuine surprise, but all will join in giving him and his bonny bride a royal welcome upon their return from their honeymoon trip.

Dr. JOSEPH IRWIN FRANCE

Some Reasons Why Republicans Almost Unanimously Have Declared for Dr. France.

He is the Candidate of no one faction of his party.

He is appealing directly to the rank and file.

He is acceptable to all Republicans.

He is acceptable to the Progressives.

He has the ability to represent the State fittingly in the Senate.

He has the support of the State Wide Press.

He believes the Republican Party should be the MAJORITY Party in Maryland.

His Candidacy, just as did Mr. Weller's, represents an effort to nominate proved men free from previous political alignments. Mr. Weller received the greatest number of votes ever given a Republican Candidate. It is the policy that will build up the party.

His candidacy represents the nation wide movement to nominate candidates upon whom all opponents of the Democratic Party can unite enthusiastically so that the breach of 1912 may be permanently healed.

His Headquarters are at 304 Maryland Trust Building, Baltimore, where he will be glad to meet or hear from all Republicans.

Published by the authority of A. W. W. WOODCOCK, Treasurer.

O. H. S. NOTES.

News From The Oakland Temple Of Learning.

Miss Isabel Hamill, one of our sophomores, entertained a company of friends at her home on Oak street last Friday evening. The evening was spent in participating in contests and other games of St. Patrick's Day nature, prizes being awarded the winners. Green was carried out in a very appropriate way. At a seasonable hour delicious refreshments were served. Those present were Misses Lillian Helbig, Beulah Ralston, Cecelia Hart, Lois Fraley, Nell McComas, Helen Helbig, Helen Hart; and Messrs. Gerald Tanner, Glenn Martin, Robert Sliger, Clyde Dawson, Dudley King, Felix Robinson, Julius Littman and Ross Isenberg.

Mrs. J. C. Ely visited the high school last Wednesday afternoon and addressed us at the exercise period. She spoke of the importance of study and how essential it is to prepare one for his life work. She gave two striking illustrations; one for the boys, and another for the girls. She also impressed upon our minds the harmfulness of cigarettes. In short, it was an excellent talk and we thank Mrs. Ely for her interest in us and our high school.

Marion Newman, class '15, has stopped school after spending a few months reviewing work in the Commercial Department.

Dr. Howard visited us Monday afternoon and gave us some introductory remarks pertaining to his lecture "The American Civil War" to be given at St. Paul's M. E. church in the evening. Many of the students attended the lecture and were pleased with the stereopticon views illustrating the striking scenes of the Civil War and benefitted by his instruction.

Following is the program to be given Maryland Day, March 24, at the High School at one-thirty p. m.

Piano Duet..R. Isenberg and J. Littman
Song.....The Star-Spangled Banner
Responsive Reading.....School
Vocal Solo...."Carmena".....
.....Mrs. Gorden Mealy
Select Reading "The Maryland Instructions"..... Carrie Thrasher
Mixed Quartette "Maryland, My Maryland"..Mary Sincell, Mabel Falkenstein, Felix Robinson, Julius Littman
"An Explanation of the 'Great Seal' of Maryland"..... Ralph Robinson
Violin Duet.....
.....Glenn Martin and Felix Robinson
An Explanation of the "Maryland Flag"
.....Edward Kahl
Song....."In Old Madrid".....
.....Girl's Glee Club
Address..."The Cornerstone of Our Federal Union".....Prof. Edward F. Webb, Principal Frostburg State Normal School
Song....."America".....School

BITTINGER.

There has been no let-up in the winter weather, much to the disappointment of makers of maple sugar.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Buckle spent Sunday with relatives here.

Messrs. Jennings Bros. lost two valuable young horses last week.

Mr. Sidney Green, of Lonaconing, was the guest of Miss Lillian Cutter, over Sunday.

John H. Stark made a business trip to Oakland and Accident last week.

Ralph Lininger, of Accident, was a pleasant caller here a few days ago.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Burkey were made happy last week by the birth of a son.

Mr. and Mrs. Chauncey Broadwater have begun house-keeping in the house recently vacated by Lewis Lininger and family.

Masters Lester and Irvin Bittinger, who spent the past ten days with relatives near here, returned to their home near Deer Park last Sunday.

Elias Orendorf, who has been critically ill for some weeks, is said to be improving.

Musical Prodigy.

A seven-year-old boy of Rennes, France, is the latest musical prodigy to burst upon the world. He is an admirable, even a brilliant, pianist, but has genius for composition, and sonatas, symphonies, piano pieces of all kinds flow from his pen. It is said to be pretty good stuff, too. A number of the great composers have begun to invent melodies before the age of sevent.

Do You Know That

There is no Federal institution in the continental United States for the reception and care of lepers?

Plague is a disease of rodents?

Malaria is spread by a special mosquito?

House screening is a good disease preventive?

Fingers, flies and food spread typhoid fever?

Pellagra may be prevented or cured by proper diet?

The United States Public Health Service believes that the common towel spreads trachoma, a disease of the eyes?

Children from sanitary homes advance more rapidly in school than those from dirty premises?

A Statement by

Frederick N. Zihlman

—TO—

The Republican Voters of the Sixth Congressional District

On May 1st next the Republicans of the Sixth Congressional District of Maryland will nominate their candidate for Congress. The responsibility of choosing their standard-bearer is placed upon the individual Republicans of the District, and it is to them I am addressing this appeal for support.

I shall not at this time go thoroughly into the important issues confronting the people of our country or my individual ideas of what should be done to make for progress, protection, prosperity and preparedness; not only against war, but for peace and for commercial expansion and supremacy.

Individual ideas, no matter how strongly buttressed in times like these, must be put through the great melting pot of intelligent and serious conference. The Republicans of the nation will meet in convention at Chicago on June 7th next to nominate the party's standard-bearer for President and Vice President of the United States and to adopt the platform upon which they and, in fact, all the party's candidates must stand and seek the support of the States and the Nation.

My ideas are based upon conditions as I now see them. These conditions may change by the time our party's platform is built and our candidates placed before the people upon its planks—a platform which I believe will bring victory to our party and substantial and lasting prosperity to our people.

As to my subscribing to that platform and doing my utmost to carry out its pledges, if elected I point to and stand squarely upon my record in the Senate of Maryland during the sessions of 1910, 1912, 1914 and 1916, and to my stewardship as my party's floor leader in the Senate in 1914 and 1916, an honor which my colleagues bestowed upon me unanimously.

In the State Senate I have stood for all constructive and humanitarian legislation, irrespective of where such legislation originated. If nominated and elected to the Congress of the United States I shall stand then, as I have always stood, for the greatest good for the people of my District, our State and the Nation.

My duties at Annapolis will preclude my making a lengthy canvass, as the Assembly will not adjourn until less than a month before the primaries. In the brief time left me I shall endeavor to personally meet all the voters of the Sixth Maryland District. Meanwhile I am addressing myself to them and seeking their support for the Republican nomination for Congress from the District.

FREDERICK N. ZIHLMAN.

SENATOR ZIHLMAN'S RECORD

Served in the State Senate during the sessions of 1910-12-14-16 and executed the duties of Republican Senate Floor Leader during the sessions of 1914 and 1916, after having been elected unanimously by his colleagues both times.

During his four sessions Senator Zihlman has worked for and supported much constructive and humanitarian legislation, among which were the Public Utilities Act, Workman's Compensation Law, Ten-Hour Law for Women, Corrupt Practices Act, Uniform Election Laws, Direct Primaries, Penal Reform measures, Good Roads, Health laws, Child Labor Law, State Care of the Insane, Reduction of Legislative Expenses, the Miners' and Operators' Co-Operative Relief Law and many other equally important measures.

Advertisement published by authority of P. G. Cowden, political agent.

SAVE WASTE PAPER AND OLD RAGS

Says Uncle Sam Don't Burn Them—Supply of Paper-making Material Low.

Alarmed by the high prices of paper stock, the United States government, through Secretary of Commerce William C. Redfield, has issued the following statement, warning the public against the shortage of paper material and rags. Under the caption: "Save Your Paper Material, Your Waste Paper and Rags," it says:

"The attention of the Department of Commerce is called by the president of a large paper manufacturing company to the fact that there is a serious shortage of raw material for the manufacture of paper including rags and old papers. He urges that the department should make it known that the saving of rags and old paper would greatly help the existing condition for the American manufacturers. Something like 15,000 tons of different kinds of papers and paper board are manufacturer every day in the United States and a large proportion of this, after it has served its purpose, could be used over again in the same class of paper. A large part of it, however, is either burned or otherwise wasted. This, of course, has to be replaced by new materials. In the early history of the paper industry, publicity was given to the importance of saving rags. It is scarcely of less importance now.

The Department of Commerce is called to bring this matter to the attention of the public in the hope that practical results may follow from it. A little attention to the saving of rags and old papers will mean genuine relief for the paper industry and the diminishing drain upon our sources of supply for new material.

A list of dealers in paper stock can be obtained from the local Chamber of Commerce.

All kinds of paper has raised in price, especially print paper used for newspapers and periodicals. Card board and heavy paper used so extensively has made a heavy drain on card board stock.

Sources of pulp wood are fast disappearing and it is believed in a short while, some substitute must be found to prevent the mills from shutting down.

Notice To School Communities.

This is to give notice to the school communities of Garrett County, Maryland, that the Board of County School Commissioners of the County aforesaid has suggested, in pursuance of the custom of this county, that the residents over 21 years of age of each school community of Garrett County, meet in their school building upon

Thursday, April 13, 1916,

at the hour of 4 o'clock p. m., and there proceed by ballot, after proper organization, the details of which are left discretionary with each school community, to elect three residents of the school community, who are to be recommended to the Board of County School Commissioners as suitable parties for appointment as trustees of the school for the ensuing school year. All recommendations for such appointments and a copy of the minutes and records of the meeting, including the names of each person nominated as well as the number of votes that each of those nominated received at the meeting, held as herein requested, are to be in this office on or before May 1, 1916.

"The present trustees are requested to see that the school buildings are available and unlocked for the meeting as called herein, at the time specified.

By order of the Board,
F. E. RATHBUN,
Secretary.

Adv. 3-4t

We Carry in Stock

TIRES
TUBES
SHOCK ABSORBERS
CHAINS
SPARK PLUGS
DRY CELLS
TIRETITE

And many other accessories at the
OAKLAND GARAGE,
Prest-O-Lite Exchange,
Oakland, Maryland.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Second National Bank

OF CUMBERLAND

In the State of Maryland, at the close of business March 7th, 1916.

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans and Discounts	$2,113,571 91	Capital Stock	$200,000 00
United States Bonds	240,000 00	Surplus, Undivided profits	356,270 76
Other Bonds, Securities Etc.	377,755 00	Circulation	197,200 00
Banking House and other Real Estate	50,794 81	Deposits	2,712,171 69
Due From Reserve Agents and other Banks	489,367 82		
Cash	184,152 91		
Redemption Fund	10,000 00		
	$3,465,642 45		$3,465,642 45

DIRECTORS:

D. ANNAN L. M. SHEPHERD ROBERT R. HENDERSON
JAMES CLARK W. BLADEN LOWNDES O. C. GEPHART
TASKER G. LOWNDES JOHN KEATING
JOHN SCHWARZENBACH

D. ANNAN, Pres't.
W. BLADEN LOWNDES, TASKER G. LOWDES, Vice Presidents
D. F. KUYKENDALL, Cashier.

THREE PER CENT INTEREST PAID ON SAVINGS DEPOSITS

REPORT OF CONDITION OF

The First National Bank

AT KITZMILLERVILLE,

In the State of Maryland, at the close of business, March 7, 1916.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$110,276 69
Overdrafts, secured		358 09
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)		24,000 00
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged		13,685 00
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve bank	2,300 00	
Less amount unpaid	1,150 00	1,150 00
Value of banking house (if unencumbered)		7,000 00
Furniture and fixtures		4,447 60
Net amount due from Federal Reserve bank		2,080 70
Net amount due from approved reserve agents New York, Chicago and St. Louis	46 74	
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in other reserve cities	9,278 20	9,324 94
Net amount due from banks and bankers (other than above)		1 31
Outside checks and other cash items	90 26	
Fractional currency, nickles, and cents	163 68	253 94
Notes of other national banks		1,425 00
Lawful money reserve in bank—		
Coin and certificates		11,547 75
Redemption fund with U.S.Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		1,249 50
Total		$187,790 52

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		25,000 00
Surplus fund		10,011 69
Undivided profits	1,763 49	
Less current expenses, interest and taxes paid	1,233 64	529 85
Circulating notes outstand		24,500 00
Due to banks and bankers (other than above)		865 67
Dividends unpaid		24 00
Demand deposits—		
Individual deposits subject to check		44,619 87
Certified checks		102 40
Cashier's Checks out standing		239 75
Total demand deposits	44,982 02	
Time deposits (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice)		
Other time deposits		71,787 29
Total of time deposits	71,787 29	
Bills payable, including obligations representing money borrowed		10,000 00
Total		$187,790 52

State of Maryland, County of Garrett.

I, G. B. M. KEPLER, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

G. B. M. KEPLER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 17th day of March, 1916.

Sue R. LAUGHLIN, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: R. A. SMITH,
F. G. TROUT,
G. B. PEW,
Directors.

PUBLIC SALE

OF

Real Estate

and Personal Property

The undersigned will offer at public auction at his farm located 2 miles north of Swanton, Garrett County, Maryland, on

Monday, April 10th, 1916,

beginning at the hour of one o'clock p. m., the following real estate and personal property:

Thirty seven acres of land, improved by a good dwelling, stable and other outbuildings. The land is all under fence, cleared and in a good state of cultivation. Located on the county road and on a free delivery route. I will also offer Three Cows, 1 two-year old Heifer, 2 yearling Heifers, 12 head good stock Ewes, 1 three-year old Horse, 1 new Road Wagon, 1 Plow, 1 Harrow and other things.

TERMS OF SALE—On real estate cash on the day of sale or upon delivery of deed; on personal property a credit of six months with approved security will be given on all sums of $5.00 and upwards, with interest; all sums under $5.00 cash on day of sale.

C. G. BROBST.

Order of Publication

Office of the Board of County School Commissioners of Garrett County.

Oakland Md., February 18, 1916.

To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners of Garrett county, Maryland.

Gentlemen:—

In compliance with the provisions of Section 128, Chapter 17, Article 77 of the Annotated Code of Public General Laws of Maryland, we herewith submit to your honorable body the estimated amounts and itemized statements of cost necessary to maintain the following High Schools in Garrett County, Maryland, for the scholastic year 1916-1617:

OAKLAND HIGH SCHOOL (STATE)	
Principal's salary	$800 00
Two assistants—each $200	400 00
One assistant	400 00
Manual Training teacher	300 00
Domestic Science teacher	100 00
Commercial teacher	700 00
Fuel	110 00
Janitor	108 00
Manual Training, Domestic Science ane Commercial supplies	150 00
Commencement	25 00
	$3,093 00
FRIENDSVILLE HIGH SCHOOL (STATE)	
Principal's salary	$500 00
Two assistants, one $100; second $500	600 00
Commercial teacher	100 00
Fuel	75 00
Janitor	225 00
Commercial Supplies and Commencement	50 00
	$1,550 00
GRANTSVILLE HIGH SCHOOL (COUNTY)	
Principal's Salary	$562 50
Fuel	25 00
	$587 50
ACCIDENT HIGH SCHOOL (COUNTY)	
Principal's salary	$562 50
Fuel	25 00
	$587 50
KITZMILLER HIGH SCHOOL (COUNTY)	
Principal's salary	$700 00
Fuel	25 00
	$725 00
Grand total	$6,343 00

N. B.—The estimate submitted March 2, 1915, of costs necessary to maintain high schools in Garrett County, Maryland, for the scholastic year 1915-1916, embraced $1,100 00 for a proposed State high school of the second group to be established at Kitzmiller; however, in view of the fact that the proposed high school was not approved as such by the State Superintendent of Schools, the county high school was continued, the difference in cost between the proposed State high school of the second group and the county high school which was continued, was transferred or credited to the general public school fund of the county.

By order of the Board of County Schoo Commissioners of Garrett County, Maryland February 18, 1916.

4-3t F. E. RATHBUN, Secretary.

Financial Statement.

Annual Financial Statement of the Corporation of Oakland, Garrett county, Maryland, for the year ending March 1st, 1916.

RECEIPTS.	
Balance shown in last statement	$4038 81
Received from taxes, 1912, 1913 and 1914	1477 30
Received from taxes, 1915	4039 73
Water Rent	3162 31
County Levy	1000 00
License	254 50
Water Taps	160 86
Platform and Donation	49 00
Fines for stock	6 00
Total	$14,188 51

DISBURSEMENTS.		
Bonds and Cupons paid	$1475 00	
Electric light and wiring	1424 06	
Supt. Salary	1020 00	
Street Commissioner	699 90	
Police Salary and Uniform	547 61	
Supplies & Improvements	541 48	
Salaries, Council & Office	458 00	
Coll. Coms. and Postage	434 24	
Rent, C. Cham. Fire Dept.	238 00	
Extra labor on Streets	163 60	
Gas used at station	135 71	
Damages paid	135 30	
Concrete curbing	94 09	
Water Meters	84 36	
Road Mach. on streets	52 00	
Rent of well	50 00	
Liability Insurance	40 88	
Freight and hauling	19 80	
Election expenses	10 00	
Printing Tel. messages etc.	98 80	
Total disbursements		$10,725
Balance in treasury		$3,463
ASSETS.		
Balance in Treasury	$3465 68	
Unpaid taxes, 1912	396 27	
Unpaid taxes, 1913	634 11	
Unpaid taxes, 1914	2592 57	
Unpaid taxes, 1915	3198 26	
Town Lot & Chem. Eng.	1000 00	
Water System & Sewerage	42000 00	
Hose and Reels	1800 00	
Total Assets		$55,286 89
LIABILITIES.		
Old bonded indebtedness	$8000 00	
Bond issue of 1909	40000 00	
Total Liabilities		$48,000 00
		$7,286 89

A. T. MATTHEWS, Mayor.

Test—J. B. CHEUVRONT, Clerk, Pro Tem.

THE REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME 41. OAKLAND, MARYLAND THURSDAY, MARCH 30, 1916. NUMBER 5

SACRED MUSICAL

At St. Paul's M. E. Church, Thursday Evening, April 6th.

For the past two or three weeks music lovers and those who will participate in the affair have been preparing for the presentation at St. Paul's Methodist Episcopal church in Oakland of a sacred musical on the evening of Thursday, April 6th, when a body of local singers and musicians will present to the residents of Oakland and vicinity a program of high-class sacred music, the principal object being for the purpose of adding to the music fund of the choir. An admission fee of fifteen cents for children and twenty-five cents for adults will be charged. The program as arranged will be rendered as follows.

Selection.....Orchestra
Anthem. The Earth is the Lord's. Lerman
Chorus
Solo....Majesty of the Divine Humiliation.....Stainer
Felix Robinson
Ladies Quartet. The Lord is King. Heyser
Mrs. Mealy, Misses Hinebaugh, Browning, Loar.
Solo.....I Hear the Voice of Jesus Say.....Rathbun
Norine Taggart
Anthem....What are These Which Are Arrayed In White Robes....Stulto
Chorus
Solo...Hear My Prayer...Mendelssohn
Bessie Hinebaugh
Violin Solo....Adoration ...Barowski.
C. Glen Martin; Dwight Townshend, accompanist.
Quintette. Sweet Is Thy Mercy. Barnby
Mrs. Mealy, Mrs. Hinebaugh, Grace Loar, Felix Robinson, Max Jarboe
Solo.....Golgotha.....Crouchois
Mrs. Mealy
Anthem...The God of Israel...Rossini
Chorus
Mixed Qurrtette ..Calvary...Shepherd
Mrs. Mealy, Grace Loar, Norman Reidler, Max Jarboe
Sola..My Soul Is Athirst for God..Gaul
Dr. John G. Robinson
Anthem..... .Hallelujah.....Hardel
Chorus
Selection.....Orchestra

Those who will have part in the entertainment are as follows: Sopranos, Mrs. M. C. Hinebaugh, Mrs. John Davis, Mrs. George A. Porter, Mrs. J. G. Mealy; Misses Bessie Hinebaugh, June White, Mabel White, Edwana Peddicord, Bertie Lawton, Grace Falkenstein, Maude Bosley, Norine Taggart; altos, Misses Mabel Falkenstein, Grace Loar, Lorena Falkenstein, Josephine Browning, Mrs. Harry P. Turney; tenors, Dr. John G. Robinson, Walter Kahl, Felix Robinson, Mark S. White, Norman Reidler; bassos, C. E. Bender, J. M. Falkenstein, A. D. Naylor, Max Jarboe, G. C. Martin. Organist, Miss Lottie Loar.

Trenton Beats Oakland.

The Trenton, N. J., basketball team defeated the Oakland Collegians here Thursday night in one of the most spectacular games seen here this season. The visitors were much larger and heavier than the locals, and displayed the finest system of pass-work ever seen on the local floor. The locals put up a nervy game against great odds, and were in hard luck shooting baskets, otherwise the score would have been closer. The final score was 29 to 17.

The lineup:

Trenton		Oakland
Radice	F	Sanner
Riley	F	Chance
Getzinger	C	Boyle
Faust	G	Frantz
Hough	G	Giessman

Summary—Substitute, Sincell for Frantz. Field goals—Sanner, Chance, Boyle 2, Giessman, Sincell, Radice 4, Riley, Getzinger 5, Faust 2, Hough. Fouls—Sanner 5, Riley 2. Referee—Kildow. Scorer—Fraley.

Shorter Route West.

Announcement was made Saturday that a State road through Meyersdale and Salisbury, Pa., to connect the Lincoln Highway with the National Pike will be built this summer by the Pennsylvania State Highway Department. The road will leave the Lincoln Highway at Stoyestown, Pa., and connect with the National Pike in the vicinity of Grantsville, Garrett county. This road will also give the people of Western Maryland a shorter route to Pittsburgh.

THE WEEK'S DOINGS AT THE STATE CAPITAL

Many Measures of Local Interest Have Been Considered.

STATE HOUSE ANNAPOLIS, MARCH 29—Last Wednesday in the Senate bills introduced by Senator Speicher authorizing the Board of Public Works to sell the State's interests at Lake Brown, and authorizing the Mayor and Council of Grantsville to issue bonds for water works and sewerge were reported favorably by the committees to which they had been referred.

Delegate Fox introduced a bill in the House amending the charter of the town of Friendsville.

Mr. Fox's bill to compel the Baltimore and Ohio R. R. Co to maintain an agent and stop certain trains at Bloomington was reported favorably by the Judiciary Committee of the House on Thursday last.

Mr. Fox introduced a bill at the night session Thursday, by request, to exempt Friendsville from the operation of the liquor law. This bill was referred to the Garrett delegation.

Mr. Hayden's bill amending the incorporation of Mt. Lake Park was reported favorably at the same session.

The bill proposing a constitutional amendment and the creating of an additional Associate Judge for the Fourth Judicial Circuit—Allegany, Garrett and Washington counties, introduced some time ago by Delegate Keedy, of Washington county, has been favorably reported, and is now on the third reading reading calendar. Under the provisions of this act the constitutional amendment will be submitted to the voters in next November, and if ratified at the polls, the election of the additional jndge will take place at the election in November, 1917. Inasmuch as, under the provisions of the bill, no two associate judges can come from the same county, the associate judge provided for will come from Garrett county, and Oakland will probably have a resident member of the circuit court.

$30,000 BOND ISSUE FOR GARRETT.

Captain James A. Hayden, of the Garrett Delegation, last Friday night introduced in the House a bill authorizing and directing the County Commissioners of Garrett county to issue bonds to the amount of $30,000, for the purpose of erecting and equipping a high school building at Oakland. The bond issue is officially endorsed by the County Commissioners and the School Board of Garrett county.

The measure was referred to the Garrett delegation, and it was yesterday reported favorably with an amendment referring the question of issuing bonds to the voters of the tax payers at the election to beheld in November of the present year. The bill contemplates the issuing of the $30,000 of bonds, $5,000 of which will be used to erect buildings at Kempton, and to repair buildings in other portions of the county. The measure was introduced to relieve the conditions now existing at Oakland where on last Wednesday a storm partially wrecked the high school building and has made it unsafe for school or other purposes, hence the authorities have declared a vacation of the high school pupils until the adjournment of the grammer school on April 7th, when the high school will be opened in the latter building and studies resumed.

Shortly before 5 o'clock this morning the Senate passed the Furst Field annexation bill by a vote of fourteen to nine, to its third reading, but the manner in which it was put over may seriously endanger not only the annexation bill itself but also numerous other bills which are backed by Baltimore City and their friends.

About 3:30 o'clock with Senator Zihlman of Allegany, who had been presiding since President Campbell had taken the floor on Monday night, in the chair, Senator Speicher began a speech which, from the size of his documents and length of his notes, would last for several hours. The annexation Senators left the chamber and held a hurried conference and upon their return, Senator Mudd, of Charles county, Republican, succeeded Senator Zihlman in the chair.

With Senator Speicher still speaking, Senator Mudd recognized Senator Holmear of Prince Georges county, who moved that the Senate go into executive session. Senator Speicher protested but the motion prevailed, and the Senate Chamber was cleared.

While in executive session cloture rules were adopted for the first time in the history of the Maryland Senate, preventing further speech making or further amendments or any filibustering or dilatory tactics. These cloture rules were adopted and although other Senators wanted to be heard on the "gag rule" motion Senator Mudd refused to recognize them. After adopting the cloture rules the Senate resumed open session and a motion to pass the annexation bill to its third reading file. There were four votes short, these having been paired, so the votes would have been 16 to 11, had the full membership been present.

Great excitement followed the passage of the bill to its third reading and the Senate at 4:55 this morning recessed until noon today. All day yesterday until noon today, the Senate has been working under Monday's date. The anti-annexationists are up in arms and there is trouble brewing unless something is done to modify the anti and their leaders at once—all sorts of threats are being made and whatever chance the annexation bill had of passing the house is now believed to have been dissipated.

Immediately the Senate convenes today and there are evidences of a break between Senators who have been personal and political friends for years and other Congressional candidates in the Sixth District may be the result. Numerous Baltimore politicians including "Sonny" Mahon and his lieutenants arrived on early trains this morning and it is believed the day will see some interesting happenings.

Delegete Hayden, of the Garrett delegation, has introduced a bill amending the charter of the town of Oakland. The bill provides for the election of a clerk, treasurer and tax collector for Oakland, and also makes provision for a new registration of voters. The clerk, treasurer and tax collector are now appointed by the mayor and council and the bill provides for their election, instead. In order to get the bill in, the time having expired for the introduction of bills, Delegate Hayden had to ask "unanimous consent," which was granted.

Under special order House bill 559, by Mr. Shartzer, to appropriate $4,000 for free beds in the Home Sanatorium, Oakland, Garrett county, came up on consideration of the unfavorable report. Mr. Shartzer moved to substitute and offered an amendment to cut the appropriation to $2,000. The motion to substitute was carried and the bill passed to its third reading.

New Locomotive in Service.

The mammoth new locomotives for freight service on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad have been received and were placed in service over the mountoin division of the road this week. The machines are simply tremendous and their pulling power almost beyond comprehension. In descending the 17-mile grade Tuesday morning one of the new engines exceeded the speed limit over the bound track near Bond Junction and was thrown into the runaway switch up the mountain, but no damage ensued as a result except that it required about four hours' labor on the part of a train crew sent out for the purpose to pull the engine and thirteen cars to which it was attached back to the main track.

The high water of last Wednesday rose to such an extent as to carry away the footbridge built across Little Yough connecting the railway station with the Oakland hotel grounds. The bridge has been rebuilt by residents of Hungry Hollow who built it orignally for their convenience in reaching town.

WE PAY CASH FOR THE FOLLOWING: Live chickens, 12 cents per pound; live turkeys, 20 cents per pound; Veal calves, hog dressed, 9½ cents per pound; dressed Hogs, 9½ cents per pound. Call on or phone, WM. L. CASTEEL, L. W. HOPKINS, Oakland, Md. Adv. 3tf*

COMMISSIONERS TO MAKE LEVY

Annual Appropriation Session of Board Will Be Held April 17th.

The Board of County Commissioners of Garrett county, will convene in session on Monday, April 17th, for the purpose of making the annual levy for the year 1916, at which time all expenses for the conduct of the public business such as roads, bridges, elections, salaries of officers, courts, etc., will be provided for.

While it is impossible to say with any degree of precision what the rate of taxation may be, it is confidently expected that the same will not exceed last year's rate unless some extraordinary expense will have to be provided for and this is at the present moment not anticipated by the Board.

To Farmers of Allegany and Garrett Counties.

The meeting of the Seed Potato Growers Association scheduled for March 24, at the Citizens National Bank has been postponed to April 5. This was necessary, due to the fact that the department of markets and organizations of the United States Government could not send a representative on March 24. However, the chief of the bureau has promised to send from his department a specialist on this subject who has had much practical experience in just this kind of work, who will undoubtedly be able to help the association along the right lines and on a firm basis.

Insane Patients to Hospital.

Sheriff and Mrs. Albert Ashby returned home Monday from Baltimore and Sykesville. To the latter place they took two insane patients, Mrs. Elizabeth Lavelle, a woman of eighty years, and a young girl named Biggs, where both will be treated and cared for by the state. Another county charge, Michael Lavelle, son of the insane Mrs. Lavelle, was accompanied to Baltimore by the sheriff and placed in University Hospital for treatment.

Subscribe for The Republican.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

D. M. Dixon & Co. have in a big stock of

High Class Timothy & Clover Seed

for which we will make a special price in $10.00 lots and up.

Also have on the way a car of Reliable

Economizer, Lttle Gem Dissolved Phosphate

These are real Fertilizers and not Kentuckey ground rock.

We can save you money on

Rubber Roofing

having purchased our stock last fall before the recent big advance in the market.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

Whetsell & Browning

Deer Park's Best Store

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between Albert C. Whetzel and Cheston H. Browning, trading and doing business as Whetzel & Browning, was by mutual concent dissolved on March 18th 1916. All liabilities of said firm is assumed by Mr. Browning, and he alone is authorized to receive and collect all debts due said firm. Mr. Browning will continue the business as an individual, at the old stand in Deer Park, Maryland.

ALBERT C. WHETZEL,
CHESTON H. BROWNING.

Offutt's

SPRING CLOTHING

Our line of Spring Clothing has arrived. Let us show you the styles.

MEN'S DRESS HATS

For Hat Styles that are exclusive, snappy, we are in line for your spring business.

CAPS

From 25 cents to $1.00.

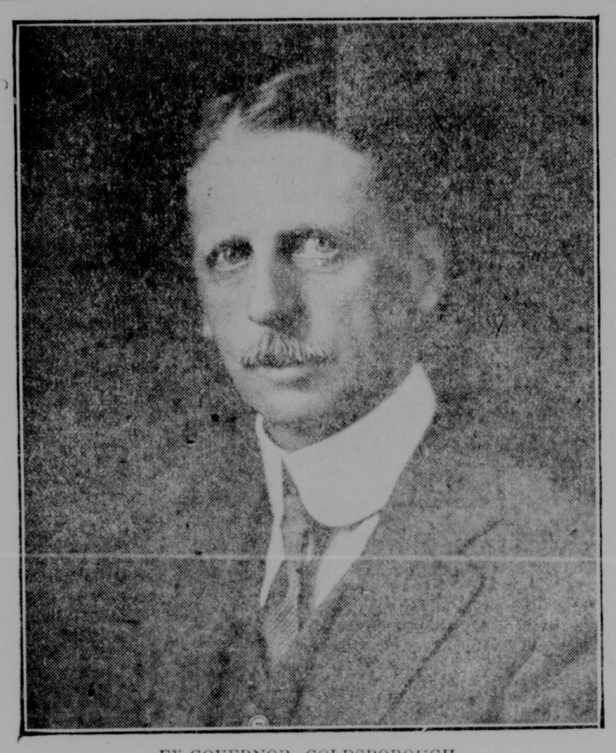
GRASS SEEDS

Before you buy, get our Prices. We will sell nothing but the best quality of seed.

OFFUTTS'

Men of Maryland Pay Goldsborough Tribute

Candidacy of Former Governor For U. S. Senate is Heartily Endorsed.



EX-GOVERNOR GOLDSBOROUGH.

BALTIMORE, Md., March 28—Every reader of American history is familiar with the fact that the name of Goldsborough is closely identified with the birth and development of the nation from the beginning. The present generation has contributed another chapter to that illustrious family history in the public life of Phillips Lee Goldsborough.

Mr. Goldsborough has just retired from the office of Governor of the state and is a candidate for the nomination of his party for United States Senator. His public life has been one of great credit to his family and to the state.

He was elected as State's Attorney in Dorchester county in 1891 and again in 1895. He was elected Comptroller of the Treasury of Maryland, in 1897. He was appointed Collector of Internal Revenue in 1902 and was twice reappointed to the same position by Presidents Roosevelt and Taft. In 1911 he was elected Governor of Maryland, the second Republican to achieve that high honor in half a century.

He administered the affairs of the state for four years surrounded with every political difficulty that could be invented by the opposition to his party; yet his administration was probably the object of the least attack and criticism of any governor in the history of the state, while the achievements of his term of office are admittedly as numerous and as important and as beneficial to the state as is accredited to any man who ever held that office.

Even with this extended experience in public affairs, Governor Goldsborough is still a young man. He was born August 6, 1865. It is quite possible for him to serve the country in the United States Senate for many years, and he is the kind of man whom the people usually keep in office when they have become familiar with his abilities and have learned to appreciate the fact that they are represented by a man who is the peer of any senator in the Capitol. He will become more valuable to the state and nation every year he is in the senate.

"The greatest political achievement of Governor Goldsborough has been the demonstration by his acts that the Republican party in Maryland can give a clean, honorable and able administration."

The above was part of a glowing tribute paid former Governor Philips Lee Goldsborough by one of the Baltimore newspapers recently. It continued:

"The verdict of the people of Maryland when Governor Philips Lee Goldsborough lays behind him his term of office will be that he has made good. This verdict will be based upon the broad mind, free of partisan bias, which he has brought to bear upon the discharge of his public duties and upon his consideration of all public questions; his untiring efforts to uplift humanity and to improve the conditions of the unfortunates; to bring cheer and happiness into the lives of those who struggle for existence; to advance the industrial and agricultural interests of the state; to exploit its unsurpassed resources and to instill confidence in the people in their own common-wealth."

The candidacy of Mr. Goldsborough is growing daily. Within a few days after his campaign was launched, letters began to pour into Goldsborough headquarters from all sections of the state, pledging support. Day by day the number increased until at present there is a steady stream of endorsements pouring hourly into the office.

"The Republicans of Maryland would do well in this campaign to take heed of the 'safety first' movement, and 'stop, look and think,' and then vote for former Governor Goldsborough in the primary," said Mr. John R. Ramsey, vice president of the Merchants-Mechanics National Bank of Baltimore, and one of the fore-most figures in the financial affairs of the state.

"Mr. Goldsborough," he continued, "gave Maryland one of the best administrations she ever had. He played an important part in providing the state with good government, good roads and good schools. His attitude during his entire term of office proved that he is a splendid statesman eminently fitted to represent the Republican party in the Senate of the United States. Mr. Goldsborough is the man who can lead the Republican party to victory in the general election in November."

When he took the oath as chief executive of the state, Governor Goldsborough pledged himself to conduct his office in the best interests of the state and commonwealth. How he succeeded is shown in an article in the Baltimore American of January 9th last. It reads in part:

"Long and honorable as is the record of achievements by Governor Goldsborough, his greatest triumph has been personal. When he became governor four years ago there were doubts if he could escape from his environment and develop into an executive of broad vision. He had been trained in the school of practical politics, a school where graduates are best fitted to give and take in politics, to deal in patronage. He laid aside his training and there emerged a man who was governor of the whole people, to whom office brokerage was subordinate to his activities in behalf of the state."

A close study of his administration caused A. De Russy Sappington, Master of Chancery of the Baltimore Supreme Bench, and one of the leading lawyers in the state, to say, "Mr. Goldsborough is safe, is the logical candidate for the nomination for Senator and will undoubtedly win in the fall election."

ENDORSED BY RICHMOND.

Benjamin Armstrong Richmond, of Cumberland, in endorsing the candidacy of former Governor Phillips Lee Goldsborough for the Republican nomination for the United States Senate said:

"I believe that Governor Goldsborough is the strongest candidate that the Republican party can produce to carry them to victory in the general election. I have known Mr. Goldsborough for many years and have found him a man of marked ability, of rare consciousness of sense of duty in carrying out the oath of offices which he has so admirably filled.

"To my mind, no Chief Executive of the state has served all of the people and promoted the welfare and the prosperity of the commonwealth better than Mr. Goldsborough. It is conceded by all fairminded men of whatever political faith that his administration was one of wise and judicious fulfillment and one of wh'ch Republicans can feel justly proud.

"The Republicans of Maryland will make no mistake in nominating Mr. Goldsborough for the United States Senate as his nomination will be equivalent to election.

"During Governor Goldsborough's administration, he labored with earnestness to bring about the welfare of all the people and his every act was one that teemed with equal and exact justice to all."

OPPOSITION TRIVIAL.

"Governor Goldsborough to my mind is the only Republican in Maryland who can carry us to victory in the general election" said former Sheriff of Baltimore City, Theodore P. Weis.

"The only persons I find leading the fight against Mr. Goldsborough are either ingrates who were given offices, or persons who were disappointed over not having been appointed to office while he was Governor. I have sounded a large number of Republicans in Baltimore regarding their sentiments toward Mr. Goldsborough, and with the exception of the "disappointed" and the ungrateful ones, find the loyal Republicans heartily in sympathy with the former Governor's candidacy.

"I will do all that lies within my power to help Governor Goldsborough receive the nomination because I feel certain that he is the only man within our ranks at this particular time who can defeat the Democratic nominee in the general election."

Endorsement of Senator John F. Mudd, of Charles county, interview given March 21, 1916.

MUDD FOR HIM.

"I will support former Governor Phillips Lee Goldsborough because I believe him to be the ablest man within the Republican ranks in the State of Maryland," said Senator Mudd.

"The record achieved by Governor Goldsborough as Chief Executive of the State, was one of which all Republicans can feel proud. He filled the oath of office with a consciousness toward his fellow man in such a marked degree that his candidacy should receive the support of all Republicans.

"I feel confident that Governor Goldsborough will receive the nomination and he will be successful in the general election as he will undoubtedly receive the support of the Independents.

"He is the man of the hour in the coming Senatorial primary and I feel that he is the one man that can carry us to victory in the fall election."

BLOOMINGTON

Martha, daughter of Mr. Herbert Price, is ill with typhoid fever.

Mr. John Cochran's little daughter, about 8 years of age, is very ill with typhoid fever.

Mr. Geo. Warnick, county commissioner, is spending this week in Oakland attending to duties of his office.

Rev. A. R. Snedegar will leave Monday to attend the conference of the M. E. church at Washington. He will stop enroute at Baltimore to hear Rev. "Billy" Sunday.

On Wednesday, of last week, Messrs. Jacob Stump and Edward Warnick went to Oakland in interest of appropriations for Bloomington and returned much pleased with their success. Watch for the new walk from post office to railroad and better streets.

Mr. Charles Brendlin, who has been very ill with pneumonia, is improving and his friends hope for his speedy recovery. Miss Head, graduate nurse of Cumberland, is in charge of the case. The members of the Epworth League recently remembered Mr. Brendlin by sending him a large bouquet of carnations.

The services at the M. E. church Sunday last were much enjoyed. Seventy-five were present at Sunday School and the night congregation was good. The pastor received into full church membership Miss Annie Wilkinson and on probation James Carter. This makes twenty recently received.

Monday evening, March 20, will be long remembered by the guests present in the home of Mrs. Mary Brown, of Beryl. The gathering was of a triple nature, first Mrs. Brown's daughter, Estelle Winifred Padfield, brought into the parlor their little son, James William Henry, and in the presence of a goodly company of friends and relatives he was baptized. After which the company repaired to the dining room where a sumptuous supper was served. While all were seated at the table Mrs. Brown's son Henry, was called into the room, this being his nineteenth birthday, when Rev. A. R. Snedegar in a few complimentary words presented him with a bank book and bank from his mother, this beginning an account with the Davis National Bank. Among those present from Bloomington were Dr. H. M. Kemp, Mr. and Mrs. James Spence; from Franklin, Mrs. James Wilson, Mrs. Geo. Whisner and family. After there was a general turnout of Henry's friends to congratulate him on his nineteenth birthday, all wishing many more such occasions.

WANTED—At the Mt. Lake Hotel, April 1st, a girl to do general housework. Address, W. C. Dunnington, Mt. Lake Park, Md. Adv. 2-tf

SUNDAY STIRS MEN TO CHEERS

Unequaled Demonstration at the Tabernacle.

CLIMAX TO "BOOZE" SERMON

Rev. William Sunday Labored As Never Before—Denunciation Of Alcohol Brings Trail-Hitters By Hundreds.

TOTAL ATTENDANCE PASSES THE THREE-QUARTER MILLION.

Fifty-six thousand people attended the three tabernacle services Sunday, constituting the second largest total for any day in the Baltimore campaign. This brought the grand total to 767,500.

The number of trail-hitters for the tabernacle meetings was 790; at Brantly Baptist Church, where Ma Sunday spoke in the afternoon, 22 women professed conversion, and at the sectional meetings at night there were 49, making a total of 861. This brought the grand total to 10,643.

In the afternoon and evening Mr. Sunday delivered his much-talked-of sermon on "Booze," to men only, and when he asked who would pledge themselves to vote for prohibition at the next opportunity, his two audiences, of 19,000 and 20,000, respectively, arose as one man.

Baltimore.—Men and youths of Baltimore and vicinity, with a sprinkling of outsiders, composing two audiences that totaled a membership of 39,000 at the Sunday tabernacle, arose to their feet and pledged themselves to vote for prohibition at their very first opportunity.

This action was the most spectacular feature of the Sunday campaign, which Sunday reached its halfway point.

The inspiration for the demonstration was the preaching by the revivalist of his most noted and strongest sermon, "Booze; or, Get On the Water Wagon"—a sermon that swept its hearers from their feet, caused them to shout and clap, to sit in breathless silence, to go into rhapsodies of approval, and to hit the sawdust trail as they had in no other day of the campaign.

Does His Hardest Work.

Never had Mr. Sunday worked so hard or preached so long. The delivery of the sermon afternoon and evening consumed a total of more than three hours, and the revivalist managed to make every minute of that time fairly tingle. He preached until his voice was husky; until his collarless shirt was soaked with perspiration; until his coat itself was moist through; until his face was drawn with an almost overpowering weariness, his hair disheveled, his gestures forced to the point of painfulness.

But never a moment did he let his enthusiasm lag, never a moment did he lack a compelling "punch." His reward was the admiration of thousands and a day's total of 790 trail-hitters. These, with persons who had hit the trail at outside meetings, conducted by other members of the Sunday party, including 22 garnered at a meeting for women only, held at Brantly Baptist Church by Ma Sunday, brought the total to 861.

Sunday's "Booze" sermon came fully up to the expectation of most of those who heard it. It bristled with statistics, it was electric with startling assertions as to the damage wrought by the liquor traffic, it was an arraignment and trial of strong drink, and the sentence, in the words of the evangelist, was "eternal damnation in hell."

Hurls His Anathema.

"Any man in the church not against the traffic—damn him," he anathematized; "if he is a preacher, damn him; if he is a priest, damn him!"

He paused to let this sink in, then, when the applause had stopped, asked his hearers to "walk down the streets of Baltimore and see the palatial homes of your brewers and distillers, then see the hovels in which the men who drink their stuff live—and if you would see more, then go to the penitentiary." That brought another burst of applause.

"The man who votes for the saloon," he continued, "votes to help the devil drag his boy to a drunkard's grave. The person who does not believe in hell has never been in a drunkard's home."

Tears Off His Collar.

He interpolated some statistics anent the tremendous amount of money spent annually for strong drink, paused to tear off his collar and necktie, took a fresh hold on his pulpit and plunged in with renewed energy.

"I'll try to help some of you devils," he cried, "but I'm frank to tell you I have no sympathy for you while I'm on the job. You're so low down, you men who let money stand as an excuse for the liquor traffic against the untold human misery it produces, that the devil himself is disgusted with you."

Again he went back to his statistics, declared that money spent for drink in a year would girdle the world 10 times with ribbons of dimes, laid one to another; that in eight years the money would build a solid silver automobile road to the moon; that the saloon corrupted the nation, was allied with the disorderly house, with gambling and with boodle politics.

Sunday Waves Old Glory.

Rev. William Sunday stood on top of his pulpit, waved a great silken American flag, whipped alive the patriotic fervor of an audience of 22,000 people and, while the choir and the multitude sang, "My Country, 'Tis of Thee," he pleaded with emotion-choked voice for men and women to hit the trail and enlist in the army of Jesus Christ.

About 100 men and youths from a delegation of the Patriotic Order Sons of America, which had given him the flag, accepted his challenge, marched in a body down the sawdust aisle and grasped his right hand, pledging themselves to become followers of the Master.

The action of these men, each of whom wore an American flag in his buttonhole, caused the great audience to thunder its applause of approval.

Sunday in his sermon, the fourth he has preached here on the text, "He That Winneth Souls Is Wise," went back to his excoriating tactics, which he used so effectively at the beginning of his campaign here. He flayed without mercy those who stood out against religious influences, who refused to open the doors of their hearts to Christ's knocking; he declared scourged unbelievers with verbal whips, then pleaded with them until he had to stop for a moment, his chest heaving, his collar a wilted rag, his face streaming with perspiration.

Billy Pleads To Students.

"Come, Johns Hopkins."

For five minutes, from his pulpit, Billy Sunday pleaded, challenged, used all the force of his strenuous gesticulations, brought into play all the power of his scorn and invective, to draw down the sawdust trail the students of Johns Hopkins University, who attended in a delegation of about 150.

This of no avail, Sunday did something he has not done heretofore in Baltimore and has done few times since he has been campaigning.

Down from his pulpit into the sawdust pit he sprang crying, "If I come down to you, will you follow me into the Kingdom, will you let me lead your hearts to God?"

Down the trail Sunday went—he ran. Up he sprang and again he urged. He told of the students of Pennsylvania, Princeton, Syracuse, who hit the trail.

"Come. Be men. Give your hearts to God," he cried.

Out of the delegation of 150 of the students of the famed University five young men stepped and followed the evangelist down to the pit.

"Baltimore is the laziest, slowest town," Billy Sunday says that he has been in in eight years, in the matter of personal work.

The evangelist told this to his audience.

Baltimore, Sunday says, has been highly pleasing to him—more pleasing than the other towns, in fact—except in that one feature: Personal work.

"The Soul Winner."

Rev. William Sunday in his sermon on the soul-winner, gave him the chance he had coveted to score the lazy church members and to warn them against being charged with the sin of omission. He related many incidents where dormant church members had been aroused to a realization of their duty in winning souls for Christ, and had been the means of winning hundreds just after their determination to do personal work.

He gave one of the most unusual finishes to his sermon ever seen in Baltimore, and it elicited great applause. He had just given an illustration of what a consecrated society woman could do and the wonderful influence she wields among the others of her social standing. She was asked by one of her friends why it was she didn't attend their dances and their card parties. Her answer was the closing remarks of the evangelist, and as he repeated it he walked off the platform. These were the words: "I am too aristocratic to play cards." The ending was rather abrupt, but it served his purpose and left his audience with an indelible impression of the example one consecrated woman could exert.

SUNDAY HOT SHOT

If you do not accept Jesus Christ as your Saviour you will go to hell.

If all the preachers in the world, with high, stiff, white collars and coats buttoned up the front and back, said there was no hell, there would still be hell.

I believe in woman suffrage, because the opposition of the movement crawls out of the cellars of the breweries.

The walls of the breweries are shaking now and they know it.

Unless some of the trustees of some of the churches of today were converted again I would not trust them very far.

My evangelism is not modern. It is as old as the cross of Jesus.

To perdition with you and your opinions, and public opinion, if they differ from the ways of God.

I'm not afraid of being undignified.

I'm scared to death of being dignified.

If you want to see me look dignified come around to my funeral.

My object in this old world is to give you a vision of Christ, the same vision that I saw 28 years ago.

SHERIFF'S SALE

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate

located in Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of the Circuit Court for Garrett county, Maryland, at the suit of The Second National Bank of Parkersburg, West Virginia, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of John T. McGraw, the same being No. 17 Judicials to September Term, 1915, on the Docket of said Court, and to the undersigned, then Sheriff of Garrett county, directed, I hereby give notice, that on

SATURDAY, the 1st day of April, 1916,

at the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., on the premises, in the village of Deer Park, Garrett county, Maryland, I will offer for sale and sell to the highest bidder or bidders, all the right, title, interest and estate of the said John T. McGraw, in and to the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in Garrett county, Maryland, to-wit:

1. All that part of the tract of land called "Peace and Plenty," containing 57 acres, more or less, being the same property which was conveyed to the said John T. McGraw by Henry G. Davis and wife by deed dated June 30, 1900, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 38, folio 564, etc., one of the Land Records of Garrett county aforesaid, together with the right to use the water from the spring commonly called the "Boiling Spring," and which right was conveyed by said deed, saving and excepting 4-10 of an acre of the above described land which was conveyed to the Real Estate and Improvement Company of Baltimore City by the said John T. McGraw by deed dated September 24, 1908, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 50, folio 226, one of the Land Records of Garrett County aforesaid.

2. All that other piece or parcel of ground containing 1-11 acres and being the same land which was conveyed to the said John T. McGraw by the Real Estate and Improvement Company of Baltimore City, by deed dated November 11, 1907, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 58, folio 170, one of the Land Records of Garrett County aforesaid.

3. All that lot of ground containing 49½ square rods, and being the same which was conveyed to the said John T. McGraw by Henry Bobet and wife, by deed dated March 28, 1902, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 40, folio 504, one of the Land Records of Garrett County aforesaid.

4. All that other lot of ground known as the "Schoolfield Property," containing 45 square rods and being the same land which was conveyed to the said John T. McGraw by Frances Chidister by deed dated March 29, 1902, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 40, folio 505, one of the Land Records of Garrett County aforesaid.

5. All that other lot of ground known as the "Michael Garrett" lot, containing 97½ square rods, and being the same land which was conveyed to the said John T. McGraw by Michael J. Garrett and wife by deed dated April 11, 1902, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 40, folio 513, one of the Land Records of Garrett County aforesaid.

6. All that other lot of land containing 10,650 square feet, and being the same land which was conveyed to the said John T. McGraw by W. C. Jones and wife, by deed dated April 21, 1902, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 40, folio 555, one of the Land Records of Garrett County aforesaid.

This property is beautifully located at Deer Park and constitutes with its improvements the summer home of John T. McGraw, and was in part the former summer home of Senator Henry G. Davis, and with its buildings, tenant houses, barns and other outbuildings, is one of the most attractive properties in Garrett county, and said real estate will be sold to pay and satisfy said writ of fieri facias and the costs thereon accrued.

TERMS OF SALE: Cash on the day of sale.

BERT C. SCOTT,
Late Sheriff of Garrett County.

Order Nisi.

C. A. Beachy, Treasurer of Garrett County, Maryland, vs. Wallace Buckman. No. 270, Miscellaneous Docket. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County.

Ordered, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland, this 6th day of March, 1916, that the tax sale made and reported in the above entitled case by C. A. Beachy, Treasurer of Garrett county, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 10th day of April, 1916; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 3rd day of April, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $71.97.

ROBERT R. HENDERSON.
True copy, Test: E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

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And many other accessories at the OAKLAND GARAGE, Prest-O-Lite Exchange, Oakland, Maryland.

See the beautiful line of wall decorations at Hamill's before placing your order. Adv. 4-3t

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COLLEAGUES INDORSE ZIHLMAN'S CANDIDACY

Legislators Favor His Nomination for Congress in Sixth Distsict.

GIVEN A COMPLIMENTARY DINNER AT ANNAPOLIS

County Men Pledge Themselves to Work for Senator From Allegany.

"From the Baltimore Star of March 27th."

Annapolis, Md., March 27.—The candidacy of Senator Frederick N. Zihlman, of Allegany, for the Republican Sixth district congressional nomination was given much impetus by a dinner here several nights ago, with the Allegany House delegation as the hosts. The guests of honor were Senator Zihlman, his deskmate, Senator Speicher, of Garrett, and most of the House delegation of Garrett, Frederick and Washington counties.

Think Zihlman Will Win.

Despite the fact that Frederick has two candidates for the nomination and Montgomery one, the general prediction was that Senator Zihlman would win the nomination. The Allegany forces, who planned the dinner as a surprise, climaxed the evening by presenting to the chief guest a set of resolutions indorsing his candidacy for the nomination.

The resolutions were signed by Conrad J. Hernich, chairman of the delegation, and Samuel Brown, James Campbell, J. O. J. Green, Arthur F.

FREDERICK N. ZIHLMAN.

Smith and Thomas G. Fisher, the other members. Each member of the delegation spoke. The majority of the Washington, Garrett and Frederick people also spoke, and the representatives of the first two counties unhesitatingly pledged their primary support to Zihlman. The Frederick county people explained their position and the impropriety of indorsing a candidate of another county against their favorite sons, but each of these men indicated their pleasure, when, if Zihlman won the nomination, they would take off their coats for him in the general election.

Senator Zihlman responded to the tributes and assured his colleagues of the district that, if nominated and elected, he would work to serve and represent all the people of the district impartially in the halls of Congress.

Text of Resolution.

The resolutions of indorsement, a handsome copy of which was presented to Senator Zihlman, read as follows:

"Whereas, We have observed with pride, pleasure and assurance that Hon. Frederick N. Zihlman of Allegany county, has announced his candidacy for the Republican nomination for congressman from the Sixth district of Maryland in the primaries to be held on May 1, 1916; and,

"Whereas, As the state senator from Allegany county in the General Assembly of Maryland in its sessions of 1910, 1912, 1914 and 1916 he has demonstrated notable ability as a true and fearless advocate and representative of the masses in all matters of legislation affecting the interests of the people of the whole state, and particularly of the wage earners, and workingmen and women of Maryland; and,

"Whereas, In the sessions of the General Assembly of 1914 and 1916, as the minority floor leader in the Maryland Senate, he has manifested a loyalty and devotion to the principles of the Republican party and its policies, and an adherence to its tenets and pledges to the people in a manner that commands the indorsement and admiration of his constituents throughout the state; and.

"Whereas, As his party's representative in the Maryland Senate he has so conducted himself without offense even to the Democratic majority in that body who have conferred upon him exceptional honors and distinction and who hold him personally in the highest esteem; and,

Good Fight in 1914.

"Whereas, In the campaign of 1914 he conducted a remarkable canvass of the district as his party's candidate for Congress, and, although regarded as a hopeless task because of the peculiar local and general conditions and circumstances prevaling, at that time throughout the country, he was defeated by a very small majority; and,

"Whereas, under his matchless generalship and exceptional ability and unceasing efforts in the last state and county election in November, 1915, Allegany county elected the entire county Republican ticket from top to bottom for the first time in upwards of 15 years, and gave to the Republican state candidates an unprecedented majority in the county; in view of all these facts and of the great service he has rendered the people of the Republican party in the Sixth district and throughout the state, therefore, be it

Voluntary Indorsement.

"Resolved, that we, the representatives of the people of Allegany county in the House of Delegates of Maryland, in the Session of 1916, do hereby unequivocally and without reserve voluntarily indorse this candidacy of Hon. Frederick N. Zihlman, of Allegany county, and member of the State Senate of Maryland, for Congress, and do here and now pledge ourselves individually and collectively, to make every legitimate effort to bring about his nomination in the primaries on May 1, 1916, and to procure his triumphant election by an overwhelming majority in November; believeing as we do that he is thoroughly qualified and equipped by service, experience and inherent ability, to creditably and effectively represent the Republican party and the people of his district and state in the House of Representatives of the United States, Congress."—Political advertisement. Published by authorityof the candidate.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

Man's Need of Revelation.

Man needs a revelation from God and by this we mean a written revelation such as we have in the Bible which is the word of God. We need to keep in mind however, the distinction between Revelation and Inspiration. Inspiration is the supernatural influence on a person who is to be the organ or representation of the Divine mind. This is accomplished by the Holy Spirit and secures infallibility in teaching.

Revelation, however, communicates knowledge or new truth that is inaccessible to the ordinary mind.

The effect of Inspiration is that it preserves from error in teaching; but Revelation so far as its effects are concerned, renders the recipient wiser. Both of them may be enjoyed by the same person, at the same time, as was the case with the Psalmist, the prophets and apostles. Sometimes revelation was made at one time and afterwards committed to writing. Paul received the knowledge of the gospel by revelation from Jesus Christ and he communicated it from time to time in his discourses and epistles. Sometimes these gifts were separated.

A man might be inspired yet have no revelation, as was the case with the authors of the historical books of the Old Testament. Moses may have received his knowledge of the events recorded in Genesis from early documents or tradition or by direct revelation but he was inspired and what he has given us bears the stamp of "Divine Inspiration." Inspiration is more in the nature of superintendence. It so guides the writer that what he writes is an absolutely correct record. It is infallible.

Revelation is more of the nature of "Instruction and Information." Revelation is called a mystery, that is a truth or fact revealed without an explanation of it (E. 9) the Trinity. Under this head you may class the resurrection of the body, I Cor. 15:35, of the order of Events in the creation of the world and the conversion of the Jews after that of the Gentiles, Rom. 11:25. That the second coming of Christ to judgment will not be until after a great apostasy in Christendom, 2 Thess. 2:3, is a fact of revelation without an explanation. The vicarious atonement of Christ is a revelation. The doctrine of personal atonement, that is, that the transgressor must suffer is a truth of natualr religion, but that one will suffer for him, is a fact of revelation.

The soul that sinneth must die, is natural religion, Ezek. 18:4, but that Christ was made a curse for us, that He is our propitiation is a matter of revelation. Natural religion never discovered the truth of forgiveness of sins. It required a direct revelation from God, a written revelation which we have in His word to give us such a wonderful truth as this.

We see the necessity for this in the fact—first—That man feels the need of it because he is conscious that he is a sinner. There are questions concerning the origin, nature and destiny of man that he can never answer.

Questions too concerning sin and how it can be pardoned and overcome that we cannot answer, yet they must be answered. If they are unsolved man cannot be happy or good. He turns to the written revelation of God and there he finds the solution. Reason can't decide the fate of the soul after death. Can man, who is unable to make himself holy here secure his well being after death?

Every man, however great he is, knows that death is the entrance to the unknown, unless he has a supernatural revelation. It is a plunge into darkness without this revelation. We need an authorative answer to the question, "What must I do to be saved?" Man knows there is such a thing as sin. He knows there is misery as the result of sin. Hence, every man is convinced in his heart of the necessity of a Divine revelation. Suppose the philosophers could solve the question to their own satisfaction what would become of the mass of mankind?

Nature is a page that only the learned can decipher. Shall they be left to the darkness of despair?

Again the experience of the ages has has established the tact that the world by wisdom knows not God. Heathen nations, civilized and savage have failed by the light of nature to solve any of the great problems of humanity. This is the testimony of history which is confirmed by scripture.

Here is another wonderful fact that confirms the theory of the need of a revelation. Where the light of revelation is enjoyed, but rejected, men are led not only to contradictions, but to the adoption of false principles, in most cases, destruction to domestic virtue, social order, and individual worth and happiness. Reason, unassisted, has led the great body of those who follow its guidance into what has been called "The Hell of Panthism."

Revelation is the communication of truth to the mind. You can't communicate truth if there is no capacity to receive it. It can't be made to brutes or idiots. Truth to be received as the object of faith must be intelligently apprehended. If you attach no meaning to a proposition it cannot be an object of faith. If you say the soul is immortal, or God is a spirit, unless you know the meaning of the words nothing is communicated to the mind, and so the mind cannot affirm any thing on the subject. Knowledge is essential to faith.

In believing we affirm the truth of that which is believed. We can't affirm any thing of that of which we know nothing.

So the first and essential office of reason in matters of faith is intelligent apprehension of the truths propounded for our reception. Reason and science are no longer adequate guides to the things of God because man by sin fell into a state of darkness and confusion, Rom. 1:21-23.

The worldy wisdom knew not God. God then is revealed in Christ—in His wisdom, power, love and mercy, to the heart and conscience. The wayfaring man may read Christ. Suppose a traveler lands upon some unknown coast at twilight of morning mists veil the landscape and obscure the sky. Things nearby have unreal shapes, distant ones are still more shrouded in vagueness and uncertainty. He walks up the beach, looks around, thinks a town is nearby. That which he takes for a spire may be but a tree; what he thought was a church may be a hillock. As he goes on hoping, seeking, believeing, the sun burst forth, mists are cleared, uncertainty roll back her thick clouds of obscurity, and all the landscape brightens beneath his view in the full blaze of day.

Thus it is with the man who fondely seeks in nature's twilight to find out God, or understand Him to perfection. When the light of revelation dawns upon him, there is certanty and assurance.

The Bible gives us real knowledge. It teaches us what God realey is; what sin is; what law; what Christ is, and what the plan of salvation through Him is. It shows us what is to be the state of the soul after death. These are questions we want answered, and we can only have them correctly answered in the revelation God has given us in his word—our Bible.

JOHANNES.

Sunshine for the Sick

Put a telephone by the bed or chair of the convalescent. A friendly voice over the telephone from the outside world awakens the interest of the recovering patient and acts as a tonic. It brightens his whole day.

The telephone is a boon to the invalid or shut-in. Ask our local manager for more information about it.

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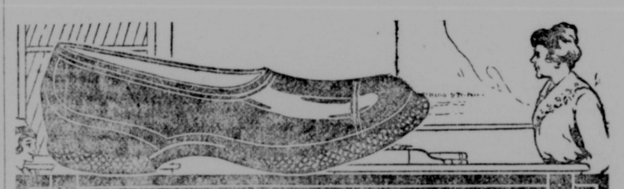

A SERVICEABLE rubber for men, women, boys and girls. A favorite with business women, teachers, school children and men who walk a lot.

True economy rubbers, trim-fitting and durable.

Hub-Mark Rubber Footwear is made in a wide variety of kinds and styles to cover the stormy weather needs of men, women, boys and girls in town or country.

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FREE TRANSPORTATION

Leading Cumberland merchants desiring to show their appreciation of out-of-town trade have joined together in a Big Co-operative Money Saving League to make this the most unusual sale event ever attended.

YOU DO NOT HAVE TO TAKE ANY PARTICULAR TRAIN.

Take any train, electric car, or automobile during the week. If you make your purchases from the merchants supporting this event your regular car fare will be rebated in cash.

WRITE FOR REBATE SHOPPING CARD

And full particulars how to use them. Also list of stores and special offers in merchandise.

Address Co-operative Money Saving League.
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Built for the Business Farmer

The Dort was built for the business farmer. For 29 years Dort had been building farm vehicles. He knew what the farmer wanted for vehicles and what he *needed* in an automobile.

If an automobile is going to be a business asset to the farmer he must be able to use it every day in the year; when the roads are deep with snow; when the temperature is far below zero; and again in the spring when the frost is coming out of the ground and the mud is so deep and thick that the average car will sink to the hubs and be hopelessly mired.

The Dort is built for these conditions. It is a real farmer's automobile. The price, $665, puts it within the reach of every business farmer. Its light weight insures low cost of operation.

From every standpoint of mechanical excellence and appearance the Dort merits a careful investigation of the Business Farmer.

See the Dort at our show rooms.

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ELECTRIC STARTING AND LIGHTING

J. A. WHITE, Agent,
OAKLAND, MD.

The Republican---The Leading Paper.

THE REPUBLICAN

BENJ. H. SINCELL, EDITOR.

Entered at the Postoffice in Oakland Md., as Second-class matter.

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THE REPUBLICAN,
Oakland, Md.

THURSDAY, MARCH 30, 1916

EDISON is not alone in the belief that in time the Japanese will cause the United Siates a lot of trouble.

"GERMAN destroyers defeated by British, "British destroyers defeated by Germans," depending on the date line.

WILL the censor please let us know what song has been accepted as official by the soldiers who are now chasing Villa?

HOLDING a portofolio in a foreign cabinet requires a tremendous grip, for keeping a king pleased is no small boy's task.

WINTER is once more "lingering in the lap of spring." How often has that figure of speech served to fill a newspaper line?

THERE is grave danger that our troops will camp on some Mexican metropolis, contrary to orders, and never realize it until too late.

WILL the astronomers tell us whether those patches of green have yet appeared on Mars, indicating that spring has come in that planet?

MEXICANS are getting cartridges from smugglers on this side of the border, reports from the Southwest say. Patriotism is a minus quantity in the smuggler's make-up.

IT would gratify the world if a lot of this peace talk resolved itself into a little action, enough to encourage us in the belief that the belligerents would listen to reason.

PRETTY soon it will be fresh shad time, not the North Carolina shad, but the good, bony, sweet distinctive Potomac and Susquehanna shad. Properly prepared there is nothing more toothsome.

DURING the downpour of hail in Oakland last Wednesday afternoon while residents of Uniontown, Pa., driven from their homes by a flood were shivering in the extreme cold a lighted ball of yarn set the dry lawn grass afire in Nashville, Tennessee, and a large part of the city was burned down. Truly we have a variety in climate as well as in calamities in this little country that Villa is defying and Carranza is exacting promises from.

ITS PLAINT.

The Baltimore Sun, always in the forefront during a State campaign championing the election of a Democratic Legislature, promising the people reforms and better government if they will retain the dear old dilapidated party in power for another term, and just as regularly at or near the close of a legislative session, the same old Sunpaper comes out and points to the fact that the party pledges had not been kept and that the legislature had broken faith with the people. This plaint by the Sun has been going on for about a quarter of a century. It knows when it howls for the election of a Democratic legislature that the promises in the party's platform are made to catch the votes of the people and that they are made solely for that purpose, but that does not make much difference with the Sun or its policy during a campaign, and now at the close of the 1916 session of the Legislature it is out with its usual stereotyped criticism of the law makers and their shortcomings insofar as keeping the party's platform promises are concerned. Hear the dear old Sun paper:

"Unless the Legislature gets a hustle on itself, which is another way of saying that unless Governor Harrington steps to the bat and makes it hustle, there is a strong probability of the day of adjournment being reached with but few of the Democratic platform pledges redeemed. The session comes to an end two weeks from Monday night. So far the budget bill is the only important platform-promised measure that has passed both Houses and it is not yet safely out of the way.

Bills to redeem most of the other platform pledges have been introduced, but they are moving about as slow as an ox cart on a July day. No one seems to be prodding them and anyone who knows anything about the way legislation progresses knows that, like oxen, it takes a lot of prodding to keep it moving at all. Not only are the big bills dragging, but the failure, up to this time, to dispose of the bill abolishing continuing appropriations has necessitated the holding back of the omnibus appropriations bills which should have been introduced a week ago last Thursday.

HENRY GASSAWAY DAVIS AND HISTORY.

It makes this country seem very young when it is known that Henry Gassaway Davis, just dead, was born in the year that the Monroe Doctrine was announced, and that he was a friend and political ally of Henry Clay. The Monroe Doctrine has been a rather one-sided affair for three generations, but the time seems to be coming when we shall have to maintain it by showing a proper force behind it. That a man should have just died who voted for Henry Clay perhaps shows less the youth of the country than its extraordinary development.

Senator Davis began life under the most favorable auspices for developing good, strong character. At fourteen he was left the head of a family on a hard-scrabble farm. Nothing could have been more advantageous to a man determined to succeed. Most boys under such circumstances fail to accomplish anything because they have no desire to do so, but young Davis hitched his wagon to a star. As brakeman, country storekeeper, mine operator and capitalist he was from the beginning to the end of his career a kindly man. He believed in the gospel of hard work and there are many prosperous men who owe their success in life to his aid. He hated laziness and incompetence, but he was generous to those who actually needed help.

In his memoirs written thirty years ago Blaine speaks of Davis as in many respects the best equipped and the most admirable Senator of his time. He was shrewd, far-seeing, honorable and patriotic. He had no petty faults. Politics was not to him a game, but a duty which he owed his country. When he voluntarily retired there was as much regret on the Republican as on the Democratic side, and no one supposed that he would have a full generation of life ahead of him or that, when well past eighty, he would make a failing canvass for the Vice Presidency. Twelve years ago Davis was looked up to as too old for politics and yet he has survived many men who were at that time vigorous campaigners and ambitious of honors.

It was a typically American life which he led and career which he achieved. He would have made his mark under any circumstances, but he was always proud of his early struggles. No man had less pride or less esteem for rank and the furbelows of aristocracy. Yet a few years ago when his granddaughter was considering marriage with an Italian Prince, he offered her a fortune if that would add to her happiness. Senator Davis was a plain, blunt man, who was the soul of honor and who was as much the friend of his humblest employe as of the great captain of industry among whom he was numbered. Probably no man of such prominence ever went to his grave with such unanimous praise from those who knew him best.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

SHORT RUN

We are having some rainy weather at this writing.

Making sugar is the order of the day.

We are glad to report our sick all improving.

Mrs. C. W. Harvey, of Hendricks, W. Va., spent Sunday visiting his mother at this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Wilson spent Saturday of last week in Piedmont.

Miss Orpah McKenzie was visiting Miss Ruth Wilson over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Moon, of Eagle Rock, and Mrs. Fred Schenk, of Kitzmiller, were visiting at J. H. Wilson's Saturday.

Mr. O. V. Fortney, of Bloomington, spent Sunday visiting his wife here.

Miss Bell Harvey and Messrs. Rob't Harvey and J. C. Myers spent Sunday at Dan'l Wilson's.

Mr. Cyrus Harvey was a business caller at Mr. J. L. Harvey's at Bethlehem, Tuesday.

Mr. Danial Wilson lost a valuable horse, Sunday night. HARVESTER.

Dr. Henry W. McComas, who recently purchased the Albert Moon farm of a hundred and thirty-seven acres, which is located near Hutton and on the waters of Herrington Creek, has begun to improve the property by having erecting upon it a hollow tile silo. Other improvements will follow as it is the owner's intention to engage in the stock raising business as well as to carry on agriculture.

Mr. James Kerins, of near Mountain Lake Park, where he owns a productive farm and is a most industrious and painstaking agriculturalist, has returned to his home from Pittsburgh, Pa., where he was employed during the winter in one of the steel works of that city, and will look after his spring farm work before returning to Pittsburgh where he is receiving splendid wages as an iron worker.

FORRENT—Three unfurnished rooms J. G. Mealy, Oakland. Adv.

GIVING ARBOR DAY A PRACTICAL TURN.

Systematic Planting as a Substitute for Haphazard Work, Carelessly Done.

The annual proclamation of the Governor reminds us that Arbor Day falls on Friday, the 7th of April. It calls on people irrespective of age or sex to aid the efforts which the State itself is making to set Maryland well up among the other states for its attractive homes, fine trees and valuable forests.

Arbor Day, very unfortunately, is but one day in a year, and people have often remarked that if the enthusiasm and effort expended on that day toward the planting of trees and the conservation of forests might be distributed over the year as a whole, much good might be accomplished in a practical direction. Since obviously this is not, or cannot, be so, it remains to ascertain what steps may be taken to the end that the resultant benefits of one day's work may themselves be divided among this and many years, not failing in their effects through the cessation of enthusiasm and care too often prone to succeed the tree-planting of institutions and individuals on Arbor Day.

Since its formation in 1906, the State Board of Forestry of Maryland has been bending a good share of its energies toward inducing owners of waste land to reclaim them through a more profitable use. The State of Maryland is normally a fertile one, yet 11 per cent of its total land area, 674,955 acres, are classified as waste lands at the present time. This is unfortunate, but none the less a fact, and lands once good enough to grow good crops of timber, later showing profitable returns when used for agriculture, have so far deteriorated through the direct effects of forest removal, erosion, and poor use as hardly to be fit now for anything, certainly not for farms. Only one crop is still available; that is of trees. For two years land owners of the State have had the opportunity of buying standard, well-grown forest planting stock at cost. Many of them have, and a year ago about 80,000 trees were so disposed of. Pennsylvania grew and planted several million and though they are larger than we, the disproportion in size is infinitely less than that in planting. Other sections should not be more progressive than this, probably are not really, but something is needed to convert this subject of tree-planting from an admitted need to an accomplished fact.

Arbor Day affords an opportunity, and forest planting stock is still obtainable through the Board of Forestry at Baltimore. Such standard varieties as White Pine, Norway Spruce, Red Oak, Black and Honey Locust, White Ash and American Elm are for sale as little trees to persons, schools, and organizations at a low per-thousand charge, averaging rather less than one cent each. Large quantities and single trees are sold, and the forest plantation is one which thrives under a minimum of cultivation and care. Full directions for proper planting accompany each order filled, and when desired expert assistance from the Office of the State Forester, Johns Hopkins University, is also supplied to formulate plans or execute the work.

The planting season will commence on or before Arbor Day. Organizations or individuals who wish to give a practical trend to that day's work, combining attractiveness and utility, sentiment and business, cannot do better than by carrying it out in a systematic way that will later reflect their good judgment and prove an excellent investment. They should order trees at once.

FOR SALE—Twenty-five acres improved farm land located on the Oakland-Gortner State Road, two miles South of Oakland. Easy terms. Call on or write Harry Helbig, Oakland, Md. Advertisement 51 tf

THE DEATH RECORD.

PATRICK BRODERICK.

Mr. Patrick Broderick, who owned and operated a farm located about one-half mile from Avilton, in this county, died very suddenly at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Bernard Wilhelm, in South Connellsville, Pa., on March 21st, after an illness of a few days, caused by an attack of erysipelas which later affected his brain and caused his death. His remains were taken to his late home from Connellsville on the 22nd inst. and buried in the churchyard at Avilton, the deceased being a faithful member of St. Ann's church located at that point. Mr. Broderick was born at Pottsville, Pa., in 1853, and came from thence to the George's Creek coal region when quite a small boy where he resided and worked in the mines until 1899 where he purchased the farm above referred to. His second wife died six years ago. He is survived by three sons and four daughters and two sisters, the latter being Mrs. Frank Shaub, of Frostburg, and Mrs. Reynolds, of Lonaconing. As a father Mr. Broderick was devoted to his children; as a neighbor he was good, kind and obliging, and as a citizen he will be greatly missed in his community. He was truly a prince among the sick and wherever help and sympathy was needed he was always present.

A FRIEND.

ADAM FOX.

Adam Fox, a lifelong resident of Garrett county, died at the Home Sanatorium in Oakland yesterday morning at 2 o'clock after an illness of a few days of kidney disease. The deceased entered the hospital about a week ago for treatment, but the disease which caused his death had made such inroads that it had become incurable and his death as above stated occurred. Mr. Fox was aged seventy years and was never married. Until a few years ago he lived at Accident, where he carried on the blacksmithing business, when he removed to a farm he had purchased located near Swanton. Recently he disposed of this and has been for some months past making his home with the Sharpless family near Swanton. He was a step brother of Assemblyman Fred Fox, of Friendsville, who is the only near relative surviving him. His body was removed from the hospital to the Bolden morgue and prepared for burial, the arrangements for which have not as yet been completed, but it is probable that the funeral will occur at Accident where his father, mother and brothers are buried.

Miss Ellen Connell

Takes pleasure in announcing her Spring Opening Thursday, Friday and Saturday, April 6th 7th and 8th, showing the very latest designs in

SPRING PATTERN HATS

Oakland, Maryland.

MILLINERY OPENING

¶ YOU ARE CORDIALLY INVITED TO ATTEND OUR SPRING OPENING ON THURSDAY AND FRIDAY, MARCH THIRTIETH AND THIRTY-FIRST, AND SATURDAY, APRIL FIRST, NINETEEN HUNDRED AND SIXTEEN.

¶ WE WILL SHOW A NOTABLE DISPLAY OF FINE, NEW AND ATTRACTIVE PATTERNS, AND A LARGE LINE OF STYLISH MILLINERY AT VERY REASONABLE PRICES.

¶ MISS MUNRO, FORMERLY WITH REED BROTHERS, IS WITH US THIS SEASON.
WE WILL BE PLEASED TO SEE YOU.

MRS. M. G. MARTIN
OAK AND FOURTH STREETS
OAKLAND, MD.

GOSSARD CORSETS

Phillips Lee Goldsborough

REQUESTS THE SUPPORT OF

ALL REPUBLICANS

AS THEIR CANDIDATE FOR

UNITED STATES SENATOR

At the primaries to be held Monday, May 1, 1916.

Mr. Goldsborough is the candidate who is best qualified by ability and experience and by the fact that he is known to be the man who will represent all the people of his state and will effectively support their every interest. He is the man to whom all will be proud to point as Maryland's representative in the highest Legislative body in the world.

See what the four corners and the middle of the state say about him.

WESTERN MARYLAND.

Col. W. Bladen Lowndes, son of former Governor Lowndes.

"What I am most concerned about is that we shall name for Senator, a man in whom the people have confidence. He must be a known quantity and a known quality. He must be known by the real test of public life. He must be conspicuous for his ability as a statesman and needs be of recognized personal power as a thinker and speaker. Such a man is Phillips Lee Goldsborough and I am not convinced that there is now available any other man in the state whom we can elect."

Benjamin Armstrong Richmond, Cumberland.

"I believe that the results in the general election depend upon the wisdom of the Republicans in nominating Phillips Lee Goldsborough for Senator. I do not think there is another man in the state who can be elected to that office on the Republican ticket and I do not think there is a Democrat in the state who can defeat him."

SOUTHERN MARYLAND.

Senator John E. Mudd, of Charles county.

"Phillips Lee Goldsborough is the ablest man within the Republican ranks in Maryland. The record he achieved as chief executive of the state is one of which Republicans can feel justly proud. I feel confident he will receive the support of the Independents. He is the man of the hour in the coming Senatorial primary."

Thomas Parran, of Calvert county.

"The public record of Phillips Lee Goldsborough is the best asset of our party and one that appeals to all classes of voters. It will elect him the next United States Senator. I cannot believe that the voters of Maryland will repudiate at the coming primary, the splendid administration that has just been given us by Governor Goldsborough."

NORTHERN MARYLAND.

Senator Richard S. Snader, of Carroll county.

"Mr. Goldsborough is an individual possessed of executive ability high above the average of public men in governmental affairs. As governor he demonstrated he exercises his abilities with an eye solely to the building up of the state. I feel sure we can put Carroll county in the Goldsborough column in the primary."

Clarence Oldfield, of Howard county.

"After careful thought and frequent interviews with Republicans in Howard county, I arrived at the positive conclusion that Phillips Lee Goldsborough is the best qualified candidate for the Republican nomination for United States Senator."

EASTERN SHORE.

Senator Henry M. McCullough, of Cecil county.

"No Marylander has a record of accomplishments that can surpass that of Phillips Lee Goldsborough, who, unaided by fortune, has won success in his political career, entirely through his well directed efforts to serve the people of his state and country."

Wilbur F. Turner, of Wicomico county.

"Mr. Goldsborough is the strongest man in the Republican ranks. His administration demonstrated he knows the wants of the people and is able to secure for them what they need. This applies particularly to the counties and I am for him."

BALTIMORE CITY.

Col. Edward C. Carrington.

"Former Governor Goldsborough has been twice elected by the people of Maryland to high office in a state-wide vote. As between Mr. Goldsborough and his opponent, I would feel that I was guilty of bad citizenship if I did not vote for Mr. Goldsborough."

Dr. Howard A. Kelly, noted surgeon and sturdy Democrat.

"Mr. Goldsborough was the model governor of Maryland and we have never had a better one. His appointments in Baltimore City,—Magistrates, Police Commissioners and members of the Liquor License Board, gave us, without exception, the best officials we ever had in these positions."

John B. Ramsay, vice-pres., Merchants-Mechanis Nat'l Bank.

"Upon the success of Mr. Goldsborough in the Primary, depends the success of the Republican party in the general election."

(Published By authority of C. Wilbur Miller, Treasurer.)

FOUNDED 1888

THE GARRETT NATIONAL BANK

FOUNDED 1888

OF OAKLAND, MARYLAND

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, - - $115,000.00

THE highly developed facilities of this Bank resulting from 28 years of careful and conservative management, together with prompt, efficient and courteous service, are offered as the basis for a satisfactory business connection.

OFFICERS

G. S. HAMILL, President. D. E. OFFUTT, Jr., Vice President.
G. A. FRALEY, Cashier. H. L. JONES, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS

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Interest paid on Time Deposits. Safety Deposit Boxes for Rent.

ESTABLISHED 1884. BOTH PHONES

We know that every Farmer wants to get the very best machinery on the market at the lowest possible price. Our experience of the past 32 years has enabled us to select the best impliments that can be bought, and buying them in carload lots we are in a position to make you the lowest possible price.

Grain Drill season is here, see us we can save you money.

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.

Oakland, Md.

"Naylor has it and sells it for less."

RIGHT PRICES PROMPT SERVICE

Get Hamill's prices on wall paper before placing your order. Adv. 4-3t

Miss Florence Browning spent Sunday at her home near Corinth, W. Va.

Mr. F. H. Sharpless, of near Swanton, spent Tuesday in Oakland on business.

Mrs. R. E. Sliger went to Baltimore Tuesday afternoon to remain in that city until Saturday.

Miss Ruth Michael, of near town, was the guest over Sunday of Miss Grace Bowman, of Terra Alta.

HOUSE FOR RENT—Apply to Renninger & Offutt, Attorneys, Oakland. Adv. 5-4t*

Mrs. Harvey J. Speicher went to Annapolis Tuesday afternoon where she will remain until the end of the Legislative session.

FOR SALE—A five passenger light touring car; reasonable terms. Apply at this office. Adv. 4-4t

The Knights of Pythias banquet hall and lodge room is offered for rent for festivals, fairs, etc. Apply to Ernest Shirer, Secretary, Oakland, Md.

Miss Genevieve Elliott and Miss Harriet Lippman, of Terra Alta, spent last Friday afternoon in Oakland, the former coming here for medical treatment.

Messrs. Harry and George Loar returned to Oakland Monday evening from an extended visit to points in Florida, both having improved in health by reason of their visit south.

Miss Fannabelle Offutt, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Offutt, of Oakland, celebrated her ninth anniversary Saturday afternoon by entertaining a number of her little friends.

Hamill has a carload of wall paper to dispose of at before-the-war prices. Fast colors and lowest prices. Adv 4-3t.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Wilson Humbird, of Cumberland, spent several days recently in Oakland with their daughter, Mrs. W. R. Offutt. The trip to and from Oakland was made by automobile.

Mr. Lawson L. Loar, of Grafton, spent Tuesday in Oakland arranging to open his summer home, located adjacent to town, and will occupy it with his family as soon as the weather becomes warmer.

The Ladies' Aid Society, of Friendsville, will conduct at the M. E. Parsonage, Saturday evening, April 8, at 7:30, a measuring contest after which refreshments will be served. By order of the society. C. W. STEPHAN, Pastor. 5-2t

Mr. W. L. Thomas and Dr. B. Frank Selby went to Cumberland Monday afternoon on train No. 16, returned to Oakland the same night in a Buick car which Mr. Thomas had previously purchased through Dr. Selby, the local agent.

WANTED—Farmer with team to move on farm 4 miles from Oakland; hauling sufficient to keep team busy. J. B. CHEUVRONT, Oakland, Md. Adv. 2-3t*

Messrs. Henry M. Speicher and F. C. Diehl, both of Accident, left Oakland Tuesday afternoon for the east, Mr. Speicher going to Annapolis, and Mr. Diehl to Baltimore, where he will consult an ear specialist in the hope of having his hearing restored, it having failed materially during the past few months.

A number of basket ball fans went to Lonaconing Monday afternoon to witness the close of a series of basket ball games between the Lonaconing Champs and the Keyser team. Among those who were on the trip to Coney were Messrs. Abe Lawton, Arthur Naylor, Robert Sliger and Dr. W. Ravenscroft.

Mr. and Mrs. John T. Sincell, of Keyser, W. Va., spent Sunday in Oakland with relatives.

Mr. Albert Moon, manager of the Terra Alta Lime Company, spent Saturday in Oakland on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Hammond, who spent a week with relatives at Meyersdale, Pa., have returned to their home in Oakland.

Mrs. C. Edward Bender, who spent two weeks at her former home in Williamsburg, Pa., returned to Oakland last Wednesday afternoon.

EGGS FOR HATCHING—From single comb Black Minorcas, $1.50 per 15; fine stock. Townshend Naylor, Oakland, Md. Adv. 4-3t*

Mr. John Kloepfel, a resident of Oakland more than forty years ago, but now living on a farm near Grafton spent Thursday last here on business.

Mr. Wellington Crane, after spending a week in Oakland with relatives, went to New York last Wednesday, from which city he returned here on Saturday.

Mr. R. E. Sliger, of the County School Board, spent last Friday in Annapolis in the interest of proposed school legislation, returning home Saturday morning.

Mrs. Leah F. Sincell, who has been spending the past several months in Keyser and Cumberland, came to Oakland Friday afternoon to remain a short time with her sons.

Mr. E. W. Kelso, who recently sold his farm located on Backbone Mountain to Mr. Abarham Moon, will move to Mountain Lake Park about April 1st and reside there permanently.

Carey's Ceilboard is better than plaster for old walls or for new ones. Full line will be found at Hamill's. Adv. 4-3t

Mrs. Parley DeBerry, matron of the School for the Deaf and Blind at Romney, W. Va., of which her husband is the superintendent, is spending a short time in Oakland visiting her mother, Mrs. Margaret Connell.

Mrs. Henry McComas, who spent two or three weeks in Baltimore where she received treatment for deafness by a specialist, returned home Sunday morning, her hearing being somewhat improved.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph E. Harned went to Baltimore on Thursday night and returned home Tuesday after having spent the interim in visiting friends in the Monumental City and hearing the great Billy Sunday a number of times.

Mr. Fred. A. Thayer went to Baltimore Saturday night and will visit his son, Mr. Ralph Thayer, who is engaged as assistant engineer in road and bridge work by the State Roads Commission, for the balance of the present week.

The Pythian Improvemnet Company offers the Maryland Theatre for rent. Apply to Ernest Shirer, Secretary, Oakland, Md. Adv.

With gasoline selling now at 30 cents per gallon and indications that it will reach the fifty cent mark before the automobile season really opens, one may not expect to see the great number of tourists that usually travel to and fro over the country.

The Board of County Commissioners, after being in session nearly all of last week, adjourned Friday afternoon, when Commissioners Smith and Warnick returned to their respective homes. The Board will meet again early in April to make the levy for the fiscal year beginning May 1st.

Mrs. R. E. Sliger has returned home after a visit of a week in Lonaconing.

Abe Martin says: "Mrs. Lafe Bud has sued for separate peace."

Another joke has been perpetrated: Winter lingers in the lap of spring.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply to Mrs. Stuart F. Hamill, Oakland.

Work has been begun on a play to be given later for the benefit of the Library Association.

Mr. Carleton McComas went to Baltimore last night where he expects to remain indefinitely.

Misses Anna Mason and Ethel Stewart have gone to Akron, Ohio, where they have secured positions.

Dr. and Mrs. R. A. Ravenscroft, of Accident, spent the past week in New York visiting their daughter, Mrs. H. E. Hyde.

Mr. Paul Workman, of Fairmont, son of Rev. and Mrs. J. B. Workman, is here on a short visit to his sister, Mrs. Grover Stemple.

Mr. Louis Bush will improve his property this summer by remodeling one of the dwellings located upon it into a bungalow.

Miss Ellen Connell, who was absent from Oakland several days last week buying her spring and summer stock of millinery, has returned and new goods are being received daily.

Mr. Albert G. Ross was confined to his home several days last week with an attack of rheumatism, which affected his chest and arms. He was quite ill a portion of the time.

Rev. Dr. C. H. King, pastor of the Terra Alta M. E. church, spent Tuesday evening in Oakland as the guest of Oakland Lodge of Masons, returning to Terra Alta on train No. 1 the same evening.

Don't fail to hear Dr. McComas' lecture at St. Paul's M. E. church next Monday evening at 7:30 o'clock. The Doctor's subject is "The Human Body and how to Care For It." To be illustrated.

Merchant Charles S. Davis returned home Mohday night from a trip of ten days through Southern West Virginia and Northern Virginia, where he succeeded in introducing the famous Davis Steel Ranges in a number of points visited by him.

Mr. Hiram M. Taylor, of Wheeling, W. Va., who occupied the Harry Helbig property adjoining Oakland last summer, was in the city Monday and rented for the coming summer the beautiful home of Mr. John Ault and will occupy it after May 1st.

Mr. D. L. Conneway, who has been at Akron, Ohio, for several months, returned home on last Wodnesday to visit his family for a week or two, expecting to return to Akron in a few days. Shortly after Mr. Conneway went to the Ohio city he was unfortunate in being caught in a machine, and as a result he lost a portion of the index finger of his left hand. He has recovered from the injury sustained.

The second of a series of lectures scheduled under the auspices of the Epworth League of St. Paul's M. E. church, was delivered on Monday night by Mr. Joseph E. Harned, his subject being "Manifestations of God in Nature." A large number of beautifully colored slides, true to nature, were used to illustrate the lecture, which proved highly entertaining and instructive to the large audience present, notwithstanding the weather conditions prevailing at the hour set for the talk.

Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Kendall arrived at Roseburg, Ore., on the morning of March 10, where they will remain for several weeks while Mr. Kendall is attending to business connected with the large railroad and lumber project that the Kendall Lumber Co., of Oregon, has under way at that place, and in aid of which the city of Roseburg has voted a bond issue of $300,000 and donated a free mill-site and right of way for 34 miles of standard gauge railroad.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Mr. John H. Yost, born near Accident, Garrett county in 1867, a brother of School Commissioner Peter H. Yost, also of Garrett county, has been nominated by the Republicans of Roanoke, Va., as the candidate of that party for Mayor of the thrifty city of which Mr. Yost has been one of the leading business men for some years past. Roanoke is one of the live cities of the Old Dominion, and as Mayor Mr. Yost will keep it as such.

The Thimble Club, an organization of the ladies of the M. E. church, was entertained last Friday afternoon by Mrs. George A. Porter at her home on Alder street. At six o'clock a dinner was served the guests who were Mrs. D. M. Dixon, Mrs. H. A. Rasche, Mrs. Gordon Mealy, Mrs. F. E. Rathbun, Mrs. George W. Legge, Miss Bess Hinebaugh, Mrs. C. Edward Bender, Miss Flo White and Mrs. Paul B. Naylor. The decorations were yellow and green.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Jamesson, of Piedmont, W. Va., spent Saturday night and Sunday in Oakland where they were guests of Mr. and Mrs. James A. Delawder. Mr. W. T. Jamesson, Mrs. Delawder's father, who spent the winter here, observed his eighty-sixth birthday on Friday last and was in splendid health considering the fact that he has just recovered from an attack of the grip.

A horse belonging to Mr. Jos. Friend of Deer Park, and being driven down Oak street last Friday afternoon, became frightened and ran away, demolishing the running gear of the buggy to which it was attached but doing no other damage, although the plate glass window in the store of Mr. Thomas Little, at the corner of Third and Oak streets were in danger of being smashed when the animal made the turn from the latter named street into Third and ran down into the blacksmith shop of L. J. Brown, where it was stopped.

Mr. J. A. Burchinal, an architect of Fairmont, was in Oakland Tuesday for the purpose of locating sites for three summer cottages to be erected by Governor Fleming on his property lying midway between Oakland and Mountain Lake Park, one of the proposed buildings to occupy the same plot of ground upon which the summer home of the Governor stood until it burned several years ago, whilst the other two will be erected across the roadway facing the south. The contemplated buildings will be substantially built and will be modern in every particular and will make a splendid improvement along the roadway in addition to swelling the summer list of visitors very materially when they are occupied, presumably by members of the Governor's family.

HART'S

SPRING GOODS

OUR Spring Goods are now in—Wool Cloths as well as Wash Fabrics; also Laces, Embroideries and other Dress Trimmings.

These goods were bought last fall when it was possible to buy at right prices. If we were compelled to go into the market to buy these goods today we would on most things be forced to pay more than our present retail price. Thi applies to almost everything in the dry goods and notion lines.

We never believe in misrepresenting facts in advertising as well as in other things. Our advice is to anticipate your wants for spring before present stocks are exhausted you will save money. Old prices still prevail at

ALDER ST. HART'S OAKLAND.

THE ROSS SILO

Means large profits and less work. Quality is the Ross motto. Compare it with others and you will buy the Ross. Ask the men that use them.

For Further information, see

E. H. SMOUSE, Agt.

Deer Park, Md.

The Lutheran Church

SECOND STREET, OAKLAND

Sunday School, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

B. H. SINCELL, Superintendent.

Men's Brotherhood Class, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

REV. BREMER, Teacher.

We cordially invite all men not already enrolled in some school to study the Bible with this class.

Morning Worship, 10.45 o'Clock.

The sincere christian will be found in God's House at the regular appointed hours of worship and the only kind of excuse worth while is the kind that Almighty God will accept.

Luther League, 6.30 o'Clock P. M.

Topic—"Pontius Pilate's Last Resort."
Leader—WINONA WHORTON.

Evening Worship, 7.30 o'Clock.

During the Lenten Season there will be a special service every Wednesday night at 7:30 o'clock. The public is invited.

DEER PARK

Services will be held in the Deer Park Lutheran church Sunday afternoon at 2,30 p. m.

—The above was prepared by the pastor and the advertisement is authorized and paid for by one interested in church work.

PRESIDENT WARNS RUMOR MONGERS

Cavalry Pursue Villa 250 Miles Below Border

PERSHING PROTECTING LINES

Repeats Charges Previously Made by Administration Officials Certain Elements Are Contriving to Force Intervention by False Reports.

Washington.—President Wilson appealed to the country for aid in thwarting a conspiracy which he declares has been organized to plunge the United States into war with Mexico.

In a formal statement issued at the White House the President charges that a campaign of falsehood is being carried on through the newspapers of the country "for the purpose of bringing about intervention in the interest of certain American owners of Mexican property."

This purpose the President pledges himself to defeat, but he warns the people of the country that if the campaign is permitted to continue "very serious conditions may be created, unnecessary bloodshed may result and the relations between the two republics may be very much embarrassed."

President Wilson expresses the hope that the people of the United States will be on their guard against crediting any story coming from the border and he entreats the editors of newspapers that they "make it a matter of patriotism and conscience to test the source and authenticity of every report they receive from that quarter."

Pershing Wires to Funston.

San Antonio, Tex.—The fullest report Gen. Funston has received from Gen. Pershing reached southern department headquarters. Pershing announces that Villa broke through the cordon of American troops which had him partly hemmed. Three columns of American cavalry under Col. Dodd are chasing him. The bandit with his men are heading into the Madera Valley which runs south from the Namiquipa country toward Guerrera. The Americans are 250 miles below the border and as far south as Chihuahua City.

It is established that the Carranzistas are not operating with the Americans. Gen. Funston declined to give out the full text of Pershing's complete statement of the location of troops but says three columns of cavalry are following the advance columns as supports, to be called out if needed. Two companies of infantry are at El Valle to protect Pershing's advance base. The principal base is now at Casas Grandes. This means the two companies of foot soldiers have marched 200 miles south.

TROOPS DEFEAT VILLA

Outlaw Fled, Abandoning 100 of His Horses.

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Seven Villistas are reported to have been killed and a number of others wounded. It is claimed that Villa retreated in the direction of El Oso. More than 100 of his horses were captured.

Santa Gertrudis is a ranch five miles southeast of Namiquipa.

It is considered certain that the first step will be the calling of available troops, with the exception of the coast artillery, to the border.

As the remaining troops number hardly more than 5,000, it is also considered likely that the President will also issue a call for a part of the militia. The state troops will be used for patrol duty on the border to free the regulars for the more serious task of coping with the new Mexican uprising.

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Next President Will Decide Between Peace and War, He Says.

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WAITE ADMITS GIVING POISON

Says He Did It to Help Millionaire Peck Commit Suicide

"MEDICINE" PUT IN SOUP

Finding of Arsenic in Body Followed "Tip" by Telegraph—Detectives Find Accused in Stupor From Drugs He Had Taken.

Without manifest remorse, without even a casual expression of regret—just wearily, hopelessly—Dr. Arthur Warren Waite confessed to District Attorney Swann that he procured and handed to his wife's father, John E. Peck, his benefactor, to whom he owed his expensive apartment, his automobile, his idleness, the arsenic which destroyed the life of the old man.

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Retains World's Boxing Championship —Excels in Every Round.

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The report states the amount of sale to be $75.00.

ROBERT R. HENDERSON.

True copy. Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

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MARTIN DECKER

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Given under my hand this sixteenth day of March 1916.

SAMUEL L. WOLF,
Administrator,
Bayard, W. Va.

Settle the Silo Question and Settle it for Good

Do away with painting, repairing and tightening of hoops.

Know that your silo won't blow over.

Be sure of perfect silage at all times.

Build the worryless, efficient.

Natco Imperishable Silo. "The silo that lasts for generations."

Its hollow, vitrified, clay tile are impervious to air and moisture; they preserve the silage sweet and juicy.

The dead air space in the wall resists frost making it the silo for cold climates.

Its a silo of efficiency, and a silo you'll be proud of.

For further information address, The National Fire Proofing Company, Pittsburgh, Pa., or, W. C. DeBerry, Oakland, Md.

P. S. A liberal discount is given on silos ordered before Feb. 1st. Discount becomes smaller each succeeding month.

Notice—To School Communities.

This is to give notice to the school communities of Garrett County, Maryland, that the Board of County School Commissioners of the County aforesaid has suggested, in pursuance of the custom of this county, that the residents over 21 years of age of each school community of Garrett County, meet in their school building upon

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at the hour of 4 o'clock p. m., and there proceed by ballot, after proper organization, the details of which are left discretionary with each school community, to elect three residents of the school community, who are to be recommended to the Board of County School Commissioners as suitable parties for appointment as trustees of the school for the ensuing school year. All recommendations for such appointments and a copy of the minutes and records of the meeting, including the names of each person nominated as well as the number of votes that each of those nominated received at the meeting, held as herein requested, are to be in this office on or before May 1, 1916.

"The present trustees are requested to see that the school buildings are available and unlocked for the meeting as called herein, at the time specified.

By order of the Board,
F. E. RATHBUN,
Secretary.

Adv. 3-4t

For Sale.

Having rented my farm I offer the following at private sale: Two young Horses, good weight; 4 Jersey Cows, 40 Tons baled Hay, 6 tons baled Straw, some loose hay and straw, a lot of Oats, Corn and Wheat, 1 Sleigh, 1 Buggy, 1 New Sled, Plow, Harrows and Cultivators, 1 good Surrey, Harness of all descriptions. Call on or address George Shartzer, Oakland, Md. Adv. 49

SUNNYSIDE

The farmers of this vicinity are glad to see the nice weather coming as they are anxious to get at their spring work

Plowing and putting up lime kills seems to be the order of the day.

Quite a few of our young people attended the literary at Slaubaugh Friday evening. All report a fine time.

Mr. Jonas Yutzy left Monday morning on the six o'clock train for Baltimore where he will spend several weeks visiting relatives and friends.

Mr. Roy Moon made a flying trip to Oakland Saturday.

The Sunnyside baseball team has reorganized for the season and played their first game Saturday with the Underwood. Sunnyside was the winning team, but sorry to state that one of their best players, Mr. H. M. Stahl, in running to first base slipped and sprained his ankle. We hope he will be able to play with us in the next game.

Miss Laura Sanders, of Gortner was calling on her sister, Mrs. Geo. Yutzy, Saturday and Sunday.

Several of our young men were calling on the Brenninger brothers Sunday.

The Sunnyside Literary Society will have its next entertainment Saturday evening, April 1st. It has prepared a very large program. One among their best plays is "Uncle Josh." Everybody invited to attend. We will assure all that do attend a very nice time and they will consider the time well spent.

BITTINGER.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Marvin entertained the choir at the parsonage on Friday evening of last week. The evening was spent pleasantly, the guests being entertained by music and games and were treated to a lunch before the party adjourned.

Mrs. David W. Miller, of Deer Park, who spent some weeks with her parents here, returned to her home last Sunday.

Laura Fazenbaker, who is employed on the nurse force of a Clarksburg hospital, spent part of last week at her home here returning to Clarksburg on Sunday.

Chauncey R. Broadwater and Oscar Wiley, are on this week's sick list.

Mrs. T. B. Wiley and grandson, Master Vernon, visited relatives in Grantsville last Sunday.

Peter Opel has moved his saw-mill to the T. B. Wiley farm, where he has some custom sawing to do for the neighbors in that section.

Miss Huldah Stark is visiting her brother, Charles Stark, at Chaffee, W. Va.

There has been some stir among the owners of sugar camps for a few days but despite the fair warm weather, they report a slack run of sugar producing water.

NEW GERMANY

There was quite a surprise party at the home of Samuel Otto in honor of Miss Grace Kamp, it being her twentieth birthday. Quite a number of her friends gathered, those present being Mr. and Mrs. Walter Alexander, Misses Grace Warnick, Lulu Simpson, Ora Crowe, Jennie Brown, Cora Jenkins, Grace Kamp, Gretchen Otto; Messrs. Darius Broadwater, Austin Broadwater, Clarence Glotfelty, Willie Warnick, Owen Crowe, Stanley Crowe, Gorman Jenkins and George Wiland.

It was an enjoyable evening and refreshments were served at a late hour, consisting of cake, ice-cream and cocoa. She received a number of beautiful presents.

Whooping cough is quite popular in this part of the country, but glad to say that all the children are getting along nicely as well as the older ones.

Leland Swauger is ill with pneumonia, but is improving rapidly.

Grace Kamp, after a two week's visit at this place, has returned to her home at Cove.

Mrs. Alonzo Warnick, Mrs. Wesley Callis, Mrs. Hilary Warnick, Bessie Wiland and Jane Wiland are at home for a few days visiting their parents.

Grace Warnick spent Saturday with Gretchen Otto.

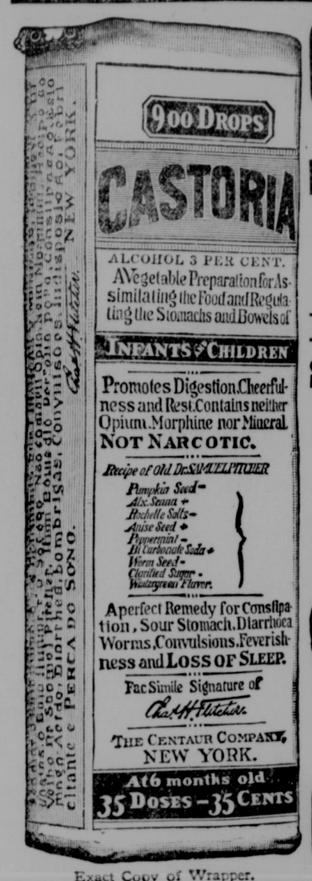
Ellsworth Beachy, of Mt. Nebo, is spending a few days at this place with his grandparents.

Samuel Wiland is quite ill at this writing.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Broadwater, March 24th, a baby girl.

Railroad Rewards Bravery.

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company has presented Cecil Powell, a brakeman, of Grafton; Harry Peasless, of Rowlesburg, each with a fine gold watch as medals or honor for meritorious work in February on Cheat river grade when a train ran down the grade from Eighty cut to the coal tipple at Morgantown and Kingwood junction. The engineer and fireman jumped off and the conductor cut off the caboose, but the brakemen staid with the train and did their duty. Besides the medals of honor the company gave the brakemen eight days off with pay.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

THE CITY'S BEST

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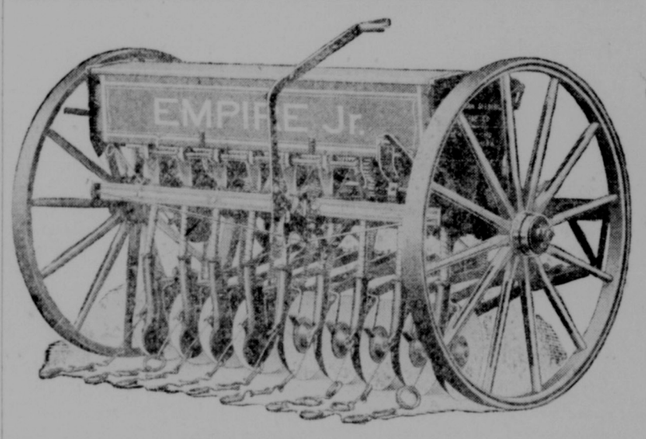
IN THE EMPIRE BUILDING.

Choice Steak, Boiling Meat, and all other kinds of meat. Highest cash price paid for Poultry and Eggs; also cash paid for Hides and Skins,

H. L. MILLER



A Drill You Will Like — An Empire, Jr.

HAVE you ever thought of increasing your crop yield by planting with an Empire, Jr. drill? It can be done.

Empire, Jr. drilled grain stands a better chance of producing a bumper crop than broadcasted seed. It takes less seed too, and will do a much better job in a wet field than a seeder. Grain put in with an Empire, Jr. drill will all come up at the same time and all ripen at once. This is an advantage that cannot be expected from seed broadcasted.

The Empire, Jr. light draft grain drills have been largely responsible for the big crop yields in the Red River Valley and other celebrated wheat districts. Without the Empire, Jr. drill those farmers would have no better crop than you. Call in some day soon and we will show you why the Empire, Jr. drill produces bigger yields.

All kinds of Plows and Harrows, Wagons and Buggies, and in fact everything that a Farmer will need at this season of the year at the right price. Agent for Armour's Fertilizer.

See me before you buy. My prices can't be beat in Western Maryland.

Yours to please,

J. W. WALTER,

DEER PARK, MD.

The Republican--Garrett Co.'s Paper.

PRESIDENT WARNS RUMOR MONGERS

Cavalry Pursue Villa 250 Miles Below Border

PERSHING PROTECTING LINES

Repeats Charges Previously Made by Administration Officials Certain Elements Are Contriving to Force Intervention by False Reports.

Washington.—President Wilson appealed to the country for aid in thwarting a conspiracy which he declares has been organized to plunge the United States into war with Mexico.

In a formal statement issued at the White House the President charges that a campaign of falsehood is being carried on through the newspapers of the country "for the purpose of bringing about intervention in the interest of certain American owners of Mexican property."

This purpose the President pledges himself to defeat, but he warns the people of the country that if the campaign is permitted to continue "very serious conditions may be created, unnecessary bloodshed may result and the relations between the two republics may be very much embarrassed."

President Wilson expresses the hope that the people of the United States will be on their guard against crediting any story coming from the border and he entreats the editors of newspapers that they "make it a matter of patriotism and conscience to test the source and authenticity of every report they receive from that quarter."

Pershing Wires to Funston.

San Antonio, Tex.—The fullest report Gen. Funston has received from Gen. Pershing reached southern department headquarters. Pershing announces that Villa broke through the cordon of American troops which had him partly hemmed. Three columns of American cavalry under Col. Dodd are chasing him. The bandit with his men are heading into the Madera Valley which runs south from the Namiquipa country toward Guerrera. The Americans are 250 miles below the border and as far south as Chihuahua City.

It is established that the Carranzistas are not operating with the Americans. Gen. Funston declined to give out the full text of Pershing's complete statement of the location of troops but says three columns of cavalry are following the advance columns as supports, to be called out if needed. Two companies of infantry are at El Valle to protect Pershing's advance base. The principal base is now at Casas Grandes. This means the two companies of foot soldiers have marched 200 miles south.

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Mr. Roy Moon made a flying trip to Oakland Saturday.

The Sunnyside baseball team has reorganized for the season and played their first game Saturday with the Underwood. Sunnyside was the winning team, but sorry to state that one of their best players, Mr. H. M. Stahl, in running to first base slipped and sprained his ankle. We hope he will be able to play with us in the next game.

Miss Laura Sanders, of Gortner was calling on her sister, Mrs. Geo. Yutzy, Saturday and Sunday.

Several of our young men were calling on the Brenninger brothers Sunday.

The Sunnyside Literary Society will have its next entertainment Saturday evening, April 1st. It has prepared a very large program. One among their best plays is "Uncle Josh." Everybody invited to attend. We will assure all that do attend a very nice time and they will consider the time well spent.

BITTINGER.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Marvin entertained the choir at the parsonage on Friday evening of last week. The evening was spent pleasantly, the guests being entertained by music and games and were treated to a lunch before the party adjourned.

Mrs. David W. Miller, of Deer Park, who spent some weeks with her parents here, returned to her home last Sunday.

Laura Fazenbaker, who is employed on the nurse force of a Clarksburg hospital, spent part of last week at her home here returning to Clarksburg on Sunday.

Chauncey R. Broadwater and Oscar Wiley, are on this week's sick list.

Mrs. T. B. Wiley and grandson, Master Vernon, visited relatives in Grantsville last Sunday.

Peter Opel has moved his saw-mill to the T. B. Wiley farm, where he has some custom sawing to do for the neighbors in that section.

Miss Huldah Stark is visiting her brother, Charles Stark, at Chaffee, W. Va.

There has been some stir among the owners of sugar camps for a few days but despite the fair warm weather, they report a slack run of sugar producing water.

NEW GERMANY

There was quite a surprise party at the home of Samuel Otto in honor of Miss Grace Kamp, it being her twentieth birthday. Quite a number of her friends gathered, those present being Mr. and Mrs. Walter Alexander, Misses Grace Warnick, Lulu Simpson, Ora Crowe, Jennie Brown, Cora Jenkins, Grace Kamp, Gretchen Otto; Messrs. Darius Broadwater, Austin Broadwater, Clarence Glotfelty, Willie Warnick, Owen Crowe, Stanley Crowe, Gorman Jenkins and George Wiland.

It was an enjoyable evening and refreshments were served at a late hour, consisting of cake, ice-cream and cocoa. She received a number of beautiful presents.

Whooping cough is quite popular in this part of the country, but glad to say that all the children are getting along nicely as well as the older ones.

Leland Swauger is ill with pneumonia, but is improving rapidly.

Grace Kamp, after a two week's visit at this place, has returned to her home at Cove.

Mrs. Alonzo Warnick, Mrs. Wesley Callis, Mrs. Hilary Warnick, Bessie Wiland and Jane Wiland are at home for a few days visiting their parents.

Grace Warnick spent Saturday with Gretchen Otto.

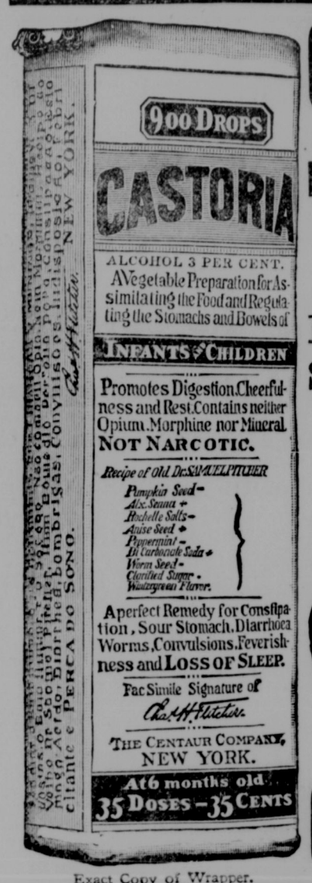
Ellsworth Beachy, of Mt. Nebo, is spending a few days at this place with his grandparents.

Samuel Wiland is quite ill at this writing.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Broadwater, March 24th, a baby girl.

Railroad Rewards Bravery.

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company has presented Cecil Powell, a brakeman, of Grafton; Harry Peasless, of Rowlesburg, each with a fine gold watch as medals or honor for meritorious work in February on Cheat river grade when a train ran down the grade from Eighty cut to the coal tipple at Morgantown and Kingwood junction. The engineer and fireman jumped off and the conductor cut off the caboose, but the brakemen staid with the train and did their duty. Besides the medals of honor the company gave the brakemen eight days off with pay.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

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THE CITY'S BEST MEAT MARKET

IN THE EMPIRE BUILDING.

Choice Steak, Boiling Meat, and all other kinds of meat. Highest cash price paid for Poultry and Eggs; also cash paid for Hides and Skins,

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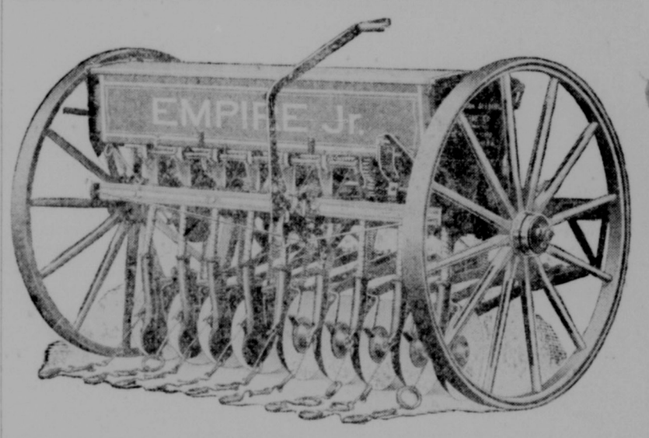


A Drill You Will Like — An Empire, Jr.

HAVE you ever thought of increasing your crop yield by planting with an Empire, Jr. drill? It can be done.

Empire, Jr. drilled grain stands a better chance of producing a bumper crop than broadcasted seed. It takes less seed too, and will do a much better job in a wet field than a seeder. Grain put in with an **Empire, Jr.** drill will all come up at the same time and all ripen at once. This is an advantage that cannot be expected from seed broadcasted.

The Empire, Jr. light draft grain drills have been largely responsible for the big crop yields in the Red River Valley and other celebrated wheat districts. Without the **Empire, Jr.** drill those farmers would have no better crop than you. Call in some day soon and we will show you why the Empire, Jr. drill produces bigger yields.

All kinds of Plows and Harrows, Wagons and Buggies, and in fact everything that a Farmer will need at this season of the year at the right price. Agent for Armour's Fertilizer.

See me before you buy. My prices can't be beat in Western Maryland.

Yours to please,

J. W. WALTER,

DEER PARK, MD.

The Republican--Garrett Co.'s Paper.

A Statement by

Frederick N. Zihlman

—TO—

The Republican Voters of the Sixth Congressional District

On May 1st next the Republicans of the Sixth Congressional District of Maryland will nominate their candidate for Congress. The responsibility of choosing their standard-bearer is placed upon the individual Republicans of the District, and it is to them I am addressing this appeal for support.

I shall not at this time go thoroughly into the important issues confronting the people of our country or my individual ideas of what should be done to make for progress, protection, prosperity and preparedness; not only against war, but for peace and for commercial expansion and supremacy.

Individual ideas, no matter how strongly buttressed in times like these, must be put through the great melting pot of intelligent and serious conference. The Republicans of the nation will meet in convention at Chicago on June 7th next to nominate the party's standard-bearer for President and Vice President of the United States and to adopt the platform upon which they and, in fact, all the party's candidates must stand and seek the support of the States and the Nation.

My ideas are based upon conditions as I now see them. These conditions may change by the time our party's platform is built and our candidates placed before the people upon its planks—a platform which I believe will bring victory to our party and substantial and lasting prosperity to our people.

As to my subscribing to that platform and doing my utmost to carry out its pledges, if elected I point to and stand squarely upon my record in the Senate of Maryland during the sessions of 1910, 1912, 1914 and 1916, and to my stewardship as my party's floor leader in the Senate in 1914 and 1916, an honor which my colleagues bestowed upon me unanimously.

In the State Senate I have stood for all constructive and humanitarian legislation, irrespective of where such legislation originated. If nominated and elected to the Congress of the United States I shall stand then, as I have always stood, for the greatest good for the people of my District, our State and the Nation.

My duties at Annapolis will preclude my making a lengthy canvass, as the Assembly will not adjourn until less than a month before the primaries. In the brief time left me I shall endeavor to personally meet all the voters of the Sixth Maryland District. Meanwhile I am addressing myself to them and seeking their support for the Republican nomination for Congress from the District.

FREDERICK N. ZIHLMAN.

SENATOR ZIHLMAN'S RECORD

Served in the State Senate during the sessions of 1910-12-14-16 and executed the duties of Republican Senate Floor Leader during the sessions of 1914 and 1916, after having been elected unanimously by his colleagues both times.

During his four sessions Senator Zihlman has worked for and supported much constructive and humanitarian legislation, among which were the Public Utilities Act, Workman's Compensation Law, Ten-Hour Law for Women, Corrupt Practices Act, Uniform Election Laws, Direct Primaries, Penal Reform measures, Good Roads, Health laws, Child Labor Law, State Care of the Insane, Reduction of Legislative Expenses, the Miners' and Operators' Co-Operative Relief Law and many other equally important measures.

Advertisement published by authority of P. G Cowden, political agent.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—With the rapid approach of the Presidential primaries, there is a growing demand for information as to the various Republican Presidential candidates. The supporters of Senator John W. Weeks, of Massachusetts, have been quick to meet this demand by giving out the following facts concerning their candidate:

Senator Weeks is a native of New Hampshire, a graduate of the Naval Academy at Annapolis, served for three years in the Navy in the Asiatic Station, and later went to Boston, where he eventually became interested in a number of financial institutions, including the First National Bank, of which he was vice-president. He was Mayor of Newton, Mass., served six terms in the lower House of Congress and, upon elevation to the United States Senate, severed all business connections to give all of his time to public life.

The Massachusetts Senator was especially active in securing passage of the Postal Savings Bank bill, was author of the Federal Migratory Bird Law in the House, was author of the great Appalachian Law whereby the government regained control of the vast watersheds of the Appalachians, and gained prominence as an independent thinker when he supported the Democratic law providing for federal reserve banks. He was one of the few Republicans to support this law, and did so because he thought there was more good in it than bad, and it was an improvement of the laws then existing.

Politically, Senator Weeks is progressive. It was Senator Weeks who insisted upon the insertion of progressive planks in the Republican platform in the recent State elections, and it was this action, more than anything else, that resulted in returning Massachusetts to the Republican fold. As a presidential candidate, he has a strong following in the West, as well as his own part of the country.

There are a number of States in which the presidential primaries will not be held until a day or two prior to the convening of the Republican convention at Chicago and the political leaders in these States are now busily engaged in devising means of circumventing this threatened difficulty. In West Virginia where the primaries will not be held until the day before the convention it has been decided to let the voters select their delegates at a judgeship election in May, the choice to be ratified on the date originally set for the primaries.

It now appears probable that the State of Minnesota, in its forthcoming presidential primaries, will go to Senator Cummins by default. The other candidates seem inclined to look upon that State as part of his rightful territory, just as they consider New England as belonging to Senator Weeks, and it is doubtful whether any appreciable contest for the State, so far as first choice is concerned, will be made. As to the matter of second choice, however, the situation is different. Several of the prominent candidates, and not a few of the lesser lights who are hopeful of bursting forth as the logical "dark horse," have very active followers in Minnesota who are conducting quiet campaigns for their favorites.

E. A. Sims, a member of the State legislature of Washington, who was recently a visitor at the national capital, gave the East an illustration of how a full-blooded Westerner does things when he makes up his mind that they should be done. Sims is something of a leader in politics "out home," and when he left for the East he promised to look over the various Presidential candidates and pick out "the right man." He attended every Republican meeting he could find at the capital, talked with all of the candidates he could reach, and finally placed his O. K. on Senator John W. Weeks.

"I never do things half-way," he explained, and having made his choice, he engaged two of the hotel stenographers and immediately began the dictation of nearly three hundred personal letters to his friends and legislative colleagues in the State of Washington urging them to support Senator Weeks.

WEEK'S NEWS STORIES RETOLD

What the Wires Report of the World's Happenings

ALL INCIDENTS OF INTEREST

What People Are Doing Everywhere—Tales of Great Events From Every Clime—Reports From Other States.

War Bulletins

All along the Russian front from the region of Freidrichstadt to the district around Vilna the Russians and Germans are at grips in a battle in which the Czar's forces were pressing an offensive and making use of the bayonet.

The Kaiser has returned to the Verdun front.

Galloper Lightship, in the North Sea off the mouth of the Thames River, has been torpedoed and sunk by a German submarine.

David Lloyd George, Minister of Munitions, speaking in the House of Commons, said that scores of thousands of women are now at work in the munitions plants. Their participation, he said, had resulted in an enormous increase in the output of the plants, replacing men who were in the army.

Denmark will protest to Germany the torpedoing without warning of the Danish steamship Skodsborg, with the loss of three or more lives.

While fighting on a small scale continues in the Verdun district the centre of interest in the war is shifting to the Russian theatre, where strong attacks in the Riga-Dwinsk sector and in Galicia seem to prelude a general offensive.

Repeated German attacks in the region of Vaux, northeast of Verdun, all broke down under French artillery fire.

The first and fourth officers of the Tubantia made affidavits at the Dutch Ministry of Marine that they had seen the white wake of a torpedo.

Communication by wire between Greece and the Teutonic Allies has been stopped.

The hospital ship Elektra, in the Austro-Hungarian Red Cross service, bound from North Adriatic to South Dalmatia was torpedoed by an enemy submarine.

Washington

Bitter resentment in Administration circles over what is regarded as an organized effort to embroil the United States in war with Mexico flared up on all sides in Washington.

Senator Pittman will be given the vacancy in the Foreign Relation Committee created by the death of Senator Shively of Indiana.

Senator Chamberlain's bill doubling the number of Cadets at the West Point Military Academy, was passed by the Senate.

Secretary of Labor Wilson declared himself in favor of vocational training in the army.

The War Department has received a report from Gen. Funston and Gen. Bell that Gen. Herrera, deposed Governor of Chihuahua, has revolted, declared war on the United States and has joined Villa.

Exports for January are estimated by the Department of Commerce at $331,000,000.

General

Announcement was made by the Navy Department that the gunboat Wheeling, which left New Orleans on a secret mission several days ago, is en route to Yucatan.

The 1,000 employes of the Union Hardware Co., at Torrington, Conn., who went on strike for an increase in wages, returned to work, having been granted a 10 per cent. increase.

An embargo on all corn shipments to Baltimore has been declared by the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.

Grieving over the loss of his wife, David Kuhn, New York policeman, shot and killed himself at his home.

Prairie fires were raging in Kansas, devouring many ranches and thousands of acres.

Sixty oil wells burned in the fields south of Tusla, Okla., with $1,500,000 damage.

In Nashville, Tenn., thirty-five blocks in the residential section were destroyed, 600 homes, with damage totalling $1,500,000.

A group consisting of the Guaranty Trust Company, Hallgarten & Co. and William Salomon & Co. and others of New York and Thomas E. Wilson of Chicago are purchasing the Sulzberger & Sons Company.

Augusta, Ga., was swept by flames. Ten business blocks were destroyed and the residential district was ablaze. Damage was upward of $2,000,000.

American Railway Association reports the first actual shortage of cars since November, 1913.

With a parade of military aeroplanes, headed by four record-holding aviators, the Panama-California International Exposition was opened at San Diego.

The third class cruiser Raleigh, steamed for San Diego, after taking on ammunition at Mare Island Navy Yard.

Dr. Arthur Warren Waite confessed to District Attorney Swann in New York City that he had bought poison which killed John E. Peck, his millionaire father-in-law. He delivered the poison to the aged millionaire so Peck might commit suicide, he said.

Thirty blocks were ruined by Paris, Texas. Damage was placed at $5,000,000.

The battleship Kentucky sailed from Galveston under sealed orders.

Fire destroyed the plant and 7,000 bales of cotton of the Interstate Compress Co., at Hobart, Okla.

About 3,000 bales of cotton at the McKinney Cotton Compressed Co., at McKinney, Tex., were destroyed by fire.

Three auto truck water wagons, built in Boston for the Standard Oil Co., have been turned over to the army for use in Mexico.

Reports from Washington show that wheat was not damaged by excessive cold when there was no snow covering. Washington has 867,000 acres in winter wheat.

A thousand houses, some of them substantial residences, burned in East Nashville, Tenn., with a loss estimated at from $1,500,000 to $2,500,000. Of the fifteen thouand residents of the southern section possibly 3,000 are homeless, although most of them are well to do.

The car shortage on Western railroads continues, except in the coal trade, where the car supply is abundant.

Exports of copper from Atlantic ports for the week ended March 16 totalled 6,124 tons.

Governor Fielder of New Jersey, signed a bill providing for the regulation of jitney busses.

MEXICAN CAMPAIGN

Three Americans, two men and one man, are reported killed, presumably by Mexicans, near Gibson's line ranch, on the Mexico-New Mexico boundary line, eight miles west of Columbus, N. M.

A report from Galveston states that the Tampico oil fields are in possession of Villa troops who threaten to destroy many properties unless a ransom of 2,000,000 pesos s paid.

Senator Sherman of Illinois introduced a resolution calling for 50,000 United States volunteers to assist in the pursuit and capture of Gen. Villa.

Two thousand Carranza troops have revolted and have gone over to Villa to fight the Americans. At least three thousand are reported to have taken the same steps.

General Pershing personally led the American flying cavalry column in a 110-mile dash after Villa. Every man in his command was mounted. They pressed through a section of Mexico where water was scarce. For such a large body of men the speed maintained was remarkable.

Calculations at army headquarters at San Antonio indicated that General Pershing was in position to redivide his forces and from near the heart of the region where Villa has been operating begin a systematic search for the Mexican bandit.

Sporting

Before a crowd that filled every nook of Madison Square Garden, New York, Jess Willard, the giant cowboy, outpointed Frank Moran in a bout that went the full ten rounds.

Charlie Brickley, the famous Harvard football player, will coach the Boston College eleven next fall. Brickley has signed a one year contract.

Fred Tenney and Jim Price announced that they had decided that the Newark International League club would play at Wiedenmayer's Park, its old home.

The Yale-Amherst baseball game, which was to have opened the season at Yale Field on April 8, has been canceled, because of the unfavorable weather conditions.

Reports from the Detroit camp at Waxahatchie, Texas, indicate that two youngsters who are sure of their jobs are Harry Heilman, the first baseman and George Maisel, the infielder from the New York State League.

Pennsylvania and Princeton will play off the intercollegiate basketball tie.

Foreign

Swiss bankers declare the last German war loan a total failure.

British grain importers are reselling their wheat at losses.

Rumania has sold 400,000 tons of corn, wheat and peas for consumption in Germany and Austria-Hungary.

Lieutenant Sir Ernest Shackleton, explorer, who left for the South Pole late in 1914, returned to Sydney.

Dr. Henry van Dyke, American minister to Holland, returned to his post.

Kaiser Wilhelm has written a letter of thanks to Lieutenant Boelke of the air corps, who shot down 12 enemy aeroplanes.

A terminal elevator to hold 2,500,000 bushels of grain will be erected at Port Arthur by the Saskatchewan Co-operative Elevator Co.

The Government of India has decided to abolish Indian indentured labor in the West Indies, Fiji Islands and Surinam.

Ambassador Gerard at Berlin has cancelled his plans for a vacation, and will not return to the United States this summer.

Four Carranza soldiers and 10 civilians were killed in an explosion of a carload of grenades and ammunition in the railroad yards at Monterey.

TORPEDO SUSSEX, CHANNEL BOAT
KAISER'S SEA ROVER GRIEF SUNK
BRITISH SEAPLANES SHOT DOWN

Fortify Hard-Won Height West of Meuse in Advance On Paris-Verdun Railway--Muscovites Make Further Advance at Lake Narooz Under Heavy Bombardment

RUSSIANS GAINING GROUND BY BAYONET CHARGES

Rome—The continued German gains around Verdun have aroused dissatisfaction in France, not only with the War Office but with Gen. Joffre, according to advices from Swiss sources. Paris newspapers are said to have been warned by the authorities against criticising Joffre.

The French War Office reported a lull in infantry fighting in the Verdun region. Near Hill 285 the French blew up a mine and occupied the crater.

In the Woevre district there were outbursts of artillery fire in the sectors of Moulainville and Eparges, both sides taking part.

Unremitting in their sustained advance to force evacuation by the French of positions northwest of Verdun dominating the Paris-Verdun railway, the Germans captured two more trenches in the Haucourt region, the Berlin War Office announced.

The Kaiser's troops pressed forward south of Malancourt against the southwestern side of the French salient. This advance further imperils the projecting French positions at Malancourt and Bethincourt.

Violent Russian attacks continued southeast of Riga and in the region of Dvinsk. All the Russian assaults, however, broke down under German fire, Berlin reported.

Petrograd, on the other hand, declared the Czar's armies to be steadily advancing, stating that savage battles were fought at Jacobstadt, 80 miles southeast of Riga, where the Russians, using liquid fire and gas bombs, are battering in the German salient.

The success of this offensive would remove the German threat against Riga and Dvinsk, and handicap von Hindenburg in any aggressive campaign he might undertake on the Russian front.

The defeat of a British force which attacked a Turkish position on the right bank of the Tigris River, near Felahie, is announced by Constantinople. The report also says that Turkish airmen have again dropped bombs on Kut-el-Amara, where a British force is under siege.

GERMANS' GREATEST GAIN.

London.—By what is hailed in Berlin as the greatest gain since the first days of the battle of Verdun, the Germans have driven forward to within two and one-half miles of the Verdun-Paris railway.

This is the main artery for troops and ammunition supplying the fortress, and is already reported to be under bombardment by the German guns.

The Germans officially claim to have stormed the entire strongly fortified French positions in and near the Forest of Avocourt, southeast of Malancourt, capturing thirty-two officers and 2,500 men and repulsing counter-attacks with great losses to the French.

This new drive of the Germans is being made slightly more than a mile to the west of Dead Man Hill (Le Mort Homme), where, for the last week, both armies have been locked in a titanic struggle.

On three vital points of the long battle line in the east the Russians have launched violent offensives against the Germans and Austrians. According to official admissions from Berlin and Vienna the new efforts of the Czar's troops, whose chief aim is to divert Teuton re-enforcements from the western front and force a discontinuance of the attacks on Verdun, have been crowned by two important successes.

The Russians in the Caucasus have thrown their line several miles nearer Trebizond, on the Black Sea coast, after further fighting with the Turks.

KAISER THANKS VON TIRPITZ.

Also Decorates Him and Keeps His Name on Navy Lists.

Berlin.—The Kaiser has written Admiral von Tirpitz a letter expressing regret at his resignation and thanking him for the excellent services he rendered the country during his long career as creator and organizer of the German navy.

The Emperor at the same time issued orders that Von Tirpitz's name be continued in the navy lists for all time.

BERLIN IN DEFIANT MOOD.

"Lokalanzeiger" Says Not Peace But Greater Offensive Is Near.

Berlin.—The semi-official Lokalanzeiger, in a leading article, intimates that since the Allies have not availed themselves of it, when with certainty the Chancellor on December 9 said that Germany would consider peace proposals when her enemies make an offer they may expect a great increase in the German offensive in order to convince them that Germany is far more powerful than her foes.

London.—England has given her first effective answer to German air raids. A squadron of five seaplanes, convoyed by light cruisers and destroyers, crossed the North Sea and visited the home of the German planes which have frequently visited the English coast of late.

They attacked the German airship sheds in Schleswig east of the island of Sylt. They were met, however, by an effective anti-aircraft defense, while their convoys were engaged by German armed trawlers outside the harbor of Sylt. Only two of the British planes returned; the three others, including a battle plane, were brought down, according to an official statement issued at Berlin.

Stormy weather prevailed, and in the course of a naval engagement the British destroyer Medusa collided with the British destroyer Laverock. The Medusa is believed to have been lost. The Germans, on their part, lost two armed trawlers, the Braunschweig and the Otto Rudolf.

The distance from the island of Sylt to Kiel is about 85 miles; to Cuxhaven about 80 miles; to Bremerhaven about 110 miles, and to Wilhelmshaven about 100 miles.

Sussex, Channel Boat, Mined.

London.—According to the latest reports received by the American Embassy, three Americans known to have been passengers on the Channel steamer Sussex, which was damaged by a torpedo or a mine while on her way from Folkestone to Dieppe, are still missing.

In addition to the missing three Americans are known to have been injured.

The number of victims of the disaster is still uncertain. Seventy-two survivors have been landed at Dover and 250 at Boulogne. There are three dead at Dover and nine dead at Boulogne.

The embassy received word that thirteen American survivors of the Sussex had left Boulogne for Paris.

German Raider Sunk.

London.—Encountering a German raider in the North Sea, the British armed merchant steamer Alcantara destroyed the raider, the Grief, by gunfire, and was herself sunk by a torpedo.

Five German officers and 115 men, out of a total crew of 300, were captured. The British lost 74 men, of whom 5 were officers.

DRAWING NEARER VERDUN.

Berlin.—Slowly but steadily, almost yard by yard, the Crown Prince is drawing the circle tighter around Verdun. With the capture of the extensive French works and positions in the woods northeast of Avocourt, about twelve miles west of Verdun, with 2,500 prisoners and numerous guns and machine guns, the Germans have made a dangerous drive in the direction of one of the two remaining railroads from Verdun to Paris.

The Crown Prince's forces on the west side of the Meuse are now within gun range of the direct Verdun-Paris railway, which lies directly five miles south of Avocourt. The greater part of the intervening ground is covered with dense forest and broken, hilly ground.

PITH OF THE WAR NEWS

The violent bombardment northwest of Verdun in the region of Malancourt continues, while to the north of the fortress and in the Woevre region in the east intermittent cannonading is still in progress.

No infantry attacks on Verdun have been launched by the Germans except to the southeast of Fort Douaumont, where Berlin reports a hand-to-hand encounter with the advantage on the side of the Germans.

Russian reports indicated advances by the Czar's troops in Dvinsk region.

Verdun city was set afire by German artillery fire, Berlin declared.

General Smuts, in charge of the British forces in German East Africa, reported dislodging the German forces from defensive positions on the Lumi River.

It is still in the French and Russian war theatres that the heaviest battles are in progress, but fighting also is continuing in the Austro-Italian zone, in Serbia near the Greek frontier and in Asiatic Turkey.

Rome learned that Rumania's intervention on the side of the Allies depends upon the arrival of war materials to be supplied by Russia. Shipments are expected April 15.

Dr. JOSEPH IRWIN FRANCE

Some Reasons Why Republicans Almost Unanimously Have Declared for Dr. France.

He is the Candidate of no one faction of his party.

He is appealing directly to the rank and file.

He is acceptable to all Republicans.

He is acceptable to the Progressives.

He has the ability to represent the State fittingly in the Senate.

He has the support of the State Wide Press.

He believes the Republican Party should be the MAJORITY Party in Maryland.

His Candidacy, just as did Mr. Weller's, represents an effort to nominate proved men free from previous political alignments. Mr. Weller received the greatest number of votes ever given a Republican Candidate. It is the policy that will build up the party.

His candidacy represents the nation wide movement to nominate candidates upon whom all opponents of the Democratic Party can unite enthusiastically so that the breach of 1912 may be permanently healed.

His Headquarters are at 304 Maryland Trust Building, Baltimore, where he will be glad to meet or hear from all Republicans.

Published by the authority of A. W. W. WOODCOCK, Treasurer.

GOVERNOR HARRINGTON ADDRESSES THE CHILDREN

Chief Executive Wants Them to Observe Arbor Day In Maryland.

Under date of March 17th Hon. Emerson C. Harrington, Governor of Maryland, addressed the children of Maryland in the following letter, which is published herewith:

TO THE CHILDREN OF MARYLAND.

My dear young friends:—

I am sure that you know that Friday, April 7th, will be "Arbor Day" and that you know also that while it is not a legal holiday in Maryland, the day has been specially set apart by proclamation as a day for planting shade trees about our homes and along our public roads.

Most work of public interest in the State must of necessity be done by your parents and your grown up relatives, but the work which the General Assembly of Maryland thought important enough to direct the Governor to call to the attention of all our people by proclamation each year, setting apart a special day for it, is a work which little boys and little girls, as well as big boys and big girls, can do, and I am writing you this letter, requesting you to help us do the work.

If I could see each one of you in person and ask you to help me to do something for the welfare of our State, I am sure you would do it if you could, but as I cannot do that, I want you to regard this as a personal request from the Governor and I believe you will grant it. Our State is a beautiful State and we all love it. We love its trees and flowers, its farms and rivers, and loving it, we want to do all we can to make it even more beautiful than it is.

Nothing contributes more to the beauty of our yards and roads than pretty trees, and if each girl and boy in our state will carefully plant a shade tree, in a place where one is needed, along a public highway, you will be helping to beautify our State and helping to make it a more pleasant place to live in. I request you to do this, and I hope that after it is planted you will take a pride in that tree, and that you will watch it as the years go by, and protect it from harm, and that you will do all you can to make it thrive and grow.

If you will do this, it will be a pleasure after you have grown up to manhood and womanhood, to regard the tree as your tree and to point to it with pride as something you have done that has added beauty to the landscape and give comfort to the traveler.

I send a special greeting to you all, and I ask you to help us in this work to beautify the State.

Sincerely yours,

[Signed]
EMERSON C. HARRINGTON,
Governor of Maryland.

GRANTSVILLE.

The adult Bible class of the Lutheran Church held a social at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Bonig on last Friday night. About thirty members were present. Refreshments were served.

Miss Christina Winterberg entertained about fifteen ladies on the afternoon of St. Patrick's day, the color scheme being green. Refreshments were in order and appropriate souvenirs were given the ladies before leaving.

Miss Ruth Keller entertained the "Silent Five" club on Friday night with games and dainty refreshments. A pleasant evening was spent.

Squire Peter Nathan was taken to St. Agnes Sanitorium in Baltimore for treatment this week. He was accompanied by Dr. Bowen, his family physician.

James Morton, of Frostburg, was a Grantsville visitor on Tuesday.

Mrs. C. A. Bender and daughter, Esther, spent Sunday in Pocahontas, Pa., the guests of Mrs. Bender's parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. D. Yutzy.

Mrs. Catherine Engle, of Englewood, has been quite ill with a serious heart trouble. She is 90 years of age.

J. J. Bender, J. O. Getty and Dr. M. A. Carney were Frostburg visitors on Wednesday.

Miss Ethel Broadwater spent Wednesday in Frostburg the guest of friends.

New Council To Organize.

Oakland's new Town Council, elected early in the present month, will organize on Monday night of next week, it being the first Monday night of the month, when under the law, the monthly sessions of Council are held. Mr. D. E. Bolden, being a member of the Board of Supervisors of Elections, will not qualify as a Councilman until after the May primary election because of the fact that the State Constitution will not permit one to hold two offices of profit and trust. At the Monday night meeting it is expected that Mayor-elect Giessman will submit his list of appointments and that Council will organize fully upon that date.

Subscribe for The Republican.

Rev. Arthur D. Appleton, who visited his family in Northern Pennsylvania last week, returned to Oakland Saturday and conducted services in St. Matthew's church here on Sunday. The eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Appleton, who was stricken with diabetes some weeks ago, is slowly improving and hopes are now entertained by his parents for his recovery.

A Salisbury Betrothal.

Mrs. Savilla Boyer entertained a company of about twenty-five at her hospitable home in Salisbury, Pa., last Thursday evening at which she announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Charlotte, to Rev. E. E. Oney, the popular young pastor of the Salisbury-Greenville-Grantsville charge of the Lutheran Church.

Donations to Library.

The following have contributed to the Public Library since our last report:

Mrs. Jenne Forman, Oakland Civic Club, Mrs. Lizzie Cross, Miss Bessie Shank, Master James Nalley, Master Irvin Bummgartner, Miss Bess Offutt, Miss Cecelia Hart, Mrs. Wilson Camden, Mt. Lake Park.

Married.

REAMS—CROSS—At the residence of the officiating minister, the Rev. P. P. Snyder, near Dodge School House, on Sunday evening, March 26th, in the presence of a few friends, Miss Grace Cross, daughter of Mr. Elmer Cross, became the bride of Mr. Bliss Reams. The young couple will go to housekeeping shortly.

Public Auction.

At the farm of Cyrus DeWitt, located one mile west of Oakland on the B. & O. Railroad, the owner will offer at public auction on Saturday, April 1st, beginning at one o'clock p. m., a large lot of personal property, consisting of live stock, farming, implements household goods, etc. Mr. DeWitt expects to go to Ohio after his sale and will rent the farm he now occupies.

Prison Delicacies.

Iced champagne, black currant jelly and soda water are among the articles of diet which a prisoner in hospital can choose at Wandsworth prison. What! No caviare?—London Globe.

Bar Association To Meet at Deer Park

The annual meeting of the Maryland State Bar Association will be held in the mountains this year, instead of at the seashore. Deer Park has been selected by the executive council for the next meeting, and Thursday, Friday and Saturday, June 29 and 30, and July 1, as the dates on which it is to be held.

J. W. Whorton & Son

CONTRACTING PLASTERERS

Only the Best Material Used.
Best Grade of Wall Plaster on hand at all times.
CONCRETE WORK of All Kinds.
All Work Guaranteed.
OAKLAND. - MARYLAND.

The man Who Makes A STUDY OF HIS

APPEARANCE

Is the man who best appreciates the detail of the tailoring we turn out The workmanship passes without a question, the fit is naturally a matter of course, but the shape we mould into the garments give them a character that finishes them off and makes the satisfaction of the owner complete.

All this is a bid for your next tailoring order. We know we can make you the best clothes you ever wore We want you to know it. That ordes the best and only sure way to settle he question.

JAMES BROCK,
Dixon Building,
Oakland, Maryland.

Order Nisi.

Gilmor S. Hamill, Mortgagee, vs. William Taylor Lewis, et ux.

No. 2057 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Ordered, this 27th day of March, in the year nineteen hundred and sixteen, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in equity, that the sale made and reported in the above cause by Gilmor S. Hamill, mortgagee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 28th day of April, 1916; provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 21st day of April, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $600.00.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy, Test: E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Commissioners Meeting.

The County Commissioners of Garrett county, Maryland, will meet in their office in Oakland on

Monday, April 17th, 1916,

to make the annual levy for 1916. Persons having accounts for same, are requested to file them on or before the above date.

By order of the Board.

W. G. MEYERS, Clerk.

MAKING PROFIT.

We certainly expect to make a reasonable profit on everything we sell. If we did not, we would close up shop But mind you, we said reasonable. Some merchants want big profits, but then they are satisfied with few sales. We run our business on a different basis: small profits often repeated. We are satisfied, our customers are satisfied to save money on good quality goods—so everybody's satisfied.

SHAFFER & BUSH
Oakland, Md.

Financial Statement

The Oakland Civic Club year ending March 28th 1916.

March 1915.	
Balance on hand	$137 56
Dues paid in	32.00
Sale of cook books	9.00
Aluminum demonstration	2.50
Apron sold	.30
Lot cleaned	.25
Tag day	32.00
Rent of dishes	1.10
Donation by Mrs. Fred Martin	5.00
Proceeds from lunch counter	106.05
Proceeds from entertainment	152.00
Total receipts	$476.26
Expenditures	283.46
Balance on hand	$192 80

EXPENDITURES.

Care of cemetery	$ 9 50
Groceries, shoes, etc. (charity)	25.91
Mowing weeds about town, side walks and streets	10.38
Repairing Bubble fountain and horse trough	10.12
Crushed stone filling in front of horsetrough	3.95
Cost of sign boards	11.22
Incidentals	3.48
Groceries, bread	19.66
Ice cream and cones	20.25
Iron gates for cemetery	72.00
Dennison's Manufacturing Company	15.27
Rent of theatre	14.65
Incidental entertainment expense	6.65
Club dues, State and National Federation	16.00
Printing	10.00
Donation to Free Public Library	25.00
Oscar Notes, janitor service	3.00
Prize given at fair	2.50
Total	$283.46

A Christmas fund of $21.00 was used in the purchase of shoes, underclothing, groceries and coal at Christmas time.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

JAMES W. BLOCHER,

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 1st day of October, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 28th day of March, 1916.

BRUCE BLOCHER,
Executor,
Frostburg, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters Testamentary on the estate of

SARAH C. FIKE

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 1st day of October, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 28th day of March, 1916.

W. W. FIKE,
Administrator,
Bayard, West Va.

Financial Statement.

Annual Financial Statement of the Corporation of Oakland, Garrett county, Maryland, for the year ending March 1st, 1916.

RECEIPTS.

Balance shown in last statement	$668 81
Received from taxes, 1912, 1913 and 1914	1477 30
Received from taxes, 1915	4039 71
Water Rent	3192 51
County Levy	1000 00
License	254 50
Water Taps	160 85
Platform and Donation	49 00
Fines for stock	6 00
Total	$14,188 51

DISBURSEMENTS.

Bonds and Cupons paid	$4475 00
Electric light and wiring	1424 06
Supt. Salary	1020 00
Street Commissioner	699 90
Police Salary and Uniform	547 61
Supplies & Improvements	541 48
Salaries, Council & Office	458 00
Coll. Coms. and Postage	434 24
Rent, C. Cham. Fire Dept.	258 00
Extra labor on Streets	165 60
Gas used at station	135 71
Damages paid	135 30
Concrete curbing	94 09
Water Meters	84 36
Road Mach. on streets	52 00
Rent of well	50 00
Liability Insurance	40 88
Freight and hauling	19 80
Election expenses	10 00
Printing Tel. messages etc.	98 80
Total disbursements	$10,722 83
Balance in treasury	$3,465 68

ASSETS.

Balance in Treasury	$3465 68
Unpaid taxes, 1912	396 27
Unpaid taxes, 1913	634 11
Unpaid taxes, 1914	2502 57
Unpaid taxes, 1915	3398 26
Town Lot & Chem. Eng.	1000 00
Water System & Sewerage	42000 00
Hose and Reels	1800 00
Total Assets	$55,286 89

LIABILITIES.

Old bonded indebtedness	$8000 00
Bond issue of 1909	40000 00
Total Liabilities	$48,000 00
	$7,286 89

A. T. MATTHEWS, Mayor.

Test—J. B. CHEUVRONT, Clerk, Pro Tem.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Second National Bank

OF CUMBERLAND

In the State of Maryland, at the close of business March 7th, 1916.

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans and Discounts	$2,113,571 91	Capital Stock	$200,000 00
United States Bonds	240,000 00	Surplus, Undivided profits	356,270 76
Other Bonds, Securities Etc.	377,755 00	Circulation	197,200 00
Banking House and other Real Estate	50,794 81	Deposits	2,712,171 69
Due From Reserve Agents and other Banks	489,367 82		
Cash	184,152 91		
Redemption Fund	10,000 00		
	$3,465,642 45		$3,465,642 45

DIRECTORS:

D. ANNAN L. M. SHEPHERD ROBERT R. HENDERSON
JAMES CLARK W. BLADEN LOWNDES O. C. GEPHART
TASKER G. LOWNDES JOHN KEATING
JOHN SCHWARZENBACH

D. ANNAN, Pres't.
W. BLADEN LOWNDES, TASKER G. LOWDES, Vice Presidents
D. F. KUYKENDALL, Cashier.

THREE PER CENT INTEREST PAID ON SAVINGS DEPOSITS

REPORT OF CONDITION OF

The First National Bank

AT KITZMILLERVILLE,

In the State of Maryland, at the close of business, March 7, 1916.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$110,276 69
Overdrafts, secured		358 09
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)		24,000 00
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged		13,685 00
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve bank	2,300 00	
Less amount unpaid	1,150 00	1,150 00
Value of banking house (if unencumbered)		7,000 00
Furniture and fixtures		4,447 60
Net amount due from Federal Reserve bank		2,080 79
Net amount due from approved reserve agents New York, Chicago and St. Louis	46 74	
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in other reserve cities	9,278 20	9,324 94
Net amount due from banks and bankers (other than above)		1 31
Outside checks and other cash items	90 26	
Fractional currency, nickles, and cents	163 68	253 94
Notes of other national banks		1,425 00
Lawful money reserve in bank—Coin and certificates		11,547 75
Redemption fund with U.S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		1,249 50
Total		$187,700 52

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		25,000 00
Surplus fund		10,011 69
Undivided profits	1,763 49	
Less current expenses, interest and taxes paid	1,233 64	529 85
Circulating notes outstand		24,500 00
Due to banks and bankers (other than above)		855 67
Dividends unpaid		24 00
Demand deposits—		
Individual deposits subject to check		44,039 87
Certified checks		102 40
Cashier's Checks out standing		259 75
Total demand deposits	44,982 02	
Time deposits (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice)		
Other time deposits		71,787 29
Total of time deposits	71,787 29	
Bills payable, including obligations representing money borrowed		10,000 00
Total		$187,700 52

State of Maryland, County of Garrett.

I, G. B. M. KEPLER, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

G. B. M. KEPLER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 17th day of March, 1916.

Sue R. LAUGHLIN, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: R. A. SMITH,
F. G. TROUT,
G. B. PEW,
Directors.

PUBLIC SALE OF Real Estate and Personal Property

The undersigned will offer at public auction at his farm located 2 miles north of Swanton, Garrett County, Maryland, on

Monday, April 10th, 1916,

beginning at the hour of one o'clock p. m., the following real estate and personal property:

Thirty seven acres of land, improved by a good dwelling, stable and other outbuildings. The land is all under fence, cleared and in a good state of cultivation. Located on the county road and on a free delivery route. I will also offer Three Cows, 1 two-year old Heifer, 2 yearling Heifers, 12 head good stock Ewes, 1 three-year old Horse, 1 new Road Wagon, 1 Plow, 1 Harrow and other things.

TERMS OF SALE—On real estate cash on the day of sale or upon delivery of deed; on personal property a credit of six months with approved security will be given on all sums of $5.00 and upwards, with interest; all sums under $5.00 cash on day of sale.

C. G. BROBST.

Order of Publication

Office of the Board of County School Commissioners of Garrett County.

Oakland Md., February 18, 1916.

To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners of Garrett county, Maryland.

Gentlemen:—

In compliance with the provisions of Section 125, Chapter 17, Article 77 of the Annotated Code of Public General Laws of Maryland, we herewith submit to your honorable body the estimated amounts and itemized statements of cost necessary to maintain the following High Schools in Garrett County, Maryland, for the scholastic year 1916-1617:

OAKLAND HIGH SCHOOL (STATE)

Principal's salary	$800 00
Two assistants—each $200	400 00
One assistant	400 00
Manual Training teacher	300 00
Domestic Science teacher	100 00
Commercial teacher	700 00
Fuel	110 00
Janitor	108 00
Manual Training, Domestic Science and Commercial supplies	150 00
Commencement	25 00
	$3,093 00

FRIENDSVILLE HIGH SCHOOL (STATE)

Principal's salary	$500 00
Two assistants, one $100; second $500	600 00
Commercial teacher	100 00
Fuel	75 00
Janitor	225 00
Commercial Supplies and Commencement	50 00
	$1,550 00

GRANTSVILLE HIGH SCHOOL (COUNTY)

Principal's salary	$562 50
Fuel	25 00
	$587 50

ACCIDENT HIGH SCHOOL (COUNTY)

Principal's salary	$562 50
Fuel	25 00
	$587 50

KITZMILLER HIGH SCHOOL (COUNTY)

Principal's salary	$700 00
Fuel	25 00
	$725 00
Grand total	$6,543 00

N. B.—The estimate submitted March 2, 1915, of costs necessary to maintain high schools in Garrett County, Maryland, for the scholastic year 1915-1916, embraced $1,100 00 for a proposed State high school of the second group to be established at Kitzmiller; however, in view of the fact that the proposed high school was not approved as such by the State Superintendent of Schools, the county high school was continued, the difference in cost between the proposed State high school of the second group and the county high school which was continued, was transferred or credited to the general public school fund of the county.

By order of the Board of County Schoo Commissioners of Garrett County, Maryland February 18, 1916.

4-35 F. E. RATHBUN, Secretary.

This levy is made in accordance with said Chapter 386, section 123, of the Acts of 1916. Said Section 123 reads as follows:

Each High School in the first group in the counties of Maryland shall receive State aid on the basis of cost of instructions and in the following manner: The sum of six hundred dollars on account of the principal, and the sum of three hundred dollars on account of each of the first three assistants for regular high school work; the sum of four hundred dollars on account of each of two special teachers who shall spend not less than two-fifths of their time in the high school receiving said amounts; and the sum of one hundred dollars on account of each additional teacher; provided the total amount does not exceed the sum of twenty five hundred dollars. In this article the term special teacher shall be construed to mean a teacher of commercial, manual training or domestic science or agricultural branches. Each high school in the counties of Maryland of the second group shall receive State aid on the basis of the cost of instruction and in the following manner: The sum of six hundred dollars on account of the principal; the sum of four hundred dollars on account of one assistant teacher employed for regular high school work, and the sum of four hundred dollars on account of the instructor of special subjects to be designated by the County School Board; provided that if an instructor in manual training or agricultural work be required to divide his or her time among not more than two schools of this group, one hundred and fifty dollars shall be allowed on account of each of such scoools; provided also, that the amount to be received by each of the four high schools of Baltimore City shall be equal to the maximum amount received on account of any high school in the counties of the State; provided further, that the Board of County School Commissioners of each county shall submit annually to the County Commissioners of their respective counties, at least thirty days prior to the date for making the usual county levy for school purposes a list of all high schools of the county, including those not entitled to State aid, as well as those classified in this article, and an itemized statement of the cost of maintaining the same, and the said Board of County Commissioners shall make a separate levy for high schools, publish the same once a week for three successive weeks prior to the date of making the said levy, in one or more county papers.

By order of the Board.

W. G. MEYERS, Clerk.

NOTICE

I have given up the Ford Automobile agency, and anyone contemplating the purchase of a Ford will do well to see me before my stock ie gone or wait for the big Ford sale which will be advertised later. I have just received 16 new cars—five Roadsters and 11 Touring, to be sold in the next two weeks. This is your opportunity—not mine.

Adv. J. P. TREACY.

THE REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME 41. OAKLAND, MARYLAND THURSDAY, APRIL 6, 1916. NUMBER 6

THE NEW CITY COUNCIL WAS ORGANIZED MONDAY NIGHT

Henry Lauer Made Its President and Arthur Lawton Elected Clerk.

Two of the three recently elected members of the City Council, Messrs. Samuel Aronhalt and Harry West, along with the holdover members, Messrs. Henry Lauer, J. B. Cheuvront and George Little, organized the new council at the regular meeting of that body on Monday night by the election of Mr. Lauer as its President and Mr. Arthur Lawton, Clerk of the body.

Mr. D. E. Bolden, the third member chosen at the election early in March, did not qualify owing to the fact that he is now and will remain a member of the Board of Supervisors of Elections until May 1st and hence would disqualify himself as such by becoming a member of Council.

The new members of the governoring body of the corporation qualified as such before Mayor Giessman, to whom the oath of office had been administered by Clerk of the Circuit Court Tower earlier in the day, succeeding Mr. A. T. Matthews as Mayor, whose term expired with the swearing in of the new officer.

Immediately after the organization of Council had been affected Mayor Giessman submitted his appointments and these were confirmed at once, being as follows: Night watchman, Patrick Maroney, who will go on duty at nine o'clock in the evening and remain on duty until six o'clock every morning; and Mr. J. C. Renninger, attorney to Council.

Council elected the following, in addition to Mr. Lawton, its clerk: Mr. James D. Hamill, tax collector; Mr. Thomas Little, treasurer; Mr. Harry Lowenstein, water superintendent. These officers were elected by acclamation being the only applicants for the respective positions. Upon the election of Mr. Lowenstein as water superintendent he was highly commended by President Lauer of Council for the splendid work he has done since he was placed in charge of the water system. By his methods and mechanical ability a deficit has been turned into an asset of many hundreds of dollars and the fact that at all times a bountiful supply of water is at hand is owing to the efficiency of the superintendent and a matter of satisfaction to the residents of Oakland.

It was determined by Council that ordinances relating to gambling and the curfew are to be put in force. The latter will be stictly enforced after May 1st, when the signal will be given at 9,30 o'clock by the fire whistle when all coming under the provisions of the law are expected to obey it in every particular.

An order was passed directing that the old town lockup on Third street be torn down and the lot cleared of all rubbish and put in a sanitary and presentable condition.

Mr. Lawson L. Loar, by counsel, asked that he be allowed the privilege of extending a water main from the city water works to his country residence near town, he (Mr. Loar) to bear all expenses for the same and to pay for water consumed. Order passed

An order was passed directing that draft for $25 be issued Councilman Cheuvront for services rendered as Town Clerk during the past eight months, after which an adjournment was had.

New Road Machinery Arrives.

At the last meeting of the County Commissioners that body purchased from the manufacturers new road machinery, including a ten ton steam roller and stone crusher and three road scrapers, all of which have arrived in Oakland and were unloaded from the cars yesterday. The need of a stone crusher has been felt for a number of years by the Commissioners and its purchase just at this time when work on new roads is about to begin will be doubly appreciated. Being mounted on trucks it can be taken to any point in the county where needed.

SENATOR H. J. SPEICHER IS CANDIDATE FOR CONGRESS

Will Seek Republican Nomination in Sixth District.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., March 31.—Senator Harvey J. Speicher, of Garrett, to-night announced his candidacy for the Republican nomination in the Sixth Congressional district. The candidate says he has decided to enter the fight after serious consideration extending over several months and after he has been urged by a number of prominent Republicans of the district.

Senator Speicher says that for 24 years Allegany county has had the Congressman from the district and that before that time Washington, Frederick and Montgomery had the Congressman for a number of terms and that Garrett is the only county of the district that has never had a representative in Congress.

In further pointing out his own qualifications Senator Speicher added: "I am allied with no faction or clique in our party. I have a record of eight years in the state Senate of faithful and diligent and, I hope, effective service for my county and state to the best of my ability. I have done my duty through four sessions at Annapolis, and I know the people of my own county are satisfied with what I have done.

"I shall begin my campaign next week, when the session ends. I shall visit every section of the district and as far as I can endeavor to see the voters so that they may be able to form an opinion as to my ability to represent them at Washington."

"If elected, I shall devote my whole time and energy to my work. I shall represent the whole district and no particular section or individual shall be favored over the others."

See the beautiful line of wall decorations at Hamill's before placing your order. Adv. 4-3t

SCHOOLS CLOSE TODAY

Public Education in Grammar Branches Ceases for the Year at Noon.

The school year insofar as Garrett county's elementary branches are concerned will close at noon today when the scholastic year ends as directed by the Board of School Commissioners of the county when the schools opened last September.

During the week closing examinations were conducted in every school of the county when uniform questions for the grades were submitted to the students and upon the answers returned to their respective teachers depend their advancement to the next higher grade.

With the closing of the grammar school in Oakland today at noon the High School, which was forced to close on account of the partial wrecking of the high school building by the recent storm, convened in the grammar school building where classes will be conducted until the close of the term early in June of the present year.

Printing Material Advances Again.

Under date of the 1st inst. this office was in receipt of the following notice from one of the jobbers from whom is purchased much of the material used in printing in The Republican's several departments:

"The continued advance in the price of all grades of paper has made it impossible for us to issue a price list or even keep you posted as to prices. The situation is growing more serious each day, the mills at this time having withdrawn all prices and are accepting orders subject to their ability to secure raw materials, and to be billed at market price at the time of shipment."

Our patrons, after reading the above, can readily see that printing offices are hampered in securing material even at largely advanced prices.

Sheriff's Sale Postponed.

The sheriff's sale of the Col. John T. McGraw summer home at Deer Park, which was advertised to take place on the premises last Saturday morning at 11 o'clock, has been postponed until a date to be fixed later by the parties interested. The sale was called by the officer, Former Sheriff Scott, and a bid was made, but by direction of others who hold prior claims on the real estate the sheriff withdrew the sale and announced its postponement. Those who were present at Deer Park on Saturday from out of the county were Messrs. George M. Hayes and H. M. Wolf, of Parkersburg, W. Va., and Mr. George Heckmer, of Grafton, W. Va., who is Col. McGraw's private secretary.

A Trio of Swift Ones.

Lem Saucepan went to a specialist in Turnip Ridge last Saturday to have a raindrop removed from his eye, which flew in while he was admiring the new face on the town clock Wednesday.

Bill Mutton had his nose blown off with dynamite while blasting stumps on his sheep ranch last Wednesday. What worries Bill most is that he has nothing left to rest his specs on.

Bob Spook's turkeys, which have been roosting in his wife's hen-house, have the chickenpox.

MEETING FOR POTATO GROWERS ANNOUNCED

To be Held at First National Bank, Saturday, April 8th, at 1 O'clock.

The First National Bank of Oakland has arranged with Prof. C. E. Temple, from the Government Experiment Station, to give practical instructions in the raising of seed potatoes, on Saturday, the 8th inst, in rooms of the bank building.

Prof. Temple is an expert in this line, and will cover the ground thoroughly, giving the best methods in selecting seed, preparing the ground, what fertilizer to use, how to cultivate, how to dig and when, and also how to prevent blight and other diseases.

The meeting will be held in the bank building where a room has been prepared, and everyone in Garrett county is most cordially invited to attend this meeting.

Prof. Temple will be at the bank building all day Saturday, and will be very glad to meet all that will come, and to talk over any matter of interest before the regular meeting at one o'clock.

The bank has also arranged to furnish seed to anyone at first cost—seed that is pure and true to name, and a large dealer in Baltimore has agreed to buy all seed potatoes raised.

Do not miss this opportunity to hear this lecture. Garrett county has a great source of wealth in the raising of seed potatoes.

To Give Trees Away.

As a practical feature in connection with the celebration of Arbor Day in all of the public schools throughout the state, and for the good which it is said comes to every child through the planting and caring for a tree, the Harrison Nurseries of Berlin, Md., have offered to donate to each teacher and pupil in all the schools a fruit tree. State Senator Orlando B. Harrison is at the head of these nurseries.

MESSRS. J. M. DAVIS & SONS

Will Dissolve Partnership and Expect to Retire From Business.

Messrs. J. M. Davis & Sons, the Oakland hardware dealers have dissolved partnership by mutual consent and will retire from the hardware business.

The name of Davis has been associated with the mercantile business of Oakland ever since it was a town of any consequence and the retirement from active pursuits of this firm will be a source of regret to many.

The firm will offer their entire stock for sale at reduced prices, retail as well as wholesale or in bulk. After they have disposed of their heavy stock which at this season of the year, is quite large, they will offer their store room for rent.

The reduced price sale will begin on Monday, the 10th inst., and while the old firm regrets to take this step conditions are such that they deem it advisable.

Special Election In West Virginia.

Governor Henry D. Hatfield of West Virginia, has issued his proclamation setting Tuesday, the 9th day of May, as the day upon which a special election is to be held in the Second District of West Virginia for the purpose of electing a successor to the late Congressman William G. Brown. Former Senator Sam B. Montgomery, of Kingwood, is a Republican candidate for the nomination, and Col. Wm. G. Lavelle, of Tunnelton, is the only Democratic candidate thus far.

Champs End Season With Many Scalps

The Coney Champs have just closed after a successful basketball season. The Champs played 28 games, losing only 4. But one game was lost on the Coney floor, that one being lost to the Oakland Collegians, and was the first game lost on the home floor for three years. The other games were lost to Davis and Elkins College and two to Keyser. Each member of the team received as his share of the spoils $61.94.

The Champs played some of the best teams in Marylnad and other states.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

D. M. DIXON & CO.'S

Annual Shoe Sale

WILL BE ON

Saturday, April 8

At which time we will offer about 300 pairs of Shoes at 50 per cent. of the regular price. Shoes in the wholesale market have advanced 25 per cent. in the past year, but notwithstanding this big advance we are offering these high class Shoes, principally the Hamilton Brown Shoe Co.'s goods at

Half the Regular Price

D. M. Dixon & Co.

Whetsell & Browning

Deer Park's Best Store

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between Albert C. Whetzel and Cheston H. Browning, trading and doing business as Whetzel & Browning, was by mutual concent dissolved on March 18th 1916. All liabilities of said firm is assumed by Mr. Browning, and he alone is authorized to receive and collect all debts due said firm. Mr. Browning will continue the business as an individual, at the old stand in Deer Park, Maryland.

ALBERT C. WHETZEL,
CHESTON H. BROWNING.

Offutt's

ANNOUNCE THEIR

Spring Millinery Opening

Saturday and Monday

April 8th and 10th

YOU ARE CORDIALLY INVITED

This Department will be open Evenings

OFFUTTS'

NEWS HISTORY OF THE WEEK

Daily Cullings That Tell the Big Events of the World.

EUROPE'S GREAT CONFLICT

Land and Sea Fights in the Terrible Conflagration—Crop Reports From Agricultural Regions—News of the Industrial Centers.

War Bulletins

The Germans delivered a fierce night attack on three sides of the village of Malancourt, says the French official statement and the French retired from the village proper, which was in ruins, but continued to hold its outskirts.

The Russians have developed an offensive along a 35-mile front in the Dvinsk-Riga district.

Vienna admits that the Italians succeeded in getting a foot hold in the Austrian trenches east of Voilz.

The great allied war council in Paris closed after a session of little more than 24 hours, marked by unanimity of purpose. The final resolution adopted pledges of unity of military and economic action.

A battle lasting 30 hours was won by Italian troops, Rome announced.

German officers report that Russians have changed tactics, officers now charging with their men.

A German destroyer was rammed and sunk by the British cruiser Cleopatra in a battle off the German coast, between a division of German destroyers and several light cruisers of the British fleet.

Attacking after mining operation on a large scale, the British south of Ypres have driven in the German salient at St. Eloi, capturing two lines of trenches on a front of 600 yards. The Germans defending these trenches lost heavily.

A fragment of bronze found aboard the Sussex has been declared by French officials to be part of a torpedo head.

Washington

Secretary of War Baker authorized the signal corps to purchase eight new aeroplanes in the open market, at an approximate cost of $10,000 each for border use.

Approximately 234,482 citizens of military age in the United States now outside the army have had military training, the War Department estimated.

Announcement was made in Washington of the engagement of Dr. Cary T. Grayson, private physician to President Wilson, to Miss Alice Gertrude Gordon of New York.

The United States is moving for a definite settlement with Germany of the submarine issue. Preparatory to a "show-down" Ambassador Gerard was ordered to make direct inquiry whether German submarines sank the Sussex and the Englishman.

The House unanimously increased Mexican war pensions from $12 to $20 a month.

Two hundred and twenty-five thousand men in navy is United States need in war time, Assistant Secretary of the Navy Roosevelt tells House Naval Committee.

General

W. M. Dukate, pioneer shrimp and oyster packer of the Gulf coast and well known as a banker, died at Biloxi, Miss.

Fire destroyed the Boston & Maine roundhouse and six locomotives at Plymouth, N. H., causing damage of $60,000.

A new sugar refinery to cost, with the land, about $2,500,000, will be erected at Charlestown, Mass., by the United Fruit Co.

A $2,000,000 contract for two tank steamships was received by the Newport News Shipbuilding Co., from the Standard Oil Co.

State, Federal and railroad officials are investigating the wreck on the Lake Shore Railroad at Amherst, Ohio which cost the lives of 31 persons and injured 40.

Governor Brumbaugh of Pennsylvania issued a proclamation designating May 25 as "Good Roads Day."

A seat on the New York Cotton Exchange was sold for $12,500, a decrease of $250 from the last previous sale.

A special message favoring abolition of capital punishment was sent to the Massachusetts Legislature by Governor McCall.

Dr. Arthur Warren Waite confessed in New York city that he killed his mother-in-law, Mrs. Hannah Peck, with disease germs, and murdered his father-in-law, John E. Peck, with arsenic. In making the confession the young dentist laid the groundwork for his defense on the plea of a mental irresponsibility.

The Illinois Central Railroad has placed orders for about $1,500,000 for equipment.

The Maryland House of Delegates, by a vote of 65 to 26 passed the bill providing for a state board of motion pi[illegible]

A new plant to furnish employment to between 500 and 600 operatives will be erected at Providence R. I., by the General Electric Co.

Henry T. Fletcher, former ambassador to Chile, and recently appointed minister to Mexico, arrived at New York from Panama on the steamer Carrillo.

George Oakley, Ohio state drug inspector, was arrested at Columbus, charged with having used his position to obtain narcotics which he disposed of in an illegal manner.

Alberto Rodriguez, Carranzista mayor of Ojinaga, across the border from Presido, Tex., was assassinated. The murderers escaped.

Boy Scouts from Cleveland, Jackson, Detroit, Cincinnati and Columbus attended an "older boys" conference at Toledo, in the interest of the scout movement.

Funeral services for Thomas J. Pence, secretary of the Democratic National Committee, were held at Raleigh, N. C.

Mr. and Mrs. Lyman Atkins, an aged couple, were burned to death in bed when their home in Mansfield, Mass., was destroyed by fire.

Two persons were burned to death in a fire in the Foster Apartments at Cleveland, set by Miss Bessie Reimers, 19, in a suicide attempt.

Reports circulated on the Maritime Exchange stated that the end of the war will see a new Russo-Japanese steamship line operating between New York and Russian ports.

The Bergen Point Brass & Foundry Co. at Bayonne, N. J., was forced to shut down its plant, thieves having stolen all the available brass from the plant.

A new contract for 1,000,000 pounds of smokeless powder every month while the war lasts has been received by the Aetna Explosive Co., through J. P. Morgan & Co.

MEXICAN CAMPAIGN

Francisco Villa nearly lost his life on the Corralitos ranch, where he tortured and put to death five Mexicans.

After killing every one of the 172 men in the Carranza garrison at Guerrero, Francisco Villa moved northward.

Felix Diaz at the head of a new revolution, backed with $5,000,000 cash, has landed on the west coast of Mexico.

Colonel Dodd has shifted his cavalry in the pursuit of Villistas from the eastern to the Pacific slope of the Sierra Madre Mountains.

Congress voted $8,611,502 to defray expenses of "getting" Villa.

General Funston officially announced that Villa did not break through the lines of the American forces but slipped by the Carranzistas.

Of the eight aeroplanes sent into Mexico, two have been destroyed and four are broken, leaving only two that will fly.

General Pershing is tightening the strings on correspondence from the front. Several correspondents who left with the flying column, have been "fired out" and are beating it back to El Paso.

Sporting

John McGraw, manager of the New York club of the National league, is trying to place Jim Thorpe, the Indian, with one of the International league clubs.

Tom Jones, manager of Jess Willard refused an offer of $30,000 for the titleholder to appear in a Milwaukee ring against Fred Fulton for ten rounds.

Jack Dillon, the Hoosier assassin, and Battling Levinsky fought a thrilling ten-round draw at the Broadway Sporting Club, Brooklyn.

Announcement has been made that the Columbia crew will proceed to their headquarters at Poughkeepsie on May 27. This is the earliest date that any Columbia crew has ever been allowed to begin active training at Poughkeepsie for the annual regatta.

"Freddie" Welsh, the lightweight champion, has been matched to meet "Charley" White in a twenty round bout the middle of April at Kansas City, in which a referee's decision will be rendered.

Foreign

Ten rare paintings of masters, valued at more than $1,000,000 have been stolen from the ancient monastery of San Pietro de Cosinensi, at Perugia, Italy.

Chinese rebels attacked the city of Swatow, in the province of Kwangtung. The United States gunboat Wilmington is there.

A report from Geneva reports that the synthetic diamond, long sought for by science, has been discovered.

Baron von Schorlemer, Prussian Minister of Agriculture, declared that the crop prospects in Germany are as good as it is possible to expect.

According to the Copenhagen "Tideens tegn," 136 Norwegian and Swedish ships have been sunk by mines or torpedoes since the war started.

John W. Harris, of Isney, Ala., was listed wounded on the casualty list issued at Ottawa.

The present gold reserve of the German Reichbank is $614,750,000fi an increase of $274,750 over last week.

Strikes among the machinists at Clyde are holding up the manufacture of big guns for Great Britain.

The White Star liner Olympic will carry more than 7,000 Canadian troops from Halifax to England.

Examiners' Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned appointed by the County Commissioners of Garrett County, to view the lands through which the new road is prayed to be examined commencing at Garey's gate and passing through the lands of Edith Hileman, Abell Friend and Hiram Humberson to intersect the Morgantown road at or near John Meyer's house, and examine whether the said new road should be granted will meet on the 28th day of February, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said building of said new road, and if so, to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

C. W. FRIEND,
W. F. MEYERS,
S. K. FRAZEE,
Examiners.

Examiners' Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, appointed by the County Commissioner of Garrett County, to view the lands through which the Road leading from Avilton to the Pike through the lands of Elias Arnold road, and examine whether the said road should be Relocated will meet on the 25th day of February, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said relocation of said road, and if so, to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

LEWIS H. BROADWATER,
J. O. WILHELM,
ERNEST Z. MICHAEL,
Examiners.

ORDER NISI.

C. A. Beachy, Treasurer of Garrett county, Maryland vs. U. G. Savage.
No. 271, Miscellaneous Docket In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Ordered by the Circuit Court for Garrett county, Maryland, this 6th day of March, 1916, that the tax sale made and reported in the above entitled case by C. A. Beachy, Treasurer of Garrett county, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 10th day of April, 1916, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 3rd day of April, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $75.09.

ROBERT R. HENDERSON.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

MARTIN DECKER

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 16th day of September 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this sixteenth day of March 1916.

SAMUEL I. WOLF,
Administrator,
Bayard, W. Va.

Settle the Silo Question and Settle it for Good

Do away with painting, repairing and tightening of hoops.

Know that your silo won't blow over.

Be sure of perfect silage at all times.

Build the worryless, efficient.

Natco Imperishable Silo. "The silo that lasts for generations."

Its hollow, vitrified, clay tile are impervious to air and moisture; they preserve the silage sweet and juicy.

The dead air space in the wall resists frost making it the silo for cold climates.

Its a silo of efficiency, and a silo you'll be proud of.

For further information address, The National Fire Proofing Company, Pittsburgh, Pa., or, W. C. DeBerry, Oakland, Md.

P. S. A liberal discount is given on silos ordered before Feb. 1st. Discount becomes smaller each succeeding month.

Notice—To School Communities.

This is to give notice to the school communities of Garrett County, Maryland, that the Board of County School Commissioners of the County aforesaid has suggested, in pursuance of the custom of this county, that the residents over 21 years of age of each school community of Garrett County, meet in their school building upon

Thursday, April 13, 1916,

at the hour of 4 o'clock p. m., and there proceed by ballot, after proper organization, the details of which are left discretionary with each school community, to elect three residents of the school community, who are to be recommended to the Board of County School Commissioners as suitable parties for appointment as trustees of the school for the ensuing school year. All recommendations for such appointments and a copy of the minutes and records of the meeting, including the names of each person nominated as well as the number of votes that each of those nominated received at the meeting, held as herein requested, are to be in this office on or before May 1, 1916.

"The present trustees are requested to see that the school buildings are available and unlocked for the meeting as called herein, at the time specified.

By order of the Board,

F. E. RATHBUN,
Secretary.

Adv. 3-4t

For Sale.

Having rented my farm I offer the following at private sale: Two young Horses, good weight; 4 Jersey Cows, 40 Tons baled Hay, 6 tons baled Straw, some loose hay and straw, a lot of Oats, Corn and Wheat, 1 Sleigh, 1 Buggy, 1 New Sled, Plow, Harrows and Cultivators, 1 good Surrey, Harness of all descriptions. Call on or address George Shartzer, Oakland, Md. Adv. 49

SPLENDID NEIGHBORS ARE THOSE GRANTSVILLE FOLKS

Helping Hands Always Lovingly Extended in Times of Sickness and Trouble—An Appreciation of Their Kindness.

BY SARAH ROBERTA GETTY.

Those of us who have read Mary Wilkins Freeman's "Neighborhood Tales" have been charmed with them, but when it comes to real, bona fide, neighborliness little old Grantsville is right on the map, and most especially is this true during illness. Not that one need be ill to be convinced of the kindness of one's neighbors here, as you get daily evidence of it. Should you want to give a party or dinner, every housewife's china and silver are at your disposal immediately, together with offers of assistance. Should complications arise in making your new frock or in other sewing, some one will always help you adjust the difficult problem. Should your new receipe fail, depend upon it one of the neighbors will have a time honored one in its stead. These are but a few of their good qualities,

But when sickness visits your family then it is that you realize that there are people who obey the divine injunction, "Love your neighbor as yourself," and without these ministering angels in human form, life would indeed be a dreary waste.

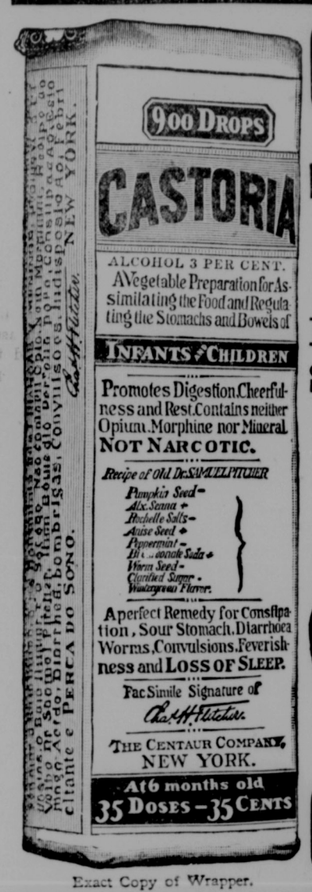
In case of fever there are always willing hands to soothe and allay the pain until a nurse arrives, and often all through the siege. Should you have grip, hot water bottles and mustard plasters appear as if by magic. If an old-fashioned case of nerves, somebody chafes your hands and smoothes your brow and makes you "comfy" in so many ways you forget you ever had any nerves. If, as occasionally happens, you get a baby, the neighbors have it dressed spick and span, weigh it, give it a dose of catnip or "cambrick" tea and put the dear little thing to sleep before you can say "Jack Robinson!" In the bright lexicon of the village there is no such word as "midwife." Taking care of babies is a community privilege and accepted as such.

And the meals you get when you're sick! yum! yum! they more than compensate you for your aches and pains. You may believe it or not, but there are at least seventeen varieties of broths, all of them delicious, and the milk, cream, eggs, fruit, jelly, ice-cream, toast, custards and so on through the list—well, I'll warrant that half the people who read this will want to come to Grantsville just to get sick, and its worth it. But maybe you don't want the measles, or the mumps, or the whooping cough, or a baby, or the grippe or any of these things? Well then, gentle reader, just try getting a case of nervous prostration in the middle of your spring cleaning! Now, of course, nobody would deliberately get sick even with good neighbors, but you see this is the way it happens: You get all your rooms torn up and things go wrong and you get nervous because there's usually going to be a wedding, or a reunion, or its your turn to entertain the club, or maybe the minister is coming to dinner. Any of these upsetting things may happen you, and as I said, you just get to hurrying and trying to do three days' work in one, and something happens and there you are!

But, bless your dear heart, while there's a neighbor there's hope, in Grantsville, and pretty soon the word goes around and, forgetful of their own cares and worries, tender hands help you up from the debris of wall paper remnants, stepladders and furniture, and get you to bed with hot and cold compresses where they will do the most good, and they lower the blinds, and tip-toe out leaving you in agony of mind regarding the unfinished tasks that loom so darkly on your domestic horizon. But you needn't worry, for presently there comes to your ears a symphony of heavenly sounds in which the scraping of furniture across the floor and the hurried beating of carpet mingle with the rhythmic music of the hammer and tacks and the clinking of your best china in capable hands, and you, you just snuggle shamelessly into the cool sheets, and simultaneously with the heavenly noises the cobwebs are cleared away from your brain and the tired lines go out of your face, and presently you feel the big tears of relief running down your face and you murmur: "Dear Lord, how I do love these neighbors of mine," (as well you should) and then you go to sleep, while downstairs the work goes merrily on, because, you see, the reputation of the village is at stake.

A fanciful picture, do you ask? Oh! no; just a little glimpse of real life, a little drop of the milk of human kindness which is found in every breast. You have them, please God they will always exist, for they give you what money cannot buy—Love—and living among them daily, you think of the Master's words: "Inasmuch as ye did it unto one of the least of these, my brethren, ye did it unto Me."

Subscribe for The Republican.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

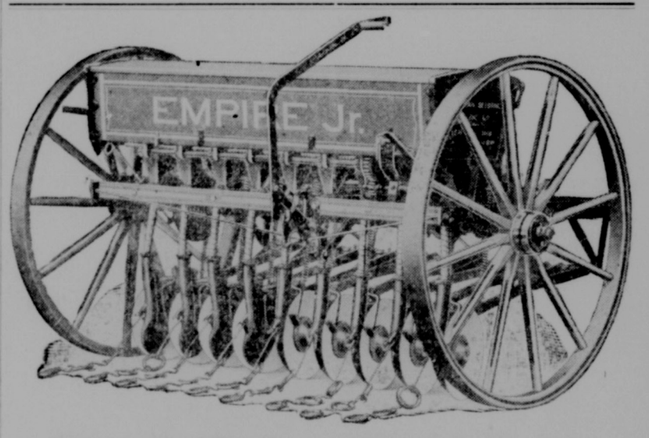
THE CITY'S BEST

MEAT MARKET

IN THE EMPIRE BUILDING.

Choice Steak, Boiling Meat, and all other kinds of meat. Highest cash price paid for Poultry and Eggs; also cash paid for Hides and Skins.

H. L. MILLER



The Drill For Your Fields -- an Empire, Jr.

MEN come 'round every year to sell you crop insurance against hail, wind, and other elements. That is all very well, but there is another brand of insurance that costs less and pays every year.

Seed planted with an **Empire, Jr.** drill is insured against waste. The kernels are planted at a uniform depth and covered properly. In sections where the soil is exceptionally loose your **Empire, Jr.** can be equipped with press wheels that compact the soil firmly over the seed. Such seed is in better condition to withstand drouth or flood than broadcasted grain only half covered.

Come in and look over the **Empire, Jr.** line—there is nothing better.

All kinds of Plows and Harrows, Wagons and Buggies, and in fact everything that a Farmer will need at this season of the year at the right price. Agent for Armour's Fertilizer.

See me before you buy. My prices can't be beat in Western Maryland.

Yours to please,

J. W. WALTER,

DEER PARK, MD.

The Republican--Garrett Co.'s Paper.

A Statement by

Frederick N. Zihlman

—TO—

The Republican Voters of the Sixth Congressional District

On May 1st next the Republicans of the Sixth Congressional District of Maryland will nominate their candidate for Congress. The responsibility of choosing their standard-bearer is placed upon the individual Republicans of the District, and it is to them I am addressing this appeal for support.

I shall not at this time go thoroughly into the important issues confronting the people of our country or my individual ideas of what should be done to make for progress, protection, prosperity and preparedness; not only against war, but for peace and for commercial expansion and supremacy.

Individual ideas, no matter how strongly buttressed in times like these, must be put through the great melting pot of intelligent and serious conference. The Republicans of the nation will meet in convention at Chicago on June 7th next to nominate the party's standard-bearer for President and Vice President of the United States and to adopt the platform upon which they and, in fact, all the party's candidates must stand and seek the support of the States and the Nation.

My ideas are based upon conditions as I now see them. These conditions may change by the time our party's platform is built and our candidates placed before the people upon its planks—a platform which I believe will bring victory to our party and substantial and lasting prosperity to our people.

As to my subscribing to that platform and doing my utmost to carry out its pledges, if elected I point to and stand squarely upon my record in the Senate of Maryland during the sessions of 1910, 1912, 1914 and 1916, and to my stewardship as my party's floor leader in the Senate in 1914 and 1916, an honor which my colleagues bestowed upon me unanimously.

In the State Senate I have stood for all constructive and humanitarian legislation, irrespective of where such legislation originated. If nominated and elected to the Congress of the United States I shall stand then, as I have always stood, for the greatest good for the people of my District, our State and the Nation.

My duties at Annapolis will preclude my making a lengthy canvass, as the Assembly will not adjourn until less than a month before the primaries. In the brief time left me I shall endeavor to personally meet all the voters of the Sixth Maryland District. Meanwhile I am addressing myself to them and seeking their support for the Republican nomination for Congress from the District.

FREDERICK N. ZIHLMAN.

SENATOR ZIHLMAN'S RECORD

Served in the State Senate during the sessions of 1910-12-14-16 and executed the duties of Republican Senate Floor Leader during the sessions of 1914 and 1916, after having been elected unanimously by his colleagues both times.

During his four sessions Senator Zihlman has worked for and supported much constructive and humanitarian legislation, among which were the Public Utilities Act, Workman's Compensation Law, Ten-Hour Law for Women, Corrupt Practices Act, Uniform Election Laws, Direct Primaries, Penal Reform measures, Good Roads, Health laws, Child Labor Law, State Care of the Insane, Reduction of Legislative Expenses, the Miners' and Operators' Co-Operative Relief Law and many other equally important measures.

Advertisement published by authority of P. G. Cowden, political agent.

ALTAMONT

Miss Dessie Lohr, of Oakland, is visiting at Mrs. Sarah Wilburn's this week.

Mr. C. H. Merrill was automobiling Sunday.

Grandma Rexroad was called to Swanton Sunday to attend the funeral of her grandson.

Miss Irene Friend spent Sunday at A. M. Jeffery's.

The entertainment given at Wilson school house on Saturday evening was a perfect success in every respect. Although the house was over crowded, the best of order prevailed and the audience was kept entertained for three hours. The plays and funny farces brought roars of laughter, as also did the number of splendid readings which were given. Very fine music was furnished by Mr. and Mrs. Frank DeWitt and daughter. The efficient teacher, Miss Naomi Lohr, and pupils of the community certainly deserve great credit for the interest taken and the able rendition of the program making up the entertainment.

Mrs. Mary West, of Piedmont, W. Va., visited at the home of Mrs. Geo. Walters over Sunday.

HUTTON

Miss Margaret Feeney, of Edgewood, and Mrs. Martin Pendergast, of Hutton, were Oakland visitors Tuesday of last week.

Mr. Jos. T. Pendergast returned to Akron one day last week, after a month's visit with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Michael W. Pendergast.

It is rumored that the Tioga Tanning Co., contemplates enlarging its plant at Hutton in the near future.

Mr. Whipp, of Crellin, accompanied by the Misses Dent, of that place, were Hutton visitors Sunday.

Miss Connell, of Hutton, entertained a number of friends at her home Friday evening, March 17th.

ST. ELMO.

NEW GERMANY

Rev. Wagner, of Elk Lick, Pa., filled the appointment at Trinity Reformed church Sunday morning, owing to the absence of Rev. Monn. There was a good attendance and all were very much interested in the good sermon delivered by Rev. Wagner.

Mrs. J. H. Warnick, of Harrisburg, Va., is visiting relatives here.

Lulu Simpson was a pleasant visitor at the homes of S. L. Otto, Raymond Broadwater and C. C. Swauger last week.

Bessie Warnick spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Walter Alexander.

Mrs. Edgar Michael was at home for a few days with her parents.

Bessie, Grace and Willie Warnick were callers at the home of C. C. Durst Sunday evening.

CINDERELLA.

Makes Dreams Come True

The Car that Satisfies Every Automobile Desire

$665 F. O. B. FLINT

The 1916 Dort sells for $665, yet it has the appearance and looks of a considerably more expensive car.

Electric starting, electric lighting, demountable rims, extra rim, gasoline gauge and speedometer on dash—and all those little conveniences that make motoring a pleasure are yours if you own a Dort.

50-inch cantilever springs and a perfect distribution of weight make the Dort one of the easiest riding cars on the market.

There is plenty of seat and leg room, too, in the 1916 Dort, both in the driver's compartment and in the tonneau. You never feel cramped in a Dort. In short, the 1916 Dort is a car that satisfies every automobile desire at a price well within the reach of most families

See the Dort at our show rooms.

DORT

J. A. WHITE
AGENT
Oakland, Md.

THIRD AIR RAID ON BRITAIN
KAISER'S FLAG IN MALANCOURT
VERDUN NOOSE IS TIGHTENED

After the Occupation of Vaux Crown Prince Sends Fresh Division Into Action, But Attack Is Stopped and Then Thrown Back---Battle Goes On Furiously

FIVE ZEPPELINS MAKE RAID ON ENGLISH SEA COAST

London.—Malancourt, a strongly fortified village nine miles northwest of Verdun, was captured by the Germans when the Crown Prince resumed his furious assaults on both sides of the River Meuse. An attack from three sides by massed German legions drove the French out of the village, an important highway communication point, but the French still hold redoubts commanding the highways. The battle continued all night.

The German War Office announced that not only the village but French defensive positions on both sides of it were captured and that the Germans took 328 prisoners.

The French hold on the village of Bethincourt, two miles east of Malancourt was seriously threatened by the capture of Malancourt. It appears certain that the next great German attack on the west bank of the Meuse will be directed against Bethincourt.

South of Malancourt the Crown Prince met with defeat in a renewal of his efforts to clear the French out of Avocourt wood. Two German attacks, the French War Office stated, were repulsed. The Germans also failed in attacks against French works near Haudiamont, southeast of Verdun.

In an aerial fight in the region of Arras and Bapaume the British lost three biplanes. Two of their occupants were dead. Lieutenant Immelmann thus accounted for his thirteenth enemy aeroplane, Berlin stated.

The city of Verdun was set ablaze in three parts. The village of Belleville, northeast of Verdun, was also fired by German shells.

The French attempted to relieve the pressure on Verdun by attacking the German front between Rheims and the Argonne, using poisonous gas. A German artillery officer declared the attack was stopped wholly by artillery. In four hours, he said, his guns fired 2,000 shells, indicating something of the nature of the bombardment the French had to face around Verdun.

Five Zeppelins raided the East Coast of England and dropped 80 or more bombs.

London.—For the third time in as many days, a Zeppelin fleet ravaged England. The southeastern counties, which have been the special object of attack recently, the northern counties and even points in Scotland were visited.

German official statements received here say that in the first of their raids the Zeppelins passed over this city, dropping bombs in the district between the Tower bridge and the docks and on military camps. The British official reports make no mention of an attack on London.

While the results of the night's raid were not available, the partial toll from the attacks of Friday and Saturday nights stood at 69 killed and 166 wounded. Churches, dwellings and business houses were wrecked, but the military authorities in an official statement denied any material damage was done.

The regret with which the British public received news of Friday night's devastation was tempered by the knowledge that it had cost one of the enemy's precious Zeppelins. So the shock at the knowledge that raiding had been resumed was lessened when it became known that for the first time a British airman has been able to cope successfully with the great German airships.

Lieutenant Alfred Brandon, R. F. C., ascended alone to fight one of the Zeppelins. By skillful maneuvering he was able to get above it and to drop several bombs upon it, some of which are believed to have taken effect. It may have been Brandon's efforts which brought the L-15 wallowing downward into the Thames estuary, where it sank.

The Zeppelin L-15 was literally surrounded by British craft when brought down in the Thames estuary and did not have much time to escape, according to a young lieutenant of one of the British aeroplanes.

STOPPED BY FRENCH FIRE.

London.—The Germans to the northwest of Verdun in an infantry attack launched with huge effectives have gained additional ground against the French north of Malancourt and have even penetrated the northwest corner of the village.

The attempts of the Teutons to carry their advance further, however, were stopped by the French fire, as also were three counter attacks against the position in the Avoncourt Wood, south of Malancourt, which had previously been taken from them by a French infantry attack. The German official communication says that the advance of the Germans north of Malancourt was over a front of more than a mile.

During the German offensive on Malancourt the French heavy guns from the Argonne were directing their fire on the Malancourt and Avocourt woods.

Aside from the infantry attacks and counter attacks in this region a heavy bombardment has been in progress from Avocourt northeastward to Bethincourt, a distance of five miles. There has also been a continuation of the sporadic outbursts of artillery fire to the north and east of Verdun, while in the Vosges Mountains the French batteries have been keeping up their usual bombardment of German organizations.

In the Black Sea littoral the Russians are still making progress against the Turks.

HIS LOAN COUPONS WAR GIFT.

American Donates $14.06 Interest to Allies' Charities.

Paris.—The Temps received 73 francs 75 centimes in coupons, from bonds of the Anglo-French loan. The money came from "an American citizen," who wrote anonymously, requesting that the amount should either be paid into the French Treasury or disposed of in any other manner "to serve civilization, so nobly defended by the Allies." The Temps paid the sum into the Servian relief fund.

LOST 11 ON MINNEAPOLIS.

Rest of Torpedoed British Ship's Crew Safe at Malta.

London.—It is announced that 11 persons were killed when the British steamship Minneapolis, formerly in the New York-London service, was sunk last week in the Mediterranean by an enemy torpedo.

A Lloyd's dispatch from Malta, dated March 24, says: "The crew of the Minneapolis, which was torpedoed, have arrived here, with the exception of 11 men, who were lost."

ATTACKS AND COUNTER-ATTACKS

London.—After having pushed back the French lines along the westerly bend of the salient in the Malancourt region, northwest of Verdun, the Germans have desisted for the present from further efforts to advance there.

Farther to the west, however, the Crown Prince's infantry has again been counter-attacking in the Avocourt wood, several assaults having been launched in efforts to retake the positions recently lost to the French. Paris declares, however, that the attempts were fruitless.

Fighting is still going on between the British and Germans along the British end of the French line, particularly near St. Eloi, where German grenade throwers have succeeded in retaking a portion of a mine crater held by the British.

From Petrograd it is reported that the Russian offensive maneuvers along the Dvinsk-Riga front, although apparently local in character and unimportant as compared with more sweeping spectacular movements which have marked warfare on the eastern front, have already rendered the carefully constructed positions of Field Marshal von Hindenburg less secure and will, it is thought, determine the course of the coming spring campaign.

Berlin says the big offensive of the Russians in the region of Postavy has ceased and that the Russians also have given up their attacks around Lake Narocz.

PITH OF THE WAR NEWS

The Germans are carrying on strong offensive operations northeast and northwest of Verdun. About four and one-half miles northeast of the fortress they penetrated the Caillette wood, just outside Fort Douaumont, after a violent bombardment. The French have now entirely evacuated the village of Vaux, and have drawn their lines south of the town, but in its immediate outskirts.

Aircraft have been very active around Verdun. The French brought down three German machines, but Berlin asserts that the aerial combats have resulted in their favor.

After capturing the village of Malancourt, the Germans were subjected to an intense artillery fire by the French and made no attempt to debouch.

Violent artillery duels have been in progress between the Belgians and Germans in the region of Dixmude.

There has been a noticeable decrease in the infantry fighting on the Russian front, owing to the soggy ground due to the spring thaw.

Torpedoing of the Russian hospital ship Portugal was official announced. The vesel was sunk while wounded soldiers were on board.

WORK ON APPALACHIAN HIGHWAY TO BEGIN

First Link To Be Built From Elkins Toward Oakland.

W. E. G. Hitchins, of Frostburg, an officer of the National Old Trails Association, has recently been appointed vice-president of the Appalachian Highway Association. He will represent the State of Maryland in this organization, which was formed to promote the early completion of the proposed Appalachian Highway, which is to extend from Maine to Louisiana. It is one of the newest propositions of the great through routes to attract public attention. The project was launched at the Southern Appalachian Good Roads convention held in Bluefield, W. Va., last October. The route selected begins at Calais, Maine, and runs via Bangor, Maine, Montpelier, Vermont, Lake George and Albany, New York, Williamsport, Pa., Oakland, Md., Elkins and Bluefield, W. Va., Bristol, Tenn., Asheville, N. C., Birmingham, Ala, to New Orleans. The route follows the chain of the Appalachian Mountains, and it is claimed that the highway will be the most beautiful, from a scenic standpoint, to be found anywhere in America.

A link of this road, 22 miles long, will be built this spring at a cost of $220,000, from Elkins, W. Va., in the direction of Oakland. Elkins being on the main line of the Appalachian Highway, this new link, whenever completed to Oakland, will place this town in close touch with a great north and south motor route as well as being on one of the famous Old Trails road running east and west.

ROOSEVELT IN THE OPEN

All Pretense Dropped By Progressives Amalgamation With G. O. P. Certain.

Local politicians in all three camps are talking of nothing but the luncheon Robert Bacon gave on Friday to Colonel Roosevelt, Ex-Senator Elihu Root, Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, of Massachusetts and General Leonard Wood.

Democratic leaders looked upon the occurrence with frank amazement and prophesied that it meant the amalgamation of the Republicans and Progressives. Republican leaders, especially the Old Guard, who are not in the confidence of Mr. Root, tried hard to extract encouragement out of the situation from the angle that the Colonel was prepared to flop back to the Grand Old Party. The Progressives were unrestrainedly jubilant.

About the headquarters of the Progressive organization in the Forty-second Street Building, all pretense that Colonel Roosevelt was not in the open for the Republican nomination for President was dropped. The leaders freely declared that the Progressive National Convention at Chicago would be merely a formal matter, and that their idol would dominate the Republican convention on the same day. Progressive headquarters confidently looks forward to an official announcement to that effect either from Oyster Bay or from the Republican organization within a few days.

Republican leaders were extremely cautious in commenting on the luncheon. Before giving their views, most of them said they preferred to wait for the developments of the next few days. It seemed the general opinion among them, however, that William Barnes, ancient foe of T. R. and Republican boss in the State, was not in the counsels of those who participated in the luncheon, and that a fight to dethrone him had finally started within the Republican organization. Mr. Barnes was not visible either at Republican headquarters or at the Republican Club all day, but those who met him admitted that he was gloomy. Reached on telephone, all Mr. Barnes would say was: "I have no comment to make. Thank you for calling me. Good-bye."

Former Secretary of War, Henry L. Stimson, who is a close friend of both Root and Roosevelt, was the only one who would put his opinion into words for quotation. He said:

"The voices of the little group of irreconcilables who promptly seek to attach their own interpretation to yesterday's meeting do not carry far among the great mass of Republican voters. What yesterday's meeting does mean, in my opinion, is that Mr. Roosevelt is willing to sink past differences and irritations in a desire to present a united front of Americanism in the next campaign. It means that Mr. Root's great speech of February 15 has gone home. It means, in my opinion; that the best qualified statesman to represent this country in this crisis will be nominated by the Republicans next June and elected in November—and that man is Elihu Root."

Charles D. Hilles, chairman of the Republican National Committee, was among those entirely in the dark regarding the conference, and when asked for his opinion he said he had no comment to make at this time.—New York Sun.

Get Hamill's prices on wall paper before placing your order. Adv. 4 3t

THE REPUBLICAN

BENJ. H. SINCELL, EDITOR.

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THE REPUBLICAN,
Oakland, Md.

THURSDAY, APRIL 6, 1916

MOVED, That the State House be boarded up and no more sessions of the Legislature be held for ten years. Do we hear a second to the motion?

THE MARYLAND statesmen will be kept busy for the next month or more explaining to their dearly beloved constituents why this or that bill failed of passage.

WE HAVE not heard of any Marylander wearing sackcloth and sitting in ashes as a result of the adjournment of the State Legislature. What it has accomplished will be written in the tax bills the dear people are about to receive.

HONOR TO WHOM HONOR IS DUE

Days for different members of the family seem to be rapidly increasing. Today "Father" comes into his own. Originally there was only "Mother's Day," certainly a pretty idea, as "mother" takes a wonderful part in the work and duty and love of the world. She is not only conducting the internal economy of the family but for some time has been active outside, trying to correct corrupt politics, laboring for the welfare of children and pleading for the peace of mankind. The hand that rocks the cradle of the world may be a small and pretty one, but it is of great strength.

"Father" has been somewhat eclipsed in some of these movements; nevertheless, it is beginning to be recognized that in them he also had a share. Therefore, as justice eventually moves in all the spheres of life his value is beginning to be recognized. Accordingly, today is specifically "Fathers' Day." There will be a program of exercises this evening at one of the large hotels and some other proceedings appropriate to the occasion elsewhere, and although, as it seems, "Mother" will be most conspicuous in the solemn ceremonies, "Father" will be also unobtrusively present. He may not fully share the distinction and honors, but he will at any rate brighten a little corner somewhere on the platform.

There may be other "days" in the future for "Grandmother" and "Grandfather," but the subject should not be pressed prematurely. It is enough to know that "Father" is being recalled to memory and recognized. He may never have reflected upon the matter before, but if he reads the speeches today, or listens to them, he will be brought to understand his share in "efficient parenthood."—Monday's Baltimore News.

GRANTSVILLE.

Samuel Wiland, of New Germany, died of cancer of the stomach last Monday, after an illness of over a year. He was 61 years old and leaves a wife and six children, most of whom are married. Funeral services at Methodist church on Wednesday closing with interment in New Germany cemetery.

Mrs. Jacob Becket, of the Cove, has been quite ill the past few weeks with heart trouble.

Gus Wm. Zeller has been spending a few days as the guest of his son, Charles, who spent Sunday in Frostburg.

Miss Beulah Bender entertained about 16 guests at her home at National Hotel Thursday night, games being the diversion. Refreshments were served.

One of the largest butcherings ever held about here took place at Jacob Folk's on Tuesday, when he, with the assistance of skilled helpers, killed and dressed 1 beef, 2 calves and 23 hogs, a large portion of which was taken to Frostburg on Wednesday for sale.

April weather is here with its usual variations—wind, rain and snow predominating.

The sugar season is not as good as in former years.

A number of Frostburg people were in Grantsville Sunday.

An elaborate school entertainment will be held here April 7th and 8th.

Notice to Trespassers.

All persons are hereby warned not to trespass upon my property adjoining the town of Deer Park for the purpose of hunting or fishing. All such will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.
CHARLES A. ASHBY.
Advertisement 6-3t

SENATORS SING AS THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY CLOSES

Sessions Immediately Preceding Adjournment Are Comparatively Tame

ANNAPOLIS, MD., APRIL 4.—The General Assembly of 1916 is now but a memory. At 3:21 this morning the speaker's gavel fell in the House for the last time, while a hearty cheer rang through the chamber, but the Senate did not conclude its labors until 5:04 o'clock. During the last minutes following an executive session the senators grouped around President Campbell and sang Auld Lang Syne.

The ending was tame in both houses. Excepting for a few minutes when presentations were made to the presiding and floor officers, the legislators worked steadily and without emotion, their sole efforts being to wind up the current business and get home.

This afternoon the members of the Assembly are scattered throughout the state. Many of the city people left immediately after adjournment, while the county people for the most part got away before noon.

A few members will remain here for several days to watch bills which they are anxious to see receive the Executive signature or veto. The ceremonies winding up the Assembly were perhaps the most orderly seen in Annapolis in many years. The crowd was smaller than in previous years and was kept in order in the corridors by a company of Baltimore police in charge of Marshal Carter and Deputy Marshal House.

A force of headquarters detectives were also present, headed by Lieutenants Bradley and Porter, who have been in the State House for over a week. Incidently, the presence of the bluecoats and plainclothes men resulted in a lack of pillaging of committee rooms, which has occurred at many past sessions.

In the two chambers the members behaved decorously and seriously. The House chamber near the adjournment hour is usually a mass of waste paper, but Speaker Laird kept his forces in check as well as a strict schoolmaster could have managed a class full of boys.

Today is clean-up day throughout the legislative chambers of the State-house.

In the executive offices a score of lawyers, headed by Attorney General Ritchie and Secretary of State Simmons, are already going over the great mass of bills which must be signed during the next two weeks.

The revenue bills proposed by the administration that were passed will bring in not less than $500,000 a year, according to the Governor, and in the latter's estimation, $400,000 of this increase will cover the increased appropriations.

Another point most pleasing to the Governor was the economical standard set by this Assembly. The Executive stated that the total legislative appropriations of the session will be covered by $125,000 to $130,000 and this in face of a maximum expense of $150,000 set by the Goodnow Efficiency Commission. The session of 1914 cost the State $218,000. This means a saving in this session of nearly $100,000 over two years ago.

Taking the program as a whole, the State, while it has probably legislated so that greater efficiency may be attained in the administration of its affairs has, in reality, added to its administrative expenses and created more offices than it abolished. Indeed, it is rather hard to discover where any of the faithful have lost out in the economy program.

The administration measures which went through and which were pointed out by the Governor today as strong accomplishments are headed by the constitutional amendment proposing a budget system for making all appropriations by the chief executive. Another is the bill abolishing continuing appropriations. Other measures that succeeded and which were of especial interest to the Governor were the creating the conservation commission and transfering the duties of many existing state offices to this body; the Penal Reform bill abolishing contract labor and creating the Board of Prison Control, the consolidation bill bringing together a number of existing state social and labor offices under the reorganized Bureau of Labor and Statistics; establishment of a law department and abolition of the offices of most of the existing special counsels to state boards; the bill placing the tobacco inspector, the Live Stock Sanitary Board and all other boards having to do with the agricultural interests of the state, under the Maryland Agricultural College measure; transfer of the duties of the state vaccine agent to the State Board of Health; reorganization of the educational interests of the state under the educational survey measure; establishment of a uniform system of accounting and uniform fiscal year; eatablishment of a uniform period for collection of state taxes; the bill transferring the duties of the state fire marshall to the insurance commissioner's office; reduction of the States Roads Commission from seven to three members; regulation of the printing of state reports and general state printing; creation of a special $2,000,000 loan to cover the existing treasury deficit, abolition of the envelope system and establishment of a registration day before the primaries; reorganization of the State Board of Aid and Charities, and the placing of all state appropriations on a per capita basis, creation of a $3,000,000 general loan, including a large amount for new road building.

In addition to these the Governor pointed out that the measures producing a new annual revenue of at least $500,000 passed, including the following: New motor vehicle bill increasing fees for automobiles and motor-cycles, a new traders' license law, a collateral inheritance tax, a direct inheritance tax, an increase in the liquor licenses, franchise tax, omnibus traders' law and the creation of a moving-picture censor board.

The only measure of importance defeated that carried an administration label was the home rule bill, to carry out the amentment ratified by the voters at the last election. The Governor today was inclined to believe that the bill was too drastic to suit many of the county people.

Another bill of statewide interest passed was the Mother's Pension bill, and another measure conceived by Dr. George Walker, chairman of the late State Vice Commission, prohibiting the separation of a mother and child until the infant is six months old. Both bills went through when it was thought neither had a ghost of a chance.

That the Senate is more progressive than the House was indicated by the passage through the upper body of the woman suffrage amendment, the initiative and referendum amendment and the home-rule bills, all of which met death in the House.

The newspapers last week put Delegate Fox, chairman of the Garrett county delegatism in a very unfavorable position.

Mr. Fox introduced in the House, House Bill No. 847, repealing an act incorporating the village of Friendsville. In the enacting clause of the law these words occurred: "An Act prohibiting the sale of spirituous or fermented liquors or lager beer in Election District No. 2 of Garrett county." This was the last clause of the enacting section. The new matter in the bill conferred upon the Mayor and Town Council a right to pass ordinances such as may be necessary to complete the construction and repair of sidewalks in the village of Friendsville.

The newspaper man reported the bill as repealing the law repealing the law prohibiting the sale of fermented or spirituous liquors or lager beer in Election District No. 2 of Garrett county. I am glad to say that Mr. Fox's record as a temperance man, both by voice in promoting temperance and by his vote in enacting into law prohibition measures, is A No. One.

He most ably assisted Senator Speicher in securing the passage of the Anti-Shipment law and his recordon the side of temperance, justice and humanity is beyond question.

Mr. Fox, as a delegate from Garrett county, made a most favorable impression upon the members of the House by his courteous actions, gentlemanly manners and his stand for right and justice for all the people of the State. His work in behalf of Garrett county was of the very best character as the results will show.

The paragraph published in the newspapers could not but help create an ungoverable opinion upon the minds of those who did not know Mr. Fox but those who know him and are acquainted with his past life would not suspect for a single moment that Mr. Fox would propose such a bill as the newspapers stated.

The bill providing for $4,000 for the benefit of the public schools for Garrett county and introduced by Senator Speicher in the Senate was pushed by him to its final passage on Monday and there is no question about the bill receiving the approval of the Governor.

Mr. Rudisill was called upon by Speaker Laird to make the closing prayer of the Session of 1916. President Campbell of the Senate designated Mr. Rudisill as the "emergency man" of the Senate.

The Senate, Saturday night confirmed the appointments for Garrett county made by the Governor.

The Speicher Anti-Shipment bill has passed both houses and will receive the signature of Governor Harrington.

Senator Speicher received the congratulations of both Republicans and Democrats over the announcement of his candidacy for Congress. Mr. Speicher received the assurance of a prominent member of the House from Frederick county of his support for the nomination.

Senator Speicher is to be congratulated in securing the passage of his bill to authorize the Treasurer of the State to pay the Garrett County School Board $4000 a year for two years, for school purposes. This bill was killed in the House and only through Senator Speicher's efforts was the defeat turned into victory.

Mr. Shartzer's bill appropriating $2,000 for a free bed in the Home Sanitorium, Oakland, was lost on the third reading in the House on Friday night.

Delegate Fox's bill confering upon the Mayor and Conncil of Friendsville the right to compel the repairing and building of side walks in that village passed the Senate Monday afternoon.

Senator Speicher's bill incorporating the village of Accident passed the House Monday night.

The bill to erect a High School building at Oakland was also among the last bills considered. The electors of the county will vote on the subject next November.

Ex-Senator W. McCulloh Brown was active during the session of the legislature looking after bills in the interest of State-Forestry.

The Governor has approved a number of the Garrett county bill which passed the legislature.

The dog law, which caused so much trouble and which could not be enforced was repealed and has the Governor's signature. The bills from Deer Park and Loch Lynn have also the Governor's approval.

Less bills were presented during the session of 1916 than were presented in the session of 1914. The expenses were also greatly reduced.

The minority (Republican) members of the legislature were a fine body of men and acquitted themselves splendidly. They were loyal to the cause of temperance and on the right side of great moral questions. They made a record of much credit to the Republican party and to themselves.

Monday evening Governor Harrington sent to the Senate the name of L. A. Rudisill for re-appointment as a Justice of the Peace for the Seventh District.

The Committee on Executive nominations reported favorably and Mr. Rudisill was confirmed.

NO ADDITIONAL JUDGE.

The bill by Delegate Keedy, of Washington county, proposing an amendment to the Constitution providing for the election of an additional Associate Judge for the Fourth Judicial Circuit, comprising Allegany, Garrett and Washington counties, passed the House, and went to the Senate, where it was referred to the Committee on Judicial Proceedings. It is said Chief Judge Boyd made some legal objection to the passage of the bill at this time, and the bill was allowed to remain in the committee.

THE DEATH RECORD.

REBECCA S. FIKE.

Rebecca S. Fike, nee Rudolph, was born Jan. 17th, 1841, and departed this life March 29th, 1916, aged 75 years, 2 months and 22 days. She was united in marriage to Eld. Aaron Fike March 29th, 1860. To this union were born six sons and 5 daughters all of whom grew to manhood and womanhood. One daughter preceded the mother seven years to the spirit world. Three sons, Phineas L. of Montana; Eura T. and Lorenzo H., of Oakland, are elders in the church of the Brethren; and A. R., of Terra Alta, W. Va., is a deacon. There are about one hundred grand children and great-grand-children.

Aunt Rebecca, as she was familiarly known, was a faithful member of the Lutheran church until 1860, since which time she had been a consistent member of the church of the Brethren. She was a loving, faithful wife. The duties of the home often devolved solely upon her while her husband was out on preaching tours. She was an untiring, uncomplaining, self-sacrificing mother. For the last 5 months she had lovingly cared for father who had been seriously ill. She was only seriously ill about one hour. Death was due to heart failure which occurred on the 56th anniversary of her wedding.

EURA T. FIKE.

SAMUEL WILAND.

Samuel Wiland died on March 27, 1916, after an illness extending over a period of two years, aged 61 years, 2 months and 29 days. The primary cause of his death was cancer of the stomach.

Mr. Wiland was born near Grantsville, this county, Dec. 28, 1854, and resided in this community all his life. He united with the Methodist Episcopal church at the age of twelve years and was always a devout christian and an earnest church worker, taking an active part in Sunday school, prayer meetings and other church work. He was superintendent and class leader of the Sunday school as long as he was able to attend to this work.

He was united in marriage to Henrietta Broadwater on Nov. 20, 1886. To this union were born ten children, all of whom survive. He leaves to mourn his departure, besides his widow and children, four brothers and five sisters and a great number of relatives and friends.

Mr. Wiland will be greatly missed in his community. He was a loving husband and devoted father; as a neighbor was good, kind and obliging, and when he died, as far as he knew, he had not an enemy in the world.

Interment was made at New Germany where brief services were held by his pastor, Rev. Carder.

May the comfort of God's grace be with the friends. And may the sweet memory of a good husband and father be a constant inspiration on life's way.
A FRIEND.

LEO L. HAENDEL.

Leo Laurence Haendel, aged 25 years, died at the home of his parents, Mr and Mrs. George Haendel, at Piqua, Ohio, last Friday night after an illness of two years of a complication of diseases. The deceased married Miss Margaret Ross, of Oakland, a sister of Mr. A. G. Ross and daughter of Mrs. M. J. Ross, of Oakland, and is survived by his widow and an infant child. From a Piqua paper of last Saturday the following is taken: "He was popular in Piqua. For about two years he was chauffeur on one of Frank Robbins & Sons' taxicabs and his uniform courtesy and friendly nature won for him hosts of friends who will be grieved to learn of his passing." The funeral of the deceased occurred on Monday with interment at Piqua.

OAKLAND'S NEW CITY CLERK

MR. ARTHUR LAWTON

KITZMILLER

Mrs. William Rowland, of Gleason, spent Sunday with Mrs. John Rowland.

Miss Iva Murray, of Cumberland, is home on a few weeks vacation.

Mrs. Howard Kight, of Dodson, and sister Miss Kight, from Barnum, spent Saturday shopping and visiting friends in town.

Mr. Orville Neville, of Keyser, W. Va., spent Sunday the guest of his brother, Paul, here.

Mrs. R. A. Smith and son, Ney, returned Sunday from Baltimore, where they heard Billy Sunday.

Miss Kate Chenoweth, the Blaine school mistress, returned to her home Friday at Rock, W. Va.

Miss Verba Walker, of Elkins, is spending a few days at home this week.

Mr. Robert Shapiro spent Saturday here visiting friends.

Mrs. V. G. Pew returned Sunday evening from Cumberland where she had been shopping and visiting friends.

Mr. Joseph Thomas left our community for his home in Pennsylvania.

Mrs. Vernon Connors spent several days last week with her mother-in-law, Mrs. O. Connors.

The young men of Kitzmiller gave a return party to one given some time ago by the M. G. C. Club, on March 23, in Warnicks Hall. The hall was tastefully decorated. Games were played and a fake orchestra, composed by six young men, Messrs. Jesse Walker, Edward Miller, John Long, John Shore, Paul Neville and Ney Smith furnished much fun and entertainment. Mr. Paul Workman led the orchestra. Games followed and delicious refreshments were served at a reasonable hour. About twenty-five couples were present. There were many beautiful flowers worn by the ladies and among the handsomly gowned were: Mrs. E. J. Miller, Mrs. Geo. W. Coffman, Mrs. Sue B. Laughlin, Mrs. Hallie Hartley, Miss Marie Rowland, Miss Beryl Abernathy, Miss Gladys Hamill, Miss Pearl Walker, Miss Mae Abernathy, Miss Iva Bishop, Miss Caroline Walker, Miss Marion Trout, Miss Lorene Pew, Miss Ruth Rafter, Miss Jane Long.

WANTED—At the Mt. Lake Hotel, April 1st, a girl to do general housework. Address, W. C. Dunnington, Mt. Lake Park, Md. Adv. 2-tf

Miss Ellen Connell

Takes pleasure in announcing her Spring Opening Thursday, Friday and Saturday, April 6th 7th and 8th, showing the very latest designs in

SPRING PATTERN HATS

Oakland, Maryland.

IT'S A BEAUTY!

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Twin-Six

Now on exhibition at Oakland Garage, Oakland, Md.

See the Enger before purchasing elsewhere. A wonderful Car at a wonderful price.

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ESTABLISHED 1884. BOTH PHONES

WE have just received a car load of the justly celebrated RU-BER-OID ROOFING as well as a car load of FERTILIZER, and we offer both at such low prices that you cannot afford to not see us before you buy.

Make our store your store when in town, and remember that our low prices and liberal terms it possible for you to get your supplies from us in an easy, convenient way.

Plows, Harrows, Rollers, Grain Drills, Cultivators, Corn Planters, Buggies, Wagons, Farm Trucks, Roofing and Fertilizers are a few of many things you need this spring.

Remember the place—

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"Naylor has it and sells it for less."

RIGHT PRICES PROMPT SERVICE

The Lutheran Church

SECOND STREET, OAKLAND

Sunday School, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

B. H. SINCELL, Superintendent.

Men's Brotherhood Class, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

REV. BREMER, Teacher.

We cordially invite all men not already enrolled in some school to study the Bible with this class.

Morning Worship, 10.45 o'Clock.

The sincere christian will be found in God's House at the regular appointed hours of worship and the only kind of excuse worth while is the kind that Almighty God will accept.

Luther League, 6.30 o'Clock P. M.

Topic—"The Last Memorable Words."
Leader—DONALD SINCELL.

Evening Worship, 7.30 o'Clock.

During the Lenten Season there will be a special service every Wednesday night at 7:30 o'clock. The public is invited.

All are welcome to worship with us.

During the Lenten Season there will be a special service every Wednesday night at 7:30 o'clock. The public is invited.

—The above was prepared by the pastor and the advertisement is authorized and paid for by one interested in church work.

Attorney Fred T. Martin, of Grafton, spent Sunday with his family in Oakland.

Miss Bertha Wolfe returned home Saturday after spending some time in Baltimore and Washington.

HOUSE FOR RENT—Apply to Renninger & Offutt, Attorneys, Oakland. Adv. 5-4t*

Mr. G. Semmes Hamill spent several days last and this week in Washington, D. C., on professional business.

Mrs. M. P. Fahey, of Grafton, W. Va., has moved from that place to her farm south of Oakland.

Mr. B. H. Wiley spent Sunday with friends in the Paradise section of the county, returning to Oakland early Monday morning.

Mrs. C. F. Hammond returned home Tuesday afternoon from a visit of a few days to friends and relatives at Newburg, West Va.

FOR SALE—A five passenger light touring car; reasonable terms. Apply at this office. Adv. 4-4t

Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Bolden returned home Sunday evening from a few days' visit to their daughter, Mrs. Leslie King, at Fairmont, West Va.

FOR SALE CHEAP—One Folding Bed, 1 Oak Bed, 1 Oak Dining Table, 6 Oak Chairs, 2 Leather Davenports. Apply to Mrs. I. T. Hayes. Adv. 6-3t*

Mrs. G. Semmes Hamill entertained quite a large number of young folks on Saturday in honor of her eldest son, Master James Hamill.

Mrs. H. C. Sincell and daughter, Miss Leah Sincell, left Oakland Friday morning for Washington, D. C., where they will visit relatives for a short time.

Hamill has a carload of wall paper to dispose of at before-the-war prices. Fast colors and lowest prices. Adv 4-3t.

Mrs. Julius Scherr, of Morgantown, W. Va., arrived in Oakland Sunday afternoon to visit her daughter, Mrs. Julius C. Renninger, for a short time.

Among those suffering from effects of the grip are Mr. A. D. Naylor, who was taken ill Monday and has been confined to his home ever since as a result.

Attorneys Gilmor S. Hamill, Fred A. Thayer and Edward H. Sincell went to Grafton, West Va., Tuesday morning where they spent the day on professional business.

Former Mayor Matthews and his mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Matthews, have returned home from a week's sojourn in Baltimore and other eastern points.

EGGS FOR HATCHING—From single comb Black Minorcas, $1.50 per 15; fine stock. Townshend Naylor, Oakland, Md. Adv. 4-8t*

Mr. Kline, Mr. Heckler, Miss Conneway and the Misses Rooney of Cumberland, motored to Oakland Sunday and spent the day with Mr. and Mrs. John A. Wolfe.

Mr. William Kildow, who has been engaged at carpenter work at Manheim, West Va., where large cement works are located, spent Sunday with his family in Oakland.

Mr. Henry M. Casteel, who recently sold his farm to Mr. W. M. Frazee, moved his family to Grafton, West Va., Tuesday where he has secured employment in the Baltimore and Ohio machine shops.

The Oakland Garage has received from the manufacturers one of the new Enger Twin Six automobiles for which the local concern is the agent for Garrett county. The car seems to be all that is claimed for it and is sold on a guarantee. See advertisement in another column.

Mrs. Lewis Walter spent last Friday at Keyser, W. Va., visiting friends.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Graves, of Rowlesburg, W. Va., spent Sunday in Oakland.

Mrs. Emma Specht, of Deer Park, spent Saturday in Oakland where she was the guest of relatives.

Carey's Ceilboard is better than plaster for old walls or for new ones. Full line will be found at Hamill's. Adv. 4 3t

Mr. Henry M. Speicher, returned home Saturday night after a visit of several days to Baltimore and Annapolis.

Here we have a country of more than a hundred million population and not a candidate for the vice presidency is in sight.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Stuck, of Oakland, were guests between trains on Friday afternoon of Mr. and Mrs. W. T. White.—Terra Alta Republican.

Mrs. Fleming Howell and daughter, Miss Margaret Howell, returned home on Friday of last week from an extended visit to Washington, Baltimore and Philadelphia.

The Pythian Improvemnet Company offers the Maryland Theatre for rent. Apply to Ernest Shirer, Secretary, Oakland, Md. Adv.

By the fusing of a cable leading to the office of the C. & P. Telephone Company in Oakland one day last week, service was badly crippled for a day or two before the necessary repairs could be made.

Shoe manufactures have given notice that within sixty days they will advance all prices from thirty to forty per cent. Of course the European war is held responsible and given as an excuse for the advance.

Mrs. John Ault, who spent two or three weeks with her daughter, Mrs. Schlossnagle, in Pittsburgh, Pa., and also visited another daughter, Mrs. Smythe, in Fairmont, returned to her home near Oakland Sunday afternoon.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply to Mrs. Stuart F. Hamill, Oakland.

Patrons having news items, such as personals, social gatherings, etc., will confer a favor by telephoning the same to The Republican office for publication in these columns.

Messrs. Playford Naylor and Delbert Davis, who spent two weeks at their respective homes, returned to Delaware, Ohio, Tuesday to resume their studies at Ohio Wesleyan University.

Mr. William Miller, of Accident, was in Oakland one day the latter part of last week and went from here to Cumberland, from which point he drove to his home in Accident a new Buick automobile.

WANTED—Farmer with team to move on farm 4 miles from Oakland; hauling sufficient to keep team busy. J. B. CHEUVRONT, Oakland, Md. Adv. 2-3t*

Mr. Earl Townshend, son of the late Playford Townshend, was in Oakland a few days last week on business. Mr. Townshend is one of the leading attorneys of Huntington, W. Va., where he located a few years ago and has succeeded in building up a splendid practice.

Mr. Charles J. Newman of the Oakland postoffice force, is moving back to his farm, south of Oakland where he will reside hereafter. He is now on his vacation of fifteen days and his position in the office is being filled by Mr. George Rodeheaver, who, until his health failed him about a year ago, was assistant postmaster in the local office.

Mr. H. N. Cuppett, of Terra Alta, was in the city yesterday on business.

Mrs. Andrew W. Helbig is on a visit to friends and relatives at Cumberland this week.

Miss Laura Shaffer spent Tuesday and yesterday at Eglon, where she visited friends.

Misses May Arnold and Myrtle Breyfogle, of the High School faculty, spent Monday in Cumberland.

Naylor & Co. have just unloaded a car of Fertilizer. Advertisement

Attorney A. A. Doub, of Cumberland, spent Tuesday afternoon in Oakland on professional business.

Mrs. W. D. Reed, of Grafton, was in Oakland yesterday where she was the guest of Dr. and Mrs. A. Moore.

Miss Alma Scherr, of Morgantown, is in Oakland where she is visiting her sister, Mrs. Julius C. Renninger.

Mr. Henry M. Speicher, of Accident, went from Oakland to a point near Philippi, West Va., Tuesday afternoon on business.

Mrs. Olin F. Durst, of Lonaconing, arrived in Oakland yesterday afternoon to remain a few days visiting relatives here.

Miss Allie Traver, who was at Clarksburg, W. Va., for three weeks visiting friends, has returned to her home in Oakland.

EGGS FOR HATCHING—Rose Comb Rhode Island Reds; bred to lay. Setting of fifteen, $1.50. Miss Diana Weber, Oakland, Md. Adv.

M. S. Browning, of the Park, advertises in this paper today the sale of a lot of personal effects to take place at the premises on April 22nd.

Mr. J. W. Traver, who has been in the middle west for several months engaged in the insurance business, arrived home Saturday night to spend some time with his family.

Dr. John G. Robinson, of Accident, came up to Oakland Tuesday afternoon and will remain here until tomorrow morning, appearing tonight in the sacred musical to be given in St. Paul's M. E. church.

See A. D. Naylor & Co. for Drain Tile. Advertisement.

Dr. Henry W. McComas' lecture delivered at St. Paul's M. E. Church Monday evening under the auspices of the Epworth League, was largely patronized and the speaker satisfied his appreciative audience to the fullest extent.

The lecture by the Rev. A. D. Appleton on the "Life of Moses," announced to take place in St. Paul's M. E. church on Monday night of next week, will be delivered tomorrow (Friday) evening, at 7:30 o'clock, instead.

Mrs. R. R. Sanner, who spent the winter at Grantsville, where her husband, Capt. R. R. Sanner, occupied the chair of principal of the public school of that town, is here on a visit to her son and daughter.

Mrs. Archibald Moore entertained a large company of ladies at her home on Oak street yesterday afternoon. The hostess served delightful refreshments and the afternoon was highly enjoyed by those present.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

"Is there anything this war doesn't interfere with?" To be somewhat personal, it doesn't interfere the slightest with our appetite or endeavor to give our readers an up-to-date paper every Thursday in the year.

Cashier G. A. Fraley, of the Garrett National Bank, went to Baltimore Friday afternoon where he visited his son, Mr. Neil Fraley, a student in the law department of the University of Maryland, until Sunday afternoon, arriving in Oakland on his return Monday morning.

A number of the pupils of the Oakland High School are spending the present week at their respective homes located in other parts of the county and will not return here until school reopens, on the 7th inst., at the grammar school building where the term will be completed.

Former County Commissioner E. W. Kelso, who recently sold his farm to Mr. Abe Moon, will offer at public auction on the premises Saturday, April 15th, a large lot of live stock, farm implements, etc. See advertisement in another column of this paper today.

A car load of Roofing at any price was just unloaded by A. D. Naylor & Co. Advertisement.

The E. S. Evans Garage in Oakland has received during the past week or ten days several car loads of Ford automobiles which are being assembled and sold almost as fast as they are unloaded. Mr. Evans has rented the Naylor building on Liberty street, which will be his Oakland headquarters.

Mrs. Edward J. Frantz returned home Saturday from an extended visit to relatives and friends at Selbysport, being accompanied by her mother, the aged Mrs. Dunham, of Selbysport, who is now approaching her ninety-third year. Mr. Frantz drove from Oakland in his car to Somerfield, Pa., from which point the two ladies accompanied him here.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred. A. Thayer returned home from Baltimore on Wednesday evening of last week. Mrs. Thayer had been on an extended visit to relatives in Montgomery and Howard counties and also in Baltimore. Mr. Thayer went to Baltimore Saturday preceding their return home.

The Republican acknowledges with thanks a copy of the report of State Fish Commissioner Wm. A. Smith. The pamphlet is replete with useful information concerning the fisheries of Maryland of both the Western and Eastern Shores and gives a synopsis of the work done by the Commission during the past two years.

Mr. Randall Ravenscroft, son of Dr. and Mrs. R. A. Ravenscroft, of Accident, who has been a student at the Pennsylvania State Normal School, Indiana, Pa., during the past several months, returned to his home at Accident on Friday night and will probably remain until fall before returning to school.

Mr. and Mrs. Horace R. DeWitt and Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Jamison have moved from town to the Bradley Farm, where they are occupying jointly the dwelling on that place. Both Mr. DeWitt and Mr. Jamison purchased acreages at the public auction conducted at the farm years ago. Mr. Jamison expects to erect a dwelling on his portion of the place this summer. The Naylor house vacated by Mr. Jamison is now occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Paul B. Naylor, while the rooms vacated by Mr. DeWitt are being occupied by Mrs. Bell.

Mr. W. E. Spoerline, of Hoyes, will sell at public auction at the Charles DeWitt place near Hoyes, on Saturday, April 15th, a large lot of live stock and other personal property, preparatory to moving from that part of the county to Gortner where he has purchased the general store of Peter P. Gortner and will take charge of the same about May 1st.

WE PAY CASH FOR THE FOLLOWING: Live chickens, 12 cents per pound; live turkeys, 20 cents per pound; Veal calves, hog dressed, 9½ cents per pound; dressed Hogs, 9½ cents per pound. Call on or phone, WM. L. CASTEEL, L. W. HOPKINS, Oakland, Md. Adv. 3tf*

Mr. Gilmor S. Hamill, of Oakland, has been appointed administrator of the personal estate of the late Congressman William G. Brown by the Orphans Court for this county. Mr. Brown was the owner of considerable stock in Garrett county banks and the appointment by the court of Mr. Hamill as his administrator was made for the purpose of transferring or disposing of it to other parties.

Mr. Cyrus DeWitt, of near Oakland, who had public sale of his personal property on last Saturday, also disposed of his farm containing thirty-five acres, the purchaser being Mr. Robert Hoye, of near McHenry, who has moved upon the property. Mr. and Mrs. DeWitt will leave Oakland in a few days for a point in Ohio where they will reside permanently.

The management of the Maryland Theatre has been more or less concerned by persistent reports eminating from some unreliable source that the house would be closed at an early date and is emphatic in his denial that such a move is in contemplation. The house has been liberally patronized during the winter just past and indications point to a splendid business as soon as the spring opens and better weather conditions prevail.

W. S. Shrout and family, including their thirteen year old black crow, "Quiller," are moving from Gorman, Md., to Burlington, where they will reside in the future. "Quiller" is a wonderful bird, an ordinary black crow raised in the Shrout family and taught to say a great many words much plainer than the socalled "talk" of the ordinary parrot. Mr. Shrout had "Quiller" at I. M. Long's store on Friday and the bird attracted a great deal of attention.—Keyser Echo.

The Ladies' Aid Society, of Friendsville, will conduct at the M. E. Parsonage, Saturday evening, April 8, at 7:30, a measuring contest after which refreshments will be served. By order of the society. C. W. STEPHAN, Pastor. 5-2t

On account of the heavy rains and continuous wet weather which has been prevailing in the George's Creek region of Allegany and Garrett counties, all the mines in that section are more or less flooded. In some of the mines the water rose to such an extent on Monday that the electric pumps used to clear the water from the workings were submerged and work was discontinued.

Mayor Glessman's first official act was to issue a proclamation urgently requesting the citizens of Oakland to contribute to the fund now being raised for the relief of the 3,000,000 destitute in the war zones of Europe. The Mayor's proclamation will be found elsewhere in this paper today. The cause espoused is a splendid one and we bespeak a liberal response by the people of Oakland who are always ready and willing to help those in distrees.

Mr. James R. Combs, who established the Piedmont Independent more than twenty-five years ago and who operated it under many physical disadvantages, has sold the paper to Mr. George T. Goshorn, of Piedmont, who will issue the paper, beginning next week, as the Tri-Towns Telegram. Mr. Combs, prior to engaging in the newspaper business, was a fireman on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad and in a wreck on the 17-Mile Grade he lost both legs and his right arm, but notwithstanding these handicaps he has been successful in the management of the paper, Mr. Goshorn, until recently, was postmaster at Piedmont and has had some experience as a newspaper man.

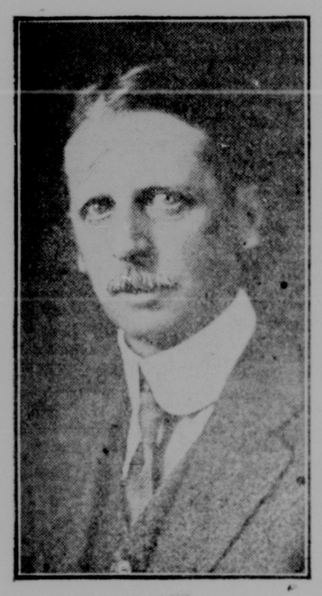
FOR SALE—Twenty-five acres improved farm land located on the Oakland-Gortner State Road, two miles South of Oakland. Easy terms. Call on or write Harry Helbig, Oakland, Md. Advertisement 51 tf

GOLDSBOROUGH THE MAN WHO FILLS ALL THE REQUIREMENTS DEMANDED BY THE PEOPLE

That the hope of the Republican party for success in the general election, in Maryland at least, depends largely upon the choice of a man as a candidate for the United States Senate who has the respect of all persons irrespective of party affiliation, is daily growing more pronounced. And that the man who fills all the requirements demanded by the voters of all parties is former Governor Phillips Lee Goldsborough, is also becoming more apparent.

Of all the men who have held public office in Maryland in many years, Mr. Goldsborough enjoys the distinction of having had less criticism of his administration than is the lot of most public servants. During his term as Governor and since he has entered the race for the Senatorial toga, he has been commended on all sides for his fairness and impartiality, not alone by members of his own party, but also by those who are and have been of opposite political faith since they cast their first ballot.

In this connection, George W. Habersett, a prominent citizen of Baltimore and a former member of the Park Board of the Convention City, in indorsing Mr. Goldsborough's candidacy,



EX-GOVERNOR GOLDSBOROUGH

said: "The ability and integrity displayed by Mr. Goldsborough throughout his entire political career and particularly during his term of office as Governor commends him especially to me and should commend him to all the voters of Maryland as their choice for the United States Senate.

"Mr. Goldsborough stands head and shoulders above any other candidate in the race as far as these necessary requisites are concerned and for that reason I am in favor of him being nominated by the Republicans and will do all I can to help him."

The work of organizing the Goldsborough forces throughout the State goes on merrily. In Cecil county, the Goldsborough followers made great headway this week, and the chances of Dr. France were considerably lessened when William R. Logan cast his lot with the former Governor and announced he would support him in the primaries.

Cecil is the home county of Dr. France. Despite this fact, the voters in the county are not much enthused over the "native son" proposition and many are the offers of assistance from voters of that section that have been given Mr. Goldsborough.

The announcement of Mr. Logan that he was a Goldsborough supporter came as a distinct surpise, as it was believed that he was strongly in favor of Dr. France. He is a member of the State Central Committee of Cecil and with his assistance pledged to Mr. Goldsborough, three members of the State Central Committee are now working earnestly in his interest.

Almost nightly in Baltimore City one or more clubs are formed to support Mr. Goldsborough. Men who are looked upon as "ward workers" and who have heretofore been found in the ranks of the "old organization" are daily lining up with Mr. Goldsborough.

On Tuesday night, the Ninth ward workers met at the home of William A. Bryan, who is one of the foremost figures in the organized labor movement in Maryland and was formerly president of the Baltimore Federation of Labor, at 1430 Fillmore street, and adopted resolutions indorsing Mr. Goldsborough.

"The Ninth ward will be for Goldsborough in the primary election," said Mr. Bryan, "and the men who will work over here in his campaign are the ones who can get out the votes. Owing to the fact that I have been active for years in labor legislation, I frequently came in contact with Mr. Goldsborough when he was Chief Executive of the State and I was attracted to work in his behalf because he had always been eminently fair to the organized labor movement. I believe that the election of Phillips Lee Goldsborough will be a step forward towards shaping national labor measures with success."

William S. Cox, of Calvert county, joined the Goldsborough camp this week.

Between meetings in Baltimore City, Mr. Goldsborough is spending the most of his time touring the counties. Last Monday he was in Talbot and Harford counties.

At Belair a conference of Republicans of Harford county was held in the law offices of Henry A. Whitaker. The call for conference was issued by General Edward M. Allen, chairman of the local State Central Committee, who presided over the meeting. The following were selected as delegates to the Republican State Convention: Harry G. Emmord, of Perryman; Richard Dallam, of Bel-Air; Samuel M. Kirkwood, of near Whitehall, and James W. Davis, of Rock. Henry A. Whittaker, of Belair, was indorsed as delegate to the national convention.

In Easton Mr. Goldsborough met many of the leading Republicans. He said he did not ask any of them for their suppor' as he understood they were pledged to Dr. France. He intends, however, to make his fight among the rank and file of the Republican voters in the county. While in Easton he was in close consultation with State's Attorney Charles J. Butler.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

Amusements.

The question of amusements is an interesting one. In discussing the so called popular ones of the time, I shall not say anything to wound the feelings of those who may not agree with me nor would I intimate that they are worse than others who do not indulge in them. Let us look at the dance of modern society.

I do not say that the dance is sinful in itself, nor that there may be some who can indulge with no evil effects, but I want to look at it from the standpoint of the christian. Is it proper for christians to engage in it? Let us, first of all, know what we mean by the dance. "It means a leaping or stepping with motions of the body adjusted to the measure of a tune; a lively brisk exercise in which the movements of the person are regulated by art, in figures and by the sound of instruments." So says Webster. Worcester defines it as "a graceful movement of the figure, accompanied by measured steps in accord with music, the act of moving with regulated and graceful steps." Surely there is no harm in this. No one can claim that the mere act of dancing is sinful in itself.

To take some wine is not always sinful, but when so much is taken as to produce drunkenness, or a weak brother is led astray, then the harmless act becomes an offense. The same act may have no moral character, or it may be commendable, or it may be wrong, even a crime, according to the motive which prompts it (E. G.) the act of killing. There may be no moral character in the act of dancing as when children dance in the glee of play. Or it may be commendable as when David danced before the Lord; or it may be wrong as is so often the case with the fashionable amusement. And let me say here, that, I know of no town of its size, that has less of it than our own town. It is said to be innocent. This is doubtful to say the least. The way to judge of amusements is to try them by their effects on our nerves and spirits the next day. Amusement ought to be recreation, something that refreshes and turns us out anew; that rests mind and body by change and gives cheerfulness and alacrity for return to duty. The dance might do this but it does not. Were it confined for an hour or two of exercise to the parlor or open air, it would be shorn of objections, but as it is carried on now almost universally, with large crowds, insufficient or indelicate attire, freedom of intercourse that would not be tolerated under other circumstances; revelry and excitement, entire worldliness and forgetfulness of God, it is evil. I am talking, of course, of the dance, as many members of society, leaders too, including many professing christians practice. Now I believe in amusements. I love good healthy, mind invigorating ones. Perhaps some one says if you discard the dance you destroy one of the chief sources of amusement, and we must have it. Then why not dance separately. Oh, that would destroy its fascination, deprive it of its seductive power and render it so tame that you would not care for it. One of the ill omens of the christian age is to see it wasting energy to devise ways and means by which to amuse itself. Bad indeed when christians consent to waste time and talents on the Pagan question of what, when, how and how much in the art of amusement. If the desire of people is merely to be amused and not edified, into what a whirlpool are we drifting? We shall give the dance a fair trial and acquit or convict it on testimony that both from without and within the church.

Shall we say it is no worse than some other things? That is true. There is gossip, as contemptible a thing as exists, that smuts the reputation and plays havoc with the character of innocent persons, smacks its chops and thinks it has done a splendid thing. Hypocrisy—despised by an honest person and condemned of God—yet mixtured by many a professing christian. Worse it anything than the dance.

Slander too, is vile and to be detested by God and man, but does it follow that it is right for christians to engage in popular dances of the modern society? The question is, of two evils choose neither. Again it is said, if you take this away, you make religion gloomy and repulsive, and so young people will despise it. There may be, there is force in this, if the only aim of life is to be amused, if we are under no obligations to remember our Creator in the days of our youth; if it is right to put off all thoughts of God, judgment and salvation until our joints are too stiff to dance or death arrests our course.

But if it is our duty to seek first the Kingdom of God; to give diligence to make our calling and election sure; if it is wise and christian to cultivate habits of self denial in the days of our youth; if we are required to glorify God in our bodies and spirits and prepare for eternal issues through the belief of the truth and sanctification of the spirit; then there is no force whatever in such reasoning.

We are to glorify God in all our actions and we cannot glorify Him by doing what endangers or destroys health, if carried too far.

We must do it in our enjoyments, which must never be in excess, by rising above things of time and the pleasures of sense to contemplate heavenly things.

I have met this plea: some churches are not so strict as others, are more genial, more in conformity to the dictates of fashionable society, so the young people may be driven away from the strict church. Suppose we admit this to be true. Then what. Just this, the person who loves the dance more than the Saviour, hasn't made an entire surrender to Christ or His service.

If their love for the dance keeps them out of the church, they are as well out, and if the church must give up her principles at the demands of worldly professors she might as well be blotted out of existence. It is not admission to the church that saves souls, but faith in Christ which produces "holiness of life without which no man can see the Lord." "She that liveth in pleasure (a life of dissipation and luxury) is (spiritually) dead (in sin) while she liveth." The conditions of the christian life is denying ourselves, taking up the cross and following Jesus. A conformity to the world is a violation of the conditions imposed by Christ.

"Its a little thing"—Then why not let it go? It is no where to be found in the catalogue of christian duty, and is condemned by the majority of all earnest laboring and praying christians, it brings sorrow to many hearts; has brought much trouble to the church and has caused the ruin of scores.

Why not then just give it up for the sake of others and the church. Paul's principle of not eating meat if it caused a weak brother to offend, is a safe one to apply here as well as to many other things.

For the present this is enough, so I pause here.

Yours truly,
JOANNES.

Billy Sunday's Powers of Describing Sin Draws Sinners to Hear Him. They Love Him—But They Also Love Their Sins and Keep Right On.

To the Editor of The Republican.

Every professing Christian of every sect ought to want to see Billy Sunday make good, but the facts seem to be against him. Most decidedly in Baltimore.

He is a howling success at drawing a crowd and he is a good prohibition lecturer, but further than this he is a failure.

The majority of those who go to the tabernacle go as they would to a circus. A large proportion of those who strike the trail do it for a joke they, say they are joking with a joker, and to such an extent has joking been carried that ministers whose places it is to take the cards and visit the converts have shied from doing so. This has made Billy so mad that he has threatened to quit.

Billy draws a crowd because he enlarges on the details of sinner's lives. The average sinner is delighted to hear his every thought and act portrayed. Even the ministers are now threatening to mob Billy for showing them up in all their details.

Billy shows up the rich man and finally winds up with something largely in his praise—then the rich man says, "I like that!" Thus he said, "Rockefeller is firm square with God and is the Job of our times." That immediately settles every rich man for Billy.

Billy will give a sermon on motherhood. Every old mother who reads it will feel that she will become more and more a cherubim for every child she has, and every young woman, not married, will feel an inspiration to enter upon the cares of life as quickly as possible. Of course, then the women want to hear him. One report stated that there were 24 women to one man present oftimes.

When Billy speaks "to women only" he sets forth what is called "rich, racy and rare," The women, like the rich men, like to hear their thoughts and acts portrayed. There is so much of this portrayal given that the poor sinners forget all about the hell they must shun and the heaven they must seek and plunge that much more into the joys and sorrows of terrestial life. Of course, these women want to hear him and they hang around whole days at a time to do so.

When Billy sermonizes "to men only" the same minute detail is undertaken. Innocent young men and boys receive in these sermons eye openers that start them on paths heretofore unexplored, and old young men jolly themselves with the endorsement they receive and plunge down to Highlan town all the more. Many of them are so grateful that they strike the trail. They go to hear Billy at every chance.

Gentlemen drinkers and bum drinkers are, alike, absorbed by Billy's description of their weakness. Like the young men, some of them strike the trail in acknowledgment of their appreciation, but they go their way in the great majority of cases fortified to pursue the old tenor of their way.

Justice Supplee, of Baltimore, has just called attention to the fact that the records of his central district shows an increase in drunks and disorderlies since Billy has arrived. He calls for an explanation of that which seems to him to be a puzzle of puzzles. The explanation is, as I say, found in the fact that Billy Sunday is actually propagating intemperance and vice.

A very few sincere converts, made by the music chiefly, are forthcoming at the Sunday meetings; but they are handed over to the churches, where they patronize the shouting, singing, oyster suppers, strawberry and ice cream festivals and are soon lost to sight—they remain in the churches as partakers of what Billy calls their "hypocrisy," or, fooled and disappointed, they drop back into the world.

In company with one of the Hearst papers I last year searched the whole country to find converts who had stuck for over a year and who were worthy of being classed as truly Christians. By a stretch, I might say we found one.

As a Christian, I was hoping to see Billy furnish the nucleus for a revived Christianity, but Baltimore is proving that Billy is not delivering the goods. The papers of the city are deluged with letters from the people corroborative of all that I have given in the above. It is very sad.

FRANCIS BUCK LIVESEY,
West Friendship, Md.

STEYER

All our farmers are busily engaged in making maple sugar, and some of them have been furnishing the young people some fine entertainment by giving "sugar boilings."

Several of our young folks attended the school entertainment at Gormania Thursday night. All report a fine time.

Misses Emma and Nora Steyer spent Sunday at Blaine.

Misses Maude Moon and Edna Harvey were pleasant callers in town last Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Jerome Phillips were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Fields Sunday afternoon.

Misses Mayme Fields and Myrtle Wilson spent Sunday with Misses Almah and Edna Harvey.

Mr. and Mrs. Milton Tucker, Miss Lyda Steyer, Myrtle Wilson and Mayme Fields attended prayer meeting at Mrs. Harvey's Sunday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilmoth spent Sunday at Wallman, the new lumber town.

Oscar Wolfe and A. J. Wilson spent Sunday with their families near this place.

We are sorry to note the absence from our town of Mr. Leslie Phillips who has gone to Parsons to attend school.

Isaac Lewis preached a very interesting sermon at our school house Sunday night.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Brown a girl, last Saturday.

And Virgil Steyer has also been wearing a broad smile since the arrival of their big boy.

Two burials have taken place in the Steyer cemetery during the past week, one that of the infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Cecil Riding of Glade Run and the other, Mrs. Lichliter, of Dodson.

Bankruptcy Matters.

A petition in bankruptcy was filed at the office of Deputy Federal Clerk A. C. Nadenbousch, at Martinsburg, W. Va., by the Cumberland Sash and Door Company, of Cumberland, against William A. Liller, a prominent lumber dealer and building contractor, of Keyser. It is said the claims against Contractor Liller aggregate $30,000. It is also said that he will fight the proceedings, on the ground that he is not insolvent.

SUNDAY'S APPEAL TO THE MEN

Moves Thousands to Tears By His Earnest Plea.

BIG TABERNACLE THRONGED

Trail Harvest Delights Him—Brass Knuckles Found—Junior Order Has Big Turnout.

NEARLY 1,000 PERSONS HIT THE TRAIL.

Nine hundred and seventy-three hit the trail at the services at the tabernacle and outside meetings Sunday. Eight hundred and forty went forward at the tabernacle, 691 being men and boys, and professed conversion at the meetings of the afternoon and evening. This brought the grand total of trail-hitters to 13,572.

Forty-one thousand people attended the tabernacle services, bringing the total of attendance for the campaign to 926,500.

Baltimore.—"I draw a circle about you now, and if you don't instantly step out, God will take it that you do not intend to step out, and it will be war through eternity!"

Billy Sunday uttered this cry to 27,000 men who made up his afternoon and evening congregations Sunday, following the sermon he preached at both services on the text "Choose ye this day whom you will serve," and up the sawdust trail surged 691 converts. These, with 149 persons who had hit the trail at the forenoon service, made the day's total for the tabernacle 840.

The sermon to men only was one of the most dramatic that Sunday has delivered here, in that it was burdened with a warning as imperative as that which John the Baptist uttered in the wilderness, calling upon unbelievers to repeat, turn from wickedness and seek the true God.

Makes Them Sit Up.

"This may be the funeral sermon for some of you!" Sunday thundered—and men sat bolt upright, eyes wide with emotion whipped to white heat; scores wept openly and turned again to gaze, fairly fascinated, at the man who was flaying their sins as had no other preacher who ever called upon Baltimore to turn to Christ.

When the evangelist saw the effect of his sermon at night, saw the converts pushing forward in numbers that bade fair to set a new record, his face lighted up with joy which he could hardly contain. After the first rush of hand-shaking was over he sprang about the platform in uncontrollable exuberance, took hold the pulpit and swang upon it as though he were practicing in a gymnasium; threw himself face downward on the carpet to reach the hands of some belated trail-hitters, sprang upon the press table, grabbed two outstretched palms at once and said excitedly: "This has been a great day in old Baltimore, boys, a great day!"

Women Not Allowed.

Although there was nothing in the sermon proper for a mixed audience to hear—and in this respect it was vastly different from the much-talked-of "Devil's Boomerang" sermon—women were excluded, Ma Sunday, who attended the evening service, being the sole representative of her sex.

For a few minutes Ma's distinction was disputed by two women who slipped into the tabernacle through one of the back doors. They were accompanied by two men, and were just determined to stick, whether or no. A police sergeant discoveerd them after a while and hurried to find Captain Hurley. The captain sent him back with orders to eject the intruders. The ejectment was accomplished without disturbance.

A little before this one of the ushers thought he caught sight of a woman's head about midway of the first section. He hurried down to make an investigation and discovered that the head belonged to a long-haired boy.

Straight-Out Doctrine.

The most distinctive feature of the sermon of the afternoon and evening was that it was the first straight-out doctrinal talk given at a meeting for men only. It contained no particular excoriation of the liquor traffic, no statistic dealing with the social evil. It flayed not the dance, nor gambling nor politics; was singularly free from what Sunday's critics would call vulgarities. Yet, although it was by no means "Sundayesque," it brought more persons up the sawdust aisles even than did the recently preached sermon on "Amusements," when the congregations were half again as large.

Varying the usual program, the evening service was launched with a call for "sentence" prayers by members of the congregation. A man arose at the general invitation, uttered a brief prayer; two other men stood up when he concluded and launched into prayers simultaneously. Homer Rodeheaver made the last prayer.

Obligated To Conversion.

The keynote of the whole sermon, which was the shortest that Sunday has delivered on any Sunday night in his campaign here, was that men were under an unavoidable obligation to become Christians. He told a long story of one Valentine Burke, inmate of a penitentiary, whom "God winged" through the account of a Moody sermon in a St. Louis newspaper, and who afterward became a noted worker in the Lord's vineyard. He poured the vials of his wrath upon Ingersoll, and described graphically the death of Ingersoll's brother and of the funeral oration, tragic in its hopelessness, made by the famous infidel himself.

"After all," he said, "Ingersoll was nothing but a mouthful of sweetened wind and a painted echo. His doctrine developed more jailbirds than did any other influence of his time. I'd rather be an old hag in a gutter than a man of the mental brilliancy of Bob Ingersoll if I had to have his doctrine. Ingersoll said he did not know what would become of him after death. He knows now, for he has been dead these many years."

Step From That Circle.

He led up to his trail-hitting invitation, with its reference to the ring, by this:

"When the rebels were fighting in the war against Rome, when the Emperor sent his ambassador to demand a surreneder, the rebel leader said, 'We will give an answer at sunset.' The ambassador drew a circle around the rebel leader with the point of his sword and said: 'If you do not immediately step from that circle we will take your answer to be 'No,' and that means war, war, war!'"

And Sunday concluded with:

"It was never easier to take the stand for Christ. If you don't yield, God have mercy on you!"

Quit Sin Or Campaign.

Sunday's hardest raps so far at the worldliness of Baltimore came when he was calling for trail-hitters in the afternoon. His audience of 9,000 people consisted for the most part of women, and these fairly gasped when he threw his verbal hooks into the Monumental City, declared that its church members had better either cast out the sins that were holding them away from true lives of Christianity or else "quit."

"If the church of God isn't willing to take its stand for the things that are right, we'll just about have to quit and be done with this campaign," he said with bitterness. "I'm not going to stand here and wear myself out pleading with you. I'm not going to nag you, not going to beg you. If I were you, I'd either get right with God or quit; that's all.

"There's something wrong with Baltimore somewhere. Preachers tell me they've never been in a city where the church was so tangeld up with the things of the world; that they have such a hard time here they often try to get transferred to other charges. Either get right with God or let's quit. I want to know what you're going to do. If you're not willing to purify the church, to cast out those things that are worldly and that are holding the church back—why, then, I'm through."

"Shame On Baltimore!"

A little before he had flared up in a criticism of the tardiness of Baltimoreans in coming forward with larger collections at the tabernacle.

"We've had nearly 1,000,000 people at the tabernacle meetings here," he said, "and in the five weeks we haven't raised $35,000. And yet in New York 12,000 people paid the other night just $151,000 for the privilege of seeing two pugs stand up in the prize ring and pound each other for 40 minutes."

"Shame on Baltimore!" cried a woman's voice.

"That's right, sister, it is a shame; it's a disgrace to Baltimore."

SUNDAY SAYINGS

Away with the hellish idea that the preacher has to do just so and so and you can live like the devil.

There's too much joining the church and too little joining Jesus Christ. The church doesn't need new members half as much as she needs the old bunch made over. Whosoever, will, let him come; whosoever won't, let him go to the devil.

If your culture is in the way of being a Christian it spells hell—H E double L—hell.

I was offered $175,000 to pose for the movies, but I refused. I won't commercialize religion.

Some men remind me of the signs in a butcher shop, "Dressed pork, pressed beef."

Any man can give an excuse for not being a Christian, but no man can give a reason.

The reason many of you men have not hit the trail is because you are not men enough.

You will need the church for a hiding place when the devil forecloses the mortgage on your soul.

The saloon has no right to exist. It has not a leg to stand on.

The stage of today is worse than in the days of paganism.

A good moral show is a financial loss to its backers. An obscene show puts the S. R. O. sign out every performance.

I think it's a shame to see a poor old dame, with skirts above her shoetops and face covered with cosmetics, trying to beat old Father Time.

A leg show makes the most money, especially the ones that have women, who don't wear enough clothes to make a tail for a kite.

Religion in Baltimore is loosing its grip. It has taken us five weeks to raise less than $35,000. A prizefight in New York took in $151,000 in 40 minutes.

Phillips Lee Goldsborough

REQUESTS THE SUPPORT OF

ALL REPUBLICANS

AS THEIR CANDIDATE FOR

UNITED STATES SENATOR

At the primaries to be held Monday, May 1, 1916.

Mr. Goldsborough is the candidate who is best qualified by ability and experience and by the fact that he is known to be the man who will represent all the people of his state and will effectively support their every interest. He is the man to whom all will be proud to point as Maryland's representative in the highest Legislative body in the world.

See what the four corners and the middle of the state say about him.

WESTERN MARYLAND.

Col. W. Bladen Lowndes, son of former Governor Lowndes.

"What I am most concerned about is that we shall name for Senator, a man in whom the people have confidence. He must be a known quantity and a known quality. He must be known by the real test of public life. He must be conspicuous for his ability as a statesman and needs be of recognized personal power as a thinker and speaker. Such a man is Phillips Lee Goldsborough and I am not convinced that there is now available any other man in the state whom we can elect."

Benjamin Armstrong Richmond, Cumberland.

"I believe that the results in the general election depend upon the wisdom of the Republicans in nominating Phillips Lee Goldsborough for Senator. I do not think there is another man in the state who can be elected to that office on the Republican ticket and I do not think there is a Democrat in the state who can defeat him."

SOUTHERN MARYLAND.

Senator John E. Mudd, of Charles county.

"Phillips Lee Goldsborough is the ablest man within the Republican ranks in Maryland. The record he achieved as chief executive of the state is one of which Republicans can feel justly proud. I feel confident he will receive the support of the Independents. He is the man of the hour in the coming Senatorial primary."

Thomas Parran, of Calvert county.

"The public record of Phillips Lee Goldsborough is the best asset of our party and one that appeals to all classes of voters. It will elect him the next United States Senator. I cannot believe that the voters of Maryland will repudiate at the coming primary, the splendid administration that has just been given us by Governor Goldsborough."

NORTHERN MARYLAND.

Senator Richard S. Snader, of Carroll county.

"Mr. Goldsborough is an individual possessed of executive ability high above the average of public men in governmental affairs. As governor he demonstrated he exercises his abilities with an eye solely to the building up of the state. I feel sure we can put Carroll county in the Goldsborough column in the primary."

Clarence Oldfield, of Howard county.

"After careful thought and frequent interviews with Republicans in Howard county, I arrived at the positive conclusion that Phillips Lee Goldsborough is the best qualified candidate for the Republican nomination for United States Senator."

EASTERN SHORE.

Senator Henry M. McCullough, of Cecil county.

"No Marylander has a record of accomplishments that can surpass that of Phillips Lee Goldsborough, who, unaided by fortune, has won success in his political career, entirely through his well directed efforts to serve the people of his state and country."

Wilbur F. Turner, of Wicomico county.

"Mr. Goldsborough is the strongest man in the Republican ranks. His administration demonstrated he knows the wants of the people and is able to secure for them what they need. This applies particularly to the counties and I am for him."

BALTIMORE CITY.

Col. Edward C. Carrington.

"Former Governor Goldsborough has been twice elected by the people of Maryland to high office in a state-wide vote. As between Mr. Goldsborough and his opponent, I would feel that I was guilty of bad citizenship if I did not vote for Mr. Goldsborough."

Dr. Howard A. Kelly, noted surgeon and sturdy Democrat.

"Mr. Goldsborough was the model governor of Maryland and we have never had a better one. His appointments in Baltimore City,—Magistrates, Police Commissioners and members of the Liquor License Board, gave us, without exception, the best officials we ever had in these positions."

John B. Ramsay, vice-pres., Merchants-Mechanis Nat'l Bank.

"Upon the success of Mr. Goldsborough in the Primary, depends the success of the Republican party in the general election."

(Published By authority of C. Wilbur Miller, Treasurer.)

AMERICANS KILL 30 VILLISTAS IN RUNNING FIGHT

Col. G. A. Dodd's 400 Cavalrymen Travel 55 Miles in 17 Hours to Win Battle

BANDIT CHIEFTAIN WOUNDED

Four United States Cavalry Men Wounded — Outlaws Celebrating Guerrero Slaughter Routed at San Geronimo Ranch.

General Funston, in reporting the battle of Guerrero to the War Department, Washington, transmitted these words from General Pershing's dispatch to Army Headquarters.

"With Villa permanently disabled, Lopez wounded and Hermandez dead, the blow administered is a serious one to Villa band."

El Paso, Tex.—Winding like a spirit army through the arroyos of the upper Santa Maria Valley, the sand of the foothills stilling the hoof-beats of their horses and their accoutrements muffled to give absolute silence to their progress, 400 troopers under Colonel G. A. Dodd fell upon the main body of Francisco Villa's bandits at San Geronimo Ranch in the early morning.

They had marched all night, covering fifty-five miles in seventeen hours. Men and horses were dust-covered and wearied to the point of utter exhaustion. But after a brief and wary rest at the last turn in the tortuous trail leading to where Villa's men, all unsuspicious of their presence, were celebrating their massacre of 172 Carranzistas at Guerrero the day previously, the troops sprang into their saddles for a charge.

Americans Kill Thirty Bandits.

From accounts reaching here, they were able to make their way almost into the Villa camp before the alarm was given. Many of the Mexicans were asleep. Resistance was of the briefest. Seizing what arms they could, the bandits leaped upon their horses, firing from the saddle as they rode away. At least thirty bandits were killed, and two machine guns, a number of horses, rifles, ammunition and equipment were left behind. Only four American privates were slightly wounded and none was killed.

THIRTY DEAD IN WRECK.

20th Century and Two Express Trains in Collision.

Amherst, Ohio.—A double wreck on the New York Central lines a few miles west of this point resulted in the death of 30 persons and injury to a score or more others.

The list of identified dead is as follows: Dora Roseberg, Toronto; rpAel Heltai, manager Hungarian Theatrical Co., New York; Walter Easton, Philadelphia; Raisin Obdah, Indianapolis; Marcinca Binnoe, Indiana Harbor, Ind.; Rev. Gustaf Walyi, Detroit; Fred Weazer, Detroit; J. Risey; J. H. Hearn, Gallipolis Ohio; D. Fruchtman, Toronto; B. E. Aish, Olmstead Falls, O.; R. Thomas, Philadelphia; Byorgi Ojinel, Indianapolis; Edward Larcy, St. Louis; Bruce Bromley, Hillsville Pa.; Jennie Dr ymar Haddas, Cleveland; Charles Nelson, Chicago.

Dense fog obscured the signal set by the first section of the eastbound Pittsburgh-Baltimore-Buffalo Limited, when it stopped to get water, causing another section of that train to crash into it. A short time later, before sleepy signalmen could flag it, Twentieth Century Limited, westbound, crashed into the wreckage, which had piled up on the westbound track.

WORLD'S NEWS IN CONDENSED FORM

PITTSBURGH.—Steel mills of the country have not only achieved a record in the production of steel in the first quarter of the year, but they have also taken in new business in a volume that breaks all records.

BALTIMORE, Md. — Charles M. Schwab, chairman of the board of directors of the Bethlehem Steel Company, has purchased the Baltimore Sheet and Tin Plate Company the $3,000,000 enterprise recently promoted by J. E. Aldred.

MEXICO CITY.—Gen. Gonzales gave out a statement in which he threatened to force merchants to reduce prices.

LONDON.—An Army Council notice says that "all hay or oat or wheat straw, threshed or unthreshed, now standing on farm or other premises in bulk in Great Britain" is requisitioned by the War Department for use by the Allies in France.

NEW YORK.—An old sardine can, containing $7,800, most of the bribe paid by Dr. Arthur Warren Waite, confessed poisoner, to Eugene Oliver Kane, who embalmed the body of Waite's father-in-law, was dug out of the sand on the shore of Gardiner's Bay. Of the $9,000 paid to Kane $1,200 was missing.

PERSHING'S LINES CLOSELY GUARDED

Bandits Gathering in Force in Chihuahua Desert

MENACE U. S. SUPPLY TRAINS

Report That a Force of Villistas Gathered to Attack American Line of Communications Near Ascension—Encircling Area to Bar Escape.

Columbus, N. M.—Army men here were considerably disturbed by numerous warning from confidential sources that Villa adherents were gathering in the Chihuahua desert, both north and south of Ascension and near the motor trail leading from Columbus to Casas Grandes, for the purpose of attempting to cut the line of communication of the American punitive expedition in Mexico.

While latest reports regarding the whereabouts of the Villistas are conflicting, they all agree that Gen. Pershing's forces are keeping up a night and day search for them.

The first news regarding the disposition of troops came out in a special telegram. As the message had the "censored and passed" the officers recognized it as authentic.

"There are now over 12,000 United States troops in Mexico, probably close to 13,000," said an officer, "and this message accounts for only 2,500 of them. We know that there are 2,000 more, possibly 3,000, guarding the line of communication south from Columbus to Madera. Where the other 7,000 or 8,000 men are, nobody on the outside has been permitted to learn."

The Carranza Government is mobilizing troops close to the United States border in the States of Chihuahua and Sonora.

It is estimated that 10,000 Mexican troops are mobilized in Chihuahua within twenty miles of the border. There are said to be 15,000 troops in Northern Sonora.

Gen. Funston put credence in a rumor that Col. Cano, a Carranza officer, had joined Villa's band.

Carranza Garrison Routed.

El Paso, Tex.—All communication by rail and wire between Gen. Pershing's new base at Madera, Chihuahua, and his advance forces pursuing Villa was cut, supposedly by Villistas, who destroyed trackings and cut wires south of Madera.

No supplies can be shipped or troops moved by rail south of Madera until the break is repaired.

Villa was shot in the leg during an attack on the town of Guerrero, dispatches to Juarez said. He routed the Carranza garrison of 50 men and captured the place, it is reported.

Advices report detachments of the American troops south of Villa and his band. This information gives the location of the hunted outlaw on the headwaters of the Santa Maria river, some distance North of Guerrero.

Unofficial information reaching General Funston stated that Villa had killed every one of the Guerrero garrison, the strength of which was placed at 172 men. Villa, the advices set forth, then moved northward to the headwaters of the Santa Maria River.

Military men made no secret of their belief that Villa had slipped through the cordon of American troops and Carranza forces pursuing him, south of Namiquipa.

If his whereabouts are known to General Pershing, the American commander, he is keeping the location a profound secret. No news from the advance base or from the scouts operating south of here after Villa was made public by the censor.

The American army at the front is well supplied with food, and transport trains are arriving regularly from the border at Columbus with food and other necessities. Other trains are carrying the supplies south to the troops in the field, and returning drivers of transports report that there is no shortage of rations anywhere among the men.

EXPORT COMBINES FAVORED.

Trade Commission Finds Sentiment for System Like German.

Washington.—The Federal Trade Commission's report on its investigation of foreign trade conditions, undertaken because of abnormal commercial developments incident to the war is ready.

There is a general sentiment in favor of export combinations similar to those which have given Germany's manufacturers so great a share of the world's commerce.

WOOER SHOOTS HIS RIVAL.

Kills High School Classmate in Girl's Presence.

Scottsburg, Ind.—In the presence of Miss Grace Huffman, a high school student, Harry Robinson, 24, shot and killed Ancil Phillips, 17, a rival for the girl's favor, at Miss Huffman's home in Lexington, a village eight miles from here.

Robinson had been paying attention to Miss Huffman for two years, but recently she had permitted Phillips, who was a classmate, to call upon her.

The New Telephone Directory

Goes to Press

APRIL 15th, 1916.

Your Name will appear in the new directory if you arrange for telephone service on or before that date.

In saving time and labor, in making your home more comfortable, in building business and in reaching friends quickly, it has no equal.

Why wait until an accident or an emergency causes you to regret that you do not have a telephone? Arrange today to have one installed, and enjoy its benefits every day in the year.

Rates are Low and the Service Efficient

Our Business Office will gladly give you full information.

Call, telephone or write.

Get your name in the new book

THE CHESAPEAKE AND POTOMAC TELEPHONE COMPANY

J. BROOKE BOYLE, Local Manager

Tel. 9000 — 10 Union St., Cumberland

HART'S SPRING GOODS

OUR Spring Goods are now in—Wool Cloths as well as Wash Fabrics; also Laces, Embroideries and other Dress Trimmings.

These goods were bought last fall when it was possible to buy at right prices. If we were compelled to go into the market to buy these goods today we would on most things be forced to pay more than our present retail price. Thi applies to almost everything in the dry goods and notion lines.

We never believe in misrepresenting facts in advertising as well as in other things. Our advice is to anticipate your wants for spring before present stocks are exhausted you will save money. Old prices still prevail at

ALDER ST. HART'S OAKLAND.

CO-OPERATIVE MONEY SAVING EVENT

Cumberland's Big Commercial Week

April 8th to 15th Inclusive

SPECIAL BARGAINS

FREE TRANSPORTATION

Leading Cumberland merchants desiring to show their appreciation of out-of-town trade have joined together in a Big Co-operative Money Saving League to make this the most unusual sale event ever attended.

YOU DO NOT HAVE TO TAKE ANY PARTICULAR TRAIN.

Take any train, electric car, or automobile during the week. If you make your purchases from the merchants supporting this event your regular car fare will be rebated in cash.

WRITE FOR REBATE SHOPPING CARD

And full particulars how to use them. Also list of stores and special offers in merchandise.

Address Co-operative Money Saving League.
P. O. Box 136, Cumberland, Md.

Dr. JOSEPH IRWIN FRANCE

Some Reasons Why Republicans Almost Unanimously Have Declared for Dr. France.

He is the Candidate of no one faction of his party.

He is appealing directly to the rank and file.

He is acceptable to all Republicans.

He is acceptable to the Progressives.

He has the ability to represent the State fittingly in the Senate.

He has the support of the State Wide Press.

He believes the Republican Party should be the MAJORITY Party in Maryland.

His Candidacy, just as did Mr. Weller's, represents an effort to nominate proved men free from previous political alignments. Mr. Weller received the greatest number of votes ever given a Republican Candidate. It is the policy that will build up the party.

His candidacy represents the nation wide movement to nominate candidates upon whom all opponents of the Democratic Party can unite enthusiastically so that the breach of 1912 may be permanently healed.

His Headquarters are at 304 Maryland Trust Building, Baltimore, where he will be glad to meet or hear from all Republicans.

Published by the authority of A. W. W. WOODCOCK, Treasurer.

PROCLAMATION.

MAYOR'S OFFICE.

WHEREAS, The Commission for Relief in Belgium, through its National Committee named by President Woodrow Wilson, states that the need for food and clothing for the 3,000,000 destitute in the war occupied zones of Belgium and Northern France continues:

WHEREAS, the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution in co-operation with the Commission for Relief in Belgium, have agreed to celebrate April 8th as a national "Flag (Tag) Day" in commemoration of King Albert's Birthday, and

WHEREAS, the great humanitarian work of this Commission is strictly neutral, being approved by the civil and military authorities of the Belligerent Powers.

I, GEORGE GIESSMAN, Mayor of Oakland, therefore urgently request that all of our citizens respond liberally to this appeal, so that we may do our share in relieveing the dire distress of these helpless and innocent victims of the war across the seas.

Signed: GEORGE GIESSMAN.

April 4, 1916.

MOUNTAIN LAKE PARK.

As news has been a little scarce there has been no letter from here for the past two weeks.

We are glad to learn through the Pittsburgh Advocate that the Summer School of Missions for the Womans Home and Foreign Missionary Societies is to have its first session Aug. 21-28, just at the close of the Moody Bible Conference.

We are hoping for and expecting better days for the Park.

If the management could fit up a public park which nature has almost completed, just west of the ball park, which is splendidly wooded with young sturdy white oak trees, and just sloping enough for natural drainage for the surface, and with an occasional opening between the trees for croquette and tennis grounds and plenty of sawdust in easy reach for walks. Then the water from Crystal spring could be brought in pipes at small expense and have it in both the Oak and the ball park. Then invite excursions from all parts of the country, as at other times when thousands came and greatly enjoyed [illegible], as well as the bathing in the Lake and ball playing. I hope this statement will merit more than a casual reading.

Mr. Scot White has purchased through M. M. Schrock the Rufus Haymond cottage near our public school house.

Mr. E. W. Kelso has engaged the Levi Echard cottage for a year.

Mr. Riley Schell has rented one of the Atkinson cottages on D street for one year.

Rev. J. P. Filson, of Lonaconing, is to be here next Saturday and expects to occupy the Pollock cottage near the M. E. church.

Miss Finnell came last week and has again opened up Allen Hurst.

Mrs. Kneiss is covering her cottage with shingles and is also adding a second story to part of it.

J. L. Echard is putting a new tin shingle roof on his cottage.

Our M. E. Sunday school is having a competitive trip from here to Jerusalem which is increasing the attendance as well as a more careful and thorough study of the lessons.

Our Epworth League has chosen captains, who are Miss Hellice Rathbun and Miss Louise Chance. The plan is to use the baseball score as merits. This put new life and energy into the meeting last Sunday night.

Rev. Flanagan is holding a special service for the boys and girls every Saturday afternoon, preparing them for decision day on Easter Sunday. He also preached a splendid sermon last Sunday night, especially to the attendants of our different schools.

Capt. J. A. Hayden and L. A. Rudisill returned from Annapolis yesterday, having completed their work there.

PARADISE

A few warm days have revived the birds of Paradise.

On account of disagreeable weather the spelling-bee Monday night was not an overcrowded affair.

Albert Groves is agent for a churn with two cranks. We would advise anti-suffragetts to secure one, and no more envy "wife's opportunities."

Benj. Harrison Wiley, chief inspector, visited the Glendale section Saturday evening and reports all records neatly and correctly kept and the people very entertaining. He further states that no matter what others may say, he believes Alice May Die.

John Fitzwater left Oakland to visit his mother late Saturday evening, but owing to extreme darkness he became bewildered and finally arrived at the home of "Pop" O'Brien, as usual.

S. H. Kimmell and wife visited friends at Hubbart Sunday.

Our Sunday school started with the present quarter and the usual good attendance has been noted.

Gilmor DeWitt don't have time to talk about the weather; too busy rocking the cradle.

Nay Harvey has recently located in our midst. KID.

Public Auction

OF

Personal Property

Notice is hereby given that having sold my farm, located three miles southeast of Mountain Lake Park, on the Gorman Road, I will offer at public auction on

Saturday, April 15, 1916,

beginning at the hour of 9:30 o'clock A. M., on the premises all of the following personal property;

Three Work Horses, 1 black Percheron Colt one year old April 18; 1 bay Hambletonian and Coach Colt one year old July 2; 7 Cows, lot Chickens, 1 Wilburn Road Wagon, 1 low down Wagon, 1 two-horse Spring Wagon, 1 Buggy, 1 two horse Sleigh, 1 Bob Sled, 1 Empire Grain Drill, 1 McCormick Mower, 1 McCormick Rake, 3 Spring tooth Harrows, 2 Oliver Plows and Cultivators, Boom Chains, Log Grabs and Spreader Chains, 1 Fanning Mill, 1 set Heavy Harness, 1 set double Buggy Harness, 2 sets Single Buggy Harness, 2 Eighteen gallon Kettles, Cook Stove and 3 Heating Stoves, some Household Furniture, 2 Feed Cutters, 2 Crosscut Saws, 2 Grind stones, 1 Rifle and 1 Shotgun, 1 balance Steelyards, 1 Man's Saddle, 1 Telephone and many other things too numerous to mention.

TERMS OF SALE—$10 and under cash on the day of sale; amounts above $10 a credit of six months, on notes with approved security, will be given and bearing interest. No goods to be removed until terms of sale are complied with.

Advertisement E. W. KELSO.

The man Who Makes

A STUDY OF HIS

APPEARANCE

is the man who best appreciates the detail of the tailoring we turn out. The workmanship passes without a question, the fit is naturally a matter of course, but the shape we mould into the garments give them a character that finishes them off and makes the satisfaction of the owner complete.

All this is a bid for your next tailoring order. We know we can make you the best clothes you ever wore. We want you to know it. That order is the best and only sure way to settle the question.

JAMES BROCK,
Dixon Building,
Oakland, Maryland.

Order Nisi.

Gilmor S. Hamill, Mortgagee, vs. William Taylor Lewis, et ux.

No. 2057 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Ordered, this 27th day of March, in the year nineteen hundred and sixteen, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in equity, that the sale made and reported in the above cause by Gilmor S. Hamill, mortgagee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 28th day of April, 1916; provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 21st day of April, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $600.00.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy, Test: E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

We Carry in Stock

TIRES
TUBES
SHOCK ABSORBERS
CHAINS
SPARK PLUGS
DRY CELLS
TIRETITE

And many other accessories at the
OAKLAND GARAGE,
Prest-O-Lite Exchange,
Oakland, Maryland.

No. 33133

ONE HUNDRED CENTS
ON THE DOLLAR

That is what we have been trying to give our customers ever since we started in business, and our continued growth goes to prove that this "full value" policy has met with success. Even if we have to accept small profits, we prefer that to substitution and underhand methods. You are dealing with a fair and square store when you deal here.

SHAFFER & BUSH
Oakland, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

JAMES W. BLOCHER,

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 1st day of October, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 28th day of March, 1916.

BRUCE BLOCHER,
Executor,
Frostburg, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters Testamentary on the estate of

SARAH C. FIKE

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 1st day of October, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 28th day of March, 1916.

W. W. FIKE,
Administrator,
Bayard, West Va.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

WILLIAM G. BROWN

late of Preston County, West Va., deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 6th day of Octoober, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 6th day of April, 1916.

GILMOR S. HAMILL,
Administrator,
Oakland, Md.

STATEMENT of the Ownership, Management, Circulation, etc., required by the act of August 24, 1912, of The Republican, published weekly at Oakland, Md., for April 1, 1916. State of Maryland, County of Garrett.

Before me a Notary Public in and for the State and county aforesaid, personally appeared Benj. H. Sincell, who, having been duly sworn according to law, deposes and says that he is the Editor & Publisher of The Republican and that the following is, to the best of his knowledge and belief, a true statement of the ownership, management, etc., of the aforesaid publication for the date shown in the above caption, required by the Act of August 24, 1912, embodied in section 443, Postal Laws and Regulations, printed on the reverse of this form, to wit:

That the name and address of the publisher, editor, managing editor, and business manager are: Publisher, Benj. H. Sincell, Oakland, Md., Editor, Benj. H. Sincell, Oakland, Md.

That the owners are: (Give the names and addresses of individual owners, or, if a corporation, give its name and the names and addresses of stockholders owning or holding 1 per cent or more of the total amount of stock.) Benj. H. Sincell, Oakland, Md.

That the known bondholders, mortgagees, and other security holders owning 1 per cent. or more of total amount of bonds, mortgagees, or other securities: There are none.

BENJ. H. SINCELL.

Sworn and subscribed before me this 1st day of April, 1916.

CHARLES M. SINCELL, N. P.

My commission expires May, 1st 1916.

J. W. Whorton & Son

CONTRACTING

PLASTERERS

Only the Best Material Used.
Best Grade of Wall Plaster on hand at all times.

CONCRETE WORK
of All Kinds.

All Work Guaranteed.
OAKLAND, - MARYLAND.

Commissioners Meeting.

The County Commissioners of Garrett county, Maryland, will meet in their office in Oakland on

Monday, April 17th, 1916,

to make the annual levy for 1916. Persons having accounts for same, are requested to file them on or before the above date.

By order of the Board.

W. G. MEYERS, Clerk.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Second National Bank

OF CUMBERLAND

In the State of Maryland, at the close of business March 7th, 1916.

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans and Discounts	$2,113,571 91	Capital Stock	$200,000 00
United States Bonds	240,000 00	Surplus, Undivided profits	356,270 76
Other Bonds, Securities Etc.	377,755 00	Circulation	197,200 00
Banking House and other Real Estate	50,794 81	Deposits	2,712,171 69
Due From Reserve Agents and other Banks	489,367 82		
Cash	184,152 91		
Redemption Fund	10,000 00		
	$3,465,642 45		$3,465,642 45

DIRECTORS:

D. ANNAN L. M. SHEPHERD ROBERT R. HENDERSON
JAMES CLARK W. BLADEN LOWNDES O. C. GEPHART
TASKER G. LOWNDES JOHN KEATING
JOHN SCHWARZENBACH

D. ANNAN, Pres't.

W. BLADEN LOWNDES, TASKER G. LOWDES,
Vice Presidents

D. F. KUYKENDALL, Cashier.

THREE PER CENT INTEREST PAID ON SAVINGS DEPOSITS

PUBLIC SALE

OF

Real Estate

and Personal Property

The undersigned will offer at public auction at his farm located 2 miles north of Swanton, Garrett County, Maryland, on

Monday, April 10th, 1916,

beginning at the hour of one o'clock p. m., the following real estate and personal property:

Thirty seven acres of land, improved by a good dwelling, stable and other outbuildings. The land is all under fence, cleared and in a good state of cultivation. Located on the county road and on a free delivery route. I will also offer Three Cows, 1 two-year old Heifer, 2 yearling Heifers, 12 head good stock Ewes, 1 three-year old Horse, 1 new Road Wagon, 1 Plow, 1 Harrow and other things.

TERMS OF SALE—On real estate cash on the day of sale or upon delivery of deed; on personal property a credit of six months with approved security will be given on all sums of $5.00 and upwards, with interest; all sums under $5.00 cash on day of sale.

C. G. BROBST.

Public Auction

OF

Personal Property

The undersigned will offer at public auction at the H. K. Fulton cottage in Mountain Lake Park, Md., on

Saturday April 22, 1915,

beginning at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m., all of the following personal property:

One Hay Bailer, three stroke; 1 Bus, 1 Surrey, 1 Buggy, 1 Sleigh, Bells and Harness, 1 lot two-year old Cattle, 1 Cow, 1 Horse, lot Chickens, 1 Combination Plow, 1 new Vulcan Plow, 1 shovel Plow, Hoes, Forks, Rakes, Shovels, Chairs, Table, Gas Heater, Churn, Crocks, Sewing Machine, Washing Machine, Tubs, Boiler, Table, and other articles.

TERMS OF SALE—Sums under $10 cash on the day of sale; sums above $10 a credit of six months to parties executing negotiable notes with good security. No goods to be removed from the premises until terms of sale are complied with.

M. S. BROWNING.

Advertisement. 6-3t

Examiners' Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, appointed by the County Commissioners of Garrett County to view the lands through which the following road is to be located. Beginning for the same at or near the Lyndale School House, at a point on the present Lyndale road and running thence through the lands of George R. Beckman, Albert J. Beckman, William Warsaw, Wm. R. Mason, Charles Ridder, Elmer Ridder and Hurley U. Miller, to intersect the Oakland and Fort Pendleton county road at or near the bridge on said road, southward of the Mason School House, a total distance of about 2¾ miles and examine whether the said new county road should be located will meet on the fifth day of May, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said new road and if so, to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

ANDREW J. LEE,
WILLIAM KITZMILLER,
ROBERT GAUER,
Examiners.

ORDER NISI.

Abel DeWitt, next friend, etc., vs. Donald U. Maffett, et al.

No. 2031 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett county.

It is ordered by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, this 5th day of April, 1916, that the sale made and reported in the above cause by Nellie Maffett, trustee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 5th day of May, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed in Garrett County once in each of three successive weeks before the 28th day of April, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $85.00.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Order of Publication

Office of the Board of County School Commissioners of Garrett County.

Oakland Md., February 18, 1916.

To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners of Garrett county, Maryland.

Gentlemen:—

In compliance with the provisions of Section 128, Chapter 17, Article 77 of the Annotated Code of Public General Laws of Maryland, we herewith submit to your honorable body the estimated amounts and itemized statements of cost necessary to maintain the following High Schools in Garrett County, Maryland, for the scholastic year 1916-1617:

OAKLAND HIGH SCHOOL (STATE)

Principal's salary	$800 00
Two assistants—each $200	400 00
One assistant	400 00
Manual Training teacher	900 00
Domestic Science teacher	100 00
Commercial teacher	700 00
Fuel	110 00
Janitor	108 00
Manual Training, Domestic Science and Commercial supplies	150 00
Commencement	25 00
	$5,093 00

FRIENDSVILLE HIGH SCHOOL (STATE)

Principal's salary	$500 00
Two assistants, one $100; second $500	600 00
Commercial teacher	100 00
Fuel	75 00
Janitor	225 00
Commercial Supplies and Commencement	[illegible] 00
	$1,[illegible]

GRANTSVILLE HIGH SCHOOL (COUNTY)

Principal's salary	$562 50
Fuel	25 00
	$587 50

ACCIDENT HIGH SCHOOL (COUNTY)

Principal's salary	$562 50
Fuel	25 00
	$587 50

KITZMILLER HIGH SCHOOL (COUNTY)

Principal's salary	$700 00
Fuel	25 00
	$725 00
Grand total	$6,543 00

N. B.—The estimate summitted March 2, 1915, of costs necessary to maintain high schools in Garrett County, Maryland, for the scholastic year 1915-1916, embraced $1,100 00 for a proposed State high school of the second group to be established at Kitzmiller; however, in view of the fact that the proposed high school was not approved as such by the State Superintendent of Schools, the county high school was continued, the difference in cost between the proposed State high school of the second group and the county high school which was continued, was transferred or credited to the general public school fund of the county.

By order of the Board of County Schoo Commissioners of Garrett County, Maryland February 18, 1916.

4-3t F. E. RATHBUN, Secretary.

This levy is made in accordance with said Chapter 386, section 128, of the Acts of 1910. Said Section 128 reads as follows:

Each High school in the first group in the counties of Maryland shall receive State aid on the basis of cost of instuctions and in the following manner: The sum of six hundred dollars on account of the principal, and the sum of three hundred dollars on account of each of the first three assistants for regular high school work; the sum of four hundred dollars on account of each of two special teachers who shall spend not less than two-fifths of their time in the high school receiving said amounts; and the sum of one hundred dollars on account of each additional teacher; provided the total amount does not exceed the sum of twenty five hundred dollars. In this article the term special teacher shall be construed to mean a teacher of commercial, manual training or domestic science or agricultural branches. Each high school in the counties of Maryland of the second group shall receive State aid on the basis of the cost of instruction and in the following manner: The sum of six hundred dollars on account of the principal; the sum of four hundred dollars on account of one assistant teacher employed for regular high school work, and the sum of four hundred dollars on account of the instructor of special subjects to be designated by the County School Board; provided that if an instructor in manual training or agricultural work be required to divide his or her time among not more than four schools of this group, one hundred and fifty dollars shall be allowed on account of each of such scoools; provided also, that the amount to be received by each of the four high schools of Baltimore City shall be equal to the maximum amount received on account of any high school in the counties of the State; provided further, that the Board of County School Commissioners of each county shall submit annually to the County Commissioners of their respective counties, at least thirty days prior to the date for making the usual county levy for school purposes a list of all high schools of the county, including those not entitled to State aid, as well as those classified in this article, and an itemized statement of the cost of maintaining the same, and the said Board of County Commissioners shall make a separate levy for high schools, publish the same once a week for three successive weeks prior to the date of making the said levy, in one or more county papers.

By order of the Board.

W. G. MEYERS, Clerk.

NOTICE

I have given up the Ford Automobile agency, and anyone contemplating the purchase of a Ford will do well to see me before my stock ie gone or wait for the big Ford sale which will be advertised later. I have just received 16 new cars—five Roadsters and 11 Touring, to be sold in the next two weeks. This is your opportunity—not mine.

Adv. J. P. TREACY.

THE REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME 41. OAKLAND, MARYLAND THURSDAY, APRIL 13, 1916. NUMBER 7

FIVE ASPIRANTS ARE IN THE FIELD FOR CONGRESS

State Senator Speicher of Garrett, Last of Republicans to Qualify.

State Senator Harvey J. Speicher, of Garrett county, filed his papers on last Thursday with the various Board of Election Supervisors ot the Sixth Congressional District as a candidate for the Republican nomination for Congress, the local man bringing the total number of candidates up to five.

Those who previously filed papers with the various Board of Election Supervisors throughout the District are State Senator Frederick N. Zihlman, of Allegany county; Gist Blair, of Montgomery county; Leo Weinberg and State Senator George L. Kaulman, of Frederick county, making five aspirants in all. The time for filing papers having ended Monday night the list will therefore not be augmented.

In the Democratic ranks a surprise was worked early Monday morning when Mr. George Stern, of Frostburg, where he is engaged in the mercantile business and a former mayor of that town, filed nomination papers for Representative. Mr. Henry Dorsey Etchison, of Frederick, up to Monday, was the only avowed candidate and it was thought by the leaders of the party that he would receive the nomination without a contest. With the entrance of Mr. Stern into the campaign, a change has occurred and it will require a vote of the members of the Democratic party to determine who their candidate shall be.

Public Sale of Deer Park Property.

In another column of this paper today the advertisement of Mr. W. McCulloh Brown appears wherein he gives notice of a public sale of a dwelling and nine acres of land to occur on the premises in the town of Deer Park on Monday, May 1st, at 11 o'clock.

SCHOOL TERM TO BE EXTENDED

Teachers Required to Give Instruction 180 Actual Days.

Garrett county will hereafter have 180 actual days of school in the elementary school system of the county. The Legislature, at its recent session, removed the clause from the state school law that permitted this county to have seven and one-half months of school and yet requiring the other counties of the state to have nine months.

The Legislature took this step upon the recommendation of the General Education Board of New York City, which recently made a survey of the public school system of the State and submitted its findings with recommend dations for the school system's improvement to the Legislature.

Garrett county has not been able to take its place in the educational system of the state or nation owing to the shortness of the term of the elementary schools, but now that the school year has been lengthened it is believed that the children will be able to make a better showing and to equip themselves better for their life's work.

This addition to the length of the school year of this county, amounting in fact to about two months, will increase the county levy for schools this year over former average appropriations about $10,000.

What Love Is.

Love is a journey into a new country, and like any other journey, its length depends entirely on what the country has to show. There should be woods with silent undergrowth, where comfort lives; bright rivers of vitality; clean cities built on foundations of fine tradition and splendid with the towers of learning and religion; green fields where simple thought and senses play like young cattle, and mountains so high that as one climbs one breathes quickening air not known to ordinary men—so high that by day the earth lies clear beneath like an open map, and by night the stars are just beyond arm's length above. In such a country a man can live forever.—The New Republic.

GARRETT COUNTY VISITED BY GOV. GOLDSBOROUGH

Former Chief Executive of State Spent Last Friday in This Section.

Former Governor Phillips Lee Goldsborough, Republican candidate for United States Senator from Maryland, who addressed a large and enthusiastic meeting of the residents of Allegany county at the Maryland theatre in Cumberland on last Thursday night and was given a splendid ovation, spent Friday in Garrett county, arriving in Oakland shortly after noon in an automobile, and was accompanied by Messrs. W. W. Brown, editor of the Cumberland News, and Tasker G. Lowndes, youngest son of the late Governor Lloyd Lowndes, of Cumberland.

The Governor's party came to Oakland by way of Grantsville, Keyser's Ridge and Accident, stopping at the points en route where they met a large number of friends and well-wishers.

The party remained in Oakland until nearly four o'clock calling upon a number of the residents and business men of the community, the Governor expressing himself as being well satisfied with the words of encouragement he had received. The run was made from Oakland to Hagerstown the same evening where the Governor conferred with a number of Washington county party men and workers.

Appointed Referee in Bankrputcy.

Mr. Stuart F. Hamill, of Oakland, has been notified by the United States District Court for the District of Maryland, that he has been appointed referee in bankruptcy for Garrett county and that all matters relative to bankruptcy proceedings having their origin in Garrett county will be referred to him and not sent to Cumberland as has been the case for a long term of years, which has had a tendency to increase the costs in such matters. Mr. Hamill was appointed and commissioned by Judge Rose, of Baltimore, and will enter upon the discharge of his duties at once.

Exchanges.

The ladies of the Lutheran church will conduct an exchange at the store of Messrs. Shaffer & Bush on Second street Saturday afternoon, April 15th, beginning at two o'clock. They will have on sale bread, pastry, cakes, candy, etc., and solicit the patronage of the public generally.

On Saturday, April 22nd, the ladies of St. Paul's M. E. church will also conduct an exchange at Sturgiss' Pharmacy where they will offer for sale cake, bread, pies, rolls, candy and Easter eggs. They solicit your patronage.

New Chief For Piedmont.

The Piedmont mayor and city council have appointed a new chief of police for Piedmont to succeed Chief Kaufman. The new chief is Marshall Dawson, of Kitzmiller, Md. This is the third chief of police for Piedmont within the last year.

MANGLED REMAINS OF JOHN RICE BROUGHT HOME

Alleged To Have Committed Suicide By Throwing Himself In Front of Train.

The mangled remains of John Rice, son of the late ex-Union soldier, John Rice, whose death is still fresh in the memory of Oakland people, and of Mrs. Mary Rice, his surviving widow, were brought to the family home in Oakland Friday evening from Rowlesburg, West Va., where the body had been prepared for burial after the young man is alleged to have committed suicide early in the day by launching himself headlong before a west bound freight train going down Cranberry grade, the wheels of the locomotive decapitating him as well as severing one of his arms.

The crew and passengers on train No. 6, due in Oakland at a few minutes after ten o'clock Friday, morning which was ascending the grade at the time, were witnesses of the horrible occurrence and brought the news to Oakland, confirming a telegram received a few minutes prior of the affair, which occurred at a small station of the grade known as Amblersburg, located midway between Terra Alta and Rowlesburg, at which point the unfortunate man had been loitering for several hours and acting in a queer manner.

For the past year he had been employed at the logging camp of Mr. F. O. Glotfelty at Bond, Kentucky, as a blacksmith, and left that point more than two weeks ago for the purpose of making a visit to his home here.

His funeral took place Sunday afternoon from the home of his mother on Green street with interment in the Catholic cemetery.

BARN BURNED WITH STOCK

Structure on Farm of M. H. Frankhouser Consumed Thursday Night.

Last Thursday night between the hours of 11 and 12 o'clock the large and comparatively new barn on the farm of Mr. M. H. Frankhouser, in District No. 6, and a few miles from Cranesville, Preston county, was burned to the ground, along with its contents, consisting of four horses, a number of young cattle and a large amount of provender and farming implements.

At the time of the fire Mr. Frankhouser, who in addition to being a farmer, is also one of Garrett county's leading public school teachers, was conducting the closing exercises of the school located near his home which he successfully taught during the past winter. Nearly every resident of his section of the county was also in attendance and hence the fire had gained much headway before it was discovered, and made it impossible to save any of the stock or other property inside the building.

While it is not definitely known what caused the fire suspicious circumstances surround its origin and an effort will be made to apprehend the one suspected of setting the building on fire.

Mr. Frankhouser carried a small insurance upon the property but the amount will in no way recompense him for the loss sustained.

POTATO GROWERS MEETING WAS A SUCCESSFUL AFFAIR

Representative Agriculturalists From Many Sections of County Attend.

Although the severe snow storm last Friday night had made most of the roads impassible, and a number of people were unable to get to Oakland, between fifty and sixty persons interested in the development of the potato in large quantities in Garrett county met in a room of the First National Bank to hear the lecture by Prof. Temple, who had been engaged by the First National Bank to come to Oakland, and show just what the possibilities were in the raising of potatoes in large quantities, and of the right kind.

Mr. R. E. Sliger, cashier of the bank, was made chairman of the meeting, and in introducing Prof. Temple said that the bank had long realized that one of the things that would make the farms of Garrett pay was the raising of potatoes, particulary for seed; and that the bank was ready and willing to do all it could to finance the matter which was sure to be a success.

The bank had arranged to buy any amount of seed potatoes that the farmers were willing to plant, and would sell them at the actual first cost. In addition to this, money would be advanced to buy planters and sprayers where the amount planted justified the purchase.

Prof. Temple talked for over two hours, going over the subject in a very thorough manner, showing the way to select seed, the proper way to prepare the seed bed, the way to cultivate and to harvest the crop. He said that the potato grown in Garrett county could not be surpassed, if equalled anywhere, and that where it had been grown alongside of the Maine potato, it was superior.

One of the most interesting things said at the meeting was that it was possible to prevent blight which had caused the failure of the potato crop last year.

Arrangements have been made with Prof. Temple to come to Oakland again in the near future and to make monthly visits after the seed have been planted, in order to see that every thing is done to get the best crop possible. In addition to this, bulletins will be sent out to all interested, either from the bank, or from the experiment station.

In order that the bank may know just how many potatoes to buy, it is necessary that every one that is willing to try some send in the amount they want. It is hoped that a car load of six hundred bushels may be used the first year. This will plant sixty acres. Please write the bank as soon as possible, saying how many you can use.

PIPE ORGAN FOR CHURCH.

Lutherans Will Install Instrument In the Oakland Church at an Early Date.

A meeting of the official board of St. Mark's Ev. Lutheran church, held on Monday evening of this week, authorized the purchase of a pipe organ and its installation in the auditorium of the edifice.

The purchase of the instrument has been under consideration by the authorities of the church for the past year or more, and with this end in view measurments have been made, designs submitted and the probable cost of the organ estimated by manufacturers.

As the instrument will have to be specially built it will be several weeks before it can be completed and installed.

Cannot Again Wed Within Six Months.

Persons who obtain decrees of divorce in West Virginia and who better look up the law in the premises before taking a hasty second plunge into the matrimonial sea, or they may find themselves facing the charge of bigamy. The new divorce laws as passed by the last session of the state legislature provide that divorcees who remarry after obtaining their decrees are amendable as if they were living together without marriage, as the law specifies that such marriages are void and illegal.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

D. M. Dixon & Co. have put in stock an unusually large line of

Matting, Matting

Rugs, Lace Curtains

And many new and fancy Curtain materials to sell by the yard.

This is the season of the year for a shine-up of the home, and these are among the things most needed.

Matting per yard - -	.11 to .25
Matting Rugs 9x12 feet -	$2.50 to $3.00
Lace Curtains per pair -	.50 to $2.50
Curtain material per yard	10. to .18

D. M. Dixon & Co.

C. H. BROWNING

Deer Park's Best Store

WANTED:

Butter, Eggs, Potatoes, Maple Sugar and Maple Syrup

I always pay highest market price

P. S. Special bargains in White Goods, Laces, Embroideries and Shoes.

Get right--trade at Browning's.

Offutt's

Easter Millinery

SPECIAL VALUES IN LATEST

Trimmed Hats and Untrimmed Shapes

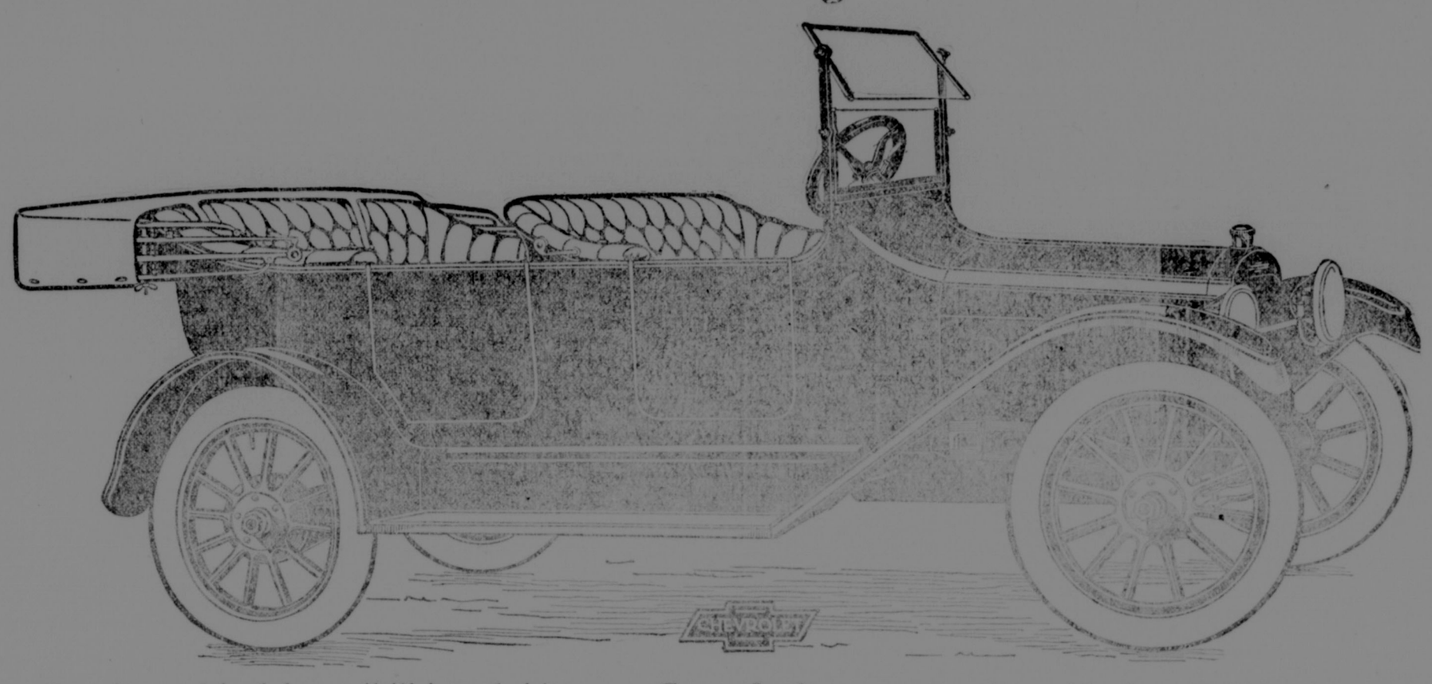
Newest Spring Models IN THE **American Lady Corsets**

$1 to $5.

P. S. Will take Produce in exchange for Millinery.

OFFUTTS'

The "Four Ninety" Chevrolet



See the wonderful possibilities of this great Car. Its low consumption of fuel and oils—a feature to be considered when buying. A wonderful car at a wonderful price. $490.00.

Advertising matter descriptive of the car mailed to your address.

Demonstrations arranged at any time. Cars may be seen at Lawton's Garage, Oakland, Md.

JOHN J. SWEENEY, Dealer.

OAKLAND, MARYLAND.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

Amusements.

It is claimed that dancing is healthy and invigorating, makes one graceful and promotes ease of manners.

If it is healthy as carried on in halls and in society in general then the physicians do not know their business for the majority of the profession pronounce this assumption as false. Then it is healthy to whirl round and round jump up and down in a heated room, or impure atmosphere, kick the dust out of the carpet from 9 to two or three in the morning and excited and exhausted plunge suddenly into a cold atmosphere, to seek home and lay your aching, throbbing head on the pillow for a few hours rest, then spend the day in listlessness with mental and bodily stupor. If that is healthy, the Doctors are not on their job. It might be healthy and harmless in its hygenic effect, if it were in the open air, at rational hours of the day, and for a reasonable length of time and its participantes were so attired as to permit the freest play of lungs and circulation of blood.

Open a gymnasium, carpet its floors, close its windows and begin exercise at 9 to continue to 12, 2 or 3 a. m. with an interval for a feed and all this in an atmosphere of a reasonable sized room, made all the worse by fires and perfumes and guests whose dress must repress respiration and ease of movement.

After this is over the heated and excited gymnasts rush out into an atmosphere with the sensitive parts of the body exposed—from lack of sufficient clothing—to rheumatism, colds, catarrh and neuralgia. What would you think of such a gym. You would burn it. Yet here is a fair representation of the modern dance.

The erect form and the manly elastic step of the youth who is conscious of a right purpose and a high aim to attain is better than the prancing tread of the flop who waxes his mustache, wears the latest style clothes, but whose highest ambition is for the achievement of the ball room.

Or compare the natural grace of a pure girl, taught by a good mother, and having a native sense of delicacy, with the affectation, brazenness, and simpering of a pert miss who is fresh from the hands of a dancing master, and you can easily detect the lack of force in the plea that children should be sent to a dancing school to learn grace and manners.

Yet some anxious for Bible proof tell you it says, there is a time to dance, and that is convincing, therefore it is perfectly proper.

Would you be willing to use it as they did then?

If so you must dance in prayer meetings, or church or to express religious joy. Moreover, gentlemen, you must dance by yourselves, likewise the ladies. You can easily designate the boy girls by tying a handkerchief around the arm.

But says one, there is no thus says the Lord about it, any more than there is about going out to lunch. We must decide according to what we think right and proper. My conscience must decide for me. But conscience may dictate a doubtful or a wrong thing. It is safe to say that a conscience educated in the principles of God's word will condemn the modern sin, as leading to sin, if not actually sinful. Of course the Bible does not say in so many words, "Thou shalt not dance," but do you not know that a slavish adherence to the letter of the Bible is not keeping it in reality? If we demand a precept for every duty, and refuse obedience except when it is enjoined, then we make the scriptures a servant and put the law of God under subjection to us.

We are to obey it in spirit. The Bible is a compact of principles. Precepts are the examples under principles and by these, we will be judged. By the manner in which we have conformed to these in the spirit of Christ, will our works be tried of what sort they are.

"As he thinketh in his heart so is he" and this is considered unanswerable. Then if one thinks it is right to follow the modern dance he can do so and do no harm. Then too, if we think it is right to break the Sabbath, we can, with impunity. Then it is right for the heathen mother to throw her child to the crocodiles.

Dr. Lyman Bucher in his renowned tract on dancing, after summing up all the passages in the Bible which allude to the subject, he says: "From the proceeding quotations, it will appear,

(1) That dancing was a religious act, both of true and idol worship.

(2) It was practiced exclusively on joyful occasions, such as national festivals and great victories.

(3) It was usually in day time, in the open air, in highways, fields or groves.

(4) The men who perverted it from its sacred use to purposes of amusement were deemed infamous.

(5) No instances of dancing are found on record in the Bible in which the sexes united in the exercise, either as an act of worship or amusement.

(6) There is no instant on record of social dancing for amusement, except the "vain fellows" devoid of shame; of irreligious families described by Job, which produced increased impurity and ended in destruction; or of Herodias which terminated in the rash vow of Herod and the murder of John the Baptist.

It is claimed that it educates the social character.

If social life consists merely in assembling a lot of people who move about in rythmic style to music, or in Kelerdoscopic grace, then this may be true. But society "consists in the contact of soul with soul and in commerce of mutual thought, feeling and experience."

Fashion has decreed to class it among social entertainments, and thence it is allowed to go under this disguise.

When stripped of its guise, it is seen to be a sham for an exercise of a social nature.

A lady, a participant too at a party, said, "I wish there was not so much dancing as there is, it seems impossible to get acquainted with each other." She saw the mask that makes the dance a social amusement. You can spend an entire evening at a dance and not say fifty words consecutively.

"An unrivaled instructor in ease and grace of carriage and manners!" Is it?

The poet who said, "For manners are not idle, but the fruit of loyal nature, and noble mind," gave a sufficient answer to this plea. Though I have touched on this point let me here quote the words of a gentleman, who has had experience, who moves in the best circles of society, and whose veracity cannot be called in question. He says, "It is argued that it gives ease and grace of movement; but it kindles lust in the heart." The transforming power of the religion of Jesus gives the grace of a true gentleman. It gives accomplishment of manners that cannot be obtained from the hand of a dancing master. Tell me, does it enhance the intellectual status of society? Does it improve the intellect? With the rush of and absortion in material interests, little time is left for and meager care is bestowed on the interior culture of ourselves. Books, art, literature have but a small chance. Think of what a confession is made every time it is said, we can't get the evening to go off well without the dance! It is an admission of mental vacuity, that there is an echoing cranial room for knowledge.

Would it be better to have courses of lectures, or reading circles and libraries that you may spend a portion of your time and money in replenishing the mind that you may have something to think and talk about when you assemble and then you will not need to resort to whirling each other off in the dance to break the awkardness of silence. Do you gain anything by it? Other things may be—indeed are worse but does that make the dance innocent? Still the question will not down. Is it right for Christians to dance the dances of modern society?

Yours in the spirit of kindnes,
JOANNES.

A Bad Case of Billyitis.

To the Editor of The Republican

I wonder if Mr. Francis Buck Livesy, of West Friendship, Md., is really the wonderful being he portrays himself to be in an article in The Republican of April 6th, 1916. He knows that Billy Sunday is a failure in everything except his ability to draw a crowd and make a temperance lecture. He knows that a majority go to the tabernacle to have fun like at a circus, others as a joke, and hints that some enjoy having their carnal passions portrayed. He knows that a great majority of the converts are fooled and disappointed and go back into the world, and that Billy is actually propagating intemperance and vice.

It takes a prodigious mind to be able to search out all the secret recesses of the hearts, minds and souls of others whereby he can assume the right to and does condemn the whole thing as a mith and a humbug. Notwithstanding all this he is bound to confess one weak point, and that is, he has not been able thus far to convince Billy and his 16,000 Baltimore converts that they have no sense and that nobody but he and his kind have.

Mr. Livesy acknowledged this in a letter he wrote me last February in which he says he went to Billy in good faith and tried to show him how his converts could be made into the proper kind of christians, and admits that he failed.

I will suggest that when you make another trip over the country for the purpose of finding out the religious standing of converts, that you conduct your examinations with a little more care.

If the person you are investigating happens to be a young lady, find out how early she gets in of evenings, if a single man, how long he stays out of nights, if a married lady, whether she ever looks sour, and if a married man, smell his breath, and I think by the time you get all this done, you will be qualified to teach Billy how to make permanent christians out of all his converts.

Now, Mr. Livesy, I want to say that we do not need your pessimistic nonsense. Not one word of cheer or comfort or encouragement comes from your pen, but all is sadness and gloom and despair.

If you will take the trouble to come up here, I can show you lots of people here and throughout this county who have lived up to their conversions and christian faith for many years. What we all need is something that will bring joy and gladness; that will build up, not tear down; that will help us look upward, not downward. Then why not join in and help, and if there are any imperfections, try to remedy them and not stand off and criticise.

Suppose we do backslide and fall from grace sometimes, as David and others have done? That does not destroy the principle of regeneration by faith as a doctrine but the conversion or new birth sows the seed of righteousness and helps to build up christian character. David's character was that of loyalty and fidelity to God, so he repented when he did wrong. We cannot always tell by what was done yesterday or the day before or today what a person's religious character is. Therefore the trip made by you did no good except to give you something to talk about. Your insinuations about the women are particularly cruel and my guess is that you are better off where you are than you would be here under similar circumstances. The good people who are carrying on the revival are showing their faith by their works while you criticise and find fault with and hinder others.

If revivals are evil, they will come to grief without your assistance, and if they are a benefit to the world in helping to save it from sin, you and all the powers of darkness cannot stop them.

Let the good work go on.

A. S. TEATS.

Oakland, Md., April 10, 1916.

Dr. JOSEPH IRWIN FRANCE

Some Reasons Why Republicans Almost Unanimously Have Declared for Dr. France.

He is the Candidate of no one faction of his party.

He is appealing directly to the rank and file.

He is acceptable to all Republicans.

He is acceptable to the Progressives.

He has the ability to represent the State fittingly in the Senate.

He has the support of the State Wide Press.

He believes the Republican Party should be the MAJORITY Party in Maryland.

His Candidacy, just as did Mr. Weller's, represents an effort to nominate proved men free from previous political alignments. Mr. Weller received the greatest number of votes ever given a Republican Candidate. It is the policy that will build up the party.

His candidacy represents the nation wide movement to nominate candidates upon whom all opponents of the Democratic Party can unite enthusiastically so that the breach of 1912 may be permanently healed.

His Headquarters are at 304 Maryland Trust Building, Baltimore where he will be glad to meet or hear from all Republicans.

Published by the authority of A. W. W. WOODCOCK, Treasurer.

BITTINGER.

Rev. and Mrs. J. L. Marvin entertained the members of the choir at their home last week. The affair was given in honor of Miss Lillie Cutter, who has labored very faithfully with the choir during her stay at Bittinger. It was a complete surprise to Miss Cutter, who was spending the evening in the Marvin home, when the unexpected guests arrived. The party was royally entertained by several readings by Miss Cutter and a number of selections on the piano by Mrs. Marvin. Later some clean, wholesome games were played after which refreshments were served. About mid-night, after singing a few favorite selections and thanking Miss Cutter for her interest and helpfulness in the choir, as well as Rev. and Mrs. Marvin for their kindness and hospitality, all depared, assuring them that they had spent a pleasant evening.

An ice cream social was held in the school house last Saturday evening, the proceeds of which are to go towards helping to pay the debt on the Jennings church.

Albert Brenneman is able to be about again after his long confinement from asthma.

The Ladies' Missionary Society met at Mrs. F. B. Wiley's this week. This is a new organization for our town, but we believe that it will prove to be very helpful to all.

Miss Lillie Cutter is starting a subscripition school next week, which she will continue about five weeks.

Peter Opel has moved his sawmill to Charles Wiley's farm where he is doing some custom sawing.

Lloyd Brenneman is running his mill at full speed now in the vicinity of Foxtown.

March came in a roaring, and roared most of the time she was with us, but she went out very calm and peaceful.

Rev. Marvin held communion services at the Lutheran Church last Sunday at 2:30 p. m.

The European war seems to have knocked the starch out of American paper, and many a country weekly and city daily is found moping about with a complexion of one afflicted with what the old lady called, "yaller janders." But that does not signify that the well fed journalist has now become "a torpid liver."

The villagers are now enjoying the novelty of sitting around a glowing fire, on the tenth of April, while the wind is howling outside and the earth is hidden beneath a blanket of snow a foot deep.

Church services were interrupted last Sunday by the very stormy condition of the weather.

Peter G. Stark, one of the aged residents of this neighborhood, is reported as being critically ill.

The village schools closed last Thursday, after a very satisfactory term, and Prof. Jasper Fike returned to his home, near Friendsville, while Miss Lillian V. Cutter remains to conduct a private school for a few weeks longer.

Miss Huldah Stark has been visiting relatives at Chaffee and Blaine, West Virginia, for a couple of weeks.

The Stork visited the home of Charles Buckle, a day or two ago and the young father is making some deep researches, in order to discover how many yards of hickory sapling is required to bring up a son in the way he should go toward the making of a good citizen.

Phillips Lee Goldsborough

REQUESTS THE SUPPORT OF

ALL REPUBLICANS

AS THEIR CANDIDATE FOR

UNITED STATES SENATOR

At the primaries to be held Monday, May 1, 1916.

Mr. Goldsborough is the candidate who is best qualified by ability and experience and by the fact that he is known to be the man who will represent all the people of his state and will effectively support their every interest. He is the man to whom all will be proud to point as Maryland's representative in the highest Legislative body in the world.

See what the four corners and the middle of the state say about him.

WESTERN MARYLAND.

Col. W. Bladen Lowndes, son of former Governor Lowndes.

"What I am most concerned about is that we shall name for Senator, a man in whom the people have confidence. He must be a known quantity and a known quality. He must be known by the real test of public life. He must be conspicuous for his ability as a statesman and needs be of recognized personal power as a thinker and speaker. Such a man is Phillips Lee Goldsborough and I am not convinced that there is now available any other man in the state whom we can elect."

Benjamin Armstrong Richmond, Cumberland.

"I believe that the results in the general election depend upon the wisdom of the Republicans in nominating Phillips Lee Goldsborough for Senator. I do not think there is another man in the state who can be elected to that office on the Republican ticket and I do not think there is a Democrat in the state who can defeat him."

SOUTHERN MARYLAND.

Senator John E. Mudd, of Charles county.

"Phillips Lee Goldsborough is the ablest man within the Republican ranks in Maryland. The record he achieved as chief executive of the state is one of which Republicans can feel justly proud. I feel confident he will receive the support of the Independents. He is the man of the hour in the coming Senatorial primary."

Thomas Parran, of Calvert county.

"The public record of Phillips Lee Goldsborough is the best asset of our party and one that appeals to all classes of voters. It will elect him the next United States Senator. I cannot believe that the voters of Maryland will repudiate at the coming primary, the splendid [administration that has just been given us by Governor Goldsborough."

NORTHERN MARYLAND.

Senator Richard S. Snader, of Carroll county.

"Mr. Goldsborough is an individual possessed of executive ability high above the average of public men in governmental affairs. As governor he demonstrated he exercises his abilities with an eye solely to the building up of the state. I feel sure we can put Carroll county in the Goldsborough column in the primary."

Clarence Oldfield, of Howard county.

"After careful thought and frequent interviews with Republicans in Howard county, I arrived at the positive conclusion that Phillips Lee Goldsborough is the best qualified candidate for the Republican nomination for United States Senator."

EASTERN SHORE.

Senator Henry M. McCullough, of Cecil county.

"No Marylander has a record of accomplishments that can surpass that of Phillips Lee Goldsborough, who, unaided by fortune, has won success in his political career, entirely through his well directed efforts to serve the people of his state and country."

Wilbur F. Turner, of Wicomico county.

"Mr. Goldsborough is the strongest man in the Republican ranks. His administration demonstrated he knows the wants of the people and is able to secure for them what they need. This applies particularly to the counties and I am for him."

BALTIMORE CITY.

Col. Edward C. Carrington.

"Former Governor Goldsborough has been twice elected by the people of Maryland to high office in a state-wide vote. As between Mr. Goldsborough and his opponent, I would feel that I was guilty of bad citizenship if I did not vote for Mr. Goldsborough."

Dr. Howard A. Kelly, noted surgeon and sturdy Democrat.

"Mr. Goldsborough was the model governor of Maryland and we have never had a better one. His appointments in Baltimore City,—Magistrates, Police Commissioners and members of the Liquor License Board, gave us, without exception, the best officials we ever had in these positions."

John B. Ramsay, vice-pres., Merchants-Mechanis Nat'l Bank.

"Upon the success of Mr. Goldsborough in the Primary, depends the success of the Republican party in the general election."

(Published By authority of C. Wilbur Miller, Treasurer.)

GRIST OF NEWS OVER THE WIRES

Telegraphic and Cable Items Recording a Week's Events.

FROM FORTY-EIGHT STATES

Happenings in All Parts of the Union —Decisive Battles in the World War—Washington's Latest Gossip —Reports of Crops and Business.

WAR BULLETINS

Haucourt, a village on the French line northwest of Verdun, has been stormed by the Germans. The French have regained a part of the Bois Carre nearby, and won an underground fight east of the Meuse.

A strong attack on the British at St. Eloi has been launched by the Germans.

Germany has put off answering the questions of the United States with respect to submarine attacks on merchantmen by a counter-request for a more detailed statement.

The British relief column on the Tigris, after winning extensive fortifications at Umm-el-Henna, pushed on, and the same day carried the Turkish intrenchments at Felahie, more than three miles further up the river.

The Dutch envoy accredited to the Holy See has assured the Pope that the military measures taken by Holland are not a prelude to intervention in the war, but are merely measures of precaution.

Holland has massed all her available troops on the German frontier and has closed the border.

The Greek government requested the Allies to withdraw all military establishments from the town of Saloniki.

A note protesting against the torpedoing of the Russian hospital ship Portugal in the Black sea, with the loss of many lives, was sent to all neutral governments by Russia.

WASHINGTON

Information received by the Department of Justice confirms reports of a new Diaz uprising in Mexico.

A general readjustment of railroad rates west of the Mississippi was asked of the Interstate Commerce Commission by 500 candy companies.

Secretary of War Baker has ordered 5,000 recruits to the border, so that many regulars can go into Mexico, Fifteen thousand more recruits will go when they are obtained.

Secretary of War Baker conferred with President Wilson over the appointment of an Assistant Secretary of War.

The item in the rivers and harbors bill providing $700,000 for improvement of the East River, New York Harbor, was passed by the House of Representatives.

Printing for all branches of the United States government branches cost $7,111,075 last year.

The outlook is that the House will ultimately receive a report favoring the five year programme for the upbuilding of the navy.

Speaker Clark, resenting imputations that the House is lagging in its work, issued a statement denouncing the criticism as a bald and malicious lie.

GENERAL

Daniel W. Hoan, Socialist was elected Mayor of Milwaukee.

Joseph Black, a negro, was taken from jail at Kingston, N. C., and lynched. He aided his son William, 16, to escape from a mob last week.

George Edwards, Republican, was elected Mayor of Kansas City, over Henry Jost, Democrat, after one of the hottest election fights there in years.

Every able-bodied male citizen in Maryland between the ages of 18 and 45 is liable for military service under a bill rushed through at the closing session of the state Legislature.

Twenty-two Apache Indian scouts arrived at Columbus, N. M., from Fort Apache, Ariz., to join the army in Mexico as scouts.

Secretary of War Baker ordered 108 additional auto motor trucks for use in Mexico.

Anna Lee Stitzel of Louisville, Ky., who shot and killed her aged father, William Stetzel, a civil war veteran, "to put him out of his misery," made three unsuccessful attempts to commit suicide in jail.

Henry Ford defeated Senator Smith in Michigan for the Republican presidential nomination.

About 1,000,000 quarts of milk, 50 per cent. of the supply, is being held out daily by farmers about Chicago who are demanding better prices for their milk.

A report from The Hague states that Holland will buy 100,000 tons of wheat in America, in addition to the usual 60,000 tons a month, in order to increase its reserve.

Convicted of leading American soldiers into Mexico to rescue two captured American soldiers, Lieut. John E. Mort was sentenced at a court-martial at Mercedes, Tex., to be reprimanded.

Gov. McCall signed the bill making New Year's Day a holiday in Massachusetts, if the people accept the bill at the next election.

About 20,000 employes of the Berwind-White Coal Co., have been granted increased wages.

Two bandits robbed the First National Bank of Houston, Pa., of $15,000, and escaped in an automobile.

An increase of 10 per cent in wages has been granted the 5,000 employes of the Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

Michael Scherer, a sailor, who shot and killed his wife, Susan, and his 4 year old daughter, Margaret, in New York City, was sentenced to serve not less than 20 years in Sing Sing.

The Salvation Army will hold a two weeks' campaign to try to raise a fund of $500,000 to erect a memorial to the late Gen. Booth, its founder.

All anti-racetrack legislation failed in the last session of the Maryland Legislature, and the four large tracks in Maryland are free to continue to operate for at least two more years.

The first Polish Presbyterian church in the United States will be organized in Baltimore shortly, probably on Palm Sunday.

A $500,000 dynamite and gelatine powder manufacturing plant will be erected near Butte, Mont., by the du Pont Powder Co.

Constitutionality of the Michigan automobile tax law was upheld by the Michigan Supreme Court in a decision rendered at Lansing.

Federal officers at San Antonio have started an investigation into the activities of newspaper correspondentns who have been sending misleading information from the border.

More than $2,000,000 worth of silk left Seattle in nine special cars of the St. Paul road, running on passenger schedule for New York.

The official report of the Missouri State Board of Agriculture places the condition of wheat at 65.8. Last year the condition was 88.8.

Railroads during March ordered more than 1,1000 000 tons of rails.

General Cecil A. Lyon, a member of the Progressive National Committee, died at Sherman, Texas, after an illness of several weeks. He was born in Boston, Ga., and was in his forty-eighth year.

Oscar Martin, a negro, was taken from jail at Isabel, Okla., and lynched.

MEXICAN CAMPAIGN

Secretary Lansing said that there would be no withdrawal of troops from Mexico. He intimated that the United States intends to get Villa dead or alive.

Gen. Obregon, Minister of War in Mexico, says that the time has come for the American troops to withdraw from his country.

Delivering a second surprise attack, American cavalry again routed the main force of Villistas, killing between thirty and forty in a running fight of thirty miles.

Gen. Gutierrez says his information is that Villa is seriously wounded.

Indian scouts from Fort Apache, Arizona, are being sent into Mexico, to lead the United States infantry in its hunt.

The truth is, as a Carranza officer said, that Villa intends to do his worst wherever he goes, and that he intends to go where he can and to fight to the last.

SPORTING

Hal Chase, formerly first baseman and manager of the New York Americans, was signed to play first base for the Cincinnati Club of the National League.

The Boston Red Sox defeated the Brooklyn National by a score of 6 to 0 at Ebbets Field Field, Brooklyn.

Clarence Walker, outfielder with the St. Louis Americans, was sold to the World's Champion Red Sox.

The offer of a Boston syndicate, amounting to $60,000 for Willard to box Harry Wills, of New Orleans, reached the Champion.

The syndicate which is trying to force Fred Fulton on the New York fight fans has selected Al Reich as the first sacrifice.

Bill Donovan's New York Yankees were defeated by the Cincinnati Reds by a score of three to one in an exhibition game in Cincinnati.

FOREIGN

The Dutch Government has issued an order forbidding the exportation of foodstuffs until further notice.

Gen. Carranza issued a decree declaring that the present Constitutionalist money will not be repudiated, but will be redeemed.

War insurance on Norwegian ships within the danger zones has been doubled.

Gold holdings of the German Reichsbank amount to $610,000,000.

Announcement was made by the British War Office that Germany lost 42 aeroplanes during March, instead of 14, as the Germans had stated.

The British Aeronautical Institute has asked the Government for permission to salvage and rebuild, at its own expense, the Zeppelin L15, now lying in shallow water off the mouth of the Thames.

A cure for exanthematic typhus, the disease which ravaged Serbia, has been discovered by Prof. Roux, the French Academy of Medicine announced.

George W. Smalley, for many years London correspondent of the New York Tribune, died in England.

One hundred and ninety-five women in Great Britain are manufacturing munitions.

HART'S SPRING GOODS

OUR Spring Goods are now in—Wool Cloths as well as Wash Fabrics; also Laces, Embroideries and other Dress Trimmings.

These goods were bought last fall when it was possible to buy at right prices. If we were compelled to go into the market to buy these goods today we would on most things be forced to pay more than our present retail price. Thi applies to almost everything in the dry goods and notion lines.

We never believe in misrepresenting facts in advertising as well as in other things. Our advice is to anticipate your wants for spring before present stocks are exhausted you will save money. Old prices still prevail at

ALDER ST. HART'S OAKLAND.

The New BRISCOE Is Here

Two Great Models

A New Four $750—A New Eight $950

Beauty—Comfort—Price

The new Briscoe Four is an exceptional car. More stylish than ever, roomier and more powerful.

Ownership of the Briscoe fosters pride. While low-priced, it is first-class in construction, stylish in appearance, and makes you feel at home in the most select company.

It's here now—come and see it

The best designed car in its class

It's the best designed car in its class — most carefully made, too. Looks hundreds of dollars more than it costs. It has a 114-inch wheelbase—roomy 5-passenger body—Q. D. rims and 32-inch Ajax tires—38 h. p. motor with three-bearing crankshaft—cantilever springs and everything in the way of electrical equipment.

Unique features of the Briscoe Eight include overhead valves with cylinders and upper half of crankcase in a single casting, insuring perfect piston travel and bearing alignment. Valve tappets are quickly adjustable from top.

See this distinctive car

Ride in it. Test it in any way you wish. You will find the Briscoe offers most in the way of power, comfort and style.

The Inter-State Motor Co.
FRIENDSVILLE, MD.

Examiners' Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned appointed by the County Commissioners of Garrett County, to view the lands through which the new road is prayed to be examined commencing at Garey's gate and passing through the lands of Edith Hileman, Abell Friend and Hiram Humberson to intersect the Morgantown road at or near John Meyer's house, and examine whether the said new road should be granted will meet on the 29th day of February, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said building of said new road, and if so, to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

C. W. FRIEND,
W. F. MEYERS,
S. K. FRAZEE,
Examiners.

Examiners' Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, appointed by the County Commissioner of Garrett County, to view the lands through which the Road leading from Avilton to the Pike through the lands of Elias Arnold road, and examine whether the said road should be Relocated will meet on the 25th day of February, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said relocation of said road, and if so, to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

LEWIS H. BROADWATER,
J. O. WILHELM,
ERNEST Z. MICHAEL,
Examiners.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

MARTIN DECKER

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 16th day of September 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this sixteenth day of March 1916.

SAMUEL I. WOLF,
Administrator,
Bayard, W. Va.

Commissioners Meeting.

The County Commissioners of Garrett county, Maryland, will meet in their office in Oakland on

Monday, April 17th, 1916,

to make the annual levy for 1916. Persons having accounts for same, are raquested to file them on or before the above date.

By order of the Board.
W. G. MEYERS, Clerk.

THE REPUBLICAN

BENJ. H. SINCELL, EDITOR.

Entered at the Postoffice in Oakland Md., as Second-class matter.

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THE REPUBLICAN,
Oakland, Md.

THURSDAY, APRIL 13, 1916

Mr. A. S. Teats Goes After Billy Sunday's Detractors.

The following article was prepared by Mr. A. S. Teats and sent to the Baltimore Sun for publication, a portion of which appeared, and is here published in its entirety:

To the Editor of The Sun.

It seems to me that the article written by M. E. Sloan, of Washington, and published in the Sun under date of March 29th, 1916, is one of the most vile, subtle, uncharitable and cruel attacks on Christianity as represented by Billy Sunday and others, that I ever read.

I am not posing as a defender of Billy Sunday but in that article he is branded as a heretic, falsifier and perverter of real Christianity.

I wonder if our friend Sloan really knows what it means to be a real Christian?

I suppose according to his own ideal, he is a real Christian; that is he does just as Christ did as a human being, and that he has refrained from doing the things that Christ refrained from doing. Christ went about doing good, gave words of cheer and comfort to the down trodden, blessed the little children, and wept with them that wept. He never went to a dance nor any other place for amusement, and never coveted anybody's money or property, etc. I haven't the remotest idea that our friend or any other human being ever lived up to such a standard as that. Then why all this prattle about real Christianity. And the very fact that we can not, throws us upon the mercy of God for salvation which we can obtain only by repentance and faith.

Suppose there is no special harm in a decent civil dance, yet we are all bound to admit that we could have spent the same time we spent there in doing something more profitable, and the same thing is true of every other form of worldly pleasure.

I fully believe that most of this knocking comes from fear that worldly pleasure and worldly gain will be interfered with. Read the 19th chapter of Acts and see how quickly Demetrius became a knocker when he found that Paul's preachings was injuring his business. If a business is doing more harm than good in a community, it ought to be injured. I deny that Billy Sunday sneered at theology and this I say not in defense of him but in defense of the truth. He did say in substance that theology without repentance and faith would not bring salvation and that is the truth. Man in his best estate is foolishness with God; is a cipher brought against infinity. It is allright and a good thing to be a great scholar so that we may be better qualified to help others, but there is no way by which we may be saved except by repentance and faith in Christ.

It is easy to find evil in anything, however good it may be if we are looking for it, and our friend tells us he has been studying Billy Sunday ever since he began and then comes out with this broad statement: that he is unable to find the Gospel preached at all. Now, my dear reader, what is your guess on it? Was he looking for good or evil? Our friend goes on to say that no one speaking by the spirit of God can possibly be so impudent, etc. St. Paul tells us that the Spirit beareth witness with our spirits that we are the children of God. In the face of this great declaration, I want to ask you sternly how do you know, sir, what is going on between the Spirit of God and a human soul other than your own? And where did you get the authority you assume in making such a statement as that? How do you know that there is more false religion making under the name of Christ than there is real Christianity?

The most laughable feature of the article is that Mr. Rodeheaver was to have a little fun with the children one day by showing them some magic tricks which is often done at home. But in the estimation of our friend, this was a horrible thing to do and what a wonder it is that the world did not come to an end instantly where that was done if it was done at all.

A. S. TEATS.
Oakland, Maryland. April 1st, 1916.

Notice to Trespassers.

All persons are hereby warned not to trespass upon my property adjoining the town of Deer Park for the purpose of hunting or fishing. All such will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

CHARLES A. ASHBY.
Advertisement 6-3t

WHAT GARRETT COUNTY LEGISLATORS DID THIS WINTER

A Resume of the Bills Introduced and What Became of Them at Annapolis

The Republican publishes the following list of bills introduced in the recent session of the Legislature of Maryland by the Garrett county delegation. The numbers are taken from the official file as placed in the bill rooms of both branches of the Legislature.

We publish this list as a matter of general public interest to the citizens of the whole county. A close reading of this article will show that Garrett county is moving right along to the very front in the rank of the Progressive, up-to-date counties of Maryland, and that our people are providing for themselves and their children the best things of this life.

The village of Accident is incorporated and June next will have its mayor and village council.

Grantsville and Loch Lynn Heights are empowered to issue bonds for water works and sewerage.

The village authorities of Deer Park are pleased that their actions of a few years ago, to secure a "Park," are confirmed and legalized.

The charter of Friendsville has been improved and as a result the town will have better side walks.

Mountain Lake Park will be better able to collect its taxes.

Oakland was left out in the cold. Its bill to amend the charter was received too late to get through the closing hours of the legislature.

Bloomington, doubtless, will secure a B. & O. agent and enjoy the privilege of better shipping facilities, as it ought to have and deserves.

Next November Garrett county will vote on the question of issuing bonds for the county high school building in Oakland and for school buildings at other points. The new building is an absolute necessity and is for the best interests of the county.

Commencing with the Senate, we find that Senator Speicher offered the following bills:

No. 5. Repealing the Shartzer dog tax bill of 1914. Passed both houses.

No. 8. Anti shipment bill, prohibiting the shipment of more than one quart of liquor at one time into Garrett county. Passed both houses.

No. 9. State-wide prohibition bill, providing for a vote of the whole state on the question "shall Maryland be dry or wet?" The wets of the State put up a hard and persistent fight against a state wide vote and won out by a small majority. However, the wet territory, counties and cities, will vote next November and decide the questions for their county or city. The dry territory will remain dry and the vote next November will largely increase the dry territory. The Senator did not get all he asked for and worked earnestly for. While the dry territory has no vote, the wet territory all over the State is forced to vote on the question next November. The fight is on. This amended bill passed both houses by good majorities.

No. 67. Appropriating $20,000 for flood protection at Kitzmiller and Friendsville. Two years ago the Senator put this bill through the Senate but it was lost in the House. This year the Senate Finance Committee killed it.

No. 87. Appropriating $4000 to the Garrett County School Fund for school purposes. A similar bill had been killed in the House.

Senator Speicher was urged by many letters from Garrett county to get this bill through. Not to do so would be a disaster. The Senator got busy and kept busy until he had the appropriation put through both houses and the $4,000 saved to the county.

No. 111. Authorizing the mayor and council of Deer Park to purchase two acres of ground for a village park. Passed both houses.

No. 112. Sanctioning a purchase made some years ago by the mayor and council of Deer Park of a piece of ground in the village for park purposes. Passed both houses.

No. 211. By request a bill to repeal Section 3, Article 49, of the Code of public laws. Lost in the Senate.

No. 220. To direct the State Road Commission to complete the State road system by building several miles of road from Oakland to the West Virginia state line. This bill was incorporated in the appropriations made for the State Road budget and about $71,000 allotted to complete the road as requested.

No. 449, By request: To authorize the Board of Public Works to sell Lake Brown. Passed both houses.

No. 549. Authorizing the town of Grantsville to issue bonds for water works and a sewerage system. Passed both houses.

Total bills in the Senate, eleven. Passed nine.

Bills offered in the House of Delegates —by Mr. Fox:

No. 32. Extending the term of the clerk of the County Commissioners from two to four, years to go into effect 1918. Passed both houses.

No. 66. Appropriating $10,000 to Kitzmiller and $10,000 to Friendsville, from the state treasury, for flood protection. Unfavorable report and killed.

No. 77. Paying a bounty of $20.00 for a wolf or panther scalp, $3.00 for a wild cat scalp; $1.00 for a fox scalp and 50 cents for a weasel scalp. Passed both houses.

No. 166. Allowing application to be made for registration before election officers of each election district, by those declaring intention to become citizens of the state. Lost in the house.

No. 576. Permitting fishing in the Youghiogheny river, by non-residents, without taking out lisence. Passed house, but killed in Fisheries Committee, of Senate during the last hours of the session.

No. 578. Requiring B. & O. R. R. Company to maintain a station, with an agent at Bloomington. Passed both houses.

No. 653. Regulating the conduct of pool and billiard rooms; requiring them to close at 11 p. m. and not permit minors under 16 to witness the playing of games. Passed both houses.

Incorporating the village of Accident. Passed both houses.

Total of eight bills, five of which passed both houses.

Bills offered by Mr. Hayden.

No. 31. Appropriating $4,000 for school purposes. Lost in the house on the third reading.

No. 65. Amending the boundary lines of Loch Lynn Heights. Passed both houses.

No. 76. Making it unlawful to kill deer in Garrett county before Oct. 31, 1922. Passed both houses.

No. 551. Changing the date of holding the elections of Loch Lynn Heights to March. Passed both houses.

No. 452. Authorizing the mayor and council of Loch Lynn Heights to borrow $1500 for sewerage purposes. Passed both houses.

No. 617. Conferring upon the Treasurer of Mountain Lake Park the power the treasurer of Garrett county has to sell properties, etc., for taxes. Passed both houses.

No. 902. Authorizing the County Commissioners to issue bonds to build a high school building in Oakland, subject to a vote next November. Passed both houses.

No. —. Amending the charter of Oakland. Passed to third reading last night of the legislature.

Total number of bills, eight. Passed six.

The following bills were introduced by Mr. Shartzer:

No. 17. Repealing law exempting $500 of furniture from taxation. Killed in the House.

No. 55. Unlawful to manufacture liquor in Garrett county. The object of this bill was to close the Miller distillery at Accident. The bill, as drawn, was conflicting. It passed both houses but was vetoed by the Governor as being unconstitutional. A close reading of the bill shows that it is defective.

No. 56. Repealing chapter 814 of the acts of 1914, creating a Tax Commission. Killed in the House.

No. 96. An act to repeal Chapter 580 of 1914, forbidding ministers paying fees to porters and others for bringing wedding parties to them. Killed in the Senate. Several counties asked for the same law and the bills passed both houses.

No. 113. An act requiring hotels and restaurants using oleomargarine, to post signs in their dining room, stating this fact. Killed in the House.

N. 171. To amend the Constitution of the State, conferring upon the County Commissioners the right to condemn lands for road purposes. Killed in the House.

No. 299. To create a board of Game Wardens, for Garrett county. Killed by the local delegation, to whom it was referred.

No. 394. To amend Article 1, section 2, of the State Constitution. Killed in the House.

No. 355. To enact to amend Article 15 of the Declaration of Rights. Killed in House.

No. 559. An act to appropriate $4,000 for maintaining a free bed in Dr. Hinebaugh's hospital, in Oakland for two years. Killed in the House on the third reading.

No. 560. An act to repeal Chapter 841 of the Acts of 1914, to abolish the office of State Tax Commissioner. Killed in the House.

No. 593. To require the County Commissioners to work the county roads before the first day of July in each year. Killed in the Senate.

No. 594. A bill regarding public printing. Killed in the House.

No. 595. To appoint an Auditor for Garrett county. Killed in the Senate.

No. 743. Regarding the declaration of intentions for registration. Killed in the House.

No. 745. An act for the further protection of game. Not certain about the passage of this bill.

Total bills, 16; passed one which was vetoed by Governor, as unconstitutional.

The three important county-wide bills, far reaching in their effects, are the pool room bill; the $4,000 for the school fund and the anti-shipment law. After June thirty-first next the large shipment of liquors into Garrett county will cease, and Oakland as headquarters for West Virginia bootleggers will be no more. Not more than one quart of liquor can be shipped into the county at one time, by an individual. This law will add greatly to the decrease in the use of liquors in Garrett county.

The bill introduced in the House to add another judge in this judicial district was killed in the Senate. It was opposed by the majority of judges now on the bench.

None of the laws enacted will go into effect until June first.

NORTH GLADE

Mrs. Louis Beckman, who had the misfortune of having her leg broken a week or so ago, is doing as well as could be expected.

Mumps still abound in this community, there being a number of cases.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Albert Wilt and some of the family have been having a serious time with measles.

Mrs. John Friend was buried at Glendale on Sunday, quite a number being present, notwithstanding the storm.

Revs. Marvin and McAmic failed to reach their appointments here on Sunday.

Easter services will be held at the Lutheran and Methodist churches on Easter morning and evening.

C. G. Brobst has sold his farm to Mr. West, of Hartmansville, W. Va. We are sorry that Mr. B. has decided to leave us.

Our spelling "bee" on the 6th inst. was a delightful success, Masters C. W. Merrill and Maynard Moon being the champion spellers.

Our school closed very successfully and with a large general average, although on account of so much sickness the attendance was not what it otherwise would have been.

G. W. Moon attended the potato meeting at Oakland on Saturday and speaks very favorably of Mr. Temple and the work in which he is engaged.

Now let us have and up to date road from the Twin cities of the near east right through North Glade connecting the state road at Thayerville.

SHORT RUN.

The weather man is giving us a variety of weather, January being represented at this writing.

Our farmers helped unload a car of fertilizer last week.

Our school closed last Thursday, and the teacher, Miss Orpah McKenzie, left for her home at Sand Patch, Pa., the following morning.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Harvey entertained a number of our young folks at their home on last Wednesday evening in honor of Mr. J. C. Myers, who boarded at their home during the past winter, and was returning to his home at Friendsville at the close of his school at Dodson. Games and music furnished the entertainment of the evening, and everyone reported a jolly time. Delicious refreshments were served.

The following parties from Kitzmiller were visiting sugar camps here last week. Mrs. V. E. Rafter, Mr. Wm. R. Davis and Masters Alva and Mark Bender, Holmes Miller, Frank Rafter and Robert Marville.

Mrs. O. V. Fortney is visiting her parents here for a few days and will move soon to her new home at Bloomington.

Miss Bertha Towson, of Dodson, was the guest of Miss Isabel Harvey one night last week.

Those who attended the entertainment at Dodson Thursday evening reported a very nice time.

The young people of this place were entertained at a party at Mr. Daniel Wilson's on Saturday evening, April 1. Games and music afforded the amusement of the evening, and two prize contests were held, and three prizes awarded, the prize winners being Miss Ruth Wilson, Miss Orpah McKenzie and Mr. Robert Harvey. We feel certain that Mr. Enlow would have captured a prize, in the art contest, but his "deer" was so very life-like that it actually ran away before the judges gave their decision, and is still at large. A reward has been offered. Refreshments were served and Sunday drove the guests home.

HARVESTER.

GORTNER

The robin red-breast and blue birds have again made their appearance, gently reminding us that ever welcome spring is here.

The entertainment rendered by the Swan Meadow school last Tuesday night under the management of Mr. Kolb, was a decided success. A large crowd was present notwithstanding the inclement weather.

The Swan Meadow school closed Thursday after being very successfully taught by Mr. Wm. Kolb. During his short stay at this place Mr. Kolb made a host of friends, and he leaves with the best wishes of every pupil and patron of the school as he enters upon his new work.

The stork was a very welcome visitor in our midst recently leaving a little daughter at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Yoder. Both mother and babe are doing nicely.

Miss Virgil Kitzmiller, of Underwood, visited her sister, Mrs. A. T. Baker, the past week.

Miss Della Savage, who recently closed her school at Dodge, is visiting old acquaintances at Gortner.

Miss Mattie Browning, who had the misfortune of being kicked by a horse while returning from Fair Sweep, we are glad to say is nearly well again.

Mr. and Mrs. Guy Sanders of Fairmont, are visiting home folks at Gortner.

Misses Mary and Dora Lichty have returned home from Delaware where they spent the winter.

Mrs. R. C. Rush, of Accident, spent several days recently with her daughter, Mrs. Hervey Smouse.

Mrs. Fahey, of Grafton, moved her furniture last week to the house on her farm near Gortner. Mr. O'Conner who formerly lived on the farm, has moved his family near Washington, D. C., where he has secured employment.

Miss Lelia Mosser, of Hauser, spent several days of the past week with her sister, Mrs. Artie Dodge.

Miss Effie Wamsley, a student in the High School at Oakland, spent several days of the past week with her parents.

Mr. Wm. Spoerline, of Accident, who recently purchased the store from P. P. Gortner is moving his household furniture in the house formerly occupied by Mr. Gauer. Mr. Spoerline will take charge of the store about the 15th of April.

GUARD

Mrs. Dorsey Guard has gone to Friendsville for a few weeks' visit.

James Guard's new barn is going up rapidly and will be a fine one when completed.

Jasper Hileman has moved to his farm near Selbysport.

Martin Garlets mourns the loss of a friend. After feeding his dog the animal jumped out of the window and hanged itself, almost breaking poor Martin's heart.

Harvey Camp has moved to this neighborhood where he has an eight years' job, making ties and props.

Work is plenty at this time; everything is booming.

Mrs. George Coleman, of Guard, and Mrs. Sallie Coleman of Rockwood, took dinner with Mrs. Will E. Wass on Sunday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Dorsey Guard and two children, Mrs. James Guard and Mr. and Mrs. Jasper Groves and daughter Elsie took Sunday dinner with Mrs. Will E. Wass.

Mr. and Mrs. George Coleman will move away from here soon. Mr. Coleman, who had been operating the Guard grist mill built up a large custom trade and the people are all sorry to see him leave. He is a splendid miller and an honest man. A new miller is coming from West Virginia to take Mr. Coleman's place.

Mrs. Mary Riley was visiting her husband at Somerset a short time ago, where they intend to make their home in the near future.

We had a heavy thunder storm last Sunday.

Thieves made a raid on Mrs. Spielman's cellar recently and made way with a large quantity of canned fruit, sausage, pudding, pickles, etc.

The stork made Harry Groves step high by fetching him and Mrs. Groves a baby girl. Clyde Shupe is feeling proud over the arrival of a bouncing boy at his home.

Will Wass has his coal mine in operation now and is busy hauling coal.

Mrs. Grace Plasket has returned home after three months' nursing of her sick sisters, who have recovered.

Mrs. Dick Liston spent a week with Mrs. Polen who was very ill but is now improving.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

JESSE McCLINTOCK

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 13th day of October 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 13th day of April, 1916.

MAGGIE A. McCLINTOCK,
Administratrix,
Accident, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

PATRICK BRODERICK

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 13th day of October, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 13th day of April, 1916.

H. S. COLEMAN,
Administrator,
Sutton, Md.

ORDER NISI.

Abel Dewitt, next friend, etc., vs. Donald U. Maffett, et al.
No. 2051 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County.

Ordered, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland, this 11th day of April, 1916, in Equity that the sale made and reported in the above cause by Neide Maffett, Trustee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 12th day of May, 1916, provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 5th day of May, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $1000.00.

E. Z. TOWER.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Supervisors' Notice of Appointment of Judge of Election

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with the General Election Laws of Maryland the following appointment has this day been made to fill a vacancy.

Charles Warnick, Democratic Judge of Election in District No. 3, having removed from the State and vacated his said office, Columbus Broadwater whose postoffice address is New Germany, Md., is hereby appointed in his place and stead.

By order of the Board of Supervisors of Election for Garrett county, Md., this 12th day of April, 1916.

BENJ. H. SINCELL, Clerk.

License Notice.

Notice is hereby given to all persons and bodies corporate, or politic, doing business in the town of Oakland, Garrett county, who are required to take out licenses for that purpose, to obtain the same on or before the

First Day of May, 1916

For the purpose of issuing such licenses the undersigned, Clerk of the Mayor and town Council of Oakland, will be at his office in the First National Bank building from 8 o'clock a. m. until 5 o'clock p. m. on Monday, May 1st, 1916.

ARTHUR LAWTON, Clerk.

Appeal Session.

The tax payers of Oakland are hereby notified that the Town Council of Oakland will sit in the Council Chamber in the First National Bank building on

Monday, April 24, 1916.

from 2 until 5 o'clock p. m., and from 7:30 until 9 o'clock p. m. for the purpose of hearing appeals and making transfers upon the assessment books of said town.

By order of Council,
ARTHUR LAWTON, Clerk.

ORDER NISI.

C. A. Beachy, Treasurer of Garrett county, Maryland vs. U. G. Savage.
No. 271, Miscellaneous Docket in the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Ordered by the Circuit Court for Garrett county, Maryland, this 6th day of March, 1916, that the tax sale made and reported in the above entitled case by C. A. Beachy, Treasurer of Garrett county, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 10th day of April, 1916, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 3rd day of April, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $75.98.

ROBERT R. HENDERSON.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

IT'S A BEAUTY!

WHAT?

The Enger

Twin-Six

Now on exhibition at Oakland Garage, Oakland, Md.

See the Enger before purchasing elsewhere. A wonderful Car at a wonderful price.

FOUNDED 1888

THE GARRETT NATIONAL BANK

FOUNDED 1888

OF OAKLAND, MARYLAND

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, - - $115,000.00

THE highly developed facilities of this Bank resulting from 28 years of careful and conservative management, together with prompt, efficient and courteous service, are offered as the basis for a satisfactory business connection.

OFFICERS

G. S. HAMILL, President. D. E. OFFUTT, Jr., Vice President.
G. A. FRALEY, Cashier. H. L. JONES, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS

GILMOR S. HAMILL, JOHN T. MITCHELL, DANIEL E. OFFUTT, Jr.
JOSEPH E. HARNED. GEORGE A. FRALEY, HARLAND L. JONES CHAS. S. DAVIS

Interest paid on Time Deposits. Safety Deposit Boxes for Rent.

ESTABLISHED 1884. BOTH PHONES

WE have just received a car load of the justly celebrated RU-BER-OID ROOFING as well as a car load of FERTILIZER, and we offer both at such low prices that you cannot afford to not see us before you buy.

Make our store your store when in town, and remember that our low prices and liberal terms it possible for you to get your supplies from us in an easy, convenient way.

Plows, Harrows, Rollers, Grain Drills, Cultivators, Corn Planters, Buggies, Wagons, Farm Trucks, Roofing and Fertilizers are a few of many things you need this spring.

Remember the place—

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.
Oakland, Md.

"Naylor has it and sells it for less."

RIGHT PRICES PROMPT SERVICE

Full line of paint brushes always in stock at Hamill's. Adv. 7-3t

Mr. Henry Leuthke went to Cumberland yesterday to spend the day on business.

Mr. J. A. Curry, of Jeannette, Pa., was the guest on Tuesday night of Dr. and Mrs. J. C. Ely.

HOUSE FOR RENT—Apply to Renninger & Offutt, Attorneys, Oakland. Adv. 5-4t*

Miss Douglas Sincell is on a visit to relatives in Cumberland and other Allegany county points.

Let Hamill give you an estimate on your paint needs this year. He guarantees quality as well as low prices. Adv. 7-3t

Miss Mildred Welling left Oakland Sunday for Grafton, West Va., where she will visit relatives for some time.

FOR SALE—A five passenger light touring car; reasonable terms. Apply at this office. Adv. 4-4t

Miss Edna B. Watson, of Smithsburg, Md., who visited Mr. and Mrs. John A. Grant, returned to her home yesterday morning.

Mr. Norman R. Sanner, of Westernport, spent Sunday in Oakland where he visited Capt. and Mrs. R. T. Browning and other relatives.

FOR SALE CHEAP—One Folding Bed, 1 Oak Bed, 1 Oak Dining Table, 6 Oak Chairs, 2 Leather Davenports. Apply to Mrs. I. T. Hayes. Adv. 6-3t*

In Cumberland on last Saturday a marriage license was issued to William Thayer and Minnie Agnes Shank, both of Kitzmiller this county.

Mrs. H. C. Sincell and daughter Miss Leah Sincell have returned home from a two weeks' visit to relatives and friends in Washington, D. C.

The most complete line of inside and outside house decorations in the county. Complete line of wall paper and paints at Hamill's. Adv. 7-3t

Messrs. J. O. Getty and J. J. Bender, of Grantsville, were in Oakland last Thursday on business, having come to the county seat in Mr. Bender's automobile.

EGGS FOR HATCHING—From single comb Black Minorcas, $1.50 per 15; fine stock. Townshend Naylor, Oakland, Md. Adv. 4-8t*

Miss Marguerite Hart, of Oakland, who has been engaged in school work at Kitzmiller for the past several weeks, was on a visit to Cumberland friends last Saturday and Sunday.

Private schools have been opened in the grammar school building by Misses Josephine Browning and Anna Gonder, who were teachers in the public schools of Oakland during the winter.

EGGS FOR HATCHING—Rose Comb Rhode Island Reds; bred to lay. Setting of fifteen, $1.50. Miss Diana Weber, Oakland, Md. Adv.

Rev. John M. Davis, who has been ill nearly all winter, but who recuperated somewhat during the past two or three weeks, was again taken ill on Sunday afternoon and is again confined to his bed. His condition today is slightly improved.

For Rent or Sale—I offer for rent or sale the house and lot on Water street, known as the "Malette House," containing eight rooms; good large garden; reasonable terms. Apply to G. S. Hamill, Oakland, Md.
Advertisement 7-tf

Messrs. D. L. Conneway and Oscar Vaughn left Oakland yesterday morning for Akron, Ohio. Mr. Conneway is just recovering from an injury he received while in the employ of a rubber factory at that place and is returning to his work.

See A. D. Naylor & Co. for Drain Tile.
Advertisement.

Simmon's paints for outside and inside decoration. Full stock at Hamill's. Adv. 7-3t

Mr. Charles H. Wheeler, of Wheeling, visited Oakland on business this morning.

Mrs. Jennie Forman and children, of Oakland, were guests of friends near Gorman Saturday and Sunday.

LOST—A nickel plated automobile crank. Finder please leave at this office.

Miss Helen Collins, of Meyersdale, Pa., is here as the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Sturgiss at their home on Alder street.

The Pythian Improvemnet Company offers the Maryland Theatre for rent. Apply to Ernest Shirer, Secretary, Oakland, Md. Adv.

Miss Ellen Smouse, of Deer Park, spent Saturday and Sunday at the home of her uncle, Mr. Henry Smouse, south of Oakland.

Mrs. Olin F. Durst, of Lonaconing, who visited relatives in Oakland a few days last week, returned to her home Saturday morning.

FOR SALE—A yearling grade Hambletonian colt. Write or call on E. J. Petersheim R. D. 2, Oakland, Md.
Advertisement.

Mr. Leo Lyon, of Oakland, has accepted a position of clerk in the Keyser station of the B. & O. Railroad. He occupied a similar place in the Oakland station until his transfer to the Keyser office.

WANTED—At the Mt. Lake Hotel, April 1st, a girl to do general housework. Address, W. C. Dunnington, Mt. Lake Park, Md. Adv. 2-tf

Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Stewart and daughter, who spent the winter in Florida, returned to their home in Oakland Tuesday night. Mr. Stewart will open his studio here in a short time.

Mr. H. P. Stuck, who has been filling the position of agent for the B. & O. Railroad at Piedmont during the past three months or more, has been transferred back to Oakland and has taken charge of the local office of the company.

FOR SALE—Twenty-five acres improved farm land located on the Oakland-Gortner (State Road, two miles South of Oakland. Easy terms. Call on or write Harry Helbig, Oakland, Md. Advertisement 51 tf

Dr. Fleming Howell, of Oakland who had been ill at his home in Oakland for about two weeks suffering with an affection of his throat, was taken to a Cumberland hospital Monday by his attending physician, Dr. J. D. Darby, where the patient is receiving treatment and whose condition yesterday was slightly improved.

Simmon's Keen KutterQuality paints, unequalled for color and durability, on sale at Hamill's. Adv. 7-3t

We publish elsewhere in this paper today a resume of the work accomplished by the Garrett county delegation at Annapolis during the recent session of the Legislature. The report is absolutely unbiased and based upon the printed reports of the deliberations of the two bodies making up the Legislative branch of the State government.

A car load of Roofing at any price was just unloaded by A. D. Naylor & Co.
Advertisement.

State Fish Commissioner W. A. Smith went to Baltimore Tuesday morning and will be engaged the rest of the week in making distribution of fish from the State Hatchery located in that city and in closing up the affairs of his office which he has administered faithfully and well during the past four years.

Mr. A. T. Matthews left Oakland Monday afternoon for Baltimore where he will attend the session of the Grand Lodge Knights of Pythias as a representative of the local lodge. The Grand Lodge will probably be in session all of the present week.

Naylor & Co. have just unloaded a car of Fertilizer.
Advertisement

Mrs. George W. Legge entertained at bridge at her home on Second street in Oakland Tuesday afternoon of this week when the following ladies were present: Mrs. R. E. Sliger, Mrs. Nannine Offutt, Mrs. James A. Delawder, Miss Helen Collins, of Meyersdale, Pa.; Mrs. Stuart F. Hamill, Mrs. C. E. Bender, Mrs. H. L. Jones, Miss Bess Offutt, Mrs. J. G. Mealy, Mrs. N. I. Broadwater. Dainty refreshments were served by the hostess.

WE PAY CASH FOR THE FOLLOWING: Live chickens, 12 cents per pound; live turkeys, 20 cents per pound; Veal calves, hog dressed, 9½ cents per pound; dressed Hogs, 9½ cents per pound. Call on or phone, WM. L. CASTEEL, L. W. HOPKINS, Oakland, Md. Adv. 3tf*

Mr. and Mrs. Julius Renninger, and son Julius, of Oakland, and Mrs. Julius Scherr and daughter Miss Alma Scherr, of Morgantown, W. Va., left Oakland Monday afternoon for Washinton and Baltimore. Mr. Renninger went as a representative of the local lodge Knights of Pythias, to the grand lodge which is in session in Baltimore this week.

Mr. A. J. Alexander, of near Accident, who recently sold his farm located about two miles north of McHenry on the old Accident road, was in Oakland last Friday for the purpose of advertising a public auction of his personal property preparatory to moving with his family to Akron, Ohio, where he has purchased a dwelling and where he expects to make his future home.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

A meeting of the Board of County School Commissioners was held on Thursday last at which routine business was transacted. Mr. Yost, of Grantsville, the retiring member of the Board, was present and returned to his home in company with Messrs. J. O. Getty and J. J. Bender, of Grantsville. Mr. Yost's retirement is sincerely regretted by many in every portion of the county, his place being filled by Mr. Thomas J. Johnson, of near Grantsville, who will go into office some time early in May.

County Superintendent of Schools F. E. Rathbun, and president of the Board of School Commissioners R. E. Sliger, in company with Mr. C. E. Bender, motored to Grantsville last Friday afternoon. Returning the party was caught in a terrific snow storm which raged that night and did not reach here until after two o'clock Saturday morning. The occasion of their visit to the City on the Pike was for the purpose of attending the closing exercises of the public school of that place, Capt. R. R. Sanner, formerly of Oakland, and principal of the Grantsville school more than fifty years ago, being in charge of the school there at the present time, a record probably never equalled in the history of public education.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply to Mrs. Stuart F. Hamill, Oakland.

Subscribe for The Republican.

O. H. S. NOTES.

News From The Oakland Temple Of Learning.

Obituary—Died March 22, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, the old Oakland High School. This building had stood the severe equinoctial storms for thirty-nine years, but at last was called away. Over one hundred pupils were without a school until the Grammar school, after the last term, opened its doors to the shelterless seekers of knowledge. The loss of this building is greatly lamented by all who knew it. "Mihi crede, ista non est nosterculpa sed tempestatis." —Apologies to Cicero.

The High School has resumed its studies again in the Grammar School building after nearly two week's suspension due to the terrific storm which partly unroofed and otherwise damaged the High School building.

Donald Sincell was in Cumberland last week.

Clara and Grace Bush spent the two weeks vacation at their home in Shafer, W. Va.

Margaret Slabaugh is at school again after having had the mumps.

The Senior Class is learning their play which they expect to give during commencement week.

The following students of the Oakland High School have made not less than eighty per cent. in each subject studied and not less than ninety-five per cent. in deportment for the school month ending March 23:

First Year Class—Katherine Barnhouse, Winona Jones, Rachael Long, Elizabeth Mitchell, Icie Schoch, Nellie Schmidt, Ralph Davis, Herschel Harvey, Carlton Hinebaugh, Morgan Hinebaugh, Edward Kahl, Wyant McCrobie, and Ralph Robinson.

Second year Class—Grace Bush, Eva Falkenstein, Lorena Falkenstein, Frances Miller, Mary Drake Naylor, Margaret Sincell, Victor Harvey, and Edward Scott.

Third Year Class—Mildred Dixon, Ada Glotfelty, Cecelia Hart, Pauline Jones, Carrie Mann, Carol Miller, Katherine Porter, Edwana Peddicord, Winifred Weimer, Charles Garrett, Julius Littman, Felix Robinson, and Gerald Tanner.

Fourth Year Class—Clara Bush, Mabel Falkenstein, Margaret Slabaugh, Carrie Thrasher, Mildred Thrasher, Edward Lewis, Donald Maffett.

Post Graduate—Ross Isenberg.

PUBLIC SALE

OF

Real Estate

At Deer Park

Monday, May 1, 1916.

At 11 o'clock A. M. on May 1, near the Railroad Station in Deer Park, I will sell at auction to the highest bidder, the frame dwelling house and 9 1-8 acres of land on the south side of the railroad in the town of Deer Park, now owned by me. (Formerly the property of E. G. Miller.)

Terms will be announced on day of sale.

W. McCulloh Brown,
Box 42, Oakland, Md.

The Lutheran Church

SECOND STREET, OAKLAND

Sunday School, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

B. H. SINCELL, Superintendent.

Men's Brotherhood Class, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

REV. BREMER, Teacher.

We cordially invite all men not already enrolled in some school to study the Bible with this class.

Morning Worship, 10.45 o'Clock.

The sincere christian will be found in God's House at the regular appointed hours of worship and the only kind of excuse worth while is the kind that Almighty God will accept.

Luther League, 6.30 o'Clock P. M.

Topic—"The Last Loving Honors."
Leader—WILLIAM GIESSMAN.

Evening Worship, 7.30 o'Clock.

During the Lenten Season there will be a special service every Wednesday night at 7:30 o'clock. The public is invited.

All are welcome to worship with us.

During the Lenten Season there will be a special service every Wednesday night at 7:30 o'clock. The public is invited.

—The above was prepared by the pastor and the advertisement is authorized and paid for by one interested in church work.

Everything New for Easter Will Be Found at

SINCELL'S

Tailor-made Suits, Spring Coats, Queen Quality Shoes, Gloves, Corsets, Wash Waists, Silk Waists

ALL IN ENDLESS VARIETY

Men's Clothing, Shoes, Neckwear Hats, Gloves, Shirts.

Our entire stock having been purchased before the advance in price we are in position to sell you better goods at less money than can be found elsewhere.

H. C. SINCELL.

Sheriff's Notice.

Notice is hereby given to all persons and bodies corporate or politic, doing business in Garrett County, and requiring State license, to obtain a license or renew the same on or before the

First day of May Next.

A failure on the part of persons now engaged in business to renew their licenses by the first of May next will subject them to a fine.

E. Z. Tower, Clerk of the Circuit Court for Garrett county, will be ready to issue licenses on or before the first day of May next at his office in the Courthouse.

ALBERT ASHBY, Sheriff.

ORDER NISI.

Abel DeWitt, next friend, etc., vs. Donald U. Maffett, et al.

No. 2031 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett county.

It is ordered by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, this 5th day of April, 1916, that the sale made and reported in the above cause by Nellie Maffett, trustee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 5th day of May, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed in Garrett County once in each of three successive weeks before the 25th day of April, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $35.00.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

TAX SALE

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate

In Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of the power vested in the Treasurer of Garrett County, Maryland, by section 52 of Chapter 566, of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland for the year 1890, title "Garrett County," sub-title "County Treasurer," and as amended by the General Assembly of Maryland for the year 1898, Chapter 144, the undersigned Treasurer in and for Garrett County, Maryland, will, on

FRIDAY,

The 5th Day of May, 1916,

at 10 o'clock a. m. at the front door of the Court House in the town of Oakland, Garrett county, Md., offer and sel at public auction to the highest bidder all of the following pieces or parcels of land lying and being in Garrett County, Md., to wit:

No. 1.—All that lot of ground, situate on Oak Street in the town of Oakland, Garrett county and in Election District No. 7 thereof, described as follows: Beginning for the same at the end of 45 feet on the 1st line of Lot No. 24 in Brant's Addition to the Town of Oakland, and running thence South 67 degrees East, 37½ feet, North 23 degrees East, 132 feet, North 67 degrees West, 37½ feet, thence South 23 degrees West, 132 feet to the beginning, being the same property which was conveyed to the said Mary Mitchell by Ara May Cleveland and husband by deed dated Sept. 6, 1911, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 62, folio 275, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915, as is charged upon the assessment books of Garrett county in the name of the said Mary Mitchell.

No. 2—All that lot of ground knows as Lot No. 64 on McCarty's Plot of Oakland, situate in the town of Oakland, Garrett County, in Election District No. 7 thereof, fronting 70 feet on Alder Street and extending southward, 132 feet to an alley 16 feet wide, and being a part of the same property which was conveyed to Annie E. Felty by Christian Felty, and others, by deed dated 1st day of June, 1908, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 58, folio 49, etc., one of the Land Records of Garrett County, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1914, as is charged upon the assessment books of Garrett County in the name of the said Annie E. Felty.

No. 3.—Lot No. 23 in Block 5 as shown upon the plat of Loch Lynn Heights, and being the same property which was conveyed to Ida V. Bunce by Anna M. Moxey by deed dated August 15, 1899, recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 36, folio 503, one of the land records of Garrett county. Said lot is located in Election District No. 7 of Garrett county and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Ida V. Bunce.

No. 4—Lot No. 3026 on the plat of Mountain Lake Park as recorded in Liber W. H. T., No. 6, folio 800, one of Land Records of Garrett county, and being the same property which was conveyed by Upton Cuppett to Mary M. Cuppett by by deed dated the 23rd day of January, 1909, recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 58, folio 415, one of the Land Records of Garrett county. Said lot is located in Mountain Lake Park, Election District No. 7 of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Mary M. Cuppett.

No. 5.—All that part of Military Lot No. 805, containing 4 27-40 acres, located in Election District No. 7 of Garrett county, and being a part of the same property which was conveyed by Lloyd Lowndes, Jr., Trustee, to William E. Walsh, Trustee, for Mrs. Rebecca E. Blake, by deed dated May 24, 1899, recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 36, folio 390, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment ment Books of Garrett county in the name William E. Walsh, Trustee of Rebecca E. Blake.

No. 6.—Lot No. 62 as shown upon the plat of Mountain Lake Park as recorded in Liber W. H. T., No. 6, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and being the same property which was conveyed by J. G. Fallon and wife to Hice R. Laughlin by deed dated 5th day of Sept., 1903, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 46, folio 224, one of the Land Records of Garrett county. Said lot is located in H Street, Mountain Lake Park, Garrett county, in Election District No. 7, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Hice R. Laughlin.

No. 7—Lot No. 4011 on the plat of Mountain Lake Park, located in Mountain Lake Park, Election Dis- of Garrett county, as recorded in Plat Record Liber E. Z. T., No. 1, folio 21, one of Records of Garrett county, and being the same property which was conveyed by Clifford H. Friend to Clyde B. Moore by deed dated September 2, 1907, recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 56, folio 97, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Clyde B. Moore.

No. 8.—Lots Nos. 1342 and 1344 on the plat of Mountain Lake Park as recorded in Plat Book Liber E. Z. T., No. 1, folio 21, one of the records of Garrett county, said lots being located in Mountain Lake Park, Election Ditsrict No. 7 of Garrett county and being the same property which was conveyed by the Mountain Lake Park Association of Garrett county to Mary I. White by deed dated August 12, 1913, recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 66, folio 94, one of the Land Records of Garrett county and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Mary I. White.

No. 9.—Military Lots No. 1240, 1241 and 1244, located in Election District No. 14 of Garrett county, and being the same property which was conveyed by James H. Knight and others to Michael S. Clohesy by deed dated December 11, 1912, recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 64, folio 337, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1914 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Michael S. Clohesy.

No. 10—All that part of the Ezra Hauser Survey called "Chance," containing 61¾ acres, situate in Election District No. 8 of Garrett county and being the same property which was conveyed by Susan C. Bowman to Harry L. Bowman by deed dated December 7, 1904, recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 49, folio 6, one of the Land Records of Carrett county, and will be sold to satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Harry L. Bowman.

No. 11—All that part of the tract of land called "Royal Charlotte," containing 61¾ acres, located in Election District No. 8 of Garrett county and being the same property which was conveyed by Luther C. Nine and others to Irvin F. Sims by deed dated September 6, 1913, recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 66, folio 112, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915, as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Irvin F. Sims.

No. 12—All that part of the tract of land called "The Royal Charlotte," containing 112¼ acres, located in Election District No. 8 of Garrett county and being the same property which was conveyed by Luther C. Nine and wife to Artenis W. Sines by deed dated March 13, 1912, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 62, folio 520, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of said Garrett county in the name of Artenis W. Sines.

No. 13—All the coal underlying the Thomas J. Moreland farm containing 83 acres, more or less, being part of the tract of land called "William and Mary," located in Election District No. 8, Garrett county, and being the coal underlying the same land which was conveyed by Elliott C. Harvey to Dorothy J. Moreland by deed dated the 12th day of January, 1900, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 38, folio 173, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, which property was conveyed to the said Dorothy J. Moreland to the extent of a life estate therein and after her death to the heirs of Thomas J. Moreland, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear against the coal underlying said land for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Thomas J. Moreland's heirs.

No. 14—All those portions of the tract of land called "Addition to Paradise," located in Election District No. 8 of Garrett county containing in the aggregate 9 1-10 acres, and being the same property which was conveyed by F. C. Leonard and W. K. Myers, Trustees, to Branard Coal Company by deed dated May 16, 1910, recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 61, folio 178, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1914 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Branard Coal Company.

No. 15—All that tract of land called "Merriden," composed of Military Lots Nos. 1454, 1455 and 1456, containing 150 acres, situate in Election District No. 6 of Garrett County, and being the same property which was conveyed by W. T. Sines, et. al., to L. E. Friend, R. C. McCandlish and George D. Browning by deed dated July 29, 1907, recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 56, folio 59, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915, as is charged upon the assessment books of Garrett county in the names of George D. Browning, L. E. Friend and R. C. McCandlish.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on the day of sale. The right of redemption extends to six calendar months from day of sale by paying the amount of the purchase money with interest thereon at the rate of twenty per cent. per annum and all costs. Conveyancing at cost of purchaser.

C. A. BEACHY,
Treasurer of Garrett County.

SUNDAY WANTS TO BE ON SAFE SIDE

Prefers to Take No Chance of Eternal Fire.

PLEADS FOR REAL MEN

If I Thought I Was Gratifying Curiosity I Would Quit Baltimore Before Monday Morning."

STATISTICS FOR THIRTY-SEVENTH DAY OF CAMPAIGN.

	Attend.
Morning	10,000
Afternoon	10,000
Evening	12,000
Lyric	3,000
Total	35,000
Former Days	1,064,200
Totals	1,099,200

Trail-Hitters.

Morning	68
Afternoon	256
Evening	264
Lyric	75
Total	663
Former Days	14,475
Total	15,138

Baltimore.—Hell, a region of terror inestimable, an eternal home for the sinners after they leave this earth, was painted in realistic fashion by Rev. Billy Sunday in his sermon to 12,000 men Sunday.

"What will be the end if you obey not the gospels of God," was the text Sunday selected for the sermon, and Sunday answered the text in the one word, "Hell."

"I believe in hell and heaven: I live and try to avoid hell and get to heaven; I die and I go to heaven. You believe death is an eternal sleep; you say there is no hell. All right. You die—and you find out I was right. Where do you head is then?"

This was the way Sunday summed up in the sermon his opinion of those who refute the doctrine of eternal punishment for the unrepentant sinner.

Sunday's defense of the doctrine of that region where Satan rules supreme was an eloquent one. It was replete with appropriate stories of famous men and incidents of those who, in life, boasted their disbelief in a hell for the sinner and who, at death, spent their last hours in agony—agony brought on by visions of the suffering they would undergo for eternity.

Billy also touched on the question of whether or not hell was literally a place of fire. "When God said fire," he declared, "He may have meant it literally; He may have meant it as typifying the greatest suffering that man knows. In any case, He meant it as a place of terror. And I don't want to go there to find out if God meant fire literally. It doesn't make any difference if there is really fire there if you once get there; you're going to suffer. It doesn't make any difference to me whether or not the streets of heaven are literally paved with gold. I know heaven is a grand place and I want to get there."

In the audience was a delegation of about 3,000 Knights of Pythians, some of them in uniform. When, at the conclusion of his sermon, Sunday issued his invitation for trail-hitters, more than 100 of these, led by their flag-bearer, waving Old Glory, came down the saw dust path.

264 Hit Trail.

Among the trail-hitters also was one of the most prominent insurance men of Baltimore and several other well-known merchants and professional men.

In all, 264 hit the trail at the night service.

The greater part of the audience last night was composed of delegations from various stores, factories, lodges and churches. Many requests for an appearance of the Sunday sextet came from these delegations, and the choristers finally answered the call.

"Know thyself a man," was the text the evangelist selected for his afternoon sermon. And this text gave him his best opportunity to show his contempt, his disgust for those who are called 'men by brevet"—those made notorious by T. R.'s denunciation of them as "mollycoddles."

On the platform, about the streets in his home—wherever he goes, in fact—the most noticeable characteristic of Sunday is manliness. The bitterest critics of the evangelist cannot find anything sham about his contempt for the male of the "mollycoddle" type; it is one charge, at least, to which Sunday has never been subjected by his critics.

Therefore, Billy's attack on those who are men by name and courtesy only, was bound to be virile; bound to have in it all of the interest, the instruction that Sunday could put there.

The sermon which Sunday delivered to a mixed audience of about 10,000 in the tabernacle in the morning, was one replete with typical Sunday epigrams. It was thought then that Sunday had reached his height in this respect. But he proved that he hadn't in the afternoon.

The brief, pithy, paragraphs with which he punctuated his address to the men were probably the best that Sunday has used in Baltimore. They made points that stuck in the minds of those who heard them; many of them drew laughs, but, after the laughs, they commanded serious consideration. They were, in practically every case, perfectly apropos, clearly illustrative.

"Every man is some boy's hero, and if every man lived right no boys would go wrong," he said in the course of a plea to the older men to set the example for the younger men and the boys.

"Don't look for cushions if you want to have your face in the Hall of Fame," was his remark at the conclusion of a plea to men to be courageous when "hitting the hard spots" of life; not to avoid them, but to "buck up" and fight hard and win.

"A prudent man won't swallow a potato bug and then take paris green to kill that bug," was the way he pointed another part of his sermon.

Paragraphs such as these kept the audience intensely interested from the beginning of the sermon to the end.

The afternoon audience of 10,000 men responded to the sermon with rounds of spontaneous applause and cheers through the sermon and with 268 trail-hitters at the conclusion of the address.

When Sunday issued his invitation for trail-hitters in the afternoon the first man to respond was the flag-bearer for the delegation of 1,000 members of the Junior Order United American Mechanics. This man carried with him down the aisle the big silk, American flag, and it was the signal for cheers from all sections of the house.

This delegation sent quite a number of trail-hitters down the saw dust paths. A large number of students from the various colleges and high schools about the city was also on hand in a section reserved, and, when Sunday made a special plea to them to take their stand for Christ, about 25 hit the trail in a body.

Threw Down Gauntlet.

Rev. William Sunday threw down the gauntlet to those who use that statement that tabernacle crowds are only curiosity-seekers, the basis of their criticism of the evangelist.

"Down from your curiosity!" he cried, jumping on his pulpit chair. "Do you want to know why the great majority of people here don't hit the trail? They're too proud to admit that anything vile has come into their lives! They're too proud to admit that they have done anything for God to forgive! But, let me warn them, that unless they are forgiven by God they will rot in hell for eternity!"

Then Billy pointed his attack especially for the church members. "Do you know that, after I had spoken in this way here in another sermon, an old deacon, leaving the tabernacle, scratched his chin whiskers, and whined: "I wonder what he means!" And another old deacon answered: 'I didn't quite understand him; but, of course, he didn't mean us officials!' The old sinners! That't it! You're too proud to admit you're an old sinner:"

Billy let up on the deacons and turned to society.

"You're afraid!" he cried. "You're afraid of what your rotten social gang will say. You're more afraid of the sneers and scorn of some old two-legged devil than you are of the frown of God Almighty! You'd rather slap God in the face than slap the face of some old society dame!"

Next, it was the turn of the scoffers. "If they were as low down in stature as they are in character," he cried, "they could kiss a rat without bending their knees!"

"Down from curiosity! Down from pride! Down from fear of man!" he cried in conclusion. "I hate a coward, I especially hate the religious coward."

Women Hear Plain Words.

In sensational and violent terms, Billy Sunday launched his indictment of crimes against maternity to 43,000 women at the tabernacle. At times the discourse became so brutally frank that the audienced winced as if under a lash, but on the whole the most emotional appeals and the most intense brought forth only laughter and applause. There were but 256 trail-hitters out of those 43,000—107 in the afternoon and 149 in the evening—and the casual and perfunctory way in which the handshaking was accomplished indicated that the sermon had failed to have its desired effect—in that respect.

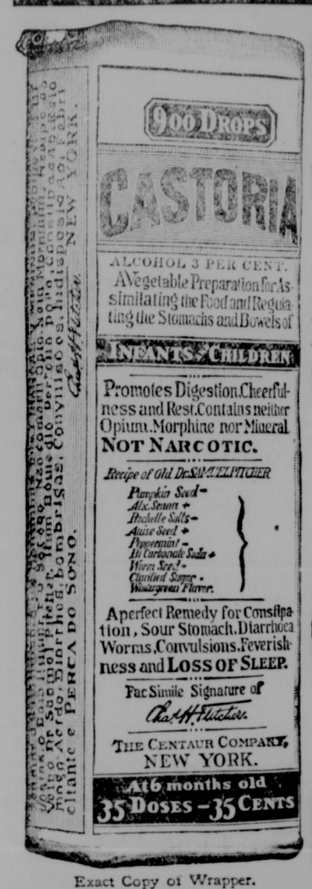
The tabernacle was packed to its utmost limits, crowds even standing in the open doors on the outside. Two large overflow meetings were held in the afternoon. Miss Saxe addressing 1,000 women in the lunchroom and Ma Sunday making a stump speech from a box on the outside to 3,000 more. At 11 o'clock in the morning the building was three-quarters filled, and by 12 o'clock it was packed to suffocation.

SUNDAY SAYINGS

The man who prays "Thy kingdom come" and then votes for the whiskey gang is so low down the devil is disgusted with him.

The tango is the rottenest thing that ever wiggled its filthy carcass from the pits of hell.

The best time is always NOW.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

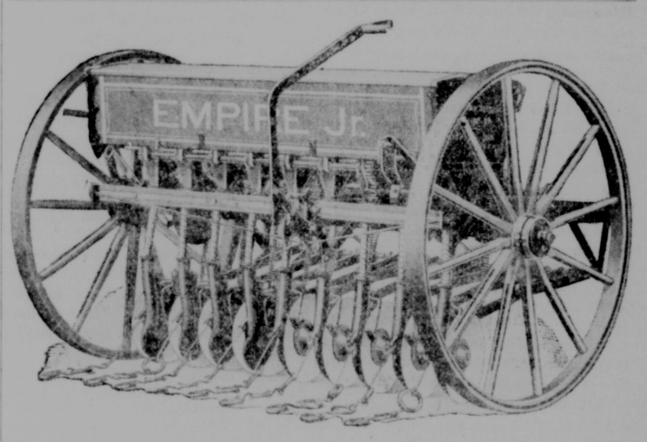
THE CITY'S BEST

MEAT MARKET

IN THE EMPIRE BUILDING.

Choice Steak, Boiling Meat, and all other kinds of meat. Highest cash price paid for Poultry and Eggs; also cash paid for Hides and Skins.

H. L. MILLER



Money Paid For An Empire, Jr., Comes Back Over and Over

ASK any experienced grain man which method of planting insures the best crop yield and he will unfailingly answer "Drilling."

Broadcasting wastes a lot of seed—it can't help it—because the seed is only half covered and is subject to losses caused by wind, water, and birds.

"Empire, Jr."—drilled seed all sprouts at the same time and ripens at the same time. Any farmer knows that this sort of a field of grain will turn out the best yield.

The Empire, Jr. is a well built, light draft drill that pays for itself by the grain it saves.

We have a complete line of Empire, Jr. seeding machines. Come in and look them over at your earliest convenience.

All kinds of Plows and Harrows, Wagons and Buggies, and in fact everything that a Farmer will need at this season of the year at the right price. Agent for Armour's Fertilizer.

See me before you buy. My prices can't be beat in Western Maryland.

Yours to please,

J. W. WALTER,

DEER PARK, MD.

The Republican--Garrett Co.'s Paper.

Senator Speicher, of Garrett County, Announces His Candidacy For The Republican Nomination For Congress in The Sixth District.

SENATOR HARVEY J. SPEICHER.

State Senator, Harvey J. Speicher, of Garrett County, has announced that he would be a candidate for the Republican nomination for Congress in the Sixth District.

In making the announcement he said: "After serious consideration, extending over a period of several months, I have decided to become a candidate for the Republican nomination for Congress. A large number of influential Republicans from Western Maryland have been urging me to do this for some time, and after consulting with my friends I have made up my mind to go into this fight and when I go into a fight, I go in to win, no matter what obstacles may stand in my way.

"For twenty-four years, Allegany county has had the Congressman from our District. Before that, Allegany had the place for several terms; and Washington county, in the person of the late Judge McComas, had the Congressman for twelve years, and Frederick and Montgomery counties have both been represented in Congress, leaving Garrett the only county in the District that has never had a representative in Congress, and a large proportion of the Republicans in Western Maryland believe that Garrett, the one certain and sure Republican county in the District, should have her turn, now that all the usual political signs point to a great Republican National victory next November.

"I am allied with no faction or clique in our party. I have a record of eight years in the State Senate, of faithful, diligent and I hope, effective service, for my County and State. To the best of my ability I have done my duty through four sessions at Annapolis, and I know the people of my own county are satisfied with what I have done.

"I shall begin my campaign immediately. I shall visit every section of the District, and, so far as I can, endeavor to see the voters so that they may be able to form an opinion of my ability to represent them at Washington, and I confidently hope that the opinion formed of me will be so favorable that I shall be nominated on May first.

"If elected I shall devote my whole time and energy to my work. I shall represent the whole District, and no particular section or individual shall be favored over the others, and I hope and believe I have the ability to do the work in a manner that will be satisfactory to the people."

(Political Advertisement authorized by B. H. Wiley, Political Agent.)

GERMAN POUNDING OF VERDUN SALIENT WINS BETHINCOURT FRENCH HAND GRENADE VICTORY

Allies Recapture Additional Lines of Trenches Recently Lost to Germans---Curtain of Fire and Rapid-fire Guns Brought in Play---Repulse Teutonic Assault

FLOODS HAMPER BRITISH ADVANCE ON THE TIGRIS

London.—The Bethincourt salient, which for weeks had projected like a wedge into the German lines northwest of Verdun, has been evacuated by the French.

The evacuation was carried out under cover of darkness and without interference, and the French, through the move, have been enabled to straighten out their line, which now runs from the corner of the Avocourt Wood to the south of the crossing of the Bethin-Courtesnes and Bethincourt-Chattancourt roads.

Violent attacks delivered by the Germans against the new positions found the French line unwavering, and all of them were repulsed, except between the Avocourt Wood and the Forges Brook, where the Germans succeeded in entering the French trenches but were almost immediately driven out.

Northeast of Verdun, around Pepper Hill and on the Douaumont-Vaux sector the Germans heavily bombarded French positions, but were unable to launch an infantry attack in the face of the fire of the French guns. The capture of 150 meters of German trenches southwest of Douaumont is reported by Paris.

On the rest of the lines in France and Belgium artillery duels alone have been in progress.

The offensive of the Russians against the Germans in northwest Russia has simmered down to mutual bombardments and bombing attacks by the German and Russian aviators. Artillery actions in the Lake Narocz region continue, and an infantry attack by the Germans at that point was repulsed by the Russian fire.

Considerable fighting between the Turks and the Russians has taken place in the Black Sea littoral, with the Turks the aggressors.

LAUNCH ATTACK AT BRITISH.

London.—Not only have the Germans been engaged in heavy fighting with the French around Verdun, but they have launched a strong attack against the new British positions near St. Eloi, which lies a few miles south of Ypres, in an endeavor to regain six hundred yards of trenches which the British won from them ten days ago.

French infantry stormed a section of German trenches south of Fort Douaumont, and in hand-to-hand fighting in underground passages drove the foe back about 200 yards along a front about 500 yards wide. The assault followed a period of intense preparatory artillery fire and was protected from counter-attack by the famous curtain of fire.

The French forces carried a large section of the position north of Avocourt known as the Bois Carre.

They succeeded also by their curtain of fire in preventing an assault on the Cote du Poivre, to the east of the Meuse, which the Germans had subjected to a long and intense bombardment.

The Germans sustained tremendous losses in men in the intense fighting about the village of Haucourt.

There have been gains on both German and French sides. The Germans captured the village of Haucourt, which lies in the Avocourt-Bethincourt sector to the northwest of Verdun. This is considered by the Germans as an important strategic point, for while the French held it the Germans could not cross the Forges Brook.

London.—The region northwest of Verdun around Haucourt and between Bethincourt and Hill 265 is still the scene of sanguinary encounters between the French and the Germans.

Continuing their vigorous counter attacks on the trenches taken from them by the Germans between Bethincourt and Hill 265, he French, with the use of hand grenades, have recaptured additional portions of their lost ground and in addition made progress in communicating trenches.

Around Haucourt the Germans launched a violent attack against the French, previously having prepared the way by a heavy bombardment lasting several hours. The French, however, through the use of their curtain of fire and rapid fire guns, put down the attack and forced the Germans to retreat, leaving numerous dead on the ground as they made their way back to their trenches.

On the remainder of the front in France and in Belgium artillery engagements alone have been in progress.

On the eastern front there has been a continuation of the lively artillery engagements in the lake region south of Dvinsk, especially about Lake Narocz, where the Russians succeeded in occupying portions of German trenches. The artillery on both sides also has been busy around Riga and Friedrichstadt and in east Galicia.

The Austrians have recaptured from the Italians a ridge north of Monte Cristobel and in the operation made a number of prisoners and captured two machine guns. Attacks by the Italians in large force north of the Sugana Valley were repulsed, according to Vienna.

BRITISH REPULSE TURKS.

London.—For the moment the infantry of both sides is quiet everywhere along the western front in France. On the much disputed sectors around Verdun the only activity has been an intermittent bombardment in the region of Douaumont and Vaux.

This rather unprecedented calm follows a successful offensive undertaken by the French, in which they recaptured some of their lost ground and drove the Germans back.

On the eastern line in Russia the Germans have taken up the offensive and are heavily attacking with infantry and artillery the Russian positions. Unofficial advices from Petrograd say however, that the Germans nowhere have been able to penetrate the Russian line in frontal attacks.

The Italians and Austrians are continuing their operations along the Austro-Italian front, but no important changes in positions have occurred.

The British in Mesopotamia have captured an important Turkish position at Umm-il-Henna, on the Tigris River, twenty miles below Kut-el-Amara. This victory is considered in London as giving hope for the early relief of the British forces who have been besieged in Kut-el-Amara since last December. The Russians also are successfully operating against the Turks in the Caucasus and Persian regions.

Berlin reports the loss during March of fourteen German aeroplanes and of forty-four British and French machines. Thirty-eight of the latter were brought to earth in air combats according to Berlin.

Ambassador Page has forwarded from London to Washington metal found in the cross-channel steamer Sussex, recently damaged by an explosion, which killed a number of persons and wounded several Americans. The Embassy in London is credited with the belief that the metal came from a German torpedo.

PITH OF THE WAR NEWS

Persistent attempts by the German Crown Prince to reduce the salent in the French lines at Verdun are resulting in steady progress.

According to information received at the Russian Embassy in Rome the Turks succeeded in getting important reinforcements to Trebizond and Sivas on the Black Sea. They are said to number 80 or 90 battalions, with artillery.

A big battle on the Yser front may be expected shortly. A correspondent states that he has reliable information that the Germans are making extensive preparation for a decisive

The entire French salient at Bethincourt is now in a precarious position and the forces holding it, estimated at not less than three army corps, 120,000 men, are believed to face the necessity of withdrawal.

The German losses before Verdun up to the present time have reached the huge total of 200,000 men, one of the greatest battle losses in the whole range of warfare, according to estimates made public at Paris from a semi-official source.

Flood conditions along the Tigris River are again hampering the British relieving force.

SOLDIERS AND POLICE FIGHT.

Many Hurt in Riots in Winnipeg When Military Resents Arrest.

Winnipeg.—Four soldiers and one civilian are in a serious condition and a number of persons are nursing bruises as a result of clashes between soldiers and city police, resulting from the arrest of a soldier.

News of the riot, which on Saturday night continued for nearly seven hours, was suppressed by the military authorities. More than 50 soldiers were arrested.

HOME-MADE ARMY GLASSES.

Binoculars for Officers Hereafter to Be Procured in America.

Washington.—Dependence of the United States Army upon European makers of field glasses may be terminated for all time by the war. General Funston has called for 1092 field glasses, and the War Department has found it possible to procure satisfactory lenses of domestic make. All orders for the glasses will be placed with American manufacturers, in view of the urgency of the demand.

State Central Committee Endorses Senator Zihlman

Allegany County Candidate Gets Flattering Resolutions.

FREDERICK N. ZIHLMAN.

WHEREAS: The Republican party has shown itself in the recent campaign to be a virile militant power for the cause of good government in Maryland, and although unsuccessful in its splendid efforts to elect its state ticket, it nevertheless did succeed in electing to public office throughout the state a large number of its members, men of known integrity and efficiency, than at any election since 1896, and

WHEREAS: By standing for the reforms and advanced legislation advocated by a large majority of our people, the representative of Allegany County in the state senate, Hon. Frederick N. Zihlman, has contributed largely to the splendid position of our party before the people of the State, and

WHEREAS: The Republican party of Maryland will play a most important part in the selection and election of the party's candidate for president of presidential election, and

WHEREAS: The counties of the Sixth congressional district should, and will contribute largely to the success of the party in this state, by the selection of a candidate for the high office of representative in the halls of congress, who is known to be in full sympathy with the policies of the party, and who has demonstrated his strength with the people of the state

Therefore, be it resolved: That we, the Republican state central committee of Allegany County, in meeting assembled, do hereby unanimously declare in favor of the nomination and election to congress of Honorable Frederick N. Zihlman, as representative from the Sixth Congressional district, and we desire to call to the attention of the Republicans of the five counties thereof, the splendid showing made by him as the congressional standard bearer of the party in 1914, when he reduced the plurality of Mr. Lewis of 6,287 in 1912, to 742 in 1914.

We further call attention to his services to the people of the state during his term as a member of the state senate in behalf of all humane and forward looking measures considered by that body, that he stood for and advocated all measures of our state and its interests, and opposed those measures which would in any degree lower the standard of citizenship or made for inefficiency in public service. We further call the attention of the Republicans of the Sixth congressional district to his untiring efforts in behalf of the party and its candidates and we hereby testify to the splendid assistance and support he gave to the members of this committee, making possible the magnificent victory in Allegany County on November 2nd, due largely to his splendid leadership.

We further pledge ourselves to give our unqualified support to the Honorable Frederick N. Zihlman, as one who will appear to all classes of the Republican party throughout the district, and whose record and services will bring him and his party a deserved victory in the coming congressional election, and we call upon the voters of said district to rally to his support, and make him their standard bearer in 1916, believing thereby the best interests of the party will be served, and its senatorial and national ticket strengthened in this section of Maryland, and that by his selection a most faithful and efficient servant will be rewarded.

GEO. G. YOUNG, Chairman — GEO. E. JORDAN, Sec. Treas.
J. GRANT HAYDEN — CLAUDE A. ROBERTSON
H. HILARD LANCASTER — GEORGE W. TAYLOR
JAMES B. MCALPINE — N. W. RUSSLER

Republican State Central Committee for Allegany County.

Advertisement published by authority of P. G. Cowden, political agent.

GRANTSVILLE.

At the municipal election on Monday former Mayor H. C. Bonig was re-elected by a majority of five votes. Michael Nathan being the other candidate. The new councilmen are Wm. Wright and Wm. Winterberg. A rousing ovation was tendered the successful candidates by the "tin pan brigade" in the hands of the Boy Scouts.

Samuel C. Loechel, who sold his farm to William Gnagey recently, held a sale of his household goods, farm implements and live stock on Thursday last. Everything brought good prices. Free lunch was served to about 1,000 persons.

Rev. E. E. Oney, pastor of Salisbury charge, of which the Grantsville congregation is a part, will be married in the early summer to Miss Charlotte Boyer, of Salisbury, the engagement having been announced by the bride's mother a few weeks ago. Rev. Oney is a friend and fellow-graduate of Rev. Beidleman, of Frostburg, both having been ordained last summer. He is well liked in the community as is also his fiancee, who is prominent in church work.

Dr. Riley, of Cumberland, was a Grantsville visitor Tuesday.

Dr. H. T. Robinson, of Cumberland, spent Sunday at the National.

Mrs. Michael Harden, of Frostburg, was a guest of her daughter, Mrs. Lewis Gingerich, last week.

Pasture For Rent.

Pasture for cattle may be obtained by applying to or writing the undersigned, who has charge of the Perine lands near Oakland. Good range and excellent grass: well watered.

Adv. STEPHEN CASTEEL.

Subscribe for The Republican.

Grand Army of The Republic Endorses Senator Zihlman.

Unanimously Adopt Resolution at Their Meeting in Baltimore.

FREDERICK N. ZIHLMAN.

BALTIMORE, MD., April 11, 1916.

The Department of Maryland, Grand Army of the Republic, in convention assembled, deem it a pleasurable duty to bear testimony to the great service rendered to their Comrades-in-Arms by the Honorable F. N. Zihlman, a Senator from Allegany County, in the General Assembly of Maryland, in that he has championed and been instrumental in the enactment of Legislation, by the State of Maryland, of substantial benefit to our beloved order, and we feel grateful and appreciate his services in the premises.

All good citizens of the State should unite in electing and keeping in the public service competent and worthy Representatives who have demonstrated their zeal and ability to fulfil the trust confided to them.

JOSEPH BROOKS,
Department Commander,
Dep't. of Md., G. A. R.

ROBERT C. SUNSTROM,
Asst. Adjutant General.

Advertisement published by authority of P. G. Cowden, political agent.

THE DEATH RECORD.

MRS. MARY FRUSH.

Mrs. Mary Frush, nee Boger, born in what is called the Cove settlement, of Garrett county, Md., December 10, 1834, departed this life March 17, 1916, aged 87 years, 3 months and 7 days. On February 26, 1854, she was united in marriage to William Frush, of Garrett county, who preceded her a little over seven years ago. Since the death of her husband she has made her home with her daughter, Mrs Sarah Shillinburg. To this union were born eleven children, four of whom have preceded her to the spirit world. She leaves to mourn their loss seven children, forty-two grandchildren, twenty-two great grandchildren, one half brother and one half sister.

While in her early years she joined the German Baptist Brethren church, of which faith she remained steadfast until death.

In March, 1856, she with her husband moved from Maryland to West Virginia on the farm which is now owned by Lewis Stemple. Then in September, 1869, they left the farm and moved to Brookside, where they purchased the wheat mills, which still go by the name of "Frush Mills."

The children still living are Frank Frush, of Ft. Worth, Texas; John Frush, of Brookside; Mrs. Tobias Fike, of Ladiesburg, Md.; Mrs. Julia Hahn, of Detour, Md.; Mrs. Herman Allender, of Limeboro, Md.; Mrs. John Wotring, of Brookside, and Mrs. Sarah Shillingburg, of near Brookside.

Mrs. Frush was well known throughout this community and was loved by all who knew her. And while her place on earth is vacant, we know that her long Cnristian life and excellent social qualities have been the cause of making many other lives happy. And though it is sad for one so much needed to be called away, it is a great comfort to the remaining ones to know that she is not lost but gone before, and if they all follow in her footpaths here below, it will lead them where they shall meet ne'er to sever, and eternal joys be forever theirs.

Her funeral was preached on Monday, March 20th, at the Maple Springs church, by Elder Jonas Fike, from Psalms 17-15, assisted by Rev. E. T. Fike. After which interment was made in the Maple Springs cemetery. Six of her grandsons acted as pall-bearers, namely, Roy, Page and Harley Shillinburg, Carl and Loren Wotring and Frank Frush, Jr.

MRS. ANN BERGNER.

The remains of Mrs. Ann Bergner, wife of George Bergner, and daughter of Mrs. Mary Rice, of Oakland, were brought here from Parkersburg, W. Va., where her death occurred after a month's illness, on Monday morning, the funeral taking place Tuesday morning from St. Peter's Catholic church. Mrs. Bergner and her husband have been living in Parkersburg for about one year where the latter was engaged in the music business. Besides her husband the deceased is survived by twin children two years old, her mother and a number of brothers and sisters.

MRS. MELISSA BECKMAN.

The death of Mrs. Melissa Beckman, relict of the late Henry Beckman of Garrett county, occurred Sunday afternoon shortly after one o'clock at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Walter Boette, on Oak street, in Parkersburg, West Va. She was a woman of sweet and gentle nature, a devoted mother and kind neighbor, and her death is deeply regretted by a large circle of relatives and friends. Since the death of her husband Mrs. Beckman has resided in Parkersburg with her daughter.

Wreck On Grade.

A freight wreck in which two or three cars on an eastbound freight train were derailed and thrown across all tracks at Bond Junction, delayed traffic on the B. & O. Railroad more than four hours yesterday.

M. E. Revival Services.

A revival to continue for the period of two weeks was begun in St Paul's M. E. church on Sunday evening last. Rev. J. H. Howard, pastor, who will be assisted by members of his congregation. Services will be conducted every night during the period with the exception of Saturday.

Recital.

On Friday evening, May 5th, Miss Helen Virginia Nesbitt will give a recital at the Maryland Theatre under the adspices of the Pastor's Aid Society of the Lutheran church. Miss Nesbitt is a reader of unusual ability. She gave a most excellent entertainment at the high school several weeks ago, and those who heard her upon that occasion will welcome this opportunity to hear her again.

How Finger Nails Grow.

No two finger nails on a person's hands grow at the same rate. The nail on the middle finger grows faster than any other, while the thumb nail is the slowest growing nail. As a rule, too, the nails on the right hand grow faster than those on the left. The state of one's health, too, affects the rate of growth. The nails on invalids' hands grow considerably faster than on the hands of a healthy person. Taken on the average, the rate of growth is an eighth of an inch a month, or from an inch to an inch and a half a year.

Closing Out Sale of J. M. Davis & Sons.

We are now offering to our trade thousands of dollars worth of Hardware and Household goods at a reduction of 20 cents for each dollar's worth bought, in order to close out our entire stock of goods.

All goods have advanced in the market from 25 to 100 per cent. Our goods were bought bought before the advance, and at a reduction of 20 per cent. from old prices you are offered goods at less than cost at the present market prices.

If in need of anything in Hardware or Household Supplies this is a great opportunity. Early purchasers will have the advantage of the largest and best selections, as many lines will soon be exhausted.

Yours,
J. M. DAVIS & SONS.
Advertisement.

Festival At Deer Park.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the M. E. church at Deer Park will hold a festival in Savage's Hall on Saturday evening, April 29th, to which all are invited.

Free Public Library Notes.

Contributions have been received from the following since our last report: Mrs. Howard Hoffman, Miss Edna Shank, Mr. DeCoursey Roth.
CORA WEIMER, Treas. and Librarian.

For Sale or Rent.

Beautifully located property in East Oakland. Lot contains 1½ acres with 9 room house and outbuildings. Good well of water, excellent cellar and dwelling equipped for gas. Will be sold on reasonable terms or will rent at very reasonable price. Apply to
Adv. 8 3t JAS. D. HAMILL.

Poor Consolation.

We like to know the weakness of eminent men; it consoles us for our inferiority.—Madame de Lambert.

Taking the Easier.

Mrs. Messer—Now, Tommy, go and kiss your auntie, or mamma will whip you hard. Tommy (after a long look at the auntie)—Whip me, ma!

First Street Gas Lamps.

Street gas lamps were first used in London in 1807.

Something Beyond That.

Education is not merely the taking of ideas out of one's head and pouring them into the heads of children.

Uncared-for Children a Menace.

Every child that grows up without adequate care is certain to be a burden to the state in after life.

Uncle Pennywise Says:

Give a woman a gallon of leftover lemonade and she immediately wants to arrange a reception.

For Sale.

Having rented my farm I offer the following at private sale: Two young Horses, good weight; 4 Jersey Cows, 40 Tons baled Hay, 6 tons baled Straw, some loose hay and straw, a lot of Oats, Corn and Wheat, 1 Sleigh, 1 Buggy, 1 New Sled, Plow, Harrows and Cultivators, 1 good Surrey, Harness of all descriptions. Call on or address George Shartzer, Oakland, Md. Adv. 49

The man Who Makes A STUDY OF HIS APPEARANCE

Is the man who best appreciates the detail of the tailoring we turn out The workmanship passes without a question, the fit is naturally a matter of course, but the shape we mould into the garments give them a character that finishes them off and makes the satisfaction of the owner complete.

All this is a bid for your next tailoring order. We know we can make you the best clothes you ever wore We want you to know it. That orde s the best and only sure way to settle he question.

JAMES BROCK,
Dixon Building,
Oakland, Maryland.

Order Nisi.

Gilmor S. Hamill, Mortgagee, vs. William Taylor Lewis, et ux.
No. 2057 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Ordered, this 27th day of March, in the year nineteen hundred and sixteen, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in equity, that the sale made and reported in the above cause by Gilmor S. Hamill, mortgagee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 28th day of April, 1916; provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 21st day of April, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $600.00.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.
True copy, Test: E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Aurora Welcomes Easter Morn.

with her hands full of lilies and palms, just as the people of Oakland welcome the opening of our new stock of shoes for all, which we are selling at prices to suit the economical as well as the fastidious.

SHAFFER & BUSH,
Oakland, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

JAMES W. BLOCHER,

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 1st day of October, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 28th day of March, 1916.

BRUCE BLOCHER,
Executor,
Frostburg, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters Testamentary on the estate of

SARAH C. FIKE

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 1st day of October, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 28th day of March, 1916.

W. W. FIKE,
Administrator,
Bayard, West Va.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

WILLIAM G. BROWN

late of Preston County, West Va., deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 6th day of October, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 6th day of April, 1916.

GILMORE S. HAMILL,
Administrator,
Oakland, Md.

Public Auction OF Personal Property

Notice is hereby given that having sold my farm, located three miles southeast of Mountain Lake Park, on the Gorman Road, I will offer at public auction on

Saturday, April 15, 1916,

beginning at the hour of 9:30 o'clock A. M., on the premises all of the following personal property;

Three Work Horses, 1 black Percheron Colt one year old April 18; 1 bay Hambletonian and Coach Colt one year old July 2; 7 Cows, lot Chickens, 1 Wilburn Road Wagon, 1 low down Wagon, 1 two-horse Spring Wagon, 1 Buggy, 1 two horse Sleigh, 1 Bob Sled, 1 Empire Grain Drill, 1 McCormick Mower, 1 McCormick Rake, 3 Spring tooth Harrows, 2 Oliver Plows and Cultivators, Boom Chains, Log Grabs and Spreader Chains, 1 Fanning Mill, 1 set Heavy Harness, 1 set double Buggy Harness, 2 sets Single Buggy Harness, 2 Eighteen gallon Kettles, Cook Stove and 3 Heating Stoves, some Household Furniture, 2 Feed Cutters, 2 Crosscut Saws, 2 Grind stones, 1 Rifle and 1 Shotgun, 1 balance Steelyards, 1 Man's Saddle, 1 Telephone and many other things too numerous to mention.

TERMS OF SALE—$10 and under cash on the day of sale; amounts above $10 a credit of six months, on notes with approved security, will be given and bearing interest. No goods to be removed until terms of sale are complied with.

Advertisement E. W. KELSO.

We Carry in Stock

TIRES
TUBES
SHOCK ABSORBERS
CHAINS
SPARK PLUGS
DRY CELLS
TIRETITE

And many other accessories at the OAKLAND GARAGE,
Prest-O-Lite Exchange,
Oakland, Maryland.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Second National Bank

OF CUMBERLAND

In the State of Maryland, at the close of business March 7th, 1916.

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans and Discounts	$2,113,571 91	Capital Stock	$200,000 00
United States Bonds	240,000 00	Surplus, Undivided profits	356,270 76
Other Bonds, Securities Etc.	377,755 00	Circulation	197,200 00
Banking House and other Real Estate	50,794 81	Deposits	2,712,171 69
Due From Reserve Agents and other Banks	489,367 82		
Cash	184,152 91		
Redemption Fund	10,000 00		
	$3,465,642 45		$3,465,642 45

DIRECTORS:

D. ANNAN L. M. SHEPHERD ROBERT R. HENDERSON
JAMES CLARK W. BLADEN LOWNDES O. C. GEPHART
TASKER G. LOWNDES JOHN KEATING
JOHN SCHWARZENBACH

D. ANNAN, Pres't.
W. BLADEN LOWNDES, TASKER G. LOWDES,
Vice Presidents
D. F. KUYKENDALL, Cashier.

THREE PER CENT INTEREST PAID ON SAVINGS DEPOSITS

Public Auction OF Personal Property

The undersigned will offer at public auction at the H. K. Fulton cottage in Mountain Lake Park, Md., on

Saturday April 22, 1915,

beginning at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m., all of the following personal property:

One Hay Bailer, three stroke; 1 Bus, 1 Surrey, 1 Buggy, 1 Sleigh, Bells and Harness, 1 lot two-year old Cattle, 1 Cow, 1 Horse, lot Chickens, 1 Combination Plow, 1 new Vulcan Plow, 1 shovel Plow, Hoes, Forks, Rakes, Shovels, Chairs, Table, Gas Heater, Churn, Crocks, Sewing Machine, Washing Machine, Tubs, Boiler, Table, and other articles.

TERMS OF SALE—Sums under $10 cash on the day of sale; sums above $10 a credit of six months to parties executing negotiable notes with good security. No goods to be removed from the premises until terms of sale are complied with.

M. S. BROWNING.
Advertisement. 6-3t

Examiners' Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, appointed by the County Commissioners of Garrett County to view the lands through which the following road is to be located. Beginning for the same at or near the Lyndale School House, at a point on the present Lyndale road and running thence through the lands of George R. Beckman, Albert J. Beckman, William Warsaw, Wm. H. Mason, Charles Ridder, Elmer Ridder and Hurley L. Miller, to intersect the Oakland and Fort Pendleton county road at or near the bridge on said road, southward of the Mason School House, a total distance of about 2½ miles and examine whether the said new county road should be located will meet on the fifth day of May, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said new road and if so, to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

ANDREW J. LEE,
WILLIAM KITZMILLER,
ROBERT GAUER,
Examiners.

STATEMENT of the Ownership, Management, Circulation, etc., required by the act of August 24, 1912, of The Republican, published weekly at Oakland, Md., for April 1, 1916. State of Maryland, County of Garrett.

Before me a Notary Public in and for the State and county aforesaid, personally appeared Benj. H. Sincell, who, having been duly sworn according to law, deposes and says that he is the Editor & Publisher of The Republican and that the following is, to the best of his knowledge and belief, a true statement of the ownership, management, etc., of the aforesaid publication for the date shown in the above caption, required by the Act of August 24, 1912, embodied in section 443, Postal Laws and Regulations, printed on the reverse of this form, to wit:

That the name and address of the publisher, editor, managing editor, and business manager is: Publisher, Benj. H. Sincell, Oakland, Md., Editor, Benj. H. Sincell, Oakland, Md.

That the owners are: (Give the names and addresses of individual owners, or, if a corporation, give its name and the names and addresses of stockholders owning or holding 1 per cent or more of the total amount of stock.) Benj. H. Sincell, Oakland, Md.

That the known bondholders, mortgagees, and other security holders owning 1 per cent. or more of total amount of bonds, mortgagees, or other securities: There are none.

BENJ. H. SINCELL.

Sworn and subscribed before me this 1st day of April, 1916.

CHARLES M. SINCELL, N. P.

My commission expires May, 1st 1916.

J. W. Whorton & Son CONTRACTING PLASTERERS

Only the Best Material Used.
Best Grade of Wall Plaster on hand at all times.
CONCRETE WORK
of All Kinds.
All Work Guaranteed.
OAKLAND, - MARYLAND.

Order of Publication

Office of the Board of County School Commissioners of Garrett County.
Oakland Md., February 18, 1916.

To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners of Garrett county, Maryland.

Gentlemen:—

In compliance with the provisions of Section 128, Chapter 17, Article 77 of the Annotated Code of Public General Laws of Maryland, we herewith submit to your honorable body the estimated amounts and itemized statements of cost necessary to maintain the following High Schools in Garrett County, Maryland, for the scholastic year 1916-1617:

OAKLAND HIGH SCHOOL (STATE)	
Principal's salary	$800 00
Two assistants—each $200	400 00
One assistant	400 00
Manual Training teacher	300 00
Domestic Science teacher	100 00
Commercial teacher	700 00
Fuel	110 00
Janitor	108 00
Manual Training, Domestic Science ane Commercial supplies	150 00
Commencement	25 00
	$3,093 00

FRIENDSVILLE HIGH SCHOOL (STATE)	
Principal's salary	$900 00
Two assistants, one $100; second $500	600 00
Commercial teacher	100 00
Fuel	75 00
Janitor	225 00
Commercial Supplies and Commencement	50
	$1,550 00

GRANTSVILLE HIGH SCHOOL (COUNTY)	
Principal's salary	$562 50
Fuel	25 00
	$587 50

ACCIDENT HIGH SCHOOL (COUNTY)	
Principal's salary	$562 50
Fuel	25 00
	$587 50

KITZMILLER HIGH SCHOOL (COUNTY)	
Principal's salary	$700 00
Fuel	25 00
	$725 00
Grand total	$6,543 00

N. B.—The estimate submitted March 2, 1915, of costs necessary to maintain high schools in Garrett County, Maryland, for the scholastic year 1915-1916, embraced $1,100 00 for a proposed State high school of the second group to be established at Kitzmiller; however, in view of the fact that the proposed high school was not approved as such by the State Superintendent of Schools, the county high school was continued, the difference in cost between the proposed State high school of the second group and the county high school which was continued, was transferred or credited to the general public school fund of the county.

By order of the Board of County Schoo Commissioners of Garrett County, Maryland February 18, 1916.

4-3t F. E. RATHBUN, Secretary.

This levy is made in accordance with said Chapter 356, section 125, of the Acts of 1910. Said Section 125 reads as follows:

Each High School in the first group in the counties of Maryland shall receive State aid on the basis of cost of instructions and in the following manner: The sum of six hundred dollars on account of the principal, and the sum of three hundred dollars on account of each of the first three assistants for regular high school work; the sum of four hundred dollars on account of each of two special teachers who shall spend not less than two-fifths of their time in the high school receiving said amounts; and the sum of one hundred dollars on account of each additional teacher; provided the total amount does not exceed the sum of twenty five hundred dollars. In this article the term special teacher shall be construed to mean a teacher of commercial, manual training or domestic science or agricultural branches. Each high school in the counties of Maryland of the second group shall receive State aid on the basis of the cost of instruction and in the following manner: The sum of six hundred dollars on account of the principal; the sum of four hundred dollars on account of one assistant teacher employed for regular high school work, and the sum of four hundred dollars on account of the Instructor of special subjects to be designated by the County School Board; provided that if an instructor in manual training or agricultural work be required to divide his or her time among not more than four schools of this group, one hundred and fifty dollars shall be allowed on account of each of such scoools; provided also, that the amount to be received by each of the four high schools of Baltimore City shall be equal to the maximum amount received on account of any high school in the counties of the State; provided further, that the Board of County School Commissioners of each county shall submit annually to the County Commissioners of their respective counties, at least thirty days prior to the date for making the usual county levy for school purposes a list of all high schools of the county, including those not entitled to State aid, as well as those classified in this article, and an itemized statement of the cost of maintaining the same, and the Board of County Commissioners shall make a separate levy for high schools, publish the same once a week for three successive weeks prior to the date of making the said levy, in one or more county papers.

By order of the Board,
W. G. MEYERS, Clerk.

NOTICE

I have given up the Ford Automobile agency, and anyone contemplating the purchase of a Ford will do well to see me before my stock ie gone or wait for the big Ford sale which will be advertised later. I have just received 16 new cars—five Roadsters and 11 Touring, to be sold in the next two weeks. This is your opportunity—not mine.
Adv. J. P. TREACY.

KODAK SAFETY FILM

THE REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME 41. OAKLAND, MARYLAND THURSDAY, APRIL 20, 1916. NUMBER 8

CHARLES C. MOODY DEAD

His Lifeless Body Found in Bloomington Store Room Saturday Morning.

The lifeless body of Charles C. Moody, aged fifty-six years, son of the late William Moody, a one-time prominent merchant of Bloomington, this county, was found lying on the counter of his store room in Bloomington early Saturday morning, his death evidently having occurred but a short time before the discovery was made.

For a number of years the deceased had slept in the store room where he conducted business in a small way and usually arose and opened the building about six o'clock in the morning, being regular in this respect. On Saturday it was noticed by passers-by that the store was still closed and knowing the condition of Mr. Moody's health, he having been a sufferer for five or six years as the result of tuberculosis, it was deemed expedient by the residents of the town to force entrance into the building, which was done and his body was found upon the counter as above stated.

Mr. Moody was never married and is survived by a sister, Mrs. Brown, who resides in Baltimore, she being his only known relative.

By the terms of the will of the deceased, which was also found in the store room, he left all his property to a friend, whose home is in Washington, D. C. The estate consists of $9,000 in cash and the Bloomington property, which is valued at about $3500.

The funeral of Mr. Moody occurred on Monday, with interment at Westernport, Md., where his remains were deposited by the side of his father, whose death was caused about five years ago when he was struck and run down by a train on the Western Maryland Railroad near Luke, Allegany county.

Notice to Trespassers.

All persons are hereby warned not to trespass upon my property adjoining the town of Deer Park for the purpose of hunting or fishing. All such will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

CHARLES A. ASHBY.

Advertisement 6 3t

THE COUNTY TAX RATE IS SLIGHTLY HIGHER

An Addition of Two Cents On The Hundred Dollars, or $1.19.

With the Board of County Commissioners the problem of keeping the tax rate down and at the same time providing sufficient funds for the maintenance of public schools, the building of new roads and other necessary expenses of county government, was a task which faced the board when it went into session last Monday morning for the purpose of making the levy for the coming year.

Under a law passed by the recent session of the Legislature it was made mandatory upon the public officials to keep the schools open for a period of one hundred and eighty days of actual teaching, or nine full months of twenty days each. To accomplish this and provide for the necessary funds a levy of 30 cents was necessary which produces the sum of $45,000 for this purpose alone.

In addition to the heavy school levy the sum of more than $20,000 is provided for in the new levy for new roads. Of this amount $10,000 is required to complete paying for the Oakland-Gortner road and an additional sum has been levied to complete the Shoemaker road from the Weber property to the limits of Mountain Lake Park, thus giving the people of the Park an improved road, to connect with the State system leading east.

The Commissioners have been diligent and endeavored to keep the tax rate as low as it was last year, but demands made upon the Board from almost every section of the county for road improvement and road maintenance and the additional sum for school purposes, which was raised from about $31,000 last year, has resulted in increasing the rate from $1.17 to $1.19.

The Commissioners are to be congratulated for the good showing they have made and we predict that little fault will be found with them for the splendid work they have accomplished.

Notice To The Public.

It has been called to my attention that a number of persons in various parts of the county are using in their respective places of business punch boards, for which prizes are given for certain numbers punched out. This is a violation of the law and the practice must be discontinued at once. Accordingly those making use of said boards are hereby warned to remove and destroy them at once.

I wish also to call attention to the fact that the law introduced in the recent session of the legislature to permit the sale on Sunday of tobacco, cigars, soft drinks, gasoline and other articles did not pass and that Section 437, of Article 27, of the Code of Public General Laws prohibiting sales on Sunday is still in full effect and will be enforced in accordance with the terms of the same.

E. R. JONES,
State's Attorney.

School Trustees Elected.

In compliance with the request of the Board of County School Commissioners that the patrons of each school meet on last Thursday at the various school buildings in the county and after organization proceed with the election of trustees for the several schools, more than eighty persons attended a meeting for that purpose in the grammar school building in Oakland last Thursday afternoon where Dr. A. Moore, was made chairman of the meeting, and Mr. James C. Peddicord its secretary. After nominations had been made the balloting proceeded and resulted in the election of the following: Messrs. James D. Hamill, Wade H. Hinebaugh and J. M. Falkenstein. The names of those selected along with the minutes of the meeting will be transmitted to the School Commissioners for their approval.

Bible Class Social.

On Friday evening an enthusiastic crowd of about sixty were to be found in the rooms over the People's Store sharing in the fun of the first "Ladies' Night" given by the adult bible class of the Methodist church in Mountain Lake Park. Ladies, wives preferred, were the tickets of admission for the men and a merry party resulted. Mr. P. B. Gough, the genial president, was master of ceremonies and introduced Mr. Wright as the first speaker who elicited great applause by announcing the return of the pastor for another year for he said, "No matter what Conference does it will be Flan again." Mr. Flanagan came back with a fitting story and then Captain Hayden, just back from the strenuous days at Annapolis, spoke of the high moral tone of the Legislative body giving as the reason that the men of the churches in groups like this bible class were insisting that only clean men should represent them. The men served cake—not their own baking—coffee—their own brew, the President's make—and ice-cream and altogether it was a very pleasant affair. The class meets every Sunday morning at ten o'clock.

CLAUDE BROWN PARALYZED.

Well Known Young Man of Oakland Stricken Suddenly Monday Night.

Monday evening of this week Mr. Claude Brown, a well known young man of Oakland, son of Mr. and Mrs. Austin Brown, was suddenly stricken with paralysis, which affected his entire left side and for a time rendered him unconscious. This morning reports are that he has regained the use of the affected leg and his speech is not impaired. He is still in a serious condition, however.

O. H. S. NOTES.

News From The Oakland Temple Of Learning.

Mr. R. E. Sliger, president of the School Commissioners, presented to the High School a National Banker's Directory containing maps of all the states and principal cities, population of all the banking towns, and the names of the officers of the different banks and their correspondents; also a map of Virginia, West Virginia, Maryland, Delaware and District of Columbia, showing different counties

The senior class was entertained at the homes of Mrs. G. A. Porter, Thursday evening, and at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Bender Friday evening.

The two literary societies, Yorkist and Lancastrian, are planning to observe the birthday of William Shakespeare.

Miss Lorena Falkenstein, a sophomore, and Miss Winona Jones, a freshman, have the mumps.

Oliver Smouse and Cecil Gough, freshmen, are absent this week.

The junior class is making elaborate preparations to entertain the senior class and their friends by giving a lawn fete at the home of Miss Lillian Helbig on May 12.

The juniors have chosen red and white for their class colors.

Presbyterian Services.

In the Presbyterian church services will be held as follows: Friday evening, preparatory services; communion Sunday morning and services in the evening.

Eight of the forty new type Mallett engines purchased some months ago by the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company for service between Cumberland and Grafton, have been received at the Company's shops at Cumberland and are in service over the division of the road passing through Oakland. It is expected that the remaining number of engines will be received by the railroad authorities within the next few weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. F. O. Glotfelty and children, who have been in Bond, Ky., for several months past where Mr. Glotfelty was engaged in logging operations for the Bond-Foley Lumber Company, returned to their home in Oakland Tuesday morning and will reside here in the future, Mr. Glotfelty having sold his live stock and other property at Bond to the lumbering concern. Mr. Glotfelty expects to devote his attention this summer to his productive farm near McHenry which is now being operated by his brother, Mr. Garfield Glotfelty.

OAKLAND THE MECCA OF OFFICE SEEKERS

Garrett County Visited By Numerous Political Aspirants During Week.

Within the past week Oakland has been the Mecca toward which political seekers after office have turned their faces and as a result the emotions of many have been "stirred" to a more or less degree of activity. In fact some have been "stirred" to such an extent that they have been losing sleep and wondering what it means.

The vanguard was led by Dr. Joseph Irwin France, who came to Oakland last Friday morning, after having entered the county by way of the Pike on Thursday, spending the night at Grantsville. In Oakland Dr. France met quite a large number of people and was most cordially received by them. He returned east Friday afternoon by automobile.

Tuesday Oakland had within her borders all at one time three of the five Republican aspirants for Congress and two political agents in the interest of Hon. William Cabell Bruce, Democratic Senatorial candidate.

State Senator F. N. Zihlman followed the Pike to Oakland from Cumberland, stopping enroute at various points where he was warmly welcomed by his friends to whom he extended the glad hand. He was accompanied by Mr. Lloyd L. Shaffer, who returned to Cumberland the same evening, the Senator remaining in Oakland visiting acquaintances until yesterday morning when he returned east on the morning accommodation.

Shortly after Senator Zihlman's arrival Mr. Leo Weinberg, of Frederick, came in on the afternoon accommodation and spent about three hours in town when he made arrangements for a mass meeting to be held in the Maryland Theatre next Monday evening. He gave it out that he was willing and wanted to "stir the emotions" of an audience and thought the best plan would be to get his auditors together when it would not require so much reiteration.

Mr. Gist Blair was the third and last arrival in town. He spent yesterday here trying to fix up some political fences and will remain in town part of today, when he expects to leave for the east.

Mr. Bruce's claims upon the Democratic voters was urged by his son and by Mr. A. C. McComas, of Baltimore, who also came to Oakland by way of the Pike, Tuesday afternoon. They remained in Oakland until yesterday morning.

O. O. F. REUNION.

Members From Pennsylvania, West Virginia and Maryland to be at Park.

Through the efforts of Mr. A. T. White, of Mountain Lake Park, a member of the Odd Fellows' lodge at that point, assisted by delegates from other Western Maryland lodges who are in session as a Grand Lodge in Baltimore this week, Mountain Lake Park was selected as the place for holding the next grand reunion of the Lodges of Pennsylvania, West Virginia and Maryland. The date for the reunion has not yet been fixed, but it will take place some time during the coming summer.

The attention of our readers is directed to the election notice which will govern the primary election to be held on Monday, May 1st, as well as the facsimile ballots to be voted upon that day, and which will be found published on other pages of this paper today. Under the provisions of the law governing primary elections two ballots will be prepared and delivered to the proper authorities by the election board, one, printed on pink paper, for the Republican voters, and the other, printed on white paper, for Democratic voters. Under the provisions of an amendment adopted by the legislature during the past winter, the envelope system is done away with, and voting will proceed as under the general law governing elections.

Subscribe for The Republican.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

D. M. Dixon & Co. have put in stock an unusually large line of

Matting, Matting

Rugs, Lace Curtains

And many new and fancy Curtain materials to sell by the yard.

This is the season of the year for a shine-up of the home, and these are among the things most needed.

Matting per yard - -	.11 to .25
Matting Rugs 9x12 feet -	$2.50 to $3.00
Lace Curtains per pair -	.50 to $2.50
Curtain material per yard	10. to .18

D. M. Dixon & Co.

C. H. BROWNING

Deer Park's Best Store

WANTED:

Butter, Eggs, Potatoes, Maple Sugar and Maple Syrup

I always pay highest market price

P. S. Special bargains in White Goods, Laces, Embroideries and Shoes.

Get right—trade at Browning's.

Offutt's

We now have the following in stock:

Brick
Cement
Roofing
Fertilizer

"Double Eagle," "Old Stand By," "Acid" and the "Raw Rock" or "Floats."

Grass Seed

WANTED—Can handle all of your produce at Highest Market Prices.

P. S. We are in the market for 5 cars of

HAY

OFFUTTS'

Official Ballot For Primary Election.

Oakland, Md., April 17th, 1916.

In compliance with the provisions of Article 33 of the Code of Public General Laws of Maryland, title "Elections," as amended by the Acts of 1898, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1904, 1906, 1908, 1910, 1912 and 1914, we do hereby certify that the following are the names of the candidates of the Republican party whose certificates have been filed with us and for whom the Republican voters of Garrett County may vote at the Primary Election to be held on Monday, the 1st day of May, 1916.

FACSIMILE OF REPUBLICAN BALLOT—COLOR PINK

FOR NOMINATION FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR FROM THE STATE OF MARYLAND	
VOTE FOR ONE	
JOSEPH IRWIN FRANCE CECIL COUNTY	
PHILLIPS LEE GOLDSBOROUGH DORCHESTER COUNTY	
FOR NOMINATION FOR CONGRESSMAN IN THE SIXTY FIFTH CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES FROM THE SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND	
VOTE FOR ONE	
GIST BLAIR MONTGOMERY COUNTY	
GEORGE L. KAUFMAN FREDERICK COUNTY	
HARVEY J. SPEICHER GARRETT COUNTY	
LEO WEINBERG FREDERICK COUNTY	
FREDERICK N. ZIHLMAN ALLEGANY COUNTY	
FOR DELEGATES TO THE STATE CONVENTION	
VOTE FOR FOUR	
CHARLES A. ASHBY	
ABEL DEWITT	
ERNEST RAY JONES	
ARTHUR LAWTON	
SIMON MYERS	
JAMES C. PEDDICORD	
JULIUS C. RENNINGER	
JOHN SHARTZER	

Published by order of the Board of Supervisors of Elections of Garrett County, Md.

D. E. BOLDEN, President.
GEORGE D. BROWNING,
J. M. STANTON,
Board of Supervisors of Elections of Garrett County, Maryland.

BENJ. H. SINCELL, Clerk.

Official Ballot for Primary Election

Oakland, Md., April 17, 1916.

In compliance with the provisions of Article 33 of the Code of Public General Laws of Maryland, title "Elections," as amended by the Acts of 1898, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1904, 1906, 1908, 1910, 1912 and 1914, we do hereby certify that the following are the names of the candidates of the Democratic party whose certificates have been filed with us and for whom the Democraoic voters of Garrett County may vote at the Primary Election to be held on Monday, the 1st day of May, 1916.

FACSIMILE OF DEMOCRATIC BALLOT—COLOR WHITE.

FOR NOMINATION FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR FROM THE STATE OF MARYLAND		
VOTE FOR ONE		
	First Choice	Second Choice
WILLIAM CABELL BRUCE BALTIMORE CITY		
BLAIR LEE MONTGOMERY COUNTY		
DAVID J. LEWIS ALLEGANY COUNTY		
FOR NOMINATION FOR CONGRESSMAN IN THE SIXTY FIFTH CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES FROM THE SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND		
VOTE FOR ONE		
HENRY DORSEY ETCHISON FREDERICK COUNTY		
GEORGE STERN ALLEGANY COUNTY		

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J. M. STANTON,
Board of Supervisors of Elections of Garrett County, Md.

BENJ. H. SINCELL, Clerk.

BITTINGER.

Uncle "Si," The Squash Hollow philosopher, asserts that all the grown up male residents of District Six are afraid the United States will become involved in the World Wide War, and they all want to go to Congress in order to escape conscription.

The spring-time communion was observed in the Lutheran church in this village last Sunday morning.

Lewis Berkey, of North Glade, visited his family here on Saturday and Sunday morning.

C. E. Ellithorp received a large shipment of fertilizer last week and distributed it among his customers.

Charles Wiley and Miss Mary Brenneman spent Sunday on the east side of the mountain.

Lloyd Brenneman has suspended work on his saw-mill for the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. George Beitzell are rejoicing over the recent arrival of their first born.

Makers of maple sugar in this section are of the opinion that the season is at an end, and report a very short crop.

Special Easter service, with an appropriate program, will be held in the Lutheran church next Sunday evening at 7.30.

GRANTSVILLE.

A most delightful entertainment was given at the Broadwater Hall on April 7th and 8th by the pupils of Grantsville school. The two nights program was a splendid one and worth many times the admission fee of 25c. There were drills, exercises, recitations, songs and a drama for each evening. Supt. Rathbun, Prof. C. E. Bender and R. E. Sliger, president of the Garrett county school board, of Oakland, were present on Friday night and gave short addresses. The proceeds are for the purpose of helping build a portico at the school.

Mrs. Gus Wm. Zeller and brother, Russell Broadwater, of Frostburg, spent Wednesday in Grantsville with relatives.

Miss Ethel Broadwater is the guest of friends in Frostburg and Cumberland this week.

Mrs. Joe A. Beachy is a patient in the University Hospital, Baltimore.

A party of Cumberland gentlemen held a chicken roast at U. M. Stanton's on Tuesday a number of Grantsville citizens were also present.

NEW GERMANY

Communion will be held at Trinity Reformed church Sunday, May the 14th.

Mrs. C. J. Otto and Mrs. Stephen Broadwater called on Mrs. Henry Swauger Saturday afternoon, Mrs. Swauger being very ill.

Gertie Broadwater, of Bond, has been visiting friends here.

Fred Otto and employees have been very busy getting ready to burn limestone.

Edith Durst has returned to her home after teaching school at Bloomington.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Alexander have been with his parents at Flatwoods for a few days.

Jennie Brown spent Friday with Gretchen Otto.

Grace Warnick has returned to her home at Eairview, Md., having taught the Dorsey school this winter.

There will be an entertainment held at the Crowe school house Saturday night, April twenty-second.

Ora Crowe was a business caller at this place last week.

Reveries.

To the Editor of The Republican:

A list of the Garrett county teachers for the past year has just come to my attention. After an absence of nearly five years from the fraternity I was amazed to find exactly ninety names which are still familiar to me. I was also pleased to find seventeen former pupils on the list.

Much has been said of the nobility of the profession, but little of the reward. Teachers are doubtless supposed to get most of their reward in the next world.

Yet one of the joys of life is this to look back over the years and say, "Somewhere, sometime I gave that person an inspiration which has perhaps, led on to better things."

In fancy I often stand in the little schoolhouses which must be closed and silent now. The stern march of time has left many changes there. To the four winds of the heavens, they must be scattered. Those sturdy and carefree youngsters of yesterday must now be facing the stern but broader world of today.

But wherever they are, my fondest memories and benedictions go with them.

R. See.

We Carry in Stock

TIRES
TUBES
SHOCK ABSORBERS
CHAINS
SPARK PLUGS
DRY CELLS
TIRETITE

And many other accessories at the
OAKLAND GARAGE,
Prest-O-Lite Exchange,
Oakland, Maryland.

Dr. JOSEPH IRWIN FRANCE

Some Reasons Why Republicans Almost Unanimously Have Declared for Dr. France.

He is the Candidate of no one faction of his party.

He is appealing directly to the rank and file.

He is acceptable to all Republicans.

He is acceptable to the Progressives.

He has the ability to represent the State fittingly in the Senate.

He has the support of the State Wide Press.

He believes the Republican Party should be the MAJORITY Party in Maryland.

His Candidacy, just as did Mr. Weller's, represents an effort to nominate proved men free from previous political alignments. Mr. Weller received the greatest number of votes ever given a Republican Candidate. It is the policy that will build up the party.

His candidacy represents the nation wide movement to nominate candidates upon whom all opponents of the Democratic Party can unite enthusiastically so that the breach of 1912 may be permanently healed.

His Headquarters are at 304 Maryland Trust Building, Baltimore where he will be glad to meet or hear from all Republicans.

Published by the authority of A. W. W. WOODCOCK, Treasurer.

Phillips Lee Goldsborough

REQUESTS THE SUPPORT OF

ALL REPUBLICANS

AS THEIR CANDIDATE FOR

UNITED STATES SENATOR

At the primaries to be held Monday, May 1, 1916.

Mr. Goldsborough is the candidate who is best qualified by ability and experience and by the fact that he is known to be the man who will represent all the people of his state and will effectively support their every interest. He is the man to whom all will be proud to point as Maryland's representative in the highest Legislative body in the world.

See what the four corners and the middle of the state say about him.

WESTERN MARYLAND.

Col. W. Bladen Lowndes, son of former Governor Lowndes.

"What I am most concerned about is that we shall name for Senator, a man in whom the people have confidence. He must be a known quantity and a known quality. He must be known by the real test of public life. He must be conspicuous for his ability as a statesman and needs be of recognized personal power as a thinker and speaker. Such a man is Phillips Lee Goldsborough and I am not convinced that there is now available any other man in the state whom we can elect."

Benjamin Armstrong Richmond, Cumberland.

"I believe that the results in the general election depend upon the wisdom of the Republicans in nominating Phillips Lee Goldsborough for Senator. I do not think there is another man in the state who can be elected to that office on the Republican ticket and I do not think there is a Democrat in the state who can defeat him."

SOUTHERN MARYLAND.

Senator John E. Mudd, of Charles county.

"Phillips Lee Goldsborough is the ablest man within the Republican ranks in Maryland. The record he achieved as chief executive of the state is one of which Republicans can feel justly proud. I feel confident he will receive the support of the Independents. He is the man of the hour in the coming Senatorial primary."

Thomas Parran, of Calvert county.

"The public record of Phillips Lee Goldsborough is the best asset of our party and one that appeals to all classes of voters. It will elect him the next United States Senator. I cannot believe that the voters of Maryland will repudiate at the coming primary, the splendid administration that has just been given us by Governor Goldsborough."

NORTHERN MARYLAND.

Senator Richard S. Snader, of Carroll county.

"Mr. Goldsborough is an individual possessed of executive ability high above the average of public men in governmental affairs. As governor he demonstrated he exercises his abilities with an eye solely to the building up of the state. I feel sure we can put Carroll county in the Goldsborough column in the primary."

Clarence Oldfield, of Howard county.

"After careful thought and frequent interviews with Republicans in Howard county, I arrived at the positive conclusion that Phillips Lee Goldsborough is the best qualified candidate for the Republican nomination for United States Senator."

EASTERN SHORE.

Senator Henry M. McCullough, of Cecil county.

"No Marylander has a record of accomplishments that can surpass that of Phillips Lee Goldsborough, who, unaided by fortune, has won success in his political career, entirely through his well directed efforts to serve the people of his state and country."

Wilbur F. Turner, of Wicomico county.

"Mr. Goldsborough is the strongest man in the Republican ranks. His administration demonstrated he knows the wants of the people and is able to secure for them what they need. This applies particularly to the counties and I am for him."

BALTIMORE CITY.

Col. Edward C. Carrington.

"Former Governor Goldsborough has been twice elected by the people of Maryland to high office in a state-wide vote. As between Mr. Goldsborough and his opponent, I would feel that I was guilty of bad citizenship if I did not vote for Mr. Goldsborough."

Dr. Howard A. Kelly, noted surgeon and sturdy Democrat.

"Mr. Goldsborough was the model governor of Maryland and we have never had a better one. His appointments in Baltimore City,—Magistrates, Police Commissioners and members of the Liquor License Board, gave us, without exception, the best officials we ever had in these positions."

John B. Ramsay, vice-pres., Merchants-Mechanis Nat'l Bank.

"Upon the success of Mr. Goldsborough in the Primary, depends the success of the Republican party in the general election."

(Published By authority of C. Wilbur Miller, Treasurer.)

NOTICE OF
Primary Election.

Notice is hereby given to the Judges and Clerks of Election and to the qualified voters of Garrett county, Maryland, that in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 741, article 33, of Code of Public General Laws of Maryland passed at the January session, 1910, and amended by the Acts of 1912, a Primary Election will be held in the several districts of said Garrett county at the usual places of holding elections and hereinafter set forth, on

Monday, May 1st, 1916,

for the purpose of balloting for—

One person to be the nominee of the Republican party for the office of United States Senator from the State of Maryland;

One person to be the nominee of the Republican party for the office of Representative in United States Congress from the Sixth Congressional District of the State of Maryland;

Four persons as delegates to the Republican State Convention to be held in the City of Baltimore;

One person to be the nominee of the Democratic party for the office of United States Senator from the State of Maryland;

One person to be the nominee of the Democratic party for the office of Representative in the United States Congress from the Sixth Congressional District of the State of Maryland;

The polls of said election will be opened in each and every Election District of said Garrett county at the usual places of holding the polls, at 8 o'clock a. m. and will be closed at the hour of 6 o'clock p. m. when the ballots shall be counted according to law.

For the information of all persons concerned the following Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed March 24, 1865, is published.

CHAPTER 161.

AN ACT prohibiting the sale of spirituous or fermented liquors in the several counties of the State on the day of Election.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That it shall not be lawful for the keeper of any hotel, tavern, store, drinking establishment, or any other place where liquors are sold, or for any persons, directly or indirectly, to sell, barter give or dispose of any spirituous or fermented liquors, ale, beer or intoxicating drinks of any kind on the day of election hereafter to be held in the several counties of the State.

SEC. 2. And be it enacted, That any person violating the provisions of the Act shall be liable to indictment by the Grand Jury of the county where the offense is committed, and shall upon conviction by a Judge of any Circuit Court of the State, be fined a sum not less than fifty dollars nor more than one hundred dollars for each and every offense—one-half the fine shall be paid the informer the other half to the County Commissioners for the use of the public roads.

For the information of voters the following extract is taken from the primary election law, the same being a portion of Section 182, of Chapter 792, of the Acts of 1914:

All persons arriving at the age of twenty-one years, after the closing of the next preceding registration, or who shall attain the age of twenty-one years before the general election for which the primary election is held, entitled to be registered as qualified voters shall be entitled to vote upon proving, under oath, to the satisfaction of a majority of the Judges of Election, their right to registration in the precinct in which they claim the right to vote, provided they shall declare their intention to vote for the candidate or candidates of the party at whose primary they tender their ballots.

No person or voter after having had his affiliation registered shall be permitted to make any change in his party affiliation unless the same shall be made at least six months prior to the day of the primary election.

And the places of election in the several Election Districts of Garrett county will be as follows:

Election District Number One—
Swanton.

The Judges and Clerks of the First Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Election Building in the town of Swanton.

Election District Number Two—
Friendsville.

The Judges and Clerks for the Second Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Council Chamber in the town of Friendsville.

Election District Number Three—
Grantsville.

The Judges and Clerks for the Third Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Council Chamber in the town of Grantsville.

Election District Number Four—
Bloomington.

The Judges and Clerks for the Fourth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Postoffice Building in the town of Bloomington.

Election District Number Five—
Accident.

The Judges and Clerks for the Fifth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the town of Accident.

Election District Number Six—
Sang Run.

The Judges and Clerks for the Sixth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Election building in the town of Sang Run.

Election District Number Seven—
Oakland.

The Judges and Clerks for the Seventh Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the office of the Board of Election Supervisors in the Court House in the town of Oakland.

Election District Number Eight—
Ryan's Glade.

FIRST PRECINCT.—The Judges and Clerks for the First Precinct of the Eighth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Election Building on the Northwestern Pike.

SECOND PRECINCT.—The Judges and Clerks of the Second Precinct for the Eighth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid at Red House.

Election District Number Nine—
Johnson's.

The Judges and Clerks for the Ninth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the shop of Thomas Johnson on the National Road.

Election District Number Ten—
Deer Park.

The Judges and Clerks for the Tenth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Savage Building in the town of Deer Park.

Election District Number Eleven—
The Elbow.

The Judges and Clerks for the Eleventh Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the residence of Joseph Warnick.

Election District Number Twelve—
Bittinger.

The Judges and Clerks for the Twelfth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the old store building originally occupied by G. W. Engle in the town of Bittinger.

Election District Number Thirteen—
Kitzmiller.

The Judges and Clerks for the Thirteenth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Band Hall in the town of Kitzmiller.

Election District Number Fourteen—
Oakland.

The Judges and Clerks for the Fourteenth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Dr. J. Lee McComas Office Building adjoining the Commercial Hotel in the town of Oakland.

By order of the Board.

D. E. BOLDEN, Pres.
GEO. D. BROWNING,
J. M. STANTON.
Board of Supervisors of Election for Garrett county.

BENJ. H. SINCELL, Clerk.

KITZMILLER PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Report of Final Examination and Honor Roll for Term and Six Weeks Closing April 6th, 1916.

Room 1. Honor Roll. Neva Bishop, Vadie Downey, Mary Poladoro, Ray Helmick, Lester Smith, Joe Sullivan, Joe Poladoro, Allen Weatherholt, Maria Borelli.

Highest averages. Margaret Poole, 98, Thelma Saucer, 97; Neva Bishop, 96; William Poole, 95.

Teacher, CARRIE LYON.

Room 2. Highest averages. Ethel Hoey, 95; Elsie Elbert, 93; Dixie Walker, 92.

Perfect attendance for year. Dixie Walker, Viola Felix.

Perfect attendance for six weeks. Arzola Davis, Viola Felix, Dixie Walker, Sadie Keller, Carl Gough, John Bischopf, Teddy Bischopf, Charles Kosier, Nixie Noce.

Teacher, HARRIET LISTON.

Room 3. Highest averages. Billy Sapp, 91; Raleigh Sharpless, 89; Virginia Bell, 89.

Perfect attendance for year. Lucy Davis, Virginia Bell, Echia Downey, Russell Ross, Isabell Sprague.

Perfect attendance for six weeks. Virginia Bell, Lucy Davis, Edna Downey, James Downey, Loretta Dugan, Celeste Mackley, Angeline Price, Russell Ross, Mary Spiker, Isabella Sprague.

Teacher, NELLIE STANTON.

Room 4. Highest averages. Mildred Weicht, 84; Hulda Bishop, 80; Bonnie Lyon, 80; Leotia Mackley, 80.

Perfect attendance for year. Herman Keller, Huldah Bishop, Tersia Barnard, Thelma Bowers, Virginia Bray.

Perfect attendance for six weeks. Virginia Bray, Thelma Bowers, Edna Bover, Leotie Mackley, Norma McRobie, Mildred Weicht, Gertrude Chaney, Hulda Bishop, Grace Tasker, Tersia Barnard, Bonnie Lyon, Mary Bischopf, Hiram Fogel, Herman Keller, Charles Sowers, Leo Rosier, Milroy Davis, Herbert Durham.

Teacher, BELLE H. NINE.

Room 5. Perfect attendance for the year. Jane Sullivan, Evelyn Gough, Nell Murphy, Bulah Walker.

Perfect attendance for six weeks. Richard Bosley, Jane Bosley, Evelyn Bosley, Nell Bosley, Beulah Bosley.

Highest averages. Marie Price, 82; Delma Harvey, 79; Holmes Miller, 79.

Teacher, MARGUERITE HART.

Rooms 6 and 7. Highest averages. Room 6, Thos. Skaggs, 76; Alva Bender, 71; Geo. Pritts, 70; Ernest Abernethy, 70. Grade 7. Hazel Weicht, 79; Fred Brown, 77; Irene Poole, 76; June Bray, 74.

Perfect attendance for year. Andrew Wilson.

Perfect attendance for six weeks. Fred Brown, Ernest Abernethy, Robert Rosier, Geo. Pritts, Andrew Wilson, Alva Bender, Hazel Weicht, Georgina Sprague, Mary Durgan, June Bray, Thelma Pew.

Teacher, A. M. ENLOW.
High School.

Room 8. Highest averages. Louise Bishop, 92. Room 9, Ernest Moon, 93; Marion Trout, 91½; Mary Sprague, 91; Jane Long, 90.

Honor Roll for six weeks, Esther Starr, Marion Trout, Ruth Walker, George Bell, Louise Bischopf, Ernest Moon, Edmond Murphy, Allen Smith, Daniel Walker, Jesse Walker, Hallis Wilson, Ferree Trout.

Teacher, HERMAN A. ZILL.

Millinery.

I now have on display a fine line of Ladies and Children's Hats of all descriptions. Please call and see them. Also Boys Hats. My store is located in the building east of the Hicks House at Loch Lynn Heights.

MRS. B. L. HARDESTY.
Advertisement.

HART'S
SPRING GOODS

OUR Spring Goods are now in—Wool Cloths as well as Wash Fabrics; also Laces, Embroideries and other Dress Trimmings.

These goods were bought last fall when it was possible to buy at right prices. If we were compelled to go into the market to buy these goods today we would on most things be forced to pay more than our present retail price. Thi applies to almost everything in the dry goods and notion lines.

We never believe in misrepresenting facts in advertising as well as in other things. Our advice is to anticipate your wants for spring before present stocks are exhausted you will save money. Old prices still prevail at

ALDER ST. HART'S OAKLAND.

The New
BRISCOE
Is Here

Two Great Models

A New Four $750—A New Eight $950

Beauty—Comfort—Price

The new Briscoe Four is an exceptional car. More stylish than ever, roomier and more powerful.

Ownership of the Briscoe fosters pride. While low-priced, it is first-class in construction, stylish in appearance, and makes you feel at home in the most select company.

It's here now—come and see it

The best designed car in its class

It's the best designed car in its class — most carefully made, too. Looks hundreds of dollars more than it costs. It has a 114-inch wheelbase—roomy 5-passenger body—Q. D. rims and 32-inch Ajax tires—38 h. p. motor with three-bearing crankshaft—cantilever springs and everything in the way of electrical equipment.

Unique features of the Briscoe Eight include overhead valves with cylinders and upper half of crankcase in a single casting, insuring perfect piston travel and bearing alignment. Valve tappets are quickly adjustable from top.

See this distinctive car

Ride in it. Test it in any way you wish. You will find the Briscoe offers most in the way of power, comfort and style.

The Inter-State Motor Co.
FRIENDSVILLE, MD.

Examiners' Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned appointed by the County Commissioners of Garrett County, to view the lands through which the new road is prayed to be examined commencing at Garey's gate and passing through the lands of Edith Hileman, Abell Friend and Hiram Humberson to intersect the Morgantown road at or near John Meyer's house, and examine whether the said new road should be granted will meet on the 29th day of February, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said building of said new road, and if so, to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

C. W. FRIEND.
W. F. MEYERS.
S. K. FRAZEE.
Examiners.

Examiners' Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, appointed by the County Commissioner of Garrett County, to view the lands through which the Road leading from Avilton to the Pike through the lands of Elias Arnold road, and examine whether the said road should be Relocated will meet on the 25th day of February, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said relocation of said road, and if so, to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

LEWIS H. BROADWATER,
J. O. WILHELM,
ERNEST Z. MICHAEL,
Examiners.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

MARTIN DECKER

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 16th day of September 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this sixteenth day of March 1916.

SAMUEL I. WOLF,
Administrator,
Bayard, W. Va.

Commissioners Meeting.

The County Commissioners of Garrett county, Maryland, will meet in their office in Oakland on

Monday, April 17th, 1916,

to make the annual levy for 1916. Persons having accounts for same, are requested to file them on or before the above date.

By order of the Board.

W. G. MEYERS, Clerk.

THE REPUBLICAN

BENJ. H. SINCELL, EDITOR.

Entered at the Postoffice in Oakland Md., as Second-class matter.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:

The Republican is published every Thursday morning at the following rates:

One copy one year.....$1.25
One copy six months 75
One copy three months 40

Advertising Rates made known upon Application.

Remittances may be made by Money Order, Registered Letter or Bank Draft and addressed to
THE REPUBLICAN,
Oakland, Md.

THURSDAY, APRIL 20, 1916

MONEY IN BRAINS.

The Board of County Commissioners, in levying $45,000 in this year's annual levy for the public school system of the county, has taken a decided step forward for the betterment of our present and future citizenship. This amount of money permits all the schools of the county to have 180 actual days of school as opposed to about 140 as now prevails. Nor does this extension of term apply only to the town schools, but to all the rural schools as well, which can make the required average daily attendance of twelve children which the new school law of the state names as the lowest number at which a school may be continuously open. Nor will this average be difficult for any school community to maintain, for with the compulsory school attendance law in effect, which was passed at the recent session of the Legislature, any school may be kept open the full term.

The County Commissioners have handled the county's finances most admirably; for with this additional expense in the school system, amounting to about $12,000 the county levy has been raised only two cents. The progressive citizens will commend the Commissioners for assisting in this progressive step at such a small advance in the county tax rate. They will commend the Commissioners further for their meeting the requirements of the new state school law in granting the exact amount asked for by the Board of School Commissioners, which is thoroughly alive to the educational needs of our county and which always spends its money judiciously. The progressive citizen feels that now the county will not have to apologize for its school system, for it will soon take rank among the best of the nation, and this could never be with the 140-day annual term, for if one day's schooling in the life of a child is of any value, two days are worth twice as much and 180 days schooling in the year is worth 180 times as much as one day. The lengthened term, which is the standard length throughout the county, will provide a better teaching force, for teachers will prepare themselves more thoroughly for the work that will hereafter offer better returns and more lengthly employment.

All citizens will be glad of this opportunity to help the children of our county, who will soon be at the head of affairs here among us, while we older folks shall be obliged to take places less active. The tax-payer in making these sacrifices, through the county officials, are setting up a high ideal for the children in thus supporting the school system that creates intelligence and which in turn better fits the boys and girls to grapple with the problems of life.

There is no better investment for the people to make than an investment in brains and intelligence, and the improved conditions in the school system permits parents to do better that which so many of them desire to do, and in many instances is the only heritage they can give or leave their children—a good sound helpful education, which is always conductive to a more enlightened manhood and womanhood.

GARRETT COUNTY owes to Senator Speicher a debt she can repay by giving to him a rousing majority at the primary election polls on May 1st.

THE HARD and persistent work of Senator Speicher in the interests of his Garrett county constituents at Annapolis during the past six years has placed his home county at the forefront in many ways. At the recent session of the Legislature, even after the measure appropriating $8,000 for public school purposes had been lost in the House, Senator Speicher by his earnest work, succeeded in having it passed through both Houses and it has now been signed by Governor Harrington, making it possible for this fund to be drawn upon by the local school authorities for public educational purposes, thus relieving the tax payers of the county from paying this amount in direct taxes to the public school fund.

THE campaign conducted by former Governor Phillips Lee Goldsborough, for the Republican nomination for the United States Senate, has been such an energetic one that already his supporters are predicting his election on May 1. Every ward in Baltimore City and every county throughout the state is linked by the Goldsborough chain of organizations and interest in his candidacy has grown so within the past week that there now exists a firm belief that he will win.

Chief among the reasons why the Republican voters are enrolling under the Goldsborough banner, is because the former Governor is the better known of the two candidates. Until about two months ago, the name of Dr. France was practically unknown outside the medical profession.

On the other hand, Mr. Goldsborough has been in the public eye for many years. His administration as Governor was one of the most capable and constructive ever given Maryland and especially commends him to the rank and file. His record, political and personal, is an open book. He is a man who has carved out his own career, through his own ability and through that rugged honesty and square dealing which has won friends and has attached them to him.

EDITORALLY the Frostburg Mining Journal of last Thursday said of Garrett county's candidate for Congressional honors:

Senator Harvey J. Speicher, of Accident, Garrett county, who recently announced as a candidate for Congressional honors in the Sixth district, made a swing around the circle and spent Thursday in Frostburg interviewing Republicans with reference to his candidacy and seemed greatly pleased as a result of his canvass. Mr. Speicher is a genial, affable gentleman of ability, and decidedly popular in his home county.

With Senator Speicher as the candidate for Congress his election is almost certain. He is not only popular at home but holds a high place in the esteem of people all over the State. As Senator from Garrett county he occupied a place of prominence in his party's councils at Annapolis during the past six years and was a factor to be reckoned with in legislation of county and State-wide importance. As a member of the more important House of Representatives at Washington, Senator Speicher will be in the forefront in all matters wherein his constituents are interested and the Sixth Congressional District will retain the place of prominence in the National body which has been occupied by it ever since the advent of the Hon. Milton G. Urner, of Frederick, as its Representative more than thirty years ago.

WITH THE possibility of electing a Republican president becoming more prononunced each day, the real interest of the Republican voters of Maryland should be centered on the election of a United States Senator and Congressman from this state to uphold the hands of the Republican president. In regard to the election of a man to represent the party in the United States Senate, extreme care should be taken to nominate the most available man in the Republican ranks.

The mere desire of a man to become a United States Senator does not make him available for that office. Availability, in regard to an aspirant for political office, means that the candidate should be held in such esteem by the sovereign people that they are willing to elect him to the office he seeks. He must be a known quantity. He must have the proper training to fit him for Senatorial duties. He must be regarded by the people as one who will be able to perform the duties of the high office in an acceptable manner.

Such a man is Phillips Lee Goldsborough, former Governor of Maryland. Mr. Goldsborough is a Republican by birth and tradition, and the charge of being a renegade in politics could never be brought against him. One of his strong characteristics is his loyalty to his principles, his party and his friends.

Mr. Goldsborough is a pillar of his party who is thoroughly seasoned and tried out. He has served the Republicans of Maryland faithfully, has done his work conscientiously in the various offices he has held, and is the logical man in the Republican ranks of Maryland, by virtue of achievements and ability, to represent Maryland in the United States Senate.

Holy Week Services at St. Peter's Catholic Church.

Holy Thursday. Feast of the institution of the Holy Eucharist. High Mass at 8.30. In the evening at 7.30, sermon on the Holy Eucharist.

Good Friday. Mass of the Presanctified, and Veneration of the Cross at 8.30. Way of the Cross at 2 p. m. In the evening at 7.30, sermon on the Passion of Our Lord.

Holy Saturday. Morning office at 8.

Easter Sunday. Low mass at 7.30; high mass and sermon at 10.30; night prayers and benediction at 7.30.

MOUNTAIN LAKE PARK.

Mr. John W. Ruhl, of Clarksburg, W. Va., was a week end visitor at the Park.

Dr. and Mrs. Logan Carr, of New York city, opened their cottage Friday.

Mrs. Bussell, of Parkersburg, W. Va., returned to the Park Saturday evening, with her daughter, Miss Finnell and is getting "Allenhurst" ready for the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Sperry, of Martinsburg, W. Va., reached the Park Tuesday to spend a few days.

Mrs. Campbell, spent the winter with Virginia friends and relatives. She returned to the Park Monday and is having her house papered and painted. George Dawson is the contractor.

Mrs. Wingate, after spending the winter in Baltimore, returned to the Park last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Sharp, of New Philadelphia, Ohio, will reach the Park on the 21st inst.

Miss Rachel Weems has returned to the Park and opened her cottage for the summer.

E. W. Kelso and family will be Park residents, having rented Mrs. Levi Echard's house. They will occupy it in a few days.

Mr. Harvey Cuppett, of Terra Alta, W. Va., called on his parents at this place Tuesday.

Mrs. N. C. Haymond has returned from Florida and is at her home in the Park.

Miss Bell Pritchard has returned to the Park and has her bungalow opened. Miss Pritchard spent the winter in Mannington, W. Va.

James Smith and wife, of Keyser, spent Tuesday looking over the Park.

Mrs. Schrock and Mrs. Zeck are visiting in the vicinity of Bittinger and are enjoying a good time.

Rev. Wilson has rented the Sperry cottage for the summer. A Mr. Fraley, of Baltimore, has rented the Pollock cottage.

Mrs. Laughlin, who wintered with relatives in Fairmont, W. Va., is now enjoying life in her Park cottage.

Mrs. Constantine, of Washington, D. C., spent Tuesday in the Park looking at cottages. She expects, with her family, to spend the summer vacation in the Park.

Special meetings are being held in the Methodist church this week. Rev. Dr. Wright is assisting Pastor Flanigan.

Mr. Rudisill, the Superintendent, will be in the Association office daily from 5 p. m. to 9 p. m., during April. Mr. Rudisill will put men to work cleaning up the Park next Monday. Many property owners are cleaning up about their premises, taking Billy Sunday's advice to "brighten up your own corner,"

Daily, strange faces are seen on our streets. Houses are being rented for the summer. Many improvements are taking place. Painters and paper hangers are at work and soon carpenters will be busy remodeling houses. There will be many surprises to the Park visitors this summer and they will be convinced that the Park is not dead or dying. The fact that so many persons have already opened their cottages is proof that "something is going on."

Dr. Robert H. Riley, Deputy State Health Officer, visited the Park Wednesday and looked over the sanitary conditions. His visit was appreciated.

LA TENA'S BIG WILD ANIMAL CIRCUS SHOW

Performance this Afternoon at Piper's Field Proved First Class Attraction.

(Biddeford Daily Journal.)

La Tena's big wild animal circus which arrived in this city at 4:30 o'clock this morning from Dover, N. H. gave its first performance at Piper's Field this afternoon at 2 o'clock and proved a big success in the line of circuis entertainments. The show is bright and clean and overflowing with genuine arts of worth-while quality and was pleasing to young and old alike, with its excellent program of novel numbers, more than one of which would have done credit to a much more pretentious show. Everything about the show was clean and well regulated, the costuming and staging of the various acts was beyond reproach and the entire outfit proved one of quality and considerable merit.

Both in the quality of the program and in the show, La Tena's circus proved a genuine credit to the show business as a whole. At Oakland, May 2nd, 1916. Advertisement.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply to Mrs. Stuart F. Hamill, Oakland.

Services on Good Friday.

At St. Matthew's P. E. Church the usual Good Friday services will be conducted by the rector, the Rev. A. D. Appleton, beginning at twelve o'clock and ending at 3 o'clock. Sunday morning at 11 o'clock Easter service with a surpliced choir. All invited.

CHANGE FOR G. O. P. TO REDEEM DISTRICT

M. G. Urner Says Victory Depends On Wise Nomination.

COUNTY ENTITLED TO HONOR

Former Congressman Gives Strong Endorsement to Candidacy of Lee Weinberg. Who Seeks Office—Has Marked Ability.

Strong endorsement of the candidacy of Leo Weinberg, the Frederick attorney, who is seeking Congressional honors in this district, is given by Hon. M. G. Urner, one of the two men to represent this county in the lower body of congress since the Civil War. When asked his views as to the Congressional campaign in the Sixth district, Mr. Urner said to a News representative:

"I think the Republicans have an exceptionally good chance to redeem the district at the next election and will doubtless do so if a wise choice is made in the selection of a candidate. So far three counties have candidates aspiring for the nomination. This county has consistently supported the candidate and given him her large Republican vote, although we have not had a candidate for thirty-six years. In fact this great county with all its wealth, intelligence and population has only had two representatives in Congress since the Civil War, Judge Richie, who was elected in 1870, and myself elected in 1878 and 1880. It certainly is time this county's claim is recognized.

"We have a candidate who would represent the district with credit. I refer to Mr. Leo Weinberg. He is a young man of marked ability. Liberally educated, with oratorical powers of a high order, with great industry, a most successful trial lawyer, he is well equipped to represent this district in the House of Representatives with credit to himself and his constituents." From Frederick News, March 29, 1916.

Political advertisement authorized by Leo Weinberg, candidate.

Sheriff's Sale

OF A VALUABLE

Lot of Ground

Near Finzell, Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of the Circuit Court for Garrett County, the same being No. 2 Judicials, June Term, 1916, Circuit Court for Garrett County, in the case of William H. Werner against Frank Werner, I. Albert Ashby, Sheriff, hereby give public notice, that I will on

Tuesday, May 16, 1916

in front of the Court House, in the town of Oakland, Md., at the hour of two o'clock P. M. of said day offer at public auction to the highest bidder the following lot of ground situated near Finzell, in Garrett County, Maryland, as follows:

All that piece or parcel of ground lying in Garrett county containing the quantity of one quarter of an acre more or less, said parcel of ground being part of Military Lot No. 514, and being the lot of ground conveyed and further described by metes and bounds in a deed from Clarence McKenzie and Luella McKenzie, his wife, to Frank Werner dated June 18, 1912, and duly recored in Liber E. Z. T., No. 64, folio 110, one of the Land Records of said Garrett county.

Said lot is improved by a good dwelling house, yard, garden and out buildings.

Terms of sale:—Cash on day of sale.

ALBERT ASHBY.
Sheriff of Garrett County.

The Early Bird

is not always the one that catches the biggest worm, nor will the biggest and loudest talk fetch the most customers. That is why we are not making a clamor over our Easter goods. We want the buyers to sing their praises as they will surely do when they see what maximum values we offer for a minimum price.

SHAFFER & BUSH,
Oakland, Md.

PUBLIC SALE

OF

Real Estate

At Deer Park

Monday, May 1, 1916.

At 11 o'clock A. M. on May 1, near the Railroad Station in Deer Park, I will sell at auction to the highest bidder, the frame dwelling house and 9 1-8 acres of land on the south side of the railroad in the town of Deer Park, now owned by me. (Formerly the property of E. G. Miller.)

Terms will be announced on day of sale.

W. McCulloh Brown,
Box 42, Oakland, Md.

OAKLAND TUESDAY MAY 2, 1916.

The Show That's Different

Presents More Wild Animal Acts than all other shows combined

NONE BETTER. NONE AS NEW. NONE WITH AS MANY NOVELTIES.

Special Cheap and Convenient Excursions on all Railroads.

THE BIGGEST SHOW THAT WILL VISIT YOU THIS SEASON.

Two Performances Daily, Rain or Shine.

DON'T MISS THE GRAND STREET PARADE AT 10:30 A. M.

And the BIG FREE EXHIBITIONS

At the Show Grounds immediately after the Parade

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

JESSE McCLINTOCK

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 13th day of October 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 13th day of April, 1916.

MAGGIE A. McCLINTOCK,
Administratrix,
Accident Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

PATRICK BRODERICK

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 13th day of October, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 13th day of April, 1916.

H. S. COLEMAN,
Administrator,
Sutton, Md.

ORDER NISI.

Abel Dewitt, next friend, etc., vs. Donald U. Maffett, et al.

No. 2061 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County.

Ordered, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland, this 11th day of April, 1916, in Equity that the sale made and reported in the above cause by Nellie Maffett, Trustee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 12th day of May, 1916, provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 5th day of May, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $1,000.00.

E. Z. TOWER.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Supervisors' Notice of Appointment of Judge of Election

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with the General Election Laws of Maryland the following appointment has this day been made to fill a vacancy.

Charles Warnick, Democratic Judge of Election in District No. 3, having removed from the State and vacated his said office, Columbus Broadwater whose postoffice address is New Germany, Md., is hereby appointed in his place and stead.

By order of the Board of Supervisors of Election for Garrett county, Md., this 12th day of April, 1916.

BENJ. H. SINCELL, Clerk.

License Notice.

Notice is hereby given to all persons and bodies corporate, or politic, doing business in the town of Oakland, Garrett county, who are required to take out licenses for that purpose, to obtain the same on or before the

First Day of May, 1916

For the purpose of issuing such licens the undersigned, Clerk of the Mayor and town Council of Oakland, will be at his office in the First National Bank building from 8 o'clock a. m. until 5 o'clock p. m. on Monday, May 1st, 1916.

ARTHUR LAWTON, Clerk.

Appeal Session.

The tax payers of Oakland are hereby notified that the Town Council of Oakland will sit in the Council Chamber in the First National Bank building on

Monday, April 24, 1916.

from 2 until 5 o'clock p. m., and from 7:30 until 9 o'clock p. m. for the purpose of hearing appeals and making transfers upon the assessment books of said town.

By order of Council.

ARTHUR LAWTON, Clerk.

ORDER NISI.

C. A. Beachy, Treasurer of Garrett county, Maryland vs. U. G. Savage.

No. 271, Miscellaneous Docket In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Ordered by the Circuit Court for Garrett county, Maryland, this 6th day of March, 1916, that the tax sale made and reported in the above entitled case by C. A. Beachy, Treasurer of Garrett county, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 10th day of April, 1916, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 3rd day of April, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $75.00.

ROBERT R. HENDERSON.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

IT'S A BEAUTY!

WHAT?

The Enger Twin-Six

Now on exhibition at Oakland Garage, Oakland, Md.

See the Enger before purchasing elsewhere. A wonderful Car at a wonderful price.

FOUNDED 1888

THE GARRETT NATIONAL BANK

FOUNDED 1888

OF OAKLAND, MARYLAND

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, - - $115,000.00

THE highly developed facilities of this Bank resulting from 28 years of careful and conservative management, together with prompt, efficient and courteous service, are offered as the basis for a satisfactory business connection.

OFFICERS

G. S. HAMILL, President. D. E. OFFUTT, Jr., Vice President.
G. A. FRALEY, Cashier. H. L. JONES, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS

GILMOR S. HAMILL, JOHN T. MITCHELL, DANIEL E. OFFUTT, Jr.
JOSEPH E. HARNED. GEORGE A. FRALEY, HARLAND L. JONES CHAS. S. DAVIS

Interest paid on Time Deposits. Safety Deposit Boxes for Rent.

ESTABLISHED 1884. BOTH PHONES

WE have just received a car load of the justly celebrated RU-BER-OID ROOFING as well as a car load of FERTILIZER, and we offer both at such low prices that you cannot afford to not see us before you buy.

Make our store your store when in town, and remember that our low prices and liberal terms it possible for you to get your supplies from us in an easy, convenient way.

Plows, Harrows, Rollers, Grain Drills, Cultivators, Corn Planters, Buggies, Wagons, Farm Trucks, Roofing and Fertilizers are a few of many things you need this spring.

Remember the place—

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.
Oakland, Md.

"Naylor has it and sells it for less."

RIGHT PRICES PROMPT SERVICE

Merchant Fred Werner, of Finzell, had business in town on Monday.

Mr. Lawson L. Loar, of Grafton, spent Tuesday in Oakland on business.

Full line of paint brushes always in stock at Hamill's. Adv. 7-3t

Osborn Tasker, of Maysville, was a business visitor at the county seat the early days of this week.

Mrs. Florence White left Oakland yesterday for Westernport, where she will remain indefinitely.

HOUSE FOR RENT—Apply to Renninger & Offutt, Attorneys, Oakland. Adv. 5-4t*

D. C. Ridings, of Gorman, had business before the County Commissioners the first part of the week.

Mumps still prevail among the people of Oakland and vicinity, several new cases having developed recently.

Mr. Henry B. Harvey, of Hazelwood Farm, near Mountain Lake Park, was in the city yesterday on business.

Let Hamill give you an estimate on your paint needs this year. He guarantees quality as well as low prices. Adv. 7-3t

Mr. Judson Loar returned home Monday evening from Baltimore where he had spent two weeks visiting relatives.

Messrs. John F. and Thomas J. Browning, of near Thaverville, were business visitors to Oakland yesterday afternoon.

Mr. Max Welling, who has been in Akron, Ohio, for the past several months, returned to his home in Oakland Sunday night.

Merchant D. M. Dixon is having the interior of his store room redecorated and repaired and the exterior painted and otherwise gone over.

FOR SALE CHEAP—One Folding Bed, 1 Oak Bed, 1 Oak Dining Table, 6 Oak Chairs, 2 Leather Davenports. Apply to Mrs. I. T. Hayes. Adv. 6-3t*

Go to Sturgiss' Pharmacy and hear the wonderful Aeolian Vocalion. It will play your favorite selection. See advertisement elsewhere in this paper today.

Mr. George W. Meyers, of Davis Garrett county, was in the city Monday as the guest of his brother, Clerk Walter Meyers of the County Commissioners office.

Messrs. Will Lawton, Arthur Naylor, Tom Compton and Grover Stemple went to Cumberland Monday where they took the examination before the State Board of Plumbers.

The most complete line of inside and outside house decorations in the county. Complete line of wall paper and paints at Hamill's. Adv. 7-3t

Mr. George Little left Oakland Sunday morning for Baltimore, from which city he went to Crisfield, Md., Monday where he is representing the Jr. O. U. A. M. Lodge which is in session there this week.

Dr. George C. Melody, of Washington, a recent arrival in Oakland to become a permanent citizen, has opened an office at the Kelly livery barn on Liberty street for the practice of veterinary surgery.

EGGS FOR HATCHING—From single comb Black Minorcas, $1.50 per 15; fine stock. Townshend Naylor, Oakland, Md. Adv. 4-8t*

Dr. George C. Melody, recently of Washington, D. C., has opened an office in Oakland for practice as a veterinary surgeon. He is a graduate of the United States College of Veterinary Surgeons at Washington and comes to Oakland highly recommended as a successful practitioner. Dr. Melody will maintain his office at the Kelly livery barn on Liberty street. Calls at night answered from the Browning House. Adv. 8-2t

Get your hat from Harry Davis. Advertisement 8-4t

Mr. Peter Rowan, of Keyser, W. Va., spent Sunday in Oakland.

New Millinery—Harry Davis has opened a fine line of Millinery. Come and see. Advertisement 8-4t

Mr. Stephen Fazenbaker, of near Bloomington, spent Monday in Oakland on business.

Large Berkshire pigs, eligible to registry, for sale by J. B. MILLER, Grantsville, Md. Adv.

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Mealy went to Baltimore Monday morning where they will spend the week.

Simmon's paints for outside and inside decoration. Full stock at Hamill's. Adv. 7-3t

Miss Sara Hayes went to Washington Monday to visit friends a few days during the present week.

Mr. Dwight Townshend left Oakland Monday morning for a ten days' visit to Baltimore and Norfolk, Va.

The Pythian Improvemnet Company offers the Marvland Theatre for rent. Apply to Ernest Shirer, Secretary, Oakland, Md. Adv.

Mrs. Joseph E. Harned entertained the members of the Thimble Club at her home on Second street Friday afternoon.

Mrs. John G. Robinson and son, Howard, were guests on Sunday and Monday of Mrs. Elizabeth Hinebaugh in Oakland.

FOR SALE—A yearling grade Hambletonian colt. Write or call on E. J. Petersheim R. D. 2, Oakland, Md. Advertisement.

Mrs. John L. Smythe, of Fairmont, is at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Ault, near Oakland, for a two week's visit.

Dr. and Mrs. Arnold A. Scherr, of Eglon, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Shaffer at their home on Third street in Oakland Sunday.

WANTED—At the Mt. Lake Hotel, April 1st, a girl to do general housework. Address, W. C. Dunnington, Mt. Lake Park, Md. Adv. 2-tf

Mrs. J. T. Picking, of Terra Alta, was the guest on Monday afternoon of Mr. and Mrs. Scott T. Jones at their home in Oakland.

Mrs. M. C. Hinebaugh is in Baltimore this week, having left Oakland Monday morning for that city, as the guest of relatives.

FOR SALE—Twenty-five acres improved farm land located on the Oakland-Gortner State Road, two miles South of Oakland. Easy terms. Call on or write Harry Helbig, Oakland, Md. Advertisement 51 tf

Harry Davis invites you to call and see his line of Spring and Summer Millinery. The hats tell more concerning them than words can. Adv. 8-4t

Mrs. James Sweeney, of Baltimore, is here to spend a week or more as the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John W. Hart at their home on Fourth street.

Simmon's Keen Kutter Quality paints, unequalled for color and durability, on sale at Hamill's. Adv. 7-3t

Messrs. B. H. Wiley and John Fitzwater motored to Grantsville Saturday evening in the latter's automobile, where they spent Sunday as the guest of friends.

Mr. W. H. Spedden, of Fairmont, was in Oakland between trains Tuesday afternoon, having been at the Park on business that day, and was on his way home from that point.

EGGS FOR HATCHING—Rose Comb Rhode Island Reds; bred to lay. Setting of fifteen, $1.50. Miss Diana Weber, Oakland, Md. Adv.

The small boy is happy—a show is on the way toward Oakland.

Mrs. James A. Sincell is here to spend Easter with relatives and friends.

Morris Sincell returned home this morning from Gettysburg to spend Easter with his parents.

Miss Genevieve Elliott and Miss Lippman, both of Terra Alta, were Oakland visitors yesterday afternoon.

For Rent or Sale—I offer for rent or sale the house and lot on Water street, known as the "Malette House," containing eight rooms; good large garden; reasonable terms. Apply to G. S. Hamill, Oakland, Md. Advertisement 7-tf

Miss Flossie Shaffer, of Clarksburg W. Va., arrived home yesterday afternoon and will remain here until after Sunday visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd C. Shaffer.

Dr. R. A. Ravenscroft and son Mr. Randall Ravenscroft, of Accident, visited Oakland yesterday where they spent several hours on business.

Dr. Henry W. McComas is having the old McComas homestead property improved by the erection of fences fronting on Second street and the grounds generally cleaned up.

WE PAY CASH FOR THE FOLLOWING: Live chickens, 12 cents per pound; live turkeys, 20 cents per pound; Veal calves, hog dressed, 9½ cents per pound; dressed Hogs, 10 cents per pound. Call on or phone, WM. L. CASTEEL, L. W. HOPKINS, Oakland, Md. Adv. 3tf*

Mr. Will Bishop, accompanied by Dr. Beerbower, both of Terra Alta spent yesterday afternoon in Oakland on business, both having motored to Oakland in the former's automobile.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Naylor and daughter Miss Rebecca, were among those who left Oakland Monday morning for Baltimore where they will attend the Billy Sunday meetings during the week.

Miss Lynne Waddell, of Brandonville, W. Va., engaged now in teaching an advanced school at Albright, W. Va., was the guest over Sunday of Dr. and Mrs. W. Ravenscroft at their home near Oakland.

An automobile bearing an Illinois State license passed through Oakland Sunday afternoon on the way west. The owner of the machine stated that he had driven it through from Georgia and was homeward bound.

Mr. W. A. Smith, of Hoyes, accompanied by his son and daughter, and also by Misses Della Savage and Hazel Thayer, the latter of Thayerville, motored to Oakland Tuesday where they spent the afternoon shopping.

Rev. A. R. Snedegar, pastor of the Bloomington M. E. church, was in Baltimore on last Sunday when he delivered a sermon to the Odd Fellows of that city. Rev. Snedegar is Grand Chaplain of the orgnization in Maryland.

Last Saturday Mr. H. A. Loraditch and Mr. Glen Martin went to Cumberland and returned in an Overland car for which Messrs. Loraditch and Martin have taken the agency. An Overland model 83 car can be seen at the Oakland Garage and demonstrations will be freely given.

Subscribe for The Republican.

Dr. C. H. Riley, of the State Board of Health, with headquarters in Cumberland, spent Tuesday and part of yesterday in Oakland on business concerning health conditions in the county and interviewing the County Commissioners relative thereto.

Attorneys Gilmor S. Hamill, John T. Mitchell and Edward H. Sincell, in company with County Surveyor A. C. Mason, were in the vicinity of Kitzmiller Tuesday where they were engaged in making a survey of some lands in litigation in the United States Court.

The sale of the personal property on Saturday of Mr. E. W. Kelso, conducted at the home farm, which he recently sold, was very largely attended and excellent prices were obtained for the live stock. One cow brought $94, while other animals in the herd were sold at prices ranging from $70 to $85.

Dr. and Mrs. B. Frank Selby, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Jackson, all of Oakland, left here Saturday morning in Dr. Selby's automobile for Baltimore, arriving there that evening where they spent Sunday, returning Sunday evening.

Miss Marguerite Hart, who was one of the instructors in the Kitzmiller school during the past few months, returned to her home in Oakland Monday evening from Cumberland, in which city she had been visiting friends since the close of the school.

Miss Louise Hagans, who spent the past year in Oakland giving instructions to a large class in piano music, returned here on last Thursday after a brief absence which she spent at a point near Cumberland, and will resume her classes in a day or two.

Mr. Henry Lauer, of Oakland, went to Baltimore Monday morning to which city he was accompanied by his two daughters Amelia and Louise. The latter was taken to the city for a final examination by a specialist who has been treating her for a year or more.

Mr. H. Byrne Hamill, who has been in the east for several months, returned home yesterday morning for a few day's visit before leaving for the Texas border where he will join a command of the regular army he having enlisted for the second time as a soldier. His first enlistment as such was during the closing of the Spanish-American war when he saw service for more than two years in the Philippines and points in the west.

In another column of this paper today State's Attorney E. R. Jones gives public notice to those who are using in their places of business punch boards which under the law comes under the statutes governing gambling, and warning them to discontinue sales from such boards. The State's Attorney also directs attention to the law prohibiting the sale of certain articles on the Sabbath, warning all persons to desist from the practice.

Prof. and Mrs. C. Edward Bender entertained the senior class of the High School at their home on Second street Friday evening of last week. Many games and contests of various kinds were participated in by those in attendance, who included Misses Norine Ault, Clara Bush, Carrie Thrasher, Margaret Slabaugh, Mildred Thrasher, Mary Sincell, Mabel Falkenstein, Julia Rowan, Louise Harned and Messrs. Donald Maffett, Joseph Foley and Edward Lewis. Delicious refreshments were served the guests who departed for their homes highly pleased with the enjoyable evening.

The Lutheran Church

SECOND STREET, OAKLAND

Sunday School, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

B. H. SINCELL, Superintendent.

Men's Brotherhood Class, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

REV. BREMER, Teacher.

We cordially invite all men not already enrolled in some school to study the Bible with this class.

Morning Worship, 10.45 o'Clock.

The sincere christian will be found in God's House at the regular appointed hours of worship and the only kind of excuse worth while is the kind that Almighty God will accept.

Luther League, 6.30 o'Clock P. M.

Topic—"Now is Christ Arisen."
Leader—MABEL FALKENSTEIN.

Evening Worship, 7.30 o'Clock.

During the Lenten Season there will be a special service every Wednesday night at 7:30 o'clock. The public is invited.

All are welcome to worship with us.

During the Lenten Season there will be a special service every Wednesday night at 7:30 o'clock. The public is invited.

—The above was prepared by the pastor and the advertisement is authorized and paid for by one interested in church work.

Everything New for Easter Will Be Found at

SINCELL'S

Tailor-made Suits, Spring Coats, Queen Quality Shoes, Gloves, Corsets, Wash Waists, Silk Waists

ALL IN ENDLESS VARIETY

Men's Clothing, Shoes, Neckwear Hats, Gloves, Shirts.

Our entire stock having been purchased before the advance in price we are in position to sell you better goods at less money than can be found elsewhere.

H. C. SINCELL.

Sheriff's Notice.

Notice is hereby given to all persons and bodies corporate or politic, doing business in Garrett County, and requiring State license, to obtain a license or renew the same on or before the

First day of May Next.

A failure on the part of persons now engaged in business to renew their licenses by the first of May next will subject them to a fine.

E. Z. Tower, Clerk of the Circuit Court for Garrett county, will be ready to issue licenses on or before the first day of May next at his office in the Courthouse.

ALBERT ASHBY, Sheriff.

ORDER NISI.

Abel DeWitt, next friend, etc., vs. Donald U. Maffett, et al.
No. 2001 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett county.

It is ordered by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, this 5th day of April, 1916, that the sale made and reported in the above cause by Nellie Maffett, trustee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 5th day of May, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed in Garrett County once in each of three successive weeks before the 28th day of April, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $35.00.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy. Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

TAX SALE
OF VALUABLE
Real Estate
In Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of the power vested in the Treasurer of Garrett County, Maryland, by section 52 of Chapter 566, of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland for the year 1890, title "Garrett County," sub-title "County Treasurer," and as amended by the General Assembly of Maryland for the year 1898, Chapter 144, the undersigned Treasurer in and for Garrett County, Maryland, will, on

FRIDAY,

The 5th Day of May, 1916,

at 10 o'clock a. m. at the front door of the Court House in the town of Oakland, Garrett county, Md., offer and sel at public auction to the highest bidder all of the following pieces or parcels of land lying and being in Garrett County, Md., to wit:

No. 1.—All that lot of ground, situate on Oak Street in the town of Oakland, Garrett county and in Election District No. 7 thereof, described as follows: Beginning for the same at the end of 45 feet on the 1st line of Lot No. 24 in Brant's Addition to the Town of Oakland, and running thence South 67 degrees East, 37-½ feet, North 23 degrees East, 132 feet, North 67 degrees West, 37½ feet, thence South 23 degrees West, 132 feet to the beginning, being the same property which was conveyed to the said Mary Mitchell by Ara May Cleveland and husband by deed dated Sept. 6, 1911, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 62, folio 275, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915, as is charged upon the assessment books of Garrett county in the name of the said Mary Mitchell.

No. 2—All that lot of ground knows as Lot No. 64 on McCarty's Plot of Oakland, situate in the town of Oakland, Garrett County, in Election District No. 7 thereof, fronting 70 feet on Alder Street and extending southward, 132 feet to an alley 16 feet wide, and being a part of the same property which was conveyed to Annie E. Felty by Christian Felty, and others, by deed dated 1st day of June, 1908, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 58, folio 49, etc., one of the Land Records of Garrett County, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1914, as is charged upon the assessment books of Garrett County in the name of the said Annie E. Felty.

No. 4—Lot No. 3026 on the plat of Mountain Lake Park as recorded in Liber W. H. T., No. 6, folio 800, one of Land Records of Garrett county, and being the same property which was conveyed by Upton Cuppett to Mary M. Cuppett by by deed dated the 23rd day of January, 1909, recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 58, folio 415, one of the Land Records of Garrett county. Said lot is located in Mountain Lake Park, Election District No. 7 of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Mary M. Cuppett.

No. 5.—All that part of Military Lot No. 805, containing 4 27-40 acres, located in Election District No. 7 of Garrett county, and being a part of the same property which was conveyed by Lloyd Lowndes, Jr., Trustee, to William E. Walsh, Trustee, for Mrs. Rebecca E. Blake, by deed dated May 24, 1899, recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 36, folio 390, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name William E. Walsh, Trustee of Rebecca E. Blake.

No. 6.—Lot No. 92 as shown upon the plat of Mountain Lake Park as recorded in Liber W. H. T., No. 6, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and being the same property which was conveyed by J. G. Fallon and wife to Hice R. Laughlin by deed dated 5th day of Sept., 1903, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 46, folio 224, one of the Land Records of Garrett county. Said lot is located in H Street, Mountain Lake Park, Garrett county, in Election District No. 7, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Hice R. Laughlin.

No. 7—Lot No. 4011 on the plat of Mountain Lake Park, located in Mountain Lake Park, Election District No. 7 of Garrett county, as recorded in Plat Record Liber E. Z. T., No. 1, folio 21, one of Records of Garrett county, and being the same property which was conveyed By Clifford H. Friend to Clyde B. Moore by deed dated September 2, 1907, recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No 56, folio 97, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Clyde B. Moore.

No. 1342 and 1344 on the plat of Mountain Lake Park as recorded in Plat Book Liber E. Z. T., No. 1, folio 21, one of the records of Garrett county, said lots being located in Mountain Lake Park, Election Ditsrict No. 7 of Garrett county and being the same property which was conveyed by the Mountain Lake Park Association of Garrett county to Mary I. White by deed dated August 12, 1913, recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 66, folio 94, one of the Land Records of Garrett county and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Mary I. White.

No. 9.—Military Lots No. 1240, 1241 and 1244, located in Election District No. 14 of Garrett county, and being the same property which was conveyed by James H. Knight and others to Michael S. Clohesy by deed dated December 11, 1912, recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 64, folio 337, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1914 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Michael S. Clohesy.

No. 12—All that part of the tract of land called "The Royal Charlotte," containing 112¼ acres, located in Election District No. 8 of Garrett county and being the same property which was conveyed by Luther C. Nine and wife to Artenis W. Sines by deed dated March 13, 1912, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 62, folio 520, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of said Garrett county in the name of Artenis W. Sines.

No. 13—All the coal underlying the Thomas J. Moreland farm containing 83 acres, more or less, being part of the tract of land called "William and Mary," located in Election District No. 8, Garrett county, and being the coal underlying the same land which was conveyed by Elliott C. Harvey to Dorothy J. Moreland by deed dated the 12th day of January, 1900, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 38, folio 173, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, which property was conveyed to the said Dorothy J. Moreland to the extent of a life estate therein and after her death to the heirs of Thomas J. Moreland, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear against the coal underlying said land for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Thomas J. Moreland's heirs.

No. 14—All those portions of the tract of land called "Addition to Paradise," located in Election District No. 8 of Garrett county containing in the aggregate 9 1-10 acres, and being the same property which was conveyed by F. C. Leonard and W. K. Myers, Trustees, to Branard Coal Company by deed dated May 16, 1910, recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 61, folio 178, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1914 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Branard Coal Company.

No. 15—All that tract of land called "Merriden," composed of Military Lots Nos. 1454, 1455 and 1456, containing 150 acres, situate in Election District No. 6 of Garrett County, and being the same property which was conveyed by W. T. Sines, et. al, to L. E. Friend, R. C. McCandlish and George D. Browning by deed dated July 29, 1907, recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 56, folio 59, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915, as is charged upon the assessment books of Garrett County in the names of George D. Browning, L. E. Friend and R. C. McCandlish.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on the day of sale. The right of redemption extends to six calendar months from day of sale by paying the amount of the purchase money with interest thereon at the rate of twenty per cent. per annum and all costs. Conveyancing at cost of purchaser.

C. A. BEACHY,
Treasurer of Garrett County.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

JAMES W. BLOCHER,

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 1st day of October, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 28th day of March, 1916.

BRUCE BLOCHER,
Executor,
Frostburg, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters Testamentary on the estate of

SARAH C. FIKE

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 1st day of October, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 28th day of March, 1916.

W. W. FIKE,
Administrator,
Bayard, West Va.

For Sale or Rent.

Beautifully located property in East Oakland. Lot contains 1½ acres with 9 room house and outbuildings. Good well of water, excellent cellar and dwelling equipped for gas. Will be sold on reasonable terms or will rent at very reasonable price. Apply to

Adv. 8 3t JAS. D. HAMILL.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

The Modern Dance.

Have its advocates ever considered the character of those who corroborate their testimony? Is it done by the devoted and consecrated followers of Jesus? Hardly! up from the spiritualistic clubs and free love circles comes the corroborating testimony. Out from the windows of the dance houses we hear, "its all right." From the innermost chambers of the house of the strange woman comes the same. It comes from the dens of infamy, from midnight haunts and from the darkness of heathenism.

I am not comparing dancing Christians with these classes. By no means. I am simply showing that their testimony must be corroborated by a class of persons with whom they would not under any circumstances appear in advocating any other cause. There is one argument that ought to settle it for every church member and that is the church condemns it. The communion table and the dance are as opposite as things can well be.

When you were converted was it hard to give it up? You were willing to give up anything for Christ. It seemed inspired then. You really preferred the church to a party, conscience condemned it then, how does it approve it now when conscience is governed by the principles of God's word: it will condemn every form of sin. Suppose you do not go to public balls, yet in the social dance familiarities are allowed that would under other conditions be considered insulting. It is a fact that in the dance familiarities are allowed which are a violation of the spirit of the seventh commandment. If the world can carry the dance too far and the private dance can in any way be the first step thereto, are we keeping ourselves unspotted from the world if in any wise we countenance it?

How can Christians lend their influence to lead others on to worldly things. Paul's principle of eating meat is binding on us. If his eating meat,—though he could do it without harm—should make a weaker brother stumble, he wouldn't eat any.

If our indulgence in things will cause another to go astray or injure them we will desist for their sakes. We must abstain from all appearance of evil. We must not use our liberty lest the weaker brother, for whom Christ died, should perish.

But it does you no good; it is the amusement of the world and as such tends to worldly mindedness; to the loss of spirituality and hence is unworthy of and inconsistent with the Christian profession.

If it has been the means of leading one astray that settles the whole matter for the christian. If a thing hinders growth in grace the christian has no right to trifle with it.

Suppose one is under conviction of sin, would he go to the dance for relief? Not unless he wished to stifle his convictions.

Come with me to a sick room. There lies a young lady. She had been under conviction. She was asked to attend a dance. Friends insisted. Well, she said she would go if she were damned for it. Now she is in despair, going down to death in an agony of horror. Let us enter another room. A pale emancipated face meets us. Sorrow is depicted on every lineament. Despair is visible. Marks of dissipation are evident. The flickering light of a lamp casts a weird luster about. A faint voice comes from that bed. O, what a history it tells. A life of dissipation, revelry, debauchery, loss of friends, honor and good name and soul.

It would have made a stout heart quail to hear her bitter lamentations and terrible denunciations on the innocent amusement called the dance. In the real whirl of the dance she learned her first lesson, and its fascinations led her farther and farther until at last, after a few years of a sad and sorrowful life she is brought face to face with death and with her last breath she regrets her past, wishes she had never indulged, urges the young to shun the fascinating evils and leaves her dying testimony against it as one of the most fascinating, yet dangerous evils of the day. Shun the very appearance of evil and whatsoever you do, do it for the glory of God.

Now let me give you some reasons why Christians ought not to engage in this so called amusement. I do so because I believe it tends to destroy spiritual life, is antagonistic to holiness of life; hinders growth in grace and tends to break down the distinction between the church and the world. To say the least it has the appearance of evil; it grieves many good Christians and has provoked the condemnation of church courts. The word of God says, "Abstain from the very appearence of evil." This command we must obey. One thing is sure, in abstaining from it there can be no sin.

It is purely an amusement of the world. It neither results from, nor does it strengthen our faith in Christ, and yet we are told that "Whatsoever is not of faith is sin," that is when we do anything that we are not certain is right, it is then wrong to us. No church makes it a duty, all they do is to tolerate it. It is worldly in its origin, character, association and tendencies, hence when we find a relish for it we should forsake it, remembering the command, "Be not conformed to this world," and "friendship with the world is enmity to God." A love for it shows a relish for the world and leads to excesses which destroys love for Christ. The dance and devoted piety do not go together. The more you love and practice the dance the greater will be the declension in your religious life. As surely as things freeze when the thermometer registers zero so surely will dancing freeze religious sentiments out of the soul. As surely as the wind that fills the sails will drive the ship over the water, so surely will this evil drive its votaries away from allegiance to Christ.

This is the duty of a Christian first, last and always to maintain allegiance to his Master.

Think of these things, and be true to thy Lord and Master that your crown may be bright.

JOANNES.

Subscribe for The Republican.

LUTHERANS PLAN 400TH REFORMATION ANNIVERSARY

All Protestant Church Bodies Will Join In Historic Event.

Headquarters have been established in The Hornor Building, Philadelphia, to make arrangements for a nation-wide celebration of the four hundredth anniversary of the Reformation in 1917, and to get in communication with the 76,000,000 Lutherans the world over. For more than a year the joint committee has been working on plans, and subcommittees are now putting the main feature into final form.

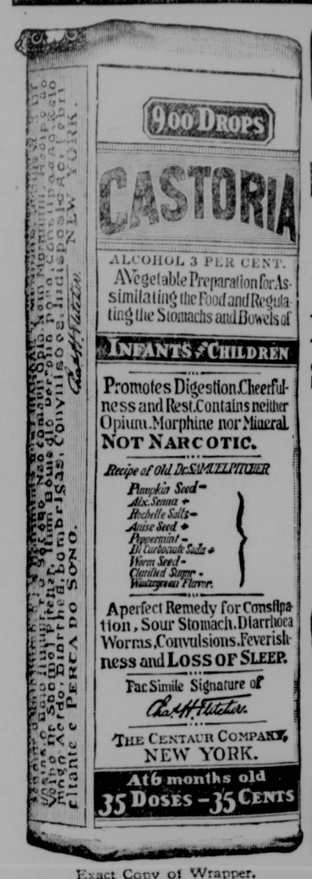
An anniversary medal showing Luther nailing the famous ninety-five theses on the church door at Wittenberg and bearing appropriate inscriptions is being designed and will be ready for distribution by October 1916. A motion picture film depiciting the principal activities of Luther and Reformation scenes will in all probability be used to visualize the events of the places and the movement. A group of scholars has been at work for more than a year translating the writings of Luther and a well known American writer will issue a popular life of the Reformer. The "Luther Play" is filling engagements in many centers with great success and further engagements are being booked for 1917. Services of worship will be held by individual congregations with special speakers and music, and in addition celebration festivals will be conducted in many centers. These may extend over a period of several days, depending on the size of the community. Chorus singing by massed church choirs and singing societies will be featured and the wealth of Reformation hymns and oratorios will be used extensively.

All Protestant bodies will observe the event. It will be as in 1863 when the entire Protestant world commemorated the four hundredth anniversary of the birth of the leader of the Reformation, Martin Luther. The council of Church Boards of Education, representing seventeen denominations has opened a central office in New York to conduct a campaign of education during 1917, for the purpose of increasing the financial support and the efficiency of the church colleges.

It is intended to make the celebration commemorative of the great historic event of the sixteenth century with the emphasis upon the principles which have contributed so largely to the world's progress. The religious factor will be the leading feature of the celebration but other phases of historic interest will receive attention. The aim will be a constructive celebration looking forward as much as backward. Above all it is hoped a spiritual impetus will result which shall benefit the entire world. Special Reformation literature, books, and monographs will be produced and a booking agency for lectures is established. A department of the headquarters is provided for reference and information purposes and correspondence is invited on matters relating to the Reformation period or to a proper and constructive celebration of the event.

Five Synods of national character are represented in the executive committee—the general synod, the general council, the United Synod of the South, the Joint Synod of Ohio, and the Iowa Synod. The members of the committees are drawn from every section of the country.

The Rev. Prof. T. E. Schmauk, D. D., of the Mt. Airy Seminary, Philadelphia, is chairman of the general and the executive committees. Mr. E. Clarence Miller, banker of Philadelphia, is chairman of the finance committee which is underwriting the expenses of the office and committee activities. The executive secretary, the Rev. Howard R. Gould, was called from Madison, Wis., where he was University pastor for his denomination at the University of Wisconsin, and pastor of Luther Memorial Church. During the summer of 1915 Mr. Gould engaged in religious and social welfare work in prison camps in Europe under the direction of the International Committee of the Y. M. C. A.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.

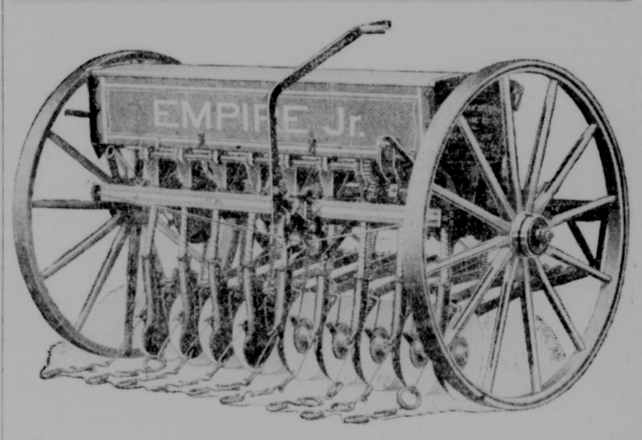
Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

THE CITY'S BEST
MEAT MARKET
IN THE EMPIRE BUILDING.

Choice Steak, Boiling Meat, and all other kinds of meat. Highest cash price paid for Poultry and Eggs; also cash paid for Hides and Skins.

H. L. MILLER



A Drill You Will Like — An Empire, Jr.

HAVE you ever thought of increasing your crop yield by planting with an Empire, Jr. drill? It can be done.

Empire, Jr. drilled grain stands a better chance of producing a bumper crop than broadcasted seed. It takes less seed too, and will do a much better job in a wet field than a seeder. Grain put in with an Empire, Jr. drill will all come up at the same time and all ripen at once. This is an advantage that cannot be expected from seed broadcasted.

The Empire, Jr. light draft grain drills have been largely responsible for the big crop yields in the Red River Valley and other celebrated wheat districts. Without the Empire, Jr. drill those farmers would have no better crop than you. Call in some day soon and we will show you why the Empire, Jr. drill produces bigger yields.

All kinds of Plows and Harrows, Wagons and Buggies, and in fact everything that a Farmer will need at this season of the year at the right price. Agent for Armour's Fertilizer.

See me before you buy. My prices can't be beat in Western Maryland.

Yours to please,

J. W. WALTER,
DEER PARK, MD.

The Republican--Garrett Co.'s Paper.

Senator Speicher, of Garrett County, Announces His Candidacy For The Republican Nomination For Congress in The Sixth District.

SENATOR HARVEY J. SPEICHER.

State Senator, Harvey J. Speicher, of Garrett County, has announced that he would be a candidate for the Republican nomination for Congress in the Sixth District.

In making the announcement he said: "After serious consideration, extending over a period of several months, I have decided to become a candidate for the Republican nomination for Congress. A large number of influential Republicans from Western Maryland have been urging me to do this for some time, and after consulting with my friends I have made up my mind to go into this fight and when I go into a fight, I go in to win, no matter what obstacles may stand in my way.

"For twenty-four years, Allegany county has had the Congressman from our District. Before that, Allegany had the place for several terms; and Washington county, in the person of the late Judge McComas, had the Congressman for twelve years, and Frederick and Montgomery counties have both been represented in Congress, leaving Garrett the only county in the District that has never had a representative in Congress, and a large proportion of the Republicans in Western Maryland believe that Garrett, the one certain and sure Republican county in the District, should have her turn, now that all the usual political signs point to a great Republican National victory next November.

"I am allied with no faction or clique in our party. I have a record of eight years in the State Senate, of faithful, diligent and I hope, effective service, for my County and State. To the best of my ability I have done my duty through four sessions at Annapolis, and I know the people of my own county are satisfied with what I have done.

"I shall begin my campaign immediately. I shall visit every section of the District, and, so far as I can, endeavor to see the voters so that they may be able to form an opinion of my ability to represent them at Washington, and I confidently hope that the opinion formed of me will be so favorable that I shall be nominated on May first.

"If elected I shall devote my whole time and energy to my work. I shall represent the whole District, and no particular section or individual shall be favored over the others, and I hope and believe I have the ability to do the work in a manner that will be satisfactory to the people."

(Political Advertisement authorized by B. H. Wiley, Political Agent.)

DORT

Read These Specifications
Model 5 Touring Car

Five-passenger; left-hand drive; center control; four-cylinder motor cast en bloc; circulating splash lubricating system; thermo-syphon cooling system; Connecticut ignition; gravity feed gasoline system in cowl; selective type transmission; 3 speeds forward and reverse; three-quarter floating rear axle, internal expanding and external contracting brakes; demountable rims, 30 x 3½ inch tires; Goodyear all-weather tread on rear; 60-inch full cantilever springs in rear; front semi-elliptic; streamline with ample leg room in both compartments; 105-inch wheelbase; standard equipment, including electric starter, electric generator, electric lights throughout, one-man top, speedometer, gasoline gauge, electric horn and complete tool equipment.

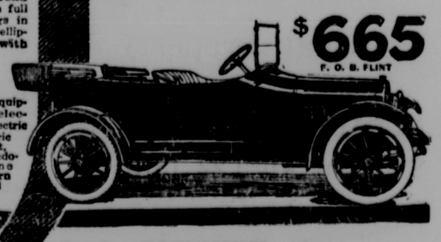
The Car of Comfort

The 1916 Dort is essentially a comfortable car—

—comfortable because there is plenty of seat and leg room both back and front.

—comfortable, too, because of its 50 inch full cantilever springs, which make it one of the easiest riding cars on the market at any price.

The price, $665.00, is within reach of most folks. See this car at our show rooms.



$665
F. O. B. FLINT

J. A. WHITE, Agent,
OAKLAND, MD.

"Tom" Parran Says Governor Goldsborough Was "Double-Crossed" By Some of the So-Called Leaders of the Party

That former Governor Philips Lee Goldsborough, candidate for the Republican nomination for the United States Senate, has been given the "double-cross" by some of the so-called leaders in the Republican party, is the charge made by Thomas Parran, a close personal friend of the former chief executive of the state and one of his staunchest supporters in his fight for the Senatorial toga.

Incidentally, Mr. Parran brings to light that Mr. Goldsborough was promised that he would have no opposition for the nomination for Senator, in the event that he prevented a big split in the Republican ranks by not entering the gubernatorial fight last summer.

The charge of Mr. Parran was an open one and was made at one of the first meetings at which he spoke in the interests of Mr. Goldsborough. It was engendered over a remark of one of the voters at the meeting that "Governor Goldsborough should not have been opposed by anyone in the Senatorial contest."

"And if Mr. Goldsborough had been given a square deal, he would not be," thundered Mr. Parran.

"You all know," he continued, "that Governor Goldsborough was importuned by thousands of Republicans to be a candidate to succeed himself as Governor. Before he would announce that he would be a candidate, he studied conditions and pondered long and earnestly over what would become of the Republican party if he would inject himself into the contest.

"Governor Goldsborough carefully studied existing conditions and finally he announced that he would not be a candidate. In arriving at this decision he was quoted in the newspapers as follows:

" 'Four years ago I was unanimously nominated for the office of Governor of Maryland by the Republican party, and subsequently elected. Many citizens have suggested that I again be a candidate for that office. A most painstaking survey of party conditions in the state clearly shows that there is no possible chance of securing such nomination by even a close approach to practical unanimity, and, therefore, I have determined not to contest for this honor in a bitter primary fight.

"I am most mindful and deeply appreciative of the public honors which have been bestowed upon me and I trust my friends, and the public generally, will believe that every public duty which I have been called upon to perform, has been met with fidelity and such measure of ability as I was capable of giving.

"My appreciation of the loyal support of my party is beyond expression, and knowing that its unity and power will be impaired by a heated primary contest, I am therefore unwilling to take any steps which may tend to injure its chances in the coming election.'

"And all this time he was studying conditions these so-called leaders were running to me and begging me to ask him to refrain from becoming a candidate.

" 'For God's sake,' they pleaded, 'don't let Mr. Goldsborough come into this fight for Governor and we will be with you in case that you ever run for any other office. Let him aspire next year for the nomination for Senator and we will not oppose him.' I do not need to mention names, you know them.

"But what have they done? Instead of keeping their word with Mr. Goldsborough, the cry went up, 'anyone to beat Goldsborough!' And they trotted out Dr. France, a man who has never done anything for the Republican party that was worth mentioning. But they won't beat the former Governor, as the people know that when he was in office he gave them a 'square deal' in return."

And judging from the shouts of approval from the 400 voters, Mr. Goldsborough will get that "square deal."

Residents of Montgomery county are incensed over articles appearing in one of the county papers in which it was virtually stated that Mr. Goldsborough did not have many friends in that section. One of his staunch admirers took the paper in question to task and voiced the opinion of thousands of voters of Montgomery in a letter to the editor. He was Edward W. Byrn, of Silver Springs, who wrote:

"In your issue of March, 31, an article, 'Dr. France Will Win,' has greatly puzzled and given much distress to your many friends. In your editorial column you apparently seek to be fair, but the article referred to puzzles and amazes the friends of ex-Governor Goldsborough. It certainly is a very unfair statement, prejudicially affecting the interest of Governor Goldsborough, doing him great injustice, and certainly not expressive of any sentiment in Montgomery county.

"It must be remembered that this is a direct election, in which the people themselves speak, and it seems unfair to prejudice the election by any assumption of facts before the people have registered their verdict.

"The voters of the State of Maryland are an intelligent and patriotic electorate, and they know full well what qualifications are required in a United States Senator and they are likely to vote their convictions in spite of any pre-arranged plans of a prejudiced party.

"First, they know he should be a trained lawyer, because this is the highest legislative body of the country, which is concerned in making laws and passing upon the great internal and international legal issues now presenting themselves. Governor Goldsborough is an accomplished lawyer.

"Second, he should be a sound Republican and familiar with the politics and policies of his party. Governor Goldsborough has been in political life since he was a very young man. He knows the great fundamentals of his party and is, I believe, broad enough to recognize and adopt progressive ideals wherever founded in patriotism and the general welfare.

"Third, he should be a man of experience and broad qualifications. Few men of his years have had so varied and extended an education in public life as Governor Goldsborough; first as state's attorney in defense of its laws, then as comptroller in the regulation and administration of state finances, next as collector of internal revenue for Maryland, Delaware, District of Columbia and Eastern Shore counties of Virginia. Finally as Governor of the state, he so administered its executive functions as to have commanded alike the admiration and approval of both parties. It is not in the range of possibility to please everybody, and especially disappointed office seekers.

"Fourth, he should be a man widely and favorably known. Governor Goldsborough is known from one end of the state to the other, was mentioned in the press for the office of vice-president at one time. He enjoys the confidence and friendship of most of the public men of the state and few men have a larger acquaintance and a more cordial appreciation among its people.

"Fifth, he should be a man of clean character and personal popularity. Governor Goldsborough is an honest, conscientious man, a true Maryland gentleman, approachable to all and throughout his entire life he has been irreproachably clean, manly and upright.

"Sixth, he should be a good speaker. On his feet before the public, Governor Goldsborough has few superiors as an orator; clear-cut, analytical and forceful, he always compels an earnest attention, and, should he be elected to the Senate, the people of Maryland will hear from him and be proud of him.

"Seventh, he should be a man who can appeal to and get Democratic votes. His election as Governor proved Mr. Goldsborough can do this, and in a state like Maryland, with a normally large Democratic majority, only such a man can win. It must be remembered that every Democratic vote transferred to a Republican counts two and Governor Goldsborough is one of the few men who may in this way hope to win. Governor Goldsborough should, and will, win by the voice of the people."

GARRETT COUNTIAN HEADS THE POTATO GROWERS ASSOCIATION

The Western Maryland Association Formed at Large Meeting in Frostburg.

Frostburg, Md., April 15.—A permanent organization was formed at the meeting of the potato growers of this section in the Shea building yesterday. It will be known as the Western Maryland Potato Growers Association and will be incorporated. It will have for its main objects the encouragement of better and economical methods of potato culture, to secure better results in grading, packing, marketing and advertising Western Maryland seed potatoes and to develop the local market and find new markets for seed potatoes of local culture. Another object will be to secure pure seed at as low a price as is consistent with the best quality.

The citizens National Bank, Frank Watts, president, which is back of the movement, will hold a number of conferences during the year with the potato growers and will offer substantial aid to the movement until the association becomes self supporting.

C. W. Bassett, Assistant Chief of Bureau of Markets and Rural organization of United States Agricultural Department. C. B. Jessie, of same bureau and Prof. F. B. Bomberger of Maryland Agricultural College were present. John W. McGill, county agent, introduced the men at the meeting and interesting addresses were heard on most everything pertaining to starting and getting results. The address by C. W. Bassett was especially interesting. He owns farms in his native state of Michigan and has had a wide experience over the United States. He stated a new table market was coming in demand and was started by a farmer who was laughed at upon his first venture. The potatoes are packed in tissue paper the same as oranges, one box containing 3 pound some 2 pound. This was advertised and one big railroad in the west uses eight and a half tons a day on its dining car tables and the large hotels of New York City buy them.

The officers elected were: H. P. Miller, Grantsville, president; James Morgan, Frostburg, vice president; H. B. Avery, Barrellsville, secretary; Frank Watts, treasurer; directors for three years James A. Morgan, H. B. Avery, Robert Tennant of Vale Summit, two years, H. P. Miller, B. F. Green, of Avilton, and James Weir, Garrett County; one year Earl Michael and Charles M. Bird, Garrett County and Wesley Lohr, Frostburg.

State Central Committee Endorses Senator Zihlman

Allegany County Candidate Gets Flattering Resolutions.

FREDERICK N. ZIHLMAN.

WHEREAS: The Republican party has shown itself in the recent campaign to be a virile militant power for the cause of good government in Maryland, and although unsuccessful in its splendid efforts to elect its state ticket, it nevertheless did succeed in electing to public office throughout the state a large number of its members, men of known integrity and efficiency, than at any election since 1896, and

WHEREAS: By standing for the reforms and advanced legislation advocated by a large majority of our people, the representative of Allegany County in the state senate, Hon. Frederick N. Zihlman, has contributed largely to the splendid position of our party before the people of the State, and

WHEREAS: The Republican party of Maryland will play a most important part in the selection and election of the party's candidate for president of presidential election, and

WHEREAS: The counties of the Sixth congressional district should, and will contribute largely to the success of the party in this state, by the selection of a candidate for the high office of representative in the halls of congress, who is known to be in full sympathy with the policies of the party, and who has demonstrated his strength with the people of the state

Therefore, be it resolved: That we, the Republican state central committee of Allegany County, in meeting assembled, do hereby unanimously declare in favor of the nomination and election to congress of Honorable Frederick N. Zihlman, as representative from the Sixth Congressional district, and we desire to call to the attention of the Republicans of the five counties thereof, the splendid showing made by him as the congressional standard bearer of the party in 1914, when he reduced the plurality of Mr. Lewis of 6,287 in 1912, to 742 in 1914.

We further call attention to his services to the people of the state during his term as a member of the state senate in behalf of all humane and forward looking measures considered by that body, that he stood for and advocated all measures of our state and its interests, and opposed those measures which would in any degree lower the standard of citizenship or made for inefficiency in public service. We further call the attention of the Republicans of the Sixth congressional district to his untiring efforts in behalf of the party and its candidates and we hereby testify to the splendid assistance and support he gave to the members of this committee, making possible the magnificent victory in Allegany County on November 2nd, due largely to his splendid leadership.

We further pledge ourselves to give our unqualified support to the Honorable Frederick N. Zihlman, as one who will appear to all classes of the Republican party throughout the district, and whose record and services will bring him and his party a deserved victory in the coming congressional election, and we call upon the voters of said district to rally to his support, and make him their standard bearer in 1916, believing thereby the best interests of the party will be served, and its senatorial and national ticket strengthened in this section of Maryland, and that by his selection a most faithful and efficient servant will be rewarded.

GEO. G. YOUNG, Chairman — GEO. E. JORDAN, Sec. Treas.
J. GRANT HAYDEN — CLAUDE A. ROBERTSON
H. HILARD LANCASTER — GEORGE W. TAYLOR
JAMES B. MCALPINE — N. W. RUSSLER

Republican State Central Committee for Allegany County.

Advertisement published by authority of P. G. Cowden, political agent.

Married.

WALKER—FRIEND—At Piedmont, W. Va., on Friday last, by the Rev. George O. Ritter, pastor of the Lutheran church at Westernport, Ethel Harvey Walker of Hubbard, West. Va., and Lensey E. Friend, of Accident, Garrett county, were joined in the bonds of wedlock.

Pasture For Rent.

Pasture for cattle may be obtained by applying to or writing the undersigned, who has charge of the Perine lands near Oakland. Good range and excellent grass: well watered.

Adv. STEPHEN CASTEEL.

LOST—A nickel plated automobile crank. Finder please leave at this office.

Grand Republican

Mass Meeting

AT OAKLAND

IN THE INTEREST OF

Leo Weinberg

"The Silver Tongued Orator of Western Maryland"

FOR CONGRESS

TO BE HELD IT THE

Maryland Theatre

Monday Evening 24

8 o'clock, APRIL 8 o'clock

Music by a Brass Band with Street Parade before the Meeting

LADIES ARE INVITED

Ex-Judge Ferdinand Williams, a leading member of the Cumberland Bar, asked the Court at Frederick to set aside a verdict because of Mr. Weinberg's eloquence. You can't afford to miss hearing a speaker whose eloquence obtained a $6500 verdict.

—Political advertisement authorized by Leo Weinberg, the candidate.

HAVE YOU HEARD THE

Aeolian Vocalion?

Come in and let us play your favorite selection on this wonderful new Phonograph

A full line of Columbia Records

Aeolian Vocalions sold on monthly payments.

STURGISS' PHARMACY

Representing Morrison Music Co., Cumberland.

If You Own A Horse

The money value of one good horse will pay for telephone service for five years or more. Yet that valuable animal may be taken sick and die in a short time.

The telephone gets the veterinary for you quickly. Can't you see that any owner of stock cannot afford to be without it?

Ask our local manager.

THE CHESAPEAKE AND POTOMAC TELEPHONE COMPANY

J. BROOKE BOYLE, Local Manager

Tel. 9000 10 Union St., Cumberland

The Republican--Garrett Co.'s Paper.

NOTICE

I have given up the Ford Automobile agency, and anyone contemplating the purchase of a Ford will do well to see me before my stock ie gone or wait for the big Ford sale which will be advertised later. I have just received 16 new cars—five Roadsters and 11 Touring, to be sold in the next two weeks. This is your opportunity—not mine.

Adv. J. P. TREACY.

Any Cobwebs In Your Brain?

By MOSS.

"THE newspapers! Sir, they are the most villainous, abominable, infernal—Not that I ever read them! No; I make it a rule never to look into a newspaper!"

That's from "The Critic," one of Richard Brinsley Sheridan's satirical comedies back in the eighteenth century.

'Tis sad, but true, that a few such wonderful "critics" still exist today. Thus they rant of newspaper advertisements:

"The advertisements! Sir, they are the most villainous, abominable, infernal— Not that I ever read them! No; I make it a rule never to look at the advertisements."

Honestly, folks, isn't it too bad that the fool killer germ hasn't been invented yet?

You certainly know that this is the age of PUBLICITY.

You certainly know that our careful and successful merchants spend thousands of dollars each month in JUDICIOUS ADVERTISING.

You certainly know that it is a PART OF THEIR BUSINESS; that it PAYS THEM, PAYS US, PAYS YOU.

Surely there are no cobwebs in your brain.

Please laugh at foolish "critics" if you happen to stumble across any.

This newspaper prints only what it believes to be HONEST ADVERTISEMENTS, accepted in GOOD FAITH from TRUSTWORTHY SOURCES.

J. W. Whorton & Son

CONTRACTING PLASTERERS

Only the Best Material Used.

Best Grade of Wall Plaster on hand at all times.

CONCRETE WORK of All Kinds.

All Work Guaranteed.

OAKLAND, - MARYLAND.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

WILLIAM G. BROWN

late of Preston County, West Va., deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 6th day of October, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 6th day of April, 1916.

GILMOR S. HAMILL, Administrator, Oakland, Md.

Order Nisi.

Gilmor S. Hamill, Mortgagee, vs. William Taylor Lewis, et ux.

No. 2057 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Ordered, this 27th day of March, in the year nineteen hundred and sixteen, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in equity, that the sale made and reported in the above cause by Gilmor S. Hamill, mortgagee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 28th day of April, 1916; provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 21st day of April, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $600.00.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy, Test: E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

The man Who Makes

A STUDY OF HIS

APPEARANCE

Is the man who best appreciates the detail of the tailoring we turn out The workmanship passes without a question, the fit is naturally a matter of course, but the shape we mould into the garments give them a character that finishes them off and makes the satisfaction of the owner complete.

All this is a bid for your next tailoring order. We know we can make you the best clothes you ever wore We want you to know it. That orde s the best and only sure way to settle he question.

JAMES BROCK,

Dixon Building,

Oakland, Maryland.

Closing Out Sale of J. M. Davis & Sons.

We are now offering to our trade thousands of dollars worth of Hardware and Household goods at a reduction of 20 cents for each dollar's worth bought, in order to close out our entire stock of goods.

All goods have advanced in the market from 25 to 100 per cent. Our goods were bought bought before the advance, and at a reduction of 20 per cent. from old prices you are offered goods at less than cost at the present market prices.

If in need of anything in Hardware or Household Supplies this is a great opportnnity. Early purchasers will have the advantage of the largest and best selections, as many lines will soon be exhausted.

Yours,

J. M. DAVIS & SONS.

Advertisement.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Second National Bank

OF CUMBERLAND

In the State of Maryland, at the close of business March 7th, 1916.

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans and Discounts	$2,113,571 91	Capital Stock	$200,000 00
United States Bonds	240,000 00	Surplus, Undivided profits	356,270 76
Other Bonds, Securities Etc.	377,755 00	Circulation	197,200 00
Banking House and other Real Estate	50,794 81	Deposits	2,712,171 69
Due From Reserve Agents and other Banks	489,367 82		
Cash	184,152 91		
Redemption Fund	10,000 00		
	$3,465,642 45		$3,465,642 45

DIRECTORS:

D. ANNAN L. M. SHEPHERD ROBERT R. HENDERSON
JAMES CLARK W. BLADEN LOWNDES O. C. GEPHART
TASKER G. LOWNDES JOHN KEATING
JOHN SCHWARZENBACH

D. ANNAN, Pres't.

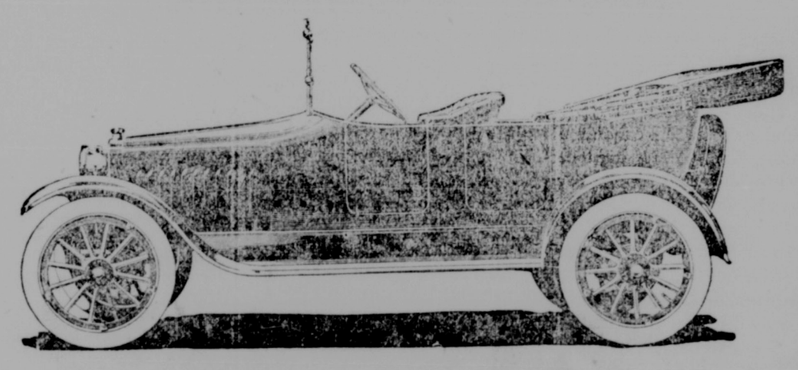
W. BLADEN LOWNDES, TASKER G. LOWDES, Vice Presidents

D. F. KUYKENDALL, Cashier.

THREE PER CENT INTEREST PAID ON SAVINGS DEPOSITS

SAXON "SIX"

big touring car for five people



Dramatic Editor of New York Journal Praises his Saxon "Six."

I have been driving a Saxon "Six" for the past month, and wish to offer an unsolicited recommendation.

To begin with, I own a seven-passenger car and have owned $5,000 cars for the past seven years. It is a remarkable fact, but I have never had any desire to operate a car myself, and have always employed a chauffeur. When I bought the Saxon "Six" I took one lesson, and then went forth in the "City of Gasoline" as my own chauffeur.

The car itself is a masterpiece in mechanism. It answers every call of the foot and hand. In short, it runs itself.

When you are stopped by traffic, and you want to start, it is off so fast, you are compelled to hold it back. Going up a hill, is the same as coasting down one. In appearance, no car for the money can approach it. When you pass others, whether they are in autos, or are walking on the street, they look upon this six-cylinder wonder in admiration, and only pass the most pleasing remarks.

Every man that owns a big car should own a Saxon "Six," and operate it himself to and from his office. Of course, it is hard to convince some men that they could run a car, but, if they tried once, it would settle the question.

I consider the Saxon "Six" a wonderful purchase for the money.

C. F. ZITTEL, Dramatic Editor, New York Journal.

For a Demonstration of this wonderful car, call at Liller's Barber shop or Kelly's Livery, Oakland.

LILLER & KELLY, Agents

OAKLAND, MD.

Examiners' Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, appointed by the County Commissioners of Garrett County to view the lands through which the following road is to be located. Beginning for the same at or near the Lyndale School House, at a point on the present Lyndale road and running thence through the lands of George R. Beckman, Albert J. Beckman, William Warsaw, Wm. R. Mason, Charles Ridder, Elmer Ridder and Hurley U. Miller, to intersect the Oakland and Fort Pendleton county road at or near the bridge on said road, southward of the Mason School House, a total distance of about 2¾ miles and examine whether the said new county road should be located will meet on the fifth day of May, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said new road and if so, to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

ANDREW J. LEE,
WILLIAM KITZMILLER,
ROBERT GAUER,
Examiners.

Public Auction

OF

Personal Property

The undersigned will offer at public auction at the H. K. Fulton cottage in Mountain Lake Park, Md., on

Saturday April 22, 1915,

beginning at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m., all of the following personal property:

One Hay Bailer, three stroke; 1 Bus, 1 Surrey, 1 Buggy, 1 Sleigh, Bells and Harness, 1 lot two-year old Cattle, - Cow, 1 Horse, lot Chickens, 1 Combination Plow, 1 new Vulcan Plow, 1 shovel Plow, Hoes, Forks, Rakes, Shovels, Chairs, Table, Gas Heater, Churn, Crocks, Sewing Machine, Washing Machine, Tubs, Boiler, Table, and other articles.

TERMS OF SALE—Sums under $10 cash on the day of sale; sums above $10 a credit of six months to parties executing negotiable notes with good security. No goods to be removed from the premises until terms of sale are complied with.

M. S. BROWNING.

Advertisement. 6 3t

LOST—A nickel plated automobile crank. Finder please leave at this office.

Subscribe for The Republican.

THE REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME 41. OAKLAND, MARYLAND THURSDAY, APRIL 27, 1916. NUMBER 9

O. H. S. NOTES.

News From The Oakland Temple Of Learning.

Miss Julia Rowan entertained the Seniors Monday evening at Hinebaugh's restaurant. The dining room was beautifully decorated with the class colors, purple and cream, and the class flower, cream rose. The use of a Victrola added to the evening's enjoyment.

Mary and Joseph Foley were absent last week.

Edward and Robert Scott, Victor Harvey, Gerald Tanner and Oliver Smouse spent the Easter holidays at their respective homes.

Miss Daisy Hanna spent the Easter holidays at her home in Westernport.

The base ball team of the O. H. S. has been chosen. The lineup will be as follows: Catcher, Donald Maffett; pitcher, Gerald Tanner; first b., Victor Harvey; second b., Felix Robinson; third b., Robert Sliger; s. s., Edward Scott; left f., Edward Kahl; center f., Joseph Foley; right f., Robert Scott.

Engine Weighs Half Million.

Evidencing the superior equipment being added to the rolling stock of the Baltimore and Ohio. Sunday a new locomotive, No. 7111, one of the powerful doubletype in use in the mountain region of the Third Division, passed through here. The engine has a listed weight of over a half million pounds or to be exact 260 tons, and was hauling 109 cars.

Last week a similar type of engine, No. 7109, went over the second division with a load of 110 cars. For several years the Baltimore and Ohio has been adding heavy engines to the third division, but the older series were of only 240 tons weight.

Appeal Session.

Owing to the fact that a number of persons were unable to appear before the Mayor and City Council at its regular appeal session held last Friday, an additional session for this purpose will be held at the Council Chamber tomorrow (Friday) evening from 7 until 9:30 o'clock.

A FIRST CLASS ENTERTAINMENT

Miss Nesbitt Will Again Appear to Delight An Oakland Audience.

On Friday evening, May 5, Miss Helen Virginia Nesbitt will give a recital at the Maryland Theatre.

A few weeks ago Miss Nesbitt gave an entertainment at the High School which thoroughly delighted her audience. Two of the readings given at the High School will be repeated May 5, by special request. Miss Nesbitt has an unusually large fund of selections, from which her programs are composed.

A Grafton paper says of Miss Nesbitt: "She covered an extensive range of subjects ranging from lightest humor to the deepest pathos and was equally good in either."

A Pittsburgh paper says: "Miss Nesbitt is a young woman of striking personality and her recitations always delight and please her hearers." Miss Nesbitt is a graduate of Byron W. King's School of Oratory, Pittsburgh, and of the schools: College of Music and Dramatic Art of Cincinnati, and American Academy of Dramatic Art, New York.

The following local talent will assist in the program: Mrs. J. Gordon Mealy, Misses Eleanor Hinebaugh, Bess Hinebaugh, Louise Hagans, Mr. Felix Robinson and the Orchestra.

Tickets will be on sale at Gonder's Pharmacy on Saturday.

B. & O. to Widen Bridge.

Messrs Kefauver and McLaran, contractors for the work to widen the B. & O. bridge at Bloomington, have about completed all the preliminaries to an extensive piece of work for that community during this summer and fall. The railroad track for the hauling of materials to the site of improvements has been completed and is in operation. Huge timbers for the cribbing of the river are being placed on the ground. Suitable buildings for the accommodation of the employees have been completed and are now occupied by seventy-five or a hundred men.

J. M. DAVIS & SONS DISPOSE OF THEIR STOCK

Was Sold In Bulk To Mr. Charles N. McIntire, of Thomas, W. Va.

With the selling of their stock of goods in bulk on Tuesday of this week the old and well known firm of Messrs. J. M. Davis & Sons, the senior member of which has been continuously engaged in business in Oakland for more than sixty years, passed out of existence and the new owner of the business, Mr. Charles N. McIntire, of Thomas, West Va., an experienced hardware dealer, has taken charge and will become one of Oakland's permanent residents.

As above stated Mr. John M. Davis, the senior member of the retiring firm has been identified with the business life of Oakland for more than half a century, first associating himself with the late James R. Bishop and later forming a co-partnership with the late S. L. Townshend, which continued for many years. Some thirty-two years ago the firm of J. M. Davis & Son was established and a hardware store opened in the old Republican building on Liberty street. Later the goods were removed to the present store building, which was greatly enlarged and in which the business grew and was firmly established through the efforts and ability of the individual members of the concern. Several years ago Mr. John W. Davis, youngest son of Mr. John M. Davis was taken into the firm and the name was changed to J. M. Davis & Sons. But on account of advancing years coupled with infirmities due thereto and the expressed wish of the head of the concern that matters be closed up, it was determined three weeks ago to offer the stock for sale as a whole or at retail.

Seeing the possibilities and the opening afforded by the retirement from business of the well known house, Mr. McIntire made an investigation and after coming to Oakland and looking the ground over one day last week, he returned to Oakland Monday and on Tuesday closed the deal and is now engaged in making an inventory of the stock of goods and fixtures preparatory to reopening the store which was closed immediately after the agreement was reached.

Mr. McIntire has been successfully engaged in business at Thomas for a number of years and is well known by many Garrett countains, especially those who reside in the southern section of the county and whose business often took them to Thomas. He will conduct the business personally and is an affable gentleman who will make an effort to treat everyone with that courtesy due them.

Mr. John W. Davis will follow agricultural pursuits for the present. All have the best wishes of the Republican for success.

All persons are hereby warned not to trespass upon my property adjoining the town of Deer Park for the purpose of hunting or fishing. All such will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

CHARLES A. ASHBY.

Advertisement 6 3t

CUMBERLAND KNIGHTS IN OAKLAND

Will Attend First Service at Church of Former Cumberland Pastor.

Members of the Cumberland Council, Knights of Columbus, to the number of about eighty, will come to Oakland on Sunday afternoon next, leaving here at about one o'clock, in automobiles, and dressed in full fourth degree uniform, to take part in the first vesper service to be held in St. Peter's Catholic Church of which Rev. James E. Connell, a former Cumberlander, is pastor. This will be the first vesper service ever held in the church, and for the occasion the Knights of Columbus picked choir, under the direction of William D. Paisley, will have charge of the music.

THE DEATH RECORD.

MRS. EMILINE HOGUE.

Died, at the home of her son, Mr. J. L. Hogue, at Akron, Ohio, on Wednesday, April 19th, 1916, at the advanced age of 74 years, from paralysis and other ailments, Mrs. Emiline Hogue, relict of the late J. L. Hogue, Sr., a former resident of near Deer Park, this county.

The remains of Mrs. Hogue were brought to Deer Park on last Friday and were interred beside those of her former husband, after services conducted by Rev. Jones of the Loch Lynn Baptist church, of which church the deceased had been a life-long member.

Mrs. Hogue is survived by six sons and five daughters, many of whom reside in this county. She was the mother of Mr. Lee Hogue, of near Oakland.

EDMUMD F. SAVAGE.

One of the oldest residents of Midland, Allegany county, in the person of Edmund F. Savage, died in that town on Tuesday morning, at the home of his son, Mr. John Savage. The deceased was aged 80 years and was born at Selbysport, Garrett county, where he lived practically all his life, removing to Midland eight years ago. Death was due to the infirmities of old age.

He is survived by the following children: Frank Savage, of Rosemont, W. Va.; George Savage, of Frostburg; C. E. Savage, of Keyser, W. Va.; John Savage, of Midland; Mrs. Charles Beveridge, of Midland; Miss Kate Savage, of Midland; Mrs. George Wolf, of Keyser; Mrs. Alex Wilson, of Midland.

LENORA FERGUSON.

Sunday evening, April 23rd, at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Ferguson. The deceased was in her 16th year, and was the only child of the home.

Lenora was born in Mt. Lake Park, October 3rd, 1900, and with her parents and an older sister, Vera, moved to Fairmont, W. Va., about 9 years ago. Two years later the sister died and was buried in the Oakland cemetary. Lenora being the only child left in the home the fond love of the parents was lavished upon her, and every advantage for her mental and moral development that could be provided was bestowed upon her. At the time of her death she was a freshman in the Fairmont High School, and was loved and appreciated by both teachers and students. She was peculiarly gifted in music, of which she was passionately fond. She was a student of both piano and violin and was a very beautiful performer on both of these instruments, and in addition to the instruction received from one of the best local musicians she was carrying a correspondence course with the Sherwood School of Music. She was of a quiet, lovable disposition and was mature in thought beyond her years. She had for years been a member of the First Presbyterian Sunday school of Fairmont, and was to have been received into the communion of that church on Easter Sunday, the day of her death. Her last illness was of but eleven days' duration, and the whole community was shocked when it was known that she had passed to her Heavenly home. All that skillful physicians and loving hands could do was done for her, but all in vain. Many were the expressions of personal loss because of her death, while the floral tributes presented by friends were numerous and beautiful. Services were conducted in the home in Fairmont Monday evening by Rev. Stoetzer of the Presbyterian church, and Rev. Goodwin of the First M. E. church. On Tuesday morning the remains were brought to Oakland, accompanied by the stricken parents and a number of the friends of the family, where interment was made. Rev. J. B. Workman, pastor of Diamond St. M. E. Church, Fairmont, came with the family and conducted the service at the grave, he having officiated at the funeral of the older sister while yet pastor of St. Paul's church in Oakland. A large company of the friends and relatives of the family met the funeral party at the Oakland depot and were present at the interment.

Mr. and Mrs. Ferguson have the profound sympathy of their many friends here as well as in Fairmont.

For Rent or Sale—I offer for rent or sale the house and lot on Water street, known as the "Malette House," containing eight rooms; good large garden; reasonable terms. Apply to G. S. Hamill, Oakland, Md.

Advertisement 7-tf

Full line of paint brushes always in stock at Hamill's. Adv. 7-3t

Asserts Speicher Is Strong Man In The Contest.

To the Editor of The Republican:

The political story published in the Evening Times last evening, while no marked as a political advertisement by any one of the candidates, was evidently a Zihlman story designed to create the impression that he and not Mr. Speicher was the strong man in the contest. While all other candidates are summarily disposed of in a paragraph, the writer devotes nearly a whole column in the story to prove that Speicher is out of the running. The story from its very argument proves that Mr. Speicher is Mr. Zihlman's chief opponent in Allegany county. The man on the street, the man with his ear to the ground, the politicial situation at once recognized man with only casual interest in the fact that Mr. Zihlman's opponent here is Mr. Speicher. The fight in Allegany county is between Speicher and Zihlman. This is again a fight between the "wets" and the "drys," the drys are with Speicher to a man, the wets are scattered among Blair, Zihlman and Weinberg. Not much is heard here of Mr. Kauffman. Mr. Speicher will get the dry votes and with the wet votes divided, the writer of yesterday's story surely has his dates mixed when he fails to note that the fight here is actually between these two candidates. The man who overlooks the rapid growth and centralizing of the dry sentiment in the Sixth district surely must be wandering in the dark. It is the great question. The counties will go dry in the November election and many of the voters, already enough to nominate Mr. Speicher, will rally to him on May 1.

VOTER.

(Published by authority of the candidate.

SOME time ago a Cumberland paper came out with the announcement that Mr. John J. Stump, of Cumberland, had been appointed political agent in Allegany county for Mr. Gist Blair. Mr. Stump is the leading whiskey dealer in the Queen City and as such naturally opposes dry legislation, hence he is against Senator Speicher. Occupying the position in business circles that he does it is natural to presume that Mr. Stump will throw his influence in favor of a wet candidate, and being the political agent of a candidate opposing Senator Speicher he will just as naturally endeavor to carry Allegany county for his favorite.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

Dixon & Co. will give the following Premiums to

Cash Customers

A $2.50 Rocker with $40.00 in Register Checks
A $2.50 Brussels Rug " " "
A $2.50 piece Aluminum Ware " "
A $4.50 Oriental Rug $75.00 " "

With $5.00 in Cash Register Checks and 99c. in Cash will give a 7-piece set of Granite Ware.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

C. H. BROWNING

Deer Park's Best Store

See my Bargains in

Oxfords and Shoes

before you buy spring footwear.

I am prepared to handle all kinds of Country Produce. Try me once then you will KNOW that I pay the highest prices.

P. S. Buy your Sugar from me, 8c, lb., Cash or Trade.

Offutt's

We now have the following in stock:

Brick
Cement
Roofing
Fertilizer

"Double Eagle," "Old Stand By," "Acid" and the "Raw Rock" or "Floats."

Grass Seed

WANTED—Can handle all of your produce at Highest Market Prices.

P. S. We are in the market for 5 cars of

HAY

OFFUTTS'

Official Ballot For Primary Election.

Oakland, Md., April 17th, 1916.

In compliance with the provisions of Article 33 of the Code of Public General Laws of Maryland, title "Elections," as amended by the Acts of 1898, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1904, 1906, 1908, 1910, 1912 and 1914, we do hereby certify that the following are the names of the candidates of the Republican party whose certificates have been filed with us and for whom the Republican voters of Garrett County may vote at the Primary Election to be held on Monday, the 1st day of May, 1916.

FACSIMILE OF REPUBLICAN BALLOT—COLOR PINK

FOR NOMINATION FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR FROM THE STATE OF MARYLAND

VOTE FOR ONE

JOSEPH IRWIN FRANCE CECIL COUNTY	
PHILLIPS LEE GOLDSBOROUGH DORCHESTER COUNTY	

FOR NOMINATION FOR CONGRESSMAN IN THE SIXTY FIFTH CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES FROM THE SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND

VOTE FOR ONE

GIST BLAIR MONTGOMERY COUNTY	
GEORGE L. KAUFMAN FREDERICK COUNTY	
HARVEY J. SPEICHER GARRETT COUNTY	
LEO WEINBERG FREDERICK COUNTY	
FREDERICK N. ZIHLMAN ALLEGANY COUNTY	

FOR DELEGATES TO THE STATE CONVENTION

VOTE FOR FOUR

CHARLES A. ASHBY	
ABEL DEWITT	
ERNEST RAY JONES	
ARTHUR LAWTON	
SIMON MYERS	
JAMES C. PEDDICORD	
JULIUS C. RENNINGER	
JOHN SHARTZER	

Published by order of the Board of Supervisors of Elections of Garrett County, Md.

D. E. BOLDEN, President.
GEORGE D. BROWNING,
J. M. STANTON,
Board of Supervisors of Elections of Garrett County, Maryland.

BENJ. H. SINCELL, Clerk.

Official Ballot for Primary Election

Oakland. Md., April 17, 1916.

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FACSIMILE OF DEMOCRATIC BALLOT—COLOR WHITE.

FOR NOMINATION FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR FROM THE STATE OF MARYLAND

VOTE FOR ONE FOR FIRST CHOICE
VOTE FOR ONE FOR SECOND CHOICE

	First Choice	Second Choice
WILLIAM CABELL BRUCE BALTIMORE CITY		
BLAIR LEE MONTGOMERY COUNTY		
DAVID J. LEWIS ALLEGANY COUNTY		

FOR NOMINATION FOR CONGRESSMAN IN THE SIXTY FIFTH CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES FROM THE SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND

VOTE FOR ONE

HENRY DORSEY ETCHISON FREDERICK COUNTY	
GEORGE STERN ALLEGANY COUNTY	

Published by order of the Board of Supervisors of Elections of Garrett County, Md.

D. E. BOLDEN, President.
GEORGE D. BROWNING,
J. M. STANTON,
Board of Supervisors of Elections of Garrett County, Md.

BENJ. H. SINCELL, Clerk.

KITZMILLER

Mr, John Marvel, who has been teaching school as principal in Grafton since last September, came home on last Monday suffering with typhoid fever.

Miss Esther Marvel, bookkeeper for No. 3 Fork Coal Co., at Chaffee, was the guest of her sister, Mrs. Wright Davis, at Luke over Sunday.

Miss Ivia Murry, who has accepted a position in a department store at Woran, Ohio, left for that place las week.

Mrs. Edward Hamill was in Piedmont shopping one day last week.

Mrs. John Rollings was a visitor at Bloomington one day last week.

Mr. Harshbarger has secured employment at Luke and is moving his family to that place.

Mr. Emert Pyles who has been working at Austin, W. Va., has returned home.

Mr. William Price, coporal in Co. D. 16th Inft., who has been in New Mexico since the uprising, has written to his mother that he is enjoying good health, but that they had been shorton rations and tobacco.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Presbyterian church will hold a bazaar and supper in H. L. Price store room, three nights beginning April 30, May 1-2. All are invited to attend.

Mrs. Hallie Paugh made a flying trip to Oakland one day last week.

The funeral of Mrs. Emma Junkins, wife of Mr. Okie Junkins, was held in the First M. E. church on Monday of last week. Interment was made in the Davis cemetery near Swanton.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

Amusements.

The modern dance is opposed to the nature of the church, and hence it is antagonistic to the principles of church membership. The church is a body called out from the world; to be separate from it. There must be a difference between the church and the world and this distinction between Christians and non Christians, the dance tends to obliterate. We are to be a peculiar—(i. e. purchased) people zealous of good works.

The spirit of conformity to the world is wrong and produces indifference. When mingling in the world's amusements wherein are we different from the enemies of God?

Our influence is in a wrong direction. What effect shall our example have on the non Christians who are always present. Will it increase their estimation of the reality of religion and of our consistency with our profession. Or can we approach them on the subject of personal religion and ask them to give themselves to Christ and His service. Could you go from your closest communion with God to engage in the dance, without experiencing compunctions of conscience or can you ask God's blessing on the dance? If not then you may rersonably doubt its innocency. However much you may love it you are obliged to abstain for your own spiritual growth and for the sake of others who, by your example, may be led astray. Paul's rule of eating meat is applicable to this. If our performance of an act, in itself sinful gives offence to a brother, it becomes sinful so far as we are concerned. That is, if it leads weaker souls to neglect their duty to God, you should be willing to give it up.

There is one argument that should settle the matter so far as professing Christians are concerned and that is, the church condemns it. Believers profess to have consecrated themselves to Christ and His service.

Would you be willing that death ho uld seize you in the dance hall, or that the Master should find you in the mazes of the dance, when He comes? Do the scenes of the dance satisfy the longings of your soul? Can you glorify the Master by it?

If it is proper for church members, then there can be no harm in the officers and ministers indulging too. Wouldn't it be a spectacle to see the preacher and officers with their wives, and the Missionary society whirling in the dance! The universal verdict would be he isn't fit to preach, nor they to rule in the house of God. Close up the church and in blazing characters write over the church door, that terrible word. "Ichabod"—"the glory is departed." You would naturally be shocked at such a spectacle. Then I ask are you too, not in danger of dishonoring the name of your Master and bringing reproach on his cause when you join with the world in advocating its favorite amusement. Would you be willing to go from the dance to the judgment seat of Christ?

Any practice in which you cannot ask God's protection must be wrong. When you come home from the ball in the "wee small hours" would you be willing to give thanks for the pleasure you have had? If not it must be of doubtful propriety to say the least.

It tends to destroy your influence for good. You may think you can in this way win you companions to Christ, by relaxing this high ideal of your religion, and making it more genial, but as a matter of fact you become confirmed to their ways. Did you ever know of a convicted soul sending for a dancing church member to show them the way of life? Or was there ever a dying person who sent for such a one, to pray with and point them to Jesus? Thousands of godly persons will testify that the practice works injury to the unconverted and increases the danger of their being lost.

It checks the influence of revivals and sinks awakened souls into the mire of indifference. It leads to dissipation and levity of manners, which unfit the mind for contemplation of religious topics. Read Rom. 12:2 and Col. 3:17, 2. 3.

Should we not strive to live as Christ did when on earth? Does it make its votaries more upright? Does it make better Christians? Did it ever convert a sinner from the error of his ways? We do not claim this. It is only an amusement. Then why leave perfectly legitimate ones to tamper with the dangerous ones.

It wasts time, interrupts useful study; leads to the indulgence of vanity and tends to dissipation. It is conforming to the world; hinders or destroys Christians influences; diverts the mind from serious thought: excites passion and is a training school for vice, and as one said "blunt the moral sensibility and represses forudent judgment and is voluptuous and demoralizing."

Not a shaft has been directed specially at the round dances, because delicacy, decency and modesty lift up their voices in condemnation of and denounce them as lascivious, disgraceful and infamous.

Anxious for a Bible proof we find it says. "There's a time to dance." If there's a time for it, it must be the proper thing. Would you be willing to use it in the same way as they did in Bible times? Then you must dance at church, or to express your religious joy. Gentlemen must dance by themselves. Likewise the ladies.—No fun in that! But someone says. Show me a precept in the Bible that I oppose.

It does not say in so many words "thou shall not dance," but do you not know that a slavish adherence to the letter of the Bible is not keeping it? If we demand a precipt for every duty, and refuse ofedience except when it is enjoined, then we make the scriptures a servant and put the law of God in subjection to us. We are to obey it in spirit. The Bible is a compact of principles.

Precepts are as examples under principles and by these, we will be judged. By the manner in which we have conformed to these, in the Spirit of Christ, will our work be tried of what sort it is. In Bible times it was a religious act, practiced exclusively on joyful occasions, as a rule it was performed by maidens only and in open air, in highways or groves. No instance of promiscuous dancing are recorded in the Bible either as an act of worship or amusement, except that of vain fellows devoid of shame or of irreligious families as mentioned in Job. However the end was by no means what would be desired now. It was distinction.

(To be continued.)

JOANNES.

Dr. George C. Melody, recently of Washington, D. C., has opened an office in Oakland for practice as a veterinary surgeon. He is a graduate of the United States College of Veterinary Surgeons at Washington and comes to Oakland highly recommended as a successful practitioner. Dr. Melody will maintain his office at the Kelly livery barn on Liberty street. Calls at night answered from the Browning House.
Adv. 8-2t

WE PAY CASH FOR THE FOLLOWING: Live chickens, 12 cents per pound; live turkeys, 20 cents per pound; Veal calves, hog dressed, 9½ cents per pound; dressed Hogs, 10 cents per pound. Call on or phone, WM. L. CASTEEL, L. W. HOPKINS, Oakland, Md. Adv. 3tf*

Phillips Lee Goldsborough

REQUESTS THE SUPPORT OF

ALL REPUBLICANS

AS THEIR CANDIDATE FOR

UNITED STATES SENATOR

At the primaries to be held Monday, May 1, 1916.

Mr. Goldsborough is the candidate who is best qualified by ability and experience and by the fact that he is known to be the man who will represent all the people of his state and will effectively support their every interest. He is the man to whom all will be proud to point as Maryland's representative in the highest Legislative body in the world.

See what the four corners and the middle of the state say about him.

WESTERN MARYLAND.

Col. W. Bladen Lowndes, son of former Governor Lowndes.

"What I am most concerned about is that we shall name for Senator, a man in whom the people have confidence. He must be a known quantity and a known quality. He must be known by the real test of public life. He must be conspicuous for his ability as a statesman and needs be of recognized personal power as a thinker and speaker. Such a man is Phillips Lee Goldsborough and I am not convinced that there is now available any other man in the state whom we can elect."

Benjamin Armstrong Richmond, Cumberland.

"I believe that the results in the general election depend upon the wisdom of the Republicans in nominating Phillips Lee Goldsborough for Senator. I do not think there is another man in the state who can be elected to that office on the Republican ticket and I do not think there is a Democrat in the state who can defeat him."

SOUTHERN MARYLAND.

Senator John E. Mudd, of Charles county.

"Phillips Lee Goldsborough is the ablest man within the Republican ranks in Maryland. The record he achieved as chief executive of the state is one of which Republicans can feel justly proud. I feel confident he will receive the support of the Independents. He is the man of the hour in the coming Senatorial primary."

Thomas Parran, of Calvert county.

"The public record of Phillips Lee Goldsborough is the best asset of our party and one that appeals to all classes of voters. It will elect him the next United States Senator. I cannot believe that the voters of Maryland will repudiate at the coming primary, the splendid administration that has just been given us by Governor Goldsborough."

NORTHERN MARYLAND.

Senator Richard S. Snader, of Carroll county.

"Mr. Goldsborough is an individual possessed of executive ability high above the average of public men in governmental affairs. As governor he demonstrated he exercises his abilities with an eye solely to the building up of the state. I feel sure we can put Carroll county in the Goldsborough column in the primary."

Clarence Oldfield, of Howard county.

"After careful thought and frequent interviews with Republicans in Howard county, I arrived at the positive conclusion that Phillips Lee Goldsborough is the best qualified candidate for the Republican nomination for United States Senator."

EASTERN SHORE.

Senator Henry M. McCullough, of Cecil county.

"No Marylander has a record of accomplishments that can surpass that of Phillips Lee Goldsborough, who, unaided by fortune, has won success in his political career, entirely through his well directed efforts to serve the people of his state and country."

Wilbur F. Turner, of Wicomico county.

"Mr. Goldsborough is the strongest man in the Republican ranks. His administration demonstrated he knows the wants of the people and is able to secure for them what they need. This applies particularly to the counties and I am for him."

BALTIMORE CITY.

Col. Edward C. Carrington.

"Former Governor Goldsborough has been twice elected by the people of Maryland to high office in a state-wide vote. As between Mr. Goldsborough and his opponent, I would feel that I was guilty of bad citizenship if I did not vote for Mr. Goldsborough."

Dr. Howard A. Kelly, noted surgeon and sturdy Democrat.

"Mr. Goldsborough was the model governor of Maryland and we have never had a better one. His appointments in Baltimore City,—Magistrates, Police Commissioners and members of the Liquor License Board, gave us, without exception, the best officials we ever had in these positions."

John B. Ramsay, vice-pres., Merchants-Mechanis Nat'l Bank.

"Upon the success of Mr. Goldsborough in the Primary, depends the success of the Republican party in the general election."

(Published By authority of C. Wilbur Miller, Treasurer.)

NOTICE OF Primary Election.

Notice is hereby given to the Judges and Clerks of Election and to the qualified voters of Garrett county, Maryland, that in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 741, article 33, of Code of Public General Laws of Maryland passed at the January session, 1910, and amended by the Acts of 1912, a Primary Election will be held in the several districts of said Garrett county at the usual places of holding elections and hereinafter set forth, on

Monday, May 1st, 1916,

for the purpose of balloting for—

One person to be the nominee of the Republican party for the office of United States Senator from the State of Maryland;

One person to be the nominee of the Republican party for the office of Representative in United States Congress from the Sixth Congressional District of the State of Maryland;

Four persons as delegates to the Republican State Convention to be held in the City of Baltimore;

One person to be the nominee of the Democratic party for the office of United States Senator from the State of Maryland;

One person to be the nominee of the Democratic party for the office of Representative in the United States Congress from the Sixth Congressional District of the State of Maryland;

The polls of said election will be opened in each and every Election District of said Garrett county at the usual places of holding the polls, at 8 o'clock a. m. and will be closed at the hour of 6 o'clock p. m. when the ballots shall be counted according to law.

For the information of all persons concerned the following Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed March 24, 1865, is published.

CHAPTER 161.

AN ACT prohibiting the sale of spirituous or fermented liquors in the several counties of the State on the day of Election.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That it shall not be lawful for the keeper of any hotel, tavern, store, drinking establishment, or any other place where liquors are sold, or for any persons, directly or indirectly, to sell, barter give or dispose of any spirituous or fermented liquors, ale, beer or intoxicating drinks of any kind on the day of election hereafter to be held in the several counties of the State.

SEC. 2. And be it enacted, That any person violating the provisions of the Act shall be liable to indictment by the Grand Jury of the county where the offense is committed, and shall upon conviction by a Judge of any Circuit Court of the State, be fined a sum not less than fifty dollars nor more than one hundred dollars for each and every offense —one-half the fine shall be paid the informer the other half to the County Commissioners for the use of the public roads.

For the information of voters the following extract is taken from the primary election law, the same being a portion of Section 182, of Chapter 792, of the Acts of 1914:

All persons arriving at the age of twenty-one years, after the closing of the next preceding registration, or who shall attain the age of twenty-one years before the general election for which the primary election is held, entitled to be registered as qualified voters shall be entitled to vote upon proving, under oath, to the satisfaction of a majority of the Judges of Election, their right to registration in the precinct in which they claim the right to vote, provided they shall declare their intention to vote for the candidate or candidates of the party at whose primary they tender their ballots.

No person or voter after having had his affiliation registered shall be permitted to make any change in his party affiliation unless the same shall be made at least six months prior to the day of the primary election.

And the places of election in the several Election Districts of Garrett county will be as follows:

Election District Number One—Swanton.

The Judges and Clerks of the First Election District will attend andsit for the purpose aforesaid in the Election Building in the town of Swanton.

Election District Number Two—Friendsville.

The Judges and Clerks for the Second Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Council Chamber in the town of Friendsville.

Election District Number Three—Grantsville.

The Judges and Clerks for the Third Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Council Chamber in the town of Grantsville.

Election District Number Four—Bloomington.

The Judges and Clerks for the Fourth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Postoffice Building in the town of Bloomington.

Election District Number Five—Accident.

The Judges and Clerks for the Fifth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the town of Accident.

Election District Number Six—Sang Run.

The Judges and Clerks for the Sixth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Election building in the town of Sang Run.

Election District Number Seven—Oakland.

The Judges and Clerks for the Seventh Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the office of the Board of Election Supervisors in the Court House in the town of Oakland.

Election District Number Eight—Ryan's Glade.

FIRST PRECINCT.—The Judges and Clerks for the First Precinct of the Eighth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Election Building on the Northwestern Pike.

SECOND PRECINCT.—The Judges and Clerks of the Second Precinct for the Eighth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid at Red House.

Election District Number Nine—Johnson's.

The Judges and Clerks for the Ninth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the shop of Thomas Johnson on the National Road.

Election District Number Ten—Deer Park.

The Judges and Clerks for the Tenth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Savage Building in the town of Deer Park.

Election District Number Eleven—The Elbow.

The Judges and Clerks for the Eleventh Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the residence of Joseph Warnick.

Election District Number Twelve—Bittinger.

The Judges and Clerks for the Twelfth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the old store building originally occupied by G. W. Engle in the town of Bittinger.

Election District Number Thirteen—Kitzmiller.

The Judges and Clerks for the Thirteenth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Band Hall in the town of Kitzmiller.

Election District Number Fourteen—Oakland.

The Judges and Clerks for the Fourteenth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Dr. J. Lee McComas Office Building adjoining the Commercial Hotel in the town of Oakland.

By order of the Board.

D. E. BOLDEN, Pres.
GEO. D. BROWNING,
J. M. STANTON.
Board of Supervisors of Election for Garrett county.

BENJ. H. SINCELL, Clerk.

OAKLAND TUESDAY MAY 2, 1916.

The Show That's Different

Presents More Wild Animal Acts than all other shows combined

NONE BETTER. NONE AS NEW. NONE WITH AS MANY NOVELTIES.

Special Cheap and Convenient Excursions on all Railroads.

THE BIGGEST SHOW THAT WILL VISIT YOU THIS SEASON.

Two Performances Daily, Rain or Shine.

DON'T MISS THE GRAND STREET PARADE AT 10:30 A. M.

And the BIG FREE EXHIBITIONS

At the Show Grounds immediately after the Parade

Commissioners Meeting.

Office of the County Commissioners for Garrett county, Oakland, Md., April 24th, 1916.

The Board of County Commissioners for Garrett County, Maryland, will meet in their office in the town of Oakland, on

Monday, May, 1st, 1916,

to transact routine business.

By order of the Board,
W. G. MEYERS, Clerk.

ORDER NISI.

No. 2014 Equity In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Maggie W. Thayer, vs. Ira W. Hardesty.

Ordered, this 24th day of April, in the year 1916, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in Equity, that the sale made and reported in the above cause by Fred. A. Thayer, attorney named in the mortgage, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 26th day of May, 1916; provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Garrett County, once a week for three successive weeks before the 19th day of May, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $8000.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

National Road in Maps and Pictures

The three hundred miles from Baltimore through Frederick, Hagerstown, Cumberland, Frostburg and Uniontown, is the most historic thoroughfare in the United States, and the eastern division of the National Old trails Ocean-to-Ocean route. For several years it has been studied in detail by Robert Bruce, of the staff of the American Automobile Association and the American Blue Books, who has just brought out, under the name of "The National Road," a booklet of 100 pages, covering the route from the topographic, pictorial and historical standpoints. It is the work of a close student of the subject, who has spared neither time nor pains to go beneath the physical features which, however, are brought out with special clearness and good effect to the stirring history and legend that center about the old turnpike from Baltimore and Washington across the Alleghany Mountains to the Ohio River more than any other single road in America.

Perhaps the most notable feature of the booklet is the topographic mapping, which starts with a condenced profile of the entire route, showing principal elevations and grades in miniature, followed by three diagrams on a larger scale giving the relative locations of the several mountain ranges traversing the intermediate country. These lead up to the detailed maps which are divided between the nine chapters, and show not only the local topography throughout, but the many historic landmarks and other features of interest to the touring motorist.

Each city and important town is mapped separately, to assist in quickly identifying points of local interest and to bring out with special distinctness the streets or avenues used in running through them by this route, or branching off by some important connecting road. All maps were prepared under direct supervision of the author, whose familiarity with the old highway has been gained by several trips over it, and personal examination of all existing landmarks. As a result, the "sense of locality" is imparted in an unusual degree to the careful reader; and the relation of topography to history most effectively brought out.

The descriptive text, supplemented by many well-chosen illustrations, probably reflects more research than has heretofore been given to any road subject of equal length in the United States. It is, in fact, an expert and enthusiastic interpretation of the route, likely to appeal particularly to the leisurely tourist who desires to get more out of his trip than a series of fleeting glimpses of the most conspicuous features. For the convenience of those who may plan to visit the National Capital, either to or from the West by this route, a final chapter—the "Baltimore-Washington-Frederick Triangle"—is added, with descriptive text and maps on the same plan as the Baltimore-Wheeling sections.

The fact that the National Road is now in first-class shape practically all the way from Chesapeake Bay or the Potomac River to the Ohio, and that many tourists are looking for new trips to take the place of their customary European tours, makes the publication of the book most timely. A careful reading of it is likely to convince one that American highways, especially these built along the lines of the old trails between the Atlantic seaboard and the central West or far West, deserve more careful and thorough treatment than they have received in the past. Copies at $1.00 each postpaid, can be secured from the author, Robert Bruce, Clinton, Onedia Co., N. Y., who will be glad to correspond with any motorist intending to make all or part of that trip.

FOR SALE—A yearling grade Hambletonian colt. Write or call on E. J. Petersheim R. D. 2, Oakland, Md.
Advertisement.

WANTED—At the Mt. Lake Hotel, April 1st, a girl to do general housework. Address, W. C. Dunnington, Mt. Lake Park, Md. Adv. 2-tf

For Rent or Sale—I offer for rent or sale the house and lot on Water street, known as the "Malette House," containing eight rooms; good large garden; reasonable terms. Apply to G. S. Hamill, Oakland, Md.
Advertisement 7-tf

Full line of paint brushes always in stock at Hamill's. Adv. 7-3t

The New BRISCOE Is Here

Two Great Models

A New Four $750—A New Eight $950

Beauty—Comfort—Price

The new Briscoe Four is an exceptional car. More stylish than ever, roomier and more powerful.

Ownership of the Briscoe fosters pride. While low-priced, it is first-class in construction, stylish in appearance, and makes you feel at home in the most select company.

It's here now—come and see it

The best designed car in its class

It's the best designed car in its class — most carefully made, too. Looks hundreds of dollars more than it costs. It has a 114-inch wheelbase—roomy 5-passenger body—Q. D. rims and 32-inch Ajax tires—38 h. p. motor with three-bearing crankshaft—cantilever springs and everything in the way of electrical equipment.

Unique features of the Briscoe Eight include overhead valves with cylinders and upper half of crankcase in a single casting, insuring perfect piston travel and bearing alignment. Valve tappets are quickly adjustable from top.

See this distinctive car

Ride in it. Test it in any way you wish. You will find the Briscoe offers most in the way of power, comfort and style.

The Inter-State Motor Co.
FRIENDSVILLE, MD.

THE REPUBLICAN

BENJ. H. SINCELL, EDITOR.

Entered at the Postoffice in Oakland Md., as Second-class matter.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:

The Republican is published every Thursday morning at the following rates:

One copy one year.....$1.25
One copy six months.....75
One copy three months.....40

Advertising Rates made known upon Application.

Remittances may be made by Money Order, Registered Letter or Bank Draft and addressed to
THE REPUBLICAN,
Oakland, Md.

THURSDAY, APRIL 20, 1916

IT RECENTLY became apparent why certain interests are behind Mr. Gist Blair in his race for the nomination for Congress. Who is his political agent in Allegany county?

THE whiskey interests oppose Senator Speicher because they know that he is favorable to dry legislation in county, state and nation. That is the main reason why they fight him and why certain individuals have poured money into Garrett county and are having their agents exerting themselves against him and for another candidate.

NOMINATE PHILLIPS LEE GOLDSBOROUGH.

On next Monday, May 1st, the Republicans of Maryland will nominate a candidate for the United States Senate. There are two aspirants for the nomination—former Governor Phillips Lee Goldsborough and Dr. Joseph I. France.

From the Atlantic to the Pacific Coast and from Canada to the Gulf, the feeling is prevalent that the Republicans will elect a President in November. Everything points to a Republican majority.

Maryland is one of these states. But in order to overcome the 45,000 affiliated Democratic majority in this state it is necessary that the choice of the Republicans for the United States Senate must be a known quantity. He must be a man of the people and recognized power as a statesman.

Such a man is former Governor Goldsborough. His training as State's Attorney, Comptroller and Governor, have served to place him in the foreground as the one man in the Republican party who is best fitted to represent Maryland in the highest legislative body in the world. He is a statesman of known integrity and ability, an orator of convincing powers, and the only man in the Republican ranks of Maryland who has the distinction of having been twice elected to office in a state-wide election.

INFLUENCE OF COUNTRY NEWSPAPERS.

It seems that some of the great editors of the country have just arrived at the conclusion that the influence of the country newspaper and small-town daily is something to be appreciated and developed to its full capacity. It is seldom that one or more papers, dealing with this subject, are not read at each gathering of newspaper people.

A clear understanding, with regard to the importance of the smaller newspapers, is not new but it is a development of the last two years that great editors earnestly call on the producers of country newspapers to recognize their importance and do their work accordingly.

The man who progressed from the small-town paper to control of a large daily has no difficulty in analyzing the influence of the smaller newspapers. He well remembers that a stick or two of matter, published in the first newspaper he ever worked on, created more furore, the rato of population being considered, than a world-beating story or sizzling editorial campaign on a metropolitan daily.

This is so because, in small towns, people have time to read their newspapers. They are as a rule personally acquainted with the writer of editorials and his written words are as effective as if he were holding personal conversation with all of his readers.

The editorial in the small-town is certainly much more influential than that of the larger dailies, for the reason, perhaps, that people live more as a large family and discuss with each other the topics of the day. Naturally, the "endless chain" method of spreading opinion, which is from one to another, carries an editor's assertion far beyond the scope of his circulation.

It is no more difficult to produce a powerful editorial in the columns of a small weekly than in a daily of a hundred thousand circulation. The printing process is the same. It is only a matter of considering every subject as being the highest importance. The most of the difficulty heretofore has been for proprietors of the small papers to tear themselves away from business matters and factional alliances long enough to put real thought in their writings.

"THE PEOPLE'S CANDIDATE."

Gist Blair, the multi-millionaire aspirant for Congressional honors, does not advertise himself as wanting to go to Congress as the Representative of the bone and sinew of the Sixth Congressional District, but he rathen prefers to come before the people with the catchy and pithy, though unmeaning designation, "THE PEOPLE'S CANDIDATE." But even though Mr. Blair is not such an orator, thus enabling him to stir the emotions of the populace with word pictures and far-fetched aphorisms, he is a perfect gentleman and as such commends himself. Through the agency of the photographer's art he speaks mutely and at the same time eloquently, and to the photographer alone are we ot Garrett county, who linger along through the several months of cold, blustery winter weather, facing storm and hail, wind and rain, snow and occasional sunshine, indebted for a splendid likeness of Mr. and Mrs. Gist Blair, "Capital society people at Palm Beach," which has been used as a campaign document throughout the county and district in Mr. Blair's behalf.

The quoted words are not ours, they being attached to the picture as it was published in a Washington newspaper last winter and republished in various newspapers of the Sixth District during tha past few weeks. The photograph was not not taken in the good old summer time when a large number of the common "people" were able to don palm beach suits. It is a winter picture, taken at the most famous resort in the Southland where gather all the wealth and society of the nation, there to remain until the bleak winter of the north and east gives way to balmy spring.

As eminently befitted the "candidate of the people" he was right on the job at Palm Beach. There he was a success as the representative of those who perforce were compelled to remain at home and labor for their daily bread. He was a success at all the pink teas and social gatherings of the exclusive resort patronized by the millionairs who are not required to labor, nor to provide for the needs and requirements of the morrow. But why going to an exclusive resort (where society is measured by the depth of the pocketbook) should give a candidate the right to call himself "THE PEOPLE'S CANDIDATE," is a little beyond the comprehension of the average mind, unless the people are those whose wealth measures up with that of Mr. Blair.

Garrett county, we predict, does not want a Representative in the Halls of Congress who is unidentified with the interests of the laboring man and one who has never had any experience as a member of any deliberative body, but does want a man who is thoroughly in earnest as a worker for the people and not for social prominence in the Nation's capital.

Publisher's Problems.

The following article, clipped from the Review of Reviews, one of America's leading magazines, serves to show just to what extent the publisher and printer is handicapped by the scarcity of material and its consequent abnormal advance in price, commodities in some lines having reached the prohibitive stage:

A commodity even so indirectly related to the demands of war as paper is showing the prevailing tendencies to such a degree as to seriously embarrass publishers. The higher price of paper stock and the difficulty of obtaining it at all in England was a chief factor in the discontinuance in March of the London Daily Standard, after a career of 60 years, for a considerable portion of which it was the most important organ of the middle classes in England.

In America the demand for paper has been increasing for six months as a result of general business activity. At the same time supplies used in its manufacture have been decreased by war conditions, and in some cases have almost been shut off. The supply of old rags is affected by the cutting off of the importations from the European peasantry and by the demand for the making of guncotton.

The chemicals used in bleaching the paper produced by sulphuric acid and alumn are being devoured by the manufacture of explosives; while importations of jute have fallen off until the price is doubled. An embargo has been placed on shipments of wood pulp from Norway and Sweden, while Canada stopped access to her vast resources some time ago.

The newspaper is, indeed, hard hit by war conditions in many other items of supplies besides the basic one of paper stock. Practically everything going into the manufacture of a daily newspaper has increased in price from 10 to 50 per cent.; inks, owing to the advance in the cost of acids and dyes, from 300 to 3,000 per cent.; type, owing to the higher cost of lead, tin and antimony; even the rubber and felt blankets wrapped around the press rollers add their quota to the increased "cost of living" of the newspaper.

FOR SALE—A yearling grade Hambletonian colt. Write or call on E. J. Petersheim R. D. 2, Oakland, Md.
Advertisement.

WANTED—At the Mt. Lake Hotel, April 1st, a girl to do general housework. Address, W. C. Dunnington, Mt. Lake Park, Md. Adv. 2-tf

SECOND CHOICE VOTE IN COMING PRIMARY

Care Will Be Taken in Tabulating Primary Ballot of Democratic Senatorial Contest.

Some misunderstanding exists regarding the operation of the second-choice provisions of the Direct Primary between Mr. Bruce, Senator Lee and Congressman Lewis. Is the first time these provisions have been operative. Hitherto there has been no more than two candidates at a time for state offices and necessarily one of them receive a majority. Taere being three candidates in the present primary, it may be that no one will receive a majority on the first choice.

The second choice provision is that governing the action of the state convention in making nominations. It provides that if there be more than two candidates, and if none of them has a majority all of the delegates in the convention, the candidates having the fewest delegates shall be dropped and his delegates shall cast their votes for one or more of the other candidates according as they were instructed by their people.

In case there are three candidates, the dropping of one candidate and the distribution of his votes among the other two necessarily would cause one of them to receive a majority and to be declared the nominee. But in case there are more than three candidates and the dropping of the one having the fewest delegates and the distribution of his delegates among the others failed to give any of the others a majority, in that case, the candidate who started with the fewest delegates would be dropped and his delegates distributde as above, and so on, until one of the candidates had a majority of the delegates.

There are other second choice provisions which are not so well known. One is that a candidate, in order to win the delegation must receive a majority of the votes cast in the primary in that unit. In case none of the candidates receive a majority, the man receiving the fewest votes is dropped and his votes distributed among the remaning candidates, according to the second-choice preference of those who voted for him.

This requirement necessitates much intricate work for the election officials. And the supervisors of elections are somewhat disturbed by fear that many officials will not understand clearly what must be done.

Instead of writing the names of the candidates, one under the other, and then tallying the votes cast for each straight across the tally sheet as usual the officials must have a separate group for each candidate. Thus, they must have one tally group for Mr. Bruce, in which he will appear as the alternative second choices. Then, when a ballot is opened and found to be marked for Bruce for first choice and Lee for second, Mr. Bruce will be given one taliy in the first choice section and Mr. Lee one in the second choice section of the Bruce group; if the ballot is for Bruce first choice and Lewis for second, Mr. Bruce will be given one tally in the first choice section and Mr. Lewis one in the second-choice section of the Bruce group.

There must be a separate Lee tally group, in which Mr. Bruce and Mr. Lewis will appear as the alternative second choices; and a separate Lewis tally group, in which Mr. Bruce and Mr. Lee will appear as the alternative second choices. It then will be possible, in the event that no candidate has a majority, to ascertain the second choices of those who voted for the low man, and to distribute his votes accordingly.

In case no man has a majority and it is necessary to drop the low man and distribute his votes according to their second-choice preferences, the candidate then receiving a majority becomes the first choice and wins the delegation. Next, it becomes necessary to ascertain the second choice for the delegation, to meet the possibility that the units first choice will be the low man in the convention and will be dropped, thus requiring his delegates to have a second choice candidate in the convention.

We Carry in Stock

TIRES
TUBES
SHOCK ABSORBERS
CHAINS
SPARK PLUGS
DRY CELLS
TIRETITE

And many other accessories at the
OAKLAND GARAGE,
Prest-O-Lite Exchange,
Oakland, Maryland.

Pasture For Rent.

Pasture for cattle may be obtained by applying to or writing the undersigned, who has charge of the Perine lands near Oakland. Good range and excellent grass: well watered.

Adv. STEPHEN CASTEEL.

Notice of Appointment of Substitute Officers of Election.

Notice is hereby given that the following Election Officials have been appointed by the Board of Supervisors of Election of Garrett county, Md., and are published by its authority and in accordance with the law:

Charles F. White, Democratic, whose postoffice address is Oakland, appointed Officer of Registration for Election District No. 14, vice Wade H. Hinebaugh, resigned.

William S. Harvey, Democratic, whose postoffice address is Kitzmiller, appointed Officer of Registration, for Election District No. 13, vice William H. Turner, resigned.

W. R. Pendergast, Democratic, whose postoffice address is Ottaway, appointed Clerk of Election for Election District No. 14, vice Charles F. White, resigned.

D. E BOLDEN, President,
Board of Supervisors of Elections.

SHERIFF'S SALE

OF VALUABLE

Undivided interests in the Coal Rights, situated a few miles Northwest of Lonaconing, but in Garrett County, in the farm of the late William P. Hansel.

Under and by virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of the Circuit Court for Garrett County, in the case of George Glessman against David P. Hansel and Jane V. Hansel his wife, No. 5 Judicials, June term, 1916, Circuit Court for Garrett County, the undersigned Sheriff did seize and take in execution and levy upon by an actual entry upon the premises hereinafter described, all of the interest of the said David P. Hansel, the same said to be a one-sixth interest, which he obtained from the will of his father, in and to the minerals, mineral rights and mining rights, in the coal underlying Military Lots Nos. 3767, 3768 and a tract of land called "The Reserve" which embraces the aforesaid lots, and makes 127½ acres, under which the coal lies; and also all of the coal rights and mining rights and minerals, underlying Military Lot No. 3769, containing fifty acres, which the said Hansel obtained under the will of his father William P. Hansel, excepting the coal interest under the cemetery lot on said land, and the coal under the three acres where the barn and house stand.

And I hereby give notice that on

SATURDAY,

the 20th day of May, 1916,

in front of the Court House in the town of Oakland, at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M. of said day, I will offer the aforesaid mineral rights or interest and mining rights, to the highest bidder at public auction to satisfy the aforesaid execution and the costs.

This coal interest is valuable from the fact that it is near the George's Creek region and the time will soon come when it will be in the market with the big vein in the George's Creek Valley, as it lays near there.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on the day of sale.

ALBERT ASHBY,
Sheriff of Garrett County.

Sheriff's Sale

OF A VALUABLE

Lot of Ground

Near Finzell, Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of the Circuit Court for Garrett County, the same being No. 2 Judicials, June Term, 1916, Circuit Court for Garrett County, in the case of William H. Werner against Frank Werner, I, Albert Ashby, Sheriff, hereby give public notice, that I will on

Tuesday, May 16, 1916

in front of the Court House, in the town of Oakland, Md., at the hour of two o'clock P. M. of said day offer at public auction to the highest bidder the following lot of ground situated near Finzell, in Garrett County, Maryland, as follows:

All that piece or parcel of ground lying in Garrett county containing the quantity of one quarter of an acre more or less, said parcel of ground being part of Military Lot No. 514, and being the lot of ground conveyed and further described by metes and bounds in a deed from Clarence McKenzie and Luella McKenzie, his wife, to Frank Werner dated June 18, 1912, and duly recored in Liber E. Z. T., No. 64, folio 110, one of the Land Records of said Garrett county.

Said lot is improved by a good dwelling house, yard, garden and out buildings.

Terms of sale:—Cash on day of sale.

ALBERT ASHBY.
Sheriff of Garrett County.

The Early Bird

is not always the one that catches the biggest worm, nor will the biggest and loudest talk fetch the most customers. That is why we are not making a clamor over our Easter goods. We want the buyers to sing their praises as they will surely do when they see what maximum values we offer for a minimum price.

SHAFFER & BUSH,
Oakland, Md.

STRICTLY THE PEOPLE'S CANDIDATE

No Party "Leaders" to Control Him, Nor Combination of Politicians to Boss Him, Nor "Financiers" to Own Sen. Speicher. "Whiskey Ring" After Him

Not until Senator Harvey J. Speicher, of Garrett County, entered the lists for the Republican Congressional nomination in the Sixth District, did the "Wets," or Liquor Interests of the State, "get a move on" in this campaign. Senator Speicher's announcement was the signal for a hurry "call to arms" and the signal was given to "Go after him," and they have been "after him" with an aggressiveness and determination which indicates that they do not want him of all others to receive this nomination. Up to that time the inactivity of the Saloon Interests indicated that they were perfectly satisfied with the other gentleman who aspired to represent the Sixth District in the Congress of the United States. But Senator Speicher's record during the two successive terms and for four successive sessions of the Maryland Senate, in working and voting for a "Dry Maryland," was more than the "Liquor Machine" could stand. They were not able to control him in the Senate of Maryland, and they know they cannot control him in the Congress of the United States if elected. And so they are leaving nothing undone which money or trickery, misrepresentation and chicanery can accomplish to make certain his defeat in the Republican Primary next Monday. Is it not significant, Mr. Voter, that no other candidate has attracted or seemed to merit the vigorous opposition of this oligarchy, except Senator Speiche? Is there not a reason?

It has been said that the "Dry" element will not stand together and will refuse to support anyone who has supported them. Well, Senator Speicher is now putting this proposition to the test, and he is willing to let the "Drys" demonstrate the truth or falsity of this accusation; he is willing to give those citizens who favor a "Dry Maryland" to prove whether or not their friends make sacrifices for them in vain—whether they are most in need of assistance because of their having fought the "Whiskey Ring."

There is another feature in this contest for the Republican Congressional nomination which ought to appeal to the people who do the voting. There are candidates in this contest, who, everybody knows, cannot themselves afford to spend the money that has been and is being spent in various ways and for various purposes in this campaign. The question, therefore, presents itself, "Who are putting up this money—and why?"

Certain politicians and political "leaders" are vigorously pushing the candidacy of a particular candidate in this campaign and this or that faction of the party is found more or less energetically supporting other aspirants, and the perfectly natural query is, "Why?"

In some portions of the District—in one or two counties at least—even the prospective appointments which the next Congress will have to take in the event of the election of a Republican President, are being parcelled out, and it is a fact that in some instances a "slate" has been partially prepared and the names of some of the postmasters in the large towns have actually been announced—confidently, of course. Why is all this going on?

It can be said for Senator Speicher in addition to his being a consistent and conscientious advocate for a "Dry Maryland," that he is in no combination or alliances that bind him to any man or set of men for any purpose whatever. Senator Speicher is able to pay his own campaign expenses and every dollar he spends is his own. He is free of all politicians and political bargains and deals and he has made no promises to anyone either in the matter or distribution of the offices which he may have at his disposal if nominated and elected, nor as to what his attitude will be on any question affecting the people's interests, and in these matters he will be guided entirely by the wishes and requirements of his constituents as he shall find them at the proper time; and on the matter of a "Dry Maryland," he stands where he always stood—against the "Wets."

This matter of whom the people shall nominate for Congress in the Republican Primary is entirely in the hands of the people themselves, and they can make their own choice. If they want a candidate who is "no man's man," and who is entirely free to do his duty and serve only the interests of his country and the people of his district, they will vote for and nominate Senator Harvey J. Speicher, of Garrrtt County, in the Primary on Monday next, May 1st.

(Political Advertisement. Published by Authority of B. H. Wiley, Political Agent.)

IT'S A BEAUTY!

WHAT?

The Enger

Twin-Six

Now on exhibition at Oakland Garage, Oakland, Md.

See the Enger before purchasing elsewhere. A wonderful Car at a wonderful price.

FOUNDED 1888

THE GARRETT NATIONAL BANK

FOUNDED 1888

OF OAKLAND, MARYLAND

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, - - $115,000.00

THE highly developed facilities of this Bank resulting from 28 years of careful and conservative management, together with prompt, efficient and courteous service, are offered as the basis for a satisfactory business connection.

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G. A. FRALEY, Cashier. H. L. JONES, Assistant Cashier.

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ESTABLISHED 1884. BOTH PHONES

WE have just received a car load of the justly celebrated RU-BER-OID ROOFING as well as a car load of FERTILIZER, and we offer both at such low prices that you cannot afford to not see us before you buy.

Make our store your store when in town, and remember that our low prices and liberal terms it possible for you to get your supplies from us in an easy, convenient way.

Plows, Harrows, Rollers, Grain Drills, Cultivators, Corn Planters, Buggies, Wagons, Farm Trucks, Roofing and Fertilizers are a few of many things you need this spring.

Remember the place—

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.
Oakland, Md.

"Naylor has it and sells it for less."

RIGHT PRICES PROMPT SERVICE

Mr. Herbert Shaffer spent Sunday at his home in Oakland.

Judge Rudisill returned from a week's visit to Washington county yesterday afternoon.

HOUSE FOR RENT—Apply to Renninger & Offutt, Attorneys, Oakland. Adv. 5-4t*

Mr. Francis Gonder, of Cumberland, spent Sunday in Oakland as the guest of friends and relatives.

The annual levy was completed on last Tuesday and it will be published in full in these columns next Thursday.

Let Hamill give you an estimate on your paint needs this year. He guarantees quality as well as low prices. Adv. 7-3t

Dr. H. M. Kemp, of Bloomington, spent Monday in Oakland when he visited his daughter, Mrs. F. E. Rathbun.

Miss Grace Bowman, of Terra Alta, was the guest on Sunday of Miss Ruth Michael at her home near Oakland.

The most complete line of inside and outside house decorations in the county. Complete line of wall paper and paints at Hamill's. Adv. 7-3t

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Naylor returned home Tuesday evening from Baltimore in which city they had spent ten days sight seeing and hearing Billy Sunday at the Tabernacle.

Dr. Fleming Howell, who was a patient in a Cumberland hospital for upwards of two weeks, has improved in health and was brought to his home in Oakland last Saturday.

EGGS FOR HATCHING—From single comb Black Minorcas, $1.50 per 15; fine stock. Townshend Naylor, Oakland, Md. Adv. 4-8t*

Mr. and Mrs. T. N. Tanner, of near Eglon, spent the latter part of last week at Morgantown and Reedsville, returning to their home Monday. They were accompanied by their son Gerald, a student in the Oakland high school.

Mrs. Peter A. Chisholm went to Baltimore this morning to enter the Presbyterian Eye and Ear Hospital for treatment. Mrs. Chisholm has been suffering for some months and the hope is entertained by her friends that she will find relief. She was accompanied to the city by Dr. Ely.

The Pythian Improvemnet Company offers the Maryland Theatre for rent. Apply to Ernest Shirer, Secretary, Oakland, Md. Adv.

Messrs W. S. Martin & Co., jewelers, have moved their stock of goods from the First National Bank building to the F. G. Hyde property on Alder street where they have increased their stock of goods and are well established to serve the public generally. The dwelling adjoining the store is also occupied by the family of Mr. W. S. Martin.

Harry Davis invites you to call and see his line of Spring and Summer Millinery. The hats tell more concerning them than words can. Adv. 8-4t

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Dr. Webster Ravenscroft, who went to Baltimore last Thursday returned to Oakland Saturday driving his new Hudson Super-Six, which he purchased some months ago. He was accompanied to and from the city by Mr. Arthur Lawton.

Mr. Milton Sincell spent several days this week at Keyser, W. Va.

Miss Douglas Sincell is on a visit to relatives and friends at Keyser, W. Va.

Mr. Jack Campbell, of Baltimore, is in Oakland this week calling upon the merchants.

New Millinery—Harry Davis has opened a fine line of Millinery. Come and see. Advertisement 8-4t

Mr. Robert White, of the Maryland Agricultural College, is home for a vacation of a week.

Mr. Joe McClain, of Cumberland, spent Tuesday in Oakland the guest of Miss Julia Rowan.

Mrs. Idie T. Hayes spent Easter at Mannington, West Va., where she was the guest of friends.

Miss Sara Hayes returned home yesterday from a ten days' visit to Baltimore and Washington.

Large Berkshire pigs, eligible to registry, for sale by J. B. MILLER, Grantsville, Md. Adv.

Mr. Fritz White, of Pittsburgh, spent Easter with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. White in Oakland.

Mr. Joe McComas, who was home for the Easter vacation, returned to St. John's College, Annapolis, Monday evening.

Messrs. James C. Peddicord and E. R. Jones were at Kitzmiller Tuesday, returning to Oakland the same afternoon.

Simmon's paints for outside and inside decoration. Full stock at Hamill's. Adv. 7-3t

Mr. B. H. Wiley is spending this week with his mother and other relatives in the vicinity of Bittinger and Grantsville.

Mr. W. A. Gonder has moved from his former home on Second street to apartments in the new Nally building on Alder street.

Miss Monroe has returned to Oakland from a visit to her home at Mannington, West Va., where she spent several days visiting relatives.

The usual notice by the county treasurer appears in another column in this issue relating to discounts to be allowed and the interest to be charged on tax bills.

Simmon's Keen Kutter Quality paints, unequalled for color and durability, on sale at Hamill's. Adv. 7-3t

Miss Anna McComas returned to school in Baltimore Monday night after having spent a few days at home with her parents, Dr. and Mrs. H. W. McComas.

Rev. VanVorhis, of Parkersburg, W. Va., arrived in Oakland yesterday morning to become the guest of Dr. and Mrs. Archibald Moore at their home on Oak street.

Mrs. Idie T. Hayes, who has occupied Mr. N. U. Bond's residence on Oak street during the past several months, is moving back to her own home in the east end of town this week.

EGGS FOR HATCHING—Rose Comb Rhode Island Reds; bred to lay. Setting of fifteen, $1.50. Miss Diana Weber, Oakland, Md. Adv.

Mr. and Mrs. James Broderick, of Oakland, spent several days last week in Midland, Md., where they were guests of Mr. Broderick's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. H. Broderick.

Mr. W. W. Ferguson, of Berryburg, West Va., was in Oakland Tuesday to attend the funeral of his niece, the late Miss Lonora Ferguson, notice of whose death appears elsewhere in this paper today.

Messrs. Harold Harned and Morris Sincell returned to their respective schools Monday, the former to Western Maryland College, Westminster, and the latter to Pennsylvania College Gettysburg.

The Flora B. Ely Mission Society will hold a food sale at Creutzburg's store on April 29th, at 2 o'clock. The ladies of the church are requested to send donations for this sale.

MARION HOVE,
Adv. Secretary of Missions.

The annual offering of St. Paul's M. E. Sunday school for benevolent purposes was received Sunday and amounted to $100.30. Owing to the disagreeable weather the attendance was not as large as usual only 148 being present, but the enthusiam was there.

Mr. A. C. Fike, who has been employed with Mr. W. H. Hinebaugh for the past five years as a harness maker, has accepted a position with a Pennsylvania manufacturer and will travel over West Virginia territory, but will continue to reside in Oakland.

Rev. J. B. Workman, now pastor of Diamond Street M. E. church at Fairmont, West Va., was here on Tuesday where he conducted the funeral services of Miss Lonora Ferguson. He returned to Fairmont Tuesday afternoon with the parents and friends of the deceased.

Mr. E. F. Shulenberger, representing the Moller Organ Company of Hagerstown, was in Oakland on Tuesday afternoon where he met a committee of the Lutheran church membership relative to the purchase of the pipe organ authorized at a recent meeting of the official body of the congregation.

Mrs. Henry Lauer was taken to Cumberland hospital last Sunday afternoon for treatment, she having been quite ill for the past three weeks. Reports from her bedside this morning are to the effect that she is somewhat better and that she will be able to return home in a short time should her condition continue to improve.

Miss Mollie Porter, of Oakland, returned home last week from Baltimore where she had spent the winter on a visit to relatives and attending the Billy Sunday meetings. As an attendant at the Sunday meetings Miss Porter was accorded the honor of becoming a member of the immense choir maintained throughout the gatherings at the tabernacle.

A number of news items and other matter which we had hoped to have appear in these columns today are crowded out owing to the demand made upon our space by political advertisements. This being the last week of the primary election campaign several of the candidates use additional space which did not come to this office until late yesterday afternoon, making it impossible for us to prepare and run a supplemental page or more.

ORDER NISI.

Abel DeWitt, next friend, etc., vs. Donald U. Maffett, et al.
No. 2031 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett county.

It is ordered by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, this 5th day of April, 1916, that the sale made and reported in the above cause by Nellie Maffett, trustee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 5th day of May, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed in Garrett County once in each of three successive weeks before the 28th day of April, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $35.00.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

ORDER NISI.

Abel Dewitt, next friend, etc., vs. Donald U. Maffett, et al.
No. 2031 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County.

Ordered, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland, this 10th day of April, 1916, in Equity that the sale made and reported in the above cause by Nellie Maffett, Trustee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 12th day of May, 1916, provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 5th day of May, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $1000.00.

E. Z. TOWER.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Supervisors' Notice of Appointment of Judge of Election

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with the General Election Laws of Maryland the following appointment has this day been made to fill a vacancy:

Charles Warnick, Democratic Judge of Election in District No. 3, having removed from the State and vacated his said office, Columbus Broadwater whose postoffice address is New Germany, Md., is hereby appointed in his place and stead.

By order of the Board of Supervisors of Election for Garrett county, Md., this 12th day of April, 1916.

BENJ. H. SINCELL, Clerk.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

JESSE McCLINTOCK

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 13th day of October 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 13th day of April, 1916.

MAGGIE A. McCLINTOCK,
Administratrix,
Accident Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

PATRICK BRODERICK

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 13th day of October, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 13th day of April, 1916.

H. S. COLEMAN,
Administrator,
Sutton, Md.

PUBLIC SALE OF Real Estate At Deer Park

Monday, May 1, 1916.

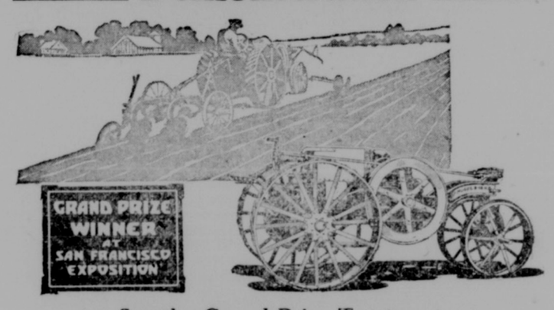
At 11 o'clock A. M. on May 1, near the Railroad Station in Deer Park, I will sell at auction to the highest bidder, the frame dwelling house and 9 1-8 acres of land on the south side of the railroad in the town of Deer Park, now owned by me. (Formerly the property of E. G. Miller.)

Terms will be announced on day of sale.

W. McCulloh Brown,
Box 42, Oakland, Md.

Farmers—See This Big Field Demonstration

WORTH SEEING EVERYBODY WELCOME



See the Grand Prize Tractor at

The Weber Farm

One Mile East of Oakland

At 10:30 A. M. and 1:30 P. M. SATURDAY, APRIL 29

THERE are many good reasons why you should see this tractor in actual operation. The **Mogul 8-16** is an all-the-year-'round, all-purpose tractor. Farmers in all sections of the country are now using it. Why? Because it does a ... of work. It does the plain harrowing, disking, and drilling ... g harvest and haying it pulls binders, mowers, a hay loader, et ... oes the hauling, drags the road, in fact, nearly everything that ... are used for.

So far, we have only told you the half. There is also the belt work—grinding feed, pumping water, threshing, filing the silo, shelling and shredding corn, etc. It does all these and more too.

Be sure to see the **Mogul 8-16,** the successful **kerosene-burning** tractor. This feature will cut your fuel bills nearly in half. Find out how simple the **Mogul 8-16** is, how easy to operate; see the big points that have already sold thousands.

The H. Weber & Sons Co.
Oakland, Md.

D. E. BOLDEN

Furniture Dealer and Funeral Director

HAVING moved my furniture business to the Manhattan Hotel store room, I am prepared to serve the public to the best of my ability, having now in stock the finest line of Furniture ever brought to the city and which I offer as cheap as it can be bought in the wholesale markets.

All I ask is a chance to name you prices.

My stock is complete in every detail, and which consists of Furnitnre, Carpets, Mattings, Window Shades, Bedding of all kinds, large and small Rugs—in fact everything with which to furnish a house from cellar to attic.

I am also prepared to give estimates on Buildings and repair work—from a pig pen to a palace.

Call and see me; I will treat you fair and square.

Thanking the public for past favors and soliciting a continuance of the same, I remain,

Yours respectfully,

D. E. BOLDEN

Reception at The Lutheran Church.

The Lutheran congregation of this city will hold a reception at their church on Friday evening, April 28, in honor of the new members received into the church on Easter morning. All members and friends of the church are invited.

Seeds.

Green Mountain, Irish Cobbler and Late Rose seed potatoes; all kinds of garden seeds in bulk. Place your order early.
Adv. 9-2t* AUSTIN BROWN & SON.

Subscribe for The Republican.

TAX SALE

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate

In Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of the power vested in the Treasurer of Garrett County, Maryland, by section 52 of Chapter 566, of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland for the year 1890, title "Garrett County," sub-title "County Treasurer," and as amended by the General Assembly of Maryland for the year 1898, Chapter 144, the undersigned Treasurer in and for Garrett County, Maryland, will, on

FRIDAY,

The 5th Day of May, 1916,

at 10 o'clock a. m. at the front door of the Court House in the town of Oakland, Garrett county, Md., offer and s el at public auction to the highest bidder all of the following pieces or parcels of land lying and being in Garrett County Md., to wit:

No. 1.—All that lot of ground, situate on Oak Street in the town of Oakland, Garrett county and in Election District No. 7 thereof, described as follows: Beginning for the same at the end of 45 feet on the 1st line of Lot No. 24 in Brant's Addition to the Town of Oakland, and running thence South 67 degrees East, 37-½ feet, North 23 degrees East, 132 feet, North 67 degrees West, 37½ feet, thence South 23 degrees West, 132 feet to the beginning, being the same property which was conveyed to the said Mary Mitchell by Ara May Cleveland and husband by deed dated Sept. 6, 1911, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 62, folio 275, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915, as is charged upon the assessment books of Garrett county in the name of the said Mary Mitchell.

No. 2—All that lot of ground knows as Lot No. 64 on McCarty's Plot of Oakland, situate in the town of Oakland, Garrett County, in Election District No. 7 thereof, fronting 70 feet on Alder Street and extending southward, 132 feet to an alley 16 feet wide, and being a part of the same property which was conveyed to Annie E. Felty by Christian Felty, and others, by deed dated 1st day of June, 1908, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 58, folio 49, etc., one of the Land Records of Garrett County, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1914, as is charged upon the assessment books of Garrett County in the name of the said Annie E. Felty.

No. 4.—Lot No. 3026 on the plat of Mountain Lake Park as recorded in Liber W. H. T., No. 6, folio 800, one of Land Records of Garrett county, and being the same property which was conveyed by Upton Cuppett to Mary M. Cuppett by by deed dated the 23rd day of January, 1909, recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 58, folio 415, one of the Land Records of Garrett county. Said lot is located in Mountain Lake Park, Election District No. 7 of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Mary M. Cuppett.

No. 5.—All that part of Military Lot No. 805, containing 4 27-40 acres, located in Election District No. 7 of Garrett county, and being a part of the same property which was conveyed by Lloyd Lowndes, Jr., Trustee, to William E. Walsh, Trustee, for Mrs. Rebecca E. Blake, by deed dated May 24, 1899, recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 36, folio 390, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name William E. Walsh, Trustee of Rebecca E. Blake.

No. 6.—Lot No. 92 as shown upon the plat of Mountain Lake Park as recorded in Liber W. H. T., No. 6, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and being the same property which was conveyed by J. G. Fallon and wife to Hice R. Laughlin by deed dated 5th day of Sept., 1903, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 46, folio 224, one of the Land Records of Garrett county. Said lot is located in H Street, Mountain Lake Park, Garrett county, in Election District No. 7, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Hice R. Laughlin.

No. 7.—Lot No. 4011 on the plat of Mountain Lake Park, located in Mountain Lake Park, Election District No. 7 of Garrett county, as recorded in Plat Record Liber E. Z. T., No. 1, folio 21, one of Records of Garrett county, and being the same property which was conveyed by Clifford H. Friend to Clyde B. Moore by deed dated September 2, 1907, recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 56, folio 97, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Clyde B. Moore.

No. 8.—Lots Nos. 1342 and 1344 on the plat of Mountain Lake Park as recorded in Plat Book Liber E. Z. T., No. 1, folio 21, one of the records of Garrett county, said lots being located in Mountain Lake Park, Election Ditsrict No. 7 of Garrett county and being the same property which was conveyed by the Mountain Lake Park Association of Garrett county to Mary I. White by deed dated August 12, 1913, recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 66, folio 94, one of the Land Records of Garrett county and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Mary I. White.

No. 9.—Military Lots No. 1240, 1241 and 1244, located in Election District No. 14 of Garrett county, and being the same property which was conveyed by James H. Knight and others to Michael S. Clohesy by deed dated December 11, 1912, recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No 64, folio 337, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1914 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Michael S. Clohesy.

No. 12—All that part of the tract of land called "The Royal Charlotte," containing 112¼ acres, located in Election District No. 8 of Garrett county and being the same property which was conveyed by Luther C. Nine and wife to Artenis W. Sines by deed dated March 13, 1912, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 62, folio 520, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of said Garrett county in the name of Artenis W. Sines.

No. 13—All the coal underlying the Thomas J. Moreland farm containing 83 acres, more or less, being part of the tract of land called "William and Mary," located in Election District No. 8, Garrett county, and being the coal underlying the same land which was conveyed by Elliott C. Harvey to Dorothy J. Moreland by deed dated the 12th day of January, 1900, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 38, folio 173, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, which property was conveyed to the said Dorothy J. Moreland to the extent of a life estate therein and after her death to the heirs of Thomas J. Moreland, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear against the coal underlying said land for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Thomas J. Moreland's heirs.

No. 14—All those portions of the tract of land called "Addition to Paradise," located in Election District No. 8 of Garrett county containing in the aggregate 9 1-10 acres, and being the same property which was conveyed by F. C. Leonard and W. K. Myers, Trustees, to Branard Coal Company by deed dated May 16, 1910, recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 61, folio 178, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1914 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Branard Coal Company.

No. 15—All that tract of land called "Merriden," composed of Military Lots Nos. 1454, 1455 and 1456, containing 150 acres, situate in Election District No. 6 of Garrett County, and being the same property which was conveyed by W. T. Sines, et. al., to L. E. Friend, R. C. McCandlish and George D. Browning by deed dated July 29, 1907, recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 56, folio 59, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915, as is charged upon the assessment books of Garrett County in the names of George D. Browning, L. E. Friend and R. C. McCandlish.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on the day of sale. The right of redemption extends to six calendar months from day of sale by paying the amount of the purchase money with interest thereon at the rate of twenty per cent. per annum and all costs. Conveyancing at cost of purchaser.

C. A. BEACHY,
Treasurer of Garrett County.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

JAMES W. BLOCHER,

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 1st day of October, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 28th day of March, 1916.

BRUCE BLOCHER,
Executor,
Frostburg, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters Testamentary on the estate of

SARAH C. FIKE

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 1st day of October, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 28th day of March, 1916.

W. W. FIKE,
Administrator,
Bayard, West Va.

For Sale or Rent.

Beautifully located property in East Oakland. Lot contains 1½ acres with 9 room house and outbuildings. Good well of water, excellent cellar and dwelling equipped for gas. Will be sold on reasonable terms or will rent at very reasonable price. Apply to
Adv. 8 3t JAS. D. HAMILL.

GRANTSVILLE.

A "Grandmother Party" was given on Monday afternoon by Mrs. Chas. B. Getty, in honor of the youngest and the oldest grandmother in the village, both of whose birthdays occur within two days of each other—Mrs. Sophia Winterberg being 78 on April 19th and the hostess, 36 on the 17th. Several of the village grandmothers were unable to be present, but there were eleven in all, and a finer looking group of ladies would be hard to find anywhere. All thoroughly enjoyed the afternoon which was spent in fancy work and conversation. The ladies included Mesdames Nancy Miller, Rebekah Johnson, Joel H. Miller, Christian Livengood, Ellen Younkin, Lewis Gingerich, Sophie Winterberg, Harriett Stanton, T. H. Bittinger, and Jonas Folk. Cake, cocoa and icecream were served by the hostess, and Easter booklets and yellow daffodills were given as souvenirs of the occasion. Mrs. Joel Miller ranks second as a young grandmother, being about 40 years of age. Several of the ladies discovered that it was the birthday of the hostess and some very handsome gifts were given her. In the evening a number of fellow church workers of the hostess came in to spend the evening, bearing pretty gifts and congratulations. Those included Mesdames C. H. Bill, H. C. Bonig, Irene Hayes, J. A. Carney, C. S. Zeller, Miss Christine Winterberg and Mrs. G. C. Keller. Souvenirs were given and refreshments served.

The Junior Bible Class of the Reformed Sunday school held a box social in the Broadwater icecream parlor on Saturday night, the purpose being to make money to pay for a new organ which has been ordered for the church. The affair was a most flattering success financially and socially, about thirty dollars being realized for the organ fund. Icecream, cake, candy, sandwiches and coffee were sold and pretty boxes containing an array of good "eats" were prepared by the girls of the class and their teacher, Miss Ruth Zeller. These boxes were sold to the highest bidder, nearly all of them bringing two dollars each. The lucky purchaser was privileged to share the lunch in company with the girl who prepared it.

William Gnagy invited the girl's "Silent Five" Club to partake of the toothsome products of his sugar camp on Thursday last, the crowd including Misses Ruth Keller, Angela Getty, Marie Connor, Blanche Miller and Winifred Bonig. The party enjoyed their afternoon immensely, their host providing sugar, taffy and "spotza" in abundance for the "sweet young things."

J. A. Beachy, of the Aaron Beachy farm two miles west of Grantsville, is dealing in horses quite extensvely. He bought five and sold seven equines last week. Three of these were sold to H. L. Griffith, of Meyersdale, and his young son, Irvin, took them over to Meyersdale last Friday morning. The lad got caught in a heavy rainstorm on the way and got drenched to the skin, but he delivered the horses safely to the purchaser.

Mrs. Ida Hershberger entertained a number of her neighbors on Wednesday afternoon by giving a rug party, some of the ladies cutting, some braiding and others hooking. The guests included Mesdames: G. C. Keller, J. O. Getty, J. U. Stanton, T. H. Bittinger, C. S. Zeller, C. B. Getty, Marion Broadwater, C. A. Bender and Ellen Younkin Misses Maggie Brown and Maggie Dorsey. Icecream, cake and coffee were served by the hostess, a most enjoyable afternoon, was spent.

Miss Blanche Miller entertained the Silent Five Club last Friday evening. Refreshments were served.

Mrs. Susan Durst and son-in-law, H. A. Baker, gave a most delightful dinner on Sunday, the occasion was Mrs. Durst's birthday. The guests were Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Getty, Dr. R. C. Bowen and Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Younkin.

Mrs. Joe A. Beachy, who has undergone an operation at the University Hospital in Baltimore is improving nicely and will soon be able to leave the hospital. It is expected that she will remain with relatives in the city to recuperate before returning nome.

BITTINGER.

Rev. Marvin preached a series of appropriate sermons from the pulpit of the Lutheran church of this village last week, closing with a special Easter service on Sunday evening well rendered and largely attended.

A belated snow storm came this way last Saturday night, a forcible and not very pleasant reminder that winter has not far retreated.

Mrs. Esther Fazenbaker was called last Saturday night to the bedside of her aged brother, Sampson Seibert, who is critically ill at the home of a relative near Grantsville.

B. H. Wiley, of Oakland, spent Easter Sunday at his home here.

While cranking his automobile one day last week Simon Brenneman was considerably injured in the right arm.

Mrs. John Deitriech is enjoying a visit from her two daughters, Mrs. Penry and Miss Elizabeth Kerling, of Uniontown, Pa.

Thomas J. Browning was in this section last week seeing his friends in the interest of Hon. Blair Lee's candidacy for a place in the United States Senate.

The weather was fine last week and farmers were busy with preparations for seeding.

MOUNTAIN LAKE PARK.

Easter services in the M. E. church Sunday were more than usually interesting and helpful. The first was at 7 o'clock, which was well attended for so early an hour. This was followed by the Sunday School numbering nearly one hundred and fifty, at which service about twenty-five children were taken into the church on probation. The regular preaching service followed and five were admitted to the church in full connection. Over two hundred dollars was pledged on benevolences and quite a sum raised for foreign missions.

Mr. and Mrs. John D. Hayden and two children were over-Sunday visitors at the parental home.

Mrs. Lee N. Hayden and her children left Tuesday evening to visit Mrs. H.'s parents and friends at Westernport for several days.

Mr. C. S. May made his family the usual Sunday visit.

Mrs. Landon, who had been with her daughter, Mrs. C. V. Harvey, for sevdays quite ill, has returned to her home much improved in health.

Our people were shocked and grieved Monday by the announcement of the death of Lonore, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Ferguson, of Fairmont, W. Va., which occurred Sunday. Lonore spent her early childhood in Mt. Lake Park and was universally beloved by all who knew her. There were expressions of sympathy on every hand for the bereaved parents.

Mr. W. C. Dunnington is getting the Mountain Lake Hotel in good shape for the summer.

The Hotel Chautauqua is being painted and improved in many ways and will be a cozy place to spend the heated term. Mr. Burrell has charge again as manager.

Prof. and Mrs. J. W. May returned to their cottage here Monday after spending the winter in the south.

The annual election for town officers for Loch Lynn will be held next Monday. The nominees are: For mayor, Bush Hardesty; for councilmen, Frank Mumaw and H. M. Weeks; clerk, Lester Yutzy; bailiff, Clyde Shipley; treasurer, U. G. Ford. The $1,500 bond issue to complete the sewerage system will also be voted on.

WILD ANIMAL EXHIBIT FEATURE OF CIRCUS

Tents Are Crowded at Each Performance.

(Gardiner, Mass. News.)

About the best circus that has amused Gardner patrons in years, Latena's wild animal circus played to a well filled tent on the Conant street grounds yesterday afternoon and evening and the big crowds were thoroughly satisfied that they had gotten their money's worth.

There were 24 big acts, all of which found favor. There were pony drills, performing lions, trained seals, elephants, acrobats, performing bears, bareback riders and wire walkers, and they all deserved the applause that was accorded them.

The elephants, as is usually the case were objects of interest and the tricks that they performed with Walter Allen and two assistants showed remarkable intelligence. Capt. Wesley's seals were a novelty.

Another act which furnished thrills was by Capt. Haggen, who put five lions through numerous stunts, not without danger. One of the beasts had a spring that carried him to the top of the cage. At Oakland May 2nd, 1916.

Advertisement.

Millinery.

I now have on display a fine line of Ladies and Children's Hats of all descriptions. Please call and see them. Also Boys Hats. My store is located in the building east of the Hicks House at Loch Lynn Heights.

MRS. B. L. HARDESTY.
Advertisement.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply to Mrs. Stuart F. Hamill, Oakland.

J. W. Whorton & Son

CONTRACTING PLASTERERS

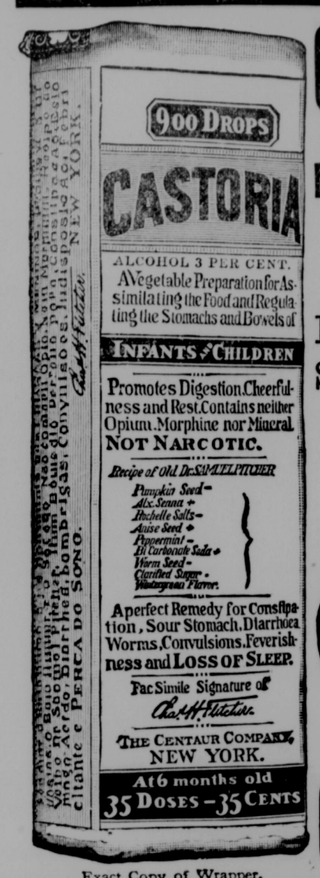
Only the Best Material Used.

Best Grade of Wall Plaster on hand at all times.

CONCRETE WORK of All Kinds.

All Work Guaranteed.

OAKLAND, - MARYLAND.



. Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

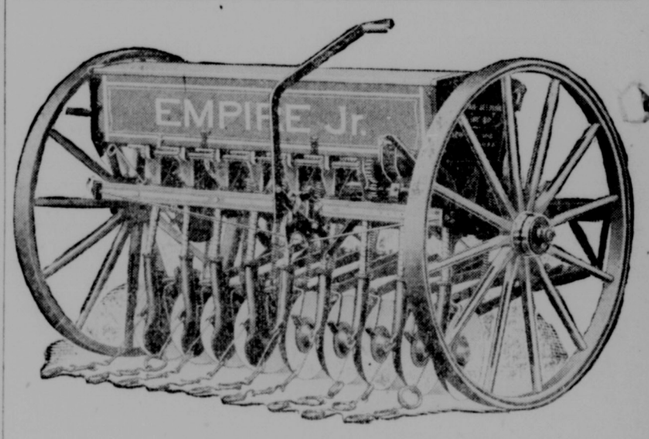
THE CITY'S BEST

MEAT MARKET

IN THE EMPIRE BUILDING.

Choice Steak, Boiling Meat, and all other kinds of meat. Highest cash price paid for Poultry and Eggs; also cash paid for Hides and Skins.

H. L. MILLER



Money Paid For An Empire, Jr., Comes Back Over and Over

ASK any experienced grain man which method of planting insures the best crop yield and he will unfailingly answer "Drilling."

Broadcasting wastes a lot of seed—it can't help it—because the seed is only half covered and is subject to losses caused by wind, water, and birds.

"Empire, Jr."—drilled seed all sprouts at the same time and ripens at the same time. Any farmer knows that this sort of a field of grain will turn out the best yield.

The **Empire, Jr.** is a well built, light draft drill that pays for itself by the grain it saves.

We have a complete line of **Empire, Jr.** seeding machines. Come in and look them over at your earliest convenience.

All kinds of Plows and Harrows, Wagons and Buggis, and in fact everything that a Farmer will need at this season of the year at the right price. Agent for Armour's Fertilizer.

See me before you buy. My prices can't be beat in Western Maryland.

Yours to please,

J. W. WALTER,

DEER PARK, MD.

The Republican---The Leading Paper.

Senator Speicher Comes Out Strong In Favor of National Prohibition.

HARVEY J. SPEICHER.

To the Republican Voters of Garrett County:

As a candidate for the nomination for Congress from the Sixth Congressional District of Maryland, I earnestly ask the support of every Republican voter.

If nominated and elected to represent the Sixth District in Congress, I pledge myself to fearlessly and honestly represent the wishes of the people of this District on every question that may claim the attention of Congress.

In 1909 I was elected State Senator from Garrett county, and as such have continuously represented my county up to the present time. My record on the liquor question in the State Senate should convince every voter that I have at all timbs favored Anti Liquor Legislation, with the result that my county is now dry.

I have at all times favored the Referendum to the people of such questions. I pledge my support to any bill touching the rights of the people to vote on the question of the abolition of liquor, and every bill tending to bring about National Prohibition.

For the past twenty years the Sixth District has been represented by Congressmen who have steadfastly favored dry legislation. In the present campaign I am the only one among the five candidates seeking this nomination who has come out boldly and championed the dry cause. It is very important, in view of the fact that Congress will be called upon at its next session and continuously thereafter until the question is settled to cope with the question of National Prohibition. It is the most important question before the people today Undoubtedly the Nation will go dry within a very few years, and it is of the utmost importance that the Sixth District of Maryland stands true to the cause.

If nominated and elected I will vote for National Prohibition or any bill looking toward the abolition of the saloon.

Trusting that you will give me your vote and support in the coming primaries, May 1st, I am,

Faithfully,

HARVEY J. SHEICHER.

(Advertisement.)

DORT

Read These Specifications Model 5 Touring Car

Five-passenger; left-hand drive; center control; four-cylinder motor cast en bloc; circulating splash lubricating system; thermo-syphon cooling system; Connecticut ignition; gravity feed gasoline system in cowl; selective type transmission; 3 speeds forward and reverse; three-quarter floating rear axle, internal expanding and external contracting brakes; demountable rims, 30 x 3½ inch tires; Goodyear all-weather tread on rear; 60-inch full cantilever springs in rear; front semi-elliptic; streamline with ample leg room in both compartments; 105-inch wheelbase; standard equipment, including electric starter, electric generator, electric lights throughout, one-man top, speedometer, gasoline gauge, electric horn and complete tool equipment.

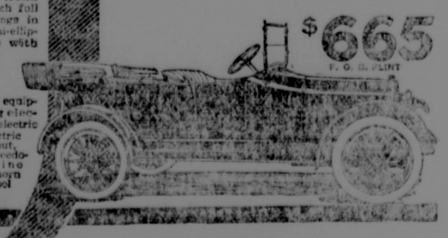
The Car of Comfort

The 1916 Dort is essentially a comfortable car—

—comfortable because there is plenty of seat and leg room both back and front.

—comfortable, too, because of its 50 inch full cantilever springs, which make it one of the easiest riding cars on the market at any price.

The price, $665.00, is within reach of most folks. See this car at our show rooms.



J. A. WHITE, Agent,

OAKLAND, MD.

GOVERNOR GOLDSBOROUGH SHOULD BE NOMINATED

Serious Reasons Given For This By A Well Known Writer.

To the Editor of The Republican.

It is too early as yet for anyone to be making extravagant claims concerning the strength of either of the candidates for the United States Senate. Those who have observed the methods of political writers in the employ of candidates have noted the fact that exaggerated estimates are usuallya symptom of a losing cause. It is only by observing the real drift of opinion that one may know beforehand what the outcome is going to be.

In estimating this drift of opinion it is but necessary to recall the situation one month ago and now. Just a few weeks ago Dr. France had started out on an energetic campaign backed by an unlimited supply of funds. The first impressions were that he was going to take the State of Maryland by storm.

The people had not yet had time to consider what would be the consequences if the Republican party in Maryland should name a candidate for the United States Senate who was not only untried in the public service, but unknown to the voters of the Senate outside of his own county. It was not at first realized that in order to elect our candidate we must choose one who can command not only the united support of his own party, but also that of a few thousand independent voters, most of whom are Democratic in their leanings. It was not at first realized that these independent voters are among the last who would consider favorably a man who had never performed any public service or whose ability to perform such service is entirely unknown, even to his most intimate friends. It was not realized at first that in order to gain the support of a majority of the voters in Maryland, they must be convinced that the man for whom they are voting is fully qualified to perform the duties of his office with credit to the party and honor to the State which elects him.

At a number of public meetings in Baltimore recently the audiences have been asked "How many present ever heard of Dr. France before he announced his candidacy for the United States Senate?" It is simply amazing, that in all of these audiences there has not so far appeared a single person who professes ever to have heard of Dr. France up to some two months ago.

The Republicans of Maryland should appreciate the fact that it is impossible in the few months between now and the November election for any candidate to start in as a wholly unknown quantity, and in that time demonstrate to the satisfaction of the people that he is a newly discovered political prodigy who has been up to this time so entirely overlooked, but who is amply able to take up the high duties of such an office as United States Senator and meet upon terms of equality the great men who are sent to the National Legislature by the other States of the Union

This would be a difficult enough task for Dr. France, even if he were a campaigner, and could go before an audience and make an address which would in itself be some argument in his favor; but Dr. France is not a campaigner. He has not so far attempted to make a speech, and the few who know him do not claim from him the ability to meet in the political arena the most ordinary antagonist.

These are some of the reasons why Dr. France's campaign has not maintained its early vim:—why the early impressions made by a liberal use of money have not been lasting, and why the doubt as to his ability and become so pronounced.

GOLDSBOROUGH'S QUALIFICATIONS.

Every impartial and experienced judge of political conditions coming at once into possession of all facts, and being informed as to the experience and the abilities of the two candidates would say at once that the candidate who had been the successful, honored, unsullied and irreproachable Chief Executive of his State is naturally the logical candidate of his Party for the higher and even more exacting duties of membership in the United States Senate. Governor Goldsborough has proved that he alone of all the Republicans of the State of Maryland possesses the confidence of the people to such an extent that he could twice be elected to office in a state-wide election. No other Republican has ever enjoyed that distinction.

It should then be remembered that Governor Goldsborough has not only not committed any error in public or private life by which to forfeit the confidence of the people in him in any respect. He has not only made no mistakes in the important matters arising during his administration, but he has accomplished definite results for which he alone is entitled to the credit.

Men who are old enough to recall the history of all of the administration at Annapalis during the past generation will admit that there has been no administration during that time open to so little criticism as that of Governor Goldsborough. Even the Democratic press of the State has failed to find serious fault with his official life. The Republican press has never before, unless under Governor Lowndes, passed through a perion of four years when it could say almost nothing in criticism of the executive department of the State.

The splendid results accomplished by Philips Lee Goldsbough as Governor are to be attributed to the fact that he approached his term of office with able experience in State affairs and in legal and business problems. It cannot be conceived that even a man of Governor Goldsborough's abilities could have become Governor of the State without his training in public life and passed through the difficulties which attended him without committing great and grievous errors.

The United States Senate is a place where ability counts for a great deal. High scholarship is an essential to every member of the Senate who would exercise any influence, but both ability and scholarship are greatly handicapped unless the possessor has also the gift of force and eloquence which will make his opinions and convictions felt in the midst of others who understand public questions from a different view point. Governor Goldsborough's power as an orator, his resourcefulness in debate, his great store-house of the facts of Governmental affairs make him the one man in Maryland, either Republican or Democrat, who can best represent the interests of all our people.

AVAILABILITY.

We often hear candidates spoken of as available. The mere desire to hold an office does not make a man available for that office. The ability to spend a lot of money to win an election does not make a man available. But availability in a candidate means that the esteem in which he is held by the people is such that they are willing to elect him to the office he wishes, and this means that he is regarded by the people as able to perform the duties of the office acceptably to all the people.

Now it is evident that a man who is unknown to the people does not possess their confidence, and is therefore not available as a candidate, whether he has the qualifications otherwise or not.

Dr. France being unknown, even though his personal qualifications may be all that are claimed, is not an available candidate for the Senate.

Right here let the reader ask himself what he knows about Dr. France? How long since he first heard of Dr. France, and how reliable is the information? Then let him ask himself if he believes that the people of Maryland, most of whom know less of Dr. France than do the people of Caroline county, can be convinced between now and November first that he is superior in any way to his opponent Governor Goldsborough. Is there a man in Maryland who does not know both Governor Goldsborough's private and public life perfectly. The consideration of these questions is the point upon which public opinion is determining which shall be the nominee of the party. It is this that is causing the very apparent gains in the Governor's favor. Just at this time when the Republican party has the opportunity to win in both the State and National Elections, it is highly important that we make no mistakes, and that we take no chances.

THE INDEPENDENT VOTER.

The independent voters of the State are those who are not so attached to any party that they will vote for its candidates merely for partisan reasons. These are the voters who insist on voting for the man, and the principles he advocates regardless of his party affiliation. All over Maryland the Independents have had one and only one serious complaint to make of the Republican party, and it has been this:—The Republican organizations do not put up for office the kind of men that appeal to their confidence. This has been partly due to the fact that some of our best men in the party refuse to stand for public office because they cannot afford to sacrifice important private business to attend to public business; and it is due also in part to the fact that the party organization, and especially those who assume to be bosses, too often want to put up men for office who will obey their commands. Last week we had an illustration of this in Baltimore when an excellent man was told that if he went to the National Convention he would have to vote as the organization "boss" ordered. The candidate rebelled and the trouble is growing more serious every day. The Republican Party must rid itself of this handicap before it can enjoy the support of the independent voter. The whole State knows that Governor Goldsborough has never recognized any man as his boss, and no one believes that he ever will. For this reason Governor Goldsborough's candidacy appeals very strongly to the Independent voter of the State.

As the voters of the party consider all the facts, and all of the prospects at the polls in November Phillips Lee Goldsborough is gaining in favor, his nomination is confidently expected and his triumphant election is predicted.

Yours very truly,

CHAS. O. CARTER.

Press Representative.

FREDERICK N. ZIHLMAN.

SENATOR FRED N. ZIHLMAN:

Below subjoined is a list of a few of the leading Republicans of Washington County who are supporting Senator Zihlman for the Republican nomination for Congress.

It was Senator Zihlman, who in 1914 with a divided party at his back, all but defeated David J. Lewis.

Why then now turn him down in 1916 when the party is united?

Would that constitute fair play?

The truth is not a single sound argument can be made against the logic of Senator Zihlman's candidacy.

We therefore unreservedly tender him our support:—

Martin Newcomer	William H. Joslyn	Emory E. Line
Norman B. Scott, Jr.	George B. McKane	T. A. Wastler
Lewis W. Zigler	William Logan	Silas Mong
Robert Rupp	Lester Tyler	William Cowden
Daniel W. Doub	Lewis Alexander	Joshua Long
Elmer E. Piper	William Menafee	Charles Hoffmaster
Harry Detrow	Charles B. Nigh	David Hess
William H. Albert	Dr. J. R. Laughlin	J. Fred Roulette
Daniel A. Thomas	N. O Shoemaker	Isaac Ankeney
Calvin I. Munson	Daniel Duble	George Prather
W. H. A. Hamilton	Edward H. Myers	George Mullen
William E. Foltz	C. Edgar Wooden, Jr.	Daniel Boyd
Edward M. Tenney	A. C. Strite	Isaac Shank
John L. Rowland	Harry K. Startman	Edward Miller
John W. Nicholas	John Ankeney	Charles Cowden
Charles R. McKane	Dr. I. M. Wertz	Harvey Bomberger
Walter Cochran	David Hager	Thomas Snavely
James M. Benchoff	Edward Weible	Harry G. Lovell
W. L. Lynn	Harry Lushbaugh	H. D. Newman
James A. Woltz	C. Titus Wentzer	C. S. Hollingsworth
Claude Shade	Walter Stouffer	Br. B. F. Carrill
George Alexander	James Snyder	R. P. Schamel
Brady McGowen	Harry Clipp	Silas Norris
Samuel Staubs	Frisby Smith	Herman Myers
William Moore	Charles Dennis	Marshall Zeigler
Horace Long	Samuel Starliper	William Schildnecht
Charles E. Magruder	Charles L. Smith	A. B. Bingham
William G. Green	Isaac Lesher	George W. Ingram
Charles W. Harman	Harry Kreps	C. C. Deener
J. Frank Ridenour	John E. Anderson	F. C. Mirley
Abram E. Albert	Samuel Young	William Gower
Peter S. Brewer	Howard E. Young	Charles Boyer
Chester R. Hays	Joseph Danner	J. W. Remsburg
J. Carver Ridenour	John Masters	Ern. E. Remburg
Scott M. Wolfinger	Robt. L. Barkdoll	William C. Geeting
Cadmus Zeigler	William Kimler	Frank Miller
Alexander Armstrong	William H. Downin	John W. Cable, Jr.
Alexander Hagner	Chas. C. Zeigler	Edward P. Bachtell
George H. Young	John C. Strite	Scott Corbett
Harry E. Baker	Dr. I. H. Wishard	Calvin Trumpower
Henry C. Shaw	Henry L. Strite	Charles B. Wagner
Fred Wolfinger	John E. Wagaman	Alvey Koogle
George B. McWolf	L. M. Harrison	Robert Kaylor
Charles C. Keedy	C. E. Miller	Simon L. Downey
Newton Lenharr	Isaac M. Bover	Samuel H. Boyer
Harrison H. Beeler	O. M. Harrison	Emory O. Flook
Joshua Thomas	Charles D. Turner	Walter Smith
Lawrence W. Gill	Harvey Sprecher	Harry E. Keedy
William O. Clopper	Joseph H. Remsburg	Dr. Z. T. Wingerd
William T. Thurston	Benjamin Baker	John R. Nigh
Isaac S. Long	Chester Baker	Lewis W. Downey
Ezekiel Moore		

(ADVERTISEMENT)

Public Auction

OF VALUABLE

Personal Property

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, having rented his farm, will offer at public sale on the premises, located between King's Run and Broadford, adjoining the Lake Male place, on

Saturday, May 6, 1916,

beginning at the hour of 1 o'clock P. M., all the following personal property, to-wit:

Eight head two year old Heifers, all to be fresh; 5 Cows, all to be fresh soon; 1 5-year old Percheron breed Mare, weighing 1400 pounds; 1 5-year old Mare, with foal, weighing 1200 pounds; 3-year old Horse, well broken; 2 two-year old Percheron Colts, lot Chickens, 1 Yearling Colt, 5 head yearling Cattle, 2 Mowing Machines in good order, 1 Rake, 1 Harrow, 1 two seated Surrey, 1 Buggy, and other things too numerous to mention.

TERMS OF SALE—Sums under $5.00 cash on the day of sale. Sums above $5.00 a credit of six months, on notes to be secured to the satisfaction of the undersigned, and bearing interest, will be allowed.

Adv. WARDEN SMITH.

FOR SALE—Twenty-five acres improved farm land located on the Oakland-Gortner State Road, two miles South of Oakland. Easy terms. Call on or write Harry Helbig, Oakland, Md. Advertisement 51 tf

Subscribe for The Republican.

CABINET FIXES U.S. U-BOAT POLICY

President Decides to Ask for Joint Session of Congress

NEW ASSURANCES DEMANDED

Most Critical Meeting Since Lusitania Was Torpedoed, Concludes to Defer Action—"Reasonable Length of Time," Is to Be Allowed.

Washington.—A Cabinet meeting transcending in international importance any that has assembled since the time the Lusitania was sunk a year ago, has just been held. The question of severing diplomatic relations with Germany was discussed in all its phases. No decision on policy, however, was reached pending the receipt of some word from Ambassador Gerard as to what the probabilities were of receiving from the Imperial Government an acknowledgment of responsibilities for the sinking of the Sussex and other vesels.

Some members of the Cabinet thought there was no need to wait, that the official report of the United States Naval Attaches of the American Embassy at Paris who examined the hull of the Sussex and fragments of the torpedo which had lodged in the ship was sufficient basis for action. The report not only declared conclusively that the vessel was torpedoed, but identified the torpedo as of German manufacture. With this evidence before, the American Government, in the opinion of some of the Cabinet secretaries, should act decisively. Others thought nothing was to be gained by precipitate action, and that the United States should wait a "reasonable length of time."

Just what will constitute a "reasonable time" is something which time itself can alone determine. But the significant and outstanding consideration of happenings was that the United States Government had made up its mind Germany was responsible for the sinking of the Sussex, and had broken its pledges in number of other instances.

Provided Germany does not give a satisfactory reply to the President's inquiries concerning the Sussex and other ships alleged to have been attacked without warning by German submarines he will go before Congress before making the next move.

HARDING G. O. P. "KEYNOTE" CHAIRMAN

Ohio Senator Unanimous Choice of Sub-Committee

Chicago.—Plans for the Republican National Convention, which will open in Chicago June 7, were completed here at a meeting of the sub-committee on arrangements, with the selection of Senator Warren G. Harding of Ohio for temporary chairman.

Other convention officers chosen were: Temporary secretary, Lafayette B. Gleason of New York; chief clerk, D. Edward Monroe of St. Louis, official reporter, George L. Hart of Roanoke, Va.; sergeant-at-arms, William F. Stone of Baltimore; chief assistant sergeant-at-arms, Edwin P. Thayer of Indianapolis; chief doorkeeper, John J. Hanson of Baltimore.

DENIES MENACING U. S.

Covets No Part of the Americas, German Chancellor Says.

Berlin, (by wireless to Sayville.)—Allusions to peace, to Europe after the war, to the United States and the aims of Germany's enemies to crush Prussianism were made in a speech in the Reichstag by the Imperial Chancellor, Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, his most comprehensive of the war.

The Chancellor protested vigorously against the report that Germany now or in the future contemplated aggression against the United States.

WORLD'S NEWS IN CONDENSED FORM

NEW YORK.—It was as an advocate of Justice Hughes' nomination in Chicago that Frederick C. Tanner was able to win a re-election as Republican State chairman, over the Barnes opposition, which tried to dislodge him in favor of Charles W. Wicks of Oneida county.

WASHINGTON.—Washington officials repudiated the argument of the Berlin Foreign Office to Ambassador Gerard that no German submarine or other warship was responsible for the attack on the Channel steamer Sussex, on which Americans were passengers, and which cost fifty lives.

NEW YORK.—Seventy-four prominent members of the Republican party, including representatives of all factions, have formally declared themselves in favor of the nomination of Elihu Root for the Presidency. Seventeen of these are delegates to the Republican national convention.

PORT JERVIS, N. Y.—Miss Alma Fuller Myers, 18 years old, of East Orange, N. J., for whom the police of New Jersey and New York had been searching, was found by Policeman Campbell at the Wickham boarding house, 17 Broome street, this c[illegible]

Maryland's Only Republican Congressman Endorses

DR. FRANCE

Hon. Sidney E. Mudd

Gives Convincing Reasons Why Republicans Should Nominate

Dr. Joseph Irwin France

[From the Baltimore Sun of April 22, 1916.]

"I had hoped to keep out of the Senatorial end of the primary contest and to devote as much time as I could spare from my Congressional duties to my own campaign. I find, however, that this is impossible, not only because of the fact that a man in public life is expected to express his views on all matters affecting the interest of his constituents, but also because I have been importuned to take a position by many of my friends, who are desirous of acting in accordance with my advice in this situation.

"I have carefully studied all the phases of the present situation and I have reached the conclusion that Dr. France is the logical candidate for the Republicans of Maryland to nominate as their candidate for the United States Senate on May 1 next.

"My decision was not reached from a comparison of the abilities of Dr. France and ex-Governor Goldsborough, as I believe that they are both men of high calibre and in every particular capable of representing our State in the United States Senate. My preference for Dr. France is chief because I want to see Maryland send a Republican to the United States Senate next November, and because I am convinced that Dr. France's candidacy will appeal more strongly to all factions and elements of the party and the masses of the people.

"In order to elect a Senator from Maryland other than a Democrat it is necessary first of all that the candidate be acceptable to and supported by the entire Republican party. By this I mean the Republicans of today and those who were Republicans before the Progressive party was born in 1912. I have talked to members of the Progressive party from every section of the State, including my own Congressional district, and I am confident that with the nomination of Dr. France he will be supported and not opposed by the Progressives. In other words, he is the candidate who can harmonize present members of our party and those who were once members and whom we hope to bring back into the fold."

(Published by authority of W. W. Woodcock, Manager.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

WILLIAM G. BROWN

late of Preston County, West Va., deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 6th day of October, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 6th day of April, 1916.

GILMOR S. HAMILL,
Administrator,
Oakland, Md.

Order Nisi.

Gilmor S. Hamill, Mortgagee, vs. William Taylor Lewis, et ux.
No. 2057 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Ordered, this 27th day of March, in the year nineteen hundred and sixteen, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in equity, that the sale made and reported in the above cause by Gilmor S. Hamill, mortgagee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 28th day of April, 1916; provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 21st day of April, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $600.00.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.
True copy, Test: E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

License Notice.

Notice is hereby given to all persons and bodies corporate, or politic, doing business in the town of Oakland, Garrett county, who are required to take out licenses for that purpose, to obtain the same on or before the

First Day of May, 1916.

For the purpose of issuing such licenses the undersigned, Clerk of the Mayor and town Council of Oakland, will be at his office in the First National Bank building from 8 o'clock a. m. until 5 o'clock p. m. on Monday, May 1st, 1916.

ARTHUR LAWTON, Clerk.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Second National Bank

OF CUMBERLAND

In the State of Maryland, at the close of business March 7th, 1916.

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans and Discounts	$2,113,571 91	Capital Stock	$200,000 00
United States Bonds	240,000 00	Surplus, Undivided profits	356,270 76
Other Bonds, Securities Etc.	377,755 00	Circulation	197,200 00
Banking House and other Real Estate	50,794 81	Deposits	2,712,171 69
Due From Reserve Agents and other Banks	489,367 82		
Cash	184,152 91		
Redemption Fund	10,000 00		
	$3,465,642 45		$3,465,642 45

DIRECTORS:

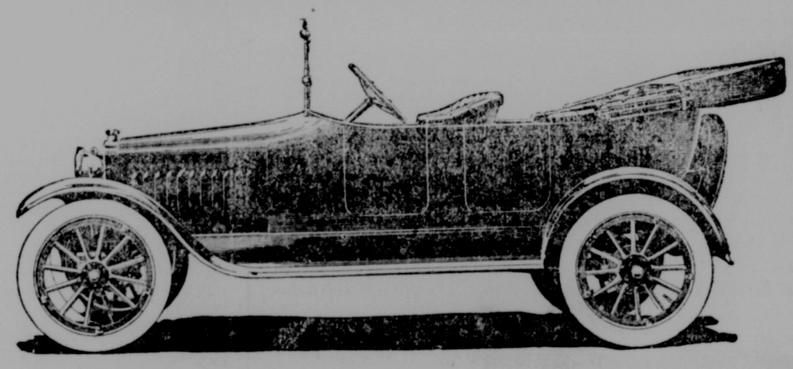
D. ANNAN L. M. SHEPHERD ROBERT R. HENDERSON
JAMES CLARK W. BLADEN LOWNDES O. C. GEPHART
TASKER G. LOWNDES JOHN KEATING
JOHN SCHWARZENBACH

D. ANNAN, Pres't.
W. BLADEN LOWNDES, TASKER G. LOWDES, Vice Presidents
D. F. KUYKENDALL, Cashier.

THREE PER CENT INTEREST PAID ON SAVINGS DEPOSITS

SAXON "SIX"

big touring car for five people



Dramatic Editor of New York Journal Praises his Saxon "Six."

I have been driving a Saxon "Six" for the past month, and wish to offer an unsolicited recommendation.

To begin with, I own a seven-passenger car and have owned $5,000 cars for the past seven years. It is a remarkable fact, but I have never had any desire to operate a car myself, and have always employed a chauffeur. When I bought the Saxon "Six" I took one lesson, and then went forth in the "City of Gasoline" as my own chauffeur.

The car itself is a masterpiece in mechanism. It answers every call of the foot and hand. In short, it runs itself.

When you are stopped by traffic, and you want to start, it is off so fast, you are compelled to hold it back. Going up a hill, is the same as coasting down one. In appearance, no car for the money can approach it. When you pass others, whether they are in autos, or are walking on the street, they look upon this six-cylinder wonder in admiration, and only pass the most pleasing remarks.

Every man that owns a big car should own a Saxon "Six," and operate it himself to and from his office. Of course, it is hard to convince some men that they could run a car, but, if they tried once, it would settle tne question.

I consider the Saxon "Six" a wonderful purchase for the money.

C. F. ZITTEL, Dramatic Editor, New York Journal.

For a Demonstration of this wonderful car, call at Liller's Barber shop or Kelly's Livery, Oakland.

LILLER & KELLY, Agents
OAKLAND, MD.

Examiners' Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, appointed by the County Commissioners of Garrett County to view the lands through which the following road is to be located. Beginning for the same at or near the Lyndale School House, at a point on the present Lyndale road and running thence through the lands of George R. Beckman, Albert J. Beckman, William Warsaw, Wm. R. Mason, Charles Ridder, Elmer Ridder and Hurley U. Miller, to intersect the Oakland and Fort Pendleton county road at or near the bridge on said road, southward of the Mason School House, a total distance of about 2⅜ miles and examine whether the said new county road should be located will meet on the fifth day of May, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said new road and if so, to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

ANDREW J. LEE,
WILLIAM KITZMILLER,
ROBERT GAUER,
Examiners.

Notice To Tax-Payers

This is to notify the Taxpayers of Garrett county that the Annual Levy for 1916 has been made and published, and to call their attention to the following abstract of Section 45, Chapter 566, Acts of 1898, relating to the discount to be allowed and the interest to be charged on all tax bills:

"All county taxes shall be due and payable on the first day of September next succeeding the date of the levy thereof, and on all county taxes paid on or before the 1st day of September a discount of 3 per cent. will be allowed and after the 1st day of January all taxes shall bear interest at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum until paid. The Treasurer shall take the discount from and charge the interest on the tax bills for county purposes regularly in the manner aforesaid and shall note the same upon the books and upon the receipt given upon the tax so paid. But the discount shall not be allowed unless the whole amount of state and county taxes are paid when same is made."

J. W. KIMMELL,
Treasurer.

Sheriff's Notice.

Notice is hereby given to all persons and bodies corporate or politic, doing business in Garrett County, and requiring State license, to obtain a license or renew the same on or before the

First day of May Next.

A failure on the part of persons now engaged in business to renew their licenses by the first of May next will subject them to a fine.

E. Z. Tower, Clerk of the Circuit Court for Garrett county, will be ready to issue licenses on or before the first day of May next at his office in the Courthouse.

ALBERT ASHBY, Sheriff.

LOST—A nickel plated automobile crank. Finder please leave at this office.

Subscribe for The Republican.

THE REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME 41. OAKLAND, MARYLAND THURSDAY, MAY 4, 1916. NUMBER 10

THE CONGRESSIONAL NOMINEE IS THANKFUL

Senator Fred. N. Zihlman Expresses His Appreciation to the Voters.

The following wire message was received at The Republican office Tuesday afternoon from State Senator Fred. N. Zihlman, the successful candidate on the Republican ticket for the Congressional nomination:

To The Republicans of Garrett county.

I desire to express my grateful thanks to the Republican voters of Garrett county for the support they gave me at the primary election on May 1st, and to assure them that I will endeavor to merit their endorsement.

Very truly,
F. N. ZIHLMAN.

Girl Fatally Burned.

Louise, aged 19, daughter of Sherman T. Wheeler, foreman of the Manheim Stone Company, near Rowlesburg, W. Va., is dead from burns sustained when her apron caught fire while she was putting an iron she had been using on the stove. She lingered two weeks. Besides her parents there survive three sisters and four brothers. She was a niece of Mrs. D. H. Loar, of Oakland.

Recital This Week.

On Friday evening of this week will be held the recital by Miss Helen Virginia Nesbitt, full announcement of which was made last week. The program begins at 8:15 o'clock.

This entertainment will be a real treat. Miss Nesbitt's dramatic interpretation is splendid. Her dialect and character reproductions are true to life. Her humorous readings alone are well worth the price of admission. The whole program will be very delightful. Don't miss it!

Tickets are on sale at Gonder's Pharmacy. Best seats 50 cents, good seats 25 cents.

SOLEMN VESPERS AT OAKLAND CHURCH SUNDAY

Cumberland K. of C. Choir Sings At First Service of Kind Held There.

The first solemn vespers in the history of St. Peter's Catholic Church, Oakland, were sung Sunday by the choir of Cumberland Council, No. 586, Knights of Columbus, William D. Paisley, director, with Miss Mabel Fisher, organist. About 75 members of Chief Justice Taney Assembly, Fourth Degree, made the trip. Fifteen automobiles left Cumberland late Sunday afternoon and were joined by five from Frostburg and Mount Savage.

The service was in charge of Rev. A. J. Conlon, assistant pastor of St. Patrick's church, Cumberland, assisted by Rev. James E. Connell, the pastor at Oakland, and Rev. J. J. Brady, pastor of SS. Philip and James' Church, Meyersdale. The sermon was delivered by Rev. Father Conlon, whose subject was "Peace." It was a noteworthy event with the church which was filled to overflowing.

The Cumberland Knights were accompanied by C. W. Darr, of Washington, worthy master, who arrived Saturday. Leaving Oakland about 9 p. m., all were home by midnight. The trip was made via Grantsville and Accident.

Forty Years Ago.

In its notes of happenings "Forty Years Ago" the Cumberland News of Monday printed the following: "The first of May was the coldest in the memory of the oldest inhabitants at Milford, Pa., where the river was covered with half an inch of ice and the thermometer registered 27 degrees above."

"Among the sureties on the $80,000 bond of Abraham Miller, tax collector for Garrett county, were Henry Miller, Samuel A. Miller, Sylvester Ryland, Aaron Beachy, Henry Mulhenberg, John Opell, Josiah Beggley and W. R. Getty."

DR. JOS. I. FRANCE WILL OPPOSE MR. DAVID J. LEWIS.

Senator Blair Lee Polled Larger Vote Than His Opponent.

Congressman David J. Lewis of Allegany county is the Democratic nominee for the United States Senate.

Dr. Joseph Irwin France is the choice of a majority of the Republican voters for the same nomination.

Both won by small margins.

In the Republican convention France has only a few delegates to spare.

Blair Lee has the popular vote over David J. Lewis. The county unit plan encompassed Senator Lee's defeat.

On the Eastern Shore Robert F. Duer won the Republican Congressional nomination over Josiah L. Kerr, and Congressman Talbott, who desired to continue in Congress, was an easy victor over Lloyd Wilkinson, his Democratic opponent in the Second Congressional district. The city wards, however, gave Mr. Wilkinson a majority.

The closest Congressional fight seems to have been between Frank O. Smith and Jackson H. Ralston in the Southern Maryland district. Both coveted an opportunity to cross swords in the general election with Sydney E. Mudd, the Republican nominee. Ralston won out by a few hundred votes.

In Western Maryland "Fred" N. Zihlman seems to have been an easy winner. He had four opponents for the Republican Congressional nomination.

In Baltimore Congressman Coady and Linthicum were unopposed for a nomination from the Democrats and the same situation applied to J. Frank Fox, Republican, in the Fourth Congressional district. Golden opposed Main for the Republican nomination in the Third district, but he was beaten.

In the Senatorial fight in Baltimore city Senator Lee carried every ward except the Eleventh, which gave a plurality to William Cabell Bruce, and the Eighteenth, which "The" Kelly swung to David J. Lewis. The Eleventh is Mr. Bruce's home ward and his neighbors rallied to his support.

None of the independent wards in Baltimore city took kindly to the candidacy of Congressman Lewis. In some of them he ran third. Where the Mahon-Preston organization is strong Lewis was pounded unmercifully, but the scanty consideration he received from it was not as inconsiderate as the attitude of the independents.

That France-Goldsborough fight was a neck-and-neck race.

Latest reports give France 68 votes, with 65 necessary to a choice and definite information lacking from Prince George's county.

However, it seems practically settled that France will be the Republican nominee for the United States Senate.

Baltimore city seems to have settled the contest in France's favor. He carried all four districts. Had the city organization failed anywhere Goldsborough would have been the winner. This was the situation as it was understood during the primary fight. The city was recognized as the Governor's hardest nut to crack because here there was arrayed against him a solid organization and an exceedingly bitter one.

Down the Sho' Ex-Senator Jackson came to the front for France in great shape, for seven of the nine counties in this section are safe in the France column. The Ex-Governor carried Dorchester, his home county, and Caroline.

In Western and Southern Maryland, however, the ex-Governor swept things like a cyclone. Washington, St. Mary's and Carroll counties are the only ones that France captured.

Arrayed against Governor Goldsborough were all the forces that the Republican organization could muster in city and State. Under these circumstances the fight he made was a remarkable one. His assistance came only from such friends as he gathered about him the time he served as Governor of Maryland.

He accomplished what he did, it is thought, largely through his abilities as a campaigner. He toured the State from Garrett to Worcester, while his friends perfected whatever organization they could and got into the fray. The showing they made was certainly a good one, but in politics victories are all that count.

O. H. S. NOTES.

News From The Oakland Temple Of Learning.

The O. H. S. Baseball Team won their first game with the Oakland Junior team, the score being 9-7, but lost the second with the Oakland Collegians, score 14-5.

The following pupils were absent from school this week: Annie Calhoun, Coyla Barnhouse, Laura Shaffer and Pauline Jones.

The following students have made not less than 80 per cent in scholarship and not less than 95 per cent in deportment for the month ending April 23: First Year: Katherine Barnhouse, Hollie Casteel, Gladys Crane, Winona Jones, Rachel Long, Gladys Martin, Elizabeth Mitchell, Fanny Newman, Laura Shaffer, Icie Schoch, Ellen Smouse, Effie Wamsley, Nellie Schmidt, Ralph Davis, Herschel Harvey, Carleton Hinebaugh, Morgan Hinebaugh, Edward Kahl, Wyant McRobie, Townshend Naylor, Ralph Robinson, Robert Scott. Second Year: Coyla Barnhouse, Grace Bush, Gertrude Carney, Helen Casteel, Reva Davis, Eva Falkenstein, Lorena Falkenstein, Frances Miller, Mary Naylor, Margaret Sincell, Victor Harvey, Robert Porter, Edward Scott. Third year: Mildred Dixon, Ada Glotfelty, Cecelia Hart, Lillian Helbig, Pauline Jones, Carrie Mann, Carol Miller, Winifred Weimer, Felix Robinson, Gerald Tanner. Fourth Year: Clara R. Bush, Mabel Falkenstein, Margaret Slabaugh, Carrie Thrasher, Mildred Thrasher, Donald Maffett. Post Graduate: Ross Isenberg.

Married.

FALKENSTEIN—DOMAN—In Cumberland yesterday afternoon, Miss Dottie Marie Doman, of Loch Lynn Heights, became the bride of Mr. Walter Ray Falkenstein, of Oakland. The couple drove to Cumberland in the groom's automobile and after securing the license at the court house they were joined in wedlock by one of the Cumberland ministers. The bride is one of Loch Lynn Heights' most charming young ladies and is an accomplished musician. The groom is the only son of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Falkenstein, of Oakland, and is a most examplary young man. They will reside at Loch Lynn Heights.

NEW BOARD OF SUPERVISORS ORGANIZED YESTERDAY

Mr. J. M. Stanton is President, and Mr. H. A. Rasche, Clerk.

The new board of Supervisors of Elections organized yesterday afternoon immediately after the vote that had been cast at Monday's primaries were canvassed by the election of Mr. J. M. Stanton, of Oakland, as president of the board.

The members of the board are Messrs. Stanton, Fred. Miller and George D. Browning, Mr. Miller being the only member who has not heretofore served, Messrs. Stanton and Browning having been members of the retiring board and were reappointed by Governor Harrington.

Other appointments made by the new board as follows:

Clerk, Mr. H. A. Rasche, editor of the Mountain Democrat, and Attorney, Mr. A. Totten Matthews, the latter succeeding Mr. F. A. Thayer.

Automobile and Motor Cycle Tubes and Casings.

VULCANIZING AND REPAIRING.

Casing Vulcanizing—Blow outs, rim cuts and surface cuts. Tube repairing—Blow outs, cuts, punctures, new valves, valve bases. All work guaranteed.

G. W. WOODS, Miller building,
Adv. 10-4t* Oakland, Md.

Presbyterian Services.

At the local Presbyterian church, Rev. Dr. J. C. Ely, pastor, on Sunday evening the topic for the discourse will be "The Millenium." All are invited to this service.

Fashion Calls Saturday, May 6, Straw Hat Day.

All new styles in Panamas, Straw sailors and Sennets.—At Sincell's.
Adv. 1t

LOST—A nickel plated automobile crank. Finder please leave at this office.

MR. RITCHARD T. BROWNING NOW FISH COMMISSIONER

He Qualified As Such Yesterday and Will Have Charge of Fish Interests.

Along with quite a large number of other civil officers who qualified as such before Clerk of the Circuit Court Tower yesterday was former Senator Richard T. Browning, of Oakland, as Fish Commissioner of the Western Shore, and as such he will have charge of the state hatchery at Druid Hill Park in Baltimore where all the trout and other fish for Western Maryland streams are propagated.

Mr. Browning has not as yet announced who his assistants will be or when he will make the selections.

FAIR SWEEP

There was a good representation from Fairsweep at the Lutheran church last Sunday night.

Mr. Phillips was visiting Miss Margaret Sollars recently.

Misses Bertie and Lucie Spiker were calling on Ethel Beckman Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Dice Spiker were visiting Mr. and Mrs. Joe Glotfelty one day last week.

Mrs. Dice Spiker and mother were calling on Mrs. Wensell recently.

How did Danny Spiker get home from the circus Tuesday evening?

Russell Beckman drove to Boyton, Pa., one day this week on business.

Mr. Hurley Blamble who is living on George Shartzer's farm near town, is spending this week at his farm near Red House, sowing oats.

A large number of our people attended the circus Tuesday.

The farmers of this vicinity have been busy sowing oats.

VIOLETS.

Full line of paint brushes always in stock at Hamill's. Adv. 7-3t

D. M. Dixon & Co.

Dixon & Co. will give the following Premiums to

Cash Customers

A $2.50 Rocker with $40.00 in Register Checks
A $2.50 Brussels Rug " " "
A $2.50 piece Aluminum Ware " "
A $4.50 Oriental Rug $75.00 " "

With $5.00 in Cash Register Checks and 99c. in Cash will give a 7-piece set of Granite Ware.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

Offutt's

We now have the following in stock:

Brick
Cement
Roofing
Fertilizer

"Double Eagle," "Old Stand By," "Acid" and the "Raw Rock" or "Floats."

Grass Seed

WANTED—Can handle all of your produce at Highest Market Prices.

P. S. We are in the market for 5 cars of

HAY

OFFUTTS'

FACE THE FACTS!

Weeks Talks About Our Navy and National Defense.

Insists on Military, Commercial, Financial and Industrial Preparedness —Let Us Be Ready for Peace as Well as War.

By JAMES B. MORROW, in the Philadelphia Record.

NONE of the Weekses, save John Wingate, the senator and the Massachusetts candidate for president—toiling as they all did among the granite humps of New Hampshire—was ever noted for his accumulation of cash or property.

They were farmers mostly, beginning with Leonard Weeks, who, emigrating from England in 1656, became the head and source of the family. Agriculture sternly practiced among the embedded rocks and irremovable bowlders taught them to be resourceful and to keep at least one eye open to opportunity.

So William D., the father of the senator, was a probate judge, and once essayed to be a manufacturer. With the co-operation of neighbors, likewise alert and adventurous, he started a factory at Lancaster for making starch from potatoes.

"I will never forget the look on my father's face," Captain Weeks told me, "when, on a Sunday morning, just as we were leaving church, we saw men and boys running down the street and heard them crying: 'The starch factory is burning.'

Captain John Wingate Weeks.

"There was no insurance—the policy had lapsed—and the fire swept away all of my father's means and put a burdensome mortgage on his farm, two and a half miles in the country."

If there had been a navy of a respectable size in 1881 John Wingate Weeks would now be a captain instead of a senator. Nor would he ever have become a banker and thus have set at naught all the traditions of the Weeks family for self-respecting, capable and wholesome poverty.

And yet a psychological analysis of inherited traits might show that the senator comes naturally by his talents for public affairs and finance. Any inquiry into his personality must include the Wingates, the chief of whom, John, an Englishman, emigrated to New Hampshire in 1660.

The Weekses and the Wingates intermarried during the second American generation—the Weekses to continue as farmers, with an excursion into potato starch, as has been recorded, but the Wingates to become soldiers, preachers and statesmen. Paine Wingate, for example, the great-grandson of John, was a member of the Continental congress and later a senator from New Hampshire.

A Big Man Physically.

John Wingate Weeks of Massachusetts, in his name, therefore, goes back to the middle of the seventeenth century. Perhaps his gifts are equally as ancient. Wherever they originated, he has made good use of them. He is well-to-do—but has less money, perhaps, than is often represented—and Republicans in Massachusetts have notified the country that he is their candidate for president. If he is nominated at Chicago in June, the main reason will have been that he is a business man. His candidacy, then, will be something entirely new in national politics.

In his measurements, Captain Weeks is a large man. A reasonable guess at his weight would be 250 pounds. His stature, perhaps, is five feet and eleven inches. His eyes are gray and his manner is frank and hearty. While at the naval academy he could slowly raise a 112-pound dumbbell above his head with his right hand. Then, kneeling with one leg, he could slowly raise an 87-pound dumbbell with his left hand. More than that he could lower his hands to his shoulders and slowly and simultaneously put both dumbbells above his head the second time.

A muscular youth, he was recommended by his principal to the "prudential committee" that called at the academy in Lancaster on a hunt of a teacher for their district school. The school was then closed—a group of the large boys having carried the teacher into the road, slammed him down in the dirt and warned him never to return.

"Lick 'em and lick 'em good," the prudential committee said. "We'll back you up if you do."

"The third day," Captain Weeks told me, "a big, red-faced boy took his pen in hand and laboriously began to write a letter—that is, he was seemingly engaged in writing a letter; as a matter of fact, he was showing off before the school and experimenting with the new teacher. When ordered to put his pen and paper away, he smiled around the room at the pupils, who had stopped working, and then resumed his writing.

"I took him by the collar, dragged him out of his seat and gave him a thorough whipping. He turned out to be the son of the chairman of the prudential committee. The old man never spoke to me again, not even when I met him in the road, he riding in a buggy and I walking to or from my work."

Went to Sea for Two Years.

On his graduation at the Annapolis Naval Academy, young John Wingate Weeks went to sea for a cruise of two years. Seventy men were in his class, but there was room for only 10 of them in the navy. The navy itself consisted of but five steam vessels classed as first-rates, and they were obsolete and unfit for active duty. George Barnett, his room-mate, went into the Marine Corps and is now a major general and the commandant of that branch of the naval service.

In Florida, where he had been engaged as a surveyor on a railroad, the late Midshipman Weeks learned that an old firm in Boston was going out of business. One of the partners had died and another had become blind. Henry Hornblower, a son of one of the partners, and the youthful Mr. Weeks bought the business, the latter borrowing the money with which to begin his career as a banker and broker.

Hornblower acted for the firm on the floor of the Boston Stock Exchange. Weeks kept the books and waited on the customers as they appeared. In a few years the two young men had offices all over New England and in cities as far away as Chicago.

"I got my first valuable business idea from a famous New England dressmaker," Captain Weeks said to the writer of this article. "A friend who came to spend the night at our house was talking to Mrs. Weeks while I was reading a newspaper. I heard her say that she had bought a dress in Boston, and that soon after, on returning to the store, the proprietor, noticing her at the counter, asked if she had purchased the dress she was wearing at his establishment. On learning that she had, he said:

"'It is not right. Please give your name and address to the clerk and we shall correct the matter at once.'

A Story of Great Value.

"'But,' the woman replied, 'the dress is satisfactory to me. Whatever is wrong is so small that it is not worth mentioning.'

"'Small to you, madam,' the man answered, 'but very large to us.'

"'And do you know,' the woman told Mrs. Weeks, the dress was not only taken back, but it was kept and I was given a new one.

"I repeated the story to my partner next day," Captain Weeks said, "and from that time onward we tried to please our customers before we thought of ourselves and the probable profits we could make in our transactions."

Three years ago, following at once his election to the upper House of Congress, Captain Weeks sold out to his partners and disposed of every interest that might be thought, even indirectly, to influence his judgment as a lawmaker. It it said in New England that he has always been very careful about his reputation as a business man. An anecdote told of him in State street, the Wall street of Boston, shows how his sensitiveness to public opinion on one occasion proved highly profitable to his partner and himself.

A run on a bank in which Captain Weeks was a director, though he owned but $900 of the stock, threatened, so he feared, to injure his standing in the community. He spent a day and a night at the bank, pledged two-thirds of all the property he and his partner owned for the payment of the bank's debts and put through a rehabilitating plan under which the shareholders were assessed 50 per cent. on their holdings. The bank was saved, but some of the frightened shareholders sold out. Their interests were promptly bought by Captain Weeks. The bank prospered and later was combin with other large banks. Boston financiers say that Mr. Hornblower and Mr. Weeks ultimately made $250,000 on the stock which they purchased when the bank seemed to be on the verge of ruin.

When I asked Captain Weeks about the matter, he said: "I was a young man and couldn't afford to be a director in a bank that had closed its doors in the faces of its depositors, many of whom were poor and most of whom were small merchants and wage-earners."

"How," I asked him, inasmuch as he was a sailor himself once, and is now on terms of intimacy with many high officers, "would you describe the navy of the United States?"

"At the outbreak of the war in Europe," he answered, "our navy, in my opinion, was the second best in existence. Authorities for whom I have great respect did not agree with me. They ranked our navy third or fourth—some giving France second place and some believing Germany was stronger at sea than ourselves.

"I still think that in ships alone we were the equal of France or Germany and much the superior of Japan. Our officers are the ablest in the world; our crews are the most intelligent. No nation gives its officers the training that is given to the naval officers of the United States. And the men in our ships, coming from farms and villages, in large part, are the finest morally and physically afloat.

"In my days, back in 1880, let us say, the sailor on shore leave who returned to his ship sober was keelhauled or otherwise punished by his mates. All that has changed. Intoxicated sailors are see no more on the streets. Our men are sober, serious and capable. When an estimate of any navy is made, the personnel, as well as the ships, must be considered.

Lessons of the War.

"So I had thought that only Great Britain excelled us as a naval power at the outbreak of the war in Europe. Since the war started, France and Germany have geen building ships. Our rank just now, therefore, is uncertain. But we have a good navy. Still, it should be much larger."

"Has the war taught the world any naval lessons?"

"A great many. It has shown the value of aeroplanes, which are now known as the eyes of the fleet. They are very necessary as scouts. Leaving the deck of a vessel, they can easily locate the enemy and are therefore of the greatest possible use in the events that occur before a battle.

"The submarines, too, it has been learned, are of a real and practical service. All officers think they have become a permanent addition to every navy, but there is some disagreement as to their general utility. Can a swarm of submarines, for instance, go to sea, meet a fleet and destroy it? The question cannot be answered until such an attempt has been made and either failed or succeeded.

"I asked one of the highest military authorities in the country if 1,000 submarines, along with mines, could safeguard the United States against invasion—the mines to blow up the enemies' ships off shore, if any happened to get that near, the submarines having met the rest and destroyed them before they came within striking distance of our coasts. The answer was that such a measure of protection, an invasion of the United States would, to say the least, be made very difficult.

"You see, no one can tell as yet what part the submarines will take in the wars of the future. Their uses are slowly being developed, and we cannot know what they are capable of doing until the French or British fleet meets the fleet of Emperor William.

"Also, it has been learned that battle cruisers are required to bring a navy up to its highest efficiency. Cruisers formerly were used as scouts and to hunt down and destroy the merchant ships of an enemy. They were swift, but not heavy enough to take a place in the battle line when large vessels were engaged.

A Sea Battle First.

"The modern cruiser, however, can fight, being covered with armor and armed with large guns. Steaming 30 knots an hour, it can run all around a fleet of dreadnaughts and pump shells into them from a long distance and from any angle. Our navy must have battle cruisers, besides a great many submarines and aeroplanes, if we mean to be in a position where we can protect ourselves against injury, insult or dishonor.

"It should be always remembered," Captain Weeks went on to say, "that our navy will be our first line of defense. American ships will meet foreign ships before there is a battle on shore. If the United States goes to war with any nation in Euorpe or Asia, the fleets of the two countries will fight for the supremacy of the sea.

"No invading army will set out for America until it is safe from attack by our fleet. So long as our fleet is afloat, no army will venture to start for our shores. Moving troops from one country to another is an immense undertaking, even when it is safe to do so.

"Four hundred large ships, for example, would be required to transport an army of 250,000 men from Japan to the United States. Armies traveling by water have to carry their own artillery, ammunition and horses. Japan would not send 400 large troop ships out into the Pacific unless its fleet had fought and defeated our fleet. Nor would Germany or any other country in Europe attempt an invasion of the United States so long as our fleet, decks cleared, was waiting in the Atlantic.

"Looking to the East, I can see no probable danger that is likely to occur in the near future, unless the allies are thoroughly beaten by Germany, or unless Germany is thoroughly beaten by the allies. If the war is practically a draw at the end, the efforts of all the great nations to maintain an equilibrium of power will keep them entirely engaged for some time with their own affairs."

"Do you believe that a trade war against this country will follow the restoration of peace in Europe?"

"Such a war will come—there is no doubt of it. Loaded with debt, burdened with taxation, Europe will turn with energy and ferocity to the works of peace. The factories in Europe, except in Belgium, Poland and Northern France, have not been shut down nor burned. Indeed, new ones have been built. Industrially, save in the places I have named, Europe is better situated now than when the war began.

Facts to Be Faced.

"Things have been speeded up in Great Britain, Germany and France. The factories, old ones and new ones, are running. They will be running after the armies at the front have been sent home, but instead of making cannon and ammunition, as at present, they will be operated night and day in the production of goods for the American markets.

All Americans, no matter whether they call themselves Democrats or Republicans, ought to have courage enough and wisdom enough to face the facts. Europe is going to take possession of the markets in this country if we do not defend ourselves. You spoke of an invasion by soldiers. There can also be an invasion with products.

I favor all kinds of defenses—military, commercial, financial and industrial. And right here at home I think some of us need defense against fallacious ideas. For instance: This is a great business nation and yet we hear many suggestions that business be taken out of the ownership and management which have developed it and made it wonderfully successful, so that it may be turned over to the national government.

Business ought to be regulated, but we have regulated the railroads so vigorously that no more are being built, although they are surely needed in some parts of the country. Furthermore, the time has come when the railroads cannot borrow money for short periods on as advantageous terms as can other lines of big business. And yet transportation, next to agriculture, is our most important industry.

Would government ownership and operation improve the situation?

No; the situation would be made worse. State ownership and operation has failed in France, Canada and other countries. Wherever it has been tried, expenses are increased and deficits created. On the Western Railroad of France the operating charges went up 50 per cent in three years. More than 5,200 new men were employed—no workers on the tracks, engineers, conductors or brakemen, but clerks, porters and other little politicians, places for whom were found around the general offices and at the stations.

Government ownership in the United States would add 1,700,000 men to our office-holding class, and congress would fix their salaries. Freight rates, I am sure, would be higher than at present and the consumers—the men who work—would be losers and not gainers.

LORENZO DOW

Claimed To Be The Most Eccentric Preacher That Ever Lived.

Perhaps the most eccentric preacher that ever lived was Lorenzo Dow. He was born at Coventry, Conn., in 1777, the year during which many battles of the Revolutionary War were fought. When he was only four years old, it is said, strong religious impressions were made upon his mind; but he later drifted into bad company. While the Rev. Hope Hull, one of the pioneer Methodist preachers, was preaching, he pointed his finger at Dow, who was a reckless youth, and said: "Sinner there is a frowning Providence above your head, and a burning hell beneath your feet, and nothing but the brittle thread of life prevents your soul from falling into endless perdition." "But," says the sinner, "what must I do?" "You must pray." "Then, if you don't pray you will be damned," and as he said this the preacher stamped his foot. Dow said: "It came like a dagger to my heart. I came near falling backwards, and caught hold of my cousin by my side for fear I would fall into hell." He had many inward struggles, was greatly distressed by terrible dreams and at one time he thought he was a reprobate and started to commit suicide; but he was finally converted and had great peace of mind.

At the age of eighteen he felt called to preach the Gospel, but at first he shrank from such a responsibility. When he later yielded to the call, and sought admission into a Methodist conference, such were his eccentric habits that the conference was slow to receive him on trial. His personal appearance was very striking. He wore long hair and a long, flowing beard, and he moved about in such a peculiar, mysterious manner that he was regarded as little less than a prophet by the multitudes who were always eager to hear him. Sometimes he would rush into the pulpit, pull out his watch, hold it up before the congregation, and cry: "Watch! that is my text." And then would follow one of his inimitable sermons on "Watchfulness." Again he would hastily ascend the pulpit and whisper in a soft tone: "Hush," and then proceed with a solemn discourse. He was often spoken of as the "Crazy preacher," and some of the preachers would not give out his appointments for him. Sometimes he would preach under a large oak tree, and at the close of the sermon say: "Twelve months from today, at such an hour, I will preach on this spot again," mount his horse, not to be seen any more till the twelve months rolled around. Then he would appear at the exact hour he had named. He did not travel long in the Methodist connection; most of his life was spent as an independent evangelist.

There are many humorous anecdotes related in connection with the labors of this remarkable man.

He once fell into a dispute with a learned physician, who was an idealist. Dow strove to convince him that there were realities in nature, but in vain. To all his arguments there came the same reply: "'Tis but the force of imagination." At length the doctor, with an air of much self importance, laid his pipe on the table and, turning toward the window, as he sat in his arm chair, said: "There, Mr. Dow," pointing to the opposite side of the street, "is a wagon, as I imagined; but it is all the force of —"

Before he could finish the sentence, Dow took up the pipe, which still held a live coal, and emptied the contents into the doctor's boot.

"What in the name of thunder are you about!" he exclaimed, instantly seizing the boot with both hands.

"O, nothing but imagination," said Dow, coolly; "nothing but imagination," and immediately departed, leaving the doctor to dress his imaginary wound. At his next appointment his subject was, "The Force of Imagination."

The story of his finding the stolen axe is very interesting. The scene of this anecdote is laid in Maryland. As he rode up to one of his appointments, a poor man met him, and with a rueful face informed him that someone had stolen his axe, and begged that he would be good enough to tell him where it was. Dow assured him that he had no power of knowing such things, but he would not be put off. He was sure the preacher could find his axe if he would. At length, moved by his entreaties, Dow promised to do the best he could for him.

"Do you suspect any one of stealing it?" asked Dow.

"Yes," replied the man; "I think I know the person, but cannot be certain."

"Will he be at the meeting?"

"Yes, sir; he is sure to be there."

Dow said no more, but, picking up a good-sized stone, took it with him into the pulpit and placed it on the desk in full view of the congregation. Of course the people were sadly puzzled to know the meaning of this. After closing his sermon, he took up the stone and said to the audience: "Someone has stolen an axe belonging to Mr. A., a poor man. The thief is here—he is before me now—and I intend, after turning round three times, to hit him on the head with this stone." He then turned slowly round twice; the third time he turned with great force, as if he intended to hurl the stone into the midst of the congregation. Instantly a man dodged his head behind the pew. "Now," said Dow, "I will expose you no further; but if you don't leave that axe tonight where you got it, I will publish you tomorrow." The axe was promptly returned. The truth of this story has been vouched for.

Some of these anecdotes have the air of incredibility and extravagance, when related of a minister of the Gospel; but when we remember the notorious eccentricities of Dow we shall be disposed to receive them as true. We shall relate some others that well accord with his character.

After a long and tiresome journey, he stopped about nightfall at the rood of a country tavern in West Virginia. He retired to his apartment, but was much disturbed by a party of revelres who sat at their cups and cards, until a late hour. Near midnight one of the company discovered that he had lost his pocketbook, and a search was proposed. The landlord here remarked that Lorenzo Dow was in the house, and that if the money had been lost there, he could certainly find it. The suggestion was adopted at once, and Dow was aroused and requested to find the rogue. As he entered the room he glanced searchingly around, but could see no signs of guilt on any face. The loser was in great trouble and begged Dow to find his money.

"Have any left the room since you lost your money?" inquired Dow.

"None—none," replied the man.

"Then, said Dow, turning to the landlady, "go and bring me your large dinner pot."

This excited no little astonisment; but as they accorded to him supernatural powers, the order was promptly obeyed, and the pot placed in the center of the room.

"Now," said Dow, "go and bring the old chicken cock from the roost."

The amazement grew apase. However, the old rooster was brought in, placed in the pot and securely covered.

"Let the doors be now fastened, and all the lights put out," said Dow. This was done.

"Now," said he, "every person in the room must rub his hand hard against the pot, and when the guilty hand touches, the cock will crow."

All then came forward and rubbed, or pretended to rub against the pot, but the cock did not crow.

"Let the candles be now lighted; there is no guilty person here. If the man ever had any money he must have left it in some other place." said Dow.

"But, stop!" he exclaimed suddenly; "let us now examine the hands." This was of course, the main point in the whole affair. It was found that one man had not rubbed against the pot. "There," said Dow, pointing to the man with clean hands; "there is the man who picked your pocket." The thief at once confessed and gave up the money.

It is reported that on one occasion a couple came to Dow's home to be married. It was a stormy day, and Dow, being too sick to leave his room, ordered the couple to come and stand under his window, while he raised the window and performed the ceremoney, using the following brief words:

"Under this window, in stormy weather,
I join this man and woman together;
Let Him alone who made the thunder
Part this man and woman asunder."

Lorenzo Dow was a remarkably gifted, but ill-balanced, man. He preached for thirty-nine years, traveling extensively in England and Ireland, and repeatedly visiting almost every portion of the United States. Sometimes he would have a chain of appointments extending 1,000 miles across the United States. With all his eccentricities and clownish ways, "his purity of purpose and benevolence of character can hardly be questioned." The following extracts from his journal will give some idea of his labors and hardships: "I have traveled 4,000 miles during the past eight months, through heat in the valleys and cold in the mountains, and frequently sleeping with a blanket on the floor where I could look up and see the stars through the bark roof, the frost nipping me so that I lost the skin of my nose, hands and feet, and from my ears it pealed three times. Sometimes traveling all night to make an appointment in time, and no stranger to hunger and thirst while traveling many miles through the drifted snow without a path to follow. Though my sorrows were great, the Lord was still precious to my soul, and supported me through. After preaching at Ebenezer's, I silently withdrew, and taking my horse, traveled all night until 10 o'clock next morning, when I spoke at Bethel, and then jumping out of a window from the pulpit, rode seventeen miles to Union, thence to Duck Creek Cross Roads, making nearly eighty miles traveled and five meetings without sleep."

He closed his erratic life at Georgetown, D. C., February 2, 1834, and was buried in the city of Washington.

The New

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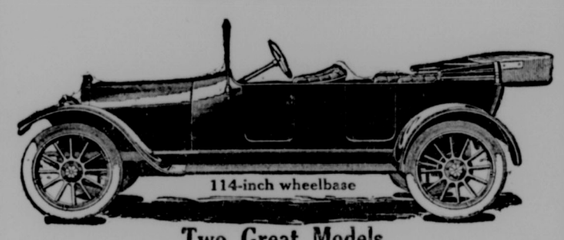
Is Here



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Ownership of the Briscoe fosters pride. While low-priced, it is first-class in construction, stylish in appearance, and makes you feel at home in the most select company.

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Ride in it. Test it in any way you wish. You will find the Briscoe offers most in the way of power, comfort and style.

The Inter-State Motor Co.
FRIENDSVILLE, MD.

LEVY LIST FOR 1916

Annual Levy for Garrett County, Maryland, levied on the 19th day of April, 1916, by the Board of County Commissioners for Garrett County, Maryland.

GENERAL ROAD LEVY

Election District No. 1, Swanton	$1,000 00
Election District No. 2, Selbysport	1,700 00
Election District No. 3, Grantsville	1,600 00
Election District No. 4, Bloomington	775 00
Election District No. 5, Accident	1,075 00
Election District No. 6, Sang Run	900 00
Election District No. 7, East Oakland	1,350 00
Election District No. 8, Ryans Glade	1,500 00
Election District No. 9, Johnsons	450 00
Election District No. 10, Deer Park	1,100 00
Election District No. 11, Elbow	750 00
Election District No. 12, Bittinger	700 00
Election District No. 13, Kitzmiller	750 00
Election District No. 14, Oakland	1,250 00
	$14,900 00

CORPORATIONS

Mayor and Council of Oakland	$1000 00
Mayor and Council of Deer Park	250 00
Mayor and Council of Loch Lynn	150 00
Mayor and Council of Kitzmiller, subject to order	300 00
Mayor and Council of Friendsville	300 00
Commissioners of Grantsville	150 00
Mountain Lake Park Community, subject to order	250 00
	$2400 00

CLERK CIRCUIT COURT.

E. Z. Tower, use Garrett National Bank	$800 00
E. Z. Tower, balance	901 57
	$1701 57

COURT FUND.

Estimate to pay expenses for September and December, 1916, and March and June Terms, 1917	$2405 00
Allegany County, for jurors and bailiffs in Garrett case	42 25
	$2447 25

ORPHANS COURT.

Estimate to pay judges, 1916	$368 48
E. E. Friend, Register of Wills	237 90
	$706 38

SHERIFF'S OFFICE.

Estimate to pay Sheriff's salary, jail cook, prisoners' board, &c., for the year, 1916, subject to order	$3500 00
Estimate to pay warden salary for the year 1916, subject to order	900 00
	$4400 00

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

To the Public School Commissioners for support of Grammar Schools	$38,457 00
To the Public School Commissioners for support of High Schools	6,543 00
	$45,000 00

PUBLIC PRINTING AND PUBILSHING.

Benj. H. Sincell, publishing and printing, use Garrett National Bank	$500 00
H. A. Rasche, manager, publishing and printing, use Garrett National Bank	350 00
	$850 00

ELECTION EXPENSES

Estimate to pay same for 1916	$4000 00

WEASEL, CAT AND FOX CERTIFICATES.

Estimate to pay same for 1916	$400 00

ALMSHOUSE AND ASYLUM FUND.

Estimate for 1916	$4000 00

STATE WITNESSES BEFORE J. P.

Estimate to pay same for 1916	$75 00

COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE

Estimate for County Commissioners	$1200 00
Walter G. Myers, clerk, balance	500 00
F. A. Thayer, attorney	150 00
	$1850 00

SPECIAL ROAD APPROPRIATIONS.

For Districts Nos. 7, 8, 10, 11, 13 and 14	$1800 00
For Districts Nos. 1, 3, 4, 9 and 12	1500 00
For Districts Nos. 2, 5 and 6	900 00
	$4200 00

BRIDGE ACCOUNTS.

Estimate for 1916	$3500 00
Deficiency in 1915 levy	476 35
	$3976 35

NEW ROADS.

Road Case No. 222.

Benj. F. Green, examiner, 1½ days	$3 00
Geo. W. Beeman, examiner, 1½ days	3 00
Bruce Blocher, examiner, 1½ days	3 00
A. F. Green, surveyor, 1½ days	8 00

Road Case No. 225.

J. S. Myers, examiner, 1 day	2 00
C. Q. Hook, examiner, 1 day	2 00
Wm. Uphold, chainman, 1 day	1 50
Jno. A. Burch, chainman, 1 day	1 50
Jefferson Burch, axeman, 1 day	1 50
Wm. H. H. Friend, surveyor, 1½ days	7 50

Road Case No. 227.

Virginia Kemmell, damages	14 40
Joseph B. Meese, damages	30 00
Mrs. Lawrence Means, damages	01
William H. Lohr, damages	01
J. B. Seats, damages	01
——Groves, damages	01

Road Case No. 228.

Charles H. O'Brien, damages	01
John I. O'Brien, damages	01
Charles S. Harvey, damages	60 00
Daisy Barnard, damages	01
Mitchel and Witworth, damages	01

Road Case No. 229.

C. J. Folk, examiner, 2 days	$4 00
Jacob Brenneman, examiner, 3 days	6 00
Charles J. Sechler, examiner, 3 days	6 00
P. C. Boucher, surveyor, 3 days	15 00
John Opel, chainman, 1 day	1 50
Frank Brenneman, chainman, 1 day	1 50
Ben Buttler, damages	1 00
Simon Burkholder, damages,	50
Joe Durst, damages	50
Sincell, Thayer and Mitchell, damages	50
Noah Bittinger, damages	150 00
Paul Beachy, damages	15 00

Road Case No. 230.

James R. Russell, damages,	01
Wm. Ross, damages	01
John Green, damages,	01
Archibald Russell, damages,	01
Mrs. Noah Neat, damages,	01

Road Case No. 232.

P. H. Rodeheaver, examiner, 1 day	$2 00
John Brenneman, examiner, 1 day	2 00
David Enlow, examiner, 1 day	2 00
Alexander C. Mason, surveyor 1½ days	7 50

Road case No. 233.

George W. Weitzell, examiner, 2 days	4 00
John Brenneman, examiner, 2 days	4 00
George Clotfelty, examiner, 2 days	4 00
Alexander C. Mason, surveyor, 1 day	5 00
John W. and Robert Garrett, damages	1 00

Road Case No. 234.

J. B. Cheuvront, examiner, 14 days	3 00
Roy O. Winters, examiner, 1½ days	3 00
E. L. Sloan, examiner, 1½ days	3 00
A. Mason, surveyor, 1½ days	7 50
C. B. Johnson, et al, damages,	15 00
Perry Hayis, damages,	01
J. H. McRobie, damages,	01
B. F. Westlake, damages,	01
Lee Hogue, damages,	01
Lucretia Hogue, damages,	01
John Gnagey, damages,	10 00
S. L. Townshend, heirs,	01
Nellie Turley, damages,	01
Mattie Alexander, damages,	01
J. R. Bishop, estate, damages	01
L. J. Brown, damages,	01
W. E. Crane, damages,	01

Road Case No. 235.

W. M. Fike of A. M., examiner, 3 days	6 00
W. W. Schlosnagle, examiner, 3 days	6 00
Kimmell Frazee, examiner, 3 days	6 00
Charles Harrison, axeman, 1½ days	3 00
Jasper Myers, axeman, ½ day	75
Walter Humberson, axeman, ½ day	75
Hiram Humberson, flagman, 2½ days	3 75
Albert Frazee, chainman, 1½ days	2 25
Ed Dixon, chainman, 2½ days,	3 75
George Hileman, chainman, 1 day	1 50
Norval Speelman, surveyor, 4 days	20 00

Road Case No. 237.

S. J. Thomas, examiner, 2 days	4 00
Thomas E. Bishoff, examiner, 1½ days	3 00
Asa B. Friend, examiner, 1½ days	3 00
L. H. Johnson, flagman, ½ day,	75
John H Burch, chainman, ½ day	75
Cleve Sisler, chainman, ½ day,	75
Wm. H. H. Friend, surveyor, 2 days	10 00

Road Case No. 239.

Lewis Broadwater, examiner, 1 day	2 00
Ernest Q. Michael, examiner, 1 day	2 00
J. O. Wilhelm, examiner, 1 day	2 00
Geo. B. Brown, chainman, 1 day	1 50
——Groves, chainman, 1 day	1 50
P. C. Boucher, surveyor,	5 00
Elias Arnold, damages,	100 00

Road Case No. 240.

C. W. Friend, examiner, 1 day	2 00
S. K. Frazee, examiner, 1 day	2 00
W. F. Myers, examiner, 1 day	2 00
James Spear, chainman, 1 day	1 50
Hiram Humberson, chainman, 1 day	1 50
Elijah Myers, axeman, 1 day	1 50
Foster Rumbaugh, axeman, 1 day	1 50
George Hileman, axeman, 1 day	1 50
H. M. Rumbaugh, flagman, 1 day	1 50
Norval Speelman, surveying, &c., 2 days	10 00
William Lohr, for new road work, use Garrett National Bank	59 88
James Lish, for new road work, use G. W. Weitzell	298 26
Echard Landon & Co., for State Aid Road work, use Garrett National Bank	1899 48
Estimate to complete State Aid Road	6220 00
State Aid Road, deficiency in 1915	3408 22
New Roads, estimate for 1916	7200 00
New Roads, deficiency in 1915	523 44
	$20,356 40

ATTORNEYS' FEES.

J. C. Renninger, State's Attorney	$1280 00
F. A. Thayer, 8 misdemeanors 3 felonies	70 00
William R. Offutt, 3 misdemeanors, 11 felonies	30 00
E. R. Jones, 3 misdemeanors, 1 felony,	25 00
G. S. Hamill, 1 misdemeanor, 1 feloyn,	15 00
E. H. Sincell, ½ felony,	5 00
Asa T. Matthews, 1 felony	10 00
D. L. Sloan, fee in Garrett case	25 00
	$1460 00

COURT HOUSE BONDS.

To pay bonds Nos. 81 to 90	$5000 00
To pay interest from Aug., to July 31, 1917	1400 00
	$6400 00

MAGISTRATES' FEES.

J. F. Friend, District No. 1, use First National Bank of Oakland	$16 40
L. C. Fike, District No. 2	4 80
Rufus Enlow, District No. 6	29 95
W. D. Hoye, District No. 10	14 40
Geo. B. Brown, District No. 11	3 75
G. M. Pool, District No. 13	71 30
J. C. Dunham, (estate) District No. 14	2 65
R. L. Fries, District No. 14	20 70
	$163 95

CONSTABLES' FEES.

Geo. J. Vansickle, District No. 2, use G. W. Weitzell	$22 85
Leonard Lytle, District No. 2	6 35
R. Schlossnagle, District No. 3	15 80
Walter Coddington, District No. 5	4 50
S. J. Thomas, District No. 6	26 50
H. H. Junkins, District No. 7, (special) use Garrett National Bank of Oakland	3 40
Thomas Callis, District No. 7	39 11
F. C. Browning, District No. 10, use the First National Bank of Oakland	6 40
Geo. J. Walters, District No. 10, (special) use C. A. Beachy	3 25
Stanley M. Jacobs, District No. 11,	8 25
George Groves, District No. 11, (special)	4 01
L. B. Friend, District No. 14, use First National Bank of Oakland	16 10
	$185 62

SUPERVISORS OF ASSESSMENTS.

Geo. W. Legge, Jr., estimate for 1916, salary, subject to order	$1000 00

OUTSIDE PENSIONERS.

Mary M. Gibbs, support of Nancy Vansickle and daughter, subject to order	$150 00
Simon Nair, support of himself, subject to order	60 00
J. C. Keys, support of himself and wife, subject to order	120 00
Jno. A. Williams, support of Mary Kisner, subject to order	120 00
W. C. Jones, support of Geo. Woods, subject to order	60 00
James McKenzie, support of Henry C. Brown, subject to order	96 00
Elizabeth Wilt, support of herself, subject to order	60 00
Arthur Townshend, support of Mrs. Craver, subject to order	60 00
Nathan Knox, support of Henry Knox, subject to order	50 00
Garrett Moon, support of himself and family, subject to order	60 00
Edward Harvey, support of himself, subject to order	60 00
Estimate to pay others	400 00
	$1296 00

VITAL STATISTICS.

J. W. Callis	$2 10
Dr. H. M. Kemp	10 08
William A. Murphy	3 25
Samuel Sines	1 25
Albert Baker	4 20
J. B. Emory	8 40
N. H. Casteel	4 58
John L. Richter	29 75
L. C. Bray	25 65
Thomas J. Crowe	10 45
Mark S. White	56 00
Robert Lathrum	5 00
Henry Baker	35 70
Dr. N. I. Broadwater, use H. L. Jones	202 50
H. L. Jones	29 55
Dr. E. E Sollars	1 93
Geo. B. Brown	7 43
I. W. Abernathy	15 70
	$456 52

FOREST FIRE ACCOUNTS.

Estimate for 1916	$400 00

DISTRICT ASSESSORS.

J. F. Friend, District No. 1	7 57
J. Milton Fike, District No. 2	8 62
Henry Barnard, District No. 4	5 67
Silas Teats, District No. 5	9 00
Josephus Ferguson, District No. 6	6 83
Jonas Yutzy, District No. 8	71 61
I. A. Paugh, District No. 10	4 80
J. B. Emory, District No. 12	2 13
L. C. Bray, District No. 13	26 77
A. L. Sines, District No. 14	31 71
	$174 71

MISCELLANEOUS ACCOUNTS.

Adam Hetrick, taxes paid in error	$22 28
Clenden Detective Agency of Charleston, W. Va., for services of one operative and expenses (ordered by July Grand Jury) use Garrett National Bank	172 85
Dr. N. I. Broadwater, health officer	100 00
Dr. N. I. Broadwater, physician to jail	100 00
Dr. N. I. Broadwater, examination of insane, etc.	61 55
Oscar Notes, janitor, subject to order	547 50
The Northern Natural Gas Co., estimate, subject to order	450 00
Mayor and Council of Oakland, estimate for water, subject to order	100 00
Oakland Electric Co., estimate for light, subject to order	100 00
Co-operative Laboratory of Garrett and Allegany counties, subject to order	240 00
Dr. H. W. McComas, for professional services	170 00
E. R. Jones, for detective services, use First National Bank, Oakland	125 00
E. R. Jones, for detective balance	75 00
J. I. Case Threshing Machine Co., for 1 10 ton roller, stone crusher, two road machines, etc., subject to order	3471 40
A. C. Mason, surveys on roads	28 00
The Austin Western Road Machinery Co., road machine repairs	82 00
The Falconer Company, blank books, etc., for Clerk Court	307 17
D. E. Bolden, coffins for paupers, etc.	93 28
Oakland Pharmacy, medicine for jail, paupers, etc.	68 27
Dr. H. M. Kemp, professional service rendered George Paugh family (quarantined)	30 00
James D. Hamill, stationary for court house, etc.	31 53
William Trenters, guarding quarantined houses at Kempton, use L. J. Lanich	33 00
Corlies, Macy & Co., blank books, etc.	233 88
W. E. Shirer, supplies for jail	6 30
Samuel Sines, repairs to road machine	5 75
Underwood Typewriter Co., balance due on Typewriter for R. of W.	59 25
George Geissman, coal furnished paupers, etc.	14 70
A. G. Sturgiss, medicine for jail	2 00
Gonders Pharmacy, antitoxin for health officer	24 85
E. G. Naylor, repairs for road machine	65 86
Garrett County Telephone Company phone rent	39 10
A. D. Naylor & Co., Plumbing etc.	217 95
Echard Landon & Co, dump wagons	250 00
The Galion Iron Works, Mfg. Co., Road Graders	650 00
J. M. Davis & Sons, supplies for jail	4 10
Home Sanitorium, care of paupers,	266 00
Dr. H. H. Carr, service rendered Mrs. Roy Nair	50 00
	$8288 57

TREASURER'S OFFICE

J. W. Kimmell, Commission on County tax	$2070 07
J. W. Kimmell, Commission on State Tax	158 54
	$2228 61

CONTINGENT FUND

Estimates for discounts, insolvencies, etc.	$4367 59

RECAPITULATION

General Road Levy	$14,900 00
Corporations	2400 00
Clerk Circuit Court	1701 57
Court Fund	2447 25
Orphan's Court	706 38
Sheriff's Office	4400 00
Public Schools	45,000 00
Printing and Publishing	850 00
Election expenses	4000 00
Weasel & Cat & Fox certificates	400 00
Alms House and Asylum fund	4000 00
State witnesses before J. P.	75 00
Commissioners Office	1850 00
Special Road Appropriation	4200 00
Bridge account	3976 35
New Roads	20,356 40
Attorneys Fees	1460 00
Court House Bonds	6400 00
Magistrates Fees	163 95
Constables Fees	185 62
Supervisors of Assessment	1000 00
Out side pensioners	1296 00
Vital Statistics	456 52
Forest fire Account	400 00
District Assessors	174 71
Miscellaneous Account	8288 57
Treasurers Office	2668 61
Contingent fund	4367 59
	$138,004 52

To pay the aforegoing amounts it was ascertained that the resources of the county as shown by the assessment books as follows:

Real and tangible personal property, $11,165,193.00, at $1.19 on each $100,	$132,865 80
Bank shares to be returned by the State Tax Commission. (Estimated) $300,000.00 at $1.00 on each $100.00,	3,000.00
Intangible personal property, $712,907.00 at 30 cents on each $100 00,	2,138.72
Total amount for County purposes	$138,004.52
After deducting $391,985.00 for corporations paying direct to the State Treasurer, leaves the basis on real and tangible personal property, $70,773,208 00 at 32½ cents on each $100.00	$34,833 34
Intangible personal property, $12,907.00, at 15 cents on each $100.00	1,069.36
Total amount for State purposes	$35,902.70

W. G. MEYERS, Clerk.

ORDER NISI.

No. 2014 Equity In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Maggie W. Thayer, vs. Ira W. Hardesty.

Ordered, this 24th day of April, in the year 1916 by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in Equity, that the sale made and reported in the above cause by Fred. A. Thayer, attorney named in the mortgage, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 26th day of May, 1916; provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Garrett County, once a week for three successive weeks before the 19th day of May, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $200.00.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

J. W. Whorton & Son
CONTRACTING PLASTERERS
Only the Best Material Used.
Best Grade of Wall Plaster on hand at all times.
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OAKLAND, - MARYLAND.

Why Girls Go Wrong

(BY JASON KEP.)

Why do so many young girls go wrong? Who is to blame? What is the remedy?

You can find these questions in almost every church paper you pick up. These papers accuse about everybody on earth, except the real honest to goodness culprits.

I will tell you a little story, a true tale, and perhaps you can place the blame for a large percentage of the why.

About two years ago a young girl from the country came to work at a hotel in one of the towns on my territory. She was a quiet, ladylike pretty little girl and a church member. She was a good girl. She had brought her church letter and a nice letter from the pastor of her church. She joined a church in the town. She received the glad hand that Sunday and was just bubbling over with happiness. She was so full of it that she had to tell me all about it at supper while she waited on me.

About eight months later I was sitting in the lobby of the hotel reading my mail at 11:30 (train got in late) when in came this girl as flip as they make them. You could see she was hitting the pace. I was astonished and the next morning had the head waiter take me to her table.

I told her I saw she was hitting the pace and that it was only a matter of time until she would be down and out, the same old story. I asked for an explanation, that only a few months ago she had joined the church and seemed so happy and contented. Then she told me her story.

"Well, you remember the Sunday I joined the church here, I told you all about it. A lot of them shook hands with me and seemed so friendly that I was just happy and looked forward to a pleasant sojourn in the town. I could hardly wait until I could get off duty to write to my people all about it. You see I was only a green young country girl and not used to the ways of the world. In the country where I lived we were all friends and it made no difference if one had to work.

"The next Sunday three of the church members bowed to me and the preacher said he was glad to see me out. In Sunday school it was just about the same.

"Well, this run along about three or four months. I went to church regularly, sometimes a few would bow and sometimes not. No one noticed me on the street. I was homesick and lonesome. I would have liked to go home but we needed the money and must work. Now sitting around in my room night after night—well, you can imagine how it was.

"A bunch of the girls were going out with their fellows to dances and other places and having a good time. They kept asking me to go along with them and at last I decided that anything was better than sitting around alone in my room.

"I went with them. I soon discovered that it was a pretty wild bunch and my conscience hurt a little, but they were friendly and good hearted and—well, I don't much care now what becomes of me. I'll tell you this—I'd rather go to hell with a lot of friends than go to heaven with that bunch of high brow, marble headed society dames, who are so refined and inflated with their money and holiness that it is beneath their dignity to befriend a poor little country girl who comes to their city to earn an honest living and who wants to be good."

I do hope the Lord will make allowance for my state of mind. I am not naturally a profane man, but I would have given four dollars to have been outside to get what I wanted to say out of my system. I am sure I could have taken at least three gold medals.

I did a lot of thinking in a mighty short time, and at last I said:

"You have been abused, little girl, by a lot of hyenas who unfortunately pose and to a certain extent get away with the stunt, of representing themselves to be God's people. But I want to tell you this, I would rather take your chances just as it stands than theirs on that last great day when the books are opened by a Judge who can't be flimflammed."

"Mary Magdalene and the thief on the cross made good, but I have never found any place in the Bible where the hypocrite took any prizes.

"I want to have another talk with you and I think we can find a way out. I will see you sure before I leave.

I called about a dozen of the traveling men together in the writing room and we went into executive session. I told them the pitiful story of this little country girl and then said "gentlemen it is up to us to save this girl, how about it?"

Traveling men do not pose as saints, but you can bank on it they are not hypocrites. They raised a purse (no penny in the slot collection you bet.) Then one of the boys said, "I know a town where there are a few honest to goodness Christian women. I'll go there today, find a place for her and see that bunch of women and then come and get her. You arrange with her to cut loose and go."

Well she is nicely situated, befriended and looked after by that little band of Godly women.

If you cannot place the blame for why girls go wrong and why so many do not go to church, you are very dense.

The priest and Levite took a look and then passed down on the other side of the man who fell among theives on the road from Jerico to Jerusalem. The priest and Levite were the high brows, purse proud society church members of that day, while the traveling man, the Good Samaritan, bound up his wounds, took him to the hotel and told the hotel man to take good care of him and he would pay him on his next trip.

Now what church was it? Are you sure it wasn't yours? Couldn't it happen pretty easily in your church?

Honest to goodness, are you doing anything toward helping in the Master's cause, except singing "Praise God from Whom All Blessing Flow" and "Jesus Paid It All?"

I hope I have jarred you, I tried to. You see, sometimes it takes quite a shock to wake us up and make us think.

PARADISE

We have not seen any news from our vicinity for awhile, will write a few lines.

The weather has been very wet for the last week and has been causing the farmers much anxiety about sowing oats and planting potatoes.

Mr. Jerome DeWitt made a trip to Friendsville on Sunday to see his sister, who has been very sick.

Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Meese were Sunday visitors at W. W. Grove's.

Mr. Sollie Kimmell is moving in the Geo. McRobie property, recently vacated by Arthur Harvey, where he expects to conduct the welfare of Dad's farm the coming season.

Mr. W. W. Groves has unloaded a new traction engine which he expects to put to work in a few days.

Miss Fike, who has been at G. W. Weitzells, returned to her home on Sunday.

Mr. C. M. Miller and son purchased a new hay baler recently.

The Sunshine Lumber Co., expects to begin operations on their new job at Wm. Speicher's on Monday next.

Mr. Joe Shank, of Pollen Hollow has purchased Kit Karson which makes Missouri Maud quite lonesome.

Wm. Lohr is moving Eph Knox, of Blaine, to his farm at Altamont.

DECK.

BITTINGER.

On Monday evening of last week a surprise party was given at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Jonas Bittinger in honor of Miss Lillian Cutter's birthday anniversary. The guests were Rev. and Mrs. J. L. Marvin, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Orendorf and Mr. Oscar Wiley. A notable incident of the evening was the presentation by Rev. and Mrs. Marvin, of a splendid cake ornamented with 24 burning tapers, each candle representing one of the passed anniversaries of Miss Cutter's life.

There was considerable stir among the horse dealers of this section last week. Mr. Milton Race, of Frostburg, purchased three fine horses here on Thursday, and on Friday Cyrus Stark, of McHenry, was in the neighborhood on a "swapping" expedition.

O. C. Buckle, the obliging mail carrier, has purchased a motor truck with which to transport the mails during the summer season.

The venerable Sampson Seibert, a native of this settlement and a veteran of the Civil War, died at the home of a relative, near Grantsville, on Sunday, April 23rd, and was buried near the place of his death.

The last nights of April were marked by very noticeable frosts, which did no damage.

We Carry in Stock
TIRES
TUBES
SHOCK ABSORBERS
CHAINS
SPARK PLUGS
DRY CELLS
TIRETITE
And many other accessories at the
OAKLAND GARAGE,
Prest-O-Lite Exchange,
Oakland, Maryland.

KODAK SAFETY FILM

THE REPUBLICAN

BENJ. H. SINCELL, EDITOR.

Entered at the Postoffice in Oakland Md., as Second-class matter.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:

The Republican is published every Thursday morning at the following rates:

One copy one year.....$1.25
One copy six months..... .75
One copy three months ..... .40

Advertising Rates made known upon Application.

Remittances may be made by Money Order, Registered Letter or Bank Draft and addressed to
THE REPUBLICAN,
Oakland, Md.

THURSDAY, MAY 4, 1916

RECORD FOR PEACE.

The history of the United States is a story of peace, broken at long intervals only by conflict in behalf of justice and right, and with orderly quiet quickly restored. From the time white men first came to America, their efforts have been to establish concord of action and tranquility of life. To escape from the turmoil and feuds of Europe and build in a new world a national life whose ideal would be liberty and equality for all mankind, and whose citizens should be secure in rights and privileges denied them in Europe was the ambition of the courageous, thoughtful men who brought the older civilization to this continent and made it over into the new. Since the formation of our government its only wars have been defensive and to maintain the highest concept of human freedom.

The genius of our country and the spirit of our people are both opposed to conquest as inimical to liberty. Our relations with the world have been established and upheld by a dignified instance upon right as supported by reason. We have never tried to impose our views on a neighbor or a contemporary except with the sanction of justice in its best application. For almost a century and a half of national existence the United States has given to the world the finest example it has ever had of a self-governed people. Underneath all the so-called national hysteria lies a broad and deep base of devotion to a concept of freedom that will make the extreme sacrifice for its preservation.

The diplomat or ruler who does not recognize this makes a serious blunder. The people of the United States are united on a record of peace, but will maintain its instutions at any cost.

THE COUNTRY NEWSPAPER.

But the beauty and the joy of our papers and their little worlds is that we who live in the country towns know our own heroes. Who knows Murphy in New York? Only a few. Yet in Emporia we all know Tom O'Connor—and love him. Who knows Morgan in New York? One man in a hundred thousand. Yet in Emporia who does not know George Newman, our banker and merchant prince? Boston people pick up their morning papers and read with shuddering horror of the crimes of their daily villian, yet read without that fine thrill that we have when we hear that Al Ludorph is in jail again in Emporia. For we all know Al; we've ridden in his hack a score of times. And we take up our paper with the story of his frailties as readers who begin the narrative of an old friends adventures.

Our papers, our little country papers, seem drab and miserably provincial to strangers; yet we who read them read in their lines the sweet intimate story of life. And all these touches of nature make us wondrous kind. It is the country newspaper, bringing together daily the threads of the town's life, weaving them into something rich and strange, and setting the pattern as it weaves, directing the loom, and giving the cloth the color by mixing the lives of all the people in its color-pot—it is this country news paper that reveals us to ourselves, that keeps our country hearts quick and our country minds open and our country faith strong.

When the girl at the glove counter marries the boy in the wholesale house, the news of their wedding is good for a forty-line wedding notice, and the forty lines in the country paper give them self-respect. When in due course we know that their baby is a twelve-pounder, named Grover or Theodore or Woodrow, we have that neighborly feeling that breeds the real democracy. When we read of death in that home we can mourn with them that mourn. When we see them moving upward in the world, into a firm, and out toward the country club neighborhood, we rejoice with them that rejoice. Therefore, men and brethren, when you are riding through this vale of tears upon the California Limited, and by chance pick up the little country newspaper with its meagre telegraph service of three or four thousand words—or, at best, fifty or twenty thousand words--when you see its array of countryside items; its interminable local stories; its tiresome editorials on the water-works, the schools, the street railroad, the crops and the city printing, don't throw down the contemptible little rag with the verdict that there is nothing in it. But know this, and know it well: if you could take the clay from your eyes and read the little paper as it is written, you would find all of God's beautiful sorrowing struggling, aspiring world in it, and what you saw would make you touch the little paper with reverent hands. —William Allen White in Harper's Magazine.

OFFICIAL RETURNS OF PRIMARY ELECTION.

NAMES OF CANDIDATES.	No. 1.—Swanton	No. 2.—Friendsville	No. 3.—Grantsville	No. 4.—Bloomington	No. 5.—Accident	No. 6.—Sang Run	No. 7.—East Oakland	No. 8.1.—Ryans Glade	No. 8.2.—Ryans Glade	No. 9.—Johnsons	No. 10.—Deer Park	No. 11.—Elbow	No. 12.—Bittinger	No. 13.—Kitzmiller	No. 14.—Oakland	Totals
REPUBLICANS																
FOR U. S. SENATE																
Joseph Irwin France	25	66	68	6	34	33	49	5	7	6	31	16	37	31	142	556
Phillips Lee Goldsborough	16	49	110	26	44	40	59	24	15	8	69	7	17	47	76	607
FOR CONGRESS																
Gist Blair	1	3	15	9	5	8	6	3	0	1	25	3	4	8	6	97
George L. Kaufman	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	2	0	10
Harvey J. Speicher	16	62	46	10	44	36	61	13	18	8	32	12	20	12	64	454
Leo Wineberg	0	2	4	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	12
Frederick N. Zihlman	22	62	114	14	32	34	41	11	5	5	43	7	28	57	149	624
DELEGATES TO STATE CONVENTION																
Charles A. Ashby	16	66	87	22	34	22	40	20	13	6	80	6	14	46	113	585
Abel Dewitt	13	36	42	16	21	13	29	13	5	4	54	6	15	23	60	350
Ernest Ray Jones	31	85	111	19	64	65	74	21	21	10	76	13	42	63	124	819
Arthur Lawton	17	38	61	8	54	40	60	16	16	9	40	17	20	27	100	523
Simon Myers	11	24	65	5	23	11	25	5	7	5	21	4	16	15	74	311
James C. Peddicord	15	36	69	10	37	45	67	14	9	10	32	15	21	28	106	514
Julius C. Renninger	18	76	109	23	47	50	81	19	18	12	44	20	35	36	130	718
John Shartzer	26	76	94	8	24	42	32	4	2	3	34	3	27	37	88	560
DEMOCRATS.																
FOR U. S. SENATE.																
William Cabell Bruce	0	0	1	2	0	0	7	0	2	0	1	0	2	0	5	20
Blair Lee	8	6	13	13	35	2	27	5	12	4	10	1	2	3	36	177
David J. Lewis	12	46	58	12	57	12	24	6	23	10	20	9	10	12	54	365
FOR CONGRESS.																
Henry Dorsey Etchison	9	32	13	13	21	11	36	5	22	4	7	1	9	3	45	231
George Stern	9	11	53	9	69	4	16	5	12	11	22	8	6	12	45	292

"WASTE" PAPER.

Secretary Redfield's publicity campaign for the conservation of rags and waste paper is meeting with appreciable results, according to the Commerce Reports, which, by way of further alleviating the shortage in the supply of raw materials for paper manufacture, call attention to the suggestion that business houses sell, instead of burn, their old correspondence. An instance is cited where one concern thus gathers yearly an additional 500 tons of material which it formerly burned, but for which it has now "a ready customer."

So large a part of business correspondence is not of a confidential nature—being merely routine—that the suggestion appears worth acting upon, though it is only one of the many ways in which a saving may be effected. Paper which, by an adjective significant of our extravagance of mind, we term "waste" is not really wast at all, but a merchantable commodity. Selling it instead of destroying it, insures a double economy, especially marked in times like the present.

One way or another, Americans are being made to see the advantage, indeed the necessity, of thrift; and if the European war help bring the lesson home, it will, to a greater or less extent, offset the extravagance which, by a queer paradox, it has fostered.

NATIONAL PHASE OF THE REPUBLICAN PRIMARY.

The result of Tuesday's primary as it affects the Republican Presidential nomination leaves the regular organization apparently in complete control of the State Convention. When that gathering meets delegates to the National Convention will be chosen by Congressional districts, but from present appearances if any but unpledged delegates get by it will only be by grace of the Republican leaders.

To a certain degree the convention will represent on a small scale the exact conditions that seem likely to prevail in the national gathering at Chicago. Here Mr. Jackson, Mr. Stone and Dr. France, with their friends, will be in position to dictate what shall be done. It may be assumed that these gentlemen are more concerned about winning the national election than they are about running over somebody or demonstrating their power, consequently it cannot be predicted with positiveness what they will do. The only certain thing is that they will have behind them at Chicago sixteen votes that cannot be stamped for Roosevelt or for Hughes. To this extent the result here is a victory for the Old Guard and will further accentuate belief that the anti Roosevelt forces will have the situation at Chicago well in hand.

This does not mean, of course, the elimination. Only a few of his enemies are of the Barnes type, who would consider defeat with anybody else far preferable to an easy victory with Roosevelt as the standard-bearer. But it does mean control of the convention by men who do not look with favor on Roosevelt and who will accept him only as a last resort. It is unnecessary to say that this greatly lessens his chances of success. It lessens Hughes' chances, to some extent, unless there is a deadlock in the convention forcing a choice between these two leaders.

With conditions changing so rapidly, prediction is quite unsafe; but for the present the tide is veering in the direction of one of the favorite sons, all of whom, up to this time, have seemed to be leading forlorn hopes. In other words, though the convention is only a few weeks off, the outcome of it is more uncertain today than it seemed two months ago. There is increasing probability that the delegates will meet and set seriously to work to nominate the man who has the best chance of winning, but with a strong desire to find in favor of some one other than Roosevelt.—Baltimore News.

Friendsville High School Items.

Master Emmett Friend was very seriously burned about the face and hands, last Saturday, while setting off some powder with a match. It is feared that the sight of one eye will be impaired.

Miss Mary Porter spent the Easter vacation at her home in Oakland.

Walter Welch of the freshman class, has, accepted a position in the Imperial Restaurant.

Mr. J. W. Holman spent his Easter holidays in Annapolis.

Mr. William A. East, a former student of this school, who is employed in Pittsburgh, is now at home.

Miss Marie Ryland '14, has been visiting for a few days in Confluence.

Mrs. Pauline Welch DeWitt, '15, has returned from Akron, O., for a visit to her parents.

Mr. Emerson Liston has taken up his duties on the farm.

The Junior High School Orchestra, which is being instructed by Mrs. Iva Statler, is making excellent progress.

Much to the pleasure of all concerned the debating societies are proving a great success. Many of the patrons were present at the debate last Friday. All are well pleased with the progress the school is making this year. The school wishes to extend an invitation to the public to be present at their final debate which will be held Friday afternoon, May 12.

THE DEATH RECORD.

REV. ASBURY MICK.

The Rev. Asbury Mick, a former pastor of St. Paul's M. E. Church in Oakland died at Charleston, W. Va., one day last week, and was buried in that city. He was aged about sixty-five years and is well remembered by many people in Oakland.

MAURICE M. D. BEST.

On Easter morning, Maurice M. D. Best died at his home near Red House, aged 67 years, 7 months and 1 day. His remains were buried in Red House cemetery on Tuesday morning following. He is survived by a devoted wife, two sons, Charles and Harry, a brother and sister, Marmaduke and Katherine. He was ill but two days and passed away without any apparent pain.

REV. GEORGE W. KEPLER.

The many friends and acquaintences in Oakland of the Rev. George W. Kepler, one of the veteran preachers of the Methodist Episcopal church of the West Virginia Conference, were shocked on Monday when they received the intelligence of his death, which occurred early that morning at his home in Sistersville, West Va., where he has been located for a number of years past. Mr. Kepler visited Oakland and other parts of Garrett county once or twice annually presenting the claims of the superannuated preachers to the various Methodist congregations, where he always found a warm welcome. A number of years ago he was pastor of the local M. E. Church here and is held in fond remembrance by not only the members of his own church but by those of every other denomination represented here. His funeral took place on Tuesday with interment at Sistersville, W. Va. He is survived by his widow and two daughters, one of whom is seriously ill and has been for a number of months.

WANTED—At the Mt. Lake Hotel, April 1st, a girl to do general housework. Address, W. C. Dunnington, Mt. Lake Park, Md. Adv. 2-tf

SHERIFF'S SALE

OF VALUABLE

Undivided interests in the Coal Rights, situated a few miles Northwest of Lonaconing, but in Garrett County, in the farm of the late William P. Hansel.

Under and by virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of the Circuit Court for Garrett County, in the case of George Glessman against David P. Hansel and Jane V. Hansel his wife, No. 5 Judicials, June term, 1916, Circuit Court for Garrett County, the undersigned Sheriff did seize and take in execution and levy upon by an actual entry upon the premises hereinafter described, all of the interest of the said David P. Hansel, the same said to be a one-sixth interest, which he obtained from the will of his father, in and to the minerals, mineral rights and mining rights, in the coal underlying Military Lots Nos. 3767, 3768 and a tract of land called "The Resurvey" which embraces the aforesaid lots, and makes 127⅝ acres, under which the coal lies; and also all of the coal rights and mining rights and minerals, underlying Military Lot No. 3769, containing fifty acres, which the said Hansel obtained under the will of his father William P. Hansel, excepting the coal interest under the cemetery lot on said land, and the coal under the three acres where the barn and house stand.

And I hereby give notice that on

SATURDAY,

the 20th day of May, 1916,

in front of the Court House in the town of Oakland, at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M., of said day, I will offer the aforesaid mineral rights or interest and mining rights, to the highest bidder at public auction to satisfy the aforesaid execution and the costs.

This coal interest is valuable from the fact that it is near the George's Creek region and the time will soon come when it will be in the market with the big vein in the George's Creek Valley, as it lays near there.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on the day of sale.

ALBERT ASHBY,
Sheriff of Garrett County.

Sheriff's Sale

OF A VALUABLE

Lot of Ground

Near Finzell, Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of the Circuit Court for Garrett County, the same being No. 2 Judicials, June Term, 1916, Circuit Court for Garrett County, in the case of William H. Werner against Frank Werner, I, Albert Ashby, Sheriff, hereby give public notice, that I will on

Tuesday, May 16, 1916

in front of the Court House, in the town of Oakland, Md., at the hour of two o'clock P. M. of said day offer at public auction to the highest bidder the following lot of ground situated near Finzell, in Garrett County, Maryland, as follows:

All that piece or parcel of ground lying in Garrett county containing the quantity of one quarter of an acre more or less, said parcel of ground being part of Military Lot No. 514, and being the lot of ground conveyed and further described by metes and bounds in a deed from Clarence McKenzie and Luella McKenzie, his wife, to Frank Werner dated June 18, 1912, and duly recored in Liber E. Z. T., No. 64, folio 110, one of the Land Records of said Garrett county.

Said lot is improved by a good dwelling house, yard, garden and out buildings.

Terms of sale:—Cash on day of sale.

ALBERT ASHBY.
Sheriff of Garrett County.

Notice To Tax-Payers

This is to notify the Taxpayers of Garrett county that the Annual Levy for 1916 has been made and published, and to call their attention to the following abstract of Section 45 Chapter 566, Acts of 1890, relating to the discount to be allowed and the interest to be charged on all tax bills:

This is to notify all taxpayers that no discount will be allowed for the prompt payment of State taxes levied for the year 1916.

Chapter 630 of the Acts of 1916, provides that "the State taxes are due and payable on the first day of July succeeding the levy, and if not paid on or before September first, interest shall be charged from said first day of September. Said State taxes shall be in arrear on and after the first day of January succeeding the date of the levy, and it shall be the duty of Collectors, Treasurers and other officers who may be charged with the collection of the same immediately thereafter to proceed to collect said taxes in accordance with the provisions of law for the collection of delinquent taxes. It shall also be the duty of the Collectors or County Treasurer or other officers collecting said taxes to make monthly returns and remittances to the Comptroller of the amounts thereof collected from time to time."

J. W. KIMMELL,
Treasurer.

The Early Bird

is not always the one that catches the biggest worm, nor will the biggest and loudest talk fetch the most customers. That is why we are not making a clamor over our Easter goods. We want the buyers to sing their praises as they will surely do when they see what maximum values we offer for a minimum price.

SHAFFER & BUSH,
Oakland, Md.

The Lutheran Church

SECOND STREET, OAKLAND

Sunday School, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

B. H. SINCELL, Superintendent.

Men's Brotherhood Class, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

REV. BREMER, Teacher.

We cordially invite all men not already enrolled in some school to study the Bible with this class.

Morning Worship, 10.45 o'Clock.

The sincere christian will be found in God's House at the regular appointed hours of worship and the only kind of excuse worth while is the kind that Almighty God will accept.

Luther League, 6.30 o'Clock P. M.

Topic—"Gustavus Vasa."
Leader—BESS HENDRICKSON.

The evening hour of worship will be changed from 7:30 to 8:00 o'clock beginning Sunday, May 7th.

Evening Worship, 8.00 o'Clock.

All strangers in the city and friends of the church are invited to worship with us.

O. A. BREMER, Pastor.

—The above was prepared by the pastor and the advertisement is authorized and paid for by one interested in church work.

HAVE YOU HEARD THE

Aeolian Vocalion?

Come in and let us play your favorite selection on this wonderful new Phonograph

A full line of Columbia Records

Aeolian Vocalions sold on monthly payments.

STURGISS' PHARMACY

Representing Morrison Music Co., Cumberland.

C. H. BROWNING

Deer Park's Best Store

See my Bargains in

Oxfords and Shoes

before you buy spring footwear.

I am prepared to handle all kinds of Country Produce. Try me once then you will KNOW that I pay the highest prices.

P. S. Buy your Sugar from me, 8c, lb., Cash or Trade.

SEE THE

Overland!

$695.00.

Car at Oakland Garage

Oakland Garage

AGENT

FOUNDED 1888

THE GARRETT NATIONAL BANK

FOUNDED 1888

OF OAKLAND, MARYLAND

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, - - $115,000.00

THE highly developed facilities of this Bank resulting from 28 years of careful and conservative management, together with prompt, efficient and courteous service, are offered as the basis for a satisfactory business connection.

OFFICERS

G. S. HAMILL, President. D. E. OFFUTT, Jr., Vice President.
G. A. FRALEY, Cashier. H. L. JONES, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS

GILMOR S. HAMILL, JOHN T. MITCHELL, DANIEL E. OFFUTT, Jr.
JOSEPH E. HARNED. GEORGE A. FRALEY, HARLAND L. JONES CHAS. S. DAVIS

Interest paid on Time Deposits. Safety Deposit Boxes for Rent.

ESTABLISHED 1884. BOTH PHONES

WE have just received a car load of the justly celebrated RU-BER-OID ROOFING as well as a car load of FERTILIZER, and we offer both at such low prices that you cannot afford to not see us before you buy.

Make our store your store when in town, and remember that our low prices and liberal terms it possible for you to get your supplies from us in an easy, convenient way.

Plows, Harrows, Rollers, Grain Drills, Cultivators, Corn Planters, Buggies, Wagons, Farm Trucks, Roofing and Fertilizers are a few of many things you need this spring.

Remember the place—

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.
Oakland, Md.

"Naylor has it and sells it for less."

RIGHT PRICES PROMPT SERVICE

C. N. McINTIRE

SUCCESSOR TO

J. M. DAVIS & SONS

OAKLAND, MD.

WE feel that we are fortunate in securing the old and established business of J. M. Davis & Sons, and we wish to assure the large patronage of this business that we shall continue to conduct the business in the same high class and honorable manner that our predecessors have.

We shall endeavor to merit your patronage, and invite you to call.

Respectfully,
C. N. McINTIRE.

D. E. BOLDEN

Furniture Dealer and Funeral Director

HAVING moved my furniture business to the Manhattan Hotel store room, I am prepared to serve the public to the best of my ability, having now in stock the finest line of Furniture ever brought to the city and which I offer as cheap as it can be bought in the wholesale markets.

All I ask is a chance to name you prices.

My stock is complete in every detail, and which consists of Furnitnre, Carpets, Mattings, Window Shades, Bedding of all kinds, large and small Rugs—in fact everything with which to furnish a house from cellar to attic.

I am also prepared to give estimates on Buildings and repair work—from a pig pen to a palace.

Call and see me; I will treat you fair and square.

Thanking the public for past favors and soliciting a continuance of the same, I remain,

Yours respectfully,
D. E. BOLDEN

Jersey cows for sale. Apply to MRS. GEO. T. PORTER. Adv. 10-3t

Senator Harvey J. Speicher, of Accident, spent yesterday in Oakland on business.

If you want a good laugh go to the recital at the Maryland Theatre Friday night.

Miss Kate Browning, of Westernport, is spending part of this week in Oakland the guest of relatives.

EGGS FOR HATCHING—From single comb Black Minorcas, $1.50 per 15, fine stock. Townshend Naylor, Oakland, Md. Adv. 4-8t*

Don't forget the date of the recital, May 5th.

Mr. B. H. Wiley returned to Oakland Monday evening from a brief visit to his home folks near Bittinger.

Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Jackson spent yesterday afternoon and evening at Terra Alta where they were guests of friends.

Mr. E. H. Sincell, who was confined to his room for several days last and this week on account of a painful illness, was at his office for a short time yesterday.

The Pythian Improvemnet Company offers the Maryland Theatre for rent. Apply to Ernest Shirer, Secretary, Oakland, Md. Adv.

Mr. James McGettigan, of Accident, who spent last week in a Baltimore hospital where he went for examination and treatment, returned home on Sunday morning.

WANTED—Girl or woman to assist with care of children, call or write. MRS. W. R. OFFUTT.
Advertisement. 10-2t

Mrs. Jerry Browning and children left Oakland Saturday morning last for a point in Virginia, near Washington to visit Mrs. Browning's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John B. Fay.

Harry Davis invites you to call and see his line of Spring and Summer Millinery. The hats tell more concerning them than words can. Adv. 8-4t

Messrs. D. M. Dixon & Co. are greatly improving their store building on Liberty street by having some needed repairs made and giving the exterior fresh paint.

Attorney Fred. A. Thayer went to Baltimore Monday night in company with his son Frederick who was taken to that city to have an examination of his eyes made.

Mr. G. W. Woods has opened a vulcanizing and repair shop in the Miller building on Oak street where he is prepared to do all kinds of rubber vulcanizing. See advertisement.

EGGS FOR HATCHING—Rose Comb Rhode Island Reds; bred to lay. Setting of fifteen, $1.50. Miss Diana Weber, Oakland, Md. Adv.

Miss Gertrude Shirer entertained a number of her friends last night. The honor guest was Miss Josephine Browning, who will leave Oakland on Friday for a visit to friends in Accident.

FOR SALE—One bay horse; medium size; about ten years old. Can be seen at Frank DeWitt's farm, Deer Park, Md. Adv. 10-2t

Mr. L. C. Bray, of Kitzmiller, spent Tuesday in Oakland on business, returning to his home the same evening in company with Messrs. H. L. Price and W. S. Harvey, who were also in town on business.

County Superintendent F. E. Rathbun left Oakland Tuesday afternoon for Baltimore to attend a meeting of the various school superintendents of the state, which will be held in that city today and tomorrow.

Mr. Bert Browning, of Baltimore, spent Monday in Oakland.

Dr. Arnold A. Scherr and family, of Eglon, spent Sunday in Oakland with relatives and friends.

Miss Douglas Sincell has returned home from a visit of a week to Keyser friends and relatives.

FARM WANTED—STATE PRICE, SIZE, ACREAGE CLEARED. CHAS. GREEN, DEER PARK. 10-2t*

Mrs. E. H. Smouse and daughter Irene, of Deer Park, spent Friday last in Oakland with friends.

Mr. John L. Smyth, of Fairmont, spent Sunday in Oakland where he was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. John Ault.

Miss Veda Evans, of Aurora, was the guest part of this week of Miss Laura Shaffer at her home on Third street.

New Millinery—Harry Davis has opened a fine line of Millinery. Come and see. Advertisement 8-4t

Miss Beatrice Faherty left Oakland Monday afternoon for Clarksburg and Wheeling where she will spend several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Loraditch motored to Addison, Pa., last Thursday evening and returned to their home in Oakland Friday morning.

OAKLAND CASH BUYERS CO.,—Pay cash for spring Pigs, Calves, Lambs, Chickens, Turkeys, Eggs, etc. L. W. HOPKINS, W. L. CASTEEL, J. W. DAVIS. Adv. 10-tf

Mr. George J. Walter, of near Altamont, was in Oakland Tuesday and had an advertisement inserted in these columns offering his farm for sale at a bargain.

Large Berkshire pigs, eligible to registry, for sale by J. B. MILLER, Grantsville, Md. Adv.

Capt. R. R. Sanner, the veteran principal of the Grantsville school, is the guest of his son, J. Howard Sanner, Union street, while Mrs. Sanner is making a visit at Oakland.—Cumberland Times.

Messrs. S. W. Bittinger, Henry Bonig, Charles Savage and Gilead Broadwater, all of Grantsville, were Oakland visitors on Monday, they having come here early that day to transact some business matters.

The Board of County Commissioners was in session Monday and Tuesday of this week transacting routine business and approving the bonds of road supervisors who were appointed at the January meeting of the Board.

Mr. Thomas J. Johnson, of District No. 9, who was appointed by Governor Harrington as a member of the Board of School Commissioners to succeed Mr. Peter H. Yost, has been quite ill at his home along the National Road for more than a week.

Former Senator W. McCulloh Brown, who spent the early fall and past winter in Baltimore, came up to Garrett county on Saturday and went from Oakland Monday to his home over in District No. 8 for the purpose of exercising his right of franchise.

Mrs. Sarah Roberta Getty, the youngest grandmother of Grantsville entertained other grandmothers of that town one day last week. The honor guest was Mrs. Sophia Winterburg, who is past 94 years of age. There were fifteen grandmothers present.

Mr. Carroll Elliott, who has been in Oakland for the past two or three weeks in the interest of his firm, the W. F. Frederick Piano Company, of Cumberland, returned to Cumberland last Saturday afternoon by automobile, being accompanied by the editor and his little daughter.

Mr. L. L. Loar is at his old home in Oakland and is having his country home near town put in readiness for his family, who will come here some time the latter part of the summer to spend several months.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Former County Commissioner Thomas H. Layman, of District No. 9, is reported to be quite ill with an attack of cancer of the stomach. He has been suffering for some weeks as a result of the disease and members of his family as well as a host of friends are somewhat exercised concerning him.

Mr. Henry Lauer, of Oakland, who accompanied his wife to Cumberland nearly two weeks ago and who visited her in the hospital there a day or two last week, returned home Sunday evening, following an operation performed Saturday morning, which was successful, and while Mrs. Lauer's condition is yet somewhat grave, her physicians hold out strong hopes for her ultimate and complete recovery.

The recently appointed Justices of the Peace for Garrett county have received their commissions and took the oath of their offices on Monday, May 1st. Mr. James D. Hamill, the Justice for District No. 7, has rented a room adjoining the residence of Mrs. R. I. Anderson and opposite the court house, where he will maintain his office, while Mr. E. I. West, one of the justices for District No. 14, will have his office on the first floor of the Mitchell building on Second street.

Mrs. John Arnold of Third St. was tendered a surprise last Friday in honor of her seventy-eighth birthday, in the form of a postal shower, receiving 117 postal cards from relatives and friends from eleven states, vis. Maine, Nebraska, Iowa, Kansas, Illinois, Ohio, Kentuckey, West Virginia, Pennsylvania, Missouri and Maryland. She wishes through this method to thank all for their kind remembrance.

WANTED—Girl or woman to assist with care of children, call or write. MRS. W. R. OFFUTT.
Advertisement. 10-2t

Mr. C. N. McIntire, who recently purchased the J. M. Davis & Sons stock of hardware, spent last Sunday and Monday with his family at Thomas, W. Va., returning to Oakland, yesterday morning. Mr. McIntire will have as his assistant in Oakland Mr. Guy Yutzy, son of Mr. Jonas Yutzy, of near town, who has been in his employ for several years. Mr. McIntire will divide his time between the Thomas and Oakland stores. The latter store was opened Saturday afternoon upon the completion of invoicing the stock.

Mr. John W. Frush and family, for several years prior to moving to Brookside, just over the line in Preston county, where he conducted the Brookside flouring mills, resided on the Mountain Lake Park road near Oakland, left here Tuesday evening for Carroll county, Md., where he recently purchased a flouring mill and a farm of nearly a hundred acres. Mr. Frush disposed of his Brookside property a day or two ago to Fike Brothers, who will operate the mill.

Did you get your tickets for Miss Nesbitt's recital?

ORDER NISI.

Abel Dewitt, next friend, etc., vs. Donald U. Maffett, et al.
No. 2681 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County.

Ordered, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland, this 11th day of April, 1916, in Equity that the sale made and reported in the above cause by Nellie Maffett, Trustee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 12th day of May, 1916, provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 5th day of May, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $10,000.00.

E. Z. TOWER.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Supervisors' Notice of Appointment of Judge of Election

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with the General Election Laws of Maryland the following appointment has this day been made to fill a vacancy.

Charles Warnick, Democratic Judge of Election in District No. 3, having removed from the State and vacated his said office, Columbus Broadwater whose postoffice address is New Germany, Md., is hereby appointed in his place and stead.

By order of the Board of Supervisors of Election for Garrett county, Md., this 12th day of April, 1916.

BENJ. H. SINCELL, Clerk.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

JESSE McCLINTOCK

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 13th day of October 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 13th day of April, 1916.

MAGGIE A. McCLINTOCK,
Administratrix,
Accident Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

PATRICK BRODERICK

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 13th day of October, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 13th day of April, 1916.

H. S. COLEMAN,
Administrator,
Sutton, Md.

PUBLIC SALE OF Real Estate At Deer Park

Monday, May 1, 1916.

At 11 o'clock A. M. on May 1, near the Railroad Station in Deer Park, I will sell at auction to the highest bidder, the frame dwelling house and 9 1-8 acres of land on the south side of the railroad in the town of Deer Park, now owned by me. (Formerly the property of E. G. Miller.)

Terms will be announced on day of sale.

W. McCulloh Brown,
Box 42, Oakland, Md.

Captain Brenner's canal boat was washed through a break in the Chesapeake and Ohio towpath to the Potomac river at Big Pool. The breach in the towpath is 200 feet long and from 20 to 40 feet deep and has almost entirely drained the pool. Stumps in the canal bottom that have not been visible since the canal was first filled are now seen. They have been covered with water and are well preserved. Fish by bushels are being taken from the pool by residents of the vicinity.

The "cold year" of 1816 is recalled by the Centerville Observer to those Queen Anne Folks who are talking of the unseasonable weather, and it says the weather now is mild in contrast with that of the same period a century ago. The 1816 January was pleasant. A cold snap in February soon passed away, and March had an unusually high temperature. April showed strange freaks in weather. May frost killed fruit buds, and corn planting had to be done over again. Ice formed on small streams on the Eastern Shore. Snow fell in June, and frosts came in July. Crops froze in August, and seed corn for 1817 cost $5 a bushel. Two mild weeks in September were followed by wintry blasts, and October and November were very cold. December was the warmest month of the year.

For Sale Cheap.

On account of poor health I offer for sale at a bargain my farm of 40 acres located at Altamont. The land is well watered and is excellent for grazing. Improved by new dwelling, and new outbuildings. Well set orchard and tenant house. G. J. WALTER,
Advertisement, Altamont, Md.

Seeds.

Green Mountain, Irish Cobbler and Late Rose seed potatoes; all kinds of garden seeds in bulk. Place your order early.
Adv. 9-2t* AUSTIN BROWN & SON.

Subscribe for The Republican.

TAX SALE

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate

In Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of the power vested in the Treasurer of Garrett County, Maryland, by section 52 of Chapter 566, of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland for the year 1890, title "Garrett County," sub-title "County Treasurer," and as amended by the General Assembly of Maryland for the year 1898, Chapter 144, the undersigned Treasurer in and for Garrett County, Maryland, will, on

FRIDAY,

The 5th Day of May, 1916,

at 10 o'clock a. m. at the front door of the Court House in the town of Oakland, Garrett county, Md., offer and s el at public auction to the highest bidder all of the following pieces or parcels of land lying and being in Garrett County Md., to wit:

No. 1.—All that lot of ground, situate on Oak Street in the town of Oakland, Garrett county and in Election District No. 7 thereof, described as follows: Beginning for the same at the end of 45 feet on the 1st line of Lot No. 24 in Brant's Addition to the Town of Oakland, and running thence South 67 degrees East, 37½ feet, North 23 degrees East, 132 feet, North 67 degrees West, 37½ feet, thence South 23 degrees West, 132 feet to the beginning, being the same property which was conveyed to the said Mary Mitchell by Ara May Cleveland and husband by deed dated Sept. 6, 1911, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 62, folio 225, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of the said Mary Mitchell.

No. 2.—All that lot of ground known as Lot No. 91 on McCarty's Plot of Oakland, situate in the town of Oakland, Garrett County, in Election District No. 7 thereof, fronting 50 feet on Alder Street and extending southward, 132 feet to an alley 15 feet wide, and being a part of the same property which was conveyed to Annie E. Felty by Christian Felty, and others, by deed dated 1st day of June, 1908, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 58, folio 6, etc., one of the Land Records of Garrett County, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1914, as is charged upon the assessment books of Garrett County in the name of the said Annie E. Felty.

No. 4.—Lot No. 3026 on the plat of Mountain Lake Park as recorded in Liber W. H. T., No. 6, folio 800, one of Land Records of Garrett county, and being the same property which was conveyed by Upton Cuppett to Mary M. Cuppett by by deed dated the 23rd day of January, 1909, recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 58, folio 415, one of the Land Records of Garrett county. Said lot is located in Mountain Lake Park, Election District No. 7 of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Mary M. Cuppett.

No. 5.—All that part of Military Lot No. 805, containing 4 27-40 acres, located in Election District No. 7 of Garrett county, and being a part of the same property which was conveyed by Lloyd Lowndes, Jr., Trustee, to William E. Walsh, Trustee, for Mrs. Rebecca E. Blake, by deed dated May 24, 1899, recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 36, folio 390, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name William E. Walsh, Trustee of Rebecca E. Blake.

No. 6.—Lot No. 92 as shown upon the plat of Mountain Lake Park as recorded in Liber W. H. T., No. 6, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and being the same property which was conveyed by J. G. Fallon and wife to Hice R. Laughlin by deed dated 5th day of Sept., 1903, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 46, folio 224, one of the Land Records of Garrett county. Said lot is located in H Street, Mountain Lake Park, Garrett county, in Election District No. 7, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Hice R. Laughlin.

No. 7.—Lot No. 4011 on the plat of Mountain Lake Park, located in Mountain Lake Park, Election District No. 7 of Garrett county, as recorded in Plat Record Liber E. Z. T., No. 1, folio 21, one of Records of Garrett county, and being the same property which was conveyed by Clifford H. Friend to Clyde B. Moore by deed dated September 2, 1907, recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No 56, folio 97, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Clyde B. Moore.

No. 8.—Lots Nos. 1342 and 1344 on the plat of Mountain Lake Park as recorded in Plat Book Liber E. Z. T., No. 1, folio 21, one of the records of Garrett county, said lots being located in Mountain Lake Park, Election Ditsrict No. 7 of Garrett county and being the same property which was conveyed by the Mountain Lake Park Association of Garrett county to Mary I. White by deed dated August 12, 1913, recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 66, folio 94, one of the Land Records of Garrett county and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Mary I. White.

No. 9.—Military Lots No. 1240, 1241 and 1244, located in Election District No. 14 of Garrett county, and being the same property which was conveyed by James H. Knight and others to Michael S. Clohesy by deed dated December 11, 1912, recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No 64, folio 337, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1914 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Michael S. Clohesy.

No. 12—All that part of the tract of land called "The Royal Charlotte," containing 112¼ acres, located in Election District No. 8 of Garrett county and being the same property which was conveyed by Luther C. Nine and wife to Artenis W. Sines by deed dated March 13, 1912, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T.- No. 62, folio 520, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of said Garrett county in the name of Artenis W. Sines.

No. 13—All the coal underlying the Thomas J. Moreland farm containing 33 acres, more or less, being part of the tract of land called "William and Mary," located in Election District No. 8, Garrett county, and being the coal underlying the same land which was conveyed by Elliott C. Harvey to Dorothy J. Moreland by deed dated the 12th day of January, 1909, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 58, folio 173, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, which property was conveyed to the said Dorothy J. Moreland to the extent of a life estate therein and after her death to the heirs of Thomas J. Moreland, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear against the coal underlying said land for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Thomas J. Moreland's heirs.

No. 14—All those portions of the tract of land called "Addition to Paradise," located in Election District No. 8 of Garrett county containing in the aggregate 9 1-10 acres, and being the same property which was conveyed by F. C. Leonard and W. K. Myers, Trustees, to Branard Coal Company by deed dated May 10, 1910, recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 61, folio 173, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1914 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Branard Coal Company.

No. 15—All that tract of land called "Merriden," composed of Military Lots Nos. 1454, 1455 and 1456, containing 150 acres, situate in Election District No. 6 of Garrett County, and being the same property which was conveyed by W. T. Sines, et. al., to L. E. Friend, R. C. McCandlish and George D. Browning by deed dated July 29, 1907, recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 56, folio 59, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915, as is charged upon the assessment books of Garrett County in the names of George D. Browning, L. E. Friend and R. C. McCandlish.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on the day of sale. The right of redemption extends to six calendar months from day of sale by paying the amount of the purchase money with interest thereon at the rate of twenty per cent. per annum and all costs. Conveyancing at cost of purchaser.

C. A. BEACHY,
Treasurer of Garrett County.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

JAMES W. BLOCHER,

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 1st day of October, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 28th day of March, 1916.

BRUCE BLOCHER,
Executor,
Frostburg, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters Testamentary on the estate of

SARAH C. FIKE

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 1st day of October, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 28th day of March, 1916.

W. W. FIKE,
Administrator,
Bayard, West Va.

For Sale or Rent.

Beautifully located property in East Oakland. Lot contains 1½ acres with 9 room house and outbuildings. Good well of water, excellent cellar and dwelling equipped for gas. Will be sold on reasonable terms or will rent at very reasonable price. Apply to
Adv. 8 3t JAS. D. HAMILL.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

Amusements.

May I call attention to some testimony against the modern dance.

I shall call representative witnesses, of various churches which, though they differ widely in many respects yet unite in condemning the dance as it is conducted in society today.

I shall call those who have had every opportunity to judge it effects.

We ask the Roman Catholic church for its decision, and from the plenary council of Archbishops and Bishops of the U. S. assembled in Baltimore, comes the unanimous declaration "we consider it to be our duty to warn our people against those amusements which may easily become to them an occasion of sin, and especially against the fashionable dances, which, as at present carried on, are revolting to every feeling of delicacy and propriety and are fraught with the greatest danger to morals."

Who have better opportunities for discovering what practices are dangerous to morals. In the light of the confessional, this is the deliberate conclusion of all the Archbishops and Bishops of the country.

The Archbishop speaking from Dublin corroborates the above.

Hear the testimony of another, one too that supposodely favors it, viz: the body. But it is objected that this church has never given any deliverance against it. Many of its leaders have and in strong language too.

Bishop Hopkins, of Vt., at the time of his death one of the brightest stars in the church, said. "No ingenuity can make it consistent with the covenant of Baptism." Bishop Need, of Va., said, "Social dancing is not among the neutral things, which within certain limits, we may do at pleasure, and even it is not among the things lawful, but not expedient, but it is in itself, wrong, improper and of bad effect. Of this with the theatre, Bishop McIlvain used this language, "The question is not what we can imagine them to be, but what they always have been, and will be, and must be, in such a world as this, to render them pleasurable to those who patronize them. Strip them bare, till they stand in the simple innocence to which their defenders arguments would reduce them, and the world would not have them."

Stronger still are the words of the Protestant Episcopal Feteal Tract Society of Baltimore.

A prominent M. E. minister in an appeal, to all Christians and especially to the members of his own church, says, "It is a flagrant violation of the general rules of the M. E. churches both North and South." Were I to quote the testimony of the Baptist Quarterly—a number of years ago delivered—it would cause the hot blush to crimson your cheeks. It condemns the practice in the strongest terms. Hear what the Presbyterian church says about it. "Time and again the general assembly has uttered its admonitions against it." One of its deliverances reads thus. "Resolved: that the fashionable amusement of promisonous dancing, is so entirely unscriptural, and eminently and exclusively that of 'the world which liveth in wickedness' and so wholy inconsistent with the spirit of Christ, and with that propriety of Christian deportment and purity of heart which his followers are bound to maintain, as to render it not only improper and impious for professing Christians either to partake in it or to qualify their children for it by teaching them the art, but also to call for faithful and judicious exercise of disciplin on the part of church sessions when any of their members have been guilty."

Now I think I hear a score of voices say, that is true of the ball room but not of the parlor dances. What is the difference between the private dance and the public ball?

The same rules govern both. The same dances are used, the excitements are the same, the hours are about as late, the numbers are not so great, but there is generally less caution and restraint, because of the sense of greater security. The parlor dance is the beginning and through it lies the road to the ball room, to the waltz, the lacivious round dance, the tango or turkey trot.

Mrs. General Sherman in one of her last letters against the custom, said, "So many are implicated in this evil custom, either personally or in their daughters, sisters or near relatives, that there are very few who are entirely disinterested, and therefore but few can form an impartial judgment."

The anger and mortification of our friends is natural and not unexpected, but they have betrayed more malice than they were supposed to possess, since their only defense of their pet amusement is individual abuse. The dance admits no national defense.

Gale Hamilton once said, "The thing in its very nature is unclean and cannot be washed. The very pose of the parties suggest impurity."

Thackery said—"When a man confesses himself fond of the dance, I set him down as a fool." Down through the ages comes the command of inspiration. "Be not conformed to this world," that is, do not allow yourselves to be made like it in character and conduct; do not partake of its spirit nor participate in the practices of this world, that is, this present age, which satan rules for the world lieth in wickedness.

No matter what the name or character of the pleasure may be, if it is compromising with the world it is wrong, for "friendship with the world is enmity against God."

The beloved Apostle, speaking by the Holy Spirit, and with the tenderness of a father, as he nears the end of his journey says, "Love not the world, neither the things that are in the world." "It any man love the world, the love of the Father is not in him."

Better deny ourselves here that we may live with Christ yonder, where life will be a constant flow of purest pleasure and when our chief delight will ebto render praise to the "Lamb that is in the midst of the throne," and as the angels, with veiled faces stand before the throne, crying, "Holy, Holy, Holy, LordGod Almighty," ten thousand voices will exclaim, "Glory be unto the Father," and then ten thousand times ten thousand more will swell the strain, saying, "and unto the Son," while thousands more will add "and unto the Holy Ghost," to which the entire host will respond with a hearty "amen!"

Sweetest symphonis and grandest strains of music will spontaniously burst from that innumerable throng, and anthem peals of the redeemed will fill the great Cathedral of heaven and crowns will be cast at His feet as they exclaim, "worthy is the Lamb that was slain to receive power and riches and wisdom, and strength and honor and glory and blessing."

May every reader be permitted to join this throng, is the wish of your friend, JOANNES.

HIGH SCHOOL POEMS

A Contribution to These Columns By Two Students.

The Third-year English class of the Oakland High School has granted permission to publish some of its members' experiments in verse composition, which have been written in imitative style of John Milton's L'Allegro and Il Penseroso. The class hopes that these productions will revive your old enthusiasm for Milton's poetry, and that they will help you at the same time in deciding which car you will buy this Spring.

Ye der FORD.

Hence, loathed Packard,
Of Aristocracy and Blue Blood born,
In cities forlorn
'Mongst horrid honks and konks unholy;
Find out your uncouth way,
Where bigotry and dishonesty hold sway.
There in brown stone mansions
And pride galore
Live for evermore.
But come, thou Ford so fair and free,
From Detroit on an inland sea;
For, as some people say,
The little Ford is the only way.
Thou alone art light and free,
And you suit us to a T.
A car for men who think and know,
The only car when you want to go.
Come and speed it as we go
On the light and flippant toe,
A quart of gas and a pint of oil
Will make us go for quite awhile.
When we go out we lose not a limb,
And our bank account never does grow slim.
While, Packard, whenever you go
You cost us ten spots or so.
And by your antics queer and strange,
We lose all friends that are in range.
To prove to you that the Ford is sprv,
And will go where Packard dare not try,
Go out the road 'most any day
And you'll find the Ford is leading the way
She takes all the hills on high gear,
But never mind, you need not fear,
She'll bring you home whenever you wish,
And will not land you in a bush.
She never attempts a tree to climb
But runs along at a rate sublime.
In the cities all over the land
A jitney you'll find on every hand;
Whenever she goes, with lively din
She scatters the rear of Packards thin,
And if I give thee honor due,
Henry, admit me of thy crew,
To live with her and live with thee
In unmortgaged property free.
Half thy delights I cannot give,
But always with thee I'll choose to live.

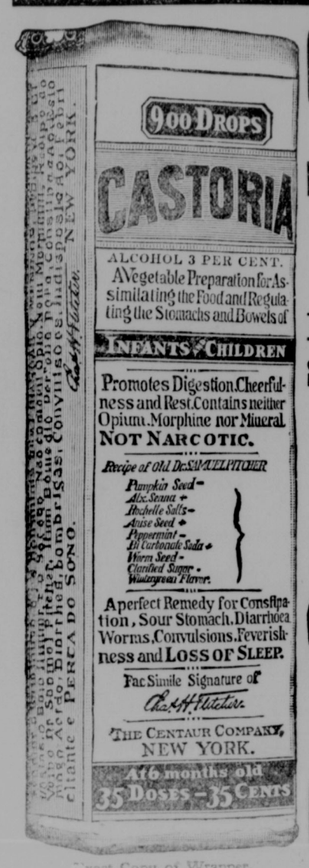
GERALD TANNER.

A La Packard.

Hence, thou small cheap car forlorn,
Let me not hear thy cheap tin horn:
Thou art but a botheration
To the auto owners of the nation.
Farewell to thee, Ford, but before I go,
One kick with my light fantastic toe;
So hard it will hang you in the trees,
And I'll leave you there to swing in the breeze.
Man wants no cheap car, Ford or Saxon
But hail thee, Packard, with your warning Klaxon,
The car that is so light and fair,
The car that flies right through the air,
The car that pleases all the nation;
It's name is spread o'er all creation:
It's lordly seats, its piston rings:
What other car could have such things?
And when you crank it up to go,
The Packard pulls right through the snow.
Your horn is pleasing to the ear;
Neither child nor baby fear.
And after both these cars I've tried,
Packard with you I'll choose to ride.

JULIUS LITTMAN.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply to Mrs. Stuart F. Hamill, Oakland.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

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For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* In Use For Over Thirty Years

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THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

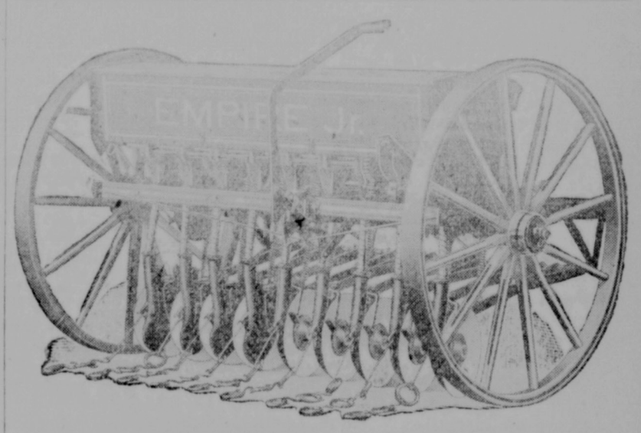
THE CITY'S BEST

MEAT MARKET

IN THE EMPIRE BUILDING.

Choice Steak, Boiling Meat, and all other kinds of meat. Highest cash price paid for Poultry and Eggs; also cash paid for Hides and Skins.

H. L. MILLER



A Drill You Will Like — An Empire, Jr.

HAVE you ever thought of increasing your crop yield by planting with an Empire, Jr. drill? It can be done.

Empire, Jr. drilled grain stands a better chance of producing a bumper crop than broadcasted seed. It takes less seed too, and will do a much better job in a wet field than a seeder. Grain put in with an Empire, Jr. drill will all come up at the same time and all ripen at once. This is an advantage that cannot be expected from seed broadcasted.

The Empire, Jr. light draft grain drills have been largely responsible for the big crop yields in the Red River Valley and other celebrated wheat districts. Without the Empire, Jr. drill those farmers would have no better crop than you. Call in some day soon and we will show you why the Empire, Jr. drill produces bigger yields.

All kinds of Plows and Harrows, Wagons and Buggies, and in fact everything that a Farmer will need at this season of the year at the right price.

Agent for Armour's Fertilizer.

See me before you buy. My prices can't be beat in Western Maryland.

Yours to please,

J. W. WALTER,

DEER PARK, MD.

The Republican---The Leading Paper.

MOUNTAIN LAKE PARK.

The M. E. Sunday school was attended by 153 officers, teachers and scholars last Sunday. The aim for next Sunday is 175.

The annual corporation election in Loch Lynn Heights Monday resulted in the unanimous election of the following officers: Mayor, B. L. Hardesty; counselmen, H. M. Weeks and B F. Mumaw; collector, N. F. White; Treasurer, U. B. Ford; clerk, Lester Yutzy; bailiff, C. W. Shipley. The sewer bonds carried by a majority of nearly three to one.

Mrs. L. J. Cornwell is back in her cottage, getting ready for summer guests. Her sister Mrs. M. A. Yost will be with her in a few days.

Hotel Chautauqua is undergoing a great change. Painters and paper hangers are busy making the hotel an attractive place. Mr. G. W. Burrell, the manager is here superintending the improvements. He is sending out a circular advertising the Park and hotel.

George Dawson is making "Braethorn" a place of beauty as well as of comfort. The interior, as well as the exterior, is being greatly improved.

Miss Bell Pritchard is going to have one of the most attractive places in the Park. Delighted will be the guests of her home.

Mr. Stribe, of Baltimore, was a week end visitor at the Park.

The rainy weather has greatly interferred with the work of cleaning up. Some progress has been made. Work on putting the electric line and plant in shape was begun last Monday.

Supt. Rudisill has received the railroad rates for this season. The season tickets were placed on sale last Monday and will be sold up to October 15. Good to return until October 31st.

Week end tickets from Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington and Pittsburgh go on sale next Saturday.

Week end tickets will be sold June 8th to 24th good to return until June 26th. Camp meeting tickets, June 28th to July 10, return limit July 12.

Epworth League Vacational Convention, August 2 to 9th, return limit August 11. Bible Conference, August 13-10; School of Missions, August 21 to 31st, tickets sold August 12 to 25, good to return to Sept. 1st.

Tickets will be validated at the Association office and at the station ticket office. This will prove a great convenience.

The Annual Announcement for the season is in the hands of the printers and will be issued ere long.

There are a great number of circulars being sent out and special advertising is being make. The indications are for a good season.

During his Baltimore meetings Billy Sunday advised the people of his congregation to attend the Park Bible Institute August 13-20. The leaders of this meeting are extensively advertising the Institute.

There will be several days of special interest between July 12 and 31. Some call it a Vacational Chautauqua.

W. H Malette, of Pittsburgh, will have charge of the refreshment and souviner stand. William suggests as a slogan, "Vacation time, There is room for you in Mountain Lake Park, Md., this Season. America's greatest Mountain summer resort. Get wise."

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Commeford and little daughter arrived in the Park Saturday, having made the trip from California, Pa., in their car.

Prof. and Mrs. May have returned to the Park. They spent the winter in Florida.

It is rumored that the store room in the Hocking building will be used this summer. We all hope that it is so. It would be a great convenience.

If you would like to have Park literature to mail to your friends call at the Association office between 6 and 7 p. m.

Mrs. Lester Yutzy was operated on at the hospital, Cumberland, for cancer, last Thnrsday.

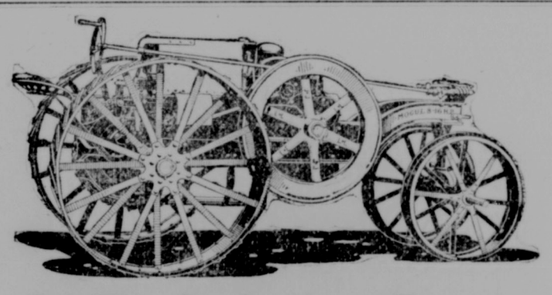
Work will soon commence on the extension of the State road to the Park. The sooner the better.

The farmers in the neighborhood of the Park should plan for a good supply of early vegetables. There will be a demand for them. The Odd Fellows Annual Outing, to be held in the Park promises to be a very interesting occasion.—A large gathering of the members of this magnificent organization, Ohio, Pennsylvania, West Virginia and Maryland will participate.

Mr. and Mrs. Simmons and two children, of Clarksburg, W. Va., were week end visitors at the Park, and while here rented a cottage for the summer.

FOR SALE—Twenty-five acres improved farm land located on the Oakland-Gortner State Road, two miles South of Oakland. Easy terms. Call on or write Harry Helbig, Oakland, Md. Advertisement 51 tf

Subscribe for The Republican.



Get This Book About Tractors

THE best thing you can do for yourself right now is to take an interest in the **Mogul 8-16 kerosene tractor,** and find out from headquarters just what kind of a machine it is, and what it will do for you. This is headquarters—the place where you can get reliable, accurate information. Come in and see the tractor, and get the facts about its record, the work it does, and the money it saves. We still have a few copies of the 100-page book entitled **"Farm Power,"** that answers every question you can ask about farm power work and costs, and that contains some eye openers for farmers who are doing all their field work with horses. We would like to put one of these books in your hands, because we believe it will point out some new and interesting ways to increase your net profits. When can you call for it?

The H. Weber & Sons Co.

Oakland, Md.

DORT

Read These Specifications
Model 5 Touring Car

Five-passenger; left-hand drive; center control; four-cylinder motor cast en bloc; circulating splash lubricating system; thermo-syphon cooling system; Connecticut ignition; gravity feed gasoline system in cowl; selective type transmission; 3 speeds forward and reverse; three-quarter floating rear axle, internal expanding and external contracting brakes; demountable rims, 30 x 3½ inch tires; Goodyear all-weather tread on rear; 50-inch full cantilever springs in rear; front semi-elliptic; streamline with ample leg room in both compartments; 105-inch wheelbase; standard equipment, including electric starter, electric generator, electric lights throughout, one-man top, speedometer, gasoline gauge, electric horn and complete tool equipment.

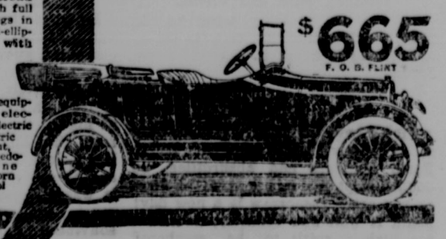
The Car of Comfort

The 1916 Dort is essentially a comfortable car—

—comfortable because there is plenty of seat and leg room both back and front.

—comfortable, too, because of its 50 inch full cantilever springs, which make it one of the easiest riding cars on the market at any price.

The price, $665.00, is within reach of most folks. See this car at our show rooms.



$665
F. O. B. FLINT

J. A. WHITE, Agent.
OAKLAND, MD.

The Panama Canal Opens

By FREDERIC J. HASKIN.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 23.—When the slides pinched the Panama Canal closed all the world knew it. Now that it has been re-opened with a better prospect of remaining so than ever before, the fact is scarcely realized away from the zone. Three ships of the United States navy passed through the big waterway in March and since that time regular commercial traffic has been resumed.

It is a notable fact that although the public confidence in the canal sagged practicably when the slides blocked its channel the shipping world never lost faith in it for a moment. All through the period of dredging, vessels kept coming to Colon and Balboa, ready to wait for a passage through the Canal if the zone government would give them any assurances. But the officials would make no promise and the ships went their long way via the Straits of Magellan. When at last the canal was announced to be open, there were vessels waiting. Also the South American Steamship Company, operating between Panama and Chila, which gets most of its business through the canal, has increased its fleet from three vessels to five, and now schedules five sailing in six weeks.

So the shipping world has kept its faith in the canal, and meantime, the canal government, by means of its little railroad, has done its best to handle the business across the Isthmus. A dozen big lines have been wholly dependent on the Panama railroad, and they have been fairly well served, though not without a terrific straining of resources. The force of the railroad was increased by a thousand men, and it was run to capacity. It might have handled regular through business fairly well, but a great deal of cargo was delivered at the Atlantic terminals, to be trans-shipped when ever Pacific bottoms could be found to accommodate it.

The shipping business was exceedingly lively. Vessels soon became booked with orders far ahead, and began to refuse the cheaper kinds of freight. Hence, cargoes piled up mountain high on the great government terminals, leaving just space enough between the piles for the toiling trucks and black men to move about. The berths were filled with vessels waiting a chance to unload. Worst of all, rolling stock of the railroad was left under load when it was badly needed. The railroad finally declared an embargo on all cargo destined for points south of Callao.

Now the stress and overcrowding will be quickly relieved, and the Panama Canal will take its place again in the world's commerce, better equipped to do its work than ever before. While the dredges have been clearing out Culebra cut, great improvements have been under way at the Pacific terminals. An immense coaling plant, a drydock a thousand feet long, and new piers are now nearing completion. A new water tank has been built at Balboa, and a signal station established on the top of Sosa hill, which is 363 feet high and overlooks an important stretch of the canal. By means of time ball signals, it will be possible to control vessels from this eminence.

There is hardly a department of the canal government that has not strengthened itself while the canal was idle. The commissary department, which has built up an immense business in fresh meat is laying out a pasture of forty thousand acres. The sea-going dredge Carribean has been adapted for use as cattle boat. In this vessel native cattle will be brought in, and then fattened on the government pastures. The commissary department already uses 800 head monthly, and the demand is steadily growing.

The health department is also busy. It may be said to have practically eliminated malaria and yellow fever from the canal zone, and is now turning its attention more particularly to bubonic plague. The quarantine, of course, is a pretty certain guard against this terrible disease, but the canal zone is in constant touch with infected ports by reason of the traffic passing through the canal, and the health officials are determined to take no chances. Rats are the great carriers of bubonic plague. Hence, all the government buildings have been made rat proof. But that is not all. Recently the edict went forth that no chickens were to be kept within the limits of the canal zone. There was a howl of protest from the employees, many of whom kept a few chickens on their premises. They loudly asserted that the anti-chicken proclamation was a violation of individual rights. The government was polite, but firm. It issued a long statement explaining that rats were above all fond of chickens, and were invariably found where chickens were kept. It would be absurd to risk an epidemic of bobonic plague for the sake of a few eggs and broilers. So now the chicken has disappeared finally and completely from the canal zone.

When Governor Goethals returned to the United States not long ago, he said that the defenses of the canal zone made it safe from any attack. With international complications arising both to east and to west of us, and only one real first-class navy to defend both coasts, the safety of the Panama Canal is a most important consideration. Its coast and harbor defenses have long been considered very adequate, but army officers have asserted that it was far from impregnable by land. More troops, they declared to be necessary, and troops have been pouring into the canal zone in small detachments for nearly a year. A few weeks ago a squadron of the Twelfth Cavalry reached the canal zone from Galveston. They are the first mounted troops to be stationed at the canal. The second battalion of the Fourth Field Artillery soon followed them. The canal garrison now includes all of the three main branches of the service, and is generally conceded to be strong enough for its purpose. Owing to the nature of the country, and the strong coast defenses, the taking of the Panama Canal by land would be difficult under any circumstances. There are, however, stretches of open country, reaching north and west from the zone over which an invading army could advance with great rapidity, and troops are needed to guard these.

The canal has been restored to working order, and is in better trim than ever before; but there is an immense bill to be footed. While the waterway has been closed to traffic, all the expense of maintaining the great establishment on the zone, as well as that of the dredging operations, has gone steadily forward. For the last fiscal year, the Panama Canal showed a slight profit on its operations. During the first seven months of the currant fiscal year it was in working order only two and one-half months, and for that period the excess of expenses over tolls was $2,450,000. That is the bill which the American people must pay. Like many a private investment that promises large returns, the canal keeps calling for the investment of just a little more capital. Yet its ultimate financial success, aside from its strategic importance, has never been doubted by the men who know its possibilities best. When the European war is over and world commerce is resumed, nothing can prevent the great waterway from developing a tremendous earning capacity—nothing but another slide. And the men that are fighting them believe that they are conquered at last. There may be small movements, they admit, but the backbone of Culebra mountain, they assert, is broken.

The struggle with the treacherous mountain which has finally restored the canal to usefulness has been hardly less spectacular than the first digging of the great ditch. Day and night for months all dredges that could crowd into the cut have been laboring without a moment's break. The men in charge have slept with telephones at their elbows. At any moment the riven mountain might strike another of its mysterious blows and undo the work of weeks.

That is the heartbreaking part of the job. To the men who work in the cut, the mountain has become a personality, and a diabolical one at that. The ever-present possibility of sudden and overwhelming discouragement is harder than the work itself. Least coveted of all is the "grave yard watch" from midnight until 8 in the morning. It is very dark then, despite the brilliant tropical stars, and there is a chill in the air. The workers can not tell whether the slides are moving or not. They can only keep the great dredges laboring through the night, knowing that they can not afford to lose a moment. These workers are triumphant now. They believe their labor which has been undone a dozen times, is permanent at last.

Public Auction

OF VALUABLE

Personal Property

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, having rented his farm, will offer at public sale on the premises, located between King's Run and Broadford, adjoining the Luke Male place, on

Saturday, May 6, 1916,

beginning at the hour of 1 o'clock P. M., all the following personal property, to-wit:

Eight head two-year old Heifers, all to be fresh; 5 Cows, all to be fresh soon; 1 5-year old Percheron brood Mare, weighing 1400 pounds; 1 5-year old Mare, with foal, weighing 1200 pounds; 3-year old Horse, well broken; 2 two-year old Percheron Colts, lot Chickens, 1 Yearling Colt, 5 head yearling Cattle, 2 Mowing Machines in good order, 1 Rake, 1 Harrow, 1 two seated Surrey, 1 Buggy, and other things too numerous to mention.

TERMS OF SALE—Sums under $5.00 cash on the day of sale. Sums above $5.00 a credit of six months, on notes to be secured to the satisfaction of the undersigned, and bearing interest, will be allowed.

Adv. WARDEN SMITH.

PROPER PLOWING OF THE GARDEN IMPORTANT

Affects Both The Plant Food Available As Well As The Soil Moisture.

E. F. STODDARD,
Maryland Agricultural College.

Plowing modifies the physical conditions of the land considerably. The degree of benefit from this operation will be determined by the condition of the land when it is plowed, the type of soil, and the kind of plow that is used. Since the land should be thoroughly pulverized, the soil should be somewhat moist but never very wet as is often the case with clay soils. On the other hand, the top 3 to 5 inches of soil should not be dried out completely for the plow would turn this down and make it more difficult for moisture and roots of plants to go deep. Sandy soils are usually so open and porous that they dry out early in the spring and sooner after rains than heavy soils; and for these reasons the gardener encounters less difficulty in plowing the land. Ordinarily heavy soils with stiff clay subsoils should be broken up rather deep; for good drainage is just as important here as in the seed bed. It may be advisable in some cases to lay lines of tile drain in order to carry off excess water, and thus aid in the amelioration of the land. Surface ditches will help to carry off excess water but not so well as will the tile drain. Sandy soils, however, tend to let too much moisture pass on through the subsoil; and for this reason plowing need not be so deep and should be about the same depth every year in an effort to compact the under soil and prevent leaching. The physical condition of clay soils will be improved if they are plowed in the fall and left rough over the winter. They will also absorb more water for the use of the spring crops and can be worked into shape earlier than spring plowed land. Heavy clover sods and manure plowed down in the fall will be better decayed and more valuable to the spring crop. When rotten manures are used, however, they may be plowed down in the spring. In case a cover crop is sown on the land toward the end of the garden season plowing should be deferred until early spring. When a cover crop is being turned under it is best to have the furrow slice lap and stand somewhat on end (rather than to be turned clear over) in order to maintain a connection with the subsoil and aid in capillary rise of soil moisture.

MAKING THE HEN MOTHER COMFORTABLE.

R. H. WAITE,
Maryland Agricultural Experiment Station.

To hatch well, a hen must have a good nest. If she has to jump down into the nest box she is apt to break some of the eggs. Fix it so she can get on from the side. Use some soft straw, hay or like substance for the nesting material. Be sure it is clean and free from mould. You will not want to give the chicks any of the diseases caused by moulds. If you are not sure it is clean, give it a thorough spraying with some disinfectant and let it dry out before putting it in the nest. The eggs, while in the nest, should form a saucer shape. If the nest is too deep the eggs from the outside will roll on the top of the others in the center and then those underneath cannot get the proper heat. If the nest is too flat the eggs will roll apart and those on the outside will be too cold. Be sure there are no corners left, just outside the nesting material, for the eggs to roll into. It pays to spend plenty of time arranging the nesting material. Too many hens are set on poorly prepared nests.

Use Care In Feeding.

Feeding sitting hens is a rather simple matter. Keep fresh water before them and feed them regularly. It is probably best to keep some feed where they can get it whenever they wish. Corn and wheat or either grain alone is all the sitting hen requires. All she needs is some heat and energy producing food which contains only enough protein to repair her waste tissues. If you give her a stimulating feed (feeds high in protein are usually considered stimulating feeds), she is apt to get into laying condition again and leave off sitting.

Do not put too many eggs under one hen. Too many persons take a chance by putting "just a few" extra eggs under a hen thinking they will get a few more chicks. If the extra eggs alone were affected it would not be quite so bad; but the whole nest full will be treated alike by the hen for she moves the eggs about and is constantly changing their positions. The number it is safe to set varies with the size of the hen, season of the year, size of the eggs, and value of the eggs. Naturally, a small hen cannot cover so many as a large one, a hen cannot keep so many warm during cold weather as during warm weather, she connot cover the same number of large ones as small ones, and naturally one would not care to trust many very valuable eggs with one hen. For some reason an odd number of eggs is usually used in setting hens. This may be due to superstition but it is also partly due to the fact that thirteen or fifteen eggs fit the nest better. About thirteen eggs in winter and from fifteen to eighteen in summer would be about right for a medium sized hen on medium sized eggs.

SOLVING THE PROBLEM OF LAND MORTGAGES

How the German Farmers Secure Long Term Loans Through Their Own Land Mortgage Associations.

F. B. BOMBERGER,
Maryland Agricultural College.

The Landschaft, or Land Mortgage Association of Germany is a co-operative union of landholders within a limited district for the purpose of securing long time loans for its members on their land by issuing bonds against the collective value of the lands of the members. Anyone who owns from ten to twenty-five acres of land within the district may become a member. The association elects its own officers and, through an elective Executive Committee and Auditive Committee, carries on its own affairs, but it is always under the regulation and supervision of the government.

A landholder wishing to borrow money through the Landschaft, makes his application setting forth the amount desired and the use which he intends to make of the money. The title to his land is examined; and, if it is satisfactory he is permitted to borrow up to two-thirds of the assessed valuation of his land, by giving to the Landschaft a first mortgage on the land for the amount he borrows. To prevent fraud or loss three separate appraisals of the land are made.

The association is not a bank and has no supply of funds on hand, it does not, therefore, lend him the money directly; but it issues to him mortgage bonds of an amount equal to the face-value of the mortgage. These bonds are sold by the borrower himself, or, more usually, by the Association in the open market. Thus the funds are secured for the borrower's use.

Are Best Of Security.

This mortgage bond is secured by all the property of the Landschaft, is made payable to bearer and is transferable at any time without endorsement. Although these bonds do not run for any definite length of time and are not payable on demand, the Landschaft may call them in and pay them off at any time. The amount of bonds outstanding at any time cannot exceed the amount of the mortgages held by the Association. So careful is the management of these Landschaften and so strict is the governmental supervision that, although the average rate of interest on these bonds is very low, ranging from 3% to 4%, they are regarded as the very best form of investment for trust funds, savings bank funds, etc. Thus on June 13, 1913, while German Government 4% bonds sold at 96 Landschaften 4% bonds sold at 100; and on the same date Government 3% bonds sold at 74.80 while Landschaften 3% bonds sold at 80.50. Each of these Landschaften or Mortgage Associations is united with others to form a central or Provincial Mortgage Union, the function of which is to provide a wider market for the bonds.

Mortgage Is Gradually Paid Off.

One of the most valuable features of the loans secured through these Associations is the gradual amortization or cancellation of the debt by means of small periodical payments make at the time when the interest installments are paid. These small annual or semi-annual payments, which range from one-fourth to three-fourths of one per cent., are obligatory upon the borrower. Thus on a loan at 4 per cent., ¾ of one per cent. is added for amortization or cancellation and one-fourth per cent. is added to cover the operating expenses of the Association, making a total of 5%. By paying this amount annually for from forty to forty-five years the whole loan will be paid off. In other words, the Landschaft requires the borrower, by making small payments, to accumulate a sinking fund which will, in the term of years of the mortgage, amount to enough to pay the principal debt. The longer the term of the mortgage the lower will be the amortization fee.

Necessary Capital Easily Secured.

Of course, if the borrower desires at any time to pay off the loan before the mortgage is due, he may do so. The average length of time for which loans run in the Province of Saxony is about twenty-five years. In most cases provision is made that when 10% of the original loan is amortized and additional loan for the same amount may be made on the same land.

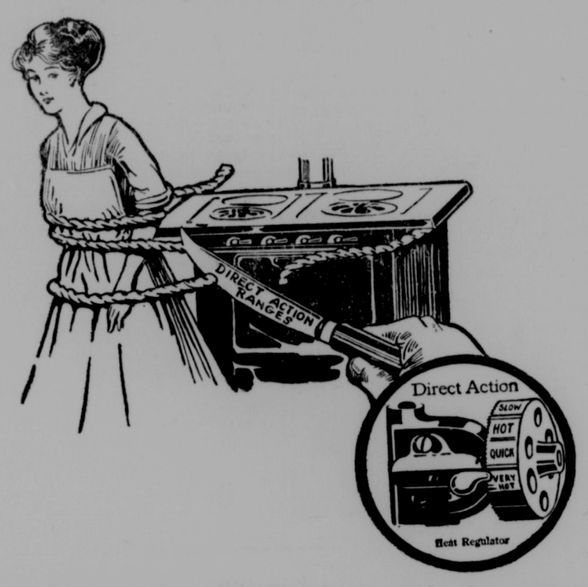
In each district is a local officer of the Landschaft, elected at their annual meeting, who assists members in getting loans and looks after the interests of the Landschaft in the district. If a borrower is misusing the money borrowed, this officer serves as the agent of the Landschaft in the matter of the foreclosure of the mortgage. The expense of operation of these Associations is exceedingly small. The result is that German farmers are able to secure ample capital, for long terms, at small rates of interest with the assurance that, so long as the interest and small amortization fee is paid, the principal debt is slowly but surely being paid off.

The annual short courses at the Agricultural College begin January 3, 1916, being as follows:

Soils and Fertilizers, January 3-8; Farm Crops, January 10-15; Domestic Science, January 10-15; Road Building and Maintenance, January 10-15; Poultry Husbandry, January 17-22; Horticulture, January 24-February 5; Animal Husbandry, February 7-26; Farm Machinery and Farm Engines, February 28-March 4; Farm Carpentry and Blacksmithing, March 6-11.

Let Us Cut Your Bonds

Go out and enjoy the beautiful afternoon—Supper will be ready to serve when you return.



The Direct Action Heat Regulator marks the greatest advance in gas cookery since gas was first used as a fuel

ADVANTAGES OF THE REGULATOR ARE :

Removes all the guess work from baking. You can obtain any oven temperature you want by the simple setting of a marked wheel valve. You can repeat any oven temperature to the degree, as often as you desire. You can maintain any oven temperature, hours, even days, as you like. It saves your gas—prevents waste by overheating. It saves food—as expensive bakings are never spoiled because of faulty oven temperature. It automatically takes care of change of gas pressure.

This device gives double value to your gas range. It makes it cook as a gas range better than any other gas range, and it also enables you to deplicate the work of the best fireless cooker. For sale by

W. E. SHIRER,

OAKLAND, MD.

$750.00
Baby Grand
Touring

$550.00
With Electric Lights
Self-Starter.

CHEVROLET

The car of lowest upkeep. The climax of comfort, speed and power---for a price that fits the purse of every man.

Phone to-day---ride tomorrow.

A full line of parts just received, and will have same constantly on hand.

JOHN J. SWEENEY, Dealer,
Oakland, Md.

Public Sale

OF VALUABLE

Personal Property

Notice is hereby given that having sold my farm, located at Flatwoods 2½ miles south of Accident, I will offer at public auction on

Wednesday, May 10, 1916,

beginning at the hour of 9 o'clock A. M. all of the following personal property:

One black Mare, 5 years old weighing 1400 pounds, 1 bay Mare with foal, 6 years old, weighing 1400 lbs.; 1 bay Mare, 15 years old, weighing 1450 lbs.; 1 yearling Colt, 5 Milch Cows, 3 fresh and 2 being fresh, 5 head two-year old Cattle, 5 head of yearling Cattle, 3 Calves, 12 head Sheep, 7 Lambs, 1 Hog, lot Chickens, 1 Road Wagon, 4 Buggy, 1 Mowing Machine, 1 Hay Rake, 1 Grain Dril, 1 Oliver Plow, 1 Springtooth Harrow, 1 Bobsled, 2 Corn Cultivators, 20 barrels Corn, 25 bu. Wheat, 400 bu. Oats, 15 bu. Buckwheat, lot Hay, 80 rods American Fence wire, 1 American White Stretcher, 2 Grain Cradles, 1 Cook Stove, 1 Heating Stove, 8000 Shingles, 1 Corner Cupboard, 1 Cream Seperator, 20 bu. Potatoes, 1 Brass Kettle, 1 Washing Machine, 1 lot Side Meat, and many other things too numerous to mention.

TERMS OF SALE—Sums of $5 and under cash on day of sale; above $5 a credit of six months with approved security.

R. B. FRIEND.

GRANTSVILLE.

Sampson Seibert, a native of Garrett county, died at the home of Clarence Hetrick, near here, on April 23. Death was due to dropsy. Deceased was 72 years old and is survived by one sister, Mrs. Hester Fazenbaker, of Bittinger. Funeral was held on Tuesday at the home of Mr. Hetrick, with whom he had been staying a few weeks prior to his death. Interment in Grantsville cemetery.

Misses Mary and Sabina Blocher entertained most delightfuly at their home on Monday evening, Easter decorations being used. There were about twenty ladies present. Games and fancy work were diversions. Refreshments were served and Easter souvenirs given at the close of the festivities.

Early mass was held is St. Stephen's church on Easter by Rev. Father Aloysius, of Cumberland. The altar was beautifully decorated with flowers.

The Reformed church observed Easter with special music and the Holy Communion service.

An Easter program was rendered in the Lutheran church by the choir and Sunday school, the entertainment being much enjoyed by a crowded house.

The M. E. Sunday school has been reorganized this month with a competent corps of officers and teachers.

The boys' "Silent Five Club" attended an Easter Monday dance at Frostburg.

The dance at Avilton Hall was largely attended on Monday night, the festivities continuing until a late hour. All had a good time.

A motor party from Grantsville were in Frostburg Tuesday night attending a motion picture show. The party included Misses Beulah and Vida Engle and Hazel Younkin, Messrs. Urban Blocher and Clay Stanton.

David J. Lewis and Clinton Uhl were Grantsville visitors last week.

Ex-Senator and Mrs. George L. Wellington, of Cumberland, were guests at the National Hotel on Saturday.

Dr. Joseph I. France, of Baltimore, was a guest at the National Hotel during the week.

Roland Hosken and Harrison Dando, of Frostburg, were Grantsville visitors on Sunday.

MARYLAND IN NEED OF LABOR

Employment Director Promoted and Plans Work On Much More Elaborate Scale.

George A. Mahone, of Baltimore, has just been notified by W. B. Wilson, secretary of the Department of Labor, that he has been appointed director of employment for the State of Maryland. Heretofore Mr. Mahone has directed most of his efforts to finding employment for residents of this city.

In his letter announcing the appointment Mr. Wilson says:

"The development of the system of employment inaugurated by this Department and its encouraging growth have made necessary the establishment of state zones, so as to be in closer touch with labor conditions and the officers of state and municipal public-employment systems.

"It gives me pleasure to appoint you director of employment for the zone of Maryland."

It is Mr. Mahone's intention to establish branches of his bureau throughout the state in all the cities and towns of note.

At present Mr. Mahone says the labor situation throughout the city and state is satisfactory from the standpoint of the man looking for a job. In fact, he declares, there is a great scarcity of laborers and machinists, and since last December his bureau has not been able to meet the demand.

Due to the activity in the iron and steel plants, Mr. Mahone says machinists are in great demand, and keen rivalry exists among the industries in their efforts to get employees. In an effort to equip a plant which was in dire need of men Mr. Mahone has just completed a canvass extending from Canada to the Gulf, east of the Mississippi, and he finds that all the machinists in that wide area are employed.

"The only way plants can increase their force of skilled mechanics nowadays," he explained, "is to rob one another of men by offering extra inducements in the way of increased wages and bonuses."

The satisfactory labor situation is one of the most pronounced signs of prosperity in this country, in the opinion of Mr. Mahone.

Millinery.

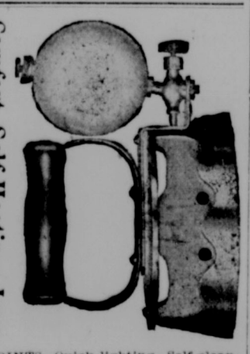
I now have on display a fine line of Ladies and Children's Hats of all descriptions. Please call and see them. Also Boys Hats. My store is located in the building east of the Hicks House at Loch Lynn Heights.

MRS. B. L. HARDESTY.
Advertisement.

For Rent orSale—I offer for rent or sale the house and lot on Water street, known as the "Malette House," containing eight rooms; good large garden; reasonable terms. Apply to G. S. Hamill, Oakland, Md.
Advertisement 7-tf

FOR SALE—A yearling grade Hambletonian colt. Write or call on E. J. Petersheim R. D. 2, Oakland, Md.
Advertisement.

Comfort Self-Heating Iron.
5 Hours at Cost of One Cent.



TWO POINTS—Quick lighting. Self-cleaning and perfect regulation of heat. Weighs six pounds. Guaranteed safe and satisfactory. Price, $3.75 each. Order today.

J. AMEEN, Kitzmiller, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters Testamentry on the estate of

CHARLES C. MOODY

late of Garrett County, Md., deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 4th day of November, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 4th day of May, 1916.

WM. G. HENDERSON,
501 F. St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

ORDER NISI.

Abel DeWitt, next friend, etc., vs. Donald U. Maffett, et al.
No. 2031 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett county.

It is ordered by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, this 5th day of April, 1916, that the sale made and reported in the above cause by Nellie Maffett, trustee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 5th day of May, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed in Garrett County once in each of three successive weeks before the 28th day of April, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $85.00.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

The man Who Makes
A STUDY OF HIS
APPEARANCE

Is the man who best appreciates the detail of the tailoring we turn out The workmanship passes without a question, the fit is naturally a matter of course, but the shape we mould into the garments give them a character that finishes them off and makes the satisfaction of the owner complete.

All this is a bid for your next tailoring order. We know we can make you the best clothes you ever wore We want you to know it. That orde s the best and only sure way to settle he question.

JAMES BROCK,
Dixon Building,
Oakland, Maryland.

He Was Out.

Customer—"I wish you'd show me the thinnest thing you have in a blue serge suit." Floor Walker—"I would with pleasure, sir, but he's out to lunch just now."—Judge.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Second National Bank

OF CUMBERLAND

In the State of Maryland, at the close of business March 7th, 1916.

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans and Discounts	$2,113,571 91	Capital Stock	$200,000 00
United States Bonds	240,000 00	Surplus, Undivided profits	356,270 76
Other Bonds, Securities Etc.	377,755 00	Circulation	197,200 00
Banking House and other Real Estate	50,794 81	Deposits	2,712,171 69
Due From Reserve Agents and other Banks	489,367 82		
Cash	184,152 91		
Redemption Fund	10,000 00		
	$3,465,642 45		$3,465,642 45

DIRECTORS:

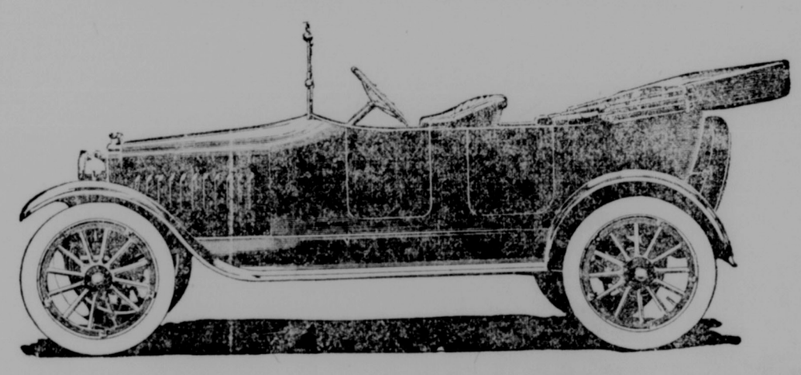
D. ANNAN L. M. SHEPHERD ROBERT R. HENDERSON
JAMES CLARK W. BLADEN LOWNDES O. C. GEPHART
TASKER G. LOWNDES JOHN KEATING
JOHN SCHWARZENBACH

D. ANNAN, Pres't.
W. BLADEN LOWNDES, TASKER G. LOWDES,
Vice Presidents
D. F. KUYKENDALL, Cashier.

THREE PER CENT INTEREST PAID ON SAVINGS DEPOSITS

SAXON "SIX"

big touring car for five people



Dramatic Editor of New York Journal Praises his Saxon "Six."

I have been driving a Saxon "Six" for the past month, and wish to offer an unsolicited recommendation.

To begin with, I own a seven-passenger car and have owned $5,000 cars for the past seven years. It is a remarkable fact, but I have never had any desire to operate a car myself, and have always employed a chauffeur. When I bought the Saxon "Six" I took one lesson, and then went forth in the "City of Gasoline" as my own chauffeur.

The car itself is a masterpiece in mechanism. It answers every call of the foot and hand. In short, it runs itself.

When you are stopped by traffic, and you want to start, it is off so fast, you are compelled to hold it back. Going up a hill, is the same as coasting down one. In appearance, no car for the money can approach it. When you pass others, whether they are in autos, or are walking on the street, they look upon this six-cylinder wonder in admiration, and only pass the most pleasing remarks.

Every man that owns a big car should own a Saxon "Six," and operate it himself to and from his office. Of course, it is hard to convince some men that they could run a car, but, if they tried once, it would settle tne question.

I consider the Saxon "Six" a wonderful purchase for the money.

C. F. ZITTEL, Dramatic Editor, New York Journal.

For a Demonstration of this wonderful car, call at Liller's Barber shop or Kelly's Livery, Oakland.

LILLER & KELLY, Agents
OAKLAND, MD.

Exercise for Tots.

Daily exercise for every one is splendid, and many up-to-date physicians are ordering mental gymnastics for children to restore the health, build up the nervous system or develop certain parts of the body. To concentrate the mind upon an exercise as it is performed, so says a certain clever doctor, will do more in one week for the body than the same exercise listlessly gone through would do in six months.

Difficult Order.

Willie (at table)—"I want my pudding now, I don't want any old meat and—" Father (sternly)—"You keep your mouth shut and eat your dinner."

Wisdom, Skill and Virtue.

Wisdom is knowing what to do next; skill is knowing how to do it, and virtue is doing it.—David Starr Jordan.

Begin Well.

Finish every day and be done with it. You have done what you could. Some blunders and absurdities, no doubt, crept in; forget them as soon as you can. Tomorrow is a new day; begin it well and serenely, and with too high a spirit to be cumbered with your old nonsense. This day is all that is good and fair. It is too dear, with its hopes and invitations, to waste a moment on the yesterdays. —Emerson.

Newest Lazy Man.

Bellboys frequently have strange and unusual duties to perform for pampered guests, but the recent experience of a "hop" at one of New York's leading hotels seems unique. He was called to a room occupied by two men at night. Said one: "Buster, will you raise the shades, turn off the electric lights, lock the door from the outside and toss the key over the transom?" It was necessary to repeat the order several times before the boy could be convinced his hearing had not suddenly gone defective.

Tough Plant.

The root of all evil seems to thrive in any soil.—London Mail.

THE REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME 41. OAKLAND, MARYLAND THURSDAY, MAY 11, 1916. NUMBER 11

GOLDSBOROUGH FORCES GO DOWN WITH COLORS FLYING

Defeated in Struggle For Control at Republican State Convention.

BALTIMORE, May 9.—Former Governor Phillips Lee Goldsborough and his followers were defeated by the organization forces today in the exciting struggle for control of the Republican State Convention. It was a scrappy convention throughout. Former Senator Jackson, who headed the regulars, was uncompromising and yielded nothing. Goldsborough forced the fight and according to the Rooseveltian lingo "went down with colors flying."

Speaking of Roosevelt, the mention of his name by Delegate Leo Weinberg, of Frederick county, was the signal for a burst of cheers that showed the Colonel's popularity here. The convention named these delegates for the "Big Four:" Walter B. Miller, General Felix Agnus, Dr. J. McPherson Scott and Ovington E. Weller.

The latter was put in nomination by the organization forces after they had refused earlier in the day the demand of Governor Goldsborough's forces that Col. E. C. Carrington be substituted for either General Agnus or Dr. Scott.

The Goldsborough forces placed Carrington in nomination as their single candidate, and William T. Warburton, of Cecil, was brought in on the ballot by one county. The vote was Miller, 129; Agnus, 104; Weller, 122; Scott, 123; Carrington, 31; Warburton, 5. When the organization forces demonstrated that they had a firm hold on the convention, the Goldsborough forces took no further decisive stand.

A. A. Doub, of Cumberland, presided over the convention.

First District—Delegates, John D. Urie, of Kent, and Thomas M. Bartlett, of Talbot; alternates, E. C. Hayden, of Queen Annes and John T. Carter, of Caroline; elector, Edward N. Furbush, of Worcester.

Second District—Delegates, Harry A. Whittaker, of Harford, and Laban Sparks, of Baltimore county; alternates, Dr. A. R. L. Dohme and T. Irvin Zimmerman, of Baltimore county; elector, Walter A. Rudy, of Carroll.

Third District—Delegates, John Philip Hill and John A. Janetzke, sr., of Baltimore city; alternates, Edward W. Klein and Frank Hughes; elector, George Wille.

Fourth District—Delegates, Col. Harry B. Wilcox and George W. Cameron, of Baltimore city; alternates, Charles E. Williams and Walter E Knickman.

Fifth District—Delegates, Charles H. Heintzmann and F. S. Carmody, of Baltimore; alternates, Remus Dorsey and Alonzo R. Wade; elector, Arthur W. Dowell, of Baltimore.

Sixth District—Delegates, Leo Weinberg, of Frederick and Gist Blair, of Montgomery; alternates, George R. Dennis, of Frederick and W. L. Sperry of Allegany.

The entire delegation is pledged and while there may be two or three of the district delegates friends of Roosevelt they will stand with the delegation to vote for the candidate for presidential nomination who is surest to command a united party. In other words the Maryland delegation will stand with the "stand patters" and the "old guard" in the Chicago convention.

FOUNDED 1888

THE GARRETT NATIONAL BANK OF OAKLAND, MARYLAND

FOUNDED 1888

Report of Condition at the Close of Business May 1st, 1916:

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans and Investments	$540,004 74	Capital Stock	$50,000 00
United States Bonds	50,000 00	Surplus and Undivided Profits	67,775 89
Banking House Furniture and Fixtures	30,500 00	National Bank Notes outstanding	49,197 50
Due from Banks	2,579 86	Due to other Banks	2,182 42
Redemption Funds with U. S. Treasurer	2,500 00	Deposits	529,977 20
Cash and Reserve	73,548 41		
Total	$699,133 01	Total	$699,133 01

OFFICERS

G. S. HAMILL, President. D. E. OFFUTT, Jr., Vice President.
G. A. FRALEY, Cashier. H. L. JONES, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS

GILMOR S. HAMILL, JOHN T. MITCHELL, DANIEL E. OFFUTT, Jr.
JOSEPH E. HARNED. GEORGE A. FRALEY, HARLAND L. JONES CHAS. S. DAVIS

Boy Had Arm Broken.

A five-year old son of Mr. Charles Shaffer, of Crellin, suffered a fracture of his left arm one day last week by falling from a fence. The injured boy was attended by Dr. M. C. Hinebaugh and is doing nicely.

HAMILL INSANE SAYS JURY IN FEDERAL COURT

Accused Committed to Government Hospital in Washington For Treatment.

Edward J. Hamill, former cashier of the First National Bank of Kitzmiller, was acquitted by a jury in the Federal court at Cumberland late Monday afternoon on an indictment embracing nine different charges, for alleged false entries in the report required by law to the Comptroller of the Currency. Five counts in the indictment alleged misapplication of funds. He was committed to a Federal Hospital in Washington for treatment. He was taken to that institution Tuesday. In announcing their verdict the Jury said: "Not guilty because he was insane at the time he made the report."

The jury was composed of Milton G. Vanmeter, John Donahae, William Matthews, Howard W. Gilsan, Warren Mellinger, Conrad Frey, Henry Bockhaus, George R. Reinhard, David Miller, Dr. Thomas R. Palmer, George Gessner and Henry A. Hensley.

Judge John C. Rose presided and the government was represented by Samuel K. Dennis, United States District Attorney. There were also present William W. Stockham, United States Marshal, Philip G. Schwab, Chief Deputy United States Marshal, Chief Deputy Clerk, Charles Zimmerman, all of Baltimore; William J. Feaga, Cumberland, deputy clerk, United States District Court, and Fuller Barnard, Westernport, United States Deputy Marshal.

The opening statement for the government was made by Mr. Latane, who detailed the alleged false entries, giving four instances where over-drafts were given far below what really was the proper amount. For instance, May 10, 1915, overdrafts were entered as $63.47 when the amount should have been $3,493.23. The five charges involving the misapplication of funds, according to Mr. Latane's statement, came from Hamill pocketing money deposited by John Barnard, an insurance agent of Westernport, and when Barnard checked on his account, he having none, as the result of Hamill's acts, the cashier honored the checks with the funds of the bank. The checks thus involved called for the following amounts: $62, $74, $100.75, $117.53 and $45.55, the latter paid on May 5, 1915.

Hamill was represented by Colonel George A. Pearre, Fuller Barnard, jr., and Saul Praeger.

Witnesses summoned in the Hamill case were: Charles Tower, A. L. Lee, Cook Howard, N. F. Dove, Mrs. Susan Laughlin, Mrs. May Loraditch, Mrs. Charles Friend, W. D. Reed, Charles Seymour, Dr. Strachen, Dr. Miller, Dr. Herring, E. R. Jones, R. M. McMillan, Gladys Hamill, Mr. Pachel, George Pove, Charles Scothern, Charles Spragon, Eddie Soller, Louis Hutson, L. C. Hamill, James Burton, H. G. Barrick, V. C. Pew, M. A. Browning, P. Ziel, James Fleming, H. W. Krim, Mr. Percell, Howard Cross.

WEST VIRGINIA DRUGGISTS

Will Assemble In Convention at Deer Park Late in June.

The annual convention of the West Virginia Retail Druggist Association will meet at the Deer Park Hotel on June 20th for a session of three days' duration. It was the intention of the association to meet at Webster Springs but the change to Deer Park was made last Friday. The association met at Loch Lynn Heights two years ago.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

D. M. Dixon & Co., will be in the market for Wool at the highest market price on day of delivery. Present price 38 cents.

Have Car CROCKS and JARS to sell at 6 cents a gallon.

Will exchange Flour for Wheat at $1:10 for Wheat, Flour $6.50 to $6.75.

BIG STOCK

Corn and Oats Fertilizer

always on hand.

Rring us your Potatoes, Butter, Eggs and Cross ties, will pay highest possible price.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

C. H. BROWNING

Deer Park's Best Store

Bring your potatoes, butter and eggs to me as I have secured a market that enables me to pay the highest market price.

I still have a few pairs of shoes left to close out at a bargain.

Dry goods, notions shoes and groceries our specialty.

Offutt's

When you are in need of the following, we invite you to look over our line before you purchase:

Mattings
9x12 Matting Rugs
9x12 Axminster and Crex Rugs
Lawn Swings
Porch Swings
Linoleums and Oil Cloths
Crex Runners
Croquet Sets "all prices"
Hammocks
Japan Porch Screens
Window Screens
Lawn Mowers

OFFUTTS'

THE WEEK'S BIG NEWS EVENTS

Happenings That Caused A Stir Briefly Chronicled.

SITUATION AT WASHINGTON

Executive Acts at the Capital—Victories and Defeats of the Great War—Doings in the Forty-Eight States Recorded.

War Bulletins

With an abatement in the terrific battle that has been in progress for nearly two months before Verdun and a state of comparative quietude reigning in all the other war theatres, diplomatic issues growing out of the war are prominently to the fore in the news of the day.

The British official communication says the Canadians in their gallant fighting in the last week have inflicted heavy losses on the Germans near St. Eloi.

Premier Asquith, replying to the recent speech of the German Chancellor, declared the purpose of the Allies is to develop rather than strangle national ideals in Germany, but to cripple the power of the military caste.

The sinking of eight more merchant ships, six of them British and two neutral, by German submarines, is reported in London.

The Germans began a general assault on a 13-mile line north of Verdun.

Haucourt, a village on the French line northwest of Verdun has been stormed by the Germans. The French have regained a part of the Bois Carre nearby, and won an underground fight east of the Meuse.

A strong attack on the British at St. Eloi has been launched by the Germans.

Washington

Great Britain's reply relative to the representations which the United States made last January concerning the "enemy trading act" was made public. The British government maintains its right to restrict British trade in such manner as to deprive the enemy of all assistance.

The President now feels that the next logical step is to send another communication to German setting forth accumulative evidence of submarine attacks which have jeopardized American lives and asking in effect what Germany proposes to do to meet the insistence of the nUited States.

The Supreme Court dismissed the appeal of the St. Louis Street Railway against the decision of the Missouri courts upholding the ordinance by which the City of St. Louis collects a tax of one mill on each street railway passenger.

Secretary of War Baker told Representative Olney that he expects to ask Congress for money to maintain citizen soldier training camps.

A general readjustment of railroad rates west of the Mississippi was asked of the Interstate Commerce Commission by 500 candy companies.

Secretary of War Baker has ordered 5,000 recruits to the border, so that many regulars can go into Mexico, Fifteen thousand more recruits will go when they are obtained.

General

After a lapse of six months, British army officers have resumed the purchase of horses in the Kansas City market.

A plan to erect a third furnace, to cast $1,000,000, is under consideration by the directors of the Detroit Iron & Steel Co.

Bringing 1,100 passengers, the Scandinavian American Lines Frederick VIII, arrived at New York from Copenhagen and Christianana.

The United States battleships South Carolina and Michigan collided while manoeuvering in the Gulf of Mexico. The damage was slight.

The Fuligar bill, designed to establish statewide Prohibition, was killed in the New York Assembly.

The ram Katahdin, a target for 13 inch shells fired from the monitor Ozark, was sunk in Chesapeake Bay. An attempt to refloat the ship will be made.

A canvass of sentiment in Congress showed a prevailing opinion that the troops should remain in Mexico.

Secretaries Lansing and Baker conferred, following which Secretary Baker said the orders to the troops have not been modified and that no orders to withdraw have been given.

In army circles the gravest apprehension is manifested for the safety of Pershing's forces, scattered as they are along a line of communications more than 400 mines long, and numbering not more than 10,000 men.

Four German subjects, all members of the engineering staff of the North German Lloyd liner Friedrich der Grosse, now laid up in Hoboken, N. J., were arrested as bomb plotters by detectives from New York Headquarters and agents of the Bureau of Investigation of the Department of Justice.

Lead dealers in New York City report a shortage in the metal.

Orders for 35,000,000 feet of lumber, in the form of knockdown houses were placed by the Russian government with firms at Seattle, Tacoma, and Bellingham, Wash.

The cargo of the German prize ship Appam was sold at Newport News, Va., under court order by Federal authorities because of its perishable nature. More than $500,000 worth of cocoa, cottonseed and corn was sold.

Because of the shortage of the materials, many manufacturers of steel bars in Pittsburgh are unable to operate their plants at desired capacity.

Prices of steel rails sold on or after May 1, will be advanced $5 a ton by subsidiary companies of the United States Steel Corporation.

Franz Bopp, German Consul General at San Francisco, and four others pleaded not guilty there to indictments charging violation of neutrality.

American torpedo boat destroyers are patrolling Philippine coasts, inquiring the destination and all information regarding steamers they encounter.

Mayor Mitchel, of New York, has demanded an investigation of the meeting in Washington Irving High School during which James H. Maurer was cheered after he had cried "To Hell with the Stars and Stripes" during an address to the Labor Forum.

Shipments of fresh and cured meats from Chicago last week amounted to 46,012,000 pounds.

Nine thousand employes of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway have been granted increased wages.

Operation of the Elsworth Collieries Co. mines at Charleroi, Pa., have been closed indefinitely because of a strike.

Dr. Arthur Warren Waite, self-confessed murderer of John E. Peck, his father-in-law, was taken to the Tombs, New York, from Bellevue Hospital.

Street car service in Toledo, Ohio, was resumed, after having been suspended for 13 days. The employes of the road received a wage increase.

In anticipation of the reopening of the Panama Canal many vessels have gathered at each end of the waterway.

Army officers at the base of Columbus, N. M., are having a hard time preventing the sale of liquor in the city. About 201 pints of various kinds of liquor have been already destroyed.

MEXICAN CAMPAIGN

Ambassador-designate Arredondo delivered to Secretary Lansing the note from his Government demanding withdrawal of American troops.

The Mexican embassy gave out telegrams from Carranza and Aguilar, his Foreign Minister, reporting the resistance of Carranzistas to the entry of troops in Parral and the bloody engagement that followed.

Secretary Lansing insisted he had not entered into agreement with Arredondo on March 23, as stated in the Carranza note, to limit the advance of troops into Mexico beyond the point where they were then stationed.

Carranza authorities at Casas Grandes, have seized all stocks of corn held by merchants there for sale to the American forces.

A teaspoonful of coffee will buy more than a gold coin with the American army in Mexico. Grounds are used as many as 11 times by some of the soldiers.

Confirmation of the report that Villa had been wounded in the right knee was received.

Sporting

Pitcher Ed Reulbach will play with the Boston Nationals this season.

Stanley Harris, recruit third baseman of the Detroit Americans, was released to the Scranton club of the New York State League.

Pitcher Kramer, outfielder Farrell, and utility man Babbington have been released to the Rochester Club of the International League by the New York Giants.

The showing of former Federal League players in the first games of the big leagues compares with that of their associates.

Clark Griffith declares he has the best pitching staff in the American League. To prove his assertion he names: Johnson——but that's enough

Satisfied with the sale by which he goes to the Cleveland Indians Tris Speaker, $50,000 outfielder, left Boston to join the Cleveland team.

Foreign

Damage estimated at $1,000,000 was done when the Scheldt dike broke near Quatrecht, a few miles east of Ghent.

Thomas Nelson Page, American Ambassador to Rome, sailed from Liverpool to New York on the American liner St. Louis.

Serious food riots at Prague and other Austrian cities are reported.

After an absence of 18 months, General Carranza returned to Mexico City.

Seventy barrels of oil, intended for German submarines in the Mediterranean, were found on the German liner Sigmaringen, seized by the Italian Government, at St. John, N. B.

Sir Edward Grey, British Foreign Secretary, announced in the House of Commons that the value of American securities seized on Dutch steamers is approximately $10,000,000.

Germany's order to all German hotel and restaurant keepers that they must reduce the size and variety of the meals they serve, has gone into effect.

Canada is reported to be considering conscription to provide for more troops for overseas service.

George de Burgh Canning, Marquis of Clanricarde, died in London.

Food riots are reported from several cities of Rumania.

HOW THE COUNTIES VOTED AT THE PRIMARY ELECTION

Senator Zihlman Has a Comfortable Majority Over His Closest Opponent.

With the announcement of the official count in the various counties of the Sixth Congressional District of the result of the primary election held on Monday, May 1st, which was made on last Thursday afternoon, State Senator Zihlman, of Allegany county, has a majority of more than 3200 votes over his closest opponent, Mr. Gist Blair, of Montgomery county, the returns from the five counties of the District being as follows:

ALLEGANY COUNTY.

Gist Blair	660
George L. Kauffman	41
Harvey J. Speicher	337
Leo Weinberg	100
Frederick N. Zihlman	3116

GARRETT COUNTY.

Gist Blair	97
George L. Kauffman	10
Harvey J. Speicher	454
Leo Weinberg	12
Frederick N. Zihlman	624

FREDERICK COUNTY.

Gist Blair	249
George L. Kauffman	243
Harvey J. Speicher	240
Leo Weinberg	1875
Frederick N. Zihlman	394

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

Gist Blair	829
George L. Kauffman	86
Harvey J. Speicher	368
Leo Weinberg	174
Frederick N. Zihlman	1457

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

Gist Blair	1059
George L. Kauffman	11
Harvey J. Speicher	50
Leo Weinberg	48
Frederick N. Zihlman	555

DEMOCRATIC.

	Etchison.	Stern.
Garrett	231	292
Allegany	377	1926
Washington	1072	1539
Frederick	2544	808

Montgomery--693 majority for Etchison.

BLOOMINGTON BILL VETOED

Town Will Remain Without a Railroad Agent and Other Facilities.

By the veto of Governor Harrington, which he exercised last Thursday, the town of Bloomington, Garrett county's one of the important coal points in this section, will remain without a railroad agent as it has for some years past.

At the recent session of the Legislature a bill was passed through both houses making it mandatory upon the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad company to establish an agency at that point for the accommodation of the traveling public and for the purpose of billing out and receiving freight and baggage from trains passing through the town. This measure was one of great importance to the business men and others of Bloomington and it was quite a surprise when it was announced that the Governor had vetoed the bill.

Merchants and others at Bloomington are greatly handicapped and put to more or less expense and trouble by the methods now employed by the railroad company, as goods consigned to that point are unloaded and uncared for upon their arrival unless arrangements are made prior thereto with some resident of the town to look after them. No eastbound local freights are stopped to discharge goods and in consequence they are carried through to Piedmont and brought back the following day.

It is now understood that the matter will be taken up with the Public Service Commission by the parties interested.

THE DEATH RECORD.

EMALINE HOGE.

Died, at the home of her son, James L. Hoge, in Akron, Ohio, on April 19, Mrs. Emaline Hoge, widow of the late Solomon Hoge, of Garrett county. Mrs. Hoge was born in Greene county, Pa., and moved to Garrett county about thirty-five years ago, where she continued to reside until about two years since, when she removed to Akron, following the death of her husband three years previous thereto. She was an intelligent woman and one who took an active interest in everything pertaining to the betterment of her home and home community. She was loved and respected by all who knew her. She was born on November 4, 1841, near Waynesburg, Pa., and was married to Solomon Hoge in 1868, and is survived by six sons and four daughters: James L., I. R., Albert and Solomon, of Akron, Ohio.; Lee, of Oakland, and Joseph, of Mill Creek, West Va.; Mrs. Fannie Cole and Mrs. Alice Hoye, of Greene county, Pa., and Mrs. J. W. Kimmell, of Deer Park, and Mrs. Jennie McRobie, of Shinnston, W. Va. She was a life long member of the Baptist church. Her remains were interred in the Deer Park cemetery by the side of her husband, who preceded her five years.

GRANTSVILLE.

A. T. Shirer, the Western Union lineman at this place, has bought a lot at the west end of town, formerly belonging to Miss Jane Smouse of Oakland. Mr. Shirer will probably build a residence in the near future.

Daniel Hershberger has recovered from the measles and the other children, Grace, Wilbur and Merle, are now confined to their beds with the same malady, all, however, doing nicely.

Stone House Farm is being brightened up with new paper and paint. Ward Beachy and son Forest are doing the work.

Senator Zihlman from Cumberland was a Grantsville visitor last week accompanied by Lloyd Schaefer.

Mrs. J. O. Getty is the guest of her sister-in-law, Mrs. Alice Getty, at Meyersdale, this week.

Mrs. Catherine Engle, who was quite ill for awhile, is now about the house again and improving finely.

Gus Wm. Zeller of Frostburg has been a guest of his brother, C. S. Zeller, for the week-end.

Clarence Durst has been employed for the summer by Dr. Bowen as hostler and chauffeur.

H. A. Flautt of Somerfield was a Grantsville visitor this week.

A. J. Oester, State Forestry Warden, has been engaged the past few weeks in superintending the trimming of trees along the pike and near the telegraph wires.

Paul Tissue of Somerfield spent several days in Grantsville.

A. J. Shirer of Somerfield will begin his auto-bus hire between that place and Frostburg on May 2nd, going twice a week and stopping in Grantsville en route.

Mrs. Peter Fazenbaker of Bittinger was a business visitor here Thursday.

A family from Pittsburgh have rented the Evans bungalow at the Casselman river and will probably take possession in June and remain all summer.

Thomas Layman, living east of here along the National Pike, is in a very precarious condition, owing to cancer of the stomach. He was brought home from the Miners' Hospital at Frostburg last week where an x-ray examination regarding his condition was made.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Offutt, Bruce Browning and Benj. H. Sincell were among the many Oakland people in Grantsville recently.

J. J. Bender, Wm. Winterberg and Samuel Hershberger were Frostburg and Cumberland visitors Saturday.

Misses Nora, Catherine and Althea Durst spent Sunday with Mrs. Tom Hetrick.

J. W. Humbird and family and Mr. and Mrs. G. D. Landwehr were among the Cumberland people in Grantsville Sunday.

W. G. Hitchins, Dr. I. L. Ritter, J. B. Williams and daughter, Clifton Jeffries and party and numerous other Frostburg people were motor visitors here, Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Winifred Bonig entertained the Girls' Club and a few young men at her home on Thursday night, games being the diversion. The guests included Misses Ruth Keller, Angela Getty, Blanche Miller, Marie Connor, and Beulah Bender, Messrs. Wm. Gnagey, Chas. Keller, John Livengood, Urban Blocher, John and Emons Younkin. Delicious refreshments were served.

A surprise party was tendered Clarence Gingerich on Friday night the occasion being his thirteenth birthday. The young guests included Masters Frank and William Getty, Frank Beachy, Henry Durst, Henry Bonig, Albert Miller, Webster Bittinger, Harry and Oliver Bender, Floyd Miller and Emerson Hayes; Misses Edna Gingerich, Mary Miller, Marjorie and Mildred Bonig, Irma Swauger, Nina Younkin, Hilda Beachy, Margaret Getty and Althea Engle. Refreshments were served by the mother of the little host who received a number of handsome presents.

A beautiful new Packard organ has been purchased for the Reformed church, having been selected by Rev. E. S. Hassler of Lake, O., and shipped from Fort Wayne, Ind. The instrument is a free-will offering from the members of the Sunday school, the different classes of which have raised the necessary money themselves. A new communion table and pulpit chairs will be purchased in the near future.

Edward Roberts, of the firm of Klotz & Roberts, garage men, has moved into the house recently owned by Menno Miller, but purchased by Lewis Diefenbach who rents to Mr. Roberts. Mr. Klotz the senior partner, who will probably move his family here from Bittinger, is at present boarding with his brother and sister, Louise and Lizzie Klotz.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Fisher have moved from the Chas. Warnick farm into the house owned by A. F. Hetrick. The family expected to move sooner, but a visit from the stork delayed the arrangements for several weeks. Mr. Fisher, however, had the house all spick and span in the meantime, and mother and baby, both of whom are well as possible, were brought up with the rest of the family this week.

Mrs. Jacob S. Miller has moved from the old homestead into the little house in the same lot which has been remodeled and repaired. Her daughter, Miss Lucy, shares the cottage with her, while Mr. and Mrs. Simon Miller occupy the farm house, Mr. Miller having charge of the farm.

OAKLAND CASH BUYERS CO.,—Pay cash for spring Pigs, Calves, Lambs, Chickens, Turkeys, Eggs, etc. L. W. HOPKINS, W. L. CASTEEL, J. W. DAVIS. Adv. 10-tf

Subscribe for The Republican.

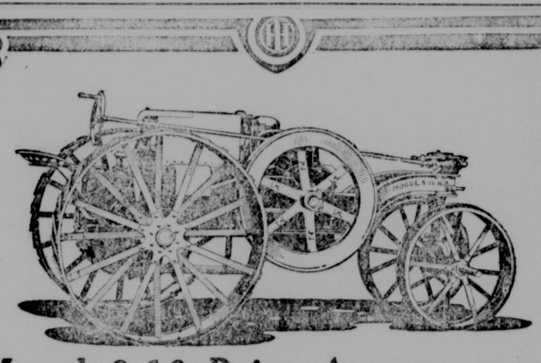
Automobile and Motor Cycle Tubes and Casings.

VULCANIZING AND REPAIRING.

Casing Vulcanizing—Blow outs, rim cuts and surface cuts. Tube repairing—Blow outs, cuts, punctures, new valves, valve bases. All work guaranteed.

G. W. WOODS, Miller building, Adv. 10-4t* Oakland, Md.

New Millinery—Harry Davis has opened a fine line of Millinery. Come and see. Advertisement 8-4t



Mogul 8-16 Price Announcement

The Real Kerosene Tractor

ON and after April 1st the price of the Mogul 8-16 will be $725 cash f. o. b. Chicago. All sales made and bona fide orders taken up to April 1st will be filled at the present price of $675 cash f. o. b. Chicago. We want to post you ahead of time on the coming change.

Mogul 8-16, as you know, is the famous tractor that **has cut fuel costs squarely in half**—operates on cheap, common kerosene or coal oil—doesn't have to be the highest grade either. It pays for itself in the saving over gasoline. That is why the rise in price—necessary because cost of raw materials has risen so high—is of minor importance.

Mogul 8-16 is saving and making profit on thousands of farms of all sizes. It will do much more for you than your horses can. Get in your order **now**—be ready for spring work. See the dealer who sells the **Mogul 8-16.**

International Harvester Company of America
(Incorporated)

The Mogul 8-16 kerosene tractor is sold by

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.,
OAKLAND, MD.

The New BRISCOE Is Here

Two Great Models

A New Four $750—A New Eight $950

Beauty—Comfort—Price

The new Briscoe Four is an exceptional car. More stylish than ever, roomier and more powerful.

Ownership of the Briscoe fosters pride. While low-priced, it is first-class in construction, stylish in appearance, and makes you feel at home in the most select company.

It's here now—come and see it

The best designed car in its class

It's the best designed car in its class — most carefully made, too. Looks hundreds of dollars more than it costs. It has a 114-inch wheelbase—roomy 5-passenger body—Q. D. rims and 32-inch Ajax tires—38 h. p. motor with three-bearing crankshaft—cantilever springs and everything in the way of electrical equipment.

Unique features of the Briscoe Eight include overhead valves with cylinders and upper half of crankcase in a single casting, insuring perfect piston travel and bearing alignment. Valve tappets are quickly adjustable from top.

See this distinctive car

Ride in it. Test it in any way you wish. You will find the Briscoe offers most in the way of power, comfort and style.

The Inter-State Motor Co.
FRIENDSVILLE, MD.

LEVY LIST FOR 1916

Annual Levy for Garrett County, Maryland, levied on the 19th day of April, 1916, by the Board of County Commissioners for Garrett County, Maryland.

GENERAL ROAD LEVY

Election District No. 1, Swanton	$1,000 00
Election District No. 2, Selbysport	1,700 00
Election District No. 3, Grantsville	1,600 00
Election District No. 4, Bloomington	775 00
Election District No. 5, Accident	1,075 00
Election District No. 6, Sang Run	900 00
Election District No. 7, East Oakland	1,350 00
Election District No. 8, Ryans Glade	1,500 00
Election District No. 9, Johnsons	450 00
Election District No. 10, Deer Park	1,100 00
Election District No. 11, Elbow	750 00
Election District No. 12, Bittinger	700 00
Election District No. 13, Kitzmiller	750 00
Election District No. 14, Oakland	1,250 00
	$14,900 00

CORPORATIONS

Mayor and Council of Oakland	$1000 00
Mayor and Council of Deer Park	250 00
Mayor and Council of Loch Lynn	150 00
Mayor and Council of Kitzmiller, subject to order	300 00
Mayor and Council of Friendsville	300 00
Commissioners of Grantsville	150 00
Mountain Lake Park Community, subject to order	250 00
	$2400 00

CLERK CIRCUIT COURT.

E. Z. Tower, use Garrett National Bank	$800 00
E. Z. Tower, balance	901 57
	$1701 57

COURT FUND.

Estimate to pay expenses for September and December, 1916, and March and June Terms, 1917	$2405 00
Allegany County, for jurors and bailiffs in Garrett case	42 25
	$2447 25

ORPHANS COURT.

Estimate to pay judges, 1916	$468 48
E. E. Friend, Register of Wills	237 90
	$706 38

SHERIFF'S OFFICE.

Estimate to pay Sheriff's salary, jail cook, prisoners' board, &c., for the year, 1916, subject to order	$3500 00
Estimate to pay warden salary for the year 1916, subject to order	900 00
	$4400 00

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

To the Public School Commissioners for support of Grammar Schools	$38,457 00
To the Public School Commissioners for support of High Schools	6,543 00
	$45,000 00

PUBLIC PRINTING AND PUBILSHING.

Benj. H. Sincell, publishing and printing, use Garrett National Bank	$500 00
H. A. Rasche, manager, publishing and printing, use Garrett National Bank	350 00
	$850 00

ELECTION EXPENSES

Estimate to pay same for 1916	$4000 00

WEASEL, CAT AND FOX CERTIFICATES.

Estimate to pay same for 1916	$400 00

ALMSHOUSE AND ASYLUM FUND.

Estimate for 1916	$4000 00

STATE WITNESSES BEFORE J. P.

Estimate to pay same for 1916	$75 00

COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE

Estimate for County Commissioners	$1200 00
Walter G. Myers, clerk, balance	500 00
F. A. Thayer, attorney	150 00
	$1850 00

SPECIAL ROAD APPROPRIATIONS.

For Districts Nos. 7, 8, 10, 11, 13 and 14	$1800 00
For Districts Nos. 1, 3, 4, 9 and 12	1500 00
For Districts Nos. 2, 5 and 6	900 00
	$4200 00

BRIDGE ACCOUNTS.

Estimate for 1916	$3500 00
Deficiency in 1915 levy	476 35
	$3976 35

NEW ROADS.

Road Case No. 222.

Benj. F. Green, examiner, 1½ days	$3 00
Geo. W. Beeman, examiner, 1½ days	3 00
Bruce Blocher, examiner, 1½ days	3 00
A. F. Green, surveyor, 1½ days	8 00

Road Case No. 225.

J. S. Myers, examiner, 1 day	2 00
C. Q. Hook, examiner, 1 day	2 00
Wm. Uphold, chainman, 1 day	1 50
Jno. A. Burch, chainman, 1 day	1 50
Jefferson Burch, axeman, 1 day	1 50
Wm. H. H. Friend, surveyor, 1½ days	7 50

Road Case No. 227.

Virginia Kemmell, damages	14 40
Joseph B. Meese, damages	30 00
Mrs. Lawrence Means, damages	01
William H. Lohr, damages	01
J. B. Seats, damages	01
——Groves, damages	01

Road Case No. 228.

Charles H. O'Brien, damages	01
John I. O'Brien, damages	01
Charles S. Harvey, damages	60 00
Daisy Barnard, damages	01
Mitchel and Witworth, damages	01

Road Case No. 229.

C. J. Folk, examiner, 2 days	$4 00
Jacob Brenneman, examiner, 3 days	6 00
Charles J. Sechler, examiner, 3 days	6 00
P. C. Boucher, surveyor, 3 days	15 00
John Opel, chainman, 1 day	1 50
Frank Brenneman, chainman, 1 day	1 50
Ben Buttler, damages	1 00
Simon Burkholder, damages,	50
Joe Durst, damages,	50
Sincell, Thayer and Mitchell, damages,	50
Noah Bittinger, damages,	150 00
Paul Beachy, damages,	15 00

Road Case No. 230.

James R. Russell, damages,	01
Wm. Ross, damages	01
John Green, damages,	01
Archibald Russell, damages,	01
Mrs. Noah Neat, damages,	01

Road Case No. 232.

P. H. Rodeheaver, examiner, 1 day	$2 00
John Brenneman, examiner, 1 day	2 00
David Enlow, examiner, 1 day	2 00
Alexander C. Mason, surveyor 1½ days	7 50

Road case No. 233.

George W. Weitzell, examiner, 2 days	4 00
John Brenneman, examiner, 2 days	4 00
George Glotfelty, examiner, 2 days	4 00
Alexander C. Mason, surveyor, 1 day	5 00
John W. and Robert Garrett, damages	1 00

Road Case No. 234.

J. B. Cheuvront, examiner, 1½ days	3 00
Roy O. Winters, examiner, 1½ days	3 00
E. E. Sollars, examiner, 1½ days	3 00
A. C. Mason, surveyor, 1½ days	7 50
C. B. Johnson, et al, damages,	75 00
Perry Davis, damages,	01
J. H. McRobie, damages,	01
B. F. Westlake, damages,	01
Lee Hogue, damages,	01
Lucretia Hogue, damages,	01
John Gnagey, damages,	10 00
S. L. Townshend, heirs,	01
Nellie Turley, damages,	01
Mattie Alexander, damages,	01
J. R. Bishop, estate, damages	10 00
L. J. Brown, damages,	50 00
W. E. Crane, damages,	01

Road Case No. 236.

W. M. Fike of A. M., examiner, 3 days	6 00
W. W. Schlossnagle, examiner, 3 days	6 00
Kimmell Frazee, examiner, 3 days	6 00
Charles Harrison, axeman, 1½ days	3 00
Jasper Myers, axeman, ½ day	75
Walter Humberson, axeman, ½ day	75
Hiram Humberson, flagman, 2½ days	3 75
Albert Frazee, chainman, 1½ days	2 25
Ed Dixon, chainman, 2½ days,	3 75
George Hileman, chainman, 1 day	1 50
Norval Speelman, surveyor, 4 days	20 00

Road Case No. 237.

S. J. Thomas, examiner, 2 days	4 00
Thomas E. Bishoff, examiner, 1½ days	3 00
Asa B. Friend, examiner, 1½ days	3 00
L. H. Johnson, flagman, ½ day,	75
John H. Burch, chainman, ½ day	75
Cleve Sisler, chainman, ½ day,	75
Wm. H. H. Friend, surveyor, 2 days	10 00

Road Case No. 239.

Lewis Broadwater, examiner, 1 day	2 00
Ernest Q. Michael, examiner, 1 day	2 00
J. O. Wilhelm, examiner, 1 day	2 00
Geo. B. Brown, chainman, 1 day	1 50
——Groves, chainman, 1 day	1 50
P. C. Boucher, surveyor,	5 00
Elias Arnold, damages,	100 00

Road Case No. 240.

C. W. Friend, examiner, 1 day	2 00
S. K. Frazee, examiner, 1 day	2 00
W. F. Myers, examiner, 1 day	2 00
James Spear, chainman, 1 day	1 50
Hiram Humberson, chainman, 1 day	1 50
Elijah Myers, axeman, 1 day	1 50
Foster Rumbaugh, axeman, 1 day	1 50
George Hileman, axeman, 1 day	1 50
H. M. Rumbaugh, flagman, 1 day	1 50
Norval Speelman, surveying, &c., 2 days	10 00
William Lohr, for new road work, use Garrett National Bank	59 88
James Lish, for new road work, use G. W. Weitzell	298 26
Echard Landon & Co., for State Aid Road work, use Garrett National Bank	1899 48
Estimate to complete State Aid Road	6220 00
State Aid Road, deficiency in 1915	3408 22
New Roads, estimate for 1916	7200 00
New Roads, deficiency in 1915	523 44
	$20,356 40

ATTORNEYS' FEES.

J. C. Renninger, State's Attorney	$1280 00
F. A. Thayer, 8 misdemeanors 3 felonies	70 00
Willian. R. Offutt, 3 misdemeanors, 11 felonies	30 00
E. R. Jones, 3 misdemeanors, 1 felony,	25 00
G. S. Hamill, 1 misdemeanor, 1 feloyn,	15 00
E. H. Sincell, ½ felony,	5 00
Asa T. Matthews, 1 felony	10 00
D. L. Sloan, fee in Garrett case	25 00
	$1460 00

COURT HOUSE BONDS.

To pay bonds Nos. 81 to 90	$5000 00
To pay interest from Aug., to July 31, 1917	1400 00
	$6400 00

MAGISTRATES' FEES.

J. F. Friend, District No. 1, use First National Bank of Oakland	$16 40
L. C. Fike, District No. 2	4 80
Rufus Enlow, District No. 6	29 95
W. D. Hoye, District No. 10	14 40
Geo. B. Brown, District No. 11	3 75
G. M. Pool, District No. 13	71 30
J. C. Dunham, (estate) District No. 14	2 65
R. L. Fries, District No. 14	20 70
	$163 95

CONSTABLES' FEES.

Geo. J. Vansickle, District No. 2, use G. W. Weitzell	$22 85
Leonard Lytle, District No. 2	6 35
R. Schlossnagle, District No. 3	15 80
Walter Coddington, District No. 5	4 50
S. J. Thomas, District No. 6	26 50
H. H. Junkins, District No. 7, (special) use Garrett National Bank of Oakland	3 40
Thomas Callis, District No. 7	39 11
F. C. Browning, District No. 10, use the First National Bank of Oakland	6 40
Geo. J. Walters, District No. 10, (special) use C. A. Beachy	3 25
Stanley M. Jacobs, District No. 11	8 25
George Groves, District No. 11, (special)	4 01
L. B. Friend, District No. 14, use First National Bank of Oakland	16 10
	$185 62

SUPERVISORS OF ASSESSMENTS.

Geo. W. Legge, Jr., estimate for 1916, salary, subject to order	$1000 00

OUTSIDE PENSIONERS.

Mary M. Gibbs, support of Nancy Vansickle and daughter, subject to order	$150 00
Simon Nair, support of himself, subject to order	60 00
J. C. Keys, support of himself and wife, subject to order	120 00
Jno. A. Williams, support of Mary Kisner, subject to order	120 00
W. C. Jones, support of Geo. Woods, subject to order	60 00
James McKenzie, support of Henry C. Brown, subject to order	96 00
Elizabeth Wilt, support of herself, subject to order	60 00
Arthur Townshend, support of Mrs. Craver, subject to order	60 00
Nathan Knox, support of Henry Knox, subject to order	50 00
Garrett Moon, support of himself and family, subject to order	60 00
Edward Harvey, support of himself, subject to order	60 00
Estimate to pay others	400 00
	$1296 00

VITAL STATISTICS.

J. W. Callis	$2 10
Dr. H. M. Kemp	10 08
William A. Murphy	3.25
Samuel Sines	1 25
Albert Baker	4 20
J. B. Emory	8 40
N. H. Casteel	4 58
John L. Richter	29 75
L. C. Bray	25 65
Thomas J. Crowe	10 45
Mark S. White	56 00
Robert Lathrum	5 00
Henry Baker	35 70
Dr. N. I. Broadwater, use H. L. Jones	202 50
H. L. Jones	29 55
Dr. E. E. Sollars	1 93
Geo. B. Brown	7 43
I. W. Abernathy	15 70
	$456 52

FOREST FIRE ACCOUNTS.

Estimate for 1916	$400 00

DISTRICT ASSESSORS.

J. F. Friend, District No. 1	7 57
J. Milton Fike, District No. 2	8 62
Henry Barnard, District No. 4	5 67
Silas Teats, District No. 5	9 00
Josephus Ferguson, District No. 6	6 83
Jonas Yutzy, District No. 8	71 61
I. A. Paugh, District No. 10	4 80
J. B. Emory, District No. 12	2 13
L. C. Bray, District No. 13	26 77
A. L. Sines, District No. 14	31 71
	$174 71

MISCELLANEOUS ACCOUNTS.

Adam Hetrick, taxes paid in error	$22 28
Clenden Detective Agency of Charleston, W. Va., for services of one operative and expenses (ordered by July Grand Jury) use Garrett National Bank	172 85
Dr. N. I. Broadwater, health officer	100 00
Dr. N. I. Broadwater, physician to jail	100 00
Dr. N. I. Broadwater, examination of insane, etc.	61 55
Oscar Notes, janitor, subject to order	547 50
The Northern Natural Gas Co., estimate, subject to order	450 00
Mayor and Council of Oakland, estimate for water, subject to order	100 00
Oakland Electric Co., estimate for light, subject to order	100 00
Co-operative Laboratory of Garrett and Allegany counties, subject to order	240 00
Dr. H. W. McComas, for professional services	170 00
E. R. Jones, for detective services, use First National Bank, Oakland	125 00
E. R. Jones, for detective balance	75 00
J. I. Case Threshing Machine Co., for 1 10 ton roller, stone crusher, two road machines, etc., subject to order	3471 40
A. C. Mason, surveys on roads	28 00
The Austin Western Road Machinery Co., road machine repairs	82 00
The Falconer Company, blank books, etc., for Clerk Court	307 17
D. E. Bolden, coffins for paupers, etc.	93 28
Oakland Pharmacy, medicine for jail, paupers, etc.,	68 27
Dr. H. M. Kemp, professional service rendered George Paugh family (quarantined)	30 00
James D. Hamill, stationary for court house, etc.	31 53
William Trenters, guarding quarantined houses at Kempton, use L. J. Lanich	33 00
Corlies, Macy & Co., blank books, etc.	233 88
W. E. Shirer, supplies for jail	6 30
Samuel Sines, repairs to road machine	5 75
Underwood Typewriter Co., balance due on Typewriter for R. of W.	59 25
George Geissman, coal furnished paupers, etc.	14 70
A. G. Sturgiss, medicine for jail	2 00
Gonders Pharmacy, antitoxin for health officer	24 85
E. G. Naylor, repairs for road machine	65 86
Garrett County Telephone Company phone rent	39 10
A. D. Naylor & Co., Plumbing etc.	217 95
Echard Landon & Co., dump wagons	250 00
The Galion Iron Works, Mfg. Co., Road Graders	650 00
J. M. Davis & Sons, supplies for jail	4 10
Home Sanitorium, care of paupers,	266 00
Dr. H. H. Carr, service rendered Mrs. Roy Nair	50 00
	$8288 57

TREASURER'S OFFICE

J. W. Kimmell, Commission on County tax	$2070 07
J. W. Kimmell, Commission on State Tax	538 54
	$2608 61

CONTINGENT FUND

Estimates for discounts, insolvencies, etc.	$4307 59

RECAPITULATION

General Road Levy	$14,900 00
Corporations	2400 00
Clerk Circuit Court	1701 57
Court Fund	2447 25
Orphan's Court	706 38
Sheriff Office	4400 00
Public Schools	45000 00
Public Printing and Publishing	850 00
Election expenses	4000 00
Weasel & Cat & Fox certificates	400 00
Alms House and Asylum fund	4000 00
State witnesses before J. P.	75 00
Commissioners Office	1850 00
Special Road Appropriation	4200 00
Bridge account	3976 35
New Roads	20,356 40
Attorneys Fees	1460 00
Court House Bonds	6400 00
Magistrates Fees	163 95
Constables Fees	185 62
Supervisors of Assessment	1000 00
Out side pensioners	1296 00
Vital Statistics	456 52
Forest fire Account	400 00
District Assessors	174 71
Miscellaneous Account	8288 57
Treasurers Office	2608 61
Contingent fund	4307 59
	$138,004 52

To pay the aforegoing amounts it was ascertained that the resources of the county as shown by the assessment books as follows:

Real and tangible personal property, $11,165,193.00, at $1.19 on each $100,	$132,865 80
Bank shares to be returned by the State Tax Commission. (Estimated) $300,000.00 at $1.00 on each $100.00,	3,000.00
Intangible personal property, $712,907.00 at 30 cents on each $100.00,	2,138.72
Total amount for County purposes	$138.004.52
After deducting $391,985.00 for corporations paying direct to the State Treasurer, leaves the basis on real and tangible personal property, $70,773,208.00 at 32½ cents on each $100.00	$34,833 34
Intangible personal property, $712,907.00, at 15 cents on each $100.00	1,069.36
Total amount for State purposes	$35,902.70

W. G. MEYERS, Clerk.

ORDER NISI.

No. 2014 Equity In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Maggie W. Thayer, vs. Ira W. Hardesty.

Ordered, this 24th day of April, in the year 1916 by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in Equity, that the sale made and reported in the above cause by Fred. A. Thayer, attorney named in the mortgage, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 26th day of May, 1916; provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Garrett County, once a week for three successive weeks before the 13th day of May, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $200.00.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

J. W. Whorton & Son

CONTRACTING PLASTERERS

Only the Best Material Used.

Best Grade of Wall Plaster on hand at all times.

CONCRETE WORK of All Kinds.

All Work Guaranteed.

OAKLAND, - MARYLAND.

A Music Cannery

By FREDERIC J. HASKIN.

CAMDEN, N. J., May 9.—The other day a man prominently connected with a great American opera house came to Camden. One of the biggest phonograph factories in the world is located here, and all sorts of musical folk are continually visiting this grimy industrial city. The manager of the phonograph company asked the operatic gentleman what kind of a phonograph he owned.

"I don't own any kind," was the reply. "With the greatest artists in the world singing for me in the flesh, what do I want with a phonograph?"

But the manufacturers of canned music are a fraternity not easily comfited. The phonograph manager seized that gentleman and led him to a lonely, shining cabinet in one corner. "I suppose you are familiar with most operatic music?" he demanded sternly. "Know what a thing is when you hear it, and all that?"

The gentleman modestly replied that he thought he could recognize any operatic selection worth recognizing. "Very well," said the manager. "Then what is this?"

He put on a record and started the machine. A trio of wonderful sweetness poured forth. The manager looked inquiringly at his guest, but the latter shook his head. "It is beautiful," he said, "but I do not know what it is."

"That is the trio from Verdi's opera, "Lombardi," sung by Caruso, Alda and Journet," the manager told him triumphantly. "It has never been produced in America, and the only chance anybody has to hear it is on the phonograph. Now do you see what you want with a phonograph?"

Behind that little incident lies one of the big romances of modern industry. From a squeaky little toy grinding bugle calls and alleged humorous monologues off a cylinder to a magic cabinet that creditably reproduces the voices of the great singers and compels recognition from the most critical is a long jump to make in a few pears, but that is what the phonograph has done.

Did you know that the modern opera singer makes a practice of rehearsing with a record of his own voice singing the same air? That is because his phonograph record is absolutely correct. When he made the record he sang the record over and over again until he got it perfect. The machine has an unpleasant way of magnifying the slightest error in tone or execution until it stands out as prominently as a yellow flag on St. Patrick's day. Hence, singing into the little funnel that leads to the recording disk is a more severe test of technique than singing in concert or opera, where a slight slip may pass unnoticed. Caruso has probably the least trouble of all great singers in making records, but the best of them have to do one over occasionally.

Nowadays the phonograph companies have gotton such a commanding position that before they will make a contract with a new singer, even if it be some one with a national reputation, they first make a test record of his voice to see how it will record. That in itself is quite a step from the days not so very long gone, when a singer of any note who sang for the machine was regarded askance by his brethren. Some voices that do well enough in the auditorium record poorly, so the test record is made with all the pomp and circumstance that attends making a disk whose duplicates will be run off by the thousands just to see if the voice is of the right quality to record properly.

As a general rule the best voices make the best records. The singer who couples the greatest natural endowments with the finest technique will have the least trouble. Very high tones and very low tones, however, present special difficulties. Something of the same sort is true of instrumental music. The piano is the most difficult of all instruments properly to record.

Phonograph manufacturers have a predilection for passing over the mechanical side of their business as lightly as possible. They seem to feel that a look behind the scenes into the springs and disks and pulleys breeds disillusionment. It is here however, that the real wonder lies. There is, perhaps, no achievement of modern science that comes as close to magic as the turning of a jagged square of gummy black shellac into a thing that stores up the greatest music of the ages ready at the turn of a finger to release it as often as you will, after composer and singer are dust.

The actual process of making a record is simple enough. The singer goes into a room specially constructed to produce the best acoustical properties. He faces a square funnel whose small end leads to a recording disk made of "a plastic material." In the nature of that plastic material lies the secret of perfect reproduction, and the formula for its composition is not exactly being printed on hand-bills for general distribution.

Behind the singer the orchestra is ranged. If the number features some special band or orchestra the players are, of course, brought especially to Camden, but for ordinary accompaniments the company maintains its own organization of thirty men. They have to be artists of the first quality, because there is always that little imp of the cabinet to be considered with his irritating demand for absolute perfection. If a mistake is made he seizes it gleefully and transmits it to all the thousands of his children who are stamped from him, to trumpet abroad wherever they are played. So the director will stop the whole proceeding at any point with a tap of his baton, if his ear catches the slightest error.

Visitors are not encouraged in this inner sanctum. The faintest whisper or rustle is caught up and recorded just as faithfully as the aria itself. If a visitor does gain admittance, he notes that the arrangement of the orchestra is quite different from the ordinary one in the opera or concert work. Some of the men are perched on high, some are drawn up close to the recording cabinet while others are withdrawn. Each instrument has a different carrying power and a different recording quality, so that a special arrangement is necessary to get the proper effect.

When the number has been played the little imp in the cabinet has every tone-shade safely locked in his bosom. They take him and give him an electroplating bath that coats him with enduring nickel, and there you have your master record. One such master record is put on file, and from a second the ordinary disk records are made. The black material that you see in a phonograph record is a composition of shellac, which softens under the influence of heat. The material is rolled out into great sheets and cut into squares twelve inches on a side.

These squares harden as they cool, and in their hardened condition are sent down to the room where the impressing is done. Here they are laid on a hot table a moment to soften and then placed over the nickel master record. They are stamped and trimmed—and there is your Caruso or Tetrazzini ready for the cabinet.

The life of a record is a matter of some interest to the owner of a phonograph. With ordinary use a disk should last indefinitely. Of course, the friction of steel, tungsten or sapphire on even the hardest material will eventually wear it out, but unless you play some particular piece many hours a day there is no deterioration. The question of "overtones" comes up in this connection. It has been stated that the overtones wear off a record more quickly than the notes of the dominant octave, and thus spoil the quality of the recorded voice, even while leaving pitch and volume unimpaired. It is true enough that the quality of any musical note depends largely on the overtones, but according to the local company, at least, there is nothing in the theory that overtones are destroyed by normal playing of a record.

After the disk itself the most interesting part of the phonograph mechanism is the motor which revolves the record under the needle. The motor has to be a little wonder of its kind. It must work at an absolutely even speed—more even than that of a clock mechanism, because a clock may have compensating defects and still keep time. If the phonograph motor works a shade too fast or too slow, the whole effect is marred. A change of speed not only spoils the tempo of the number being played, but actually changes the pitch of the notes given out as well. This company estimates that if the springs they put into their cabinets were joined together a year's supply would reach from London to New York.

Much of the mechanical side of phonograph building is, of course, very like similar processes in any other craft. The record, the motor, and the little mica disk whose vibration does the actual "singing" are the three unique points. The world's whole mica production is picked over by the phonograph builders in their search for the most perfect pieces, and only the best of it is sufficiently flawless for use.

The phonograph industry, as a whole, is unique, not only in the industrial field, but in its relation to art and society. It is putting music for the first time in history on a footing similar to that of the other arts. It is having the way to cumulative musical achievement. We have had cumulative achievement in literature, in sculpture and in painting. In these arts the treasurers of the ages are piled up. Each new master measures himself not only against his contemporaries, but against the masters of all time. But the most perfect musical execution, the finest tone-shading, the most sympathetic voices, were gone forever almost before the echoes of the last notes died away in the crowded auditorium. The phonograph bids fair to change all that.

The Republican--Garrett Co.'s Paper.

THE REPUBLICAN

BENJ. H. SINCELL, EDITOR.

Entered at the Postoffice in Oakland Md., as Second-class matter.

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THE REPUBLICAN,
Oakland, Md.

THURSDAY, MAY 11, 1916

REPUBLICAN TICKET

For United States Senator:
JOSEPH IRWIN FRANCE
of Cecil County.

For Congressman:
FREDERICK N. ZIHLMAN
of Allegany County

THE statement that Sir Roger Casement "lost his head" seems a bit premature.

IF THE lady rookie camps become general, will the government furnish the cold cream?

AFTER the girls get through with the instruction camp they should be able to go home and do a good day's house work.

OF COURSE among those 25,000 applicants for tickets to the Chicago convention not all are aspirants for the nomination.

"FORTY women in masculine dress among Irish rebel prisoners." The militant suffragets can't help feeling they've been badly scooped.

IN THE course of human events the Colonel may issue a statement that he hasn't preceded by writing a book that calls for frequent reference in the statement.

THE Fiji Islanders have turned from cannibalism to the movies, but it is not stated what measure of censorship is exercised to keep them from growing desperate.

THE Michigan Republican convention endorsed Ford as a complimentary vote candidate, commended Hughes to the party and forgot all about William Alden Smith.

ONE story says that if Sir Roger Casement is hanged it will be done with a silken rope in consideration of his rank. And if he is beheaded will they use a silver hatchet?

IT MUST be a particularly crusty old Englishman who suggests that the worst punishment for the Irish rebel prisoners would be to make them go back home and live there.

THE Washington newspaper which pleads with Great Britain to be kind to the rebels would better cable its remarks. They have a way of doing things up in a hurry at the tower.

OBREGON is reported to be particularly happy that mining companies will resume operations, but whether it is because the friends of Mexican freedom need the money is not specified.

A BERLIN correspondent says the Germans, contemplating the failure of the recent rebellion, are mad enough to "send Ireland to the bottom of the sea." But they'd have trouble making Cork stay down.

AFTER that applicant for naturalization who said the Vice President washed the White House windows is here a little longer he will learn that the official isn't even that much use to the country.

"UNCLE JOE" AT 80.

It is vouchsafed to few men to be the central figure in such a demonstration as that which turned the House of Representatives into a love feast for a part of its session Saturday. Most men must wait until after death to evoke such testimonials, but JOSEPH GURNEY CANNON is an exception in this as in most other things. The whole-souled affection he has inspired in the chamber where for 10 years he has met, mingled and matched units with the brightest minds of his time is the more remarkable in view of the fact that he is not a man of honeyed speech or conciliatory nature, but a fighter from the drop of the hat. Many the hard knocks he has given and received on the floor of the House which did him such high honor on this occasion. Only a few years ago he was the center of one of the bitterest fights that ever waged in the historic walls of the Capital. CANNON and CANNONISM were symbols of all that was pernicious in legislative mechanism. He was pictured by his opponents as the czar of the House and his autocratic rulings from the speaker's chair were denounced without measure. Yet no sooner was he unhorsed and his long rule broken than his bitterest political foes hastened to assure him of their personal esteem. For there was this about the fighting of "Uncle Joe," that it was all fair, square and above board, stand-up and knock-down, and he was a generous winner and a good loser. Though a lion in debate there was no venom in his tongue and the blows he inflicted left no personal sting.

And in the light of his long, useful and fruitful career it has come to be pretty generally accepted that what was once termed CANNONISM in the House was in reality a rather wise appliance of practical politics to the business of getting legislation out of the way with the greatest celerity, and in its essentials it was much the same thing that was denounced as REEDISM and CRISPISM in certain earlier periods. The action of the House in thus paying tribute of love and respect on the 80th birthday of the veteran statesman was wholly fitting and the country-at-large will echo the sentiments there expressed without regard to parties or policies.

FRANCE AND ZIHLMAN

The results of the primary election held on last Monday are indeed gratifying to the friends and supporters of Dr. Joseph Irwin France, who was victorious in his fight for the Republican nomination for United States Senator, and the Hon. Frederick N. Zihlman, who secured the Republican nomination for Representative in Congress from the Sixth District. Both of these men won out in the face of odds. All this goes to show that they are the real choice of the Republicans in State and District, and this being a Republican year, there should be no question of their triumphant election in November.

Commenting upon the victory gained by Dr. France the Baltimore American says:

"Dr. France does not count the victory he secured in the primaries a personal but party victory. The primaries belong to the party and not the individuals, and the registry of their results is the registry in behalf of the party. The personality of Dr. France is something most important, and the party will make great gains through it. But he is right in saying that the result is not a test of the personality of himself and Mr. Goldsborough, but a certification by the Republican voters that both are good men, only that the direction of victory for the party seemed clearly to be that of the selection of Dr. France as the standard-bearer. The high-toned nature of the primary contest, the lack of bitterness, the spirit of fair play and the view that the successful candidate takes of the outcome prohibit the possibility of any friction in the campaign. Every effort will be made to give Dr. France the precedence over Mr. Lewis, the Democratic nominee for senator.

* * *

"With the normal Republican vote supplemented by the Progressive vote and with the addition of the vast number of dissatisfied Democratic voters, the election of Dr. France appears to have the degree of assurance that was claimed for him during the primary contest. The Democrats have come out of their primaries with three-cornered bitterness and division and the successful candidates will have to fight against the forces passively opposing him in his own party. The work of conciliation that Mr. Lewis will need to do will be spared Dr. France. So that he will be enabled to bend his entire energies toward strengthening the full Republican vote with the votes of any who are not regular Republicans but are ready to support the Republican candidate.

* * *

"It is generally felt that the present incumbent of the White House has exhausted the stores of his resources for the country and it is believed that the nation is ready to turn to the Republican party, Hence the campaign for Dr. France will be a campaign of the widest national interest and one to ensure and enliven every Republican voter in the State."

Inspects Roads.

F. Zouck, recently appointed chairman of the roads commission by Governor Harrington made his first official inspection of the roads in Western Maryland last week. He spent Friday in Cumberland after having made a tour of Garrett and Allegany counties.

Kicked By Mule And Injured.

Charles Pritts, of Jennings, was taken to the Western Maryland Hospital in Cumberland last Saturday suffering greatly as the result of being kicked in the head by a mule which he was handling at the time. For a day or two Mr. Pritts' condition was deemed critical, but he is now pronounced out of danger by the attending physicians at the hospital.

Appointed Health Officer.

At the recent meeting of the Board of County Commissioners Dr. N. I. Broadwater of Oakland, was reappointed health officer for the county.

Maryland Republican Platform

1. We, the delegates of the Republican party of the State of Maryland, in convention assembled, send our greetings to the Republicans of the nation, and declare our purpose to conduct, with full confidence of success, an aggressive campaign on behalf of the great principles for which our party stands.

2. We reassert our faith in the American system of representative constitutional government as the most perfect governmental agency so far conceived for the protection of human rights and the promotion of human happiness. The history of our country proves the pre-eminent capacity and fitness of the Republican party for wise administration, constructive statesmanship and the practical achievement of the largest measure of prosperity.

The Republican party has stood and still stands for safeguarding the wages and standard of living of American working men. It inaugurated the policy of a tariff commission, with ample power to investigate questions of cost, production and labor conditions in this and other countries, in order that Congress might intelligently formulate a tariff that would adequately protect American labor and serve and develop American natural resources and American industry. We condemn the Democratic party's repudiation of this policy of a nonpartisan tariff commission, and we arraign the Democratic tariff now in force as wholly inadequate either to provide sufficient revenue for the support of the government or to protect American labor and industry upon the farm, in the factory or in the mine. The war in Europe has only temporarily obscured these effects. They were severely felt in 1914 before that war began, and will be severely felt when that war shall have ended.

3. Believeing as we do in the wisest and widest encouragement of our agricultural, industrial and commercial prosperity, we hold that business should be encouraged, not harassed; should be regulated, not stifled. Honestly conducted business, whether great or small, is a blessing to be appreciated and encouraged, but special privileges and unfair tactics are wrongs against society not to be tolerated. Governmental supervision of public utilities is the people's right and is for their just protection. Governmental ownership or management of all such business enterprises without distinction is an impractical and unsound suggestion. such a theory is not only contrary to sound business judgment, but is inimical to the constitutional adjustment of our whole governmental system.

4. The Republican party loves peace and hates war, but we deplore the feeble and vacillating foreign policy of the present Democratic administration at Washington. We believe in maintaining our friendly relations with all nations, and that such relations can be maintained without sacrificing the life or property of our citizens or the nation's dignity and honor, by that proper provision for the common defense which is the government's constitutional duty. We condemn the present Democratic administration at Washington for its failure to take any steps toward the fulfilment of this plain duty. No temporary excitement should lead us to forsake the advice of Washington to "avoid overgrown military establishments which are inauspicious to liberty. But we believe our vast extent of coast line, as well as our widening sphere of influence, demands an enlarged and better organized Navy and the prompt upbuilding of an American merchant marine by the methods which have given us industrial independence, and without the economic waste and international embarassments of government ownership. We believe it only wise and foresight to substantially strengthen our military establishment, both in men and equipment, emphasizing the "gospel of patriotic service to our own country by every citizen according to his ability in peace or war." We believe this increased provision for the common defense can be met out of the resources at our command by a just revision of the tariff in accordance with Republican principles without an increased burden of taxation upon the people or any resort to the fiction of a "war" tax.

5. We believe that this country should be provided with such military and naval equipment as will not only provide for a common defense, but will also enable us to secure a respectful hearing when it may become our time to call or to speak in that conference of all the nations which we trust will soon be assembled in the interest of a permanent world peace.

6. Meeting as we are on the eve of the great Republican National Convention, we congratulate our party that it enters upon the forthcoming campaign reunited and full of courage. We believe that our delegates to the National Convention, unfettered by instructions, will support as a candidate for the high office of President of the United States one who will have the approval and support of the united Republican party and whose election will be thus assured. We realize the responsibility which rests upon us, Republicans of Maryland. We are entering upon a campaign which promises to be a momentous one. We promise to wage it vigorously and loyally for those great constructive governmental principles and policies by which our party has been able to carry our nation safely through former periods of storm and stress. Resolved to avoid all personal and national prejudices, all hysteria bred by unreasoning fear and all temptation to enact hasty and ill-considered experimental legislation, we again pledge our loyalty to those distinctive principles of representative government which form the fundamentals of our party doctrine.

O. H. S. NOTES.

News From The Oakland Temple Of Learning.

Misses Mary Sincell and Norine Ault entertained the Senior class at the home of Miss Sincell, May 4, 1916. The following guests were present: Misses May Arnold, Myrtle Breyfogle, Mabel Stewart, Daisy Hanna, Bess Hendrickson, Edwana Peddicord, Bernadette Hart, Louise Harned, Mabel Falkenstein, Clara Bush, Margaret Slabaugh, Mildred and Carrie Thrasher, Mrs. John Ault, and Mrs. H. A. Loraditch, Messrs. H. A. Loraditch, Bernard Faherty, Frank Lyon, Julius Littman, Felix Robinson, H. C. Collison, Edward Lewis, Donald Maffett, Donald Sincell, Ross Isenberg, Harold Dawson and Harry Liston.

The Juniors will entertain the Seniors and their friends, and also the faculty at the home of Miss Lillian Helbig, Friday evening, May 12.

Gerald Tanner and Felix Robinson went to their respective homes for over Sunday.

The Senior commencement announcements have come.

Miss Albright, of Florida, who is the guest of her cousin Miss Falkenstein was visiting the Senior class Tuesday.

Prof. F. E. Rathbun visited the school Tuesday.

The Seniors have finished their examinations for the year.

The Seniors held a class meeting last Wednesday and elected the following: Carrie Thrasher, class historian; Edward Lewis, class poet, Clara Bush, class prophet.

The following have contributed to the support of the O. H. S. baseball team: H. A. Loraditch, M. B. Breyfogle, May Arnold, Mabel Stewart, C. Herbert Collison, C. Edward Bender, Daisy Hanna, R. E. Sliger, Renninger & Offutt, Jos. E. Harned, H. W. McComas, A. D. Naylor, Art White, M. C. Hinebaugh, Ed. Offutt, G. A. Fraley, L. C. Shaffer, Oliver Smouse, C. R. Bush, Geo. Killius, D. M. Dixon, B. F. Selby, H. A. Rasche, E. R. Jones, H. Creutzberg, A. T. Matthews, A. Brown & Son, F. A. Thayer, R. L. Fries, Thomas Little.

FAIR SWEEP

Making hay is the order of the day.

Mr. and Mrs. J. I. Sollars and family were calling on Mr. and Mrs. Harry Porter Sunday.

Mrs. E. E. Sollars has gone to Keyser, where she will spend some time visiting her daughter-in-law, Mrs. W. R. Sollars.

Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Porter, of Cumberland, spent Sunday with Mrs. Geo. T. Porter and family.

Mr. William Beckman and family spent Saturday at Terra Alta.

The answer to how Danny Spiker got home from the circus, Tuesday night of last week is: He rode home on the back of Reverdy Beckman's buggy.

Misses Effie and Katherine Porter were calling on the Misses Wensell Tuesday evening.

Mr. Wallace Bowser and family, and Misses Bertie and Lucie Spiker accompanied Mr. Clarence Bowser as far as Accident on his way home, where he will spend a few days.

Messrs. Mason and Durst were calling on Misses Ada and Florence Wensell, Sunday.

F. R. Wensell dehorned a number of cattle for E. R. Porter Monday.

Messrs. Charlie Porter, Dice Speicher, Harry and Prentiss Porter were calling on Mr. Charles Thompson Sunday afternoon.

Miss Bertie Spiker was an Oakland visitor Monday.

A number of our people attended the recital given by Miss Nesbitt, Friday evening.

JAUNITA.

A Card of Thanks.

We take this means of expressing our sincere thanks and appreciation to our friends for their kindness and sympathy toward us at the death of our beloved father and husband, the late Thomas C. Friend. May the Lord richly reward every one.

WIFE AND CHILDREN.

Jersey cows for sale. Apply to MRS. GEO. T. PORTER. Adv. 10-3t

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The First National Bank

AT OAKLAND,

In the State of Maryland, at the close of business, May 1, 1916.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$269,019 67
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	50,000 00	
U. S. bonds pledged to secure U. S. deposits (par value)	1,000 00	
Premium on U. S. bonds	800 00	51,800 00
Stocks, other than Federal Reserve Bank stock		1,375 00
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve bank	$4,800.00	
Less amount unpaid	$2,400.00	2,400 00
Value of banking house (if unincumbered)		39,821 90
Furniture and fixtures		3,175 29
Real estate owned other banking house		2,500 00
Net amount due from Federal Reserve bank		6,521 50
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in New York, Chicago, and St. Louis	2,985 73	
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in other reserve cities	37,371 01	40,356 74
Net amount due from banks and bankers (other than above)		1,645 48
Other checks on banks in the same city or town as reporting bank		535 37
Fractional currency, nickels and cents		285 21
Notes of other national banks		203 00
Coin and certificates		12,561 90
Redemption fund with U.S.Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		2,500 00
Total		$434,500 46

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		50,000 00
Surplus fund		30,000 00
Undivided profits	8,068 47	
Less current expenses, interest and taxes paid	5,266 50	2,801 97
Circulating notes outstanding		50,000 00
Net amount due to banks and bankers (other than above)		1,068 18
Dividends unpaid		12 00
Demand deposits—		
Individual deposits subject to check		128,888 99
Certified checks		2,000 00
Cashier's checks out standing		1,047 66
United States deposits		1,000 00
Total demand deposits	$182,936.65	
Time deposits (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice)—		
Certificates of deposit		1,200 00
Other time deposits		166,480 86
Total of time deposits	$167,680 86	
Total		$434,500 46

State of Marvland, County of Garrett.

I, R. E. SLIGER, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

R. E. SLIGER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of May, 1916.

WALTER W. DAWSON, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: FRED. A. THAYER,
D. M. DIXON,
E. H. SINCELL,
Directors.

ORDER NISI.

Abel Dewitt, next friend, etc., vs. Donald U. Maffett, et al.

No. 2031 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County.

Ordered, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland, this 11th day of April, 1916, in Equity that the sale made and reported in the above cause by Nellie Maffett, Trustee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 12th day of May, 1916 provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 5th day of May, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $1000.00.

E. Z. TOWER

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Supervisors' Notice of Appointment of Judge of Election

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with the General Election Laws of Maryland the following appointment has this day been made to fill a vacancy.

Charles Warnick, Democratic Judge of Election in District No. 3, having removed from the State and vacated his said office, Columbus Broadwater whose postoffice address is New Germany, Md., is hereby appointed in his place and stead.

By order of the Board of Supervisors of Election for Garrett county, Md., this 12th day of April, 1916.

BENJ. H. SINCELL, Clerk.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

JESSE MCCLINTOCK

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 13th day of October 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 13th day of April, 1916.

MAGGIE A. MCCLINTOCK,
Administratrix.
Accident Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

PATRICK BRODERICK

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 13th day of October, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 13th day of April, 1916.

H. S. COLEMAN,
Administrator,
Sutton, Md.

BUSTER BROWN SHAPING LASTS
For Growing Girls and Boys.

During the growing period of a child's foot you must realize that constant changing from one last to another does not give the foot a chance to continue a shapely development.

Buster Brown Shoes, made over shaping lasts, supply the children's needs from size to size with uniform comfort, while gradually shaping the foot toward maturity.

We have worked out a lasting system along lines orthopaedically correct, and the consistent wearing of Buster Brown Shoes will solve all the problems previously experienced in children's footwear.

Start now to fit the children with the line that will remain right from size to size during the child's growth.

Buster Brown
Footshaping Last Shoes

For boys and girls of all ages. There is style variation in leathers—all of high quality.

We Have Them
SHAFFER & BUSH
Oakland, Maryland.

SEE THE

Overland!

$695.00.

Car at Oakland Garage

Oakland Garage
AGENT

The Lutheran Church

SECOND STREET, OAKLAND

Sunday School, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

B. H. SINCELL, Superintendent.

Men's Brotherhood Class, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

REV. BREMER, Teacher.

We cordially invite all men not already enrolled in some school to study the Bible with this class.

Morning Worship, 10.45 o'Clock.

SPECIAL MOTHER'S DAY SERVICE

The sincere christian will be found in God's House at the regular appointed hours of worship and the only kind of excuse worth while is the kind that Almighty God will accept.

Luther League, 6.30 o'Clock P. M.

Topic—"The Center of Sanctity and Sin."
Leader—HARRISON WILEY.

The evening hour of worship will be changed from 7:30 to 8:00 o'clock beginning Sunday, May 7th.

Evening Worship, 8.00 o'Clock.

All strangers in the city and friends of the church are invited to worship with us.

O. A. BREMER, Pastor.

—The above was prepared by the pastor and the advertisement is authorized and paid for by one interested in church work.

Mrs. Florence White has gone to Fairmont, W. Va., for an indefinite stay with relatives.

Mrs. Dave Walter and two children of Deer Park, spent several days in Oakland this week.

Miss Gladys VanCleve, of Detroit, Mich., is here as the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Edward H. Sincell.

Mr. Max Welling left Oakland Sunday night for Detroit, Michigan, where he has secured employment.

WANTED—Girl or woman to assist with care of children, call or write. MRS. W. R. OFFUTT.
Advertisement. 10-2t

Miss Nellie Albright, of Gainesville, Florida, is here on a visit to her uncle, Mr. J. M. Falkenstein and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Falkenstein returned home last Friday from their honeymoon trip east, the journey being made by automobile.

Dr. R. H. Riley, of Cumberland, deputy state health officer, spent Tuesday in Oakland and at Mountain Lake Park on proffesional business.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Hammond returned home Sunday afternoon in their automobile from a week's visit to Baltimore and other points east.

EGGS FOR HATCHING—From single comb Black Minorcas, $1.50 per 15; fine stock. Townshend Naylor, Oakland, Md. Adv. 4-8t*

Mr. R. G. Richardson, of Keyser, engaged in the manufacture of furniture in that town, spent Tuesday in Oakland buying lumber for his factory.

FOR SALE—S. C. White Leghorn eggs for setting. My birds won two first and two second prizes at the 1915 Garrett County Fair. J. R. CRAIG, Ottaway, Md. Adv. 11-2t

A number of Oakland people were in Cumberland Monday as witnesses in the case of the Government against Mr. E. J. Hamill. Among them were Attorneys Fred. A. Thayer, Gilmor S. Hamill, W. R. Offutt and E. R. Jones.

Rev. O. A. Bremer, pastor of the local Lutheran church, was in Cumberland Monday when he visited two of his parishoners, Mrs. Henry Lauer, of Oakland, and Mr. C. Grusendorf, of Ottaway, both of whom are patients in one of the hospitals in that city.

Harry Davis invites you to call and see his line of Spring and Summer Millinery. The hats tell more concerning them than words can. Adv. 8-4t

Messrs. Gilmor S. Hamill, Alexander C. Mason, R. T. Browning and W. A. Gonder, Delegates to the Democratic State Convention, being held in Baltimore to day for the purpose of electing delegates to the National convention, left for that city yesterday.

Mr. E. M. Knox, of Kitzmiller, who has been a coal miner in the employ of the Hamill Coal Company at Blaine for a number of years, has purchased the Herman Beckman farm near Altamont and is making preparations to move from Kitzmiller to his recently acquired new home.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Nugent and Mrs. Charles Saucer, all of near Bayard, spent a portion of Tuesday in Oakland, going from here the same afternoon to Morgantown, W. Va., to attend the West Virginia State Sunday School convention at which several hundred delegates were present.

FOR SALE—One bay horse; medium size; about ten years old. Can be seen at Frank DeWitt's farm, Deer Park, Md. Adv. 10-2t

An automobile party composed of Judge Robert R. Henderson, Messrs. James Clark and Daniel Annan, all of Cumberland, and Roberdeau Annan of Frostburg, were guests at the Commercial hotel in Oakland Monday evening for supper. The party returned to Cumberland the same evening.

EGGS FOR HATCHING—Rose Comb Rhode Island Reds; bred to lay. Setting of fifteen, $1.50. Miss Diana Weber, Oakland, Md. Adv.

Mrs. William G. Hinebaugh went to Cumberland Saturday morning last where she spent the day.

Mrs. C. E. Bishop, of Morgantown, W. Va., is the guest of Dr. and Mrs. J. C. Ely at the Presbyterian manse.

Wear a flower Sunday in memory of your mother—white ones for those who are dead and bright colors for the living.

Automobile tourists from points in West Virginia, Pennsylvania and Maryland, visited Oakland in large numbers Sunday.

Mr. J. C. Kendall returned home Saturday morning from a few days' business visit to Baltimore and other eastern points.

Mr. Charles B. Cropp and family are now occupying their home near town, having arrived here from Richwood, W. Va., one day last week.

Mr. Henry Speicher, of Accident, was an early Monday morning visitor to Oakland, going from here on train No. 3 to a point in Ohio on business.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Smith and son, accompanied by Miss Della Savage, all of Hoyes, spent Sunday afternoon in Oakland visiting relatives and friends.

Mrs. Henry W. McComas and two daughters, Misses Nell and Martha, went to Baltimore Sunday night to remain a week or ten days on a visit to relatives and friends.

Messrs. Lindsey and James Frame, of Fairmont, spent Sunday in the Park with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Carl Frame, all of whom returned to Fairmont Monday.

County Superintendent of Schools Rathbun returned home Saturday morning from a few days' visit to Baltimore where he went on business connected with school matters.

Former County Treasurer C. A. Beachy, of near Grantsville, spent last Friday in Oakland on business. He was accompanied to town by Mr. Will Shaffer, of Grantsville.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Linville, of Baltimore, who arrived in Oakland last Friday morning returned to Baltimore Sunday morning, after having been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Sincell.

Mrs. John L. Smyth, of Fairmont, W. Va., who spent some time near Oakland with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Ault, returned to her home Sunday afternoon, accompanied by Miss Lathrum.

Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Kelso, who recently retired from their farm over in the Ryans' Glade country, and moved to Mountain Lake Park, spent Sunday in Oakland with their daughter, Mrs. D. M. Dixon.

State's Attorney and Mrs. E. R. Jones motored to Cumberland Monday morning, returning to Oakland the same evening. Mr. Jones has been summoned as a witness in the Federal Court at Cumberland.

Mr. Carl B. White, of Uniontown, Pa., son of Mr. James W. White, spent Saturday and Sunday in Oakland. Mr. White is extensively engaged in the hardware business at Uniontown and is meeting with much success.

Mr. R. E. Sliger visited Mr. Thomas J. Johnson at his home on the Pike last Sunday, returning home Sunday evening. While Mr. Johnson has been quite ill for some time his condition is now improved and he expects to visit Oakland and qualify as a member of the Board of School Commissioners within a few days.

Mr. C. N. McIntire, who recently purchased the hardware business of Messrs. J. M. Davis & Sons in Oakland, drove over to this point from Thomas and spent several days here last and this week. Mr. McIntire has his Oakland organization now complete with Mr. Guy Yutzy in charge, who is ably assisted by Mr. John W. Davis and Miss Turney.

Misses Josephin and Glayds Browning are on a visit to friends at Piedmont.

Mr. Michael Boyle, Jr., is home for a few days visit to his father.

Mr. Glenn Martin, Overland agent, was in Cumberland Monday on business.

Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Martin are on a visit to relatives near Fairmont, West Va.

Mr. James W. Walter, of Deer Park, spent Tuesday evening in Oakland on business.

Former Sheriff Bert C. Scott, of Ottaway, spent Saturday in Oakland on business.

Mrs. M. J. Falkenstein, of Gainesville, Fla., is here on a visit to her son Mr. J. M. Falkenstein.

Justice of the Peace M. M. Fazenbaker, of Bloomington District, was in the city yesterday on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard P. Stuck and little daughter spent Sunday with relatives and friends in Newburg, West Va.

Miss Maleta Browning, of Sang Run, is here for the week as a guest of Miss Ruth McRobie at her home on Third street.

Mr. Joseph E. Harned was in Cumberland Thursday, making the trip to that point with Dr. R. H. Riley in the latter's automobile.

Rev. H. E. H. Sloop of the Eglon Lutheran pastorate, will preach in the Union church at Gortner Sunday, May 14th, at 2:30 p. m.

Mr. Wade H. Mason, accompanied by his aunt, Mrs. Annie Mason, went to Uniontown, Pa., Monday to attend the funeral of Mrs. Mason's uncle.

Mr. James S. Lakin, one of the leading residents of West Virginia, spent a few hours in Oakland Tuesday when he was the guest of Mr. Ed. Offutt.

Mr. J. E. Kenny, who was B. & O. relief agent in Oakland for upwards of two months, has been placed in charge of the railroad station at Deer Park Hotel.

Miss Grace Jones is on a visit to Pittsburgh, Pa., having accompanied Mr. Wellington Crane to that city in the latter's automobile on Monday. They will return to Oakland Saturday.

Mr. J. M. Stanton is spending this week in Piedmont and Westernport making himself acquainted with conditions there with the probable intention of locating if he finds matters as they are represented to him.

About sixty five acres good pasture land near Mountain Lake Park for rent; property well watered. Apply to A. D. Naylor, Oakland. Adv. 11-3t

Messrs. Shaffer & Bush, the Second street merchants, have recently added to their large stock of general merchandise a full and complete line of footwear and are advertising the same in this paper today. See advertisement for particulars.

Mr. James E. McGettigan, of Accident, left Oakland yesterday afternoon for Baltimore, where he will enter a hospital for treatment and possibly a surgical operation. Mr. McGettigan was accompanied by his physician, Dr. R. A. Ravenscroft.

Station Agent Howard Stuck is planning to have some needed improvements made at the Baltimore and Ohio station in Oakland, which will include more convenient methods of procuring tickets and checking baggage as well as making the grounds more presentable and sanitary.

Mrs. George Welling went to Berkeley Springs, West Va., yesterday morning in response to a telegram announcing the death of her mother, Mrs. John Close, who was a resident of Garrett county until she removed with her husband to that town a number of years ago.

Capt. R. R. Sanner arrived in Oakland Saturday from Cumberland, where he visited his son for upwards of two weeks following the close of the Grantsville public school, over which he ruled during the past winter, and will remain here at least a portion of the summer and engage in school work when the summer school for teachers opens the latter part of this month.

FOR RENT—An eight room house on Centre street; bath. Also a 4-room flat over brick garage fitted with bath. Apply to A. D. Naylor, Oakland. Advertisement 11-3t.

Dr. George C. Melody, of Washington, D. C., who recently located in Oakland for practice as a veterinarian, is meeting with much success and has performed a number of operations upon animals since his arrival here. He is maintaining a hospital at the Kelly livery barn on Liberty street. Recently he was called to a point near Altamont to treat a number of cases of blackleg which had attacked a large herd of young cattle belonging to a farmer in that section.

Mr. Henry Lauer visited his wife in Cumberland last Thursday and came home the same evening very much encouraged with the reports from the hospital concerning her condition and progress she is making toward complete recovery.

Mrs. James Sweeney, of Baltimore, who visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John W. Hart in Oakland for three weeks, returned to Baltimore Saturday morning, being accompanied by her father and brother, James, who will be her guests while in the city.

Mrs. Peter A. Chisholm, who was taken to the Presbyterian Eye and Ear hospital in Baltimore about two weeks ago to receive treatment for one of her eyes, returned home last Thursday afternoon. While a patient in the hospital Mrs. Chisholm underwent an operation in which her left eye was removed, she having lost the sight and suffered much pain and inconvenience in consequence.

Prof. F. F. Guard, of near Selbysport, was in Oakland last Thursday evening and Friday morning endeavoring to form a music class among the young folks of the town. Prof. Guard is a graduate of one of the foremost colleges of the country and has been actively engaged in instructing pupils for a number of years. He went from Oakland to Crellin and Terra Alta, from which latter point he returned to his home.

Messrs. Julius C. Renninger and Arthur Lawton, delegates to the Republican State Convention, and Messrs. Albert Ashby and James C. Peddicord, who hold proxies thereto, left Oakland Monday for Baltimore to attend the Convention. Prior to returning Mr. Lawton will visit relatives at Chester, Pa., and Mr. Peddicord will visit in Montgomery county.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Mr. and Mrs. F. O. Glotfelty left Oakland Tuesday night for London, Kentucky, to which point they had been summoned as witnesses in a damage case wherein an employe of the Bond-Foley Lumber Company had entered suit to recover the sum of $50,000 for injuries received while in the employ of the lumbering concern. Mr. and Mrs. Glotfelty expect to return to Oakland the latter part of this week.

Mr. Clarence V. Guard, of Friendsville, spent a day or two in and near Oakland last week while engaged in superintending the removal of his saw mill from the Browning-Savage farm (formerly the Col. Woods place) west of Oakland to a point along Bear creek near Friendsville, where he will be engaged this summer manufacturing lumber. Mr. Guard was assisted in the work by large number of men and several teams.

Sunday is Mothers Day and special programs of music are being prepared for rendition in the several churches of Oakland in which also sermons in keeping with the day will be delivered by the preachers. In nearly all the churches arrangements have been made whereby those who are infirm and unable to walk to the services will be taken in conveyances and after the service returned to their homes by the same means.

Mrs. Marshal M. Ashby and daughter Miss Orpah returned from Pittsburgh, Pa., last Thursday afternoon after an enforced absence from their home in Oakland for a number of weeks, owing to the fact Mrs. Ashby was taken ill while in the city and for a long time hovered between life and death. While she is still far from enjoying her usual health she is very much improved and her return here is a matter of pleasure to her many friends.

Mr. John R. Male, who resides near Deer Park, was in Oakland last Saturday, when he exhibited to a large number of people a flint skinning knife which he found at a point on Backbone mountain during the past winter. The knife measures seven inches in length and is fashioned very much as the Indians made their arrow heads, many of which have been picked up at various points in the county. Mr. Male is a descendant of Wilmer Male, a full blood Cherokee Indian, who was born and reared in Garrett county, and died about the year 1878, at the age of ninety-eight years. During the lifetime of Mr. John R. Male he has secured many Indian relics and curios which he values very highly, among them being an earthen pot used by the Aborigines for cooking purposes, as well as a large number of other antiques.

Other towns in the country are successful in going after and landing small enterprises which employ from ten to a hundred men, thus creating a substantial pay roll at the end of every two weeks, and these towns are no better equipped naturally than Oakland. With cheap fuel in the way of natural gas or locally mined coal, labor that can be employed at reasonable rates of wages, locations in nearly every section of town or lying contiguous thereto that may be secured very cheaply, good shipping facilities over the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad to every point in the eastern and middle western portion of the country, it is possible for Oakland to become a manufacturing point if the citizens are all of one accord and act in unison in the matter that will be of benefit to every resident and property owner of the town. This is written in the hope that some one will take the initiative; get in correspondence with people who are looking for sites and lay before them the fact that Oakland is on the map and is more than willing to accord them a welcome.

ESTABLISHED 1884. BOTH PHONES

WE have just received a car load of the justly celebrated RU-BER-OID ROOFING as well as a car load of FERTILIZER, and we offer both at such low prices that you cannot afford to not see us before you buy.

Make our store your store when in town, and remember that our low prices and liberal terms it possible for you to get your supplies from us in an easy, convenient way.

Plows, Harrows, Rollers, Grain Drills, Cultivators, Corn Planters, Buggies, Wagons, Farm Trucks, Roofing and Fertilizers are a few of many things you need this spring.

Remember the place—

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.
Oakland, Md.

"Naylor has it and sells it for less."

RIGHT PRICES PROMPT SERVICE

C. N. McINTIRE

SUCCESSOR TO
J. M. DAVIS & SONS
OAKLAND, MD.

WE feel that we are fortunate in securing the old and established business of J. M. Davis & Sons, and we wish to assure the large patronage of this business that we shall continue to conduct the business in the same high class and honorable manner that our predecessors have.

We shall endeavor to merit your patronage, and invite you to call.

Respectfully,
C. N. McINTIRE.

D. E. BOLDEN

Furniture Dealer and Funeral Director

HAVING moved my furniture business to the Manhattan Hotel store room, I am prepared to serve the public to the best of my ability, having now in stock the finest line of Furniture ever brought to the city and which I offer as cheap as it can be bought in the wholesale markets.

All I ask is a chance to name you prices.

My stock is complete in every detail, and which consists of Furnitnre, Carpets, Mattings, Window Shades, Bedding of all kinds, large and small Rugs—in fact everything with which to furnish a house from cellar to attic.

I am also prepared to give estimates on Buildings and repair work—from a pig pen to a palace.

Call and see me; I will treat you fair and square.

Thanking the public for past favors and soliciting a continuance of the same, I remain,

Yours respectfully,
D. E. BOLDEN

Beautiful Picture Free.

A highly instructive lecture upod the life and homes of birds will be given this evening at the grammer school building by Miss Katherine H. Stuart National field agent of the Audibon Society, who comes to Oakland from Cumberland where the speaker delighted a large audience with her lecture on Monday evening. Miss Stuart will address the students of the high school this afternoon at three o'clock, her lecture tonight being for the general public and will be illustrated most beautifully with many highly colored views. The admission will be free to to all and everyone who possibly can attend should take advantage of this entertainment.

Forty Years Ago.

At the election held in Oakland forty years ago last week G. M. Mason was elected burgess over Peter Shirer. Theodore Bush, Peter Martin, R. S. Jamison and N. B. Wayman were elected commissioners.

Basil McKenzie, an aged man, was struck and killed near his home in Bloomington by the locomotive of the Wheeling accommodation.

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company began the erection of the Oakland hotel, a building designed to accommodate summer visitors to the mountains, upon ground donated by the citizens of Oakland with a verbal understanding that should the property ever cease to be used for the purpose it was intended that the ground revert to the donors.

For Sale Cheap.

On account of poor health I offer for sale at a bargain my farm of 40 acres located at Altamont. The land is well watered and is excellent for grazing. Improved by new dwelling, and new outbuildings. Well set orchard and tenant house. G. J. WALTER,
Advertisement, Altamont, Md.

BATTLESHIP BUILT FROM MASS OF RAILS

Jackson Tore Up B. & O. Tracks Around Martinsburg and Armored Merimac With Them.

On the morning of March 8, 1862, off the Virginia coast at the point where the James empties its water into the Chesapeake as the latter is about to merge its flood with the brine of the Atlantic, boatsman sailing in the bay beheld a strange sight. A great bulky apparition, as it seemed, was moving out from Norfork and the most seasoned of the water men could not for the life of them tell what it was. Its appearance was that of a mass of railroad iron built into a pyramidal heap, with something in the crib-like structure that belched forth smoke and steam.

As it came within closer view it was seen that along its corrugated iron sides at regular intervals—for it was entirely cased in rails—there frowned on the outer world the grim muzzles of ponderous cannons.

The moving monster had been, until a few months before, the United States steam frigate Merrimac. Salvaged by the Confederates from the wreck of the Gosport Navy-yard, opposite Norfork—burned by order of United States officers within a week after the firing on Sumter—it had been taken in hand and, by dint of the labor of skilled mechanics, plated with railroad iron, and thus made into one of the most formidable of destroyers the world had ever seen.

How the Merrimac defeated the United States frigate Congress and Cumberland, with a loss of 220 men, that day and how the next day the strange little cheesebox Monitor sent the armored Merrimac back to Norfolk so badly crippled that it was not again heard of during the Civil war, is history with which every schoolboy and girl is familiar. Not so generally known is the story of how the Merrimac came to be armored.

Had the railroad iron which plated the sides of the Merrimac been endowed with the power of speech it would have told of blue crested mountains far from the tidal waters, the most picturesque section of the Blue Ridge, the superb region of the upper Potomac and Shenandoah, embracing Harper's Ferry and Martinsburg, where it had lain peacefully enough.

But "Stonewall" Jackson came along with his freshly organized army and massed his forces along the railroad and in those towns. For a period of two months after the firing on Sumter he held that part of Virginia, together with a section of about 50 miles of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.

Before the middle of June, 1861, Jackson saw he must evacuate. The Union troops from the direction of Washington were pressing down the railroad on Harper's Ferry, and from Hagerstown and Cumberland, they had begun to hem him also.

At each end of the 50-mile section which dominated lay hostile territory. The railroad as a transportation medium was of no use to him, as its route was not in the right direction.

But there was valuable rolling stock at Martinsburg—no less than 10 locomotives and 150 freight cars. If the Baltimore and Ohio had been routed north and south instead of east and west he could have run the engines and cars into the heart of Dixie, where they would have plenty of use for them. As the matter stood it was almost 25 miles by turnpike across country from Martinsburg to Winchester, at which point lay just the railroad needed, the Virginia and Atlantic, passing to Richmond and the sea.

In Jackson's army was an officer, Col. Thomas A. Sharp, who was an accomplished civil engineer. Before entering the army he had been a railroad man in Georgia. His merits had brought him to the front in the command and the general had placed him in charge of the transportation service. It was under him, by Jackson's order, that the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad bridge that spanned the Potomac at Harper's Ferry was burned.

After destroying the structure Jackson's men tore up the tracks for many miles westward, placed the ties in piles, laid the rails on top and treated the country folks thereabouts to the spectacle of a series of fine bonfires.

As the rails became red hot they would be taken with huge pliers and wound around the nearest trees until almost every live trunk that reared its head along the line sported a necktie of unique pattern.

Hundreds of tons of rails were saved, however, and heaped up in Martinsburg to serve other purposes.

Jackson had requested Colonel Sharp to try and evolve a plan by which the rolling stock and rails could be conveyed over the turnpike to the Winchester line, which tapped Richmond. Colonel Sharp thought the matter over, called to his aid every skilled mechanic in the army and constructed a number of large wheels and rigged them on the trucks of the engines and cars without disturbing the regular wheels. Forty horses were pressed into service and he was ready.

Then to the country folk of the smiling farming section between Martinsburg and Winchester, was presented during the next few days a wonderful sight. Shakespeare made Birnam Woods go to Dunsinane. The feat seemed to be almost paralleled by the manner in which Colonel Sharp made a section of the Baltimore and Ohio go to Winchester. The turnpike is not without small rises and falls, but the 40 horses were equal to the task.

The spectacle of large locomotives, jolting across the country single file, and bulky freight cars doing the same, was a sight that was unusual to say the least.

After the last car had been "toted" to the new tracks the railroad iron followed. It was loaded on the freight cars and soon the whole amount of the spoils went rolling southward, the engines and cars to do service on various railroads for the Confederacy and the iron rails to come in very acceptably for use in plating the sides of the Merrimac.

SLOAN WILL HEAD MARYLAND BANKERS

Lonaconing Man Expects to Be Chosen President at Convention.

It is expected that James M. Sloan will be elected president of the Maryland Bankers' Association at its twenty-first annual convention, which will open May 23 and close May 25. Mr. Sloan who is president of the Lonaconing Savings Bank, of Lonaconing, is first vice president of the association. It is customary for the president to serve but one term, and Mr. Sloan is being mentioned to succeed Harvey L. Cooper, president of the Denton National Bank, of Denton. The change will mean that the head of the organization will shift from the lower Eastern Shore to the upper western end of the state, practically from one end to the other of the state.

The convention will be held at the Marlborough-Blenheim, in Atlantic City.

Do You Know That

To-day is always the best day to clean up?

Fresh air, food, rest—these three combat tuberculosis?

The U. S. Public Health Service has reduced typhoid fever 80 per cent. in some communities?

Overheating, constipation, lack of exercise, foul air, eye strain, may produce headache?

Polluted drinking water causes many deaths?

An efficient health officer is a good community investment?

Bad teeth handicap children?

Insufficient sleep endangers health?

Mountain Lake Park Bible Conference.

The Bible conference at Mountain Lake Park again this year will be conducted by the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago under the able leadership of the Rev. James M. Gray, D. D. The dates are August 13-20. Because of the unusual success of the conference last year, the request was unanimous that the Institute again have charge of it. The program which will be announced later will offer many of the best known Bible teachers and preachers of the country.

The Johns Hopkins University

Entrance Examinations. State Scholarships in Engineering Courses

Entrance examinations for the Department of Engineering as well as for the Academic Department, will be held in the Academic Building, of The Johns Hopkins University, Homewood, Baltimore, June 19-24, 1916, beginning at 9 A. M.

Entrance examinations will also be held in the Academic Building, September 18-21, beginning at 9 A. M.

Application for scholarships in the Department of Engineering established in The Johns Hopkins University under the provisions of the Laws of Maryland, Chapter 90, 1912, may now be made. If there is more than one applicant for a particular scholarship, a competitive examination will be held in the Academic Building, Homewood, on September 22, 1916.

Each county of the State and each Legislative District of Baltimore City, with the exception of Charles, Harford, and Queen Anne's Counties will be entitled to one or more scholarships for the year 1916-1917, in addition to those which have already been assigned. In the counties mentioned above all the available scholarships have been awarded.

Scholarships may be awarded to graduates of Loyola College, Maryland Agricultural College, Mt. St. Mary's College, Rock Hill College, St. John's College, Washington College, and Western Maryland College, and one scholarship will be awarded "At Large."

Applicants should address the Registrar, the Johns Hopkins University, for blank form of application and for further information as to examinations, award of scholarships and courses of instruction. Adv.

LOST—A nickel plated automobile crank. Finder please leave at this office.

Jersey cows for sale. Apply to MRS. GEO. T. PORTER. Adv. 10-3t

ORPHANS NOW IN THEIR NEW HOME

Completion of the Splendid Institution Founded by Amish Mennonites.

The building of the Amish Mennonite Orphan's Home at Grantsville has been accomplished, and except for finishing the porches, etc., which the Petry Bros., of Elk Lick, who had the contract, are now doing, the institution stands complete, a beautiful Memorial to christian love and fellowship and the goodwill and helpfulness of many churches and people in different states.

The building is essentially a home for children, everything possible being provided for little people. A long, well lighted dining-room is set apart for their use on the main floor, with play room and nursery adjoining. These take up one side of the hall. After that comes a lavatory, a cheery kitchen and the family dining-room which communicates with a large reception room.

Another play room is being prepared on the basement floor for use when the cold winter days prevent playing outside. The rest of the basement is divided into a furnace room, laundry, and store-room for vegetables and canned goods.

The second floor is divided into family bedrooms, a guest chamber, a bath room and three dormitories for the little ones. Above this is a commodious attic room which is as yet unfinished.

The grounds are spacious and prettily situated for games, and command a view of magnificent scenery in the distance.

The family are now in possession of the Home, the moving having been done last week from their temporary home at Bittinger. Messrs Harvey Yoder, Noah Brenneman and Christian Beachy brought the adult members of the family and household goods, while Jonas B. Miller brought the little ones. The children are contented and happy in their new environment and play happily about the grounds and in the Home.

There are fifteen wards at present, ranging from twelve weeks to fourteen years. English, American, German, Polish and Irish parentage are represented. Six or eight more little ones are expected from Somerset this month.

The family comprise Mr. and Mrs. Noah Brennaman as superintendents, Mrs. David Yoder, matron, and Miss Clara Bender helper. Miss Alma Miller is also helping them get settled in their new home and the two girls, with their pretty arms bare to the elbows, are industriously scrubbing and cleaning. Mr. and Mrs. Brenneman and Mrs. Yoder are looking after the children and the thousand and one matters that need attention, and gradually order is growing out of the chaos of building and moving.

Following are the names of the little ones now domiciled in the Home. They were sent in from Somerset, Meyersdale, Fairhope, Pa., and Garrett county, Md.; Mahlon, John, Marie and Thomas Embleton, Walter Beal, Helen and Stepha Buchka, Hugh Beck, Phineas William Welfley, Patrick and Celia Dryburg, Viola Glessner, Blair and Willie Ringler, and an infant in arms.

A child to become an inmate of the Home is submitted to a thorough medical examination by a competent physician who fills out and signs the examination papers. The parents, relatives or guardians are required to sign a surrender claim if the child is to become entirely dependent upon the Home, and an agreement is drawn up and signed if put in temporary charge, or when a sum of money is paid into the Home for the substenance of the child. An agreement is also required from persons desiring to adopt a child from the institution into their own homes. Every care is exercised in the up bringing of the little ones in charge of the institution, to keep them morally clean, free from evil habits and provide religious instructions and schooling.

When one considers that the institution is kept up entirely by free-will offerings, the magnitude of the work will be readily seen. No solicitations are made, yet all donations are gratefully received and clothing, bed or table linen, comfoters, towels and the many things needed in the Home would certainly not come amiss were any kind-hearted persons to send them in. Thus far sufficient funds have been at hand to carry on the work, but what, with building payments and moving expenses, the treasury is at present at a lower ebb than usual.

Neither the superintendent nor matron received any renumeration other than their own support while there. The work is entirely one of love. Mr. and Mrs. Brenneman must oversee the entire establishment, working busily themselves all the while. So many little mouths to feed takes lots of cooking, baking, planning and forethought.

Mrs. Yoder, whose husband works in the community and lodges at the Home, is little more than a girl herself, yet fills the position of matron admirably, singing lullabies to the little three-month old and tucking in a row of one, two or three-year-olds as well as any mother. The little girls are little darlings, and the boys from Polish Stepha to Irish Pat, are adorable, but boys will be boys and girls will be girls, and small wonder if their "aunties," feet would sometimes falter on their endless round of caring for the little ones.

It is a wonderful work, this caring for homeless children and deserves the sympathy and cooperation of everyone, regardless of creed, for it is the Master's work and they are doing it in His name who said "Of such is the kingdom of Heaven."

MOUNTAIN LAKE PARK.

Mr. Ed. Friend has rented his D street cottage to some Baltimore people for the summer. Mr. Friend and family will occupy their summer cottage in "Aristocratic Row."

Benj. Long and Charley Sembower are putting the electric light wires in shape for the season. They made good headway the past week.

Mrs. Schrock had ten young ladies from Baltimore as guests of her delightful home over Saturday and Sunday. They were a happy lot of girls.

Mrs. J. L. Campbell, of "Braethorn" has booked some guests for the week end, including Memorial Day. They come from Philadelphia, Pa.

Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Richardson and daughter Francis spent the past week in the Park, getting their cottage ready for the summer, returning to Piedmont Saturday.

The past week has been a Cleaning-Up-Week. Everybody seemed to be busy raking leaves, hauling away rubbish and making things look cheerful. The man who predicted that the Park was dead has another guess coming to him.

Robert Moomaw is "the handy man" about the Park. He and his team are kept busy.

Nelson Miller has purchased a new auto for his summer trade. It is a beauty, comfortable and a splendid machine.

Floyd White is making regular trips between the Park and Oakland and his auto is having a good business. Let everybody give Floyd a lift.

The annual announcement for 1916 is in the hands of the printers. As usual The Republican office is doing the work.

Mrs. Margaret Burghouse, of Fairmont, W. Va., is the guest of Mrs. Wingate.

The cottages occupied by Mr. Miller and Mr. Schell are being improved.

The Vance cottage is to be remodeled at once and will be ready for occupancy this season. It will be a delightful bungalow for some one. It will have modern conveniences.

We were sorry to learn last Saturday of the death of Mr. Dowler, in Wheeling, on the 30th of April. The Dowler's were Park visitors for years.

Mrs. Charles Tower has rented the Maryland Inn for the summer. The family are now occupying the house.

Thomas G. Schooley has purchased the lot adjoining his home property.

Bolgiano, the seed man of Baltimore, has rented the Lee cottage for the season. They occupied the cottage last summer.

Miss Dottie M. Doman and Walter R. Falkenstein, of Loch Lynn, visited Cumberland last week and returned home man and wife. They were married Wedeesday. Congratulations are many. A nice couple are they.

Mrs. Crede Collins, of Pennsboro, W. Va., spent Saturday in the Park, having her cottage put in shape for the summer.

G. S. Hamill, president of the Association, drove over to the Park Saturday taking notes on the work in progress. Mr. Hamill is much interested in the success of the Park.

BITTINGER.

Considering the fact that farmers were much behind with their spring work, there was a very satisfactory turn out of voters at the primary election held last Monday.

Ray Engle purchased a fine young horse a few days ago from Mr. Irvin Shoemaker, of Grantsville.

Melchor Hetrick received a car load of Portland cement last week, to be used by himself and his neighbors.

Merchant O. C. Buckle was unable to be about his usual duties for a few days recently on account of illness.

Leonard Stark, of Blaine, W. Va., spent part of last week at his home here.

John B. Harman was out in his automobile last Sunday.

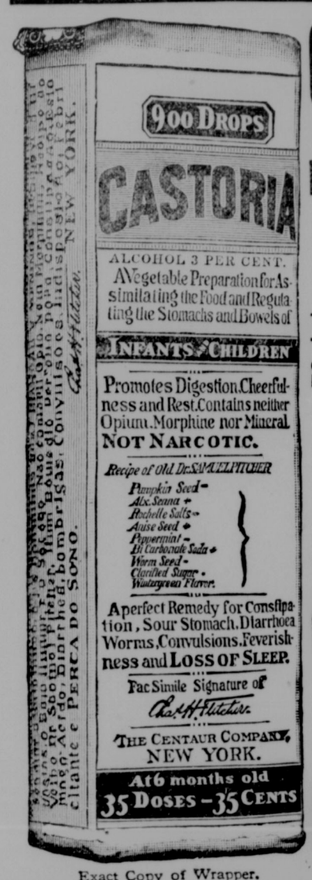
Those of the Pentecostal faith, held protracted meetings in The Bear Hill settlement last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Buckle and young son visited Mr. Buckle's parents here last Sunday.

Dennis Brenneman has decided that he will be obliged to enlarge his potato patch since the Stork's visit to his home last Saturday.

FOR SALE—Twenty-five acres improved farm land located on the Oakland-Gortner State Road, two miles South of Oakland. Easy terms. Call on or write Harry Helbig, Oakland, Md. Advertisement 51 tf

Subscribe for The Republican.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

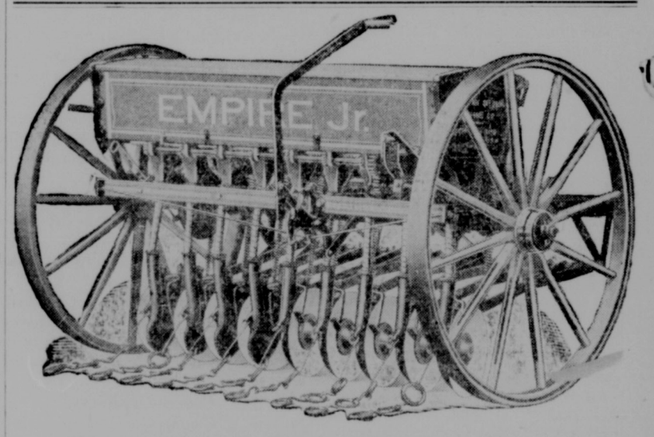
THE CITY'S BEST

MEAT MARKET

IN THE EMPIRE BUILDING.

Choice Steak, Boiling Meat, and all other kinds of meat. Highest cash price paid for Poultry and Eggs; also cash paid for Hides and Skins,

H. L. MILLER



The Drill For Your Fields -- an Empire, Jr.

MEN come 'round every year to sell you crop insurance against hail, wind, and other elements. That is all very well, but there is another brand of insurance that costs less and pays every year.

Seed planted with an **Empire, Jr.** drill is insured against waste. The kernels are planted at a uniform depth and covered properly. In sections where the soil is exceptionally loose your **Empire, Jr.** can be equipped with press wheels that compact the soil firmly over the seed. Such seed is in better condition to withstand drouth or flood than broadcasted grain only half covered.

Come in and look over the **Empire, Jr.** line—there is nothing better.

All kinds of Plows and Harrows, Wagons and Buggies, and in fact everything that a Farmer will need at this season of the year at the right price. Agent for Armour's Fertilizer.

See me before you buy. My prices can't be beat in Western Maryland.

Yours to please,

J. W. WALTER,

DEER PARK, MD.

The Republican---The Leading Paper.

Do You Climb Stairs?

You waste minutes and energy every time you run downstairs to answer the telephone bell. An extension telephone, connected with your regular station, will save those steps.

It can be placed anywhere you desire in the home and calls may be made or answered from either station. The extension station in the home costs less than two cents a day.

THE CHESAPEAKE AND POTOMAC TELEPHONE COMPANY

J. BROOKE BOYLE, Local Manager

Tel. 9000 10 Union St., Cumberland

HAVE YOU HEARD THE

Aeolian Vocalion?

Come in and let us play your favorite selection on this wonderful new Phonograph

A full line of Columbia Records

Aeolian Vocalions sold on monthly payments.

STURGISS' PHARMACY

Representing Morrison Music Co., Cumberland.

Make the Change Now

WHY hold off from tractor farming any longer? A **Mogul 8-16 kerosene tractor** costs less than the horses it replaces. It does more work than those horses are now doing. Counting fuel, interest and depreciation at top figures, it costs less than horses to keep.

You can use it for all the heavy work your horses do, and for belt work that horses cannot do. In these days of kerosene engines, can you see yourself hitching eight teams to a horse power machine to run a thresher? Then why do plowing, disking, seeding and harvesting with horses when a **Mogul 8-16** does that work also better and cheaper. We've got one here. Come in and take a look at it.

The H. Weber & Sons Co.

Oakland, Md.

DORT

The Car of Comfort

The 1916 Dort is essentially a comfortable car—

—comfortable because there is plenty of seat and leg room both back and front.

—comfortable, too, because of its 50 inch full cantilever springs, which make it one of the easiest riding cars on the market at any price.

The price, $665.00, is within reach of most folks. See this car at our show rooms.

J. A. WHITE, Agent.

OAKLAND, MD.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

Card Playing.

The evil of gambling consists in its surroundings. In public places you will find profanity, vulgar jests, loud conversation and usually drinking. It leads to late hours which is deleterious to health; it wastes time, destroyes love for home and friends, wastes money, leads to pernicious habits and fosters a taste for hazards. That it is an evil all admit. It wrongs the player whether he lose or win, an unhealthy excitement is aroused, which quickens the pulse, flushes the face, sets the eye staring and feelings are so wrought upon that angry words often break out.

The love for the game grows until the mind is as eager for it as the drunkard for his cups. It becomes a devouring passion that will consume every thing good and nobel, pure and elevating and it is a species of theft that does not necessitate the thief thrusting his hand into your pocket and extracting the money.

It wrongs the employer as well as the employee who practices it. The daily papers teem with accounts of the down fall of clerks and the ruin of houses through gambling. The young man steals to gamble, flees to Canada, the gambler's mecca, or lands in prison or a Suicides grave. It does not render a just equivalent for what it takes. Every game of chance from pitching of coppers to the stake of the professional from the parlor of the woman of society or church member, to the haunts of men is gambling. This includes lotteries, betting and etc.

The glitter of diamonds and the flashing of gold doesn't change the nature of the viper. Sweetest music can't drown its woe. You may make a cloak of bank notes but that doesn't conceal its hideousness. It will be the same wily, venomous serpent and out from the cards of the winner gazes the ghastly specter of damnation and from the cards of the loser shoots the coils of despair. You may do all in your power to make it attractive to the virtuous, but you will only make it more hideous, while fraud will ever be stamped upon it. It is characterized by prodigality. It waste's money and life's energies as well. He will hazard every cent he can get. He will borrow anywhere and under any pretense. He will steal from his employer and take from his family. Wealth gotten by gambling seldom stays long. The end usually brings poverty, shame and wretchedness. When a young man begins to gamble, he is on the edge of a vortex.

If you would avoid failures, poverty, social disgrace and the misery of hell, avoid the gambler's table.

You may say I'll keep cool and leave at any time, but once in the fascination and an irresistible impulse propels you onward. you can as soon play with an adder and not be stung as to play with this thing and not suffer. Reason is powerless and logic is too weak to convince the gambler whose wild looks indicate the unstrung nerves and excited mind that like a disordered bit of machinery is wracking itself.

It fosters idleness. God made us to work. He gave us powers so that we can do good. But gambling says, no use making a slave of yourself, you may make money easier. How? Steal it in a popular way. The lazy person is a nuisance in any community.

This teaches the young man that it is disreputable to work, so it diverts attention from business and industry and centers it on the gambling table, and so they grow fickle and discontented. It is a system of lazy vagabondage, which unfits for business. Knights of the bar lounge on easy seats while the mechanic must toil and sweat for meager earnings but he gets sweet sleep and the happiness of family. Testimony and experience unite in proclaiming the gambler an idle spendthrift in proportion as he is addicted to the practice.

It is a lying system. It flatters only to cheat, it allures to destroy, it fawns over you only to stab you. It is based on falsehood and thrives on lying and the gambler from the nature of the case is a liar. He lies to play he plays to lie, for the thing is a falsehood. His skill is to cheat. It is wholesale robery. It will rob you of every thing yet give no equivalent. Every loser knows this is true. If a lunatic would dispose of his farm for a trifle the law would interfear to protect him. If the laws of the state were enforced every den in the State could be closed in a month. Steal a sack of flour and arrest will follow, yet men are allowed to go scot free, who live by stealing the earnings of clerks, the bread of children, the clothes of wife and the comforts of home. It was invented to please a lunitic king.

Well has it been said of the gambler, "Look where he fawns, he bites; when he bites, the venom of his teeth will rankle to the death; have naught to do with him, beware of him. Sin death and hell have set their mark on him, and all their ministers attend them."

Is it true that this thing is practiced on the sly in our own town? Then a dangerous pitfall is set for unwary feet.

JOANNES.

FARM WANTED—STATE PRICE, SIZE, ACREAGE CLEARED. CHAS. GREEN, DEER PARK. 10-2t*

GARRETT COUNTY SUMMER SCHOOL

Will Open In Oakland On May 29th for a Term of Probably Six Weeks.

From the office of the Board of County School Commissioners folders have been issued giving notice of the summer school to be conducted in Oakland beginning on May 29th and ending on June 30th, the board reserving the right, however, to extend the term a week longer than the date set out in announcement. In the announcement the Commissioners state—

"The Board of County Commissioners of Garrett County, having determined to require at least one-fourth of the number of the teachers of Garrett County to attend a summer school, this same summer school is held in lieu of a teachers' institute, the School Commissioners reimbursing those teachers in attendance to the extent of twenty-five dollars, this amount being the tuition fee, charged to each teacher of experience planning to continue teaching, in attendance to the summer school, and the County Superintendent designating the teachers required to attend summer school as those thereupon in attendance.

"The purpose of the school is to give the student a practical knowledge of the laws and methods of school management and class room procedure. The instructors will aim to make the subject matter of their courses so practical that students may understand how to apply such knowledge in their work of teaching. Special attention will be given to reviewing the subjects upon which the County Superintendent will base the examinations for teachers' certificates as well as to students who have never taught, but who are planning to do so.

"In order to give a vivid demonstration of the problems in a one-teacher school, there will be conducted an elementary school of several grades. Here will be given a demonstration of the typical methods and materials to be used in making such teaching more effective.

"All who desire to teach and are ineligible under the law noted above or who plan to teach during the school year of 1916-1917, will be admitted. All will take the full course outlined; and in order to receive credit for the session each student must have the approval therefor of the instructors at the end of the course. A record of attendance and of work done by the students will be kept by the instructors and placed in the office of the Board of County School Commissioners. No student will be excused from the regular work of the summer school without the approval of the director who will be governed in his authority by regulations of the Board of County School Commissioners.

"Each student will be required to provide his or her own text books, permission herewith being given to borrow them from trustees of schools in Garrett County, each student who borrows such books pledging to return them promptly to the school from which they are taken in as good condition as they were when secured. Text books not generally used in schools of this county, will be temporarily loaned by the director to the student. A library of reference books will be available. Students will be requested to purchase or provide themselves with at least one good book on education, it being, "How to Teach American History," by Wayland, the price thereof being 88 cents, postage 5 cents extra; the director will have this book for sale to those students desiring to purchase a copy.

"In order that the school may begin promptly on Monday May 29th, all students are requested to register at the Oakland Grammar School Building on Saturday, May 27th. The building will be open for this purpose from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

"Popular free lectures will be given occasionally. These lectures will add much to the pleasure and profit of the school work.

"A tuition fee of $5.00, payable to the director at the time of registering, will be charged those students who have never taught, but are planning to do so. A tuition fee of $25.00 will be charged to the accounts of those teachers of experience who are planning to teach during the school year of 1916-1917 in Garrett County, this charge of $25.00 to be off-set by a credit of $25.00, it being the reimbursement to the teacher as required by the state school law.

"The examinations of applicants for teachers' certificates will be conducted in the Oakland Grammar School Building at the close of the summer school—upon Friday and Saturday, June 30 and July 1, 1916, but this examination may be postponed one week."

The instructors will include County Superintendent F. E. Rathbun; Principal Harry A. Eyler, of the Irwin, Pa., high school; Principal Herman A. Ziel, of Kitzmiller; Principal R. R. Sanner, of the Grantsville school; Miss Patience Williams, of Cumberland, who will conduct methods in teaching reading, writing and number work in the primary grades and will conduct a model school along these lines. The Home Economics Demonstration Course will be in charge of Misses Katharine A. Pritchett, Florence J. Hunt and Kathleen Calkins.

Prof. Herman A. Ziel, principal of the Kitzmiller high school, will be director of the summer school.

HOW TO IMPROVE OUR COUNTRY ROADS

Will Be Main Subject Discussed By Road Men At the Agricultural College, January 10-15.

T. H. TALIAFERRO,
Maryland Agricultural College.

In many sections of Maryland the character of country roads not only precludes the ready movement of farm products during the winter and early spring, but reduces to a minimum social intercourses between friends and neighbors who under better conditions of travel would relieve the monotony of winter days by visits so pleasant to those fortunate enough to have a home in a rural community blessed with good roads. For this reason, in planning for a short course and conference on road making and maintenance, the Division of Engineering of the Agricultural College has laid especial emphasis on the improvement of the country dirt road which may or may not lead to the main thoroughfares so well constructed under the direction of the State Roads Commission. In addition, having in mind the many perplexing problems which confront the Roads Engineers in our counties, one day in the week has been set especially apart for a free and full discussion of the county road problem by Roads Engineers and Supervisors.

Among the most perplexing of road problems, probably that of financing road construction and maintenance without placing too heavy a burden in the way of special taxes stands first and will be discussed with keenest interest by our county commissioners and their fellow-taxpayers. To add to the information obtainable on this subject, an expert from the Office of Public Roads and Rural Engineering has been invited to lead in the discussion and give data on what is being done in other sections of the country in meeting this problem.

Other road problems that concern every person living in the country vitally will be included in the conferences of the week. Perhaps, none will be more emphasized than finding means of keeping country roads that have been improved in good condition. So frequently, after improvement as to surface our country roads go to pieces rapidly because no adequate provision has been made for drainage. Again many complaints of slippery roads have been made, where they have been improved and oiled. Regarding this trouble, an expert from the State Roads Commission will give the latest methods of overcoming it. In fact, since the road problem is such an important one at this time in every county and neighborhood of the State, it is our belief that the conference and short course should be largely attended by taxpayers, county commissioners, roads engineers and supervisors, and many others living in Maryland communities where the road problem is of such prime importance. The complete program of the short course and conference, beginning January 10 which may be obtained by writing to the Agricultural College, College Park Md., should be in the hands of every Marylander interested in having more and better roads throughout the State.

WHY NOT GROW PURE-BRED FOWLS ON EVERY FARM?

ROY H. WAITE,
Maryland Agricultural Experiment Station.

Maryland poultry raisers make a practice of mixing their breeds. They use one male this year, get a male bird of an entirely different breed next year, another the year after, until finally the flock gets to look as if it had been struck by lightning. Nothing could be worse for the poultry industry than this hit or miss breeding. You get stronger, healthier fowls, you say. Let us see why you do. When you breed from two birds that are in any way related you increase the chances of perpetuating any defect which they may both have. Being related the chances that they will both have the same defect are increased.

When you cross two breeds or varieties the chances of breeding birds together both with the same defect or fault are greatly diminished. This then is the only plausible reason for breeding a mixed mongrel flock. Let us see what it costs us to do this. Let us see how much we gain or loose in the long run.

1. A good strain of pure bred will lay more eggs.

2. Eggs from pure bred will be more uniform in size, shape and color.

3. A pure bred will make a better appearance on the market.

4. The carcass of a pure bred will make a better appearance on the market on account of uniformity of size, shape and color.

5. Breeding stock of a pure bred can often be sold to advantage.

6. You cannot help but take pride in a pure bred flock and will give them better attention.

Don't you really think that it would really pay to give a little more care to the selection of breeding stock of some good breed, rather than keep on with a flock that the word "hash" would very nearly describe.

By selecting the strongest, most vigorous and healthy birds for breeding, you can keep a flock in first class condition. Instead of perpetuating defects, you will be making headway in fixing and improving the desirable qualities and in the meantime getting the advantages that we enumerated as belonging to the pure bred flock.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

MICHAEL LAVELLE,

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 9th day of November, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 9th day of May, 1916.

W. H. METCALF,
Swanton, Maryland.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans Court, Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

ELIZABETH LEE

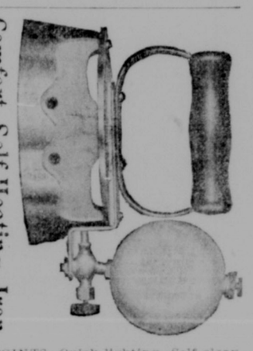
late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 9th day of December, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 9th day of May, 1916.

ALBERT L. LEE,
Administrator,
Kitzmiller, Md.

Comfort Self-Heating Iron.

5 Hours at Cost of One Cent.



TWO POINTS—Quick lighting, Self-cleaning and perfect regulation of heat. Weighs six pounds. Guaranteed safe and satisfactory. Price, $3.75 each. Order today.

J. AMEEN, Kitzmiller, Md.

Notice To Tax-Payers

This is to notify the Taxpayers of Garrett county that the Annual Levy for 1916 has been made and published, and to call their attention to the following abstract of Section 45 Chapter 56, Acts of 1888, relating to the discount to be allowed and the interest to be charged on all tax bills:

This is to notify all taxpayers that no discount will be allowed for the prompt payment of State taxes levied for the year 1916.

Chapter 60 of the Acts of 1916, provides that "the State taxes are due and payable on the first day of July succeeding the levy, and if not paid on or before September first, interest shall be charged from said first day of September. Said State taxes shall be in arrear on and after the first day of January succeeding the date of the levy, and it shall be the duty of Collectors, Treasurers and other officers who may be charged with the collection of the same immediately thereafter to proceed to collect said taxes in accordance with the provisions of law for the collection of delinquent taxes. It shall also be the duty of the Collectors or County Treasurer or other officers collecting said taxes to make monthly returns and remittances to the Comptroller of the amounts thereof collected from time to time."

J. W. KIMMELL,
Treasurer.

SHERIFF'S SALE

OF VALUABLE

Undivided interests in the Coal Rights, situated a few miles Northwest of Lonaconing, but in Garrett County, in the farm of the late William P. Hansel.

Under and by virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of the Circuit Court for Garrett County, in the case of George Glessman against David P. Hansel and Jane V. Hansel his wife, No. 5 Judicials, June term, 1916, Circuit Court for Garrett County, the undersigned Sheriff did seize and take in execution and levy upon by an actual entry upon the premises hereinafter described, all of the interest of the said David P. Hansel, the same said to be a one-sixth interest, which he obtained from the will of his father, in and to the minerals, mineral rights and mining rights, in the coal underlying Military Lots Nos. 3767, 3768 and a tract of land called "The Resurves" which embraces the aforesaid lots, and makes 127¾ acres, under which the coal lies; and also all of the coal rights and mining rights and minerals, underlying Military Lot No. 3769, containing fifty acres, which the said Hansel obtained under the will of his father William P. Hansel, excepting the coal interest under the cemetery lot on said land, and the coal under the three acres where the barn and house stand.

And I hereby give notice that on

SATURDAY,

the 20th day of May, 1916,

in front of the Court House in the town of Oakland, at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M., of said day, I will offer the aforesaid mineral rights or interest and mining rights, to the highest bidder at public auction to satisfy the aforesaid execution and the costs.

This coal interest is valuable from the fact that it is near the George's Creek region and the time will soon come when it will be in the market with the big vein in the George's Creek Valley, as it lays near there.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on the day of sale.

ALBERT ASHBY,
Sheriff of Garrett County.

We Carry in Stock

TIRES
TUBES
SHOCK ABSORBERS
CHAINS
SPARK PLUGS
DRY CELLS
TIRETITE

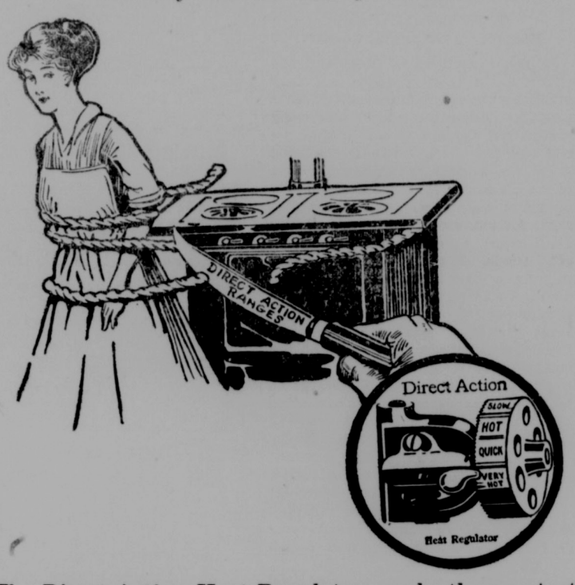
And many other accessories at the

OAKLAND GARAGE,
Prest-O-Lite Exchange,
Oakland, Maryland.

WANTED—Girl or woman to assist with care of children, call or write. MRS. W. R. OFFUTT.
Advertisement. 10-2t

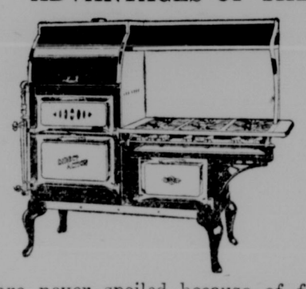
Let Us Cut Your Bonds

Go out and enjoy the beautiful afternoon—Supper will be ready to serve when you return.



The Direct Action Heat Regulator marks the greatest advance in gas cookery since gas was first used as a fuel

ADVANTAGES OF THE REGULATOR ARE :



Removes all the guess work from baking. You can obtain any oven temperature you want by the simple setting of a marked wheel valve. You can repeat any oven temperature to the degree, as often as you desire. You can maintain any oven temperature, hours, even days, as you like. It saves your gas—prevents waste by overheating. It saves food—as expensive bakings are never spoiled because of faulty oven temperature. It automatically takes care of change of gas pressure.

This device gives double value to your gas range. It makes it cook as a gas range better than any other gas range, and it also enables you to deplicate the work of the best fireless cooker. For sale by

W. E. SHIRER,

OAKLAND, MD.

$750.00
Baby Grand
Touring

$550.00
With Electric Lights
Self-Starter.

CHEVROLET

The car of lowest upkeep. The climax of comfort, speed and power---for a price that fits the purse of every man.

Phone to-day---ride tomorrow.

A full line of parts just received, and will have same constantly on hand.

JOHN J. SWEENEY, Dealer,
Oakland, Md.

THE DEATH RECORD.

THOMAS C. FRIEND.

Thomas C. Friend was born at Friendsville, Md., and died at his home at Lake Ford, Md., April 27, 1916, aged 69 years, 11 months, and 4 days.

He leaves a wife, two sons, and four daughters to mourn their loss, while a son and one daughter preceded him to the spirit world.

Obituaries of good men need not be written. The attempts to eulogize the life and character of the faithful and true are feeble indeed, compared to the grandeur of the life itself.

Good men write their own eulogies. Write them indelibly upon the hearts and minds of those with whom they associate and mingle while here, there to remain as the years come and go, incentives ever to beckon us onward to lives of noble endeavor and christian living.

We all appreciate beauty, and worship at the shrine of the beautiful The opening bud, the full blown rose in all its tints and shades of color, the sun in his splendor, the landscape, the forest, all things beautiful delight the heart of man, but the beauty of a life so spent in allegiance to the doctrines and teaching of the most beautiful character who ever trod this beautiful earth of ours,—the Gracious Saviour—far transcends all other ideals of the beautiful, however loft

Now are we brought to realize fully the meaning of the inspired writer when he worte, "Blessed are the dead who die in the Lord, henceforth saith the spirit, for they shall rest from their labors, and their works do follow them." Thus it is with the subject of this memorial. The inspiration of a life so lived that we who are left behind can say with full confidence, "not lost but only gone before," give us new aspirations, higher ideals, and encouragements to help us on to God.

'Tis human to err, and whatever of the evil or ugly we might have observed in the lives of our friends living, it seems to be a trait of our natures to throw the mantle of charity over it all and to remember only the good and beautiful. 'Tis well it is so. We could not do justic to the subject of this sketch if we did not say he was a devoted husband, a kind father to his children, kind to all about him.

He was converted early in life and was until the time of his death a faithfull and consistent member of his chosen church, the Methodist Episcopal, having served much of the time as steward or class leader.

The church will lose and miss his council, the pastor his hearty handshake and cordial smile of good will, his family the patient familiar face, the community a respected citizen, earth a noble soul.

Interment was made in the Lake Ford cemetary and the funeral services were conducted by his pastor Rev. W. H. Henderson.

A FRIEND.

Notice to The Citizens of Oakland, Maryland.

Next Monday and Tuesday, May 15 and 16, has been designated and set apart for "Clean up Days."

All persons within the Corporation limits are expected to remove all trash or debris from their properties or streets and alleys adjoining same.

It is expected that our good citizens will have sufficient pride in their properties to attend to this matter without further notice. By Order of

THE MAYOR AND TOWN COUNCIL.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Garrett National Bank,

AT OAKLAND,

In the State of Maryland, at the close of business, May 1st, 1916.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$371,974 74
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)		50,000 00
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged		164,580 00
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve Bank	$6,900	
Less amount unpaid	3,450	
		3,450 00
Value of banking house (if unencumbered)		27,500 00
Furniture and fixtures		3,000 00
Net amount due from Federal Reserve bank		11,884 70
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in New York, Chicago, St. Louis	$5,890 34	
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in other reserve cities	31,543 01	
		37,433 35
Net amount due from banks and bankers (other than that above)		2,579 86
Other checks on banks in the same city or town as reporting bank		272 52
Fractional currency, nickles and cents		241 64
Notes of other national banks		840 00
Federal Reserve bank notes		35 00
Coin and certificates		21,256 20
Legal-tender notes		1,585 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		2,500 00
Total		$699,133 01

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$50,000 00
Surplus fund		65,000 00
Undivided profits	11,750 97	
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	8,975 08	
		2,775 89
Circulating notes outstanding		49,197 50
Net amount due to banks and bankers (other than that above)		2,182 42
Demand deposits—		
Individual deposits subject to check		207,712 66
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days		48,510 37
Certified checks		96 37
Cashier's checks outstanding		769 86
Total demand deposits	$257,089.26	
Time deposits (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice)—		
Certificates of deposit		99,682 72
Other time deposits		173,205 22
Total of time deposits	$272,887.94	
Total		$699,133 01

State of Maryland, County of Garrett: I, G. A. FRALEY, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

G. A. FRALEY, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of May, 1916.

MARK S. WHITE, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: GILMOR S. HAMILL, DANIEL E. OFFUTT, Jr. JOSEPH E. HARNED, Directors.

Sheriff's Sale

OF A VALUABLE

Lot of Ground

Near Finzell, Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of the Circuit Court for Garrett County, the same being No. 2 Judicials, June Term, 1916, Circuit Court for Garrett County, in the case of William H. Werner against Frank Werner, I, Albert Ashby, Sheriff, hereby give public notice, that I will on

Tuesday, May 16, 1916

in front of the Court House, in the town of Oakland, Md., at the hour of two o'clock P. M. of said day offer at public auction to the highest bidder the following lot of ground situated near Finzell, in Garrett County, Maryland, as follows:

All that piece or parcel of ground lying in Garrett county containing the quantity of one quarter of an acre more or less, said parcel of ground being part of Military Lot No. 514, and being the lot of ground conveyed and further described by metes and bounds in a deed from Clarence McKenzie and Luella McKenzie, his wife, to Frank Werner dated June 18, 1912, and duly recored in Liber E. Z. T., No. 64, folio 110, one of the Land Records of said Garrett county.

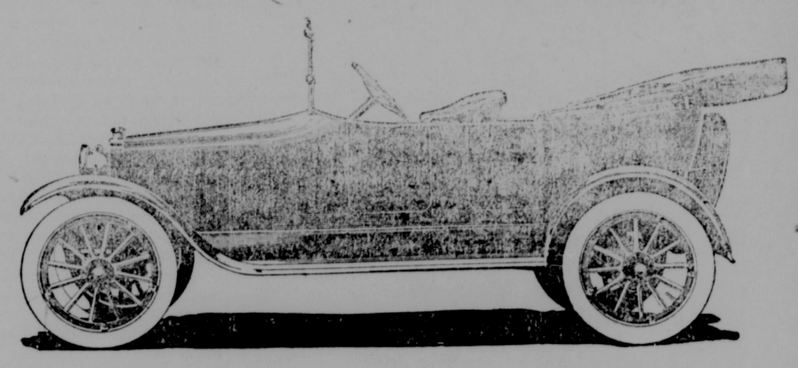
Said lot is improved by a good dwelling house, yard, garden and out buildings.

Terms of sale:—Cash on day of sale.

ALBERT ASHBY.
Sheriff of Garrett County.

SAXON "SIX"

big touring car for five people



Dramatic Editor of New York Journal Praises his Saxon "Six."

I have been driving a Saxon "Six" for the past month, and wish to offer an unsolicited recommendation.

To begin with, I own a seven-passenger car and have owned $5,000 cars for the past seven years. It is a remarkable fact, but I have never had any desire to operate a car myself, and have always employed a chauffeur. When I bought the Saxon "Six" I took one lesson, and then went forth in the "City of Gasoline" as my own chauffeur.

The car itself is a masterpiece in mechanism. It answers every call of the foot and hand. In short, it runs itself.

When you are stopped by traffic, and you want to start, it is off so fast, you are compelled to hold it back. Going up a hill, is the same as coasting down one. In appearance, no car for the money can approach it. When you pass others, whether they are in autos, or are walking on the street, they look upon this six-cylinder wonder in admiration, and only pass the most pleasing remarks.

Every man that owns a big car should own a Saxon "Six," and operate it himself to and from his office. Of course, it is hard to convince some men that they could run a car, but, if they tried once, it would settle tne question.

I consider the Saxon "Six" a wonderful purchase for the money.

C. F. ZITTEL, Dramatic Editor, New York Journal.

For a Demonstration of this wonderful car, call at Liller's Barber shop or Kelly's Livery, Oakland.

LILLER & KELLY, Agents
OAKLAND, MD.

MOUNTAIN LAKE PARK.

The Bible conference will again this year be conducted by The Moody Bible Institute of Chicago, under the able leadership of the Rev. James M. Gray, D. D. The dates are August 13-20. Because of the unusual success of the conference last year, the request was unanimous that the Institute have charge of it. The program which will be announced later, will offer many of the best known Bible teachers and preachers of the country.

Miss Carrie Morrison, of Cumberland, is a guest of Dixie cottage.

Rev. J. H. Enlow was a Park visitor Tuesday. Mr. Enlow is now pastor of one of the Pittsburgh, Pa., churches.

J. R. Kite, of Fairmont, has rented the Thomas Greaser property on the Oakland-Park road.

Attorney Carl Frame, of Fairmont, W. Va., and Mr. M. C. Clayton, of Mannington, W. Va., were Sunday visitors in the Park.

The Epworth League of the Park has sixty members.

Miss Mildred Dare, of Parkersburg, W. Va., is a guest of Allen-hurst.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

"Backward, Turn Backward."

To the Editor of The Republican.

Many of us would gladly when the day is done kneel and repeat, "Now I lay me down to sleep," and lay our tired heads in the loving arms of mother and pour forth as in babyhood our perplexities of the day. We are all alike; we all have had mothers and we love her best of all. Her hand did more for us than any other—her love was ours before we were born; she planned our future and sacrificed and suffered as we who have become mothers ourselves can realize.

We love our tiny babies; we never grow weary in caring for them and as we work we dream of their future, and plan and save, giving up all our outside pleasures—sacrificing everything so that our children will be well cared for and happy; and we watch and tremble as the little toddling feet go so uncertainly about and they stumble and fall. Then as they come to young manhood and young womanhood we tremble the more for their safety, for there are so many snares for the young, and just at this age they seem to forget that mother knows best, and so she prays and pleads and does all the more to protect and shield her young from harm.

Pity, oh pity, that mother who fails and goes heartbroken to the grave, but what a blessing and comfort to the mother who wins, and in her declining years she can look with joy on her children who have proved true and loyal to MOTHER.

A MOTHER.

Oakland, May 10, 1916.

Deer Park Festival.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Deer Park M. E. Church will conduct a festival in Savage's hall at Deer Park on Saturday evening, May 13th, to which all are cordially invited.

MRS. J. S. CLARY, Sec'y.

The motion-picture is more than fifty years old if we understand by that term any device for producing the optical illusion of moving objects. These toys were called by various names, such as thaumatrope, zoetrope, stroboscope, phenakistoscope, stereoscopic cabinet, kinematoscope, etc. The first exhibition of photographic motion pictures was made by Henry Heyl, in Philadelphia, in 1870.

The man Who Makes
A STUDY OF HIS
APPEARANCE

Is the man who best appreciates the detail of the tailoring we turn out The workmanship passes without a question, the fit is naturally a matter of course, but the shape we mould into the garments give them a character that finishes them off and makes the satisfaction of the owner complete.

All this is a bid for your next tailoring order. We know we can make you the best clothes you ever wore We want you to know it. That orde s the best and only sure way to settle he question.

JAMES BROCK,
Dixon Building,
Oakland, Maryland.

FOR SALE—Twenty-five acres improved farm land located on the Oakland-Gortner State Road, two miles South of Oakland. Easy terms. Call on or write Harry Helbig, Oakland, Md. Advertisement 51 tf

Order Nisi.

C. A. Beachy, Treasurer of Garrett County, Maryland, vs. Clyde B. Moore. No. 271, Miscellaneous Docket. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County Maryland.

Ordered, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland, this 4th day of May, 1916, that the tax sale made and reported in the above entitled case by C. A. Beachy, Treasurer of Garrett county, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 14th day of June, 1916, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 7th day of June, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $29.98.

ROBERT R. HENDERSON.

True copy, Test: E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

ORDER NISI.

C. A. Beachy, Treasurer of Garrett county, Maryland vs. Geo. D. Browning, L. E. Friend and R. C. McCandlish.

No. 270, Miscellaneous Docket In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Ordered by the Circuit Court for Garrett county, Maryland, this 4th day of May, 1916, that the tax sale made and reported in the above entitled case by C. A. Beachy, Treasurer of Garrett county, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 14th day of June, 1916, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 7rd day of June, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $29.98.

ROBERT R. HENDERSON.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Examiner's Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, appointed by the County Commissioners of Garrett county, to view the lands through which a proposed new road is to be located, beginning for the same at or near the mouth of Laurel Run and running thence through the lands of the Empire Coal Company, the Western Maryland Coal Company, the Monroe Coal Company, to intersect the county road leading from Frankville to the Watson wheel house, at or near the Chestnut Grove school house, and examine whether the said road should be made, will meet on the 22nd day of May, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said road, and if so to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

JACOB STUMP,
WILLIAM A. MICHAEL,
ERWIN FAZENBAKER,
Examiners.

published first time May 11, 1916.

Notice to Creditors

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters Testamentry on the estate of

CHARLES C. MOODY

late of Garrett County, Md., deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 4th day of November, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 4th day of May, 1916.

WM. G. HENDERSON,
501 F. St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

THE REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME 41. OAKLAND, MARYLAND THURSDAY, MAY 18, 1916. NUMBER 12

DEATH CLAIMS MUCH LOVED OAKLAND MAN

Rev. John M. Davis Died at His Home Here Friday Night. Buried Monday.

Rev. John M. Davis, one of the most prominent merchants, preachers and citizens of Oakland, Garrett county, Marvland, was born in Somerset county, Pa., January 26, 1835, and died at his old home at Oakland, May 13th, 1916, aged 81 years, 3 months and 17 days.

On March 4th, 1858, Mr. Davis married Eleanor J. Philson of Berlin, Pa., whose death occurred April 8, 1909, to whom a family of three sons were born, Chas. S. Davis, Rev. W. C. Davis and John W. Davis, of whom Chas. and John W. are still living. The Rev. Wm. C. Davis who was a member of the Pittsburgh Conference and died Sept. 21, 1902.

Mr. Davis acquired his early education in the public schools of his native county, later entering Allegany College where he remained one term. Subsequently he taught school for a short time, following which he engaged in farming.

In the spring of 1858 he moved to what is known as Promised Land Farm near Oakland, where he purchased six hundred acres of farming land, continuing in its management until 1901. He also was engaged in dealing in live stock and was recognized as one of the most prominent dealers in this section for many years.

At the conclusion of the war he purchased the general merchandising business of N. B. Harvey and formed the firm of Bishop, Davis & Townshend. This co-partnership lasted for four years when Mr. Bishop became the sole owner. Messrs. Davis & Townshend established another enterprise of like nature that continued until 1886, when Mr. Davis with his son Charles S. as his associate formed the firm of J. M. Davis & Son, later associatiug his son John W. with the business that continued until May 1st of the present year.

In 1882 Mr. J. M. Davis became interested in the establishing of Mt. Lake Park. To his enterprise, energy and devotion much of the success of this delightful summer home is due and practically all of the many improvements and innovations were made under his direct supervision.

In 1888 the Garrett National Bank was established of which he was made one of the directors, holding the position until January 1st of the present year.

By an act of the Legislature, April 1st, 1872, Garrett county was cut off from Allegany county which was largely brought about through his influence and which has proven to be of mutual benefit to all.

For over fifty years Mr. Davis was connected with many enterprises in a business way that has helped to develop the town and county, and as a religious leader his efforts were even more successful than his business life. When a boy he was converted and joined the Methodist Episcopal church and began to preach March 13th, 1862, by filling an appointment in Oakland, made by the Rev. J. J. Dolliver, father of Senator Dolliver who was preacher in charge of the Circuit. On that occasion he delivered an address to young people, his subject being "Religion." Oakland Circuit was large as there were fourteen or sixteen preaching places. The pastor preached in Oakland once in two weeks. By request of the pastors Mr. Davis assisted them in protracted meetings, and in turn filled their appointments when they were engaged in holding protracted meetings elsewhere as they were expected to hold a meeting during the year at every appointment in the large circuit. Later the church urged Mr. Davis to accept license as a local preacher and at the quarterly conference in Cranberry Summit, now Terra Alta, Sept. 17th, 1864, he was examined and a license granted signed by Rev. G. W. Arnold, presiding elder of the Morgantown District. He was ordained deacon at the annual conference in Clarksburg, W. Va., March, 1867, by Bishop E. K. Ames. In 1876 he was ordained elder at the annual conference in Wheeling by Bishop Harris.

For many years Mr. Davis relieved the pastors by filling their appointments and conducting their protracted meetings over Sunday while they filled their regular appointments. This was a great responsibility.

For forty-one years without a change he was superintendent of the Oakland M. E. Sunday school, and on January 23, 1908, was elected superintendent emeritus by a rising vote of the school, which presented him, through Rev. J. B. Workman, pastor, in a few well chosen and timely remarks, with a handsome gold headed cane, which now passes into the hands of Supt. F. A. Thaver, the next oldest and the successor of Mr. Davis. During the forty-one years' of his superintendency, as near as can be learned, about 2.000 children and young people were reared in the Sunday school and as we look back cannot find any who continued from child hood and grew up to manhood and womanhaod as faithful members of the school who failed to lead upright lives. The majorty become members of some branch of the church.

There was only one year that Mr. Davis kept a record of his work. In 1878 he preached 46 regular sermons; superintended the Sunday school 45 times; held 30 class meetings; prayer meetings, 10, and taught teachers' bible class 45 times preparing teachers for Sunday school work. Besides the number of services referred to during the year 1878 he attended quite a number of funerals, visited the sick, baptizing children, etc., extending over a large territory in the country not only among Methodist families but other denominations.

During all the years of his ministry he never missed an appointment that he had promised to fill, and to the best of his recollection was never ten minutes late; was always treated kindly by ministers of all denominations, and never asked a church for any positions or favors, and yet the church honored him with about all it had to give in the way of recognition. He frequently held quarterly conferences and preached for the presiding elders; was a member of the National Association of Local Preachers, and attended their meetings for many years; was a delegate to the General Conference in 1900 at Chicago, Ill., and without his knowledge was given the title of D. D., in 1902 by the Taylor University, but never allowed his friends to use the title in addressing him, but as a business man did not object to the title of Reverend when the people desired to use it. He has a record of over 1,000 weddings and married and baptized manv of the same family of the second and third genarations.

Simple and yet affecting funera services were held at St. Paul's Methodist Episcopal church in the presence of a large concourse of people conducted by Rev. John H. Howard, pastor, who read an appropriate lesson from Holy Scripture.

The choir rendered a number of favorite hymns and Mrs. Gordon Mealy sang touchingly "There is a Spot to Me More Dear," written by Doctor William Hunter, who was a personal friend of the deceased.

Rev. R. B. Ward offered a sympathetic prayer and addresses were made by Revs. Archibald Moore and J. B. Workman, former pastors at Oakland.

Beautiful floral tributes were made by the official board, Ladies Aid Society, and Sunday school of the church and by many personal friends of the deceased, and a most effective expression of tender regard was made by the Sunday school, which under the direction of Mrs. M. C. Hinebaugh, Frank E. Rathbun and C. Edward Bender came out as a body, each bearing a flower as a token of the high esteem in which Father Davis was held by the young people.

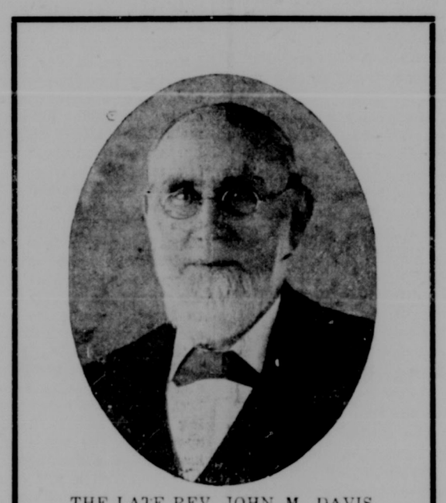
The flower bearers were Messrs. Harland L. Jones, Paul B. Naylor, Wm. L. Thomas, Robert C. Townshend, Wade H. Hinebaugh, Luther J. Brown B. C. Scott and Howard Smouse.

The pall bearers were A. D. Naylor, F. A. Thayer, John T. Mitchell, C. F. Hammond, Arthur Townshend and George M. Mason, all of whom were fellow members of the official board of the church with Father Davis. This was perhaps the largest funeral ever held in Oakland and was attended by people of every class and demonination. Many out of town people and clergymen were in attendance.

Following the services at the church the body was conveyed to the Oakland cemetery, attended by a large procession, where it was laid to rest according to the ritual of the church. The burial services were conducted by Doctor Howard, assisted by J. B. Workman and Archibald Moore.

Truly one of God's noblemen has been called from labor to reward. He was a true friend of the church and a faithful servant of God and was much interested in everything that had to do with the promotion of righteousness among men. Few men have lived more in the heart of the people and whose memory will be more cherished by the people than this good man.

As a good citizen, a representative business man, an exemplary christian with an unblemished life he lived until the summons came and with his work done God took him home, a sun crowned soul where clad in garments of white he entered into rest.



THE LATE REV. JOHN M. DAVIS.

"Servant of God, well done,
Thy glorious warfare's past—
The battle's fought, the race is run
And thou art crowned at last.

"Redeemed from earth and pain—
Ah! when shall we ascend
And all in Jesus' presence reign
With our translated friend?"

ARCHIBALD MOORE, D. D.
Supt. Oakland District.

As a mark of the deep affection in which he was held by the people of Oakland for more than fifty years, every business house in the town was closed during the funeral hour.

Among those from a distance who attended the funeral of Mr. Davis were Mr. and Mrs. Joseph B. Davis and daughter, of Ursina, Pa.; Mr. J. W. Young, Mrs. Mollie Getty, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Echard, of Cumberland; Mrs. Jessie Davis, of Morgantown, W. Va.; Mrs. Wesley Davis and son Mr. Alfred Davis, of Jamestown, N. Y.; Mrs. Elizabeth Talson, Mrs. Anna Jones, Wheeling, W. Va., Mr. J. C. Philson, Mr. William Philson, Mr. Robert Heffley, Berlin, Pa.; Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Schroeder. Mr. John F. Leachman, Mr. George Loar, Mr. L. L. Loar, Grafton; Rev. J. B. Workman, Mr. Howard Smouse, Mr. Reed Smouse, Fairmont; Mr. and Mrs. George Pugh, Miss Gladys Wilburn, Mr. Daniel Feather, Mr. W. A. McGinniss, Dr. W. B. King, Terra Alta.

FARM HOUSE BURNED

George Glotfelty's Dwelling Reduced to Ashes Last Saturday Morning.

Last Saturday morning the dwelling of Mr. George Glotfelty, located on his farm within sight of McHenry, was burned to the ground with almost all of its contents, entailing a loss of several hundreds of dollars.

The fire was discovered by some men engaged at work on the farm and was burning quite rapidly when noticed, the flames having attacked the roof from a spark emitted from the chimney, it is thought.

☐Subscribe for The Republican.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

D. M. Dixon & Co., will be in the market for Wool at the highest market price on day of delivery. Present price 38 cents.

Have Car CROCKS and JARS to sell at 6 cents a gallon.

Will exchange Flour for Wheat at $1:10 for Wheat, Flour $6.50 to $6.75.

BIG STOCK

Corn and Oats Fertilizer

always on hand.

Rring us your Potatoes, Butter, Eggs and Cross ties, will pay highest possible price.

P. S. Will pay 20 Cents, half Cash, for Eggs.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

C. H. BROWNING

Deer Park's Best Store

Bring your potatoes, butter and eggs to me as I have secured a market that enables me to pay the highest market price.

I still have a few pairs of shoes left to close out at a bargain.

Dry goods, notions shoes and groceries our specialty.

Offutt's

WOOL!

WOOL! WOOL!

We will pay this week

38c. per lb. CASH.

OR

40c. per lb. Trade

FOR WOOL

OFFUTTS'

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

MICHAEL LAVELLE,

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 9th day of November, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 9th day of May, 1916.

W. H. METCALF,
Swanton, Maryland.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans Court, Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

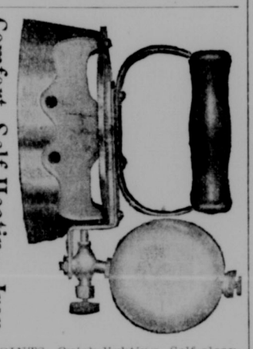
ELIZABETH LEE

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 9th day of December, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 9th day of May, 1916.

ALBERT L. LEE,
Administrator,
Kitzmiller, Md.

Comfort Self-Heating Iron.
5 Hours at Cost of One Cent.



TWO POINTS—Quick lighting. Self-cleaning and perfect regulation of heat. Weighs six pounds. Guaranteed safe and satisfactory. Price, $5.75 each. Order today.

J. AMEEN, Kitzmiller, Md.

Notice To Tax-Payers

This is to notify the Taxpayers of Garrett county that the Annual Levy for 1916 has been made and published, and to call their attention to the following abstract of Section 45 Chapter 506, Acts of 1888, relating to the discount to be allowed and the interest to be charged on all tax bills:

This is to notify all taxpayers that no discount will be allowed for the prompt payment of State taxes levied for the year 1916.

Chapter 62 of the Acts of 1916, provides that "the State taxes are due and payable on the first day of July succeeding the levy, and if not paid on or before September first, interest shall be charged from said first day of September. Said State taxes shall be in arrear on and after the first day of January succeeding the date of the levy, and it shall be the duty of Collectors, Treasurers and other officers who may be charged with the collection of the same immediately thereafter to proceed to collect said taxes in accordance with the provisions of law for the collection of delinquent taxes. It shall also be the duty of the Collectors or County Treasurer or other officers collecting said taxes to make monthly returns and remittances to the Comptroller of the amounts thereof collected from time to time."

J. W. KIMMELL,
Treasurer.

SHERIFF'S SALE

OF VALUABLE

Undivided interests in the Coal Rights, situated a few miles Northwest of Lonaconing, but in Garrett County, in the farm of the late William P. Hansel.

Under and by virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of the Circuit Court for Garrett County, in the case of George Glessman against David P. Hansel and Jane V. Hansel his wife, No. 5 Judicials, June term, 1916, Circuit Court for Garrett County, the undersigned Sheriff did seize and take in execution and levy upon by an actual entry upon the premises hereinafter described, all of the interest of the said David P. Hansel, the same said to be a one-sixth interest, which he obtained from the will of his father, in and to the minerals, mineral rights and mining rights, in the coal underlying Military Lots Nos. 3767, 3768 and a tract of land called "The Resurvey" which embraces the aforesaid lots, and makes 125¾ acres, under which the coal lies, and also of the coal rights and mining rights and minerals, underlying Military Lot No. 3769, containing fifty acres, which the said Hansel obtained under the will of his father William P. Hansel, excepting the coal interest under the cemetery lot on said land, and the coal under the three acres where the barn and house stand.

And I hereby give notice that on

SATURDAY,

the 20th day of May, 1916,

in front of the Court House in the town of Oakland, at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M., of said day, I will offer the aforesaid mineral rights or interest and mining rights, to the highest bidder at public auction to satisfy the aforesaid execution and the costs.

This coal interest is valuable from the fact that it is near the George's Creek region and the time will soon come when it will be in the market with the big vein in the George's Creek Valley, as it lays near there.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on the day of sale.

ALBERT ASHBY,
Sheriff of Garrett County.

We Carry in Stock

TIRES
TUBES
SHOCK ABSORBERS
CHAINS
SPARK PLUGS
DRY CELLS
TIRETITE

And many other accessories at the

OAKLAND GARAGE,
Prest-O-Lite Exchange,
Oakland, Maryland.

WANTED—Girl or woman to assist with care of children, call or write.
MRS. W. R. OFFUTT.
it. 10-2t

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

Gambling.

Gambling blights home, destroys the true marriage relation, brings confusion, leads to intemperance, and destroys all tender feeling. It is worse than outright theft. A man may steal money yet truly loves his family, but the gambler is devoid of love and home is not attractive. It plays havoc with the virtues, quenches religious feelings; prayer, the Bible and Christ are nothing to the professional gambler. He is deaf to the plea for pity or mercy. His heart is consumed by the fire of the play and conscience is seared. This is the end. We shall see the beginning by and by.

One says. "The finished gambler has no heart, he would play at his brother's funeral and gamble on his mother's coffin." Another declares, "that gambling palsies the heart and so effectually silences the voice of conscience that a man may commit any crime and feel no remorse. Satan as he sees their dealings may well be proud of them and regard them with a sort of deferential respect, as one master gazes at a superior.

The poet says,

"Where'er the gaming board is set,
Two classes of mankind are met;
But if we count the greedy race,
The knaves fill up the greater space."

It looks well at a distance but it is armed with lances that cut body and soul. Flee this thing for there's death in it. What is the connection between this and card playing as carried on in society? Society's pet game is but the beginning of this evil. No harm in playing cards! True they are harmless in themselves, but what are their associations? What do they represent? Every argument against the wine cup holds against cards and but for the love of fashion and lack of intellectual and spiritual occupation no Christian would think of patronizing the card table. Should a godless fashion dictate that we pierce the nose for a jeweled ring; or hobble about with a pinched foot like a Chinese, there would be plenty of votaries, just as there were for the Kangaroo dip, or the bustle that made them look like a relative of the camel. If madame fashion should dictate any foolish thing there would be thousands ready to lay down their heads at her bidding. So when the devil sends forth the imp fashion to say to society people, world lovers, and pleasure seekers its the proper thing to play "progressive eucher," she can count on a grand rally in which some and a goodly number of church members will join.

But it is fashionable! So what difference does it make if one hundred or a thousand are swept down the rapids to the gulf below. Society consoled herself by denouncing them as fools or dummies. It was their own fault. The piously trained are always in danger. Thousands may be ruined but the institution remains. It is in the parlor and the den; on the cars and aboard the steamers; in hotel drawing rooms, and in camps, at watering places and picnics, in the woods and behind the shed, by day and by night, in summer and winter. The cards look innocent but they represent a variety of games which are unified in the card table which is supported by avarice, infatuation and fashion in society, then by fascination worse than the serpent's eye, then the fever which neither love nor reason can allay. Shall Christians countenance it? We do not discuss it from a worldly stand point. It is the worldlings part to have a good time, to live for self, not for others, and to gratify their desire for pleasure. You may talk of policy and claim that you must make compromises to win an unconverted friend, but you know it can't be done in that way.

You can't separate the individual from the institution itself. Progressive Eucher! What is it? Gambling that is all. An eminent writer and Christian says, "The path to the innermost hell of gambling is through the clover blossom of fashionable card playing. Many of the victims of the gambling dens today were on a votaries in parlors when no stakes were set up and people were bent on fun or to pass the time agreeably, or be in the fashion. Suppose you refuse to indulge will that impair your character, or influence and will you lose anything by refusal? Will you forfeit spiritual discernment or the confidence of good people. The card table has no good but much evil to its credit no matter where it is found.

In its most innocent forms it is the picket line of an evil army. Why are church people of the more consistent sort against it? Why do church bodies pass stringent resolutions against it? Why are appeals made against it and why are Christian culture against gambling? Why are these practices given up in times of Lent—always so—and all the year by Christians who believe that what might be coducive to worldliness for forty days in the spring is equally harmful to the spiritual life on any and all of the 365 days of the year. Sneers have more power than arguments when people in society combine to uphold each other and seem to care very little for eternity, for Christian principle or the tendencies of the practice.

Think of these things and await the next.

JOANNES.

LOST—A nickel plated automobile crank. Finder please leave at this office.

MOUNTAIN LAKE PARK.

Mrs. W. L. Davidson, of Cleveland, Ohio, has opened her cottage.

Attorney Feney, of Wheeling, W. Va., had business in the Park last Friday.

Mrs. Jarvis, of Clarksburg, W. Va., has purchased the Dowler cottage and expects to occupy it this summer.

Miss Collins, of Pennsborro, W. Va., spent the past week in the Park.

Mrs. Joseph Lee and daughters will occupy the Moomaw cottage this summer. Mr. and Mrs. Moomaw will move to the Association house at the lake.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Kahl have moved from Oakland into the Malette cottage for the summer. Mr. Malette and family are expected here the first of June.

Calhoun's new store, in the Hocking building, is meeting with a profitable reception. They have a nice line of groceries. It is quite a convenience to the people living up in the Park.

Messrs. E. E. Friend and J. L. Echard have made some notable improvements to their E street cottages.

Engineer Long expects to test out the electric light plant and lines next Saturday night.

Receiver Walsh and Engineer Bracket, of the Water Company, came up to the Park early Thursday morning, looked over the line and suggested some improvements and returned to Cumberland in the evening. Several hundred feet of new pipe will be laid within the next few weeks.

Arrangements have been made for all B. & O. passenger trains to stop at the Park within a few days.

The Park is certainly growing prettier each day. The Association is doing its part toward a general clean up, and everybody seems to be "brightening up their own corner."

Mr. and Mrs. Speers with their daughter, Miss Jessie, motored from their home, Speers, Pa., about the middle of the week, to look over their cottage. They returned home Sunday. They expect to occupy the cottage about the middle of June.

Mrs. John G. McClain, Miss Kate McClain and Dr. Bates McClain, of Wheeling, motored to the Park last Saturday.

A telegram was received here Friday announcing the death of Rev. Dr. Walters, in Brooklyn, N. Y. The Doctor was the pastor of one of the leading churches of that great city, a strong preacher and greatly loved by his congregation. He was the son-in-law of Mrs. M. E. Pierce. Mr. Walters has preached in the Park and filled several Chautauqua engagements.

Another pioneer has fallen a victim to the hand of death. Last Saturday at 12:30 a. m., the Rev. John M. Davis died at his home in Oakland. Mr. Davis was one of the founders of the Park and under his direction the work of the development of the Park progressed. He was for years a member of the board of directors and its secretary. He was the first secretary of the Community of Mountain Lake Park. He was earnestly identified with all movements looking to the building up of the Park. For years he was the business manager of the Association. Everybody loved Rev. John M. Davis. He met you with a smile. He was a genial, pleasant gentleman. To know him was to love and respect him. To his personal efforts, his genial nature and his faith in the outcome of the Park, is due much of the success of Garrett county's greatest summer resort. In the work of the Park he was a leader. Everybody believed in him. He was their friend. In every position he filled he was a wise counselor and an efficient worker. Above all, he was "a man of God." His sermons and his religious addresses were interesting and helpful. Although expected any day his death made a deep impression upon our citizens. His death is a great loss to this community as well as to Garrett county. Our summer visitors will hear with sorrow of his death. Many of our people attended the funeral Monday morning at the Methodist church, Oakland.

Dr. and Mrs. Carr were called to Fairmont, W. Va., last week, by the serious illness of Dr. Hugh Carr.

The bulletin of The Bible Conference is just out and is being mailed. Copies may be had at the Association office.

The Bible class of the Methodist church is arranging for a grand rally on the evening of June 4th. A very interesting program is in preparation. This rally will help make the opening Sabbath of the season one of much interest. The class meets in connection with the Sunday school and numbers over half a hundred interested students. Everybody is invited to attend the Sabbath school at 10 a. m.

Mrs. S. W. Davis and daughter, Miss Bessie, of Wilkinsburg, Pa., Mrs. Talson and sister, Mrs. Jones, of Wheeling, W. Va., are here for a short time.

Miss Myrtle Breyfogle and Miss Mabel Stewart, of the Oakland High School faculty, were Sunday visitors at the home of Mrs. C. H. Mann.

For Sale.

Crooks Crest, comprising about twenty acres, improved by handsome house. Apply to the owner or any real estate agent. Mrs. E. Fundenberg, Oakland, Md. Adv. 12-tf

BREEDERS ASSOCIATIONS IN EVERY DAIRY COMMUNITY

How To Organize And Some Of The Benefits Resulting.

F. B. BOMBERGER,
Maryland Agricultural College
Extension Service.

The purpose of Community Organization for breeders of dairy cattle is to secure the co-operation of the various breeders of a community in the production and improvement of high grade pure-bred dairy cattle and in establishing a reputation for the community as a breeding center. The advantages of this plan are: concentrated attention along definite lines; co-operation of the breeders in establishing high standards for the community and encouragement for the owners of several herds to produce a distinct type and to supply a large number of such animals to meet the demand created by co-operative advertising. Through the meetings of the organization its members are kept informed of the progress in all that pertains to their work. Through co-operation they may secure protection against fraud and contagious diseases and may secure many advantages not available to the individual breeder. Breeders' associations can secure official test for advanced registry at less cost than where such associations do not exist.

Some Business Advantages.

Advantages in buying and selling are secured through co-operative advertising; through the purchase of best breeding males for use in several herds and through co-operation in purchasing and importing a number of choice animals. By exchanging animals the members may improve their herds with good blood without importing animals from a distance. The members may combine in selling to fill large orders for a distinct dairy type and thereby attract buyers from important dairy states. For instance, carloads of selected animals have been shipped from Wisconsin to many middle states, the Pacific Coast and even to Japan and Mexico as a result of such organization in that state.

The method of organization is for a leader in the community to call a meeting and get as many interested breeders as can be secured, this meeting to be addressed by a capable speaker on the value of such organization. A constitution and by-laws may be adopted and officers selected either at the initial meeting or at another meeting, as desired. Details of the organization may be varied according to local conditions. The co-operation of the College of Agriculture may be secured and wherever possible speakers will be furnished to address meetings held to organize such associations.

OBJECTIONS TO GROWING GRAIN CROPS IN THE YOUNG ORCHARD.

H. BECKENSTRATER,
Maryland Agricultural College.

Most of the grains make very objectionable companion crops in the orchard; in fact, many an orchard has been ruined by their use. While such crops, wheat, oats and the like, occupy the land, it can not be cultivated. They grow at a time when the trees need cultivation most and these crops at the same time consume large quantities of plant food and moisture, and have a strong tendency to make the land poor. There is no good reason why the above grains should ever be grown as a companion crop in the orchard.

Because of its great economic value and the many uses to which it can be put the orchardist is frequently tempted to plant corn in the orchard. Corn has not all the objectionable features that the other grains have. It requires cultivation, is planted later in the season and by the time it gets under way, the trees have completed a good share of their growth. If corn is used it should be kept a good distance away from the trees, the rows should be run north and south and it should be planted as late in the season as possible.

Hay should never be grown in a young orchard. It competes with the trees at every step. It robs them of moisture and plant food when the trees need them most. It provides excellent means for harboring insects and other pests. If hay must be grown, on the land occupied by the orchard, as some persist in doing, by all means cut down the trees and get them out of the way.

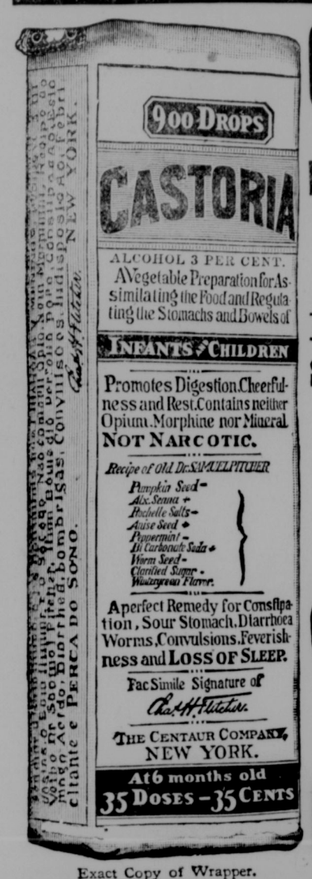
SPRING VETCH NOT SUCCESSFUL IN MARYLAND.

Owing to the high price of hairy vetch, many farmers are wondering if they can substitute spring vetch, thinking that this can be sown in the spring, as its name would imply.

Spring vetch is not suited to this State. It is an absolute failure.

None of the vetches grow well after our hot, muggy weather sets in in late spring and early summer. Spring vetch will not make enough growth to amount to much before the hot, muggy weather sets in, hence there is seldom enough growth made to pay for seeding it.

Spring vetch is also sometimes called common vetch and sown in the fall, but it is not as successful as hairy vetch when sown in the fall, and, in fact, is practically as much of a failure when sown at that time as when sown in the spring. — Nickolas Schmitz, Maryland Agricultural College Extension Service.



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For Infants and Children.
Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria
Always Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

THE CITY'S BEST
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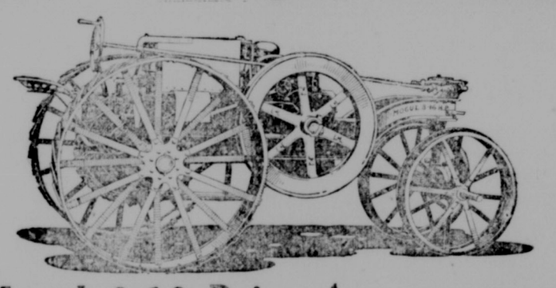
IN THE EMPIRE BUILDING.

Choice Steak, Boiling Meat, and all other kinds of meat. Highest cash price paid for Poultry and Eggs; also cash paid for Hides and Skins.

H. L. MILLER



Mogul 8-16 Price Announcement
The Real Kerosene Tractor

ON and after April 1st the price of the Mogul 8-16 will be $725 cash f. o. b. Chicago. All sales made and bona fide orders taken up to April 1st will be filled at the present price of $675 cash f. o. b. Chicago. We want to post you ahead of time on the coming change.

Mogul 8-16, as you know, is the famous tractor that **has cut fuel costs squarely in half** — operates on cheap, common kerosene or coal oil — doesn't have to be the highest grade either. It pays for itself in the saving over gasoline. That is why the rise in price — necessary because cost of raw materials has risen so high — is of minor importance.

Mogul 8-16 is saving and making profit on thousands of farms of all sizes. It will do much more for you than your horses can. Get in your order **now** — be ready for spring work. See the dealer who sells the **Mogul 8-16.**

International Harvester Company of America
(Incorporated)

The Mogul 8-16 kerosene tractor is sold by

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.,
OAKLAND, MD.

The Johns Hopkins University

Entrance Examinations.

State Scholarships in Engineering Courses

Entrance examinations for the Department of Engineering as well as for the Academic Department, will be held in the Academic Building, of The Johns Hopkins University, Homewood, Baltimore, June 19-24, 1916, beginning at 9 A. M.

Entrance examinations will also be held in the Academic Building, September, 18-21, beginning at 9 A. M.

Application for scholarships in the Department of Engineering established in The Johns Hopkins University under the provisions of the Laws of Maryland, Chapter 90, 1912, may now be made. If there is more than one applicant for a particular scholarship, a competitive examination will be held in the Academic Building, Homewood, on September 22, 1916.

Each county of the State and each Legislative District of Baltimore City, with the exception of Charles, Harford, and Queen Anne's Counties will be entitled to one or more scholarships for the year 1916-1917, in addition to those which have already been assigned. In the counties mentioned above all the available scholarships have been awarded.

Scholarships may be awarded to graduates of Loyola College, Maryland Agricultural College, Mt. St. Mary's College, Rock Hill College, St. John's College, Washington College, and Western Maryland College, and one scholarship will be awarded "At Large."

Applicants should address the Registrar, the Johns Hopkins University, for blank form of application and for further information as to examinations, award of scholarships and courses of instruction. Adv.

Subscribe for The Republican.

CHAPTER——

AN ACT providing for the issuing and sale of bonds by the Mayor and Council of Grantsville for constructing, erecting and maintaining water works and sewerage in said town of Grantsville, condemn such land as may be necessary for the building of said works, and to levy taxes on the assessable property of said town to redeem said bonds and to pay the interest thereon.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That for the purpose of establishing, constructing and maintaining water works capable of furnishing the residents of said town with a good and sufficient supply of water for ordinary purposes and fire protection, and for establishing, erecting, constructing and maintaining a sewerage system in said town for drainage and sewerage purposes the Mayor and Council of Grantsville be and they are hereby authorized and empowered and directed to issue bonds in the name of the Mayor and Council of Grantsville to an amount not exceeding Fifteen Thousand Dollars ($15,000), or so much thereof as may be necessary for the purpose aforesaid. The said Bonds shall be for the sums not less than One Hundred dollars ($100) each nor more than Five Hundred dollars ($500) each, to be signed by the Mayor and President of the Council and countersigned by the Clerk of said Council with the corporate seal of said town there to be affixed, bearing interest at not less than Five per centum per annum, payable semi-annually in each and every year and dated on the first day of their issue; the said bonds shall be numbered serially. Bond No. 1 shall be due and payable Two years after date of issue, and thereafter each bond shall mature and be payable each consecutive year from the maturity of Bond No. 1, in the order of their consecutive numbers; provided, however, the Mayor and Council of Grantsville are hereby given the option to redeem any or all bonds outstanding Five years from date of issue or at any interest period thereafter; that all of said bonds thereafter shall be due and payable within Sixty years from the date of their issue, and shall be forever exempt from all county and municipal taxation for any purpose, and shall have printed on them a reference to the Act of Assembly authorizing the issue thereof.

SEC. 2. And be it enacted, That the Mayor and Concil of Grantsville are hereby authorized and empowered to construct and erect water works and sewerage for said town and to contract for the purchase in fee simple or lease for a term of years, renewable at their pleasure, any land, real estate, springs, brooks, water courses or streams, and to use or occupy forever or for a term of years, any land, real estate, springs, brooks, water courses or streams, which they may deem expedient or necessary for the purpose of furnishing said town with water and maintaining said sewerage, and they are hereby invested with all the rights and powers necessary for the induction of water into the said town and the maintenance of said sewerage system. If for any cause the said Mayor and Council of Grantsville shall be unable to agree with any owner of real or leasehold property, springs, brooks, streams or water courses or any other material which partake of or in a necessary part of reality, or for any right of way which they may find necessary for the conduit of said water and sewerage in its entry into or in said town or if such owner is under any disability or incapacity to contract or absent out of the county or unknown the said Mayor and Council of Grantsville is hereby clothed with the power of condemnation under the right of eminent domain as provided in Section 251 of Article 23 of the Code of Public General Laws of Maryland as fully as if said section had been herein incorporated, and their manner of procedure of condemnation for the purpose of this Act shall in all particulars be the same as if provided by said section 251 of said Article 23. The said Mayor and Council of Grantsville shall have full power to fix schedules of rate for furnishing water and sewerage to private residences and other buildings, and the said Mayor and Council shall have power to collect the same as other taxes are collected and the income therefrom shall be applied, first, for expenses and maintenance, and afterwards for the payment of the interest on the bonds and sinking fund to meet the bonds at maturity.

SEC. 3. And be it enacted, That the title of said water works and sewerage, and all lands, estates and water courses, waterways, conduits, pipes, machinery and all other parts hereto shall when completed or acquired vest in the Mayor and Council of Grantsville; and every person who shall willfully or knowing pollute any spring, stream, brook, water course, reservoir or standpipe in connection with the said water works or built or constructed by throw any impure or deleterious substance or thing into the same, or by swimming, bathing or washing themselves or by washing clothes or any other thing therein, or by committing any nuisance in or near the source of supply or the reservoir or standpipe for said water works so as to pollute the same shall upon conviction of such offence be liable to a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars, nor more than three hundred dollars, for each offence, to be recovered by the Mayor and Council of Grantsville before a Justice of the Peace as other fines are recoverable, or to imprisonment in the county jail or the House of Correction for a term of not less than six months nor more than eighteen months or both fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the Justice of the Peace, one-half of such fine to go to the informer and the balance to the Mayor and Council of Grantsville for the purposes of this Act.

SEC. 4. And be it enacted, That for the purpose of redeeming said bonds at their maturity and for securing the prompt payment of the interest thereon, the Mayor and Council of Grantsville shall for the year of the issue of said bonds and annually thereafter until the maturity of said bonds, levy a tax on the assessable property of said town, not exceeding fifty cents on the one hundred dollars, to pay the interest thereof, and the sum of Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars ($250) of the principal of said debt for the payment of the same at maturity. The said sum of Two Hundred and Fifty dollars ($250) shall be held and invested by the Mayor and Council of Grantsville as a sinking fund for the redemption of said bonds at their maturity, and the said Mayor and Council of Grantsville shall, from time to time, deposit the money belonging to said sinking fund and the increment thereof in some safe depository, which pays interest on deposits, or shall invest the same in state or such other bonds satisfactory to the Mayor and Council of Grantsville as to them may seem best, or in the purchase or redemption of said bonds as may be offered for sale or redemption, and upon the purchase of any such bonds by the said Mayor and Council they shall be immediately cancelled by stamping across their face (cancelled by sinking fund), and no portion of said sinking fund so levied shall ever be diverted to any other purpose than to the purchase and liquidation of said bonds. The money collected each year by the treasurer or tax collector on account of taxes to the extra said sum of Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars ($250) shall be set apart for said sinking fund, and a separate account shall be kept thereof and be deposited to the credit of said fund, and no part of which shall be chargeable to insolvencies on account failure of assessments or collections.

SCE. 5. And be it enacted, That the money arising from the sale of said bonds (which said bonds shall be sold either at auction or by sealed bids, after due advertisement thereof to the highest responsible bidder), shall be deposited in bank to the Mayor and Council of Grantsville, and subject to their check, and the clerk of said town shall keep a book, to be especially provided for the purpose, of the names and addresses of the purchasers of the bonds sold, and the amount realized on the sales together with the serial numbers of the bonds.

SEC. 6. And be it enacted, That in any prosecution before a Justice of the Peace under Section 3 of this Act, the accused and the Mayor and Council of Grantsville shall have the right to an appeal to the Circuit Court for Garrett County, within thirty days, and a jury trial. Any person or persons convicted before a Justice of the Peace under Section 3 of this Act who shall be held by recognizance or be committed to the county jail to appear before the next regular jury term to the Circuit Court for Garrett County.

SEC. 7. And be it enacted, That the Mayor and Council of Grantsville be and they are hereby authorized and empowered to negotiate, sell and dispose of the said bonds as hereinbefore provided in Section 5 of this Act, or so many thereof as so the Mayor and Council may be deemed necessary for the purposes of this Act. And the said Mayor and Council are fully authorized to make all necessary rules and regulations, and to pass all necessary ordinances, with penalties for their violations, and to do all other necessary acts for the proper managing, maintaining and repairing said water works and sewerage systems and for the protection thereof.

SEC. 8. And be it enacted, That the funds realized from the sale of said bonds shall be applied to the purposes of this Act, and shall be paid by check signed by the Mayor and President of the Council and the Mayor and said Council of Grantsville are hereby authorized and empowered to pass such orders for the payment of money due for the construction of said water works and sewerage, or to the contractor or contractors for the construction of the same, as shall, from time to time, be due or earned by the contractor or contractors or parties doing the work in the prosecution of said work, and also from time to time, to pass orders for the payment of property purchased or condemned, and for material furnished in pursuance of the provisions of this Act, and may in its discretion employ a competent hyerographical engineer to suuperintend the work of constructing such water works and sewerage system.

SEC. 9. And be it enacted, That on the first Monday in April, 1917, on date of regular municipal election to be held in the town of Grantsville, which election shall be held in the same manner, and under the same regulations as other municipal elections held in said town, there shall be placed on the ballots at said election for the purpose of submitting the question as to whether this Act shall take effect to the legal voters of said town, and all ballots at said election shall have printed on them the words, "For water and sewerage," and the words "Against water and sewerage," and all voters desiring to vote for the provisions of this Act shall mark out the words "Against water and sewerage," and all voters desiring to vote against the provisions of this Act shall mark out the words "For water and sewerage." And if the judges of election shall decide that a majority of the votes cast are for "water and sewerage" then this act shall be in full force of law, otherwise of no effect. The Judges of Election shall under their hands, immediately after said election, certify to the Mayor and Council of Grantsville the result of the said election.

SEC. 10. And be it enacted, That this Act shall take effect on the first day of June, 1916.

CHAPTER 514.

AN ACT to incorporate the town of Accident in Garrett County, Maryland.

WHEREAS, at a meeting of the male citizens and residents of the town of Accident, in Garrett County, Maryland, held on the first day of January, 1916, it was decided by a vote of said citizens and residents of said town attending said meeting that an application should be made to the General Assembly of Maryland for a charter of said town "of Accident."

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the citizens and inhabitants of the town of Accident in Garrett County, State of Maryland, are hereby incorporated by the name of the "Mayor and Council of Accident," that by that name they have perpetual succession, may sue and be sued, may have and use a common seal, and may purchase and hold such real, personal and mixed property as may be required for the purposes of said corporation, and may dispose of such property when necessary for the benefit of said corporation: and all the property and funds of every kind belonging to said corporation are vested in the Mayor and Council of Accident.

SEC. 2. And be it enacted, The corporate limits of the town of Accident are hereby declared to be as follows: Beginning at the Northeast corner of John Garringer land on the west side of the State Road, thence South 27 degrees West, 4 perches South 66 degrees East, 100 perches to stake, stone and pointers, thence North 35 degrees East, 160 perches to 6 feet Northwest of Service tree thence North 26½ degrees West, 161 perches to stake on West side of State Road near a culvert, thence South 72½ degrees West, 96 perches to corner at stone fence, thence South 42½ degrees West, 113 perches to a locust tree, thence South 25 degrees East, to place of beginning.

SEC. 3. And be it enacted, That said corporation shall be governed by a Mayor and six councilmen, and that Frederick Burkhard, of said town be and he is hereby named Mayor of said town for a period of two years from the date of its incorporation ending the first Tuesday in March, 1918, and that Adam Richter and Robert A. Ravenscroft be and the same are hereby named and designated as the councilmen for the first two years from the date of its incorporation, ending on the first Tuesday in March, 1918, and that Floyd C. Diehl and Henry M. Speicher are hereby named as councilmen to serve for one year from the date of its incorporation ending on the first Tuesday in March, 1917, and hereafter an election shall be held on the first Tuesday in March in each and every year for the election of two Councilmen to serve for two years from the date of their election or until their successors shall be duly elected and qualified; and an election of Mayor of said town to serve for two years or until his successor shall be duly elected and qualified, and an election shall be held hereafter in every second year for the election of a Mayor for said town.

SEC. 4. And be it enacted, The Mayor and Council shall have the power to pass all such ordinances for conducting the elections herein provided for or which may be hereafter authorized to be held and shall make returns thereof to the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Garrett County. And the qualified voters of any of said elections shall be bona fide male residents living within the corporate limits of the town of Accident, shall be twenty-one years of age or over, who have been residents of the State of Maryland for the period of six months continuously next before the date of any such election; and that no one shall be eligible for the office of Mayor and councilmen of said town unless he shall be a real estate holder or owner of real estate of said town. And the Mayor shall have been a resident of said town for two years previous to his election, and the councilmen shall have been residents of said town one year prior to their election.

SEC. And be it enacted, That if any vacancy shall occur by death, resignation, removal or failure to act of the Mayor or one or more of the councilmen elected as aforesaid the remaining councilmen or a majority of them shall elect a proper person to fill said vacany.

SEC. 6. And be it enaced, That every Mayor and councilman before he proceeds to act as such shall make oath before some Justice of the Peace of Garrett County that he will diligently and faithfully, according to the best of his skill and judgment, perform the duties of Mayor or councilman as the case may be, without favor, partiality or prejudice, and a certificate of such qualification shall be returned by the said Justice of the Peace to the said council to be filed and recorded among their proceedings.

SEC. 7. And be it enacted, That said council shall meet at such place as they may appoint within said town on the first Monday of every month ensuing their election and as much oftener by adjournment as they may deem necessary; that the said council shall elect a president of the council, appoint a clerk, a bailiff who shall be tax collector of the town, an attorney, and one or more assessoss of taxes and fix their salary for compensation. All the officers appointed by said council shall hold their respective offices for one year from the date of their appointment or until their successors are appointed and qualified.

SEC. 8. And be it enacted, That all checks and other orders for the payment of money shall be signed by the clerk of said town and countersigned by the Mayor thereof; that the said clerk shall be the custodian of the monies of said town and other funds, and shall keep a full and accurate set of books and accounts of the town's monies and funds, and of its records and papers; he shall also keep a journal of the proceedings of the council, which shall be open at all times for the inspection of any citizen; the said clerk shall act as the treasurer of the said town, and shall pay out the funds of said corporation only upon the orders of the council to be signed by the president thereof. He shall before he enters upon his duties take the oath prescribed for the members of the council, and execute a good and sufficient bond in such amount and upon such condition as may be prescribed by the mayor and council, with sureties to be approved by the Mayor and council.

SEC 9. And be it enacted, That the bailiff before entering upon the performance of his duties shall take the same oath of office as the members of the council, and shall execute a bond in such condition and in such amount as may be prescribed by the Mayor and council with sureties to be approved by the Mayor and council for the faithful performance of his duties. He shall perform the police duties of the town and is clothed with the same power as a constable under the general laws of the State of Maryland; he shall promptly arrest all violators of the ordinances of the town and bring them before the proper officers to be dealt with according to law, and shall promptly collect and pay over to the clerk all taxes and other claims of said town which may come into his hands.

SEC. 10. And be it enacted, That the assessor or assessors shall be appointed from among the citizens of said town qualified to vote in said corporation, and before he or they shall proceed to act he or they shall take oath before a Justice of the Peace of Garrett County that he or they will assess the values of the assessable property of every sort within said town as its full cash value without favor, partially or prejudice to the best of his or their skill and judgment; he or they shall enter and record in a book to be provided for that purpose an accurate and fair account of all properties, stocks and private securities of every sort within said town liable to assessment and the valuation thereof together with a list of the owners thereof of which shall be returned by him or them to the said council on or before the third Monday in June of each and every year, and which any person interested may inspect without charge, and if anyone shall feel aggrieved on account of valuation or assessment of his property by the assessor or assessors he may appeal from such valuation to the said council within four weeks from the returns of said assessment, and upon good cause being shown the said council may make an alteration in said assessment which they may deem proper and right and take from and add to the same; and for the purpose of hearing and determining appeals provided for in this section the said council shall give five days' previous notice of the time and place of hearing such appeals by advertisement to be posted in two public places in said town.

SEC. 11. And be it enacted, That the tax lists shall be prepared by the clerk and delivered to the bailiff on or before the first day of August in each year. The warrant shall be in substance as follows, to wit: "The Mayor and Council of Accident, ... Bailiff. You are hereby commanded to proceed according to law to collect and pay over the taxes hereinafter specified.

"Witness the corporate seal of the Mayor and Council of Accident. By the Mayor and Clerk. Attest: . . . . Clerk . . . . Mayor."

SEC. 12. And be it enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Mayor of said town to see that the ordinances of said town are duly and faithfully executed; he shall have general supervision of the town and shall from time to time report to the council such matters as in his judgment require the attention of the council. He shall have power to administer oaths and to certify the same in all matters pertaining to said corporation, and for the purpose of hearing and determining all cases to which the corporation may be a party he is hereby clothed with all the powers of a Justice of the Peace except as in civil cases, and may pass sentence and impose fines for all violation of ordinances in the said corporation, of may imprison offenders in the county jail, or may both fine and imprison offenders against said ordinances. Provided that no ordinance shall be passed imposing a fine for more than twenty-five dollars, or for a term of imprisonment exceeding thirty days, and all fines imposed shall be paid to the clerk of the town. During his term he shall hold no other corporation office, nor shall he be interested in any contract to which the corporation is a party. The mayor shall receive for his service a sum not exceeding six dollars per annum, and the members of the council shall each receive a sum not exceeding two dollars per annum, provided that any person shall have the right to donate to the town their service whenever they see proper so to do.

SEC. 13. And be it enacted, That the said council shall have power to pass all such other ordinances not contrary to the constitution or laws of this state as it may deem necessary for the good government of the town; for the protection and preservation of the town property, rights and privileges; for the preservation of the peace and good order; and securing persons from violence, danger and destruction; for the protection of the health, comfort and convenience of the citizens of said town and visitors thereto or sojourners there; for providing for proper and suitable lights on the streets; for establishing, maintaining and regulating an adequate police force; to regulate the management and location of livery stables, barns, garages, outhouses or privies and hog pens, and such other establishments of which the business, trade or location may become obnoxious or injurious to the public comfort or health; to prohibit the erection of such buildings, the continuance of obnoxious occupations therein whenever the public health requires it; to prevent and regulate the use of firearms therein, fireworks, bonfires or other things or practices tending to endanger persons or property; to regulate or prohibit the running at large of cattle, horses, swine, fowls sheep, goats, hogs or other animals; to authorize the impounding, keeping; sale and redemption of such animals when found in violation of the ordinances in such cases provided; to prevent the deposit of any unwholesome substance either on public or private property, to compel its removal to designated points, and to require slop, ashes and other waste or unwholesome material to be removed to designated points, or to require the occupants or residents on premises to place them conveniently for removal; to compel the occupants of any premises, buildings or outhouses situate in said town when the same has become filthy or unwholesome to abate or clean the same; to authorize the same to be done by the proper officers and to assess the expenses thereon against such property; to authorize the removal or confinement of such persons having infectious or pestilential diseases; to regulate the selling, weighing or measuring of hay, wood, coke, coal, and all other articles sold by weight and measure, and to provide for their inspection and selling; to make all regulations which may be deemed expedient for the promotion of health or the suppression of disease; to regulate the construction of chimneys and smokestacks and cause the same to be made secure or removed when considered dangerous; to suppress, restrain and regulate bawdy-houses or houses of ill-fame, and to prohibit the youth of said town from being on the streets, lanes or alleys at unreasonable hours at night; to punish and suppress tramps and vagrants by imposing fines or both fines and imprisonment at hard labor, and to abate by appropriate ordinances all nuisances in said town which are so defined at common law whether the same are herein expressly named or not; to regulate the use of sidewalks and all structures in, under or above the same, and to require the owner or occupant of premises to keep the sidewalk in front of same free from snow and other obstructions; to regulate and prevent the throwing or depositing of sweepings, dust, ashes, off fallings, dirt, garbage, paper, dirty liquors or any other material into any street, alley or other public place; to prevent the use of streets, sidewalks and public places for signs, sign posts, awnings, awning posts, poles, horse troughs, steps and other obstrucrions; to cause the streets, lanes and alleys to be sidewalked, paved, graded, repaired, repaved, regraded, drained or sewered; to regulate and license the uses of coaches, hacks, drays, automobiles and other vehicles for the transportation of passengers, freight or other articles to or from points within said town for hire or pay; to regulate, license, tax, restrain or prohibit theatrical or other exhibitions, shows or entertainments to which money is demanded or received, provided lectures on scientific, historic, benevolent, artistic or literary subjects shall not be deemed to be within these provisions; to license vendors of property on the streets or other public places in said town; to license, tax, regulate, suppress and prohibit paupers and itinerant dealers, peddlers and pawnbrokers; to license, tax, regulate and prohibit the keeping of dogs, establish station house or lock-up for temporary confinment of violators of the law and ordinances of the town; for the regulation and handling of all kind of explosives, for the prevention of gambling; to asses and tax the expense of laying of sidewalks in said town in whole or in part upon the respective owners of property footing thereon, and that the expenses and costs of paving, repairing or otherwise improving the sidewalks in said town incurred by the council under their ordinances may be charged and recovered by them in the name of the corporation from the owners of the property footing thereon by suit or action at law against the owner thereof as other debts are collected, and the expense of the same shall be a lien upon the property charged therewith, and to grant franchises to any person or corporation for any public purpose or utility.

SEC. 14. And be it enacted, That all property, real, personal or mixed, bonds, stocks and valuable securities of all kinds whatsoever within the limits of said town of Accident by law liable to be valued and assessed and chargeable with taxes within this State shall be valued at its or their cash value and chargeable according to such valuation with the public assessment for the use and purposes of said corporation; any assessor appointed by the council of said town shall have the power and authority to require the owner, possessor or claimant of any property made liable to valuation and assessment to give them such full and accurate statement in writing of his property as may be necessary to enable the assessors to ascertain the value thereof, the same to be under oath of such person to be administered by them or any one of them.

SEC. 15. And be it enacted, That the said council may annually levy upon the assessable property within said town by direct tax not exceeding fifteen cents on the one hundred dollars such sum as they may deem necessary for the purpose of defraying and settling the expenses by them on behalf of said corporation.

SEC. 16. And be it enacted, That the taxes to be levied on the property so made liable to be valued and assessed shall be liens on the real and personal estate of the person or persons so indebted from the day on which the tax list shall have been delivered to the bailiff or other person authorized and appointed to receive and collect the same, and if said tax cannot be made out of the personal property of said persons against whom taxes may be charged, then the same may be collected by the collector by the sale of such real estate of said person by complying with the same requirements as the treasurer of Garrett County.

SEC. 17. And be it enacted, That the said council shall have the power to appoint a police magistrate for said corporation who shall be a justice of the peace of the State of Maryland in and for Garrett County, residing in said district No. 5. He shall have full authority, power and jurisdiction to hear, determine and pass sentences in all cases of the violation of the ordinances of said corporation, and may impose fines for such violations, or may imprison offenders against said ordinances and in default of payment of any fine imposed by him he shall commit the offender to the town lockup or to the county jail until the same be paid in accordance with law as may be provided by the ordinances of said town or provided in this charter.

SEC. 18. And be it enacted, That at the meetings of said council three shall constitute a quorum and all questions submitted shall be decided by a majority of those present, but less than a quorum shall appoint the time for a subsequent meeting and adjourn.

CHAPTER ——

AN ACT to repeal and re-enact with amendments Section 4 of Chapter 34 of the Acts of 1914 entitled, "An Act to enable the registered qualified voters of Garrett County to determine by ballott whether spirituous or fermented liquors shall not be sold in said County, or shall be sold only as hereinafter described, and to repeal all Acts or parts of Acts inconsistent with this Act, or any part of this Act.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Section 4 of Chapter 34 of the Acts of 1914, entitled, "An Act to enable the registered qualified voters of Garrett County to determine by ballot whether spirituous or fermented liquors shall not be sold in said County, or shall be sold only as hereinafter described, and to repeal all Acts or parts of Acts inconsistent with this Act, or any part of this Act," be and the same is hereby repealed and re-enacted so as to read as follows:

SEC. 4. And be it enacted, That if it shall appear by the returns of said judges and certificrtes of said Clerk that a majority of said votes have been cast "Against license," it shall not be lawful for any person or any house, company, or association, or body corporate or any manufacturer of intoxicating liquors of any kind to barter or sell, directly or indirectly, or to solicit or to receive orders for the purchase of, at any place within the limits of Garrett County, or to give away at any place of business, or to give to or furnish any person under the age of twenty-one years within the limits of said County, any spirituous, fermente or malt liquors or alcoholic bitters, or intoxicating drinks of any kind, including whiskey, brandy, rum, wine, ale, beer and all other fermented, malt and distilled liquors, and every mixture of liquors which shall contain more than two per cent. by weight of alcohol and every mixture of liqors which shall contain less than two per cent. of alcohol, if the same shall be intoxicating; or any article used or sold as a beverage in the composition of which whiskey, brandy high wines, or alcohol or any spirituous or fermented liquors shall be an ingredient, nor shall any license be granted for the sale of the same therein; that no person or public or private carrier shall knowingly accept or receive for shipment, transportation or delivery to any person or place within the limits of Garrett County, or to carry, bring into, transfer to any other person, carrier or agent, handle, deliver or distribute in Garrett County, any intoxicating liquor, regardless of the name by which it may be called; provided, however, that individuals may bring into Garrett County, upon their person or as their personal baggage, for their personal use only, such liquor in quantity not to exceed one quart, and the proper officers of churches may receive wine in unbroken packages for sacramental purposes only. Provided further that nothing in this Act shall prohibit the shipment of alcohol or liquors to druggists which may be necessary for medicinal purposes, and nothing herein contained shall make it unlawful to manufacture, buy, sell, ship or deliver, or deal in any bona fide medicinal, culinary or toilet preparation, official, standard or proprietary, provided that the same does not contain more alcohol than is necessary to comply with its standard or official formula, or to hold the constituents in solution, preserve the preparation or keep it from freezing, and provided the preparation is not sold for use as a beverage or intoxicant.

CHAPTER 205

AN ACT to regulate the conduct of pool and billiard rooms, and bowling alleys in Garrett County; providing for hours of opening and closing the same; prohibiting the proprietors or those in charge of the same from admitting, allowing to loiter in, exercise or engage in game therein, any person under the age of sixteen years, and provided penalties for the violation of the provisions of this Act.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That every room or place in Garrett County used or occupied for the exercise or engaging in the game of pool, billiards or bowling to which the public has access and at which charges are made for the privilege of engaging there in shall be conducted at all times in an orderly, decent manner, and it shall be unlawful for the proprietor or person in charge of the same to permit any disorderly conduct, swearing or use of indecent or improper language therein by any person or persons on, in, or about the premises where such games are conducted.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That all places as aforesaid used or occupied for the purpose of engaging in the games of pool, billiards, or bowling to which the public shall have access and at which charges are made for the privilege of engaging therein shall be kept closed as a place of business from hours of 11 p. m. to 6 a. m. of each night in the week, except Saturday, and closed on Sundays, and it shall be unlawful for any place or places aforesaid to be kept open during the hours above mentioned.

SEC. 3 And be it further enacted, That it shall be unlawful for the proprietor or person in charge of any place or places as aforesaid, used or occupied for the purpose of engaging in the games of pool, billiards or bowling to which the public shall have access and at which charges are made for the privilege of engaging therein, to permit, suffer or allow any person or persons under the age of sixteen (16) years to loiter in, on or about the premises where such games as above mentioned are conducted, or engage in or participate in any manner in the conduct of any of such games or witness the participation therein of others who may lawfully be on the said premises.

SEC. 4. And be it enacted, That any person or persons, firm or corporation, whether proprietor or person in charge of any pool or billiard room or bowling alley in any place in Garrett County who shall violate any of the provisions of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be subject to a fine of not less than five ($5.00) nor more than Twenty Dollars ($20.00); one-half of any fine so imposed and collected to be paid to the informer thereof.

CHAPTER NO. 57

AN ACT to repeal and re-enact with amendments Section 5 of Chapter 450, of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland, at its session of 1896, title, An Act to incorporate the town of Loch Lynn Heights, Garrett county, Maryland.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Section 5 of Chapter 450, of the Acts of 1896, title An Act to incorporate the town of Loch Lynn Heights, Garrett County, Maryland, be and the same is hereby repealed and re-enacted so as to read as follows:

SECTION 5. That on and after the year 1917, the annual election for officers of said town shall be held on the first Monday in March in each and every year. The Mayor and Council shall have the power to fix the hour and place for holding said election in said town, and the length of time the polls shall be kept open, and shall give due notice of such election by printed or written handbills, posted in at least six public and conspicuous places in said town, at least ten days prior to the holding of such election. Said Mayor and Council shall have the power to appoint Judges and Clerks for such elections, and it shall be their duty to do so, and to make all other necessary arrangements for holding the same, not herein provided for. The term of office of all officers of said town shall expire on the first Monday in March instead of the first Monday in May, or as soon as their successors are elected and qualified. This shall include the officers now serving as such in said town.

New Church Bell.

A new bell was swung into place in the spire of the Presbyterian church in Oakland on Friday afternoon last to take the place of the old bell, which through more than forty years' use had become cracked and ill-toned as a result. The new bell was used the first time Sunday morning.

EGGS FOR HATCHING—Rose Comb Rhode Island Reds; bred to lay. Setting of fifteen, $1.50. Miss Diana Weber, Oakland, Md. Adv.

THE REPUBLICAN

BENJ. H. SINCELL, EDITOR.

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THURSDAY, MAY 18, 1916

REPUBLICAN TICKET

For United States Senator:
JOSEPH IRWIN FRANCE
of Cecil County.

For Congressman:
FREDERICK N. ZIHLMAN
of Allegany County

SIR ROGER CASEMENT has the consolation of knowing that he's had many distinguished predecessors.

AS THE commencement season approaches the mercury in the tube proceeds to attain a few more degrees.

IF THE demand for Premier Asquith's resignation prevails, his enemies might make him secretary for Ireland.

CHICAGO expects 200,000 visitors on the occasion of her preparedness parade. Probably the scheme is to take a census that day.

DR. ANNA SHAW lost her suit for $25,000 damages because she slipped on an icy station platform. Anyway, she can stand firmly on the woman suffrage platform.

MEN who have not yet bought their tickets to Chicago will be interested to hear that the suffragists plan to hold 30 street meetings daily during the convention.

IN two-dollar wedding ceremonies in New York the word "obey" is now omitted. But what's the difference? Brides always pronounce it with their fingers crossed.

THE St. Louis police force in to be increased for the Democratic convention. If the cops are unable to control the disorder and the troops are called out, let's hope Carranza doesn't hear about it.

IT SEEMS that there really is an understanding between the militant suffragettes and the British government not to kick up any shindy while the war is on. Sort of a gentleman's agreement.

AUDUBON MEMBERS INSPECT WILD LIFE

Trip Made in Mountains of Garrett Where Rare Specimens Were Found.

Three members of the Audubon Society, Edward Harris, Sr., James Wylie and W. S. Sparks, took an ornithological trip to Wolf Gap in Garrett county yesterday. Forty-two different species of birds were identified, which speaks well for the Alleghenies of Western Maryland as a bird region.

Among the several species found were the wood thrush, veery or Wilson thrush, red-headed woodpecker, Canada warbler, Black-throated blue warbler, magnolia warbler, chestnut-sided warbler, black and white creeper, and the rose brested grosbeak.

The wood thrush is very much admired for its song, the veery or Wilson thrush although not so resplendent in vocal powers, is the much rarer of the two. The warblers are to be seen only during their migratory season extending from the latter part of April through May, while the rose-breasted grosbeak is interesting in being restricted to higher altitudes, its beauty and its song. All are of economic importance, destroying many insects injurious to agriculture.

Aside from the birds an interest was taken in the flora of the region visited. Backwardness of the vegetation was noted by the ornithologist. About this city one finds the trees to have almost the foliage of summer, while on top of big Savage Mountain, their appearance is that of mid-April. The shad-bush there is just in bloom, while here it has long since passed perfection. Cumberlanders therefore enjoy a warmer locality. The sweet white violet was found also, the only native fragrant violet in the United States; the fringed pollygole, the gold thread and the painted trillium, some rare plants are on the list.

The trip was most profitable and all interested may join the Audubon Society, whose object is conservation of wild life. A meeting is to be held tonight at Union St. School, at 8 o'clock. —Cumberland News.

MR. E. J. HAMILL FREED.

Federal Court Judge Had No Authority to Commit Him To Institution.

Last week this paper along with numerous others in Maryland and West Virginia contained articles dealing with the trial of Mr. E. J. Hamill, which was conducted in the Federal court at Cumberland on Monday preceding, Judge John C. Rose, of Baltimore, presiding, in which Mr. Hamill was declared not guilty of the charges against him, but in the published reports several erroneous statements were made, which are corrected in the following letter written by Mr. Hamill's attorneys and published in the Cumberland Evening Times of last Thursday, to which we also give space, feeling that it is due Mr. Hamill and his family connections to place the matter in its proper light before our readers.

The letter addressed to the Times was written by Messrs. George A. Pearre, Fuller Barnard, Jr., and Saul Prager, attorneys for Mr. Hamill, and is as follows:

Editor Evening Times:—We observed in Tuesday's issue of your valuable paper an account of the trial of Edward J. Hamill, of Kitzmillerville, our client, in which Mr. J. B. Bosman is quoted as testifying to false entries of drafts and to the "pocketing of deposits made by John Barnard." We feel it our duty to our client, who was acquitted of the charges made in indictment, to call your attention to the fact that this is a misapprehension of Mr. Bosman's testimony as Mr. Bosman did not state at any time that Mr. Hamill pocketed any of the deposits made by John Barnard, an insurance agent of Westernport. We should also state that the evidence showed that no one had lost a single dollar through any act of Mr. Hamill as cashier of the First National Bank of Kitzmillerville, and the bank met all of its obligations. It may also be of interest to the public to know that Judge Rose has concluded upon further investigation of the law that he had no authority to commit Mr. Hamill to St. Elizabeth's Asylum in Washington, D. C. Mr. Hamill is now a free man, and will continue so, unless he and his family conclude that it will be better for him to have treatment in some good institution, which it is more than likely they will do.

Respectfully yours,
GEORGE A. PEARRE,
FULLER BARNARD, JR.
SAUL PRAEGER.

MOUNTAIN LAKE PARK.

Mrs. R. R. Hardesty, of Shinston, W. Va., on her return from the state Sunday school convention held at Morgantown, W. Va., came on here Friday evening for the purpose of buying a cottage. She returned to her home Saturday afternoon.

The Mountain Lake Hotel opened on the fifteenth with large automobile parties from Wheeling, Scranton and Pittsburgh. The hotel is now ready for guests and gives special attention to motoring parties.

Mrs. L. D. Thrasher, of Deer Park, visited Mrs. Dunnington last week, enroute home from a month's visit in Clarksburg.

Mr. Jno. Felty and family and Miss Hoye, of Oakland, were guests of the Mountain Lake Hotel Sunday.

Mr. Hugh Martin, of Dayton, Ohio, was a recent visitor at the Mountain Lake Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Carr, of Fairmont, W. Va., have opened their cottage for the summer.

Mrs. Constantine and Mrs. Ely, of Washington, D. C., are guests of Mrs. M. M. Shrock.

Mrs. Robt. K. Kneass has charmingly improved her bungalow. It is a delightful home.

Overcoats were very comfortable Wednesday, and fires were necessary. It was a December day.

BITTINGER.

The weather continues dry and cool and the farmers are very busy.

Charles Wiley made a business trip to Oakland early last week.

The sugar makers of this section loaded a car with maple syrup and sugar at Jennings last Thursday.

Charles Ralston, of Frostburg, was seen in this village on Friday of last week.

Patterson Engle was on the sick list last week, but now is reported as being better.

Forest fires have been raging on Meadow and Negro Mountains for two or three days past.

Seven new members were received into the Lutheran church in this village by confirmation last Sunday morning, and one infant baptized.

Several dogs, some good, some bad and some indifferent, have been poisoned by some malicious person in this neighborhood this spring.

Miss Lillian V. Cutter closed her private school here last Friday and returned to her home near Lonaconing early this week.

George Bowser and Dennis Detriech are both proud fathers of young sons, born last week.

JURORS FOR JUNE TERM OF THE CIRCUIT COURT

Were Drawn Saturday By Associate Judge Robert R. Henderson.

On Saturday morning last Associate Judge Robert R. Henderson, of Cumberland, was in Oakland and drew the jury for service at the June Term of the Circuit Court. Mr. Edward E. Sollars, of near Oakland, was designated foreman of the grand jury by Judge Henderson.

The jurors as drawn by the Court are as follows:

District No. 1.—Rufus M. Friend, Edward Rhoades.

District No. 2.—Geo. W. Fike, Geo. H. Vansickle, Jefferson Frazee, William Walter Savage, Jas. W. Friend, Wm. F. Meyers, John L. Hoff, Earle J. Statler, Henry M. Rumbaugh, Robt. R. Liston.

District No. 3.—Lewis F. Coleman, Joseph W. Keife, Henry Leatham, Clarence O. White.

District No. 4.—L. Porter Michael.

District No. 5.—Henry Kamp, Chas. C. Schlossnagle, Herman E. Englehart, H. F. Friend, Tarlton O. Collier.

District No. 7.—John L. Brenneman, John W. Hart, August W. Killius, James D. Hamill, Roy O. Winters.

District No. 8.—Jos. W. King, Oscar S. Ridder, Simon J. Lichty, Archibald T. Baker, Henry O. Martin, Abraham Moon, R. J. Nicholson.

District No. 9.—Chas. S. Michael.

District No. 10.—William B. Miller, Henry A. Schmidt.

District No. 11.—Lewis H. Broadwater.

District No. 13.—Grover M. Pool, Stanley Bender.

District No. 14.—Thos. Little, Newton Reams, Edw. E. Sollars, Owen T. Mackin, Nelson Clark, Henry Lauer, Boyd Martin, G. Blaine Giessman.

GRANTSVILLE.

Mrs. E. H. Reppert (nee Beulah Getty) who several months ago joined her husband at Jenkins, Kentucky, writes home in glowing terms of the picturesque scenery of the Cumberland Mountains, and says further: "The natives are exactly like the characters in "The Trail of The Lonesome Pine," and the author lives just a few miles over the hills." Jenkins has a population of about 5000 or 6000 and the Repperts live about a mile and a half out of town at a mining camp where Mr. Reppert is employed as electrician for the Consolidation Coal Co., of which his father is superintendent at that place. They have a pretty, six-room house, with bath and electric lights. The stately old pine tree is doubtless long since destroyed, and an immense dam with cement coping now stretches its rippling expanse across the trail that led through the old woods, and nearby, mining camp No. 6 is fast becoming a little village, and while the years will bring changes, improvements, and uplifting movements to these quaint people in the heart of the Cumberland hills, yet it is to be hoped that nothing will rob them of their wholesome simplicity of character, the delineation of which has made John Fox, Jr., famous all over the country.

Dr. and Mrs. G. C. Keller left last week for a visit with their sons in Wilmington, Del., but owing to a smallpox outbreak at that place, they received word to come back before leaving Cumberland, and will take their trip at a more convenient season. Mrs. Keller remained in Meyersdale to visit her sister, Mrs. Bruce Lichty, returning home on Monday.

Communion services, preceded by a series of evening meetings, were held in the Lutheran church on Sunday morning, with good attendance. Beginning next Sunday night services will be held here once a month in addition to the regular service every two weeks.

The Reformed church held services on Sunday afternoon, Rev. Wilson delivering an excellent sermon.

The Adult Bible Class and teachers of the Reformed Sunday school held another social on Saturday evening at the Broadwater ice-cream parlor which was equally successful, as the one held several weeks ago, over $25 being cleared. Icecream, cake, coffee and sandwiches were sold. The proceeds complete the amount necessary for the organ fund, which the members of the Sunday school have raised.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Klotz and children have moved from Bittinger into part of the house owned by Mortimer Smouse.

Thomas Little of Oakland spent Sunday at the Victoria.

Mrs. Eva Bevans and children from Union Bridge, Md., are spending a few week at the Broadwater farm which was Mrs. Bevans' girlhood home. Mrs. Beyans' health has been rather precarious since the death of her husband a few months since, and it is hoped the change will be of benefit to her.

J. G. Getty and son Frank attended the big circus at Meyersdale last Tuesday, bringing Mrs. Getty back home after a week's visit with relatives there.

Miss Mollie Dorsey and niece, Miss Angela Getty are spending the week in Washington and Annapolis.

A. T. Shirer, Western Union lineman who was slightly injured last week by cutting his leg on a spur while climbing a telegraph pole, is now abont again.

Margaret and William Getty and Paul Livengood are convalescent from the measles.

J. J. and C. A. Bender and J. O. Getty were Cumberland visitors Saturday.

Rev. E. E. Oney and Miss Charlotte Boyer of Elk Lick spent Thursday with Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Loechel.

Miss Cora Bittinger of Jennings spent the week-end with her sister, Mrs. Edgar Roberts.

Miss Ethel Stanton spent the week-end with Mrs. Fred Livengood.

Mrs. Marshal Beachy has returned from a three weeks visit to her sister at Friendsville. Her daughter, Miss Helen, who is her grandfather's efficient housekeeper at Friendsville, spent Sunday here with her parents.

A meeting of the joint consistory of the Reformed church was held at St. Paul on Sautrday, being attenden by the following members from here. Dr. G. C. Keller, W. E. Stanton, W. Clay Stanton and J. J. Glotfelty.

A family from Indiana have rented the Casselman Cabin for the month of July.

GORTNER

The stork was a visitor at Gortner the past week leaving a little son at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Simon Swartzentruber.

Misses Hope Gnegy and Marguerite Roth, of Hauser, were guests of Miss Emma Burkholder the latter part of the past week.

Miss Mabel Wamsley entertained a number of young people recently in honor of Miss Spoerline, who has returned to her home near Accident. During Miss Spoerline's stay at Gortner she made many friends who were sorry to have her return home.

Mr. Page Gnegy, of Hauser, spent Sunday evening at J. H. Sanders', leaving Monday for Akron, Ohio, where he expects to secure employment.

Mr. W. A. Smith and family, and Miss Della Savage, of Hoyes, motored to Gortner Sunday and spent several hours at the home of Mr. Spoerline.

Miss Effie Wamsley, a student of the Oakland High School, visited her parents at Gortner Saturday evening and Sunday.

Miss Bridget Maroney, of Oakland, spent a short while at Gortner' Saturday evening.

Rev. Barnhouse, of the U. B. church, will preach in the Union church Saturday evening, May 20th.

Free Public Library Notes.

Contributions have been received from the following persons since our last report: Mary Sincell, Daisy Hanna, Julia Rowan, Dr. and Mrs. Logan Carr, Arabella Martin, Mrs. Emma Davis, George Sanner, Carter Forman, Julius Littman, Scott Shirer.

THE DEATH RECORD.

MRS. ADAM SNYDER.

Mrs. Adam Snyder, aged nearly sixty years, died at her home near Accident on Friday last after a protracted illness. The deceased lady was the eldest child of the late Melchoir J. Miller and sister of Mr. William Miller and Mr. Frederick Miller, of Accident. Her funeral occurred on Sunday after services conducted in the German Lutheran church of which she was a devout member from childhood. The funeral services were largely attended by friends and relatives of the deceased, many coming from a distance.

MRS. WALTER D. COLLIER.

Mrs. Walter D. Collier, of Friendsville, died at her home in that town Tuesday after an extended illness. She was aged about fifty years and is survived by her husband and a number of children. Her funeral will occur today with interment in the Friendsville cemetery.

ORDER NISI.

In the matter of Clarence W. Perkins, assignee, vs. Robert C. McCandlish and Annie L. McCandlish, his wife.

No. 1936 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett county.

It is ordered this 13th day of May, 1916, upon the aforegoing report and affidavit, by the Circuit Court for Garrett county, sitting as a Court of Equity, that the said Clarence W. Perkins, assignee, be and he is hereby authorized and empowered to accept the offer of F. G. Fox, as above set forth, and to convey by a good and sufficient deed the property covered by said mortgage, to the said F. G. Fox, upon the terms and conditions above set forth, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 17th day of June 1916; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 10th day of June 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $1,000.

ROBERT R. HENDERSON,

True copy. Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Commissioners Meeting.

Office of the County Commissioners for Garrett county, Oakland, Md., May 13th, 1916.

The Board of County Commissioners for Garrett County, Maryland, will meet in their office in the town of Oakland, on

Monday, June 5th, 1916,

to transact routine business.

By order of the Board,
W. G. MEYERS, Clerk.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Second National Bank

OF CUMBERLAND

In the State of Maryland, at the close of business May 1st, 1916.

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans and Discounts	$2,214,714 30	Capital Stock	$200,000 00
United States Bonds	240,000 00	Surplus, Undivided Profits	375,839 39
Other Bonds, Securities Etc	378,715 00	Circulation	200,000 00
Banking House and other Real Estate	47,022 76	Deposits	2,757,419 03
Due From Federal Reserve Agents and other Banks	428,325 76		
Cash	214,480 60		
Redemption Fund	10,000 00		
	$3,533,258 42		$3,533,258 42

DIRECTORS:

D. ANNAN L. M. SHEPHERD ROBERT R. HENDERSON
JAMES CLARK W. BLADEN LOWNDES O. C. GEPHART
TASKER G. LOWNDES JOHN KEATING
JOHN SCHWARZENBACH

D. ANNAN, President

W. BLADEN LOWNDES, TASKER G. LOWNDES
Vice Presidents

D. F. KUYKENDALL, Cashier

THREE PER CENT INTEREST PAID ON SAVINGS DEPOSITS

CUT FLOWERS FOR

DECORATION DAY

In Effect May 27th-30th, inclusive, 1916

	Per Dozen
Roses, fancy,	$2.00
Roses, medium,	1.25
Carnations, select,	1.50
Sweet Peas, per hundred	2.00
Daisies, yellow, per bunch of 25	1.00
Daisies, white, per bunch of 25	.50
Peonies, fancy	2.00
Peonies, medium	1.50
Gladiolus	3.00
Easter Lilies	2.00
Calla Lilies, fancy	3.00

Assortments appropriate for this occasion, extra value, each, $1.00 and up

Assorted Cut Ferns	.50
Smilax, per yard	.25

BOUQUETS and DESIGNS

Bunches of Flowers arranged with green and ribbon or chiffon, $2.00 and up

Wreathes, Crosses, etc., suitable for Decoration Day, $3.00 and up

Flowers will be in good supply, especially Easter Lilies, in which we are giving very good value; special value also in Assorted Flowers.

Please let us have your order early, and be assured of our best efforts to please you. Awaiting your pleasure, we are, Very truly yours,

THE H. WEBER & SONS CO.,

Stores { Fairmont, W. Va. / Clarksburg, W. Va. } Oakland, Maryland.

SEE THE

Overland!

$695.00.

Car at Oakland Garage

Oakland Garage

AGENT

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

PATRICK BRODERICK

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 13th day of October, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 13th day of April, 1916.

H. S. COLEMAN,
Administrator,
Sutton, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

JESSE McCLINTOCK

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 13th day of October 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 13th day of April, 1916.

MAGGIE A. McCLINTOCK,
Administratrix,
Accident Md.

FOUNDED 1888

THE GARRETT NATIONAL BANK

FOUNDED 1888

OF OAKLAND, MARYLAND

Report of Condition at the Close of Business May 1st, 1916:

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans and Investments	$540,004 74	Capital Stock	$50,000 00
United States Bonds	50,000 00	Surplus and Undivided Profits	67,775 89
Banking House Furniture and Fixtures	30,500 00	National Bank Notes outstanding	49,197 50
Due from Banks	2,579 86	Due to other Banks	2,182 42
Redemption Funds with U. S. Treasurer	2,500 00	Deposits	529,977 20
Cash and Reserve	73,548 41		
Total	$699,133 01	Total	$699,133 01

OFFICERS

G. S. HAMILL, President. D. E. OFFUTT, Jr., Vice President.
G. A. FRALEY, Cashier. H. L. JONES, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS

GILMOR S. HAMILL, JOHN T. MITCHELL, DANIEL E. OFFUTT, Jr.
JOSEPH E. HARNED. GEORGE A. FRALEY, HARLAND L. JONES CHAS. S. DAVIS

ESTABLISHED 1884. PROMPT SERVICE

What Can Be Done With An Old Bathroom?

A most surprising change can be effected by a little planning, and with our aid and experience to guide you, a most judicious selection of fixtures can be obtained which will be just suited to your bathroom and suited to your pocketbook.

The bathroom so is intimately connected with the welfare of the household that it deserves your careful consideration. We recommend "Standard" plumbing fixtures as they are guaranteed and therefore the proper kind to be used with our guaranteed workmanship. If a well planned bathroom, carefully executed is what you desire, call on us.

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.
Oakland, Md.
"Naylor has it and sells it for less."

BOTH PHONES COURTEOUS TREATMENT

C. N. McINTIRE

SUCCESSOR TO
J. M. DAVIS & SONS
OAKLAND, MD.

WE feel that we are fortunate in securing the old and established business of J. M. Davis & Sons, and we wish to assure the large patronage of this business that we shall continue to conduct the business in the same high class and honorable manner that our predecessors have.

We shall endeavor to merit your patronage, and invite you to call.

Respectfully,
C. N. McINTIRE.

D. E. BOLDEN

Furniture Dealer and Funeral Director

HAVING moved my furniture business to the Manhattan Hotel store room, I am prepared to serve the public to the best of my ability, having now in stock the finest line of Furniture ever brought to the city and which I offer as cheap as it can be bought in the wholesale markets.

All I ask is a chance to name you prices.

My stock is complete in every detail, and which consists of Furnitnre, Carpets, Mattings, Window Shades, Bedding of all kinds, large and small Rugs—in fact everything with which to furnish a house from cellar to attic.

I am also prepared to give estimates on Buildings and repair work—from a pig pen to a palace.

Call and see me; I will treat you fair and square.

Thanking the public for past favors and soliciting a continuance of the same, I remain,

Yours respectfully,
D. E. BOLDEN

Miss Mary Canty is spending this week in Cumberland.

Get your Fertilizer from A. D. Naylor & Co.
Advertisement

Mrs. Nelson Thomasson, of Chicago, is here on a visit to her daughter, Mrs. Ellwood Offutt.

WANTED—Girl or woman to assist with care of children, call or write. MRS. W. R. OFFUTT.
Advertisement. 10-2t

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Chisholm and son, of Friendsville, were in Oakland Saturday afternoon and evening.

A big stock of Hay Tools and Barn Door Track at A. D. Naylor & Co's.
Advertisement.

Justice of the Peace Marcus M. Fazenbaker, of District No. 4, was in Oakland on official business Saturday last.

EGGS FOR HATCHING—From single comb Black Minorcas, $1.50 per 15; fine stock. Townshend Naylor, Oakland, Md. Adv. 4-8t*

Mrs. D. H. Shank returned to her home in Oakland last Friday evening after spending several weeks in Pineville, Kentucky.

In Cumberland on Saturday a marriage license was granted William F. Dishong and Marie E. Crowe, both of Avilton, Garrett county.

Mr. and Mrs. John Gnegy, of near Oakland, spent Sunday at Accident, where they were guests of the latter's mother, Mrs. Susan Englehart.

FOR SALE—S. C. White Leghorn eggs for setting. My birds won two first and two second prizes at the 1915 Garrett County Fair. J. R. CRAIG, Ottaway, Md. Adv. 11-2t

Messrs. Paul M. Mitchell, Henry Lauer and Harry Lowenstein, Dr. W. W. Grant and Mark S. White, spent Friday evening in Cumberland, going and returning in automobiles.

Attorney Stuart F. Hamill has rented his residence on Sixth street to Mr. James Haskins, a banker of Wheeling, who will occupy it about July 15th, for a period of several weeks.

Jersey cows for sale. Apply to MRS. GEO. T. PORTER. Adv. 10-3t

Mr. Charles W. Metzler, of Morgantown, assistant general manager of the M. & K. Railroad, spent Saturday night and Sunday in Oakland where he was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Howard P. Stuck.

The ladies of the Lutheran Aid Society of the Deer Park church, will have a lawn fete in the village grove on Saturday night, May 27th, and Tuesday night, May 30th, to which all are cordially invited.

About sixty five acres good pasture land near Mountain Lake Park for rent; property well watered. Apply to A. D. Naylor, Oakland. Adv. 11-3t

The Juniors of the Oakland High School entertained the Seniors along with the faculty of school on Friday evening last at the home of Miss Lillian Helbig, adjoining town. The evening was one of great pleasure to all present.

Mrs. E. Fundenberg and daughter, Miss Tekla Fundenberg, returned to Oakland last Wednesday afternoon after an absence of several months which they spent visiting many interesting points in California and other western states.

Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Lowndes and two sons, of Rawlings, Allegany county, were in Oakland Saturday evening on their way home from Mount Storm, where they had spent the day previous fishing. They traveled overland in Mr. Lowndes' automobile.

Naylor & Co. have a big supply of Drain Tile.
Advertisement.

Mrs. Robert H. Gordon, of Cumberland, is here for the summer.

Mr. John W. Hart has returned home from a brief visit to Baltimore.

Mr. Robert L. Fries spent Sunday and Monday at his home near Sines.

Mr. Courtney Wilson, of near Gormania, was in the city yesterday on business.

Miss Elizabeth Walter and sister, Genevieve, are visiting relatives in Deer Park.

Rev. I. W. Abernathy, of near Wilson, was in the city Monday when he called at this office.

Mrs. George W. Legge entertained the Thimble Club at her home on Second street Tuesday afternoon.

FOR RENT—An eight room house on Centre street; bath. Also a 4-room flat over brick garage fitted with bath. Apply to A. D. Naylor, Oakland. Advertisement 11-3t.

Misses Josephine and Gladys Browning returned to Oakland Tuesday evening after a visit to friends at Piedmont.

Miss Flossie Shaffer, who has been on an extended visit to relatives at Clarksburg, has returned to her home in Oakland.

Miss Ruth McRobie, who spent the week-end in Cumberland and Frostburg on a visit to friends returned home Sunday afternoon.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

We have on our desk for publication next week a well composed article on the season from the pen of our Hutton correspondent.

Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Loraditch spent Sunday at Pocahontas, Pa., Mr. Loraditch's former home, making the trip by automobile.

A few Drain Drills on easy terms at A. D. Naylor & Co's.
Advertisement tf.

Mr. Howard Hoffman and family have moved from the West flats on Railroad street to one of Mr. A. D. Naylor's dwellings on Pennington street.

Mr. and Mrs. F. O. Glotfelty returned home Tuesday night from London, Ky., where they had been summoned as witnesses in a case before the court of that county.

Fire at Jenningston, W. Va., where a number of Garrett countians are engaged, burned the large saw mill and millions of feet of lumber last Friday night, entailing a loss of upwards of $500,000.

Mr. Peter Tingue has purchased the saw mill located near Rowlesburg belonging to Mr. S. F. Hamill and is having it moved to a tract of land near Deep Creek where the former will engage in lumbering operations.

Mr. C. Grusendorf, of near Hutton, who was a patient in one of the Cumberland hospitals for some time, returned to his home on last Wednesday and spent Monday in Oakland where he was greeted by a host of friends.

Dr. Henry W. McComas was called to Accident Tuesday night to visit professionally Mr. Jonas Speicher, eldest brother of State Senator Harvey J. Speicher; who is quite ill as a result of cancerous condition of his stomach.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul A. Trageser, of Baltimore, are receiving the congratulations of their friends over the birth of a daughter, born last Thursday. Mrs. Trageser is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George W. Haulenbeek who maintain a summer home at Deer Park.

Mr. H. Dorsey Etchison, Democratic candidate for Congress, spent last Friday in Oakland and other portions of the county building up his political fences. Mr. Etchison resides in Frederick, where he is engaged as an attorney and has a large practice.

Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Baker, of Crellin, spent Sunday morning in Oakland where they attended services in the Lutheran church Mrs. Baker is a sister of the Messrs. Kendall, owners of the lumbering mill at Crellin and moved to that point from Meyersdale early last winter.

Mrs. Gilmor S. Hamill, who accompanied her husband to Baltimore upon the occasion of his visit to that city to attend the Democratic State convention, is remaining there for the purpose of making a visit to a number of friends. Mr. Hamill returned to Oakland Friday morning.

Mrs. Fred A. Thayer left Oakland yesterday afternoon for Baltimore to which city she went to pay a visit to her sons, Messrs. Ralph and Frederick, the latter being in Baltimore for the purpose of receiving treatment by a specialist, whilst the former is a resident of that city, being engaged in the engineering department of the State Roads Commission.

Very much of our space if devoted this week in giving publicity to the numerous local laws passed at the recent session of the Maryland Legislature. These laws, or at least a majority of them, become operative on June 1st, hence to give persons interested the information contained therein it is necessary to publish them in bulk prior to that date.

Rev. J. B. Workman, of Fairmont, who was in Oakland a few hours Monday, stated that his daughter, Miss Erma, who was a student at Buckhannon and a member of the Junior class, was at her home suffering with an attack of typhoid fever which she contracted while at school. Her condition is now somewhat improved and the crisis in the disease is passed.

Cheuvront's Wild Animal show gave a high class entertainment to a packed tent, pitched in the back yard of the Cheuvront residence lot Saturday afternoon. Preceding the show a street parade which attracted much attention, was given by the performers, but which failed to land intact at the show grounds, as several of the "wild" animals made their escape from their captors. The crowd present has been variously estimated at from thirty-five to fifty and the receipts were about ninety cents, thirteen cents of which were "hooked" from the cash box while the parade was being given.

Many of the Maryland State papers have been publishing in recent issues the names and ages of the old residents of the communities wherein the papers are printed. Up to the present time no one has been mentioned above 97 years of age. Garrett county, we believe, has the oldest resident of the state in the person of Mr. Abraham I. Wilson, of Wilson Store, who will be one hundred years old on July 11th of the present year, and what is more he was born within the confines of what is now Garrett county, and never left the county or state to take up his residence elsewhere. He is a bachelor and makes his home with his niece, Mrs. Feeley, who has been his housekeeper in the old homestead of the Wilson family for a number of years.

OAKLAND CASH BUYERS CO.,—Pay cash for spring Pigs, Calves, Lambs, Chickens, Turkeys, Eggs, etc. L. W. HOPKINS, W. L. CASTEEL, J. W. DAVIS. Adv. 10-tf

O. H. S. NOTES.

News From The Oakland Temple Of Learning.

The sermon to the graduates will be delivered by the Rev. Arthur Appleton, at the St. Matthew's Episcopal church, Sunday evening at eight o'clock. Parents and friends are cordially invited.

The Senior class exercises and the play, "The New Woman," will be given at the Maryland Theatre, Tuesday, May 23, at eight o'clock. Admission: Reserved seats, 25 cents; others 15 cents. The cast is as follows. Miss Pink T. Hykight, president of the club, Mildred Thrasher; Miss Rosa Lightfoot, secretary of the club, Norine Ault; Miss Dollie Giglette, polite swell, Mary Sincell; Miss Birdie Robbins, a man hater, Carrie Thrasher; Mary Smilax, stewardess of the club, Clara Bush; Jack Blake, gas collector, Felix Robinson; Bertie Howell, a sport, Edward Lewis; Mack the iceman, Julius Littman. Others to be in the play are: Julia Rowan, Mabel Falkenstein, Margaret Slabaugh, Louise Harned, Lillian Helbig, Cecelia Hart, Beulah Ralston, Mabel White and Donald Maffett.

Commencement exercises at the Maryland Theatre, Thursday evening at eight o'clock. Dr. M. Bates Stephens, the State Superintendent of Public Instruction, will deliver the commencement address and present the diplomas to the graduates.

Miss Catherine Stewart, secretary of the Audubon Society, visited our school last Thursday afternoon and delivered a most interesting lecture on bird life. She had many mounted specimens with which she demonstrated the many beautiful characteristics of the birds. In the evening she gave an illustrated lecture on both birds and plants.

Miss Mabel Falkenstein entertained the Seniors at her home last Wednesday evening.

The Juniors entertained the Seniors and their friends and the faculty at the home of Miss Lillian Helbig Friday evening. The house was beautifully decorated with the Seniors class colors, purple and cream, and the color scheme was also carried out in the refreshments.

The Terra Alta base ball team defeated the O. H. S. at Terra Alta, Monday by a score of 14 to 4.

HUTTON

Mr. Thos. Pendergast, of Cumberland, was a Hutton visitor recently.

Messrs. L. R. Horton and F. P. Baker were visitors at Pine Grove, Pa., last week.

Mr. Chris Grusendorf, of Edgewood, who has been a patient at the Western Maryland Hospital, Cumberland, for a period of three weeks or more arrived home Saturday, where he is slowly convalescing. Mrs. Kimmell, (a daughter) of Oklahoma, is here having been called home on account of the serious illness of her father.

A number of Hutton people attended the funeral of Mr. Davis at Oakland Monday morning.

Mr. Paul Stockman motored through town Monday enroute to Terra Alta.

ST. ELMO.

Automobile and Motor Cycle Tubes and Casings.

VULCANIZING AND REPAIRING.

Casing Vulcanizing—Blow outs, rim cuts and surface cuts. Tube repairing—Blow outs, cuts, punctures, new valves, valve bases. All work guaranteed.

G. W. WOODS, Miller building,
Adv. 10-4t* Oakland, Md.

ORDER NISI.

Abel Dewitt, next friend, etc., vs. Donald U. Maffett, et al.
No. 2031 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County.

Ordered, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland, this 11th day of April, 1916, in Equity that the sale made and reported in the above cause by Nellie Maffett, Trustee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 12th day of May, 1916; provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 4th day of May, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $1000.00.

E. Z. TOWER.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

CHAPTER NO. 10.

AN ACT to protect deer in Garrett County, Maryland, and to provide penalties for the violation of same.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That it shall be unlawful for any person or persons, to kill deer in Garrett County, Maryland, beginning with the passage of this Act and ending on the thirty-first day of October, 1922.

SECTION 2. And be it further enacted, That any person or persons who shall kill a deer in Garrett County, on or before the 31st day of October, 1922, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction before a Justice of the Peace or the Circuit Court for Garrett County, shall be confined in the Garrett County Jail, or sentenced to House of Correction for a period not less than sixty days or more than one year.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That all Acts or parts of Acts, inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, are hereby repealed.

SEC. 4. And be it enacted, That this Act shall go into effect from the first day of June, 1916.

CHAPTER NO. 410

AN ACT to repeal section 196, 197, 199 and 209 Q of Article Number One of the Code of Public Local Laws of Maryland, title "Allegany County," sub-title "Mining and Mine Inspector," as the same were enacted by Chapter 124 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed in the year 1902, and to re-enact said sections with amendments, so as to place the inspection of mines in Allegany County under the State Board of Labor and Statistics; and to repeal sections 150, 151, 153, and 164 P of Article Number Twelve of the Code of Public Local Laws of Maryland, title "Garrett County," sub-title "Manufactures and Mines," as the same were enacted by Chapter 124 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland passed in the year 1902, and to re-enact said sections with amendments, so as to place the inspection of mines in Garrett County under the State Board of Labor and Statistics.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That section 196, 197, 199 and 209 Q of Article Number One of the Code of Public Laws of Maryland, title "Allegany County," sub-title "Mining and Mine Inspector," as the same were enacted by Chapter 124 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland passed in the year 1902, be and the same hereby are repealed and re-enacted with amendments; and sections 150, 151, 153 and 164P of Article Number Twelve of the Code of Public Laws of Maryland, title "Garrett County," sub-title "Manufactures and Mines," be and the same hereby are repealed and re-enacted to read as follows:

Section 196 of Article 1 and Section 150 of Article 12. That the State Board of Labor and Statistics, with the approval of the Governor shall appoint one Mine Inspector for the counties of Allegany and Garrett, who shall hold his office for two years from the date of his appointment. No person shall be eligible to the office of Mine Inspector until he shall have attained the age of thirty years. He shall possess a competent and a practical knowledge of the different systems of mining and properly ventilating coal mines in said counties, and the nature and constituent parts of the various gases found in coal mines, and of the various ways of expelling the same from said mines and shall have had five years' practical experience as a miner in one or both counties combined next immediately preceding his appointment, and shall receive such annual salary as the Board, with the approval of the Governor, may deem proper. Before entering upon the discharge of the duties of his office the said Mine Inspector shall take the oath provided in the Constitution of the State and shall give bond in the sum of two thousand dollars with sureties to be approved by the Chief Judge of the Fourth Judicial Circuit of Maryland. Said Mine Inspector while in office shall not be interested in the operation of any mine or act as land agent, superintendent or manager of any mine; and it shall be his duty to make a report to the State Board of Labor and Statistics of his proceedings in office and to set forth in such reports all such information that may be proper or beneficial, and also to make such recommendations and suggestions as he may consider important as to legislation on the subject of mining.

Section 197 of Article 1 and Section 151 of Article 12. Said Mine Inspector shall devote the whole of his time to the duties of his office. It shall be his duty to examine each mine in said counties as often as possible, but a longer period of time than two months shall not elapse between said examination, to see that all the provisions of this Act are observed and strictly carried out, and he shall make a record of all examinations of mines, showing the condition in which he finds them, especially with reference to ventilation and drainage, the number of persons employed in each mine, the extent to which the law is obeyed and progress made in the improvements of mines, the number of serious accidents and the nature thereof, the number of deaths resulting from injuries received in or about the mines, with the cause of such accident or death; which record completed to the first day of May of each and every year shall be filed with the State Board of Labor and Statistics, and one thousand copies of said report shall be printed for distribution at once by the said Board, and the cost thereof shall be paid by the Treasurer upon the warrant of the Comptroller.

Section 199 of Article 1, and Section 153 of Article 12. In case the Inspector becomes incapacitated to perform the duties of his office or receives a leave of absence from the said Board, it shall be the duty of the said Board to appoint, upon said Mine Inspector's application, or that of five miners or five operators, some competent person to fill the office of Inspector until the said Inspector shall be able to resume the duties of his office, and the person so appointed shall be paid in the same manner as hereinafter provided for the Inspector of Mines.

Section 209Q of Article 1, and Section 164P of Article 12. In this Act the term "coal mine" includes the shafts, slopes, adits, drifts, or incline planes connected with excavations penetrating coal stratum or strata, which excavations are ventilated by one general air current or diyisions thereof, and connected by one general system of mine railroads over which coal may be delivered to one or more common points outside the mine when such is operated by one operator.

Sub-Section A. The term "excavations and workings" includes all the excavated parts of a mine, those abandoned as well as the places actually being worked, also all underground workings and shafts, tunnels and other ways and openings, all such shafts, slopes, tunnels and other openings in the course of being sunk or driven, together with all roads, appliances, machinery and material connected with the same below the surface.

Sub-Section B. The term "shaft" means a verdict opening through the strata, and which is and may be used for the purpose of ventilation or drainage, or for hoisting men or material, or both, in connection with the mining of coal.

Sub-Section C. The term "slope" means an incline way or opening used for the same purpose as a shaft.

Sub-Section D. The term "operator" means any firm, corporation, or individual operating any coal mine or part thereof.

Sub-Section E. The term "superintendent" means the person who shall have, on behalf of the operator, immediate supervision of one or more mines.

Sub-Section F. The provisions of this Act shall not apply to any mine employing less than ten persons in any one period of twenty-four hours.

Sub-Section G. It shall be the duty of the Mine Inspector to make as to the clay or fire-clay mines in Allegany or Garrett counties the examination and reports required as to coal mines under Section 197 of Article 1 and Section 151 of Article 12 of this Act, and to make recommendations to the State Board of Labor and Statistics as to the legislation requisite to protect life and health in such clay mines.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall take effect from and after the first day of June, in the year one thousand nine hundred and sixteen.

CHAPTER NO. 438

AN ACT to repeal and re-enact with amendments Section 111K of Chapter 300 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland of 1904, entitled "An Act for the incorporation of the town of Friendsville in District No. 2. of Garrett County," and for the amendment of Article 12 of the Code of Public Laws of the State of Maryland, entitled "Garrett County," by adding additional sections thereto, to be known as Sections 111A, 111B, 111C, 111C½, 111D, 111E, 111F, 111F½, 111G, 111J, 111K, 111L, 111M, 111O, 111P, 111Q and to follow immediately after Sec. 111 of said Art. 12, and to be known by the sub-title "Friendsville," and to exempt the town of Friendsville in District No. 2, in Garrett County, as herein bounded and described from the operations of the provisions of Chapter 77 of the Acts of 1898, entitled "An Act to prohibit the sale of spirituous or fermented liquors or lager beer in Election District No. 2 of Garrett County."

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Section 111K of Chapter 300 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland of 1904, entitled "An Act for the incorporation of the town of Friendsville, in District No. 2 of Garrett County, and for the amendment of Article 12 of the Code of Public Laws of the State of Maryland, entitled "Garrett County," by adding additional sections thereto, to be known as Sections 111A, 111B, 111C, 111C½, 111D, 111E, 111F, 111F½, 111G, 111H, 111J, 111K, 111L, 111M, 111O, 111P, 111Q, and to follow immediately after Section 111 of said Article 12 and to be known by the sub-title "Friendsville," and to exempt the town of Friendsville in District No. 2, in Garrett County, as herein bounded and described from the operation of the provisions of Chapter 77 of the Acts of 1898, entitled "An Act to prohibit the sale of spirituous or fermented liquors or larger beer in Election District No. 2 of Garrett County," be and the same is hereby repealed and re-enacted with amendments so as to read as follows:

111K. The said Mayor and Council shall have the power to compel the property owners binding along any of said streets, lanes or alleys, so accepted by said corporation and recorded among its proceedings to construct and keep in repair sidewalks and footways of their property binding on said streets and roads, and may pass all such ordinances as may be necessary to compel the construction and repair of said sidewalks. And they shall have power to enforce the construction and repair of said sidewalks, by fines imposed upon the property owners for a failure to construct and repair after fifteen days' notice previously given, which said fines shall be collectible as other fines imposed for the violation of the ordinances of the town as hereinafter set forth and stated.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall take effect on June 1, 1916.

CHAPTER NO. —.

AN ACT to repeal and re-enact with amendments Section 18 of Chapter 201 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland, at its session of 1886, entitled "An Act to repeal Chapter 519 of the Acts of 1884, entitled An Act to incorporate the town of Deer Park, in Garrett County, and to re-enact the same with amendments.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Section 18 of Chapter 201 of the Acts of 1886, titled Garrett County, sub-title Deer Park, be and the same is hereby repealed and re-enacted so as to read as follows:

SEC. 18. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Maryland, That the Mayor and Common Council of Deer Park, Garrett County, Maryland, be and is hereby authorized to purchase, receive by gift, donation or otherwise, hold and enjoy, sue for and defend, a suitable piece of land within the limits of said town of Deer Park, not exceeding the quantity of two acres, for the purpose of a public park for the use of the inhabitants of said town, and on which to erect any necessary municipal building.

CHAPTER NO. 9.

AN ACT to repeal and enact with amendments Section 2 of Chapter 450 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed at its session of 1896, title "Garrett County" sub-title "Loch Lynn Heights."

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Section 2 of Chapter 450 of the Acts of 1896, be and the same is hereby repealed and re-enacted so as to read as follows:

SECTION 2. That the corporate limits of said town shall be as follows: Beginning for the same at a cement post standing at the southerly limits of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Right of Way, and on the westerly margin of of the road known as the Wonderly Road, and running thence along the western margin of said road:

1—South 7 degrees East, 76 and 8-10 feet; thence

2—South 70 degrees East, 235 feet; thence

3—South 39 degrees and 45 minutes East, 714 feet; thence

4—South 42 degrees and 45 minutes East, 99 feet; thence

5—South 21 degrees and 15 minutes East, 1,002 feet to a cement post on Westerly margin of said road; thence

6—North 82 degrees and 35 minutes East, 875 feet to a cement post; thence

7—North 27 degrees and 35 minutes East, 1,574 feet to a cement post; thence

8—South 62 degrees and 25 minutes East, 456 and 6-10 feet to a cement post which is the original beginning of Military Lots Nos. 880 and 919; thence running with the first line of said Military Lot No. 919; thence

9—North 27 degrees and 35 minutes East, 1,650 feet to a planted stone marked F. G.; thence

10—North 78 degrees East, 36 feet to a point on the east margin of a road known as the Old German Road; thence with east margin of said road; thence

11—North 27 degrees and 45 minutes East 100 feet; thence

12—North 40 degrees East, 160 feet thence

13—North 24 degrees and 30 minutes East, 235 feet; thence

14—North 19 degrees West, 85 feet; thence

15—North 49 degrees and 15 minutes West, 168 feet; thence

16—North 69 degrees West, 239 feet; thence

17—North 41 degrees and 30 minutes West, 160 feet; thence

18—North 55 degrees West, 100 feet; thence

19—North 62 degrees and 30 minutes West, 242 feet; thence

20—North 73 degrees West, 90 feet to a cement post standing on the Southerly limits of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Right of Way; thence with said limits of the Baltimore and Ohio Right of Way; thence

21—South 71 degrees and 35 minutes West, to the point of beginning.

CHAPTER NO. 453.

AN ACT to empower and direct the County Commissioners of Garrett County to borrow money on the credit of said county for the purpose of erecting a high school building in the town of Oakland, and heating, furnishing and equipping the same, and to purchase or condem real estate for the erection of the same, and for the purpose of erecting, repairing and improving other public school buildings in said county, and to issue bonds for the payment of said money, and to levy taxes upon the assessable property of said county to redeem such bonds and to pay the interest thereon, to refer such question to the the voters of Garrett County.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That for the purpose of erecting a high school building in the town of Oakland and for the purpose of furnishing, heating and equipping said building, and for the erection, repairing and improving other public school buildings in said county, and for the purpose of purchasing or condemning real estate for the erection of the same, the County Commissioners for Garrett County, be and they are hereby authorized, empowered and directed to borrow money on the credit of said county to an amouut not exceeding thirty thousand dollars, and to issue coupon bonds therefor, the said bonds to be in the sum of one thousand dollars each, and to be signed by the president of the Board of County Commissioners for Garrett County, and countersigned by the Clerk of said board, with the corporate seal of said County Commissioners attached to every bond so issued; said bonds to be dated the first day of January, 1917, and to bear interest at a rate not exceeding 5 per cent. per annum, payable semi-annualy on the first day of July and the first day of January in each and every year until the maturity thereof, and the said bonds shall mature as follows: one thousand dollars thereof on January 1, 1922, and annual thereafter the sum of one thousand dollars in every year until all of said bonds shall have matured.

SEC. 2. And be it enacted, That said bonds shall have written or printed on them a distinct reference to the act directing the issue of the same, and that said bonds when issued shall be exempt from municipal and county taxation in Garrett County, and they shall be sold after due advertisement by the County Commissioners to the highest bidder or bidders, provided however that none of said bonds shall be sold for less than par value.

SEC. 3. And be it enacted, That the said County Commissioners for Garrett County shall levy annually upon the assessable property of said county tax sufficient to pay the interest upon said bonds, and in the year 1921 they shall levy the sum on one thousand dollars to meet the first maturing bond issued, and annually thereafter the said County Commissioners shall levy upon the assessable property of said county the sum of one thousand dollars until the maturity of the last bond by this act authorized to be issued.

SEC. 4. And be it enacted, That the clerk of the County Commissioners of Garrett County shall register the said bonds when the same are sold, showing to whom the same were sold, what price was obtained therefor, and shall keep a record upon the books of said County Commissioners of all bonds paid.

SEC. 5. And be it enacted, That the County Commissioners of Garrett County shall when notified by the Board of County School Commissioners of said county that they desire to avail themselves of the provisions of this act and of the amount of money they will require for the purpose aforesaid, advertise and sell said bonds as above provided to an amount sufficient to produce the sum designated by the said Board of School Commissioners, but in no event in excess of the sum of thirty thousand dollars, and shall pay over the proceeds of the sale of said bonds to the Board of County School Commissioners who shall account for the same as they account for other monies passing through their hands.

SEC. 6. And be it enacted, That the said County Commissioners for Garrett County shall have the opinion to redeem any or all of said bonds outstanding after ten years from the date of their issue.

SEC. 7. And be it enacted, That at the general election in November, 1916, there shall be submitted to the qualified voters of Garrett County, the question whether the said bonds shall be issued, and at such election the ballots cast upon on the question shall have printed or written thereon the words, "For the Bond Issue," or "Against the Bond Issue," and if the majority of the votes cast upon said question shall be "For the Bond Issue," then the County Commissioners for Garrett County shall proceed to exercise the power vested in them by this Act, and shall issue the bonds as herein provided; but if the majority of the votes cast shall be "Against the Bond Issue," then this Act shall be null and void.

CHAPTER NO.—

AN ACT to sanction and make valid a certain purchase, sale and deed of conveyance, made by Daniel Annan and others to the Mayor and Common Council of Deer Park, Garrett County, Maryland, on the 6th day of April, 1913, and which said deed is recorded in Liber No. 66 folio 429, one of the Land Records of said Garrett County.

WHEREAS, by Chapter 201 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland at its session of 1886, the inhabitants of the town of Deer Park, Garrett County, Maryland, were constituted a body corporate by the name of "The Mayor and Common Council of Deer Park" and

WHEREAS, the said, The Mayor and Common Council of Deer Park, desiring to establish a small, public park in said town, purchased from said Daniel Annan and others a small portion of land in said town, containing about one-half of an acre, and on the 6th day of April, 1913, the said Daniel Annan and others executed and delivered to said Mayor and Common Council a deed for said land, and the purchase money therefor was paid; and

WHEREAS, there appears to be some question as to the power and authority of said municipality under its present charter to purchase and hold said land for said purpose without the sanction of the General Assembly of Maryland, and therefore this Act is enacted.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the purchase by the Mayor and Common Council of Deer Park from Daniel Annan and others of about one-half acre of land in said town, and the deed from the said Daniel Annan and others to the said, The Mayor and Common Council of Deer Park for said land, bearing date April 6th, 1913, and recorded in Liber No. 66 folio 429, one of the Land Records of Garrett County aforesaid, be and the same is hereby sanctioned confirmed and made valid, and the said, The Mayor and Common Council of Deer Park, be and it is hereby authorized and empowered to take and hold the land embraced and described in said deed, with power to sue for and defend same, to the same extent as if said body corporate was an individual.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall take effect on and from the first day of June, 1916.

CHAPTER NO.—

AN ACT to repeal Chapter 601 of the General Assembly of Maryland of 1914, entitled "An Act to provide for a License Tax on Dogs to create a fund to protect the sheep industry in Garrett County."

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Chapter 601 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland of 1914, entitled "An Act to provide for a license tax on dogs to create a fund to protect the sheep industry in Garrett County," be and the same is hereby repealed.

CHAPTER NO. 60

AN ACT to enable the qualified voters of Loch Lynn Heights, Garrett County, Maryland, to determine by ballot whether bonds in the sum not exceeding Fifteen Hundred Dollars ($1,500.00) shall be issued by the Mayor and Council of said Loch Lynn Heights for the purpose of completing the sewer system of said town.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the question of whether or not the Mayor and Council of Loch Lynn Heights, Garrett County, Maryland, shall issue bonds in the sum of not exceeding Fifteen Hundred Dollars ($1,500.00) for the purpose of completing a system of sewerage in said town, shall be submitted to the qualified voters thereof, at the regular election for town officers on the first Monday of May, 1916, and the ballot to be used at said election shall have printed thereon, in addition to the names of the candidates for town officers, the following, viz: "For the issue of bonds" and "Against the issue of bonds," and shall be counted and returned as other election returns are counted and made.

SEC. 2. And be it enacted, That the qualified voters of said town, desiring to vote on said question at said election, shall indicate their choice of said proposition for which they desire to register their vote.

SEC. 3. And be it enacted, That if it shall be found by the return of the judges of said election that a majority of the votes cast for and against the issue of said bonds, are for the issue of the same, then it shall be the duty of the said Mayor and Council of Loch Lynn Heights, and they are thereby authorized, directed and empowered to forthwith issue said bonds in the name of the Mayor and Council of Loch Lynn Heights, in a sum not exceeding Fifteen Hundred Dollars ($1,500.00), or so much thereof as may be necessary, for the purpose aforesaid; each of said bonds so issued, shall be for the sum of One Hundred Dollars ($100.00) bearing interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, interest payable semi-annually on the first day of September and the first day of March in each and every year that said bond shall run; said bonds shall be signed by the Mayor and attested by the Clerk with the seal of said town attached thereto; shall be payable as follows: One bond on the first day of September, 1917, and two bonds each year thereafter on the first day of September, until the entire issue of said bonds is taken up and redeemed; reserving the opinion to the Mayor and Council aforesaid, to take up and redeem at any interest period after five years any and all of said outstanding bonds running more than five years, at the face value thereof, with accrued interest; said bonds shall be exempt from all taxation for County and Municipal purposes.

SEC. 4. And be it enacted, That the Mayor and Council aforesaid are hereby authorized and empowered to negotiate, sell and dispose of said bonds, either at public auction or by sealed bids, after due notice of such sale shall be given through one of the newspapers published in Garrett County by at least two insertions of said notice in said paper before the day of sale, and said bonds, or any one of them, shall be made to the highest responsible bidder therefore the said Mayor and Council, reserving the right to reject any and all bids received for said bonds.

SEC. 5. And be it enacted, That if this Act is adopted by the voters of said town as aforesaid, then it shall be lawful for the Mayor and Council of said Loch Lynn Heights, and they are hereby autorized and empowered to complete and maintain said system of sewerage in said town, and to that end, are hereby authorized to make all necessary contracts to carry out the purposes and provisions of this Act, and they may either contract the whole of said improvement, or any part thereof, or may purchase the material and employ the necessary labor to complete said system by days labor, whichever in their judgment they may deem best.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That said Mayor and Council are hereby authorized and empowered to pass all such ordinances as may be necessary for the successful operation of said system of sewerage, by regulating the use and tapping of the same by the residents of said town, and the interference therewith by any and all persons; and they are hereby further authorized to fix and establish a rate of charge or charges for the use of said sewer, and the tapping thereof, by the residents of said town, and shall have the power to pass all such ordinances as may be necessary requiring the residents of said town, or the property owners thereof, to discontinue the use of all pit or surface closets used in said town, wherein fecal matter is permitted to accumulate.

SEC. 7. That in order to pay the interest on said bonds and to redeem said bonds as they shall fall due and payable, the said Mayor and Council are hereby authorized to levy upon the taxable property in said town, at their annual levy term, all such taxes as may be necessary for said purpose.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That the funds arising from the sale of said bonds shall be kept separate from all other funds belonging to said town, and shall only be used to carry out the provisions of this act, and all moneys paid out of said fund for the construction and completion of said sewer system shall be by check, signed by the Mayor of said town, and countersigned by the Clerk thereof, after said bill or account has been passed and ordered to be paid by the said Mayor and Council of said town.

SEC. 9. And be it enacted, That the Clerk of said town shall keep a book, in which shall be entered the sale of all bonds, the amount received therefor, to whom sold, the date when same was sold, and shall further enter therein an account showing the several items on which the fund arising from the sale of said bond was expended.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That this Act is an emergency law and necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health and safety, and having been passed by a yea and nay vote, supported by three-fifths of all the members elected to each of the two houses of the General Assembly, the same shall take effect from the date of its passage.

CHAPTER NO. —.

AN ACT to pay to the School Commissioners of Garrett County a sum of money out of the State school tax and to increase the minimum salaries.

WHEREAS, In view of the pressure of the present apportionment, especially upon Garrett County, of the State School Tax, and the inability, without larger increase of county taxation, to keep her schools open for seven and one-half (7½) months, and in view of the fact that the mountain ridges so divide the population of Garrett County, the largest county in the State in area, as to render school facilities for all the children more expensive than in more central parts of the State;

SECTION 1. Be it enacted in the General Assembly of Maryland, That the Comptroller of the Treasury be and he is hereby authorized and required to draw his warrant upon the Treasurer in favor of Garrett County School Board for the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000.00) per annum for two years, out of the proceeds of the State School Tax before making apportionment thereof; provided, however, that no portion of said four thousand dollars ($4,000.0) per annum, shall be used for any other purpose than for salaries and ordinary running expenses of said schools.

SEC. 2. Be it further enacted, That the Board of School Commissioners of Garrett County shall pay the school teachers of said County the sums of two hundred and fifty dollars ($250.00) and three hundred dollars ($300.00) as minimum salaries, instead of two hundred dollars ($200.00) and two hundred and fifty ($250.00) as at present, and Garrett County shall be exempt for a period of two years, from the provisions of Section 60 of Article 77 of the Code of Public General Laws of Maryland.

SEC. 3. And be it enacted, That this Act shall take effect from the first of June, 1916.

CHAPTER NO. 13.

AN ACT to repeal and re-enact with amendments Section 228 of Article 12 of the Code of Public Local Laws of Maryland, title "Garrett County," sub title "Wild Animals," and amended by Chapter 679 of the Acts of 1914.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Section 228 of Article 12, of the Public Local Laws of Maryland, title "Garrett County" sub-title "Wild Animals," be and the same is hereby repealed and re-enacted with amendments so as to read as follows:

SECTION 228. Any citizen of the State of Maryland, who shall kill any wolf, panther, wild cat, weasel, fox or hawk, within the limits of Garrett County, Maryland, shall be entitled to the following allowance, viz: For every wolf scalp the sum of $20.00, for every panther scalp the sum of $20.00, for every wild cat scalp the sum of $3.00, for every fox scalp the sum of $1.00, for every weasel scalp the sum of fifty cents.

SEC. 2. Be it enacted, That this Act shall take effect from the first day of June, 1916.

CHAPTER NO. 11.

AN ACT to repeal Section 27 of Article 12 of the Code of Public Local Laws, title Garrett County, sub-title, County Commissioners, as said section was amended and re-enacted by Chapter 475 of the Acts of 1890, and said section was repealed and re-enacted with amendments by the Acts passed at January Session 1904, Chapter 540, and said section was repealed and re-enacted with amendments by the Act passed at January Session 1906, Chapter 21, and to re-enact the same with amendments.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Section 37 of Article 12, of the Code of Public Local Laws, title Garrett County, sub-title, County Commissioners, as amended and re-enacted by Chapter 475 of the Acts of 1890, and as said section was repealed and re-enacted with amendments by the Acts passed at January Session 1904, Chapter 540, and the said section was repealed and re-enacted, with amendments by the Act passed at January Session 1906, Chapter 21, be and the same is hereby repealed, so as to read as follows:

That at the general election of county officers of Garrett county, to be held in said county, November, 1917, and every four years thereafter, a clerk to the Board of County Commissioners shall be elected by the qualified voters of said county, who shall hold office of clerk for the term of four years, from the time of his election and qualification or until his successor is elected and qualified, and shall be subject to removal from said office for any willful neglect of duty or misbehavior in office at any time by the County Commissioners of said county, who shall have power to appoint some competent person for the unexpired term of the clerk so removed; said clerk shall be paid for his services the sum of eight hundred dollars per annum, payable in monthly installments of $66.66, at the expiration of each and every month by the Treasurer of Garrett county from the funds of said county, and said clerk shall have full power to administer an oath or affirmation to any and all persons who is to be examined as a witness in any matter before the County Commissioners, and touching or relating to any account, bill or other matter, to be filed in the office of the said County Commissioners, and said salary of eight hundred dollars per annum shall be full compensation for all services required of said clerk, who shall keep the office of County Commissioners open from nine o'clock in the forenoon until four o'clock in the afternoon, and who shall attend therein for the transaction of business on every day of the week, except Sunday and legal holidays.

SEC. 2. And be it enacted, That this Act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

CHAPTER 176.

AN ACT to repeal and reenact with amendments Section 8 of Chapter 430 of the Acts of 1888, entitled "An Act to incorporate The Community of Mountain Lake Park.

SEC. 1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland. That Section 8 of Chapter 430 of the Acts of 1888, entitled "An Act to incorporate The Community of Mountain Lake Park," be and the same is hereby repealed and re-enacted with amendments, so as to read as follows:

SEC. 8 And be it enacted, That the said assessment and taxation shall be due and payable on the first day of October, next ensuing the making and adopting of the same by the Annual Meeting, provided for in this Act, and that a fair copy of said assessment and valuation shall be posted for at least fifteen days before the date of said Annual Meeting at two or three of the most public places at Mountain Lake Park, in the discretion of the Annual Committee. And a copy of such assessment and valuation shall be retained and posted in the office of the Superintendent of Mountain Lake Park, and open for the inspection of any lot-owner or interested party, at any time that they may desire to see the same. And any lot-holder or other person interested in any such valuation, feeling himself aggrieved by such assessment, shall have the right to file objections with the Annual Committee, or with the Superintendent of the Mountain Lake Park Association, in whose custody the same shall be kept and filed for inspection, and such person may obtain such modification of said assessment as shall, to said Annual Committee, seem just and right; provided that any such objections shall not be filed after the first of October, in the year in which said levy shall be made, unless for special cause made known to such Committee, who shall have the discretion at any time to hear and determine said objections, if they deem it proper to do so. If no objections shall be filed as aforesaid, or if said objections shall be by said Annual Committee overruled, then such assessment or such modification thereof as the said Annual Committee shall make, shall become fixed for the current year, and the said annual assessment upon such valuation shall become a first lien, bearing interest, upon the lot and improvements thereon so assessed as aforesaid, until paid; but leave is expressly reserved to any and all persons who may feel aggrieved at the action of the said Annual Committee on such assessments, to apply to the Circuit Court for Garrett County in Equity by bill or petition, and to obtain such relief in such manner, as said Court may decide upon hearing all the facts in connection with the question so raised. The lien aforesaid for said taxes shall be enforced against any lot and improvements at any time after the first day of January, succeeding the date of such levy, but no such proceedings to enforce such lien, shall be taken unless authorized by an ordinance adopted at the previous Annual Meeting of said Community; and the Bailiff or Tax Collector or Treasurer of said Community or either one of said officers, shall have all of the rights and powers for the collection and enforcement of said taxes, as are given the County Treasurer of Garrett County, under Chapter 566 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland, approved on the eighth day of April, 1890, and to the same extent as if the said Act was enacted in this amendment verbatim, unless the proceedings of such Treasurer or Collector shall be modified by ordinances, passed by the Annual Meeting, which body shall have the power at any time to modify or change the method of collection of said taxes.

LEVY LIST FOR 1916

Annual Levy for Garrett County, Maryland, levied on the 19th day of April, 1916, by the Board of County Commissioners for Garrett County, Maryland.

GENERAL ROAD LEVY

Election District No. 1, Swanton	$1,000 00
Election District No. 2, Selbysport	1,700 00
Election District No. 3, Grantsville	1,600 00
Election District No. 4, Bloomington	775 00
Election District No. 5, Accident	1,075 00
Election District No. 6, Sang Run	900 00
Election District No. 7, East Oakland	1,350 00
Election District No. 8, Ryans Glade	1,500 00
Election District No. 9, Johnsons	450 00
Election District No. 10, Deer Park	1,100 00
Election District No. 11, Elbow	750 00
Election District No. 12, Bittinger	700 00
Election District No. 13, Kitzmiller	750 00
Election District No. 14, Oakland	1,250 00
	$14,900 00

CORPORATIONS

Mayor and Council of Oakland	$1000 00
Mayor and Council of Deer Park	250 00
Mayor and Council of Loch Lynn	150 00
Mayor and Council of Kitzmiller, subject to order	300 00
Mayor and Council of Friendsville	300 00
Commissioners of Grantsville	150 00
Mountain Lake Park Community, subject to order	250 00
	$2400 00

CLERK CIRCUIT COURT.

E. Z. Tower, use Garrett National Bank	$800 00
E. Z. Tower, balance	901 57
	$1701 57

COURT FUND.

Estimate to pay expenses for September and December, 1916, and March and June Terms, 1917	$2405 00
Allegany County, for jurors and bailiffs in Garrett case	42 25
	$2447 25

ORPHANS COURT.

Estimate to pay judges, 1916	$468 48
E. E. Friend, Register of Wills	237 90
	$706 38

SHERIFF'S OFFICE.

Estimate to pay Sheriff's salary, jail cook, prisoners' board, &c., for the year, 1916, subject to order	$3500 00
Estimate to pay warden salary for the year 1916, subject to order	900 00
	$4400 00

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

To the Public School Commissioners for support of Grammar Schools	$38,457 00
To the Public School Commissioners for support of High Schools	6,543 00
	$45,000 00

PUBLIC PRINTING AND PUBILSHING.

Benj. H. Sincell, publishing and printing, use Garrett National Bank	$500 00
H. A. Rasche, manager, publishing and printing, use Garrett National Bank	350 00
	$850 00

ELECTION EXPENSES

Estimate to pay same for 1916	$4000 00

WEASEL, CAT AND FOX CERTIFICATES.

Estimate to pay same for 1916	$400 00

ALMSHOUSE AND ASYLUM FUND.

Estimate for 1916	$4000 00

STATE WITNESSES BEFORE J. P.

Estimate to pay same for 1916	$75 00

COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE

Estimate for County Commissioners	$1200 00
Walter G. Myers, clerk, balance	500 00
F. A. Thayer, attorney	150 00
	$1850 00

SPECIAL ROAD APPROPRIATIONS.

For Districts Nos. 7, 8, 10, 11, 13 and 14	$1800 00
For Districts Nos. 1, 3, 4, 9 and 12	1500 00
For Districts Nos. 2, 5 and 6	900 00
	$4200 00

BRIDGE ACCOUNTS.

Estimate for 1916	$3500 00
Deficiency in 1915 levy	476 35
	$3976 35

NEW ROADS.

Road Case No. 222.

Benj. F. Green, examiner, 1½ days	$3 00
Geo. W. Beeman, examiner, 1½ days	3 00
Bruce Blocher, examiner, 1½ days	3 00
A. F. Green, surveyor, 1½ days	8 00

Road Case No. 225.

J. S. Myers, examiner, 1 day	2 00
C. Q. Hook, examiner, 1 day	2 00
Wm. Uphold, chainman, 1 day	1 50
Jno. A. Burch, chainman, 1 day	1 50
Jefferson Burch, axeman, 1 day	1 50
Wm. H. H. Friend, surveyor, 1½ days	7 50

Road Case No. 227.

Virginia Kemmell, damages	14 40
Joseph B. Meese, damages	30 00
Mrs. Lawrence Means, damages	01
William H. Lohr, damages	01
J. B. Seats, damages	01
——Groves, damages	01

Road Case No. 228.

Charles H. O'Brien, damages	01
John I. O'Brien, damages	01
Charles S. Harvey, damages	60 00
Daisy Barnard, damages	01
Mitchel and Witworth, damages	01

Road Case No. 229.

C. J. Folk, examiner, 2 days	$4 00
Jacob Brenneman, examiner, 3 days	6 00
Charles J. Sechler, examiner, 3 days	6 00
P. C. Boucher, surveyor, 3 days	15 00
John Opel, chainman, 1 day	1 50
Frank Brenneman, chainman, 1 day	1 50
Ben Buttler, damages	1 00
Simon Burkholder, damages,	50
Joe Durst, damages	50
Sincell, Thayer and Mitchell, damages,	50
Noah Bittinger, damages,	150 00
Paul Beachy, damages,	15 00

Road Case No. 230.

James R. Russell, damages,	01
Wm. Ross, damages	01
John Green, damages,	01
Archibald Russell, damages,	01
Mrs. Noah Neat, damages,	01

Road Case No. 232.

P. H. Rodeheaver, examiner, 1 day	$2 00
John Brenneman, examiner, 1 day	2 00
David Enlow, examiner, 1 day	2 00
Alexander C. Mason, surveyor 1½ days	7 50

Road case No. 233.

George W. Weitzell, examiner, 2 days	4 00
John Brenneman, examiner, 2 days	4 00
George Glotfelty, examiner, 2 days	4 00
Alexander C. Mason, surveyor, 1 day	5 00
John W. and Robert Garrett, damages	1 00

Road Case No. 234.

J. B. Cheuvront, examiner, 1½ days	3 00
Roy O. Winters, examiner, 1½ days	3 00
E. E. Sollars, examiner, 1½ days	3 00
A. C. Mason, surveyor, 1½ days	7 50
C. B. Johnson, et al, damages,	75 00
Perry Davis, damages,	01
J. H. McRobie, damages,	01
B. F. Westlake, damages,	01
Lee Hogue, damages,	01
Lucretia Hogue, damages,	01
John Gnagey, damages,	10 00
S. L. Townshend, heirs,	01
Nellie Turley, damages,	01
Mattie Alexander, damages,	01
J. R. Bishop, estate, damages	10
L. J. Brown, damages,	50 00
W. E. Crane, damages,	01

Road Case No. 236.

W. M. Fike of A. M., examiner, 3 days	6 00
W. W. Schlossnagle, examiner, 3 days	6 00
Kimmell Frazee, examiner, 3 days	6 00
Charles Harrison, axeman, 1½ days	3 00
Jasper Myers, axeman, ½ day	75
Walter Humberson, axeman, ½ day	75
Hiram Humberson, flagman, 2½ days	3 75
Albert Frazee, chainman, 1½ days	2 25
Ed Dixon, chainman, 2½ days,	3 75
George Hileman, chainman, 1 day	1 50
Norval Speelman, surveyor, 4 days	20 00

Road Case No. 237.

S. J. Thomas, examiner, 2 days	4 00
Thomas E. Bishoff, examiner, 1½ days	3 00
Asa B. Friend, examiner, 1½ days	3 00
L. H. Johnson, flagman, ½ day,	75
John H Burch, chainman, ½ day	75
Cleve Sisler, chainman, ½ day,	75
Wm. H. H. Friend, surveyor, 2 days	10 00

Road Case No. 239.

Lewis Broadwater, examiner, 1 day	2 00
Ernest Q. Michael, examiner, 1 day	2 00
J. O. Wilhelm, examiner, 1 day	2 00
Geo. B. Brown, chainman, 1 day	1 50
——Groves, chainman, 1 day	1 50
P. C. Boucher, surveyor,	5 00
Elias Arnold, damages,	100 00

Road Case No. 240.

C. W. Friend, examiner, 1 day	2 00
S. K. Frazee, examiner, 1 day	2 00
W. F. Myers, examiner, 1 day	2 00
James Spear, chainman, 1 day	1 50
Hiram Humberson, chainman, 1 day	1 50
Elijah Myers, axeman, 1 day	1 50
Foster Rumbaugh, axeman, 1 day	1 50
George Hileman, axeman, 1 day	1 50
H. M. Rumbaugh, flagman, 1 day	1 50
Norval Speelman, surveying, &c., 2 days	10 00
William Lohr, for new road work, use Garrett National Bank	59 88
James Lish, for new road work, use G. W. Weitzell	298 26
Echard Landon & Co., for State Aid Road work, use Garrett National Bank	1899 48
Estimate to complete State Aid Road	6220 00
State Aid Road, deficiency in 1915	3408 22
New Roads, estimate for 1916	7200 00
New Roads, deficiency in 1915	523 44
	$20,356 40

ATTORNEYS' FEES.

J. C. Renninger, State's Attorney	$1280 00
F. A. Thayer, 8 misdemeanors 3 felonies	70 00
William R. Offutt, 3 misdemeanors, 11 felonies	30 00
E. R. Jones, 3 misdemeanors, 1 felony,	25 00
G. S. Hamill, 1 misdemeanor, 1 feloyn,	15 00
E. H. Sincell, ½ felony,	5 00
Asa T. Matthews, 1 felony	10 00
D. L. Sloan, fee in Garrett case	25 00
	$1460 00

COURT HOUSE BONDS.

To pay bonds Nos. 81 to 90	$5000 00
To pay interest from Aug., to July 31, 1917	1400 00
	$6400 00

MAGISTRATES' FEES.

J. F. Friend, District No. 1, use First National Bank of Oakland	$16 40
L. C. Fike, District No. 2	4 80
Rufus Enlow, District No. 6	29 95
W. D. Hoye, District No. 10	14 40
Geo. B. Brown, District No. 11	3 75
G. M. Pool, District No. 13	71 30
J. C. Dunham, (estate) District No. 14	2 65
R. L. Fries, District No. 14	20 70
	$163 95

CONSTABLES' FEES.

Geo. J. Vansickle, District No. 2, use G. W. Weitzell	$22 85
Leonard Lytle, District No. 2	6 35
R. Schlossnagle, District No. 3	15 80
Walter Coddington, District No. 5	4 50
S. J. Thomas, District No. 6	26 50
H. H. Junkins, District No. 7, (special) use Garrett National Bank of Oakland	3 40
Thomas Callis, District No. 7	39 11
F. C. Browning, District No. 10, use the First National Bank of Oakland	6 40
Geo. J. Walters, District No. 10, (special) use C. A. Beachy	3 25
Stanley M. Jacobs, District No. 11,	8 25
George Groves, District No. 11, (special)	4 01
L. B. Friend, District No. 14, use First National Bank of Oakland	16 10
	$185 62

SUPERVISORS OF ASSESSMENTS.

Geo. W. Legge, Jr., estimate for 1916, salary, subject to order	$1000 00

OUTSIDE PENSIONERS.

Mary M. Gibbs, support of Nancy Vansickle and daughter, subject to order	$150 00
Simon Nair, support of himself, subject to order	60 00
J. C. Keys, support of himself and wife, subject to order	120 00
Jno. A. Williams, support of Mary Kisner, subject to order	120 00
W. C. Jones, support of Geo. Woods, subject to order	60 00
James McKenzie, support of Henry C. Brown, subject to order	96 00
Elizabeth Wilt, support of herself, subject to order	60 00
Arthur Townshend, support of Mrs. Craver, subject to order	60 00
Nathan Knox, support of Henry Knox, subject to order	50 00
Garrett Moon, support of himself and family, subject to order	60 00
Edward Harvey, support of himself, subject to order	60 00
Estimate to pay others	400 00
	$1296 00

VITAL STATISTICS.

J. W. Callis	$2 10
Dr. H. M. Kemp	10 08
William A. Murphy	3.25
Samuel Sines	1 25
Albert Baker	4 20
J. B. Emory	8 40
N. H. Casteel	4 58
John L. Richter	29 75
L. C. Bray	25 65
Thomas J. Crowe	10 45
Mark S. White	56 00
Robert Lathrum	5 00
Henry Baker	35 70
Dr. N. I. Broadwater, use H. L. Jones	202 50
H. L. Jones	29 55
Dr. E. E Sollars	1 93
Geo. B. Brown	7 43
I. W. Abernathy	15 70
	$456 52

FOREST FIRE ACCOUNTS.

Estimate for 1916	$400 00

DISTRICT ASSESSORS.

J. F. Friend, District No. 1	7 57
J. Milton Fike, District No. 2	8 62
Henry Barnard, District No. 4	5 67
Silas Teats, District No. 5	9 00
Josephus Ferguson, District No. 6	6 83
Jonas Yutzy, District No. 8	71 61
I. A. Paugh, District No. 10	4 80
J. B. Emory, District No. 12	2 13
L. C. Bray, District No. 13	26 77
A. L. Sines, District No. 14	31 71
	$174 71

MISCELLANEOUS ACCOUNTS.

Adam Hetrick, taxes paid in error	$22 28
Clenden Detective Agency of Charleston, W. Va., for services of one operative and expenses (ordered by July Grand Jury) use Garrett National Bank	172 85
Dr. N. I. Broadwater, health officer	100 00
Dr. N. I. Broadwater, physician to jail	100 00
Dr. N. I. Broadwater, examination of insane, etc.	61 55
Oscar Notes, janitor, subject to order	547 50
The Northern Natural Gas Co., estimate, subject to order	450 00
Mayor and Council of Oakland, estimate for water, subject to order	100 00
Oakland Electric Co., estimate for light, subject to order	100 00
Co-operative Laboratory of Garrett and Allegany counties, subject to order	240 00
Dr. H. W. McComas, for professional services	170 00
E. R. Jones, for detective services, use First National Bank, Oakland	125 00
E. R. Jones, for detective balance	75 00
J. I. Case Threshing Machine Co., for 1 10 ton roller, stone crusher, two road machines, etc., subject to order	3471 40
A. C. Mason, surveys on roads	28 00
The Austin Western Road Machinery Co., road machine repairs	82 00
The Falconer Company, blank books, etc., for Clerk Court	307 17
D. E. Bolden, coffins for paupers, etc.	93 28
Oakland Pharmacy, medicine for jail, paupers, etc.,	68 27
Dr. H. M. Kemp, professional service rendered George Paugh family (quarantined)	30 00
James D. Hamill, stationary for court house, etc.	31 53
William Trenters, guarding quarantined houses at Kempton, use L. J. Lanich	33 00
Corlies, Macy & Co., blank books, etc.	233 88
W. E. Shirer, supplies for jail	6 30
Samuel Sines, repairs to road machine	5 75
Underwood Typewriter Co., balance due on Typewriter for R. of W.	59 25
George Geissman, coal furnished paupers, etc.	14 70
A. G. Sturgiss, medicine for jail	2 00
Gonders Pharmacy, antitoxin for health officer	24 85
E. G. Naylor, repairs for road machine	65 86
Garrett County Telephone Company phone rent	39 10
A. D. Naylor & Co., Plumbing etc.	217 95
Echard Landon & Co., dump wagons	250 00
The Galion Iron Works, Mfg. Co., Road Graders	650 00
J. M. Davis & Sons, supplies for jail	4 10
Home Sanitorium, care of paupers,	266 00
Dr. H. H. Carr, service rendered Mrs. Roy Nair	50 00
	$8288 57

TREASURER'S OFFICE

J. W. Kimmell, Commission on County tax	$2070 07
J. W. Kimmell, Commission on State Tax	538 54
	$2608 61

CONTINGENT FUND

Estimates for discounts, insolvencies, etc.	$4307 59

RECAPITULATION

General Road Levy	$14,900 00
Corporations	2400 00
Clerk Circuit Court	1701 57
Court Fund	2447 25
Orphan's Court	706 38
Sheriff Office	4400 00
Public Schools	45000 00
Public Printing and Publishing	850 00
Election expenses	4000 00
Weasel & Cat & Fox certificates	400 00
Alms House and Asylum fund	4000 00
State witnesses before J. P.	75 00
Commissioners Office	1850 00
Special Road Appropriation	4200 00
Bridge account	3976 35
New Roads	20,356 40
Attorneys Fees	1460 00
Court House Bonds	6400 00
Magistrates Fees	163 95
Constables Fees	185 62
Supervisors of Assessment	1000 00
Out side pensioners	1296 00
Vital Statistics	456 52
Forest fire Account	400 00
District Assessors	174 71
Miscellaneous Account	8288 57
Treasurers Office	2608 61
Contingent fund	4307 59
	$138,004 52

To pay the aforegoing amounts it was ascertained that the resources of the county as shown by the assessment books as follows:

Real and tangible personal property, $11,165,193.00, at $1.19 on each $100,	$132,865 80
Bank shares to be returned by the State Tax Commission. (Estimated) $300,000.00 at $1.00 on each $100.00,	3,000.00
Intangible personal property, $712,907.00 at 30 cents on each $100.00,	2,138.72
Total amount for County purposes	$138 004.52
After deducting $391,985.00 for corporations paying direct to the State Treasurer, leaves the basis on real and tangible personal property, $70,773,208.00 at 32½ cents on each $100.00	$34,833 34
Intangible personal property, $712,907.00, at 15 cents on each $100.00	1,069.36
Total amount for State purposes	$35,902.70

W. G. MEYERS, Clerk.

ORDER NISI.

No. 2014 Equity In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Maggie W. Thayer, vs. Ira W. Hardesty.

Ordered, this 24th day of April, in the year 1916, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in Equity, that the sale made and reported in the above cause by Fred. A. Thayer, attorney named in the mortgage, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 26th day of May, 1916; provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Garrett County, once a week for three successive weeks before the 19th day of May, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $200.06.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy. Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

J. W. Whorton & Son
CONTRACTING
PLASTERERS
Only the Best Material Used.
Best Grade of Wall Plaster on hand at all times.
CONCRETE WORK
of All Kinds.
All Work Guaranteed.
OAKLAND, - MARYLAND.

The New
BRISCOE
Is Here

Two Great Models

A New Four $750—A New Eight $950

Beauty—Comfort—Price

The new Briscoe Four is an exceptional car. More stylish than ever, roomier and more powerful.

Ownership of the Briscoe fosters pride. While low-priced, it is first-class in construction, stylish in appearance, and makes you feel at home in the most select company.

It's here now—come and see it

The best designed car in its class

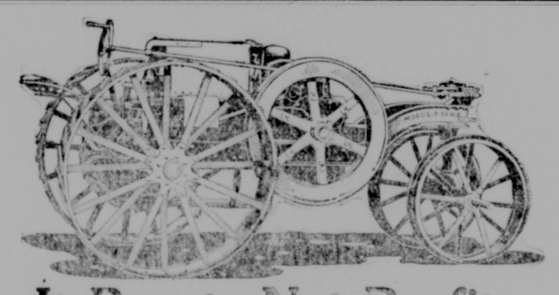
It's the best designed car in its class — most carefully made, too. Looks hundreds of dollars more than it costs. It has a 114-inch wheelbase—roomy 5-passenger body—Q. D. rims and 32-inch Ajax tires—38 h. p. motor with three-bearing crankshaft—cantilever springs and everything in the way of electrical equipment.

Unique features of the Briscoe Eight include overhead valves with cylinders and upper half of crankcase in a single casting, insuring perfect piston travel and bearing alignment. Valve tappets are quickly adjustable from top.

See this distinctive car

Ride in it. Test it in any way you wish. You will find the Briscoe offers most in the way of power, comfort and style.

The Inter-State Motor Co.
FRIENDSVILLE, MD.



It Boosts Net Profits

WE have already told you that a Mogul 8-16 kerosene tractor does certain necessary and important farm work cheaper and better than horses can do it. One of the reasons is that it burns kerosene, which is cheaper than either gasoline or horse fuel. Another is that it doesn't get tired, but does just as much work in the last hour of a hard day as it does in the first, after working steadily all day long.

Put out of your head any idea that this tractor is not for you. It is. It offers you the best and quickest way to cut down your expenses and so increase your net profits. Come in and see the Mogul 8-16, and let's talk it over.

The H. Weber & Sons Co.
Oakland, Md.

HAVE YOU HEARD THE
Aeolian Vocalion?

Come in and let us play your favorite selection on this wonderful new Phonograph

A full line of Columbia Records

Aeolian Vocalions sold on monthly payments.

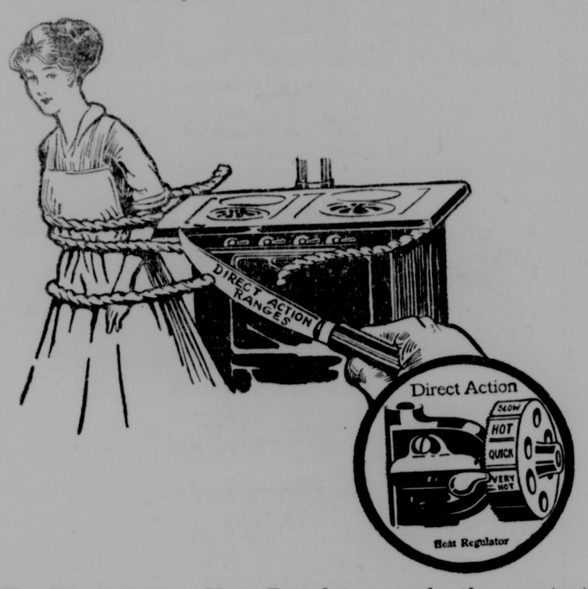
STURGISS' PHARMACY

Representing Morrison Music Co., Cumberland.

The Republican--Garrett Co.'s Paper.

Let Us Cut Your Bonds

Go out and enjoy the beautiful afternoon—Supper will be ready to serve when you return.



The Direct Action Heat Regulator marks the greatest advance in gas cookery since gas was first used as a fuel

ADVANTAGES OF THE REGULATOR ARE :

Removes all the guess work from baking. You can obtain any oven temperature you want by the simple setting of a marked wheel valve. You can repeat any oven temperature to the degree, as often as you desire. You can maintain any oven temperature, hours, even days, as you like. It saves your gas—prevents waste by overheating. It saves food—as expensive bakings are never spoiled because of faulty oven temperature. It automatically takes care of change of gas pressure.

This device gives double value to your gas range. It makes it cook as a gas range better than any other gas range, and it also enables you to deplicate the work of the best fireless cooker. For sale by

W. E. SHIRER,

OAKLAND, MD.

$750.00
Baby Grand
Touring

$550.00
With Electric Lights
Self-Starter.

CHEVROLET

The car of lowest upkeep. The climax of comfort, speed and power---for a price that fits the purse of every man.

Phone to-day---ride tomorrow.

A full line of parts just received, and will have same constantly on hand.

JOHN J. SWEENEY, Dealer,
Oakland, Md.

The Lutheran Church

SECOND STREET, OAKLAND

Sunday School, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

B. H. SINCELL, Superintendent.

Men's Brotherhood Class, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

REV. BREMER, Teacher.

We cordially invite all men not already enrolled in some school to study the Bible with this class.

Morning Worship, 10.45 o'Clock.

The sincere christian will be found in God's House at the regular appointed hours of worship and the only kind of excuse worth while is the kind that Almighty God will accept.

Luther League, 7.00 o'Clock P. M.

Topic—"The Hardest Prayer."
Leader—RALPH ROBINSON

Evening Worship, 8.00 o'Clock.

All strangers in the city and friends of the church are invited to worship with us.

O. A. BREMER, Pastor.

—The above was prepared by the pastor and the advertisement is authorized and paid for by one interested in church work.

I have a number of watches in my possession left with F. G. Hyde for repairs. Those claiming the watches who will call at my office and identify the same and pay the charges for repairs can claim them.

WM. R. OFFUTT, Trustee.
Attorney, Garrett National Bank Bl'dg.
12 2t

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The First National Bank

AT OAKLAND,

In the State of Maryland, at the close of business, May 1, 1916.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$269,019 07
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	50,000 00	
U. S. bonds pledged to secure U. S. deposits (par value)	1,000 00	
Premium on U. S. bonds	800 00	51,800 00
Stocks, other than Federal Reserve Bank stock		1,375 00
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve bank	$4,800.00	
Less amount unpaid	$2,400.00	2,400 00
Value of banking house (if unencumbered)		39,821 90
Furniture and fixtures		3,175 29
Real estate owned other banking house		2,500 00
Net amount due from Federal Reserve bank		6,521 50
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in New York, Chicago, and St. Louis	2,985 73	
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in other reserve cities	37,371 01	40,356 74
Net amount due from banks and bankers (other than above)		1,645 48
Other checks on banks in the same city or town as reporting bank		535 37
Fractional currency, nickels and cents		285 21
Notes of other national banks		203 00
Coin and certificates		12,361 90
Redemption fund with U.S.Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		2,500 00
Total		$434,500 46

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		50,000 00
Surplus fund		30,000 00
Undivided profits	8,068 47	
Less current expenses, interest and taxes paid	5,266 50	2,801 97
Circulating notes outstanding		50,000 00
Net amount due to banks and bankers (other than above)		1,068 98
Dividends unpaid		12 00
Demand deposits—		
Individual deposits subject to check		128,888 99
Certified checks		2,000 00
Cashier's checks outstanding		1,047 66
United States deposits		1,000 00
Total demand deposits	$132,936.65	
Time deposits (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice)—		
Certificates of deposit		1,200 00
Other time deposits		166,480 80
Total of time deposits	$167,680 80	
Total		$434,500 46

State of Maryland, County of Garrett.

I, R. E. SLIGER, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

R. E. SLIGER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of May, 1916.

WALTER W. DAWSON, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: FRED. A. THAYER,
D. M. DIXON,
E. H. SINCELL,
Directors.

LEON

Will make the season of 1916 as follows, beginning May 13th.

On Saturdays then thereafter on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday of each week at the Mill Stable of Andrew W. Helbig in Oakland. Other days at my home.

TERMS—$12 with foal, money due when mare is known to be with foal; $15 to insure a colt 5 days old. A lien on colt until paid for. Partirs coming from a distance to my farm will not be charged for meals or horse feed.

I will have a car of Fertilizer on the siding at Oakland on or after May 20th. Please send your orders in for what you want so that I can notify you upon arrival of the car.

D. J. SWARTZENTRUBER.

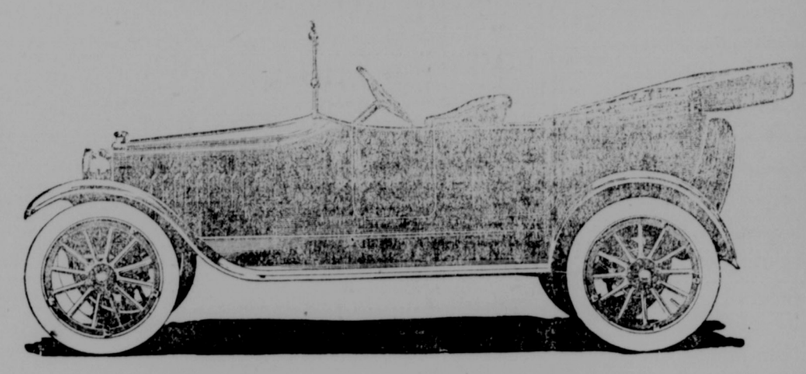
Buster Brown Shoes

Your children's feet need shoes that give them freedom of action—free from hurt or pain. Buster Brown Shaping Lasts are so fashioned that their tender feet will remain free from blemish. When you get these features combined with good style and long wearing qualities, you have a perfect children's shoe, or in other words, a Buster Brown Shoe.

For Sale by
SHAFFER&BUSH
Oakland, Md.

SAXON "SIX"

big touring car for five people



Dramatic Editor of New York Journal Praises his Saxon "Six."

I have been driving a Saxon "Six" for the past month, and wish to offer an unsolicited recommendation.

To begin with, I own a seven-passenger car and have owned $5,000 cars for the past seven years. It is a remarkable fact, but I have never had any desire to operate a car myself, and have always employed a chauffeur. When I bought the Saxon "Six" I took one lesson, and then went forth in the "City of Gasoline" as my own chauffeur.

The car itself is a masterpiece in mechanism. It answers every call of the foot and hand. In short, it runs itself.

When you are stopped by traffic, and you want to start, it is off so fast, you are compelled to hold it back. Going up a hill, is the same as coasting down one. In appearance, no car for the money can approach it. When you pass others, whether they are in autos, or are walking on the street, they look upon this six-cylinder wonder in admiration, and only pass the most pleasing remarks.

Every man that owns a big car should own a Saxon "Six," and operate it himself to and from his office. Of course, it is hard to convince some men that they could run a car, but, if they tried once, it would settle tne question.

I consider the Saxon "Six" a wonderful purchase for the money.

C. F. ZITTEL, Dramatic Editor, New York Journal.

For a Demonstration of this wonderful car, call at Liller's Barber shop or Kelly's Livery, Oakland.

LILLER & KELLY, Agents

OAKLAND, MD.

REPORT OF CONDITION OF

The First National Bank,

AT KITZMILLERVILLE,

In the State of Maryland, at the close of business, May 1, 1916.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$102,782 93
Overdrafts, unsecured		18 47
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)		24,000 00
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged		8,603 85
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve bank	2,500.00	
Less amount unpaid	1,150.00	1,150 00
Value of banking house (if unencumbered)		7,000 00
Furniture and fixtures		4,567 00
Net amount due from Federal Reserve bank		2,091 18
Net amount due from approved reserve agents New York, Chicago and St. Louis	44 24	
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in other reserve cities	10,992 20	11,036 44
Net amount due from banks and bankers (other than above)		111 60
Outside checks and other cash items	300 42	
Fractional currency, nickles, and cents	171 49	471 91
Notes of other national banks		140 00
Lawful money reserve in bank—		
Coin and certificates		6,313 10
Redemption fund with U.S.Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		1,249 50
Total		$170,526 58

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		25,000 00
Surplus fund		10,011 6
Undivided profits	2,371 66	
Less current expenses, interest and taxes paid	1,697 07	674 59
Circulating notes outstand		24,490 00
Net amount due to banks and bankers (other than above)		72 00
Dividends unpaid		24 00
Demand deposits—		
Individual deposits subject to check		39,168 66
Certified checks		15 00
Cashier's Checks out standing		186 61
Total demand deposits	39,370 27	
Time deposits (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice).		
Other time deposits		65,884 03
Total of time deposits	65,884 03	
Bills payable, including obligations representing money borrowed		5,000 00
Total		$170,526 58

State of Maryland, County of Garrett.

I, G. B. M. KEPLER, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

G. B. M. KEPLER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 11th day of May, 1916.

GEO J. POOL, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: F. G. TROUT,
D. F. FICHTNER,
G. B. PEW,
Directors.

TRUSTEE'S SALE

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate

Situate In Garrett County

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a Deed of Trust executed to the undersigned Trustee by Mary A. Wilson and George M. Wilson, her husband, default having occured in the terms of said trust, said Deed of Trust being dated the 3rd day of September, 1902, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 41, folio 554, &c., one of the Mortgage Records of Garrett County, the undersigned will on

SATURDAY

the 10th day of June, 1916,

in front of the Court House in the town of Oakland, Maryland, at the hour of two o'clock P. M. of said day offer at public auction to the highest bidder all the following real estate, situate, lying and being in Garrett county and described as follows:

All that lot of ground situate, lying and being as aforesaid, which is known and designated as a part of Military Lot Number 973, containing the quantity of four and three sixteenth acres and being the same lot of ground which was conveyed to the said Mary A. Wilson by deed from Richard Reams et. ux., dated the 3rd day of September, 1902, and duly recorded among the Land Records of Garrett county, Maryland.

Said property is improved by a good dwelling house, orchard and other necessary outbuildings, and is all under fence.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on the day of sale, but if any responsible buyer takes the property I can arrange for the payment of one-third cash on the day of sale and the balance in two equal installments in one and two years from date by the purchaser executing a mortgage on the property for the deferred payments, and notes with security.

G. SEMMES HAMILL,
Trustee.

The man Who Makes

A STUDY OF HIS

APPEARANCE

Is the man who best appreciates the detail of the tailoring we turn out The workmanship passes without a question, the fit is naturally a matter of course, but the shape we mould into the garments give them a character that finishes them off and makes the satisfaction of the owner complete.

All this is a bid for your next tailoring order. We know we can make you the best clothes you ever wore We want you to know it. That orde s the best and only sure way to settle he question.

JAMES BROCK,
Dixon Building,
Oakland, Maryland.

Order Nisi.

C. A. Beachy, Treasurer of Garrett County, Maryland vs. Clyde B. Moore.

No. 271, Miscellaneous Docket. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County Maryland.

Ordered, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland, this 6th day of May, 1916, that the tax sale made and reported in the above entitled case by C. A. Beachy, Treasurer of Garrett county, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 14th day of June, 1916; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 7th day of June, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $29.98.

ROBERT R. HENDERSON.
True copy, Test: E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

ORDER NISI.

C. A. Beachy, Treasurer of Garrett county, Maryland vs. Geo. D. Browning, L. E. Friend and R. C. McCandlish.

No. 270, Miscellaneous Docket In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Ordered by the Circuit Court for Garrett county, Maryland, this 6th day of May, 1916, that the tax sale made and reported in the above entitled case by C. A. Beachy, Treasurer of Garrett county, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 14th day of June, 1916, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 3rd day of June, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $29.98.

ROBERT R. HENDERSON.
True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Examiner's Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, appointed by the County Commissioners of Garrett county, to view the lands through which a proposed new road is to be located, beginning for the same at or near the mouth of Laurel Run and running thence through the lands of the Empire Coal Company, the Western Maryland Coal Company, the Monroe Coal Company, to intersect the county road leading from Frankville to the Watson wheel house, at or near the Chestnut Grove school house, and examine whether the said road should be made, will meet on the 22nd day of May, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said road, and if so to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

JACOB STUMP,
WILLIAM A. MICHAEL,
ERWIN FAZENBAKER,
Examiners.

published first time May 11, 1916.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters Testamentry on the estate of

CHARLES C. MOODY

late of Garrett County, Md., deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 4th day of November, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 4th day of May, 1916.

WM. G. HENDERSON,
501 F. St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

THE REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME 41. OAKLAND, MARYLAND THURSDAY, MAY 25, 1916. NUMBER 13

O. H. S. NOTES.

ws From The Oakland Temple Of Learning.

The following students have made not less than 80 per cent in each subject studied and not less than 95 per cent in deportment for the school month ending May 26:

1st Year Class, Katherine Barnhouse, Winona Jones, Rachel Long, Elizabeth Mitchell, Icie Schoch, Ellen Smouse, Nellie Schmidt, Ralph Davis, Herschel Harvey, Carlton Hinebaugh, Morgan Hinebaugh, Wyant McRobie, Townshend Naylor, Ralph Robinson, Robert Scott, 2d. Year Class, Reva Davis, Eva Falkenstein, Lorena Falkenstein, Frances Miller, Mary Naylor, Margaret Sincell, Victor Harvey, Edward Scott. 3d Year Class, Mildred Dixon, Pauline Jones, Carrie Mann, Beulah Ralston, Winifred Weimer, Charles Garrett, Julius Littman, Felix Robinson. 4th Year Class, Norine Ault, Clara Bush, Mabel Falkenstein, Margaret Slabaugh, Carrie Thrasher, Mildred Thrasher, Edward Lewis.

The Home Economics Department of the school has been a very busy place during the past school term. In addition to the regular domestic art work, millinery was introduced into the curriculum. This work was taken up with much enthusiasm. The girls of the Senior class have completed their graduating dresses. Their dresses are inexpensive, yet dainty. All of them were planned at a cost of not more than six dollars. An exhibition of the work of the department had been planned, but because of the removal to the Grammar School building, this plan was given up.

FIFTH ANNUAL COMMENCEMENT OF THE OAKLAND HIGH SCHOOL MAY 25TH, AT THE MARYLAND THEATRE.

Program.

Music.....Oakland Orchestra
Invocation.....Rev. John H. Howard
Vocal Solo "Haymakers" Miss Orpah Ashby, Accompanist Mr. Dwight Townshend.
Salutatory.....Mildred Thrasher
Piano Duet "Blau Weise Walse" Julius Littman and Ross Isenberg
Valedictory "Books as Companions" Carrie Thrasher
Vocal Solo "Youth" Miss Bess Hinebaugh, Accompanist, Mr. Dwight Townshend
Address Dr. M. Bates Stephens, Superintendent of Public Instruction of Maryland
Music.....Oakland Orchestra
Presentation of Diplomas Dr. M. Bates Stephens
Benediction.....Rev. O. A. Bremer

Class Rool

Academic

Martha Norine Ault
Clara Ruth Bush
Mabel Leighton Falkenstein
Annie Louise Harned
Mary Frances Sincell
Margaret Catherine Slabaugh
Carrie Elizabeth Thrasher
Mildred Gladys Thrasher

Commercial

Edward C. Lewis
Donald U. Maffett
Julia Agnes Rowan

A certificate of merit is awarded to the student who has the highest general average in his class and to each one who has been neither tardy nor absent during the school term. Highest Average: 1st year, Nellie Schmidt, 95 per cent.; 2nd year, Eva Falkenstein 93; 3d year, Winifred Weimer 93; 4th year, Carrie Thrasher 96. Neither tardy nor absent: 1st year, Fanny Newman; 2d year, Mary Naylor; 4th year, Louise Harned, Mabel Falkenstein.

Honorable Mention: The following students have a general average of not less than 90 per cent. 1st year, Ralph Robinson, Icie Schoch, Winona Jones, Herschel Harvey; 2d year, Mary Naylor, Lorina Falkenstein; 3d year, Pauline Jones, Carrie Mann, Felix Robinson; 4th year, Mildred Thrasher, Edward Lewis, Clara Bush.

A certificate of proficiency in type writing is awarded to each student writing forty words per minute for ten minutes on the Underwood type writer according to International Contest rules: Julius Littman, 47; Gerald Tanner, 43; Donald Maffett, 42.

Faculty: Miss May Arnold, Miss Myrtle Breyfogle, Charles H. Collison, Miss Daisy Hanna, H. A. Loraditch, Miss Mabel Stewart, C. Edward Bender, principal.

MEMORIAL DAY.

Graves Will Be Decorated Tuesday, May 30th.

Crooks Post. G. A. R. will assemble in front of Col. Sturgiss' residence on Alder street, at 10:00 A. M. May 30th and proceed to the cemetery to decorate the graves of our departed comrades.

Contributions of flowers will be thankfully received.

All citizens and school children are invited to participate with us.

Those having automobiles and wish to join in the procession and can accommodate the few remaining comrades of the Post, too infirm to walk to the cemetery, will confer a favor.

Camp No. 14 Sons of Veterans will act as an escort and take charge of the children in the line, who will decorate the graves with flowers, under the direction of the Sons of Veterans.

By order of the Post.

E. J. M. BUTTON, Vice Com.

J. A. HAYDEN, Adjutant.

SUMMER SCHOOL NOTES.

Interesting Items Concerning the Session That Opens Next Week.

The Model or Demonstration School that will be conducted in connection with the Garrett County Summer School, will open next Monday morning, May 29th, for half-day sessions for a term of five weeks, to which no tuition fee will be charged. The school will be in charge of a most competent instructor, Miss Patience Williams, of Cumberland, Maryland. Parents and guardians are being invited to send their children who next school year will be in the first second or third grades.

The special instruction in penmanship, announced in the summer school folder, will begin at the same time—Monday morning, May 29th, and will continue for one week, to be given by Miss Bertha A. Conner, of New York City. All teachers should make a special effort to be present that week in order to secure the complete advantage of this course of instruction in penmanship.

Sermon To Graduates.

The annual sermon before the graduates of the Oakland High School was delivered last Sunday evening in St. Matthew's Protestant Episcopal Church by the Rector, Rev. A. D. Appleton. The text chosen was from Philippians 3, 13-14, and read thus: "Brethren, I count not myself to have apprehended: but this one thing I do, forgetting those things which are behind, and reaching forth unto those things which are before, I press toward the mark . . . ." The sermon followed the line of thought suggested by the three V's - vision, venture, victory. A large number of people was present who enjoyed the well-appointed services.

For Sale Cheap.

On account of poor health I offer for sale at a bargain my farm of 40 acres located at Altamont. The land is well watered and is excellent for grazing. Improved by new dwelling, and new outbuildings. Well set orchard and tenant house. G. J. WALTER,
Advertisement, Altamont, Md.

THE DEATH RECORD.

JONAS A. SPEICHER.

Early Saturday morning, at his home at Accident, this county, Jonas A. Speicher departed this life, surrounded by his family and near relatives. Mr. Speicher had been seriously ill for only one week. He was aged forty four years, seven months and twenty-seven days and is survived by his aged parents, his widow and nine children and his four brothers. Senator Harvey J. Speicher, is the elder brother. The interment took place at the family lot, at the church of the Brethren near Accident on Monday at 10 a. m. The services were conducted by Elder Isaac Abernathy, a life long friend of the family who used the text from Revelation XIV:13. The attendance at the funeral was the largest in the history of the community. The people came from adjoining states and from all parts of the county. Mr. Speicher was a member of the Church of the Brethren from boyhood. He was superintendent of the Sunday school and a faithful attendant at the church services. He was beloved by all who knew him and his death is a loss to the community in which he lived. He will be missed not only in the home circle and in the church but as well in the public walks of life.

The deepest sympathy of the community are with the aged parents of the deceased, Mr. and Mrs. John P. Speicher, his widow and children and his brothers, Harvey J., Henry M., William A., and J. Mahlon. The deceased grew to manhood on his father's farm, and at the early age of 18 he became a school teacher in the public schools of the county and to this work gave many years of his life, taking a high position as a successful teacher. His life is an incitement to the young men to live in this life with a view of the life to come.

"He has fought a good fight; he has finished his course and hos entered into eternal rest," and will await on the celestial shores those who are following in the paths of righteousness.

Servant of God, well done!
Thy glorious warfare's past;
The battle is fought, the race is won,
And thou art crowned at last.

In condescending love,
Thy ceaseless prayer He heard;
And bade thee suddenly remove
To thy complete reward.

O, happy, happy soul!
In ecstacies of praise,
Long as eternal ages roll,
Thou seest thy Saviour's face.

MRS. JAMES TASKER.

Mrs. James Jasker died at the home of her sister, Mrs. D. A. Stephens, in Oakland, last Sunday and was buried Tuesday morning in Oakland. The cause of her death was acute indigestion.

B. & O. Inspection Trip.

President Daniel Willard, General Manager C. W. Galloway and General Superintendent F. E. Blaser, and other officials of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad passed through this city this morning at 11.30 o'clock on a spring inspection trip of Western division of the road in President Willard's private car.

THE ROADSIDE TREE LAW

Its Provisions But Slightly Affected by Recent Legislation.

At its last legislative session the Maryland General Assembly enacted an amendment to the State's roodside tree law as passed by the previous Legislature. This amendment carried a minor modification of the State-wide law that trees belonging within public rights-of-way shall be handled as such, not cut down or indiscriminately trimmed to satisfy the whim of anyone who happens to object to their being beside the roadway, whether the objector were the abutting householder, a professional trimmer, or someone whose wires were in the way of the trees.

The exception states "that trees standing within the right-of-way of unimproved public roads which have not been surfaced with either stone, shell, gravel, concrete, brick, asphalt, or other improved surface may be cut down and removed by the abutting landowner for his own use without first obtaining a permit." This passage, taken verbatim from the Law, defines clearly and exactly the only change made by the Legislature of 1916 since its passage by the body of 1914. This exception was inserted at the instance of the Board of Forestry, which must enforce the law.

Since the enactment of this measure practically the only objection disinteresdly raised by anyone who has witnessed it in application has occurred over the protection accorded trees shading unimproved highways. These latter, of course, seldom traverse the most popular districts, being in consequence not heavily travelled and their appearance more a matter of local than general concern. People residing beside them must therefore look to their appearance, and the Amendment places the trees of the abutting landowners altogether in his hands, for his own use. The trees lining such roads are very frequently of nearly valueless specimens and speices, often as well being so placed along the narrow roads that occasionally they interfere with the operations of adjoining farmers.

Those favoring greater latitude in the governing of these particular conditions, reenforced in certain cases by others who for other reasons wished also to have the bars let down, variously advanced and advocated a number of revisions and exceptions which were impractical to a greater or less degree, some of them applying only in one county, some in one or two others. When these had for the greater part been dropped, those who had originally interesteted themselves in securing the Roadside Tree Law for the State decided that the above given modification of this Act most nearly met the situation from all sides, safely and satisfactorily.

This change cannot detract in the slightest from the proper shading of largely travelled, improved highways, though at the same time it gives to such landowners as may have property rights alongside unimproved highways authority to themselves remove forthwith any offending shade trees, for their own use. At the same time the public, along any roadway--improved or unimproved, macadamized or dirt—will continue to be thoroughly protected in the matter of its shade trees from the operations of persons, not the owners, who for personal reasons might destroy or damage public shade trees.

This is a slight change in a modern, constructive piece of legislation, passed for the good of the State as a whole, enforced since its enactment for the direct welfare of the public. This amendment will be a further aid to its more general understanding, enforcemants and benefits.

Damage Suit Dismissed.

The suit of eight-year-old Robert E. Weirs, for $5000 damages against State Senator Harvey J. Speicher of Accident, removed to Hagerstown from the Circuit Court for this county, was settled and dismissed one day last week. Early in May of last year young Weirs ran in front of Senator Speicher's automobile at Narrows Park, near Cumberland, and was injured, his left leg being fractured and other injuries being sustained by him. The suit of the boy's father, Christopher Weirs, for $1000 damages against the Senator for loss or his son's services, was also dismissed.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

Bargains in 9x12 Matting Rugs

We purchased a large lot of these rugs early and can offer them at $2.75 to $3.00 each. Present whole sale price $3.00.

Also nice line of Matting to offer below present market price.

Our Gold Medal and Gold Loaf Flour is a big bargain at $6.50 per barrel.

Can use 200 to 300 bushels of Potatoes at a good round price.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

C. H. BROWNING

Deer Park's Best Store

Wanted Spring Chickens

The season is now open here and I will at all times pay the highest prices for Butter Eggs and Chickens.

"You can always get a bargain here."

Get right trade at Browning's.

Offutt's

Foot Wear

We have a complete line of Walk Over shoes and oxfords for men. In the latest and plain styles.

For Women and Children

"Colonial Pump," "English Walking" "Mary Jane" and a number of popular styles.

Men's Straw Hats and Panamas. All the new styles for this season.

We pay the highest Market Price for Wool. Cash or trade.

OFFUTTS'

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

MICHAEL LAVELLE,

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 9th day of November, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 9th day of May, 1916.

W. H. METCALF,
Swanton, Maryland.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans Court, Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

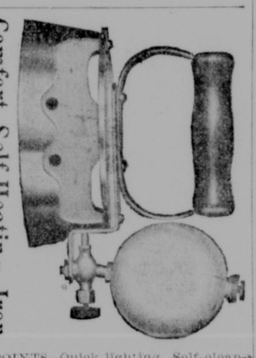
ELIZABETH LEE

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 9th day of December, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 9th day of May, 1916.

ALBERT L. LEE,
Administrator,
Kitzmiller, Md.

Comfort Self-Heating Iron.
5 Hours at Cost of One Cent.



TWO POINTS—Quick lighting. Self-cleaning and perfect regulation of heat. Weighs six pounds. Guaranteed safe and satisfactory. Price, $3.75 each. Order today.

J. AMEEN, Kitzmiller, Md.

Notice To Tax-Payers

This is to notify the Taxpayers of Garrett county that the Annual Levy for 1916 has been made and published, and to call their attention to the following abstract of Section 45 Chapter 506, Acts of 1896, relating to the discount to be allowed and the interest to be charged on all tax bills:

This is to notify all taxpayers that no discount will be allowed for the prompt payment of State taxes levied for the year 1916.

Chapter 650 of the Acts of 1916, provides that "the State taxes are due and payable on the first day of July succeeding the levy, and if not paid on or before September first, interest shall be charged from said first day of September. Said State taxes shall be in arrear on and after the first day of January succeeding the date of the levy, and it shall be the duty of Collectors, Treasurers and other officers who may be charged with the collection of the same immediately thereafter to proceed to collect said taxes in accordance with the provisions of law for the collection of delinquent taxes. It shall also be the duty of the Collectors of County Treasurer or other officers collecting said taxes to make monthly returns and remittances to the Comptroller of the amounts thereof collected from time to time."

J. W. KIMMELL,
Treasurer.

We Carry in Stock

TIRES
TUBES
SHOCK ABSORBERS
CHAINS
SPARK PLUGS
DRY CELLS
TIRETITE

And many other accessories at the
OAKLAND GARAGE,
Prest-O-Lite Exchange,
Oakland, Maryland.

ORDER NISI.

No. 2014 Equity In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Maggie W. Thayer, vs. Ira W. Hardesty.

Ordered, this 24th day of April, 1916, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in Equity, that the sale made and reported in the above cause by Fred. A. Thayer, attorney named in the mortgage, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 26th day of May, 1916; provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Garrett County, once a week for three successive weeks before the 19th day of May, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $200.06.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy. Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

J. W. Whorton & Son
CONTRACTING
PLASTERERS

Only the Best Material Used.
Best Grade of Wall Plaster on hand at all times.
CONCRETE WORK
of All Kinds.
All Work Guaranteed.
OAKLAND. - MARYLAND.

Commissioners Meeting.

Office of the County Commissioners for Garrett county, Oakland, Md., May 13th, 1916.

The Board of County Commissioners for Garrett County, Maryland, will meet in their office in the town of Oakland, on

Monday, June 5th, 1916,

to transact routine business.

By order of the Board.
W. G. MEYERS, Clerk.

"THE KINGDOM, THE POWER AND THE GLORY"

From the Omaha Nebraskan.

Suppose the president of the United States were to throw away all thought of "propriety" and "international custom" and official "dignity," and issue an appeal to the waring nations of Europe—an appeal made in humanity's name—to bring this terrible war to an end.

Suppose this appeal were made not in the privacy of diplomatic circles, but made within the hearing of all the world? Wouldn't it be great?

If written as only Woodrow Wilson could write it, wouldn't it go ringing round the wide, wide world? Wouldn't it go ringing through the chambers of human hearts in every land beneath the sun? Wouldn't it be sweet music in the ears of the good God, Himself?

Suppose, then, that every Englishman and every German and Austrian and Frenchman—and every plain, ordinary American—within the borders of our own land should give the prayer he has given to partisan cause to the support of our President's appeal for universal peace? Wouldn't it be great?

Suppose all the energy and ingenuity that have been put forth by partisans in our own land in helping European favorites through money and speech and writings—and conspiracies—should be exerted in support of our President's appeal made in humanity's name. Wouldn't it be great?

Suppose that our prayers our hopes, our faith, our tears, should touch the hearts of the rank and file in England, in Germany, and in other of the warring countries until they too, took up the cry for peace? Wouldn't it be great?

Suppose all the world, outside of the kings and their marching armies should follow the leadership of an American President brave enough to do the simplest of things in the hope of accomplishing the biggest of results? Wouldn't it be great?

Of course, it would be a simple thing to do. But let us not forget that "simple things" were responsible for this war. And let us remember that all the big things of life have been accomplished through simple things.

The biggest conquests that have ever been won in civilization came as the result of original efforts so simple that they were sneered at in their pioneer days.

The biggest books that have ever been written were rejected at one time by those who could not recognize the bigness of simplicity.

The biggest fortunes that have ever been amassed have been due to the recognition of the value of simple things by one man who could see treasures at his very feet while his neighbor was seeking wealth in the clouds.

The biggest thoughts that have ever been held in the minds of men are the thoughts that deal with the so-called "simple" things of life.

The biggest forces in the American battle against human slavery were put forth by one man who was dragged through the streets of Boston with a rope around his neck and by another who hunted and slain and persecuted even as the poor creatures whom he sought to serve were hunted and slain. But Garrison fulfilled his promise, "I will be heard," and the soul of John Brown goes marching on through the ages.

The biggest person that ever trod the earth was crucified for the simple truth He taught, and today all civilization gives answer to His judge's question, "What is truth?" by pointing to the things He taught, and for the teaching of which He died, and "writing upon the eternal dome, glittering with stars" the words "THIS is the truth!" So it has been written in the simplest of verse and the sublimest of truth, "I know a world that is rent and torn, of hearts that faint and tire; but I know of a Name, a Name, a Name, that can set that world on fire."

Wouldn't it be worth the effort for the President of our great country to break all restraint and make this trial! What if all the world seems on fire! What if millions are in arms bent on war! What if the ears of kings are stopped to human cries and their hearts untouched by human sufferings! "One on God's side is a majority," and no one may surely say what would be the result of a simple, heartfelt, God-directed appeal, coming from the White House of America. No one may surely predict a failure to a call made upon all civilization to go marching to "the still, sad music of humanity."

Is it not worth the effort? Even if it did not bring immediate results, it would not be lost. It might bring peace. Wouldn't it be great?

Even this editorial, printed as it is in a weekly newspaper, cannot be lost. It is conceived in Truth and written in the deepest solemnity. Humble in origin, inconspicuous, so far as concerns the great world—it is all that. But it speaks what is in the hearts of countless millions of men women and children. More than that, it must speak what is in the very heart of God, Himself. And so I send it on its way, knowing it cannot be lost, feeling that for its very truth it will touch the hearts of those who read, and giving it—in the deepest reverence—the blessing of the world-wide prayer: "Our Father which art in Heaven, Hallowed by Thy name. Thy kingdom come, Thy will be done on earth as it is in Heaven. Give us this day our daily bread, and forgive us our debts as we forgive our debtors. Lead us not into temptation, but deliver us from all evil. For Thine is the Kingdom, the Power and the Glory, forever. Amen."

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

Gambling.

I see no harm in it says one. Let us admit that in progressive euchre, it is not the desire to get money but pleasure, yet to give zest, there is added the very thing that makes it a crime against civil law, as well as the divine, it is then an evil in its self and the source of evil. It makes every participant a law breaker, who throws himself liable to arrest. The person who practices this defies the law of the state and of his church and were he to treat his banker as he does the church his financial reputation would be gone in a jiffy. No harm in that which defies law human and divine! No harm in an institution that tends to and does turn youthful minds away from honest labor and healthful employment! No harm in that which cultivates a passion for gambling which is as remorseless as the vilest passion of the soul. Which tempts its devotee to neglect family, and to follow which, the young man will rob merchants and employees.

A steamer was going up the Cumberland river. The gamblers had everything their own way. Among them was a young man who was fast losing his money, as the excitement of the game increased he drank more and more. When he found that his money was gone he walked the deck with wild gesticulations. He reeled and fell into the water. He was fished out and barely saved. That night he was delirious. He thought he was at home with his mother. He thought it was his mother who raised him up and was giving him water. "Thank you, mother, you have always been so kind to me. Will you forgive me just this once? If you will I will never drink or gamble any more." No harm! then would you teach your children to play? You would be afraid to do that, for the better instincts of our nature revolt against it. You would shrink from being the one to place your child in danger.

They would very readily fall into the practice, but they will not be so moderate in their practice as older ones. This fashionable game flourishes only because it is regarded as an innocent past time. Its seductiveness makes it dangerous.

But I am conscientious in doing it. Is conscience educated in the principles of God's word? Conscientious! then why so anxious to conceal it? If it is a laudable thing why try to keep it out of the papers, or why ashamed to know that you won the first prize or the boby? Why slip into a parlor and carefully shut out the gaze of the world, just like they do in a den; or why not ask the minister to come in and join you? Should he chance to drop in, why would you hustle the spots into the dark and look so innocent or scared. Or why publish the euchre party under another name, designed to mislead, conceal and deceive. Because it is a lying institution that loves darkness, yet professing Christians are partakers of the unfruitful works of darkness.

Society favors and defends what gratifies the palate, the sense of beauty and the love of admiration. The world and flesh run not in society. Extravagance and immodesty in dress, hypocrisy in conversation, affectation in deportment, rivalries, petty jealousies and dishonesties.

The poor are rejected, the rich are courted, and simplicity is ridiculed, yet society dictates to Christian people what they shall do or allow to be done.

Shall it sneer at modesty, good taste, true culture and Christian conscientiousness, have weight with the followers of the man of Nazareth?

True man is social being, but he is also a rational being. Unless the gratification of this element tends to intelligence, grace and character, solitude were better.

In this way test society. Does the card table, with its prizes, promote higher elements of character? "Monkeys may play tricks on each other and grin over their success at a comrades expense. Pet dogs may perform their antics, parrots may repeat their words, peacocks may strut, but do these constitute society for rational beings; and shall their human representatives, with or without the refinements of the times dictate the condition of social recognition to scholars, to women of purity and refinement; to dignified matrons, to believers in the majesty of the soul, the love of God; to saints who seek God's image and desire the fellowship of royal souls in the kingdom everlasting."

Let society go its low ways of selfish pleasure, it has nothing worth the Christians search. Resent its dictation in the spirit of noble manhood and womanhood. What! shall we give up society? No, only all such society.

There is a rational society that it is well to cultivate. Organize such as benefits the Christian conception of true society, which is as far above the other in high and honorable things as the dome of St. Peter's is above the fever breeding marshes of the Campagna. A society that exalts the enjoyment of intelligent conversation, music and art studies that meets for improvement; that finds rest and recreation in rational activity; that violates no law of physical health; that fosters no animal passions or propensities; that imperils no young life by exciting latent energies of evil, but which points upward toward the clear heaven of honorable and useful character. This is ideal.

I charge this fashionable amusement of being the instigator to evil actions the beginning of a course which may end in disgrace and death.

But enough for the present. One more article and I shall dismiss the subject.

Your's most truly,
JOANNES.

Subscribe for The Republican.

LEGAL TANGLE OVER DESERTED SALOON

Garrett Countian Takes Over Another's Place of Business.

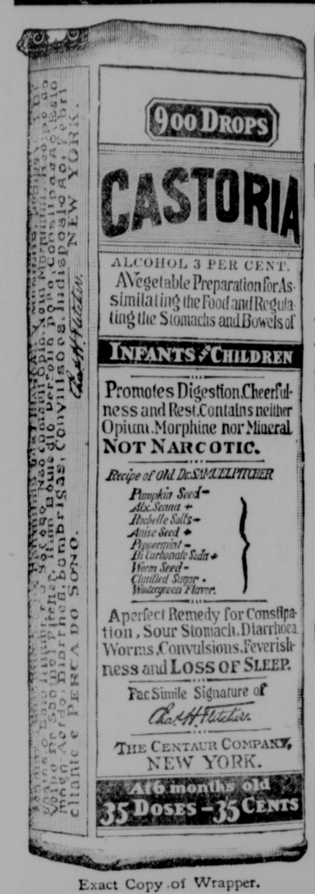
State's Attorney J. Philip Roman, with the co-operation of the sheriff and his deputies, has thrown a monkey wrench into a hitherto unduly active department of the "thurst parlor" machinery of Lonaconing and thereby hangs a tale freightened with interest and thinly veneering a vein of humor about the thickness of the Tyson seam. But to the narrative.

George W. Brown owned and operated a "wet goods" emporium near the intersection of Railroad and Jackson streets in Coney, and in the course of his business recently, became confused in his dates, for the April grand jury discovered that he had been selling liquor on Sunday, and returned an indictment to that effect. Now previous to the grand inquisitorial proceedings, George had applied for a license to continue in business as the law requires, and there being no legal objection on the first day of the present month the permit was granted. George, however, learning or at least suspecting that the grand jury, then in session, had an inkling that he had forgotten to "remember the Sabbath day and keep it holy," concluded not to present himself at the clerk of the court's office to obtain his license, but instead like "the Arab, folded his tent and silently stole away," leaving one perfectly good saloon silent and sepulchral as "a windowless palace of peace." Now the sheriff with his warrant for violation of the Sunday liquor selling law, could find no trace of George, and meanwhile covetous eyes were gazing toward that perfectly good but deserted saloon with the idea of once more opening its portals to a thirsty public.

It was at this juncture that one, Marx Layman, of Garrett county, loomed upon the scene, according to his statement, at the instance of Alex Boyd, another saloon keeper of Lonaconing. Layman says he was approached by Boyd with a proposition like this. Boyd knew where there was a "perfectly good" saloon with a license to do business all ready to be issued, and he thought he could clear up the whole transaction for the paltry sum of $500. Layman was interested for the story "listened well." So he arranged to accompany Boyd to Cumberland, he says, and the two applying at the clerk of court's office, received George W. Brown's license to operate a saloon in Lonaconing, in payment of the fee of $100.50 which Layman says he paid with $450.00 additional to Boyd for putting him next to "pay dirt" in such an unexpected manner and choice locality.

Now Layman had been in business in "Brown's old stand" several days only but sufficient time in which to stock up with a most complete outfit of malt, vinous and fermented liquors, when States Attorney Roman and Sheriff McFarland happened along to officially inquire why Layman was doing business with another man's license contrary to the statues made and provided. A warrant was served upon Layman and Boyd's connection with the fortuitous transaction being ascertained a warrant for his arrest was also served. Both pleaded a jury trial and their cases will be heard in the criminal trial during the present term of court. States Attorney Roman has also applied to the court for a suppression of Boyd's license and the permit issued to Brown under which Layman was operating a saloon, on the ground that the men are not fit persons to engage in the liquor business. Now Layman wants the return of his $450 commission from Boyd, who has thus far failed to "come across" and Layman threatens prosecution of Boyd on the charge of obtaining money under false pretense.

After some fashion, not made clear at this period, Brown, though hidden from public view, learned that his saloon had changed hands without his consent and he drifted into 'Coney yesterday with the object of again taking possession of that "perfectly good" saloon, now better than ever, since it had been abundantly restocked. It was while searching for the key to his "thirst parlor" that he encountered Bailiff Hohing, who promptly placed him under arrest. The Sheriff and States Attorney were duly apprised of Brown's unexpected return and his apprehension and he was accordingly transported to Cumberland in the State's Attorney's automobile for a sojourn in the county jail until such time as the court may dispose of his case.—Saturday's Cumberland News.



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The Johns Hopkins University Entrance Examinations. State Scholarships in Engineering Courses

Entrance examinations for the Department of Engineering as well as for the Academic Department, will be held in the Academic Building, of The Johns Hopkins University, Homewood, Baltimore, June 19-24, 1916, beginning at 9 A. M.

Entrance examinations will also be held in the Academic Building, September, 18-21, beginning at 9 A. M.

Application for scholarships in the Department of Engineering established in The Johns Hopkins University under the provisions of the Laws of Maryland, Chapter 90, 1912, may now be made. If there is more than one applicant for a particular scholarship, a competitive examination will be held in the Academic Building, Homewood, on September 22, 1916.

Each county of the State and each Legislative District of Baltimore City, with the exception of Charles, Harford, and Queen Anne's Counties will be entitled to one or more scholarships for the year 1916-1917, in addition to those which have already been assigned. In the counties mentioned above all the available scholarships have been awarded.

Scholarships may be awarded to graduates of Loyola College, Maryland Agricultural College, Mt. St. Mary's College, Rock Hill College, St. John's College, Washington College, and Western Maryland College, and one scholarship will be awarded "At Large."

Applicants should address the Registrar, the Johns Hopkins University, for blank form of application and for further information as to examinations, award of scholarships and courses of instruction. Adv.

LOST—A nickel plated automobile crank. Finder please leave at this office.

CHAPTER——

AN ACT providing for the issuing and sale of bonds by the Mayor and Council of Grantsville for constructing, erecting and maintaining water works and sewerage in said town of Grantsville, condemn such land as may be necessary for the building of said works, and to levy taxes on the assessable property of said town to redeem said bonds and to pay the interest thereon.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That for the purpose of establishing, constructing and maintaining water works capable of furnishing the residents of said town with a good and sufficient supply of water for ordinary purposes and fire protection, and for establishing, erecting. constructing and maintaining a sewerage system in said town for drainage and sewerage purposes the Mayor and Council of Grantsville be and they are hereby authorized and empowered and directed to issue bonds in the name of the Mayor and Council of Grantsville to an amount not exceeding Fifteen Thousand Dollars ($15,000), or so much thereof as may be necessary for the purpose aforesaid. The said Bonds shall be for the sums not less than One Hundred dollars ($100) each nor more than Five Hundred dollars ($500) each, to be signed by the Mayor and President of the Council and countersigned by the Clerk of said Council with the corporate seal of said town there to be affixed, bearing interest at not less than Five per centum per annum, payable semi-annually in each and every year and dated on the first day of their issue; the said bonds shall be numbered serially. Bond No. 1 shall be due and payable Two years after date of issue, and thereafter each bond shall mature and be payable each consecutive year from the maturity of Bond No. 1, in the order of their consecutive numbers; provided, however, the Mayor and Council of Grantsville are hereby given the option to redeem any or all bonds outstanding Five years from date of issue or at any interest period thereafter; that all of said bonds thereafter shall be due and payable within Sixty years from the date of their issue, and shall be forever exempt from all county and municipal taxation for any purpose, and shall have printed on them a reference to the Act of Assembly authorizing the issue thereof.

SEC. 2. And be it enacted, That the Mayor and Concil of Grantsville are hereby authorized and empowered to construct and erect water works and sewerage for said town and to contract for the purchase in fee simple or lease for a term of years, renewable at their pleasure, any land, real estate, springs, brooks, water courses or streams, and to use or occupy forever or for a term of years, any land, real estate, springs, brooks, water courses or streams, which they may deem expedient or necessary for the purpose of furnishing said town with water and maintaining said sewerage, and they are hereby invested with all the rights and powers necessary for the induction of water into the said town and the maintenance of said sewerage system. If for any cause the said Mayor and Council of Grantsville shall be unable to agree with any owner of real or leasehold property, springs, brooks, streams or water courses or any other material which partake of or in a necessary part of reality, or for any right of way which they may find necessary for the conduit of said water and sewerage in its entry into or in said town or if such owner is under any disability or incapacity to contract or absent out of the county or unknown the said Mayor and Council of Grantsville is hereby clothed with the power of condemnation under the right of eminent domain as provided in Section 251 of Article 23 of the Code of Public General Laws of Maryland as fully as if said section had been herein incorporated, and their manner of procedure of condemnation for the purpose of this Act shall in all particulars be the same as if provided by said section 251 of said Article 23. The said Mayor and Council of Grantsville shall have full power to fix schedules of rate for furnishing water and sewerage to private residences and other buildings, and the said Mayor and Council shall have power to collect the same as other taxes are collected and the income therefrom shall be applied, first, for expenses and maintenance, and afterwards for the payment of the interest on the bonds and sinking fund to meet the bonds at maturity.

SEC. 3. And be it enacted, That the title of said water works and sewerage, and all lands, estates and water courses, waterways, conduits, pipes, machinery and all other parts hereto shall when completed or acquired vest in the Mayor and Council of Grantsville; and every person who shall willfully or knowing pollute any spring, stream, brook, water course, reservoir or standpipe in connection with the said water works or built or constructed by throw any impure or deleterious substance or thing into the same, or by swimming, bathing or washing themselves or by washing clothes or any other thing therein, or by committing any nuisance in or near the source of supply or the reservoir or standpipe for said water works so as to pollute the same shall upon conviction of such offence be liable to a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars, nor more than three hundred dollars, for each offence, to be recovered by the Mayor and Council of Grantsville before a Justice of the Peace as other fines are recoverable, or to imprisonment in the county jail or the House of Correction for a term of not less than six months nor more than eighteen months or both fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the Justice of the Peace, one-half of such fine to go to the informer and the balance to the Mayor and Council of Grantsville for the purposes of this Act.

SEC. 4. And be it enacted, That for the purpose of redeeming said bonds at their maturity and for securing the prompt payment of the interest thereon, the Mayor and Council of Grantsville shall for the year of the issue of said bonds and annually thereafter until the maturity of said bonds, levy a tax on the assessable property of said town, not exceeding fifty cents on the one hundred dollars, to pay the interest thereof, and the sum of Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars ($250) of the principal of said debt for the payment of the same at maturity. The said sum of Two Hundred and Fifty dollars ($250) shall be held and invested by the Mayor and Council of Grantsville as a sinking fund for the redemption of said bonds at their maturity, and the said Mayor and Council of Grantsville shall, from time to time, deposit the money belonging to said sinking fund and the increment thereof in some safe depository, which pays interest on deposits, or shall invest the same in state or such other bonds satisfactory to the Mayor and Council of Grantsville as to them may seem best, or in the purchase or redemption of said bonds as may be offered for sale or redemption, and upon the purchase of any such bonds by the said Mayor and Council they shall be immediately cancelled by stamping across their face (cancelled by sinking fund), and no portion of said sinking fund so levied shall ever be diverted to any other purpose than to the purchase and liquidation of said bonds. The money collected each year by the treasurer or tax collector on account of taxes to the extra said sum of Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars ($250) shall be set apart for said sinking fund, and a separate account shall be kept thereof and be deposited to the credit of said fund, and no part of which shall be chargeable to insolvencies on account failure of assessments or collections.

SCE. 5. And be it enacted, That the money arising from the sale of said bonds (which said bonds shall be sold either at auction or by sealed bids, after due advertisement thereof to the highest responsible bidder), shall be deposited in bank to the Mayor and Council of Grantsville, and subject to their check, and the clerk of said town shall keep a book, to be especially provided for the purpose, of the names and addresses of the purchasers of the bonds sold, and the amount realized on the sales together with the serial numbers of the bouds.

SEC. 6. And be it enacted, That in any prosecution before a Justice of the Peace under Section 3 of this Act, the accused and the Mayor and Council of Grantsville shall have the right to an appeal to the Circuit Court for Garrett County, within thirty days, and a jury trial. Any person or persons convicted before a Justice of the Peace under Section 3 of this Act who shall be held by recognizance or be committed to the county jail to appear before the next regular jury term to the Circuit Court for Garrett County.

SEC. 7. And be it enacted, That the Mayor and Council of Grantsville be and they are hereby authorized and empowered to negotiate, sell and dispose of the said bonds as hereinbefore provided in Section 5 of this Act, or so many thereof as so the Mayor and Council may be deemed necessary for the purposes of this Act. And the said Mayor and Council are fully authorized to make all necessary rules and regulations, and to pass all necessary ordinances, with penalties for their violations, and to do all other necessary acts for the proper managing, maintaining and repairing said water works and sewerage systems and for the protection thereof.

SEC. 8. And be it enacted, That the funds realized from the sale of said bonds shall be applied to the purposes of this Act, and shall be paid by check signed by the Mayor and President of the Council and the Mayor and said Council of Grantsville are hereby authorized and empowered to pass such orders for the payment of money due for the construction of said water works and sewerage, or to the contractor or contractors for the construction of the same, as shall, from time to time, be due or earned by the contractor or contractors or parties doing the work in the prosecution of said work, and also from time to time, to pass orders for the payment of property purchased or condemned, and for material furnished in pursuance of the provisions of this Act, and may in its discretion employ a competent hyerographical engineer to suuperintend the work of constructing such water works and sewerage system.

SEC. 9. And be it enacted, That on the first Monday in April, 1917, on date of regular municipal election to be held in the town of Grantsville, which election shall be held in the same manner, and under the same regulations as other municipal elections held in said town, there shall be placed on the ballots at said election for the purpose of submitting the question as to whether this Act shall take effect to the legal voters of said town, and all ballots at said election shall have printed on them the words, "For water and sewerage," and the words "Against water and sewerage," and all voters desiring to vote for the provisions of this Act shall mark out the words "Against water and sewerage," and all voters desiring to vote against the provisions of this Act shall mark out the words "For water and sewerage." And if the judges of election shall decide that a majority of the votes cast are for "water and sewerage" then this act shall be in full force of law, otherwise of no effect. The Judges of Election shall under their hands, immediately after said election, certify to the Mayor and Council of Grantsville the result of the said election.

SEC. 10. And be it enacted, That this Act shall take effect on the first day of June, 1916.

CHAPTER 514.

AN ACT to incorporate the town of Accident in Garrett County, Maryland.

WHEREAS, at a meeting of the male citizens and residents of the town of Accident, in Garrett County, Maryland, held on the first day of January, 1916, it was decided by a vote of said citizens and residents of said town attending said meeting that an application should be made to the General Assembly of Maryland for a charter of said town "of Accident."

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the citizens and inhabitants of the town of Accident in Garrett County, State of Maryland, are hereby incorporated by the name of the "Mayor and Council of Accident," that by that name they have perpetual succession, may sue and be sued, may have and use a common seal, and may purchase and hold such real, personal and mixed property as may be required for the purposes of said corporation, and may dispose of such property when necessary for the benefit of said corporation: and all the property and funds of every kind belonging to said corporation are vested in the Mayor and Council of Accident.

SEC. 2. And be it enacted, The corporate limits of the town of Accident are hereby declared to be as follows: Beginning at the Northeast corner of John Garringer land on the west side of the State Road, thence South 27 degrees West, 4 perches South 66 degrees East, 100 perches to stake, stone and pointers, thence North 35 degrees East, 160 perches to 6 feet Northwest of Service tree thence North 26½ degrees West, 161 perches to stake on West side of State Road near a culvert, thence South 72½ degrees West, 96 perches to corner at stone fence, thence South 42½ degrees West, 113 perches to a locust tree, thence South 25 degrees East, to place of beginning.

SEC. 3. And be it enacted, That said corporation shall be governed by a Mayor and six councilmen, and that Frederick Burkhard, of said town be and he is hereby named Mayor of said town for a period of two years from the date of its incorporation ending the first Tuesday in March, 1918, and that Adam Richter and Robert A. Ravenscroft be and the same are hereby named and designated as the councilmen for the first two years from the date of its incorporation, ending on the first Tuesday in March, 1918, and that Floyd C. Diehl and Henry M. Speicher are hereby named as councilmen to serve for one year from the date of its incorporation ending on the first Tuesday in March, 1917, and hereafter an election shall be held on the first Tuesday in March in each and every year for the election of two Councilmen to serve for two years from the date of their election or until their successors shall be duly elected and qualified; and an election of Mayor of said town to serve for two years or until his successor shall be duly elected and qualified, and an election shall be held hereafter in every second year for the election of a Mayor for said town.

SEC. 4. And be it enacted, The Mayor and Council shall have the power to pass all such ordinances for conducting the elections herein provided for or which may be hereafter authorized to be held and shall make returns thereof to the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Garrett County. And the qualified voters of any of said elections shall be bona fide male residents living within the corporate limits of the town of Accident, shall be twenty-one years of age or over, who have been residents of the State of Maryland for the period of six months continuously next before the date of any such election; and that no one shall be eligible for the office of Mayor and councilmen of said town unless he shall be a real estate holder or owner of real estate of said town. And the Mayor shall have been a resident of said town for two years previous to his election, and the councilmen shall have been residents of said town one year prior to their election.

SEC. And be it enacted, That if any vacancy shall occur by death, resignation, removal or failure to act of the Mayor or one or more of the councilmen elected as aforesaid the remaining councilmen or a majority of them shall elect a proper person to fill said vacany.

SEC. 6. And be it enaced, That every Mayor and councilman before he proceeds to act as such shall make oath before some Justice of the Peace of Garrett County that he will diligently and faithfully, according to the best of his skill and judgment, perform the duties of Mayor or councilman as the case may be, without favor, partiality or prejudice, and a certificate of such qualification shall be returned by the said Justice of the Peace to the said council to be filed and recorded among their proceedings.

SEC. 7. And be it enacted, That said council shall meet at such place as they may appoint within said town on the first Monday of every month ensuing their election and as much oftener by adjournment as they may deem necessary; that the said council shall elect a president of the council, appoint a clerk, a bailiff who shall be tax collector of the town, an attorney, and one or more assessoss of taxes and fix their salary for compensation. All the officers appointed by said council shall hold their respective offices for one year from the date of their appointment or until their successors are appointed and qualified.

SEC. 8. And be it enacted, That all checks and other orders for the payment of money shall be signed by the clerk of said town and countersigned by the Mayor thereof; that the said clerk shall be the custodian of the monies of said town and other funds, and shall keep a full and accurate set of books and accounts of the town's monies and funds, and of its records and papers; he shall also keep a journal of the proceedings of the council, which shall be open at all times for the inspection of any citizen; the said clerk shall act as the treasurer of the said town, and shall pay out the funds of said corporation only upon the orders of the council to be signed by the president thereof. He shall before he enters upon his duties take the oath prescribed for the members of the council, and execute a good and sufficient bond in such amount and upon such condition as may be prescribed by the mayor and council, with sureties to be approved by the Mayor and council.

SEC 9. And be it enacted, That the bailiff before entering upon the performance of his duties shall take the same oath of office as the members of the council. and shall execute a bond in such condition and in such amount as may be prescribed by the Mayor and council with sureties to be approved by the Mayor and council for the faithful performance of his duties. He shall perform the police duties of the town and is clothed with the same power as a constable under the general laws of the State of Maryland; he shall promptly arrest all violators of the ordinances of the town and bring them before the proper officers to be dealt with according to law, and shall promptly collect and pay over to the clerk all taxes and other claims of said town which may come into his hands.

SEC. 10. And be it enacted, That the assessor or assessors shall be appointed from among the citizens of said town qualified to vote in said corporation, and before he or they shall proceed to act he or they shall take oath before a Justice of the Peace of Garrett County that he or they will assess the values of the assessable property of every sort within said town as its full cash value without favor, partially or prejudice to the best of his or their skill and judgment; he or they shall enter and record in a book to be provided for that purpose an accurate and fair account of all properties, stocks and private securities of every sort within said town liable to assessment and the valuation thereof together with a list of the owners thereof which shall be returned by him or them to the said council on or before the third Monday in June of each and every year, and which any person interested may inspect without charge, and if anyone shall feel aggrieved on account of valuation or assessment of his property by the assessor or assessors he may appeal from such valuation to the said council within four weeks from the returns of said assessment, and upon good cause being shown the said council may make an alteration in said assessment which they may deem proper and right and take from and add to the same; and for the purpose of hearing and determining appeals provided for in this section the said council shall give five days' previous notice of the time and place of hearing such appeals by advertisement to be posted in two public places in said town.

SEC. 11. And be it enacted, That the tax lists shall be prepared by the clerk and delivered to the bailiff on or before the first day of August in each year. The warrant shall be in substance as follows, to wit: "The Mayor and Council of Accident, ... Bailiff. You are hereby commanded to proceed according to law to collect and pay over the taxes hereinafter specified.

"Witness the corporate seal of the Mayor and Council of Accident. By the Mayor and Clerk. Attest: . . . . Clerk . . . . Mayor."

SEC. 12. And be it enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Mayor of said town to see that the ordinances of said town are duly and faithfully executed; he shall have general supervision of the town and shall from time to time report to the council such matters as in his judgment require the attention of the council. He shall have power to administer oaths and to certify the same in all matters pertaining to said corporation, and for the purpose of hearing and determining all cases to which the corporation may be a party he is hereby clothed with all the powers of a Justice of the Peace except as in civil cases, and may pass sentence and impose fines for all violation of ordinances in the said corporation, of may imprison offenders in the county jail, or may both fine and imprison offenders against said ordinances. Provided that no ordinance shall be passed imposing a fine for more than twenty-five dollars, or for a term of imprisonment exceeding thirty days, and all fines imposed shall be paid to the clerk of the town. During his term he shall hold no other corporation office, nor shall he be interested in any contract to which the corporation is a party. The mayor shall receive for his service a sum not exceeding six dollars per annum, and the members of the council shall each receive a sum not exceeding two dollars per annum, provided that any person shall have the right to donate to the town their service whenever they see proper so to do.

SEC. 13. And be it enacted, That the said council shall have power to pass all such other ordinances not contrary to the constitution or laws of this state as it may deem necessary for the good government of the town; for the protection and preservation of the town property, rights and privileges; for the preservation of the peace and good order; and securing persons from violence, danger and destruction; for the protection of the health, comfort and convenience of the citizens of said town and visitors thereto or sojourners there; for providing for proper and suitable lights on the streets; for establishing, maintaining and regulating an adequate police force; to regulate the management and location of livery stables, barns, garages, outhouses or privies and hog pens, and such other establishments of which the business, trade or location may become obnoxious or injurious to the public comfort or health; to prohibit the erection of such buildings, the continuance of obnoxious occupations therein whenever the public health requires it; to prevent and regulate the use of firearms therein, fireworks, bonfires or other things or practices tending to endanger persons or property; to regulate or prohibit the running at large of cattle, horses, swine, fowls sheep, goats, hogs or other animals; to authorize the impounding, keeping; sale and redemption of such animals when found in violation of the ordinances in such cases provided; to prevent the deposit of any unwholesome substance either on public or private property, to compel its removal to designated points, and to require slop, ashes and other waste or unwholesome material to be removed to designated points, or to require the occupants or residents on premises to place them conveniently for removal; to compel the occupants of any premises, buildings or outhouses situate in said town when the same has become filthy or unwholesome to abate or clean the same; to authorize the same to be done by the proper officers and to assess the expenses thereon against such property; to authorize the removal or confinement of such persons having infectious or pestilential diseases; to regulate the selling, weighing or measuring of hay, wood, coke, coal, and all other articles sold by weight and measure, and to provide for their inspection and selling; to make all regulations which may be deemed expedient for the promotion of health or the suppression of disease; to regulate the construction of chimneys and smokestacks and cause the same to be made secure or removed when considered dangerous; to suppress, restrain and regulate bawdy-houses or houses of ill-fame, and to prohibit the youth of said town from being on the streets, lanes or alleys at unreasonable hours at night; to punish and suppress tramps and vagrants by imposing fines or both fines and imprisonment at hard labor, and to abate by appropriate ordinances all nuisances in said town which are so defined at common law whether the same are herein expressly named or not; to regulate the use of sidewalks and all structures in, under or above the same, and to require the owner or occupant of premises to keep the sidewalk in front of same free from snow and other obstructions; to regulate and prevent the throwing or depositing of sweepings, dust, ashes, off fallings, dirt, garbage, paper, dirty liquors or any other material into any street, alley or other public place; to prevent the use of streets, sidewalks and public places for signs, sign posts, awnings, awning posts, poles, horse troughs, steps and other obstrucrions; to cause the streets, lanes and alleys to be sidewalked, paved, graded, repaired, repaved, regraded, drained or sewered; to regulate and license the uses of coaches, hacks, drays, automobiles and other vehicles for the transportation of passengers, freight or other articles to or from points within said town for hire or pay; to regulate, license, tax, restrain or prohibit theatrical or other exhibitions, shows or entertainments to which money is demanded or received, provided lectures on scientific, historic, benevolent, artistic or literary subjects shall not be deemed to be within these provisions; to license vendors of property on the streets or other public places in said town; to license, tax, regulate, suppress and prohibit paupers and itinerant dealers, peddlers and pawnbrokers; to license, tax, regulate and prohibit the keeping of dogs, establish station house or lock-up for temporary confinment of violators of the law and ordinances of the town; for the regulation and handling of all kind of explosives, for the prevention of gambling; to asses and tax the expense of laying of sidewalks in said town in whole or in part upon the respective owners of property footing thereon, and that the expenses and costs of paving, repairing or otherwise improving the sidewalks in said town incurred by the council under their ordinances may be charged and recovered by them in the name of the corporation from the owners of the property footing thereon by suit or action at law against the owner thereof as other debts are collected, and the expense of the same shall be a lien upon the property charged therewith, and to grant franchises to any person or corporation for any public purpose or utility.

SEC. 14. And be it enacted, That all property, real, personal or mixed, bonds, stocks and valuable securities of all kinds whatsoever within the limits of said town of Accident by law liable to be valued and assessed and chargeable with taxes within this State shall be valued at its or their cash value and chargeable according to such valuation with the public assessment for the use and purposes of said corporation; any assessor appointed by the council of said town shall have the power and authority to require the owner, possessor or claimant of any property made liable to valuation and assessment to give them such full and accurate statement in writing of his property as may be necessary to enable the assessors to ascertain the value thereof, the same to be under oath of such person to be administered by them or any one of them.

SEC. 15. And be it enacted, That the said council may annually levy upon the assessable property within said town by direct tax not exceeding fifteen cents on the one hundred dollars such sum as they may deem necessary for the purpose of defraying and settling the expenses by them on behalf of said corporation.

SEC. 16. And be it enacted, That the taxes to be levied on the property so made liable to be valued and assessed shall be liens on the real and personal estate of the person or persons so indebted from the day on which the tax list shall have been delivered to the bailiff or other person authorized and appointed to receive and collect the same, and if said tax cannot be made out of the personal property of said persons against whom taxes may be charged, then the same may be collected by the collector by the sale of such real estate of said person by complying with the same requirements as the treasurer of Garrett County.

SEC. 17. And be it enacted, That the said council shall have the power to appoint a police magistrate for said corporation who shall be a justice of the peace of the State of Maryland in and for Garrett County, residing in said district No. 5. He shall have full authority, power and jurisdiction to hear, determine and pass sentences in all cases of the violation of the ordinances of said corporation, and may impose fines for such violations, or may imprison offenders against said ordinances and in default of payment of any fine imposed by him he shall commit the offender to the town lockup or to the county jail until the same be paid in accordance with law as may be provided by the ordinances of said town or provided in this charter.

SEC. 18. And be it enacted, That at the meetings of said council three shall constitute a quorum and all questions submitted shall be decided by a majority of those present, but less than a quorum shall appoint the time for a subsequent meeting and adjourn.

CHAPTER ——

AN ACT to repeal and re-enact with amendments Section 4 of Chapter 34 of the Acts of 1914 entitled, "An Act to enable the registered qualified voters of Garrett County to determine by ballott whether spirituous or fermented liquors shall not be sold in said County, or shall be sold only as hereinafter described, and to repeal all Acts or parts of Acts inconsistent with this Act, or any part of this Act.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Section 4 of Chapter 34 of the Acts of 1914, entitled, "An Act to enable the registered qualified voters of Garrett County to determine by ballot whether spirituous or fermented liquors shall not be sold, in said County, or shall be sold only as hereinafter described, and to repeal all Acts or parts of Acts inconsistent with this Act, or any part of this Act," be and the same is hereby repealed and re-enacted so as to read as follows:

SEC. 4. And be it enacted, That if it shall appear by the returns of said judges and certificrtes of said Clerk that a majority of said votes have been cast "Against license," it shall not be lawful for any person or any house, company, or association, or body corporate or any manufacturer of intoxicating liquors of any kind to barter or sell, directly or indirectly, or to solicit or to receive orders for the purchase of, at any place within the limits of Garrett County, or to give away at any place of business, or to give to or furnish any person under the age of twenty-one years within the limits of said County, any spirituous, fermente or malt liquors or alcoholic bitters, or intoxicating drinks of any kind, including whiskey, brandy, rum, wine, ale, beer and all other fermented, malt and distilled liquors, and every mixture of liquors which shall contain more than two per cent. by weight of alcohol and every mixture of liqors which shall contain less than two per cent. of alcohol, if the same shall be intoxicating; or any article used or sold as a beverage in the composition of which whiskey, brandy high wines, or alcohol or any spirituous or fermented liquors shall be an ingredient, nor shall any license be granted for the sale of the same therein; that no person or public or private carrier shall knowingly accept or receive for shipment, transportation or delivery to any person or place within the limits of Garrett County, or to carry, bring into, transfer to any other person, carrier or agent, handle, deliver or distribute in Garrett County, any intoxicating liquor, regardless of the name by which it may be called; provided, however, that individuals may bring into Garrett County, upon their person or as their personal baggage, for their personal use only, such liquor in quantity not to exceed one quart, and the proper officers of churches may receive wine in unbroken packages for sacramental purposes only. Provided further that nothing in this Act shall prohibit the shipment of alcohol or liquors to druggists which may be necessary for medicinal purposes, and nothing herein contained shall make it unlawful to manufacture, buy, sell, ship or deliver, or deal in any bona fide medicinal, culinary or toilet preparation, official, standard or proprietary, provided that the same does not contain more alcohol than is necessary to comply with its standard or official formula, or to hold the constituents in solution, preserve the preparation or keep it from freezing, and provided the preparation is not sold for use as a beverage or intoxicant.

CHAPTER 205

AN ACT to regulate the conduct of pool and billiard rooms, and bowling alleys in Garrett County; providing for hours of opening and closing the same; prohibiting the proprietors or those in charge of the same from admitting, allowing to loiter in, exercise or engage in game therein, any person under the age of sixteen years, and provided penalties for the violation of the provisions of this Act.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That every room or place in Garrett County used or occupied for the exercise or engaging in the game of pool, billiards or bowling to which the public has access and at which charges are made for the privilege of engaging there in shall be conducted at all times in an orderly, decent manner, and it shall be unlawful for the proprietor or person in charge of the same to permit any disorderly conduct, swearing or use of indecent or improper language therein by any person or persons on, in, or about the premises where such games are conducted.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That all places as aforesaid used or occupied for the purpose of engaging in the games of pool, billiards, or bowling to which the public shall have access and at which charges are made for the privilege of engaging therein shall be kept closed as a place of business from hours of 11 p. m. to 6 a. m. of each night in the week, except Saturday, and closed on Sundays, and it shall be unlawful for any place or places aforesaid to be kept open during the hours above mentioned.

SEC. 3 And be it further enacted, That it shall be unlawful for the proprietor or person in charge of any place or places as aforesaid, used or occupied for the purpose of engaging in the games of pool, billiards or bowling to which the public shall have access and at which charges are made for the privilege of engaging therein, to permit, suffer or allow any person or persons under the age of sixteen (16) years to loiter in, on or about the premises where such games as above mentioned are conducted, or engage in or participate in any manner in the conduct of any of such games or witness the participation therein of others who may lawfully be on the said premises.

SEC. 4. And be it enacted, That any person or persons, firm or corporation, whether proprietor or person in charge of any pool or billiard room or bowling alley in any place in Garrett County who shall violate any of the provisions of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be subject to a fine of not less than five ($5.00) nor more than Twenty Dollars ($20.00); one-half of any fine so imposed and collected to be paid to the informer thereof.

CHAPTER NO. 57

AN ACT to repeal and re-enact with amendments Section 5 of Chapter 450, of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland, at its session of 1896, title, An Act to incorporate the town of Loch Lynn Heights, Garrett county, Maryland.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Section 5 of Chapter 450, of the Acts of 1896, title An Act to incorporate the town of Loch Lynn Heights, Garrett County, Maryland, be and the same is hereby repealed and re-enacted so as to read as follows:

SECTION 5. That on and after the year 1917, the annual election for officers of said town shall be held on the first Monday in March in each and every year. The Mayor and Council shall have the power to fix the hour and place for holding said election in said town, and the length of time the polls shall be kept open, and shall give due notice of such election by printed or written handbills, posted in at least six public and conspicuous places in said town, at least ten days prior to the holding of such election. Said Mayor and Council shall have the power to appoint Judges and Clerks for such elections, and it shall be their duty to do so, and to make all other necessary arrangements for holding the same, not herein provided for. The term of office of all officers of said town shall expire on the first Monday in March instead of the first Monday in May, or as soon as their successors are elected and qualified. This shall include the officers now serving as such in said town.

Had a Good Excuse.

Summoned at Whitley Bay, Northumberland, England for having ridden a bicycle upon the footpath, a miner's excuse was that he was mad with toothache and that it was easier to ride on the footpath than on the road.

Call for Gratitude.

Seek to cultivate a buoyant, joyous sense of the crowded kindnesses of God in your daily life.—Alexander McLaren.

THE REPUBLICAN

BENJ. H. SINCELL, EDITOR.

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THURSDAY, MAY 25, 1916

PLAN BIG REPUBLICAN CAMPAIGN

Republican leaders are laying their plans for a vigorous campaign to elect the man who will be nominated at Chicago next month. They are confident that it is only necessary to make clear to the intelligent voters of the country the record of the Wilson administration to insure an overwhelming sentiment in favor of the Republican candidate and that the returns in November will indicate a sweeping Republican victory. Nor will the party leaders confine themselves to insuring the election of the President. All the indications point to the election of a Republican majority in the Senate, as well as in the House, if the work of the campaign managers is well done, and for this reason a special committee, charged to look after the interests of Republican candidates for the Senate, will be created. The Republican Congressional committee is to be recognized and the country apportioned among several sub-committees in so far as possible, to create a feeling on the part of members of responsibility, each for his own section of the country. A high class publicity bureau of the national committee will be organized with a view to spreading the facts through the press of the country in such manner that he who runs may read and that no voter need go to the polls in November without an adequate appreciation of the Democratic record and of the platform and purposes of the Republican party. The tariff, prepared ness for national self-defense and economy and efficiency of administration will be the watchwords of the Republican party in the approaching campaign, which promises to be one of the most momentous in the history of the nation.

McADOO SCHEME A LOTTERY.

Democratic cock-sureness in doubtful situation is aptly illustrated in the estimates submitted by Secretary McAdoo to Chairman Simmons of the Senate Finance Committee and Chairman Kitchin of the House Ways and Means Committee. For the next fiscal year only about $150,000,000 of new revenue will have to be provided to meet the largely increased appropriations, including the preparedness program. Mr. McAdoo says, and all of this will come from taxes on incomes, inheritances and munitions. Maybe it will.

Federal taxation of inheritances and munitions would be entirely new. As to inheritances the proposal will be adopted only after overcoming considerable opposition. There is a feeling in influential circles that this field should be reversed to the states most of which have availed themselves of it as a source of revenue. Should the federal government also tax inheritances hardships would be imposed. It passes understanding how the Secretary of the Treasury can offer as a dependable estimate any considerable sum as likely to be available from the taxation of munitions manufacturers. That business has grown up during the European war, and with the coming of peace it will practically disappear. No man knows when hostilities will cease, and it is the duty of our government to assist in bringing about peace at the earliest possible day, even at the cost of some revenue from the munitious business. Of course, our defense preparations will call for some munitions on which the tax might be imposed, but as the government would have to pay whatever it amounted to in the way of higher price for goods bought, it would not gain anything therefrom. Anyway, munitions manufacturers already pay the corporation income tax. Shall they be taxed again?

So incomes alone are left, assuredly to produce added revenue. Mr. McAdoo believes they will yield a greatly increased amount of money owing to the frustration of evasions by persons properly taxable. But it is likely also that average incomes last year were much higher than previously owing to war business and speculative profits growing out of the war-made prosperity. Such increases will vanish when the war ends and revenue will fall off accordingly. Thus it seems unless there is no change in the deplorable world condition the $150,000,000 additional revenue which Mr. McAdoo is banking on will not be available. When the war does end there is certain to be bad times in this country that will still further reduce incomes. Huge importations from Europe that will pay no tariff under the Democratic law will affect domestic industry disastrously. The war has saved us from the ruin normally inevitable under the Wilson tariff act, as Senator Penrose told the National Association of, Hosiery and Underwear Manufacturers on Thursday. The only safety for American industry and assurance of adequate revenues with which to carry on the nation's business is a protective tariff. But for that we shall have to await the incoming of a Republican administration and Congress next year. The McAdoo scheme, approved by President Wilson, is no better than taking a chance in lottery.

To be awakened by the singing of the birds, to look through the warm sunshine and see the living green of the fields and forests, to realize in it all that there is never a failure in the fulfillment of the Creator's promises, helps one to catch the thought of the poet about this world—that, "though it be not the best, it is the next to the best we can ever attain.—North East Star.

WILL HUGHES RUN?

New York Paper Says He Won't Seek Nomination.

The New York American Monday published the following under Washington date:

The first statement by Justice Charles E. Hughes of the Supreme Court on the Republican nomination for President was obtained today. Justice Hughes is quoted as saying by a leader in the Republican party favorable to the pre-convention campaign for his nomination:

"In my opinion, Roosevelt is going to be nominated, so it makes it unnecessary to discuss anyone else at all."

Great pressure had been brought to bear upon Justice Hughes to authorize the campaign in his behalf. That was his reply.

Justice Hughes' statement, which was made within the last week, was interpreted by his supporters to mean he has made up his mind he will not connive at getting the nomination, so that if he should be named he may be able to say that while on the Supreme Bench he never by word or deed sought the honor.

His friends declare he will not be disappointed if he is not nominated; that he is perfectly sincere and content to remain on the bench. His closest friends, those more anxious to know his real attitude toward the nomination, assert they are wholly without guidance or suggestion from him.

They believe, however, that Justice Hughes will be controlled by the presence or lack of unanmity of spirit at the Chicago convention. They believe he would refuse the nomination if it should come to him after a bitter fight.

Frank Hitchcock, former Postmaster General, has been in Washington for three days in the interest of the movement for Hughes. He saw the Justice, but was unable to induce him to consent to the use of his name.

It was predicted by an authority today that Burton and Cummins will drop out of the race this week. It was said Cummins' strength, in general, would go to Hughes, but that some of it would be for Roosevelt. The Burton votes are to be divided between Roosevelt and Hughes. It was also said Fairbanks would withdraw if it were not for the fact that he desires a complimentary vote.

Republican Senators declare there is no question that Colonel Roosevelt would support Justice Hughes if the latter were nominated. They say Colonel Roosevelt's controlling desire is the defeat of the Democratic Administration, and that he is thoroughly stirred up.

NORTH GLADE

Farmers have been quite busy getting out their crops.

J. A. Wilt evidently believes in raising potatoes, he having planted about a hundred bushels.

At present there seems a good prospect for fruit,

We are glad to note that health conditions have greatly improved.

Mrs. Alexander Lohr, who was past 83, was buried the 11th inst. Rev. Marvin conducted the funeral services.

There were two births here recently, a daughter at Josephus Howell's and a son at Joseph Beckman's.

Dame Rumor reports a wedding. Guess who.

J. L. Fitzwater spent Sunday here. He with his best girl attended Epworth League in the evening.

Irwin and Mrs. Custer visited her parents near New Germany on Sunday.

Mrs. Emma McRobie, who has been taking treatment for cancer at Cumberland for some time past is somewhat improved, although still critically ill.

I have a number of watches in my possession left with F. G. Hyde for repairs. Those claiming the watches who will call at my office and identify the same and pay the charges for repairs can claim them.

WM. R. OFFUTT, Trustee.
Attorney, Garrett National Bank Bl'dg.
12-2t

BITTINGER.

Two slight frosts accompaned the cool wave that swept over this section last week.

Deputy Treasurer B. H. Wiley, of Oakland, spent Sunday at his home here.

Elias Orendorf, who has been ill for some time, but was able to be about, was suddenly stricken on last Saturday while attending church, and is now very ill at his home.

Simon Beachy had the misfortune to lose a valuable horse a few days ago.

Mrs. Joseph Buckle was taken to Meyersdale, Pa., last Sunday to consult a physician about some eye affection with which she is a sufferer.

Melchor Hetrick has begun work on the foundations of his new residence and barn.

Perry Bowser is considering the purchase of an automobile.

Rev. J. L. Marvin held a series of services in the Lutheran church at Jennings last week.

Jas. D. Hamill
Justice of The Peace
AND
Real Estate Agent.

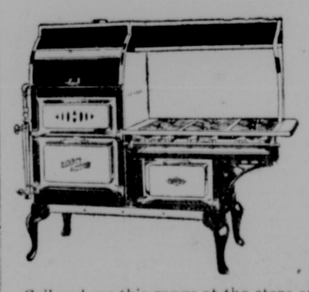
Prompt and careful attention given to all business entrusted to my care.

The sale or renting of farm or town property given special attention. No charge for advertising property placed in my hands. Office opposite Court House, Oakland, Md.

Do You Use Gas?

If you do come to W. E. Shirer and inspect and have demonstrated to you the Direct Action Gas Range, with the regular cooking top and the Direct Action Oven with the fireless cooker convenience added. The oven is the most essential part of all ranges and this range possesses the most marvelous oven yet produced which is a cooking oven as well as a baking oven and can be used to boil and bake at the same time.

The oven of this gas-range is operated on a distinctly new principle. The burners are placed in the oven itself; hence the name, "direct action." In design, the range is on efficient cabinet type with a comfortable working height of thirty-two inches. Connected with the oven is a thermostat which reduces automatically the amount of gas allowed to flow through the burner at any temperature indicated. Thus at 200 degrees F. only a sub-flame burns, while if the thermostat is set for a temperature of 300 degrees F. the furners show a full flame until 325 degrees F. is reached, when the supply of gas is cut off and the flame is reduced to a mere pin-point, capable of maintaining the temperature set. With this arrangement an oven of known temperature can be indefinitely maintained, and this is a marked advance in gas-cookery. **The food is first placed in the oven, the gas is then lighted, and the thermostat is set for the desired temperature.** The practical results obtained in this oven, as well as the temperature readings, show it to be an excellent investment.



Call and see this range at the store of W. E. Shirer any day or if you phone W. E. Shirer he will demonstrate to you any evening. This range must be seen to be appreciated.

W. E. SHIRER,
Oakland, Md.

Advertisement.

LEON

Will make the season of 1916 as follows, beginning May 13th:

On Saturdays then thereafter on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday of each week at the Mill Stable of Andrew W. Helbig in Oakland. Other days at my home.

TERMS—$12 with foal, money due when mare is known to be with foal; $15 to insure a colt 5 days old. A lien on colt until paid for. Partirs coming from a distance to my farm will not be charged for meals or horse feed.

I will have a car of Fertilizer on the siding at Oakland on or after May 20th. Please send your orders in for what you want so that I can notify you upon arrival of the car.

D. J. SWARTZENTRUBER.

CHAPTER NO. 10.

AN ACT to protect deer in Garrett County, Maryland, and to provide penalties for the violation of same.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That it shall be unlawful for any person or persons, to kill deer in Garrett County, Maryland, beginning with the passage of this Act and ending on the thirty-first day of October, 1922.

SECTION 2. And be it further enacted, That any person or persons who shall kill a deer in Garrett County, on or before the 31st day of October, 1922, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction before a Justice of the Peace or the Circuit Court for Garrett County, shall be confined in the Garrett County Jail, or sentenced to House of Correction for a period not less than sixty days or more than one year.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That all Acts or parts of Acts, inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, are hereby repealed.

SEC. 4. And be it enacted, That this Act shall go into effect from the first day of June, 1916.

ORDER NISI.

In the matter of Clarence W. Perkins, assignee, vs. Robert C. McCandlish and Annie L. McCandlish, his wife.

No. 1936 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett county.

It is ordered this 13th day of May, 1916, upon the aforegoing report and affidavit, by the Circuit Court for Garrett county, sitting as a Court of Equity, that the said Clarence W. Perkins, assignee, be and he is hereby authorized and empowered to accept the offer of F. G. Fox, as above set forth, and to convey by a good and sufficient deed the property covered by said mortgage, to the said F. G. Fox, upon the terms and conditions above set forth, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 17th day of June 1916; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 16th day of June 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $1,000.

ROBERT R HENDERSON,

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Administrator's Sale
OF
Personal Property

Under and by virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of Allegany county, Md., the undersigned administrator of the personal estate of G. N. Emory, late of Allegany county, Md., deceased, hereby gives notice that he will, on

Thursday, the 8th Day of June,

1916, at the hour of 1:30 o'clock p. m. in front of the First National Bank in the town of Oakland, Md., sell at public auction to the highest bidder.

One light Six-Cylinder Mitchell Touring Car, late 1914 model; seven pasenger, equipped with electric lights, starter and heating system. This car is in good condition and has been operated over only about nine hundred miles.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on the day of sale.

J. B. EMORY, Administrator.

Assignee's Sale
OF VALUABLE
Real Estate
In Garrett County, Maryland.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a deed, reserving a vendor's lien, from Arnold A. Scherr et vir to Bertha V. Martin and Susanna Simons, bearing date 28th day of March, 1915, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 68, folio 274, one of the land records of said Garrett county, and assigned to the undersigned assignee, default having been made in payment of said vendor's lien therein, the undersigned assignee hereby gives notice that he will on

Saturday, the 17th day of June,

1916, at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m., in front of the Court House in the town of Oakland, Md., offer at public auction to the highest bidder all that piece or parcel of land situate in Garrett county, Maryland, and beginning for the same at a stake on East side of Arnold Road, and running thence N. 11° W. 11¾ poles; N. 7° E. 11 poles; N. 4° 30 minutes, 7 poles to a stake S. 51° and 15 minutes W. 28 poles to beginning, containing two acres, more or less, and being the same land mentioned and described in said deed.

Said land is improved by a dwelling house, stable and out buildings.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash. Conveyancing at cost of purchaser.

JULIUS C. RENNINGER, Assignee.

NOTICE: Any responsible party making substantial and satisfactory down payment can secure reasonable terms for deferred payment. For further particulars see Renninger & Offutt, Attorneys, Oakland, Md.

Order of Publication.

Porter L. Custer, et al., vs. Amanda Custer et al.

No. 1691 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

The object of this petition is to procure an order from the Circuit Court for Garrett county, sitting in equity, authorizing and directing the Trustee named in the decree in this cause to pay over a certain amount of money audited to Ora Crissie to the petitioner, Patrick S. Fazenbaker.

The petition, after setting out the filing of the original bill, the passage of a decree of sale and the appointment of the trustees, states, that after the passage of said decree, but before the sale of said real estate to-wit: on the 1st day of November, 1915, the said Ora Crissie, together with her husband, sold and conveyed to the said Pytrick S. Fazenbaker, all their rights, title and interest in the real estate in the proceedings mentioned, and executed and delivered a deed therefor, which deed has been already filed in this cause with the petition of the said Fazenbaker praying that he be admitted as a party defendant therein, and is now prayed to be taken and considered as a part thereof.

The petition further states that there has been an audit stated in said cause, and prays that the amount audited to the said Ora Crissie may be paid over to said petitioner.

It is thereupon, this 23d day of May, 1916, ordered, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, in equity, that the petitioner, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett County, once in each of four successive weeks, before the 24th day of June, next, give notice to the said Ora Crissie of the object and substance of said petition, warning her to appear in this Court, in person or by solicitor, on or before the 1st day of July, next, to show cause, if any she has, why an order ought not be passed as prayed. And it is further ordered, that in lieu of such publication, a copy of this order may be served personally upon the said Ora Crissie, on or before the 20th day of June, 1916, in accordance with Section 127 of Article 16 of the Code of Public General Laws of the State of Maryland, warning her to appear and show cause as aforesaid.

ROBERT R. HENDERSON.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF
The Second National Bank
OF CUMBERLAND

In the State of Maryland, at the close of business May 1st, 1916.

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans and Discounts	$2,214,714 30	Capital Stock	$200,000 00
United States Bonds	240,000 00	Surplus, Undivided Profits	375,839 39
Other Bonds, Securities Etc	378,715 00	Circulation	200,000 00
Banking House and other Real Estate	47,022 76	Deposits	2,757,419 03
Due From Federal Reserve Agents and other Banks	428,325 76		
Cash	214,480 60		
Redemption Fund	10,000 00		
	$3,533,258 42		$3,533,258 42

DIRECTORS:

D. ANNAN L. M. SHEPHERD ROBERT R. HENDERSON
JAMES CLARK W. BLADEN LOWNDES O. C. GEPHART
TASKER G. LOWNDES JOHN KEATING
JOHN SCHWARZENBACH
D. ANNAN, President
W. BLADEN LOWNDES, TASKER G. LOWNDES
Vice Presidents
D. F. KUYKENDALL, Cashier

THREE PER CENT INTEREST PAID ON SAVINGS DEPOSITS

CUT FLOWERS FOR DECORATION DAY

In Effect May 27th-30th, inclusive, 1916

	Per Dozen
Roses, fancy	$2.00
Roses, medium	1.25
Carnations, select	1.50
Sweet Peas, per hundred	2.00
Daisies, yellow, per bunch of 25	1.00
Daisies, white, per bunch of 25	.50
Peonies, fancy	2.00
Peonies, medium	1.50
Gladiolus	3.00
Easter Lilies	2.00
Calla Lilies, fancy	3.00

Assortments appropriate for this occasion, extra value, each, $1.00 and up

Assorted Cut Ferns	.50
Smilax, per yard	.25

BOUQUETS and DESIGNS

Bunches of Flowers arranged with green and ribbon or chiffon, $2.00 and up

Wreathes, Crosses, etc., suitable for Decoration Day, $3.00 and up

TOMATO PLANTS—Strong transplanted, 20 cents per dozen.

All orders for tomato plants or cut flowers delivered free in all parts of Garrett county.

Flowers will be in good supply, especially Easter Lilies, in which we are giving very good value; special value also in Assorted Flowers.

Please let us have your order early, and be assured of our best efforts to please you. Awaiting your pleasure, we are, Very truly yours,

THE H. WEBER & SONS CO.,
Stores { Fairmont, W. Va. / Clarksburg, W. Va. } Oakland, Maryland.

SEE THE
Overland!
$695.00.
Car at Oakland Garage
Oakland Garage
AGENT

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

PATRICK BRODERICK

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 13th day of October, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 13th day of April, 1916.

H. S. COLEMAN,
Administrator,
Sutton, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

JESSE McCLINTOCK

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 13th day of October 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 13th day of April, 1916.

MAGGIE A. McCLINTOCK,
Administratrix,
Accident Md.

FOUNDED 1888

THE GARRETT NATIONAL BANK

FOUNDED 1888

OF OAKLAND, MARYLAND

Report of Condition at the Close of Business May 1st, 1916:

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans and Investments	$540,004 74	Capital Stock	$50,000 00
United States Bonds	50,000 00	Surplus and Undivided Profits	67,775 89
Banking House Furniture and Fixtures	30,500 00	National Bank Notes outstanding	49,197 50
Due from Banks	2,579 86	Due to other Banks	2,182 42
Redemption Funds with U. S. Treasurer	2,500 00	Deposits	529,977 20
Cash and Reserve	73,548 41		
Total	$699,133 01	Total	$699,133 01

OFFICERS

G. S. HAMILL, President. D. E. OFFUTT, Jr., Vice President.
G. A. FRALEY, Cashier. H. L. JONES, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS

GILMOR S. HAMILL, JOHN T. MITCHELL, DANIEL E. OFFUTT, Jr.
JOSEPH E. HARNED. GEORGE A. FRALEY, HARLAND L. JONES CHAS. S. DAVIS

ESTABLISHED 1884. PROMPT SERVICE

What Can Be Done With An Old Bathroom?

A most surprising change can be effected by a little planning, and with our aid and experience to guide you, a most judicious selection of fixtures can be obtained which will be just suited to your bathroom and suited to your pocketbook.

The bathroom so is intimately connected with the welfare of the household that it deserves your careful consideration. We recommend "Standard" plumbing fixtures as they are guaranteed and therefore the proper kind to be used with our guaranteed workmanship. If a well planned bathroom, carefully executed is what you desire, call on us.

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.
Oakland, Md.
"Naylor has it and sells it for less."

BOTH PHONES COURTEOUS TREATMENT

C. N. McINTIRE

SUCCESSOR TO
J. M. DAVIS & SONS
OAKLAND, MD.

We especially invite the ladies to see our frmous set straight Standard Sewing Machine, with all its latest equipments and would be glad to demonstrate to your satisfaction. Prices right—cash or monthly payments.

We also have in stock a full line of refrigerators and water coolers.

Respectfully,
C. N. McINTIRE.

D. E. BOLDEN

Furniture Dealer and Funeral Director

HAVING moved my furniture business to the Manhattan Hotel store room, I am prepared to serve the public to the best of my ability, having now in stock the finest line of Furniture ever brought to the city and which I offer as cheap as it can be bought in the wholesale markets.

All I ask is a chance to name you prices.

My stock is complete in every detail, and which consists of Furnitnre, Carpets, Mattings, Window Shades, Bedding of all kinds, large and small Rugs—in fact everything with which to furnish a house from cellar to attic.

I am also prepared to give estimates on Buildings and repair work—from a pig pen to a palace.

Call and see me; I will treat you fair and square.

Thanking the public for past favors and soliciting a continuance of the same, I remain,

Yours respectfully,
D. E. BOLDEN

Mrs. John Murphy spent Friday and Saturday in Cumberland.

Miss Mabel Falkenstein spent Sunday with relatives at Terra Alta.

Former Sheriff Andrew J. Oester, of Bittinzer, visited Oakland Monday on business.

FOR RENT—An eight room house on Centre street; bath. Also a 4-room flat over brick garage fitted with bath. Apply to A. D. Naylor, Oakland. Advertisement 11-3t.

Mr. M. H. Frankhouser, of near Cranesville, was in Oakland Monday on business.

Dr. R. A. Ravenscroft, of Accident, arrived in Oakland this morning from the east.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. A. Smith, of Hoyes, spent last Saturday afternoon in Oakland.

Mrs. Lloyd Durst and little daughter, of Wheeling, W. Va., are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. David Durst.

Rev. T. A. DeWitt, of Deer Park U. B. church, is assisting in the protracted services now being held at Terra Alta, W. Va.

About sixty five acres good pasture land near Mountain Lake Park for rent; property well watered. Apply to A. D. Naylor, Oakland. Adv. 11-3t

Mrs. Julius Scherr, of Moogantown, who was the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Julius Renninger in Oakland, for the week-end, returned to her home Monday afternoon.

Rev. Arthur Livermoor, of Wellsboro, West Va., who is stopping at the Commercial Hotel in Oakland for a few weeks, was the guest of Rev. McCamic at his home in Deer Park yesterday.

Former County Treasurer J. B. Emory and Mr. C. E. Ellithorp, a former member of the Board of County School Commissioners, both of Bittinger, spent yesterday in Oakland on business, returning home last night.

Mrs. Henry Lauer, who was in Cumberland for three weeks or more where she underwent a surgical operation of a serious nature, was brought to her home in Oakland last Thursday and is well on the road toward recovery.

Naylor & Co. have a big supply of Drain Tile.
Advertisement.

Many Oakland people attended the funeral of the late Jonas Speicher at Accident Monday, among the number being Dr. and Mrs. Webster Ravenscroft, School Commissioner Joseph T. Glotfelty and Superintendent F. E. Rathbun.

Mr. John E. Gnagey, of West Milton, Ohio, arrived in Oakland Monday morning and went from here to Accident that morning to attend the funeral of his nephew, the late Jonas Speicher, whose death occurred on Saturday morning.

Mrs. Edward H. Sincell entertained quite delightfully a company of thirty or more young people at her home on Second street last Thursday evening. The honor guest was Miss VanCleve, of Flint, Mich., who is here on a visit to Mrs. Sincell.

OAKLAND CASH BUYERS CO.,—Pay cash for spring Pigs, Calves, Lambs, Chickens, Turkeys, Eggs, etc. L. W. HOPKINS, W. L. CASTEEL, J. W. DAVIS. Adv. 10-tf

Mr. James E. McGettigan, of Accident, who spent upwards of a week in a Baltimore hospital, returned to his last Thursday morning, much improved physically and with the assurance from the specialists who examined him that the trouble with which he suffered was of a local nature and not serious.

Mr. D. E. Offutt, who recently suffered a relapse, is somewhat improved this morning.

FOR SALE—Cheap, a white wicker baby carriage; good as new. Apply to Harry Naylor, Oakland.

The ladies of the Presbyterian church will conduct an exchange at Creutzburg's store on Alder street Saturday afternoon, May 27th, when they will offer for sale bread, pastry, etc.

At the Maryland Theatre tonight the commencement exercises of the Oakland High School will occur at which time Dr. M. Bates Stephens, State Superintendent of Education, will be present and deliver the diplomas to the graduates.

Mr. Homer E. Turney, who has been at Springfield, Ohio, where he was a student in Wittenberg Seminary, has taken a charge at Oxford, Ohio, for the summer and will serve that congregation and another located just across the line in the State of Indiana.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Sunday last hundreds of automobiles from nearly every section of the country, passed through Oakland, many of them coming from great distances, the one farthest from base bearing a Connecticut state license tag and containing four tourists.

New and very handsome as well as substantial leather upholstered seating for the Masonic lodge in Oakland was received here Monday and placed in the lodge room Tuesday. The furniture is in the form of settees and was built especially for the local lodge.

Circuit Court convens in Oakland for the jury term on Monday, June 4th, when a large number of civil cases will be tried. What the grand jury may find remains to be seen, but from what can be gathered from rumors it is expected that the criminal docket will also be large.

Mr. J. B. Emory, as administrator of the personal estate of the late C. U. Emory, advertises in this paper today the notice of sale of a six-cylinder Mitchell automobile, which will take place in Oakland June 17th. The car is in splendid condition and has been used comparatively little.

A well printed report, which is the work of the inmates of the institution, was received at this office Monday of the Maryland school for the Deaf, located at Frederick. The report shows that three of the pupils are from Garrett county, namely Hazel V. Durst, Josephine Hone and Dorothy King.

THE new Maryland compulsory school law will fill the Washington county schools to overflowing, and the "problem will be to house the young Presidents to come later," says the Hagerstown Mail. The law goes into effect the first of June, and hundreds of children not now enrolled in the schools will have to be provided with buildings and teachers next fall.

Attention is directed to the advertisement of Mr. James D. Hamill, Justice of the Peace and real estate agent, who has his office in the Anderson dwelling opposite the Court House. Mr. Hamill is making a specialty of handling real estate and all business entrusted to him will receive prompt attention.

Resolutions of Respect and in Memory of the Rev. John M. Davis, D. D., Superintendent Emeritus of St. Paul's M. E. Sunday School of Oakland.

WHEREAS, In the exercise of an allwise and divine Providence, it has pleased Almighty God to call from earth to heaven the Reverend John M. Davis, superintendent emeritus of our Sunday school, who departed this life on Saturday, the 13th day of May, 1916, full of years, honors, christian love and lively hope of eternal life; and

WHEREAS, This Sunday school, over which he presided as superintendent for forty-one consecutive years and wherein it was his God given privilege to lead and guide hundreds and even thousands of souls to the Cross of Christ, now deem it proper to give a testimonial in this form of the love, esteem and veneration in which it held him and now revers his blessed memory; therefore be it

RESOLVED, By Saint Paul's Methodist Episcopal Sunday school of Oakland, that we pay tribute to his memory and honor to his virtuous life.

Precious in the sight of the Lord is the death of His Saints. It is to them the most blessed of experiences. While the eye of the body slowly closes to the fading beauties of earth, the eye of the soul is opening to the glories that are to be revealed. In relaxing his hold on all that life held dear we believe his spiritual hands held with firmer grasp of faith, and a closer embrace of love to the things that are unseen and eternal in the heavens. While the outward man perishes, the inward man is renewed. The day of his death is indeed better than the day of his birth, for, rich with all the accumulated treasures of spiritual knowledge and experience—the growth of a whole lifetime of discipline—he comes to his last hour like the mellow fruit that gathers into itself all the life of the tree, all the dew and sunshine of summer, and at last bends and breaks the branches from which it hangs. The death of our beloved, departed saint of God is swallowed up in victory. Death to him is but the passing shadow between faith and sight, hope and full fruition, transient and transparent as the last filmy cloud that veils for a moment the sunrise. In the chamber of death the spirit is released and finds an open gate to Heaven. His death is a translation. The unfolding of a life whose spiritual character had its beginning on earth. His dying is to us like the setting of the sun on a calm summer evening, which makes the western sky ablaze with splendor, and glorifies even the dark clouds that gather round his descent. It is like the changing of the somber green foliage of summer into the gorgeous brightness of the autumnal hues, investing even the sadness of death and decay with heavenly beauty.

Who, on beholding such a marvelous proof the transforming and sustaining power of grace as we beheld in our friend, would not exclaim; "Let me die the death of the righteous, and let my latter end be like his." The record of his magnanimous life entwine like a running vine around the memory of our friend and spiritual father. Every beautiful, unselfish act is now a perfumed flower whose fragrance lingers, a blessing and benediction to those he loved. He lived well. He died triumphant. He lived not for selfish gain but for the glory of God and the good of his fellow creatures. Though the place that knows him will know him no more forever, yet those whom he blessed by his living will arise and call him blessed, and the undying moral power of his character and life will continue to produce lasting influence and impressions upon men's lives generations to come.

Just as the sunset leaves a long enduring after-glow in the natural heavens, so will the sunset of his life make the world fairer and richer because he lived and died in it.

He faded, like all mortals, as a leaf; but the fragrance of his life still clings to our memory as the scent of the rose lingers in its dry, withered leaves.

The singing birds, busy bees, blossoming flowers and running brooks were full of inspiration and suggestion to him. Gentleness and modesty, with deep sincerity and honesty of purpose characterized every act of his life. We shall ever miss his cheering words. His wisdom and council, ripened by years of christian experience are still our rich legacy.

He was always interested in his community and town. He loved his home, his family, and his church. The Sunday School was perhaps dearest of all organizations to his heart. He wns the children's friend, the youths' adviser, the mature man's counselor and the old man's comforter.

He loved nature and all it taught. To him the flowers and fields were full of poetry. The mountains and streams were sermons of life and beauty. He was optimistic, and tried to give every one who came in contact with him, a taste of the joy and blessing that only knowledge and christian experience can give.

He sowed the seeds of inquiry in the fruitful soil of children's minds, and though his voice is stilled and his hands at rest, his work still lives. His life influence is potent; what its fruitage will be, only the oncoming years will reveal.

RESOLVED, That the sympathy of the Officers, Teachers and Scholars of this school be, and is, hereby extended to the two surviving sons and to all the bereaved relatives of the deceased, commending them for consolation to the sustaining grace of a loving and merciful Heavenly Father. May we ever cherish, honor and strive to emulate the example of his life, and so live that we shall enjoy the felicity of eternal happiness with him in heaven; therefore be it further

RESOLVED, That the Sunday School hold a memorial service during its session June 4th, 1916, as a further mark of respect to the memory of our departed Superintendent and that all former members of the Sunday School, as well as the church communicants, be invited to participate with the Sunday School in said service.

RESOLVED, That these resolutions be spread upon the minutes of Saint Paul's Methodist Episcopal Sunday School of Oakland, a copy sent to each of the surviving sons, Charles S. and John W. Davis.

C. EDWARD BENDER,
JOS. E. HARNED,
EDWARD H. SINCELL,
F. E. RATHBUN,
Committee.

May 21, 1916.

The above resolutions were adopted by a rising vote of the whole school on Sunday, May 21, 1916, at the regular session of the school.

FRED A. THAYER,
Supt.

True Copy. Test:
J. W. WHITE, Recording Secretary.

Resolutions Adopted by the Board of Directors of The Garrett National Bank in Memory of Rev. John M. Davis.

At a meeting of the board of directors of the Garrett National Bank of Oakland, held on last Thursday, the 18th inst., the following resolutions in memory of the late Rev. John M. Davis, a member of the board from the time the bank was instituted as a state bank until the beginning of the present year, were presented and adopted:

Oakland, Md., May 18th, 1916.

At a meeting of the directors of the Garrett National Bank, held this date, resolutions were offered and passed in memory of the Rev. John M. Davis, who was one of the directors of The Garrett National Bank from its foundation until just prior to his death, which occurred on the 13th day of May, 1916.

WHEREAS, In the providence of Almighty God the Rev. John M. Davis was called from all earthly things to his heavenly home, on the above date, and in his death and removal from our midst, this community has lost a christian exemplar and a man who was respected and beloved by all who knew him.

Mr. Davis was one of the first directors of The Garrett County Bank, and after it became merged into a National Bank, continued to act in that capacity and we, his associates, always found in him a safe adviser and from his experience in the affairs of men he was always conservative in his views and his judgment was always taken and given in proper weight in deciding important matters of business, and he was always looked up to and his counsel sought in all important matters connected with the bank, and with all this, he showed that patience and sternness of character which proved him to be a valued member of the board, and whilst he retired from these duties but a short time prior to his death we feel that his eminent services should be recognized and placed upon the records of this bank.

Upon motion being made, these resolutions were unanimously adopted, and a copy of same ordered sent to his family.

G. A. FRALEY,
Cashier.

On Monday evening the Rev. McCamic, minister of the Deer Park Circuit, fell and sustained an injury to his back and as a consequence was unable to meet his appointment at Thayerville that evening. He is now much improved. On Sunday evening in the Deer Park church Rev. McCamic will deliver a sermon to the old soldiers.

A number of workmen, under the supervision of Mr. S. A. Nally, are engaged this week cleaning the stone work of the Garrett National Bank building on Second street. The work is progressing well and will be quite an improvement.

Grant Lipscomb, who was an inmate of the Springfield Asylum for the past several months, was brought to his home in Oakland Saturday and on Monday was taken to the farm of Samuel Rodeheaver, near Sand Flat. His condition as a result of the treatment he received at the hospital is very much improved.

For Sale.

Crooks Crest, comprising about twenty acres, improved by handsome house. Apply to the owner or any real estate agent. Mrs. E. Fundenberg, Oakland, Md. Adv. 12-tf

CHAPTER NO. 410

AN ACT to repeal section 196, 197, 199 and 209 Q of Article Number One of the Code of Public Local Laws of Maryland, title "Allegany County," sub-title "Mining and Mine Inspector," as the same were enacted by Chapter 124 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed in the year 1902, and to re-enact said sections with amendments, so as to place the inspection of mines in Allegany County under the State Board of Labor and Statistics; and to repeal sections 150, 151, 153, and 164 P of Article Number Twelve of the Code of Public Local Laws of Maryland, title "Garrett County," sub-title "Manufactures and Mines," as the same were enacted by Chapter 124 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland passed in the year 1902, and to re-enact said sections with amendments, so as to place the inspection of mines in Garrett County under the State Board of Labor and Statistics.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That section 196, 197, 199 and 209 Q of Article Number One of the Code of Public Laws of Maryland, title "Allegany County," sub-title "Mining and Mine Inspector," as the same were enacted by Chapter 124 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland passed in the year 1902, be and the same hereby are repealed and re-enacted with amendments; and sections 150, 151, 153 and 164P of Article Number Twelve of the Code of Public Laws of Maryland, title "Garrett County," sub-title "Manufactures and Mines," be and the same hereby are repealed and re-enacted to read as follows:

Section 196 of Article 1 and Section 150 of Article 12. That the State Board of Labor and Statistics, with the approval of the Governor shall appoint one Mine Inspector for the counties of Allegany and Garrett, who shall hold his office for two years from the date of his appointment. No person shall be eligible to the office of Mine Inspector until he shall have attained the age of thirty years. He shall possess a competent and a practical knowledge of the different systems of mining and properly ventilating coal mines in said counties, and the nature and constituent parts of the various gases found in coal mines, and of the various ways of expelling the same from said mines and shall have had five years' practical experience as a miner in one or both counties combined next immediately preceding his appointment, and shall receive such annual salary as the Board, with the approval of the Governor, may deem proper. Before entering upon the discharge of the duties of his office the said Mine Inspector shall take the oath provided in the Constitution of the State and shall give bond in the sum of two thousand dollars with sureties to be approved by the Chief Judge of the Fourth Judicial Circuit of Maryland. Said Mine Inspector while in office shall not be interested in the operation of any mine or act as land agent, superintendent or manager of any mine; and it shall be his duty to make a report to the State Board of Labor and Statistics of his proceedings in office and to set forth in such reports all such information that may be proper or beneficial, and also to make such recommendations and suggestions as he may consider important as to legislation on the subject of mining.

Section 197 of Article 1 and Section 151 of Article 12. Said Mine Inspector shall devote the whole of his time to the duties of his office. It shall be his duty to examine each mine in said counties as often as possible, but a longer period of time than two months shall not elapse between said examination, to see that all the provisions of this Act are observed and strictly carried out, and he shall make a record of all examinations of mines, showing the condition in which he finds them, especially with reference to ventilation and drainage, the number of persons employed in each mine, the extent to which the law is obeyed and progress made in the improvements of mines, the number of serious accidents and the nature thereof, the number of deaths resulting from injuries received in or about the mines, with the cause of such accident or death; which record completed to the first day of May of each and every year shall be filed with the State Board of Labor and Statistics, and one thousand copies of said report shall be printed for distribution at once by the said Board, and the cost thereof shall be paid by the Treasurer upon the warrant of the Comptroller.

Section 199 of Article 1, and Section 153 of Article 12. In case the Inspector becomes incapacitated to perform the duties of his office or receives a leave of absence from the said Board, it shall be the duty of the said Board to appoint, upon said Mine Inspector's application, or that of five miners or five operators, some competent person to fill the office of Inspector until the said Inspector shall be able to resume the duties of his office, and the person so appointed shall be paid in the same manner as hereinafter provided for the Inspector of Mines.

Section 209Q of Article 1, and Section 164P of Article 12. In this Act the term "coal mine" includes the shafts, slopes, adits, drifts, or incline planes connected with excavations penetrating coal stratum or strata, which excavations are ventilated by one general air current or divisions thereof, and connected by one general system of mine railroads over which coal may be delivered to one or more common points outside the mine when such is operated by one operator.

Sub-Section A. The term "excavations and workings" includes all the excavated parts of a mine, those abandoned as well as the places actually being worked, also all underground workings and shafts, tunnels and other ways and openings, all such shafts, slopes, tunnels and other openings in the course of being sunk or driven, together with all roads, appliances, machinery and material connected with the same below the surface.

Sub-Section B. The term "shaft" means a verdict opening through the strata, and which is and may be used for the purpose of ventilation or drainage, or for hoisting men or material, or both, in connection with the mining of coal.

Sub-Section C. The term "slope" means an incline way or opening used for the same purpose as a shaft.

Sub-Section D. The term "operator" means any firm, corporation, or individual operating any coal mine or part thereof.

Sub-Section E. The term "superintendent" means the person who shall have, on behalf of the operator, immediate supervision of one or more mines.

Sub-Section F. The provisions of this Act shall not apply to any mine employing less than ten persons in any one period of twenty-four hours.

Sub-Section G. It shall be the duty of the Mine Inspector to make as to the clay or fire-clay mines in Allegany or Garrett counties the examination and reports required as to coal mines under Section 197 of Article 1 and Section 151 of Article 12 of this Act, and to make recommendations to the State Board of Labor and Statistics as to the legislation requisite to protect life and health in such clay mines.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall take effect from and after the first day of June, in the year one thousand nine hundred and sixteen.

CHAPTER NO. 438

AN ACT to repeal and re-enact with amendments Section 111K of Chapter 300 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland of 1904, entitled "An Act for the incorporation of the town of Friendsville in District No. 2. of Garrett County," and for the amendment of Article 12 of the Code of Public Laws of the State of Maryland, entitled "Garrett County," by adding additional sections thereto, to be known as Sections 111A, 111B, 111C, 111C½, 111D, 111E, 111F, 111F½, 111G, 111J, 111K, 111L, 111M, 111O, 111P, 111Q. and to follow immediately after Sec. 111 of said Art. 12, and to be known by the sub-title "Friendsville," and to exempt the town of Friendsville in District No. 2, in Garrett County, as herein bounded and described from the operations of the provisions of Chapter 77 of the Acts of 1898, entitled "An Act to prohibit the sale of spirituous or fermented liquors or lager beer in Election District No. 2 of Garrett County."

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Section 111K of Chapter 300 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland of 1904, entitled "An Act for the incorporation of the town of Friendsville, in District No. 2 of Garrett County, and for the amendment of Article 12 of the Code of Public Laws of the State of Maryland, entitled "Garrett County," by adding additional sections thereto, to be known as Sections 111A, 111B, 111C, 111C½, 111D, 111E, 111F, 111F½, 111G, 111H, 111J, 111K, 111L, 111M, 111O, 111P, 111Q, and to follow immediately after Section 111 of said Article 12, and to be known by the sub-title "Friendsville," and to exempt the town of Friendsville in District No. 2, in Garrett County, as herein bounded and described from the operation of the provisions of Chapter 77 of the Acts of 1898, entitled "An Act to prohibit the sale of spirituous or fermented liquors or larger beer in Election District No. 2 of Garrett County," be and the same is hereby repealed and re-enacted with amendments so as to read as follows:

111K. The said Mayor and Council shall have the power to compel the property owners binding along any of said streets, lanes or alleys, so accepted by said corporation and recorded among its proceedings to construct and keep in repair sidewalks and footways of their property binding on said streets and roads, and may pass all such ordinances as may be necessary to compel the construction and repair of said sidewalks. And they shall have power to enforce the construction and repair of said sidewalks, by fines imposed upon the property owners for a failure to construct and repair after fifteen days' notice previously given, which said fines shall be collectible as other fines imposed for the violation of the ordinances of the town as hereinafter set forth and stated.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall take effect on June 1, 1916.

CHAPTER NO. —.

AN ACT to repeal and re-enact with amendments Section 18 of Chapter 201 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland, at its session of 1886, entitled "An Act to repeal Chapter 519 of the Acts of 1884, entitled An Act to incorporate the town of Deer Park, in Garrett County, and to re-enact the same with amendments.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Section 18 of Chapter 201 of the Acts of 1886, titled Garrett County, sub-title Deer Park, be and the same is hereby repealed and re-enacted so as to read as follows:

SEC. 18. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Maryland, That the Mayor and Common Council of Deer Park, Garrett County, Maryland, be and is hereby authorized to purchase, receive by gift, donation or otherwise, hold and enjoy, sue for and defend, a suitable piece of land within the limits of said town of Deer Park, not exceeding the quantity of two acres, for the purpose of a public park for the use of the inhabitants of said town, and on which to erect any necessary municipal building.

CHAPTER NO. 9.

AN ACT to repeal and enact with amendments Section 2 of Chapter 450 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed at its session of 1896, title "Garrett County" sub-title "Loch Lynn Heights."

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Section 2 of Chapter 450 of the Acts of 1896, be and the same is hereby repealed and re-enacted so as to read as follows:

SECTION 2. That the corporate limits of said town shall be as follows: Beginning for the same at a cement post standing at the southerly limits of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Right of Way, and on the westerly margin of of the road known as the Wonderly Road, and running thence along the western margin of said road:

1—South 7 degrees East, 76 and 8-10 feet; thence

2—South 70 degrees East, 235 feet; thence

3—South 39 degrees and 45 minutes East, 714 feet; thence

4—South 42 degrees and 45 minutes East, 99 feet; thence

5—South 21 degrees and 15 minutes East, 1,002 feet to a cement post on Westerly margin of said road; thence

6—North 82 degrees and 35 minutes East, 875 feet to a cement post; thence

7—North 27 degrees and 35 minutes East, 1,574 feet to a cement post; thence

8—South 62 degrees and 25 minutes East, 456 and 6-10 feet to a cement post which is the original beginning of Military Lots Nos. 880 and 919; thence running with the first line of said Military Lot No. 919; thence

9—North 27 degrees and 35 minutes East, 1,650 feet to a planted stone marked F. G.; thence

10—North 78 degrees East, 36 feet to a point on the east margin of a road known as the Old German Road; thence with east margin of said road; thence

11—North 27 degrees and 45 minutes East 100 feet; thence

12—North 40 degrees East, 100 feet thence

13—North 24 degrees and 30 minutes East, 235 feet; thence

14—North 19 degrees West, 85 feet; thence

15—North 49 degrees and 15 minutes West, 168 feet; thence

16—North 69 degrees West, 239 feet; thence

17—North 41 degrees and 30 minutes West, 160 feet; thence

18—North 55 degrees West, 100 feet; thence

19—North 62 degrees and 30 minutes West, 242 feet; thence

20—North 73 degrees West, 90 feet to a cement post standing on the Southerly limits of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Right of Way; thence with said limits of the Baltimore and Ohio Right of Way; thence

21—South 71 degrees and 45 minutes West, to the point of beginning.

CHAPTER NO. 453.

AN ACT to empower and direct the County Commissioners of Garrett County to borrow money on the credit of said county for the purpose of erecting a high school building in the town of Oakland, and heating, furnishing and equipping the same, and to purchase or condem real estate for the erection of the same, and for the purpose of erecting, repairing and improving other public school buildings in said county, and to issue bonds for the payment of said money, and to levy taxes upon the assessable property of said county to redeem such bonds and to pay the interest thereon, to refer such question to the the voters of Garrett County.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That for the purpose of erecting, a high school building in the town of Oakland and for the purpose of furnishing, heating and equipping said building, and for the erection, repairing and improving other public school buildings in said county, and for the purpose of purchasing or condemning real estate for the erection of the same, the County Commissioners for Garrett County, be and they are hereby authorized, empowered and directed to borrow money on the credit of said county to an amouut not exceeding thirty thousand dollars, and to issue coupon bonds therefor, the said bonds to be in the sum of one thousand dollars each, and to be signed by the president of the Board of County Commissioners for Garrett County, and countersigned by the Clerk of said board, with the corporate seal of said County Commissioners attached to every bond so issued; said bonds to be dated the first day of January, 1917, and to bear interest at a rate not exceeding 5 per cent. per annum, payable semi-annualy on the first day of July and the first day of January in each and every year until the maturity thereof, and the said bonds shall mature as follows: one thousand dollars thereof on January 1, 1922, and annual thereafter the sum of one thousand dollars in every year until all of said bonds shall have matured.

SEC. 2. And be it enacted, That said bonds shall have written or printed on them a distinct reference to the act directing the issue of the same, and that said bonds when issued shall be exempt from municipal and county taxation in Garrett County, and they shall be sold after due advertisement by the County Commissioners to the highest bidder or bidders, provided however that none of said bonds shall be sold for less than par value.

SEC. 3. And be it enacted, That the said County Commissioners for Garrett County shall levy annually upon the assessable property of said county tax sufficient to pay the interest upon said bonds, and in the year 1921 they shall levy the sum on one thousand dollars to meet the first maturing bond issued, and annually thereafter the said County Commissioners shall levy upon the assessable property of said county the sum of one thousand dollars until the maturity of the last bond by this act authorized to be issued.

SEC. 4. And be it enacted, That the clerk of the County Commissioners of Garrett County shall register the said bonds when the same are sold, showing to whom the same were sold, what price was obtained therefor, and shall keep a record upon the books of said County Commissioners of all bonds paid.

SEC. 5. And be it enacted, That the County Commissioners of Garrett County shall when notified by the Board of County School Commissioners of said county that they desire to avail themselves of the provisions of this act and of the amount of money they will require for the purpose aforesaid, advertise and sell said bonds as above provided to an amount sufficient to produce the sum designated by the said Board of School Commissioners, but in no event in excess of the sum of thirty thousand dollars, and shall pay over the proceeds of the sale of said bonds to the Board of County School Commissioners who shall account for the same as they account for other monies passing through their hands.

SEC. 6. And be it enacted, That the said County Commissioners for Garrett County shall have the opinion to redeem any or all of said bonds outstanding after ten years from the date of their issue.

SEC. 7. And be it enacted, That at the general election in November, 1916, there shall be submitted to the qualified voters of Garrett County, the question whether the said bonds shall be issued, and at such election the ballots cast upon the question shall have printed or written thereon the words, "For the Bond Issue," or "Against the Bond Issue," and if the majority of the votes cast upon said question shall be "For the Bond Issue," then the County Commissioners for Garrett County shall proceed to exercise the power vested in them by this Act, and shall issue the bonds as herein provided; but if the majority of the votes cast shall be "Against the Bond Issue," then this Act shall be null and void.

CHAPTER NO.—

AN ACT to sanction and make valid a certain purchase, sale and deed of conveyance, made by Daniel Annan and others to the Mayor and Common Council of Deer Park, Garrett County, Maryland, on the 6th day of April, 1913, and which said deed is recorded in Liber No. 66 folio 429, one of the Land Records of said Garrett County.

WHEREAS, by Chapter 201 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland at its session of 1886, the inhabitants of the town of Deer Park, Garrett County, Maryland, were constituted a body corporate by the name of "The Mayor and Common Council of Deer Park" and

WHEREAS, the said, The Mayor and Common Council of Deer Park, desiring to establish a small, public park in said town, purchased from said Daniel Annan and others a small portion of land in said town, containing about one-half of an acre, and on the 6th day of April, 1913, the said Daniel Annan and others executed and delivered to said Mayor and Common Council a deed for said land, and the purchase money therefor was paid; and

WHEREAS, there appears to be some question as to the power and authority of said municipality under its present charter to purchase and hold said land for said purpose without the sanction of the General Assembly of Maryland, and therefore this Act is enacted.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the purchase by the Mayor and Common Council of Deer Park from Daniel Annan and others of about one-half acre of land in said town, and the deed from the said Daniel Annan and others to the said, The Mayor and Common Council of Deer Park for said land, bearing date April 6th, 1913, and recorded in Liber No. 66 folio 429, one of the Land Records of Garrett County aforesaid, be and the same is hereby sanctioned confirmed and made valid, and the said, The Mayor and Common Council of Deer Park, be and it is hereby authorized and empowered to take and hold the land embraced and described in said deed, with power to sue for and defend same, to the same extent as if said body corporate was an individnal.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall take effect on and from the first day of June, 1916.

CHAPTER NO.—

AN ACT to repeal Chapter 601 of the General Assembly of Maryland of 1914, entitled "An Act to provide for a License Tax on Dogs to create a fund to protect the sheep industry in Garrett County."

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Chapter 601 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland of 1914, entitled "An Act to provide for a license tax on dogs to create a fund to protect the sheep industry in Garrett County," be and the same is hereby repealed.

CHAPTER NO. 60

AN ACT to enable the qualified voters of Loch Lynn Heights, Garrett County, Maryland, to determine by ballot whether bonds in the sum not exceeding Fifteen Hundred Dollars ($1,500.00) shall be issued by the Mayor and Council of said Loch Lynn Heights for the purpose of completing the sewer system of said town.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the question of whether or not the Mayor and Council of Loch Lynn Heights, Garrett County, Maryland, shall issue bonds in the sum of not exceeding Fifteen Hundred Dollars ($1,500.00) for the purpose of completing a system of sewerage in said town, shall be submitted to the qualified voters thereof, at the regular election for town officers on the first Monday of May, 1916, and the ballot to be used at said election shall have printed thereon, in addition to the names of the candidates for town officers, the following, viz: "For the issue of bonds" and "Against the issue of bonds," and shall be counted and returned as other election returns are counted and made.

SEC. 2. And be it enacted, That the qualified voters of said town, desiring to vote on said question at said election, shall indicate their choice of said proposition for which they desire to register their vote.

SEC. 3. And be it enacted, That if it shall be found by the return of the judges of said election that a majority of the votes cast for and against the issue of said bonds, are for the issue of the same, then it shall be the duty of the said Mayor and Council of Loch Lynn Heights, and they are thereby authorized, directed and empowered to forthwith issue said bonds in the name of the Mayor and Council of Loch Lynn Heights, in a sum not exceeding Fifteen Hundred Dollars ($1,500.00), or so much thereof as may be necessary, for the purpose aforesaid; each of said bonds so issued, shall be for the sum of One Hundred Dollars ($100.00) bearing interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, interest payable semi-annually on the first day of September and the first day of March in each and every year that said bond shall run; said bonds shall be signed by the Mayor and attested by the Clerk with the seal of said town attached thereto; shall be payable as follows: One bond on the first day of September, 1917, and two bonds each year thereafter on the first day of September, until the entire issue of said bonds is taken up and redeemed; reserving the opinion to the Mayor and Council aforesaid, to take up and redeem at any interest period after five years any and all of said outstanding bonds running more than five years, at the face value thereof, with accrued interest; said bonds shall be exempt from all taxation for County and Municipal purposes.

SEC. 4. And be it enacted, That the Mayor and Council aforesaid are hereby authorized and empowered to negotiate, sell and dispose of said bonds, either at public auction or by sealed bids, after due notice of such sale shall be given through one of the newspapers published in Garrett County by at least two insertions of said notice in said paper before the day of sale, and said bonds, or any one of them, shall be made to the highest responsible bidder therefore the said Mayor and Council, reserving the right to reject any and all bids received for said bonds.

SEC. 5. And be it enacted, That if this Act is adopted by the voters of said town as aforesaid, then it shall be lawful for the Mayor and Council of said Loch Lynn Heights, and they are hereby autorized and empowered to complete and maintain said system of sewerage in said town, and to that end, are hereby authorized to make all necessary contracts to carry out the purposes and provisions of this Act, and they may either contract the whole of said improvement, or any part thereof, or may purchase the material and employ the necessary labor to complete said system by days labor, whichever in their judgment they may deem best.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That said Mayor and Council are hereby authorized and empowered to pass all such ordinances as may be necessary for the successful operation of said system of sewerage, by regulating the use and tapping of the same by the residents of said town, and the interference therewith by any and all persons; and they are hereby further authorized to fix and establish a rate of charge or charges for the use of said sewer, and the tapping thereof, by the residents of said town, and shall have the power to pass all such ordinances as may be necessary requiring the residents of said town, or the property owners thereof, to discontinue the use of all pit or surface closets used in said town, wherein fecal matter is permitted to accumulate.

SEC. 7. That in order to pay the interest on said bonds and to redeem said bonds as they shall fall due and payable, the said Mayor and Council are hereby authorized to levy upon the taxable property in said town, at their annual levy term, all such taxes as may be necessary for said purpose.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That the funds arising from the sale of said bonds shall be kept separate from all other funds belonging to said town, and shall only be used to carry out the provisions of this act, and all moneys paid out of said fund for the construction and completion of said sewer system shall be by check, signed by the Mayor of said town, and countersigned by the Clerk thereof, after said bill or account has been passed and ordered to be paid by the said Mayor and Council of said town.

SEC. 9. And be it enacted, That the Clerk of said town shall keep a book, in which shall be entered the sale of all bonds, the amount received therefor, to whom sold, the date when same was sold, and shall further enfer therein an account showing the several items on which the fund arising from the sale of said bond was expended.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That this Act is an emergency law and necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health and safety, and having been passed by a yea and nay vote, supported by three-fifths of all the members elected to each of the two houses of the General Assembly, the same shall take effect from the date of its passage.

CHAPTER NO. —.

AN ACT to pay to the School Commissioners of Garrett County a sum of money out of the State school tax and to increase the minimum salaries.

WHEREAS, In view of the pressure of the present apportionment, especially upon Garrett County, of the State School Tax, and the inability, without larger increase of county taxation, to keep her schools open for seven and one-half (7½) months, and in view of the fact that the mountain ridges so divide the population of Garrett County, the largest county in the State in area, as to render school facilities for all the children more expensive than in more central parts of the State;

SECTION 1. Be it enacted in the General Assembly of Maryland, That the Comptroller of the Treasury be and he is hereby authorized and required to draw his warrant upon the Treasurer in favor of Garrett County School Board for the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000.00) per annum for two years, out of the proceeds of the State School Tax before making apportionment thereof; provided, however, that no portion of said four thousand dollars ($4,000.0) per annum, shall be used for any other purpose than for salaries and ordinary running expenses of said schools.

SEC. 2. Be it further enacted, That the Board of School Commissionors of Garrett County shall pay the school teachers of said County the sums of two hundred and fifty dollars ($250.00) and three hundred dollars ($300.00) as minimum salaries, instead of two hundred dollars ($200 00) and two hundred and fifty ($250.00) as at present, and Garrett County shall be exempt for a period of two years, from the provisions of Section 60 of Article 77 of the Code of Public General Laws of Maryland.

SEC. 3. And be it enacted, That this Act shall take effect from the first of June, 1916.

CHAPTER NO. 13.

AN ACT to repeal and re-enact with amendments Section 228 of Article 12 of the Code of Public Local Laws of Maryland, title "Garrett County," sub title "Wild Animals," and amended by Chapter 679 of the Acts of 1914.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Section 228 of Article 12, of the Public Local Laws of Maryland, title "Garrett County" sub-title "Wild Animals," be and the same is hereby repealed and re-enacted with amendments so as to read as follows:

SECTION 228. Any citizen of the State of Maryland, who shall kill any wolf, panther, wild cat, weasel, fox or hawk, within the limits of Garrett County, Maryland, shall be entitled to the following allowance, viz: For every wolf scalp the sum of $20.00, for every panther scalp the sum of $20.00, for every wild cat scalp the sum of $3.00, for every fox scalp the sum of $1.00, for every weasel scalp the sum of fifty cents.

SEC. 2. Be it enacted, That this Act shall take effect from the first day of June, 1916.

CHAPTER NO. 11.

AN ACT to repeal Section 27 of Article 12 of the Code of Public Local Laws, title Garrett County, sub-title, County Commissioners, as said section was amended and re-enacted by Chapter 475 of the Acts of 1890, and said section was repealed and re-enacted with amendments by the Act passed at January Session 1904, Chapter 540, and said section was repealed and re-enacted with amendments by the Act passed at January Session 1906, Chapter 21, and to re-enact the same with amendments.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Section 37 of Article 12, of the Code of Public Local Laws, title Garrett County, sub-title, County Commissioners, as amended and re-enacted by Chapter 475 of the Acts of 1890, and as said section was repealed and re-enacted with amendments by the Acts passed at January Session 1904, Chapter 540, and the said section was repealed and re-enacted, with amendments by the Act passed at January Session 1906, Chapter 21, be and the same is hereby repealed, so as to read as follows:

That at the general election of county officers of Garrett county, to be held in said county, November, 1917, and every four years thereafter, a clerk to the Board of County Commissioners shall be elected by the qualified voters of said county, who shall hold office of clerk for the term of four years, from the time of his election and qualification or until his successor is elected and qualified, and shall be subject to removal from said office for any willful neglect of duty or misbehavior in office at any time by the County Commissioners of said county, who shall have power to appoint some competent person for the unexpired term of the clerk so removed; said clerk shall be paid for his services the sum of eight hundred dollars per annum, payable in monthly installments of $66.66, at the expiration of each and every month by the Treasurer of Garrett county from the funds of said county, and said clerk shall have full power to administer an oath or affirmation to any and all persons who is to be examined as a witness in any matter before the County Commissioners, and touching or relating to any account, bill or other matter, to be filed in the office of the said County Commissioners, and said salary of eight hundred dollars per annum shall be full compensation for all services required of said clerk, who shall keep the office of County Commissioners open from nine o'clock in the forenoon until four o'clock in the afternoon, and who shall attend therein for the transaction of business on every day of the week, except Sunday and legal holidays.

SEC. 2. And be it enacted, That this Act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

CHAPTER 176.

AN ACT to repeal and reenact with amendments Section 8 of Chapter 430 of the Acts of 1888, entitled "An Act to incorporate The Community of Mountain Lake Park.

SEC. 1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Section 8 of Chapter 430 of the Acts of 1888, titled "An Act to incorporate The Community of Mountain Lake Park," be and the same is hereby repealed and re-enacted with amendments, so as to read as follows:

SEC. 8 And be it enacted, That the said assessment and taxation shall be due and payable on the first day of October, next ensuing the making and adopting of the same by the Annual Meeting, provided for in this Act, and that a fair copy of said assessment and valuation shall be posted for at least fifteen days before the date of said Annual Meeting at two or three of the most public places at Mountain Lake Park, in the discretion of the Annual Committee. And a copy of such assessment and valuation shall be retained and posted in the office of the Superintendent of Mountain Lake Park, and open for the inspection of any lot-owner or interested party, at any time that they may desire to see the same. And any lot-holder or other person interested in any such valuation, feeling himself aggrieved by such assessment, shall have the right to file objections with the Annual Committee, or with the Superintendent of the Mountain Lake Park Association, in whose custody the same shall be kept and filed for inspection, and such person may obtain such modification of said assessment as shall, to said Annual Committee, seem just and right; provided that any such objections shall not be filed after the first of October, in the year in which said levy shall be made, unless for special cause made known to such Committee, who shall have the discretion at any time to hear and determine said objections, if they deem it proper to do so. If no objections shall be filed as aforesaid, or if said objections shall be by said Annual Committee overruled, then such assessment or such modification thereof as the said Annual Committee shall make, shall become fixed for the current year, and the said annual assessment upon such valuation shall become a first lien, bearing interest, upon the lot and improvements thereon so assessed as aforesaid, until paid; but leave is expressly reserved to any and all persons who may feel aggrieved at the action of the said Annual Committee on such assessments, to apply to the Circuit Court for Garrett County in Equity by bill or petition, and to obtain such relief in such manner, as said Court may decide upon hearing all the facts in connection with the question so raised. The lien aforesaid for said taxes shall be enforced against any lot and improvements at any time after the first day of January, succeeding the date of such levy, but no such proceedings to enforce such lien, shall be taken unless authorized by an ordinance adopted at the previous Annual Meeting of said Community and the Bailiff or Tax Collector or Treasurer of said Community or either one of said officers, shall have all of the rights and powers for the collection and enforcement of said taxes, as are given the County Treasurer of Garrett County, under Chapter 566 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland, approved on the eighth day of April, 1890, and to the same extent as if the said Act was enacted in this amendment verbatim, unless the proceedings of such Treasurer or Collector shall be modified by ordinances, passed by the Annual Meeting, which body shall have the power at any time to modify or change the method of collection of said taxes.

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s, as said section re-enacted by Chap- of 1890, and said ed and re-enacted by the Act passed on 1904, Chapter tion was repealed th amendments by t January Session nd to re-enact the nents.

enacted by of Maryland, 12, of the Code tle Garrett Coun- Commissioners, as cted by Chapter 90, and as said se- nd re-enacted with e Acts passed at 4, Chapter 540, and s repealed and re- uments by the Act Session 1906, Chap- ame is hereby re- as follows:

l election of county unty, to be held in er, 1917, and every er, a clerk to the ommissioners shall qualified voters of hall hold office of f four years, from tion and qualifica- essor is elected and be subject to re- ce for any willful isbehavior in office County Commission- , who shall have me competent per- d term of the clerk rk shall be paid for of eight hundred payable in monthly 66, at the expira- very month by the t county from the ty, and said clerk r to administer an o any and all per- xamined as a wit- before the County touching or relat- bill or other mat- the office of the issioners, and said red dollars per an- mpensation for all said clerk, who of County Commis- ine o'clock in the o'clock in the after- attend therein for business on every except Sunday and

enacted, That this from the date of

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and reenact with ion 8 of Chapter 1888, entitled "An e The Community Park.

ed by the General nd. That Section 8 e Acts of 1888, corporate The C n Lake Park," be reby repealed and endments, so as to

enacted, That the taxation shall be he first day of Oct- the making and me by the Annual for in this Act, and id assessment and posted for at least he date of said An- wo or three of the at Mountain Lake tion of the Annual copy of such assess- shall be retained fice of the Superin- n Lake Park, and ion of any lot-own- y, at any time that ee the same. And er person interest- ation, feeling him- such assessment, t to file objections committee, or with of the Mountain tion, in whose cus- be kept and filed such person may ob- ion of said assess- id Annual Commit- right; provided that shall not be filed tober, in the year hall be made, unless ade known to such ll have the discre- hear and determine hey deem it proper ctions shall be filed id objections shall mmittee overruled, t or such modifica- said Annual Com- shall become fixed , and the said an- pon such valuation lien, bearing inter- and improvements as aforesaid, until xpressly reserved to who may feel ag- on of the said An- such assessments, uit Court for Gar- ity by bill or peti- such relief in such rt may decide upon in connection with ed. The lien afore- shall be enforced d improvements at first day of January, e of such levy, but gs to enforce such unless authorized pted at the previ said Commun er x Collector or Treas- unity or either one all have all of the r the collection and taxes, as are given er of Garrett Coun- 566 of the Acts of ly of Maryland, ap- h day of April, 1890, xtent as if the said in this amendment he proceedings of Collector shall be ces, passed by the ich body shall have time to modify or of collection of said

THE TWO DWARFS

WEIRD and grotesque figures, the two dwarf brothers, Alberich and Mime, deepen the legendary atmosphere of Richard Wagner's great music drama "Siegfried," which a cast of world famous artists from the Metropolitan Opera House is to give in the home grounds of the Pittsburgh Pirates, Forbes Field, Thursday evening, June 8. The performance, with a concert Saturday afternoon, June 10, by school choruses, Metropolitan stars and orchestra, constitutes the Siegfried Festival. The malicious schemers who are seeking the dragon guarded gold stolen from the Rhine maidens will be portrayed in the Pittsburgh performance by Otto Goritz (Alberich) and Albert Reiss (Mime), who have no equals in the world in the interpretation of these roles. In the smithy of Mime, after the dwarf's efforts have proved futile, the youthful Siegfried forges the sword, Nothung, with which he is to conquer the dragon and obtain the treasure. Alberich, after attempting in vain to league himself with the dragon against Siegfried, watches the victorious fight from concealment and sees, not without satisfaction, Siegfried slay Mime, when the latter, after the hero has the treasure, reveals his murderous envy.

Ernestine Schumann-Heink

Hundreds of thousands of persons in this country know and love Ernestine Schumann-Heink, perhaps the most popular grand opera star today, whose rich contralto voice will lend itself to the interpretation of Erda, the Earth-mother, in Richard Wagner's "Siegfried," which will be produced Thursday evening, June 8, by the greatest cast of Wagnerian singers ever assembled, in Pittsburgh's big ball park, Forbes Field. The music drama, with a concert Saturday afternoon, June 10, by school choruses, with Metropolitan soloists and orchestra, will constitute the Siegfried Festival.

FRIEDA HEMPEL

The matchless voice of Frieda Hempel, one of the costliest and most noted stars of the Metropolitan Opera Company will sing the notes of Waldvogel, the [illegible]dibird, which lure Siegfried to the spot where Brunhilde, the Valkyrie, lies sleeping in the magic circle of fire, when Richard Wagner's music drama "Siegfried" is performed by a splendid cast of Metropolitan singers Thursday evening, June 8, in Forbes Field, Pittsburgh, Pa., home grounds of the "Pirates." Metropolitan soloists and orchestra will appear in a concert June 10—the second half of the Siegfried Festival.

ARTUR BODANSKY

He is like a magician, conjuring wondrous music from a great instrument of 102 men—the Metropolitan Opera House orchestra—with a wave of his baton. When the splendid out-door production of Richard Wagner's music drama "Siegfried" is given Thursday evening, June 8, in the home grounds of the "Pirates," Forbes Field, Pittsburgh, Artur Bodansky, whom New York has named one of the

most eminent Wagnerian conductors of his time, will have not only the orchestra, but every one of the world famous opera stars who are to sing at the command of his baton. He and his men will assist in the Siegfried Festival Concert in Forbes Field, Pittsburgh, Saturday afternoon, June 10, when 1,200 children and 500 men and women from the Pittsburgh public schools will sing with Johanna Gadski, Lila Robeson and Clarence Whitehill.

TOTS AND OPERA STARS.

Pittsburgh Business Men Back Youngsters In Festival.

Pittsburgh, Pa. — [Special.] — Realizing a project of a group of Pittsburgh business men, the Pittsburgh Festival Association, 1,200 grade school children and 500 evening school pupils here are rehearsing daily to appear in a great outdoor music festival in Forbes Field, Saturday afternoon, June 10, with Johanna Gadski, Lila Robeson and Clarence Whitehill of the Metropolitan Opera Company.

The Metropolitan orchestra of 102 pieces will accompany the school choruses, and the director of music in the public schools, Will Earhart, will conduct.

The Pittsburgh Festival Association was organized by William C. Hamilton, a local business man, four years ago to give fitting importance to public school music. With this financial backing the school choruses held May choral festivals for three succeeding years.

The business men had planned to make possible a fourth May Festival this year, when the big outdoor production of Wagner's "Siegfried," given in the Harvard stadium last year, was engaged to appear in Pittsburgh's big ball park, Thursday evening, June 8. It was decided to use Metropolitan stars and the Metropolitan orchestra, and give a school festival on the outdoor stage to be erected for the opera.

MME. JOHANNA GADSKI

NOT often do school children have opportunity to sing with famous grand opera stars. That is why there are 1,200 proud youngsters in the grade schools of Pittsburgh. They have been chosen for the festival chorus which will have Johanna Gadski, one of the greatest of the Metropolitan Opera Company's singers, as principal soloist in Forbes Field, Pittsburgh, Saturday afternoon, June 10, when the big Siegfried Festival Concert will be given on an outdoor stage, following the performance of Wagner's "Siegfried," Thursday evening, June 8.

Mme. Gadski will not be the only soloist. Lila Robeson, also of the Metropolitan Opera Company, and Clarence Whitehill, the famous basso who is to sing Wotan, the Wanderer, in the "Siegfried" performance, also will appear. There will be a chorus, too, of 500 men and women from the evening schools of Pittsburgh.

Both choruses will sing to the music of the Metropolitan Opera House Orchestra of 102 pieces, while Will Earhart, director of music in the Pittsburgh public schools, will conduct the choral numbers and Artur Bodansky, eminent Wagnerian conductor, the orchestral and solo numbers.

GRAND OPERA "TEAM."

Metropolitan Opera House "Nine" to Displace "Pirates."

Pittsburgh, Pa.—[Special.]—While the Pittsburgh "Pirates" are crossing bats with the "Quakers" in Philadelphia Thursday, June 8, their home grounds, Forbes Field, Pittsburgh, will be invaded by a "scrub" nine from the Metropolitan Opera Company.

The "batting order" of the "Mets" is, Frieda Hempel, Ernestine Schumann-Heink, Melanie Kurt, Johannes Sembach, Clarence Whitehill, Albert Reiss, Carl Braun, Otto Goritz, famous Wagnerian singers, and Artur Bodansky, eminent Wagnerian conductor.

Instead of "trotting on" to the field that afternoon, the "Mets" will wait until dark, and then give a splendid production of Wagner's "Siegfried" upon a specially constructed stage. A throng of thousands from three states is expected to "root" from the big grandstand.

The music drama will inaugurate the Siegfried Festival in Pittsburgh. A choral concert with school choruses and Metropolitan soloists Saturday afternoon, June 10, will conclude the event, information concerning which may be obtained by addressing Siegfried Festival, Pittsburgh.

WAGNER—NOT HONUS—STAR

Great Composer to Eclipse "Pirate" Wonder.

Pittsburgh, Pa.—[Special.]—The star of Honus Wagner—"The Flying Dutchman"—all-around wonder of the Pittsburgh baseball team, will suffer a momentary eclipse in Forbes Field, Pittsburgh, Thursday, June 8. The star of another Wagner—Richard, this time—will be in the ascendant.

The event at which the eclipse will occur will not be a baseball game, however, but a performance of the aforesaid Richard Wagner's great music drama, "Siegfried." There will be a whole constellation of stars in the performance—among them Melanie Kurt, Ernestine Schumann-Heink, Frieda Hempel, Johannes Sembach, Clarence Whitehill, Albert Reiss, Otto Goritz and Carl Braun, famous Wagnerian singers from the Metropolitan Opera Company.

Wagner's music will be played by the Metropolitan Opera House orchestra of 102, under the baton of the famous conductor, Artur Bodansky.

The music drama, with a choral concert by school choruses and Metropolitan soloists and orchestra, Saturday afternoon, June 10, will constitute the Siegfried Festival.

Johannes Sembach as Siegfried

As Siegfried, child of the forest, destined to forge the invincible sword, Nothung, and with it to conquer the dragon, Fafner, and cleave the spear of the god, Wotan, which bars his way to his sleeping sweetheart, Brunhilde, in the magic circle of fire, Johannes Sembach will be seen at his best in the open air performance of Richard Wagner's music drama "Siegfried," to be given in Forbes Field, Pittsburgh, home grounds of the Pirates, Thursday evening, June 8. In connection with the opera a Siegfried Festival Concert will be given by public school children and Metropolitan soloists and orchestra Saturday afternoon, June 10.

Sembach is one of the most recent and most famous stars of the Metropolitan Opera Company and has been declared the greatest Wagnerian tenor in the world. He is the center of a cast which has never been equaled since "Siegfried" was composed and which includes Melanie Kurt, Ernestine Schumann-Heink, Frieda Hempel, Clarence Whitehill, Albert Reiss, Otto Goritz and Carl Braun.

He stands in the photograph as the youthful hero. In his hand is the sword he has just forged from the fragments of the shattered weapon which failed to save his father, Siegfried, from the fatal spear of Wotan.

The New

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The new Briscoe Four is an exceptional car. More stylish than ever, roomier and more powerful.

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Unique features of the Briscoe Eight include overhead valves with cylinders and upper half of crankcase in a single casting, insuring perfect piston travel and bearing alignment. Valve tappets are quickly adjustable from top.

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Ride in it. Test it in any way you wish. You will find the Briscoe offers most in the way of power, comfort and style.

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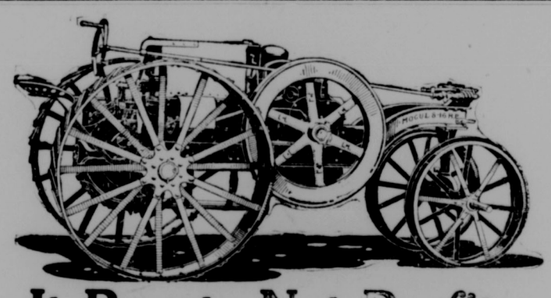

It Boosts Net Profits

WE have already told you that a Mogul 8-16 kerosene tractor does certain necessary and important farm work cheaper and better than horses can do it. One of the reasons is that **it burns kerosene,** which is cheaper than either gasoline or horse fuel. Another is that it doesn't get tired, but does just as much work in the last hour of a hard day as it does in the first, after working steadily all day long.

Put out of your head any idea that this tractor is not for you. It is. It offers you the best and quickest way to cut down your expenses and so increase your net profits. Come in and see the Mogul 8-16, and let's talk it over.

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Representing Morrison Music Co., Cumberland.

The Republican--Garrett Co.'s Paper.

GRANTSVILLE.

The epidemic of measles sweeping through the village reminds one of a little old ditty written by Frank L. Stanton of the Atlanta "Constitution" entitled "A Poor Unfortunate." The poem begins:

"His hoss went dead and his mule went lame. And he lost six cows in a poker game"—and continues on through divers calamities, earthquakes, hurricanes and tax collectors, ending something like this:

"But never a word of blame he said
Just only this, as he bared his head:
I reckon its time to git up and git,
But Lord I haint had the measles yit!"

Among the late victims are Harriett, James, Charles, Markle and Edgar Stanton, Eugene Miller, Raymond and Otto Bender, William Ambell, Luther Miller and George Fisher.

Mrs. Eva Bevans and sister, Mrs. Fred Livengood, and brother, Hayward Broadwater, motored to Union Bridge last week. Mrs. Bevans engaged Bruce Miller as chauffeur, and speaks in the highest terms of his careful and skillful manipulation of his machine. After arriving there the party, assisted by another brother, Hilary Broadwater, and some friends, packed and shipped the Bevans household goods and attended to other business matters at that place. The party were on their way back home in less than thirty-six hours from the time of starting and all enjoyed the delightful drive down and back. Mrs. Bevans spent Friday in Cumberland with a friend and a day with her cousin, Mrs. Gus Zeller of Frostburg, also enjoying a pleasant trolly ride with Mrs. G. C. Keller of Grantsville on the way to Cumberland. Mrs. Bevans and children are at present at home at the Broadwater farm.

Mother's Day was fittingly observed by the wearing of flowers and in tender thoughts of the best woman in the world to each of us. A very beautiful and stirring tribute to motherhood was given by the Lutheran pastor, Rev. E. E. Oney, at the evening service which was much enjoyed.

Friday being set apart as clean up day, all families had their rubbish ready in boxes and barrels and J. J. Bender's mule team, with T. H. Bittinger at the helm, gathered up and hauled away all the unsightly rubbish, cans, etc., working all day. The village looks quite clean and attractive now, most of the gardens being made and the grass growing nicely on the lawns.

Mrs. Griffith of Guard, Md., has been a guest of her daughter, Mrs. Howard Ringer.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Shirer spent Sunday with Mr. Shirer's parents, at Cove, Md.

Mr. and Mrs. George Grove and family were guests at the National this week.

A party of about twelve motorcyclists were guests at the Casselman hotel on Sunday.

Rev. E. E. Oney and Miss Charlotte Boyer spent Sunday evening with Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Diefenbach.

Mrs. Ed. Fisher is better after a few days illness.

Mrs. Sophia Winterberg is spending a week in Meyersdale with Mrs. Orville Piott.

Dr. and Mrs. G. C. Keller left last week to take their interrupted visit to Wilmington, Del., the smallpox outbreak being now over.

Miss Lizzie Klotz spent a few days of last week with her uncle, Thomas Layman, who is quite ill at his home along the pike.

Miss Mabel Swartzwelder and sister, Mrs. J. G. Delaney, and little son, from Pittsburgh, have taken the Evans bungalow for the summer.

Miss Cora Bittinger from Jennings spent part of last week in Cumberland.

Prof. and Mrs. Loraditch from Oakland were Grantsville visitors on Sunday.

Mrs. Edgar Roberts spent Sunday at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wilson Bittinger, of Jennings.

Dr. I. L. Ritter of Frostburg spent Sunday at Casselman Cabin.

Quite a number of Frostburg people motored to Grantsville Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Miller and family and Mr. and Mrs. Ward Beachy motored to Oakland Sunday in Mr. Miller's car.

Miss Florence Maust of Elk Lick spent part of last week as guest of her aunt, Mrs. J. U. Stanton.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Stanton were Somerfield visitors on Saturday.

A party from here composed of Misses Marie Connor, Hazel Younkin, Winifred Bonig, Ruth Keller and Beulah and Edna Bender attended the Glee Club Concert at Frostburg, Thursday night, being taken down by C. A. Bende.

Mrs. Louise Hockman was a Frostburg visitor last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Orville Piott of Meyersdale were Somerfield and Grantsville visitors last Thursday, Mr. Piott also doing some automobile demonstrating while here.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Wilson Bittinger of Jennings, on May 8th, a baby girl.

Miss Ethel Broadwater spent the week-end in Cumberland and Frostb

BLOOMINGTON

County Commissioner George Warnick, postmaster Stump and the county surveyor are busy this week locating an easy grade up Laurel Run for the proposed new section of road connecting the Chestnut Grove settlement with the county road to Barnum. The new route will eliminate some very heavy and dangerous grades encountered on the old road and shorten the time of travel very materially.

Mr. Charles Ashby, of Deer Park, a well known veterinarian of that place, was called to Bloomington on last Sunday evening on professional business.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Brydon returned home on Monday evening from their wedding tour through the South.

Mr. James Wilson, of Kitzmillersville, son of Mr. Daniel Wilson, a well known and substantial farmer of that community, spent Tuesday in town, the guest of his sister, Mrs. Fortney.

Mr. G. C. Pattison returned home Wednesday from a business trip to the eastern cities.

Mrs. H. M. Kemp is home after a very enjoyoble visit to her daughter, Mrs. Elbert Bonner, of Cincinnati.

Mr. George Macfarlane, of Barnum, left on No. 4, W. M. R. R. on Tuesday evening on a business trip to New York City.

Mr. and Mrs. James Fazenbaker, of Hampshire Hill, are the proud and delighted parents of a bran new daughter, born on Saturday evening.

Another slump is reported in the coal business, prices tumbie and orders scarce.

Measles and pneumonia prevail in the Upperman family at Lochiel.

Mr. W. G. Henderson, of Washington, D. C., sold legatee of the estate of the late Charles Moody, spent a few days of last week in this place in consultation with the appraisers, Dr. Kemp and Mr. Harry Coffman.

Miss Viola Durham, of Cumberland, a recent graduate of the Nurses Training school of the W. M. hospital, Cumberland, is a guest of her sister, Mrs. Russell Kight, of Barnum.

Mr. George Kinkead of Barnum, made a trip to Oakland a few days ago and invested some of his savings in a Ford machine. He was accompanied by Mr. Harry Kight of the same place, who drove the car home for Mr. Kinkead and has taught him some very necessary pointers in controlling it. George is very popular with the little folks of his community and generously disposed in the use of the car and nearly every fine day when time is not pressing he can be seen on the roads with his car full of a laughing and jolly crowd of youngsters enjoying a ride.

Messrs. Charles Wolfe and Arthur Glass, two well known young men of this community, left this week for a trip through Pennsylvania and Ohio.

Messrs. Harry Tibbets and Daniel Forbach, who spent some time in the mining regions of Pennsylvania, returned home last week.

Born, unto Mr. and Mrs. Charles Shook, of Hampshire, on last Monday, a 15 pound boy.

Born, unto Mr. and Mrs. Carl Howderschell, of Frankville, on last Wednesday, a girl.

The county road between this place and Luke, being constructed conjointly by the counties of Garrett, Allegany and the Piedmont Pulp & Paper Co., is progressing rather slowly, due, we are informed, to the scarcity of labor. This factor is a serious drawback to the early completion of the road and it looks now, if labor conditions do not improve, that it will be late in the fall before we will have the pleasure of a trip over the new high way giving us an eastern outlet.

The little town of Hampshire, the home of the Masteller Coal Co., with the most complete and up-to-date general store in Mineral county, equipped with an electric and resrigerating plants, elevators, bath rooms and sleeping rooms for the clerks, will soon have another feature of convenience, a post-office.

MOUNTAIN LAKE PARK.

Rev. Reckley, of Cumberland, who has charge of the arrangements of the Pentecostal encampment which opens in the tabernacle June 9th, was here the latter part of last week completing the arrangement for the encampment. The meeting will continue through seventeen days. The tabernacle is being made ready for the meeting.

Mr. and Mrs. George S. Eager, of Baltimore, will spend the summer in one of the Talson cottages. They are already delighted with the Park. Mr. Eager is connected with the Levering Coffee Co.

Everybody was pleased to meet Miss Sarah Harris, of Franklin, Va., on her arrival last Thursday. She is getting ready for the summer campaign. Miss Sarah is among the few left of the early founders of the Park.

C. W. Allen, Traveling Passenger Agent of the B. & O. R. R., was in the Park Wednesday, consulting with Superintendent Rudisill on some special excursion rates for the season and while here took a ride over the Park.

Mrs. Captain Pierce, of Washington, D. C., is here getting her cottage ready for the summer.

The program for the Epworth League Vacational Institute is being circulated.

M. M. Hargrove, of Virginia, was a Park visitor Friday. Mr. Hargrave was investigating the charms of the Park with a view of spending the summer here.

Mrs. McCourtney, of Washington, D. C., was a week end visitor and a guest of Mrs. M. M. Schrock. While here Mrs. McCourtney rented the Carpenter cottage.

Dr. Hugh Carr, of Fairmont, W. Va., is spending a few days in the Park.

The drinking fountain promised by the Civic Club has been located opposite the Association office.

Benjamin Long has the electric light plant in operation. The plant was tested out Wednesday night. Ben expects to give good service this summer.

The indications are that the Park will enjoy a large business this season.

There is no disputing the fact that the Park is one of the most beautiful spots in the State of Maryland.

There are more improvements going on in the Park today than for several years.

The recreation feature will have quite a prominent part in the program this summer, including base ball, lawn tennis, bowling and boating.

The season of 1916 opens next Thursday. Plans are being made for an enjoyable time.

Mrs. Winchell, of Woodsville, Ohio, has opened her cottage for the season. We are all glad to see her here again.

The Civic Club had a very interesting meeting Saturday night. Plans were made for an enjoyable summer.

The Mountain Lake hotel is open for the summer. Guests will appreciate the preparations Host Dunnington has made for their comfort and enjoyment.

HUTTON

The last rays of the beautiful May sunset, was slowly sinking in all its glorious splendor beyond the margin of the western skies, gleamed for a moment from the hidden recesses of its vaulted arches, casting a bright reflection of golden light upon a grand expanse of flowing water that glides ever so gently along the rocky crevice of its mountain pass, portraying far better than an artist's pen the serene and peacesul homes of our mountain village.

Stretching westward in the rose hued, silvery twilight, the broken ridges of stately mountains are plainly perceptible whose simple profile presents an artistic setting for a rural scene, tho' the surrounding regions, in analogous manner, lack nothing in panaramic superbness.

A faint tint of purple glow lights up the heavens, combining a perfect blend of colors that heightens the handsome effect of the landscape and adds a touching beauty to the fleeting houry of gloaming.

So ere the night has shrouded the world in inky darkness and obscures the scenic grandeur of the valleys below, let us hasten to view with fond ecstasy of delight the old familiar rustic scene ranging along the footpaths of the lower hill sides, where thick hedges of sweet fragrant crab apples heavily laden with exquisite pink blooms of the fairest creation, forming a veritable arbour where aromatic incense lingers filling the air with balmy perfume.

List! Out of the prevailing stillness comes the sweet pleading notes of the thrush, in harmonious concord to the low plaintive thrills of the nightingale's vesper song.

Surely, spring has transformed our hamlet into a real Eden.

HOYES

This community is a busy one at this time. With making garden, house cleaning, and planting out crops all have employment.

Willie Friend and family, of Pleasant Valley, were guests of J. A. Dewitt and family last Sunday.

Miss Lula Callis returned to her home Saturday after spending the winter with her sister, Mrs. White, of St. Mary's.

George Seabold's youngest child is seriously ill with pneumonia.

D. O. Dewitt is building an addition to his home and when completed will be a credit to the community.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry K. Friend, and children spent last Sunday at the home of Asa Friend.

Prof. Freeman Guard, of Selbysport, is giving music lessons to a number of pupils in this neighborhood.

Norman Frazee, of Friendsville, was a very pleasant and welcome guest in Hoyes Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. D. O. Dewitt, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Dewitt and Mrs. Sadie Friend motored to Gortner recently and spent the day with Will Spoerline and family.

Miss Irene Mattingly attended a party given at the home of Frances McGettigan Monday evening.

Thomas Bishoff had a fine monument erected last week at the graves of his father and mother.

Robert Koontz, accompanied by his family, all of Greensburg, Pa., were guests of Mrs. Ella Lowdermilk over Sunday.

A number of persons from Hoyes attended the funeral at Accident of the late Mr. Jonah Speicher and all express a deep sympathy for the bereaved relatives.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Teresa Collier, of Friendsville, occurred at this place last Thursday and was largely attended by sympathizing friends.

GLENDALE

Not seeing any items from this burg for some time, we thought we would pen a few.

We are very sorry to note that Mrs. Chas. S. Harvey, is on the sick list. We all hope for her speedy recovery.

Mrs. Cleve O'Brien and two nieces, Viola and Myrtle Beckman, were visiting at the home of her brother, G. P. Fitzwater, Sunday last.

Mr. Columbus Mason and wife and Mr. Arley Beckman and sister, Miss Louise, motored to Accident Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Irvin Custer made a flying trip to Oakland one day last week.

Mr. McCannlly preached at the school house Sunday at 10:30. And on June the 4th he will preach Mrs. Rachel Friend's funeral who died a few weeks ago.

Mr. Harry Beckman spent Saturday and Sunday at the home of C. H. O'Brien.

There will be quarterly meeting held in the North Glade M. E. church June 11th at 7:30 o'clock, by Dr. Moore, of Oakland. Everybody invited to attend.

Mr. Lynn Browning spent Sunday at G. T. Beckman's.

Miss Ethel Harvey spent last week with her grandmother of Ryans Glade.

Mr. Earl Harvey and Miss Lena Beckman attended church at Thayerville Sunday evening.

Mr. Frank Smouse, of Deer Park, passed through this section one day last week buying up cattle.

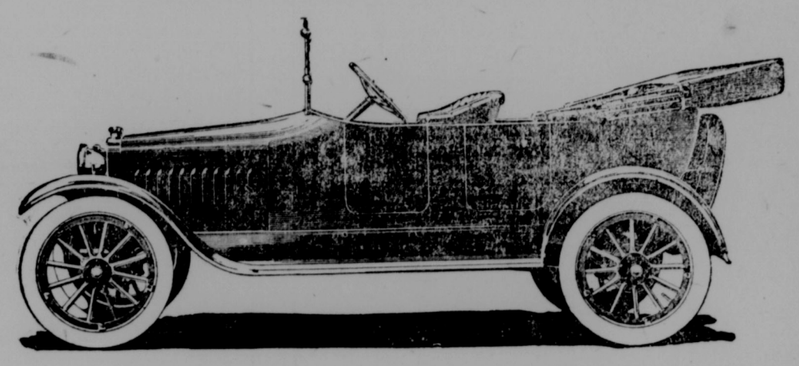
Mr. John Fitzwater spent Sunday with his brother William of North Glade.

We wonder what has become of the North Glade correspondent? We would like to hear from them again.

Subscribe for The Republican.

SAXON "SIX"

big touring car for five people



Dramatic Editor of New York Journal Praises his Saxon "Six."

I have been driving a Saxon "Six" for the past month, and wish to offer an unsolicited recommendation.

To begin with, I own a seven-passenger car and have owned $5,000 cars for the past seven years. It is a remarkable fact, but I have never had any desire to operate a car myself, and have always employed a chauffeur. When I bought the Saxon "Six" I took one lesson, and then went forth in the "City of Gasoline" as my own chauffeur.

The car itself is a masterpiece in mechanism. It answers every call of the foot and hand. In short, it runs itself.

When you are stopped by traffic, and you want to start, it is off so fast, you are compelled to hold it back. Going up a hill, is the same as coasting down one. In appearance, no car for the money can approach it. When you pass others, whether they are in autos, or are walking on the street, they look upon this six-cylinder wonder in admiration, and only pass the most pleasing remarks.

Every man that owns a big car should own a Saxon "Six," and operate it himself to and from his office. Of course, it is hard to convince some men that they could run a car, but, if they tried once, it would settle the question.

I consider the Saxon "Six" a wonderful purchase for the money.

C. F. ZITTEL, Dramatic Editor, New York Journal.

For a Demonstration of this wonderful car, call at Liller's Barber shop or Kelly's Livery, Oakland.

LILLER & KELLY, Agents
OAKLAND, MD.

TRUSTEE'S SALE
OF VALUABLE
Real Estate
Situate In Garrett County

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a Deed of Trust executed to the undersigned Trustee by Mary A. Wilson and George M. Wilson, her husband, default having occured in the terms of said trust, said Deed of Trust being dated the 3rd day of September, 1902, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 41, folio 355, &c., one of the Mortgage Records of Garrett County, the undersigned will on

SATURDAY
the 10th day of June, 1916,

in front of the Court House in the town of Oakland, Maryland, at the hour of two o'clock P. M. of said day offer at public auction to the highest bidder all the following real estate, situate, lying and being in Garrett county and described as follows:

All that lot of ground situate, lying and being as aforesaid, which is known and designated as a part of Military Lot Number 973, containing the quantity of four and three sixteenth acres and being the same lot of ground which was conveyed to the said Mary A. Wilson by deed from Richard Reams et. ux., dated the 3rd day of September, 1902, and duly recorded among the Land Records of Garrett county, Maryland.

Said property is improved by a good dwelling house, orchard and other necessary outbuildings, and is all under fence.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on the day of sale, but if any responsible buyer takes the property I can arrange for the payment of one-third cash on the day of sale and the balance in two equal installments in one and two years from date by the purchaser executing a mortgage on the property for the deferred payments, and notes with security.

G. SEMMES HAMILL,
Trustee.

The man Who Makes
A STUDY OF HIS
APPEARANCE

is the man who best appreciates the detail of the tailoring we turn out The workmanship passes without a question, the fit is naturally a matter of course, but the shape we mould into the garments give them a character that finishes them off and makes the satisfaction of the owner complete.

All this is a bid for your next tailoring order. We know we can make you the best clothes you ever wore We want you to know it. That orde s the best and only sure way to settle he question.

JAMES BROCK,
Dixon Building,
Oakland, Maryland.

Order Nisi.

C. A. Beachy, Treasurer of Garrett County, Maryland, vs. Clyde B. Moore.

No. 271, Miscellaneous Docket. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County Maryland.

Ordered, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland, this 6th day of May, 1916, that the tax sale made and reported in the above entitled case by C. A. Beachy, Treasurer of Garrett county, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 14th day of June, 1916; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 7th day of June, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $29.98.

ROBERT R. HENDERSON.

True copy, Test: E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

ORDER NISI.

C. A. Beachy, Treasurer of Garrett county, Maryland vs. Geo. D. Browning, L. E. Friend and R. C. McCandlish.

No. 270, Miscellaneous Docket In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Ordered by the Circuit Court for Garrett county, Maryland, this 6th day of May, 1916, that the tax sale made and reported in the above entitled case by C. A. Beachy, Treasurer of Garrett county, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 14th day of June, 1916, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 7rd day of June, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $29.98.

ROBERT R. HENDERSON.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Examiner's Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, appointed by the County Commissioners of Garrett county, to view the lands through which a proposed new road is to be located, beginning for the same at or near the mouth of Laurel Run and running thence through the lands of the Empire Coal Company, the Western Maryland Coal Company, the Monroe Coal Company, to intersect the county road leading from Frankville to the Watson wheel house, at or near the Chestnut Grove school house, and examine whether the said road should be made, will meet on the 22nd day of May, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said road, and if so to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

JACOB STUMP,
WILLIAM A. MICHAEL,
ERWIN FAZENBAKER,
Examiners.

published first time May 11, 1916.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters Testamentry on the estate of

CHARLES C. MOODY

late of Garrett County, Md., deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 4th day of November, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 4th day of May, 1916.

WM. G. HENDERSON,
501 F. St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

THE REPUBLICAN.

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SUPERINTENDENT RATHBUN WAS REELECTED MONDAY

Meeting of the Board Held Monday and Present Incumbent Is Retained.

At a meeting of the Board of County School Commissioners of Garrett county, with all members of the Board present, Mr. Franklin E. Rathbun, who has acceptably filled the office of superintendent of public schools for the past four years, was reelected to the position and his election will be confirmed by the State Board of Education has been assured.

The Board organized two weeks ago when Mr. Thomas J. Johnson, of District No. 9 recently appointed by Governor Harrington, qualified. At that meeting Mr. R. E. Sliger, of Oakland, was elected president of the body and Mr. Johnson was chosen vice president, the latter succeeding Mr. P. H. Yost, of Grantsville, whose term expired on May 1st.

The name of Mr. Bert Browning, of Thayerville, at present holding a Federal position in Baltimore, was presented to the board as an applicant to the position, along with that of Mr. Rathbun, but the latter was chosen, as above stated.

Mr. Rathbun, by his earnest and painstaking work, has injected new blood and endeavor in the school system of Garrett county with the result that during the past four years great strides in the progress of education have been taken and maintained by every individual school and each pupil therein and a change now would tend to lower the high standard set by him.

The Board of Commissioners has been congratulated by hundreds for reelecting Mr. Rathbun, the latter also receiving the hearty congratulations of his friends who are scattered all over Garrett county.

With his retention as head of the school system of the county the friends of education feel that the school will continue to move forward.

NEW LICENSE LAW

Affecting Garages, Liveries, Soda Fountains, Etc., Goes Into Effect Today.

The new license law, enacted by the legislature goes into effect today and until early this week its provisions were not known by the officers charged with its enforcement, hence those who come under its provisions will be surprised to learn that owners of garages, soda fountains, livery stables, theatres, restaurants, plumbers and gas fitters are vitally affected.

Under the new law all those enumerated above are compelled to secure license in order to do business legally. The applications for licenses must be made to the Clerk of the Circuit Court.

THE DEATH RECORD.

PETER NATHAN.

Squire Peter Nathan, one of Grantsville's best known known and most esteemed citizens, died on May 24th, after about a year's illness. Death was due to cirrhoris of the arteries, which culminated in a paralytic stroke a week before his death.

Mr. Nathan was a native of Grantsville and an extensive dealer in lumber, lately being associated with C. H. Bill in that business. He is survived by one brother, Michael Nathan, two sisters, Mrs. Mary Miller, of Grantsville, who is just recovering from a serious operation of the head, and Mrs. Margaret Fuller, of Detroit Mich. A large number of neices and nephews also survive him.

Interment was made in the village cemetery on Friday, the funeral having been held in St. Stephen's church by Rev. Father Aloysius, of Cumberland. The pall bearers were selected from his immediate friends and neighbors, and his brother directors in the First State Bank also turned out in a body to do him honor. The church was filled with sympathizing friends.

Mr. Nathan's household was made up of himself and two neices, Miss Gertrude Hone and Miss Marie Connor.

The former has for years been his housekeeper and companion and both have found a father's love and devotion beneath their uncle's roof. This devotion and solicitude was extended to all his other neices, nephews and many relatives, and, among his host of friends the quiet, unobtrusive man was known for his broadminded dealings, his kindly acts, and benevolent disposition. Mrs. Wilcox's poem is a fitting tribute to this useful life:

"Better by far, than a marble tomb—
Than a monument towering over my head
What shall I care in my quiet room
For head board or foot board when I am dead?
Better than glory, or honors or fame
(Though I be striving for those (oday)
Toknow that some heart would cherish my name,
And think of me kindly with blessing alway."

COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT F. E. RATHBUN

HENRY SCHLOSSNAGLE.

Henry Schlossnagle, a prominent farmer of Accident district, died suddenly Monday morning, aged 68 years. The deceased had just finished eating his breakfast and passed from the house to the porch when he fell over and died within a comparatively few seconds. His death was due to cirrhosis of the arteries. He is survived by his widow and several children, all of whom are grown. He was a leading member of the Accident Lutheran church and was held in high esteem by all who knew him. His funeral occurred yesterday. Mr. Schlossnagle was a brother of Mrs. Thomas Turney of Oakland.

MRS. LAVINIA BROBST.

Mrs. Lavinia Brobst, aged 63 years, wife of William Brobst, died Monday evening at her home in Green Glade, near Swanton, of heart failure. The deceased was taken ill immediately after she had finished her evening meal and died within twenty minutes. Her funeral occurred yesterday with interment in the Glendale cemetery. The services were conducted by the Rev. McCamic, of the Deer Park M. E. circuit.

A Birthday Party.

Mr. and Mrs. D. T. Thayer gave a birthday surprise party in honor of their daughter Miss Manona on Saturday evening, May 27th, it being her sixteenth birthday. The evening was very enjoyably spent in playing games of all kinds until they were all invited to the dining room where refreshments were served consisting of ice cream, cakes, candies, fruits and nuts. The table was beautifully decorated with pansies. The birthday cake was trimed with sixteen pansies instead of candles. Those that were present were Misses Naomi and Dessie Lohr, Martha Glotfelty, Doris DeWitt, Ethyl Beckman, Ruth Nicholson, Sadie Thayer, Myrtle and Helen White, Mary Manear, Dora and Marie Durst, Messrs. Julius Kitzmiller, Cecil and John Thayer, Russell and Charles Lohr, Charles Barkman, Adrin and Hiram Glotfelty, Elbert Nine, Lorane DeWitt, Reverdy Beckman, Arthur Manear and Perry Thayer.

The young folks departed as the hour of Sunday morning approached wishing Miss Manona many happy returns of the day and thanking Mr. and Mrs. Thayer for a very enjoyable evening spent in their pleasant home.

A. GUEST.

Naylor & Co. have a big supply of Drain Tile. Advertisement

MEMORIAL DAY WAS ONLY HALF-HEARTIDLY OBSERVED

Few of the Remaining Old Soldiers Ventured Out Owing to Weather Conditions.

Tuesday was Memorial Day all over the country and it was observed pretty generally according to newspaper reports. Here in Oakland a soaking rain fell almost the entire day and as a result a very few, probably half a dozen, old soldiers ventured out to do their fallen comrades the honors due them. The graves of the dead, however, had been decorated the evening previous by members of the Sons of Veterans. This was all the more appreciated by the survivors when it was found impossible to muster their comrades for the march to the cemeteries where the memorial services were to be held, and in consequence the annual observance was abandoned.

Members of the various fraternal societies, however, marched to the city of the dead and there decorated the graves of their departed brethren as did also hundreds of others whose loved ones repose therein.

Groceryman White Sells Out.

Mr. Arthur White, who has conducted a splendid grocery store on Alder street during the past two or more years, sold his stock and good will to Mr. G. C. Martin, of Oakland, yesterday afternoon. Mr. Martin's son Mr. Glen Martin, will operate the store and will be assisted for the present by Mr. White, Sr. The new proprietor has the best wishes of The Republican for success in his new venture.

For Sale Cheap.

On account of poor health I offer for sale at a bargain my farm of 40 acres located at Altamont. The land is well watered and is excellent for grazing. Improved by new dwelling, and new outbuildings. Well set orchard and tenant house. G. J. WALTER.
Advertisement, Altamont, Md.

BOYS' CORN AND POTATO CLUBS.

Tour of State to Effect Organizations Under Auspices Baltimore Sun.

Beginning at Crisfield on Saturday morning, June 3rd, at 10 a. m., a Pathfinder automobile will tour the good roads from Crisfield to Baltimore by way of Elkton, and from Baltimore to Oakland by way of Frederick and Cumberland, for the purpose of organizing permanent committees to take charge of The Home State Tour of The Maryland Corn and Potato Club Boys. The main event is scheduled for the week preceding Maryland Week and will be a forerunner of that state affair, which will be held as usual at The Fifth Regiment Armory in Baltimore.

The Pathfinding automobile will be in charge of Reuben Brigham, who has charge of club work and represents both the federal government and Maryland Agricultural College and Henry E. Warner, Director of the Tour, who will represent The Baltimore Sun, under the auspices of which newspaper the tour is to be given by arrangement with the federal and state boy's club authorities.

For the information of those interested, preliminary meetings will be open to the public and in most cases will be held by authority of the city and county officials, with whom are co-operating automobile clubs, commercial organizations, granges and bankers.

The Pathfinding car will make three towns a day where possible, and the meetings will be held at 10 a. m. and 4 and 8 p. m. daily. Mr. Brigham will explain the work of the Corn Clubs, and Mr. Warner will go into the purpose of the tour and the plan of organization.

The prize winning Corn Club and Potato Club Boys en route will boost Maryland Week exposition and invite all the people of Maryland to come to Baltimore. It is believed and hoped that this promotion for Maryland Week will result in the greatest reunion of state and city people in the history of Maryland. It is peculiarly true of Maryland that every one in the country is related to someone in the city. Later in the season the railroad companies and the steamboat lines will be asked to offer special rates for Maryland Week and to advertise it widely.

A meeting will be held in Oakland at 8 o'clock p. m., June 15, particulars of which will be announced later.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

Bargains in 9x12 Matting Rugs

We purchased a large lot of these rugs early and can offer them at $2.75 to $3.00 each. Present whole sale price $3.00.

Also nice line of Matting to offer below present market price.

Our Gold Medal and Gold Loaf Flour is a big bargain at $6.50 per barrel.

Can use 200 to 300 bushels of Potatoes at a good round price.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

C. H. BROWNING

Deer Park's Best Store

Wanted Spring Chickens

The season is now open here and I will at all times pay the highest prices for Butter Eggs and Chickens.

"You can always get a bargain here."

Get right trade at Browning's.

Offutt's

Foot Wear

We have a complete line of Walk Over shoes and oxfords for men. In the latest and plain styles.

For Women and Children

"Colonial Pump," "English Walking" "Mary Jane" and a number of popular styles.

Men's Straw Hats and Panamas. All the new styles for this season.

We pay the highest Market Price for Wool. Cash or trade.

OFFUTTS'

CHAPTER NO. 410

AN ACT to repeal section 196, 197, 199 and 209 Q of Article Number One of the Code of Public Local Laws of Maryland, title "Allegany County," sub-title "Mining and Mine Inspector," as the same were enacted by Chapter 124 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed in the year 1902, and to re-enact said sections with amendments, so as to place the inspection of mines in Allegany County under the State Board of Labor and Statistics; and to repeal sections 150, 151, 153, and 164 P of Article Number Twelve of the Code of Public Local Laws of Maryland, title "Garrett County," sub-title "Manufactures and Mines," as the same were enacted by Chapter 124 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland passed in the year 1902, and to re-enact said sections with amendments, so as to place the inspection of mines in Garrett County under the State Board of Labor and Statistics.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That section 196, 197, 199 and 209 Q of Article Number One of the Code of Public Laws of Maryland, title "Allegany County," sub-title "Mining and Mine Inspector," as the same were enacted by Chapter 124 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland passed in the year 1902, be and the same hereby are repealed and re-enacted with amendments; and sections 150, 151, 153 and 164P of Article Number Twelve of the Code of Public Laws of Maryland, title "Garrett County," sub-title "Manufactures and Mines," be and the same hereby are repealed and re-enacted to read as follows:

Section 196 of Article 1 and Section 150 of Article 12. That the State Board of Labor and Statistics, with the approval of the Governor shall appoint one Mine Inspector for the counties of Allegany and Garrett, who shall hold his office for two years from the date of his appointment. No person shall be eligible to the office of Mine Inspector until he shall have attained the age of thirty years. He shall possess a competent and a practical knowledge of the different systems of mining and properly ventilating coal mines in said counties, and the nature and constituent parts of the various gases found in coal mines, and of the various ways of expelling the same from said mines and shall have had five years' practical experience as a miner in one or both counties combined next immediately preceding his appointment, and shall receive such annual salary as the Board, with the approval of the Governor, may deem proper. Before entering upon the discharge of the duties of his office the said Mine Inspector shall take the oath provided in the Constitution of the State and shall give bond in the sum of two thousand dollars with sureties to be approved by the Chief Judge of the Fourth Judicial Circuit of Maryland. Said Mine Inspector while in office shall not be interested in the operation of any mine or act as land agent, superintendent or manager of any mine; and it shall be his duty to make a report to the State Board of Labor and Statistics of his proceedings in office and to set forth in such reports all such information that may be proper or beneficial, and also to make such recommendations and suggestions as he may consider important as to legislation on the subject of mining.

Section 197 of Article 1 and Section 151 of Article 12. Said Mine Inspector shall devote the whole of his time to the duties of his office. It shall be his duty to examine each mine in said counties as often as possible, but a longer period of time than two months shall not elapse between said examination, to see that all the provisions of this Act are observed and strictly carried out, and he shall make a record of all examinations of mines, showing the condition in which he finds them, especially with reference to ventilation and drainage, the number of persons employed in each mine, the extent to which the law is obeyed and progress made in the improvements of mines, the number of serious accidents and the nature thereof, the number of deaths resulting from injuries received in or about the mines, with the cause of such accident or death; which record completed to the first day of May of each and every year shall be filed with the State Board of Labor and Statistics, and one thousand copies of said report shall be printed for distribution at once by the said Board, and the cost thereof shall be paid by the Treasurer upon the warrant of the Comptroller.

Section 199 of Article 1, and Section 153 of Article 12. In case the Inspector becomes incapacitated to perform the duties of his office or receives a leave of absence from the said Board, it shall be the duty of the said Board to appoint, upon said Mine Inspector's application, or that of five miners or five operators, some competent person to fill the office of Inspector until the said Inspector shall be able to resume the duties of his office, and the person so appointed shall be paid in the same manner as hereinafter provided for the Inspector of Mines.

Section 209Q of Article 1, and Section 164P of Article 12. In this Act the term "coal mine" includes the shafts, slopes, adits, drifts, or incline planes connected with excavations penetrating coal stratum or strata, which excavations are ventilated by one general air current or divisions thereof, and connected by one general system of mine railroads over which coal may be delivered to one or more common points outside the mine when such is operated by one operator.

Sub-Section A. The term "excavations and workings" includes all the excavated parts of a mine, those abandoned as well as the places actually being worked, also all underground workings and shafts, tunnels and other ways and openings, all such shafts, slopes, tunnels and other openings in the course of being sunk or driven, together with all roads, appliances, machinery and material connected with the same below the surface.

Sub-Section B. The term "shaft" means a verdict opening through the strata, and which is and may be used for the purpose of ventilation or drainage, or for hoisting men or material, or both, in connection with the mining of coal.

Sub-Section C. The term "slope" means an incline way or opening used for the same purpose as a shaft.

Sub-Section D. The term "operator" means any firm, corporation, or individual operating any coal mine or part thereof.

Sub-Section E. The term "superintendent" means the person who shall have, on behalf of the operator, immediate supervision of one or more mines.

Sub-Section F. The provisions of this Act shall not apply to any mine employing less than ten persons in any one period of twenty-four hours.

Sub-Section G. It shall be the duty of the Mine Inspector to make as to the clay or fire-clay mines in Allegany or Garrett counties the examination and reports required as to coal mines under Section 197 of Article 1 and Section 151 of Article 12 of this Act, and to make recommendations to the State Board of Labor and Statistics as to the legislation requisite to protect life and health in such clay mines.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall take effect from and after the first day of June, in the year one thousand nine hundred and sixteen.

CHAPTER NO. 438

AN ACT to repeal and re-enact with amendments Section 111K of Chapter 300 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland of 1904, entitled "An Act for the incorporation of the town of Friendsville in District No. 2, of Garrett County," and for the amendment of Article 12 of the Code of Public Laws of the State of Maryland, entitled "Garrett County," by adding additional sections thereto, to be known as Sections 111A, 111B, 111C, 111C½, 111D, 111E, 111F, 111F½, 111G, 111J, 111K, 111L, 111M, 111O, 111P, 111Q and to follow immediately after Sec. 111 of said Art. 12, and to be known by the sub-title "Friendsville," and to exempt the town of Friendsville in District No. 2, in Garrett County, as herein bounded and described from the operations of the provisions of Chapter 77 of the Acts of 1898, entitled "An Act to prohibit the sale of spirituous or fermented liquors or lager beer in Election District No. 2 of Garrett County."

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Section 111K of Chapter 300 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland of 1904, entitled "An Act for the incorporation of the town of Friendsville, in District No. 2 of Garrett County, and for the amendment of Article 12 of the Code of Public Laws of the State of Maryland, entitled "Garrett County," by adding additional sections thereto, to be known as Sections 111A, 111B, 111C, 111C½, 111D, 111E, 111F, 111F½, 111G, 111H, 111J, 111K, 111L, 111M, 111O, 111P, 111Q, and to follow immediately after Section 111 of said Article 12, and to be known by the sub-title "Friendsville," and to exempt the town of Friendsville in District No. 2, in Garrett County, as herein bounded and described from the operation of the provisions of Chapter 77 of the Acts of 1898, entitled "An Act to prohibit the sale of spirituous or fermented liquors or larger beer in Election District No. 2 of Garrett County," be and the same is hereby repealed and re-enacted with amendments so as to read as follows:

111K. The said Mayor and Council shall have the power to compel the property owners binding along any of said streets, lanes or alleys, so accepted by said corporation and recorded among its proceedings to construct and keep in repair sidewalks and footways of their property binding on said streets and roads, and may pass all such ordinances as may be necessary to compel the construction and repair of said sidewalks. And they shall have power to enforce the construction and repair of said sidewalks, by fines imposed upon the property owners for a failure to construct and repair after fifteen days' notice previously given, which said fines shall be collectible as other fines imposed for the violation of the ordinances of the town as hereinafter set forth and stated.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall take effect on June 1, 1916.

CHAPTER NO. —.

AN ACT to repeal and re-enact with amendments Section 18 of Chapter 201 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland, at its session of 1886, entitled "An Act to repeal Chapter 519 of the Acts of 1884, entitled An Act to incorporate the town of Deer Park, in Garrett County, and to re-enact the same with amendments.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Section 18 of Chapter 201 of the Acts of 1886, titled Garrett County, sub-title Deer Park, be and the same is hereby repealed and re-enacted so as to read as follows:

SEC. 18. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Maryland, That the Mayor and Common Council of Deer Park, Garrett County, Maryland, be and is hereby authorized to purchase, receive by gift, donation or otherwise, hold and enjoy, sue for and defend, a suitable piece of land within the limits of said town of Deer Park, not exceeding the quantity of two acres, for the purpose of a public park for the use of the inhabitants of said town, and on which to erect any necessary municipal building.

CHAPTER NO. 9.

AN ACT to repeal and enact with amendments Section 2 of Chapter 450 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed at its session of 1896, title "Garrett County" sub-title "Loch Lynn Heights."

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Section 2 of Chapter 450 of the Acts of 1896, be and the same is hereby repealed and re-enacted so as to read as follows:

SECTION 2. That the corporate limits of said town shall be as follows: Beginning for the same at a cement post standing at the southerly limits of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Right of Way, and on the westerly margin of the road known as the Wonderly Road, and running thence along the western margin of said road:

1—South 7 degrees East, 76 and 8-10 feet; thence

2—South 70 degrees East, 235 feet; thence

3—South 39 degrees and 45 minutes East, 714 feet; thence

4—South 42 degrees and 45 minutes East, 99 feet; thence

5—South 21 degrees and 15 minutes East, 1,002 feet to a cement post on Westerly margin of said road; thence

6—North 82 degrees and 35 minutes East, 875 feet to a cement post; thence

7—North 27 degrees and 35 minutes East, 1,574 feet to a cement post; thence

8—South 62 degrees and 25 minutes East, 456 and 6 10 feet to a cement post which is the original beginning of Military Lots Nos. 880 and 919; thence running with the first line of said Military Lot No. 919; thence

9—North 27 degrees and 35 minutes East, 1,650 feet to a planted stone marked F. G.; thence

10—North 78 degrees East, 36 feet to a point on the east margin of a road known as the Old German Road; thence with east margin of said road; thence

11—North 27 degrees and 45 minutes East 100 feet; thence

12—North 40 degrees East, 100 feet thence

13—North 24 degrees and 30 minutes East, 235 feet; thence

14—North 19 degrees West, 85 feet; thence

15—North 49 degrees and 15 minutes West, 168 feet; thence

16—North 69 degrees West, 239 feet; thence

17—North 41 degrees and 30 minutes West, 160 feet; thence

18—North 55 degrees West, 100 feet; thence

19—North 62 degrees and 30 minutes West, 242 feet; thence

20—North 73 degrees West, 90 feet to a cement post standing on the Southerly limits of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Right of Way; thence with said limits of the Baltimore and Ohio Right of Way; thence

21—South 71 degrees and 35 minutes West, to the point of beginning.

CHAPTER NO. 453.

AN ACT to empower and direct the County Commissioners of Garrett County to borrow money on the credit of said county for the purpose of erecting a high school building in the town of Oakland, and heating, furnishing and equipping the same, and to purchase or condemn real estate for the erection of the same, and for the purpose of erecting, repairing and improving other public school buildings in said county, and to issue bonds for the payment of said money, and to levy taxes upon the assessable property of said county to redeem such bonds and to pay the interest thereon, to refer such question to the the voters of Garrett County.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That for the purpose of erecting a high school building in the town of Oakland and for the purpose of furnishing, heating and equipping said building, and for the erection, repairing and improving other public school buildings in said county, and for the purpose of purchasing or condemning real estate for the erection of the same, the County Commissioners for Garrett County, be and they are hereby authorized, empowered and directed to borrow money on the credit of said county to an amount not exceeding thirty thousand dollars, and to issue coupon bonds therefor, the said bonds to be in the sum of one thousand dollars each, and to be signed by the president of the Board of County Commissioners for Garrett County, and countersigned by the Clerk of said board, with the corporate seal of said County Commissioners attached to every bond so issued; said bonds to be dated the first day of January, 1917, and to bear interest at a rate not exceeding 5 per cent. per annum, payable semi-annualy on the first day of July and the first day of January in each and every year until the maturity thereof, and the said bonds shall mature as follows: one thousand dollars thereof on January 1, 1922, and annual thereafter the sum of one thousand dollars in every year until all of said bonds shall have matured.

SEC. 2. And be it enacted, That said bonds shall have written or printed on them a distinct reference to the act directing the issue of the same, and that said bonds when issued shall be exempt from municipal and county taxation in Garrett County, and they shall be sold after due advertisement by the County Commissioners to the highest bidder or bidders, provided however that none of said bonds shall be sold for less than par value.

SEC. 3. And be it enacted, That the said County Commissioners for Garrett County shall levy annually upon the assessable property of said county tax sufficient to pay the interest upon said bonds, and in the year 1921 they shall levy the sum on one thousand dollars to meet the first maturing bond issued, and annually thereafter the said County Commissioners shall levy upon the assessable property of said county the sum of one thousand dollars until the maturity of the last bond by this act authorized to be issued.

SEC. 4. And be it enacted, That the clerk of the County Commissioners of Garrett County shall register the said bonds when the same are sold, showing to whom the same were sold, what price was obtained therefor, and shall keep a record upon the books of said County Commissioners of all bonds paid.

SEC. 5. And be it enacted, That the County Commissioners of Garrett County shall when notified by the Board of County School Commissioners of said county that they desire to avail themselves of the provisions of this act and of the amount of money they will require for the purpose aforesaid, advertise and sell said bonds as above provided to an amount sufficient to produce the sum designated by the said Board of School Commissioners, but in no event in excess of the sum of thirty thousand dollars, and shall pay over the proceeds of the sale of said bonds to the Board of County School Commissioners who shall account for the same as they account for other monies passing through their hands.

SEC. 6. And be it enacted, That the said County Commissioners for Garrett County shall have the opinion to redeem any or all of said bonds outstanding after ten years from the date of their issue.

SEC. 7. And be it enacted, That at the general election in November, 1916, there shall be submitted to the qualified voters of Garrett County, the question whether the said bonds shall be issued, and at such election the ballots cast upon the question shall have printed or written thereon the words, "For the Bond Issue," or "Against the Bond Issue," and if the majority of the votes cast upon said question shall be "For the Bond Issue," then the County Commissioners for Garrett County shall proceed to exercise the power vested in them by this Act, and shall issue the bonds as herein provided; but if the majority of the votes cast shall be "Against the Bond Issue," then this Act shall be null and void.

CHAPTER NO.—

AN ACT to sanction and make valid a certain purchase, sale and deed of conveyance, made by Daniel Annan and others to the Mayor and Common Council of Deer Park, Garrett County, Maryland, on the 6th day of April, 1913, and which said deed is recorded in Liber No. 66 folio 429, one of the Land Records of said Garrett County.

WHEREAS, by Chapter 201 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland at its session of 1886, the inhabitants of the town of Deer Park, Garrett County, Maryland, were constituted a body corporate by the name of "The Mayor and Common Council of Deer Park" and

WHEREAS, the said, The Mayor and Common Council of Deer Park, desiring to establish a small, public park in said town, purchased from said Daniel Annan and others a small portion of land in said town, containing about one-half of an acre, and on the 6th day of April, 1913, the said Daniel Annan and others executed and delivered to said Mayor and Common Council a deed for said land, and the purchase money therefor was paid; and

WHEREAS, there appears to be some question as to the power and authority of said municipality under its present charter to purchase and hold said land for said purpose without the sanction of the General Assembly of Maryland, and therefore this Act is enacted.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the purchase by the Mayor and Common Council of Deer Park from Daniel Annan and others of about one-half acre of land in said town, and the deed from the said Daniel Annan and others to the said, The Mayor and Common Council of Deer Park for said land, bearing date April 6th, 1913, and recorded in Liber No. 66 folio 429, one of the Land Records of Garrett County aforesaid, be and the same is hereby sanctioned confirmed and made valid, and the said, The Mayor and Common Council of Deer Park, be and it is hereby authorized and empowered to take and hold the land embraced and described in said deed, with power to sue for and defend same, to the same extent as if said body corporate was an individual.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall take effect on and from the first day of June, 1916.

CHAPTER NO.—

AN ACT to repeal Chapter 601 of the General Assembly of Maryland of 1914, entitled "An Act to provide for a License Tax on Dogs to create a fund to protect the sheep industry in Garrett County."

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Chapter 601 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland of 1914, entitled "An Act to provide for a license tax on dogs to create a fund to protect the sheep industry in Garrett County," be and the same is hereby repealed.

CHAPTER NO. 60

AN ACT to enable the qualified voters of Loch Lynn Heights, Garrett County, Maryland, to determine by ballot whether bonds in the sum not exceeding Fifteen Hundred Dollars ($1,500.00) shall be issued by the Mayor and Council of said Loch Lynn Heights for the purpose of completing the sewer system of said town.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the question of whether or not the Mayor and Council of Loch Lynn Heights, Garrett County, Maryland, shall issue bonds in the sum of not exceeding Fifteen Hundred Dollars ($1,500.00) for the purpose of completing a system of sewerage in said town, shall be submitted to the qualified voters thereof, at the regular election for town officers on the first Monday of May, 1916, and the ballot to be used at said election shall have printed thereon, in addition to the names of the candidates for town officers, the following, viz: "For the issue of bonds" and "Against the issue of bonds," and shall be counted and returned as other election returns are counted and made.

SEC. 2. And be it enacted, That the qualified voters of said town, desiring to vote on said question at said election, shall indicate their choice of said proposition for which they desire to register their vote.

SEC. 3. And be it enacted, That if it shall be found by the return of the judges of said election that a majority of the votes cast for and against the issue of said bonds, are for the issue of the same, then it shall be the duty of the said Mayor and Council of Loch Lynn Heights, and they are thereby authorized, directed and empowered to forthwith issue said bonds in the name of the Mayor and Council of Loch Lynn Heights, in a sum not exceeding Fifteen Hundred Dollars ($1,500.00), or so much thereof as may be necessary, for the purpose aforesaid; each of said bonds so issued, shall be for the sum of One Hundred Dollars ($100.00) bearing interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, interest payable semi-annually on the first day of September and the first day of March in each and every year that said bond shall run; said bonds shall be signed by the Mayor and attested by the Clerk with the seal of said town attached thereto; shall be payable as follows: One bond on the first day of September, 1917, and two bonds each year thereafter on the first day of September, until the entire issue of said bonds is taken up and redeemed; reserving the opinion to the Mayor and Council aforesaid, to take up and redeem at any interest period after five years any and all of said outstanding bonds running more than five years, at the face value thereof, with accrued interest; said bonds shall be exempt from all taxation for County and Municipal purposes.

SEC. 4. And be it enacted, That the Mayor and Council aforesaid are hereby authorized and empowered to negotiate, sell and dispose of said bonds, either at public auction or by sealed bids, after due notice of such sale shall be given through one of the newspapers published in Garrett County by at least two insertions of said notice in said paper before the day of sale, and said bonds, or any one of them, shall be made to the highest responsible bidder therefore the said Mayor and Council, reserving the right to reject any and all bids received for said bonds.

SEC. 5. And be it enacted, That if this Act is adopted by the voters of said town as aforesaid, then it shall be lawful for the Mayor and Council of said Loch Lynn Heights, and they are hereby autorized and empowered to complete and maintain said system of sewerage in said town, and to that end, are hereby authorized to make all necessary contracts to carry out the purposes and provisions of this Act, and they may either contract the whole of said improvement, or any part thereof, or may purchase the material and employ the necessary labor to complete said system by days labor, whichever in their judgment they may deem best.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That said Mayor and Council are hereby authorized and empowered to pass all such ordinances as may be necessary for the successful operation of said system of sewerage, by regulating the use and tapping of the same by the residents of said town, and the interference therewith by any and all persons; and they are hereby further authorized to fix and establish a rate of charge or charges for the use of said sewer, and the tapping thereof, by the residents of said town, and shall have the power to pass all such ordinances as may be necessary requiring the residents of said town, or the property owners thereof, to discontinue the use of all pit or surface closets used in said town, wherein fecal matter is permitted to accumulate.

SEC. 7. That in order to pay the interest on said bonds and to redeem said bonds as they shall fall due and payable, the said Mayor and Council are hereby authorized to levy upon the taxable property in said town, at their annual levy term, all such taxes as may be necessary for said purpose.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That the funds arising from the sale of said bonds shall be kept separate from all other funds belonging to said town, and shall only be used to carry out the provisions of this act, and all moneys paid out of said fund for the construction and completion of said sewer system shall be by check, signed by the Mayor of said town, and countersigned by the Clerk thereof, after said bill or account has been passed and ordered to be paid by the said Mayor and Council of said town.

SEC. 9. And be it enacted, That the Clerk of said town shall keep a book, in which shall be entered the sale of all bonds, the amount received therefor, to whom sold, the date when same was sold, and shall further enter therein an account showing the several items on which the fund arising from the sale of said bond was expended.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That this Act is an emergency law and necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health and safety, and having been passed by a yea and nay vote, supported by three-fifths of all the members elected to each of the two houses of the General Assembly, the same shall take effect from the date of its passage.

CHAPTER NO. —.

AN ACT to pay to the School Commissioners of Garrett County a sum of money out of the State school tax and to increase the minimum salaries.

WHEREAS, In view of the pressure of the present apportionment, especially upon Garrett County, of the State School Tax, and the inability, without larger increase of county taxation, to keep her schools open for seven and one-half (7½) months, and in view of the fact that the mountain ridges so divide the population of Garrett County, the largest county in the State in area, as to render school facilities for all the children more expensive than in more central parts of the State;

SECTION 1. Be it enacted in the General Assembly of Maryland, That the Comptroller of the Treasury be and he is hereby authorized and required to draw his warrant upon the Treasurer in favor of Garrett County School Board for the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000.00) per annum for two years, out of the proceeds of the State School Tax before making apportionment thereof; provided, however, that no portion of said four thousand dollars ($4,000.00) per annum, shall be used for any other purpose than for salaries and ordinary running expenses of said schools.

SEC. 2. Be it further enacted, That the Board of School Commissioners of Garrett County shall pay the school teachers of said County the sums of two hundred and fifty dollars ($250.00) and three hundred dollars ($300.00) as minimum salaries, instead of two hundred dollars ($200.00) and two hundred and fifty ($250.00) as at present, and Garrett County shall be exempt for a period of two years, from the provisions of Section 60 of Article 77 of the Code of Public General Laws of Maryland.

SEC. 3. And be it enacted, That this Act shall take effect from the first of June, 1916.

CHAPTER NO. 13.

AN ACT to repeal and re-enact with amendments Section 228 of Article 12 of the Code of Public Local Laws of Maryland, title "Garrett County," sub title "Wild Animals," and amended by Chapter 679 of the Acts of 1914.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Section 228 of Article 12, of the Public Local Laws of Maryland, title "Garrett County" sub-title "Wild Animals," be and the same is hereby repealed and re-enacted with amendments so as to read as follows:

SECTION 228. Any citizen of the State of Maryland, who shall kill any wolf, panther, wild cat, weasel, fox or hawk, within the limits of Garrett County, Maryland, shall be entitled to the following allowance, viz: For every wolf scalp the sum of $20.00, for every panther scalp the sum of $20.00, for every wild cat scalp the sum of $3.00, for every fox scalp the sum of $1.00, for every weasel scalp the sum of fifty cents.

SEC. 2. Be it enacted, That this Act shall take effect from the first day of June, 1916.

CHAPTER NO. 11.

AN ACT to repeal Section 27 of Article 12 of the Code of Public Local Laws, title Garrett County, sub-title, County Commissioners, as said section was amended and re-enacted by Chapter 475 of the Acts of 1890, and said section was repealed and re-enacted with amendments by the Act passed at January Session 1904, Chapter 540, and said section was repealed and re-enacted with amendments by the Act passed at January Session 1906, Chapter 21, and to re-enact the same with amendments.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Section 37 of Article 12, of the Code of Public Local Laws, title Garrett County, sub-title, County Commissioners, amended and re-enacted by Chapter 475 of the Acts of 1890, and as said section was repealed and re-enacted with amendments by the Acts passed at January Session 1904, Chapter 540, and the said section was repealed and re-enacted, with amendments by the Act passed at January Session 1906, Chapter 21, be and the same is hereby repealed, so as to read as follows:

That at the general election of county officers of Garrett county, to be held in said county, November, 1917, and every four years thereafter, a clerk to the Board of County Commissioners shall be elected by the qualified voters of said county, who shall hold office of clerk for the term of four years, from the time of his election and qualification or until his successor is elected and qualified, and shall be subject to removal from said office for any willful neglect of duty or misbehavior in office at any time by the County Commissioners of said county, who shall have power to appoint some competent person for the unexpired term of the clerk so removed; said clerk shall be paid for his services the sum of eight hundred dollars per annum, payable in monthly installments of $66.66, at the expiration of each and every month by the Treasurer of Garrett county from the funds of said county, and said clerk shall have full power to administer an oath or affirmation to any and all persons who is to be examined as a witness in any matter before the County Commissioners, and touching or relating to any account, bill or other matter, to be filed in the office of the said County Commissioners, and said salary of eight hundred dollars per annum shall be full compensation for all services required of said clerk, who shall keep the office of County Commissioners open from nine o'clock in the forenoon until four o'clock in the afternoon, and who shall attend therein for the transaction of business on every day of the week, except Sunday and legal holidays.

SEC. 2. And be it enacted, That this Act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

CHAPTER 176.

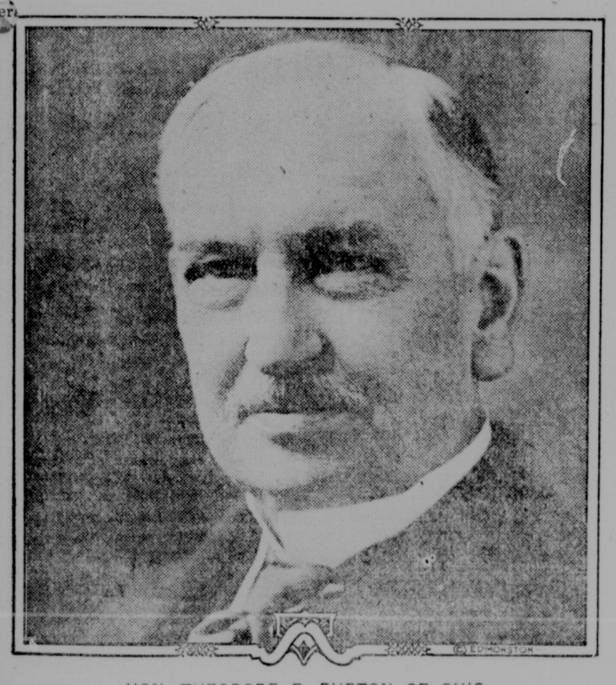
AN ACT to repeal and reenact with amendments Section 8 of Chapter 430 of the Acts of 1888, entitled "An Act to incorporate The Community of Mountain Lake Park.

SEC. 1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Section 8 of Chapter 430 of the Acts of 1888, entitled "An Act to incorporate The Community of Mountain Lake Park," be and the same is hereby repealed and re-enacted with amendments, so as to read as follows:

SEC. 8 And be it enacted, That the said assessment and taxation shall be due and payable on the first day of October, next ensuing the making and adopting of the same by the Annual Meeting, provided for in this Act, and that a fair copy of said assessment and valuation shall be posted for at least fifteen days before the date of said Annual Meeting at two or three of the most public places at Mountain Lake Park, in the discretion of the Annual Committee. And a copy of such assessment and valuation shall be retained and posted in the office of the Superintendent of Mountain Lake Park, and open for the inspection of any lot-owner or interested party, at any time that they may desire to see the same. And any lot-holder or other person interested in any such valuation, feeling himself aggrieved by such assessment, shall have the right to file objections with the Annual Committee, or with the Superintendent of the Mountain Lake Park Association, in whose custody the same shall be kept and filed for inspection, and such person may obtain such modification of said assessment as shall, to said Annual Committee, seem just and right; provided that any such objections shall not be filed after the first of October, in the year in which said levy shall be made, unless for special cause made known to such Committee, who shall have the discretion at any time to hear and determine said objections, if they deem it proper to do so. If no objections shall be filed as aforesaid, or if said objections shall be by said Annual Committee overruled, then such assessment or such modification thereof as the said Annual Committee shall make, shall become fixed for the current year, and the said annual assessment upon such valuation shall become a first lien, bearing interest, upon the lot and improvements thereon so assessed as aforesaid, until paid; but leave is expressly reserved to any and all persons who may feel aggrieved at the action of the said Annual Committee on such assessments, to apply to the Circuit Court for Garrett County in Equity by bill or petition, and to obtain such relief in such manner, as said Court may decide upon hearing all the facts in connection with the question so raised. The lien aforesaid for said taxes shall be enforced against any lot and improvements at any time after the first day of January, succeeding the date of such levy, but no such proceedings to enforce such lien, shall be taken unless authorized by an ordinance adopted at the previous Annual Meeting of said Community; and the Bailiff or Tax Collector or Treasurer of said Community or either of said officers, shall have all of the rights and powers for the collection and enforcement of said taxes, as are given the County Treasurer of Garrett County, under Chapter 566 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland, approved on the eighth day of April, 1890, and to the same extent as if the said Act was enacted in this amendment verbatim, unless the proceedings of such Treasurer or Collector shall be modified by ordinances, passed by the Annual Meeting, which body shall have the power at any time to modify or change the method of collection of said taxes.

Senator Burton the Man to Lead Republican Party to Victory

His Nomination For President Will Harmonize and Solidify All Factions—Great Record In House and Senate Part of Recent American History—Comes From Section Which Will Be Storm Center of Coming Contest.



HON. THEODORE E. BURTON OF OHIO.

FOR nearly two years the war in Europe has affected world history like a partial eclipse of the sun. It is as if the spot-light of the solar system were turned upon the area of battle-fields, while all the other nations stood like spectators at a moving-picture show, watching in darkness.

The attention of all peoples outside the realm of conflict being thus fascinated by the awful scene, their own affairs have seemed trivial, and have been neglected or forgotten in the hushed thrill that has held the heart of the world.

This phenomenon alone can account for the fact, obvious to every one in the United States, that the approaching presidential campaign has not developed an appreciable fraction of the interest and agitation which usually prevail for many months before the meeting of the great party conventions. Usually the political temperature in America begins to rise about a year before each recurring national campaign, reaches fever heat about the time of the conventions, and shows boiling blood before the election. In this year, 1916, the popular mood that ordinarily would have been manifest in January, is barely discernible in May. The whole political season is backward. But, for this very reason, we may well expect that from now on there will be a quick-step in the march of events, to make up for past lagging, and by the time the conventions are over, the American people will be ready for the full swing of our quadrennial contest. Even the European war will then drop back to second place; and this for two reasons, first, because the political campaign, by the sheer insistence of issues that can no longer be postponed, will crowd its way to the front; and, second, because, as the English writer H. G. Wells so aptly puts it, the conflict abroad has passed the stage of initial onset and reached the period of drag, when the result is to be determined rather by endurance than by impact, and by-standers are always more interested in a quick assault than in a prolonged tug.

Contest Unique In American History.

The conventions of the two great parties are now immediately before us. Every day and every hour quickens the interest, reveals new phases of the situation and presages a contest unique in American history. Already Congress is restless, and the leaders of both parties are considering an early adjournment, or, at least, a recess, until after the nominations are made at Chicago and St. Louis. But more unusual and significant than any other aspect of the situation is the fact that the mind of the whole country is intent upon one convention only. This is true for the first time within the experience of the present generation. While it has several times happened in recent years that the candidate of one party or the other was a foregone conclusion many months in advance of the nomination, there has been, at least, an interest in the platform or in some other incident of the convention. For example, the second nomination of Cleveland in 1888 was assured, while the probable Republican nominee was Gresham; yet both conventions attracted the liveliest concern, because it was not known how far the Democrats would follow their leader's declaration for a radical revision of the tariff. So in 1896, while the probable choice of the Democrats remained a mystery until the day of the convention (finally going to a man theretofore without national renown) the nomination of McKinley was well forecast by events. Yet the two conventions were easily of equal import, because this time the question was how far the Republicans would go in a courageous stand for sound money. Again in 1908, the choice of the Democrats was not known with certainty in advance, and while the Republican nominee was fairly well assured, the platform of that party promised as spirited a controversy as ever filled the galleries of a convention. Certainly both at Chicago and Baltimore the convention scenes of 1912 were sufficiently entertaining. But this year there is less interest in either the nomination or the platform at St. Louis than at any time within the memory of the oldest convention-goer; while, on the other hand, there is more interest (though, as yet, less demonstrative) in both the nomination and the platform at Chicago than at any time since Lincoln was first named in that city.

All Cut and Dried.

The cause of all this is quite easy to find. The renomination of Mr. Wilson will be a party necessity, even if it were not a party desire. The Democratic platform could be written now by any newspaper reader in the land. Its major note will be a strong approval of the whole course of the present administration, including the diplomacy which is said to have kept us out of war with Europe, and the wisdom which, it will be claimed, has characterized our dealings with Mexico. The minor notes will have to do with the government ownership of our merchant marine, the abandonment of the Philippines, and the beneficial effects of the Underwood tariff law. The silent measure will be used as to such matters as a second term, free tolls on the Panama Canal for American coastwise ships, and the high cost of living.

In sharp contrast with all this cut-and-dried program will be the Republican convention. No man can predict with certainty the nominee, and no man can write with safety the platform in advance. All that can be stated with reasonable assurance is that the grave crisis in international affairs and the universal demand for a re-establishment of the American doctrine of protection, will bring together both factions of the Republican party under one candidate and one declaration of principles. Who the candidate shall be, and how far in this direction, or that, the platform shall go, are secrets now hidden in the processes of gestation.

The Republican party has never faced a more solemn duty, or a more inspiring opportunity. That the country is ready to return it to power is written large in every political omen. Not only has the fact persisted through the last four years that the Republican voters, united, are in a clear majority, but every election held since the last Presidential campaign, in which national issues were involved, has shown an increase in that majority. All the party needs to do is to stand up square-toed to the occasion.

That there will be a good fight no shrewd observer doubts. That defeat is possible, even that there are ways to make it certain, every frank and disinterested party man will admit. That victory is assured if there is summoned to the cause the whole Republican sentiment of the country, all Republicans and all Democrats know.

Necessary Qualifications.

In such an emergency who is the best man to nominate? It is easier to describe his type than to find his name.

First: The Republican nominee must be a man experienced in public affairs. He must know world politics, and he must be skilled in domestic legislation. There is nothing so dangerous to the fortunes of a democracy, or indeed of any other government, as a theorist in power. No man whose habits of life have held him aloof from practical affairs can wisely lead or interpret popular opinion. It is the man who knows men, who has been trained and disciplined by years of service in the business of government, and particularly in the exacting school of national legislation, who makes the best candidate and the best president.

Second, He must be well known. This year of all years would be a bad time for experiments. The character and the career of the Republican nominee must be an open book. But even this is not sufficient. However well known he may be it is more important still that his views should be well known. On all the great problems that now confront us the people will want to know where he stands and what he stands for.

Third, He must be firm and safe. No one can tell what the next four years will bring forth. The whole world is in flames, and the sparks are flying in our direction. Today is more critical than yesterday, and tomorrow may require a steadier hand than today. There was never a time when clear thinking and fixed purpose were so essential to American honor and security. If the threat of war increases, Republicans must present a candidate who prefers peace and who will not impulsively embroil us, but who will never flinch or falter in the face of danger. If war comes, he must be one to whom the people can entrust the military power of the government with the fullest assurance that it will be used only to defend the sovereignty of the United States.

Need Big Man After War.

Fourth: He must understand American business and finance. When the war in Europe ends there will be greater need than ever before in our history for a skillful, experienced and sympathetic handling of the financial and industrial interests of the country. The sudden exigency will require rare foresight to prevent disaster and prompt adjustments to meet new conditions with advantage to American commerce. The United States will be the richest of all nations and the greatest of all creditors; while the rest of the civilized world will be ready to make any sacrifice to regain lost markets. Such a situation will call at once for practical, hard-headed knowledge of finance, and common sense appreciation of the interests and opportunities of American capital and labor.

Fifth: He must be a broad-gauged Republican. The nominee at Chicago, next month, must be satisfactory to all substantial elements of the party. His record must be such that both conservatives and progressives can trust and support him. On three occasions only has the Republican party been defeated since the Civil War, and each time the defeat was caused by a nomination forcibly imposed upon a large and protesting minority. The fact is that there has never been a time from the day the first Republican was elected President in 1860 down to the present hour when the principles of the Republican party were not held by a clear majority of the people. In 1884 when Blaine, the idol of the party, went down in defeat; in 1892 when Harrison failed of re-election and in 1912 when the party was split over the re-nomination of Taft, the real cause of the result was not an abandonment of Republican principles, but dissatisfaction with the Republican candidate. The lesson is well learned. It will not have to be repeated. Far-sighted Republicans everywhere appreciate this fact. They will come to the convention resolved to choose that candidate who possesses, first, the highest qualifications for the office, and, next, the greatest availability—that is, the power to command the full strength of the party and to attract the support of that great body of independent citizens of all parties who desire a change in the national administration.

These are the five essentials. Who is the man who best meets every test? Thoughtful Republican leaders in all parts of the country, as well as the rank and file whose composite judgment is fast taking form, have been giving this question the most sober and earnest consideration.

One thing is assured. The Chicago convention will be a deliberative body. There is a serious resolve, manifested in all elements of the party, to take counsel together and nominate the best and strongest man—not only the one who will poll the largest vote and satisfy the expectations of the greatest number, but who will harmonize, solidify and strengthen the party. Already a process of elimination, having regard for no individual preferences, influenced by no pride of section or partiality of leadership, has been quietly going on throughout the country.

Senator Burton Man of Hour.

Out of this process there is gradually emerging the name of one man around whom the whole party could rally, who would satisfy every element, meet every requirement, and carry the Republican standard to victory.

That man is Theodore E. Burton of Ohio.

Senator Burton is experienced in public affairs. He is known from one end of the land to the other and his position on every public question is as well known as his name, for his great record in the House and Senate are a part of recent American history. He is firm in character and safe in judgment. He understands American business and finance, for his work in national legislation has made him easily the leading authority on these questions. He is a broad-gauged Republican whom every member of the party from every section of the country could support with enthusiasm and without reserve.

More than this, Senator Burton comes from the very heart of that section which will be the storm center of the coming contest. The states of the middle west have always been essential to Republican success, and the issues in the present campaign make this fact more important than ever before.

Senator Burton has no superior on the stump. He would make a campaign that would arouse the finest spirit of the party. He is fearless, vigorous and a master of political debate. Ever since he entered the House of Representatives to fight side by side with William McKinley, twenty-five years ago, for the chief tenet of Republican faith, he has been, in Congress and out, a conspicuous leader of the party in all the practical problems of government, and his record upon tariff legislation, international affairs, the improvement of rivers and harbors, the support of the army and navy, the strengthening of the banking and currency systems, and the insistence upon honesty and economy in the public service, is a platform in itself.

Senator Burton is a staunch party man—an earnest believer in political organization and responsibility, and he would not only unite all Republicans in the present campaign but he would keep them united during his term of office, and he would leave the party stronger in power and more effective in the performance of its great duties than ever before.

In surveying the whole field on the eve of the most momentous Republican convention since 1896, if not since the birth of the party, the conviction is growing throughout the country that the wisest choice that could be made at Chicago is Theodore Burton of Ohio.—The Lawyer and Banker, New Orleans.

HUMAN SIDE OF SENATOR BURTON

Many Anecdotes Related of the Ohio Statesman.

One result of Senator Theodore E. Burton's being mentioned so prominently in the papers is that several times each week he receives letters from college and high school students in different parts of the country asking him to help them in preparation for debates. He always makes it a rule when his engagements will permit to help students by suggesting arguments and giving them the results of his public service. However, a few days ago he received a letter from a student in a normal school in one of the northern states suggesting a most interesting arrangement. The young lady wrote him that she was about to enter a prize contest and she had chosen for her subject a question on which he was regarded as a particular authority. She proposed that if he would write her essay and it was awarded the prize she would divide it with him fifty-fifty. He sent her his regrets that he was unable to accept her proposition.

Senator Burton is a prodigious worker, and the light in his study can always be seen burning far into the small hours of the night. He says that he is able to pursue his studies to these late hours by always retiring for an hour late in the afternoon.

One afternoon President Taft wanted to consult with Senator Burton on the telephone and was connected with the Rochambeau exchange. The Rochambeau operator informed the president of the United States that Senator Burton was asleep and she could not disturb him.

Mr. Taft replied, "But this is President Taft, who wants to speak to Senator Burton."

She answered: "I can't help it. I couldn't call him even if it were the king of England."

President Taft told this story on Mr Burton at the next White House dinner that Mr. Burton attended.

Senator Burton is a practical anti-race suicidist. Inexplicable to his friends as it is that he has never married he is the personification of devotion and tenderness to children.

When he was in the senate he had an appointment to a position at his disposal. There was a score of applicants. Out of the number he selected for appointment a man with a family of seven children.

"The man needs it," said the senator. "He is doing more for his country and the next generation than any of us."

Senator Burton, who cannot bring himself to stick to the principle of organized charity as against open handed, indiscriminate giving, but who has a firm determination not to be imposed upon, recently had this experience. He was accosted by a man who declared he was hungry and needed a quarter. Senator Burton replied: "My friend, I don't want to see any man go hungry. Just come with me to a restaurant and I will buy you something to eat."

"Aw, I want a quarter; I don't want none of your charity," the man replied.

Consulted by Roosevelt.

When Theodore Roosevelt was president he often consulted Theodore E. Burton, particularly on matters of conservation. Roosevelt appointed Burton chairman of the inland waterways commission, and the senator was afterward chairman of the national waterways commission both having for their object the conservation of the waters of the country to be used for irrigation and navigation. Roosevelt and Burton did not always agree, but the president had a profound respect for Burton's opinion and advice.

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Ownership of the Briscoe fosters pride. While low-priced, it is first-class in construction, stylish in appearance, and makes you feel at home in the most select company.

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It's the best designed car in its class — most carefully made, too. Looks hundreds of dollars more than it costs. It has a 114-inch wheelbase—roomy 5-passenger body—Q. D. rims and 32-inch Ajax tires—38 h. p. motor with three-bearing crankshaft—cantilever springs and everything in the way of electrical equipment.

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WE never claimed that a Mogul 8-16 kerosene tractor would take the place of horses entirely, but we do claim that a Mogul 8-16 and a few brood mares will make more money for a farmer than he makes when he uses horses for all his work.

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Oakland, Md.

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THURSDAY, JUNE 1, 1916

POLITICS AND SCHOOLS

The educational system of the State has evidenced a decided forward step by fulfilling the requirements of the letter and spirit of the new State school law in throwing bodily out of the window politics as the dominant factor in the county and State system. The recent legislation crystalizes the sentiment of all intelligent men that the great sums of money that are spent for the continuation and improvement of the school system for the welfare of the boys and girls rather than for the benefit of any individual or any political party. This spirit in carrying out the law was exemplified to its greatest extont on Monday of this week when the local board of education reelected for a term of years the present incumbent of the school board office in the person of Mr. Franklin E. Rathbun, who has for the past four years devoted his entire time and energies to the building up and grounding upon a firmer foundation the public school system of Garrett county, with the result that these hundreds of schools are turning out yearly young men and women better equipped to face the great problems of life than at any other previous time in the history of the county or State. It is just as logical to appoint all teachers, janitors and trustees upon political affiliations as it is to appoint a superintendent upon political affiliations; for if this official were determined upon a political basis rather than upon merit the whole school system would become inoculated with politics which would be sustained for the welfare and success of a particular political party rather than for the true purpose for which the schools were instituted and are sustained—the improvement of mind and morals of young manhood and young womanhood. Parallel cases of election of superintendents upon the basis of merit rather than upon political grounds are evidenced by the election of these officials in Allegany, Washington, Montgomery, Anne Arundel and Dorchester counties.

The Republican heartily congratulates the Board of County School Commissioners for its stalwart stand in carrying out the fundamental principles of the new State school law, and for its stand in maintaining the high level of efficiency upon which it has been working during the past few years. The Republican also congratulates County Superintendent Rathbun and the school children as well as the citizens of Garrett county, feeling that with the present officials at the head of the school system it will not suffer.

IT IS disquieting to her that the President, like the man in the story, has "insomnia so bad he can't sleep nights."

EVERY time an aeroplane comes around Bagdad Ananias who sprung the magic carpet story say, "I told you so!"

SPEAKING of easy money, we are reminded that the $50,000 reward for Villa's capture still awaits a claimant.

"MEN of the hour" seem to be numerous these days, but in a previous critical time the heroes were minute men.

A NEW YORK jury has put a value of six cents on the alienated affections of a husband. Probably that is twice as much as they are worth.

NORTHWESTERN University co-eds are to save their dimes this summer to erect a new building. The estimated cost is a million chocolate sundaes.

THOSE energetic women meeting in New York report they have accomplished all sorts of reforms, but pacifists will note that they did it by using clubs.

A GRAND opera by an American playwright and composer is to be produced in New York, for a wonder, but it is not going to be sung exclusively by Americans.

THE Republican national convention at Chicago will meet in the Coliseum, and some favorite sons can't help remembering that the Coliseum of old was the place where martyrs were made.

Subscribe for The Republican.

OAKLAND HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES

Photo by Stewart.

Back row, left to right—Margaret Slabaugh, Edward Lewis, Carrie Thrasher, Clara Bush, Mabel Falkenstein, Donald Maffett, Julia Rowan.

Front row, left to right—Mildred Thrasher, Louise Harned, Mary Sincell, Norine Ault.

OAKLAND HIGH SCHOOL 5TH ANNUAL COMMENCEMENT

Exercises Were Held In The Maryland Theatre Last Thursday Evening.

The fifth annual commencement exercises of the Oakland High School were held in the Maryland Theatre in Oakland last Thursday evening at which more than the ordinary crowd of friends of education were present, the house being literally packed with an appreciative and highly interested audience of ladies and gentlemen.

The program of the evening, which was published in these columns last week, was carried out in every particular, the first number being a musical selection by the Oakland Orchestra, followed by the invocation offered by the Rev. Dr. John H. Howard, pastor of St. Pauls M. E. church. Miss Orpah Ashby sang very beautifully a solo entitled "Haymakers," her accompanist being Mr. Dwight Townshend. Miss Mildred Thrasher delivered the salutatory, which was well timed and received with much applause by the audience, while her sister, Miss Carrie Thrasher, was the valedictorian of the class, the subject treated being "Books as Companions," which was also a highly commendable effort on the part of the young graduate. Miss Bess Hinebaugh, who possesses a sweet, well modulated voice, then sang a solo entitled "Youth."

Dr. M. Bates Stephens, Superintendent of Public Instruction of Maryland, was the speaker of the evening and for upwards of an hour entertained the large audience with an address overflowing with good advice directed to the graduates, which, if followed by them, will bring each individual member of the class merited honor and no regrets at the end of their race through life.

After another well rendered selection by the orchestra Dr. Stephens presented the diplomas to the graduates and Superintendent Rathbun presented certificates of merit to the following, the recipients having earned them for being proficient along the following lines:

A Certificate of Merit is awarded to the student who has the highest general average in his class, and to each one who has been neither tardy nor absent during the school term.

Highest Average—First Year, Nellie Schmidt, 95 per cent; 2nd Year, Eva Falkenstein, 93; 3rd Year, Winifred Weimer, 93; 4th Year, Carrie Thrasher, 95.

Neither tardy nor absent—1st Year, Fanny Newman; 2nd Year, Mary Naylor 4th Year, Louise Harned, Mabel Falkenstein.

Honorable Mention—The following students have a general average of not less than 90 per cent: 1st Year, Ralph Robinson; 2nd Year, Icie Schock, Winona Jones, Herschel Harvey, Mary Naylor, Lorena Falkenstein; 3rd Year, Pauline Jones, Carrie Mann, Felix Robinson; 4th Year, Mildred Thrasher, Edward Lewis, Clara Bush.

A Certificate of Proficiency in Typewriting is awarded to each student writing forty words per minute for ten minutes on the Underwood Typewriter, according to International Contest Rules: Julius Littman, 47; Gerald Tanner, 43; Donald Maffett, 42.

Other musical numbers during the evening were duets by Messrs. Julius Littman and Ross Isenberg.

After the presentation of the awards of merit, Rev. O. A. Bremer, pastor of St. Mark's Lutheran church, pronounced the benediction and the audience was dismissed.

The graduates were: Academic—Martha Norine Ault, Clara Ruth Bush, Mabel Leighton Falkenstein, Annie Louise Harned, Mary Frances Sincell, Margaret Catherine Slabaugh, Carrie Elizabeth Thrasher, Mildred Gladys Thrasher.

Commercial—Edward C. Lewis, Donald U. Maffett, Julia Agnes Rowan.

SUMMER SCHOOL OPENS

An Enrollment of More Than Sixty Made First Day of Session.

The Garrett county summer school for teachers opened in Oakland Monday with a corps of teachers well equipped for the work which they have undertaken. Prof. Herrman A. Ziel, of Kitzmiller, is principal of the school.

Monday the number registering for the term of five weeks exceeded sixty, their names being as follows:

Mary O'Donnell, Agatha Martini, B. H. Nine, Katherine O'Donnell, Mary Eggers, Verna Orendorf, Elizabeth Smith, S. Naomi Lohr, Margaret Slabaugh, Eva Dodge, Beryle Brenneman, Marie Ryland, Alvira McKeen, Jessie Friend, Bertha Miller, Dora V. Steiding, Manilla Burk, Stella Sturm, Alma Miller, Helen Tasker, Lena Ravenscroft, Alma Clary, Amelia Bowers, Viola Enlow, Nora Stoyer, Myrtle Wilson, Edith Schoch, Mary Holtschneider, Stella Paugh, Ernest L. Moon, Nina O'Brien, Lillieth B. Wiley, Leota Edna Shartzer, Shrilla Marie Ault, Lulu Hartmann, Lillie Viola Cutter, Fanny Cutter, Carrie Elizabeth Thrasher, Mildred Gladys Thrasher, Jane Mildred Long, Leslie Savage, Archie C. Friend, Oliver F. Kelley, Caroline Walker, Rosa M. Glotfelty, Ida M. Engle, Daniel Sisler, Letty Selby, Vespie Fike, Bessie E. Griffeth, Ada B. Friend, Clara Ruth Bush, Ida Liston, Wm. Fox, Florence Warnick, Delphine America Savage, Dale M. Mosser, Wm. McGettigan, Lovoda E. Wilt, Foster Friend.

MOUNTAIN LAKE PARK.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Power Allen, of Cumberland, were week-end visitors.

The Maxwell summer home is being made ready for occupancy. Part of the family are guests of the Mountain Lake Hotel.

Mrs. Sarah Gilbert, who spent the winter in Parkersburg, W. Va., is getting her cottage ready for the summer.

Squire Edward Browning has rented the room occupied formerly by Thomas Gonder, and will conduct an ice cream parlor and soda fountain. In one of the rooms of the building he will have his office as Justice of the Peace.

It seems like old times to have the passenger trains stopping at the Park station and the electric lights burning so brightly all over the Park.

Rumor says that Rev. Hudson, former pastor of the Loch Lynn Baptist church, will conduct a week's meeting in the Baptist church beginning June 11th next. Mr. Hudson's many friends will be glad once more to sit under his ministry.

Next Sunday morning Rev. Paul Flanigan, pastor, will preach the opening sermon of the season in the Methodist church. At 7:30 p. m. the Bible class will have a rally in the interest of the class. A splendid program has been prepared for the evening. Short addresses, good music, and an enjoyable and profitable evening may be expected.

Next Sabbath night, in the United Brethren church, Pastor Barnhouse will preach. He will speak about the season upon which this vicinity is entering. Everybody invited to attend.

The Annual Committee met at the Association office last Tuesday evening A full board was present. The street supervisor was ordered to put the streets in good condition for the summer.

Mrs. L. B. C. List is busy putting the Loch Lynn Hotel in first class order. She expects a splendid season.

The annual announcement will be mailed during the next week. The meetings of the Park are being extensively advertised.

The Pentecostal encampement begins Friday, the 9th. Preparations are being made for a large number of people.

Frank T. Power, Assistant Secretary of the Fidelity Title and Trust Company, of Pittsburgh, Pa., wife and son and two other parties spent part of the week-end at Allenhurst. They were motoring to Winchester, Va. They were charmed with the State road from Keyser Ridge to Oakland and the view of the Cove.

Hotel Chautauqua is open for guests. The hotel has been put in good condition for the comfort of its guests.

Mrs. Schrock entertained a number of week-end visitors. Among them an automobile party from Pennsylvania.

Mrs. Cline, of New York City, has very much improved her summer cottage and grounds upon which the cottage stands.

Dr. Reed, en route home from the General Conference, stopped off at the Park Tuesday and looked over the situation and expressed himself as very much pleased with the condition of things.

Mr. Dunnington of the Mountain Lake Hotel, is having a garage, 20x60 feet built on the hotel grounds to accomodate automobile parties. He has already entertained several parties.

FAIR SWEEP

The farmers of this section have rounded up their spring planting and now are waiting for the good old harvest time.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Durst and two children spent last Friday visiting friends in Oakland.

Quite a few of our young folks attended the commencement at Oakland last Thursday evening.

Mrs. Tucker is spending a few days with her daughter, Mrs. Dice Spiker.

Mrs. W. R. Beckman was visiting Mrs. Bruce Durst Sunday.

Mr. F. E. Sollars spent Saturday and Sunday with friends in Keyser, W. Va.

Miss Bertha Nicholson is spending a few days with the Misses Porter.

Mrs. Lucy Lyon and Miss Bertie Turney, of Oakland, spent Sunday at Dice Spiker's.

Miss Molly Porter was calling on Mrs. George Porter Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Bowser and little son were visiting Jacob Echard Sunday.

Mrs. R. G. White spent Saturday with her mother, Mrs. Lawton, who is very ill at this writing.

Lost—A Tin Lizzie between Oakland and Dice Spiker's on last Thursday night. Finder will please return to Chester Hardesty and recieve reward.

SLEEPY EYE.

JENNINGS

The oats in general among the farmers of this vicinity is sown. It is somewhat later than usual, but if the season is favorable, the crop may be about normal. Some of the farmers have their corn planted, but not all of them.

Edward Pritts whose case was reported as hopeless is improving very rapidly. The membrane or coating, over the brain was not broken or torn, consequently he will be as sane as before the accident.

William Bowser, who was working at the trimmer in Jennings Bros.' lumber mill, loading trucks, had his hand caught in some moving part of the trimmer and mashed the ends off two of his fingers. He was taken to Dr. Bowen's office as soon as Mr. Potter could run his automobile from Jennings to Grantsville. Dr. Bowen dressed his wound very nicely. Billy is getting along as well as could be expected. It will possibly be necessary to amputate tw fingers later.

George Hoover recently delivered to O. S. Fike a nice new Ford car in fine running order.

Paul Jennings has arrived among us again. He has a very nice smile on his face continually! When asked what makes him so happy, he informed us he is the father of a fine boy. We congratulate Paul on his extremely good fortune.

Jack Gallagher, our saw-filer purchased a Saxon Six to haul his family in this summer.

BITTINGER.

This week began with a delightful rain on Sunday afternoon.

Colombus Oester purchased a new Ford touring car last week of James P. Treacy of Oakland, and now the young ladies are looking forward to many pleasant spins along the shady country roads.

Jonas Orendorf and sister, Mrs. Sarah Schrock, of the Eastern Shore, are visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Elias Orendorf, this week.

Mr. and Mrs. David Miller, of Deer Park, were visiting here on Sunday.

Clyde Broadwater left for New Windsor, Md., last Saturday, where he will attend the commencement exercises at Blue Ridge College, where he was a student recently.

Many of our young folks attended the lawn fete at Meadow Mountain last Saturday night.

John Hetrick accompanied by his brother Melchor and wife, motored to Crellin last Sunday.

Charles J. Sechler and family spent Sunday over at St. Paul, Pa.

GORTNER

Miss Mabel Wamsley is spending some time with her sister, Mrs. Dayton Teets, at Brookside, W. Va.

Mr. and Mrs. Hervey Smouse and little daughter spent Sunday with Mrs. Smouse's parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Rush near Accident.

P. P. Gortner and sons, P. F. and George Brenninger, of Sunnyside, motored to Cumberland Friday where they spent the day.

Mrs. C. F. Sanders returned home Monday from a visit with her daughter, Mrs. E. H. Parks, at Newburg, W. Va.

David and Charles Slabaugh were engaged in painting and hanging paper at Mr. Smouse's the past week.

Roy and Ross Lichty recently purchased an automobile from Evans.

Mrs. J. J. Schlossnagle and family accompanied by Owen Martin, wife and son, attended the funeral of Mr. Henry Schlossnagle at Accident Wednesday.

Will Welch, Mark Gower, Charlie Sanders, Mike Kildow and Delph Metheney motored to Frostburg Saturday night, returning home Sunday. As a result either of the entertainment while in Frostburg, or the long drive, part of the crowd were unable to work on Monday.

Ernest and Harvey Gortner, Mrs. Anna Bittinger and little son, Mrs. J. J. Schlossnagle and family, Mr. and Mrs. Artie Dodge, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Baker and Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Baker were among those from Gortner that attended the unveiling of Mr. Shaffer's monument at Carmel, W. Va., Sunday. The monument of U. G. Sanders, in the cemetery at Gortner, will be unveiled in the hear future.

Mr. and Mrs. Joel Slabaugh were Sunday visitors at Mrs. F. S. Irvin's.

Mr. and Mrs. Spoerline, of McHenry, spent several days recently with their son, W. E Spoerline.

Mrs. Catharine Slabaugh spent Sunday with J. L. Shetler.

Rev. Barnhouse will preach in the Union church Saturday evening, June 3rd. Sabbath school also at 9:30 every Sunday morning.

OAKLAND CASH BUYERS CO.,—Pay cash for spring Pigs, Calves, Lambs, Chickens, Turkeys, Eggs, etc. L. W. HOPKINS, W. L. CASTEEL, J. W. DAVIS.
Adv. 10-tf

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF
The Second National Bank
OF CUMBERLAND
In the State of Maryland, at the close of business May 1st, 1916.

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans and Discounts	$2,214,714 30	Capital Stock	$200,000 00
United States Bonds	240,000 00	Surplus, Undivided Profits	375,839 39
Other Bonds, Securities Etc	378,715 00	Circulation	200,000 00
Banking House and other Real Estate	47,022 76	Deposits	2,757,419 03
Due From Federal Reserve Agents and other Banks	428,325 76		
Cash	214,480 60		
Redemption Fund	10,000 00		
	$3,533,258 42		$3,533,258 42

DIRECTORS:
D. ANNAN L. M. SHEPHERD ROBERT R. HENDERSON
JAMES CLARK W. BLADEN LOWNDES O. C. GEPHART
TASKER G. LOWNDES JOHN KEATING
JOHN SCHWARZENBACH
D. ANNAN, President
W. BLADEN LOWNDES, TASKER G. LOWNDES
Vice Presidents
D. F. KUYKENDALL, Cashier
THREE PER CENT INTEREST PAID ON SAVINGS DEPOSITS

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Overland!
$695.00.
Car at Oakland Garage
Oakland Garage
AGENT

FOUNDED 1888

THE GARRETT NATIONAL BANK

FOUNDED 1888

OF OAKLAND, MARYLAND

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, - - $115,000.00

THE highly developed facilities of this Bank resulting from 28 years of careful and conservative management together with prompt, efficient and courteous service, are offered as the basis for a satisfactory business connection.

OFFICERS

G. S. HAMILL, President. D. E. OFFUTT, Jr., Vice President.
G. A. FRALEY, Cashier. H. L. JONES, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS

GILMOR S. HAMILL, JOHN T. MITCHELL, DANIEL E. OFFUTT, Jr.
JOSEPH E. HARNED. GEORGE A. FRALEY, HARLAND L. JONES CHAS. S. DAVIS

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Studebaker BUGGIES

Don't Sacrifice Quality for Price

Compare the Studebaker with other buggies.

It has strong, carefully built wheels with the rims screwed on each side of spokes
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These, combined with carefully selected material—sturdy gear and body construction—double ironed and trussed shafts, and other good features—make it a buggy worthy of your confidence.

If you want not only durability and style but the greatest measure of satisfaction—let us show you the Studebaker.

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OAKLAND, MD.

We especially invite the ladies to see our frmous set straight Standard Sewing Machine, with all its latest equipments and would be glad to demonstrate to your satisfaction. Prices right—cash or monthly payments.

We also have in stock a full line of refrigerators and water coolers.

Respectfully,
C. N. McINTIRE.

D. E. BOLDEN

Furniture Dealer and Funeral Director

HAVING moved my furniture business to the Manhattan Hotel store room, I am prepared to serve the public to the best of my ability, having now in stock the finest line of Furniture ever brought to the city and which I offer as cheap as it can be bought in the wholesale markets.

All I ask is a chance to name you prices.

My stock is complete in every detail, and which consists of Furnitnre, Carpets, Mattings, Window Shades, Bedding of all kinds, large and small Rugs—in fact everything with which to furnish a house from cellar to attic.

I am also prepared to give estimates on Buildings and repair work—from a pig pen to a palace.

Call and see me; I will treat you fair and square.

Thanking the public for past favors and soliciting a continuance of the same, I remain,

Yours respectfully,
D. E. BOLDEN

Mr. P. J. Rowan, of Keyser W. Va., spent last Thursday at his home in this city.

Miss Annie Wheeler, of Cumberland, is spending this week in Oakland visiting relatives.

Miss Mammie Ross, of Wheeling, W. Va., spent part of last week in Oakland the guest of relatives.

Miss Margaret Tracy returned to Oakland last Thursday, after spending several weeks at Pittsburgh, Pa.

Mr. W. H. Spedden, of Fairmont, West Va., was in Oakland last Saturday for a few hours on business.

Messrs. W. R. Browning and J. M. Stanton, of Oakland, spent Tuesday at Fairmont, West Va., on business.

Mrs. John Faherty spent Friday and Saturday of last week in Piedmont, W. Va., where she was the guest of relatives.

Mrs. Scott Bosley, of Keyser, W. Va., accompanied by her little son, are here on a visit to Mrs. J. O. Cleveland and other relatives.

WANTED—One teamster and two men for general farm work, including operating horse cultivators. None but competent men need apply. The H. Weber & Sons Co. Advertisement.

Miss Mabel Falkenstein spent Saturday and Sunday at Buckhannon, West Va., where she visited relatives, returning home Monday morning.

Mr. Gilmor S. Hamill and Mr. G. A. Fraley, president and cashier, respectively, of the Garrett National Bank, were in Kingwood, West Va., Tuesday on business.

The difference between a prodigal son and a favorite son, according to the Boston Transcript, is that they never killed any fatted calves for the latter. He generally needs them to walk back with.

Mr. H. S. Hyde, of New York City, arrived in Oakland Monday and went from here to Accident to visit Mrs. Hyde, who is the guest of her parents, Dr. and Mrs. R. A. Ravenscroft, for the summer.

Mr. Jonas B. Miller, of Grantsville, spent a few hours in Oakland one day last week, having accompanied his daughter, Miss Alma Miller, to this city where she has enrolled as a student in the summer school.

Mrs. Archibald Moore went to Charleston, West Va., last Friday to visit relatives and friends and will later visit relatives at Huntington, West Va., expecting to return to her home in Oakland the latter part of next week.

Mr. Joseph P. Curry, International Secretary for Pennsylvania of the Gidennites, will speak in the Oakland Presbyterian church on Sabbath morning, giving some account of the work of his society. All are invited to hear him.

Dr. and Mrs. J. H. Howard left Oakland last night for Baltimore where they will attend the commencement exercises of the College of Physicians and Surgeons from which institution their youngest son, Mr. Richard Howard, graduates this week.

Mr. A. D. Naylor is preparing to have his brick residence, located on Fourth street, remodeled inside and an addition of considerable proportions added. While the work is being done Mr. Naylor and family will occupy another property near-by.

A. D. Naylor & Co. have just unloaded two big cars of Buggies.

Advertisement.

Naylor, the Oakland vehicle merchant, says: "The buggy season is here." No doubt about it.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Graves, of Rowlesburg, W. Va., spent Tuesday in Oakland at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Little.

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Sollars and daughter Miss Margaret, who visited friends in Keyser, W. Va., have returned to their home near town.

The funeral of Mrs. John W. Friend, announced to be preached next Sunday at the Glendale church, has been postponed to a later date.

Miss Elizabeth Walter and sister, Genevieve, returned to their home in Oakland yesterday after having spent the past two weeks in Deer Park with relatives.

Mr. Daniel Annan, president of the Second National Bank, Cumberland, accompanied by Mr. Charles Metz, also of Cumberland, motored to Oakland Tuesday afternoon and spent several hours here on business.

Mr. Lloyd Durst, of Wheeling, W. Va., spent several days of the past week with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. David Durst in East Oakland. He was accompanied back to Wheeling Tuesday afternoon by his wife and little daughter who had been on a visit to relatives here.

The buggy season is here. Make an early selection at A. D. Naylor & Co's.

Advertisement it.

Mr. George W. Legge, Sr., accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. George W. Legge, Jr., motored to Cumberland yesterday morning, returning to their home in Oakland last night, accompanied by Miss Mabel Smith, of Reynoldsville, Pa., sister of Mrs. Legge, who will be the guest of the latter for an indefinite time. Miss Smith made the trip from her home to Cumberland by rail.

FOR SALE—Cheap, a white wicker baby carriage; good as new. Apply to Harry Naylor, Oakland.

Mr. Charles Speicher, son of the late Jonas Speicher, of Accident, went from Oakland to New Windsor last Friday to receive his diploma as a graduate of Blue Ridge College, he having been called home owing to the death of his father while the final examinations were in progress. Mr. Speicher was accompanied to New Windsor by two of Senator Speicher's sons.

Mr. William R. Sollars, son of Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Sollars of near Oakland, is one of the honor men of the graduating class of the University of Tennessee, who will receive his degree at the commencement exercises to be held on Thursday evening next at Memphis, Tenn., Mr. Sollars being a graduate in the dental department of the institution. He expects to locate in some neighboring town of West Virginia and has the best wishes of a large circle of friends in Oakland for his success.

Mr. Wm. G. Lavelle, of Tunnelton, West Va., was in Oakland last Saturday as the guest of County Superintendent F. E. Rathbun, when he made this office a brief visit. Mr. Lavelle had been at Friendsville the night before where he addressed the graduates of the high school at that place.

Dr. J. C. Ely has been invited and has accepted an invitation to deliver the baccalaureate address and present the diplomas to the graduating class of the West Virginia Institution for the Blind and Deaf at Romney, West Va., on June 8th. Mr. Parley DeBerry, of Terra Alta, is the superintendent of the institution.

Mr. J. M. Falkenstein has purchased the brick residence recently erected by Mr. Harry Helbig on the property lying adjacent to the State road, along with three acres of land and will occupy it with his family in a short time. The house is modern in every respect and is most delightfully situated.

The summer home purchased by Mr. Charles H. Linville, located on Oak street, is being prepared for occupancy by the owner, who will arrive here shortly with his family. The property has been greatly improved since its purchase by Mr. Linville and presents quite a changed appearance.

The Oakland ice plant, being operated in connection with the Garrett county creamery, begun operations one day the latter part of last week and henceforth Oakland people will be supplied with excellent manufactured ice. The plant is being operated by Mr. Oliver Lewis and the output is delivered to customers by Mr. Harry West.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Miss M. Breyfogle, Mr. H. C. Collison, Miss Stewart, Miss Hanna and Miss Arnold, members of the high school faculty, have left Oakland for their respective homes in other sections of Marvland and Pennsylvania, with the exception of Mr. Collison, who has accepted a position with the DuPont powder works located near Altoona, Pa.

Dr. and Mrs. G. C. Keller, of Grantsville, Md., who have been visiting relatives in Wilmington, Del., arrived here last evening on a visit of several days to friends, and are registered at Hotel Evans. Dr. Keller was several years ago a member of the Keller Drug Company, of this city, and he and his wife have many friends in Winchester. —Winchester Star.

Come early and get your choice of two car loads of bran new buggies and carriages at A. D. Naylor & Co's.

Advertisement

Quite a number of Oaklanders spent the evening of Decoration Day at Addison, Pa., going there by cars and taking supper at the Rush hotel there. Among those who spent the evening there were Mr. and Mrs. Joseph E. Harned, Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Mealey, Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Rathbun, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Naylor, Mr. and Mrs. C. Edward Bender, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Kendall, Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Rasche, Miss Mary Porter, Miss Anna Lowenstein, Miss Flo White, Mr. Arthur White, Mr. Philip Peddicord and Mr. M. S. White.

Strickland Farm Sold.

Jacob Strickland has sold his farm on Savage Mountain to James Whitman, of Koontz Valley, the consideration being $2100 for four hundred acres of land. The price is considered "dirt cheap" as all farming implements, stock, timber and buildings were included in the sale. Mr. Strickland will move to Pennsylvania.

For Sale.

Crooks Crest, comprising about twenty acres, improved by handsome house. Apply to the owner or any real estate agent. Mrs. E. Fundenberg, Oakland, Md. Adv. 12-tf

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

A Request From Roads Engineer L. T. Downey.

To the Editor of The Republican.

Dear Sir:—Will you please publish the following letter as a notice to the auto drivers of your county and city. Portions will apply to teams also.

The State Roads Commission is repairing the road from Oakland towards McHenry, and I would request that the people driving same would comply with the law as regards to driving with caution in dangerous places. The law says 12 miles per hour in such places. It will safeguard the traveling public as well as the men who are working on the road and likewise aid in the rapid repairs to road. Autos traveling over freshly patched road tear stone loose when machines go fast, and drivers when going rapidly can not see the men who may be behind the roller or some other place not in their view, and if men step out suddenly they are liable to be hit by machine, and I am sure all persons driving road would dislike very much to have such an accident, and then be up for manslaughter. All we ask is that the auto drivers use due precaution, and not speed along where repairs are in progress. I would further ask them to avoid driving on the new patches as much as possible. This can be done by driving astride of the new patches.

Violators of the speed law as outlined above are liable to find themselves before a magistrate, so in order to avoid same drive with caution and slow speed.

Thanking you in advance for printing this in your valuable columns, I remain,

Yours truly,
L. T. DOWNEY,
Resident Engineer S. R. C.
Cumberland, May 31, 1916.

Pause Once a Year.

To the Editor of The Republican.

Last Sunday in the Methodist church at Mt. Lake Park, members of the bible class escorted a few old soldiers of the civil war to the rostum, and there Dr. Wright presented each one with a silk flag as a memorial and appreciation of their services.

When I looked into their faces it occurred to my mind that it is beyond our conception to realize the hardship they had while in service and the aches they now endure.

When men die in battle in defense of their homes or for principals which they wish to leave as a heritage to their children, the next generation would be ungrateful indeed if they could not pause at least once a year to remember the devotion of the heroic dead and decorate their graves, and endeavor to cheer and brighten the lives of the living soldiers.

E. W. K.

Mt. Lake Park, May 20, 1916.

UNDERWOOD

Quite a few from this place attended the unveiling of J. W. Shaffer's monument at Carmel, W. Va., Sunday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Glotfelty and family spent Sunday at C. F. Glotfelty's.

Miss Ruth Nicholson spent Saturday night with Miss Doris DeWitt.

Mr. and Mrs. John Brenneman were calling on Mr. and Mrs. Bruce Durst Sunday afternoon.

Misses Martha Glotfelty and Pearl Turney are visiting relatives in Washington, D. C.

Quite a few of our young folks attended the surprise birthday party at D. T. Thayer's Saturday evening.

Miss Bertha Nicholson returned home Monday evening from a week's visit with friends at Fair Sweep.

Mrs. A. E. Beachy is spending a few weeks at her home at this place.

Mrs. Russell Beckman and little son spent Sunday at Ami Forman's.

Hiram Glotfelty is working for his uncle, J. T. Glotfely, at this writing.

GOLDEN ROD.

SWALLOW FALLS

Messrs. Luthur Brown and James Painter, of Oakland, were here Sunday.

N. A. Reams made a business trip to Oakland Monday.

Andy Savage, of Hutton, passed through Tuesday enroute to McHenry.

Mr. and Mrs. O. R. Leighton were visiting Mrs. Alice Sines Saturday.

John Sines, was visiting at N. A. Ream's Sunday.

Mr. Walter Lewis, who has been employed at Morgantown, W. Va., is visiting at his home at this writing.

N. A. Reams sold a nice bunch of sheep to Stephen Casteel Monday.

There have been forty-one rattlesnakes killed near this place this spring.

Lloyd Riley, of near Thayerville, purchased a horse of N. A. Ream one day last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Gnegy, of Red House, were visiting at Rev. James W. Beeghley's Sunday.

There will be preaching at Pine Grove Sunday. Everybody invited to come.

Subscribe for The Republican.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

MICHAEL LAVELLE,

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 9th day of November, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 9th day of May, 1916.

W. H. METCALF,
Swanton, Maryland.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans Court, Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

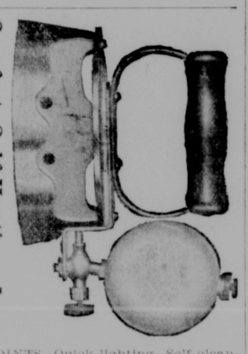
ELIZABETH LEE

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 9th day of December, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 9th day of May, 1916.

ALBERT L. LEE,
Administrator.
Kitzmiller, Md.

Comfort Self-Heating Iron.
5 Hours at Cost of One Cent.



TWO POINTS—Quick lighting. Self-cleaning and perfect regulation of heat. Weighs six pounds. Guaranteed safe and satisfactory. Price, $3.75 each. Order today.

J. AMEEN, Kitzmiller, Md.

Notice To Tax-Payers

This is to notify the Taxpayers of Garrett county that the Annual Levy for 1916 has been made and published, and to call their attention to the following abstract of Section 45, Chapter 566, Acts of 1898, relating to the discount to be allowed and the interest to be charged on all tax bills:

This is to notify all taxpayers that no discount will be allowed for the prompt payment of State taxes levied for the year 1916.

Chapter 650 of the Acts of 1916, provides that "the state taxes are due and payable on the first day of July succeeding the levy, and if not paid on or before September first, interest shall be charged from said first day of September. Said state taxes shall be in arrear on and after the first day of January succeeding the date of the levy, and it shall be the duty of Collectors, Treasurers and other officers who may be charged with the collection of the same immediately thereafter to proceed to collect said taxes in accordance with the provisions of law for the collection of delinquent taxes. It shall also be the duty of the Collectors or County Treasurer or other officers collecting said taxes to make monthly returns and remittances to the Comptroller of the amounts thereof collected from time to time."

J. W. KIMMELL,
Treasurer.

We Carry in Stock

TIRES
TUBES
SHOCK ABSORBERS
CHAINS
SPARK PLUGS
DRY CELLS
TIRETITE

And many other accessories at the
OAKLAND GARAGE,
Prest-O-Lite Exchange,
Oakland, Maryland.

ORDER NISI.

No. 2914 Equity In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Maggie W. Thayer, vs. Ira W. Hardesty.

Ordered, this 24th day of April, in the year 1916, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in Equity, that the sale made and reported in the above cause by Fred. A. Thayer, attorney named in the mortgage, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 24th day of May, 1916, provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Garrett County, once a week for three successive weeks before the 15th day of May, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $200.00.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy. Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

J. W. Whorton & Son
CONTRACTING
PLASTERERS

Only the Best Material Used.

Best Grade of Wall Plaster on hand at all times.

CONCRETE WORK
of All Kinds.

All Work Guaranteed.

OAKLAND. - MARYLAND.

Commissioners Meeting.

Office of the County Commissioners for Garrett county, Oakland, Md., May 13th, 1916.

The Board of County Commissioners for Garrett County, Maryland, will meet in their office in the town of Oakland, on

Monday, June 5th, 1916,

to transact routine business.

By order of the Board.

W. G. MEYERS, Clerk.

THE BROKEN PLEDGES.

There is one plank of the Democratic platform of 1912 that will certainly not be repeated in the platform at St. Louis in 1916. That is the closing paragraph which asserts that "our pledges are made to be kept when in office as well as relied upon during the campaign." To insert that plank in the platform of 1916 would make the Democratic national convention the laughing stock of the whole country. The convention itself could not restrain its expression of mirth over such an assurance as that.

The first pledge in the Democratic platform of 1912 related to the tariff threw our markets open to competition with the products of cheap labor in Europe and Asia, with the result that our factories were either closed or went on part time, employes were thrown out of work, their purchasing power was reduced and the injury was reflected upon every legitimate industry in the United States. That injury was overcome by the outbreak of the European war, which established an almost absolute protection of American industry from foreign competition and created a market for our goods unequaled in our history.

The next plank in the platform of 1912 pledged the Democratic party to "reduce the cost of living," but government records show that the cost of living increased, even before the outbreak of the European war, and that cost has risen by enormous stride ever since.

The next plank pledged the Democratic administration to a vigorous enforcement of the criminal as well as the civil laws against trusts, the party having asserted that the record of the Republican party in this respect was one of failure. Upon this pledge the Democratic party secured many of its votes, but it has absolutely nothing in its record to show that any illegal trust has been successfully prosecuted, either civilly or criminally.

The next plank pledged the Democratic party to keep each of the coordinate branches of the government within its own bounds and not to permit one to enroach upon the just powers of any of the others. Notwithstanding that pledge, it is notorious that the Democratic majority in Congress has accepted dictation from the White House in matters of legislation.

The income tax and popular election of Senators were the next planks in the platform, but upon these there was no issue, as the Republicans had already submitted the consitutional amendments for these measures to a vote of the states, and they were advocated by both parties.

The next two planks advocated presidential primaries and a single term for the President, both of which pledges have been ignored or violated.

The next important pledge was protection of the personal and property rights of American citizens at home and abroad, and the upholding of the honor and dignity of the nation—a pledge that has been so frequently violated as to make it hazardous for a man to claim American citizenship in our nearest sister republic.

A "return to simplicity and economy," and "reduction in the number of public offices" came next in the Democratic platform of 1912—a pledge that has been followed by increase in office, multiplication of appropriations, and public extravagance combined with inefficiency in public service.

The establishment of a merchant marine "without imposing additional burdens upon the people" was the next important pledge upon which the party made an issue in the last campaign. The only effort toward the fulfillment of that pledge has been an appropriation for government purchase of ships and the expenditure of an unknown sum of money, beginning with an appropriation of $50,000,000.

That pledge was followed by one for the exemption from tolls of American ships engaged in coastwise trade passing through the Panama Canal, a pledge that was not only ignored but expressly and openly violated at the earliest opportunity.

Honest enforcement of the civil service law to the end that merit and ability shall be the standard of appointment came next in the Democratic platform. Instead of keeping that pledge, the Democratic Congress has at every opportunity passed laws which set aside the civil service rules and regulations, and the President has issued an unprecedented number of executive orders permitting deserving Democrats to be placed in the classified civil service without their taking the competitive test to determine their merit or ability.

Extension of the rural delivery service was another pledge. The character of extension this administration has made in the rural delivery service has been such as to bring protests from farmers' unions, from state granges, and from local patrons of the rural mail service.

There were other minor promises in the Democratic platform which cut no figure in the last campaign. The foregoing enumeration of important promises that have been ruthlessly broken are sufficient to make it manifest that the platform of 1916 will contain no assurance that "our promises are made to be kept when in office as well as to be relied upon during the campaign."

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

Proper Amusements.

Perhaps I have said enough about cards. Let me in this give some suggestions as to proper amusements. It is admitted that there is need of amusement--that is proper recreation. It is well to heed Paul's injunction to use this world as not abusing it.

When do we abuse the world? Whenever we allow it to take the place in our hearts that ought to be occupied by the Saviour. He must have the first love, the chief place in our affections. We do it when we banish the future world from our affections and allow our thoughts to be wholly absorbed in things of this world. If we carry the lawful use of it to excess, we are guilty. Things lawful in themselves, if carried to excess become an abuse. We are to use the things of this world as sojourners; with a generous spirit. This is the duty of all.

God has made this world for the enjoyment of his children and for their comfort, but they are to hold it lightly. He that would get the greatest amount of pleasure from the world must use it sparingly.

Two men were walking in a garden when each plucked a rose. One handled his very carefully, smelled it sparingly and seldom. The other squeezed his in his hand and kept it to his nose almost constantly and in a short time both color and sweetness had gone, while his friend's retained sweetness and fragrance. Emblems of the best and sweetest creature enjoyments of the world. Used and enjoyed moderately they may yield pleasure a long time. But if the affections seize on them too greedily and squeeze them too hard, they will soon wither in our hands and the comfort of them is lost, either because the soul surfeits on them, or the Lord takes them away because our affections are excessively placed on them. It is said if you prescribe limits are you not liable to make the Christian life a system of hardships and privations? There must be a limit, so we will place it just where the word of God does, God wants us to be happy. This then is an innate desire. We feel a desire for recreation. It is necessary. Anything that makes us healthier in body and clearer in mind, that invigorates the immortal powers, is Christian recreation. It is an infringement on Christian liberty to restrain others from this. Whatever pleasure or play tends to improve body, mind and soul is proper. A necessity of our nature drives us to seek recreation, but this propensity sometimes leads us to dangerous extremes, when it becomes satiation. That which makes us feel worse after participation than we did before is not good and whatever play or pleasure inflames the evil passion of our nature is sinful. Nor is anything, however fascinating it may be, that is not in accord with the principle of the Bible, to be indulged. This is the principle to which every popular amusement that solicits the support of the church, must be submitted. Why not let amusements alone is asked? The truth is that we cannot close our eyes to the fact that fashionable amusements of the day are destroying vital godliness in the heart of those addicted to them. I know it is sad. There is a time for every purpose under the heaven. Solomon was on the throne. He sought pleasure in the things about him for a while. He tried to gratify that innate desire for happiness but failed. Nothing was spared to contribute to his happiness, but the pleasure turned into loathing and disgust. He pursued the phantom until he was exhausted, it was an ignus faturs. He found that earthly pursuits had no abiding bliss and he turned away saying, "vanity of vanity, all is vanity." He warns, cautions and entreats against a course of sin.

But we must have recreation. We cannot toil all the time.

Man is fitted for enjoyment as well as labor and is susceptible of pleasurable emotions. Why that thrill through your frame when music swells? What causes the eye to dilate and the nerves to tingle with delight? It is because God has given you a physical system that is like a harp and may be touched to any tune. A very flood of happiness may pour into the soul through the gates of the senses. We are capable of pleasure and seek it, hence when the days work is over many go to places where they find it. Let this desire be directed in the proper chanel.

Sinful amusements and worldy pleasures can have no place in the church, but proper and innocent ones may. Relaxation we must and will have and if we cannot get it at home we seek it away. How sad the complaint of parents that they can't keep the children at home, they don't seem to love it, and so they wander away from a mothers influence and a fathers admonities. Have they made home attractive? Let them provide good and entertaining books and innocent amusements that secure the attention of the young. Let the father wear a frown and the mother be fretful and the atmosphere of home will be chilled by parental disputes, fault finding and absence of sympathy and of course the children will go. Make it pleasant and they will stay. Give them all the music they want. Subdue bitterness and be happy in the presence of the children. It will not hurt you to romp a bit with the youngsters instead of driving them into the yard or street, or to your neighbors.

If no legitimate pleasure is furnished, they will seek the vicious. Go to a place that cannot or will not support literary societies, circulating libraries, concerts, and you will find second class theatres in full blast, gaming tables popular and ball rooms a success.

If the young can't find their recreation in innocent ways, they will resort to questionable, and when that state of things exists, pure religion goes out and sin reigns. Do the children want battle dore, let them have it. Are they inclined to calesthemes, encourage that. Gymnastic poles and bars was the celebrated McCheym's method of recreation.

Do the boys want to play chess, by all means teach them how. It's a splendid mental disciplin. The gymnasium is free from dissipation and recuperates the energies. It is a good cure for dispondency, and a torpid liver which is the cause of a vast amount of our blues. You have no right to be an invalid if you can help it.

Go into society, for you should cultivate your social nature. Social visiting may be most profitable of all recreations. Social visiting in homes would enable young men to see men and women as they really are, and not as they appear in society and public life. They would get a deeper insight into nature and know more of life at home, and be better able to select a proper life companion.

Enough for the present.

JOANNES.

GUARD

Mrs. Carrie B. Shope, wife of Edward Shope, died at her home here Tuesday, May 2nd, after a lingering illness of about four years. She was 62 years and is survived by her husband and one son, Clyde A. Shope, who is now and has been for a number of years engineer at Wateon, Pa., for the Standard Oil Co., besides many other relatives and friends. The funeral was held on Tuesday, May 4th, in the Baptist church at Frazee's Ridge, Rev. Rishel of the M. E. church at Addison, Pa., officiating. Interment in the cemetery beside the church, under the direction of Undertaker Frazee of Cove.

Mr. Charles Slaubaugh, of Addison, Pa., and Miss Myrtle Fike of this place hied away to Friendsville one Sunday afternoon of recent date and were quietly married by Rev. Stephen, pastor of the M. E. church. We join their many friends in wishing them a long and happy wedded life.

Henry Friend, wife and family of Crellin, visited the latter's mother, Mrs. Francis Fike, recently.

Joseph Lint and family, of Davis, Md., are spending some time with Mrs Lint's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Stuck.

Mrs. W. W. Griffith, who spent the past week with her daughter, Mrs. Howard Ringer, of Grantsville, has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. John Plaskett and family were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. Zadok Greene.

Jasper Grove purchased a good horse of John Weber, of Cove, last week.

Leonard Lytle and family, of Friendsville, motored to the home of James Guard one day last week.

John Swalp, of Confluence, visited his uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Liston, Sunday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Frazee and children were recent visitors at John Vitez and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Jasper Fike were out for a joy ride recently.

John Stuck, our blacksmith, who had the misfortune of being hurt while shoeing a horse, is improving.

Arnold Fox, wife and son, of Friendsville, also Misses Mildred Frazee, and Bessie and Ethel Griffith were entertained at the home of James Guard, Sunday.

LEON

Will make the season of 1916 as follows, beginning May 13th:

On Saturdays then thereafter on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday of each week at the Mill Stable of Andrew W. Helbig in Oakland. Other days at my home.

TERMS—$12 with foal, money due when mare is known to be with foal; $15 to insure a colt 5 days old. A lien on colt until paid for. Partirs coming from a distance to my farm will not be charged for meals or horse feed.

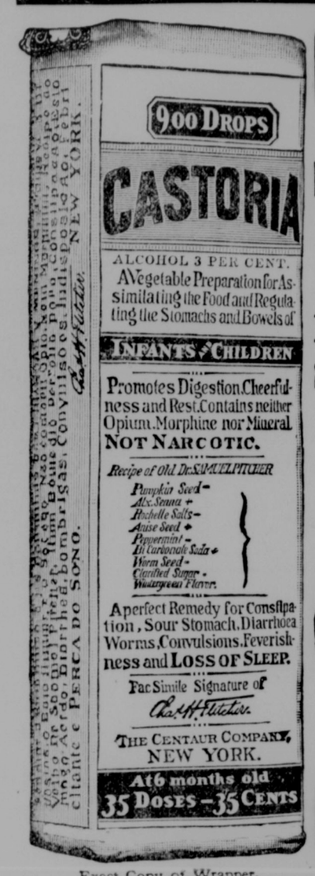
I will have a car of Fertilizer on the siding at Oakland on or after May 20th. Please send your orders in for what you want so that I can notify you upon arrival of the car.

D. J. SWARTZENTRUBER.

OAKLAND CASH BUYERS CO.,—Pay cash for spring Pigs, Calves, Lambs, Chickens, Turkeys, Eggs, etc. L. W. HOPKINS, W. L. CASTEEL, J. W. DAVIS. Adv. 10-tf

Naylor & Co. have a big supply of Drain Tile.

Advertisement.



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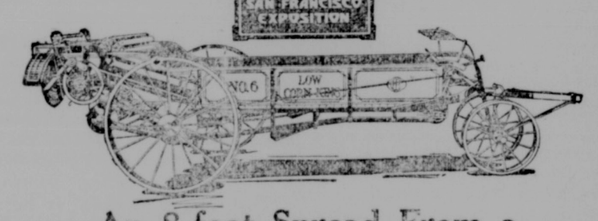
For Infants and Children.
Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria
Always Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

THE CITY'S BEST
MEAT MARKET
IN THE EMPIRE BUILDING.

Choice Steak, Boiling Meat, and all other kinds of meat. Highest cash price paid for Poultry and Eggs; also cash paid for Hides and Skins.

H. L. MILLER



An 8-foot Spread From a 45-inch Box

IN the **Low Corn King** catalogue it takes pages to tell about the good construction that backs up the "**8-foot-wide spread** from a narrow 45-inch box." Here the space is limited.

See the spreader and study these things: The simple worm and worm gear which drive the apron can be reversed, doubling the wear qualities. The gear is entirely enclosed, away from dust and dirt. The relation of beater and apron is just right to do the best work on the manure with the least power. **Low Corn King** is a steel spreader—frame, beater axles, wheels, driving parts—all of light, strong, compact steel. You return the apron by a convenient foot lever—no hand cranking, no getting down from seat.

These things—remember—back up the even, satisfactory 8-foot-or-better wide spread. Get acquainted with the **Low Corn King** spreader. See the local dealer who sells it.

International Harvester Company of America
(Incorporated)

Low Corn King spreaders are sold by

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.,
OAKLAND, MD.

The Johns Hopkins University

Entrance Examinations.

State Scholarships in Engineering Courses

Entrance examinations for the Department of Engineering as well as for the Academic Department, will be held in the Academic Building, of The Johns Hopkins University, Homewood, Baltimore, June 19-24, 1916, beginning at 9 A. M.

Entrance examinations will also be held in the Academic Building, September, 18-21, beginning at 9 A. M.

Application for scholarships in the Department of Engineering established in The Johns Hopkins University under the provisions of the Laws of Maryland, Chapter 90, 1912, may now be made. If there is more than one applicant for a particular scholarship, a competitive examination will be held in the Academic Building, Homewood, on September 22, 1916.

Each county of the State and each Legislative District of Baltimore City, with the exception of Charles, Harford, and Queen Anne's Counties will be entitled to one or more scholarships for the year 1916-1917, in addition to those which have already been assigned. In the counties mentioned above all the available scholarships have been awarded.

Scholarships may be awarded to graduates of Loyola College, Maryland Agricultural College, Mt. St. Mary's College, Rock Hill College, St. John's College, Washington College, and Western Maryland College, and one scholarship will be awarded "At Large."

Applicants should address the Registrar, the Johns Hopkins University, for blank form of application and for further information as to examinations, award of scholarships and courses of instruction. Adv.

LOST—A nickel plated automobile crank. Finder please leave at this office.

CHAPTER——

AN ACT providing for the issuing and sale of bonds by the Mayor and Council of Grantsville for constructing, erecting and maintaining water works and sewerage in said town of Grantsville, condemn such land as may be necessary for the building of said works, and to levy taxes on the assessable property of said town to redeem said bonds and to pay the interest thereon.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That for the purpose of establishing, constructing and maintaining water works capable of furnishing the residents of said town with a good and sufficient supply of water for ordinary purposes and fire protection, and for establishing, erecting, constructing and maintaining a sewerage system in said town for drainage and sewerage purposes the Mayor and Council of Grantsville be and they are hereby authorized and empowered and directed to issue bonds in the name of the Mayor and Council of Grantsville to an amount not exceeding Fifteen Thousand Dollars ($15,000), or so much thereof as may be necessary for the purpose aforesaid. The said Bonds shall be for the sums not less than One Hundred dollars ($100) each nor more than Five Hundred dollars ($500) each, to be signed by the Mayor and President of the Council and countersigned by the Clerk of said Council with the corporate seal of said town there to be affixed, bearing interest at not less than Five per centum per annum, payable semi-annually in each and every year and dated on the first day of their issue; the said bonds shall be numbered serially. Bond No. 1 shall be due and payable Two years after date of issue, and thereafter each bond shall mature and be payable each consecutive year from the maturity of Bond No. 1, in the order of their consecutive numbers; provided, however, the Mayor and Council of Grantsville are hereby given the option to redeem any or all bonds outstanding Five years from date of issue or at any interest period thereafter; that all of said bonds thereafter shall be due and payable within Sixty years from the date of their issue, and shall be forever exempt from all county and municipal taxation for any purpose, and shall have printed on them a reference to the Act of Assembly authorizing the issue thereof.

SEC. 2. And be it enacted, That the Mayor and Council of Grantsville are hereby authorized and empowered to construct and erect water works and sewerage for said town and to contract for the purchase in fee simple or lease for a term of years, renewable at their pleasure, any land, real estate, springs, brooks, water courses or streams, and to use or occupy forever or for a term of years, any land, real estate, springs, brooks, water courses or streams, which they may deem expedient or necessary for the purpose of furnishing said town with water and maintaining said sewerage, and they are hereby invested with all the rights and powers necessary for the induction of water into the said town and the maintenance of said sewerage system. If for any cause the said Mayor and Council of Grantsville shall be unable to agree with any owner of real or leasehold property, springs, brooks, streams or water courses or any other material which partake of or in a necessary part of reality, or for any right of way which they may find necessary for the conduit of said water and sewerage in its entry into or in said town or if such owner is under any disability or incapacity to contract or absent out of the county or unknown the said Mayor and Council of Grantsville is hereby clothed with the power of condemnation under the right of eminent domain as provided in Section 251 of Article 23 of the Code of Public General Laws of Maryland as fully as if said section had been herein incorporated, and their manner of procedure of condemnation for the purpose of this Act shall in all particulars be the same as if provided by said section 251 of said Article 23. The said Mayor and Council of Grantsville shall have full power to fix schedules of rate for furnishing water and sewerage to private residences and other buildings, and the said Mayor and Council shall have power to collect the same as other taxes are collected and the income therefrom shall be applied, first, for expenses and maintenance, and afterwards for the payment of the interest on the bonds and sinking fund to meet the bonds at maturity.

SEC. 3. And be it enacted, That the title of said water works and sewerage, and all lands, estates and water courses, waterways, conduits, pipes, machinery and all other parts hereto shall when completed or acquired vest in the Mayor and Council of Grantsville; and every person who shall willfully or knowing pollute any spring, stream, brook, water course, reservoir or standpipe in connection with the said water works or built or constructed by throwing any impure or deleterious substance or thing into the same, or by swimming, bathing or washing themselves or by washing clothes or any other thing therein, or by committing any nuisance in or near the source of supply or the reservoir or standpipe for said water works so as to pollute the same shall upon conviction of such offence be liable to a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars, nor more than three hundred dollars, for each offence, to be recovered by the Mayor and Council of Grantsville before a Justice of the Peace as other fines are recoverable, or to imprisonment in the county jail or the House of Correction for a term of not less than six months nor more than eighteen months or both fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the Justice of the Peace, one-half of such fine to go to the informer and the balance to the Mayor and Council of Grantsville for the purposes of this Act.

SEC. 4. And be it enacted, That for the purpose of redeeming said bonds at their maturity and for securing the prompt payment of the interest thereon, the Mayor and Council of Grantsville shall for the year of the issue of said bonds and annually thereafter until the maturity of said bonds, levy a tax on the assessable property of said town, not exceeding fifty cents on the one hundred dollars, to pay the interest thereof, and the sum of Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars ($250) of the principal of said debt for the payment of the same at maturity. The said sum of Two Hundred and Fifty dollars ($250) shall be held and invested by the Mayor and Council of Grantsville as a sinking fund for the redemption of said bonds at their maturity, and the said Mayor and Council of Grantsville shall, from time to time, deposit the money belonging to said sinking fund and the increment thereof in some safe depository, which pays interest on deposits, or shall invest the same in state or such other bonds satisfactory to the Mayor and Council of Grantsville as to them may seem best, or in the purchase or redemption of said bonds as may be offered for sale or redemption, and upon the purchase of any such bonds by the said Mayor and Council they shall be immediately cancelled by stamping across their face (cancelled by sinking fund), and no portion of said sinking fund so levied shall ever be diverted to any other purpose than to the purchase and liquidation of said bonds. The money collected each year by the treasurer or tax collector on account of taxes to the extra said sum of Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars ($250) shall be set apart for said sinking fund, and a separate account shall be kept thereof and be deposited to the credit of said fund, and no part of which shall be chargeable to insolvencies on account failure of assessments or collections.

SCE. 5. And be it enacted, That the money arising from the sale of said bonds (which said bonds shall be sold either at auction or by sealed bids, after due advertisement thereof to the highest responsible bidder), shall be deposited in bank to the Mayor and Council of Grantsville, and subject to their check, and the clerk of said town shall keep a book, to be especially provided for the purpose, of the names and addresses of the purchasers of the bonds sold, and the amount realized on the sales together with the serial numbers of the bonds.

SEC. 6. And be it enacted, That in any prosecution before a Justice of the Peace under Section 3 of this Act, the accused and the Mayor and Council of Grantsville shall have the right to an appeal to the Circuit Court for Garrett County, within thirty days, and a jury trial. Any person or persons convicted before a Jnstice of the Peace under Section 3 of this Act who shall be held by recognizance or be committed to the county jail to appear before the next regular jury term to the Circuit Court for Garrett County.

SEC. 7. And be it enacted, That the Mayor and Council of Grantsville be and they are hereby authorized and empowered to negotiate, sell and dispose of the said bonds as hereinbefore provided in Section 5 of this Act, or so many thereof as so the Mayor and Council may be deemed necessary for the purposes of this Act. And the said Mayor and Council are fully authorized to make all necessary rules and regulations, and to pass all necessary ordinances, with penalties for their violations, and to do all other necessary acts for the proper managing, maintaining and repairing said water works and sewerage systems and for the protection thereof.

SEC. 8. And be it enacted, That the funds realized from the sale of said bonds shall be applied to the purposes of this Act, and shall be paid by check signed by the Mayor and President of the Council and the Mayor and said Council of Grantsville are hereby authorized and empowered to pass such orders for the payment of money due for the construction of said water works and sewerage, or to the contractor or contractors for the construction of the same, as shall, from time to time, be due or earned by the contractor or contractors or parties doing the work in the prosecution of said work, and also from time to time, to pass orders for the payment of property purchased or condemned, and for material furnished in pursuance of the provisions of this Act, and may in its discretion employ a competent hyerographical engineer to suuperintend the work of constructing such water works and sewerage system.

SEC. 9. And be it enacted, That on the first Monday in April, 1917, on date of regular municipal election to be held in the town of Grantsville, wnich election shall be held in the same manner, and under the same regulations as other municipal elections held in said town, there shall be placed on the ballots at said election for the purpose of submitting the question as to whether this Act shall take effect to the legal voters of said town, and all ballots at said election shall have printed on them the words, "For water and sewerage," and the words "Against water and sewerage," and all voters desiring to vote for the provisions of this Act shall mark out the words "Against water and sewerage," and all voters desiring to vote against the provisions of this Act shall mark out the words "For water and sewerage." And if the judges of election shall decide that a majority of the votes cast are for "water and sewerage" then this act shall be in full force of law, otherwise of no effect. The Judges of Election shall under their hands, immediately after said election, certify to the Mayor and Council of Grantsville the result of the said election.

SEC. 10. And be it enacted, That this Act shall take effect on the first day of June, 1916.

CHAPTER 514.

AN ACT to incorporate the town of Accident in Garrett County, Maryland.

WHEREAS, at a meeting of the male citizens and residents of the town of Accident, in Garrett County, Maryland, held on the first day of January, 1916, it was decided by a vote of said citizens and residents of said town attending said meeting that an application should be made to the General Assembly of Maryland for a charter of said town "of Accident."

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the citizens and inhabitants of the town of Accident in Garrett County, State of Maryland, are hereby incorporated by the name of the "Mayor and Council of Accident," that by that name they have perpetual succession, may sue and be sued, may have and use a common seal, and may purchase and hold such real, personal and mixed property as may be required for the purposes of said corporation, and may dispose of such property when necessary for the benefit of said corporation: and all the property and funds of every kind belonging to said corporation are vested in the Mayor and Council of Accident.

SEC. 2. And be it enacted, The corporate limits of the town of Accident are hereby declared to be as follows: Beginning at the Northeast corner of John Garringer land on the west side of the State Road, thence South 27 degrees West, 4 perches South 66 degrees East, 100 perches to stake, stone and pointers, thence North 35 degrees East, 160 perches to 6 feet Northwest of Service tree thence North 26½ degrees West, 161 perches to stake on West side of State Road near a culvert, thence South 72½ degrees West, 96 perches to corner at stone fence, thence South 42½ degrees West, 113 perches to a locust tree, thence South 25 degrees East, to place of beginning.

SEC. 3. And be it enacted, That said corporation shall be governed by a Mayor and six councilmen, and that Frederick Burkhard, of said town be and he is hereby named Mayor of said town for a period of two years from the date of its incorporation ending the first Tuesday in March, 1918, and that Adam Richter and Robert A. Ravenscroft be and the same are hereby named and designated as the councilmen for the first two years from the date of its incorporation, ending on the first Tuesday in March, 1918, and that Floyd C. Diehl and Henry M. Speicher are hereby named as councilmen to serve for one year from the date of its incorporation ending on the first Tuesday in March, 1917, and hereafter an election shall be held on the first Tuesday in March in each and every year for the election of two Councilmen to serve for two years from the date of their election or until their successors shall be duly elected and qualified; and an election of Mayor of said town to serve for two years or until his successor shall be duly elected and qualified, and an election shall be held hereafter in every second year for the election of a Mayor for said town.

SEC. 4. And be it enacted, The Mayor and Council shall have the power to pass all such ordinances for conducting the elections herein provided for or which may be hereafter authorized to be held and shall make returns thereof to the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Garrett County. And the qualified voters of any of said elections shall be bona fide male residents living within the corporate limits of the town of Accident, shall be twenty-one years of age or over, who have been residents of the State of Maryland for the period of six months continuously next before the date of any such election; and that no one shall be eligible for the office of Mayor and councilmen of said town unless he shall be a real estate holder or owner of real estate of said town. And the Mayor shall have been a resident of said town for two years previous to his election, and the councilmen shall have been residents of said town one year prior to their election.

SEC. And be it enacted, That if any vacancy shall occur by death, resignation, removal or failure to act of the Mayor or one or more of the councilmen elected as aforesaid the remaining councilmen or a majority of them shall elect a proper person to fill said vacany.

SEC. 6. And be it enaced, That every Mayor and councilman before he proceeds to act as such shall make oath before some Justice of the Peace of Garrett County that he will diligently and faithfully, according to the best of his skill and judgment, perform the duties of Mayor or councilman as the case may be, without favor, partiality or prejudice, and a certificate of such qualification shall be returned by the said Justice of the Peace to the said council to be filed and recorded among their proceedings.

SEC. 7. And be it enacted, That said council shall meet at such place as they may appoint within said town on the first Monday of every month ensuing their election and as much oftener by adjournment as they may deem necessary; that the said council shall elect a president of the council, appoint a clerk, a bailiff who shall be tax collector of the town, an attorney, and one or more assessoss of taxes and fix their salary for compensation. All the officers appointed by said council shall hold their respective offices for one year from the date of their appointment or until their successors are appointed and qualified.

SEC. 8. And be it enacted, That all checks and other orders for the payment of money shall be signed by the clerk of said town and countersigned by the Mayor thereof; that the said clerk shall be the custodian of the monies of said town and other funds, and shall keep a full and accurate set of books and accounts of the town's monies and funds, and of its records and papers; he shall also keep a journal of the proceedings of the council, which shall be open at all times for the inspection of any citizen; the said clerk shall act as the treasurer of the said town, and shall pay out the funds of said corporation only upon the orders of the council to be signed by the president thereof. He shall before he enters upon his duties take the oath prescribed for the members of the council, and execute a good and sufficient bond in such amount and upon such condition as may be prescribed by the mayor and council, with sureties to be approved by the Mayor and council.

SEC 9. And be it enacted, That the bailiff before entering upon the performance of his duties shall take the same oath of office as the members of the council, and shall execute a bond in such condition and in such amount as may be prescribed by the Mayor and council with sureties to be approved by the Mayor and council for the faithful performance of his duties. He shall perform the police duties of the town and is clothed with the same power as a constable under the general laws of the State of Maryland; he shall promptly arrest all violators of the ordinances of the town and bring them before the proper officers to be dealt with according to law, and shall promptly collect and pay over to the clerk all taxes and other claims of said town which may come into his hands.

SEC. 10. And be it enacted, That the assessor or assessors shall be appointed from among the citizens of said town qualified to vote in said corporation, and before he or they shall proceed to act he or they shall take oath before a Justice of the Peace of Garrett County that he or they will assess the values of the assessable property of every sort within said town as its full cash value without favor, partially or prejudice to the best of his or their skill and judgment; he or they shall enter and record in a book to be provided for that purpose an accurate and fair account of all properties, stocks and private securities of every sort within said town liable to assessment and the valuation thereof together with a list of the owners thereof which shall be returned by him or them to the said council on or before the third Monday in June of each and every year, and which any person interested may inspect without charge, and if anyone shall feel aggrieved on account of valuation or assessment of his property by the assessor or assessors he may appeal from such valuation to the said council within four weeks from the returns of said assessment, and upon good cause being shown the said council may make an alteration in said assessment which they may deem proper and right and take from and add to the same; and for the purpose of hearing and determining appeals provided for in this section the said council shall give five days' previous notice of the time and place of hearing such appeals by advertisement to be posted in two public places in said town.

SEC. 11. And be it enacted, That the tax lists shall be prepared by the clerk and delivered to the bailiff on or before the first day of August in each year. The warrant shall be in substance as follows, to wit: "The Mayor and Council of Accident, ... Bailiff. You are hereby commanded to proceed according to law to collect and pay over the taxes hereinafter specified.

"Witness the corporate seal of the Mayor and Council of Accident. By the Mayor and Clerk. Attest: . . . . Clerk . . . . Mayor."

SEC. 12. And be it enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Mayor of said town to see that the ordinances of said town are duly and faithfully executed; he shall have general supervision of the town and shall from time to time report to the council such matters as in his judgment require the attention of the council. He shall have power to administer oaths and to certify the same in all matters pertaining to said corporation, and for the purpose of hearing and determining all cases to which the corporation may be a party he is hereby clothed with all the powers of a Justice of the Peace except as in civil cases, and may pass sentence and impose fines for all violation of ordinances in the said corporation, of may imprison offenders in the county jail, or may both fine and imprison offenders against said ordinances. Provided that no ordinance shall be passed imposing a fine for more than twenty-five dollars, or for a term of imprisonment exceeding thirty days, and all fines imposed shall be paid to the clerk of the town. During his term he shall hold no other corporation office, nor shall he be interested in any contract to which the corporation is a party. The mayor shall receive for his service a sum not exceeding six dollars per annum, and the members of the council shall each receive a sum not exceeding two dollars per annum, provided that any person shall have the right to donate to the town their service whenever they see proper so to do.

SEC. 13. And be it enacted, That the said council shall have power to pass all such other ordinances not contrary to the constitution or laws of this state as it may deem necessary for the good government of the town; for the protection and preservation of the town property, rights and privileges; for the preservation of the peace and good order; and securing persons from violence, danger and destruction; for the protection of the health, comfort and convenience of the citizens of said town and visitors thereto or sojourners there; for providing for proper and suitable lights on the streets; for establishing, maintaining and regulating an adequate police force; to regulate the management and location of livery stables, barns, garages, outhouses or privies and hog pens, and such other establishments of which the business, trade or location may become obnoxious or injurious to the public comfort or health; to prohibit the erection of such buildings, the continuance of obnoxious occupations therein whenever the public health requires it; to prevent and regulate the use of firearms therein, fireworks, bonfires or other things or practices tending to endanger persons or property; to regulate or prohibit the running at large of cattle, horses, swine, fowls sheep, goats, hogs or other animals; to authorize the impounding, keeping; sale and redemption of such animals when found in violation of the ordinances in such cases provided; to prevent the deposit of any unwholesome substance either on public or private property, to compel its removal to designated points, and to require slop, ashes and other waste or unwholesome material to be removed to designated points, or to require the occupants or residents on premises to place them conveniently for removal; to compel the occupants of any premises, buildings or outhouses situate in said town when the same has become filthy or unwholesome to abate or clean the same; to authorize the same to be done by the proper officers and to assess the expenses thereon against such property; to authorize the removal or confinement of such persons having infectious or pestilential diseases; to regulate the selling, weighing or measuring of hay, wood, coke, coal, and all other articles sold by weight and measure, and to provide for their inspection and selling; to make all regulations which may be deemed expedient for the promotion of health or the suppression of disease; to regulate the construction of chimneys and smokestacks and cause the same to be made secure or removed when considered dangerous; to suppress, restrain and regulate bawdy-houses or houses of ill-fame, and to prohibit the youth of said town from being on the streets, lanes or alleys at unreasonable hours at night; to punish and suppress tramps and vagrants by imposing fines or both fines and imprisonment at hard labor, and to abate by appropriate ordinances all nuisances in said town which are so defined at common law whether the same are herein expressly named or not; to regulate the use of sidewalks and all structures in, under or above the same, and to require the owner or occupant of premises to keep the sidewalk in front of same free from snow and other obstructions; to regulate and prevent the throwing or depositing of sweepings, dust, ashes, off fallings, dirt, garbage, paper, dirty liquors or any other material into any street, alley or other public place; to prevent the use of streets, sidewalks and public places for signs, sign posts, awnings, awning posts, poles, horse troughs, steps and other obstrucrions; to cause the streets, lanes and alleys to be sidewalked, paved, graded, repaired, repaved, regraded, drained or sewered; to regulate and license the uses of coaches, hacks, drays, automobiles and other vehicles for the transportation of passengers, freight or other articles to or from points within said town for hire or pay; to regulate, license, tax, restrain or prohibit theatrical or other exhibitions, shows or entertainments to which money is demanded or received, provided lectures on scientific, historic, benevolent, artistic or literary subjects shall not be deemed to be within these provisions; to license vendors of property on the streets or other public places in said town; to license, tax, regulate, suppress and prohibit paupers and itinerant dealers, peddlers and pawnbrokers; to license, tax, regulate and prohibit the keeping of dogs, establish station house or lock-up for temporary confinment of violators of the law and ordinances of the town; for the regulation and handling of all kind of explosives, for the prevention of gambling; to asses and tax the expense of laying of sidewalks in said town in whole or in part upon the respective owners of property footing thereon, and that the expenses and costs of paving, repairing or otherwise improving the sidewalks in said town incurred by the council under their ordinances may be charged and recovered by them in the name of the corporation from the owners of the property footing thereon by suit or action at law against the owner thereof as other debts are collected, and the expense of the same shall be a lien upon the property charged therewith, and to grant franchises to any person or corporation for any public purpose or utility.

SEC. 14. And be it enacted, That all property, real, personal or mixed, bonds, stocks and valuable securities of all kinds whatsoever within the limits of said town of Accident by law liable to be valued and assessed and chargeable with taxes within this State shall be valued at its or their cash value and chargeable according to such valuation with the public assessment for the use and purposes of said corporation; any assessor appointed by the council of said town shall have the power and authority to require the owner, possessor or claimant of any property made liable to valuation and assessment to give them such full and accurate statement in writing of his property as may be necessary to enable the assessors to ascertain the value thereof, the same to be under oath of such person to be administered by them or any one of them.

SEC. 15. And be it enacted, That the said council may annually levy upon the assessable property within said town by direct tax not exceeding fifteen cents on the one hundred dollars such sum as they may deem necessary for the purpose of defraying and settling the expenses by them on behalf of said corporation.

SEC. 16. And be it enacted, That the taxes to be levied on the property so made liable to be valued and assessed shall be liens on the real and personal estate of the person or persons so indebted from the day on which the tax list shall have been delivered to the bailiff or other person authorized and appointed to receive and collect the same, and if said tax cannot be made out of the personal property of said persons against whom taxes may be charged, then the same may be collected by the collector by the sale of such real estate of said person by complying with the same requirements as the treasurer of Garrett County.

SEC. 17. And be it enacted, That the said council shall have the power to appoint a police magistrate for said corporation who shall be a justice of the peace of the State of Maryland in and for Garrett County, residing in said district No. 5. He shall have full authority, power and jurisdiction to hear, determine and pass sentences in all cases of the violation of the ordinances of said corporation, and may impose fines for such violations, or may imprison offenders against said ordinances and in default of payment of any fine imposed by him he shall commit the offender to the town lockup or to the county jail until the same be paid in accordance with law as may be provided by the ordinances of said town or provided in this charter.

SEC. 18. And be it enacted, That at the meetings of said council three shall constitute a quorum and all questions submitted shall be decided by a majority of those present, but less than a quorum shall appoint the time for a subsequent meeting and adjourn.

CHAPTER ——

AN ACT to repeal and re-enact with amendments Section 4 of Chapter 34 of the Acts of 1914 entitled, "An Act to enable the registered qualified voters of Garrett County to determine by ballott whether spirituous or fermented liquors shall not be sold in said County, or shall be sold only as hereinafter described, and to repeal all Acts or parts of Acts inconsistent with this Act, or any part of this Act.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Section 4 of Chapter 34 of the Acts of 1914, entitled, "An Act to enable the registered qualified voters of Garrett County to determine by ballot whether spirituous or fermented liquors shall not be sold in said County, or shall be sold only as hereinafter described, and to repeal all Acts or parts of Acts inconsistent with this Act, or any part of this Act," be and the same is hereby repealed and re-enacted so as to read as follows:

SEC. 4. And be it enacted, That if it shall appear by the returns of said judges and certificrtes of said Clerk that a majority of said votes have been cast "Against license," it shall not be lawful for any person or any house, company, or association, or body corporate or any manufacturer of intoxicating liquors of any kind to barter or sell, directly or indirectly, or to solicit or to receive orders for the purchase of, at any place within the limits of Garrett County, or to give away at any place of business, or to give to or furnish any person under the age of twenty-one years within the limits of said County, any spirituous, fermente or malt liquors or alcoholic bitters, or intoxicating drinks of any kind, including whiskey, brandy, rum, wine, ale, beer and all other fermented, malt and distilled liquors, and every mixture of liquors which shall contain more than two per cent. by weight of alcohol and every mixture of liqors which shall contain less than two per cent. of alcohol, if the same shall be intoxicating; or any article used or sold as a beverage in the composition of which whiskey, brandy high wines, or alcohol or any spirituous or fermented liquors shall be an ingredient, nor shall any license be granted for the sale of the same therein; that no person or public or private carrier shall knowingly accept or receive for shipment, transportation or delivery to any person or place within the limits of Garrett County, or to carry, bring into, transfer to any other person, carrier or agent, handle, deliver or distribute in Garrett County, any intoxicating liquor, regardless of the name by which it may be called; provided, however, that individuals may bring into Garrett County, upon their person or as their personal baggage, for their personal use only, such liquor in quantity not to exceed one quart, and the proper officers of churches may receive wine in unbroken packages for sacramental purposes only. Provided further that nothing in this Act shall prohibit the shipment of alcohol or liquors to druggists which may be necessary for medicinal purposes, and nothing herein contained shall make it unlawful to manufacture, buy, sell, ship or deliver, or deal in any bona fide medicinal, culinary or toilet preparation, official, standard or proprietary, provided that the same does not contain more alcohol than is necessary to comply with its standard or official formula, or to hold the constituents in solution, preserve the preparation or keep it from freezing, and provided the preparation is not sold for use as a beverage or intoxicant.

CHAPTER 205

AN ACT to regulate the conduct of pool and billiard rooms, and bowling alleys in Garrett County; providing for hours of opening and closing the same; prohibiting the proprietors or those in charge of the same from admitting, allowing to loiter in, exercise or engage in game therein, any person under the age of sixteen years, and provided penalties for the violation of the provisions of this Act.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That every room or place in Garrett County used or occupied for the exercise or engaging in the game of pool, billiards or bowling to which the public has access and at which charges are made for the privilege of engaging there in shall be conducted at all times in an orderly, decent manner, and it shall be unlawful for the proprietor or person in charge of the same to permit any disorderly conduct, swearing or use of indecent or improper language therein by any person or persons on, in, or about the premises where such games are conducted.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That all places as aforesaid used or occupied for the purpose of engaging in the games of pool, billiards, or bowling to which the public shall have access and at which charges are made for the privilege of engaging therein, to permit, suffer or allow any person or persons under the age of sixteen (16) years to loiter in, on or about the premises where such games as above mentioned are conducted, or engage in or participate in any manner in the conduct of any of such games or witness the participation therein of others who may lawfully be on the said premises.

SEC. 4. And be it enacted, That any person or persons, firm or corporation, whether proprietor or person in charge of any pool or billiard room or bowling alley in any place in Garrett County who shall violate any of the provisions of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be subject to a fine of not less than five ($5.00) nor more than Twenty Dollars ($20.00); one-half of any fine so imposed and collected to be paid to the informer thereof.

CHAPTER NO. 57

AN ACT to repeal and re-enact with amendments Section 5 of Chapter 450, of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland, at its session of 1896, title, An Act to incorporate the town of Loch Lynn Heights, Garrett county, Maryland.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Section 5 of Chapter 450, of the Acts of 1896, title An Act to incorporate the town of Loch Lynn Heights, Garrett County, Maryland, be and the same is hereby repealed and re-enacted so as to read as follows:

SECTION 5. That on and after the year 1917, the annual election for officers of said town shall be held on the first Monday in March in each and every year. The Mayor and Council shall have the power to fix the hour and place for holding said election in said town, and the length of time the polls shall be kept open, and shall give due notice of such election by printed or written handbills, posted in at least six public and conspicuous places in said town, at least ten days prior to the holding of such election. Said Mayor and Council shall have the power to appoint Judges and Clerks for such elections, and it shall be their duty to do so, and to make all other necessary arrangements for holding the same, not herein provided for. The term of office of all officers of said town shall expire on the first Monday in March instead of the first Monday in May, or as soon as their successors are elected and qualified. This shall include the officers now serving as such in said town.

Had a Good Excuse.

Summoned at Whitley Bay, Northumberland, England for having ridden a bicycle upon the footpath, a miner's excuse was that he was mad with toothache and that it was easier to ride on the footpath than on the road.

Call for Gratitude.

Seek to cultivate a buoyant, joyous sense of the crowded kindnesses of God in your daily life.—Alexander McLaren.

STRIKING FEATURES OF NEW SCHOOL LAW

Rigid Requirements Necessary For Superintendent to Be Qualified.

The new public school law of the state carries with it many radical changes in the government of the school system of Maryland.

Below are a few of the salient changes therein. The law was based upon the report of the survey of the schools which was made by the General Education Board of New York City, assisted by a similar board composed of citizens of Maryland. These two boards also formulated the law and recommended immediate passage thereof, which was supported by the state administration and the state department of schools; nor was it possible to make any amendments to the proposed legislation without the approval of these two state authorities. A few of the radical changes made in the state school law are briefly given below, additional ones to be published in these columns next week:

The Governor and the State Superintendent of schools are removed as members of the State Board of Education.

The state department of education shall be provided with an assistant state superintendent, a supervisor of state-aided high schools, a supervisor of rural schools, a white supervisor of colored schools and such other clerical and professional assistants and agents as may be authorized by the state board.

The County Boards of Education shall be composed of citizens of the county, appointed by the Governor direct, without the usual confirmation of the State Senate, party affiliations or political preference to have no bearing upon the Governor in making an appointment as have prevailed formerly in this state; to quote the Bill: "The members of the Boards shall be appointed solely because of their character and fitness."

District boards of school trustees shall each be composed of three members, appointed from the residents of the school districts by the county boards of education for a term of three years, so arranged that one, only, after 1917, is appointed each year.

The state department of schools, assisted by the county board of education, shall direct the required taking of a biannual census of all the children in the state between the ages of 6 and 18 years inclusive, to be taken first in the year 1918 and every two years thereafter.

The state superintendent of schools, subject to the rules and regulations of the state board of education, shall pass upon all plans and specifications for the remodeling of old school buildings or the construction of new school buildings costing $300 or more.

The county board of education shall appoint, on the written recommendation of the county superintendent, all principals and assistant teachers.

The county board of education shall submit to the board of county commissioner a budget of necessary expenses for conducting the schools for the next school year and the board of county commissioners are "authorized, empowered, directed and required to levy and collect such tax upon the assessable property of the county as will produce the amount requested to be raised by local taxation in the annual budget of the county board of education."

The county board of education shall provide for at least an annual audit of its business and financial transactions by accountants approved by the state superintendent of schools,

The county board of education shall hold an annual meeting in May. At this meeting the board shall elect one of its members to serve as president and one to serve as vice president. It shall appoint during the month of May a superintendent of schools for a term of four years, from the first day of August next succeeding his appointment.

No person shall be eligible for appointment to the office of county superintended of schools who does not hold from the state superintendent of schools a certificate in administration and supervision as provided for in section 55 of this article, nor shall the appointment of any person by the county board of education to the position of county superintendent of schools be valid without the written approval of the State Superintendent of Schools. Provided that all county superintendents of schools holding office at the time when this act shall take effect, shall continue to serve to the end of the term for which they were originially appointed, and until their successors qualify, unless removed, as hereinafter provided, and shall also be eligible for reappointment; and provided, further, that all county superintendents of schools shall be paid, beginning with the school year 1916 1917, on the basis of the salaries hereinafter specified. The salary of the county superintendent of schools shall not be diminished during his term of office. The county superintendent of schools shall devote his entire time to public school business and shall receive such compensation as the county board of education shall direct, provided that no county superintendent of schools appointed to office under the provisions of this section, or continuing in office under the provisions of this section, shall be paid an annual salary of less than eighteen hundred ($1,800) dollars, and the State of Marylandshall, as hereinafter provided, pay out of the General State School Fund to the treasurer of the county board of education, one-half of the annual salary of the county superintendent of schools, up to and including an annual salary of three thousand ($3,000) dollars. County boards of education may, in their discretion, pay to a county superintendent an annual salary in excess of three thousand ($3,000) dollars, but the State shall not share in the part payment of said excess. The State superintendent of schools may remove any county superintendent of schools appointed under the provisions of this section or continuing in office under the provisions of this section, for immorality, misconduct in office, insubordination, incompetancy, or wilful neglect of duty, upon making known to him, in writing, the charges against him, and upon giving him an opportunity of being heard in person or by counsel, in his own defense, upon not less than ten day's notice. In case of vacancy due to any cause, the county board of education shall fill the vacancy and the appointment shall be for a full term of four years, and until a successor shall qualify."

Section 55, herein referred to, reads as follows: "A certificate in administration and supervision, valid throughout the State for three years, renewable on evidence of successful experience and professional spirit and require of all county superintendents, may be issued to persons who are graduates of a standard college or university, or who have had the equivalent in scholastic preparation; who have completed in addition one graduate year's work in education in a recognized university, including public school administration, supervision and method of teaching, or who have had the equivalent in scholastic preparation, and who have had two years' experience as a teacher."

[To Be Continued.]

ALLEGANY MAN HEADS BANKERS

James M. Sloan of Lonaconing Elected President of State Financiers.

The twenty-first session of the Maryland State Bankers' Association was brought to a close at Atlantic City on last Thursday. Opinion among the members is that it was the most successful convention of the association, both as to attendance and in the interest and character of the discussions.

The following officers were elected and installed:

President, James M. Sloan, president of the Lonaconing Savings Bank; first vice-president, Harry J. Hopkins, president of the Farmers' National Bank, Annapolis; vice-presidents, William E. Bratten, cashier of First National Bank, Snow Hill; Clifton K. Wells, assistant cashier of First National Bank, Baltimore; Francis S. Carmody, president of the Farmers and Merchants National Bank, Mount Pleasant; Nervin J. Brandt, cashier of First National Bank, Hagerstown; E. E. Reindollar, president of the Brimie Trust Company, Taneytown; Henry B. Reinhardt, cashier of State Bank of Maryland; William H. Conkling, president of the Savings Bank of Baltimore; Channing Rudd, Alexander Brown & Sons.

THE Frederick Post is taking a straw vote for Presidential candidates among its readers. "There does not seem to be as much Hughes as Roosevelt sentiment in Frederick county at this stage of the contest," the Post finds. One voter for Woodrow Wilson gave him this encomium: "As wise as Washington, as courageous as Jackson, as patient as Lincoln."

RENNINGER & OFFUTT, Solicitors.

Order of Publication.

May H. Cassidy, Plaintiff v. Rosco C. Cassidy, Defendant.

No. 2067 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County.

The object of this suit is to procure a decree for a divorce a vinculo matrimonii by the plaintiff from the defendant.

The bill states that on the 4th day of March, 1912, the plaintiff was married to the said Rosco C. Cassidy at Grafton, West Virginia, with whom she resided in said town for about a month after their marriage, and then moved to Cleveland, Ohio, and there resided with her husband for a period of about eight months, at which time the plaintiff was to make a visit to her parents in Garrett county. On this trip her husband accompanied her as far as Wheeling, W. Va., and then told her that he would follow her in two weeks, and upon her return to her home in Garrett county she received a letter from him dated Illinois stating that he was going as far away as he could and that he would never live with her again.

The bill further states that the conduct of the plaintiff towards her husband has always been kind, affectionate and above reproach, and that the defendant has without just cause or reason abandoned and deserted the plaintiff and declared his intention to live with her no longer.

That such abandonmhnt has continued uninterruptedly for at least three yeaas and is deliberate and final and the separation of the parties beyond hope of reconciliation.

That there was one child born of said marriage, viz., Cora, about three years of age.

That the plaintiff has resided in Garrett county more than three years prior to the filing of this suit, and that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Maryland.

The bill prays for a divorce a vinculo matrimonii by the plaintiff from the defendant, guardianship and custody of said infant child, general relief and an order of publication.

It is thereupon, this 31st day of May, 1916, ordered by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, in Equity that the plaintiff, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in said Garrett county once in each of four successive weeks before the 1st day of July, 1916, give notice to said absent defendant of the object and substance of this bill, warning him to appear in this court, in person or by solicitor, on or before the 17th day of July, 1916, to show cause, if any he has, why a decree ought not to be passed as prayed.

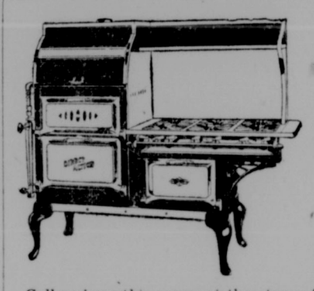
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy, Test: E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Do You Use Gas?

If you do come to W. E. Shirer and inspect and have demonstrated to you the Direct Action Gas Range, with the regular cooking top and the Direct Action Oven with the fireless cooker convenience added. The oven is the most essential part of all ranges and this range possesses the most marvelous oven yet produced which is a cooking oven as well as a baking oven and can be used to boil and bake at the same time.

The oven of this gas-range is operated on a distinctly new principle. The burners are placed in the oven itself; hence the name, "direct action." In design the range is on efficient cabinet type with a comfortable working height of thirty-two inches. Connected with the oven is a thermostat which reduces automatically the amount of gas allowed to flow through the burner at any temperature indicated. Thus at 200 degrees F. only a sub flame burns, while if the thermostat is set for a temperature of 300 degrees F. the furners show a full flame until 325 degrees F. is reached, when the supply of gas is cut off and the flame is reduced to a mere pin-point, capable of maintaining the temperature set. With this arrangement an oven of known temperature can be indefinitely maintained, and this is a marked advance in gas-cookery. **The food is first placed in the oven, the gas is then lighted, and the thermostat is set for the desired temperature.** The practical results obtained in this oven, as well as the temperature readings, show it to be an excellent investment.



Call and see this range at the store of W. E. Shirer any day or if you phone W. E. Shirer he will demonstrate to you any evening. This range must be seen to be appreciated.

W. E. SHIRER,
Oakland, Md.

Advertisement.

Assignee's Sale

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate

In Garrett County, Maryland.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a deed, reserving a vendor's lien, from Arnold A. Scherr et vir to Bertha V. Martin and Susanna Simons, bearing date 25th day of March, 1915, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 68, folio 274, one of the land records of said Garrett county, and assigned to the undersigned assignee, default having been made in payment of said vendor's lien therein, the undersigned assignee hereby gives notice that he will on

Saturday, the 17th day of June,

1916, at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m., in front of the Court House in the town of Oakland, Md., offer at public auction to the highest bidder all that piece or parcel of land situate in Garrett county, Maryland, and beginning for the same at a stake on East side of Arnold Road, and running thence N. 11° W. 11¾ poles; N. 7° E. 11 poles; N. 4° 50 minutes, 7 poles to a stake S. 51° and 15 minutes W. 28 poles to beginning, containing two acres, more or less, and being the same land mentioned and described in said deed.

Said land is improved by a dwelling house, stable and out-buildings.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash. Conveyancing at cost of purchaser.

JULIUS C. RENNINGER, Assignee.

NOTICE: Any responsible party making substantial and satisfactory down payment can secure reasonable terms for deferred payment. For further particulars see Renninger & Offutt, Attorneys, Oakland, Md.

Order of Publication.

Porter L. Custer, et al., vs. Amanda Custer et al.

No. 1691 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

The object of this petition is to procure an order from the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in equity, authorizing and directing the Trustee named in the decree in this cause to pay over a certain amount of money audited to Ora Crissie to the petitioner, Patrick S. Fazenbaker.

The petition, after setting out the filing of the original bill, the passage of a decree of sale and the appointment of the trustees, states, that after the passage of said decree, but before the sale of said real estate to-wit: on the 1st day of November, 1915, the said Ora Crissie, together with her husband, sold and conveyed to the said Pytrick S. Fazenbaker, all their rights, title and interest in the real estate in the proceedings mencioned, and executed and delivered a deed therefor which deed has been already filed in this cause with the petition of the said Fazenbaker praying that he be admitted as a party defendant therein, and is now prayed to be taken and considered as a part thereof.

The petition further states that there has been an audit stated in said cause, and prays that the amount audited to the said Ora Crissie may be paid over to said petitioner.

It is thereupon, this 2d day of May, 1916, ordered, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, in equity, that the petitioner, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett County, once in each of four successive weeks, before the 24th day of June, next, give notice to the said Ora Crissie of the object and substance of said petition, warning her to appear in this Court, in person or by solicitor, on or before the 1st day of July, next, to show cause, if any she has, why an order ought not be passed as prayed. And it is further ordered, that in lieu of such publication, a copy of this order may be served personally upon the said Ora Crissie, on or before the 20th day of June, 1916, in accordance with Section 127 of Article 16 of the Code of Public General Laws of the State of Maryland, warning her to appear and show cause as aforesaid.

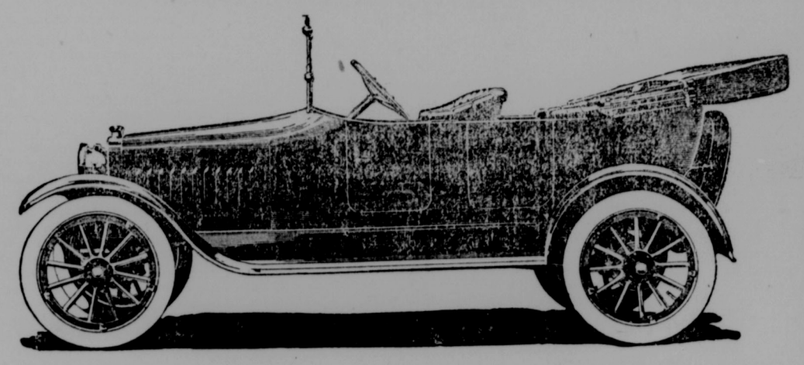
ROBERT R. HENDERSON.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

LOST—A nickel plated automobile crank. Finder please leave at this office.

SAXON "SIX"

big touring car for five people



Dramatic Editor of New York Journal Praises his Saxon "Six."

I have been driving a Saxon "Six" for the past month, and wish to offer an unsolicited recommendation.

To begin with, I own a seven-passenger car and have owned $5,000 cars for the past seven years. It is a remarkable fact, but I have never had any desire to operate a car myself, and have always employed a chauffeur. When I bought the Saxon "Six" I took one lesson, and then went forth in the "City of Gasoline" as my own chauffeur.

The car itself is a masterpiece in mechanism. It answers every call of the foot and hand. In short, it runs itself.

When you are stopped by traffic, and you want to start, it is off so fast, you are compelled to hold it back. Going up a hill, is the same as coasting down one. In appearance, no car for the money can approach it. When you pass others, whether they are in autos, or are walking on the street, they look upon this six-cylinder wonder in admiration, and only pass the most pleasing remarks.

Every man that owns a big car should own a Saxon "Six," and operate it himself to and from his office. Of course, it is hard to convince some men that they could run a car, but, if they tried once, it would settle tne question.

I consider the Saxon "Six" a wonderful purchase for the money.

C. F. ZITTEL, Dramatic Editor, New York Journal.

For a Demonstration of this wonderful car, call at Liller's Barber shop or Kelly's Livery, Oakland.

LILLER & KELLY, Agents
OAKLAND, MD.

Jas. D. Hamill

Justice of The Peace

AND

Real Estate Agent.

Prompt and careful attention given to all business entrusted to my care.

The sale or renting of farm or town property given special attention. No charge for advertising property placed in my hands. Office opposite Court House, Oakland, Md.

ORDER NISI.

In the matter of Clarence W. Perkins, assignee, vs. Robert C. McCandlish and Annie L. McCandlish, his wife.

No. 1936 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett county.

It is ordered this 13th day of May, 1916, upon the aforegoing report and affidavit, by the Circuit Court for Garrett county, sitting as a Court of Equity, that the said Clarence W. Perkins, assignee, be and he is hereby authorized and empowered to accept the offer of F. G. Fox, as above set forth, and to convey by a good and sufficient deed the property covered by said mortgage, to the said F. G. Fox, upon the terms and conditions above set forth, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 17th day of June 1916; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 10th day of June 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $1,000.

ROBERT R. HENDERSON,

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Administrator's Sale

OF

Personal Property

Under and by virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of Allegany county, Md., the undersigned administrator of the personal estate of G. N. Emory, late of Allegany county, Md., deceased, hereby gives notice that he will, on

Thursday, the 8th Day of June,

1916, at the hour of 1:30 o'clock p. m. in front of the First National Bank in the town of Oakland, Md., sell at public auction to the highest bidder.

One light Six-Cylinder Mitchell Touring Car, late 1914 model; seven pasenger, equipped with electric lights, starter and heating system. This car is in good condition and has been operated over only about nine hundred miles.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on the day of sale.

J. B. EMORY, Administrator.

TRUSTEE'S SALE

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate

Situate In Garrett County

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a Deed of Trust executed to the undersigned Trustee by Mary A. Wilson and George M. Wilson, her husband, default having occured in the terms of said trust, said Deed of Trust being dated the 3rd day of Septmber, 1902, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 41, folio 554, &c., one of the Mortgage Records of Garrett County, the undersigned will on

SATURDAY

the 10th day of June, 1916,

in front of the Court House in the town of Oakland, Maryland, at the hour of two o'clock P. M. of said day offer at public auction to the highest bidder all the following real estate, situate, lying and being in Garrett county and described as follow:

All that lot of ground situate, lying and being as aforesaid, which is known and designated as a part of Military Lot Number 973, containing the quantity of four and three sixteenth acres and being the same lot of ground which was conveyed to the said Mary A. Wilson by deed from Richard Reams et. ux., dated the 3rd day of September, 1902, and duly recorded among the Land Records of Garrett county, Maryland.

Said property is improved by a good dwelling house, orchard and other necessary outbuildings, and is all under fence.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on the day of sale, but if any responsible buyer takes the property I can arrange for the payment of one-third cash on the day of sale and the balance in two equal installments in one and two years from date by the purchaser executing a mortgage on the property for the deferred payments, and notes with security.

G. SEMMES HAMILL,
Trustee.

The man Who Makes

A STUDY OF HIS

APPEARANCE

Is the man who best appreciates the detail of the tailoring we turn out The workmanship passes without a question, the fit is naturally a matter of course, but the shape we mould into the garments give them a character that finishes them off and makes the satisfaction of the owner complete.

All this is a bid for your next tailoring order. We know we can make you the best clothes you ever wore We want you to know it. That orde s the best and only sure way to settle he question.

JAMES BROCK,

Dixon Building,

Oakland, Maryland.

Order Nisi.

C. A. Beachy, Treasurer of Garrett County, Maryland, vs. Clyde B. Moore.

No. 271, Miscellaneous Docket. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County Maryland.

Ordered, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland, this 6th day of May, 1916, that the tax sale made and reported in the above entitled case by C. A. Beachy, Treasurer of Garrett county, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 14th day of June, 1916; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 7th day of June, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $29.98.

ROBERT R. HENDERSON.

True copy, Test: E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

ORDER NISI.

C. A. Beachy, Treasurer of Garrett county, Maryland vs. Geo. D. Browning, L. E. Friend and R. C. McCandlish.

No. 270, Miscellaneous Docket In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Ordered by the Circuit Court for Garrett county, Maryland, this 6th day of May, 1916, that the tax sale made and reported in the above entitled case by C. A. Beachy, Treasurer of Garrett county, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 14th day of June, 1916, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 7rd day of June, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $29.98.

ROBERT R. HENDERSON.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Examinations for Free Scholarships.

Competitive examinations of applicants for State free scholarship (male), in Western Maryland College, good for four years, as well as for other valuable similar scholarships will be held in the Oakland Grammar school building upon Saturday, June 17, 1916, at 9 o'clock. Full particulars may be obtained at this office or at the time the examinations are to be held.

F. E. RATHBUN,
County Superintendent of Schools.

Advertisement 14-3t

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters Testamentry on the estate of

CHARLES C. MOODY

late of Garrett County, Md., deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 4th day of November, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 4th day of May, 1916.

WM. G. HENDERSON,
501 F. St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

KODAK SAFETY FILM

THE REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME 41. OAKLAND, MARYLAND THURSDAY, JUNE 8, 1916. NUMBER 15

A RECORD BREAKING RUN

Dr. W. W. Grant, in His Ford, Made Roundtrip to Pittsburgh Sunday.

Dr. W. W. Grant, of Oakland, in company with Mr. A. T. Matthews, left here Sunday morning about eight o'clock with the intention of driving in his Ford automobile to Hagerstown and return. Upon reaching Keyser's Ridge Dr. Grant decided to go west instead of east on the National road, and heading in that direction he ambled along to Pittsburgh where after spending upwards of two hours the return was made to Oakland, reaching here about eleven o'clock Sunday night and covering a distance of approximately two hundred and seventy-five miles.

So far as can be learned Dr. Grant is the only local automobilist who ever made the round trip to Pittsburgh from Oakland the same day.

Special Services in Baptist Church

On next Sunday (June 11) Rev. C. W. Hudson, of Achilles, Va., will preach in Deer Park at 11 o'clock a. m.; at Ferndale Baptist church at 2.30 o'clock p. m., and at Loch Lynn Baptist church at 7.45 o'clock p. m. During the following week Rev. Hudson will assist the pastor in a week's special meeting. A hearty invitation to attend these services is extended to all.

LEWIS JONES, Pastor.

Few Hens, Many Eggs.

County Commissioner George Warnick of Bloomington, is the owner of a nice home and the proprietor of a paying mercantile business in his hometown, but these are matters of secondary consideration with the genial Commissioner-merchant since his twenty-seven hens of various breeds and all colors have established a record in egg production. Commissioner Warnick is as proud of his twenty-seven hens as is the proprietor of Pittsburg's "fifty-seven" varieties, for these hens during the month of May produced five hundred and ninety perfectly good and strictly fresh eggs. Who can beat this record? Competion is free and open to all.

FORMER RESIDENT HERE.

Who Made Wedding Trip On First B. & O. Train, Visits Oakland Relatives.

Mrs. Mary Townshend, of Baltimore, who is a sister of the late Singleton Townshend, well known and remembered by many Oakland people as a merchant and good citizen, is in Oakland on a visit to Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Naylor and other relatives, accompanied by her daughter, Miss Lena Townshend, superintendent of the Red Cross Hospital at Hot Springs, Va.

Mrs. Townshend is a daughter of Leonard Townshend, who died more than half a century ago, and was born on what is now the Meshech Mattingly farm at Hoyes, later removing with her parents to the Armstrong farm, now owned and occupied by Mr. John T. Mitchell, adjoining Oakland. Here Mrs. Townshend became the bride of John Townshend in the year 1851. The couple left for their wedding journey on the first Baltimore and Ohio passenger train running eastward from Oakland.

Mrs. Townshend is well preserved notwithstanding her advanced years and takes a keen interest in the happenings of the day.

Annual Memorial Service.

Oak Lodge, 8', Independent Order of Odd Fellows, will hold its annual memorial services at the Loch Lynn Heights Baptist church at the hour of two-thirty o'clock on Sunday, June 18th. All members of the order are requested to be present, and the public is cordially invited. Rev. A. R. Snedegar, of Bloomington, will deliver the address. A special musical program will be rendered.

Notice to Trespassers.

All persons are hereby warned not to trespass on Hall's Hill, King's Hill or any part of the Perine lands. All persons found so trespassing will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

STEPHEN CASTEEL.
Advertisement, 15-3t*

FOR SALE—Cheap, a white wicker baby carriage; good as new. Apply to Harry Naylor, Oakland.

THE DEATH RECORD.

THOMAS H. LAYMAN.

Thomas H. Layman, aged 63 years, died at his home, the Halfway House, seven miles east of Grantsville on the National Pike, on last Thursday evening after an illness of severrl weeks of cancer of the stomach, his funeral taking place Monday after services conducted by the Rev. W. W. Morris, a former pastor, in Mount Zion Methodist Episcopal church, near the home of the deceased, which service was attended by a large number of friends, relatives and acquaintences of Mr. Layman and his bereaved family. Mr. Layman was born near Grantsville and was a son of George L. and Henrietta McKenzie Layman. He was one of the most progressive farmers of Garrett county and resided almost his entire lifetime upon the farm where he died. Politically Mr. Layman was a Republican and as such was elected about the year 1873 as one of the Board of County Commissioners of Garrett county and reelected as such a year or two later, when he was made president of that body. In 1873 he married Elizabeth Pope, daughter of the late Philip Pope, who survives him along with their three children, Charles Compton, Winfield Scott and Mrs. Forest Michael, the latter a resident of Cumberland. He is also survived by a number of brothers and sisters, the majority of whom reside in the west, Mrs. Ralph Engle, of Grantsville, being the only sister remaining in Garrett county.

MRS. FRANCES HERRING DIXON.

Mrs. Frances Herring Dixon, wife of Mr. Garrett V. Dixon, recently of near Friendsville, and mother of County Commissioner D. M. Dixon died, at the home of the latter in Oakland last Friday morning at an early hour of dropsy, with which she had been a sufferer for a number of months. Mrs. Dixon with her husband retired from their farm on Blooming Rose early this spring and were planning to spend the summer with their daughter at Keyser, West Va., after making a round of visits to their children in this county, and were on their way to their objective point when the deceased lady was taken ill. Mrs. Dixon was born near Friendsville in the year 1842 and was the daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Herring. In the month of December, 1861, she was married to Mr. Garrett V. Dixon, and to this union there were born thirteen children, eleven of whom with her husband survive. The children are as follows. Darius McClelland, of Oakland; James, of Keyser, Arthur, of Friendsville; Asa B. and John, both of near Accident; Mrs. Mary E. Green, who resides in the west; Mrs. Estella Sanders, of Johnstown, Pa.; Mrs. Mary Moore, of Keyser, West Va. Mrs. Dixon was a member of the Friendsville M. E. church for more than thirty-eight years and was buried from that edifice on Sunday morning, the Rev. Statler officiating. She was an excellent woman, loved and respected by everyone with whom she came in contact; a model wife and devoted mother; kind and gentle and inspiring others to live as they should. Mrs. Dixon's death was the first to occur in the immediate family within the period of thirty-eight years.

CIRCUIT COURT IN SESSION.

Large Number of Civil Cases Continued. Mr. E. E. Sollars of Oakland is Forman of Grand Jury.

The June term of the Circuit Court for Garrett county opened last Monday morning, with Judge M. L. Keedy, of Hagerstown, on the bench, Judge Henderson drove up from Cumberland Monday morning and was present at the opening of the court, but returned to Cumberland the same morning. He will return next week, at which time the Criminal docket will be taken up.

Judge Keedy, in his charge to the Grand Jury, of which Mr. E. E. Sollars is the foreman, elaborated considerably upon the duties of this body and called specific attention to the several important laws the violation of which it was the duty of the jury to investigate.

There will be in the neighborhood of 150 witnesses examined by the Grand jury.

The Appeal and Trial dockets were taken up on Monday morning and quite a large number of cases were continued. The following cases were disposed of:

APPEALS.

A. Shartzer vs E. J. Shank; tried before the court; judgment reversed and judgment for appelant for costs.

Board of Election Supervisors vs N. C. Browning; tried before the court and judgment reversed; each party to pay own costs.

Emma Specht vs C. R. Savage; tried before court; judgment reversed and costs to appellant.

Ford Motor Co. vs John Felty; trial; attachment quashed and case dismissed with costs to appellant.

Lincoln Callis vs Mayor and Council of Loch Lynn; trial; judgment reversed by agreement of council, each party to pay own costs.

TRIALS.

Lloyd Skiles vs Walter Coddington; settled; each party to pay own costs. Same in case of Adolphus P. Enlow vs vs Walter Coddington.

Marie Mills vs. W. E. Stanton; continued by consent of counsel, with certain stipulations.

Garrett County Telephone Co. vs Bridget C. McAndrews; removed to Allegany county by order of the court.

The petit jury was summoned for today and a number of jury trials will be taken up this morning.

Free Public Library Notes.

Contributions have been received from the following persons since our last report.

Mrs. E. Fundenberg, Mrs. W. R. Offutt, Mrs. E. Z. Tower, Mrs. H. W. McComas, Misses Tekla Fundenberg, Elizabeth West, Kathryn Shirer, Messrs. Walter Kahl, Irving Bumgartner.

SARAH ELIZABETH BANKS.

Sarah Elizabeth Banks, colored, aged fifty years, daughter of the late Baker Banks, of Oakland, died at her home on Water street Tuesday afternoon at five o'clock of organic heart disease, with which she had been a sufferer during the past two or three years. She was well known and highly respected. Her funeral will occur today.

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE TUBERCULOSIS ASSOCIATION

Association Plans Extensive County Campaign.

The Maryland Association for Prevention and Relief of Tuberculosis will hold its Annual Meeting on Friday afternoon of this week at Osler Hall, in the Medical & Chirurgical Faculty Building. Dr. Henry Barton Jacobs, the President of the Association, will preside. At 4:30 P. M. there will be a business meeting of the Association, and at 5 o'clock the meeting will be open to the general public, when the Rev. Samuel McComb, D. D., Canon Missioner of the Cathenral of the Incarnation, will deliver the main address of the day. Dr. McComb's subject will be The Class Method of Treating Tuberculosis, to which plan Dr. McComb had given considerable study and personal attention before he came to Baltimore. It sufficient interest is shown in the idea, it is probable that the class method will be tried out in Baltimore in the near future.

According to its Executive Secretary, the Tuberculosis Association had a very successful sale of the Red Cross Christmas Seals this past season, the state sale totaling 980,000, exceeding that of 1914 by about 265,000 Seals, and the next highest sale, in 1911, 376,000 Seals. This substantial increase, together with the funds received through the campaign of the Alliance of Charitable and Social Agencies last December, will permit the Association to develop its work in an extensive way, and also, to extend its activities over a larger field. The Association has added to its staff as an assistant to Robert C. Powell, its Executive Secretary, Mr. Alden Anderson, formerly a Yale graduate student in Economics and Sociology, and lately, in children's work in Boston. Mr. Anderson will be in charge of the Association's educational and organizational County Campaign, to be conducted throughout the state between May 1st and October 15th, when a full week will be spent in each county; by lectures, motion pictures, surveys, and a wide distribution of the society's literature, it is hoped to educate the people not only as to the dangers, treatment, and prevention of tuberculosis, and the proper and adequate means for its control, but also, to impress upon them the necessity of having county anti-tuberculosis committees fight the disease at close range in their respective counties, and to bring about the formation of such committees. The Association has already purchased a Ford car which is being fitted with a commercial body and furnished with other equipments for an extensive field campaign. Mr. Anderson and his helper when enroute will camp out nights and illustrate as they go along, the value of sleeping in open-air. Already several organizations and prominent people in the various counties have become interested in the campaign and have offered their co-operation.

Other items on the Association's program for the year, will be a study of the tuberculosis dispensaries' situation with a view of ascertaining how fully the present facilities of this kind meet the needs of the community, the further investigation of the state's negro tuberculosis problem, and the working out of the plans for the extension of the open-air classes, particularly in connection with the public schools. The Association is also developing plans for the construction and distribution of a simple open-air sleeping and sitting device which it is hoped can be furnished free or at a small cost on recommendation of the Health Department, to tuberculosis patients in the most congested sections. This device will permit the patient to have the advantages of sitting or sleeping in the open air which would be impossible under conditions where a whole family occupies one or two rooms and the opening of windows would cause great inconvenience and possibly jeopardize the health of the patient's family, if there was insufficient fuel, wearing apparel or bed clothing.

ATTENTION, FARMERS.

Domo Improved Cream Separators, $35.00 and $43.50.

C. N. MCINTIRE,
Adv. tf. Oakland, Md.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

Bargains in 9x12 Matting Rugs

We purchased a large lot of these rugs early and can offer them at $2.75 to $3.00 each. Present whole sale price $3.00.

Also nice line of Matting to offer below present market price.

Our Gold Medal and Gold Loaf Flour is a big bargain at $6.50 per barrel.

Can use 200 to 300 bushels of Potatoes at a good round price.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

C. H. BROWNING

Deer Park's Best Store

WANTED

Potatoes and Young Chickens

Will pay $1.00 per bushel for potatoes and highest market price for young chickens.

Special Premium Offer

With each $3.00 purchase, cash or trade and 25 cents extra, I will give a handsomely decorated individual seven piece set of dishes.

Get right Trade at Browning's.

Offutt's

Foot Wear

We have a complete line of Walk Over shoes and oxfords for men. In the latest and plain styles.

For Women and Children

"Colonial Pump," "English Walking" "Mary Jane" and a number of popular styles.

Men's Straw Hats and Panamas. All the new styles for this season.

We pay the highest Market Price for Wool. Cash or trade.

OFFUTTS'

Kitchener and Staff Lose Lives When Mine or "Sub" Sinks British Battleship

Officials Give Up Hope of Finding War Minister—Arrange for Memorial Service.

Navy to Mourn for Week—Cruiser Was Sunk Off Orkney Islands Says Admiralty--Bodies of Crews Found By Searching Parties.

LONDON, June 6.—All Britain was stunned tonight by grief over the tragic loss of Earl Kitchener, who with his entire staff as Secretary of State for War, was drowned off the Orkney Island when the cruiser Hampshire, on which they were voyaging to Russia, was sunk either by a mine or torpedo. The casualties probably will total five hundred.

Official hope of Earl Kitchener being found alive was indicated as entirely abandoned when the press bureau announced tonight that memorial services would be held in St. Paul's at a date as yet unfixed.

An early order also was issued by the King directing that officers shall wear mourning for the late war secretary for the week commencing tomorrow.

As soon as the first shock of the news had passed a meeting of the British war council was called. It was reported following this meeting that General Sir William Robertson, chief of the Imperial staff, whom Earl Kitchener left in charge of the war office, probably would succeed Earl Kitchener as head of the war office.

The news of England's greatest personal loss since the war, which has stunned London, already used to shocks, was issued in the following formal bulletin:

"The Admiralty reports with deep regret that the ship Hampshire, with Lord Kitchener and his staff on board, was sunk last night about 8 o'clock off the Orkney Islands by a mine or a torpedo.

"Four boats were seen by observers on the shore to leave the ship. Heavy seas were running, but patrol vessels and destroyers at once proceeded to the scene.

"The whole shore has been searched from seaward, but it is greatly feared that there is little hope for any survivors.

"No report has yet been received from the searching party on shore."

A late announcement from the Admiralty said that the searching parties, sent out in boats along the coast, had found only bodies of the drowned and one capsized boat. There was still the faint hope that possibly some might have reached shore and proceeded inland in search of aid. On account of the high sea, however, this was not considered likely, and the Admiralty did not encourage the hope of any survivors being found.

It was stated that the Hampshire was on her way to Russia, where Kitchener was to hold conferences with the officials at Petrograd.

The Hampshire was in command of Capt. Herbert J. Savill. The report of the loss of the ship was telegraphed to the Admiralty by Admiral Sir John Jellicoe, commander of the British home fleets.

Lord Kitchener had been Secretary of State for War since August 5th, 1914, the day after which declarations of war were exchanged between England and Germany.

The death of Kitchener, the one strong man in whom the British Empire had put its trust since fighting began in Europe, came as a terrific and staggering blow.

Lord Kitchener was 66 years old, having been born in Ballylongford, County Kerry, Ireland, on June 24, 1850.

Public consternation and amazement followed the announcement that Lord Kitchener and his staff were sent to their deaths by a mine or torpedo.

Crowds gather in Whitehall about the war office, seeking further details, following the formal announcement of the loss of "K. of K."

The flag on the war office was at half mast and the blinds of the office were drawn.

The crowd received no further information, and the air of the officials indicated clearly that they held no hope that Kitchener might have escaped.

Surprise was expressed that a cruiser bearing the Minister of War could have been destroyed either by a torpedo or a mine. It is probable that the question whether the cruiser had an escort and whether she was provided with any protection against submarines will be put directly to the government.

Many comments were heard in the crowd about the war office. Many remarked that it "was lucky it didn't happen before conscription became effective." They referred to the great power of Kitchener's name in stimulating voluntary recruiting.

Married.

LEWIS—SMITH—Miss Anna Smith, of Oakland, Md., and Mr. William Lewis, of this city were quietly married on Saturday evening at the parsonage of the Methodist Protestant Church by the pastor, Rev. J. Alfred Selby. The bride wore a navy blue jacket suit stylishly designed, with hat and other accesories to harmonize. The young couple will begin housekeeping at once, and will reside on east Seventh street. Mrs. Lewis, whose home is in Maryland, has filled a position for some time in Fairmont, is an attractive and accomplished young lady. The groom is a popular employe of the Amicon Produce Company, of this city, and is a young man of fine characteristics. Both young people are well and favorably known and the news of their marriage will be of interest here and elsewhere. Parkersburg Sentinel.

REPUBLICANS IN BIG CONVENTION

National Gathering Opened Formally in Chicago.

CROWD FILLS THE COLISEUM

Senator Harding Of Ohio Is Elected Temporary Chairman and Delivers the Keynote Speech—Committees Are Named.

Chicago, June 7.—The Republican party opened its great quadrennial show—the national convention—today before a capacity house. Despite the fact that the proceedings of the first session were to be only preliminary formalities, the people flocked to the Coliseum by the thousand and poured through the many entrances in solid streams for hours. When Charles D. Hilles, chairman of the national committee, arose at eleven o'clock and took up the gavel to call the convention to order there was not one vacant seat in the immense structure.

It was a fine setting for an important event. The Coliseum was decorated as never before, with flags and bunting draping the girders and galleries and covering all bare spots on the end walls. Up in a gallery at the south end of the hall a brass band was pouring forth patriotic and popular airs. Back of the speaker's rostrum, where sat Mr. Hilles and his working force of 35 men, were grouped many members of the diplomatic corps who had come on from Washington, and the distinguished guests of the convention, among them all living ex-chairmen of Republican national conventions. To the right and left of these were placed the members of the national committee and their guests.

In the body of the hall, directly in front of the speaker's stand, were the 991 delegates gathered about their state standards, and back of them 991 alternates. Just below the rostrum and on both sides of it were the 425 working newspaper men, and in the galleries all around the hall were the thousands of spectators who had been fortunate to obtain admission tickets.

Convention Begins Business.

Mr. Hilles was heartily applauded when he stood before the throng, gavel in hand. He spoke but briefly in calling the great gathering to order, and called on Rev. John Timothy Stone, pastor of the Fourth Presbyterian Church of Chicago, to deliver the invocation. Dr. Stone's eloquent and impressive prayer was followed by the reading of the call for the convention by James B. Reynolds, of Massachusetts, secretary of the national committee.

Mr. Hilles then called for nominations for temporary chairman. Of course the selection of United States Senator Charles Warren Harding of Ohio for that position had been all settled long ago and his election by unanimous vote was only a formality. Senator Harding is an imposing figure, and as he accepted the gavel from the hands of Mr. Hilles he was enthusiastically cheered.

Chairman Harding's Address.

Chairman Harding launched at once into his "keynote" speech, and did not belie his reputation for eloquence and deftness of phrase. He began with a warm plea for harmony in the party ranks, coupled with the confident assertion that such harmony already was an assured fact. With unctuous sentences he skillfully oiled the way for the smooth return of those who left the party four years ago to follow the Bull Moose standard, and he declared to them and to the world that he did not believe there was a really reactionary Republican among the delegates.

As might have been expected, Mr. Harding early in his address took up the subject of national defense. His utterances on this topic were reasonably emphatic and in line with the preparedness sentiment that has been spreading over the land. Our national unselfishness has been proved since the great war broke out, he said, and our national weakness in defense revealed. The foreign policy of the Democratic administration, both in relation to Europe and in the matter of Mexico, was dealt with in a few caustic sentences, and the plan to "turn loose" the Philippines also was scored.

The speaker devoted some attention to the need, from a Republican point of view, for a protective tariff, and then turned to the topic of Americanism. Here he once more let his eloquence have full play, and his call for loyalty, devotion and love for the United States on the part of every one of its citizens was answered by a roar of cheers.

"Verily, it is good to be an American. And we may rejoice to be Republicans," he concluded.

Routine Business Transacted.

When the band music that burst forth at the end of Senator Harding's speech was over and the assemblage quieted down again, the other temporary officers were nominated and elected, and the chairmen of the various state delegations were called on to send up the names of the men selected by the delegations to represent them on the committees on credentials, permanent organization, rules and order of business, and resolutions. In most

Six hundred trolley car employes at New London, Conn., went on strike.

President Wilson presented diplomas to the graduating class at the Naval Academy.

All trade unionists who have not already done so were requested by Samuel Gompers to contribute one hour's pay on June 25 to the Danbury hatters, who are paying a judgment of $252,000 obtained against them.

Arthur Warren Waite, convicted of poisoning his father-in-law, John E. Peck of Grand Rapids, entered the death house at Sing Sing. He was sentenced to die in the chair during the week beginning July 10.

Senator Bankhead, chairman of the Senate post office committee, formerly demanded of Postmaster Burleson the resignation of James I. Blakslee, Fourth Assistant Postmaster-General.

The Republican National Committee voted that the Coliseum in Chicago, must be "absolutely dry."

A woman teacher in the schools of the District of Columbia may marry and still retain her position, the Court of Appeals at Washington ruled.

A request for a reopening of hearings in the anthracite case was denied by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Kansas City police have recovered the knife that was hurled at Colonel Roosevelt during the Memorial Day parade.

MEXICAN CAMPAIGN

Mexican forces massed in strategic positions, so as to menace the 13,000 American troops in Gen. Pershing's command, number 30,000 in Chihuahua and 17,000 in Sonora.

Although highly incensed with the tone of the Carranza note, and particularly with its suggestion that the troops are being kept in Mexico for political reasons, United States officials are inclined to the belief that it was written largely for home consumption.

The text of the 8,000-word note from General Carranza, which, while objecting strongly to the continued presence of American soldiers on Mexican soil, was described as being "less than an ultimatum," was made public.

Rumors transmitted by the border military commanders as matters of information for the War Department said 22,000 Carranza troops were mobilized near Chihuahua City.

Americans and other foreigners, as well as Mexicans, of Mexico City, not in the military service are turning over their firearms to the authorities, in compliance with an order of the military commandant. Evasion of the order will be punished severely.

SPORTING

Fifinella, winner of last week's New Derby, won the New Oaks Stakes of $5,0000 at Newmarket, England.

William B. Moore, of New York, was re-elected captain of the Princeton track team.

Essex Park, Hot Springs, Ark., will reopen for horse racing on November 30.

"Shorty" Matthews, of Springfield, Mass., lowered the Lebanon track record of 1.11 2-5 when he negotiated the mile, riding on an Indian motorcycle, in 1.08 4-5.

With the greatest crowd that ever saw the running of the historic Suburban cheering him to victory, August Belmont's three year old colt Friar Rock by Rock Sand-Fairy Gold won.

Barney Oldfield smashed the lap record of the Indianapolis Motor Speedway, when he circled the two-and-a-half-mile course in 1.27.70, an average speed of 102.623 miles an hour. The former record of 1.30.13 was made by Georges Boillot in 1914.

FOREIGN

King George of England celebrated his 51st birthday.

Italian troops in Albania, near Avlona, were defeated by Austrians.

All banks in Venice are reported to have been closed, and the cash sent south because of Austrian advance.

Large numbers of wounded men from the North Sea fleet began to arrive in London.

Government troops quelled rioting of striking oil employes at Talara, Peru. No Americans were killed during the rioting.

United States marines were landed at Puerto Plata, Santo Domingo.

A great patriotic demonstration marked the funeral services in Paris of Gen. A. Gallieni, the "Savior of Paris," and former war minister.

A basis of agreement for the settlement of the Irish problem has been reached and the proposed Irish Parliament is to be instituted without delay. Ulster will be excluded from this measure.

A record of a submarine staying out on a trip lasting 46 days without touching land has been achieved by a British E-boat.

Food rioting is reported from Cologne, Germany.

Reports from Romanshire, a Swiss town on Lake Constance, say that a new super-Zeppelin, 750 feet long, is undergoing trials, over the lake.

Announcement was made in the British House of Commons that 195 neutral ships bound from Scandinavian ports to England have been captured by the Germans.

Lord Robert Cecil, British War Trade Minister, conferred with French cabinet officers in Paris as to the best methods to tighten the blockade of Germany.

Subscriptions to the new Austrian war loan total $1,200,000,000.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

Proper Amusements.

I might refer to the social gatherings where youth with merriment and wit are assembled. They abound in the forms of the various benevolent socities where both sexes attend. Mere pleasure should never be substituted in these gatherings for utility. In these and in evening parties let there be freedom of social enjoyment, never however losing sight of the fact of our accountability. There are a variety of parlor games that add to the interest of a party and help make the occasion pleasant.

The "Russian game of gossip" illustrates one of the evils of society and shows the folly and wickedness of gossip. The game of the Poets is literary and gives a good opportunity to show your knowledge of the poets.

The game of Characters, when by questions we learn and give out our inforn ation on the freak characters of different countries and cities and of the world.

Charades! Yes, a bit prosy now because they require mental exertion and if rightly conducted may be made an educator. Other games to which the ingenuity of the young can devise draw the mind from serious and toilsome duties and fit it to resume life's duties with new zeal. Though they may be called tame, they blend utility with amusement.

Why not spend an evening in reading and recreation. Let one read for the benefit of the company. There's amusement and profit. Everyone should find time for reading. Select books of history, biography, travel, science, morals and religion. You thus learn of the past, get the advantage of the travels of others and travel with them where they travel. We can fathom the deep places of the sea or make the acquaintance of the great and noble of earth.

Reading combines pleasure, recreation, profit and amusement. It need neither poison the mind nor exhaust it. It is invigorating, furnishes relaxation, and fits for the duties of life and enlarges the soul.

Here is where the benefits of a good reading room comes in. We have opportunities to enjoy ourselves without being patrons of vice and we can easily secure them, Traveling is a factor in our education and affords something to talk about, and after all isn't it true that the chief reason why society is compelled to resort to childish amusements is the lack of ability to talk fluently.

Contact with the world gives expansion of soul. The cost of traveling places it beyond the means of most people, yet is it not true that many in five years spend enough on dances, theatres, movies etc, to give them a trip to Europe or the Golden Gate. Many a young man in one year squanders enough to pay his fare to N. Y., and home by the Lakes. Who shall despise the luxury of a ramble in the woods with a gun or a fishing excursion; or a croquet or tennis party or a game of ball.

There is an amusement that is a delight to all. The songs of home chase dull care away. Music gladdens the heart and soothes the spirit. "He that hath no music in his soul is fit for treason, anarchy and spoils." Music is God given and ennobling and though the vileness of man has dragged it down into vicious uses it may be made, as it was designed to be, a means of an elevated moral culture. It is soul inspiring to be reared amidst the melody of musical instruments and the sound of voices, and it has a fascination for all.

You can sing your way into the heart when every avenue of the being is closed against other means. The ancient Hebrews every where mingled it with joy and sorrow. It was their chief source of amusement. Luther recieved his baths with songs and notes of his flute.

Greeks and Romans went to battle to the sound of melody. If you want to enthuse a Highlander sound the bagpipe. Would you nerve the wavering column for the fearful charge, let the band strike up some enlivening air. Music has an incalculable influence on young natures. It rests the body and mind, dispels sadness, routs the unruly temper, quiets rising pasisons, brightens the soul and sweetens disaster. What better amusement than a good concert? It elevates your thoughts to heaven.

How the pleasure of doing good lights up the eye, dispels the gloom and quickens the pulsations of the heart, a word fittly spoken; a kind act, or a part of our money spent for the relief of suffering. The joy of doing good is recreation of the grandest kind. As I looked at the rapids of Niagra, one day, the guide showed me the place where a party left to make the other shore. Though warned of his danger he persisted in relying on his skill and strong arm. He was powerless in the rapids and was soon swept over the falls. How like that foolish man are those who think there is no danger of their being led into extremes or destruction, but self reliantly embark on the dangerous stream of worldly pleasures. Even though they be right in themselves it is foolish to use them to excess, for, though it affords gratification to the senses, is liable to end in darkness and death. There is one however that exceeds all others in importance and relaxation from toil. It is religion. Some think it a drudgery. If so then they haven't enough of it. It brings holy satisfaction, comfort in sorrow and centers the mind on a pure object. It affords communion with God which is better enjoyment than all the hollow shams of the world, and dispels the shadows that fall over the sinner's path.

Lose not sight of the fact that soon you are to lie in the grave. Think of the great future. You are formed for noble ends. You will be with angels demons. Though pleasure calls with a siren voice and companions urge you into folly, though every thing conspires to silence the voice of God's word, turn from them.

"The stars shall fade away, the sun grow dim with age and nature sink in years, but thou mayest flourish in immortal youth, unhurt amidst the war of elements, and the crash of worlds."

It is proper to seek amusement. Nothing in nature or religion that forbids the enjoyment, in a proper manner and to a reasonable extent of all the facilties that God has given us. Whenever we debase we wrong. There is no excuse for plucking the poison flowers of sin. Reason, conscience, experience and revelation unite in declaring, "the way of the transgressor is hard." We may think we are drinking of the sweets of pleasure for a season, and the heart may beat gaily in its fancied security, yet the end thereof is death, for in satan's garden every tree is laden with poisoned fruit and death is the result of eating.

JOANNES.

Former Assemblyman Green Writes a Letter From The Far West.

To the Editor of The Republican.

Would you give space in your paper for a few lines from a former citizen of Garrett county. For a long time I had intended to write you and through your paper reach my friends, but through considerable business I have continually neglected to do so. You and my many friends will remember me as a former school teacher and a "dabbler" in politics. In this latter connection I became very unpleasantly embroiled in a libel case.

Soon after coming to North Dakota I fell into an old fashioned Methodist revival meeting and made my peace with God. I also wrote to the injured individuals in Garrett asking their forgiveness and heartily forgiving them, and I want to say to any who may have felt offended or harsh at me, I ask their pardon and freely give mine.

I would like to extend my hands across these 1500 miles to all my friends and acquaintances in rememberance of the best days in the past. In my younger days I felt called into the ministry, but like Jonah I refused to go and God had to take me through the deep waters of disappointments. However, I have found that our disappointments are God's appointments at times. I have gone into the ministry and am joyfully laboring in the Lord's vineyard.

I have been married nearly four years and have a little daughter 15 months old.

This is an agricultural state, wheat being the principal crop. However diversified farming is proving more profitable.

The school system in this state is very good, but the country schools are small, having from four to fifteen pupils.

I would be glad to hear from my old friends. I have not forgotton them and the scenes of our friendships are still frese in my memory.

"With malice toward none and charity for all,"

I am, sincerely,
L. F. GREEN.

Fort Rice, N. D., May 27, 1916.

BITTINGER.

The rains of last Saturday were followed by a cool wave, which on Saturday and Sunday nights very nearly reached the frost point.

F. M. Bittinger made a flying trip to St. Paul, Pa., one day last week.

Mrs. Benjamin Bittinger and daughter of Cumberland, who spent last week with relatives here, returned to their city home on Saturday.

Mrs. Lewis Lininger and son Ralph, of Accident, were calling on relatives here a few days ago.

Messrs. H. P. Hay, of Berlin, Pa., and D. J. Meyers, of Meyersdale, Pa., were buying beef cattle in this section recently.

Albert Brenneman and family were visiting and shopping over at Salisbury, Pa., last Friday.

A delegation of citizens from this district went to Oakland on Monday to appear before the Commissioners in the interest of their public roads.

The congregation of the Lutheran church of this village is rehearsing for a children's day service to be held late in June.

Forty Years Ago.

General William Tecumseh Sherman and family arrived in Oakland to spend the summer, their stopping place being the Oakland Hotel.

GROW BUCKWHEAT

Puts Soil in Fine Mellow Condition and Destroys Weeds.

Buckwheat is at present grown in this country almost wholly in the States east of the Mississippi River and north of the cotton belt. About seven-tenths of the crop is grown in the two States, New York and Pennsylvania, but it is important in several other States, principal among which are Michigan, West Virginia, Virginia, Wisconsin and Ohio. In the more northern States buckwheat can be sown over practically the entire area without reference to elevation, but farther south it is confined to the uplands and mountainous sections.

Buckwheat should be sown on land prepared as for corn. It is an excellent crop to sow where corn has been planted but where a stand has not been secured. Best results are obtained where the land is plowed early and is well prepared, but fairly good results can be obtained by sowing immediately after plowing and harrowing.

Buckwheat should generally be seeded at the rate of 3 or 4 pecks per acre. If the soil is fertile and a drill is used and the seed is of good vitality, as little as 2 pecks may be sufficient. As much as 5 pecks are sometimes sown. It is best to use a grain drill, but this is not essential, as the seeds can be broadcasted and harrowed in with satisfactory results. It should be sown from one-fifth of an inch to 2 inches deep, depending on the condition of the soil.

There is probably no other crop that will produce better on infertile, poorly tilled lands than will buckwheat. It is well suited to light well-drained soils, such as sandy loams, and to the silt loam soils. It needs but little lime, growing well in acid soils without lime, where alfalfa and red clover would not succeed. When the soil is poor, it is profitable to use fertilizer, but where good wheat or corn crops can be produced without fertilizer, it is unnecessary for the buckwheat crop. On the poorest hill land a small application of nitrogen and phosphorus is advisable, but generally nitrogen is not needed. The plant responds very readily to applications of phosphates, however. Low-grade fertilizers containing phosphorus and a small amount of potassium can be used to advantage on the crop where the land is poor.

Three varieties of buckwheat are commonly grown in the United States, Japanese, Silver Hull, and Common Grey, the first two being most generally used. Japanese has a large dark-colored seed, while the Silver Hull has a smaller seed, glossy or silvery in appearance. These two varieties are of about equal value, when yields are considered.

Buckwheat is very sensitive to cold and is killed by the first heavy frost. It fills best in cool weather, however, and so the sowings are deferred to allow only time for the crop to mature before frost occurs. Under the most favorable conditions a buckwheat crop will mature in 10 weeks, but the average time is about 12 weeks. When seeded the last week in June or the first week in July in New York and Pennsylvania and about a week earlier in Michigan and Wisconsin it is most likely to escape injury from hot weather, which with drying winds and hot nights, causes the flowers to blast and fail to produce seed. The seeding time for any locality is determined fairly accurately by allowing it a period of 12 weeks for growth before the first killing frost is expected.

The farmer does not need expensive machinery for harvesting the buckwheat crop. An old-fashioned cradle, although it requires hard labor, does the harvesting well. The drop reaper, however, is one of the most satisfactory machines for harvesting. Many farmers use the ordinary binder, which practice is advisable where it can be followed. Cutting is begun as soon as the first lot of blossoms have disappeared, or often just before the first frost is expected. Buckwheat will mature its seed in a few days, if, after cutting, the crop is left in loose bundles where they are dropped from the cradle or reaper. It should then be set up in small shocks and tied near the top with some strands of the straw bent upward from the sides of the shock. The cut buckwheat is usually left in the field in the shocks until threshing time, when it is drawn in and threshed either with the flail or by machinery.

The farmer need generally have no fear of this crop being damaged by either insect enemies or fungous diseases, as the buckwheat plant is but little affected by either of these. It is an excellent crop for destroying weeds and for renovating and putting the soil in fine mellow condition.

GRANTSVILLE.

The Communion season was observed at the Casselman Mennonite church, the past week, beginning with a series of evening services, the preparatory service on Saturday, and the sacrament of the Lord's Supper on Sunday morning. A large number of communicants was present, together with a crowd of strangers and members of other churches, the little edifice being crowded and many standing outside. One unaccustomed to the rites and ordinances of this religion may feel a slight surprise as the ceremony proceeds, but what impresses one most of all is the reverence and simplicity manifest. The singing is conducted without any instrumental accompaniment, the many voices keeping almost perfect time in the sweet old hymns. The sacrament differs slightly from that in many other churches and is followed by the rite of feet-washing, each brother, girding himself with towel and carrying a baisin of water, performs this humble task in quiet humility and love for his neighbor. The sisters perform a like service for one another. This is done in commemoration of the example of our Master whenHe walked upon earth. The services were conducted most ably by Rev. Saylor from Johnstown, assisted by Revs. Ed. Miller, G. D. Miller, N. E. Miller and H. M. Gelnet, all of Springs, Pa.

At the Amish church the communion service was also held quite similar in character to that of the Mennonites. Many notable speakers were present. The German language was used.

In the village, services were held in St. Stephen's Roman Catholic church in the morning, by Rev. Father Aloysius; in the Reformed church in the morning, by Rev. L. N. Wilson, and in the Lutheran church in the afternoon by Rev. E. E. Onev. There were also services at the Lutheran church in the Cove, in the morning, a number of Grantsville people being present.

A party was given to Master Clyde Miller by his mother, Mrs. Clarence Miller, on Saturday in honor of his fourth birthday. The little guests included Mabel, Lelia and Evelyn Younkin, Jane and Ella Bowen, Viola and Evelyn Swauger, Mildred Bonig, Paul Livengood, William Bevans, Harold, William, Willis and Ralph Younkin, Rexford Bittinger, Luther and Glenn Miller and Clyde Bender. A birthday cake, with four candles which were lit for the occasion, was the center of attraction, and icecream was among the refreshments. The little hostess was assisted by Mrs. Mark Bender, Mrs. L. T. Bittinger and Miss Edna Bender, in caring for the wee tots, all of whom enjoyed the occasion immensely.

Oliver Buckle, the Bittinger mail carrier, uses a motor truck now, on his route.

Mrs. Mary Miller is undergoing treatment following an operation of the head at the Allegany Hospital, Cumberland.

Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Deal and child of Accident, and Harvey Deal, of Addison, were guests of their sister, Mrs. Joel Miller, on Sunday.

A motor party from Cumberland took supper at the Victor on Sunday.

Automobile parties are seen in large numbers here each day and particularly on Sundays, all the hotels being kept busy all day long. Last Sunday the Nationol served dinner to sixty-five guests.

Wm. Gnagey and sister, Mrs. Clarence Loechel, attended the funeral Jonas Speicher, at Accident, on Monday.

Mrs. Mary Taylor, of Cumberland, was a guest of Mrs. Eva Bevans on Sunday.

The following men were in Frostburg on Sunday some of them attending the ball game at that place: U. M. Stanton, Edgar Roberts, Tom McKensie, Arthur Johnson. D. W. Dorsey, Eugene Younkin and Wm. Miller.

Mrs. Geoage Younkin, son Floyd and daughter Elinor were guests of the former's father, Jacob Beckett, of Cove, on Saturday.

Gilead Broadwater and daughter, Mrs. Eva Bevans, and children and Mrs. Mary Taylor and child were Somerfield visitors Sunday, making the trip in Mr. Broadwater's new Dodge car.

Mr. and Mrs. Orville Piot of Meyersdale were Grantsville visitors Sunday.

Mrs. C. S. Zeller has been elected delegate to the Lutheran Sunday School Convention which meets at Johnstown the latter part of June.

Floyd Younkin and Earl Miller are going to Pittsburgh this week to get employment in the Westinghouse works.

Mrs. Charles Zeller and Miss Christine Winterberg spent Wednesday in Springs, guests of Mrs. Menno Miller and her mother, Mrs. D. S. Maust.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Engle, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Loechel and Dr. Lloyd Loechel of Elk Lick were guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Loechel, Sunday.

Miss Lena Stanton and Guerney, Dalton and Eugene Miller and Fern Folk are recovering from measles.

Mrs. M. J. Miller spent Saturday in Grantsville, guests of Mrs. C. S. Zeller.

OAKLAND CASH BUYERS CO.,—Pay cash for spring Pigs, Calves, Lambs, Chickens, Turkeys, Eggs, etc. L. W. HOPKINS, W. L. CASTEEL, J. W. DAVIS. Adv. 10-tf

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County Maryland, Letters of Testamentary on the estate of

JOHN M. DAVIS

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 8th day of December, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under our hand this 8th day of June, 1916.

CHAS. S. DAVIS,
JOHN W. DAVIS,
Executors
Oakland, Md.

BRIEF PLATFORM VIEW OF HILLES.

Only Planks Dealing With Vital Questions Will Be Inserted.

Chicago, Ills., May 29.—Chairman Charles D. Hilles, of the Republican National Committee, tonight expressed the opinion that the platform which will be adopted by the convention next month will be unusually brief and deal only with the most vital public questions. From information obtained in talking with party leaders on the subject he believes the principal planks in the platform will include the following:

A statement on Americanism.

A statement on preparedness or adequate military and naval defense.

A declaration in favor of protective tariff to be prepared by a non-partisan tariff commission created by Congress with special attention to the needs of this country after the close of the European war.

A declaration in favor of a merchant marine.

A statement dealing with the alleged shortcimings of the Democratic administration.

On the question of national women suffrage, Chairman Hilles said there was a difference of opinion and he did not know what action the convention would take on the subject.

LINCOLN'S TARIFF POLICY

Tne following was the Republican party's tariff plank in the platform of 1860:

"That while providing revenue for the pupport of the general government by duties upon imports, sound policy requires such an adjustment of these imposts as to encourage the development of the industrial interests of the whole country; and we commend that the policy of national exchanges which secures to the workingman liberal wages, to agriculture remunerative prices, to mechanics and manufacturers an adequate reward for their skill, labor, and enterprise, and to the nation commercial prosperity and independence."

It is not true, as President Wilson has asserted, that the Republican party has not had a new idea in thirty years, but we challenge him to run for re-election on a tariff policy that directly challenges the Republican tariff policy as expressed 56 years ago.

COMPULSOSY SUFFRAGE.

In America we have discussed and tried out at one time or another pretty much all kinds of suffrage, but little or nothing has ever been suggested in the way of Compulsory Suffrage. A big daily making a specialty of foreign news contained a long account the other morning of the recent Presidential election in Argentine Republic, a paragraph of which follows:

"The law which made voting secret, also made it compulsory and every voter who does not vote is fined 20 pesos. In order that attention may be better focussed on the election all forms of amusement are prohibited during the hours the polls are open. Another feature which seems strange to North Americans is that real interest in the Presidential campaign is confined to the week preceeding the election. In fact, the Radical party did not nominate its candidate until a few days before the election."

There is always great excitement about election time in this country about "getting out the vote," this operation being left to the respective political parties, the idea being of course that the several parties were interested in the enterprise to such an extent that they would provide the means out of their own war chests to transport the greater part of the electorate to the polls in automobiles. Therefore no one seems to have thought of the expedient of furnishing any other incentive to the people to express their own will. This of course is an economic waste, and the money squandered by the various political parties in gasoline each year could much better be spent in legitimate advertising and printing in the exploitation, in simple form, of the various campaign questions in order that those who ordinarily have to be lugged to the polls in automobiles would know what they were voting for and be anxious to do it, which would have the two fold advantage of distributing patronage where it would do the most good and at the same time have the effect of submitting the selection of office holders and the consideration of public questions to a wiser and better informed electorate. A fine of 20 pesos (presumably $2.00, as the financial aspect the world over seems to be that amount) would, we imagine, have a most accelerating effect of those many individuals, good and free men, who rejoice in the liberty of American citizenship and suffrage and who would fight like furry were it denied them yet have to be paid to take it, and would in the long run inculcate a most wholesome interest in our elections which now must frequently be stirred up by disgruntal citizens jumping from one faction or party to another and back again as long as such gymnastics have the effect of keeping them on the map and out of office. Authority is unanimous that the elective franchise is a privilege and duty of American citizenship, just as much as a duty as it is a privilege, and it must be recognized that the thousands and thousands of dollars spent each year in the transportation of American citizenship along the line of its solemn duty could easily be saved by an act of the Legislature making it inversely interesting by requiring those who refuse to be interested to pay a fine of 20 pesos ($2.00).

COMMON FOLKS.

It was Abraham Lincoln—well do most of us remember!—who said that God must have loved the common people, seeing that He made so many of them.

How that sentiment has often cheered our hearts! Somehow, we had suspected it all along. But, as he had a way of saying, this "made it bindin'!" And, best of all, he was one of us, and not ashamed of the fact.

Nor was he alone of the great who have seen in the common people a far greater measure of attraction than was ever presented by their so-called betters. All sorts and conditions of men, in so far as they posses the slightest appreciation of literary genius, admire the writings of Dickens and Thackeray. More than that, they admire Thackeray and Dickens. What is the secret? Probably this, that Dickens had the most wonderful sympathy for the common folk of whom he wrote, although it has been said of him that he could not portray titled greatness, as witnessed in his unsatisfying delineation of a Lady Dedlock.

THE STATE FORESTRY SERVICE

Will Enforce Law Against Advertising Signs on Public Highways On June 1st.

Since the Roadside Tree Law went into effect a little more than two years ago the State Board of Forestry, Baltimore, Md., which is charged with its enforcement, has by means of Forest Wardens throughout the State been engaged in the elimination of advertising signs, supervising the trimming of trees and assisting in the planting of other trees along the highways. This in itself is a big task when there are more than 16,400 miles of roads to cover and more than 2,000,000 trees to be given protection and care.

This law, among other things, makes it a misdemeanor punishable by fine to place any advertising signs within the right-of-way of a public highway, or on private property without the written consent of the owner. While most of the roads are comparatively free of unlawful signs, there are many violations of the law even after two years of publicity and the constant tearing down of signs by the Wardens and others.

It is the plan of the State Forester, beginning June 1st, 1916, to make a complete canvass of the State to see that all illegal advertisements are destroyed and to prosecute all violators of the law. The law has been generally posted and sufficient public notice has been given of its provisions. Advertisers should lose no time in removing their signs before the State Forester's men find them and use them as evidence against the advertisers.

BRISCOE

"The Best-liked Car in the Country"

For *real* comfort, try "BRISCOMFORT"

We had to coin a word to express the real solid comfort of the Briscoe Twenty-four.

Briscoe-line gondola body, with seats swung at just the right "lazy-back" angle. Four full elliptic springs, with sofa-type seat-springs, make every ride a joy-ride.

And you can stretch out luxuriously in the Briscoe—there's plenty of body-room, knee-room and leg-room. You'll be especially interested in the extra leg-room in front—made possible by an ingenious and exclusive Briscoe feature.

Every riding comfort, too. Electric starting and lighting, real one-man top, tilted eye-saver windshield, demountable rims, electric horn, speedometer—all that you want to make a "car complete."

$625 f. o. b. Factory

Come in and test for yourself the difference between "Briscomfort" and the ordinary kind.

Inter-State Motor Co., Friendsville

A Meal for Every Hour's Work

WE never claimed that a **Mogul 8-16 kerosene tractor** would take the place of horses entirely, but we do claim that a **Mogul 8-16** and a few brood mares will make more money for a farmer than he makes when he uses horses for all his work.

You may not realize it, but work horses are expensive. Do you know that in the course of a year, you give each one of your horses a square meal for every hour's work he does for you. It's a fact.

Get a Mogul 8-16 for all the hard work, keep a few brood mares for the light work, and to raise colts, and see what a difference there will be in your net profits at the end of the year. And now is the time to decide. Come in and see the tractor, and find out what it is doing for other farmers.

The H. Weber & Sons Co.
Oakland, Md.

NEW LAWS ARE NOW IN EFFECT

Acts of Recent General Assembly Became Operative June 1st.

All laws enacted by the recent General Assembly, unless otherwise designated went into effect June 1st. One exception—the act making changes in the automobile laws—will become effective July 1. The act creating the State Penal Board will become operative on October 1. Emergency laws become effective on the dates of their passage. In only one case will there be a resort to the referendum. This is a law creating a bond issue in Wicomico county. Voters in the county have asked for the privilege of saying at the next election whether they approved the proposed loan.

While the laws became operative June 1st, the general public and those most interested in them, including courts and lawyers, will remain in ignorance of the changes until the Acts of the General Assembly of 1916 shall have been issued. No date is fixed for the appearance of the volume. In former years months have elapsed before the laws have appeared in print. The public is further handicapped this year because the Attorney General selected only a limited number of laws of the vast number enacted for publication in the newspapers.

Among the more important state-wide laws that went into effect is one that discontinues the discounts on payments of state taxes. By this change it is calculated the state will save annually $100,000. Another law transferes to the State Tax Commission all corporation taxation questions.

Other important laws becoming effective are:

Regulating saloons in Baltimore county.

Increasing traders' and other licenses, imposing taxes on different industries and enterprises and levying $100 additional on all saloons and increasing the taxes on hotels and theatres.

Abolishing commissions for collection of taxes in Baltimore.

Repeal of all continuing appropriations.

Closing all saloons in Sandy Hook district, Washington county.

State bond issue of $2,000,000 to pay deficit in treasury and for other purposes.

Repealing gallon-a-month law for Talbot and Queen Annes counties.

To provide for working of convicts on public roads.

Appropriations of $12,000 to establish a lime plant in Southern Maryland.

Wider use of public school buildings in Baltimore.

Licensing of camp-meetings on the Eastern Shore.

Anti-treating law for Carroll county.

By the Acts of the General Assembly several state boards are abolished or their duties combined with those of other boards, while several new boards were created.

The Conservation Board, which held its first meeting od June 5, absorbed the Shellfish Commission, the Fish Commissioners and several other departments. The State Board of Agricultural will take up the duties of the Live Stock Sanitary Board, the State Tobacco Warehouse, the State Board of Immigration and other departments.

THE REPUBLICAN

BENJ. H. SINCELL, EDITOR.

Entered at the Postoffice in Oakland Md., as Second-class matter.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:

The Republican is published every Thursday morning at the following rates:

One copy one year.....$1.25
One copy six months..... .75
One copy three months ..... .40

Advertising Rates made known upon Application.

Remittances may be made by Money Order, Registered Letter or Bank Draft and addressed to
THE REPUBLICAN,
Oakland, Md.

THURSDAY, JUNE 8, 1916

WILL Dead Man Hill be known as Dead Man Mountain after the war?

WHAT's the civil service law between deserving Democrats and the jobs?

APPARENTLY Carranza is at last taking kindly to American methods. It is reported that he is about to send us another note.

THERE is not likely to be any great commotion in the convention hall when the Leonard Wood delegates go over to Col. Roosevelt.

IT IS scarcely surprising that none of the candidates for the G. O. P. nomination are claiming the votes of the delegates from the District.

THE Supreme Court of the United States having decided that taxicabs are common carriers the smart set will probably refuse to ride in them.

SINCE Gen. Pershing's punitive expedition entered Mexico 11,750,000 pounds of food and forage have been shipped to it. And yet the Carranza government wants it to leave.

THE New York Central Railway has been ordered to run a train a day each way on one of its branches, which is ten miles long, to accomodate ten passengers. In the long run the company would probably save money by paying the ten to move.

THE administration is said to be planning revenue legislation that will make the cost of the national defense fall principally on the rich. The net result will be a considerable increase in the number of preparedness advocates, though the enthusiasm of a few will be cooled.

BRIDGES between New York and Brooklyn were closed to traffic as the battleship New York steamed down the East River. Rather a significant change since the days when upon such occasions the bridges were filled with patriotic and enthusiastic Americans waving salutes.

THE official record of casualties, beginning with the Columbus, N. Mex., raid, and including the operations of the punitive expedition to date, shows thirty United States Soldiers and twenty-four civilians killed, and six United States officers, seventy-six soldiers and seventy-one civilians wounded. And Villa is still at large.

A DEFENSIVE OR PREPAREDNESS TARIFF.

With one exception the movement for preparedness in the United States meets with the approval of all parties and is sure to be successful. The result, in all particulars save one, will be such preparation as will make the United States secure against any emergency that is now to be foreseen.

The one preparedness subject upon which opinion is divided is the tariff.

A wise tariff system is as much a necessity of preparedness as adequate military or naval equipment. From the tariff comes part of the sinews of war. More of the revenue should be derived from the tariff.

A protective tariff is a defensive tariff, a preparedness tariff. Protection means defense and defense means preparedness.

Properly constructed, a protective tariff would not be a special-interest tariff or a breeder or shield of monopoly. It would be a system of economic defense against the world and a vital part of national preparedness in anticipation of war.

The greatest work of statesmanship that any party could perform is the planning and enacting of a preparedness tariff. Call it protective, defensive or preparedness or any other suitable name, so long as it is in fact a tariff that protects, defends and prepares American industry.

The words "tariff for revenue only" are weasel words, when applied to the present tariff. It does not yield sufficient revenue, nor does it protect or defend American industry. It is a failure, and until it is superceded by a genuine defensive tariff the industries of the United States will not be prepared to withstand a possible war.

A true defensive tariff would yield sufficient revenue to pay all the cost of military, naval and industrial preparedness without imposing upon the people. It would stimulate industry during peace and shield it during war.

If the Democratic party is in favor of national defense, it should be in favor of tariff defense. If it desires peace with all nations now and after the European war, it should favor a tariff that will encourage, develop and protect American industry. That industry can be encouraged to produce all the military and naval equipment required to make the United States impregnable and keep it amply supplied during any war that may come.

The American market belongs to the people of the United States. It is the richest market in the world. It should be used as a means of raising all the revenues needed for the government and the defense of the nation. The same process employed to raise revenue would encourage, defend and protect home industry, thus doubly insuring the country against outside dangers.

No goods produced by a foreign nation should be permitted to enter the American market in competition with home goods without paying tribute to the Treasury and to national security. After the war the American market will be flooded with cheap goods unless Congress erects a defensive barrier to protect American labor and industry. It would be folly to permit foreign nations to build up their shattered fortunes at our expense while we failed to collect enough from them to build up the national defenses.

THE COUNTRY NEWSPAPER.

When William Allen White writes of a little town he writes with sympathy, says the Philadelphia Public Ledger. He lived in one and loved it, and put on the map when in his own "country newspaper" he printed the editorial What's the Matter With Kansas? He is one of those happily constituted writing mortals who in a single "coup d'oeil" commanded a sweep of the horizon, and commanded it accurately; and his resultant comment is more nearly American than anything we get in the way of literature from our poetasters and dilettani who, before the war broke, spent most of their time in a deck-chair or a ruined abbey or a cafe chantant.

To this open-eyed and tender-hearted Kansas editor the newspaper of a country town is a voice and a confidence of voices. He hears it speaking in a language known of the man in the street, the clerk at the counter, the hired man in the hayfield or the furrow and the girl who sweeps and dusts with a towel round her head and is singing at her work. "Provincial" these papers are, because they practice the fine art of specialization in the range of interests in their own community, among the persons everybody knows. The urban editor with his starched collar and his chin in air is only trying to do the same thing on a grander scale, more noisily. The little paper true to the life of its own town fits its constituency, gauges the popular taste and is truthful, or it is immediately penalized.

The home town paper deserves and is justly entitled to the united support of every loyal citizen.

Hughes to be Named By G. O. P. at Chicago

Republicans will Make Concessions to Progressives by Strong Plank

CHICAGO, Ill., June 7.—At the end of the first day's session of the Republicans and Progressive conventions hope of harmony was being rapidly abandoned by all hands. Here is the situation which delegates will take when they return to the trenches tomorrow:

The republicans have made up their minds to nominate Justice Hughes in the belief that if Hughes is nominated Roosevelt will refuse to accept the Progressive nomination.

The Progressives have determined upon the nomination of Roosevelt because of their confidence that if Roosevelt is nominated Hughes will not accept the Republican nomination.

At tomorrow's session of the convention Senator Borah will make an attempt to extend the olive branch. He will ask for the appointment of a committee of three to confer with "any party" with a view to uniting on candidates and platform.

Of course "any party" means the Progressive party. The old guard and the Hughes people will make a fight on this proposal and it is by no means certain it will be accepted.

It was decided tonight that Senator Albert B. Fall of New Mexico will make the speech nominating Theodore Roosevelt for President from the floor of the Republican National convention.

From the best information that could be gathered here tonight, both these inferences are wrong. Hughes, there is every reason to believe, will accept the nomination if it does not involve a split in the regular Republican party. Roosevelt, his supporters vehemently declare, will cheerfully accept a progressive nomination and start another third party movement rather than support Hughes.

The strategy of the situation has therefore shifted to Oyster Bay and to Washington. Politicians today who had their ears to the ground tonight have their ears to the long distance telephone. A few words from Hughes would make his nomination certain on the first ballot. Unless effective opposition arises within twenty-four hours it will come on the third or fourth ballot anyway.

A few words from Roosevelt, however, would have little effect upon the Progressives. That herd of long horns have already started a stampede. Their convention today was in a nature of a riot for Roosevelt. They have consented to wait until Friday before making any nominations. But Friday, unless somebody ropes and ties them, nothing can prevent their going over the fence out of the Republican party corral for ever and ever.

What the platform is to be will make no difference with these people. Roosevelt and his speeches are their platform and they will accept no other.

The Republicans will make concessions. Tonight a radical preparedness plank is under discussion by the resolutions committee of the main convention. The fact that Senator Lodge, Roosevelt's friend; Senator Borah, an advanced Progressive advocate, and Senator Fall, of New Mexico, who believes in intervention in Mexico, are all members, make a strong pronouncement certain.

The Republicans are also considering a suffrage plank. They will go the whole distance for the Progressives on the platform. In fact, Frank H. Hitchcock, representing the Hughes forces, said tonight that the Hughes wing of the party would make no platform fight whatever as against the Progressives.

Senator Harding will be permant as well as temporary chairman and will take formal charge of the proceedings tomorrow.

These will consist first, of making up the permanent roll by the credentials committee; second, of listening to and adopting the platform which is now forming in the hands of the committee on resoulutions.

Friday will be devoted to nomination speeches. Unless plans are changed there will be not more than one ballot, if any, on that day.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Second National Bank

OF CUMBERLAND

In the State of Maryland, at the close of business May 1st, 1916.

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans and Discounts	$2,214,714 30	Capital Stock	$200,000 00
United States Bonds	240,000 00	Surplus, Undivided Profits	375,839 39
Other Bonds, Securities Etc	378,715 00	Circulation	200,000 00
Banking House and other Real Estate	47,022 76	Deposits	2,757,419 03
Due From Federal Reserve Agents and other Banks	428,325 76		
Cash	214,480 60		
Redemption Fund	10,000 00		
	$3,533,258 42		$3,533,258 42

DIRECTORS:

D. ANNAN L. M. SHEPHERD ROBERT R. HENDERSON
JAMES CLARK W. BLADEN LOWNDES O. C. GEPHART
TASKER G. LOWNDES JOHN KEATING
JOHN SCHWARZENBACH

D. ANNAN, President

W. BLADEN LOWNDES, TASKER G. LOWNDES
Vice Presidents

D. F. KUYKENDALL, Cashier

THREE PER CENT INTEREST PAID ON SAVINGS DEPOSITS

HAVE A LOOK AT THE

Enger Twin Six

AND

OVERLAND

Cars and ask for a demonstration when in the market for a car

Oakland Garage

AGENT

MOUNTAIN LAKE PARK.

Mrs. Skyles, of Washington, and Mrs. Martin, of Woodstock, Va., have the Allegany House open for guests.

Mrs. Stone, of Kingwood, W. Va., spent part of Thursday in the Park. Mrs. Stone has been on several occasions a Park guest.

Friday afternoon about 4 o'clock, Mrs. Wm. White, of Loch Lynn, departed this life. Mrs. White had been ill for many months and was quite a sufferer. She was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Conrad Queer, and was twenty-eight years old. She is survived by her husband, mother, two sisters and a brother. The funeral took place in the Baptist church, Loch Lynn, Sunday, 10 a. m. The services were conducted by Rev. Jones. The interment took place in the White graveyard.

A party of Pennsylvanians lunched at Crystal Springs Sunday. They had five automobiles.

Mrs. George W. Atkinson, of Washington, D. C., was a week-end visitor at the Park.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas E. Lee, of Clarksburg, W. Va., were week end guests of Hotel Chautauqua. While here they rented Miss Water's cottage.

Rev. Henry Friend conducted the sacramental services in the Rowlesburg Methodist Episcopal church last Sabbath.

The Men's Bible Class, connected with the Methodist church, held a public meeting in the church Sabbath evening. Short addresses were made by Messrs. Flanigan, Rudisill, Enlow and Wright.

Mrs. Captain Skyles and Mrs. Gertie Thraves went to Washington, D. C., Monday to attend a wedding.

C. F. Dawson had business in Piedmont Wednesday.

Thomas Callis has been appointed Park policeman and has entered upon his duties.

Mrs. C. W. Baldwin, of Baltimore City, opened her cottage on the first.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Kahl are happy over the arrival of a nine pound son on the first of the month.

Mrs. Ella B. Sheets, of Pittsburgh, Pa., was a week-end visitor at the Park, the guest of Mrs. L. A. Rudisill.

Henry Casteel, of Grafton, W. Va., looked over the Park Friday and like everybody else, pronounced everything in first class shape.

The Pentecostal Encampment commences tomorrow. Special attention will bo given to the singing. The meetings will continue to the 25th. Rev. Reckley, of Cumberland has been on the grounds the past few days arranging for the encampment.

The Carpenter cottage will be occupied by Mrs. McCourtney, of Washington, D. C.

Mr. Swartzell and family, of Washington, D. C., will occupy Mrs. Pierce's bungalow this summer. Mr. Swartzell is a prominent Epworth League worker.

The ice wagon is making regular trips over the Park, Lorenzo Calhoun is the ice man.

Mrs. J. G. McLain has very much improved her delightful home by a coat of white paint.

Professor May has contracted for some noticeable improvements to his cottage.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Power Allen went to Cumberland Friday to attend the graduating exercises of the high school of that city. Their son was among the graduates, with high standing. The young man will take a course in electricity in one of the best colleges of the country.

KIZMILLER HIGH SCHOOL COMMENCEMENT

Class Night and Commencement Exercises at One of Garrett County's Towns.

Exercises of the First Annual Commencement of the Kitzmiller High School were held in the Maryland Theatre at Kitzmiller on May the 18th and 19th, as follows.

CLASS NIGHT PERFORMANCE.
May 18, 1916, 8:15 o'clock.

Orchestra....Golden Gate Commandery
Oration.....The Paths to Success
Iva Bishop
Recitation..One by One..Sarah Murray
Optimist.....Our Happy Hours
Marion Trout
Quartette.....Hazel Rafter, Mrs. Sue Laughlin, J. Thrasher, J. Marville
Oration.....The Summons of Life
Edmond Murphy
Recitation.....The Burial of Moses
Lorene Pew
Oration.....Joan of Arc
Ruth Walker
Piano Solo.....Iva Bishop
Class Prophesy.....The Inspiration of My Classmates.....Norma Lyon
School Poem.....Ira Jones
Oration.....Christopher Columbus
Mary Sprague
Orchestra.....Brown's March

COMMENCEMENT EXERCISES.
May 19, 1916, 8:15 o'clock.

Orchestra.....New Ideal March
Invocation.....Rev. R. H. Skaggs
Salutatory and Oration. Uses and Abuses of Experience....Caroline Walker
Oration.....The Unpolished Jewel
Edward Miller
Recitation.....The Whistling Boy
Marie Bell
Orchestra.....The Flower Song
Oration.....The Value of Preparation
Jesse Walker
Quartette.....The Rosary
Oration.....The Mission of Sympathy
Jane Long
Duet.....Farewell
John Thrasher Hazel Rafter
Oration and Valedictory.....American Ideals.....Ernest Moon
Address.....Prof. F. E. Rathbun
Presentation of Diplomas..R. E. Sliger
Benediction.....Rev. R. H. Skaggs
Orchestra..League of Red Cross Cadets

Superintendent F. E. Rathbun delivered a very interesting and enthusiastic address on education, which was greatly appreciated by the large number present.

R. E. Sliger, President of the Board of School Commissioners, paid fitting remarks to Prof. H. A. Ziel for the able manner in which he has carried the education work, and to the graduates for their accomplishments. The trustees and patrons were highly commended for their loyal support. Mr. Sliger then presented the graduates with their diplomas.

The middle class then entertained for the Seniors at a banquet at the Browning House. Mr. Sliger, Prof. Rathbun, and Prof. Ziel were the invited guests. A very enjoyable season of fun, music, and the goodthings was then participated in.

Married.

ENGLEHART—NELSON—At the residence of the groom's sister, Mrs. John S. Gnegy, near Oakland, yesterday evening, by the Rev. Ernest R. Hauser, in the pressnce of a few friends, Mrs. Ann Nelson, of Lonaconing, became the bride of Mr. John L. Englehart, a leading merchant and cititzen of Accident. Following the ceremony a bounteous repast was served the guests, after which the couple drove to Accident, their home.

Subscribe for The Republican.

NOTICE

The Mayor and Council of Loch Lynn Heights will receive sealed proposals or bids for Municipal 5 per cent. Bonds in the sum of Fifteen Hundred Dollars, or any part thereof, up to noon on the 22nd day of June, 1916, at which time all bids or proposals will be opened and a sale or sales will be made to the highest responsible bidder, if in the option of the undersigned, said bid or bids is adequate.

Said Bonds, all of the denomination of $100.00 each, bear interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, interest payable semi-annually, and one of said Bonds will be due and payable Sept. 1st 1917, and two of said Bonds each year thereafter on the 1st day of September.

Address all communications to the Mayor and Council of Loch Lynn Heights, Mountain Lake Park, Md.

Further information can be obtained from the undersigned. Said Mayor and Council reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

MAYOR AND COUNCIL OF LOCH LYNN HEIGHTS.
Mountain Lake Park, Maryland.

Farm for Sale

Containing two hundred and seventy-six acres. About 175 acres cleared and in good cultivation and the balance in timber.

Located twelve miles west of Lonaconing in Garrett county in the Fairview settlement. With seven or eight never failing springs on it. One dwelling house containing seven rooms and a good cellar; bank barn 40 x 60 feet and all other necessary outbuildings.

Good apple orchard of about 200 bearing trees and all other kinds of fruits.

If not sold prior to January 1st, 1917, the property will be for rent.

For any other information call on or address the undersigned.

JONAS WEITZELL,
Lonaconing, Md.

NOTICE

This is to give notice that the County Examinations of applicants for Teachers' Certificates will be conducted by the County Superintendent of Public Education, of Garrett County, Marvland, upon

Friday and Saturday
June 30 and July 1, 1915

beginning at 8 o'clock a. m.

Applicants for First Grade Certificates only are to appear at 8 o'clock a. m., and applicants for Second Grade Certificates are to appear at 1 o'clock p. m. upon the first day before mentioned.

By order of the Board.
F. E. RATHBUN, Secretary.

FOUNDED 1888

THE GARRETT NATIONAL BANK

FOUNDED 1888

OF OAKLAND, MARYLAND

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, - - $115,000.00

THE highly developed facilities of this Bank resulting from 28 years of careful and conservative management together with prompt, efficient and courteous service, are offered as the basis for a satisfactory business connection.

OFFICERS

G. S. HAMILL, President. D. E. OFFUTT, Jr., Vice President.
G. A. FRALEY, Cashier. H. L. JONES, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS

GILMOR S. HAMILL, JOHN T. MITCHELL, DANIEL E. OFFUTT, Jr.
JOSEPH E. HARNED. GEORGE A. FRALEY, HARLAND L. JONES CHAS. S. DAVIS

Interest paid on Time Deposits. Safety Deposit Boxes for Rent.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PROMPT SERVICE

We have just received two cars of Buggies and Carriages and are absolutely the nicest we have ever had. They are going fast and we suggest that you make your selection at an early date.

We also have just unloaded another car of Buckwheat Fertilizer at the right price.

Do not forget that we can furnish you with Twine, Mowers, Rakes, Tedders, Binders, Side Delivery Rakes, Corn Cultivators, Drain Tills, in fact anything for on your farm.

Our stock we have bought before the advance and are therefore able to give you the old price.

Make our store your supply house and keep in mind that:

"Naylor has it and sells it for less."

Yours to please,

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.

Oakland, Md.

BOTH PHONES EASY TERMS

Mr. Silas F. Cuppett, of near Hoyes, spent Tuesday in Oakland.

Mr. Claud Regger, of Grafton, W. Va., spent Saturday in Oakland.

Dr. A. J. Mason, of Friendsville, was in the city Tuesday on business.

Mr. John L. Englehart, of Accident, spent Monday in Oakland on business.

Messrs. W. A. Sturgiss and James P. Treacy were in Meyersdale, Pa., Monday.

Dr. Fleming Howell returned home Sunday evening from a brief visit to Fairmont.

Mr. E. H. Wolfe, of Cranesville, visited Oakland Monday when he called at this office.

Mr. Joseph Rembold, one of Preston county's good farmers, was in Oakland Monday on business.

Mr. O. E. Ellis, of Albright, a former Garrett countain, was in the city Tuesday as a business visitor.

Miss Turner, of Cumberland, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Sturgiss at their home on Alder street.

Former County Treasurer J. B. Emory and Mr. O. C. Buckle, both of Bittinger, were in the city Monday on business.

Mr. Norman R. Sanner, of Westernport, spent Sunday in Oakland where he was the guest of his parents, Capt. and Mrs. R. R. Sanner.

Mrs. Lawrence Fraley, who was the guest of relatives in Cumberland and Westernport for upwards of two weeks, returned home on Sunday.

Naylor & Co. have two cars of buggies. Make an early selection.

Advertisement it.

Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Sliger and son, Robert, spent Sunday at Westernport where they were dinner guests at the home of Mr. Sliger's mother.

Former Senator W. McCulloh Brown arrived in Oakland Tuesday afternoon from Baltimore, having driven through to Oakland in his new Oakland car.

Prof. A. S. Teats left Oakland Tuesday morning for Columbus, Ohio, where he will visit his family for two or three weeks and then return to Oakland.

Miss Margaret Howell, who spent two weeks in the National Service School camp at Chevy Chase, near Washington, D. C., has returned home.

Mrs. J. C. Kendall, who spent several days last week on a visit to her parents, Dr. and Mrs. A. J. Mason at Friendsville, returned home Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Hitchens and Mr. and Mrs. W. E. G. Hitchens, of Frostburg, motored to Oakland Sunday where they spent the afternoon visiting friends.

Miss Gertrude Lake, daughter of Mrs. James Brock, returned to her home at Grafton yesterday morning after a visit of a few days to her mother in Oakland.

Mrs. Roy H. Hamill and children, of Huntington, W. Va., arrived in Oakland on Tuesday and will occupy the residence of Mr. J. Gordon Mealy for the summer.

Dr. William R. Sollars, who attended a dental college in Memphis, Tenn., arrived at his home near Oakland Tuesday, bringing with him his diploma as a full fledged dentist.

All members of Garrett Council No. 35 Jr. O. U. A. M. are requested to meet at their hall in the K. of P. building on Sunday morning, June 11th at 10:15 for the purpose of attending services in the Lutheran church.

Mr. Cornelius W. Friend, of near Friendsville, spent last Thursday in Oakland on business.

Mr. H. M. Casteel, of Grafton, spent Thursday and Friday in Oakland seeing quite a number of his old friends.

Mr. N. R. Selby and members of his family, of Selbysport, were in the city Sunday afternoon for a few hours.

Judge J. L. McRobie, of near Swanton, was in the city on business Thursday when he called at this office.

Mrs. F. E. Rathbun and son Howard have returned from a brief visit to Dr. and Mrs. H. M. Kemp at Bloomington.

Mr. and Mrs. James Willison and family who spent the winter months in Cumberland have returned to Oakland.

Mr. Truman Casteel, who was quite ill for a number of days, was able to be out last Friday when he visited Oakland.

Dr. and Mrs. R. H. Riley, of Cumberland, motored to Oakland Friday afternoon and spent Saturday here and at the Park.

Mr. James D. Hamill, real estate dealer, advertises in this paper today several real estate bargains located in and near Oakland.

Mr. H. Byrne Hamill returned home last Thursday from a visit to the Gettysburg Battlefield where he spent a day or two sightseeing.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas E. Bishoff and Mr. Russell Lowdermilk, of near Hoyes, spent Sunday in and near Oakland on a visit to relatives and friends.

Mrs. Fred A. Thayer and son Frederick, who spent a number of weeks in Baltimore where they were guests of Mr. Ralph Thayer, returned home Wednesday evening.

A large number of Friendsville people spent Sunday afternoon in Oakland, among the number being Mr. Clarence Guard and members of his family, Mr. D. S. Custer and others.

Mrs. J. Alvin Friend and her daughter, Miss Mary Friend, of Sang Run, drove to Oakland Tuesday in their new automobile, and spent the night as guest of Mrs. Elizabeth McRobie.

Capt. Geo. W. Cochran, of Wheeling, the well know Baltimore and Ohio conductor, who is now on the retired list, has arrived at his summer home in Loch Lynn for the season.

Associate Judge M. L. Keedy, accompanied by Mrs. Keedy and their son and daughter, motored through to Oakland from Hagerstown Sunday afternoon, arriving here about four o'clock.

On Trinity Sunday, which falls on the 18th inst., holy mass will be celebrated in the Pendergast's Hall, at Hutton, the Rev. James E. Connell, pastor of St. Peter's Catholic church in Oakland conducting the service.

Mr. George F. Richardson, of St. Petersburg, Florida, spent several days last and this week on a visit to Oakland relatives, going from here on Monday to Pittsburgh, Pa., to make a short visit to his children.

Messrs. C. F. Hammond and F. E. Rathbun motored to Cumberland last Thursday afternoon and attended a meeting of the Knights Templar held in that city Thursday night. They returned to Oakland Friday morning.

A letter from L. F. Green, former member of the Maryland Legislature, who is now located in the wheat raising belt of the nation, appears in another column of this paper today. Mr. Green is now actively engaged in the ministry and states that he is doing nicely.

Mr. John Harrison, accompanied by his two sisters and his mother of Washington, D. C., will arrive in Oakland some time this week and will occupy Mr. James Willison's residence for the summer.

Messrs. Lillar & Kelly, the local representatives of the Saxon Automobile Company, will receive a car load of these autos some time this week, shipment having been made from the factory at Detroit, Mich., on last Thursday.

Mr. B. Harrison Wiley left Oakland Monday evening for New Haven, West Va., to attend the Ev. Lutheran conference of the West Virginia Synod, which met there on Tuesday. Mr. Wiley is the representative of the Oakland church.

A black Percheron stallion, valued at $3,000, the property of State Senator Speicher died on Tuesday morning at the Kelly livery barn of a disease contracted over in the State of Pennsylvania where the animal had been for the past several months.

Get your Fertilizer while it lasts from Naylor & Co.

Advertisement

Automobiles in droves and flocks were here Sunday. One convoy of five Pennsylvania cars followed one after the other into town, while the number of West Virginians who visited the land of good roads was beyond computation.

An additional number of pupils have enrolled as students in the Oakland Summer School since the report printed in The Republican last week. The total number of students is now upwards of seventy-five, with quite a number yet to enter.

The improvement made in the appearance of the Garrett National Bank building since it was cleaned by a force of men is quite noticeable. This week painters started to give the exterior a coat of paint which will further improve its appearance.

Miss Stella Hutson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Hutson, of Oakland, returned home last week from Stevensville, Montana, where she had spent the past three years in school work. Miss Hutson is loud in her praise of Western Montana and will return to the far west at the close of the vacation season.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Prof. and Mrs. C. Edward Bender left Oakland last Thursday night for Goshen, Indiana, where the former will be engaged in teaching during the summer months. Mr. J. Edgar Long and family, of Clarksburg, arrived in Oakland last Thursday afternoon and will occupy Prof. Bender's residence while the owner is absent.

Mr. M. Wellington Crane, of Oakland, who has been connected with the sales department of the Standard Paint Company for the past several years, has been placed in charge of the Savannah (Georgia) branch of the company and will be permanently located in the South. While Mr. Crane's friends in Oakland regret the fact that they will not have the pleasure of seeing him quite so often as in the days gone by, yet they congratulate him upon his advancement.

Mr. E. F. Teets, of Lake Ford, made Oakland a business visit Wednesday.

Oakland Cash Buyers pay nine cents for early lambs. Adv. 15-2t

Dr. S. A. Pratt, of Kingwood, West Va., was in the city yesterday on business.

Naylor & Co. just received a car of Fertilizer for buckweat.

Advertisement.

Mr. Whetsell Wolfe, of Connellsville, Pa., was here Tuesday and yesterday where he visited Mrs. Jane Wolfe.

An automobile, bearing a Pennsylvania State license tag, occupied by two ladies and two gentlemen, turned turtle as it was rounding a curve near the Paugh farm on the State road Sunday afternoon, almost completely demolishing the car, but fortunately none of the occupants were seriously injured. The automobile was brought into Oakland Sunday night and is being repaired at one of the local garages.

It will be a pleasure to the many friends of Rev. J. H. Howard, pastor of St. Paul's M. E. Church of Oakland, to learn that his son, Lewis H. Howard, has graduated in medicine from the College of Physicians and Surgeons in Baltimore with distinction, being the honor man of his class, he also being its youngest member. Because of his marks he was awarded the gold medal. Dr. and Mrs. Howard are to be congratulated on the distinction that has been won by their youngest son.

Mr. Elijah Livengood, the maple sugar king of Somerset and Garrett counties, was in Oakland on Thursday last when he stated that his crop of maple molasses this year was somewhat short. In all he manufactured less than seven hundred gallons of syrup, while his son, who maintains a separate camp succeeded in making equally or probably a little more than his father. Mr. Livengood is preparing to reopen his saw milling operation in District No. 3, when he will employ a number of men.

Mr. Jonas Weitzell, one of Garrett county's most progressive farmers, was in Oakland Monday on business and while in the city called at this office for the purpose of having an advertisement inserted in these columns offering his farm of 270 acres, located in the Fairview section of the county, twelve miles west of Lonaconing and near the National Road, for sale. The property is one of the best in that part of Garrett county and interested parties would do well to get into communication with Mr. Weitzell concerning its purchase. See his advertisement in another column of this paper today.

Presbyterian Services.

In the Presbyterian church on Sunday morning at eleven o'clock, the pastor, Rev. Dr. J. C. Ely, will preach using his theme the subject: "The last Vision of Revelation." All are cordially inviied to attend this service.

Strayed.

Strayed from my place at Swanton, one bright bay mare, weight about 1000, and one black yearling colt. Seen last at the Fundenberg place. Colt has a bad rupture at navel. Any information leading to the recovery of the above mentioned stock will be greatly appreciated. C. W. BURK, Swanton, Md. Adv. 1t*

Lost.

Somewhere between railroad station and Nally's flat, ladies handbag containing sum of money and railroad passes, bearing owner's name and other articles. Finder keep money as reward and return passes and other articles to The Republican office.

Advertisement 1t-*

C. N. McINTIRE

SUCCESSOR TO

J. M. DAVIS & SONS

OAKLAND, MD.

Everybody is invited to attend the demonstration of the Standard Sewing Machine from June 19th to 24th. C. N. McIntire, Hardware Store, Oakland, Maryland.

Respectfully,

C. N. McINTIRE.

D. E. BOLDEN

Furniture Dealer and Funeral Director

HAVING moved my furniture business to the Manhattan Hotel store room, I am prepared to serve the public to the best of my ability, having now in stock the finest line of Furniture ever brought to the city and which I offer as cheap as it can be bought in the wholesale markets.

All I ask is a chance to name you prices.

My stock is complete in every detail, and which consists of Furniture, Carpets, Mattings, Window Shades, Bedding of all kinds, large and small Rugs—in fact everything with which to furnish a house from cellar to attic.

I am also prepared to give estimates on Buildings and repair work—from a pig pen to a palace.

Call and see me; I will treat you fair and square.

Thanking the public for past favors and soliciting a continuance of the same, I remain,

Yours respectfully,

D. E. BOLDEN

PUTTING ALL STATE ROADS IN SHAPE

Patching Up Highway Preparatory to Annual Coat of Oil.

All state roads in Allegany and Garrett counties are undergoing extensive improvements prior to applying the annual coat of oil to settle the dust and preserve the road bed. Several portions of the state roads in both counties are being resurfaced while others are only being patched up where holes have become worn in the road bed. Among these undergoing repairs in Allegany county are the Baltimore Pike east of Cumberland, and the cross-over road from the Baltimore Pike to the Bedford road at the Lippold farm three miles east of Cumberland.

The greater portion of the cross-over road is being resurfaced while many stretches on the Baltimore Pike are also being extensively improved in this manner. The longest stretch on the Baltimore Pike is between the Moses Wilson farm, four miles east of Cumberland, and the foot of Martin's Mountain. Other portions of the road between Cumberland and the foot of Polish Mountain are also undergoing minor repairs. The new road leading from the Mt. Savage road at Corrigansville to Ellerslie is also being resurfaced.

In Garrett county the state road is being repaired from Oakland to McHenry a distance of twelve miles. Leo T. Downey, resident engineer for Allegany and Garrett counties has issued a warning to all motorists to take due precaution while traveling over the sections of road that are being repaired. According to Engineer Downey automobiles traveling over freshly patched roads tear stone loose when driven at rapid speed. It will also safeguard those traveling on foot as well as the men working on road.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

MICHAEL LAVELLE,

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same,with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 9th day of November, 1916,they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 9th day of May, 1916.

W. H. METCALF,
Swanton, Maryland.

Notice to Creditors.

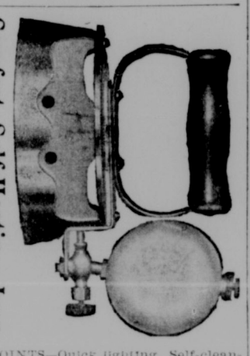
This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans Court, Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

ELIZABETH LEE

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the9th day of December,1916,they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 9th day of May, 1916.

ALBERT L. LEE.
Administrator,
Kitzmiller, Md.



Comfort Self-Heating Iron.
5 Hours at Cost of One Cent.

TWO POINTS—Quick lighting. Self-cleaning and perfect regulation of heat. Weighs six pounds. Guaranteed safe and satisfactory. Price, $3.75 each. Order today.

J. AMEEN, Kitzmiller, Md.

Notice To Tax-Payers

This is to notify the Taxpayers of Garrett county that the Annual Levy for 1916 has been made and published, and to call their attention to the following abstract of Section 45, Chapter 566, Acts of 1900, relating to the discount to be allowed and the interest to be charged on all tax bills:

This is to notify all taxpayers that no discount will be allowed for the prompt payment of State taxes levied for the year 1916.

Chapter 820 of the Acts of 1916, provides that "the State taxes are due and payable on the first day of July succeeding the levy, and if not paid on or before September first, interest shall be charged from said first day of September. Said State taxes shall be in arrear on and after the first day of January succeeding the date of the levy, and it shall be the duty of Collectors, Treasurers and other officers who may be charged with the collection of the same immediately thereafter to proceed to collect said taxes in accordance with the provisions of law for the collection of delinquent taxes. It shall also be the duty of the Collectors or County Treasurer or other officers collecting said taxes to make monthly returns and remittances to the Comptroller of the amounts thereof collected from time to time."

J. W. KIMMELL,
Treasurer.

We Carry in Stock

TIRES
TUBES
SHOCK ABSORBERS
CHAINS
SPARK PLUGS
DRY CELLS
TIRETITE

And many other accessories at the
OAKLAND GARAGE,
Prest-O-Lite Exchange,
Oakland, Maryland.

ORDER NISI.

No. 2054 Equity In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Maggie W. Thayer, vs. Ira W. Hardesty.

Ordered, this 24th day of April, in the year 1916, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in Equity, that the sale made and reported in the above cause by Fred. A. Thayer attorney named in the mortgage, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 26th day of May, 1916, provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Garrett County, once a week for three successive weeks before the 19th day of May, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $900.00.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

J. W. Whorton & Son

CONTRACTING PLASTERERS

Only the Best Material Used.

Best Grade of Wall Plaster on hand at all times.

CONCRETE WORK
of All Kinds.

All Work Guaranteed.

OAKLAND, - MARYLAND.

Commissioners Meeting.

Office of the County Commissioners for Garrett county, Oakland, Md., May 13th, 1916.

The Board of County Commissioners for Garrett County, Maryland, will meet in their office in the town of Oakland, on

Monday, June 5th, 1916,

to transact routine business.

By order of the Board.
W. G. MEYERS, Clerk.

Federal Aid For Anglers

By FREDERICL J. HASKIN.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 4—The United States Bureau of Fisheries is now having constructed a large all-steel car, which is to be the most perfect vehicle for the rapid distribution of live fish that it is possible to build. For years the Bureau has been shipping fry and fingerlings all over the United States by means of half a dozen old wooden cars. This new steel vehicle which is sixty feet long and will carry some seventeen tons, will be a great addition to its facilitis for distribution.

This increased carrying capacity will almost certainly be taxed by a new undertaking of the fish commissioners. By means of the bulletins which the Bureau publishes, and every other avenue of publicity open to them, they have been urging American farmers and small town and country dwellers generall, to take up the cultivation of fish on their own premises. To any individual who is able to show that he has a pond suitable for the propagation of fish, the government will furnish fry or fingerlings of the proper species.

The argument in favor of private fish culture are unanswerable. In the first place it is not an expensive undertaking. On nearly every country place there is a bit of land which is not used for anything else, and to which water there may be brought from some spring or stream. The excavation or dam-building in many cases will not cost more than twenty-five or thirty dollars. The pond may often be used for irrigation or for watering stock as well as for fish.

Even a small pond, with an area of no more than a quarter acre will produce more fish than one family can possibly use. In this way an inland farm, where fish is now a rare delicacy, may be abundantly supplied with it. The rapid rise in the price of meat makes this an especially valuable addition to the food supply of any household.

The raising of fish on farms is an ancient industry which has not been neglected in any of the older countries. In Germany and Austria many of the small landowners raise fish, and many Austram villages have municipal fish ponds. In the Philippines the industry has been carried on for a long time, especially on the lowlands about Manila Bay, where there are acquatic properties valued at $3,000,000.

Some of the state fish commissioners have been trying to encourage private fish culture for many years, and there are successful fish farmers scattered all over the United States.

A typical small producer is Mr. Samuel Bailey, of Kansas, who has a fish pond on top of a hill, where he supplies it with water by means of a wind mill. It has an area of only a quarter of an acre, and cost only about $25 to dig, but it is abundantly stocked with bull pout (a small cat fish) and crappie, and will soon be yielding an abundant harvest of fish in addition to irrigating the family garden.

A large enterprise is now being undertaken in Columbia county, New York, by a man who owns a piece of land upon which is a lake about two miles wide. This owner has gone in for commercial fish production on a large scale. He has placed the property in the hands of an expert, and a series of small ponds are being constructed along the lake shore for the propagation of bass and perch to be sold in the market.

An idea of how rapidly fish will reproduce may be gained from the experience of Carl H. Thompson, of Warren, Indiana. He constructed a pond 120 feet long by sixty feet wide, and from four to six feet deep in which he released four pair of small mouth black bass. Fifteen months later he took out 1017 bass which averaged a pound in weight, while in addition there were a number of yellow perch that had slipped in accidentally.

If you wish to obtain from the government, fish with which to stock a private pond, you will be required by fish commissioner to give an exact description of the body of water which you propose to stock, including its depth, size, summer temperature, vegetation, and various other matters. The kind of fish which you can raise depends entirely upon these conditions. Generally speaking, the more desirable species require clearer and colder water, and many inland dwellers are unable to raise any of the game fish, such as bass or perch, because of the high summer temperatures, and lack of a cold water supply. Fish of a lower type, however, will survive and grow under almost any conditions. Thus carp can be raised in all parts of the country. The fish commissioners have recently been making a study of the buffalo fish, a denizen of the muddy western rivers belonging to the sucker family.

Although not a game fish, and not as delicately flavored as bass and perch, the buffalo will thrive almost anywhere, and he is very likely to become the most popular "farm fish" of America.

Few persons realize how much the fish supply of most of our inland waters depends upon artificial propagation. The shad that run up our Atlantic rivers and supply many of our largest cities with fish are of hatchery origin. Without federal aid the shad of the Potomac would have ceased to exist many years ago.

The game fish of many small streams are also dependant upon constant restocking and especially is this true of th brook trout. Recently rainbow trout from California have been introduced into some of the Allegheny streams where the native trout has been exterminated, and they are now rapidly multipiying. Their presence has been reported in a number of small streams near Wytheville, Virginia.

Another experiment of this sort proved itself successful this year when a good sized catch of humpback salmon was reported from the Penobscot river in Maine. The humpback salmon is a native of the Pacific coast, and was introduced into the Atlantic a few years ago.

The size and efficiency of the organization which thus keeps a nation supplied with fish and fishing is impressive. During the year 1915 the Bureau produced over four billion fish and ova, and distributed some 58,000,000 fish of fingerling or larger size. Egg collecting and hatching operations were conducted in thirty-two states and Alaska, while the distribution extended into every state and territory. The greater part of the output is planted in public waters on advice of government or state experts, but most of the fish suitable for ponds and small lakes are consigned to individuals. This distribution of fish to individuals in all parts of the country last year required 637,716 miles of railroad travel.

In addition to propogating a large number of species of food and game fish, the bureau several years ago took up experimental work with the famous diamond-back terrapin, which was a widely used delicacy several years ago but is now very scarce. The diamond-back has been very successfuly raised in captivity by the government experts, and some have already been released to multiply in the wild state.

This year still another new experiment is to be conducted in the propagation of frogs. A large number of persons have written to the bureau for information about raising frogs in captivity, and this experimental work is being undertaken in order to solve the problem.

SOARING PRICE OF MEAT.

The price of beef on the hoof in the Chicago market has gone up from $6 a hundredweight in 1911 to $9 this year. The stock-raiser says he is getting little advantage from the increase. The packer and the butcher complain that they have to skimp along on a narrow margin of profit, while the public knows that meat is so high now as to be a luxury. Even assenting to the indictment, frequently brought, that the American housewife is wasteful in buying and does not know how to handle the cheaper cuts to advantage, the fact remains that the once despised cheaper cuts are commanding a price that can no longer be regarded as negligible.

Fortunately, there are other things to eat, and equally fortunately the American people can cut down considerably on their meat allowance and still consume an amount that the people of other countries would consider an abundance for all their physicial needs.

It is reasonably certain that, with the disappearance of the great ranges, meat will never again find the low level the United States enjoyed for so many years, but it seems just as certain that if the high prices at present prevailing continue for any great length of time, the invitation to Eastern farmers and to others throughout the country who can raise cattle, hogs and sheep on a small scale to enter the field and seek profit in it will not be neglected. It is further to be anticipated that the day will come—though we trust it may be long postponed—when the demand will be considerably curtailed by inability to buy. The era of high wages has, of course, much to do with the upward tendency of the market.

SEDAN, way out in Chautauqua county, Kansas, has a population of only 1,000, but that didn't prevent J. H. Edwards, the leading merchant, from spending $2,200 in advertising last year. Mr. Edwards went to Sedan a few years ago with practically nothing, and now owns a big store, a new home, a farm, automobile and a fine team, and claims the success af his business was made possible by liberal advertising, mostly in the newspapers.

Printer's ink pays!

FOR SALE—Cheap, a white wicker baby carriage; good as new. Apply to Harry Naylor, Oakland.

For Sale.

Crooks Crest, comprising about twenty acres, improved by handsome house. Apply to the owner or any real estate agent. Mrs. E. Fundenberg, Oakland, Md. Adv. 12-tf

Subscribe for The Republican.

WILSON TO WRITE DEFENSE PLANK

Preparedness and Foreign Policies to Be Chief Points in Platform.

ST. LOUIS, June 4.—Preparedness and foreign policies are to be the principal planks to be written into the Democratic platform that will be drafted here week after next, when the Democratic National Convention is held. That President Wilson will sketch these main planks of the party platform is the understanding of members of the sub-committee on arrangements of the national committee which held another meeting today.

It was suggested that the President has already drawn the main planks of the platform, and that they will be placed before the committee on resolution by Senator William J. Stone of Missouri, or some one who has the confidence of President Wilson. There were reports today that Senator Stone would be made chairman of the committee on resolutions.

Members of the committee say that the plank on preparedness will be trenchantly drawn. The tariff and monetary questions have been settled, according to the committee members, and they will be only lightly touched on in the platform.

Speaker Champ Clark may be made permanent chairman of the convention if he finds that his duties in Congress will permit. That was the understanding of party leaders here today.

President Wilson and Vice-President Marshall will be nominated as the Democratic party standard bearers early Saturday morning at the final session of the convention.

Plans for the convention have been practically agreed upon by National Chairman McCombs and the committee on arrangements.

"We plan to reach the vote on President Wilson about 1 o'clock Saturday morning," said Chairman McCombs tonight, "and expect to proceed with the nomination for Vice-President thereafter. There will be no limitation on the length of seconding speeches, but we see no reason why we should not conclude our work some time Saturday morning."

Do You Know That.

Life is a constant struggle against death?

Dirty refrigerators may make sickness?

The U. S. Public Health Service issues free bulletins on rural sanitation?

The defective citizen of today is oftimes the unhealthy child of yesterday?

Every man is the architect of his own health?

Its the baby that lives that counts?

Tuberculosis is contagious, preventable, curable?

The full dinner pail—the open window—the clean well—make for health?

Breed to Good Animals.

Ivan, one of the best breeding horses in the county, has produced many excellent colts during the past year or two with the result that demands are being made for them. Yesterday the owner of one of the colts was offered $260 cash and this offer was repeated twice on the road home. Ivan stands at Hutton, Oakland and McHenry. Adv. 1t-*

WANTED—One teamster and two men for general farm work, including operating horse cultivators. None but competent men need apply. The H. Weber & Sons Co. Advertisement.

LEON

Will make the season of 1916 as follows, beginning May 13th.

On Saturdays then thereafter on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday of each week at the Mill Stable of Andrew W. Helbig in Oakland. Other days at my home.

TERMS—$12 with foal, money due when mare is known to be with foal; $15 to insure a colt 5 days old. A lien on colt until paid for. Partirs coming from a distance to my farm will not be charged for meals or horse feed.

D. J. SWARTZENTRUBER.

CHAPTER NO. 10.

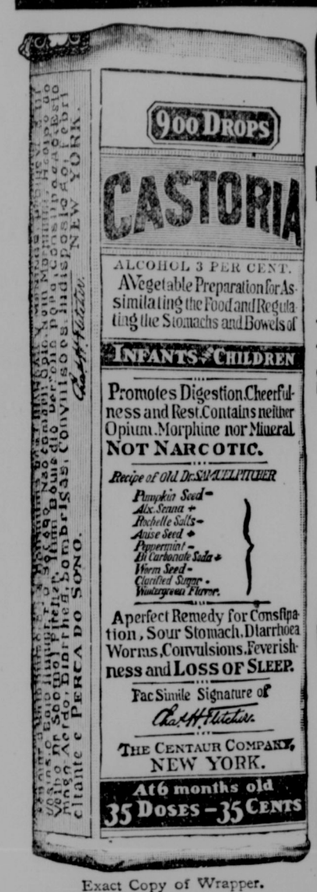
AN ACT to protect deer in Garrett County, Maryland, and to provide penalties for the violation of same.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That it shall be unlawful for any person or persons, to kill deer in Garrett County, Maryland, beginning with the passage of this Act and ending on the thirty-first day of October, 1922.

SECTION 2. And be it further enacted, That any person or persons who shall kill a deer in Garrett County, on or before the 31st day of October, 1922, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction before a Justice of the Peace or the Circuit Court for Garrett County, shall be confined in the Garrett County Jail, or sentenced to House of Correction for a period not less than sixty days or more than one year.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That all Acts or parts of Acts, inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, are hereby repealed.

SEC. 4. And be it enacted, That this Act shall go into effect from the first day of June, 1916.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria (for) Always Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

THE CITY'S BEST

MEAT MARKET

IN THE EMPIRE BUILDING.

Choice Steak, Boiling Meat, and all other kinds of meat. Highest cash price paid for Poultry and Eggs; also cash paid for Hides and Skins.

H. L. MILLER

An 8-foot Spread From a 45-inch Box

IN the **Low Corn King** catalogue it takes pages to tell about the good construction that backs up the "**8-foot-wide spread** from a narrow 45-inch box." Here the space is limited.

See the spreader and study these things: The simple worm and worm gear which drive the apron can be reversed, doubling the wear qualities. The gear is entirely enclosed, away from dust and dirt. The relation of beater and apron is just right to do the best work on the manure with the least power. **Low Corn King** is a steel spreader—frame, beater axles, wheels, driving parts—all of light, strong, compact steel. You return the apron by a convenient foot lever—no hand cranking, no getting down from seat.

These things—remember—back up the even, satisfactory 8-foot-or-better wide spread. Get acquainted with the **Low Corn King** spreader. See the local dealer who sells it.

International Harvester Company of America
(Incorporated)

Low Corn King spreaders are sold by

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.,
OAKLAND, MD.

HAVE YOU HEARD THE

Aeolian Vocalion?

Come in and let us play your favorite selection on this wonderful new Phonograph

A full line of Columbia Records

Aeolian Vocalions sold on monthly payments.

STURGISS' PHARMACY

Representing Morrison Music Co., Cumberland.

The Republican--Garrett Co.'s Paper.

FRENCH LINES PIERCED AGAIN

Germans Take the First Line Trenches Near Vaux and Douaumont

ITALIANS DEFEAT AUSTRIANS

London.—Attacking in force from the Thiaumont Farm to Vaux the Germans on the Verdun front, after several assaults, penetrated the French first line trenches between Fort Douaumont and Vaux pond. This gain the Paris War Office admits, while emphasizing a French success at Le Mort Homme.

Groups of German aeroplanes threw bombs on the city of Bar-le-Duc. Eighteen civilians were killed and 25 wounded.

French troops have captured 400 yards of German first line trenches by a counter attack southeast of Dead Man Hill and Caurettes Height. Southeast of Dead Man Hill the French obtained a foothold in the first line trenches over an extent of 400 metres.

East of Obert-Sept (southwest of Altkirsch, Alsace) a German reconnoitring detachment penetrated French positions over a width of 350 metres and a depth of 300 metres and returned with booty and prisoners.

A British biplane was brought down west of Cambrai in an aerial battle.

The complete repulse of a German attack on the eastern slopes of Dead Man Hill was announced by Paris.

The Germans have thrown more than 75,000 fresh troops into action at Verdun since a week ago. At least five new German divisons have been engaged on both banks of the Meuse.

Since February, 1,000,000 Germans have been in action at Verdun, according to War Office figures. Of this number, it is estimated by Paris that 300,000 have been killed or put out of action.

The Turks took the offensive against the invading Russians in the Caucasus on a front of about 20 miles. The Turks recaptured Mamachatoun.

GERMANS GAIN AT VERDUN.

London.—The 100th day of the great battle for Verdun was marked by German gains over a front of 2 miles west of the Meuse. Paris admitted the abandoning of the Bethincourt-Cumieres road, which the Germans have been seeking to break since early in April. The War Office conceded losses in the Guarettes Wood, south of Cumieres, and on the slopes of Le Mort Homme.

Overshadowing even the developments before Verdun, the Balkan situation, since the Bulgarian invasion of Greek territory a few days ago, became the foremost subject of discussion and speculation in Berlin, Paris and London. Events of far-reaching consequences upon the ultimate outcome of the war are looked for in Macedonia in the immediate future.

Already the ultra-optimistic Teutonic prediction is heard: "The Anglo-French expedition at Salonica will be thrown into the Aegean Sea." More conservative elements predict some of the hardest fighting of the war in the event the German, Austrian, Bulgarian and Turkish armies should clash with the British. The Bulgarian advance into Macedonia was made as the result of a secret agreement between the Greek and Bulgarian governments, according to diplomatic sources in Rome, Greece welcoming the invasion because of the Allies' roughshod methods in blockading all Greek ports and occupying all available islands for naval bases.

The Austrians have begun another attack against the Italians in the Posina region of Italy, southwest of Posina, and further north along the upper reaches of the Astico River, on the Austro-Italian border. South of Posina Austrians prepared for their offensive with a bombardment, but, Rome says, the Italians, after a desperate struggle against the Austrian infantry, retained their positions.

On the Russian front the Germans attempted an offensive northeast of Augustinhof, but were driven back to their trenches by the Russians.

U-BOAT SHELLS ELBA CAPITAL.

Austrian Bombards Blast Furnaces, Then Sinks Steamer.

Berlin. — Bombardment of Porto Ferrajo, capital of the Island of Elba, in the Mediteeranean, by an Austrian submarine is reported in a statement issued by the Austro-Hungarian Admiralty. The announcement says:

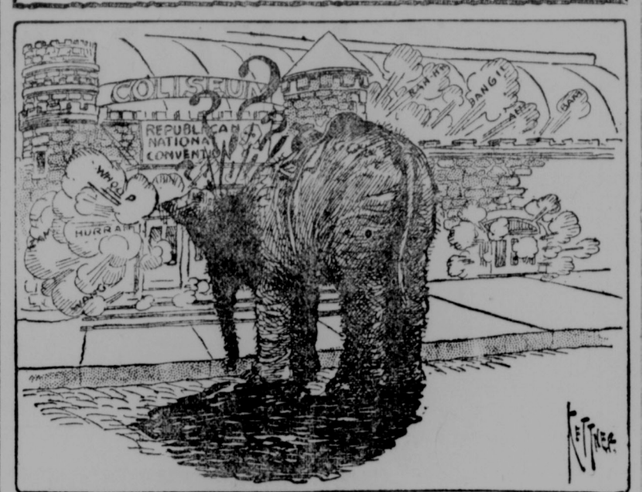
An Austro-Hungarian submarine on the morning of May 23 very successfully shelled important blast furnaces at Porto Ferrajo, on the Island of Elba.

DEPUTIES TO MEET IN SECRET.

French Chamber to Discuss Vital Matters Behind Closed Doors.

Paris.—The Chamber of Deputies probably will sit in secret session some time this week as the result of a decision reached at a conference of Premier Briand with representatives of all political factions. There will be a previous meeting at once of the Deputies of various parties to consider the conditions the Government declares it will be necessary to observe at a secret session.

WAITING FOR A MOUNT



THE GERMAN LOSS NOW PUT AT 18

British Figure Out Greater Losses for Germans.

DOES NOT NAME SHIPS

Berlin Declares All Has Been Told. Scarcely a Line Officer On Sunken British Vessels Was Saved.

London. — The British Admiralty issued a statement saying there was the strongest grounds for the belief that the British navy in the battle with the Germans off Jutland last week had accounted for a total of 18 German men-of-war, and that there was nothing to add to or subtract from the original announcement of the British losses.

The statement gave the German losses as two battleships, two dreadnaught battle cruisers, four light cruisers, nine torpedo-boat destroyers and a submarine.

Less Pessimism Felt.

The pessimism which prevailed as a result of the Admiralty's original statement of losses, which now is considered to have been needlessly candid and conservative in under-estimating the extent of the German losses as compared with those of Great Britain, has been greatly lessened by the latest statement.

A dispatch from Copenhagen says rumors are current in Hamburg that two additional German warships than those announced in the German communication—the battleship Westfalen and the battle cruiser Lutzow—were sunk in the battle. A wireless dispatch received here from Berlin said the German Admiralty admitted the loss of the Westfalen.

The admiralty statement declares that the German losses in the fight were not only relatively, but absolutely greater than those of the British. Maintaining its practice of caution, the admiralty still refrains from giving the names of the lost German ships.

Scarcely An Officer Saved.

The official list of the casualties among officers shows that hardlly a single officer of the line escaped from the British cruisers sunk in the battle. An additional casualty list of petty officers shows that 43 of them were saved from the Queen Mary, Invincible, Fortune, Ardent and Shark. None was saved from the Indefatigable, Defense, Black Prince, Tipperary, Turbulent, Nomad or Nestor.

The list gives the names of 65 men killed aboard the Warrior and of 27 men wounded. On the other ships engaged in the fight, 115 men were killed and 85 wounded.

Germans Started It.

London.—In a terrific naval battle off the Coast of Jutland on May 31 the Germans sank 14 British warships, 3 battle cruisers (the Invincible, Queen Mary and Indefatigable), 3 light cruisers and 8 destroyers.

The German Admiralty claims the additional loss of the dreadnaught Warspite, but at a late hour the British Admiralty does not include the vessel in its list of losses. The British report mentions the light cruiser Warrior, not yet claimed by the Germans.

The German losses are the battle cruiser Doerfflinger, the pre-dreadnaught Pommern, the small cruisers Frauenlob and Wiesbaden and several destroyers.

Zeppelins took part in the conflict which raged during the afternoon of Wednesday and until daybreak on Thursday.

There are no accurate reports of loss of life, but there is no doubt that several thousand officers and men perished. The British ships lost were manned by approximately 7,000 men, more than 2,000 men were aboard the German vessels put down.

The British ships lost cost approximately $70,000,000 to build, the German ships $20,000,000.

IN PROCLAIMING FLAG DAY PRESIDENT ASKS REAL "UNION"

President Wilson issued a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States to celebrate Flag Day, June 14, with patriotic exercises. The proclamation follows:

My Fellow-Countrymen — Many circumstances have recently conspired to turn our thoughts to a critical examination of the condition of our national life, of the influences which have seemed to threaten to divide us in interest and sympathy, of forces within and forces without that seemed likely to draw us away from the happy traditions of united purpose and action, of which we have been so proud.

I therefore suggest and request that throughout the nation, and if possible in every community, the fourteenth day of June be observed as Flag Day, with special patriotic exercises, at which means shall be taken to give significant expression to our thoughtful love of America, our comprehension of the great mission of liberty and justice to which we have devoted ourselves as a people, our pride in the history, and our enthusiasm for the political program of the nation, our determination to make it greater and purer with each generation, and our resolution to demonstrate to all the world its vital union in sentiment and purpose, accepting only those as true compatriots who feel as we do in the compulsion of this supreme allegiance.

Let us on that day rededicate ourselves to the cause of the nation, "one and inseparable," from which every thought that is not worthy of our fathers' first vows of liberty and right shall be excluded, and in which we shall stand with united hearts for an America which no man can corrupt, no influence can draw away from its ideals, no force divide against itself—a nation signally distinguished among all the nations of mankind for its clear, individual conception, alike, and its duties as, privileges, its obligations and representatives.

WILSON WITH CONFEDERATES.

Attends Memorial Exercises At Arlington Cemetery.

Washington.—President Wilson attended memorial exercises held in the Confederate section of Arlington National Cemetery Sunday, but did not speak. His appearance was unexpected, as he previously had announced he would be unable to attend. He was enthusiastically received by a large crowd.

Senator Vardaman, the orator of the occasion, defended the right of the Southern States to secede and declared the answer to the question, "Is it well that the Confederacy failed?" rested with the way the general government used its power.

Secretary Daniels occupied a seat at the speakers' platform.

STEALS TO REJOIN BAND.

Convict Wants To Return To Prison's Musicians.

Harrisburg, Pa. — Joshua Stewart, who was sent to the Eastern Penitentiary for a theft in Middletown, told a deputy sheriff that he had stolen to get back to the Eastern Penitentiary, where he could play in the institution's band. He had been released only a short time ago.

KILLED LEAVING CHURCH.

One Boy Strikes Another On Head With Brick.

Bristol, Va.-Tenn.—Arthur Love, 18 years old, was struck on the head with a brick by Henderson McNutt, 10 years old, and died without regaining consciousness. The assault followed a dispute as the boys were leaving a prayer service. McNutt was arrested.

WEEK'S NEWS STORIES RETOLD

What the Wires Report of the World's Happenings

ALL INCIDENTS OF INTEREST

What People Are Doing Everywhere—Tales of Great Events From Every Clime—Reports From Other States.

WAR BULLETINS

Germany will not accept Great Britain's counter proposals for the relief of Poland.

Lieut. Prince Maximilian Dentice de Frasso was killed in an aeroplane accident at Pisa, Italy.

British casualties in May increased over March and April. The total is 1,767 officers and 28,470 men.

A large Zeppelin was destroyed when it came in contact with some trees while descending near Veles, on the Saloniki front.

Official figures published by the British Embassy at Washington show that up to the end of April neufral nations had lost 121 ships sunk by submarines.

Chief Iron Tail, famous Indian, died on a passenger train near Fort Wayne, Ind., but his death did no become known until the train reached Chicago.

The Austrians in Galicia met with a momentary success near Gliadki, driving the Russians from a position and capturing it. The Russians, however, in a counter-attack recaptured the post.

In the Lagarina Valley, on the Pasubio sector, and in the Sugana Valley at Ospedaletto, the Austrians are heavily bombarding the Italian positions.

Further gains by the Germans at Verdun, in which they captured French positions on a front of about two miles, were announced by Berlin.

WASHINGTON

The high tide of the country's prosperity has been reached according to a summary of reports on business conditions from the Federal Reserve agents of the 12 regional districts, made public by the Federal Reserve Board.

Louis D. Brandeis was confirmed as an associate Justice of the Supreme Court. The vote was 47 to 22.

President Wilson will march in Washington's preparedness parade on June 14.

The Republican members of the House, with the aid of more than a score of Democrats, followed up their submarine victory by increasing the appropriation in the naval bill for aeronautics from $2,000,000 to $3,500,000.

The efforts to prevent the adoption of the amendment to provide for the construction of a government armor plate factory at a cost of $11,000,000 failed.

GENERAL

Street car laborers at Butte, Mont., went on strike for an increase in wages from $3.50 to $4 a day.

Two million rations have been sent to Columbus, N. M., for the American army of occupation in Mexico. The significance of the dispatch of such a large number of rations is said to be that, in the event of trouble, with the Carranzistas, in which the American line of communication might be cut, the American command would not suffer for lack of provisions.

The destroyer Warrington was towed into Boston harbor after having been damaged when she crashed into a submerged breakwater off Rockport, Mass.

Elwyn and Harry Minor, brothers, aged 16 and 13 respectively, were drowned in the Connecticut River at Glastonbury, Conn., when their rowboat capsized.

British Columbia will place a loan of $10,000,000 in New York.

Mrs. Josiah Evans Cowles, of Los Angeles, was elected president of the General Federation of Women's Clubs.

Senator Kern will make the speech nominating Vice-President Marshall at the St. Louis Convention.

The drowning of three members of the civilian crew of the United States collier Hector, off Santo Domingo, was reported to the Navy Department by Rear Admiral Caperton. The men drowned were Edward Breanan and William Mariner, quartermasters, and George Sancunis, fireman.

A nine-hour working day, with full pay, was voluntarily granted to its 5,000 employes at South Manchester, Conn., by Cheney Brothers, silk manufacturers.

Five hundred thousand rabbits en route to England to furnish food to the Allied armies formed part of the cargo of the British steamer Cumberland, from Wellington, N. Z., which stopped for coal at Norfolk, Va.

The membership of the American Red Cross has increased from 30,000 to more than 100,000 in the last few weeks, as the result of the campaign for members.

To further a plan to place the postal guide in every commercial establishment in the country, Postmaster General Burleson has reduced the price from $3 to 30 cents.

SENATOR BURTON IDEAL CANDIDATE

An Intimate View of Him In 1912 Campaign.

IS STRONG FOR FAIR PLAY.

On One Notable Occasion Declared That He Would as Soon Think of Assaulting a Man as Misquoting Him. Great Statesman and Prodigious Worker, Says Isaac M. Meekins.

When the presidential campaign in 1912 was in full blast the chairman of the Republican national committee requested me to do some campaigning for the committee. I was called to New York and informed that the committee had decided to put on what it pleased to call "The Tariff Special." This was a train with which it was intended to trail Woodrow Wilson's western trip and cover each point touched by the Democratic presidential nominee. I was told that Senator Theodore E. Burton was in charge of the train and that I had been selected to accompany him on this trip. I joined the senator at Indianapolis, and in less than a half hour he had my complete confidence and I felt that I had known him all my life. His manner was easy, open and frank. He was positive, but not abrupt.

Very soon I began to learn some of the qualities of the distinguished senator. Among the first was an illustration of his scrupulous sense of fair play. On the train out of Chicago an Iowa newspaper man called Senator Burton's attention to a passage in Woodrow Wilson's "History of the American People" wherein he describes the panic of 1893-4 and concludes by saying, "Not until the year 1897, when the new Republican administration came in power, did the crisis seem past." This bit of information interested me vitally. I was curious to know what Senator Burton would do with it—how he would handle it. I fully expected him to use this item in his very next rear end platform speech. But he did not. I went to him and asked him why he did not make use of that quotation from Wilson. "I shall make use of it as soon as I have an opportunity to verify it," he replied. "I shall look it up as soon as I get to a public library." Late the next night in the Denver Public library I found Senator Burton poring over a volume of Wilson's "History of the American People." "I have found the statement," he said, "and now I shall use it." "I should have used it before," I told him. "But I could not afford to do that!" he exclaimed. "I would as soon think of assaulting a man as misquoting him."

Courteous and Considerate.

An incident which occurred at Denver is so good an illustration of Senator Burton's fine courtesy and consideration for others that I think it worth while repeating. Although this was one of the most attractive points in our trip, he proposed that I should on this occasion make the set speech. Although I protested, it was finally arranged that he would take only fifteen minutes and give me the balance of the time. A splendid audience greeted us that night; several thousand were gathered in a theater. Senator Burton opened the meeting and was at his best. The audience responded to him immediately, and he could have held the attention of the men and women gathered there for hours. I tossed him a note telling him that he should hold the platform and not confine himself to the agreed fifteen minutes; that the audience was his and never mind me. After speaking just fifteen minutes Senator Burton sat down. That night on our train, chatting with the press reporters, I asked Senator Burton why he did not continue his speech. "Because I had to keep my promise," he said. "I would no sooner trespass upon another man's time than I would trespass upon his pocketbook."

Had I been a member of the president's cabinet Senator Burton could not have been more considerate of my feelings and my comfort in every particular than he was during this entire trip. I was as unknown to him as to the reader of this little story. Herein is revealed the real man.

Traveling brings out the true character of the man. After close association with Senator Burton for a number of weeks I can say of him that he is not only a statesman and philosopher and in many respects a genius, but he is a sympathetic, honest, brave gentleman, personally kind, gentle and sincere. Campaigning in 1912 for the Republican nominee was fraught with many difficulties and embarrassments. By reason of these very difficulties and embarrassments I found that difficulties do not discourage Senator Burton; neither do failures frighten him. With extraordinary celerity of perception he finds his way out of every difficulty and out of every embarrassment. During my entire association with him I never once heard him complain.

Statesman and Worker.

In addition to the refinement of character which he possesses, Senator Burton is endowed with a great mind, is a great statesman and a prodigious worker. A man may be a great statesman and then lack those fundamental human qualities which the average American voter is inclined to expect of any candidate for the presidency. Since the advent of the Man of Galilee people everywhere have demanded the humanities of their leaders. Prudence, justice, duty, kindness, consideration, service and honesty weigh more in the scales of public opinion than wisdom and learning. But combine these attributes and we have all that is best in human character.

I am a delegate to the Republican national convention at Chicago, which meets June 7. I am not committed to any candidate for president. I am free to vote for whomsoever I please and to change from one to another candidate as my judgment shall indicate. However, knowing Senator Burton as I do, I felt that I wanted others also to know him as he is. To my mind he is a presidential possibility who possesses all the requisite qualifications in full measure. Besides making a great president he would make a good party man. Senator Burton believes in the Republican party. While he would not permit partisanship to interfere with the duties of the great office to which he aspires, yet he can be counted on to solidify the party and set it as a nail in a sure place. There is not a disloyal fiber in his great nature, not a suspicion of ingratitude in his character. He would cherish the organization that placed him in the highest and most honorable official position in the world.

If Senator Burton is nominated and elected president every citizen of the United States can have his cause heard at the White House, if he has a cause, and in party matters the humblest of our rank and file will be heard and considered. Mr. Victor Murdock said the other day, "Colonel Roosevelt is a natural man." So is Senator Burton. There is a quiet reserve and dignity about Senator Burton, but only that which is perfectly fitting for a president of the United States, while there is none of the happy-go-lucky spirit about him. The genial warmth of his spirit and his kindly and sympathetic manner are totally inconsistent with any suggestion that Senator Burton is cold blooded. Senator Burton is a man of deep sentiment without being sentimental. There is a vast difference between sentiment and sentimentality, just as there is a vast difference between kindly consideration and cold insensibility. But every man can expect of Senator Burton a quiet consideration of an issue or a cause, an honest conclusion and a gentle, kindly and sympathetic announcement of that conclusion at any time, any place, under any and all circumstances.

ISAAC M. MEEKINS.

Elizabeth City, May 10, 1916.

PRESS THINKS WELL OF SENATOR BURTON

Logical Man to Oppose Wilson, Says Asheville Citizen.

While political leaders are for one man or another, for one purpose or another, it is found that Republicans seeking success this year want a man of strong Republican convictions, a man of experience in public affairs and a knowledge of the needs of the country.

Just what is thought of Senator Burton in different parts of the country may be seen by the comments of different papers of recent date.

Says the Olean Evening Times of New York:

"The candidacy of Senator Theodore E. Burton is being pushed with an energy and vigor by his friends who know him best and his Washington associates who know him as a legislator that bid fair to land the nomination at Chicago. No other man now before the public as a candidate is getting the favorable comment in this relation as Senator Burton."

The Sioux Falls (S. D.) State Forum says:

"The Forum believes that for pure statesmanlike ability, knowledge and needs of the country and how best to meet them Senator Theodore E. Burton is the best man of the entire list. He is right on the tariff, right in his Americanism, right in his ideas of governmental service and one of the real leaders of the country."

Wheeling (W. Va.) Intelligencer:

"Development of sentiment among West Virginia Republicans has been altogether favorable to Theodore E. Burton. As matters now stand he will undoubtedly have the West Virginia delegates to the Republican convention."

Asheville (N. C.) Citizen:

"Senator Burton is the logical man to oppose President Wilson, because he combines the advantage of representing both Republican and Progressive elements without having any of the objectionable characteristics that bar others from leadership."

Burton of the Grant Family.

Theodore E. Burton belongs to the Grant family. He is a descendant of Mathew Grant, who came to Massachusetts in 1630. On one of the few occasions when Senator Burton talks about himself he said: "The Grants have been unemotional men. They believe that Ulysses S. was as typical a Grant as was the venerable Mathew, the founder of the clan. Traveling by steamer on the James river, an explosion occurred, which caused every one but Grant to spring from his chair in great alarm. 'It is unbecoming an officer,' the general rebukingly said, 'to show even momentarily any fear or excitement.' A Grant," the senator added, "when he is a Grant can't be rattled by an earthquake."

STRIKING FEATURES OF NEW SCHOOL LAW

Rigid Requirements Necessary For Superintendent to Be Qualified.

[Continued from last week.]

Continuing the article published in the last issue of this paper, in which were set forth in brief, many of the radical changes in the State school law of Maryland, there are here set fourth a few of the additional features thereof.

"The county superintendent shall nominate, for appointment by the county board of education, all principals and all assistant teachers, shall assign them to their positions in the schools, transfer them as the needs of the schools require, recommend them for promotion, suspend them for cause and recommend them for dismissal."

In each county employing not less than 100 teachers, there shall be appointed at least one primary grade supervisor, no person shall be eligible for appointment as a supervisor who does not hold from the state superintendent a certificate in supervision; one-half of the salary of the supervisor is to be paid by the State.

The county board of education in each county shall with the written approval of the state surerintendent of schools, also appoint at least on attendance officer, whose duty it shall be to compel the regular attendance of children at school; one-half the salary of the attendance officer is to be paid by the State.

There shall be employed in each county at least one statistical and stenographic clerk.

The district boards of school trustees lose authority to contract with teachers for their employment, that authority in the new school law, abiding in the county board of education as set forth in the first citation of the law in the first part of this article; the trustees are to see that the school properties are in good condition, and to remove or report any irregularities in the conduct of the schools and to approve or reject as correct or incorrect the various reports of the teachers to the board of education.

"No new school house district shall be formed containing less than fifty children between the ages of 6 and 14 years; nor shall any new school district be formed if any one of the old districts affected has, after the formation of the new school house district, less than fifty children between the ages of 6 and 14 years, except in such unusual instances as may be approved by the state superintendent of schools."

"Elementary schools shall be kept open for not less than one hundred and eighty (180) actual school days and for ten months in each year, if possible, and shall be free to all white youths, between six and twenty years of age."

"Whenever the average daily attendance in any school for any two consecutive terms is less than 12 pupils the said school may be closed by the county board of education, and transportation provided, in the discretion of the board for the pupils."

"There shall be held in each school, once a year, a public exhibition of school work, of which due notice shall be given, that parents and other interested in education may attend."

After September 30, 1916, the examination of applicants for teachers' certificates becomes a state function with the result that the county superintendent loses all previous authority therein. After that date, teachers' certificates will be issued by the State and not by the county superintendent.

"The district board of school trustees shall have power to suspend and expel pupils for cause; provided, that an appeal shall lie to the county superintendent, whose decision shall be final."

"The board of public school commissioners of Baltimore City and each county board of education shall adopt and purchase, subject to the provisions of this article, text books, supplementary readers, materials of instruction, stationery and school supplies for use in the public schools of said city and of the several counties of the State."

In state high schools of the first group, agriculture may be substituted for manual or industrial training.

"After all deductions are made from the General State School Fund, the State Comptroller shall apportion on or before the last day of September, the remainder of the General State School Fund of each year to the several counties and the city of Baltimore, as follows: Two-thirds shall be apportioned on the basis of the population between the ages of six and fourteen years as given by the latest available biennial school census; provided, that the latest Federal Census shall be employed until the biennial school census becomes available; and one third shall be apportioned upon the basis of the aggregate days of school attendance during the preceding school year as certified to by the state superintendent of schools, provided that the attendance of pupils in a state aided high school shall not be counted in apportioning the General School Fund."

School attendance becomes compulsory under the new law, prevailing as follows, with severe penalties for violations thereof; children 7 and 12 years of age are required to attend school every day; children 13 and 14 years of age are required to attend school at least 100 days a year, beginning not later than November 1st; children 15 and 16 years of age are required to attend school at least 100 days a year, beginning not later than November 1st, unless legally employed elsewhere; there is provided in the law ample local authority to excuse children from its requirements whenever they present just and satisfying reasons therefor.

(Concluded.)

AUTO OWNERS WHO HAVE REGISTERED

State is Reaping Funds for the Improvement to the Highways.

Automobile licenses from the office of Commissioner of Motor-vehicles E. A. Baughman, in Baltimore, have been issued to the following:

25406—R. L. Fries, Oakland, Saxon.
25408—B. C. Potter, Jennings, Ford.
25409—W. Huff, Jennings, Ford.
24410—W. Rathbun, Mt. Lake Park, Ford.
25411—H. L. Bittner, Mt. Lake Park, Reo.
25412—J. Stevenson, Mt. Lake Park, Michigan.
25413—T. B. Doman, Mt. Lake Park, Buick.
25414—A. L. Biggs, Mt. Lake Park, Buick.
25415—B. W. Hardesty, Mt. Lake Park, Overland.
25416—W. R. Falkenstein, Mt. Lake Park, Overland.
25418—C. V. Harvey, Mt. Lake Park Hupp.
25425—I. D. Sunkins, Kitzmiller, Ford.
25426—H. C. Fowler, Oakland, Ford.
25429—C. E. Ellithorp, Bittinger, Ford.
25440—W. C. Jones, Deer Park, Ford.
25443—R. Liller, Gormania, W. Va., Ford.
25448—C. H. Merrill, Altamont, Ford.
26453—C. M. Glover, Friendsville, Ford.
25459—A. H. Rush, Friendsville, Ford.
25461—J. Hetrick, Grantsville, Ford.
25470—F. Shaffer, Oakland, Ford.
25471—S. T. Miller, Oakland, Ford.
26472—H. A. Roth, Oakland, Ford.
25473—E. C. Shager, Oakland, Ford.
25483—N. E. Miller, Mt. Lake Park, Reo.
25496—J. A. Turney, Mt. Lake Park, Michigan.
25508—C. Bolden, Finzel, Ford.
25509—J. Garlitz, Finzel, Ford.
25510—C. McKenzie, Finzel, Ford.

RENNINGER & OFFUTT, Solicitors.

Order of Publication.

May H. Cassidy, Plaintiff v. Rosco C. Cassidy, Defendant.
No. 2067 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County.

The object of this suit is to procure a decree for a divorce a vinculo matrimonii by the plaintiff from the defendant.

The bill states that on the 6th day of March, 1912, the plaintiff was married to the said Rosco C. Cassidy at Grafton, West Virginia, with whom she resided in said town for about a month after their marriage, and then moved to Cleveland, Ohio, and there resided with her husband for a period of about eight months, at which time the plaintiff was to make a visit to her parents in Garrett county. On this trip her husband accompanied her as far as Wheeling, W. Va., and then told her that he would follow her in two weeks, and upon her return to her home in Garrett county she received a letter from him dated Illinois stating that he was going so far away as he could and that he would never live with her again.

The bill further states that the conduct of the plaintiff towards her husband has always been kind, affectionate and above reproach, and that the defendant has without just cause or reason abandoned and deserted the plaintiff and declared his intention to live with her no longer.

That such abandonment has continued uninterruptedly for at least three years and is deliberate and final and the separation of the parties beyond hope of reconciliation.

That there was one child born of said marriage, viz., Cora, about three years of age.

That the plaintiff has resided in Garrett county more than three years prior to the filing of this suit, and that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Maryland.

The bill prays for a divorce a vinculo matrimonii by the plaintiff from the defendant, guardianship and custody of said infant child, general relief and an order of publication.

It is thereupon, this 31st day of May, 1916, ordered by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, in Equity that the plaintiff, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in said Garrett county once in each of four successive weeks before the 1st day of July, 1916, give notice to said absent defendant of the object and substance of this bill, warning him to appear in this court, in person or by solicitor, on or before the 17th day of July, 1916, to show cause, if any he has, why a decree ought not to be passed as prayed.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy, Test: E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Notice to the Pulic.

My son, Lester Hetrick, who is under age, having ran away from my home and care, I hereby notify all persons, firms, etc., that I will not be responsible for any debts he may contract, and I also warn all persons against employing or harboring the said Lester Hetrick so long as he is not of legal age.

MELCHOR HETRICK,
Bittinger, Md.

Adv. 15-3t

A WONDERFUL BARGAIN

$5 BIBLE $2 FOR ONLY

Nearly 600 fine Pictures

Everybody surprised and delighted. Give them to the children and stimulate their interest

Fine leather overlap binding with red edge. Gold edge 50 cents extra. Nothing finer for a gift to anyone.

Will be pleased to show this beautiful book and no obligation to buy.

Call, phone (Bell 63 W) or write.

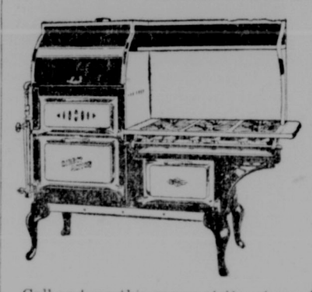
HEYWARD,
Oak and E. Streets,
Mt. Lake Park, Md.

Advertisement 14-4t*

Do You Use Gas?

If you do come to W. E. Shirer and inspect and have demonstrated to you the Direct Action Gas Range, with the regular cooking top and the Direct Action Oven with the fireless cooker convenience added. The oven is the most essential part of all ranges and this range possesses the most marvelous oven yet produced which is a cooking oven as well as a baking oven and can be used to boil and bake at the same time.

The oven of this gas range is operated on a distinctly new principle. The burners are placed in the oven itself; hence the name, "direct action." In design the range is on efficient cabinet type with a comfortable working height of thirty-two inches. Connected with the oven is a thermostat which reduces automatically the amount of gas allowed to flow through the burner at any temperature indicated. Thus at 200 degrees F. only a sub flame burns, while if the thermostat is set for a temperature of 300 degrees F. the furners show a full flame until 325 degrees F. is reached, when the supply of gas is cut off and the flame is reduced to a mere pin-point, capable of maintaining the temperature set. With this arrangement an oven of known temperature can be indefinitely maintained, and this is a marked advance in gas-cookery. **The food is first placed in the oven, the gas is then lighted, and the thermostat is set for the desired temperature.** The practical results obtained in this oven, as well as the temperature readings, show it to be an excellent investment.



Call and see this range at the store of W. E. Shirer any day or if you phone W. E. Shirer he will demonstrate to you any evening. This range must be seen to be appreciated.

W. E. SHIRER,
Oakland, Md.

Advertisement.

Assignee's Sale

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate

In Garrett County, Maryland.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a deed, reserving a vendor's lien, from Arnold A. Scherr et vir to Bertha V. Martin and Susanna Simons, bearing date 24th day of March, 1915, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 68, folio 274, one of the land records of said Garrett county, and assigned to the undersigned assignee, default having been made in payment of said vendor's lien therein, the undersigned assignee hereby gives notice that he will on

Saturday, the 17th day of June,

1916, at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m., in front of the Court House in the town of Oakland, Md., offer at public auction to the highest bidder all that piece or parcel of land situate in Garrett county, Maryland, and beginning for the same at a stake on East side of Arnold Road, and running thence N. 11 W. 11¾ poles; N. 7 E. 11 poles; N. 4 30 minutes, 7 poles to a stake S. 51 and 15 minutes W. 28 poles to beginning, containing two acres, more or less, and being the same land mentioned and described in said deed.

Said land is improved by a dwelling house, stable and out buildings.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash. Conveyancing at cost of purchaser.

JULIUS C. RENNINGER, Assignee.

NOTICE: Any responsible party making substantial satisfactory down payment can secure reasonable terms for deferred payment. For further particulars see Renninger & Offutt, Attorneys, Oakland, Md.

Order of Publication.

Porter L. Custer, et al., vs. Amanda Custer et al.
No. 1691 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

The object of this petition is to procure an order from the Circuit Court for Garrett county, sitting in equity, authorizing and directing the Trustee named in the decree in this cause to pay over a certain amount of money audited to Ora Crissle to the petitioner, Patrick S. Fazenbaker.

The petition, after setting out the filing of the original bill, the passage of a decree of sale and the appointment of the trustees, states, that after the passage of said decree, but before the sale of said real estate to wit: on the 1st day of November, 1915, the said Ora Crissle, together with her husband, sold and conveyed to the said Patrick S. Fazenbaker, all their rights, title and interest in the real estate in the proceedings mencioned, and executed and delivered a deed therefor which deed has been already filed in this cause with the petition of the said Fazenbaker praying that he be admitted as a party defendant therein, and is now prayed to be taken and considered as a part thereof.

The petition further states that there has been an audit stated in said cause, and prays that the amount audited to the said Ora Crissie may be paid over to said petitioner.

It is thereupon, this 3rd day of May, 1916, ordered, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, in equity, that the petitioner, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett County, once in each of four successive weeks, before the 24th day of June, next, give notice to the said Ora Crissie of the object and substance of said petition, warning her to appear in this Court, in person or by solicitor, on or before the 1st day of July, next, to show cause, if any she has, why an order ought not be passed as prayed. And it is further ordered, that in lieu of such publication, a copy of this order may be served personally upon the said Ora Crissie, on or before the 20th day of June, 1916, in accordance with Section 127 of Article 16 of the Code of Public General Laws of the State of Maryland, warning her to appear and show cause as aforesaid.

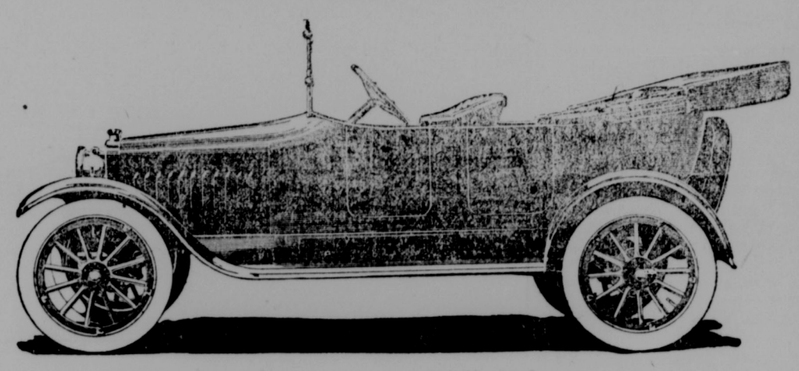
ROBERT R. HENDERSON.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

LOST—A nickel plated automobile crank. Finder please leave at this office.

SAXON "SIX"

big touring car for five people



Dramatic Editor of New York Journal Praises his Saxon "Six."

I have been driving a Saxon "Six" for the past month, and wish to offer an unsolicited recommendation.

To begin with, I own a seven-passenger car and have owned $3,000 cars for the past seven years. It is a remarkable fact, but I have never had any desire to operate a car myself, and have always employed a chauffeur. When I bought the Saxon "Six" I took one lesson, and then went forth in the "City of Gasoline" as my own chauffeur.

The car itself is a masterpiece in mechanism. It answers every call of the foot and hand. In short, it runs itself.

When you are stopped by traffic, and you want to start, it is off so fast, you are compelled to hold it back. Going up a hill, is the same as coasting down one. In appearance, no car for the money can approach it. When you pass others, whether they are in autos, or are walking on the street, they look upon this six-cylinder wonder in admiration, and only pass the most pleasing remarks.

Every man that owns a big car should own a Saxon "Six," and operate it himself to and from his office. Of course, it is hard to convince some men that they could run a car, but, if they tried once, it would settle the question.

I consider the Saxon "Six" a wonderful purchase for the money.

C. F. ZITTEL, Dramatic Editor, New York Journal.

For a Demonstration of this wonderful car, call at Liller's Barber shop or Kelly's Livery, Oakland.

LILLER & KELLY, Agents
OAKLAND, MD.

REAL ESTATE BARGAINS

Improved farm of 47 acres near Sunnyside, six miles south of Oakland. Good building and young orchard.

65 acres, near state road, four miles north of Oakland, 15 acres cleared balance in woodland. A splendid bargain.

Splendidly located, unimproved lot on Green street in Oakland. A specially good bargain.

JAS. D. HAMILL.
Real Estate Agent.

ORDER NISI.

In the matter of Clarence W. Perkins, assignee, vs. Robert C. McCandlish and Annie L. McCandlish, his wife.
No. 1966 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett county.

It is ordered this 13th day of May, 1916, upon the aforegoing report and affidavit, by the Circuit Court for Garrett county, sitting as a Court of Equity, that the said Clarence W. Perkins, assignee, be and he is hereby authorized and empowered to accept the offer of F. G. Fox, as above set forth, and to convey by a good and sufficient deed the property covered by said mortgage, to the said F. G. Fox, upon the terms and conditions above set forth, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 17th day of June 1916; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 10th day of June 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $1,000.

ROBERT R. HENDERSON,

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Administrator's Sale

OF

Personal Property

Under and by virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of Allegany county, Md., the undersigned administrator of the personal estate of G. N. Emory, late of Allegany county, Md., deceased, hereby gives notice that he will, on

Thursday, the 8th Day of June,

1916, at the hour of 1:30 o'clock p. m. in front of the First National Bank in the town of Oakland, Md., sell at public auction to the highest bidder.

One light Six-Cylinder Mitchell Touring Car, late 1914 model; seven pasenger, equipped with electric lights, starter and heating system. This car is in good condition and has been operated over only about nine hundred miles.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on the day of sale.

J. B. EMORY, Administrator.

TRUSTEE'S SALE

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate

Situate In Garrett County

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a Deed of Trust executed to the undersigned Trustee by Mary A. Wilson and George M. Wilson, her husband, default having occured in the terms of said trust, said Deed of Trust being dated the 3rd day of September, 1902, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 41, folio 554, &c., one of the Mortgage Records of Garrett County, the undersigned will on

SATURDAY
the 10th day of June, 1916,

in front of the Court House in the town of Oakland, Maryland, at the hour of two o'clock P. M. of said day offer at public auction to the highest bidder all the following real estate, situate, lying and being in Garrett county and described as follows:

All that lot of ground situate, lying and being as aforesaid, which is known and designated as a part of Military Lot Number 973, containing the quantity of four and three sixteenth acres and being the same lot of ground which was conveyed to the said Mary A. Wilson by deed from Richard Reams et. ux., dated the 3rd day of September, 1902, and duly recorded among the Land Records of Garrett county, Maryland.

Said property is improved by a good dwelling house, orchard and other necessary outbuildings, and is all under fence.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on the day of sale, but if any responsible buyer takes the property I can arrange for the payment of one-third cash on the day of sale and the balance in two equal installments in one and two years from date by the purchaser executing a mortgage on the property for the deferred payments, and notes with security.

G. SEMMES HAMILL,
Trustee.

The man Who Makes A STUDY OF HIS APPEARANCE

is the man who best appreciates the detail of the tailoring we turn out The workmanship passes without a question, the fit is naturally a matter of course, but the shape we mould into the garments give them a character that finishes them off and makes the satisfaction of the owner complete.

All this is a bid for your next tailoring order. We know we can make you the best clothes you ever wore We want you to know it. That orders the best and only sure way to settle he question.

JAMES BROCK,
Dixon Building,
Oakland, Maryland.

Order Nisi.

C. A. Beachy, Treasurer of Garrett County, Maryland, vs. Clyde B. Moore.
No. 271, Miscellaneous Docket. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County Maryland.

Ordered, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland, this 6th day of May, 1916, that the tax sale made and reported in the above entitled case by C. A. Beachy, Treasurer of Garrett county, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 14th day of June, 1916; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 7th day of June, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $20.98.

ROBERT R. HENDERSON.
True copy, Test: E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

ORDER NISI.

C. A. Beachy, Treasurer of Garrett county, Maryland vs. Geo. D. Browning, L. E. Friend and R. C. McCandlish.
No. 270, Miscellaneous Docket In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Ordered by the Circuit Court for Garrett county, Maryland, this 6th day of May, 1916, that the tax sale made and reported in the above entitled case by C. A. Beachy, Treasurer of Garrett county, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 14th day of June, 1916, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 7rd day of June, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $20.98.

ROBERT R. HENDERSON.
True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Examinations for Free Scholarships.

Competitive examinations of applicants for State free scholarship (male), in Western Maryland College, good for four years, as well as for other valuable similar scholarships will be held in the Oakland Grammar school building upon Saturday, June 17, 1916, at 9 o'clock. Full particulars may be obtained at this office or at the time the examinations are to be held.

F. E. RATHBUN,
County Superintendent of Schools
Advertisement 14-3t

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters Testamentry on the estate of

CHARLES C. MOODY

late of Garrett County, Md., deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 4th day of November, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 4th day of May, 1916.

WM. G. HENDERSON,
501 F. St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

THE REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME 41. OAKLAND, MARYLAND THURSDAY, JUNE 15, 1916. NUMBER 16

JUNE GRAND JURY FOUND MANY INDICTMENTS

Body Was Discharged Last Friday Morning After Making Its Report.

Last Friday morning the grand jury for the June term of the Circuit Court, which convened on Monday preceding with Associate Judge Keedy of Hagerstown on the bench, made its report and was discharged from further service at this time, the report in full appearing below.

The grand jury in its labors, examined 151 witnesses and found 71 indictments, the greatest number ever returned by any previous jury in the history of the county, many of the indictments being for forgery, bootlegging and in one or two instances upon more serious charges.

The report of the jury is as follows:

To The Honorable, the Judges of the Circuit Court for Garrett County:

The Grand Jury for the June Term, 1916, of the Circuit Court for Garrett County, beg leave to report that we have concluded our labors, and have to the best of our ability performed the duties devolving upon us as members of this body, and we now desire to report our proceedings and receive our discharge.

We have had before us and examined 151 witnesses, and have found 71 presentments and 71 indictments.

We have found presentments in all cases in which we believed the evidence justified, and have ignored trivial cases and those cases in which the evidence did not appear to warrant presentments.

We have examined the several County Buildings, in accordance with your Honor's instructions.

We find that the Court-house is in need of some repairs. The composition caps on the columns of the court house should be renewed at once, as there is imminent danger of the bricks above the tops of the same falling out. The porch floors should be repainted. There should be a light placed at the steps descending to the toilet in the basement. We further recommend that the blocks under the porch should be repainted with cement, as the blocks are becoming loose.

We found the jail in good condition and neatly kept. We believe that the stairway in the jail should be enclosed by a partition and a door at the foot of the stairs, so that the women and men may be separated when they are allowed in the corridors, as it is impossible to keep them in the cells all of the time. The spouting on the jail is all clogged and should be opened and repaired at once.

This Grand Jury has been informed that some of the recommendations regarding repairs, made by previous Grand Juries, have been ignored, and this Grand Jury desires to emphasize the necessity of the County Commissioners taking prompt action for the preservation of the County Buildings and thus save further expenses caused by delays.

We desire to commend Sheriff Ashby for the cleanly manner in which the County Jail is kept.

We desire to acknowledge the courtesy shown us by His Honor, Judge Keedy.

We wish to commend the several County officials having the records of the County in charge, for the neat manner in which we find the records are kept.

We cannot close this report without extending our thanks and sincere appreciation to Mr. E. Ray Jones, State's Attorney, for the valuable assistance he has rendered this Jury in the conduct of its investigations.

We beg to be discharged.

Respectfully submitted,

E. E. SOLLARS,
Foreman.

W. W. SAVAGE,
W. B. MILLER.

FOR SALE—Cheap, a white wicker baby carriage; good as new. Apply to Harry Naylor, Oakland.

WILLIAM MORGAN WILL SERVE SIX YEARS IN PEN

Sentenced Yesterday By Judge R. R. Henderson for Attempting Murder.

In the Circuit Court yesterday a large number of criminal cases were disposed of, the most interesting one claiming the attention of the Court and a host of witnesses from Selbysport being that of William Morgan, who one night during the past winter became embroiled with his brother-in-law, Orville Frazee, and shot him with the avowed intention of taking his life. Morgan and his wife had parted some months preceding the quarrel between the two men and claiming that young Frazee was in part responsible for the existing conditions made the assault. After hearing the evidence of a number of witnesses in the case and Morgan's own statement, who entered a plea of guilty, the Court gave him a sentence of six years in the penitentiary.

Henry Barnard, of Bloomington, who entered a plea of guilty on Monday to the indictment charging him with having forged a large number of scalp certificates and collecting the money upon the same from the County Treasurer, was given the minimum sentence, two years in the penitentiary.

Other cases disposed of by the Court were as follows:

State vs. Henry E. Felty, larceny; partly tried and postponed.

State vs. Asa Glotfelty, statutory rape; plea of guilty confessed and paroled.

State vs. Earl Friend, burglary; jury trial; not guilty.

State vs. Earl and Elsie Friend, larceny; dismissed by order State's Attorney.

State vs. Wesley Friend, larceny; same order.

State vs. E. J. Frantz; sale of liquor; tried before Court; not guilty.

State vs. Clarence O'Haver, bastardy; plea of guilty confessed; paroled upon condition he pay $4 per month for the term of twelve years for support of child.

State vs. Walter Green, larceny of two head of cattle; plea of guilty confessed and paroled.

State vs, Harper McRobie and Walter Masters, burglary; plea of guilty; paroled.

State vs. Herbert Masters, receiving stolen goods; verdict guilty; paroled for five years.

State vs. Perry and Percy Frantz, sale of liquor; tried before Court; verdict not guilty.

State vs. B. F. Walter, four charges of forgery; plea of guilty; paroled.

State vs. Etta Masters, receiving stolen goods; tried before Court; guilty and paroled.

State vs. Asa Glotfelty, bastardy; plea of guilt; order of Court that he give bond in the sum of $400 for support of child.

State vs. Lynn Morgan; burglary; tried before Court; guilty; paroled.

State vs. John Jokes, sale of liquor; paroled.

State vs. Charles Liller, giving away liquor at place of business; plea of guilty; sentence withheld by Court.

State vs. Joseph Polidari, sale of liquor; plea of guilty; $100 and costs.

State vs. Philip Polidari, same; stet.

Joseph Polidari, same; plea of guilty; $100 and costs.

This morning the remainder of the criminal docket will be taken up by Judge Henderson and it is expected that Court will adjourn tomorrow.

The petit jury was discharged yesterday morning but may be recalled by Judge Boyd some time the latter part of July to sit in a case set for trial at that time.

THE DEATH RECORD.

MRS. JOHN CLOSE.

Mrs. John Close died at her home near Berkeley Springs, W. Va., May 9, 1916, age 63 years, 3 months and 9 days. Funeral services were conducted in the United Brethren church in Berkeley Springs on Thursday at two o'clock by Revs. J. H. Brunk and C. H. Crowell in the presence of a large circle of relatives and friends. The deceased has been a consistent member of the United Brethren church for more than forty years having been converted forty-four years ago at Mt. Lake Park, Md. She is survived by her husband John Close, and the following children: Mrs. T. J. Mason, Marlinton, W. Va.; Mrs. George Welling, Oakland; Mrs. Thomas S. Lutman, Wm. Close and Miss Della Close of Berkeley Springs and Mrs. C. V. and Mrs. R. P. Widmeyer of Ridersville. The following relatives from a distance attended the funeral. Mrs. E. E. Kesner and son Edison, of Mt. Lake Park; Mrs. Owen Price and Miss Bell Close, of Echard Mine; Mrs. Beckie Eisel, Miss Maggie Close of Frostburg; Mrs. Noah Henley, of Cumberland, Mrs. Annie Caton, of Midland; Messrs. Josiah and J. W. Beckman, Mrs. Geo. Welling, of Oakland; Mrs. T. J. Mason and Walter Mason, Marlinton.

RED MEN TO MEET SEPTEMBER 1.

Allegany and Garrett Tribes Will Hold a Reunion at Westernport.

At a meeting in the Red Men's Hall at Frostburg, Monday evening, it was decided that the seven tribes of the Improved Order of Red Men in Allegany county and the three tribes in Garrett county have a get-together meeting in Westernport on Friday evening, September 1. All the tribes in Allegany county but one were represented. It was also decided that each tribe visit at least one tribe each month for the purpose of getting better acquainted and arousing enthusiasm for the event, September 1, when Dr. J. C. Littleton, great chief of records and other great chiefs will be present. Michael E. Diehl was chairman of the meeting and P. L. Loy acted as secretary.

ATTENTION, FARMERS.

Domo Improved Cream Separators, $35.00 and $43.50.

C. N. MCINTIRE.
Adv. tf. Oakland, Md.

STATE LAWYERS AT DEER PARK

Features of Annual Convention Which Will Open Thursday, June 29.

Besides the innovation of meeting in the mountains instead of at the seashore the annual gathering of the Maryland State Bar Association at Deer Park this year will begin in the evening instead of in the morning. Arrangements have been made for a special train over the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, leaving Camden Station, Baltimore, at 10 a. m., on Thursday, June 29, and arriving at Deer Park at 4:15 p. m. The first session, scheduled for that evening, will be given over to the address of the president. Judge Hammond Urner, of Frederick, and the submission of reports by the standing committees.

On the following morning Chief Judge A. Hunter Boyd of the Court of Appeals, Joseph C. France and Joshua W. Miles will read papers on the question of how to improve the practical administration of Justice. These papers, which will be limited to 20 minutes, will be followed by a discussion.

The Friday evening session will be devoted to a discussion of proposed changes in the rules of evidence in reference to hearsay testimony and the incompetency of parties as witnesses on account of the death or disqualification of other parties to the transactions in issue. On the former question the speakers will be Benjamin A. Richmond, Osborne I. Yellott and J. Walter Lord, and on the latter Judges James P. Gortner and Carroll T. Bond and W. Stuart Symington. Each speaker will be limited to 10 minutes and three-minute talks will follow. Former Judge Alfred S. Niles will preside at this session.

On Saturday morning the annual address will be delivered by H. Snowden Marshall, United States District Attorney, of New York. There will be afternoon sessions at which the regular business of the association will be conducted.

The meeting will end with the annual banquet on Saturday night, July 1. George Whitelock will be toastmaster. The banquet is free to members of the association.

In the circular sent members of the association by James W. Chapman, Jr., secretary, attention is called to the fact that since the decision of the executive council to hold the meeting at Deer Park, the Legislature of Maryland has passed a law regulating the distribution of liquors in Garrett county. In consequence of this no wine will be served at the banquet and it will be "dry."

It will be the first time in years that the association has met in the State, and it is hoped by the officers that the attendance will be larger than ever before. Many tidewater members were kept away, it is said, by the fact that the gatherings were at the sea-side year after year, and it is supposed that Deer Park will appeal to them especially.

Nurses Maids of Honor at Wedding.

David Humbertson, 28 years old, and Miss Mary Friend, 16 years old, both of Friendsville, Garrett county, Md., were married in the sun parlor of the Western Maryland Hospital at 9:30 o'clock Friday morning by Rev. Wilbur M. Snyder, pastor of Melvin Chapel Methodist Protestant church. This is the first wedding in the hospital.

Orval Friend, brother of the bride, is a patient at the hospital and was unable to leave the institution to attend the wedding. For this reason permission was secured to have the ceremony performed in the hospital. Surrounded by a number of nurses and patients the ceremony was performed and everyone present wished them a happy voyage over the matrimonial sea. The congratulations were followed by a rice shower.—Cumberland News.

Red Men to Attend Worship.

All members of Youghioghney Tribe No. 151 Improved Order of Red Men, are requested to meet at their hall in the K. of P. building, June 18th, at 10:15 a. m. for the purpose of attending services at the Episcopal church. Visiting brothers invited.

WALTER HARDESTY, C. of R.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

HAVE IN STOCK TWO CAR LOADS

Buckwheat Fertilizer

Which we offer on our usual liberal fall terme

WE ALSO HAVE A CAR

Crocks AND Jars

at the very low price of 6cts. per gallon.

Just unloaded 1000 bushels very fine YELLOW CORN which will be sold at a small profit for cash

BIG STOCK OF EVERYTHING IN

Woven and Barb Wire

ALWAYS ON HAND.

Also TWO CARS CEMENT

D. M. Dixon & Co.

C. H. BROWNING

Deer Park's Best Store

WANTED

Potatoes and Young Chickens

Will pay $1.00 per bushel for potatoes and highest market price for young chickens.

Special Premium Offer

With each $3.00 purchase, cash or trade and 25 cents extra, I will give a handsomely decorated individual seven piece set of dishes.

Get right Trade at Browning's.

Offutt's

Foot Wear

We have a complete line of Walk Over shoes and oxfords for men. In the latest and plain styles.

For Women and Children

"Colonial Pump," "English Walking" "Mary Jane" and a number of popular styles.

Men's Straw Hats and Panamas. All the new styles for this season.

We pay the highest Market Price for Wool. Cash or trade.

OFFUTTS'

HUGHES AND FAIRBANKS NOMINATED BY G. O. P. ROOSEVELT ALSO NAMED DECLINES PROVISIONALLY

UNITED REPUBLICAN PARTY SUPPORTED BY COLONEL FACES FOE

News Flashed from Oyster Bay to Chicago Brought Cheer to Republicans and Gloom to Progressives Hughes Statement on Americanism Converts Roosevelt

President Wilson, in his campaign for re-election will be opposed by a reunited Republican Party, led by Charles Evans Hughes, of New York, as the Republican candidate for President and Charles Warren Fairbanks, of Indiana, as the candidate for Vice President.

Colonel Theodore Roosevelt will give his full support to the Republican ticket. This word, flashed over the wires to the friends of Roosevelt, brought cheer to the Republicans and gloom to the Progressives. There will be no third party movement. This is certain. There may be some attempt to revise the remains of the party under the leadership of Hiram Johnson or Victor Murdock, but it will be a bob-tailed movement, causing little if any embarrassment in the regular Republicans.

Nominated unanimously by the Republican convention, at the close of the most eventful week in the National politics, Justice Hughes made certain the support of Colonel Roosvelt by the issuance of a statement, taking a firm stand on Americanism and Preparedness.

The knowledge that Colonel Roosevelt will support the ticket has wiped out the resentment, which, the present convention demonstrated, has been smouldering against him ever since he left the Republican Party in 1912. A firm and unflinching support of the Republican candidates without a doubt will restore Colonel Roosevelt to his dominant place in the Republican Party.

For three days the conventions of the Republican and Progressive parties labored through winds and rains. Saturday they ended their deliberations amidst a burst of glorious sunshine. Each convention has chosen to go its separate way, hence, for the present, at least, there are two sets of candidates. Here they are:

Republican nominations:

For President—Charles Evans Hughes, of New York and of the Supreme Court of the United States.

For Vice President—Charles Warren Fairbanks, of Indiana, former Vice President of the United States.

Progressive nominations:

For President—Theodore Roosevelt.

For Vice President—John M. Parker, of Louisiana.

Such is the situation as presented by the two conventions, but it is confidently predicted that the atmosphere will clear before long and that the Roosevelt ticket will disappear. After the Progressive convention had hurled—that is the word that fits the occasion—after the convention had hurled him into the nomination, he got in touch with it. He gave the delegates to understand that if they expect him to accept off-hand they would be disappointed. He would have to await developments. He did not yet know the views of the Republican candidate on the issues of the day. If, when Justice Hughes had spoken, his position was not satisfactory to the Progressive committee, then would be the time for action. He wanted his own letter to the convention to be taken into consideration by the Progressive committee. He wanted the statement of Hughes, when it should appear, also to be considered. Then the committee and Roosevelt himself would consult and determine what to do.

This attitude of Roosevelt is precisely what Republican leaders have assumed that it would be. They contend that Hughes has been nominated not by machine work, but as the result of his own popularity among the people. They point to their platform as one truly "Made in America." The Republican leaders have believed all along that Hughes would plant himself firmly, as he has done, upon it and meet every possible requirement of Roosevelt as to Americanism, preparedness and the problems that Roosevelt has made his own.

The nomination of Roosevelt was inevitable. The Progressives who have taken part in the convention know Roosevelt only. It is doubtful if he could have swung them to any other man. Only a positive refusal to run could have prevented them from naming him.

And the nomination of Hughes, be it said, if not also inevitable, was virtually so. The Hughes movement was much stronger than Republican leaders who desired to nominate someone else realized before they arrived in Chicago. In a multiplicy of candidates there is division. From the start it has been the field of candidates against Hughes. Into this field Roosevelt could not have plunged had he seen fit to do so. A word from him that he would not accept Hughes would have made much difference.

Could he have been prevailed upon to indicate a preference for someone else, a forceful and promising combination could have been formed against Hughes. But Roosevelt refused to take a hand. His representatives here, in all their conferences with Republican leaders, have always fallen back upon Roosevelt. When Roosevelt, realizing at last, after his name had gone before the Republican convention, that there was no hope for him in that quarter, suddenly sprung the name of Henry Cabot Lodge on both conventions this morning, he was too late. Things had gone too far. He was helpless in the hands of his own people and hopeless as to any effect he might produce in the Republican ranks.

The preliminary statement of Justice Hughes made after his resignation from the Supreme Bench is regarded by Republicans as a complete answer to all doubts expressed concerning his position. Chairman Harding and all the other important figures of the Republican convention received with gratification and unconcealed joy the declaration of Hughes that he stands by "The firm and unflinching maintenance of all the rights of American citizens on land and sea;" that he "believes in thorough-going Americanism;" that he is in sympathy with the "firm protective upbuilding policies essential to our peace and security." They consider the declaration of Hughes to be strong in every essential, especially that portion of it where he says:

"I stand for an Americanism which knows no ulterior purpose, for a patriotism which is single and complete. Whether native or naturalized, or whatever race or creed, we have but one country, and we do not for an instant tolerate any division of allegiance."

And the Republican leaders believe the Progressive convention has been held in vain.

The story of the last hours of the controversy which has been keeping Chicago in a political turmoil can be quickly told.

It has been the policy of the Republican leaders to give Roosevelt and the Progressives every possible opportunity to press their claims. No effort has been made to interfere with Roosevelt delegates, or to coax them away. When on Thursday the Progressives sent an invitation to the Republican Convention to appoint a committee of conference, that invitation was accepted unanimously. The conference committees, as everyone is aware, met on Thursday night and the Progressives used up all the time in urging Roosevelt.

It was realized by the latter that the Republicans would be in a much better position to talk after the Republican Convention had given opportunity for a trial of strength between the Republican candidates. It was fully understood that the name of Roosevelt would be presented to the Republican delegates and that he would have his chance in the convention. A ballot or two would clear the atmosphere and reveal the trend of the minds of the delegates. Besides, there was still a lingering hope among the Progressives that something might happen to turn the Republican Convention to their leader.

And so the conferees reached an understanding that the Republican Convention should push on to balloting some time during the session of Friday, and when the test of strength had been made, it would adjourn to give the joint harmony committees another opportunity to get together if they could.

That was why the Republican convention was kept in continuous session from eleven o'clock yesterday morning until ten o'clock last night. Roosevelt received 65 votes on the first ballot and but 81 on the second, while Hughes finished with 328½.

The Hughes men wanted to force another ballot feeling that they could win without trouble, but anti-Mughes leaders combined with the members of the Conference Committee, which was a Hughes committee in sentiment, to secure an adjournment, the former in order that they might thresh out the situation, the latter that they might keep faith with the Progressives.

Meanwhile George W. Perking and his co-workers were having the time of their lives to prevent the Progressive convention from shouting Roosevelt into the nomination yesterday and last night.

With the nomination of Hughes impending the Republican conferees went into session with the Progressives and carried the news to them. But they found the Progressives adamant. They discussed matters until after midnight and adjourned to meet again this morning previous to the assembling of the conventions.

While this conference was going on, the anti-Hughes leaders and representatives of the various candidates got together to discover if some way could be found to stem the Hughes tide. Weeks was plainly out of it. Sherman had gained nothing on the second ballot. The East looked askance at the West and the West distrusted the East. It was found that anything like harmony was out of the question. It has been stated time and time again in these dispatches that the outlook for beating Hughes was anything but brilliant. The Illinois men got in touch with Sherman and he advised them to turn in for Hughes. Burton was inclined that way. That settled the matter. It was agreed that Hughes would be the man.

That was the situation when the two conferences committees met this morning. The Progressive conference reported to the Republican Committeemen that the sentiment of their convention was overwhelmingly in favor of Roosevelt as the one man who ought to be made the standard bearer of a united party. Did the Republicans have anything else to offer? They did have. They said to the Progressives in substance this: the ballots have proved that Hughes is going to be nominated by the Republican convention. Why not take him as your second choice? We offer him to you He has character, has rendered splendid service and he has been far removed from the differences that were engendered in 1912. He would unite the party, as for his silence in questions of the day that has been necessarily so because of his judicial position. But his earlier utterances give promise that he is in sympathy with the principles of the Republican platform.

In writing Senator Smooth's committee presented to the Progressives the name of Charles Evans Hughes. The promise of the Progressives was that the report would be submitted to the Progressive convention, and that promise was carried out. And it was presented to the Republican convention likewise when that body was called to order just before noon, an hour behind the schedule time. Smoot went into details and wound up be the remark that news had just come from the Progressive convention that it had tabled the suggestion of Hughes.

But meanwhile Oyster Bay had been getting busy. To the Progressive convention went a long message from Roosevelt himself, with a request that a copy of it be delivered simultaneously to the Republican gathering. His private secretary, Mr. McGrath, who has been here watching events for the Colonel, took it over in person. Senator Smoot attached it to his report and had it read to the delegates. Roosevelt, as everybody all over the land by this time knows, made a spirited plea for harmony; said it was the duty of the hour to sink indifferences "and come together, if by any possibility we can find a common ground." And then he offered Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, of Massachusetts, as a compromise candidate.

It was a splendid tribute that he paid Lodge, but it fell flat in both conventions. The Progressives would not listen, but proceed to the nomination of Roosevelt. As for the Republicans, they were given no time to think it over. They wanted none. They had sat in cold silence during the reading and were more than glad to hear Chairman Harding announce the next business in order was the calling of the roll for a ballot. John W. Weeks smilingly faced the intense gathering and gracefully withdrew his own candidacy. Congressman Rodenburg, of Illinois, immediately took Sherman out of the running. Med McCormick, of Chicago, who has been a strong supporter of Roosevelt, declared that the primary obligation was to support the nominee of his convention and abandoned Roosevelt.

Well, of course, everybody knows by this time that it was all over. And so it was. The stand which Roosevelt had taken was taken too late. Nothing could stop the Hughes wave, and as the ballot ran merrily along, recording the solid votes of State after State for Hughes it began to look like unainmity. But it wasn't quite unanimous. Eighteen and one-half delegates persisted in remaining true to Roosevelt, of whom Pennsylvania furnished three. South Carolina gave five votes to DuPont. North Carolina recorded seven for Lodge. There was one absent delegate. Hughes received a total of 949 1-2. Now, then, should the nomination be made unanimous? Chairman Harding put the question and a volume of "ayes" ascended to the canvas roof. "There are no "noes," smilingly declared Harding, and the selection of the candidate for President of The Republican Party was now a matter of history.

There were demonstrations. Oh, Yes, there were demonstrations and delegates moved around the aisles in processions bearing the standards of the States and there were shouts and the band added to the pandemonium. When it was all over and quiet had been restored Charles Warren Fairbanks was nominated for Vice President and the delegates struggled out of the Coliseum, not into mud and driving rain this time, but into the glorious and much appreciated sunshine.

BITTINGER.

Rev. J. L. Marvin returned last Thursday from attendance at the annual conference of the West Virginia Synod of the Evangelical Lutheran church which was held at New Haven, W. Va., last week. Rev. Marvin reports an enjoyable conference.

Simon Brenneman and family, accompanied by Mrs. Wilard Frickey, attended the funeral of the late Thomas H. Layman on Monday of last week.

Norman Hoover, employee of Jennnings Bros., cut himself so badly with an axe, while at work in the woods a few days ago, that it was necessary to take him to a hospital for treatment.

The carpenters in charge have the frame of Melchor Hetrick's new barn ready for raising this week.

The German Baptist Brethren placed a new roof on the Bethesda chapel last week.

Arthur Broadwater and family, of New Germany, drove to this village last Saturday and visited relatives over Sunday.

Some malicious person or persons seem to be scattering poison about, many dogs having died, and the latest result was the poisoning of two valuable young hogs for Charles Wiley.

NORTH GLADE

Miss Della Savage has been spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. Moon.

Miss Alice Wolf is visiting her aunt, Mrs. C. O'Brien.

Mrs. Wm. Lawton, of Oakland, has been visiting her parents here for the past two weeks.

Dr. Moore, of Oakland, accompanied by Mr. Arthur Weimer, attended services here Sunday evening. The Doctor held quarterly conference for us and preached a most excellent sermon to a large congregation.

Mr. and Mrs. Loving, of Alliance, O., have been visiting her parents, Mr. Daniel O'Brien, for a few days.

Mr. Wm. Brenneman has remodeled his house, thus making quite an improvement.

We extend our hearty sympathy to Wm. Brobst whose wife died so suddenly and was intered in Glendale cemetery where he has nine children buried.

We are glad to note that Edward Pritts, formerly of this place, who also has been very unfortunate, is on the road to recovery.

Do You Know That.

Dirty hands spread much disease?

A high bred dog has a right to have his birth registered—so has a baby?

The U. S. Public Health Service guards American ports to exclude foreign disease?

Health is a credit with the bank of nature?

A clean garbage can is a good example to the family?

Filth breeds flies—flies carry fever?

Slouchy postures menace health?

Health brings happiness—sickness sorrow.

Real sanitation is a health protection to the city-dweller?

It's foolish to educate a boy and then let him die of typhoid fever?

The House By The Side Of The Road.

SAM WALTER FOSS

There are hermit souls that live withdrawn,
In the peace of their self-content;
There are souls, like stars, that dwell apart
In a fellowless firmament;
There are pioneer souls that blaze their paths
Where the highways never ran—
But let me live by the side of the road,
And be a friend to man.

Let me live in a house by the side of the road,
Where the race of men go by—
The men who are good, and the men who are bad,
As good and as bad as I.
I would not sit in the scorner's seat,
Or hurl the cynic's ban—
Let me live in a house by the side of the road,
And be a friend to man.

I see from my house by the side of the road—
By the side of the highway of life,
The men who press with the ardor of hope,
The men who are faint with strife.
But I turn not away from their smiles nor their tears—
Both part of an Infinite plan—
Let me live by the side of the road,
And be a friend to man.

I know there are brook-gladdened meadows ahead,
And mountains of wearisome height:
And the road passes on through the long afternoon,
And stretches away to the night.
But still I rejoice when the travelers rejoice,
And weep with the strangers that moan;
Let me live in my house by the side of the road,
And be a friend to man.

Let me live in my house by the side of the road,
Where the race of men go by—
They are good—they are bad—weak and strong,
Wise—foolish, so am I.
Then why should I sit in the scorner's seat,
Or hurl the cynic's ban?
Let me live in my house by the side of the road,
And be a friend to man.

The U. S. Public Health Service issues a free bulletin on the summer care of infants?

Exercise in the garden is better than exercise in the gymnasium?

Clean water, clean food, clean houses make clean healthy American citizens?

The State of California has reduced its typhoid death rate 70 per cent in the past ten years?

Rats are the most expensive animals which man maintains?

It is estimated that the average manure pile will breed 900,000 flies per ton?

FOR SALE—Cheap, a white wicker baby carriage; good as new. Apply to Harry Naylor, Oakland.

Notice to the Public.

This is to give notice that my wife, F. Ethel Rozier, has left my bed and board without just cause and that I will be in no way responsible for any debts she may contract.

J. W. ROZIER,
Kitzmiller, Md., June 10, 1916.
Adv. 16-3t

Notice to Trespassers.

All persons are hereby warned not to trespass on Hall's Hill, King's Hill or any part of the Perine lands. All persons found so trespassing will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

STEPHEN CASTEEL.
Advertisement, 15-3t*

Subscribe for The Republican.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

An Epistle On Gossiping.

To the Editor of The Republican:

While I am not a subscriber to The Republican I am a reader and I have learned to be a friend to it and its publisher as well as some of its correspondents through its devotion to good clean columns of religious items and letters, especially those written by "Joannes" on dancing, card playing, etc.

The subject which I wish to take up gossiping.

In a good many stages of our lives we find ourselves either indulging in this great evil or in the presence of some other fellow who is spending his time in talking about his neighbor or possibly his relatives, as the former leads to the latter. Now, some one may say visiting and hearing news as well as transmitting it is not so wrong as it is made out or they possibly may say in the way I do it I can see no harm at all, but let us see if you see it all or not.

Down through the ages comes the Divine inspiration, a promise as well as a warning in these words:—"God is not mocked, for whatsoever a man soweth that shall he also reap."

I am not going to condemn proper visits and delivering of messages of divine authority or personal communication of necessity and benefit, but how many visitors carry this kind of news, so let us see the fruits of our labors in gossiping and self justification.

Visiting is the one frivolous excuse which many church members hide behind as their reason for being absent during the hour of worship at God's house. The visitor is not the only one deprived of going to church, but the visited has been kept away by the visitor and many times disappointed in being kept away from the mark that they had looked forward to as their goal. Then if the visited person or person's should become dilitory in their church duties from this great disappointment and finally go back to the world, who is held responsible before God? or what shall the visitor offer for an excuse for this deed?

Visiting in its bounds is a real necessity, but be temperate in all things. If some people were as temperate in visiting and gossiping as they are in church work, and especially some of the church members, a man would soon think he had no neighbors. For this one reason we should unanimously adopt this plan: first visit the church and next our neighbor, but first consider who is our neighbor; second, is the one we deem our neighbor desirous of our visitation at this time, and are we worthy of visiting or should we be visited?

Are our children worthy of making our neighbors' children their playmates or do they use such language as children should never hear. All these things should be considered for a child's influence among other children is greater than that of an older person.

We then turn from visiting to gossiping—what it does and where it comes from.

Gossiping may start from more than one cause.

First it may start from an idle joke. For example, when I was a small boy and was going to school a young fellow told an idle tale on me that should have happened in school. Some one else being present told it for the truth; the school ma'am heard it and I got a severe punishment for it while I was innocent but at the same time was defenseless.

You may take this for a foolish illustration, but such are the fruits of gossip.

People will tell idle tales on their neighbor or preacher or anyone else and the accused party or parties be just as innocent and defenseless as a lamb. Though these tales get into circulation and cause the accused party or parties to suffer heart aches and sometimes bloodshed which may result in a broken up home, a suffering widow, mother or child. And where does it all come from? The answer to this; in the heart of the individual which causes all strife, envy, murder, war and many other grievous things.

A king in Africa once asked one of his advisors to show him the city that first made war on its neighbor and he would conquer it at once. His advisor said, "I can show you the city, king, but you can't take it." The king said with my powerful army I can take any city; show it to me. What city was it and I will take it." His advisor said, "I will show you the city, but you will never take it, and the only one that can ever conquer it is the one that owns it. The city that first made war on its neighbor and is still making war on his neighbor and always will be is the heart of the individual."

This is the fruit of gossip. It was cause of the present war and was the cause of the Spanish and American war, and was the cause of the Franco-Prussian war and was the cause of the Civil war and in fact to some extent the cause of all wars.

Wars are not the only results of gossips, but a woman or man, who ever the gossiper may be, may be the cause of some family trouble. Besides, when gossiping you not only criticise the other fellow but you justify yourself before man and thereby judge the other man.

When we are taught through Divine inspiration to take heed when we think we stand lest we fall also that the strong ought to bear the infirmities of the weak, and in another place these words: Therefore, thou art inexcusable, O, man, whosoever thou art that judgest for wherein thou judgest another thou condemnest thyself for thou that judgest doest the same things. But we are sure that the judgment of God is according to truth against them which commit such things.—Romans 2-1:2.

We see by this that it behooves us to look first to ourselves.

If we sow in the flesh we shall reap the same. For proof I will offer this as the fruit of sowing gossiping seed.

A woman who was a self-esteemed church goer remarked publicly that she would not sit in the choir with a certain young girl who had none of the best repute or had fallen. Later she leads the way for a young man to her daughter as her daughter's ideal. This young man was the fellow that lead the other young girl astray. The mother had tried to justify herself and judge the first girl. Is her reward that of honor or shame?

So, my dear people, first visit your church, not some particular denomination but some christian church and let your conversation with whoever you meet be against the devil and in favor of the gospel of Jesus Christ the Savior who refused to condemn the woman that was being accused by many men.

As this is my first letter it is open for either your approval or criticism.

In the mean time, I beg to remain, yours for eternal aid and happiness,

I. G. MILLER.

Leadmine, W. Va., June 19, 1916.

Moving Pictures.

The American people are a bit excitable. The masses are interested in anything new. They are easily stampeded by fads. There is an itch for something new. An eager desire for pleasure. They want to be gratified if not satisfied. If some new fad presents itself they are after it, like children after a butterfly in springtime. One of the modern fads is the "movies."

This fad is sweeping the country. It is draining it of millions of money. But this is not all. Nor the least by any means. In many places it is being used as one of the best means of breaking down the sanctity of the Sabbath. Even some professing Christians prefer these to the services of the church. Or perchance they may attend services in the morning and the movies at night. In Seattle, a little while ago, an earnest and very prominent Christian worker of our country, states that he learned there were on a Sabbath day, between 25,000 and 30,000 people attending the moving picture shows. He was informed that hundred's stood for a long time in a heavy rain before every place of amusement, waiting 'till there was room for them inside. Were the churches full? Hardly! Most of them not half full. Oh, you say that is the fault of the preacher. He should entertain the audience. It is not the fault of the preacher. He is not in the pulpit as a montebank, or a clown to make the people laugh, but he is there as the mouth piece of God, to warn the people of their danger, to exort them to a better life; to instruct them in things concerning the future life.

Such is the state of society, and of the human heart that the average one does not care for this. They put away all thoughts of God from them; they live for self and self-gratification and care not for the admonitions of the gospel.

Nor is Seattle alone in this. The same conditions exist in all the larger cities; and it is equally bad in the smaller places.

It is a new invention for amusing the people, but a very subtle and dangerous one. It is one of the most dangerous that has ever been foisted on the public. It appeals to children and youth and often they are the most frequent and regular attendants. In fact they compose the majority of those who attend.

The reading of novels, loose stories, stories of crime, hair breadth escapes and world adventures of the frontier is one of the worst things the young can indulge in. A hundred times worse is moving pictures.

You will see displayed on the canvass all forms of wickedness and crimes are presented in a popular and fascinating manner, and often various crimes are suggested to the young by this form of amusement. Harmful! No pen can adequately depict the harm which is being done and the evil seed which is sown into immature minds.

It is a craze that is sweeping the land like a besom of desruction and has already captured millions and which in its effects deadens the mind to everything else.

Stopping in a little city some time ago for a few nights, I watched the crowds going into two "Movie Halls." I have seen them stand on the street for a good while waiting to get a chance to get in, for the first rush filled the hall to overflowing, men, women and children, dreadfully anxious to get in. What was the attraction inside, that would lead so many to stand half an hour or more in the rain. Just moving pictures. But on that canvass were thrown beautiful pictures, wonderfully executed, but vilely suggestive some of them, and develish in their impressions. The home was carricatured. The marriage life was slurred and gross martal infidelity was portrayed in fascinating form, and a premium apparently put upon the villainy of the slick, oily tongued scoundrel that could break up a home and separate man and wife. And society has a plenty of such hell-hounds moving in its circles. Sniviling and smirking and foollsh, weak and vain women are allowing themselves to be caught in the devil's trap. While there were some fine pictures and some good things, the whole show was so mixed with evil and vile things that suggested wrong, and even portraying the villainy that it was productive of vastly more evil than good.

I admit that the movies may be, and often are used for good and may be made a factor for instruction. Properly used they may be made to do good, doubtless they are many times so used. But the movies of every night occurrence are not noted for their moral or religious effects, nor are they even concerned for this. It is the nickle they are after and right well are they succeeding.

Demons are dancing about the modern "movies" as displayed in our towns and cities, but angels weep as they see so many of the children and youth of the land started in a downward direction. "They are lovers of pleasure, more than lovers of God."

JOANNES.

A Money Saving Chance For You.

Get rid of your old scrap iron, old rags, old gum shoes, copper and brass. We are paying best cash prices for same.

25c per hundred for iron; 50c per hundred for rags; 5c per lb. for rubber; from 5c to 10c per lb. for copper and brass.

We are located at the old Hamill house, opposite the electric light plant, Oakland, Md.

A. G. TARLO, Proprietor.

Adv. 16 5 months.

For Sale.

Crooks Crest, comprising about twenty acres, improved by handsome house. Apply to the owner or any real estate agent. Mrs. E. Fundenberg, Oakland, Md. Adv. 12-tf

OAKLAND CASH BUYERS CO.,—Pay cash for spring Pigs, Calves, Lambs, Chickens, Turkeys, Eggs, etc. L. W. HOPKINS, W. L. CASTEEL, J. W. DAVIS. Adv. 10-tf

THE AVIATOR AN EARLY BIRD

To Bed At Dusk and to Fields At Dawn—Americans in an Aviation Camp.

Headquarters Of An Aviation Group—Behind the French Front., June 9.—The aviator is an early bird and here, where the nightingale abounds, it is a close race between them to bed at dusk and to fields at dawn.

The nightingales were rioting in song this morning when the pilots of the Frenco-American Flying Corps were making their way to the aviation camp and daylight had just peeped over the horizon when Captain H—, commander of the group, ordered; "Bring out the machines!"

There was nothing new in this to the seven American pilots who have been flying in different groups on different parts of the front for upwards of a year. All of them had been out with the nightingale a few hundred mornings, but it announced their first expedition together as a separate unit of the French aviation corps over German territory.

Long-planned machines resembling small sheds, and short-winged machines which in comparison dwindled to the proportions of devil flies, rolled on the field and were pushed on the run to their places until twenty-eight were lined up.

Captain H—— gazed at the low-lying clouds—excellent mask for a flotilla crossing the enemy's lines—and ordered: "Tell the Americans to be ready." The Americans, grouped behind their swift chasers, listened to final instructions from Captain T——, who commands the Frenco-American flotilla and is proud of it. The din was then too great for verbal orders to be heard, and a soldier with a white signal flag ran into the field while pilots and machine runners leaped to their seats. The flag was raised while the motors blazed like a swarm of gigantic bumble bees. The flag dropped and Captain T——'s big biplane rose to lead the column. The flag was raised and dropped at intervals of about thirty seconds, and each time a pair of the bigger machines followed until nineteen of them were filing toward the German lines.

The big machines were gone but the noise increased as the propellers of the smaller but more powerful and swifter biplanes were set in motion.

It was time for the Americans—specialists in speed. The first big plane was approaching the clouds when, with a bound, Captain T—— rose; then followed Lieutenant Delaage of the French Corps; Lieut. William Thaw, Pittsburgh; Sergeant Elliott Cowdin, and Corporal Victor Chapmon, New York; Sergeant Normen Prince, Prides Crossing, Mass.; Corporal Kiffen, Atlanta, Ga.; Corporal J. M. McConnell, N. C. and Sergeant Hall, Galveston, Tex.

These little biplanes with powerful motors are the fruits of the evolution of Aviation during the war—built to match the best German machines in speed, carrying only the pilot, a machine gun and the minimum requirement in fuel. Instead of rising gradually like their predecessors, they bound upward with an ascensional power heretofore unattained. They are so dangerous in a fight that the pilot has to go into the adversary's territory to hunt an engagement. That was what the Americans, especially chosen for these machines, were to do.

There were nine of these, together with nineteen of the big bombarding biplanes, in sight together for an instant; then the head of the line disappeared in the clouds. The "hunters," as the speedy machines are called, overhauled the last of the bigger fliers and went out of sight ahead of them, while Thaw's "Iris" and Captain T—'s "Fram," the two pet dogs of the camp, were still barking after them.

Even soldiers habituated to this spectacle for nearly two years never tire of it. They watch the last machine until it is out of sight, then turn back without comment to the sheds to await the return. The silence and solemnity of the camp after the bustle of the departure was depressing. The 70 soldiers of the camp knew that some of those brave boys might be missing when the roll was called again.

Time passes with marvelous rapidity on fighting expeditions, aviators say, but the two hours maximum wait in camp to see if they all get back, is always long. Watches are out after ninety minutes and eyes are turned in the direction taken by the fliers. At the ninety-ninth minute, perhaps, a speck appears high above the horizon.

"There they come," is the word that passes around the camp and everyone is on the field. "It's a chaser," says one. Number two is a bom-barder," says another. In a few minutes twenty-seven specks are counted; then there is another wait and voices are hushed. A "hunter" circles around the camp, dives downward at a dizzy pace, skims along the field without slowing up, until breaking against the wind it comes to a thrilling stop.

The faster machines, last away, are first back, fuel supply with them is sometimes a close fit and not a second is to be lost. Seven chasers land at the same breakneck pace, and with the same precision.

The eighth seems to flutter as it approaches, tips and dives fitfully. Field glasses are levelled at him. "He's had his tail piece carried away," cries one. "It's Thaw," says another, "and there's something wrong with his propeller." Alternately rearing, diving, and sliding on its wing, the machine comes down convulsively like a wounded bird.

"He's going to break a bit of wood!" exclaimed a French soldier, expressing in characteristic aviation language the prospect of a smash. The machine rears again, after a dive which took it dangerously close to earth; veers around abruptly against the wind, bumps along the ground a hundred yards and stops. "Thaw's one of the few pilots who could bring home a busted machine like that," said a soldier.

"But where's Chapman?" All the big biplanes are now in and pilots and soldiers are all searching the sky anxiously. Then a cry comes from the field. A speck has just emerged from the clouds. Chapman, driven out of his course by the shelling in which Thaw's propeller was damaged, had finally found his way, and lands now with the last drop of gasoline in his reservoir.

"The disgusting thing about it," said Thaw, while the mechanics were taking an inventory of the damage, "was that the fellow over there across the line wouldn't come out to fight.

LEON

Will make the season of 1916 as follows, beginning May 13th:

On Saturdays then thereafter on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday of each week at the Mill Stable of Andrew W. Helbig in Oakland. Other days at my home.

TERMS—$12 with foal, money due when mare is known to be with foal; $15 to insure a colt 5 days old. A lien on colt until paid for. Partirs coming from a distance to my farm will not be charged for meals or horse feed.

D. J. SWARTZENTRUBER.

CHAPTER NO. 10.

AN ACT to protect deer in Garrett County, Maryland, and to provide penalties for the violation of same.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That it shall be unlawful for any person or persons, to kill deer in Garrett County, Maryland, beginning with the passage of this Act and ending on the thirty-first day of October, 1922.

SECTION 2. And be it further enacted, That any person or persons who shall kill a deer in Garrett County, on or before the 31st day of October, 1922, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction before a Justice of the Peace or the Circuit Court for Garrett County, shall be confined in the Garrett County Jail, or sentenced to House of Correction for a period not less than sixty days or more than one year.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That all Acts or parts of Acts, inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, are hereby repealed.

SEC. 4. And be it enacted, That this Act shall go into effect from the first day of June, 1916.

BRISCOE

"The Best-liked Car in the Country"

Briscoe-built Throughout

The big Briscoe plants at Jackson have over a million dollars' worth of special machinery—much of it of exclusive design—solely for the purpose of producing Briscoe parts at the lowest manufacturing cost consistent with strength and service.

You have to see those plants as we have seen them to realize the wonderful price-saving to the automobile buyer made possible by Briscoe manufacturing efficiency.

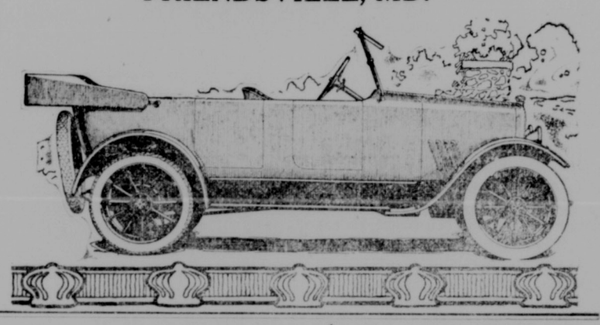
Briscoe-built means ***better-built***—the best of craftsmanship plus Benjamin Briscoe's wonderful skill of design.

The Briscoe Twenty-four—the latest Briscoe beauty—is at our showroom now. It will suit you as if you'd had it made to order. Come and see it today.

$625

including electric lighting and starting, one-man top, demountable rims and full equipment.

Inter-State Motor Co.,
FRIENDSVILLE, MD.



A Meal for Every Hour's Work

WE never claimed that a **Mogul 8-16 kerosene tractor** would take the place of horses entirely, but we do claim that a **Mogul 8-16** and a few brood mares will make more money for a farmer than he makes when he uses horses for all his work.

You may not realize it, but work horses are expensive. Do you know that in the course of a year, you give each one of your horses a square meal for every hour's work he does for you. It's a fact.

Get a Mogul 8-16 for all the hard work, keep a few brood mares for the light work, and to raise colts, and see what a difference there will be in your net profits at the end of the year. And now is the time to decide. Come in and see the tractor, and find out what it is doing for other farmers.

The H. Weber & Sons Co.
Oakland, Md.

Women's Work and the Telephone

The wise housekeeper does not have to go out in the hot sun on tiresome errands. She makes her trips by telephone in the cool and quiet of her own house and she does not have to dress up to do it.

Now is a good time to have telephone service installed. Ask our local manager about it.

THE CHESAPEAKE AND POTOMAC TELEPHONE COMPANY

J. BROOKE BOYLE, Local Manager

Tel. 9000 10 Union St, Cumberland

Always the Safest Road.

Though sometimes what is called "a happy hit" may be made by a bold venture, the common halfway of steady industry and application is the only safe road to travel.—Samuel Smiles.

Wife Remembers.

Every father is sure he had a whole lot more sense when he was young and in love than his boy exhibits. But he didn't. Ask his wife, and she will tell you he was so silly that she came near throwing him over in disgust.

THE REPUBLICAN

BENJ. H. SINCELL, EDITOR.

Entered at the Postoffice in Oakland Md., as Second-class matter.

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THE REPUBLICAN,
Oakland, Md.

THURSDAY, JUNE 15, 1916

REPUBLICAN TICKET

For President:
CHARLES E. HUGHES
For Vice President:
CHARLES W. FAIRBANKS
For United States Senator:
JOSEPH IRWIN FRANCE
of Cecil County.
For Congressman:
FREDERICK N. ZIHLMAN
of Allegany County

GOVERNOR HUGHES FOR PRESIDENT

The nomination of Charles E. Hughes as the Republican candidate for the Presidency represents the subordination of preference to prudence, of ambition to expediency and of sentiment to reason. It is no disparagement of Justice Hughes' high character or of his distinguished abilities to say that he was not the first choice of a majority of those through whose votes his selection was effected. That is not surprising. Under all the circumstances, how could it have been otherwise? The former Governor of New York had no wide acquaintance among public men. Most of them know him only by reputation, and even the reputation he had made, great as it was, had its peculiar limitations. It was singularly narrow in its scope and restricted in its significance. Justice Hughes' public career had been one of exceptional, of extraordinary, of disconcerting brevity.

Ten years ago beyond the professional circle to which he belonged, and of which he was an esteemed member, he was practically unknown. It was not until he had so ably improved the opportunity which the investigation of the life insurance business afforded that he emerged into the public vision and won a widespread recognition as a man of integrity, capacity and force. So deeply favorable was the impression created by the manner in which he discharged his difficult and responsible duties upon that occasion that his future career was assured. In him the leaders of his party saw a coming man and after he had served a term as Governor of the State of New York his record was such that he could not be denied another. Then he was translated from the sphere of politics by his elevation to the bench of the Supreme Court of the United States, and the rest is silence.

The judicial position which he now occupied totally removed him from association with the world of politics or of affairs, and precluded the extensive and promiscuous acquaintance upon which political and personal popularity is so largely dependent. Under these conditions it was not possible that his following should have been of the emotional and enthusiastic kind. Those who saw in him the best man to whom, all things considered, the leadership of the Republican Party could be intrusted, those who preceived in him the strongest candidate for the Presidency it could name, did so rather with the head than with the heart.

Another factor which told heavily against him and which operated to dampen the spirit of his support, was the attitude of absolute disinterestedness which he felt it incumbent upon him to maintain. There is no justice, no merit, no pertinence whatever in the adverse criticism to which, on this account, he has been subjected. That was almost exclusively the criticism of an unscrupulous partisanship, of an alarmed and offended rivalry. Ever since his name was first mentioned as that of a man who might wisely be chosen to lead the Republican Party to next November's victory Justice Hughes' conduct has been wholly irreproachable. He has been blamed for failing to express his opinions on the issues of the day. He has been censured, especially by those who feared his popularity, for refusing to show the country precisely where he stood with regard to those questions which are occupying the public mind, the questions of preparedness, of Americanism, of an undivided and unshared allegiance. It has been said that he was under some kind of moral or political obligation to take the country into his confidence on these and germane points.

This is untrue. He could not have uttered a word in these connections without departing from the course he had marked out for his pursuance, or without derogating from the dignity of the exalted position which he occupies. He had let it be known that he was not a candidate for the nomination, that he would not raise a finger to obtain it, that he was well content to remain where he is, and his perfect sincerity in all this has been abundantly proved by his behavior, which in every respect and at all times has been quite impeccable. Never in the history of the country has such an impressive instance been presented of the office seeking the man.

And what is the explanation of this phenomenon? How has it come about that a man without a personal following, and whose name is not one to conjure with, has received the high honor which has been bestowed on Justice Hughes and has been named the standard bearer of the great party upon whose restoration to power the future prosperity and well-being of the country, as we believe, are contingent? It is because the people are satisfied that Hughes is a man whom they can safely trust; because they have unlimited confidence in his integrity, in his good sense, in his administrative powers, in his patriotic devotion; because they are very sure that he will make an efficient, broad-minded, impartial executive and that he will discharge the duties of the Presidential office with a single eye to the fulfilment of his official pledges and to the conservation and promotion of the honor and welfare of the Nation.

Such were the considerations which created the popular demand for Hughes' nomination, to which the action of the Chicago convention was a response. Such are the considerations which will attract to the Hughe's candidacy so strong a support as to insure a Republican triumph on the day when the will of the Nation is expressed.

BUT ONE PLACE FOR PROGRESSIVES TO GO

The Progressives find themselves in a state of suspended animation as a result of Colonel Roosevelt's refusal to run again on a third ticket. Going to Chicago with hopes raised high that they might outguess or outbluff the Republicans and force Republican indorsements of their own candidate, they have returned disappointed, sore, and some of them with blood in their eye and a knife up their sleeve. But Mr. William Allen White says in his article in today's News:

At the lodge of sorrow at the University Club of Chicago conference there was no word of bitterness for Roosevelt. The men about the table felt that he had been placed in a crucifying position. No lack of loyalty and no feeling of rancor seem to exist on either side. Every man in the group is at this moment planning an early pilgrimage to Oyster Bay. And the Colonel's judgment will weigh heavily in the council of the National Committee when it meets.

As the defeat of the Progressives at Chicago was clearly foreseen by all who looked over the situation unbiased by the enthusiasm for a leader that blinded the eyes of that devoted crowd, so one now can stand outside the circle and forecast, with little fear that after events will confound the prediction, precisely what Mr. Roosevelt will advise and what all but a handful of Progressives will proceed to do. The bulk of them are Republicans. They will, of course, wind up enthusiastic supporters of Mr. Hughes.

Take this State as an illustration of what has happened to the Progressives, even with Colonel Roosevelt in the field as an avowed believer in maintaining a separate organization. In 1912 they cast 57,789 votes for Roosevelt for President as against 54,956 Republican votes for Taft. The registration in Baltimore last fall showed how the party had disintegrated here. The total Progressive registration in this city was but 1169. In other words, the party had practically disappeared. It is composed of a few high-minded men who at the same time are eminently practical in the use of the ballot and who do not wish to fire blank cartridges.

While the Progressive organization has been far more powerful in Pennsylvania, Kansas, Michigan, California and a few other States than in Maryland, it is everywhere a Roosevelt party. When its convention met in Chicago the general agreement was that the delegates there actually were the party just as Mr. Bonaparte, Mr. Gaither, Mr. Williams and a handful of other gentlemen constitute the Party of Maryland. It is inconceivable in the circumstances that the Progressives will undertake seriously to enter the coming campaign. They have begun everywhere to act with the old parties, and it would have been difficult, at best, to wean them away again. Only one thing could have enabled them to set up house again for themselves. That was a third ticket headed by Roosevelt and fully backed by Perkins and those who have acted with him in not counting the cost of financing campaigns.

Not one critical observer in a hundred of the proceedings at Chicago ever had doubt of what the outcome there was going to be, or of what Colonel Roosevelt would do when the contest was over. There is even less doubt now of what the great bulk of Colonel Roosevelt's followers will do. Before long he will be found in the thick of the fight for Hughes and his devoted adherents will be back of him.—Baltimore News.

MOUNTAIN LAKE PARK.

Tuesday morning this community was shocked to learn of the death of Miss Cora Weimer, which took place about 5 o'clock, at her home on G street. Miss Weimer was in her usual health Saturday, when she went to Oakland to attend to her duties as librarian of the public library of that city. Sunday she was not feeling as well as usual, but was able to be about. Monday a physician was called in to see her, but she was not considered in any danger. Monday night she retired as usual but about 5 o'clock the next morning the sisters were awakened by her heavy breathing. They immediately called their brother, but failed to arouse Miss Cora. In a few minutes she had passed into the beyond. She is survived by her sisters, Misses Lillie and Josie and brothers, Arthur and Charles. The deceased was 40 years of age. She was respected by everybody who knew her. Her life was most useful. As a public teacher she was unexcelled. The community was better because she lived in it. In her home life, in the church, as well as in social life, she was highly esteemed. To know her was a pleasure. She was a Christian; quietly she moved through life; we will miss her. Heaven is richer by her death. The loved ones have the warmest sympathy of the public.

"White Oaks," the home of Mrs. John G. McClain, has been greatly improved, and is now one of the attractive places of the Park.

The Hipsley Brothers are painting the Stone cottage and making it look inviting and cheerful.

Boating on the lake and lawn tennis are the outdoor sports enjoyed just now. The bowling alley will be opened in a short time.

A progam is being prepared for A Garrett County Day the first part of September. A rally of the old timers. A great picnic day for everybody.

W. L. Rugg, who is advertising the Moody Bible Conference in Virginia, Maryland and Pennsylvania, was a week-end visitor at the Park, getting rates for boarding during the conference.

Mr. Edward Johns, a banker of Bridgeport, Ohio, and one of the gentlemen who purchased a large block of the stock of the Mountain Lake Park Association, was a week end visitor here. He was looking over the property and program of the season, as well as investigating the needs of the future. Mr. Johns is a wide awake gentleman, and a good business man. He returned home Sunday night delighted with what he saw and the outlook for a good season.

The cold wet weather of the past week kept a number of people away from the Park. Notwithstanding the weather a number of cottages were opened, and the boarding houses secured a number of guests. The Mountain Lake Hotel had several automobile parties Sunday.

Superintendent Rudisill and Mr. Albert White went to Grafton Saturday and met the joint committee of the I. O. O. F. and went over the details of the reunion to be held at the Park either July 22 or 29. It will be a gathering of the Odd Fellows of Maryland, District of Columbia and West Virginia. There will be special trains, very low rate of fare, bands, addresses, music, and possibly the conferring of one of the higher degrees of the order. Mr White was elected secretary of the reunion committee.

The Pentecostal Encampment opened Friday evening. The attendance is increasing daily. The singing is fine. The attendance Sabbath night was quite large. They are an enthusiastic lot of people. The meeting will continue to the 25th, inclusive.

Browning's new grocery store is open for business. C. F. Dawson is in charge. The ice cream parlor will be ready for business in a few days.

Last Saturday letters were received at the Association office from persons living in Ohio, Michigan, Alabama, North Carolina, Kentucky and Pennsylvania enquiring about board for August. This is an indication that the Park is being liberally advertised.

The season's announcement will be ready for distribution the first of next week. Copies may be had at Harned's drug store and at the Association Office and Kesner's store at the Park.

The Camp meeting will open Friday evening, June 30. Meetings will be held, called Get-You-Acquainted meetings, on the veraneas of the Deacon ess Home, Hotel Chautaqua, Miss Harris home, and other points.

Miss Hicks is here putting the Deaconess Home in shape for guests. Quite a number of deaconess will be here this summer.

J. L. Echard is making a lawn tennis court on the grounds of Mr. Brent Maxwell.

Painters are busy on a number of cottages. The visitors this summer will be impressed with the spirit of improvement exhibited by the property owners.

Rev. Barnhouse, pastor of the U. B. church, is attending the district Conference at Weston, W. Va. He expects to be absent about one week.

Rev. Hudson is assisting Rev. Jones in a meeting in the Baptist church of Loch Lynn. Meeting every night. Rev. Hudson met with a warm reception from his former parishoners.

The interior of the Allegany House has been very much improved. The partition between the hall and the office has been removed, making a large and cozy office. Many rooms have been papered and made very home like and comfortable. The house under Mrs. Martin's management has been very popular and quite successful.

Once more our streets look like we were living within the bounds of civilization. A few more days of sunshine and everything will be in good order. Jack McGuffin has done good work with the road machine.

The services next Sunday, in the tabernacle, will be full of interest.

Miss Nellie Callis, who is living in Washington, D. C., is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Callis.

Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Prevost, who spent the winter at West Union, W. Va., have returned to the Park and opened their cottage. Their daughter, Mrs. Lyle Schill, is delighted over the arrival of a son at their home. Mr. Schill is consulting catalogues of the Colleges to see where best send the young man to school. Congratulations.

P. T. Garthright, who spent the winter and spring at Richmond, Va., has returned to the Park.

Mrs. Mary Hamill, who has been quite ill, was able to be out on the front porch Tuesday afternoon.

Children's Day Service in the Mountain Lake Park Methodist Church next Sunday at 11 a. m. Great program; good singing. Sunday school at 10. Everybody invited. It will be a royal good time; do not miss it, spend the day in the Park. Preaching at night.

The lunch stand is being prepared for a big opening in a few days. Manager Malett and family are expected today. Then look out for a great display of souvenirs and good things for lunch and refreshment.

Juniors to Graduate.

Next Sunday evening at St. Paul's M. E. church the Junior class of the Epworth League will graduate into the Senior class when appropriate exercises befitting the occasion will be carried out. Special instrumental and vocal music will be rendered by the church orchestra and choir. The graduates are as follows, having been instructed for the past several years by Miss Grace Loar, who has been extremely interested in their advancement: Winifred R. Weimer, Mary Drake Naylor, A. Louise Harned, S. Reva Davis, Elizabeth P. Mitchell, Mildred L. Dixon Fannie L. Newman, Winona Jones, Ellen E. Smouse, Ralph R. Davis, Robert H. Porter, M. Carleton Hinebaugh, S. Townshend Naylor, Paul J. Ashby.

For Sale.

Crooks Crest, comprising about twenty acres, improved by handsome house. Apply to the owner or any real estate agent. Mrs. E. Fundenberg, Oakland, Md. Adv. 12-tf

OAKLAND CASH BUYERS CO.,—Pay cash for spring Pigs, Calves, Lambs, Chickens, Turkeys, Eggs, etc. L. W. HOPKINS, W. L. CASTEEL, J. W. DAVIS. Adv. 10-tf

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, either in person or by deputy, will be in each of the Election Districts in Garrett County, Maryland, to collect and receive taxes at the time and places following:

July 10. McHenry, Brenneman's Store, 10 a. m. to 12 m.
July 10. Sang Run, Postoffice, 3 p. m. to 9 p. m.
July 11. Hoyes, Smith's Store, 9 a. m. to 12 m.
July 11. Friendsville, Crawford Hotel, 3 to 9 p. m.
July 12. Friendsville, Crawford Hotel, 8 to 11 a. m.
July 12. Selbysport, Postoffice, 1 to 4 p. m.
July 13. Cove, Brown's Store, 8 a. m. to 12 m.
July 13. Keyser's Ridge, Smearman's Store, 3 to 4 p. m.
July 14. Grantsville, National Hotel 8 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 15. Accident, Gies's Hotel, 8 a. m. to 2 p. m.
July 17. North Glade, Theo. Beckman's 10 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 18. Bittinger, Jonas Bittinger's, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 19. Bittinger, Jonas Bittinger's, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 20. Jennings, Jenning's Hotel, 9 a. m. to 12 m.
July 20. New Germany, Postoffice, 2. p. m. to 4 p. m.
July 21. Scott Layman's, 8 a. m. to 12 m.
July 21. Thomas J. Johnson's, 2 p. m. to 4 p. m.
July 21. Finzell, Werner's Store, 6 p. m. to 8 p. m.
July 22. Finzell, Werner's Store, 9 a. m. to 12 m.
July 24. Avilton, O. S. Fike's, 9 a. m. to 12 m.
July 24. Stricklands, 4 p. m. to 8 p. m.
July 25. Merrill, Postoffice, 9, a. m. to 12 m.
July 26. Swanton, Swanton Hotel, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 27. Bloomington, Cleary Hotel, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 28. Bloomington, Cleary Hotel, 6 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 29. Deer Park, Squire Hoye's, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 31. Kitzmiller, Bank Building, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m
August 1. Kitzmiller, Bank Building 9 a. m. to 3. p. m.
August 2. Gorman, Duling's Mill, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
August 3. Red House 9 a. m. to 2 p. m.
August 4. Crellin, Company's Store 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
August 5. Ottaway, Connell's Store 10 a. m to 4 p. m.

By an Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed at the January Session, 1896, being Chapter 566, Section 45, it is provided that all county taxes shall be due and payable on the first day of September next succeeding the date of levy thereof; and all taxes paid on or before the first day of September a discount of three per cent. shall be allowed; and after the first day of January all taxes shall bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum until paid. The Treasurer shall take the discount from and charge interest on the bills for county purposes regularly in the manner aforesaid and shall note the same upon his books and upon the receipt for taxes so paid, but the discount allowed on the county taxes by this section shall not be made to any person or corporate institution unless the whole amount of state and county taxes due by such person or corporate institution for the current year be paid when the same is made.

J. W. KIMMEL
Treasurer of Garrett County, Maryland.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Second National Bank

OF CUMBERLAND

In the State of Maryland, at the close of business May 1st, 1916.

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans and Discounts	$2,214,714 30	Capital Stock	$200,000 00
United States Bonds	240,000 00	Surplus, Undivided Profits	375,839 39
Other Bonds, Securities Etc	378,715 00	Circulation	200,000 00
Banking House and other Real Estate	47,022 76	Deposits	2,757,419 03
Due From Federal Reserve Agents and other Banks	428,325 76		
Cash	214,480 60		
Redemption Fund	10,000 00		
	$3,533,258 42		$3,533,258 42

DIRECTORS:

D. ANNAN L. M. SHEPHERD ROBERT R. HENDERSON
JAMES CLARK W. BLADEN LOWNDES O. C. GEPHART
TASKER G. LOWNDES JOHN KEATING
JOHN SCHWARZENBACH

D. ANNAN, President
W. BLADEN LOWNDES, TASKER G. LOWNDES
Vice Presidents
D. F. KUYKENDALL, Cashier

THREE PER CENT INTEREST PAID ON SAVINGS DEPOSITS

HAVE A LOOK AT THE

Enger Twin Six

AND

OVERLAND

Cars and ask for a demonstration when in the market for a car

Oakland Garage

AGENT

MADE BY
LOUISVILLE SOAP COMPANY
INCORPORATED
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY

CLEAN EASY NAPTHOLINE SOAP

Will go as far as TWO five-cent cakes of ordinary soap. It will cost you only 5 cents. (Cleaneasy saves the rub.) No rubbing, no scrubing, no wearing out of clothes. Just soaking, then boiling for ten minutes; a good rinsing and out on the line they go, absolutely clean.

Circulars and trial orders by parcels post at 5 cents a bar.

Sold by CHARLES S. DAVIS, Manufacturers Agent, Oakland, Md.
Adv.

A WONDERFUL BARGAIN

$5 BIBLE $2 FOR ONLY

Nearly 600 fine Pictures

Everybody surprised and delighted. Give them to the children and stimulate their interest

Fine leather overlap binding with red edge. Gold edge 50 cents extra. Nothing finer for a gift to anyone.

Will be pleased to show this beautiful book and no obligation to buy.

Call, phone (Bell 63 W) or write.

HEYWARD,
Oak and E. Streets,
Mt. Lake Park, Md.

Advertisement 14-4t*

Subscribe for The Republican.

NOTICE

The Mayor and Council of Loch Lynn Heights will receive sealed proposals or bids for Municipal 5 per cent. Bonds in the sum of Fifteen Hundred Dollars, or any part thereof, up to noon on the 22nd day of June, 1916, at which time all bids or proposals will be opened and a sale or sales will be made to the highest responsible bidder, if in the option of the undersigned, said bid or bids is adequate.

Said Bonds, all of the denomination of $100.00 each, bear interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, interest payable semi-annually, and one of said Bonds will be due and payable Sept. 1st 1917, and two of said Bonds each year thereafter on the 1st day of September.

Address all communications to the Mayor and Council of Loch Lynn Heights, Mountain Lake Park, Md.

Further information can be obtained from the undersigned. Said Mayor and Council reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

MAYOR AND COUNCIL OF LOCH LYNN HEIGHTS.
Mountain Lake Park, Maryland.

Farm for Sale

Containing two hundred and seventy-six acres. About 175 acres cleared and in good cultivation and the balance in timber.

Located twelve miles west of Lonaconing in Garrett county in the Fairview settlement. With seven or eight never failing springs on it. One dwelling house containing seven rooms and a good cellar; bank barn 40 x 60 feet and all other necessary outbuildings.

Good apple orchard of about 200 bearing trees and all other kinds of fruits.

If not sold prior to January 1st, 1917, the property will be for rent.

For any other information call on or address the undersigned.

JONAS WEITZELL,
Lonaconing, Md.

NOTICE

This is to give notice that the County Examinations of applicants for Teachers' Certificates will be conducted by the County Superintendent of Public Education, of Garrett County, Maryland, upon

Friday and Saturday
June 30 and July 1, 1915

beginning at 8 o'clock a. m.

Applicants for First Grade Certificates only are to appear at 8 o'clock a. m., and applicants for Second Grade Certificates are to appear at 1 o'clock p. m. upon the first day before mentioned.

By order of the Board.
F. E. RATHBUN, Secretary.

FOUNDED 1888

THE GARRETT NATIONAL BANK

FOUNDED 1888

OF OAKLAND, MARYLAND

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, - - $115,000.00

THE highly developed facilities of this Bank resulting from 28 years of careful and conservative management together with prompt, efficient and courteous service, are offered as the basis for a satisfactory business connection.

OFFICERS

G. S. HAMILL, President. D. E. OFFUTT, Jr., Vice President.
G. A. FRALEY, Cashier. H. L. JONES, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS

GILMOR S. HAMILL, JOHN T. MITCHELL, DANIEL E. OFFUTT, Jr.
JOSEPH E. HARNED. GEORGE A. FRALEY, HARLAND L. JONES CHAS. S. DAVIS

Interest paid on Time Deposits. Safety Deposit Boxes for Rent.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PROMPT SERVICE

We have just received two cars of Buggies and Carriages and are absolutely the nicest we have ever had. They are going fast and we suggest that you make your selection at an early date.

We also have just unloaded another car of Buckwheat Fertilizer at the right price.

Do not forget that we can furnish you with Twine, Mowers, Rakes, Tedders, Binders, Side Delivery Rakes, Corn Cultivators, Drain Tills, in fact anything for on your farm.

Our stock we have bought before the advance and are therefore able to give you the old price.

Make our store your supply house and keep in mind that:

"Naylor has it and sells it for less."

Yours to please,

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.

Oakland, Md.

BOTH PHONES EASY TERMS

C. N. McINTIRE

SUCCESSOR TO

J. M. DAVIS & SONS

OAKLAND, MD.

Everybody is invited to attend the demonstration of the Standard Sewing Machine from June 19th to 24th. C. N. McIntire, Hardware Store, Oakland, Maryland.

Respectfully,

C. N. McINTIRE.

D. E. BOLDEN

Furniture Dealer and Funeral Director

HAVING moved my furniture business to the Manhattan Hotel store room, I am prepared to serve the public to the best of my ability, having now in stock the finest line of Furniture ever brought to the city and which I offer as cheap as it can be bought in the wholesale markets.

All I ask is a chance to name you prices.

My stock is complete in every detail, and which consists of Furniture, Carpets, Mattings, Window Shades, Bedding of all kinds, large and small Rugs—in fact everything with which to furnish a house from cellar to attic.

I am also prepared to give estimates on Buildings and repair work—from a pig pen to a palace.

Call and see me: I will treat you fair and square.

Thanking the public for past favors and soliciting a continuance of the same, I remain,

Yours respectfully,

D. E. BOLDEN

Oakland Cash Buyers pay nine cents for early lambs. Adv. 15-2t

Mr. William Morris, of Fairmont, W Va., spent part of this week in Oakland.

Miss Mary Jamison, of Fairmont, W. Va., spent part of this week in Oakland, the guest of relatives.

An automobile, bearing a California state license tag, passed through Oakland Sunday bound eastward.

Miss Gladys Hamill, of Kitzmiller, is here as the guest of Mr. and Mrs. M. R. Hamill at their home on Liberty street.

Mr. L. C. Hamill, of Kitzmiller, spent Monday and part of Tuesday in Oakland, the guest of his brother, Mr. M. R. Hamill.

Mr. George W. Moon, one of the sterling citizens of District No. 1, visited Oakland on business Tuesday when he called at this office.

Mr. John Ault, who spent two weeks or more at Pittsburgh and Fairmont, where he visited his daughters, arrived home on Sunday last.

Mr. J. Brooke Boyle, of Cumberland, district manager of the Bell Telephone Company, spent Monday in Oakland on business for his company.

Mr. Herbert Shaffer, who has been attending the West Virginia University at Morgantown, arrived home last Thursday to spend the summer vacation.

Messrs. Sames H. and Daniel Wilson, both of near Kitzmiller, were in Oakland yesterday morning, having motored to town in company with Mr. Scott Harvey.

Mr. W. A. Smith, of Hoyes, spent Saturday in Oakland and at Deer Park, going to the latter place on business connected with the Garrett County Telephone Company, of which he is the president.

Money to Loan on real estate. Renninger & Offutt, Attorneys, Garrett National Bank building, Oakland, Md. Adv. tf

Mr. Roberdeau Annan, of Frostburg, and Mr. Tasker G. Lowndes, of Mount Savage, spent a few hours Saturday afternoon in Oakland.

Mr. O. S. Ridder, of near Red House, was taken to a hospital in Meyersdale, Pa., last Saturday to receive treatment for a cancerous affection of his face.

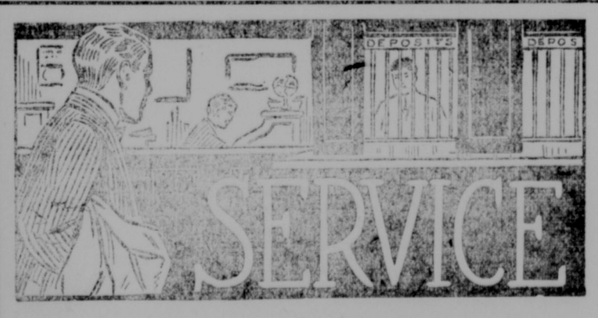
Mrs. Leah F. Sincell, who spent the winter with her children in Allegany county and at Keyser, W. Va., returned to Oakland last Wednesday night for the summer.

Mr. A. C. Browning, of Turtle Creek, Pa., is spending the present week with Garrett county relatives, expecting to return to his home next Saturday where he is a valued employe of the Westinghouse interests.

Mr. Neil Fraley, son of Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Fraley, who is pursuing a law course in the University of Maryland, Baltimore, came to his home here on Saturday night and after spending Sunday with his parents returned to Baltimore.

Dr. R. A. Ravenscroft and son Mr. Randall Ravenscroft, left Oakland Tuesday afternoon for Baltimore, arriving there about midnight and left immediately on the return home in a new Super-Six Hudson roadster over the National road for home, arriving there yesterday morning in time for a late breakfast.

Noting the removal of Rev. Dr. W. W. Davis, secretary of the Lord's Day Alliance, from his city home to Roland Park for the summer, the Towson Union-News remarks that he "will not by next fall have resided in the county long enough to vote for Congressman Talbott."



Our Distinct Aim

is to make and keep this Bank active, progressive and, in the fullest and best sense, an up-to-date institution. Its present gratifying condition may easily be traced to the satisfactory service and courteous treatment extended to all depositors.

You are invited to do your banking business here.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OAKLAND - MARYLAND

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Shoch, of Crellin, accompanied by their sons and daughters, left Oakland yesterday morning in their automobile, bound for Maunch Chunch, Pa., in response to a telegram announcing the death of Mr. Shoch's brother.

Peter R. Smith, of Kingwood, who until a few years ago, wrote the weather forecasts for this paper and was forced to retire on account of advancing years, died at his home in Kingwood last Friday morning at the age of ninety years.

Miss Rebecca Thayer returned home Monday night from Poukeepsie, N. Y., where she has been for the past three or four years as instructor in English in Vassar College, the leading female institution of learning in the country. Miss Thayer will remain in Oakland during the summer months with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred. A. Thayer.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Mr. J. B. Emory, of Bittinger, as executor of the estate of his father, the late George B. Emory, sold at public auction in front of the First National Bank in Oakland last Thursday afternoon, a Mitchell automobile belonging to the estate, Mr. James Treacy becoming the purchaser, paying $370 for it. The car is a seven passenger, 1914 model and a great bargain.

Messrs. W. S. and Charles Layman, of District No. 9, sons of the late Thomas H. Layman, were in Oakland on Monday where they transacted some business matters in connection with the estate of their recently deceased father. The Messers. Layman made the trip to and from Oakland over the new state road and were very much impressed with the beauties and productiveness of the country through which they traveled.

Mr. James Myers, until a few years ago a resident of Garrett county, when he removed to Kingwood, met with an accident at that place one day last week, when he fell from a wagon and very seriously injured. Mr. Myers is one of the few remaining old soldiers of Garrett county who fought under the Stars and Stripes and until his recent mishap was active in every day life.

Among the students who have returned to their respective homes from different schools for the summer vacation are Mr. D. Earle Smith, of Hoyes, from Maryland University, Baltimore; Morris Sincell, from Pennsylvania College, Gettysburg; Playford Naylor, from Ohio Wesleyan University, Delaware, Ohio; Joe McComas, from St. John's College, Annapolis, Md.; Harold Harned, from Western Maryland College, Westminister, Md.; and a number of others.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Weston, Miss Vincent and Miss DeBerry, all of Baltimore, were guests of former Senator and Mrs. R. A. Ravenscroft at Accident over Sunday, spending Monday in Oakland. The party motored from Baltimore to Oakland and pronounced the trip most enjoyable. Mr. Weston is connected with the navy department of the Customs Service in Baltimore and has been a close friend of Senator Ravenscroft for a number of years.

Prof. U. G. Palmer, of Verona, Pa., accompanied by his youngest son Teddy, arrived in Oakland last Friday afternoon where they spent several days with friends. Mr. Palmer will be remembered as the County Superintendent of Education who starte the educational interests of Garrett county on an upward scale and who left here a number of years ago to become the supervising principal of the Verona public schools, where he has been more than successful in his work.

A large delegation of those interested in the building of the proposed new highway from Oakland west to join the good roads now being built by the citizens of Preston county, West Va., went to Cumberland by automobile Tuesday morning to confer with the State Roads Commission relative to the location of the road. The delegation is favorably inclined to the route by way of Crellin. Among those going were Messrs. Edward E. Sollars, Henry K. Friend, Charles Reams, L. H. Horton, Frank Ashby, Joseph T. Glotfelty, Gilmor S. Hamill, Alexander C. Mason and a number of others.

Rev. C. W. Hudson held services at the Deer Park Baptist church last Sunday morning and was greeted by a large congregation. He was formerly in charge at Deer Park, as well as Loch Lynn and Ferndale, and moved to Alabama on account of poor health. In the far South, his family became ill, and Mr. Hudson is now back in Virginia, near his old home town. He was formerly a traveling salesman for a Baltimore firm, became converted, took a course at the Baptist Seminary near Louisville, Kentucky, was ordained and has been preaching ever since. While residing in Garrett county he made a great many friends. He is a good speaker and is thoroughly in earnest.

Judge and Mrs. Henry G. Sanders, of near Oakland, spent last Thursday as the guest of Garrett county's centenarian, Mr. Abraham Wilson, at Wilson's store, near Altamont. While he is yet confined to his chair as a result of the stroke of paralysis which he suffered about eight months ago, he is at the same time clear as to mind and discusses with his old-time vigor questions of everyday importance and is delighted to have his friends call upon him. His niece, Mrs. Feely, who has been his housekeeper for a number of years, is now planning for the proper celebration of her uncle's hundredth anniversary which falls upon July 11th next, at which quite a large number of the friends and relatives of the Wilson family are expected to be present.

WANTED—One teamster and two men for general farm work, including operating horse cultivators. None but competent men need apply. The H. Weber & Sons Co. Advertisement.

Notice To Oakland Boys.

There will be a meeting of all boys between the ages of twelve and sixteen, who desire to become Boy Scouts, at the home of Rev. O. A. Bremer, Friday evening at 7 o'clock.

The purpose is the organization of a troop of Boy Scouts of America. Any boy between the required ages may come and be a scout, but he must have the written consent of either father or mother.

The purposes of the organization are:

1 The development of manhood.
(a) Absolute honesty in all things.
(b) The implanting of high ideals.
(c) Pure and clean speech.
II Physical development.
(a) A love for clean things.
(b) Out door life.—Woodcraft.
(c) Atheletic fetes.

This movement is being started with thehope that it will be a passtime and help to the boys in and about Oakland, teaching and encouraging the noblest traits of manhood, and the co-operation of all parents is most earnestly desired.

A Junior organization will be effected soon with boys between the ages of ten and twelve years.

O. A. BREMER,
Graduated Scout.

Married.

Stewart—Nelson—At Indianapolis, Ind., Miss A. Louise Nelson, youngest daughter of the late Andrew Nelson, of Oakland, was married on last Thursday to Mr. Charles W. Stewart, of Hammond, Ind., where the groom is engaged in the undertaking business. Mrs. Stewart is a graduate nurse and has been residing in Hammond with her sisters, Mrs. Ralph Robbins and Mrs. F. H. Branch, for the past two years.

NOTICE.

As I have sold my store to Mr. G. C. Martin, I wish to settle all accounts by July 1st. Any and all accounts unpaid by that date will be placed for collection.

Advertisement. J. A. WHITE.

Automobile and Motor Cycle Tubes and Casings.

VULCANIZING AND REPAIRING.

Casing Vulcanizing—Blow outs, rim cuts and surface cuts. Tube repairing—Blow outs, cuts, punctures, new valves, valve bases. All work guaranteed.

G. W. WOODS, Miller building,
Adv. 16-4t Oakland, Md.

Commissioners Meeting.

Office of the County Commissioners for Garrett county, Oakland, Md., June 15th, 1916.

The Board of County Commissioners for Garrett County, Maryland, will meet in their office in the town of Oakland, on

Monday, July 3rd, 1916,

to transact routine business.

By order of the Board,
W. G. MEYERS, Clerk.

Notice to Creditors

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

MICHAEL LAVELLE,

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 9th day of November, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 9th day of May, 1916.

W. H. METCALF,
Swanton, Maryland.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans Court, Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

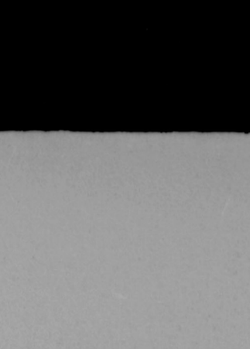
ELIZABETH LEE

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 9th day of December, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 9th day of May, 1916.

ALBERT L. LEE,
Administrator.
Kitzmiller, Md.

Comfort Self-Heating Iron.
5 Hours at Cost of One Cent.



TWO POINTS—Quick lighting. Self-cleaning and perfect regulation of heat. Weighs six pounds. Guaranteed safe and satisfactory. Price, $3.75 each. Order today.

J. AMEEN, Kitzmiller, Md.

Notice To Tax-Payers

This is to notify the Taxpayers of Garrett county that the Annual Levy for 1916 has been made and published, and to call their attention to the following abstract of Section 45 Chapter 566, Acts of 1888, relating to the discount to be allowed and the interest to be charged on all tax bills:

"This is to notify all taxpayers that no discount will be allowed for the prompt payment of State taxes levied for the year 1916.

Chapter 650 of the Acts of 1916, provides that "the State taxes are due and payable on the first day of July succeeding the levy, and if not paid on or before September first, interest shall be charged from said first day of September. Said State taxes shall be in arrear on and after the first day of January succeeding the date of the levy, and it shall be the duty of Collectors, Treasurers and other officers who may be charged with the collection of the same immediately thereafter to proceed to collect said taxes in accordance with the provisions of law for the collection of delinquent taxes. It shall also be the duty of the Collectors or County Treasurer or other officers collecting said taxes to make monthly returns and remittances to the Comptroller of the amounts thereof collected from time to time."

J. W. KIMMELL,
Treasurer.

We Carry in Stock

TIRES
TUBES
SHOCK ABSORBERS
CHAINS
SPARK PLUGS
DRY CELLS
TIRETITE

And many other accessories at the
OAKLAND GARAGE,
Prest-O-Lite Exchange,
Oakland, Maryland.

ORDER NISI.

No. 2014 Equity In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Maggie W. Thayer, vs. Ira W. Hardesty.

Ordered, this 24th day of April, in the year 1916, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in Equity, that the sale made and reported in the above cause by Fred. A. Thayer, attorney named in the mortgage, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 26th day of May, 1916; provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Garrett County, once a week for three successive weeks before the 19th day of May, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $200.00.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

J. W. Whorton & Son
CONTRACTING
PLASTERERS

Only the Best Material Used.

Best Grade of Wall Plaster on hand at all times.

CONCRETE WORK
of All Kinds.

All Work Guaranteed.

OAKLAND, - MARYLAND.

Notice to the Pulic.

My son, Lester Hetrick, who is under age, having ran away from my home and care, I hereby notify all persons, firms, etc., that I will not be responsible for any debts he may contract, and I also warn all persons against employing or harboring the said Lester Hetrick so long as he is not of legal age.

MELCHOR HETRICK,
Bittinger, Md.

Adv. 15-3t

Subscribe for The Republican.

Summer Spray Important In Securing Clean Fruit.

C. E. TEMPLE,
Maryland Agricultural College.

When there is an over-production of peaches, the men who take good care of their orchards usually make some money in spite of the low prices, for in such seasons only the best peaches can be marketed; on the other hand, when there is less than a normal crop of peaches, the men who care well for their trees reap a rich harvest, for they produce, not only more perfect fruit, but also more of it than those who neglect the care of their trees. In the year 1915, there was an over-production of peaches in almost all peach-growing sections of the country and many peach growers lost money on their crop, but there is sufficient evidence now at hand to show that the present year is going to produce a light crop; at least in some sections of Maryland. This, coupled with the fact that the past season was especially favorable to the development of Brown Rot and Scab, it would seem that the present season will be an opportune time to do effective, profitable spraying.

It is with considerable satisfaction that we find practically all growers giving their peach trees the dormant spraying for scale and leaf curl; however, it is to be regretted that we find so few who realize the value or who have demonstrated the effectiveness of the self-boiled lime sulphur summer spraying for brown rot and scab. It is for those, then, who are not familiar with the summer treatment that this article is prepared.

At least three applications of self-boiled lime sulphur 8-8-50 should be given. One pound of powdered arsenate of lead or two pounds of the paste should be dissolved in water and added to the above for the first spraying when the shucks are splitting off, and for the second spraying which should be three weeks later. When only three spraying are given, the third should be made about a month before the fruit ripens. Wherever brown rot or scab is severe, other sprayings may be necessary to control the disease.

But the chemicals used are not expensive. For the three sprayings as outlined here, the chemicals will cost between $2.00 and $3.00 per hundred trees.

DAMAGE FROM PLANT LICE SHOULD BE PREVENTED.

E. N. CORY,
Maryland Agricultural College.

Plant lice (aphids) attack every growing crop, but the insects are so small and their attacks so insidious that they are usually overlooked until most of the damage is done. Curling of leaves and the wilting of terminal leaves and shoots is generally indicative of plant lice infestations.

Tobacco extracts must be counted upon as the best summer contract sprays for general use on sucking insects, such as orchard and truck crop plant lice, whose control offers one of the greatest problems with which the growers have to contend.

There are three orchard plant lice that are of major importance to Maryland; namely, the green aphis, which usually infest new growth rather late in the season; the rosy apple aphis, so called because of its reddish hue, which infest fruit buds, and the oat aphis, which is usually found around the swelling buds and which appears before either of the others. The rapidity with which these pests multiply necessitates prompt measures for their suppression.

Orchards that are sprayed extremely late in the spring are usually kept practically free of the oat and rosy aphis by this dormant spray, because there are usually sufficient warm days in the spring to hatch aphis eggs before it is too late to spray. Spraying in the spring as late as practical is recommended. If late lime sulphur applications are not practical, the grower should use a separate spray of "Black Leaf 40," at the rate of three-quarters of a pint to 100 gallons of water, to which has been added three-fifths of a pound of soap. This mixture will cost about $1.15 per 100 gallons. This should be applied when the aphids have clustered on the expanded buds. If later applications are necessary, due to the later hatching of eggs of the rosy and green aphids, the "Black Leaf 40" may be combined with the codling moth spray, but soap should be omitted in lime sulphur combinations as it forms an insoluble soap that will clog the nozzles.

IMPROVING MECHANICAL CONDITION OF SOIL.

Green manure crops improve the mechanical condition of soils by increasing the content of organic matter or humus. They give land a good texture and put it in good heart or as farmers often say, make the soil mellow, loose, friable, porous and easy to work, and will prevent its leaching, forming clods and becoming lumpy. The organic matter equalizes the water holding capacity of soils.

The use of deep rooted crops will open up the subsoil to the action of air, water and carbonic acid. Increasing the amount of vegetable matter or humus in soils will prevent the washing or gullying of land.

The use of cover crops will also prevent much loss and injury from washing and from wind.

They are also helpful in smothering out and clearing land of weeds.

IMPORTANCE OF SEED SELECTION IS URGED

Boys' Corn Club Members Are Advised To Use Great Care In Securing Seed For Their Acres.

In letters recently issued to the several hundred corn club members in the State, the county demonstration agents and club leaders are including some valuable suggestions regarding the selection of seed corn as furnished by Prof. Nickolas Schmitz, of the Maryland Agricultural Experiment Station. In regard to securing suitable seed corn, Prof. Schmitz says:

"In growing a profitable corn crop, it is a mistake to go far from home for seed, particularly if a heavy yield the first year is desired. Seed brought in from a long distance and grown under diffierent conditions from those in your neighborhood, will not, as a rule, yield as well the first year as good seed of a good variety grown nearby.

Suitable Varieties.

"Usually, the larger-growing and later-maturing varieties of corn will yield more than the earlier and smaller-growing sorts. Be careful, however, that the variety you select is not too late in maturing and that the cob is not too large and has not too high a percentage of moisture, because a late-maturing, large-cob variety may mean a lot of rotten corn for you, and hence, a much lower yield. In sections where the growing season is long enough, such varieties as Boone County White, Collier's Excelsior, Giant Beauty, Reed's Yellow Dont, Johnson County, if grown near by, the long yellow variety grown in Frederick county and the white cap corn grown in Baltimore, Carroll, Cecil and other nearby counties, are as good as any for large yields. These varieties require from 125 to 135 days to mature.

Grading Important.

"Your seed corn should have a high germination, that is, you want as many kernels as possible to be live kernels. You can only make sure of this by testing your seed corn in the manner which we will describe later on. The best time to grade your seed corn for planting is when you are ready to shell it. Select only heavy, solid ears, with kernels of a uniform length, width and thickness. Ears with many kernels uneven in size should be thrown out. Before shelling the seed ears, remove all small and poorly developed kernels from them, as such kernels may produce only weak or barren stalks and lessen your chances of growing a profitable crop. When a corn planter is used in planting, it is always best to also take out the large and irregular kernels.

"Seed corn is best shelled by hand, letting the kernels drop into a coarsely meshed sieve, where off-sized kernels will be quickly seen. Remember that you expect a strong, and healthy corn plant to grow from every kernel you plant; you cannot afford to be careless in seeing that every poor kernel is thrown out."

WILT RESISTANT CABBAGE IS DEVELOPED.

C. E. TEMPLE,
Maryland Agricultural College.

For ten years, Mr. T. H. White, of the Maryland Experiment Station, has been devoting a part of his time to the production of a variety of cabbage that would be resistant to certain destructive diseases. He has developed a strain of the Flat Dutch type which is resistant to the yellows, this being one of the worst diseases of this cabbage plant.

The Extension Service of the Maryland Agricultural College in co-operation with the U. S. Department of Agriculture, has arranged to conduct some demonstrations to show the value of this improved seed and to distribute it over the State. In order to secure a demonstration, the grower must agree to set the plants from the resistant seed in the same field with plants from commercial seed, and if possible, a field that had grown cabbage last year should be selected. He must also agree to keep a record of the yield of both the resistant and the commercial seed and to permit the public to visit the plots.

Applications for these demonstrations should be made to the County Agent or to the Director of the Extension Service, College Park, Md.

HOW OFTEN TO APPLY LIME.

The quantity of lime applied varies considerably in the various sections and at various times. This has probably been due in a large measure to the cost of lime and the relative distance it must be hauled. Recent observations seem to indicate that it is better to apply small quantities and make the applications at frequent intervals rather than to apply very large quantities at one time. The old practice of putting 100 bushels or more per acre is seldom practiced now. The kind of soil to which the application is made makes it necessary to vary the quantity. It is now pretty well recognized that on poor soils and on sandy soils, the quantity applied at one time should be small. The results of the test made by the Maryland Experiment Station indicates that from 10 to 20 bushels is ample for one application. The application should be made every four to eight years.

SOY BEANS FURNISH FEED AND FERTILITY

Well Adapted To Maryland Soils And Especially Valuable For Forage.

NICKOLAS SCHMITZ,
Maryland Agricultural Experiment Station.

Soy beans are well adapted to Maryland, and, like corn, thrive best on rich loam soils. It is, however, on soils too poor to grow corn profitably that soy beans will bring the greatest net profit. On such soils, when inoculated and fertilized with a little inexpensive fertilizer, they will produce nearly as much forage and seed as when grown on rich land. They will not grow as well as cow peas on poor sandy soils, but far better than cow peas on stiff clay soils. They will stand poor drainage better than either cow peas or corn.

Soy beans mature in from 70 to 150 days, making it possible to select varieties to fit any length of growing season found in Maryland.

Cultivation.

They require the same kind of preparation of seedbed as corn; and, as in the case of corn, it is better to thoroughly prepare the seedbed before planting than to depend upon cultivation for getting the soil in the proper condition.

For seed production, soy beans should be sown in rows 24 to 36 inches apart, far enough to cultivate, and 1 bushel of seed will plant 2 or 3 acres. The planting may be done with a corn planter or with a wheat drill regulated for planting 2 bushels of oats per acre and with the proper number of seed-holes closed to give the desired distance apart. The plants should be about 2 inches apart in the row.

For hay production, soy beans should be sown broadcast, 1½ bushels per acre; and for this purpose there is no implement better suited than the wheat drill. The seed should never be covered more than 1 inch, except in sandy soil, where they may be covered 2 inches.

Time to Plant.

Soy beans may be planted from any time after corn planting is finished until July 15th, depending upon variety, location and for the purpose planted. For hay and seed it is best to plant the forepart of June, to insure good curing weather for the hay and time for late varieties to mature seed before frost. For fall hog pasture, and for turning down as a green manure, they may be planted up until July 15th if an early variety is used.

Inoculation.

But few Maryland soils are naturally inoculated for soy beans, and, since they seldom thrive unless inoculated, it is necessary to inoculate whenever planting for the first time. To do this, 2 or 3 hundred pounds of soil taken from a field which has grown them should be broadcasted over each acre before seeding, and harrowed in immediately to prevent the bacteria from being killed by sunlight. Inoculation with artificial culture is not successful when the culture is applied and the beans allowed to dry before seeding. Much better results are secured when the beans are planted before the inoculating culture has dried.

PREVENT INJURY FROM FRUIT TREE BARK BEETLE.

T. B. SYMONS,
Maryland Agricultucal College Extension Service.

Orchardists should be careful to see that all dead wood is cut and removed from the orchard. Such dead wood, or diseased or sickly trees offer an opportunity for infestation by the Fruit Tree Bark Beetle or Shot Hole Borer. While the attack of this insect is usually confined to such wood, after becoming established in an orchard it may attack perfectly healthy trees.

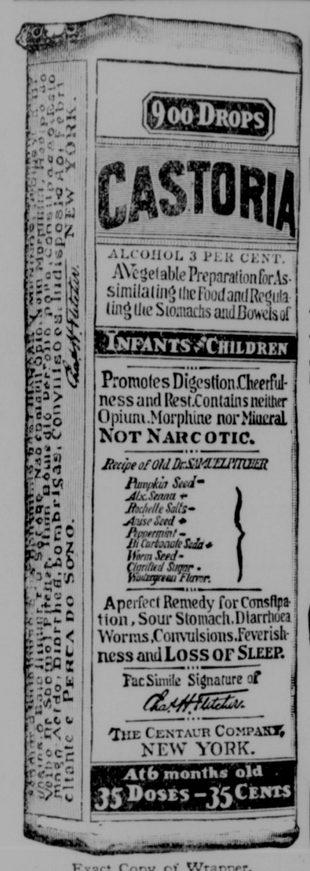
The beetles bore into the bark and sap wood, where they eat vertical galleries or brood chambers, into which the females lay their eggs. The bored holes are about the size of a No. 6 shot.

The adult beetle is about one-tenth inch long, by a third as wide, and uniformly black in color. Trees or parts of trees seriously attacked by the pest are usually hopeless. Gum exudes from the holes of the beetles, and as the young develop into adults they eat their way out. Another injury by the insect is caused by their habit of attacking small twigs in early spring by burrowing into the base of bud.

Control.

The most effective means of control is cutting out all dead and diseased wood. Oftentimes a single limb of a good tree is attacked; in such case, the whole limb should be removed and burned. Slightly affected trees should be liberally fertilized.

The use of a thick lime-sulphur solution painted over the holes will serve to control the pest; also, kerosene emulsion soaked into the holes, will kill the insect, but usually the best treatment is the removal of attacked parts. Clean culture and keeping the trees in a healthy condition is the best preventative of this as well as many other similar pests.



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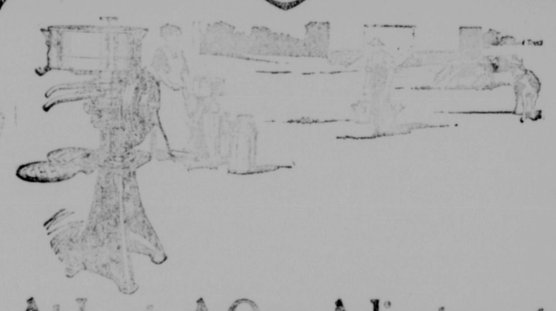
For Infants and Children.
Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria
Always Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

THE CITY'S BEST
MEAT MARKET
IN THE EMPIRE BUILDING.

Choice Steak, Boiling Meat, and all other kinds of meat. Highest cash price paid for Poultry and Eggs; also cash paid for Hides and Skins.

H. L. MILLER



At Last--A One-Adjustment Cream Separator

BEFORE you buy any cream separator, come in and look at the Primrose. But one adjustment is needed to keep it in perfect operating condition. This adjustment is a simple one for keeping the bowl at the correct height—an adjustment that you or your wife can safely make.

The adjustment is made from the outside of the separator by either raising or lowering the bearing containing the hardened steel point, upon which the spindle revolves. A slight turn with a screwdriver, perhaps once a year, does the work.

The Primrose is a well-constructed, close-skimming, durable cream separator, one it will pay you well to buy. When can you arrange to see it?

International Harvester Company of America
(Incorporated)

Primrose cream separators are sold by

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.,
OAKLAND, MD.

HAVE YOU HEARD THE
Aeolian Vocalion?

Come in and let us play your favorite selection on this wonderful new Phonograph

A full line of Columbia Records

Aeolian Vocalions sold on monthly payments.

STURGISS' PHARMACY
Representing Morrison Music Co., Cumberland.

The Republican--Garrett Co.'s Paper.

REPUBLICANS NOMINATE HUGHES; PROGRESSIVES TAKE ROOSEVELT

Supreme Court Justice Chosen on Third Ballot Fourth Day of Convention and Resigns Bench—The Colonel Named by Acclamation at Same Time—Harmony Efforts Are Fruitless Despite Eagerness to Patch Differences.

Chicago.—United States Supreme Court Justice Charles Evans Hughes was nominated for president on the third ballot by the Republican convention. Charles Warren Fairbanks of Indiana was nominated for vice president.

The Hughes vote was 952½, and it required only 494 to nominate. The roll call was ended at 12:39 p. m., Saturday, and it showed only scattering opposition. Roosevelt had 18½ votes; Lodge had 7, DuPont 5, Weeks 3, La Follette 3.

Justice Hughes was told of his nomination by newspaper men while he sat at luncheon with his wife and two daughters at their home in Washington. He received the news without evident emotion, saying that he would later make a formal statement.

As soon as the Hughes victory was known to the large audience at the Coliseum the band started playing "My Country 'Tis of Thee," and the audience rose and cheered. Some of the delegates started a parade of state banners, but as a parade it wasn't a thrilling sight. Most of the people stood quietly on their chairs, after the first applause, and watched the show.

Roosevelt and Parker.

Colonel Roosevelt was unanimously nominated for the presidency by the Progressives in convention at the auditorium. John M. Parker of Louisiana was nominated for the vice presidency. There was real excitement at the Progressive meeting. The delegate action in naming the colonel brought out cheering and other evidence of enthusiasm that shook the building.

The Roosevelt nomination came just four minutes earlier than that of Hughes. What promised to be a record demonstration for the ex-president was curbed with difficulty by Chairman Raymond Robins, and the convention proceeded to finish its work.

As soon as the Republican convention opened at 11 a. m., Saturday, the members of the committee which had conferred with a Progressive party committee, regarding a candidate to agree on, announced through Senator Reed Smoot that the Republicans had decided on Hughes as the man. The reply of the Progressives regarding the Hughes suggestion was that they would submit it to their convention.

Shortly afterward came a communication from Colonel Roosevelt at Oyster Bay suggesting Senator Henry Cabot Lodge of Massachusetts as second choice to himself in the Progressive convention, Mr. Smoot reported. The Progressives tabled Colonel Roosevelt's suggestion—which meant they would consider none but the ex-president.

The Conference Report.

"The support of Justice Hughes in the Republican convention," said the conference report by the Republican members of the committee, "respects spontaneous interest and belief in his candidacy, which have shown themselves in widely scattered states and among all classes and groups of voters. These have shown themselves without any formal organization in his behalf and are one ground for believing that the candidadcy would be acceptable to all groups of Republicans and would reunite them.

"His silence as to recent issues is the necessary result," the report continued, "of his judicial position. His earlier speeches and declarations, however, give ground for the assurance that he is in accord with the platform that has been adopted by the Republican and Progressive conventions."

After that, it was all done but the shouting. One after another favorite son delegations were released in rapid sequence to Hughes and the convention machinery went smoothly about its business.

Progressives in Gloom.

At the Progressive gathering there was gloom when Colonel Roosevelt's communication from Oyster Bay was read. The men and women who had come from all parts of the country, waving flags and shouting, in the expectation of going through another campaign under the leadership of their idol were tremendously disappointed when he asked them in his letter to unite the Republicans on the candidacy of Senator Lodge.

The "pep" seemed to fade out of the gathering. Delegates dropped back in thir seats stunned—and then came a few expressions of disgust. Demands of approval were made for the course which George W. Perkins and other leaders have followed in guiding the destinies of the Progressive cause so far as this.

At 3 o'clock p. m. Justice Hughes sent to the Republicans formal acceptance of the nomination and gave notification of his immediate resignation from the supreme bench.

By WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN.
(Copyright, 1916, by W. J. Bryan.)

It is all over now. The dust has settled in the Coliseum. The hotels have undergone a thorough cleaning and scrubbing. Such street decorations as survived the long windy rainstorm which wet the first three days of the convention have come down. Delegates and professional politicians got out of the city as rapidly as possible. And Chicago prepared to catch up on its sleep and go back to home cooking.

This place has closed its eyes on a scene of mad politics. Yet there was a noticeable lack of enthusiasm as compared with the Republican convention of four years ago. The claims of candidates were not presented as aggressively as were the claims of President Taft and ex-President Roosevelt, the rival candidates in 1912. The tone is different.

At the last convention each side was asserting its claims to the control of the party machinery; each side was insisting that it was voicing the sentiment of the party. It was a conflict—one of the most memorable in our political history—between men who felt that the life of their party depended on the success of their efforts.

Each Side Afraid.

Each side was afraid that the other side would kill the organization, the stand-patters by refusing to meet the needs of the hour, the Progressives by a surrender of what Mr. Taft's friends called Republican conservatism.

This time the distinctions of four years ago disappeared, and there seemed to be no material difference between the programs of the two sides so far as they relate to issues or platform phraseology.

The password this time was "Hungry," and it opened any caucus door. The politicians are hungry for the offices from which they were separated by the Democracy's return to power. They are reinforced by the candidates for the United States senate and congress and for state and local offices.

Harmony Demand of Candidates.

These aspirants realized at the convention that in a presidential year much depends upon whether the tide is with the party or against it.

The special interests also are hungry. For the first time in many years they have found the atmosphere at Washington chilly and uninviting. "The old home isn't what it used to be." The lobbyists who visit Washington now are as watchful as wild ducks toward the end of the shooting season. The special interests are not willing to take any chances; the candidate who desires their support will have to show them that he is available. These two elements, the hungry politicians and the representatives of the hungry, favor-seeking corporations, sifted out the claims of candidates shrewdly and announced their choice eats.

There was a third factor which enters into the calculations here—namely, the fact that the Progressives were hungry also. They were responsible for the overthrow of the party's nominee four years ago, and they did not want to assume responsibility for such a Democratic victory this year.

The Hughes Boom.

There were some Progressives who steadily believed that Colonel Roosevelt was the strongest man who could be nominated, in spite of the fact that he had eliminated every outside element to which the party could appeal, as well as a large number within the party.

Early in the convention the drift went toward Hughes. His friends said he would have more votes on the first ballot than all of the favorite sons combined. This claim, of course, was not conceded by the other candidates, but the number of the delegates pledged to him seemed to grow in spite of the fact that he was soon receiving the attacks which are generally directed against a growing candidate. Senator La Follette was the choice of radical reformers, but there were very few of them in the convention.

At the opening Senator Cummins had a following among his neighbors. Senator Burton had a considerable personal following. Former Vice President Fairbanks had an earnest support, and Senator Weks' workers were in evidence.

Senator Harding's Speech.

Senator Harding's speech as temporary chairman was all that conditions and circumstances would permit. The great Webster said: "Eloquence exists in the man, in the subject and in the occasion." Eloquence had only one-third of a chance. It had the man. Senator Harding is an orator. The committee could not have selected a better man to open such a convention. He is both pleasing and imposing in appearance. He has an excellent voice and a splendid delivery, and he represented in his views and hopes that element of the party which was dominant in the convention. His speech possessed strength and humor and his thoughts were expressed in phrases that will be repeated by those who lack his skill in rhetoric.

The speech satisfied the audience, for it was just such an audience as would like that sort of a speech. He was greeted with enthusiasm on his appearance, his principal points were applauded enthusiastically and his conclusion brought forth another burst of enthusiasm. He may feel that he acquitted himself with credit and the convention found gratification in that fact that it got what it wanted in the way of a speech.

But the subject and the occasion were lacking. The subject was a restoration of the Republican party to power and there is no inspiration in such a subject to bring forth an epoch-making speech. The Republican party was put out of power because it had been guilty of high crimes and misdemeanors. It had converted popular government into a predatory oligarchy; it had betrayed the people and given them over to spoliation at the hands of the special interests. Favor seeking corporations had been permitted to take control of the instrumentalities of government and employ them for private enrichment.

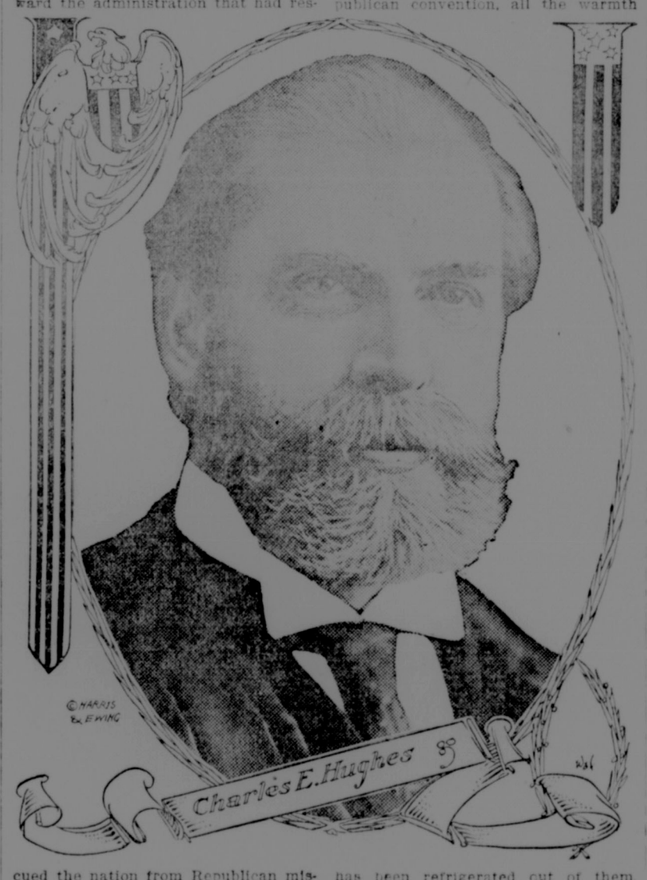
The injustice finally became so rank and the swollen fortunes so conspicuous that a large portion of the Republican party revolted.

More than half of the Republicans had the independence to leave the organization and, by bolting, they expressed their determination to rid the party of corporate domination, even if it were necessary to pass through a national defeat in order to make the party free.

As a result of the division in the Republican ranks the Democratic party came into power, and proceeded to put into law a reform program without parallel in the history of the country. In addition to facing domestic problems of great importance; in addition to having to deal with abuses that had grown in size until a remedy was more or less impossible without more or less of industrial disturbance—in addition to these home embarrassments, the Democratic administration inherited from the Republican administration a Mexican situation, and was soon afterwards confronted with a world war without a parallel in history.

Harding's Task Impossible.

Senator Harding's subject was the attitude of the Republican party toward the administration that had rescued the nation from Republican misrule and kept the country at peace amid distracting misrule on all sides. How could a partisan speaker satisfy a partisan convention without offending a universal sense of justice? The task was an impossible one.



The delegates had gathered to plan for the country's return to bondage to the interests, and Senator Harding would have disappointed the delegates if he had conceded to the Democratic administration any merit whatever. He did not disappoint them. On the contrary, he lived up to the highest requirements of partisanship and extolled the Republican record as flawless and pictured the Democratic record as a menace to prosperity at home and peace abroad.

His declarations on the subject of preparedness were sufficiently emphatic to arouse all the fears that have been assiduously cultivated by the manufacturers of munitions, and yet were not definite enough to inform the taxpayers of the burdens which the jingoes have in store for them.

Common Ground on Tariff.

It was not, however, until he reached the tariff question that he left out all the sails. He is a believer in protection for protection's sake, and he knows that protection is the issue on which the standpat Republicans and the Progressives were most nearly in agreement. They rival each other in devotion to the theory that a tax is a blessing when collected through the customhouse.

If the subject was a chilling one for impassioned eloquence, the occasion was no more encouraging. The delegates were not here to outline any constructive work; they had planned nothing from the experience through which they had passed.

They based their hopes of success upon a reunion of the two elements of the party, and felt confident that this reunion could be effected without commending any of the reforms accomplished by the Democratic party or pledging the Republican party to any remedial legislation.

"Let us forget our differences," was the Republican slogan. But will the public forget the riot of privilege? This is the program as outlined, in convention, if it is stripped of its drapery and plainly stated. The chief issue before the country will be whether the reforms which have been secured by twenty years' agitation are to be lost by the restoration to authority of those who by the misuse of power aroused the voters to revolt. No wonder those who are interested in the success of this program seek to divert attention from economic issues to so-called preparedness.

The two conventions in session in Chicago were vastly different bodies, as anyone discovered who attended them. The delegates to both conventions called themselves Republicans; they spoke in the same spirit of reverence of the history and traditions of the party,and they now look forward with equal hope and faith to the Republican party of the future, but they were as different in the spirit which animated them as if the delegates lived in different worlds and had nothing in the past or future to link them together.

The regular Republican convention was a cut and dried affair. Everything moved like clockwork, and a stately dignity prevailed except when the convention was enlivened by a joke. Then the delegates laughed just enough to show that they were human, and then fell back into the manner of men in a treadmill.

Moose Convention Spontaneous.

The Progressive convention was neither cut nor dried; it was a spontaneous body and most of the delegates felt like Henry Allen of Wichita expressed himself. He said he felt like a man in a powder mill with matches in his pocket. If any hotheads were sent to the regular Republican convention, all the warmth has been refrigerated out of them. But there was heat enough and to spare at the Auditorium. There wasn't ice enough in Chicago to keep their temperature normal.

At the Republican convention the committee on credentials reported on the contests, and the report was adopted without discussion. How different from four years ago!

The committee then gave temporary seats to a Taft majority, and that temporary majority proceeded to make itself a permanent majority, and then it completed the work for which it came into the political world.

This year there were few contests, and it did not matter which way they were decided. The real contesting delegations are several blocks away where with a friendly credentials committee to pass upon their claims all were seated.

But what an ill-fated omen to have the Republican party's claims to the nation's confidence presented by ex Senator Depew and ex-Speaker Cannon! If the convention had deliberated four years, it could not have chosen two men more responsible for the revolt of 1912, or more irritating to the progressive element.

Depew Against Reforms.

Mr. Depew was one of the most conspicuous representatives of the predatory group which finally became so repulsive to the Republican party that 4,000,000 Republicans preferred defeat rather than submit longer to its dictatorship.

What a campaign the Republicans made when they put him up to represent stand-pat Republicanism. "Laugh and forget our sins and your sorrows" might well have been the text of this distinguished humorist.

And Uncle Joe! In spite of his lovable personal qualities he succeeded in making Republicanism synonymous with Cannonism, and this contributed as much as any other one thing to the revolt which cost the Republican party more than half of its votes in 1912. There was only one thing that they could have done which would have aggravated the radicals more than the prominence given to the Messrs. Depew and Cannon, viz., to have made them members of the conference committee to confer with the Progressives on plans for the reuniting of the two parties.

Senator Borah followed Depew and Cannon, and presented what might be called a violent contrast. He was clear, forcible and earnest. He spoke as one conscious of the difference between Republicanism as it was in the beginning and Republicanism in its fallen state.

He manifested an interest in having the party respond to the advanced thought of today, but he neutralized the effect of his effort by his attack upon the administration's Mexican policy.

The American people do not favor intervention in Mexico.

Radical Crowd Fights.

The contest in the Progressive convention over the resolution inviting the Republican convention to appoint a conference committee was the first real debate of the conventions.

Ex-Secretary Garfield introduced the resolution and supported it in an argument which appealed to the judgment of the majority of the delegates. He referred to the resolution adopted by the Progressive national committee last January pledging the convention to do all in its power to bring about harmonious co-operation between the two wings of the party.

The resolution was at once combated by the more radical element in the convention led by ex-Congressman Murdock of Kansas and Congressman MacDonald of Michigan. Murdock warned them that they could expect nothing from the Republican convention, and favored proceeding with the nomination of Roosevelt.

Congressman McDonald went even further than Murdock and advised the Progressive convention to tell the Republican convention to depart thence and make its abode in the fiery realm where even a drop of water cannot be had to cool a parched tongue.

The speeches of Murdock and McDonald were cheered, and there were even suggestions of a stampede, but Pinchot, Bonaparte and Foulke supported Garfield, and their counsel prevailed. When the vote was taken, the yeas overwhelmed the opposition. But the fight indicated the spirit of the convention and the independence of the delegates.

Business Men's Meeting.

A business men's meeting was held in the Garrick theater at which several Roosevelt speeches were made to an enthusiastic audience. Alexander H. Revell presided and pictured Mr. Roosevelt as the only American who gives expression to the "true American spirit." Kellogg Fairbanks praised Colonel Roosevelt as the only man who could put the country in a state of preparedness for war.

Congressman Gardner added his indorsement of Roosevelt as the only candidate who knew what to do and how to do it. Mr. Gardner painted a dismal picture of the future unless the country elected the former president. The main features of the picture were "20,000,000 soldiers in Europe demobilized," " industries prostrated" and "countries bankrupted."

To his imagination, this country offers the only prize in sight for these fatigued troops, representing governments without credit and nations without industries, upon which to build credits. Mr. Gardner expected this country to be invaded unless Mr. Roosevelt was put in charge of the government and the government put in a state of preparedness.

One interesting feature of the meeting was that they all spoke of President Wilson's great political strength.

Woman's Party Organized.

A new party early entered the arena here. A woman's party was organized, but it soon showed symptoms of mannishness. Its announced purpose was to compel the other parties to take a position in favor of equal suffrage. But it must not be supposed that it represented a unanimous sentiment among the woman advocates of suffrage.

The women proved their claim to political consideration by manifesting a spirit of independence quite equal to that exhibited by men. Doctor Anna Howard Shaw, former president of the National American Woman Suffrage association, dissents entirely from those who desire to organize the women into an independent party.

"It is foolish for the woman's party to come here and say to the men that we women have great political power, that we hold the balance of power, etc.," she said. "It isn't true. What we must do is to co-operate with men, not fight them in politics."

Comparison of Meetings.

In size the standpat Republican convention had much the advantage. The Coliseum, in which the sessions were held, seats some twelve thousand, while the Auditorium, in which the Progressives met, could hardly accommodate four thousand.

In enthusiasm the Progressives had the advantage, probably because they came here with their candidate picked, and were all for him, while the regular Republican convention had so many favorite sons under consideration that the delegates were not at liberty to join in applauding any one aspirant.

Temporary Chairman Harding did not mention any candidate, while Temporary Chairman Robins set the Progressive convention afire by his eulogy of Colonel Roosevelt. While Senator Harding's chief points were greeted with applause, it was not the kind of applause that reverberates.

Platform Much the Same.

Roosevelt's name, on the contrary, was the signal for cheering, shouting, singing and parading that lasted more than an hour and a half.

It is some months since the Republican leaders conceived the idea of tying the protective system to the army and navy. It will be remembered that Congressman Mann included industrial preparedness in the qualified indorsement which he gave the administration's program. Protection was looking for a crutch, and it was quick to avail itself of the support offered by the preparedness propaganda.

It was very easy for a high-tariff advocate to support a policy requiring larger appropriations because larger appropriations compel larger tax levies. Regulars and Progressives alike recommend a tariff as a source from which to draw increased revenues. They defend taxes upon consumption on the ground that they are felt less than by direct taxes. It is the old defense, viz.: that by means of it more feathers can be obtained from the goose without squawking.

The Preparedness Idea.

Those who attempt to measure the sentiment in favor of bigger appropriations for the army and navy by parades must not overlook the fact that those who are pecuniarily interested in the return to a high tariff fall easy victims to any scares which give an excuse for the collection of more revenue.

Charles Warren Fairbanks.

"Don't rock the boat," is the advice which the politicians spread among the delegates as soon as they came in, and the delegates heeded the advice. They all felt that 1916 was to see a titanic struggle between the two great parties. All recognize that the restoration of the Republican party to power is not an easy task.

A great deal of bitter language has been employed in the past by progressives against standpatters, and by standpatters against progressives, and a great deal of feeling was stirred up. At the convention they worked over time trying to forget.

The Situation Queer.

Yes, it was a queer situation—those two conventions strikingly unlike in personnel and in the conduct of business and yet united in platform utterances.

At the regular Republican convention ex-Senator Depew and "Uncle Joe" Cannon were called upon to regale the audience with eulogies of the Republican party. What unwisdom to thus provoke the Progressives by exhibiting as specimens of the stand-pat Republicanism of today two men who had so much to do with bringing upon the Republican party the odium that stirred a majority of the members to revolt! One is reminded of the woman whose husband drank himself to death. After she had selected a modest casket for the remains, the undertaker asked what she wanted in the way of "trimmins." "Trimmins!" she exclaimed. "Don't mention trimmins; that's what Jimmie died of."

Had Real Debate.

The discussion in the Progressive convention over the resolution inviting the Republicans to appoint a committee to confer with a similar Progressive committee with a view to reaching a fusion on the ticket was a real debate. The delegates who participated were in dead earnest and the language which some of them used—and it was liberally applauded—betrayed a deep current of distrust with which a considerable portion of the convention viewed any proposition looking toward harmonizing.

But the conservative element of the convention won out by a large majority, and the conference asked for was granted by the Republican convention without discussion.

To illustrate the unity which they reached early in the matter of platforms attention is invited on five subjects.

First, they agreed in extravagance of language employed in criticizing the Democratic administration, and they agreed also in the care with which they abstained from any definite statement of the policy which they intended to pursue if intrusted with power. They united in deploring the calamities brought upon the country by what they described as the president's failure to defend American rights, and yet both conspicuously fail to point out wherein they would have a president act differently.

VALUE OF ALFALFA SHOWN BY RESULTS

New Jersey Farmer Has Been Growing Crop Since 1895 With Great Success.

"Alfalfa is the greatest stuff in the world," says John P. Nelson, of near Allentown, N. J., who has been growing alfalfa since 1895, and who now has 105 acres of "the finest in New Jersey." It took Mr. Nelson six years to get a good stand and to learn how to grow the crop, but since 1901 he has had no failures with it. He says: "Alfalfa fails only when you don't treat it right."

"The advantages of alfalfa are that when you get a stand of it, you don't have to reseed every year. How often I do not know, as I have some that has been mowed three times each year for six years and it is getting better right along. It makes the best kind of hay for all kinds of stock. Some of my horses eat it before they do their grain," declares Mr. Nelson. "Cows will give more milk when fed on alfalfa hay than they will on fodder corn. It's a grand thing for brood sows. When fed alfalfa they will keep in fine condition on half the grain they would use without it."

"The kind of soil on which to grow alfalfa, in my opinion, is a loam of reasonable fertility, where water will not stand for any length of time. If the ground is low, tile draining should be done. Plow deep, use at least a ton of lime per acre if the soil is sour, get the best possible seed and inoculate either the seed or ground or both," says Mr. Nelson. "My farm has always, until a few years ago, had a cow to the acre, furnishing lots of manure. This with 600 pounds of high grade fertilizer, drilled in, supplies the food for the growing plants. The same amount is used each year as top dressing. If we didn't have so much manure, more fertilizer per acre would be needed."

"The best stand of alfalfa I ever had was on 12 acres that had been in corn two years in succession. The ground was heavily manured both years after the corn was removed, and the usual application of 600 pounds of fertilizer applied. In the spring, as early as possible, I drilled in one and one-half bushels Canada field peas, cut them green for cows, and in August seeded to alfalfa," explained Mr. Nelson. He believes that three cuttings are best in New Jersey, but that four cuttings per year may be obtained through Maryland and Virginia, at the same time leaving a good stand over winter.

STARTING CROPS ON THE JUMP

Good Seed And Seedbed With Plenty Of Plantfood Needed.

Starting alfalfa on the jump requires that the seed bed be well prepared and that the plants be given plenty of plant food. Alfalfa requires a rather compact seed bed. Its preparation depends upon the preceding crop to a great extent. When seeded after early crops, such as potatoes, the need of summer fallowing is eliminated and the farmer gets a market crop during the same season. The general practice is to plow the ground early, harrow each week or ten days, until the weeds are killed and the fine, firm bed that is required is obtained. Many farmers have received good stands by seeding in the corn before the last cultivation.

To secure quality seed, it is best to test several different samples for purity and vitality. Five to 25 pounds per acre are recommended by various experiment stations. Often the best results cannot be obtained without inoculation. Commercial cultures recommended for alfalfa inoculation, can be secured. Lime must be added if the soil is sour, and from 200 to 500 pounds of a fertilizer high in phosphoric acid should be applied previous to or when the seed is sown. Profitable alfalfa culture is not difficult, if careful attention is given to details, from the preparation of the seed bed to the curing of the hay.

GROWS 990 BUSHELS CORN ON TEN ACRES

S. C. Goggin, Of Campbell County, Va., Uses Old Alfalfa Sod With Unusual Results.

Nine hundred and ninety bushels of shelled corn from a ten-acre field,—an average of 99 bushels per acre—is the record crop grown by S. C. Goggin, in Campbell County, Virginia, last year. The land upon which the corn was grown was an old alfalfa sod which for several years had been either mown or grazed to hogs. The corn was planted May 6 and 7, in rows three and one-half feet apart and the average distance of the corn in the rows was 15 inches. The corn was gone over twice with the weeder before it came up and given three shallow cultivations. Just before the last cultivation cow peas were planted, which were disked down to sow wheat.

Three hundred pounds of fertilizer was spread broadcast and harrowed in before the corn was planted. W. E. MacDonald, farm demonstrator of Orange County, in commenting upon this crop points out that alfalfa is valuable not only as a forage crop but also as a soil builder, as shown by Mr. Goggin's results with corn following alfalfa.

PROFITABLE FIELD OF CORN

Available plantfood gave it an early start and forced it to maturity.

Do You Use Gas?

If you do come to W. E. Shirer and inspect and have demonstrated to you the Direct Action Gas Range, with the regular cooking top and the Direct Action Oven with the fireless cooker convenience added. The oven is the most essential part of all ranges and this range possesses the most marvelous oven yet produced which is a cooking oven as well as a baking oven and can be used to boil and bake at the same time.

The oven of this gas-range is operated on a distinctly new principle. The burners are placed in the oven itself; hence the name, "direct action." In design the range is on efficient cabinet type with a comfortable working height of thirty-two inches. Connected with the oven is a thermostat which reduces automatically the amount of gas allowed to flow through the burner at any temperature indicated. Thus at 200 degrees F. only a sub flame burns, while if the thermostat is set for a temperature of 300 degrees F. the furners show a full flame until 325 degrees F. is reached, when the supply of gas is cut off and the flame is reduced to a mere pin-point, capable of maintaining the temperature set. With this arrangement an oven of known temperature can be indefinitely maintained, and this is a marked advance in gas-cookery. **The food is first placed in the oven, the gas is then lighted, and the thermostat is set for the desired temperature.** The practical results obtained in this oven, as well as the temperature readings, show it to be an excellent investment.

Call and see this range at the store of W. E. Shirer any day or if you phone W. E. Shirer he will demonstrate to you any evening. This range must be seen to be appreciated.

W. E. SHIRER,
Oakland, Md.

Advertisement.

RENNINGER & OFFUTT, Solicitors.

Order of Publication.

May H. Cassidy, Plaintiff v. Rosco C. Cassidy, Defendant.
No. 2937 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County.

The object of this suit is to procure a decree for a divorce a vinculo matrimonii by the plaintiff from the defendant.

The bill states that on the 6th day of March, 1912, the plaintiff was married to the said Rosco C. Cassidy at Grafton, West Virginia, with whom she resided in said town for about a month after their marriage, and then moved to Cleveland, Ohio, and there resided with her husband for a period of about eight months, at which time the plaintiff was to make a visit to her parents in Garrett county. On this trip her husband accompanied her as far as Wheeling, W. Va., and then told her that he would follow her in two weeks, and upon her return to her home in Garrett county she received a letter from him dated Illinois stating that he was going as far away as he could and that he would never live with her again.

The bill further states that the conduct of the plaintiff towards her husband has always been kind, affectionate and above reproach, and that the defendant has without just cause or reason abandoned and deserted the plaintiff and declared his intention to live with her no longer.

That such abandonment has continued uninterruptedly for at least three yeaas and is deliberate and final and the separation of the parties beyond hope of reconciliation.

That there was one child born of said marriage, viz., Cora, about three years of age.

That the plaintiff has resided in Garrett county more than three years prior to the filing of this suit, and that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Maryland.

The bill prays for a divorce a vinculo matrimonii by the plaintiff from the defendant, guardianship and custody of said infant child, general relief and an order of publication.

It is thereupon, this 31st day of May, 1916, ordered by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, in Equity that the plaintiff, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in said Garrett county once in each of four successive weeks before the 1st day of July, 1916, give notice to said absent defendant of the object and substance of this bill, warning him to appear in this court, in person or by solicitor, on or before the 17th day of July, 1916, to show cause, if any he has, why a decree ought not to be passed as prayed.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy, Test: E. Z. TOWER Clerk.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County Maryland, Letters of Testamentary on the estate of

JOHN M. DAVIS

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 8th day of December, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under our hand this 8th day of June, 1916.

CHAS. S. DAVIS,
JOHN W. DAVIS,
Executors
Oakland, Md.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Testamentary on the estate of

JONAS A. SPEICHER

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 15th day of December 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 15th day of June, 1916.

ALLIE SPEICHER,
CHARLES M. SPEICHER,
Executors
Accident, Md.

Assignee's Sale

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate

In Garrett County, Maryland.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a deed, reserving a vendor's lien, from Arnold A. Scherr et vir to Bertha V. Martin and Susanna Simons, bearing date 29th day of March, 1915, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 68, folio 274, one of the land records of said Garrett county, and assigned to the undersigned assignee, default having been made in payment of said vendor's lien therein, the undersigned assignee hereby gives notice that he will on

Saturday, the 17th day of June,

1916, at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m., in front of the Court House in the town of Oakland, Md., offer at public auction to the highest bidder all that piece or parcel of land situate in Garrett county, Maryland, and beginning for the same at a stake on East side of Arnold Road, and running thence N. 11° W. 11¼ poles; N. 7° E. 11 poles; N. 4° 30 minutes, 7 poles to a stake S. 81° and 15 minutes W. 28 poles to beginning, containing two acres, more or less, being the same land mentioned and described in said deed.

Said land is improved by a dwelling house, stable and out-buildings.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash. Conveyancing at cost of purchaser.

JULIUS C. RENNINGER, Assignee.

NOTICE: Any responsible party making substantial and satisfactory down payment can secure reasonable terms for deferred payment. For further particulars see Renninger & Offutt, Attorneys, Oakland, Md.

Order of Publication.

Porter L. Custer, et al., vs. Amanda Custer et al.
No. 1694 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

The object of this petition is to procure an order from the Circuit Court for Garrett county, sitting in equity, authorizing and directing the Trustee named in the decree in this cause to pay over a certain amount of money audited to Ora Crissie to the petitioner, Patrick S. Fazenbaker.

The petition, after setting out the filing of the original bill, the passage of a decree of sale and the appointment of the trustees, states, that after the passage of said decree, but before the sale of said real estate towit: on the 1st day of November, 1915, the said Ora Crissie, together with her husband, sold and conveyed to the said Pytrick S. Fazenbaker, all their rights, title and interest in the real estate in the proceedings meneioned, and executed and delivered a deed therefor, which deed has been already filed in this cause with the petition of the said Fazenbaker praying that he be admitted as a party def-ndant therein, and is now prayed to be taken and considered as a part thereof.

The petition further states that there has been an audit stated in said cause, and prays that the amount audited to the said Ora Crissie may be paid over to said petitioner.

It is thereupon, this 23d day of May, 1916, ordered, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, in equity, that the petitioner, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett County, once in each of four successive weeks, before the 24th day of June, next, give notice to the said Ora Crissie of the object and substance of said petition, warning her to appear in this Court, in person or by solicitor, on or before the 1st day of July, next, to show cause, if any she has, why an order ought not be passed as prayed, and it is further ordered, that in lieu of such publication, a copy of this order may be served personally upon the said Ora Crissie, on or before the 20th day of June, 1916, in accordance with Section 127 of Article 16 of the Code of Public General Laws of the State of Maryland, warning her to appear and show cause as aforesaid.

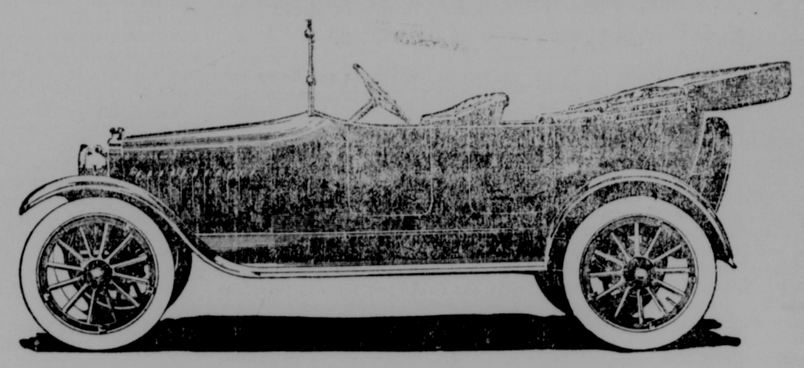
ROBERT R. HENDERSON.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

LOST—A nickel plated automobile crank. Finder please leave at this office.

SAXON "SIX"

big touring car for five people



Dramatic Editor of New York Journal Praises his Saxon "Six."

I have been driving a Saxon "Six" for the past month, and wish to offer an unsolicited recommendation.

To begin with, I own a seven-passenger car and have owned $5,000 cars for the past seven years. It is a remarkable fact, but I have never had any desire to operate a car myself, and have always employed a chauffeur. When I bought the Saxon "Six" I took one lesson, and then went forth in the "City of Gasoline" as my own chauffeur.

The car itself is a masterpiece in mechanism. It answers every call of the foot and hand. In short, it runs itself.

When you are stopped by traffic, and you want to start, it is off so fast, you are compelled to hold it back. Going up a hill, is the same as coasting down one. In appearance, no car for the money can approach it. When you pass others, whether they are in autos, or are walking on the street, they look upon this six-cylinder wonder in admiration, and only pass the most pleasing remarks.

Every man that owns a big car should own a Saxon "Six," and operate it himself to and from his office. Of course, it is hard to convince some men that they could run a car, but, if they tried once, it would settle the question.

I consider the Saxon "Six" a wonderful purchase for the money.

C. F. ZITTEL, Dramatic Editor, New York Journal.

For a Demonstration of this wonderful car, call at Liller's Barber shop or Kelly's Livery, Oakland.

LILLER & KELLY, Agents
OAKLAND, MD.

REAL ESTATE BARGAINS

Improved farm of 47 acres near Sunnyside, six miles south of Oakland. Good building and young orchard.

65 acres, near state road, four miles north of Oakland, 15 acres cleared balance in woodland. A splendid bargain.

Splendidly located, unimproved lot on Green street in Oakland. A specially good bargain.

JAS. D. HAMILL,
Real Estate Agent.

ORDER NISI.

In the matter of Clarence W. Perkins, assignee, vs. Robert C. McCandlish and Annie L. McCandlish, his wife.
No. 1936 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett county.

It is ordered this 13th day of May, 1916, upon the aforegoing report and affidavit, by the Circuit Court for Garrett county, sitting as a Court of Equity, that the said Clarence W. Perkins, assignee, be and he is hereby authorized and empowered to accept the offer of F. G. Fox, as above set forth, and to convey by a good and sufficient deed the property covered by said mortgage, to the said F. G. Fox, upon the terms and conditions above set forth, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 17th day of June 1916 provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 16th day of June 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $1,000.

ROBERT R. HENDERSON,

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Proposals Wanted for Municipal Work

Notice is hereby given that the Mayor and Town Council of Oakland, will receive bids until the hour of 7:30 o'clock p. m., Monday June 19th, 1916, for the construction of a retaining wall abutting on the D. M. Dixon property on Liberty street in said town of Oakland; also for the excavation necessary for said wall.

Specifications for wall as follows: Five parts stone, 3 parts sand and 2 parts cement. Bids to cover material as well as labor and to be made upon the basis of price per cubic yard.

Bids for excavation are to be made upon the basis of price per cubic yard.

Bids will be received also at the same hour and upon the same day for scraping and painting the Oak street bridge spanning the tracks of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad and also the Third street bridge over the Little Yough River in said town.

Specifications: All iron work on both structures is to be scraped thoroughly and inspected before painting. Painting is to consist of one coat of good metalic paint.

The Mayor and Council reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

GEORGE GIESSMAN, Mayor.
ARTHUR LAWTON, Clerk.

The man Who Makes A STUDY OF HIS APPEARANCE

Is the man who best appreciates the detail of the tailoring we turn out The workmanship passes without a question, the fit is naturally a matter of course, but the shape we mould into the garments give them a character that finishes them off and makes the satisfaction of the owner complete.

All this is a bid for your next tailoring order. We know we can make you the best clothes you ever wore We want you to know it. That order is the best and only sure way to settle he question.

JAMES BROCK,
Dixon Building,
Oakland, Maryland.

Order Nisi.

G. Semmes Hamill, Jr., Trustee, vs. Mary A. Wilson, et vir.
No. 2062 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Ordered, this 12th day of March, in the year nineteen hundred and sixteen, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in equity, that the sale of the property mentioned in these proceedings as made and reported by G. Semmes Hamill, Jr., trustee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 14th day of July, 1916, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 7th day of July, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $320.00.

E. Z. TOWER.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

ROAD PETITION

This is to give notice that thirty days after the first publication hereof, application will be made to the County Commissioners of Garrett county for the appointment of viewers to view and locate a proposed change in a dangerous road leading from Hoyes to Oakland to intersect the State road near William Callis' and running through the lands of the said William Callis for a distance of from five to ten rods.

W. A. SMITH,
D. O. DeWITT,
J. W. CALLIS,
HAMILTON FRIEND,
AND OTHERS.

Published first time June 15, 1916.

Road Notice

This is to give notice that on July 18th, 1916, the undersigned viewers will meet at John T. Gearys gate and relocate and view out a new county road leading from Garey's gate through the lands of Edith Hileman, Adell Friend and Hiram Humbertson to intersect the Morgantown road leading from Selbysport to Sand Spring, at a point near John Myers' house and to disannul the old road now leading from Gareys gate to Hiram Humbertson's.

C. W. FRIEND,
WM. F. MYERS,
S. K. FRAZEE.

Order Nisi.

C. A. Beachy, Treasurer of Garrett County, Maryland, vs. Clyde B. Moore.
No. 271, Miscellaneous Docket. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County Maryland.

Ordered, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland, this 6th day of May, 1916, that the tax sale made and reported in the above entitled case by C. A. Beachy, Treasurer of Garrett county, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 14th day of June, 1916; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 7th day of June, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $29.08.

ROBERT R. HENDERSON.
True copy, Test: E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

ORDER NISI.

C. A. Beachy, Treasurer of Garrett county, Maryland vs. Geo. D. Browning, L. E. Friend and R. C. McCandlish.
No. 270, Miscellaneous Docket in the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Ordered by the Circuit Court for Garrett county, Maryland, this 6th day of May, 1916, that the tax sale made and reported in the above entitled case by C. A. Beachy, Treasurer of Garrett county, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 14th day of June, 1916, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 7rd day of June, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $29.08.

ROBERT R. HENDERSON.
True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Examinations for Free Scholarships.

Competitive examinations of applicants for State free scholarship (male), in Western Maryland College, good for four years, as well as for other valuable similar scholarships will be held in the Oakland Grammar school building upon Saturday, June 17, 1916, at 9 o'clock. Full particulars may be obtained at this office or at the time the examinations are to be held.

F. E. RATHBUN,
County Superintendent of Schools.
Advertisement 14-2

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters Testamentry on the estate of

CHARLES C. MOODY

late of Garrett County, Md., deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 4th day of November, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 4th day of May, 1916.

WM. G. HENDERSON,
501 F. St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

THE REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME 41. OAKLAND, MARYLAND THURSDAY, JUNE 22, 1916. NUMBER 17

COURT PROCEEDINGS

Criminal Cases Disposed of Since Our Last Week's Report.

The following cases were taken up and disposed of in the Circuit Court last Thursday and Friday:

State vs Jas. and Claude Friend; burglary; tried before the court; verdict not guilty.

State vs L. R. Mason; sale liquor; before court; guilty; paroled upon payment of costs. Court complimented defendant on his straight-forward testimony.

State vs O. B. Barnard; forgery; before court; guilty; paroled on condition that defendant pay costs and refund all monies obtained fraudulently. One other case against same party, stet. on payment costs.

State vs Perry Frantz and Chas. Liller; sale liquor; before court; not guilty.

State vs Chas. Liller and Milton Turney, giving away liquor; before court; guilty; fine of $100 each and half of costs.

State vs same as above; plea nolle contendari; sentence suspended; paroled upon payment of costs.

State vs W. T. Nine; forgery; plea guilty confessed; paroled on condition of refund of monies fraudulenrly obtained and to pay costs.

State vs Susan Fishel; libel; before court; not guilty.

State vs Lynn Morgan; larceny; before court; guilty; paroled.

The June term adjourned last Friday afternoon and Judge Henderson left for Cumberland in his car, accompanied by Mrs. Henderson, who spent the day in Oakland.

For Sale.

I offer for sale one Bay Horse; gentle; drive single or double; good saddler; will travel any gait. I have purchased an automobile and have no use for above. Price $150.

ALBERT ASHBY, Sheriff,
Adv. Oakland, Md.

Subscribe for The Republican.

MOUNTAIN LAKE PARK.

Mr. and Mrs. John Callis, of Clarksburg, spent the week end in the Park. John hold a position with the Clarksburg Electric Light Company.

The Pentacostal encampment will close Sunday night. Last Sunday night the auditorium was crowded with people and Rev. McKinney preached a strong sermon. The baptism service held at the lake drew a large crowd of people to witness the baptism. The services next Sunday will be of unusual interest.

The old time camp meeting begins June 30th with a "Get-You-Acquainted Meeting" held in different parts of the Park. It is to be a reunion service.

Mr. and Mrs. Grant Hayden spent Sunday here, with his parents.

Dr. and Mrs. Logan Carr and Mrs. J. G. McLain and daughter, Miss Kate, motored from Baltimore to the Park last Friday.

The childrens' day service in the M. E. church last Sunday morning was a very delightful occasion. A large audience was present. The program was full of interest and a credit to those in charge.

The law regarding license for moving pictures may prevent the movies from operating in the Park. The license fee is prohibitive.

The date of the Odd Fellows' reunion has been fixed for July 22. The lodges of West Virginia and Maryland will meet on that date and enjoy a splendid program of fraternal greeting. It is thought they will be the largest crowd ever assembled in the Park.

A number of the young people had a marsh mallow roast at Crystal Springs Wednesday evening.

Mrs. Jaevis, of Clarksburg, was here Tuesday looking over the property she purchased recently and arranged for some improvements.

The extension of the porch at the bowling alley will greatly add to the comfort and happiness of the public. The Civic Club has a right to be jubilant over this their latest gift to the Park When the porch furniture is placed on the veranda it will be the great meeting place of our summer guests.

Professor May, of West Virginia, is making some improvements to his property.

Mr. M.A. Yost of St. Louis, and Mr. Hart Springfield, of Gainesville, Fla., are guests of Mrs. L. J. Cornwall.

THE DEATH RECORD.

MISS CORA WEIMER.

Died, at her home in Mountain Lake Park, Tuesday, June 13th, 1916, after a very brief illness, Miss Cora Weimer, daughter of the late Joseph ahd Martha A. Weimer.

The deceased was born at North Glade, Garrett county, Maryland, Nov. 16th, 1877, being at the time of her death 38 years of age. Her father died about 34 years ago and her mother Sept. 30th, 1910. She is survived by two sisters, Lillie and Josie, at home, and two brothers, E. A. Weimer, of Oakland, and Charles R., who makes his home with his sisters. She leaves besides her brothers and sisters a large number of relatives and a host of friends to mourn her loss. She taught in the public schools of the county for about twenty years and was one of the most successful teachers of the county.

At the time of her death she had charge of the public library of Oakland, Md. She was greatly loved and respected by all who knew her and will be greatly missed in the home, the church and the community. She was of a sunny disposition and always had a smile and cheerful word for all. She was converted in early childhood and joined the Methodist Episcopal church of which she remained a consistent member until God called her to live with Him.

Her funeral occured Thursday, June 15th, at 2 p. m., from her late home at Mountain Lake Park and interment was made in the Oakland cemetery. Rev. Paul L. Flanigan, pastor of the Mt. Lake Park M. E. church, conducted the funeral services. The pall bearers were young men of Mt. Lake Park and Loch Lynn, viz: Edward Chance, Walter Falkenstine, Delph Callis, Otis Cuppett, Chas. Harvey and George Callis. The flower girls were Louise Chance, Carrie Mann, Catherine Stevenson, Elizabeth Leighton, Mary and Francis Rathbun, former pupils of the deceased.

We will miss her, oh, how we will miss her. We cannot understand why she was taken from us when she was so much needed, but God knows best and doeth all things well and we bow in humble submission to His will and mourn not as those who have no hope, for we know that some day we will meet her in that upper and better world, if we live according to His Divine will while here on earth. Yes, we shall meet never again to part, for we know that she has gone to her heavenly home and will be waiting and watching for us.

Dearest Cora, thou hast left us,
Thy face no more on earth we see,
But in heaven we hope to meet thee,
There to live eternally.

A FRIEND.

Mt. Lake Park, June 20th, 1916.

MRS. MARTHA ANNE LOUGHRIDGE.

Mrs. Martha Anne Loughridge, wife of Mr. George F. Loughridge, of Oakland, died on Friday morning last after an illness of many months following an attack of the grip, aged nearly seventy-four years, the deceased lady having been born at Aurora, West Va., on September 18, 1842, and was the daughter of John D. and Margaret Stemple. On September 13, 1868, she was married by the Rev. J. H. Cupp, her husband, Mr. George F. Loughridge, a highly esteemed citizen of Oakland, along with their three daughters, Mrs. Nettie Thrasher and Misses Beulah and May, surviving her. Mrs. Loughridge was a long and much loved member of the Lutheran church and until failing health prevented she was always present at the public services. In addition to those of her family enumerated above she is survived by three sisters—Mrs. Swearingen, of Oakland; Mrs. A. F. Shuttlesworth and Mrs. Robert Pearce, of Aurora, and three brothers—Lafayette, of Albright; William H., of Aurora, and Henry Cupp, of Burlington, W. Va. The funeral of the deceased lady was conducted Sunday afternoon in St. Mark's Ev. Lutheran church by the Rev. A. D. Appleton, rector of the local Episcopal church, in the absence of the pastor, Rev. O. A. Bremer, who was confined to his bed by illness. The sermon delivered by Mr. Appleton was a beautiful tribute to a triumphant life. The interment was made in the Oakland cemetery, the pall bearers being Messrs. George D. White, E. G. Naylor, Wade H. Hinebaugh, H. A. Loraditch, J. M. Stanton and Benj. H. Sincell.

Married.

ABERNATHY—ARONHALT.—Miss Isabell Aronhalt and Mr. Keith Abernathy, both of Garrett county, were united in the holy bonds of matrimony Sunday, June 18, at the home of the groom's grandparents, Rev. and Mrs. I. W. Abernathy, in the presence of a few intimate friends, Rev. Abernathy officiating. After the ceremony a bounteous dinner was served. The couple will reside at the home of the groom's grandparents. The community join in wishing them a long and happy married life.

PENDERGAST—TREACY—Mr. Edward Joseph Pendergast, of Grafton, and Miss Annie Agnes Treacy, of Oakland, were quietly united in marriage early last Sunday morning at St. Peter's Catholic church, by the pastor, Rev. James E. Connell, no one being present at the ceremony but the required witnesses.

The bride is a well known Oakland lady, having been connected with Treacy's Grocery for a number of years past. Mr. Pendergast holds a position with the Baltimore and Ohio R. R. Co., in Grafton, and is also well known here, having been employed in Oakland Oakland some time ago.

They are receiving the congratulations and best wishes of their friends, to whom the news of the marriage came as a complete surprise, no intimation of it having been given out before hand.

The newly-weds have announced as as yet no plans for the future, and we understand that Mrs. Pendergast will remain for a while in her brother's store.

Subscribe for The Republican.

SHOOTING AT FRIENDSVILLE

One Boy Shoots Another Who is in a Critical Condition

A boy named Miller, whose first name we are unable to learn, was shot and very seriously wounded at Friendsville last Saturday by another boy playmate. It seem that young Miller and his companion found a 32-caliber revolver, and the latter snapped the gun, which failed to go off. He then pointed it at the Miller boy and again pulled the trigger with the result that the latter was shot in the abdomen. The boy was rushed to Oakland in an automobile and taken to the Home Sanitarium, in what was thought to be in a dying condition. Dr. McComas, assisted by Drs. Broadwater and Hinebaugh operated on him, finding something like ten perforations through the intestines, which were sewed up and at this time he is getting along remarkably well, und hopes are entertained for his recovery.

NEW GERMANY

The farmers are all busy plowing for buckwheat.

Sam Broadwater and family have left for Akron, Ohio, where they expect to make their future home. We are sorry to see them go.

Ralph Wiland and Owen Crowe spent Sunday evening with Misses Bertha and Netta Broadwater.

Cornelius and Sheridan Broadwaters, of Westernport, spent Sunday with home folks.

Ernest Wiland, with his force of men, are erecting a large barn on the Ridgley farm near Bittinger.

The M. E. Sunday school will hold a home coming picnic Saturday, July 1st, in the grove by the church. All the former teachers and scholars of the Sunday school are expected home to spend the day. Amusement of all kinds throughout the day. Prominent speakers will be there to make addresses. The Lonaconing brass band is expected to furnish the music.

Mrs. Dave Broadwater, who was kicked by a cow some time ago and had her limb fractured, is improving rapidly.

Owen Crowe is employed by Sam Otto for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Broadwater motored to Cumberland Saturday last.

BITTINGER.

Special children's day services, with appropriate program, has been announced to be held in the Lutheran church in this village on next Sunday evening, June 25th.

At the annual business meeting of the Lutheran congregation, held here last Snnday afternoon, Melchor Hetrick was re-elected elder, and Josephus Glotfelty, deacon, for term of three years each.

Merchant O. C. Buckle motored to Lonaconing last Saturday and did some marketing.

Miss Leonora Wiley, a student at the Western Maryland College, returned to her home here last week for her vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. John Walburn and little son, of Jennings spent Sunday at Mrs. Walburn's home here.

The carpenters in charge of the construction of a large barn on Melchor Hetricks farm raised the frame of the structure very successfully on Wednesday of last week.

Quite a company of young folks from the Foxtown settlement attended church here last Sunday.

A Challenge

Is hereby given to any Sunday School in Garrett county to a contest, based upon the percentage of attendance, punctuality and number of givers as shown by its records closing with Rally Day.

A. T. White, Superintendent.
H. M. Weeks, Secretary.
Bethel Methodist Episcopal Church School, Mountain Lake Park, Md.

Estray Notice.

There came to my place on Sunday, June 18, a two year old black brood sow. Owner please call, pay damages and charges and take same away.

D. L. CONNEWAY.
Oakland, June, 20, 1919. Adv.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

HAVE A NICE LINE OF

MEN'S AND BOYS'

CLOTHING

See Us before you purchase your Fourth of July Togs

OUR LINE OF

Summer Underwear

was never Larger or more Complete.

P. S. Four-room Flat for Rent over Storeroom Apply at store for terms.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

C. H. BROWNING

Deer Park's Best Store

WANTED

Potatoes and Young Chickens

Will pay $1.00 per bushel for potatoes and highest market price for young chickens.

Special Premium Offer

With each $3.00 purchase, cash or trade and 25 cents extra, I will give a handsomely decorated individual seven piece set of dishes.

Get right Trade at Browning's.

Offutt's

WE HAVE IN STOCK

The Genuine

LANCASTER

Grain Cradle

It is made of Well seasoned timber and fitted with the best make of Dunn Edge Clipper Grain Scythes, made-to-order, with cast steel blades.

It is the only Greencastle Cradle that is manufactured and is decidedly the lightest rudning Cradle on she market.

Wool We are paying the highest market price—Cash or trade

Wanted—Potatoes—Will pay $1.00 per bushel.

OFFUTTS'

MOTHER OF HUGHES FORESAW NOMINATION

"Some Day My Boy Will Be President." —Republican Nominee Likes Detective Stories.

(FROM VARIOUS PAPERS.)

In Justice Hughes' nomination many Kingston, N. Y., residents believe they see the beginning of fulfillment of a prediction made by his mother that "some day my boy will be President," a view which was shared by his father, the late Rev. Dr. D. C. Hughes, who both lived there during the time Justice Hughes was Governor of New York.

Several thousand persons in Glens Falls, N. Y., tonight witnessed a street demonstration for Justice Hughes. Bands participated in a torchlight parade through the business section, red lights being used extensively. The procession was greeted with applause. The announcement of the nomination of the jurist, who was born in Glens Falls, was received this afternoon with great enthusiasm, and virtually every factory and mill whistle sounded continuous blasts for at least five minutes.

It was in his campaign for Governor of New York that Hearst called Hughes an "animated feather duster" a bit of persiflage that raised a guffaw but probably made votes for the gentleman whose ample beard suggested the metaphor. Charles E. Hughes found himself Governor of New York unpledged and unbossed, a unique situation.

The politicians smiled when Hughes told the people there was to be a business administration. He had scarcely taken office when they flocked in droves to Albany, demanding that the organization be recognized in this way or that. So and so had to be done because the organization wanted it.

"Gentlemen," said the Governor to one set of politicians, "I am not responsible to the Republican organization for my election as Governor. I am not responsible to any party leader or to all of the party leaders. I am responsible solely to the people: Good afternoon!"

In appearance Charles Evans Hughes is not a robust man. He is slight but well proportioned. His brown hair, which was once luxuriant, has become thin on top and upon his forehead, which is high and rather narrow. His hair has a liberal spainkling of gray. His blue eyes are wide apart and deep-set. He has a trick of allowing the lids to drop until they half cover the eyeball which gives him the expression of anything but alertness. At the same time he devitalizes his features in the same manner and assumes an ostensible attitude of consummate indifference. His mouth is large and regular, with exceedingly white teeth, shaded by a heavy brown mustache and thick brown beard, both of which are slightly silvered.

Those who have dealt with him personally profess to have found in him some semblance of Col. Theodore Roosevelt.

"There is something about the man that intimates Roosevelt," said a writer in the Review of Reviews when Justice Hughes was Governor of New York.

To the members of that now famous joint legislative Insurance Investigating Committee Mr. Hughes, save for what they had heard of him at second hand, was an unknown quantity, but they shared the common impression that he was a most precise and puritanical person of an abstemious and dyspeptic type. On the evening in question the committeemen met Mr. Hughes and held a private conference with him in one of the parlors of the Murray Hill Hotel. There were introductions and some chat and then one of the committee—I think it was Senator Tully of Steuben—suggested that the whole party go down to the cafe and have some refreshments.

With a sidelong glance at the dignified and bewhiskered lawyer whom none would wittingly offend, Senator Armstrong called for "a bottle of ginger ale." Senator Tully wanted "a little vichy and milk," and Assemblyman Rogers, noting the drift, ordered "a plain soda."

So it went all the way around the table. Everybody, in deference to the supposed prejudices of the principal guest, pulled a long face and requested a "soft" drink. It was my first meeting with Mr. Hughes, but I chanced to be seated opposite to him and I thought I detected a suspicion of a twinkle in his eye—a twinkle that I came to know well later on. Finally the attendant approached Mr. Hughes, the last of the circle. That dignity, with a face perfectly unmoved, said:

"I seem to be in a very abstenious company, but, as I am a bit tired after a trying day, you may bring me some Bourbon whisky."

The waiter turned to deliver the orders, but there was a laugh that went around the board and Senator Armstrong roared: "Hi, come back here, I want to change mine!"

He did change his and so did every other man in the party, and when Mr. Hughes' Bourbon arrived I noticed that he drank it "straight." There was a lot of laughter and explanation, and after it was all over those men, who were designed to shake certain lofty New York reputations into tatters during the coming weeks, understood one another better than they had.

"I saw that you gentlemen were abstaining," said Mr. Hughes, "because of supposed scruples on my part. The fact is, I don't often care for a drink of spirits, but when I want one or feel that it will help me I don't hesitate to have it."

In a chat with Mr. Hughes in the days before he went to the Supreme Bench comment was made concerning some of the books that adorned the shelves of Mr. Hughes' library and there was a reference to the dictum that a man may be known by the books he reads. There was some mighty solid reading on those shelves, I remember—Herbert Spencer's "Synthetic Philosophy," "The Descent of Man," Gibbon's "Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire," Walter Savage Landor's "Imaginary Conversations," the works of Thomas Carlyle, of Kent, Darwin, Huxley, Haeckel, and Locke "On the Human Understanding."

Mr. Hughes' eye swept the array. He was familiar, not a doubt of it, with all those. But he smiled as he blew the smoke from his cigar—he commonly smokes four or five dark perfectos in the course of a day—and then he made this to me, delightful admission:

"Don't you think we are all more or less incorrigible hypocrites about the things we like to read, or the things we think we like to read, or that we ought to like to read? Now, as for myself, and speaking with perfect candor, I must confess, especially when I feel mentally tired, that there is no reading that appeals to me quite so strongly as a good old blood and thunder swashbuckling romance or an old-fashioned detective story with a well sustained mystery running through it. I have never outgrown my affection for Dumas the elder nor for Gabordiau. But, after all, I do not care very much who wrote the yarn that diverts me, or whether it was written by a stylist or not, just so long as it has a rattling good story between its covers. There is nothing like that kind of a thriller for a wearied brain and a tired back."

Since Mr. Hughes became Mr. Justice Hughes I have often wondered whether he finds surcease yet from the enormous hair splittings of the law in the diverting pages of Sir Conan Doyle or E. Phillips Oppenheim.

He described his views on religion as these:

"They are not what my church friends would recognize as orthodox. I have rather free views, but I recognize that we have in the churches the greatest conservative force in our affairs and, if for no other reason than that, I feel that they should be supported. There is a lot of cant about some of them, but they have a great power for good, whether one agrees or not with the teaching of their minister."

He approves of the modern woman, although, so far as is known, he has never definitely expressed himself in favor of woman suffrage.

"I will not say that I like the modern woman better than the old woman, whom some very wise persons still insist on comparing to the former's disadvantage," was the way he put it some years ago. 'I see no reason why a woman should not practice law or medicine or be elected to Congress or build bridges if she wants to. You notice that I emphasize the 'if.'

"My private opinion is that she does not want to do them, although very good feminine authority insists that she does."

Justice Hughes has few recreations. He likes to play golf, though he swings a mediocre club. He is especially fond of mountain climbing and has made many visits to Switzerland. He likes fishing, and men who have helped him spend his brief vacations testify that he is a mighty good fellow out of doors, with nothing of the cold, austere Hughes about him. He reads as much as time permits and confesses that he is particularly fond of romantic fiction and of detective stories.

All eyes turned to the plain brick house at the corner of Sixteenth and V streets, Washington, where the family of Justice Hughes, with the exception of Charles E. Hughes Jr., and his wife and child, were assembled to hear the bulletins from the Convention at Chicago.

This house was built by Mr. Hughes in 1912, more than a year after he accepted the seat on the Supreme Court bench, which he resigned to become a candidate for President. It is a plain dignified, comfortable house, typical of Mr. Hughes.

The great apartment in the house is the library, which is the common meeting place of the family whose literary tastes and studious habits extend from the former Justice to baby Elizabeth, now 9 years old. She was born in the Gubernatorial mansion at Albany, when her father was Governor of New York State, and has developed into an embryo suffragist, following the views and teachings of her eldest sister, Miss Helen Hughes, who has lent her name and efforts to the cause of woman suffrage.

Mrs. Hughes is a slender woman of medium height. She is dignified and quiet, quick to see the humorous side of everything, gentle of speech and voice and firm in her opinions without being offensive. Her family and home are first, and it is among them that she spends the greatest part of her time.

The Hughes family always has a garden. If it is only window boxes in their city home there are always bright, growing things about them. Their summer place for some years has been Calumet Lodge, Lake Placid, N. Y. Here they summer out of doors almost literally.

In Washington they live the simple life as far as it is possible. Mr. Hughes invariably walks either from his home to the Capitol or vice versa. The other way, it is almost certain that Mrs. Hughes drives him in her electric brougham. It is a plain modest car. Miss Hughes drives it almost as frequently as her mother does.

Miss Hughes is far more interested in questions of national and international importance that she is in society and its frivolties. Her sister Catherine, however, has a taste for the butterfly life, and enjoys to the fullest the new dances, tennis, horse-back riding and all outdoor sports.

The girls' most constant companion is their mother, who enjoys the absolute confidence of her children and enters keenly into their frolics and into their troubles. Miss Helen Hughes was a close friend of Miss Helen Taft.

The Hughes family has not decided where it will spend the summer. Last summer Mr. Hughes spent the summer at a Maine lake resort, Owing to its inaccessibility he may choose an Atlantic coast resort for the summer campaign.

GRANTSVILLE.

A Children's Day service was held in the Lutheran church on Sunday night, and a very entertaining program was rendered. The offering, which was a liberal one, was for the Orphans' Home at Loysville, Pa.

Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Getty and Miss Carrie Dorsey were among the many from here who were in Frostburg on Flag Day.

Misses Bessie and Sarah Wiley and their aunt, Miss Ogilvie, of Cumberland, spent last week at the Casselman Hotel.

Daniel Betz, Tom Price and James Jeffries were Grantsville visitors on Monday.

Miss Ethel Broadwater spent last week in Frostburg and Cumberland.

Postmaster and Mrs. John Custer are rejoicing over the arrival of Woodrow Wilson, a young son, who came on June 7th.

Born—To Dr. and Mrs. J. A. Carney, June 8th, a boy.

Lewis Schrock has moved his meat market from the building next to H. C. Bonig's store into the room formerly occupied by Richard Schlosnagle as saddler. The present location in the building of the First State Bank, is much more roomy and comfortable than the former, and just as convenient to his patrons.

Norman Hoover, foreman in the logging camp at Jennings, Md., is in the Miners' Hospital at Frostburg, as a result of an accident in the woods last Friday, in which his left leg was cut entirely to the bone, the wound being above the knee. He was taken to the hospital in his brother George's car, immediately, and is improving under treatment.

Mrs. G. C. Keller, who spent her last previous birthday on the operating table of a Cleveland hospital in utter oblivion of her anniversary, enjoyed her natal day this year, June 12th, immensely, surrounded by tokens of love from her family and friends, and in better health than she had been for some time past.

Dr. Olin T. Broadwater, who graduated last week from the University of Maryland in Baltimore, is home for the present.

Misses Angela Getty and Vida Engle were Cumberland visitors Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Bonig and children spent Sunday with Guerney Shaw and his sisters, Misses Fannie and Lulu, at Hill Dale Farm.

C. H. Dill is learning to manipulate his new Dort car and is giving a number of his friends joy rides, evenings.

Mrs. Sam Bender and children from Trafford, Pa., spent last week with J. J. and C. A. Bender.

Mrs. Milton Younkin is better again after a week's illness.

Miss Ruth Keller and several fellow graduates of the class of '15, are attending the commencement exercises at the Western Maryland College, Westminister, Md.

Mrs. McCulloh from Friendsville treated several Grantsville people to a delightful ride to Oakland on Thursday, the party including Dr. and Mrs. G. C. Keller, Miss Ruth Keller and Miss Gertrude Hone. They took supper at one of the Oakland hotels while there.

Rexford Bittinger, Casper Locehel, Joe Delauy, and Clyde Bender have just recovered from measles.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Bill, Mrs. R. C. Bowen and Miss Christina Winterberg motored to Lonaconing in Mr. Bill's car, Sunday, with Bruce Miller, as chauffeur.

Subscribe for The Republican.

G. D. P. PLATFORM FOR PROTECTION

Party Declares For Maintance of Rights Over Whole World.

In 1861 the Republican party stood for the Union. As it stood for the Union of States, it now stands for an United Power, true to American ideals, loyal to American traditions, knowing no allegiance except to the constitution, to the government, and to the flag of the United States. We believe in American policies at home and abroad.

We declare that we believe in and will enforce the protection of every American citizen in all the rights secured to him by the constitution, treaties and the law of nations, at home and abroad, by land and sea. These rights, which in violation of the specific promise of their party made at Baltimore in 1912, the Democratic president and the Democratic congress have failed to defend, we will unflinchingly maintain.

We desire peace, the peace of justice and right, and believe in maintaining a straight and honest neutrality between the belligerents in the great war in Europe. We must perform all our duties and insist upon all our rights as neutrals without fear and without favor. But we believe that peace and neutrality as well as the dignity and influence of the United States cannot be preserved by shifty expedients, by phrase-making, by performances in language, or by attitudes ever changing in an effort to secure groups of voters. The present administration has destroyed our influence abroad and humiliated us in our own principles. The Republican party believes that a firm, constant and courageous foreign policy, always maintained by Republican principles the best, as it is the only true way to preserve our peace and restore us to our rightful place among the nations. We believe in the pacific settlement of international disputes and favor the establishment of a world court for that purpose.

We deeply sympathize with the fifteen million people of Mexico, who for three years have seen their country devasted, their homes destroyed, their fellow citizens murdered and their women outraged by armed bands of desperadoes led by self-seeing conscienceless agitatore who, when temporarily successful in any locality have neither sought nor been able to restore order or establish and maintain peace.

We reaffirm our approval of the Monroe doctrine, and declare its maintenance to be a policy of this country essential to its present and future peace and safety and to the achievement of its manifest destiny.

We express our horror and indignation at the outrages which have been and are being perpetrated by these bandits upon American men and women who were or are in Mexico by invitation of the laws and of the government of that country, and whose rights to security of person and property are guaranteed by solemn treaty obligations. We denounce the indefensible methods of interference employed by this administration in the internal affairs of Mexico and refer with shame to its failure to discharge the duty of this country as next friend to Mexico, its duty to other powers who have relied upon us as such friend, and its duty to our citizens in Mexico, in permitting the continuance of such conditions, first by failure to act promptly and firmly, and second, by lending its influence to the continuation of such conditions through recognition of one of the factions responsible for these outrages.

We pledge our aid in restoring order and maintaining peace in Mexico. We promise to our citizens on and near our border, and to those in Mexico, wherever they may be found, adequate and absolute protection in their lives, liberty and prosperity.

We favor the continuance of Republican policies, which will result in drawing more and more closely the commercial, financial and social relations between this country and the countries of Latin-America.

We renew our allegiance to the Philippine policy, inaugurated by McKinley, approved by congress and consistently carried out by Roosevelt and Taft. Even in this short time it has enormously improved the material and social conditions of the islands, giving the Philippine people a constanly increasing participation in their government. And if persisted in, will bring still greater benefits in the future.

We accept the responsibility of the islands as a duty to civilization and the Filipino people. To leave with our task half done would break our pledges, injure our prestige among nations and imperil what has already been accomplished.

We condemn the Democratic administration for its attempt to abandon the Philippines, which was prevented only by the vigorous opposition of Republican members of Congress, aided by a few patriotic Democrats.

We reiterate our unqualified approval of the action taken in December, 1911, by the president and congress to secure with Russia, as with other countries, a treaty that will recognize the absolute right of expatriation and prevent all discrimination of whatever kind between American citizens, whether native born or alien, and regardless of race, religion or previous political allegiance. We renew the pledge to observe this principle and to maintain the right of asylum which is neither to be surrendered nor restricted, and we unite in the cherished hope that the war which is now desolating the world may speedily end, with a complete and lasting restoration of brotherhood among the nations of the earth and the assurance of full equal rights, civil and religious, to all men in every land.

In order to maintain our peace and make certain the security of our people within our own borders the country must have not only adequate but thorough and complete national defense, ready for any emergency. We must have a sufficient and effective regular army, and a provision for for ample reserves, already drilled and disciplined who can be called at once to the colors when the hour of danger comes.

We must have a navy so strong and so well proportioned and equipped, so thoroughly ready and prepared, that no enemy can gain command of the sea and effect a landing in force on either our western or eastern coast. To secure these results we must have a coherent and continuous policy of national defense, which even in these perilous days the Democratic party has utterly failed to develop, but which we promise to give to the country.

The Republican party stands now, as always, in the fullest sense for the policy of tariff protection to American industries and American labor, and does not regard an anti-dumping provision as an adequate substitute. Such protection should be reasonable in amount, but sufficient to protect adequately American industry and American labor and to be so adjusted as to prevent undue exactions by monopolies or trusts. It should, moreover, give special attention to securing the industrial independence of the United States as in the case of dye stuffs.

Through wise tariff and industrial legislation our industries can be so organized that they will become not only a commercial bulwark, but a powerful aid to national defense.

The Underwood tariff act is a complete failure in every respect. Under its administration imports have enormously increased in spite of the fact that the intercourse with foreign countries has been largely cut off by reason of the war, while the revenues of which we stand in such dire need have been greatly reduced. Under the normal conditions, which prevailed prior to the war, it was clearly demonstrated that this act deprived the American producer and the American wage earner of that protection which entitled them to meet their foreign competitors, and but for the advantages created by the war, would long since have paralyzed all forms of American industry and deprived American labor of its just reward.

It has not in the least reduced the cost of living, which has constantly advanced from the date of its enactment. The welfare of our people demands its repeal and the substitution of a measure which in peace, as well as in war, will produce ample revenue and give reasonable protection to all forms of American production in mine, forest, field and factory.

We favor the creation of a tariff commission with complete power to gather and compile information for the use of congress in all matters relating to the tariff.

The Republican party has long believed in the right supervision and strict regulation of the transportation and great corporations of the country. It has put its creed into its deeds and all really effective laws regulating the railroads and the great industrial corporations are the work of Republican congresses and presidents. For this policy of regulation and supervision the Democrats, in a stumbling and piecemeal way, are undertaking to involve the government in business which should be left within the sphere of private enterprise, and in direct competition with its own citizens, a policy which is sure to result in waste, great expense to the tax payers and in an inferior product.

The Republican party firmly believes that all who violated the laws in regulation of business should be individually punished. But prosecution is very different from persecution and business success, no matter how honestly attained, is apparently regarded by the Democratic party as in itself a crime. Such doctrines and beliefs choke enterprise and stifle prosperity. The Republican party believes in encouraging American business, as it believes in and will seek to advance all American interests.

We favor an effective system of rural credits as opposed to the ineffective law proposed by the present Democratic administration.

We favor the extension of the rural free delivery system, and condemn the Democratic administration for curtailing and crippling it.

In view of the policies adopted by all the maritime nations to encourage their shipping interests, and in order to enable us to compete with them for the ocean-carrying trade, we favor the payment to ships engaged in the foreign trade of liberal compensation for services actually rendered in carrying the mails, and such further legislation as will build up an adequate American merchant marine.

The protective system is essential to our national prosperity. Tremendous new pressure will be thrown upon our industries after the war by the highly mobilized production of Europe. At all times conditions of competition must be equalized between our own and foreign countries. We can only get the protection we need through the use of exact and complete knowledge, unaffected by prejudice and politics. We can only secure that knowledge at all times, and when needed, through such a commission.

The industrial issues are chiefly national. The present and certain future make it imperative that the regulation and promotion of industry, and especially of transportation and foreign trade, be national, not local. Only federal power can work justice to capital and labor throughout the nation. Only national authority can mobilize industry for defense as a nation's needs demand it.

Beneath a structure of military and economic strength must be the spirit of the people, a deep loyalty and undivided allegiance to America, the land which has welcomed us and our immigrant forefathers. If that foundation ceases to endure we shall no longer be a nation.

We have set forth in this platform plain essentials of national existence. They are not new in principle. Most men agree with them. Any man may propose them. The urgent and immediate need is for their performance. We have had ample experience with the promiser; with words and a bitter taste of words retracted. We must choose a man who not alone by words but by past deeds gives guaranty that he can and will make these good. The issue is one of men. In the midst of world changes unparalled in history, we cannot forecast the problems which will confront our government during the war, and at its end. We therefore need as president a leader who knows that nation, a man who acts. If we continue longer to stand for words as above deeds, for fancy above facts, we shall receive and merit the fate that surely awaits the man of the people who do not face the truth. We will meet and work with any man or party who sees a nation's need and puts forth a leader fit to meet it. We will accept no less in plan or in the man, and we hereby solemnly charge upon those who place party and politics above country the responsibility for a nation's future, sacrificed for self interest and spoils.

Notice to the Public.

This is to give notice that my wife, F. Ethel Rozier, has left my bed and board without just cause and that I will be in no way responsible for any debts she may contract.

J. W. ROZIER.
Kitzmiller, Md., June 10, 1916.
Adv. 16-3t

Notice to Trespassers.

All persons are hereby warned not to trespass on Hall's Hill, King's Hill or any part of the Perine lands. All persons found so trespassing will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

STEPHEN CASTEEL.
Advertisement, 15-3t*

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, either in person or by deputy, will be in each of the Election Districts in Garrett County, Maryland, to collect and receive taxes at the time and places following:

July 10. McHenry, Brenneman's Store, 10 a. m. to 12 m.
July 10. Sang Run, Postoffice, 3 p. m. to 9 p. m.
July 11. Hoyes, Smith's Store, 9 a. m. to 12 m.
July 11. Friendsville, Crawford Hotel, 3 to 9 p. m.
July 12. Friendsville, Crawford Hotel, 8 to 11 a. m.
July 12. Selbysport, Postoffice, 1 to 4 p. m.
July 13. Cove, Brown's Store, 8 a. m. to 12 m.
July 13. Keyser's Ridge, Smearman's Store, 3 to 4 p. m.
July 14. Grantsville, National Hotel 8 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 15. Accident, Gies's Hotel, 8 a. m. to 2 p. m.
July 17. North Glade, Theo. Beckman's 10 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 18. Bittinger, Jonas Bittinger's, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 19. Bittinger, Jonas Bittinger's, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 20. Jennings, Jenning's Hotel, 9 a. m. to 12 m.
July 20. New Germany, Postoffice, 2. p. m. to 4 p. m.
July 21. Scott Layman's, 8 a. m. to 12 m.
July 21. Thomas J. Johnson's, 2 p. m. to 4 p. m.
July 21. Finzell, Werner,s Store, 6 p. m. to 8 p. m.
July 22. Finzell, Werner's Store, 9 a. m. to 12 m.
July 24. Avilton, O. S. Fike's, 9 a. m. to 12 m.
July 24. Stricklands, 4 p. m. to 8 p. m.
July 25. Merrill, Postoffice, 9. a. m. to 12 m.
July 26. Swanton, Swanton Hotel, 9 a. m. to 2 p. m.
July 27. Bloomington, Cleary Hotel, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 28. Bloomington, Cleary Hotel, 6 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 29. Deer Park, Squire Hoye's, 9. a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 31. Kitzmiller, Bank Building, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
August 1. Kitzmiller, Bank Building 9 a. m. to 3. p. m.
August 2. Gorman, Duling's Mill, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
August 3. Red House 9 a. m. to 2 p. m.
August 4. Crellin, Company's Store 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
August 5. Ottaway, Connell's store 10 a. m. to 4 p. m.

By an Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed at the January session, 1916, being chapter 366, Section 45, it is provided that all county taxes shall be due and payable on the first day of September next succeeding the date of levy thereof; and all taxes paid on or before the first day of September aforesaid shall be allowed a discount of three per cent. and be received and collected by the collector at the rate of 97 per cent. per annum; and all taxes remaining unpaid on the first day of October next shall be collected by the collector with interest on the same at the rate of one per cent. per month until paid. The Treasurer shall attend at the Court House and such other places as the County Commissioners may by their order direct, for the purpose of receiving the taxes due the State and County, and shall keep his books and records open for inspection at all times, and shall not receive any fee or reward from any person for receiving or collecting any taxes due the State or County, and shall not be allowed to receive any fee or reward for any services rendered in the collection of taxes.

By order of the County Commissioners of Garrett County, Maryland.

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KODAK

The Story of Rubber

What a tale of romance of Spanish conquerors and English explorers, of discoveries of the chemist rivaling the tales of the Genii, of Aladin's Lamp; what visions of the tangled maze of tropical forests, the twisted and turbulent currents of mighty rivers; what stories of elementary man in the struggle for very existence; what dreams of avarice of the explorer lie in the story behind the production of the simplest article made from that magic substance—rubber.

Rubber, the substance that even today is only on the threshold of its possibilities; that has made possible the ocean cables, conserved the health of millions through its use in footwear and done much to remove the terror of infection from the surgical operation. Consider the ice cap for the fever patient; the invalid cushion to the bedridden; the hot water bottle to the pain racked; nipples to the babies; surgeons' gloves to the surgeon, and who will say that rubber has not contributed to the sum total of human comfort?

To Christopher Columbus is generally credited the discovery of this great country of ours, but few are aware that he is also given the credit of being the first white man to observe the use of rubber by the natives of the new land.

The Spanish historian, Antonio Herrera, writes in his early memoirs, that Columbus reported having seen the natives of Haiti playing with balls made from the gum of a tree, the first observed use of rubber. This was confirmed by the Spanish conquerors, who found the Indians using elastic balls in their games.

In 1615, Juan de Torquemada issued a report on a milky liquid which Spaniards used to make their clothing water-proof. It was, however, left to the American to make the use of rubber a commercial possibility, and, like many other great discoveries, it was brought about by accident. Rubber, at the time of the discovery, was mostly used for making overshoes, and the wearer of these shoes was always in trouble. In summer the heat made the substance sticky, no doubt on many occasions making their removal from the feet difficult, if not impossible, while in winter it became hard and brittle, and it was not unusual for the wearer to have his shoes crack and fall off his feet.

The discovery of vulcanization, or curing of rubber, changed all this. Goodyear, while wearing an apron coated with uncured rubber, accidentally spilled some sulphur on it and leaned against a hot stove. Later examining the apron, he was surprised to observe the change which had taken place, the rubber being no longer sticky, but smooth and entirely changed in its characteristics. His quick mind grasped the cause and experiments soon proved the feasibility of curing or vulcanizing rubber with sulphur.

Many, no doubt, like the author of the famous saying that "eggs is eggs," believe that "rubber is rubber," and associate all rubber with the product of the great Amazon region in South America; the far-famed and justly celebrated Para rubber. There are, however, upward of one hundred varieties of crude rubber known to commerce; Mexico, South America, Africa, India and the Islands of the East Indian Archipelago all contribute their quota.

Crude rubbers are divided, roughly, into groups according to the species of tree from which they are gathered.

The standard among rubber sundry manufacturers is that known under the general name of fine Para. Even the name Para does not express an even quality, as there are numerous grades of this variety. The finest of all rubbers is generally conceded to be the grade known as Suarez, Beni Bolivian; fine Para from the Hevea tree, produced under most favorable conditions along the upper Amazon river.

Crude rubber is gathered today in much the same way as when first collected by the natives. Large forest tracts where trees grow wild are owned or controlled by Seringuerios, or proprietors; the tracts being known af Seingols. The natives gather the rubber and turn over to the Seringuerios a certain share for the privilege.

First a path is cut through the forest until an estrada, or trip is laid out. Then the trees along this trip are tapped by making a small incision by a machette about six feet from the ground. Below the incision a tin cup is hung on the tree to catch the latex or milk as it flows from the wound. The gatherer proceeds from tree to tree tapping and hanging the cups until a trip is completed.

He then pours the contents of each cup into a large vessel. This is carried to his hut, and a fire is built of boughs and a certain nut which gives a dense smoke, said to possess anticeptic qualities in the form of creosote.

The native takes a wooden paddle with a broad blade and from three to six feet long, holds it over the smoke, then dips it into the latex, again holding it over the smoke, and revolving it slowly, repeating the dipping and rolling operation until a ball or ham weighing about sixty pounds is formed. These hams consist of a number of layers, each slightly blacker on the outside from oxidation. Each layer usually represents a day's work; the oxidation taking place over night. Para rubber has an odor like that of a smoked ham, from which the ball rolled by the natives takes its name. The hams are collected and started in native boats down the Amazon on their long trip to the markets of the world.

Ceylon, or cultivated rubber, is gathered in Ceylon and India, from the cultivated *hevea* tree, originally brought from Brazil, and is fast becoming a very considerable factor in the rubber market.

The method of collecting cultivated rubber and preparing it for market is more scientific than that just described. The latex is collected and coagulated by acetic acid, washed, creped and dried the same day. It is sent to the market in creped sheets of a most beautiful amber shade, much lighter than the South American rubber, owing to the natural oxidation being eliminated.

Rubber so treated has the advantage of practically no shrinkage after washing. Fine Para shows a shrinkage of from 15 to 20 per cent. Cultivated rubber is not conceded by some manufacturers to be equal to fine Para, although the quality of Ceylon rubber is improving rapidly, and as a whole is graded very high: other manufacturers placing the grade known as Highlands smoked sheets on a par with Upriver fine Para.

Crude rubber reaches the factory in hams. The initial process in its manufacture is a thorough washing to remove foreign substances like dirt, tree bark, etc., which are mixed with it.

The hams are first softened in tanks of hot water; then sliced up with knives. The pieces are then ready for the washing mill, consisting of two cast iron rollers resting horizontally side by side, having groved ridges running lengthwise, and revolting inwardly at different speeds. Slices of rubber are dropped between the rolls, on which a stream of cold water is constantly running. The gripping action of the rollers tears the rubber to pieces while the water removes the impurities. This is known as "breaking down" and is frequently done many times to remove all impurities.

From here it is carried to the refining mill, where it is rolled into sheets, or crepes, as it is known.

From the refining mill it is taken to the drying room. There are two drying processes—steam drying and air drying. Air drying takes longer, is generally considered more satisfactory and is allowed by manufacturers who can afford to tie up a large quantity of valuable rubber for the time necessary. The rubber is hung on bars in darkened rooms for about thirty days. Fresh, dry air circulates about it, while the moisture-laden air is carried away. When properly dried it is conveyed on mechanical carriers to the compounding room.

Rubber in its crude form is not practical for use in rubber sundries. Ingredients must be added to fit it for the purpose for which it will later used; to give it strength, resiliency, durability and and proper color, to permit vulcanizing. Compounding rubber is a most intricate process and on the skill with which it is done depends the service of the finished article. When you consider the almost endless variety of colors and grades of finished rubber products, and that each requires different compounding ingredients, you will get some idea of how important expert compounding is.

Compounding is done on a mill having smooth rolls. A batch of rubber is fed between the rolls, spreading out over the entire surface. Compounding materials are sprinkled between the rolls and ground into rubber. It is fed in, cut, sliced and inserted again and again; this kneading being carried on to thoroughly distribute the compounding ingredients throughout the body of the rubber.

When the compounding process is completed, the rubber is taken from the mill, rolled up, dusted with fine powder, designated according to its finished quality, and stored away against future use.

The next process is calendering, or rolling the rubber out into sheets of proper thickness. Rubber can be calendered to tissue paper thinness, and from that up to a sheet as thick as required. After calendering it is rolled between strips of muslin to protect it.

From the calenders the rubber goes to the cutting room, where it is cut by hand or machine dies to the proper shape for the article to be made.

These operations bring the crude rubber through the first stage of factory operations. From this on, the processes vary according to the article made, the following being descriptive of the leading ones.

There are three generally used processes for the manufacture of water bottles and syring bags, as well as a great variety of smaller sundries, these being moulded, dipped and hand-made. Of these, the moulded process seems to be the one most favored for the two articles mentioned.

From the cutting room, the stock is carried to the press room, where it is placed in the moulds.

These moulds, in the case of a bottle or bag, are constructed of heavy steel and are usually in three parts: the core, around which the bottle is made, and the outer part forming the front and back of the bottle. The sheet for the back is first placed in position in the lower half of the mould, then the upper sheet over the core and finally the upper half of the mould.

The mould is then placed in the press and pressure gradually applied, live stram being injected all around the mould. The enormous pressure, together with the high temperature, renders the stock so plastic that it follows the conformation of every portion of the mould.

The process of vulcanizing or curing is carried on at the same time, and when the mould is opened and the bottle lifted out with the core inside, it is complete except for the various finishing operations necessary to fit it for use in the home; a bottle in one piece, without seams or bindings and strongly re-enforced with thicker rubber at the edges.

The bottle is removed from the core and sent to the trimming tables where the surplus edges are removed, thence to the hanging or ageing room where it is hung up, to remain a period of time to permit it to become acclimated, so to speak.

The dripping process is necessary in the manufacture of many items of rubber sundries, and that department is generally an important one in the average factory making sundries.

Favorable atmospheric conditions are essential to the dripping process and the writer knows of one factory which has assured uniformity both of temperature and humidity, by spending thousands of dollars in installing a humidifying plant. All outside air entering the factory is washed and treated and moisture added to or taken from it as conditions demand.

As the dripping process necessitates the use of rubber in liquid form the preparation of the stock is carried on in an entirely different manner than when used in the moulded process. The rubber is taken to the mixing room, where it is placed in revolting mixers, with proper solvents and mixed until it has become liquid.

From here it is taken to the dip rooms and placed in tanks having a reversible upper structure, from which the forms are suspended.

The forms used are shaped to faithfully reproduce the article required which may be a nipple, a glove, a bulb, a cap or a rubber balloon. They are carefully cleaned and mounted on boards; the boards then fastened to the reversible rack above the tank. They are lowered until the forms dips into the rubber solution. Every precaution must be taken to avoid agitating the liquid causing air bubbles, which forms blisters in the finished article. After the dip, forms are raised and allowed to drip, the rack reversed to bring the forms right side up and the forms dry. Then the dipping is repeated until the proper thickness has been obtained. Some goods require more dips than others, from 10 to 15 not being unusual. Between dips, the tanks must be covered to keep the solution clean and free from dirt specks, and such foreign matter.

When the dripping is completed the boards are carried to the finishing room, where the various finishing touches are given them. From here the goods, still on the forms, go to the curing rooms. Here they are subjected to a number of cures depending on the nature of the goods.

Before the curing or vulcanizing is effected, the goods are utterly useless for service, as they do not have elasticity, strength or any of the properties usually associated with rubber, the curing process being necessary to bring them out. From the cure the goods pass to the strippers who remove them from the forms and send them on their way to the clearing house for examination and packing ready for market.

You may well wonder why it is that water bottles, for instance, vary in grade inasmuch as they are all made of rubber, and in more or less the same way. They are all made of rubber, true, but not all the same kind of rubber; not all have the same compounding ingredients and not all are made with the same degree of skill. Rubber itself is one of the most inconsistent of raw materials. It may be said to never be the same, and give the same rubber, the same ingredients and the same facilities, two men will secure widely different results.

"Pure Para" is a misleading term—and a much abused one. Practically all rubber is "pure" commercially after being refined as it is now-a-days. But all the refining in the world will not make a rubber that is low grade in the first place high grade after the refining is done. Appearances are deceiving, too. Goods that look fine may not wear fine because it is one thing to manipulate the rubber to get a fine appearance and quite another to manipulate it to secure the strength, substance and "life," as the rubber man would call it, upon which wearing qualities depends.

My Auto, 'Tis of Thee.

Some fellow, poetically inclined, has broken into print with the following:

My auto, 'tis of thee, short cut to poverty—of thee I chant. I blew a pile of dough on you two years ago, and now you refuse to go, or won't or can't. Through town and country side, you were my joy and pride—a happy day. I loved thy gaudy hue, thy nice, white tires so new, but now you're done and through in every way. To thee, old rattle box, came many bumps and knocks; for thee I grieve. Badly thy top is torn, frayed are thy seats and worn; a whooping cough effects thy horn—I do believe. Thy perfume swells the breeze while good folks choke and weeeze as we pass by. I paid for thee a price, twould buy a mansion twice, now all are peddling ice—I wonder why? Thy motor has the grip, thy spark plug has the pip, and woe is thine, I, too, have suffered chills, ague and kindred ills, endeavoring to pay my bills, since thou were mine. No more 'twould choke the cow as once before. Yet if I had the mon, so help me, John—amen, I'd buy a car aghin and speed some more.—Trestle Board.

Can't Convince The Women.

Customer: You can't improve on nature.

Druggist: That may be, but you'd be surprised at the amount of complection dopes we sell.

The Rosebush.

The bush whereon the blushing rose, when things are favorable, grows, is looking sick and blue; to keep the bush from going dead, I give it arsenate of lead and London purple, too. I wash the stem with kerosene, and dope the leaves with Paris green, and other compounds weird; and as I use the poisoned dope, I feel the shriveling of hope, and tears stream down my beard. And as I toil I wonder why the lovely things must always die, without a good excuse; the jimpson and the mullein thrive, the cockleburs are still alive—you cannot cook their goose. A Keats will perish in his youth, while some old cross-roads bard, forsooth, will live two hundred years. a hero dies early, as a rule, but for a century the mule will wag its misfit ears. The cow that gives all kinds of milk, whose butterfat is fine as silk, will seek the railway track, and there she'll stand and chew her gums, until a locomotive comes, and telescopes her back. With thoughts like these I stand and spray my dying rosebush every day, and know it's all in vain, for everything that's lovely dies, and man can only swat the flies in sorrow and in pain.—Walt Mason, The Poet Philosopher.

It is not the drinker, but the man who has just stopped drinking, who thinks the world is going to the dogs.

BRISCOE

"The Best-liked Car in the Country"

A Power-Plant That's Full of "Pep"

The marvelous responsiveness of the long-stroke motor in the Briscoe Twenty-four is the wonder of everyone who rides in the car.

A quick pick-up on the getaway; an effortless smoothness of operation—and when you come to a hill or a bad stretch, a plentiful reserve of power that carries you through with never a falter.

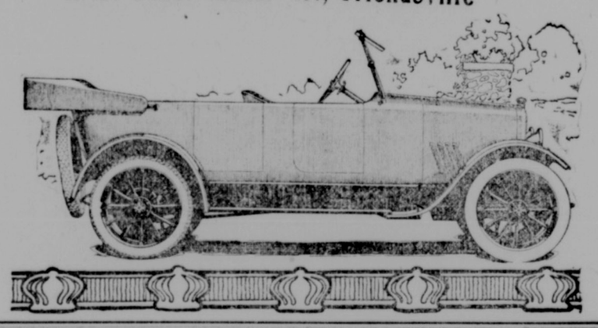
With a 3½-inch bore and a 5½-inch stroke, this Briscoe-built motor develops the last atom of power from a gallon of fuel—and the Briscoe design has reduced friction—and wear—to a minimum.

Come in and see this "latest Briscoe beauty"—it's a record-maker at the price.

Twenty-four $625 at Jackson

Electric starting and lighting; full equipment

Inter-State Motor Co., Friendsville



A Meal for Every Hour's Work

WE never claimed that a **Mogul 8-16 kerosene tractor** would take the place of horses entirely, but we do claim that a **Mogul 8-16** and a few brood mares will make more money for a farmer than he makes when he uses horses for all his work.

You may not realize it, but work horses are expensive. Do you know that in the course of a year, you give each one of your horses a square meal for every hour's work he does for you. It's a fact.

Get a **Mogul 8-16** for all the hard work, keep a few brood mares for the light work, and to raise colts, and see what a difference there will be in your net profits at the end of the year. And now is the time to decide. Come in and see the tractor, and find out what it is doing for other farmers.

The H. Weber & Sons Co.

Oakland, Md.

THE REPUBLICAN

BENJ. H. SINCELL, EDITOR.

Entered at the Postoffice in Oakland Md., as Second-class matter.

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THE REPUBLICAN,
Oakland, Md.

THURSDAY, JUNE 22, 1916

REPUBLICAN TICKET

For President:
CHARLES E. HUGHES
For Vice President:
CHARLES W. FAIRBANKS
For United States Senator:
JOSEPH IRWIN FRANCE
of Cecil County.
For Congressman:
FREDERICK N. ZIHLMAN
of Allegany County

WILSON ONLY HIRTORICAL.

Now that the Republican nominations have been made and the Democratic nominations need no occultism to predict, the Republicans of the country can estimate the task before them in its full proportions. It will be a task to unseat Mr. Wilson and to seat Mr. Hughes. But this task has nothing like the portentiousness that might be superficially supposed. The stars in their courses are fighting against the retention of the Democrats in office. Mr. Wilson is not simply in the hands of the voters. He is in the hands of fate. Fate, in its ordinations, has made multitudes of men like Mr. Wilson the disappointed Moses of their times. Mr. Wilson has met the burden and the heat of the day. He has performed service of which history will not be oblivous and may approve. He will be found to have deserved well of the republic. There is no manner of question but that he will receive his just deserts—whatever they may be—from the impartial future chronicle who takes the long perspective view through the vistas of time. But the election will not turn upon what history will say of Mr. Wilson. It will turn upon what the present exigencies demand for the nation. Were the German controversy in an active stage there doubtless would be much present force in the adage of Mr. Lincoln as to the peril of swapping horses in the middle of a stream. But in the settlement of the submarine issue Mr. Wilson cut the stick to break his own back. He settled that issue in a way that history may approve. But it will require a generation to determine whether history will not approve. It will only require the coming election to disclose that he indeed settled it, but not to the satisfaction of hosts of the American people. The vote will so register.

To the contemporary view the Mexican policy has been of the character of the Mexican conditions—namely, a mess. History may say that no one could deal with a mess like that and not get messy himself. This is for history to determine.

Contemporary opinion is that the Mexican policy has been reprehensible from start to finish, with only a few stray gleams of consistency, settled intelligence and effectiveness. So that the vote in November will not be the dictum of history, but the expression of the people as to the attitude of the nation in relation to Mexico.

History may approve the slowness of Mr. Wilson to awake to the preparedness needs of the nation. In the general relations of the times it may find that this was the attitude of superior wisdom. But contemporary opinion holds that the slowness of the Presdent in this respect constituted a real peril to the nation which may not yet have been abated. The vote in November will be a vote of disapproval of the preparedness "slacking" as contrasted with the undoubted readiness the Republicans would have displayed.

Even in the matter of domestic policies, history, now inscrutable, may discover some reson in the administration's effort to turn the Philippines adrift amid the war-churned currents of the world. It may find some support for the Democratic contention that the Republican party in its domestic positions is unprogressive. But contemporary opinion will point to the so-called war tax, the depleted Treasury, the blow to American industries and the falling off before the war created abnormal conditions of the nation's exports and the high cost of living, unreduced and still soaring. And contemporary opinion will be registered at the polls and this will be decisive.

Thus the contest that will soon be on will be that of the contemporary judgment as opposed to an appeal to the unknowable verdict of history. As Americans do not elect presidents according to auguries drawn from the flight of birds and the like, but according to their estimation of the needs of the nation and the men to fill those needs, the Republicans may look for success—even omitting from view the normal superiority of their party at the polls.

A BIT OF HISTORY.

As has been previously stated no other highway in this country is so replete with interesting history as is the National Road, or more properly, the Old Cumberland Road, as it is designated in all the acts of Congress at the time the building of the road was under discussion. Although the construction of the road was begun during the fall of 1812, it was not opened for use to the public with elaborate demonstrations in all the towns through which it ran between Cumberland and Wheeling, until the year 1818.

Referring to the road at a later time Searight, in his history of "The Old Pike," says: "Its numerous and stately stone bridges with handsomely turned arches, its iron mile posts and old iron gates, attest the skill of the workmen engaged on its construction, and to this day remain enduring monuments of its grandeur and solidity, all save the iron gates which have disappeared by process of conversion prompted by some utilitarian idea savoring in no little measure of sacrilege. Many of the most illustrious statesmen and heroes of the early period of our national existence passed over the National Road from their homes to the capital and back at the opening and closing of the sessions of Congress. Jackson, Harrison, Clay, Sam Huston, Polk, Taylor, Crittenden, Shelby, Allen, Scott, Butler, the eccentric Davy Crocket, and many of their contemporaries in public service were familiar figures in the eyes of the dwellers by the roadside. As many as twenty four-horse coaches have been counted in line at one time on the road, and large broad-wheeled wagons, covered with white canvass stretched over bows, laden with merchandise and drawn by six Conestoga horses, were visible all the day long at every point, and many times until late in the evening, besides innumerable caravans of horses, mules, cattle, hogs and sheep. It looked more like the leading avenue of a great city than a road through rural districts."

The pen-picture that the historian of today may draw of life on the "Old Pike" is as different in character and variety as beautiful automobiles that spin over the smooth surface of the old highway differ from the old stage coaches that jolted over the lime-stone covering of the "Old Pike" in its primitive days. The study of these different characteristics in the old highway of the long ago and that of today, is one of the charms that the tourist may now enjoy to his or her heart's content.

THE "OLD PIKE" IS THE TOURIST'S MECCA.

FOR SALE—Cheap, a white wicker baby carriage; good as new. Apply to Harry Naylor, Oakland.

ATTENTION, FARMERS.

Domo Improved Cream Separators, $35.00 and $43.50.
C. N. MCINTIRE,
Adv. tf. Oakland, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters Testamentry on the estate of
CHARLES C. MOODY
late of Garrett County, Md., deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 4th day of Novemoer, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.
Given under my hand this 4th day of May, 1916.
WM. G. HENDERSON,
501 F. St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

Election Supervisors' NOTICE OF APPOINTMENTS OF Judges of Election and Registers of Voters

OFFICE OF
THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF ELECTIONS OF GARRETT COUNTY, MD.
OAKLAND, MD., JUNE 14, 1916.

By virtue of and in accordance with the provisions of Section 7 of Article 33 of the Code of Public General Laws of the State of Maryland, as mentioned by Chapter 202, of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed at its January session, 1896, notice is hereby given by the Board of Supervisors of Elections for Garrett county, Maryland, that said Board has selected the following named persons to be Registers of Voters and Judges of Election in and for the several Election Districts of said county, said officers to serve for the term of one year from the date of their appointment unless excused or removed from office. Notice is likewise given of the postoffice address of each person so selected and also the political party which the Board of supervisors of Elections intends each of said persons to represent, respectfully.

The law makes it the duty of the Board to examine promptly into any complaints which may be referred to them in writing concerning the qualifications of any of the above named appointees and to remove them from office if in their judgment they are unfit or incapable of discharging the duties incumbent upon them as election officials.

Election District Number One—
Swanton.

John T. O'Brien, Democrat, Judge and Register, Swanton.
Josiah G. Friend, Republican, Judge and Register, Swanton.

Election District Number Two—
Friendsville.

Wm. Frederick, Jr., Democrat, Judge and Register, Friendsville.
Jas. W. Friend, Republican, Judge and Register, Friendsville.

Election District Number Three—
Grantsville.

Wm. T. Stanton, Democrat, Judge and Register, Grantsville.
C. C. Durst, Republican, Judge and Register, Grantsville.

Election District Number Four—
Bloomington.

Earle Fazenbaker, Democrat, Judge and Register, Westernport.
Joel Paugh, Republican, Judge and Register, Bloomington.

Election District Number Five—
Accident.

Lyman Frazee, Democrat, Judge and Register, Accident.
Adam Hetrick, Republican, Judge and Register, Bittinger.

Election District Number Six—
Sang Run.

G. Wm. Browning, Democrat, Judge and Register, Hoyes.
Sherman G. Savage, Republican, Judge and Register, Sang Run.

Election District Number Seven—
Oakland.

John F. Hart, Democrat, Judge and Register, Oakland.
Warren Rathbun, Republican, Judge and Register, Mt. Lake Park.

Election District Number Eight—
Ryan's Glade.

Ryans's Glade. First Precinct.
Frank Layton, Democrat, Judge and Register, Bayard, W. Va.
P. A. Chisholm, Republican, Judge and Register, Gormania, W. Va.

Second Precinct.
Robert Lathrum, Democrat, Judge and Register, Oakland.
Jonas Yutzy, Republican, Judge and Register, Oakland.

Election District Number Nine—
Johnsons.

C. Arthur Murphy, Democrat, Judge and Register, Frostburg.
James R. McKenzie, Republican, Judge and Register, Frostburg.

Election District Number Ten—
Deer Park.

Bruce T. Browning, Democrat, Judge and Register, Deer Park.
B. T. Thrasher, Republican, Judge and Register, Deer Park.

Election District Number Eleven—
The Elbow.

Cornelius H. Smith, Democrat, Judge and Register, Lonaconing.
Alfred Magruder, Republican, Judge and Register, Barton.

Election District Number Twelve—
Bittinger.

Olin Warnick, Democrat, Judge and Register, New Germany.
E. S. Brenneman Republican, Judge and Register, Bittinger.

Election District Number Thirteen—
Kitzmiller.

Wm. S. Harvey, Democrat, Judge and Register, Kitzmiller.
Lewis Casper Brav, Republican, Judge and Register, Kitzmiller.

Election District Number Fourteen—
Oakland.

C. F. White, Democrat, Judge and Register, Oakland.
H. R. DeWitt, Republican, Judge and Register, Oakland.

J. M. STANTON, Pres.
FRED L. MILLER,
GEO. D. BROWNING,
Board of Supervisors of Election for Garrett County, Md.
H. A. RASCHE, Clerk.

ROAD PETITION

This is to give notice that thirty days after the first publication hereof, application will be made to the County Commissioners of Garrett county for the appointment of viewers to view and locate a proposed change in a dangerous road leading from Hoyes to Oakland to intersect the State road near William Callis' and running through the lands of the said William Callis for a distance of from five to ten rods.
W. A. SMITH,
D. O. DeWITT,
J. W. CALLIS,
HAMILTON FRIEND,
AND OTHERS.
Published first time June 15, 1916.

RENNINGER & OFFUTT, Solicitors.

Order of Publication.

May H. Cassidy, Plaintiff v. Rosco C. Cassidy, Defendant.
No. 2087 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County.

The object of this suit is to procure a decree for a divorce a vinculo matrimonii by the plaintiff from the defendant.

The bill states that on the 6th day of March, 1912, the plaintiff was married to the said Rosco C. Cassidy at Grafton, West Virginia, with whom she resided in said town for about a month after their marriage, and then moved to Cleveland, Ohio, and there resided with her husband for a period of about eight months, at which time the plaintiff was to make a visit to her parents in Garrett county. On this trip her husband accompanied her as far as Wheeling, W. Va., and then told her that he would follow her in two weeks, and upon her return to her home in Garrett county she received a letter from him dated Illinois stating that he was going as far away as he could and that he would never live with her again.

The bill further states that the conduct of the plaintiff towards her husband has always been kind, affectionate and above reproach, and that the defendant has without just cause or reason abandoned and deserted the plaintiff and declared his intention to live with her no longer.

That such abandonmhnt has continued uninterruptedly for at least three yeaas and is deliberate and final and the separation of the parties beyond hope of reconciliation.

That there was one child born of said marriage, Viz., Cora, about three years of age.

That the plaintiff has resided in Garrett county more than three years prior to the filing of this suit, and that the defendant is a non-resident of the state of Maryland.

The bill prays for a divorce a vinculo matrimonii by the plaintiff from the defendant, guardianship and custody of said infant child, general relief and an order of publication.

It is thereupon, this 31st day of May, 1916, ordered by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, in Equity that the plaintiff, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in said Garrett county once in each of four successive weeks before the 1st day of July, 1916, give notice to said absent defendant of the object and substance of this bill, warning him to appear in this court, in person or by solicitor, on or before the 17th day of July, 1916, to show cause, if any he has, why a decree ought not to be passed as prayed.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.
True copy, Test: E. Z. TOWER Clerk.

Order of Publication.

Porter L. Custer, et al., vs. Amanda Custer et al.
No. 1691 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

The object of this petition is to procure an order from the Circuit Court for Garrett county, sitting in equity, authorizing and directing the Trustee named in the decree in this cause to pay over a certain amount of money audited to Ora Crissie to the petitioner, Patrick S. Fazenbaker.

The petition, after setting out the filing of the original bill, the passage of a decree of sale and the appointment of the trustees, states, that after the passage of said decree, but before the sale of said real estate to-wit: on the 1st day of November, 1915, the said Ora Crissie, together with her husband, sold and conveyed to the said Patrick S. Fazenbaker, all their rights, title and interest in the real estate in the proceedings meneloned, and executed and delivered a deed therefor, which deed has been already filed in this cause with the petition of the said Fazenbaker praying that he be admitted as a party defendant therein, and is now prayed to be taken and considered as a part thereof.

The petition further states that there has been an audit stated in said cause, and prays that the amount audited to the said Ora Crissie may be paid over to said petitioner.

It is thereupon, this 2nd day of May, 1916, ordered, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, in equity, that the petitioner, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett County, once in each of four successive weeks, before the 24th day of June, next, give notice to the said Ora Crissie of the object and substance of said petition, warning her to appear in this Court, in person or by solicitor, on or before the 1st day of July, next, to show cause, if any she has, why an order ought not be passed as prayed. And it is further ordered, that in lieu of such publication, a copy of this order may be served personally upon the said Ora Crissie, on or before the 20th day of June, 1916, in accordance with Section 127 of Article 16 of the Code of Public General Laws of the State of Maryland, warning her to appear and show cause as aforesaid.

ROBERT R. HENDERSON.
True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County Maryland, Letters of Testamentary on the estate of
JOHN M. DAVIS
late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 8th day of December, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.
Given under our hand this 8th day of June, 1916.
CHAS. S. DAVIS,
JOHN W. DAVIS,
Executors
Oakland, Md.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Testamentary on the estate of
JONAS A. SPEICHER
late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 15th day of December 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.
Given under my hand this 13th day of June, 1916.
ALLIE SPEICHER,
CHARLES M. SPEICHER,
Executors.
Accident, Md.

Road Notice

This is to give notice that on July 18th, 1916, the undersigned viewers will meet at John T. Gearys gate and relocate and view out a new county road leading from Garey's gate through the lands of Edith Hileman, Adell Friend and Hiram Humbertson to intersect the Morgantown road leading from Selbysport to Sand Spring, at a point near John Myers' house and to disannul the old road now leading from Gareys gate to Hiram Humbertson's.
C. W. FRIEND,
WM. F. MYERS,
S. K. FRAZEE.

Order Nisi.

G. Semmes Hamill, Jr., Trustee, vs. Mary A. Wilson, et vir.
No. 2092 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Ordered, this 12th day of March, in the year nineteen hundred and sixteen, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in equity, that the sale of the property mentioned in these proceedings as made and reported by G. Semmes Hamill, Jr., trustee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 14th day of July, 1916; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 7th day of July, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $320.00.

E. Z. TOWER.
True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Second National Bank

OF CUMBERLAND

In the State of Maryland, at the close of business May 1st, 1916.

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans and Discounts	$2,214,714 30	Capital Stock	$200,000 00
United States Bonds	240,000 00	Surplus, Undivided Profits	375,839 39
Other Bonds, Securities Etc	378,715 00	Circulation	200,000 00
Banking House and other Real Estate	47,022 76	Deposits	2,757,419 03
Due From Federal Reserve Agents and other Banks	428,325 76		
Cash	214,480 60		
Redemption Fund	10,000 00		
	$3,533,258 42		$3,533,258 42

DIRECTORS:
D. ANNAN L. M. SHEPHERD ROBERT R. HENDERSON
JAMES CLARK W. BLADEN LOWNDES O. C. GEPHART
TASKER G. LOWNDES JOHN KEATING
JOHN SCHWARZENBACH
D. ANNAN, President
W. BLADEN LOWNDES, TASKER G. LOWNDES
Vice Presidents
D. F. KUYKENDALL, Cashier
THREE PER CENT INTEREST PAID ON SAVINGS DEPOSITS

HAVE A LOOK AT THE

Enger Twin Six

AND

OVERLAND

Cars and ask for a demonstration when in the market for a car

Oakland Garage

AGENT

MADE BY
LOUISVILLE SOAP COMPANY
INCORPORATED
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY

CLEAN EASY NAPTHOLINE SOAP

Will go as far as TWO five-cent cakes of ordinary soap. It will cost you only 5 cents. (Cleaneasy saves the rub.) No rubbing, no scrubing, no wearing out of clothes. Just soaking, then boiling for ten minutes; a good rinsing and out on the line they go, absolutely clean.

Circulars and trial orders by parcels post at 5 cents a bar.

Sold by CHARLES S. DAVIS, Manufacturers Agent, Oakland, Md.
Adv.

A WONDERFUL BARGAIN

$5 BIBLE $2 FOR ONLY

Nearly 600 fine Pictures

Everybody surprised and delighted. Give them to the children and stimulate their interest

Fine leather overlap binding with red edge. Gold edge 50 cents extra. Nothing finer for a gift to anyone.

Will be pleased to show this beautiful book and no obligation to buy.

Call, phone (Bell 63 W) or write.

HEYWARD,
Oak and E. Streets,
Mt. Lake Park, Md.

Advertisement 14-4t*

NOTICE

The Mayor and Council of Loch Lynn Heights will receive sealed proposals or bids for Municipal 5 per cent. Bonds in the sum of Fifteen Hundred Dollars, or any part thereof, up to noon on the 22nd day of June, 1916, at which time all bids or proposals will be opened and a sale or sales will be made to the highest responsible bidder, if in the option of the undersigned, said bid or bids is adequate.

Said Bonds, all of the denomination of $[illegible] each, bear interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, interest payable semi-annually, and one of said Bonds will be due and payable Sept. 1st 1917, and two of said Bonds each year thereafter on the 1st day of September.

Address all communications to the Mayor and Council of Loch Lynn Heights, Mountain Lake Park, Md.

Further information can be obtained from the undersigned. Said Mayor and Council reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

MAYOR AND COUNCIL OF LOCH LYNN HEIGHTS.
Mountain Lake Park, Maryland.

Farm for Sale.

Containing two hundred and seventy-six acres. About 175 acres cleared and in good cultivation and the balance in timber.

Located twelve miles west of Lonaconing in Garrett county in the Fairview settlement. With seven or eight never failing springs on it. One dwelling house containing seven rooms and a good cellar; bank barn 40 x 60 feet and all other necessary outbuildings.

Good apple orchard of about 200 bearing trees and all other kinds of fruits.

If not sold prior to January 1st, 1917, the property will be for rent.

For any other information call on or address the undersigned.

JONAS WEITZELL,
Lonaconing, Md.

NOTICE

This is to give notice that the County Examinations of applicants for Teachers' Certificates will be conducted by the County Superintendent of Public Education, of Garrett County, Maryland, upon

Friday and Saturday
June 30 and July 1, 1915

beginning at 8 o'clock a. m.

Applicants for First Grade Certificates only are to appear at 8 o'clock a. m., and applicants for Second Grade Certificates are to appear at 1 o'clock p. m. upon the first day before mentioned.

By order of the Board.
F. E. RATHBUN, Secretary.

FOUNDED 1888

THE GARRETT NATIONAL BANK

FOUNDED 1888

OF OAKLAND, MARYLAND

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, - - $115,000.00

THE highly developed facilities of this Bank resulting from 28 years of careful and conservative management together with prompt, efficient and courteous service, are offered as the basis for a satisfactory business connection.

OFFICERS

G. S. HAMILL, President. D. E. OFFUTT, Jr., Vice President.
G. A. FRALEY, Cashier. H. L. JONES, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS

GILMOR S. HAMILL, JOHN T. MITCHELL, DANIEL E. OFFUTT, Jr.
JOSEPH E. HARNED. GEORGE A. FRALEY, HARLAND L. JONES CHAS. S. DAVIS

Interest paid on Time Deposits. Safety Deposit Boxes for Rent.

Are you swatting the fly?

Mr. Mark S. White was a Cumberland visitor last Sunday.

In the words of the poet, "what is so raw as a day in June?"

Liller & Kelly, local agents, unloaded a car load of Saxon automobiles yesterday.

Mr. H. L. Jones is having a concrete walk put down in front of his residence on Third street.

The one commencement that everybody is anxiously waiting to attend is that of summer.

Robert G. White is home from the Maryland Agricultural College for his summer vacation.

Miss Elizabeth Townshend left Sunday for Fairmont, where she will spend some time on a visit.

James Stemple, who is employed in Cumberland, visited his home here several days recently.

Personally, our preference if for a man with a wrist watch rather than for a man with a sport shirt.

U. G. Palmer, Jr., of Verona, Pa., spent several days in Oakland during the week past visiting friends,

Mrs. J. E. Harned and daughter, Miss Louise left Tuesday evening for a visit to relatives and friends in Cumberland.

The Cumberland News of June 19, 1876, published the following: Christian J. Beachy, of Grantsville district, died.

Mrs. Mary Kelly, of Terra Alta, spent several days here during the past week, visiting her daughter, Mrs. S. H. Jackson.

Mrs. Mae Winn, of Baltimore, is spending a week or ten days in Oakland visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Hutson.

Yesterday was the longest day of the year—that is, it had a few seconds more of daylight than the day before or the day after.

It is estimated that there is enough waste from the saw mills of the South alone to produce twenty thousand tons of paper a day.

Mrs. W. R. Mealy, of Morgantown, W. Va., is in Oakland visiting her daughter, Mrs. Roy H. Hamill and son, Mr. J. Gordon Mealy.

Fish Commissioner R. T. Browning returned Thursday last from a trip to Baltimore, whither he went last week on business connected with his office.

Mr. George H. Rodeheaver, who had to leave his position in the postoffie a year or so ago on acconnt of a severe spell of illness, has resumed his duties again.

Dr. and Mrs. J. Foster Howard and little son, of Rowlesburg, W. Va., spent Sunday in Oakland and were the guests of their parents, Rev. Dr. and Mrs. J. H. Howard.

Sheriff Ashby has issued posters announced the sale ot valuable live stock at the residence of Col. John T. McGraw, Deer Park, on Saturday, July 8th. See posters for particulars.

The sound of coal rattling into bins is abroad in the land. Nothing like doing the little busy bee act, but it is tough to buy coal and ice both at the same time, now, isn't it?

Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Stuck and baby daughter returned last Thursday afternoon from a vacation trip of 15 days. Mr. Stuck resumed his duties as B. & O. agent Friday morning.

Miss Nelle Compton left Oakland Saturday morning for Verona, Pa., where she will visit her sister, Mrs. A. C. Cozad for some time.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul E. Mitchell are the proud parents of a baby girl born to them Tuesday last.

Charles Litzinger left for his home in Grafton this morning, after a visit of some time with relatives here.

Miss Daisy Hanna came up from Westernport Sunday to attend the funeral of the late Mrs. Geo. Loughridge.

Miss Christine Edward, of Lonaconing, is the guest of Miss Mary Sincell who returned Tuesday from a visit to that city.

Mr. W. R. Stull, formerly of Oakland, and who has spent the past two years in South America, is here on business and renewing acquaintances with old friends.

Detective Cal Crim and wife, who together with a party of Cincinnatians, made a two weeks tour of the Eastern cities, stopped over in Oakland to visit his sister, Mrs. John Menhorn.

Union services will be held at the M E. church next Sunday evening. Sermon by Dr. Ely. Subject—"The Little Stone Cut Out of the Mountain." A cordial invitation to all.

Mr. G. W. Legge, Sr., last Saturday purchased a new Overland Seven Passenger Six Cylinder automobile. The sale was made through the Oakland Garage, local agents for the Overland.

Rev. Arthhr D. Appleton, rector of St. Matthew's Episcopal church, preached a very interesting sermon to the local lodge of Red Men, who attended services in that church last Sunday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Naylor and family will move to the Bullard property on High street, which they will occupy during the completion of some extensive improvements to their residents on Fourth street.

W. F. King, assisted by a force of men, is painting the brick and woodwork on the Garrett National Bank Building, and when finished the appearance of the building will present a much improved appearance.

Mr. J. Arthur White left for Uniontown, Pa., yesterday morning in his automobile. He expects to return some time today and will be accompanied hom e by Mr. J. Gordon Mealy, who is in that city.

Mrs. Mary Arnold and daughter, Mrs. Hurley Miller, and children, of Oakland, arrived the first of the week on an extended visit with friends and relatives. They were guests of Mrs. Emma Leatherman Monday.—Keyser News.

Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Sliger spent part of last Thursday in Frostburg, going and returning in their car. Mrs. Sliger was a delegate from the Oakland Civic Clubs of Allegany and Garrett counties, which was held in there that day.

The subject of the discourse at the Presbyterian church on Sabbath morning will be an outline of the events of age, with a diagram to illustrate. All cordially invited. No services will be held at night on account of the Union services.

Mr. Albert C. Ely, who is a student in the Kentucky State School of Pharmacy at Louisville, Ky., arrived home Monday morning for a two weeks vacation, which he will spend in Oakland with his parents, Rev. and Mrs. J. C. Ely. He expects a call however most any day, to report to the headquarters of the State Militia of Kentucky, of which he probably be called for service in Mexico under the President's orders of last Sunday.

Attorney G. S. Hamill and Fred A. Thayer, of Oakland, and Mr. Chas. Reams, of Crellin, are in Baltimore on business connected with the routing of the proposed new section of the state road to connect at the West Virginia Line.

Miss Catherine Stuart, of Richmond, Va., Field Agent of the National Audobon Society will lecture on the protection of wild birds and game in the Grammar School Building this evening at 7:30 under the auspices of the State Board of Education. The lecture is illustrated by many fine slides and is well worth hearing.

Mr. Philip T. Peddicord, grand knight of the local council Knights of Columbus was recently appointed District Deputy of that order. He and about thirty members of Oakland Council will go to Cumberland by automobile next Sunday to take part in the exemplification of the third degree, which will be conferred on a large number of candidates.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Mr. Neil C. Fraley came up from Baltimore last Sunday and spent the day at his home in Oakland. He left for Cumberland Monday morning, where he argued and won a case for the Employers' Liability Association which was heard by the State Accident Commission. This was Mr. Fraley's first case and he has the congratulations of his friends upon his successful effort.

Judge Charles E. Hughes' father, Rev. David Charles Hughes, was once a resident of Anne Arundel. Coming to this country from Wales in 1855, the paternal Hughes taught languages at the West River Collegiate Institute, a noted ante-bellum Maryland school, for a time. He then removed to New York, was ordained a Baptist minister in 1860 and had charge of a church at Glen Falls, N. Y., where his only child, the Republican nominee for President, was born. After leaving the Southern environment of the West River neighborhood the elder Hughes became a fervent abolitionist and Union man.

Public Stenographer.

The undersigned is located in the office of Messrs. Renninger & Offutt and is prepared to do all kinds of stenographic work. Hours 8 to 12 and from 2 to 5.

MRS. MARY CARICHOFF.

Adv. 17-3*

Notice to the Public.

This is to give notice that I am not connected in any way with any firm and will not be reasonsable for any bills only those that I contract personally.

MARY S. BROWNING.

Mt. Lake Park, Md., June 1, 1916.
Adv. 17-3t*

For Sale.

Crooks Crest, comprising about twenty acres, improved by handsome house. Apply to the owner or any real estate agent. Mrs. E. Fundenberg, Oakland, Md. Adv. 12-tf

OAKLAND CASH BUYERS CO.,—Pay cash for spring Pigs, Calves, Lambs, Chickens, Turkeys, Eggs, etc. L. W. HOPKINS, W. L. CASTEEL, J. W. DAVIS. Adv. 10-tf

ESTABLISHED 1884. PROMPT SERVICE

We have just received two cars of Buggies and Carriages and are absolutely the nicest we have ever had. They are going fast and we suggest that you make your selection at an early date.

We also have just unloaded another car of Buckwheat Fertilizer at the right price.

Do not forget that we can furnish you with Twine, Mowers, Rakes, Tedders, Binders, Side Delivery Rakes, Corn Cultivators, Drain Tills, in fact anything for on your farm.

Our stock we have bought before the advance and are therefore able to give you the old price.

Make our store your supply house and keep in mind that:

"Naylor has it and sells it for less."

Yours to please,

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.

Oakland, Md.

BOTH PHONES EASY TERMS

C. N. McINTIRE

SUCCESSOR TO

J. M. DAVIS & SONS

OAKLAND, MD.

Everybody is invited to attend the demonstration of the Standard Sewing Machine from June 19th to 24th. C. N. McIntire, Hardware Store, Oakland, Maryland.

Respectfully,

C. N. McINTIRE.

D. E. BOLDEN

Furniture Dealer and Funeral Director

HAVING moved my furniture business to the Manhattan Hotel store room, I am prepared to serve the public to the best of my ability, having now in stock the finest line of Furniture ever brought to the city and which I offer as cheap as it can be bought in the wholesale markets.

All I ask is a chance to name you prices.

My stock is complete in every detail, and which consists of Furnitnre, Carpets, Mattings, Window Shades, Bedding of all kinds, large and small Rugs—in fact everything with which to furnish a house from cellar to attic.

I am also prepared to give estimates on Buildings and repair work—from a pig pen to a palace.

Call and see me; I will treat you fair and square.

Thanking the public for past favors and soliciting a continuance of the same, I remain,

Yours respectfully,

D. E. BOLDEN

LEON

Will make the season of 1916 as follows, beginning May 13th:

On Saturdays then thereafter on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday of each week at the Mill Stable of Andrew W. Helbig in Oakland. Other days at my home.

TERMS—$12 with foal, money due when mare is known to be with foal; $15 to insure a colt 5 days old. A lien on colt until paid for. Partirs coming from a distance to my farm will not be charged for meals or horse feed.

D. J. SWARTZENTRUBER.

WANTED—One teamster and two men for general farm work, including operating horse cultivators. None but competent men need apply. The H. Weber & Sons Co. Advertisement.

NOTICE.

As I have sold my store to Mr. G. C. Martin, I wish to settle all accounts by July 1st. Any and all accounts unpaid by that date will be placed for collection.

Advertisement. J. A. WHITE.

Automobile and Motor Cycle Tubes and Casings

VULCANIZING AND REPAIRING.

Casing Vulcanizing—Blow outs, rim cuts and surface cuts. Tube repairing—Blow outs, cuts, punctures, new valves, valve bases. All work guaranteed.

G. W. WOODS, Miller building,
Adv. 16-4t Oakland, Md.

Commissioners Meeting.

Office of the County Commissioners for Garrett county, Oakland, Md., June 15th, 1916.

The Board of County Commissioners for Garrett County, Maryland, will meet in their office in the town of Oakland, on

Monday, July 3rd, 1916,

to transact routine business.

By order of the Board.

W. G. MEYERS, Clerk.

You covet, for your child, the highest form of mental training—that is good.

What are you doing

towards his economic and business training in financial matters? Wouldn't it be wise, in his early years, to give him the responsibility of a Bank Account and an incentive for adding to it—

Practical Education?

Come in and talk it over.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OAKLAND - MARYLAND

Notice to Creditors

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

MICHAEL LAVELLE,

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 9th day of November, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 9th day of May, 1916.

W. H. METCALF,
Swanton, Maryland.

Notice to Creditors.

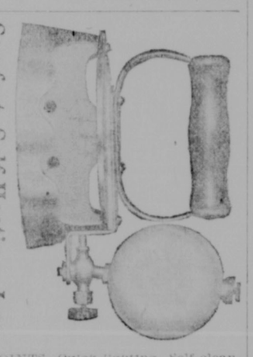
This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans Court, Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

ELIZABETH LEE

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 9th day of December, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 9th day of May, 1916.

ALBERT L. LEE,
Administrator,
Kitzmiller, Md.



Comfort Self-Heating Iron.
5 Hours at Cost of One Cent.

TWO POINTS—Quick lighting. Self-cleaning and perfect regulation of heat. Weighs six pounds. Guaranteed safe and satisfactory. Price, $3.75 each. Order today.

J. AMEEN, Kitzmiller, Md.

Notice To Tax-Payers

This is to notify the Taxpayers of Garrett county that the Annual Levy for 1916 has been made and published, and to call their attention to the following abstract of Section 15, Chapter 500, Acts of 1916, relating to the discount to be allowed and the interest to be charged on all tax bills:

This is to notify all taxpayers that no discount will be allowed for the prompt payment of State taxes levied for the year 1916.

Chapter 500 of the Acts of 1916, provides that "the State taxes are due and payable on the first day of July succeeding the levy, and if not paid on or before September first, interest shall be charged from said first day of September. Said State taxes shall be in arrear on and after the first day of January succeeding the date of the levy, and it shall be the duty of Collectors, Treasurers and other officers who may be charged with the collection of the same immediately thereafter to proceed to collect said taxes in accordance with the provisions of law for the collection of delinquent taxes. It shall also be the duty of the Collectors or County Treasurer or other officers collecting said taxes to make monthly returns and remittances to the Comptroller of the amounts thereof collected from time to time."

J. W. KIMMELL,
Treasurer.

We Carry in Stock

TIRES
TUBES
SHOCK ABSORBERS
CHAINS
SPARK PLUGS
DRY CELLS
TIRETITE

And many other accessories at the
OAKLAND GARAGE,
Prest-O-Lite Exchange,
Oakland, Maryland.

ORDER NISI.

No. 2014 Equity In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Maggie W. Thayer, vs. Ira W. Hardesty.

Ordered, this 24th day of April, in the year 1916, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in Equity, that the sale made and reported in the above cause by Fred. A. Thayer, attorney named in the mortgage, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 29th day of May, 1916; provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Garrett County, once a week for three successive weeks before the 19th day of May, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $200.00.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy. Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

J. W. Whorton & Son
CONTRACTING
PLASTERERS

Only the Best Material Used.

Best Grade of Wall Plaster on hand at all times.

CONCRETE WORK
of All Kinds.

All Work Guaranteed.

OAKLAND, - MARYLAND.

Notice to the Pulic.

My son, Lester Hetrick, who is under age, having ran away from my home and care, I hereby notify all persons, firms, etc., that I will not be responsible for any debts he may contract, and I also warn all persons against employing or harboring the said Lester Hetrick so long as he is not of legal age.

MELCHOR HETRICK,
Bittinger, Md.

Adv. 15-3t

Subscribe for The Republican.

SEWAGE DISPOSAL SYSTEM FOR THE FARM

H. GWINNER,
Maryland Agricultural College Extension Service.

Following a recent announcement that the Division of Engineering of the Maryland Agricultural College was preparing plans and details for a sewage disposal system for the average farm, such a system has been put into working operation and a description of its construction and operation prepared.

The question may be asked why go to the expense of installing such a system on the average farm? In reply to this, it is only necessary to say that such a system does away with the unsanitary and unsightly privy and the pollution of the soil and wells due to the leaching of the liquid waste; producing typhoid and kindred diseases. A properly designed sewage system discharges only clear water; the solid matter in general having been consumed by certain mechanical and bacterial action in such a system. Any insoluble wastes may be easily removed from the system at little expense.

The system in question is designed to care for ten people and consists of two anti-freezing hoppers or toilets, about two hundred and sixty feet of six-inch vitrified sewer pipe and a dark, air-tight concrete tank; this latter being known as a septic tank. The water for flushing the toilets and the system when necessary is carried to the spot by a three-quarter inch galvanized pipe from the college main.

As the toilets are used in an outhouse, which has no heat, they are made frost proof or anti-freezing. This desirable arrangement is brought about by the water storage tank over the hopper or toilet being filled while the hopper is being used and it flushes automatically immediately the seat of the hopper rises.

The excreta or sewage, after leaving the toilets, is conveyed through the six-inch pipe to the septic tank. This pipe was laid in a carefully graded ditch, and owing to the lay of the land two grades were necessary; eight feet being on a 10 per cent grade and one hundred and twenty feet was laid on a 4½ per cent grade.

The septic tank, which receives the sewage, is made of a mixture of one part of cement, two parts of sand and four partsof gravel. The top, sides and ends and bottom were reinforced with steel rods. The tank has two compartments or chambers; one of which is the settling section and the other the discharge section. The sewage is descharged into, settled and partially purified in the settling chamber. It slowly seeps around the baffle boards over the concrete partition wall into the discharge chamber and when sufficient has collected in this chamber, it is intermittingly discharged from this chamber by an automatic siphon.

This septic tank has a capacity to take care of the flushings of forty gallons per person and to discharge at intervals between twelve and twenty-four hours. There is no advantage in having a tank larger than necessary to properly perform the work, for then the liquid sewage remains too long and putrefaction is likely to occur. If the siphon fails to discharge during the proper working periods, owing to not having received sufficient sewage, flush sufficient water through the toilets to make it do so.

The most difficult portion of the system to construct was the septic tank, owing to the steel reinforcing rods. The forming was of pine, one inch stuff, six inches wide and dressed both sides, while the bracing was two by four stuff. The top of the tank is not separate from the sides, but is molded with the sides and ends. Time consumed in completing tank by three laborers, carpenter and helper was four and one-half days and the cost, complete, was $82.10.

Anyone desiring more detailed information relative to the design, cost, details of construction of the system and blue print drawings of the tank, may obtain same by communicating with the Extension Service, Maryland Agricultural College, College Park, Md.

Synopsis Of Cost Of System.

Plumbing, including two anti-freezing Kemp toilets	$ 48.65
Two hundred and sixty feet of six-inch sewer tile in place	51.46
Septic tank complete	82.10
Mechanics, overseeing time	36.00
Total	$218.15

To this should be added the amount which would have to be paid a surveyor and assistant. It requires about two hours to run the proper lines by these two men.

The Extension Service of the Maryland Agricultural College, in co-operation with the U. S. Department of Agriculture, is prepared to conduct a limited number of co-operative spraying demonstrations. These are for the purpose of teaching the methods of mixing and applying the spray materials and for demonstrating the value of the operation. In these demonstrations, the obligations of the growers are to furnish the equipment chemicals, labor and to keep a record of the quality and quantity of fruit produced on both the sprayed trees and the unsprayed or check trees. On the other hand, the Extension Service will arrange for a man to go to the orchard as often as is necessary to supervise the work at no expense to the grower.

Pharmacy and National Preparedness.

Just now when the subject of National Preparedness is uppermost in men's minds it behooves the pharmacists of Iowa to give some thought to the position they they will occupy in case of war.

Dean Teeters of the Pharmacy College at Iowa City writes as follows:

"The College of pharmacy of the University of Iowa has decided to require regular drill in the batallion of all first year students in the College, beginning September, 1916.

The first half of the second year will be given up to theoretical instruction in hospital corps work.

We maintain that military training is a good thing for any man. He learns to take and obey orders, a very essential thing in life.

The exercise for anyone who has long laboratory hours is a good thing in itself.

If the time comes when the pharmacists of the state need to offer their services to our country the most natural place would certainly be in the hospital corps work. The knowledge they have of drugs is of value and their service in this field would be greater than any other."

The following extracts taken from a recent editorial in the Pharmaceutical Era contain much of value:

"From the very nature of the calling, pharmacy is closely allied to all of the great agencies which lieclose to the equipment of armies, to the manufacture of munitions, the food supply, the sanitation of camps, the care of hospitals; in short, the pharmacist is an important available factor in the maintenance of the health of the soldier, both on the firing line and in the battle against the insidious foe of disease incident to wounds of camp life in general.

"Every well regulated pharmacy has a more or less complete line of these necessities which could be made easily available if the government only said the word. Anesthetics, antiseptics, surgicaldressings, and most of the remedies and paraphernalia of hospitalwork are here ready to hand, and what is more, are made directly available by the fact that such supplies are in the hands of the man who is to use them. He comes to his assignment with a full knowledge of his responsibilities, the extent and condition of his stock, and is therefore an immediately effective unit in any mobilized force.

"Here then is a trained force whose power for valuable service needs only intelligent direction to make it a most important factor in the defense of country. The needs of the hour call for the co-operation of all citizens, and of each individual the best service he can render according to his training and education."

The program committee for the Iowa City Convention, June 21st, 22nd, 23rd, is planning on having an army officer address the pharmacists on the subject of the Pharmacist's Duty to his country in case of war.

Q. E. D.—Adam gave one rib and got a wife. Robert Kirton, of Pittsburg, back from the front, lost seven ribs and then married his Red-Cross nurse. This shows the increased cost of living.—New York Evening World.

Customer: What! Fifteen cents a pound for sulphur! It's outrageous! I can go across the street and get it for ten!

Druggist: Yes—and I know where you can go and get it for nothing.

To the common rabble a great man always is incomprehensible, and hence more or less ridiculous. This is the sole reason why great men are not burned at the stake the instant they appear.

A man's troubles usually wear petticoats. And when they don't they should.

Money to Loan on real estate. Renninger & Offutt, Attorneys, Garrett National Bank building, Oakland, Md. Adv. tf

CONTROL THE CODLING MOTH BY SPRAYING

T. B. SYMONS,
Maryland Agricultural College Extension Service.

Now that the dormant season spraying is over, orchardists must prepare for the control of the Codling Moth, which causes wormy apples, by treating their apple trees just as the blossoms fall.

The Codling Moth passes through the winter as a full grown larva in a small, white cocoon beneath or in crevices of the bark. About the time that apples bloom, the larva transforms to the pupa, from which the moth emerges.

The female lays from 50 to 60 eggs, mostly upon the foliage. The eggs hatch in from five to ten days, depending upon the season and temperature. The young larva usually feeds a little on the tender parts of the leaves before it crawls to the nearest young apple, which it attacks by entering the calyx cup. Some will enter the stem end or on the side. The larva continues to feed into the young fruit, its work being indicated by the well known excreta thrown out from the calyx, showing the worminess of the apple. The larva reaches maturity in from three to four weeks and eats its way out usually through the side of the apple, and seeks a secluded spot, where it spins its cocoon for transforming to the adult. In this region there is a partial second brood occurring about July 1st.

Controlling The Moth.

The Codling Moth is controlled by spraying with an arsenical such as Arsenate of Lead, Paris Green, etc.

Usually a combination spray is applied, using concentrated lime-sulphur solution, diluted at the rate of one and one-half gallons to a barrel of water for diseases, to which is added the arsenical—two pounds Paste Arsenate of Lead, or about one-third pound Paris Green. Most growers use Arsenate of Lead. If the powdered Arsenate of Lead is used—one pound to the barrel is sufficient.

Many commercial firms are selling Arsenate of Lime in place of Arsenate of Lead. This is a little cheaper and there is no reason why it should not be equally as effective on apple, but should not be used on peach and similar tender foliage plants.

Apply Properly.

It is very important in spraying for the Codling Moth that the work be thorough, and that the spray be applied with good power. Power sprayers are, of course, most desirable for this as well as other spraying. The foliage should be covered with the spray and special effort made to lodge the solution in the calyx cup of the blossoms.

Through extended tests it has been found that the Codling Moth can be usually controlled with one thorough spray applied just before the calyx cup closes, or as the blossoms fall.

With the high cost of arsenicals this season, we would recommend one spraying for this pest this season. Of course, it may be necessary to spray later on for the control of some diseases, such as Bitter Rot.

The above treatment for Codling Moth should also suffice to prevent injury from the Curculio on Apple.

EARLY SPRAYING FOR PEA LICE IS NECESSARY.

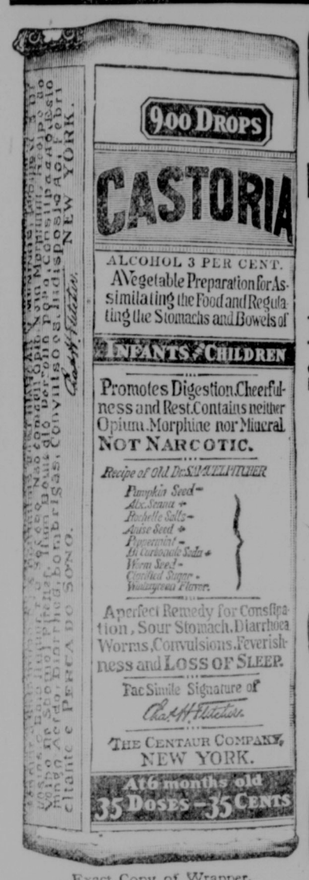
E. N. CORY,
Maryland Agricultural College.

The pea and melon lice are the most serious aphids with which the trucker has to deal. Pea lice live for approximately eight months of the year on clover, preferably on crimson clover, hence the first measure against the pea louse should be to remove the pea field as far from clover as practical or if it is necessary that both be close together, the clover should be turned under early in the spring.

Careful watch should be made in April for the first aphids, which are light green and about one-eighth of an inch long, and spraying should take place immediately after they are first observed.

A tractor sprayer with nozzles so arranged as to direct the spray over the top and both sides is the best machine to use. Four rows can be sprayed at once with such a machine. Use "Black Leaf 40," 1 to 640 parts of water or 10 ounces to 50 gallons—plus 4 pounds of fish oil soap. Using 75 gallons per acre, one application will cost approximately $2.80 per acre, including labor of two men, team and materials. The same mixture is effective on the melon aphis, a small black aphis, but the cost will be higher as the vines must be turned over and back again, since the aphis cluster on the under side of the leaves.

Weeds take out of the soil plant food which should be utilized by the desired crop. Everyone knows, also, that a good, clean, well cultivated garden with straight rows has a much better appearance than a garden full of weeds. Sometimes the ground between the rows of certain vegetables is mulched with straw, strawy manure or sawdust to prevent the evaporation of moisture and keep down weeds.



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Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* In Use For Over Thirty Years

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H. L. MILLER

At Last--A One-Adjustment Cream Separator

BEFORE you buy any cream separator, come in and look at the Primrose. But one adjustment is needed to keep it in perfect operating condition. This adjustment is a simple one for keeping the bowl at the correct height—an adjustment that you or your wife can safely make.

The adjustment is made from the outside of the separator by either raising or lowering the bearing containing the hardened steel point, upon which the spindle revolves. A slight turn with a screwdriver, perhaps once a year, does the work.

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Come in and let us play your favorite selection on this wonderful new Phonograph

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STURGISS' PHARMACY
Representing Morrison Music Co., Cumberland.

The Republican--Garrett Co.'s Paper.

NATIONAL GUARD ORDERED OUT

Approximately 90,000 Men to Be Mustered Into U. S. Service and Rushed to Border

44 STATES GET SUMMONS

New York Guard Organization Will Be Mobilized as a Tactical Division and Will Be Recruited to Full War Strength of 22,500 Men.

Washington.—President Wilson issued a call to National Guard organizations of every State in the Union for service on the Mexican border.

According to the last reports of the Division of Militia Affairs of the War Department, the "paper" strength of the entire National Guard exclusive of coast artillery was something over 117,000 enlisted men.

The total number of enlisted men called for in the summons, exclusive of signal corps and medical corps, is 93,518, divided as follows: Infantry, 76,115; cavalry, 6,435; field artillery, 9,928, and engineers, 1,040.

Although the purpose of the action as set forth in the formal call is for the protection of the American frontier from invasion, the opinion prevails throughout Washington that it marks the first step of intervention in Mexico. For more than three years President Wilson has exhausted every other expedient practically in an effort to avoid such a step.

The action is understood to have been precipitated by a despatch from Gen. Funston predicting trouble all along the Rio Grande in an effort on the part of the Mexicans to force the Americans to withdraw from Mexican soil.

Under Section 8 of he Constitution of the United States, the militia may be called out only "to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections and repel invasions." In the present instance it is said the last specified purpose is intended.

It is declared to be a debatable point in law whether, in an effort to repel an invasion, the militia could be sent across the Mexican frontier to meet an advancing foe. In army circles the opinion was expressed that if the Mexicans attempt any aggression Gen. Funston will need all of the National Guard to defend the border owing to the tremendous stretch of the international boundary line.

It is anticipated that the Mexicans would first aim in the direction of the Big Bend district of Texas, where most of the recent raids have occurred and where it has been extremely difficult for the regular army forces of the United States to patrol.

Gen. Pershing, with headquarters at Namiquipa, is believed to have sufficiently established himself to overcome any force that may attack him. His weakest point has been at Pulpit Pass, an opening in the mountains, dividing the states of Sonora and Chihuahua, through which Mexican force might attack his line of communication. Recently, however, he has placed a large force at the eastern end of the pass and Gen. Funston has concentrated another large force, including the Sixth Field Artillery, at Douglas, Ariz., where it could be rushed to the western entrance to the pass.

Although every State in the Union and the District of Columbia is affected by the call, not all of the organizations of each State are called out. None of the coast artillery units of the National Guard is affected.

The New York State contingent called out, the largest of any summoned, includes one division of three brigades of three regiments each of infantry, one regiment, one squadron and one machine gun troop of cavalry, two regiments of field artillery, two battalions of engineers, one battalion of signal corps, three field hospital companies and four ambulance companies The New York forces are to mobilize at the State camp at Beekman, about sixty miles north of New York City on the Central New England Railroad.

CALIFORNIA SHAD IN EAST.

Cost Four Cents to Ship Each Fish of Frozen Carload.

Philadelphia.—A carload of frozen shad arrived here from the Sacramento River, California. The freight charges averaged nearly four cents for each fish. Along the Delaware River and in the bay the present shad season has been one of the poorest in 30 years, and dealers found it necessary to bring the popular fish across the continent. Oil and acids, polluting the Delaware, are responsible.

OHIO REFERENDUM UPHELD.

Supreme Court Decides It Repealed Law Passed by Legislature.

Washington.—The Supreme Court affirmed the action of the Ohio Supreme Court in holding that the Sprague Congressional redistricting law, enacted by the 1915 legislature, had been repealed by an adverse referendum vote of the people.

Chief Justice White, for the Court, held that the point was one for Congress to consider and not for the courts.

U. S. TROOPS HUNT SAN IGNACIO BAND

Three 14th Cavalry Soldiers Killed and Five Wounded in Early Morning Raid

"HOT TRAIL" NOW SOUGHT

One Hundred Maurauders Are Surprised by Cavalry, Who Kill Eight in Moonlight Fight—Six Americans Are Wounded.

Laredo, Texas.—One hundred Mexican bandits made a moonlight raid across the Rio Grande River, forty miles southeast of here, and made an attempt to pass the American border patrol near San Ignacio.

They expected to find a very small detachment of American soldiers. Instead, they ran into Troops I and M of the Fourteen Cavalry, numbering 140 men, under Major Alonzo Gray, "dug in," or entrenched.

Three American soldiers were killed and six wounded. Two were fatally wounded. Eight Mexicans are dead and as many more were wounded.

The Dead.

PRIVATE MINADEN.

PRIVATE CHARLES F. F. SLOWERS.

PRIVATE EDWARD KATANCH.

The wounded are Privates Thomas H. Ewing, James E. Rouch, William Minnett ,Tony Havlina, Henry Matasoff and Corporal William Oberlies.

The raiding party broke up into groups of twos and threes. Some of them fled back across the Rio Grande, but many are believed to be hidden in the mesquite on the American side.

In the meantime the cavalry detachments of the border guard are compelled to ignore other forces of the Luis de la Rosa command, concentrated across the river, waiting for similar opportunity to make surprise night attacks or ranch raids.

De la Rosa boasted he would make four raids. He has made two.

FATAL PIER FIRE AT BALTIMORE

Men Trapped in Burning Elevators and Steamers.

Baltimore.—About 10 men went to a horrible death, nearly 35 were more or less severely injured by burns and falls, about $2,000,000 in property was destroyed and the grain industry of Baltimore given a severe blow when No. 3 elevator of the Northern Central Railway, the superstructure of the vast grain dryers, and the big ore pier at Canton were burned. Two steamships and several schooners were partially destroyed.

Estimates of the actual loss of life vary. From best posted authorities it seemed assured that 10 men died by fire in the grain elevator itself or died in leaps of from 150 to 180 feet to the pier and water, while many sailors were injured. The side walls of the elevator crushed upon the Dutch steamer Wilhelm Van Driel, Sr., smashing the superstructure of the ship.

Most of the men who leaped from the elevator windows did not do so until the flames were so close upon them that they saw all other means of escape were entirely cut off. In fact many of them were licked by tongues of fire before they could make up their minds to jump.

The big grain elevator, which is a total loss, was valued at about $400,000 while the grain dryers of which the superstructures burned, was damaged to the extent of about $200,000. The contents of grain of the big elevator, nearly 1,000,000 bushels in all, is a total loss of about $1,000,000. The grain in the dryers, about 500,000 bushels in all, with 1,000 gallons of gasoline in a contiguous structure, is believed to have been saved from serious damage .

WORLD'S NEWS IN CONDENSED FORM

SAN DIEGO, Cal.—Lower California will remain neutral in the event of hostilities between the United States and Mexico, according to advices received here from Colonel Esteban Cantu, Military Governor of the Territory.

AMSTERDAM.—Lieut. Gen. Helmuth von Moltke, Chief of the Supplementary General Staff of the Army, died of heart apoplexy during a service of mourning in the Reichstag for Field Marshal von de Goltz.

PARIS.—Captain Boelke, champion German army aviator, is reported to have been killed in action.

AUGUSTA, Me.—United States Senator Burleigh died at his residence here. Edwin C. Burleigh was born in Lincoln, Me., in 1843.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex.—Thirty American soldiers have been killed and over 100 wounded since the first of last April—in less than one year—by Mexican "bandits."

LONDON.—According to the political writers in the London morning papers, the appointment of David Lloyd George, Minister of Munitions, as Secretary of State for War to succeed the late Lord Kitchener, has now been definitely decided upon.

RUSSIANS TAKE 170,000 TEUTONS

Austrians, Reinforced by Prussian Guards, Attempt Great Offensive and Are Repulsed

INACTIVITY AROUND VERDUN

Petrograd.—The great drive into Galicia seems to gather momentum as it progresses. The last report by Army Headquarters chronicles a series of fights along the 600-mile battle-front, several of which under other circumstances would be ranked as important battles.

The report records also the capture of 100 more Austro-Hungarian officers and 14,000 troops, bringing the total up to date to about 170,000.

At several points on the line the Austrian resistance seems to be stiffening, notably northwest of Buczacz, on the Stripa.

The Russians, however, report the capture of 6,000 men in this region, together with guns and machine guns.

In the Sokul region the Austrians launched a powerful counter-attack, but it failed to check the drive. North of Rojitche the Russians captured 20 officers and 1,750 men.

Near Kremenez there was another desperate fight, in which the Austrians were finally dislodged from fortified positions on the river Bluichevka.

This battle afforded one of the most picturesque incidents of the movement. Young troops, in the face of fierce Austrian resistence wereordered to cross the river, and rushed in, with the water up to their chins. An entire company was engulfed and disappeared, but the remainder pressed on, and under their fierce attacks the Austrians broke and fled in disorder.

About 5,000 Austrians and seventy of their officers were captured in this action, besides many machine guns and an enormous amount of barbed wire.

A dispatch from Bucharest confirms the astonishing efficiency of the Russian artillery and armored automobiles. The latter have in one sector of the front replaced the cavalry, pursuing the Austrians and creating terrible havoc with their machine guns.

Petrograd advices state that the first German reinforcements sent to help arrest the Russian advance from Lutsk were a division of Guards, which failed, however, to check the advance and was obliged to retire, suffering serious losses.

Field Marshal von Hindenburg also sent his chief of staff, Gen. Ludendorff, to help Archduke Friedrich. Both came too late, however.

AUSTRIAN ARMY CUT OFF.

Paris.—The enormous Russian armies led by Gen. Brusiloff continued their great offensive into Galicia, Volhynia and Bukowina, taking and investing numerous additional Austrian positions. Attacking in dense waves the Czar's troops, regardless of losses in men, forced Gen. von Bothmer's army further back, near and north of Przvloka, Gen. Pflanzer's army in the Bukowina was cut off from Lemberg on the north.

The Czar's soldiers advanced along the Pruth practically to the gates of Czernowitz and immediately to the north of it have taken several points along the direct line of railroad running toward Lemberg, the Galician capital. Kolomea is the objective of the north of Czernowitz attack.

Military experts in London believe that the Russians now occupy the entire line of the Strypa, and that a wedge has been driven into the enemy's front in Volhynia, 40 miles deep and 75 miles wide, separating the Austrians from the Germans and threatening Kovel.

The wedge south of the Dniester, which is 30 miles deep and 35 miles wide, isolates the Bukowina.

PITH OF THE WAR NEWS

The Russian army, advancing in the region of the Pruth river captured Czernowitz, capital of the Bukowwina, a city of 70,000. Its evacuation by the Austrians had been in progress for a week.

To the north, in Galicia and Volhynia, the Austro-Hungarians and Germans are contesting every foot.

Fresh attempts by the Germans against the French positions northeast and northwest of Verdun met with no success says the French War Office, and the Germans suffered many casualties in their attacks.

Two attacks by the Germans on the east of the Meuse in the Verdun region, one against the Thaumont farm and the other against French trenches on the southern edge of the Bois de la Caillette, southwest of Fort Douaumont, failed.

The Austrians, reinforced by the Germans, have attempted to take the offensive on many sectors of the long front, but failed at every point. Swiss, Italian and Rumanian reports dwell upon the great effect of the Russian offensive on public opinion in Austria-Hungary, where general pessimism prevails.

Fordham University celebrated the 75th anniverstry of its founding.

A new order for 100,000 shell forgings was closed by the Pressed Steel Car Co.

The first car of new wheat was received at St. Louis.

Harold Mead and Harold Shaw, two boys held in connection with the murder of Loretta Wakelin, a schoolgirl, at Melrose, on June 1, were released at Malden, Mass. An investigation, the police stated, showed they had no part in the crime.

Representative William Kent of California, Independent Republican, announced that on account of private business affairs he would not be a candidate for re-election to the Sixty-fifth Congress.

Elsie Ferguson, famous actress, and Thomas B. Clarke, Jr., vice-president of the Harriman National Bank, were married at the St. Regis Hotel in New York.

Colonel Roosevelt is slightly ill in New York. He believes that he strained a ligament in his side, where he broke a rib when he fell from a horse last year.

Rear Admiral De Witt Coffman, commanding the sixth division of the Atlantic Fleet, was appointed Vice Admiral of the fleet.

Under a sweltering sun and intense heat, 8,000 suffragists marched in St. Louis to the convention hall.

French agents have purchased 18,000,000 pounds of leaf tobacco in Louisville, Ky., for the French troops. The tobacco will e shipped during July and August.

Fire destroyed the huge grain elevator of the Pennsylvania Railroad at Canton, a Baltimore suburb, and 1,600,000 bushels of grain.

Gov. Manning has ordered the South Carolina militia to put themselves in readiness for active service.

Forty nine persons died in New York in May as the result of street accidents.

MEXICAN CAMPAIGN

A detachment of 20 men from the Thirteenth Cavalry routed the largest surviving band of Villa followers in Chihuahua.

The alarming news was received by State Department officials at El Paso that all the Villa forces in northern Mexico are rapidly forming a junction with Carranza troops.

Secretary of War Baker announced that 1,000 additional men have been ordered to the Mexican border to reinforce Gen. Funston.

Official advices have been received by General Funston that General Gavira has asked officers at Chihuahua to supply him a list of their Nationals other than Americans, explaining that he wishes to know them in order to afford them protection.

Sporting

Rudy (Boer) Unholz, prominent lightweight boxer, died of consumption at Los Angeles.

Manager McGraw, of the Giants, signed Doolan, who was recently released by the Chicago Cubs.

Cincinnati and Boston played a 16 inning tie game at Boston, neither side scoring once.

Johnny Kilbane, of Cleveland, featherweight champion defeated Johnny O'Leary, lightweight champion, of Canada, in a 10-round bout at Buffalo. Each weighed 130 pounds.

Arrangements have been completed for the transfer to Harrisburg of the Troy (New York State League) baseball franchise. George Cockill, a former National League umpire, and Walter Blair, formerly a catcher for the New York Americans, are the purchasers of the Troy Club.

Foreign

Three thousand prominent persons attended the memorial service to Field Marshal Earl Kitchener, held in St. Paul's Cathedral, London.

Violent food rioting by women is reported from Vienna.

Tobacco valued at $2,500,000, owned by American firms, is being help up at Kavala, Greece, by the Allied blockade.

London bankers are reported to be planning the formation of a banking syndicate for the financial rehabilitation of Belgium after the war.

Vessels sailing from Cristobal, Panama, are being delayed by a strike of dock laborers.

Emperor Yoshihito of Japan has congratulated Czar Nicholas on the Russian victories in Galicia.

Food rioting occurred in Amsterdam during the distribution of potatoes to the retailers by the government.

A new transpacific travel record by the southern route between San Francisco and Pekin was established when a party of marines arrived at Pekin from San Francisco after a 34-day trip.

A bill to prevent foreign capital from obtaining control of Spanish shipping was introduced by the government in the Spanish Chamber of Deputies.

Statistics gathered in Germany show that Great Britain has lost 150 ships of her navy, totaling more than 600,000 tons, to date in the war.

William M[illegible] is reported to have invented a device which will put an end to danger of collisions between ships in darkness.

King Constantine of Greece is reported to have fled to Tatoi, [illegible] a transition to Greece.

THE WEEK'S BIG NEWS EVENTS

Happenings That Caused A Stir Briefly Chronicled.

SITUATION AT WASHINGTON

Executive Acts at the Capital—Victories and Defeats of the Great War—Doings in the Forty-Eight States Recorded.

War Bulletins

The total German and Austrian losses in the Russian drive during the last ten days are estimated at 300,000 men, more units than have been lost in the three months of fierce battling at Verdun.

British troops captured the city of Kerman, Persia.

The German Admiralty, in an official statement, denied that a German U-boat sunk the Dutch steamer Tubantia.

The Canadian troops in the region of Ypres made a notable gain over the Germans, retaking from them southeast of Zillebeke, in a "gallant and successful assault" more than 1,500 yards of former British positions which the Germans captured recently.

Field Marshal von Hindenburg's apparent hauling out for a general offensive on the Riga-Dwinsk front has thus far failed to exert any influence upon the Russian drive in the south, London announced.

In Volhynia and Galicia the Russians are keeping up their strong offensive against the Austro-Hungarians and Germans.

Washington

President Wilson led Washington's preparedness parade.

A favorable report was ordered by the House Military Committee on the annual Army Appropriation Bill, carrying $175,000,000.

A successor to Supreme Court Justice Hughes is not expected to be appointed until after election.

The Supreme Court adjourned until October.

President Wilson sent to the Senate a report of Secretary Lansing saying American citizens and their property in Ireland were being protected under international law.

The message of Charles E. Hughes, accepting the Republican Presidential nomination, was ordered printed in the Congressional Record.

Secretary of State Lansing volunteered the information that conditions in Mexico, more especially in the northern tier of states, steadily grow worse.

General

The general strike which has tied up all labor except mining at Butte, Mont., has been called off.

An order for a large number of 6 inch shells was received by the Portland Company of Portland Me.

Special memorial services for Lord Kitchener were held at Trinity Church, New York.

Rusia is reported to be in the market for between 5,000 and 10,000 freight cars.

Mrs. Thomas J. Preston, Jr., formerly Mrs. Grover Cleveland, successfully underwent an operation in Roosevelt Hospital, New York.

Five hundred men have reported for duty at the military training camp opened at Fort Sam Houston, Tex.

New plants at Norfolk, Richmond, Birmingham, and N w Orleans are being planned by the Ford Motor Car Co.

Condemning militarism, and speaking on the prospect for peace, preparedness, and prosperity, President Wilson addressed the graduating class of West Point.

Besides the honorary and advanced degrees, 255 diplomas were awarded at the commencement at Princeton University.

J. Frank Hanly, nominated as the Progressive candidate for Governor of Indiana, announced that he would not run for the office.

Internal revenue taxes for the Chicago district for the year ended June 30, are estimated at $24,000,000 or nearly $5,000,000 more than last year.

Three negroes were drowned when the packet John Quill, plying on the Warrior River, sank near Tuscaloosa, Ala. Twenty passengers escaped.

Two hundred crippled children at Rainbow Cottage, South Euclid, Ohio, were saved by their nurses when fire destroyed the home.

John M. Parker, Progressive nominee for vice-president, announced that he will not support Hughes for the Presidency.

The body of Capt. Louis L. Rais, 42 years old, of Pittsburgh, killed in the explosion of the steamer [illegible] Brown last February, was found floating in the Ohio River near Leading, Ohio.

Guards [illegible] of the Cleveland Railroad in Dallas, Tex., will be removed.

Mrs. John T. Mason of New York City, has presented [illegible] to the College.

WARNS U.S. WAR WILL BEGIN IF DRIVE EXTENDS

Trevino, Carranza General, Commanding 50,000 Troops, Sends Word to Pershing

AMERICAN TROOPS IN EL PASO UNDER ARMS

Punitive Expedition, Well Equipped, Guards Road From Namiquipa to Columbus—Excitement in El Paso.

El Paso, Tex.—General Jacinto Trevino, commanding fifty thousand Mexican troops in Chihuahua, acting upon specific instructions from President Carranza, sent an ultimatum to General John J. Pershing, commander of the American punitive expedition in Mexico.

Trevino's dispatch to the commander of the American forces says:

Any movement of troops of the American forces now in Mexico in any of the directions of south, east or west, will be considered an overt act against the sovereignty of the Republic of Mexico and will be the signal for a general attack by the Carranza forces.

News of the ultimatum reached El Paso in the form of a telegraph dispatch which was permitted to pass uncensored over the Carranza military wires between Chihuahua City and Juarez. With apparent eagerness Carranza officials in Juarez forwarded the dispatch across the river.

Troops Held in Camp.

General Bell, commanding at Fort Bliss, issued orders at 4 P. M. to the commanders of the various troop detachments which are encamped about the city, instructing them to hold all officers and men in camp in readiness for any development.

At the same time the Provost Marshal sent patrols through the streets, ordering all soldiers to their camps or posts. In the motion picture theatres announcements were flashed on the screens, informing all soldiers in the house to report to their commanders at once. Officers were called from clubs, and several social affairs were indefinitely postponed.

In the Mexican town across the river the streets were thronged with motley crowds of soldiers, recently arrived from the South, and thousands of refugees, who have been arriving daily from the famine-stricken areas in the interior. Agitators addressed the crowds with strong anti-American sentiments from the street corners.

"We have rifles," they said. "Plenty of rifles. Good rifles and ammunition. Good lead; not for our brothers this time, but for the Gringos."

Under Pershing's command at present there are nearly 15,000 troops, about one-half of the entire mobile army of the United States. The remainder is strung along the 3,000 miles of Mexican border.

The length of the line from Namiquipa and the topography of the surrounding country make the present position of the American troops in Mexico a particularly hard one to maintain. There are many points along the side where a surprise attack would cut the advance guard off from the base at Columbus. The force under command of General Trevino is estimated at 50,000 men.

14 GERMAN SHIPS SUNK.

London.—An important victory by the Russians in the Baltic Sea, near the Swedish coast, is reported in news dispatches, which say it is believed a German auxiliary cruiser and destroyer and twelve merchantmen were sunk.

A message from Nykoping, Sweden, reports thirteen German merchant vessels which were coming from the north, convoyed by an auxiliary cruiser and torpedo boats and armed trawlers, were attacked by a squadron of Russian destroyers, torpedo boats and submarines.

ALLOWS TRADE TO GREECE

British Embassy to Let Some Goods Pass Blockade.

Washington.—The British Embassy issued a circular informing consular officers throughout the country that it was now prepared to supply information regarding the nature of shipments that would be permitted to reach Greece under the Allies' agreement restricting commerce to that country in order to prevent goods from reaching the Teutonic Powers through Greek ports.

QUICKER MAIL OVERHAULING

British Announce Delays in Examining Sealed Matter Are Remedied.

London.—Delays in the examination of mails which are due to trans[illegible] administration have been remedied according to the British Postmaster-General in the presence of a reply to the American note on the subject. The examination of mails [illegible] ready to [illegible] with the [illegible] Governments in the presence of a reply to the American note on the subject. The examination of mails [illegible] ready to [illegible] with the [illegible]

Library Board Adopts Resolutions

At a meeting of the Library Board on Thursday night of last week the following resolutions were adopted:

WHEREAS, It has pleased God in His Infinite Wisdom to call to her home Miss Cora Weimer,

Be it resolved, That we, the Library Board of Garrett county, deeply regret her early death and that we extend to the bereaved family our sincere sympathy.

Resolved, That we greatly appreciate Miss Weimer's faithful and efficient services as librarian and also as treasurer of the Library Association.

Be it further resolved, That these resolutions be spread upon the minutes of the Association, that they be published in the local papers, and that a copy be sent to the family of the deceased.

The Board elected Mrs. Nettie Thrasher as new librarian and Mr. Joseph Harned as treasurer.

It was decided to open the library on two days of each week, Wednesday and Saturday afternoons, from 1:30 to 9:00 o'clock. The Reading Room will be open as usual every day except Sunday.

The library is proving itself a splendid success. During the month of March 395 books were taken out; April, 356; May (a busy month) 275, and during the first two days of June, 66. There are about 500 volumes in the library, and 244 persons have drawn out books besides the large number using the reading room.

Tell your friends about the library. Don't forget to bring in your new magazines when you have read them.

MRS. O. A. BREMER, Sec'y.

TAX SALE

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate

In Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of the power vested in the Treasurer of Garrett County, Maryland, by section 52 of Chapter 566, of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland for the year 1890, title "Garrett County," sub-title "County Treasurer," and as amended by the General Assembly of Maryland for the year 1898, Chapter 144, the undersigned late Treasurer in and for Garrett County, Maryland, will, on

FRIDAY,

the 14th day of July, 1916,

at 10 o'clock a. m. at the front door of the Court House in the town of Oakland, Garrett county, Md., offer and sell at public auction to the highest bidder all of the following pieces or parcels of land lying and being in Garrett County, Md., to wit:

No. 1.—All that lot known and designated as Military Lot No. 3166, containing fifty acres, more or less, and fully described in a deed for the same from W. T. Carson et al. to Michael P. Smith, which is duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 20, folio 36, etc., one of the Land Records of Garrett county. Said land is located in Election District No. 6 of Garrett county and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of said county in the name of Michael P. Smith.

No. 2.—The surface rights of seventy-three acres of land, being part of the original tract called "Yough Manor," located in Election District No. 2, of Garrett county and being the same property which was conveyed by the Yough Manor Mining Company by deed dated the 1st day of October, 1904, to Amos W. Friend and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 49, folio 438, etc., of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay balance of taxdue and in arrear thereon for the year 1915, as charged upon the Assessment Books of said county in the name of Amos W. Friend.

No. 3.—All that portion of a tract of land called Friend's Delight," containing the quantity of three-fourths of an acre, which is fully described in a deed for the same from Elijah Sines et ux., dated the 27th day of March, 1912, to Walter DeWitt, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 62, folio 562, one of the Land Records of Garrett county. Said land lies in Election District No. 6 of said county and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of said county in the name of Walter DeWitt.

No. 4.—All the right, title and interest in and to all those pieces or parcels of land located in Election District No. 6 of Garrett county, known and designated as Military Lots Nos. 1665, 1670 and 1673, containing the quantity of fifty acres each and being the same property which was conveyed to N. H. Casteel by Milton W. Lytle et vir., by deed bearing date the 24th day of February, 1913, and which is duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 64, folio 460, one of the Land Records of said Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the balance of taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of said Garrett county in the name of N. H. Casteel.

No. 5.—Thirty-five acres of a tract of land known as the S. H. Ryland Farm, located in Election District No. 5 of Garrett county, and being the same property which was conveyed and is described in a deed for the same from T. H. Speer et al., bearing date March 14, 1914, to Harry Holliday, and also from Thos. E. Null et al., bearing date March 13, 1914, to said Holliday, both of which deeds are of record in Liber E. Z. T., No. 66, folio 425. Said property adjoins the lands of John Failinger, the State line, George Sibert and Sarah T. Kerr, and will be sold, excepting 25 acres thereof which was sold previously to Henry Sausman and described in a deed for the same bearing date April 18, 1915, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 68, folio 179, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, to pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Harry Holliday.

No. 6.—All that tract of land known and described as Military Lot No. 3076, containing 50 acres and being the same land which was conveyed by Fred. A. Thayer et vir., to William A. Carr, by deed bearing date the 31st day of December, 1912, which deed is duly of record in Liber E. Z. T, No. 64, folio 379, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915, as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of the said William A. Carr. Said land is located in Election District No. 6 of Garrett county.

No. 7.—One-half interest in all that lot known and designated as Military Lot No. 3054, containing the quantity of fifty acres, and being the same property which was conveyed to Chester Schnopp by Levi Schnopp by deed dated October 1, 1915, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z T., No. 66, folio 141, one of the Land Records of Garrett county. This property is located in Election District No. 6 and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Chester Schnopp.

No. 8.—All that parcel of land situate in and adjoining the town of Bloomington, in Election District No. 4 of Garrett county, containing the quantity of 45 acres, more or less, and being the same property conveyed to J. C., W. S. and L. B. Brydon by Susan Brydon et al. by deed dated the 5th day of September, 1896, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 30, folio 477, etc., one of the Land Records of Garrett county, excepting 25.6 acres conveyed by said Brydons to Bloomington Stone Company by deed dated August 29, 1912, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 64, folio 250, one of the Land Recores of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as as is charged on the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the names of the said J. C., W. S. and L. B. Brydon

No. 9—All that piece or parcel of land located in Election District No. 4 of Garrett county, described as follows: Beginning for the same at a lynn tree standing near the southern limits of the right of way of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company and opposite Crab Tree station and running thence South 46 degrees West, 25½ perches, North 46 degrees East, 23½ perches to the 5th line of a tract of land conveyed by Peter Monaghan to Joseph R. Anderson et vir, dated Feb. 16, 1889, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 16, folio 783, etc., one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and thence by a straight line to the beginning, containing two acres, and being the same land which was conveyed to Cawl E. Howdyschelt and Julia A. Howdyschelt by James E. Brogan et ux, by deed dated July 24, 1914, which said deed is recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 66, folio 554, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of said Garrett county in the name of Cawl E. Howdyschelt.

No. 10.—All that part of a tract of land called "Cheviot Dale," containing 64½ acres, located in Election District No. 4 of Garrett county, and being the same property which was conveyed by Clayton Purnell, trustee, to Lewis Popp by deed dated May 22, 1897, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 32, folio 277, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of said Garrett county in the name of Lewis Popp.

No. 11.—All that parcel of land known as Lot No. 5 in the town of Bloomington, in Election District No. 4 of Garrett county, which lot is fully described in a deed for the same from William E. Ambrose et ux. to Ephraim K. Wilson, bearing date June 6th, 1914, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 66, folio 494, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Ephraim K. Wilson.

No. 12.—All the surface right of Military Lot No. 97, located in Election District No. 4 of Garrett county, and being the same property which was conveyed by G. S. Hamill, Jr., Assignee, to Joseph A. Wilson by deed bearing date December 30, 1912, which was duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 64, folio 351, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged on the Assessment Books of Garrett county.

No. 13—Military Lot No. 2761, containthe quantity of 50 acres of land, and being the same lot that was conveyed by John R. Fike et al. to Sarah Brown by deed dated August 10, 1906, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 52, folio 548, one of the Land Records of Garrett county. Said lot is located in Election District No. 5 and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of said Garrett county in the name of Sarah Brown.

No. 14.—Part of Military Lot No. 1909, containing 49⅓ acres, more or less, and being the same lot which was conveyed by Joseph R. Anderson to F. J. Shank by deed dated July 10, 1882, and recorded in Liber W. H. T., No. 6, folio 633, etc., one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold, excepting one-half acre thereof which was conveyed to the School Commissioners of Garrett county by deed recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 52, folio 545, one of the Land Records, for the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of E. J. Shank. Said land is located in Election District No. 1 of Garrett counny.

No. 15.—All that piece or parcel of land containing the quantity of 25.6 acres, more or less, and being the same land conveyed by deed to the Bloomington Stone Company by John C. Brydon et al., dated August 29th, 1912, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 64, folio 250, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, said land being located in or adjoining the town of Bloomington, Election District No. 4, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of the Bloomington Stone Company.

No. 16.—All those parcels of land known and described as Military Lots Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4, containing the quanity of 50 acres each, located in Election District No. 4 of Garrett county, reserving however, certain town lots in Bloomington and the right of way of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company from the operations of this sale, and being the same lots fully described in a deed for the same from Thomas B. Davis to the Bloomington Coal Company, bearing date the 29th day of October, 1907, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 58, folio 82, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Bloomington Coal Company.

No. 17.—All that piece or parcel of land known and described as Lot No. 19, in the town of Swanton, containing ¾ of an acre, and described in a deed bearing date July 21, 1913, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 66, folio 132 etc., one of the Land Records of Garrett county. Said lot is located in Election District No. 1 of Garrett county and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the names of John E. and Jeremiah Mankis.

No. 18.—All that piece or parcel of land containing one acre, located in election District No. 1 of Garrett county, and being the same land described in two deeds for the same, one dated December 1, 1906, from Archibald A. Frye, to M. M. Whetsell, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 54, folio 219, Land Records of Garrett county, and the other from J. Nelson Durham to said Whetsel under date of December 4, 1906, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 54, folio 187, etc., Land Records of said county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Millard M. Whetsell.

No. 19.—All of the surface rights of a parcel of land containing 13 acres, being a part of the tract known as Military Lot No. 536, located in Election District No. 9 of Garrett county, and being the same property which was conveyed by Andrew Rosenberger to Philip H. Knepp by deed dated October 7, 1914, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 68, folio 100, etc., one of the land Records of Garrett county, reserving however, from the opertions of this sale a strip of said land one rod wide along the first line of said tract. Said land will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of said county in the name of Philip H. Knepp.

No. 20.—Parts of Lots Nos. 2 and 3 of the sub-division of a tract called "Bear Camp," containing 49 acres and 156 perches and being the same land described in a deed for the same from Uriah M. Stanton to Samuel H. Orner, dated March 5, 1913, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 64, folio 474, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, said land being located in Election District No. 11 of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of said county in the name of Samuel H. Orner.

No. 21.—Lot No. 20 of the sub-division of the tract known as "Lochiel," located in Election District No. 11 of Garrett county, containing 132 acres, and being the same property which was conveyed by Ulysses S. Jackson to Thomas J. Rayner by deed bearing date the 23rd day of September, 1914, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 68, folio 21, etc., one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Thomas J. Rayner.

No. 22.—All that parcel of land located near the Pennsylvania State line, in Election District No. 5 of Garrett county, containing the quantity of 29¼ acres, and being the same property which was conveyed to William H. Sausman by Sarah T. Kerr by deed bearing date the 6th day of April, 1914, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 68, folio 164, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of William H. Sausman.

No. 23.—All those lots or parcels of land, located in Election District No. 9 of Garrett county, known and designated as Military Lots Nos. 682 and 686, containing 50 acres each, and being the same lots conveyed by Owen E. Hitchens to Daniel Bevans by deed dated the 24th day of November, 1914, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 68, folio 93, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of said Garrett county in the name of Daniel Bevans.

No. 24.—Lot No. 12 of the sub-division of the tract known and designated as "Lochiel," containing 210 acres, saving and excepting a right of way 20 feet wide and described in a deed for the same to the Consolidation Coal Company from George W. Beeman, dated October 2, 1908, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 58, folio 199, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and being the same property which was conveyed to said Beeman by Andrew J. Beeman and wife by deed dated July 21, 1906, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 54, folio 27, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of said Garrett county in the name of George W. Beeman. Said land is located in Election District No. 9 of Garrett county.

No. 25.—A part of three tracts of land called "John's Prospect," "Piney Grove" and "Water Works," described in a deed for the same from Susan Beall to Florence G. Beall, bearing date the 7th day of September, 1901, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 40, folio 203, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, saving and excepting that part of said land conveyed by said Florence G. Beall to John A. Garlitz et ux., by deed bearing date April 19, 1911, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 62, folio 47, one of the Land Records of said Garrett county, containing the part to be sold the quantity of 45 acres, said land being located in Election District No. 9 of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of said county in the name of Florence G. Beall.

No. 26.—Part of a tract of land known as "Mill Run," and also known as a part of the James Morrison lands located in Election District No. 4 of Garrett county, and being the same land which was conveyed to Annie Green by deed from Jas. Morrison dated the 20th day of April, 1887, and duly recorded in Liber T. L., No. 63, folio 548, one of the Land Records of Allegany county. Said tract originally contained 251½ acres and will be sold, except so much thereof heretofore conveyed by Annie Green, to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915, as charged on the Assessment Books in the name of the said Annie Green.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on the day of sale. The right of redemption extends to six calendar months from day of sale by paying the amount of the purchase money with interest thereon at the rate of twenty per cent. per annum and all costs. Conveyancing at cost of purchaser.

C. A. BEACHY,
Late treasurer of Garrett County.

SAXON "SIX"

big touring car for five people

Dramatic Editor of New York Journal Praises his Saxon "Six."

I have been driving a Saxon "Six" for the past month, and wish to offer an unsolicited recommendation.

To begin with, I own a seven-passenger car and have owned $5,000 cars for the past seven years. It is a remarkable fact, but I have never had any desire to operate a car myself, and have always employed a chauffeur. When I bought the Saxon "Six" I took one lesson, and then went forth in the "City of Gasoline" as my own chauffeur.

The car itself is a masterpiece in mechanism. It answers every call of the foot and hand. In short, it runs itself.

When you are stopped by traffic, and you want to start, it is off so fast, you are compelled to hold it back. Going up a hill, is the same as coasting down one. In appearance, no car for the money can approach it. When you pass others, whether they are in autos, or are walking on the street, they look upon this six-cylinder wonder in admiration, and only pass the most pleasing remarks.

Every man that owns a big car should own a Saxon "Six," and operate it himself to and from his office. Of course, it is hard to convince some men that they could run a car, but, if they tried once, it would settle the question.

I consider the Saxon "Six" a wonderful purchase for the money.

C. F. ZITTEL, Dramatic Editor, New York Journal.

For a Demonstration of this wonderful car, call at Liller's Barber shop or Kelly's Livery, Oakland.

LILLER & KELLY, Agents
OAKLAND, MD.

The man Who Makes
A STUDY OF HIS
APPEARANCE

Is the man who best appreciates the detail of the tailoring we turn out The workmanship passes without a question, the fit is naturally a matter of course, but the shape we mould into the garments give them a character that finishes them off and makes the satisfaction of the owner complete.

All this is a bid for your next tailoring order. We know we can make you the best clothes you ever wore We want you to know it. That orde s the best and only sure way to settle he question.

JAMES BROCK,
Dixon Building,
Oakland, Maryland.

REAL ESTATE BARGAINS

Improved farm of 47 acres near Sunnyside, six miles south of Oakland. Good building and young orchard.

65 acres, near state road, four miles north of Oakland, 15 acres cleared balance in woodland. A splendid bargain.

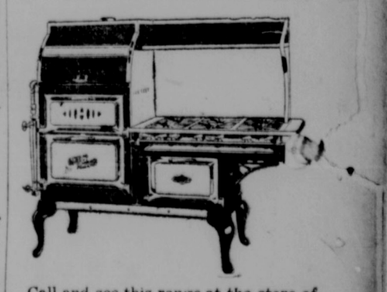
Splendidly located, unimproved lot on Green street in Oakland. A specially good bargain.

JAS. D. HAMILL,
Real Estate Agent.

Do You Use Gas?

If you do come to W. E. Shirer and inspect and have demonstrated to you the Direct Action Gas Range, with the regular cooking top, and the Direct Action Oven with the fireless cooker convenience added. The oven is the most essential part of all ranges and this range possesses the most marvelous oven yet produced which is a cooking oven as well as a baking oven and can be used to boil and bake at the same time.

The oven of this gas-range is operated on a distinctly new principle. The burners are placed in the oven itself; hence the name, "direct action." In design the range is on efficient cabinet type with a comfortable working height of thirty-two inches. Connected with the oven is a thermostat which reduces automatically the amount of gas allowed to flow through the burner at any temperature indicated. Thus at 200 degrees F. only a sub-flame burns, while if the thermostat is set for a temperature of 300 degrees F. the furners show a full flame until 325 degrees F. is reached, when the supply of gas is cut off and the flame is reduced to a mere pin-point, capable of maintaining the temperature set. With this arrangement an oven of known temperature can be indefinitely maintained, and this is a marked advance in gas-cookery. **The food is first placed in the oven, the gas is then lighted, and the thermostat is set for the desired temperature.** The practical results obtained in this oven, as well as the temperature readings, show it to be an excellent investment.



Call and see this range at the store of W. E. Shirer any day or if you phone W. E. Shirer he will demonstrate to you any evening. This range must be seen to be appreciated.

W. E. SHIRER,
Oakland, Md.

Advertisement.

THE REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME 41. OAKLAND, MARYLAND THURSDAY, JUNE 29, 1916. NUMBER 18

DELBERT LICHLITER, FARMER, TOOK HIS OWN LIFE

Went to Field For Cows and Never Returned—Body Found By Daughter.

Delbert Lichliter, aged about forty-five years, a farmer of Garrett county, who bought the Sampson Custer farm near Hoyes five years or more ago and moved on it with his family from Connellsville, Pa., committed suicide on Monday morning of this week by shooting himself through the left side, the bullet, fired from a 38-calibre revolver, entering his heart and killing him almost instantly.

A statement made to State's Attorney Jones and Sheriff Ashby, who had been summoned immediately after the discovery of the body, by Mrs. Lichliter, is substantially as follows:

"Mr. Lichliter arose about half past five as waa his usual custom went to the pasture field for the purpose of bringing in the cows. Not returning I sent my eldest daughter to the field and just as she reached the top of the slight rise separating the pasture lot from the house she heard a shot and going to the spot where the explosion had occurred she found the body of Mr. Lichliter lying by the side of a fallen log, a revolver some four of five feet from him and his outer shirt on fire, presumably from the explosion of the powder when he fired. My daughter came running back to the house and acquainted me with what she had witnessed."

The State's officers were notified of the sad occurrence shortly after and State's Attorney Jones, in company with Sheriff Ashby and Justice of the Peace West went in an automobile to the Lichliter farm and there impannelled a jury of inquest, examined several witnesses and the jury rendered a verdict that the man came to his death by reason of his own act.

No apparent good reason has been assigned why the unfortunate man took his own life except that last fall he lost a number of cattle as the result of a disease breaking out among them, after which he became dispondent and was later taken ill, but seemed to have regained his health to some degree.

He is survived by his widow and seven children, two of whom are married. One of the married children is at home along with five younger ones whose ages range from 3 to 13 years.

The remains of the deceased were taken to Connellsville, his former home and interred yesterday.

John Brown, the negro murderer of an aged white woman, who is to be hanged in Hagerstown on Friday, "seems oblivious to his fate," says the Morning Herald. He is smiling and talkative and asks frequently how the negro troops are making out in Mexico. His appetite is good and he sleeps soundly. Sheriff Long says the execution will be surrounded with the privacy required by law. This will be the third hanging in Washington county. At the first many years ago three men were executed for murder, and the second was in 1899, a negro being hanged for rape. One of the most noted crimes in Western Maryland was that of Sheriff George Swearingen, of Washington county, who killed his wife, and was hanged at Cumberland in 1828.

Do You Know That.

It's worry, not work, which shortens life?

A cold bath every morning is the best complexion remedy?

Poor health is expensive?

The U. S. Public Health Service has reduced malaria 60 per cent. in some localities?

The death rate from typhoid fever in the United States has been cut in half since 1900?

Pneumonia kills over 120,000 Americans each year?

Flyless town has few funerals?

The well that drains the cesspool is the cup of death?

FOR SALE—Cheap, a white wicker baby carriage; good as new. Apply to Harry Naylor, Oakland.

ONE BLOOMINGTON MINER KILLED; ANOTHER INJURED

Fall of Roof In Pattison Mine Fatal to Emory Weimer.

Emory Weimer, 35 years old, the father of three children, the youngest of whom is five days old, was killed instantly on last Friday morning when more than two tons of rock fell upon him from the roof of the Pattison mine at Bloomington just as he was preparing to begin his days work.

Weimer, in company of Ray Paugh, 21 years old, married and the father of a three months' old child, had just gone into the mine and were in the act of getting a car ready to load with coal, when the fall came, catching the former immediately beneath it and crushing him to death. Paugh was out of the direct range of the fall, but was caught by the fall and his spine injured to such an extent that it is feared he will die.

The injured man was taken from the mine as quickly as possible and rushed to a hospital where he is receiving treatment, while the remains of Weimer were taken to his home and on Sunday interred.

Marriage Licenses.

Since the 21st inst. marriage licenses have been issued to the following by Clerk E. Z. Tower, of the Circuit Court:

Raymond Moat, laborer, and Catharine Highley, both of Albright, W. Va.

Leonard Earl Wotring, laborer, and Jessie Dean, both of Elkins, W. Va.

Wm. Coleman Miles, farmer, and Jesse Allman, both of Lawrence, W. Va.

L. E. Hulford, glass worker, and Ocie Lowe Skidmore, both of New Kensington, Pa.

James Hollie Coe, carpenter, and Jessie M. Hawkins, both of Grafton.

Roy D. Swiger, farmer, and Celia D. Jarvis, both of Salem, W. Va.

Arlie R. Lloyd, clerk, and Nellie Davis, both of Mannington, W. Va.

Melvin E. Lee, farmer, and Althea Bittinger, both of Mt. Lake Park.

Floyd G. Ressegger, student, and Lulu M. Callison, both of Buckhannon, W. Va.

John R. Smith, farmer, and Nora E. Hardesty, of Swanton.

John W. McCarty, farmer, and Pauline Powell, both of Cox's Mills, W. Va.

Scott Prando, Miner, and Maude V. Rohm, both of Kitzmiller.

Chas. D. Bonnell, miner, and Clara Strother, both of Wilsonburg, W. Va.

Paul O. Metz, laborer, and Nola Bish, both of Mannington, W. Va.

Paul R. Youler, laborer, and Emma L. Ashe, both of Connellsville, Pa.

Charles R. Campbell, clerk, and Kathleen H. McCracken, both of Belle Vernon, W. Va.

Harrison P. Whitaker, bookkeeper, and Nellie Shaffer, both of Terra Alta.

Ernest R. Hauser, minister, of Somerset, Pa., and Laura E. Sanders, of near Oakland.

Subscribe for The Republican.

MOTORISTS COME TO GRIEF AT WEBER CROSSING

Two Young Men of Davis, Returning Home, Run Into Moving Freight.

Two young men, named Dayton and Boozman, respectively, came within an ace of losing their lives beneath the wheels of a west bound freight train at the Weber crossing on the State road east of Oakland at an early hour Tuesday morning when their automobile crashed into one of the cars of the train and the occupants of the machine were hurled with much force through the windshield and out upon the wreckage of the automobile.

The two young men, both of whom had driven from their homes at Davis on Monday, were returning about three o'clock Tuesday morning over the State road, and reaching the top of the hill at the entrance to the Weber farm they allowed their antomobile to drift down the incline toward the Baltimore and Ohio tracks unaware of the fact that a long freight train was passing owing to the heavy blanket of fog at the time. At the crossing the car came into contact with the train and as a result it was hurled to one side and almost completely wrecked, the occupants being thrown through the windshield, the flying glass cutting Boozman severely about his head, while Dayton escaped with minor bruises notwithstanding the fact that he catapulted through the shield and found himself lying on top of the car's motor.

Dr. Hinebaugh was summoned by telephone and going to the Weber place he brought both men to the hospital here and gave them treatment. Later in the day they were taken home by some friends at Davis who came here for that purpose.

The forward part of the automobile they were driving is a complete wreck.

Orphans' Court Proceedings.

The semi-monthly session of the Orphans' Court was held on Tuesday of this week with all members of the court present, when the following business was transacted:

Gilmor S. Hamill was appointed administrator of the estate of Mrs. S. O. Sawyer.

Walter D. Smith appointed administrator of the estate of Mrs. Minnie Smith.

Several accounts of administrators were presented and passed.

Mrs. N. C. Guthrie, of Brooklyn, N. Y., sister of the late Gov. Wm. M. O. Dawson, of West Virginia, and cousin of Dr. H. M. Kemp, of Bloomington, was the guest for several days last week of Prof. and Mrs. F. E. Rathbun at their home in Oakland.

County Commissioner George Warnick and Postmaster Jacob Stump, both of Bloomington, were in Oakland last Friday, driving from here to their home in an automobile which was recently purchased by Mr. Stump at Sheriff's sale.

THE DEATH RECORD.

MRS. MARIAH JAMESSON.

Mrs. Mariah Mountz Jamesson, wife of Mr. William T. Jamesson and mother of Mrs. James A. Delawder, died at the home of the latter in Oakland Tuesday morning at eleven o'clock after an illness of several months due to the infirmities of old age. The deceased lady was eighty-three years of age. She is survived by her husband, the venerable William T. Jamesson, and by two children, Mrs. Jsmes A. Delawder and Mr. Frank Jamesson, the latter of Piedmont, W. Va. Both Mr. and Mrs. Jamesson have made their home with Mrs. Delawder for the past year. The remains of the deceased were taken to Piedmont yesterday morning and the interment will occur at that place today. Mrs. Jamesson was a most excellent lady, a member of the Presbyterian church and her death is sincerely regretted by a large circle of friends.

Married.

HAUSER—SANDERS—Last night at the Red House Lutheran church, eight miles south of Oakland, Miss Laura E. Sanders, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John H. Sanders, became the bride of Rev. Ernest Roy Hauser, a young Lutheran divine who until recently was stationed at Somerset, Pa., but who will take a new charge at Altoona, Pa., very shortly. The ceremony was performed by the pastor of the Red House church, the Rev. Sloop, assisted by the Rev. O. A. Bremer, pastor of St. Mark's church in Oakland. The bride was beautifully gowned in white satin and was attended by maids likewise gowned. The groom wore black. Both are well known and highly esteemed by a large circle of friends.

Porch Party for Library Benefit.

Arrangements have been completed for holding a porch party at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Sincell, Second street, this evening, the proceeds of the affair to be devoted to the public library. The citizens of Oakland and also of Mountain Lake Park are cordially invited to attend. Ice cream strawberries, cake, etc., will be served.

EPWORTH LEAGUE CONVENTION ENDS SESSION

Twenty-Fifth Annual Gathering of Representatives in Oakland this Week

The twenty-fifth annual convention of Oakland Epworth League which began its sessions in St. Paul's M. E. church in Oakland Tuesday evening at eight o'clock closes this morning after electing officers for the ensuing year.

The session Tuesday evening opened with a praise service and an address of welcome delivered by Mr. E. R. Jones, which was responded to by Rev. Paul Flanagan, of the Park, after which Rev. J. W. Bickford, of Frostburg, delivered an address to the assembled delegates.

Yesterday morning's session opened with a praise and prayer service and an address by Rev. Dr. U. S. Wright, of Mt. Lake Park, who has earned considerable reputation as a public speaker upon bible and topics of the day. Dr. A. Moore conducted the round table, assisted by the Rev. W. E. Craig, of Elkins. The afternoon sessions were interesting and full of interest not only to the delegates assembled but to all who attended.

This morning the session was largely devoted to the experiences as related by the delegates in attendance, closing with the election and installation of officers.

Road Commissioner Clinton Uhl, of Allegany county, accompanied by Engineer Downey of the Commission and Mr. W. E. G. Hitchens, of Frostburg, spent Tuesday in the vicinity of Oakland on road business, the principal object of the gentlemen here being for the purpose of going over and locating the route for the new State road leading from Oakland to the West Virginia State line near Hutton. The routes by Crellin and by the Mackin farm were both gone over by the officials. As yet they have not decided which route will be adopted for the proposed new road.

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It is made of Well seasoned timber and fitted with the best make of Dunn Edge Clipper Grain Scythes, made-to-order, with cast steel blades.

It is the only Greencastle Cradle that is manufactured and is decidedly the lightest rudning Cradle on she market.

Wool We are paying the highest market price—Cash or trade

Wanted—Potatoes—Will pay $1.00 per. bushel.

OFFUTTS'

ROOSEVELT FOR HUGHES; SOUNDS CALL TO PARTY

Declines Nomination of Progressives Finally in Long Statement.

Chicago June 26.—Theodore Roosevelt National Committee in session at Chicago Monday finally declined to accept the Presidential nomination of the party and strongly urged the organization to support Charles E. Hughes. The Colonel's letter was read by Oscar King Davis, secretary of the Committee.

The Colonel's letter, which is very lengthy, says, in part:

To the Progressive National Committee:

Gentlemen—In accordance with the message I sent to the Progressive National Convention as soon as I had received the notification that it had nominated me for President, I now communicate to you my reasons for declining the honor which I so deeply appreciate. Since the adjournment of the Convention I have received between 2000 and 3000 letters and telegrams from men who had supported me for the nomination, the majority expressing the desire that I would refuse to run, while a minority urged that I should accept the nomination. As it is a physical impossibility to answer these letters and telegrams individually, I beg of the courtesy of the senders that they will accept this public statement in lieu of such answers.

Events have shown that the Progressive party in 1912 offered the only alternative to the triumph of the Democratic party. Moreover, these events have shown that the application of the principles which we then advocated is even more necessary to this nation than we at the time supposed.

Sooner or later the national principles championed by the Progressives of 1912 must in their general effect be embodied in the structure of our national existence. With all my heart I shall continue to work for these great ideals shoulder to shoulder with the men and women who in 1912 championed them; and I am sure that these men and women will show a like loyalty to the other, the fundamental, ideals which the events of the past two years have proved to be vital to the permanency of our national existence. The method by which we are to show our loyalty to these ideals must be determined in each case by the actual event. Our loyalty is to the fact, to the principle, to the ideal, and not merely to the name and least of all to the party name.

The Progressive movement has been given an incalculable impetus by what the Progressive party has done. Our strongest party antagonists have accepted and enacted into law, or embodied in their party platforms, very many of our most important principles. Much has been accomplished in awakening the public to a better understanding of the problems of social and industrial welfare.

Yet it has been entirely evident that the people under existing conditions are prepared to accept a new party.

It is impossible for us Progressives to abandon our convictions. But we are faced with the fact that as things actually are the Progressive national organization no longer offers the means whereby we can make these convictions effective in our national life. Under such circumstances, our duty is to do the best we can, and not to sulk because our leadership is rejected.

That we ourselves continue to believe that the course we advocated was in the highest interest of the American people is aside from the question. It is unpatriotic to refuse to do the best possible merely because the people have not put us in position to do what we regard as the very best. It remains for us, good-humoredly and with common sense, to face the situation and endeavor to get out of it the best that it can be made to yield from the standpoint of the interests of the nation as a whole.

This was the situation at the opening of the present year. It was clearly evident that unless a cataclysm occurred the Presidential election would result in the choice of either the Republican or the Democratic nominee. The present administration during its three years of life had been guilty of shortcomings more signal than those of any Administration since the days of Buchanan.

From the standpoint of national honor and interest, it stood on an even lower level than the Administration of Buchanan. No Administration in our history had done more to relax the spring of the national will and to deaden the national conscience. Within the Republican party conflicting forces were at work. There were men among the organization leaders who advocated a course of action such as offered no improvement upon the Democratic position, and advocated the nomination of candidates whose election would have represented no improvement upon the continuance in office of Mr. Wilson.

If such a course were followed, it would obviously become our duty to run a third ticket. But it was plainly our duty to do everything honorable in order to prevent such a necessity; to do everything short of sacrificing our most sacred convictions in order to secure the alignment under one leadership of the forces opposed to the continuance in power of Mr. Wilson and the Democratic party.

In my judgment, the nomination of Mr. Hughes meets the conditions set forth in the statement of the Progressive National Committee issued last January and in my own statements. Under existing conditions, the nomination of a third ticket would, in my jugdment, be merely a move in the interest of the election of Mr. Wilson. I regard Mr. Hughes as a man whose public record is a guarantee that "he will merely stand for a program of clean-cut, straight-out Americanism before election, but will resolutely and in good faith put it through if elected." He is beyond all comparison better fitted to be President than Mr. Wilson.

It would be a grave detriment to the country to re-elect Mr. Wilson. I shall, therefore, strongly support Mr. Hughes. Such being the case, it is unnecessary to say that I cannot accept the nomination on a third ticket. I do not believe that there should be a third ticket. I believe that when my fellow Progressives cooly consider the question they will for the most part take this position. They and I have but one purpose—the purpose to serve our common country. It is my deep conviction that at this moment we can serve it only by supporting Mr. Hughes.

It is urged against Mr. Hughes that he was supported by the various so-called German-American Alliances. I believe that the attitude of these professional German-Americans was due not in the least to any liking for Mr. Hughes but solely to their antagonism to me. They were bound to defeat me for the nomination. The only way by which they could achieve this object was by supporting Mr. Hughes, and they supported him accordingly, without any regard to other considerations.

I need hardly repeat what I have already said in stern reprobation of this professional German-American element—the element typified by the German-American alliances and the similar bodies, which have in the prenomination campaign played not merely an un-American but a thoroughly anti-American part. These men have nothing in common with the great body of Americans as those of any other ancestry.

Mr. Hughes' character and his whole course of conduct in public affairs justify us in the assured conviction that the fact that these men have for their own purposes supported him will, in no shape or way, affect his public action before or after election. His entire public life is a guarantee of this.

The events of the last three and a half years have shown that as much cannot be said for Mr. Wilson. In Mr. Wilson's case we do not have to consider his words but his deeds. His deeds absolutely contradict his words; and for the matter of that his words absolutely contradict one another. It is folly to pay heed to any of the promises in the platform on which he now stands in view of the fact that almost every important promise contained in the platform on which he stood four years ago has since been broken.

We owe all of our present trouble with the professional German-American element in the United States to Mr. Wilson's timid and vacillating course during the last two years. The defenders of Mr. Wilson have alleged in excuse for him that he confronted a difficult situation. As regards Mexico, the situation which Mr. Wilson confronted was nothing like as difficult as that which President McKinley confronted in connection with Cuba and the Philippines at the time of the Spanish War.

Under the actual circumstances we could with only a minimum of risk have protested on behalf of Belgium, a small well-behaved nation, when she was exposed to the last extremity of outrage by the brutal violation of her neutral rights; this violation being itself a violation of The Hague conventions to which we were a signatory power.

As regards the foreign situation generally during the great war, the fact of the existence of the war made it far easier and safer for Wilson to assert our rights than if he had had to deal with some single strong Power which was at the time unhampered by war. During the past 20 years questions have arisen with Powers of the first rank, such as England, Japan and Germany, each of which has necessitated far greater courage, resolution and judgment on the part of the President dealing with it than President Wilson need have shown in order to put a complete stop to the continually repeated murder of American men, women and children on the high seas by German submarines—the Lusitania being merely the worst of many such cases. The same feebleness that was shown by President Wilson in dealing with Germany abroad was also shown by him in dealing with the organized German outrages within our own land, and, finally, in dealing with the organized German-American vote. The continued existence of the German-American menace at home is directly due to Mr. Wilson's course of action during the past two years.

Certain of my friends who feel that the Progressives should run a third ticket base their feeling on objection to the character or actions of the Republican National Convention. As regards this point it is sufficient to say that the members of the Republican National Convention were unquestionably induced to nominate Mr. Hughes primarily because of the belief that his integrity and force of character and his long record of admirable public service would make him peculiarly acceptable, not only to the rank and file of the Republican party but to the people generally. I do not believe that Mr. Hughes would have been nominated if it had not been for the fight on behalf of public decency and efficiency which the Progressive party has waged during the last four years.

In any event, and without any regard to what the personal feelings of any of us may be as regards the action of the Republican Convention. I wish very solemnly to ask the representatives of the Progressive party to consider at this if, in this grave crisis of the nation's life, we permit ourselves to be swerved from the one prime duty of serving with cool judgment and single-minded devotion the nation's needs.

The world is passing through a great crisis, and no man can tell what trial and jeopardy will have to be faced by this nation during the years immediately ahead. There is now no longer before us for decision the question as to what particular man we may severally most desire to see at the head of the Government. We can decide only whether during these possibly vital years this country shall be intrusted to the leadership of Mr. Hughes or Mr. Wilson.

Mr. Wilson and his party have in actual practice lamentably failed to safeguard the interest and honor of the United States. They have brought us to impotence abroad and to division and weakness at home. They have accustomed us to see the highest and most responsible offices of government filled by incompetent men appointed only for reasons of partisan politics. They have dulled the moral sense of the people. They have taught us that peace, the peace of cowardice and dishonor and indifference to the welfare of others, is to be put above righteousness, above the stern and unflinching performance of duty whether the duty is pleasant or unpleasant.

Yet in Mexico they have failed even to secure the peace which they thus sought; and they have failed, in spite of the most ample opportunity and most ample warning, to prepare in any real fashion to meet the crisis which their own policy invited. They have taught us to put "safety first," safety before duty and honor; to put that materialism which expresses itself in mere money making, and in the fatted ease of life, above all spiritual things, above all the high and fine instincts of the soul. They have taught us to accept adroit elocution as a substitute for straightforward and efficient action. They have raised indecision, hesitancy and vacillation into settled governmental policy.

Mr. Hughes has shown in his career the instinct of efficiency which will guarantee that, under him, the Government will once more work with vigor and force. He possesses that habit of straightforward thinking which means that his words will be correlated with his deeds and translated into facts. His past career is the warrant for our belief that he will be the unfaltering opponent of that system of invisible government which finds expression in the domination of the party boss and the party machine.

His past career is a guarantee that whatever he says before election will be made good by his acts after election. Morally, his public record shows him to be a man of unbending integrity; intellectually, it shows him to be a man of original and trained ability. We have the alternative of continuing in office an Administration which has proved a lamentable failure, or of putting into office an Administration which we have every reason to believe will function with efficiency for the interest and honor of all our people, I earnestly bespeak from my fellow-Progressives their ungrudging support of Mr. Hughes.

Yours truly,
THEODORE ROOSEVELT.
Sagamore Hill, June 22

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Advertisement 14-4t*

TAX SALE
OF VALUABLE
Real Estate
In Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of the power vested in the Treasurer of Garrett County, Maryland, by section 52 of Chapter 566, of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland for the year 1890, title "Garrett County," sub-title "County Treasurer," and as amended by the General Assembly of Maryland for the year 1898, Chapter 144, the undersigned late Treasurer in and for Garrett County, Maryland, will, on

FRIDAY,
the 14th day of July, 1916,

at 10 o'clock a. m. at the front door of the Court House in the town of Oakland, Garrett county, Md., offer and sell at public auction to the highest bidder all of the following pieces or parcels of land lying and being in Garrett County, Md., to wit:

No. 2.—The surface rights of seventy-three acres of land, being part of the original tract called "Yough Manor," located in Election District No. 2, of Garrett county and being the same property which was conveyed by the Yough Manor Mining Company by deed dated the 1st day of October, 1904, to Amos W. Friend and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 49, folio 438, etc., of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay balance of taxdue and in arrear thereon for the year 1915, as charged upon the Assessment Books of said county in the name of Amos W. Friend.

No. 3.—All that portion of a tract of land called Friend's Delight," containing the quantity of three-fourths of an acre, which is fully described in a deed for the same from Elijah Sines et ux., dated the 27th day of March, 1912, to Walter DeWitt, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 62, folio 562, one of the Land Records of Garrett county. Said land lies in Election District No. 6 of said county and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of said county in the name of Walter DeWitt.

No. 4.—All the right, title and interest in and to all those pieces or parcels of land located in Election District No. 6 of Garrett county, known and designated as Military Lots Nos. 1665, 1670 and 1673, containing the quantity of fifty acres each and being the same property which was conveyed to N. H. Casteel by Milton W. Lytle et vir., by deed bearing date the 24th day of February, 1913, and which is duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 64, folio 460, one of the Land Records of said Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the balance of taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of said Garrett county in the name of N. H. Casteel.

No. 5.—Thirty-five acres of a tract of land known as the S. H. Ryland Farm, located in Election District No. 5 of Garrett county, and being the same property which was conveyed and is described in a deed for the same from T. H. Speer et al., bearing date March 12, 1914, to Harry Holliday, and also from Thos. E. Null et al., bearing date March 13, 1914, to said Holliday, both of which deeds are of record in Liber E. Z. T., No. 66, folio 425. Said property adjoins the lands of John Failinger, the State line, George Sibert and Sarah T. Kerr, and will be sold, excepting 25 acres thereof which was sold previously to Henry Sausman and described in a deed for the same bearing date April 18, 1915, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 68, folio 179, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, to pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Harry Holliday.

No. 6.—All that tract of land known and described as Military Lot No. 3076, containing 50 acres and being the same land which was conveyed by Fred. A. Thayer et vir., to William A. Carr, by deed bearing date the 31st day of December, 1912, which deed is duly of record in Liber E. Z. T, No. 64, folio 379, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915, as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of the said William A. Carr. Said land is located in Election District No. 6 of Garrett county.

No. 7.—One-half interest in all that lot known and designated as Military Lot No. 3054, containing the quantity of fifty acres, and being the same property which was conveyed to Chester Schnopp by Levi Schnopp by deed dated October 1, 1915, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 66, folio 141, one of the Land Records of Garrett county. This property is located in Election District No. 6 and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Chester Schnopp.

No. 8.—All that parcel of land situate in and adjoining the town of Bloomington, in Election District No. 4 of Garrett county, containing the quantity of 45 acres, more or less, and being the same property conveyed to J. C., W. S. and L. B. Brydon by Susan Brydon et al. by deed dated the 5th day of September, 1896, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 30, folio 477, etc., one of the Land Records of Garrett county, excepting 25.6 acres conveyed by said Brydons to Bloomington Stone Company by deed dated August 29, 1912, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 64, folio 250, one of the Land Recores of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged on the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the names of the said J. C., W. S. and L. B. Brydon

No. 9—All that piece or parcel of land located in Election District No. 4 of Garrett county, described as follows: Beginning for the same at a lynn tree standing near the southern limits of the right of way of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company and opposite Crab Tree station and running thence South 46 degrees West, 25⅝ perches, North 46 degrees East, 23⅝ perches to the 5th line of a tract of land conveyed by Peter Monaghan to Joseph R. Anderson et vir, dated Feb. 16, 1889, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 16, folio 783, etc., one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and thence by a straight line to the beginning, containing two acres, and being the same land which was conveyed to Cawl E. Howdyschelt and Julia A. Howdyschelt by James E. Brogan et ux, by deed dated July 24, 1914, which said deed is recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 66, folio 554, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of said Garrett county in the name of Cawl E. Howdyschelt.

No. 10.—All that part of a tract of land called "Cheviot Dale," containing 64¼ acres, located in Election District No. 4 of Garrett county, and being the same property which was conveyed by Clayton Purnell, trustee, to Lewis Popp by deed dated May 22, 1897, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 32, folio 277, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of said Garrett county in the name of Lewis Popp.

No. 11.—All that parcel of land known as Lot No. 5 in the town of Bloomington, in Election District No. 4 of Garrett county, which lot is fully described in a deed for the same from William E. Ambrose et ux. to Ephraim K. Wilson, bearing date June 6th, 1914, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 66, folio 494, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Ephraim K. Wilson.

No. 13—Military Lot No. 2761, contain the quantity of 50 acres of land, and being the same lot that was conveyed by John R. Fike et al. to Sarah Brown by deed dated August 10, 1906, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 52, folio 548, one of the Land Records of Garrett county. Said lot is located in Election District No. 5 and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Sarah Brown.

No. 15.—All that piece or parcel of land containing the quantity of 25.6 acres, more or less, and being the same land conveyed by deed to the Bloomington Stone Company by John C. Brydon et al., dated August 29th, 1912, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 64, folio 250, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, said land being located in or adjoining the town of Bloomington, Election District No. 4, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of the Bloomington Stone Company.

No. 16.—All those parcels of land known and described as Military Lots Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4, containing the quanity of 50 acres each, located in Election District No. 4 of Garrett county, reserving however, certain town lots in Bloomington and the right of way of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company from the operations of this sale, and being the same lots fully described in a deed for the same from Thomas B. Davis to the Bloomington Coal Company, bearing date the 29th day of October, 1907, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 58, folio 82, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Bloomington Coal Company.

No. 18.—All that piece or parcel of land containing one acre, located in election District No. 1 of Garrett county, and being the same land described in two deeds for the same, one dated December 1, 1906, from Archibald A. Frye, to M. M. Whetsell, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 54, folio 219, Land Records of Garrett county, and the other from J. Nelson Durham to said Whetsel under date of December 4, 1906, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 54, folio 187, etc., Land Records of said county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Millard M. Whetsell.

No. 19.—All of the surface rights of a parcel of land containing 13 acres, being a part of the tract known as Military Lot No. 536, located in Election District No. 9 of Garrett county, and being the same property which was conveyed by Andrew Rosenberger to Philip H. Knepp by deed dated October 7, 1914, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 68, folio 100, etc., one of the land Records of Garrett county, reserving however, from the opertions of this sale a strip of said land one rod wide along the first line of said tract. Said land will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of said county in the name of Philip H. Knepp.

No. 20.—Parts of Lots Nos. 2 and 3 of the sub-division of a tract called "Bear Camp," containing 49 acres and 156 perches and being the same land described in a deed for the same from Uriah M. Staton to Samuel H. Orner, date March 5, 1913, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 64, folio 474, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, said land being located in Election District No. 11 of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of said county in the name of Samuel H. Orner.

No. 21.—Lot No. 20 of the sub-division of the tract known as "Lochiel," located in Election District No. 11 of Garrett county, containing 132 acres, and being the same property which was conveyed by Ulysses S. Jackson to Thomas J. Rayner by deed bearing date the 23rd dav of September, 1914, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 68, folio 21, etc., one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Thomas J. Rayner.

No. 22.—All that parcel of land located near the Pennsylvania State line, in Election District No. 5 of Garrett county, containing the quantity of 294¼ acres, and being the same property which was conveyed to William H. Sausman by Sarah T. Kerr by deed bearing date the 6th day of April, 1914, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 68, folio 164, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of William H. Sausman.

No. 23.—All those lots or parcels of land, located in Election District No. 9 of Garrett county, known and designated as Military Lots Nos. 682 and 686, containing 50 acres each, and being the same lots conveyed by Owen E. Hitchens to Daniel Bevans by deed dated the 24th day of November, 1914, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 68, folio 93, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of said Gorrett county in the name of Daniel Bevans.

No. 24.—Lot No. 12 of the sub-division of the tract known and designated as "Lochiel," containing 210 acres, saving and excepting a right of way 20 feet wide and described in a deed for the same to the Consolidation Coal Company from George W. Beeman, dated October 2, 1908, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 58, folio 199, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and being the same property which was conveyed to said Beeman by Andrew J. Beeman and wife by deed dated July 21, 1906, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 54, folio 27, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of said Garrett county in the name of George W. Beeman. Said land is located in Election District No. 9 of Garrett county.

No. 25.—A part of three tracts of land called "John's Prospect," "Piney Grove" and "Water Works," described in a deed for the same from Susan Beall to Florence G. Beall, bearing date the 7th day of September, 1901, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 40, folio 203, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, saving and excepting that part of said land conveyed by said Florence G. Beall to John A. Garlitz et ux., by deed bearing date April 19, 1911, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 62, folio 47, one of the Land Records of said Garrett county, containing the part to be sold the quantity of 45 acres, said land being located in Election District No. 9 of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of said county in the name of Florence G. Beall.

No. 26.—Part of a tract of land known as "Mill Run," and also known as a part of the James Morrison lands located in Election District No. 4 of Garrett county, and being the same land which was conveyed to Annie Green by deed from Jas. Morrison dated the 20th day of April, 1887, and duly recorded in Liber T. L., No. 63, folio 548, one of the Land Records of Allegany county. Said tract originally contained 251½ acres and will be sold, except so much thereof heretofore conveyed by Annie Green, to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915, as charged on the Assessment Books in the name of the said Annie Green.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on the day of sale. The right of redemption extends to six calendar months from day of sale by paying the amount of the purchase money with interest thereon at the rate of twenty per cent. per annum and all costs. Conveyancing at cost of purchaser.

C. A. BEACHY,
Late treasurer of Garrett County.

Commissioners Meeting.

Office of the County Commissioners for Garrett county, Oakland, Md., June 15th, 1916.

The Board of County Commissioners for Garrett County, Maryland, will meet in their office in the town of Oakland, on

Monday, July 3rd, 1916,

to transact routine business.

By order of the Board,
W. G. MEYERS, Clerk.

Federal Inquiry or Railroad Strike?

Faced by demands from the conductors, engineers, firemen and brakemen that would impose on the country an additional burden in transportation costs of $100,000,000 a year, the railroads propose that this wage problem be settled by reference to an impartial Federal tribunal.

With these employes, whose efficient service is acknowledged, the railroads have no differences that could not be considered fairly and decided justly by such a public body.

Railroads Urge Public Inquiry and Arbitration

The formal proposal of the railroads to the employes for the settlement of the controversy is as follows:

"Our conferences have demonstrated that we cannot harmonize our differences of opinion and that eventually the matters in controversy must be passed upon by other and disinterested agencies. Therefore, we propose that your proposals and the proposition of the railways be disposed of by one or the other of the following methods:

1. Preferably by submission to the Interstate Commerce Commission, the only tribunal which, by reason of its accumulated information bearing on railway conditions and its control of the revenue of the railways, is in a position to consider and protect the rights and equities of all the interests affected, and to provide additional revenue necessary to meet the added cost of operation in case your proposals are found by the Commission to be just and reasonable; or, in the event the Interstate Commerce Commission cannot, under existing laws, act in the premises, that we jointly request Congress to take such action as may be necessary to enable the Commission to consider and promptly dispose of the questions involved; or

2. By arbitration in accordance with the provisions of the Federal law" (The Newlands Act).

Leaders Refuse Offer and Take Strike Vote

Leaders of the train service brotherhoods, at the joint conference held in New York, June 1-15, refused the offer of the railroads to submit the issue to arbitration or Federal review, and the employes are now voting on the question whether authority shall be given these leaders to declare a nation-wide strike.

The Interstate Commerce Commission is proposed by the railroads as the public body to which this issue ought to be referred for these reasons:

No other body with such an intimate knowledge of railroad conditions has such an unquestioned position in the public confidence.

The rates the railroads may charge the public for transportation are now largely fixed by this Government board.

Out of every dollar received by the railroads from the public nearly one-half is paid directly to the employes as wages; and the money to pay increased wages can come from no other source than the rates paid by the public.

The Interstate Commerce Commission, with its control over rates, is in a position to make a complete investigation and render such decision as would protect the interests of the railroad employes, the owners of the railroads, and the public.

A Question For the Public to Decide

The railroads feel that they have no right to grant a wage preferment of $100,000,000 a year to these employes, now highly paid and constituting only one-fifth of all the employes, without a clear mandate from a public tribunal that shall determine the merits of the case after a review of all the facts.

The single issue before the country is whether this controversy is to be settled by an impartial Government inquiry or by industrial warfare.

National Conference Committee of the Railways

ELISHA LEE, *Chairman*

P. R. ALBRIGHT, *Gen'l Manager*, Atlantic Coast Line Railroad.
L. W. BALDWIN, *Gen'l Manager*, Central of Georgia Railway.
C. L. BARDO, *Gen'l Manager*, New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad.
E. H. COAPMAN, *Vice-President*, Southern Railway.
S. E. COTTER, *Gen'l Manager*, Wabash Railway.
P. E. CROWLEY, *Asst. Vice-President*, New York Central Railway.
G. H. EMERSON, *Gen'l Manager*, Great Northern Railway.
C. H. EWING, *Gen'l Manager*, Philadelphia & Reading Railway.
E. W. GRICE, *Gen'l Supt. Transp.*, Chesapeake & Ohio Railway.
A. S. GREIG, *Asst. to Receivers*, St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad.
C. W. KOUNS, *Gen'l Manager*, Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway.
H. W. McMASTER, *Gen'l Manager*, Wheeling & Lake Erie Railroad.
N. D. MAHER, *Vice-President*, Norfolk & Western Railway.
JAMES RUSSELL, *Gen'l Manager*, Denver & Rio Grande Railroad.
A. M. SCHOYER, *Resident Vice-Pres.*, Pennsylvania Lines West.
W. L. SEDDON, *Vice-Pres.*, Seaboard Air Line Railway.
A. J. STONE, *Vice-President*, Erie Railroad.
G. S. WAID, *Vice-Pres. & Gen'l Mgr.*, Sunset Central Lines.

Election Supervisors' NOTICE OF APPOINTMENTS OF Judges of Election and Registers of Voters

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF ELECTIONS OF GARRETT COUNTY, MD.
OAKLAND, MD., JUNE 14, 1916.

By virtue of and in accordance with the provisions of Section 7 of Article 33 of the Code of Public General Laws of the State of Maryland, as mentioned by Chapter 202, of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed at its January session, 1896, notice is hereby given by the Board of Supervisors of Elections for Garrett county, Maryland, that said Board has selected the following named persons to be Registers of Voters and Judges of Election in and for the several Election Districts of said county, said officers to serve for the term of one year from the date of their appointment unless excused or removed from office. Notice is likewise given of the postoffice address of each person so selected and also the political party which the Board of supervisors of Elections intends each of said persons to represent, respectfully.

The law makes it the duty of the Board to examine promptly into any complaints which may be referred to them in writing concerning the qualifications of any of the above named appointees and to remove them from office if in their judgment they are unfit or incapable of discharging the duties incumbent upon them as election officials.

Election District Number One—Swanton.

John T. O'Brien, Democrat, Judge and Register, Swanton.
Josiah G. Friend, Republican, Judge and Register, Swanton.

Election District Number Two—Friendsville.

Wm. Frederick, Jr., Democrat, Judge and Register, Friendsville.
Jas. W. Friend, Republican, Judge and Register, Friendsville.

Election District Number Three—Grantsville.

Wm. T. Stanton, Democrat, Judge and Register, Grantsville.
C. C. Durst, Republican, Judge and Register, Grantsville.

Election District Number Four—Bloomington.

Earle Fazenbaker, Democrat, Judge and Register, Westernport.
Joel Paugh, Republican, Judge and Register, Bloomington.

Election District Number Five—Accident.

Lyman Frazee, Democrat, Judge and Register, Accident.
Adam Hetrick, Republican, Judge and Register, Bittinger.

Election District Number Six—Sang Run.

G. Wm. Browning, Democrat, Judge and Register, Hoyes.
Sherman G. Savage, Republican, Judge and Register, Sang Run.

Election District Number Seven—Oakland.

John F. Hart, Democrat, Judge and Register, Oakland.
Warren Rathbun, Republican, Judge and Register, Mt. Lake Park.

Election District Number Eight—Ryan's Glade.

Ryans's Glade. First Precinct.
Frank Layton, Democrat, Judge and Register, Bayard, W. Va.
P. A. Chisholm, Republican, Judge and Register, Gormania, W. Va.

Second Precinct.

Robert Lathrum, Democrat, Judge and Register, Oakland.
Jonas Yutzy, Republican, Judge and Register, Oakland.

Election District Number Nine—Johnsons.

C. Arthur Murphy, Democrat, Judge and Register, Frostburg.
James R. McKenzie, Republican, Judge and Register, Frostburg.

Election District Number Ten—Deer Park.

Bruce T. Browning, Democrat, Judge and Register, Deer Park.
B. T. Thrasher, Republican, Judge and Register, Deer Park.

Election District Number Eleven—The Elbow.

Cornelius H. Smith, Democrat, Judge and Register, Lonaconing.
Alfred Magruder, Republican, Judge and Register, Barton.

Election District Number Twelve—Bittinger.

Olin Warnick, Democrat, Judge and Register, New Germany.
E. S. Brenneman Republican, Judge and Register, Bittinger.

Election District Number Thirteen—Kitzmiller.

Wm. S. Harvey, Democrat, Judge and Register, Kitzmiller.
Lewis Casper Bray, Republican, Judge and Register, Kitzmiller.

Election District Number Fourteen—Oakland.

C. F. White, Democrat, Judge and Register, Oakland.
H. R. DeWitt, Republican, Judge and Register, Oakland.

J. M. STANTON, Pres.
FRED L. MILLER,
GEO. D. BROWNING,
Board of Supervisors of Election for Garrett County, Md.
H. A. RASCHE, Clerk.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters Testamentry on the estate of

CHARLES C. MOODY

late of Garrett County, Md., deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 4th day of November, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 4th day of May, 1916.

WM. G. HENDERSON,
501 F. St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

NOTICE

This is to give notice that the County Examinations of applicants for Teachers' Certificates will be conducted by the County Superintendent of Public Education, of Garrett County, Maryland, upon

Friday and Saturday
June 30 and July 1, 1915

beginning at 8 o'clock a. m.

Applicants for First Grade Certificates only are to appear at 8 o'clock a. m., and applicants for Second Grade Certificates are to appear at 1 o'clock p. m. upon the first day before mentioned.

By order of the Board,
F. E. RATHBUN, Secretary.

Order Nisi.

G. Semmes Hamill, Jr., Trustee, vs. Mary A. Wilson, et vir.

No. 2092 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Ordered, this 13th day of March, in the year nineteen hundred and sixteen, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in equity, that the sale of the property mentioned in these proceedings as made and reported by G. Semmes Hamill, Jr., trustee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 14th day of July, 1916, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Garrett county once in each of three successive weeks before the 7th day of July, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $320.00.

E. Z. TOWER.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

GRANTSVILLE.

A meeting in the interest of the Boy's Corn and Potato Club was held in the Broadwater Hall on Thursday afternoon. Reuben Brigman, Henry Edward Warner and Mr. McGill, the Allegany County Agricultural agent, addressed the meeting. Mr. Warner is from the Baltimore Sun and Mr. Brigman from the Maryland Agriculture College. Mrs. Warner accompanied her husband on his trip. The gentlemen are most anxious to secure cooperation in this work and are meeting with success in their State tour, in their efforts to interest the boys and girls in corn and potato culture. Clubs are being organized and committees to look after the work. The gentlemen will make another tour of the state in the autumn, when the result of the work will be made known. The general Committee appointed here consists of J. J. Bender, chairman; H. S. Yoder, vice chairman; J. O. Getty, secretary. Entertainment Committee—Mayor H. C. Bonig, Chairman; Wm. Stanton, J. A. Beachy, U. O. Blocher, Peter H. Yost, Ralph Engle, Elmer Beachy and H. H. Baker. Transportation Committee—C. A. Bender, chairman; L. H. Diefenbach, H. P. Miller, G. E. Shaw, J. U. and W. E. Stanton. Mothers Committee—Mrs. Fred Livengood, Mrs. Wm. Wright, Mrs. J. O. Getty, Mrs. H. C. Bonig, Mrs. C. B. Getty, Mrs. G. C. Keller and Miss Christine Winterberg. A chairman will be selected from this number at the first meeting and a more detailed outline of the work will be given the members of the different committees.

The young graduates from this place are Misses Vida Engle and Almira Boucher from Frostburg State Normal; John Engle, from the Western Maryland College at Westminister, and O. Broadwater from the University of Maryland. A number of friends attended the commencement exercises at Frostburg and the class held a picnic at the Stanton dam on Saturday; they were taken up by Milt Rack's team.

A surprise party was given to Mrs. Lewis Gingerich on Saturday night in honor of her forty-ninth birthday. The occasion was quite a surprise, indeed, to the recipient, who had gone out to spend the evening with a neighbor and was called home to find her home filled with friends and neighbors, armed with many and beautiful gifts. Mrs. Gingerich is an honest hard working-woman and a loyal neighbor, always ready to help in time of need, whether it be housecleaning, cooking, sewing or taking care of the sick, and her neighbors, nearly all of whom have profited by the assistance at one time or other, were glad to show their appreciation in this manner. Mrs. Gingerich is also the central operator of the Avilton Mutual Line, aside from her other duties. The guests included Mr. and Mrs. Richard Younkin, Mr. and Mrs. James Younkin, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Swauger, Dr. J. A. Carney, Messrs. Gilead Broadwater, Emons Younkin, Clarence Miller; Mesdames C. S. Zeller, Harvey Miller, Fred Livengood, Joel Miller, Marshall Beachy Ellen Younkin, Tom Younkin, C. H. Younkin, John Zehner, H. C. Bonig, Ida Hershberger, Mark Bender, Chas. Getty, C. A. Bender, J. U. Stanton, Misses Mary and Sabina Blocher, Christine Winterberg, Minnie and Clara Miller, Edna Bender, Frances Bevans, Guinavere Horden and the host and hostess and family—Misses Effie, Edna Harry and Clarence Gingerich. Refreshments appeared as if by magic. They consisted of sandwiches, cake, coffee, icecream, fruit salad and candy. The gifts included almost everything, among them being several pretty new dresses and aprons, table linen, towels and kitchen utensils. Several delightful piano selections were rendered by Emons Younkin and Miss Edna Bender.

Rev. E. E. Oney and Miss Charlotte Boyer, of Elk Lick, Pa., were married on Tuesday evening at 7:30 at the Lutheran church, in Elk Lick, of which he is pastor. Rev. Dr. L. P. Young performed the ceremony. Rev. Dr. Johnson, an aged pastor of that place, who baptized and confirmed the bride, was also present and offered prayer. The bride was beautifully gowned in white silk and net, with picture hat trimmed with white roses. She carried a shower bouquet. The two bridesmaids, Miss Margaret Oney and Miss Mina Harding were gowned in white and carried roses, and each wore a picture hat trimmed in roses. The four ushers were selected from the different congregations in Rev. Oney's pastorate, Emons Younkin, of Grantsville, being among the number, Dr. Lloyd Loechel, of Elk Lick and two young men from the Greenville and St. Paul charges. The bride was given away by her brother and Rev. Roy Hauser, of Somerset, was best man. Rev. Baumgartner, of Pittsburgh, sang "O, Promise Me," and another solo. Mrs. Della B. Livengood, an accomplished pianist, played the accompaniment and the wedding march. There were four pretty little flower girls. The church was filled with friends of the bride and groom and many waited outside. Immediately after the ceremony the newly wedded couple left for parts unknown. Rev. and Mrs. Oney will reside with the bride's mother, Mrs. Savilla Boyer, upon their return. Both are very popular and the number of handsome and costly presents attest to the high regard in which they are held among their friends.

The barn of John Yommer, of near Grantsville, was burned to the ground on Tuesday night. Everything in it was destroyed except one cultivator. The fire was caused by gasoline from an automobile belonging to his brother-in-law, Galen Beachy, who left his car in the barn for the night. Discovering a leakage, Mr. Beachy came in too close proximity with a lantern which caused an explosion. Mr. Beachy was badly burned and his car partly destroyed. Mr. Yommer's loss is considerable.

The State Normal School graduat- time only the welfare of the people of the United States. We shall prove false to our ideals and our professions ing class, of Frostburg, came to Grantsville on Monday in motor truck and took supper at the Victoria Hotel.

The State Normal class of 1915 drove up from Frostburg Saturday and picniced at the Casselman River. A number of Grantsville girls joined in the festivities, all enjoying the occasion.

A number of high school girls are spending their vacation at the Casselman River.

Miss Marie Connor spent Tuesday and Wednesday in Frostburg.

Miss Gertrude Hone accompanied her mother to Cumberland Tuesday where the latter is taking treatment from Dr. Franklin.

Quite a number of our people attended the commencement exercises in Frostburg and enjoyed them greatly.

NOTICE.

As I have sold my store to Mr. G. C. Martin, I wish to settle all accounts by July 1st. Any and all accounts unpaid by that date will be placed for collection.

Advertisement. J. A. WHITE.

RENNINGER & OFFUTT, Solicitors.

Order of Publication.

May H. Cassidy, Plaintiff v. Rosco C. Cassidy, Defendant.

No. 2067 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County.

The object of this suit is to procure a decree for a divorce a vinculo matrimonii by the plaintiff from the defendant.

The bill states that on the 6th day of March, 1912, the plaintiff was married to the said Rosco C. Cassidy at Grafton, West Virginia, with whom she resided in said town for about a month after their marriage, and then moved to Cleveland, Ohio, and there resided with her husband for a period of about eight months, at which time the plaintiff was to make a visit to her parents in Garrett county. On this trip her husband accompanied her as far as Wheeling, W. Va., and then told her that he would follow her in two weeks, and upon her return to her home in Garrett county she received a letter from him dated Illinois stating that he was going as far away as he could and that he would never live with her again.

The bill further states that the conduct of the plaintiff towards her husband has always been kind, affectionate and above reproach, and that the defendant has without just cause or reason abandoned and deserted the plaintiff and declared his intention to live with her no longer.

That such abandonment has continued uninterruptedly for at least three years and is deliberate and final and the separation of the parties beyond hope of reconciliation.

That there was one child born of said marriage, viz., Cora, about three years of age.

That the plaintiff has resided in Garrett county more than three years prior to the filing of this suit, and that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Maryland.

The bill prays for a divorce a vinculo matrimonii by the plaintiff from the defendant, guardianship and custody of said infant child, general relief and an order of publication.

It is thereupon, this 31st day of May, 1916, ordered by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, in Equity, that the plaintiff, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in said Garrett county once in each of four successive weeks before the 1st day of July, 1916, give notice to said absent defendant of the object and substance of this bill, warning him to appear in this court, in person or by solicitor, on or before the 17th day of July, 1916, to show cause, if any he has, why a decree ought not to be passed as prayed.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy, Test: E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Automobile and Motor Cycle Tubes and Casings

VULCANIZING AND REPAIRING.

Casing Vulcanizing—Blow outs, rim cuts and surface cuts. Tube repairing—Blow outs, cuts, punctures, new valves, valve bases. All work guaranteed.

G. W. WOODS, Miller building.
Adv. 16-4t Oakland, Md.

BRISCOE

"The Best-liked Car in the Country"

Not Only Leg-Room—But Toe-Room, Too

Remember the man who got into the front seat of a car and said, "Well, there's plenty of leg-room, but my feet seem sort of crowded"?

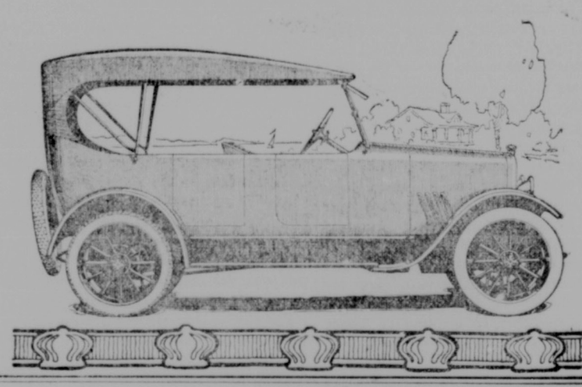
Come and sit in the front seat of a Briscoe Twenty-four—right next to the driver. You'll find that you can give your legs a long, luxurious stretch and still not bump your knees on the cowl.

The special exclusive Briscoe toe-board arrangement gives more seat-room in front than in any other car of its type. And that's merely one of a dozen exclusive Briscoe comfort-features.

We'll be glad to demonstrate them to you at any time—the sooner the better.

Twenty-four $625 electric starting and lighting; full equipment.

Inter-State Motor Co. Friendsville.



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You can use it for all the heavy work your horses do, and for belt work that horses cannot do. In these days of kerosene engines, can you see yourself hitching eight teams to a horse power machine to run a thresher? Then why do plowing, disking, seeding and harvesting with horses when a **Mogul 8-16** does that work also better and cheaper. We've got one here. Come in and take a look at it.

The H. Weber & Sons Co.
Oakland, Md.

THE REPUBLICAN

BENJ. H. SINCELL, EDITOR.

Entered at the Postoffice in Oakland Md., as Second-class matter.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:

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THE REPUBLICAN,
Oakland, Md.

THURSDAY, JUNE 29, 1916

REPUBLICAN TICKET

For President:
CHARLES E. HUGHES
For Vice President:
CHARLES W. FAIRBANKS
For United States Senator:
JOSEPH IRWIN FRANCE
of Cecil County.
For Congressman:
FREDERICK N. ZIHLMAN
of Allegany County

DRIVEN by a gasoline tractor, a machine has been invented for clearing ground of young timber and brush, even though closely matted against the soil.

GLASS that will not splinter when broken is being made in France by pressing together under heat two sheets of glass with a sheet of celluloid between them.

THE six States having the most blindness are as follows: New Mexico, 169 blind persons in every 100,000 population; Nevada, 118; Arizona, 95; Kentucky, 94; Tennessee, 89; Virginia, 80.

KING GEORGE has approved the presentation by the council of the Royal Society of a royal gold medal to Professor Ernest W. Brown, of Yale University, for his investigations in astronomy.

A "PULP and paper course" has been instituted at the University of Maine. It gives four years' training in chemistry and engineering to fulfill the demand for specialists in paper manufacture.

SOUTH DAKOTA people utilize their automobiles as prairie dog exterminators. They destroy the animal by conducting the exhaust from their engines into the burrow, using a bit of hose for the purpose.

ROOSEVELT FOR HUGHES.

No surprise will be occasioned by the news from Oyster Bay that Col. Roosevelt will publicly indorse Charles Evans Hughes, Republican nominee for President, immediately after the Progressive national committee meeting next Monday, says the Pittsburgh Gazette Times, editorially, in its issue of Tuesday. Col. Roosevelt's course and that of his chief associates in the Progressive organization have been consistent with the pledges made in statement of that party's executive committee last January 9, so it is to be expected they will not depart therefrom at this time. Faith in the fidelity of their four-year leader to his principles and promises has led vast numbers of Progressives to return to the Republican party and enter heartily into the campaign for the election of Mr. Hughes in advance of decesive action by Roosevelt. These men simply appreciate the situation as it exists. They know Col. Roosevelt shares the Republican party trust in the integrity, Americanism and patriotism of Mr. Hughes, and, in common with all who read, realize the Republican platform stands four-square with that of the Progressives on all vital subjects. What else, then, can they do than join in the effort to rid the country of Democratic control by the election of Hughes and Fairbanks.

It is to be expected that Col. Roosevelt will not content himself with a mere indorsement of the Republican ticket, but will, if his health permits, take an active part as a speaker in the campaign for Republican success. The newest enterprise of President Wilson makes more than ever imperative the defeat of Wilson and Marshall. His sudden and astonishing warlike move toward Mexico will impress anew the importance of having in the White House in the time of crisis a President who can be swayed by no impulses not proceeding from the profoundest patriotism and consistent common sense. Col. Roosevelt can be in no doubt as to where his duty lies.

Public Stenographer.

The undersigned is located in the office of Messrs. Renninger & Offutt and is prepared to do all kinds of stenographic work. Hours 8 to 12 and from 2 to 5.

MRS. MARY CARICHOFF.

Adv. 17-3*

Public School Teachers of Garrett County and Prospective Teachers in attendance at the Summer School at Oakland which closes tomorrow.

Reading from left to right,—Front row, Prof. H. A. Eyler, instructor; H. A. Zeil, instructor; Patience Williams, instructor; Lovada Wilt, Edith Durst, Mabel Fike, Emma McKenzie, Lillieth Wiley; Eva Dodge, Alice Dye, Florence Warnick, Marie Ryland, Prof. R. R. Sanner, instructor; Prof. F. E. Rathbun, instructor and County Superintendent.

Second row, Alma Miller, Vespie Fike, Jessie Friend, Mary Callis, Bertha Nicholson, Bertha Miller, Beryle Brenneman, Vernon H. Broadwater, Alma Clary, G. W. Friend, Jane M. Long.

Third row, Letty Selby, Alvira McKeen, Ida Liston, Margaret Slabaugh, Mary Eggers, Lulu Hartman, Fanny Cutter, Leola Shartzer, Shrilla Ault, Nora Stever, Stella Sturm, Dora Steiding, Bella H. Nine, Mary O'Donnell.

Fourth row, Ernest Moon, Delphine Savage, Mary Holtschneider, Nina O'Brien, Elizabeth Smith, Gladys Martin, Verna Speicher, Edna Beckman, Verna Ornedorf, Rosa Glotfelty, Archie Friend, Nora Fresh, Ada Friend, Amelia Bowen, Viola Enlow, Daniel Sisler, Clarence Umbel, Wm. Fox, J. Mahlon Speicher, Sarah McKenzie, Mildred Thrasher, Ida Engle.

Rear, Caroline Walker, Lena Ravenscroft, Lillie V. Cutter, S. Naomi Lohr, Stella Paugh, Myrtle Wilson, J. John Knapp, Foster Friend, Leslie Savage, Asa McGittigan, Lawrence Knapp, Prentis Porter, Helen Tasker, Francis McKenzie, Clara R. Bush, Carrie Thrasher.

MOUNTAIN LAKE PARK.

Mrs. Brent Maxwell and Mrs. John W. Ruhl and their families of Clarksburg, W. Va., are here for the summer.

Mrs. Rockhold, of Baltimore City, is the guest of her sisters, Misses Anna and Emma Hamill.

Mrs. Gertie Thraves was a Cumberland visitor the first part of the week.

Our market is supplied with home grown strawberries, lettuce, radishes, etc. The farmers are making daily trips to the Park and are finding a ready market for their produce.

Mr. Bruce, wife, two children and a friend of the family, from Meyersdale, Pa., picniced in the Chautauqua Park Monday.

The ladies of the Methodist church will give a chicken supper at "Journey's End," the delightful home of Mrs. Winchell, this Thursday evening beginning at 5 o'clock. Everybody invited to the supper.

Mrs. Harry Searls returned to her home in Cincinnati, Ohio, last Friday night after having spent several weeks with her sister, Mrs. J. A. Turney.

The announcement of the death of Mr. John W. Young, at Cumberland, Monday morning was received with much sadness. Mr. Young was a Christian gentleman, a valuable citizen of Allegany county and a prominent member of the I. O. O. F.; was a member of the reunion committee in charge of the great I. O. O. F. meeting at the Park next July 22. He was a stockholder of the Mountain Lake Park Association and at one time was a director and secretary of the Association.

The Pentecostal encampment closed late Sunday night. The tabernacle was crowded with people. Six people were immersed in the lake at 2 p. m. The wet weather greatly interferred with the attendance at the meetings.

The camp meeting instituted over a quarter of a century ago begins its annual session tomorrow night at 8 o'clock. A get-you-acquainted meeting will be held on the large veranda of the Deaconness' home, led by Rev. Dr. Baker and Dr. Dunham, an old friend of the Rev. John Thompson. Another meeting will be held on the Hotel Chautauqua porch, led by Dr. Gilmour. The public are invited to be present at these meetings. The camp meeting will continue until and including Monday night, July 10. Preaching service usual hours next Saturday. The camp meeting workers will arrive tomorrow. There are already camp meeting people here.

Albert White, secretary of the Odd Fellows reunion, is sending out printed matter about this great gathering. He received a letter last week from Romney, W. Va., Odd Fellows asking to be included in the arrangements. The program for the day is being arranged. Noted public speakers will be here. The parade of the Daughters of Rebecca will be of interest. The bands will be enjoyed.

The usual Camp Meeting services all day at the Tabernacle. Sermons by very able preachers. The usual fine choir will be in attendance led by Dr. Gilmour.

Rev. Dr. W. D. Reed, of Grafton, West Va., former Superintendent of the Oakland District, M. E. church, is here for a day or two attending the Epworth League convention now in session in the local Methodist church.

MEMBER OF PIONEER FAMILY VISITS OAKLAND

Interesting Bits of Early Garrett County History.

Mrs. Mary Townshend and daughter, Miss Lena, left for their home in Baltimore county one day last week, after a visit in Oakland with her niece, Mrs. A. D. Naylor and family.

Mrs. Townshend was born and raised in this county, her father coming here in the year 1833 from Prince George's county, settling on what is now known as the Meshack Mattingly farm at Hoyes, where Mrs. Townshend was born in 1834. Her father, Singleton Townshend, Sr., died there in 1836, and was buried in the Drane family private burying ground at Accident, 80 years ago. She lived on the old place until the year 1847, when she moved with her mother to the Armstrong farm, now the home of Mr. John T. Mitchell, near Oakland, and from there they moved to town in 1851.

She married a cousin, Mr. John Townshend, of Prince George's county, in 1851, the year the railroad was completed as far as Oakland, and took a wedding trip east, going on the first passenger train running through here.

Mrs. Townshend was a sister of the late S. L. Townshend, of Oakland, and is the only surviving member of the family, and is now 82 years of age. She had not visited Oakland for many years, and recently decided that she would like to make a trip to her native county. She was much surprised to see the many improvements which have taken place on the farms and the good roads as they now are. She visited many of the scenes of her childhood, going by automobile, and looked up many of her girlhood friends and acquaintances. During a visit to the Mattingly farm, where she was born, she was able to recall many of the old landmarks and located the old log home that stood just in front of the present house, and also noted where stood the cabins that were occupied by the slaves that belonged to the original Townshend family and which stood nearby. The old spring and its ever refreshing waters brought back many vivid recollections of the past. She stood on the foundation of the old chimney and had her picture taken, surrounded by the old trees and hills of her girlhood days.

Quite a number of her old associates are still living, among them being Mrs. Mary Browning DeWitt, her girlhood chum, widow of the late Arch DeWitt, who lives at Hoyes on the old DeWitt farm with her son, J. Arthur DeWitt, and another of whom is Fish Commissioner R. T. Browning, Mrs. DeWitt's brother, who was a schoolmate at the old Sang Run school. These people had not seen each other for about 70 years, and during Mrs. Townshend's visit here, Mrs. DeWitt motored to Oakland and spent a day living and talking over the olden days and the conversation was interesting, not only to these old friends, but to the younger people who were present.

Mrs. Townshend is one of the few people still living who was well acquainted with many of the early settlers of this section of the county and was a personal friend of Mr. and Mrs. McCarty, the founders of Oakland, and remembered well Mr. and Mrs. McHenry, who settled on a farm at the place which now bears their name, together with a number of slaves, who are buried on the old McHenry farm.

When Mrs. Townshend left for her home, she was profuse in her thanks to relatives and friends who assisted her in making the trips to these various places of especial interest to her, and she could hardly realize the great changes that have taken place. The country between Oakland, McHenry, Hoyes and Sang Run was a vast wilderness of pine forest, which has been mostly cut out and where unimproved at this time is timbered with oaks and shrubbery.

BITTINGER.

The Children's Day program, rendered by the Lutheran Sunday school last Sunday evening was a most successful and entertaining affair, and the young ladies who had charge of the training of the little folks deserve commendation for their untiring efforts and the pleasing and entertaining manner in which each number was rendered. The music furnished by the choir was very excellent.

The heavy rain on Saturday night hindered to a great extent the success, financially and socially, of the lawn fete announced for the evening.

Clyde Broadwater made a business trip to Oakland one day last week.

It is reported that a few nights ago John Beitzell heard some midnight prowler about his premises and used his shot gun, but with what effect is not known.

Thomas H. Brenneman was numbered among the sick last week.

It is announced that there will be protracted services at the Bethel Baptist church, on the Foxtown road next week.

George Wiley is getting a sawmill moved onto his farm to do some custom sawing.

For Sale.

I offer for sale the property known as the Swanton Mill, located at Swanton, Garrett county. The mill is fully equipped to do a general milling business, the machinery consisting of boiler and engine, 1 stand of 7 x 18 rolls with bolting outfit for same, scourers, shucker, etc.; 1 French Burr, cracked corn seive, also table meal bolts, emery rig. This property will be sold at a reasonable figure. Building 46 x 60 feet. If interested address.

W. H. OSS,
18-4t Swanton, Md.

Auditor's Notice.

Howard G. Robinson, v. William Butler Admr, et al.
No. 1979 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Notice is hereby given to the creditors of Canada Butler, deceased, to file their claims in the above entitled cause, with the Clerk of this Court properly authenticated on or before the 2nd day of July, 1916, as I shall, on the 10th day of July, 1916, as I shall proceed to state an account distributing the funds in the hands of the Trustee in said cause.

EDWARD H. SINCELL,
Auditor.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Second National Bank

OF CUMBERLAND

In the State of Maryland, at the close of business May 1st, 1916.

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans and Discounts	$2,214,714 30	Capital Stock	$200,000 00
United States Bonds	240,000 00	Surplus, Undivided Profits	375,839 39
Other Bonds, Securities Etc	378,715 00	Circulation	200,000 00
Banking House and other Real Estate	47,022 76	Deposits	2,757,419 03
Due From Federal Reserve Agents and other Banks	428,325 76		
Cash	214,480 60		
Redemption Fund	10,000 00		
	$3,533,258 42		$3,533,258 42

DIRECTORS:

D. ANNAN L. M. SHEPHERD ROBERT R. HENDERSON
JAMES CLARK W. BLADEN LOWNDES O. C. GEPHART
TASKER G. LOWNDES JOHN KEATING
JOHN SCHWARZENBACH

D. ANNAN, President

W. BLADEN LOWNDES, TASKER G. LOWNDES
Vice Presidents

D. F. KUYKENDALL, Cashier

THREE PER CENT INTEREST PAID ON SAVINGS DEPOSITS

HAVE A LOOK AT THE

Enger Twin Six

AND

OVERLAND

Cars and ask for a demonstration when in the market for a car

Oakland Garage

AGENT

MADE BY
LOUISVILLE SOAP COMPANY
INCORPORATED
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY

CLEAN EASY NAPTHOLINE SOAP

Will go as far as TWO five-cent cakes of ordinary soap. It will cost you only 5 cents. (Cleaneasy saves the rub.) No rubbing, no scrubing, no wearing out of clothes. Just soaking, then boiling for ten minutes; a good rinsing and out on the line they go, absolutely clean.

Circulars and trial orders by parcels post at 5 cents a bar.

Sold by CHARLES S. DAVIS, Manufacturers Agent, Oakland, Md.

Adv.

Farm for Sale

Containing two hundred and seventy-six acres. About 175 acres cleared and in good cultivation and the balance in timber.

Located twelve miles west of Lonaconing in Garrett county in the Fairview settlement. With seven or eight never failing springs on it. One dwelling house containing seven rooms and a good cellar; bank barn 40 x 60 feet and all other necessary outbuildings.

Good apple orchard of about 200 bearing trees and all other kinds of fruits.

If not sold prior to January 1st, 1917, the property will be for rent.

For any other information call on or address the undersigned.

JONAS WEITZELL,
Lonaconing, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Testamentary on the estate of

MINNIE SMITH

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 29th day of December 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 29th day of June 1916.

WALTER D. SMITH,
Executor,
Hazelton, W. Va.

Proposals Wanted for Municipal Work.

Notice is hereby given that the Mayor and Town Council of the town of Oakland will receive bids for scraping and painting the Third Street and the Oak Street Bridges in the town of Oakland until eight o'clock P. M., Monday, July 3rd, 1916.

Specifications: The Third street bridge is to have one good coat of paint on both iron and wood work, the iron work to be scraped and inspected before painting, and graphite paint is to be used to cover iron work.

The Oak street bridge specifications are as follows: That portion of the iron work located beneath the floor of said bridge is to be scraped and inspected before painting and is to be covered with one coat of graphite paint.

The said Mayor and Town Council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the Mayor and Town Council of Oakland.

GEORGE GEISSMAN, Mayor.
ARTHUR LAWTON, Clerk.

REAL BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE

One of the most desirable residences on Alder street in Oakland, now owned by M. A. Carney, and occupied as a residence by States Attorney Jones, is offered at a very attractive price.

A valuable 90 acre farm near Ottaway, Garrett Co., on the line of the proposed new state road to West Va., and a very desirable piece of real estate.

Improved farm of 138 acres near Swanton, Garrett Co., improved by nine room dwelling, barn and young orchard now bearing. A safe investment.

JAS. D. HAMILL,
Real Estate Agent.

FOUNDED 1888

THE GARRETT NATIONAL BANK

FOUNDED 1888

OF OAKLAND, MARYLAND

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, - - $115,000.00

THE highly developed facilities of this Bank resulting from 28 years of careful and conservative management together with prompt, efficient and courteous service, are offered as the basis for a satisfactory business connection.

OFFICERS

G. S. HAMILL, President. D. E. OFFUTT, Jr., Vice President.
G. A. FRALEY, Cashier. H. L. JONES, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS

GILMOR S. HAMILL, JOHN T. MITCHELL, DANIEL E. OFFUTT, Jr.
JOSEPH E. HARNED. GEORGE A. FRALEY, HARLAND L. JONES CHAS. S. DAVIS

Interest paid on Time Deposits. Safety Deposit Boxes for Rent.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PROMPT SERVICE

We have just received two cars of Buggies and Carriages and are absolutely the nicest we have ever had. They are going fast and we suggest that you make your selection at an early date.

We also have just unloaded another car of Buckwheat Fertilizer at the right price.

Do not forget that we can furnish you with Twine, Mowers, Rakes, Tedders, Binders, Side Delivery Rakes, Corn Cultivators, Drain Tills, in fact anything for on your farm.

Our stock we have bought before the advance and are therefore able to give you the old price.

Make our store your supply house and keep in mind that:

"Naylor has it and sells it for less."

Yours to please,

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.

Oakland, Md.

BOTH PHONES EASY TERMS

C. N. McINTIRE

SUCCESSOR TO

J. M. DAVIS & SONS

OAKLAND, MD.

Some of the lines we handel, Alabastine, Binder Twine, Myers Hay Tools, Roofing, Water Cooler's, Refrigerator's, Bicycles, Paints, Washing Machines, Standard Sit Straight Sewing Machines, Best Gasoline Iron on the market for only $2.95.

Come in and see us.

C. N. McINTIRE,
Oakland, Maryland.

D. E. BOLDEN

Furniture Dealer and Funeral Director

HAVING moved my furniture business to the Manhattan Hotel store room, I am prepared to serve the public to the best of my ability, having now in stock the finest line of Furniture ever brought to the city and which I offer as cheap as it can be bought in the wholesale markets.

All I ask is a chance to name you prices.

My stock is complete in every detail, and which consists of Furnitnre, Carpets, Mattings, Window Shades, Bedding of all kinds, large and small Rugs—in fact everything with which to furnish a house from cellar to attic.

I am also prepared to give estimates on Buildings and repair work—from a pig pen to a palace.

Call and see me; I will treat you fair and square.

Thanking the public for past favors and soliciting a continuance of the same, I remain.

Yours respectfully,

D. E. BOLDEN

A store room for rent on State Street, East end. Apply to P. J. Knapp, Terra Alta, W. Va. Adv. 18-3t*

Mr. Albert Enlow, of Hoyes, spent Tuesday and Wednesday of last week in Oakland.

Mrs. M. L. Snyder, of Pittsburg, Pa., is here as the guest of her sister Mrs. M. M. Ashby.

Miss Josephine Browning, of Sang Run, spent a portion of this week with friends in Oakland.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Pendergast accompanied by Messrs. John Martin and Dick Shaffer motored to Cumberland last Sunday.

Mr. Elmer Haulenbeek, who generally spends the week end with his family at Deer Park, visited Atlantic City on Sunday.

Mr. J. M. Crane, of Kingwood is in Oakland for a few days looking after some property interests at Loch Lynn Heights.

Mr. C. H. Linville and family, of Baltimore, have arrived in Oakland and are occupying their summer home on Oak street.

Mr. W. S. Sharpless, of near Swanton, spent Monday and Tuesday in Oakland on business, returning to his home Tuesday afternoon.

Mrs. Leah F. Sincell left Oakland Wednesday for an extended visit to her old home folks in Frederick county, Md., and also in Frederick City.

Mr. and Mrs. George Shartzer spent Sunday at Farmington, Pa., where they visited their son and also Mrs. Shartzer's mother, who is quite ill. The trip was made by auto.

Mr. Harry Helbig and daughters Misses Evelyn and Lillian, of Oakland, have gone to Jasper, Michigan, where they will be the guests of relatives for two or three weeks.

The family of Mr. Charles McHenry Howard, of Baltimore, who have maintained a summer home in Oakland for upwards of a half century, are here for the heated term, having arrived last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Cyrus DeWitt, who recently sold their property adjoining Oakland and moved to Ohio, returned to Garrett county one day last week, Mr. DeWitt declaring that there is no place like his native hills. They are now located at Crellin.

Sheriff Ashby had posters printed at this office recently advertising at public auction on July 15th at the home of Charles W. Bittinger near the town of Jennings, two horses, one cow and vehicles, calves, etc., to satisfy a writ of execution.

Mr. F. G. Swalp, of Guard, this county, was in the city last Friday when he called at this office. Mr. Swalp has been engaged for a number of years past as an employe of the Standard Oil Company at its pumping station located near Guard and was just recently promoted.

Mr. W. H. Oss, of Swanton, where he is engaged as proprietor and manager of the mill, was in Oakland Monday spending the day here on business. In another column Mr. Oss advertises his property located at Swanton at private sale. For particulars see the advertisement

Mrs. Paul A. Trageser and her young daughter, Susan Anne Trageser of Baltimore City, will be at Deer Park on Saturday, to remain during the summer. Mrs. Trageser was formerly Miss Irene Haulenbeek. She has been a Deer Park visitor since she was a little girl, and has derived much benefit from her summer sojourns in the mountains. Mrs. Frank Morse, of Philadelphia, will accompany Mrs. Trageser to Deer Park.

Miss Bess Offutt entertained Tuesday afternoon.

Mumps and measles are again prevalent in Oakland, many persons having fallen victim to the diseases.

Miss Douglas Sincell entertained a number of friends at her home in Oakland last Friday afternoon.

A circus touring Western Maryland has cut out the "Mexican" feature in the "Carnival of Nations."

Mrs. Arthur Schlossnagle, of North Braddock, Pa., is visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Ault, near town.

Miss Crooks, of Keyser, W. Va., spent several days in Oakland last week where she was the guest of Miss Douglas Sincell.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Bosley accompanied by Misses Birtie Lawton and Edith Bolden motored to Cumberland last Friday to take in the show.

Furnished rooms; bath with hot and cold water; with or without board, in quiet, beautiful section of the Park. Address Box 64, Mountain Lake Park. Advertisement. 18-3t*

Mr. and Mrs. B. E. Thomas, of Tunnelton, West Va., are in Oakland guests of their son, Mr. W. L. Thomas, assistant cashier of the First National Bank.

The Public Library needs your assistance and the way to give it is to attend the poarch party at the home of Mrs. Benj. H. Sincell in Oakland this evening.

Miss Margaret Howell accompanied by Miss Helen Townshend, Dr. Darby, and John Hart spent last Friday in Cumberland, taking in the circus while their.

Mr. Sam Speicher, of Bond, Kentucky, where he is engaged with the Bond-Foley Lumber company, is spending this week in Oakland where he is the guest of Mr. Milton Sincell.

The Mayor and Town Council of Oakland, by advertisement published elsewhere in these columns today, invite bids for the painting of two bridges in Oakland. See advertisement for particulars.

Miss Ziel, of near Pittsburgh, Pa., is here on a visit to her brother, Prof. H. A. Ziel, instructor in the Summer School for Teachers, which will close an exceptionally successful term of five weeks on Friday afternoon.

Among those who attended Floto & Sells circus last Friday in Cumberland were: Messrs. John Sweeney, Wm. R. Browning, Wm. Lawton, Mike Kelly, Ted Burk, Elwood Hinebaugh Semmes Hamill, John Little and Julius Walters.

Rev. Dr. T. D. Richards, for nearly twenty-eight years pastor of the Germantown, (Md.) Presbyterian church and for some years a director in the Mountain Lake Park Association, spent Tuesday at the Park and in Oakland on business.

Mr. Fred S. Schoch, of Crellin, who has been employed by the Carnegie Steel Co., at Homestead, Penna., for the past several months, has been promoted as inspector of the nickel chrone department of the works. The many friends of Mr. Schoch in Oakland and community wish to congratulate him on his success.

Mr. Newman Rodeheaver, son of Mr. Ami Rodeheaver, of Stony Ridge Farm, brought to the Republican office a quantity of apples grown on the farm and picked in the fall of 1914. The fruit had been kept stored during the intervening time and was quite well preserved, showing no signs of decay and retaining to a marked degree the natural flavor of the apples.

Mr. Jack Grimes, of Keyser, was in the city yesterday on business.

Mr. Burt Wilson, of Wilaon, was in the city yesterday afternoon on business.

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Offutt spent last Saturday in Cumberland, where they visited relatives.

Hay machinery of all descriptions at Naylor & Co.'s Advertisement it.

Col. George A. Pearre, of Cumberland, spent Tuesday in Oakland on professional business.

Col. and Mrs. Morris Painter and their daughter Miss Clara, of Greensburg, Pa., accompanied by Mr. John Wegley, also of Greensburg, were guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. Scott T. Jones at their home on Second street, the party returning to their homes Sunday afternoon by automobile.

Miss Eleanor Davis will be available for lessons in piano and voice after July 1st at the Stone cottage, Mountain Lake Park. A term of fifteen lessons in voice will be given for $10; a term of fifteen lessons in piano for $8. Advertisement.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Mr. Lloyd C. Shaffer and family, who have occupied a house on Third street during the past winter and spring, are moving to the recently remodeled cottage located on Mr. Lewis Bush's property overlooking town. The new home of the Shaffer family is delightfully situated and is quite an improvement.

Hog cholera has become epidemic in certain portions of the county and as a result many farmers have lost at least portions of their droves. Recently Dr. Melody, the veterinarian, has inoculated some fifteen droves of the animals and this has checked the ravages of the disease to a great extent.

Mr. Ross C. Durst, son of Mr. Madison Durst, of New Germany, who graduated about a year ago from a western university where he completed a course in civil engineering, is in his native county for a short vacation. Mr. Durst is now in the employ of one of the great western railways with headquarters at Indianapolis, Ind., having the road from that point on to Chicago under his charge.

Mrs. Elmer Haulenbeek and her son Elmer Haulenbeek, Jr., of 315 E. 24th street Baltimore City, are at Deer Park for the summer. Mrs. Haulenbeek is a great believer in the healthfulness of this beautiful mountain section of Maryland, and her son, Elmer Haulenbeek, Jr., who has been visiting his grandmother, Mrs. Geo. Haulenbeek, at Uplands Cottage since he was a tiny tot, is a fine specimen of manliness and good health.

Mr. J. W. Whorton, of Oakland, has added a complete power cement mixer to his equipment, the machine having been received here the latter part of last week from the manufacturers. On Tuesday Mr. Whorton with a crew of men took the machine to Accident where he will be engaged for the next several weeks building pavements and laying a cement roadway from the present State road to the entrance of Senator Ravenscroft's grounds some distance below.

Mrs. Lewis Walter, of this city, spent several days of last week visiting her son Dave and family at Deer Park.

A. D. Naylor & Co., have just received another car of Buckwheat Fertilizer. Advertisement

Misses Bertie Turney and Dessie Rodeheaver spent yesterday in Westernport, where they visited Miss May Rodeheaver.

Assemblyman and Mrs. F. G. Fox, and Rev. and Mrs. L. K. Young, all of Friendsville, were in Oakland several hours Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert White have moved into the Stewart property on Third street, which was recently vacated by Mr. L. C. Shaffer and family.

Mrs. J. H. White and little son, of New York, who were the guests for several days recently of Mr. and Mrs. James D. Hamill, returned home this morning.

Delay is uncertain. Get your buggy or surrey for the 4th at A. D. Naylor & Co.'s. Advertisement.

WANTED—A white girl to assist in the care of a child one year old and also around the cottage; no cooking. Please apply at once at Price Cottage, Mt. Lake Park.

MRS. SWARTZELL,
P. O. box 125.
Advertisement.

Mr. A. M. Chisholm, of near Selbysport, spent a few hours in town yesterday on his way home from a visit to relatives over in District No. 8. He was accompanied by Mr. Potter, also of Selbysport District.

Mr. Frank M. Wheaton, manager of the Maryland Branch of the Union Central Life Insurance company of Cincinnati, of which Mr. G. A. Fraley of Oakland, is the local representative, spent a few hours in Oakland yesterday morning on business connected with his company.

Successful Men

Need the services of a strong, substantial Bank in the expansion of their credit.

We Accomodate

our customers up to the full limit of the credit they have established with us. The way to provide against that possible future need is to open an account with us

Now

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OAKLAND - MARYLAND

Notice to Creditors

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

MICHAEL LAVELLE,

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 9th day of November, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 9th day of May, 1916.

W. H. METCALF,
Swanton, Maryland.

Notice to Creditors.

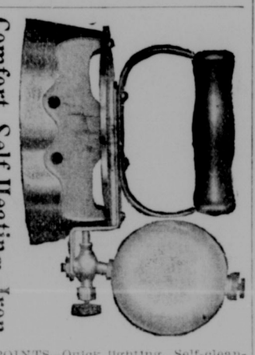
This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans Court, Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

ELIZABETH LEE

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the9th day of December, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 9th day of May, 1916.

ALBERT. L. LEE,
Administrator,
Kitzmiller, Md.



Comfort Self-Heating Iron.
5 Hours at Cost of One Cent.

TWO POINTS—Quick lighting. Self-cleaning and perfect regulation of heat. Weighs six pounds. Guaranteed safe and satisfactory. Price, $5.75 each. Order today.

J. AMEEN, Kitzmiller, Md.

Notice To Tax-Payers

This is to notify the Taxpayers of Garrett county that the Annual Levy for 1916 has been made and published, and to call their attention to the following abstract of Section 15 Chapter 526, Acts of 1916, relating to the discount to be allowed and the interest to be charged on all tax bills:

This is to notify all taxpayers that no discount will be allowed for the prompt payment of State taxes levied for the year 1916.

Chapter 526 of the Acts of 1916, provides that "the State taxes are due and payable on the first day of July succeeding the levy, and if not paid on or before September first, interest shall be charged from said first day of September. Said State taxes shall be in arrear on and after the first day of January succeeding the date of the levy, and it shall be the duty of Collectors, Treasurers and other officers who may be charged with the collection of the same immediately thereafter to proceed to collect said taxes in accordance with the provisions of law for the collection of delinquent taxes. It shall also be the duty of the Collectors or County Treasurer or other officers collecting said taxes to make monthly returns and remittances to the Comptroller of the amounts thereof collected from time to time."

J. W. KIMMELL,
Treasurer.

We Carry in Stock

TIRES
TUBES
SHOCK ABSORBERS
CHAINS
SPARK PLUGS
DRY CELLS
TIRETITE

And many other accessories at the
OAKLAND GARAGE,
Prest-O-Lite Exchange,
Oakland, Maryland.

ORDER NISI.

No. 2914 Equity In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Maggie W. Thayer, vs. Ira W. Hardesty.

Ordered, this 24th day of April, in the year 1916, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in Equity, that the sale made and reported in the above cause by Fred. A. Thayer attorney named in the mortize, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 26th day of May, 1916, provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Garrett County, once a week for three successive weeks before the 19th day of May, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $200.00.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

J. W. Whorton & Son
CONTRACTING
PLASTERERS

Only the Best Material Used.

Best Grade of Wall Plaster on hand at all times.

CONCRETE WORK
of All Kinds.

All Work Guaranteed.

OAKLAND, - MARYLAND.

Notice to the Pulic.

My son, Lester Hetrick, who is under age, having ran away from my home and care, I hereby notify all persons, firms, etc., that I will not be responsible for any debts he may contract, and I also warn all persons against employing or harboring the said Lester Hetrick so long as he is not of legal age.

MELCHOR HETRICK,
Bittinger, Md.

Adv. 15-3t

Subscribe for The Republican.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

Half Hearted Service.

In 2 Kings 13th chapter we have a striking illustration of this. A certain King was encouraged by Elijah in his wars with Syria. He bids him take bow and arrows and shoot. It was the custom to shoot an arrow or cast a spear into the country they were to invade. When Alexander the Great arrived on the coast of Ionia he threw a dart into the country of the Persians. The dart, or spear, or arrow thrown, was an emblem of hostilities begun. Thus war was proclaimed. The chief of the heralds went to the confines of the enemies country, and after some ceremonies, said, with a loud voice, I wage war with you and then threw the spear. The parties thus defied or warned must take the matter under consideration and if they did not in 30 days war was begun.

The act of King Joash was then a declaration of war. It declared that deliverance in trouble can come from God only and hence He is the only source from which to seek it. But He employs human agencies in His deliverances. The bow and arrows were symbols of this.

Joash was to put hand on bow and shoot, indicating that man has his part to do in the Divine deliverances. But human agencies can only succeed as God strengthens the agent. Elijah's hand on the Kings signified that the power to gain the victory came from God.

The King was to shoot, which he did thrice and stopped. The incensed prophet told him he should have shot six or seven times then would the Syrians have been wholly conquered, but as it was, he would gain but three victims. Stopping as the King did showed a weakness in his character, a want of perseverance, a tendency to be satisfied with partial results; to stop short of the ultimate goal.

Notice how a very trival action may often show a great deal of character.

The reason we do not have more from God is because we ask not. The shooting of those arrows were prayers for and pledges of victories. He asked for and got three, whereas if he had asked for more he would have gotten them. We ask too little of God, hence like Joash, miss the full blessing by ceasing to ask.

Straws show which way the wind blows. Little things indicate the strength or weakness of character.

It showed a lack of zeal on the Kings part. He did not enter into the spirit of the symbolic act, which represented the smiting of his enemies. The prophet was justly indignant at this evident lack of zeal in obeying his commands, for he saw the greatness of his opportunity, the abundant favor which God was ready to grant, and the way it was stinted by the king's lack of receptiveness. He showed lack of zeal. Zeal is a passionate ordor in anything, eagerness in any cause, ardent and active interest. It is essential to success and a mark of a character governed by a supreme purpose and a thing much to be desired.

We do not value the intermitting spring as much as we do the clear brooklet, which laughed on its course unmindful of the scorching rays of the summer's sun.

We do not guide ourselves by the glow worm's fitfull flame. No, we look to the sun, which is our light poured through the window, lightening up our room, as if he knew how glad we were to see him brighten the flower cup and cheer the plant. We do not prize the affection of a stranger awakened by some casual congeniality and displayed in kindly greeting or in occasional courtesy, half so much as the patient bearing, the ready sympathies which make a summer whenever there is a house. In the natural and social relations; in the busy activities of men; in the enterprise of the world, the necessity for uniformity in zeal is recognized by all. Society puts its brand on the man who has not perseverance as well as earnestness about him. Society marks the builder without an object; who does not roof his house, either because of inability or because some other object dazzles his brain.

So matter of fact is the world now that it jostles the genius off the foot path, while the plodder, whose eye sparkles less brilliantly, but more evenly and longer, steadily proceeds on his way to success. It was zeal that led the Son of Man to cleanse the temple, upon seeing which his disciples remembered that it was written the zeal of thine house hath eaten me up. It is demanded in secular things, how much more then in things religious. If it is essential in acquiring this world's goods, how much more in securing the endurable riches of heaven. If it is so commendable in warning of danger, how much more so in urging flight from the wrath to come. A story is told of the noted Welsh Evangelists, who was called a fanatican on account of his zeal.

One day, he said, "as I passed by a sand bank I saw some workmen buried in the falling sand, and I raised such a cry that I was heard more than half a mile away, but it rescued some of the workmen." You did not call me a fanatic then. No, that was zeal. Why call me fanatic, so soon as I raise my voice to warn men of a worse danger, that same zeal enabled him to lead many to the Saviour. A chaplain at the battle of Gettysburg, was so injured by the fall of his horse, that he was compelled to lie down on the field for the night. As he lay there he heard a voice crying in distress. Unable to walk he rolled to the sufferer, who was a dying soldier, to whom he presented the Saviour and soothed his last moments. Then he was sent for to attend a dying officer, to whom he had been carried by two soldiers. Thus he passed the long night, the soldiers carrying him from one dying man to another with whom he prayed, and spoke though he was compelled to lie on his back beside them. Such zeal on the part of the church would soon make it impossible to have anymore bloody Gettysburg's. A splendid illustration of the kind of zeal that ought to characterize Christians, is told of a Chinese convert who came to Hong Kong, from a town 100 miles in the interior. He had been converted through the labors of a Colporteur, but sought the missionary for instruction and advice Next year he came bringing a new convert whom he had won. The next and the next he came bringing two each time. The fifth time he came with nine. At the commencement of the next year he came again with sixteen converts. That was zeal worthy of imitation. There was no half heartedness there.

JOANNES.

BRICKYARD OR BAKERY.

The Peril of the Country Church.

Everywhere we find flourishing churches. Numerous organizations are succeeding, but we must not form our opinion by single examples. The truth remains that only one out of every three churches is growing. The others are slowing dying.

Dr. Edwin L. Earp of Drew Theological Seminary in speaking of the insufficiency of the church services in backward country districts says: "The message of the minister in the neglected pulpit of the dilapidated church building is about as effective in creating a community spirit as the noise of a lone wood-pecker on a dead tree in a swamp."

Dr. Earp believes in facing facts. So should we who compose the rank and file of church membership. To continue his remarks: "The greatest peril the church of the present has to face in the community is not the hostility of the people, but their indifference; the peril of unattractiveness to those who need her fellowship—the peril of being let alone by the multitude."

Instead of letting the church alone, the people should rally around it as a centre. People who claim to live according to its high ethical standards should recognize it as the front from which has flown all that makes for hope and happiness. All that is good of their lodges and fraternities, their clubs and their societies, was born of the church which they are now deserting. It has done much, but there is much yet to be done. It should not now be left anemic and dying.

However, in defense of the people let us say here that the church cannot be held blameless. In many communities the church represents simply a Sunday Service—a chance for the selfish to attain—dare we say it—a "Fire Insurance Policy". Consequently the non-church people take the view that if soul salvation is all that it represents they can get along without it.

Brickyard or Bakery! Is the desertion of the church due to the growing feeling that it is a brickyard whose silent walls care not for the everyday cares, the bread and butter side of life! Does it matter to the church if ignorance abounds, if avoidable poverty and drudgery are prevalent! Should the church cease its dreaming of the Other World for a part of the time and work more vigorously in bringing a little Heaven to this World!

Does it matter to the church whether the farmer makes a decent living! Should the janitor close the church doors on Sunday night and its function be considered as fulfilled for another two week period, tho the boys and girls seek doubtful pleasures elsewhere or leave for town, where the play instinct is recognized.

The "Brickyard" church is dying. It may well be dispensed with, but the "Bakery" type will live. It will seize every opportunity to serve its community and the community will repay it many fold. The decline of the country church will be checked, but it will be by ministers who preach the gospel and then help their congregations to apply it to community life.

The Country Life School and Conference for Maryland Ministers will deal with this and other opportunities of the country church, in its sessions July 24th to August 4th. Anyone interested may obtain complete information by writing to the Secretary of the Country Life Conference, College Park, Md.

For Sale.

Crooks Crest, comprising about twenty acres, improved by handsome house. Apply to the owner or any real estate agent. Mrs. E. Fundenberg, Oakland, Md. Adv. 12-tf

Notice to the Public.

This is to give notice that I am not connected in any way with any firm and will not be reasonsable for any bills only those that I contract personally.

MARY S. BROWNING.

Mt. Lake Park, Md., June 1, 1916.

Adv. 17-3t*

EARLY SPRAYING OF THE ORCHARD IS URGED

T. B. SYMONS,
Maryland Agricultural College.

The man who wins in the orchard business is the man who prepares for the harvest in the early spring. Trees should be pruned properly, and all dead wood and brush removed from the orchard. Both apple and peach orchards should be sprayed with the concentrated lime sulphur at a dilution of one part of the solution to nine parts of water. Growers can buy this material and make it themselves using 100 pounds sulphur and 50 pounds stone lime, 55 gallons water and boil for one hour. The home-made solution had better be diluted at the rate of one to seven or eight parts of water.

The above treatment will control the San Jose Scale, and aid in preventing leaf curl, a disease especially bad on the Elberta variety of peaches. All spraying apparatus should be gone over and put in good shape for work. It is expensive to stop work in the field to fix up parts or mend hose, etc.

Be sure that the spraying is done thorough, that is all parts of the trees should be hit especially the terminal twigs for it is on the tender wood that the scale settles. Trees can be sprayed with this dormant solution until the buds begin to swell.

Small Orchards.

It is the small growers that sometimes neglects this treatment. There are many home orchards in the state that are not producing a revenue. Now is the time to make their fruit good by first giving them a severe pruning and good spraying. In many places, such as towns, a group of people should get together and employ some one to spray their trees. In this way the work can be done more cheaply and satisfactorily, buy using a good barrel pump, than if the individuals attempt to do the work with small pumps. Orchardists who have been troubled with scab in apples should prepare to spray with Bordeaux mixture just as the bloom shows pink. Persons desiring further information should communicate with the Extension Service, College Park, Md.

EARLY HATCHED PULLETS MAKE WINTER LAYERS.

Poultry Keepers Are Advised As To Best Time And Methods of Hatching.

ROY H. WAITE,
Maryland Agricultural Experiment Station.

In order to get a flock of pullets that will produce well in early fall and winter the chicks must be hatched early enough so that they will have time to mature. A partly matured pullet cannot grow, keep warm, and lay eggs in cold weather. The time to get her matured is during the natural growing season when the weather is most favorable.

The period required for maturity varies with different breeds and it also varies with the way the chickens are cared for and fed. Two flocks of the same breed, hatched at the same time, may look very different when they are a few months old. Some flocks under favorable conditions may even mature twice as quickly as others poorly cared for.

Five or six months is usually considered about the proper time to allow for maturing the Leghorn varieties. They can sometimes be grown in a shorter period but it is not considered good practice to force them too much.

The heavier breeds like the Plymouth Rocks, Wyandottes, Rhode Island Reds, etc., require more time. Six or seven months should be allowed for them and with some of the extremely large breeds like the Light Brahmas an even longer time is required.

Hatch In April.

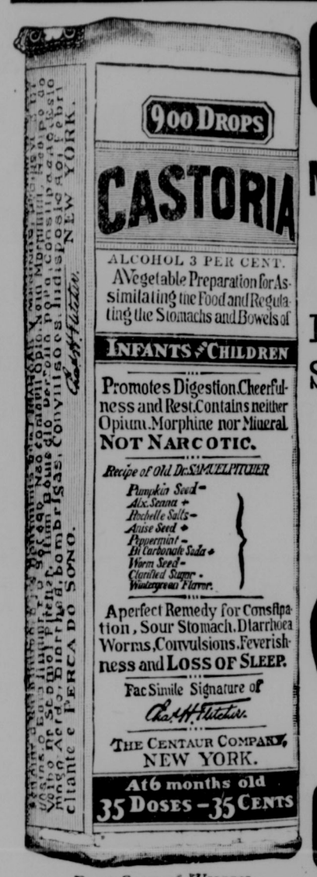
White Leghorns hatched during April will usually commence laying a few eggs about the first part of September and be laying in "full blast" in October. April is an ideal month in which to hatch this breed for the weather is usually such as to give the chicks a good start and they mature in time to fill in part of the gap between the moulting and the starting of the old hens to lay. White Leghorns hatched even as late as June sometimes begin laying about December and June hatched Leghorns are usually considered successful.

March is considered an ideal month for hatching the large breeds but it is often difficult, especially to those on farms, to have things in shape for such early hatching. In any event chickens should be hatched as early as possible.

Where one can make use of an incubator the problem is considerably simplified. An incubator is broody any time the lamp is lighted and the machine regulated, but it is often difficult to get hold of sitting hens before April.

OUR FARM BOYS AND GIRLS.

The boys of today will be the men of tomorrow, and the girls of today will be the homemakers for tomorrow's men. Wherefore let every one, now careless concerning the boys and girls on the farm, wake up and go to work to solve the greatest of all the questions before the American people: how to save the bright, wide-awake youth for the land and for the right kind of living, and home-making and farming in the country.



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For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

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THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

THE CITY'S BEST
MEAT MARKET
IN THE EMPIRE BUILDING.

Choice Steak, Boiling Meat, and all other kinds of meat. Highest cash price paid for Poultry and Eggs; also cash paid for Hides and Skins,

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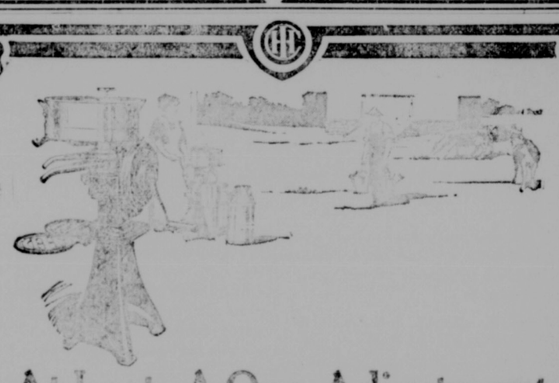

At Last--A One-Adjustment Cream Separator

BEFORE you buy any cream separator, come in and look at the Primrose. But one adjustment is needed to keep it in perfect operating condition. This adjustment is a simple one for keeping the bowl at the correct height—an adjustment that you or your wife can safely make.

The adjustment is made from the outside of the separator by either raising or lowering the bearing containing the hardened steel point, upon which the spindle revolves. A slight turn with a screwdriver, perhaps once a year, does the work.

The Primrose is a well-constructed, close-skimming, durable cream separator, one it will pay you well to buy. When can you arrange to see it?

International Harvester Company of America
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Primrose cream separators are sold by

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.,
OAKLAND, MD.

HAVE YOU HEARD THE
Aeolian Vocalion?

Come in and let us play your favorite selection on this wonderful new Phonograph

A full line of Columbia Records

Aeolian Vocalions sold on monthly payments.

STURGISS' PHARMACY
Representing Morrison Music Co., Cumberland.

The Republican--Garrett Co.'s Paper.

CARRANZA MADE CARRIZAL ATTACK

U. S. Demands Prisoners Back and Refusal Would Mean War

BAKER RUSHES MOBILIZATION

An Ultimatum sent to Gen. Carranza in Reply to One Received From Him Admitting Responsibility in the Carrizal Affair.

General Carranza, the head of the de facto government of Mexico, has assumed responsibility for the military regulation which resulted in the attack by Mexicans upon American troops at Carrizal. This fact was announced by the State Department, and promptly thereafter Secretary Lansing dispatched a communication to Carranza, demanding the release of the American prisoners who were taken by the Mexicans and a declaration of the attitude of the de facto government towards the United States.

While the communication is not a declaration of war, it is looked upon as a close forerunner of actual hostilities, inasmuch as upon the answer of Carranza will depend the issue of arms.

President Wilson at a conference in the White House gave Congress leaders the facts in the Mexican crisis and told them what his policy will be. Secretary Baker sent out orders for the State corps to hurry mobilization and start for the border.

Representatives of the Latin-American republics in Washington are conferring constantly with a view to preparing a combined proposal for mediation as a means of preventing a break.

The Mexican embassy has been officially advised that General Carranza has accepted "in principle" a tentative proposal to this end received by him from other Latin-American republics.

FUNSTON ASKS FOR 65,000 MILITIA

Request for Strengthening of Frontier Patrol.

Washington.—Major-Gen. Frederick Funston wired to the War Department asking that 65,000 men of the National Guard be sent to him as soon as they are available, to be stationed along the Mexican frontier "from Brownsville to the Pacific Ocean."

The request is understood to have been based on disturbing reports which have reached Funston's headquarters concerning the activity of Mexican forces south of the border.

Important developments of the Mexican situation were:

The United States sent to the Mexican Government a war note warning Carranza of the grave consequences that will follow a resort to arms by Mexico.

The President and Cabinet reached the firm decision to back up the note with the armed strength of the nation, even to the extent of calling out 500,000 volunteers to supplement the regulars and militia.

Ambassador Designate Arredondo suddenly cancelled an engagement with Secretary Lansing. Mexican Embassy officials regarded the war note as an affront, and possibly a casus belli.

Special Agent Rodgers informed the State Department of anti-American demonstrations in Mexico City, and said he had arranged to take all Americans on special trains to Vera Cruz, where the United States transport Hancock will be waiting to bring them to the United States.

At a White House war council it was decided to ask Congress to add 20,000 sailors to the navy at once and to increase the number to 33,000 in case of emergency.

Reports regarding conditions in Mexico City, recabled to the United States via London, state them to be appalling. There is no money. The people are resorting to barter. Food supplies are limited. The anti-American feeling is intense. Attacks have been made on all American property, including oil properties, it is added.

SOLD MILITIA GUNS TO MEXICANS

Colonel and Captain of Texas National Guard Convicted in U. S. Court.

Austin, Tex.—In the Federal District Court, Judge Russell presiding, Col. Emmet H. Walker of the Texas National Guard, residence, Austin, and Captain George J. Head, residence, Brownsville, were convicted by the jury with improperly disposing of property belonging to the War Department of the United States to residents in Mexico in rebellion against the constituted authorities of that country.

BLINDED HER HUSBAND

Disfigures Him With Lye So He Would Be Less Attractive.

Sherman, Tex.—Because she regarded her husband as too attractive Mrs. L. P. Gathright told authorities here she poured a quart of concentrated lye on his face and body while he slept, burning out both of his eyes and badly burning and disfiguring his body. "I did not want to kill him, but I did want to put his eyes out and spoil his handsome face so he would not be attractive to other women."

SAVE MOREY FROM DEATH IN DESERT

Tenth Cavalry Officer, Wounded at Carrizal, Is Carried to Pershing's Camp

SENDS REPORT OF BATTLE

Wife, at Austin, Texas, Receives Wireless Message Stating He Had Reached Pershing's Lines Safely—Mexicans Fired First Shots.

San Antonio, Texas.—General Funston has received the following report from General Pershing, transmitting a report written by Captain Lewis S. Morey, in a cave, wounded, after the Carrizal battle:

Major-General Pershing reports from Colonia Dublan, June 25, following message written by Captain Morey shortly after Carrizal battle, found in the hands of three men of Troop K returning from Carrizal and sent to Ojo Frederico by Lieut. Mayer:

Carrizal, Mex., June 21, 1916, 9:15 a. m. To commanding officer Ojo Frederico: "My troop reached Ojo Santo Domingo at 5:30 p. m., June 20, met Troop C under Captain Boyd, came under Captain Boyd's command and marched my troop in rear of Carrizal at 4:15 a. m. Reached open field to southeast of town 6:30 a. m.

"Captain Boyd sent in a note requesting permission to pass through town. This was refused. Stated we could go north, but not east. Captain Boyd said that he was going to Ahumada at this time. He was talking with Carranza commander.

"General Gomez sent a written message that Captain Boyd could bring his force in town and have a conference. Captain Boyd feared an ambush. He was under the impression that the Mexicans would run as soon as we fired.

"We formed for attack, his intention being to move up to the line of about 120 Mexicans on the edge of the town. We formed Troop C on the left in line of skirmishers, one platoon of K Troop on right of line, and another, K Troop platoon, on extreme right and eschaloned a little to the rear.

When we were in 300 yards, the Mexicans opened fire, and a strong one, before we fired a shot. Then we opened up. They did not run, but to make a long account short, after about an hour's fire in which both troops advanced. Troop C in the position of the Mexican machine guns and K closing in slightly to the left.

"We were very busy on the right keeping off a flank attack. A group of Mexicans left town, went around our right and our led horses left in a gallop.

"At about 9 o'clock one platoon of Troop K, which was on our right, fell back. Sergeant said he could not stay there. Both platoons fell back 1,000 yards to the west and together with some of Troop C, who were there, these men scattered.

"I was slightly wounded. Captain Boyd, a man told me, was killed. Nothing was seen of Lieut. Adair after fight started, so men stated.

"I am hiding in a hole 200 yards from field, and have one other wounded and three other troopers with me."

(Signed) Morey, Captain.

Commenting on Capt. Morey's letter General Pershing said in his dispatch:

"Three men referred to by Morey are three men who had above message in their possession. The wounded man was from Troop C, shot through the knee. Lieut. Meyer reports that the three men were rather dazed as to where they had left Captain Morey, but stated that on night of 21st they had carried him two miles; that Morey became weak, could go no farther and told them to leave him. The men thought he was dying from loss of blood and lack of water.

WORLD'S NEWS IN CONDENSED FORM

WASHINGTON.—Developments in the field of diplomacy decidedly encourage the hope of continued peace between the United States and Mexico.

MONTREAL.—Saskatchewan's reports on the crop situation show the grain in excellent condition.

WASHINGTON.—Department commanders of the army received orders from the War Department directing them to send all National Guard organizations under their command to the Mexican border as rapidly as they are mustered into the Federal service.

CARTAGENA, Spain.—The German submarine U-35, Lieutenant von Arnauld commanding, came into the harbor bringing an autograph letter from Kaiser Wilhelm to King Alfonso and hospital stores for Germans interned in Spain.

WASHINGTON.—The War Department is investigating report that Francisco Villa was at Escalon, Chihuahua, negotiating with Carranza officers for a commission in the Mexican army.

LONDON.—The Greek Government accepted in their entirety the demands made by the Entente Powers.

WEEK'S EVENTS IN NEWSY ITEMS

What the World Is Doing Told in Condensed Form.

MOVES IN THE GREAT WAR

Battles in Europe's Gigantic Struggle—Affairs at the Nation's Capital—Happenings in All Corners of the Country.

WAR BULLETINS

The French made three attempts to recapture trenches taken by the Crown Prince's army west of Fort Vaux. In the past three days the Germans took 424 prisoners in this secton, Berlin announced.

The city of Radautz, in the southern Bukowina, 11 miles southwest of the Sereth, fell to the Russians, according to official announcement by Petrograd.

The Russians, continuing their advance against the Austrians through Buckowina, have crossed the Sereth River southwest of Czernowitz and occupied the towns of Zadova, Strogi-netz and Gliboka.

New orders issued by King Constantine require the demobilization of 100,000 troops and grant full furlough to 60,000 men.

Speaking at Kelheim, King Louis of Baxaria strongly urged the population to persist in the war.

WASHINGTON

House passes $24,000,000 fortifications bill, which abolishes "stop watch" system, in Government arsenals.

President Wilson reviewed the District of Columbia National Guard as it marched to camp.

Increase in watermelon acreage and a slight decrease in that of cantaloupes this year is reported by the Department of Agriculture.

Fear for the safety of Americans at Vera Cruz, and the desire of many Americans to leave, has caused the Navy Department to issue orders for the transport Hancock to proceed as speedily as possible from San Domingo for that port.

Secretary Lansing delivered to Elieo Arredondo, Mexican Ambassador-Designate the formal reply of the United States to the threatening note sent by the Carranza Government, demanding withdrawal of the American forces from Mexico. The American reply flatly rejects the demand and serves notice on Carranza that "grave consequences" will result from any attack on American forces.

GENERAL

The U. S. Treasury Department will allow national banks along the Mexican border to remove their gold to inland points.

The Senate voted to continue the pneumatic tube service in the cities of New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Chicago.

A bill making school attendance compulsory for all children between the ages of 7 and 14 was passed by the Louisiana Senate.

Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, president of the National American Woman Suffrage Association sent a telegram to President Wilson demanding his position on suffrage.

Controller of the Currency Williams announced that he had authorized one of the largest national banks on the Mexican border to remove its gold reserve to an inland city, as a safety measure.

United States Senator James W. Wadsworth, Jr., resigned from Troop M, 1st Cavalry, N. G. N. Y., of which he was lieutenant.

Campaign for 20,000 additional men for the regular army has netted 10,110 recruits in the last 93 days.

Purchase of 50,000 horses and mules for the National Guard has been ordered by the War Department.

Vance McCormick, new chairman of the Democratic National Committee, resigned as a director of the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia.

Experiments to determine the availability of hydro-aeroplanes for scout duty at sea will be undertaken during summer manoeuvres of the Atlantic fleet.

Officials of the du Pont Powder Co., and the Midvale Steel Co., declare their companies able and ready to undertake all orders of the United States Government.

Mrs. Virgil D. Parris, aged 102, died at Paris Hill, Me.

Idle for eight weeks because of a strike of machinists, the Lloyd-Booth Department of the United Engineering Co., at Youngstown, Ohio, resumed operations with imported strike-breakers.

Wheat dropped below the dollar mark at Chicago for the first time since the 1914 boom. July closed at 99 3-4

Diplomas were awarded to 17 officers at the graduation exercises of the Naval War College at Newport, R. I.

One hundred thousand visitors saw Atlantic City's carnival parade.

Refined granulated sugar was advanced to 7.65 cents a pound by the McCahan Sugar Refinery of Philadelphia.

Mrs. Cruse Villa, wife of Francisco Villa, was deported from El Paso to Juarez.

A special session of the Vermont legislature will be called to provide for additional pay to the militia if they are held long in the Federal service.

Testing out new steel biplanes for border use, Oscar Brindley, famous aviator, ascended at the rate of 500 feet a minute in trials at Squantum, Mass.

Miss Florence Ramsay and three small children, her nieces, were drowned when a sailboat in which they were sailing capsized in the Nenana River at Jacksonville, Fla.

Degrees were conferred on 98 seniors at the 122d commencement of Williams College, Wiliamstown, Mass.

Pennsylvania Railroad office employes at Wilmington, Del., have practically unanimously offered to run trains in the event of a strike.

Daniel A. Pooling of Boston, has been selected to deliver the keynote address to the Prohibition National Convention in St. Paul, July 19.

President Wilson pushed a button in Washington opening the Fort Armstrong centennial celebration at Moline and Rock Island, Ill., and Davenport, Ia.

Carrying 900 marines to reinforce the American expeditionary force, the United States transport Hancock arrived at Santo Domingo.

The National Editorial Association met in convention in New York.

John D. Rockefeller, Jr., and a party of New York capitalists arrived at Lexington, Ky., on a trip of inspection in the Kentucky oil fields.

MEXICAN CAMPAIGN

A special train carrying 150 Americans left Mexico City for Vera Cruz.

The American commander's report blames Mexicans for unprovoked attack at Mazatlan.

British diplomatic agents in Mexico will look after American interests there in case of a break.

The first clash of arms between Carranza soldiers and American troops took place near Carrizal, an abandoned town on the Mexican National Railway, ninety miles south of Juarez.

Major-General Funston was ordered to recruit at once six new regiments of the regular army—four infantry and two cavalry.

No aggressive steps will be taken other than a mobilization of additional troops on the border unless the Carranza forces should begin hostilities.

The battleship Nebraska is at Vera Cruz assuring protection to American life and property.

Gen. Funston wired the War Department asking that a force of National Guardsmen to total 65,000 be sent to him as soon as they are available.

SPORTING

"Hans Wagner," says Johnny Evers, "is playing the best ball I have seen him play for a good many years. I think his work this season is by far the most wonderful thing in all the history of baseball."

Henry Stafford, captain of the 1916 Tufts baseball team and one of the leading players in college baseball, has joined the New York Giants. Stafford is a second baseman.

George Foster of the Boston Red Sox pitched a no-hit, no-run game against the Yankees at Boston.

The Yale baseball team elected Harry William Le Gore Captain for next year at the close of the series with Harvard.

Valentine Hood, a pugilist, died at the National Sporting Club in London after being knocked out during a bout.

Harold Crisp, a 17 ear-old pitcher of the Needham High School, Boston, has been signed by the Philadelphia Athletics.

Carl Morris of Sapulpa, Okla., knocked out Dan Daley of New Castle, Pa., in the first round of a scheduled ten round bout. Morris weighed 241 pounds and Daley 235.

FOREIGN

Gen. Obregon, Carranza's Minister of War, sent a circular to all the military commanders of the republic ordering a general amnesty and authorizing them to enroll for active service all rebel leaders.

According to the Berliner Tageblatt, Herr von Batocki has not yet succeeded in righting the food distribution.

Arabs revolt and take Mecca from Turks. Jiddah and Faif are held and Medina is closely besieged.

A serious anti-Turkish uprising in Arabia is reported.

Communial feeding of the population of Berlin will be started on July 7.

Lieut. Immelmann, the famous German aviator, is reported to have been killed in action.

Many bombs were thrown during rioting by textile workers at Barcelona, Spain.

William Lonsdale, a British prisoner-of-war, serving a sentence of 15 years for striking a guard at the Doberitz prison camp, has been pardoned by the German Kaiser.

Fat cards have been issued by the Government of Saxony.

The House of Commons voted a memorial to Lord Kitchener. A monument will be erected in London.

RUSSIANS OCCUPY ALL OF BUKOWINA

Pressing Drive, Czar's Forces Capture Two More Villages in the South

MANY PRISONERS SEIZED

London.—Russian troops have conquered all of the Austrian crownland of Bukowina, and the Austrians are falling back into the Carpathian Mountain passes as the Czar's forces continue their advance.

Kimpolung, in the southern part of Bukowina, has been occupied by the Russians and the Austrians have retired between that town and Jokobeny and to the northwest have evacuated the heights south of Betrometti and Wiznic.

In the drive along the River Pruth the Russians have captured two more villages and large war stores of the enemy and many prisoners.

In Volhynia Petrograd records the capture of a redoubt near Czartorysk, the repulse of attacks southwest of Lutsk and an advance north of Radziviloff, while Berlin reports the putting down of Russian attacks to the east of Vladimir-Volynski and west of Dubno. Heavy fighting continues throughout this region.

The French during late attacks recaptured from the Germans trenches west of the Thiaumont redoubt northeast of Verdun and also made some progress in the village of Fleury, according to the War Office communication. There is no infantry activity in the Verdun region, but the bombardment on both sides of the Meuse continued without interruption.

On the British and Belgian front there have been heavy artillery bombardments of the German positions. This action is taken to indicate the British are preparing for their new offensive.

In the Posina region and south of Arsiero, in the Austro-Italian theatre, the Italians have attacked and driven back the Austrians at several points.

RUSSIANS TAKE BUKOWINA TOWN

London.—The Russian army, in pursuit of the fleeing Austrian forces, has continued its drive in Bukowina, capturing the town of Radautz, thirty-five miles directly south of Czernowitz. This advance is at a rate of ten miles a day. More officers, men and guns have been captured by the Russians.

In Volhynia the Germans and Austrians have taken the offensive against the Russians in an effort to halt the westward drive, and sanguinary conflicts are in progress throughout that district. Petrograd reports the enemy has been repulsed but Berlin asserts the Russians have been driven back. On the Stripa, in Galicia, portions of the trenches of the Central Powers have been captured by Russians.

An ajjarently general offensive has been opened by the Germans in the north from the Pripet marshes to Riga. Russian positions have been bombarded or infantry charges hurled against them. Petrograd asserts the infantry attacks have failed.

Heavy fighting has been resumed before Verdun and to the east in the Woevre sector, and at the foot of the Meuse hills the Germans are bombarding the French positions. Heavy attacks have been made against Hill No. 304 and Le Mort Homme and northeast of the fortress around Thiaumont, the Vaux Wood, Chapitre and Fort Laufee. Germans captured some advanced French trenches between Fumin Wood and Chenois, northeast of Verdun, at night, but the French official communication reports the positions regained in counter-attacks.

French aviators have been active, dropping bombs on Treves, Karlsruhe and Mulheim. In the air battles four German aeroplanes were brought down. The French lost one machine through motor trouble.

The Petrograd War Office announced the number of prisoners captured in the offensive in Volhynia and Galicia up to June 15 as 172,484 men.

HIS REWARD FOR ENLISTING

American Serving With British Fined as Unregistered Alien.

Plymouth.—George White, an American citizen and native of New York, after serving with the Royal Marines at Gallipoli, was charged with failing to register as an alien.

He had been invalided with a small pension and explained he did not register because he had been in the British service and thought it was unnecessary to do so. The nominal fine of five shillings was imposed.

ITALIANS BEAT FOE BACK

Lines in Trentino Unshaken, Despite Heavy Attacks by Austrians.

Rome.—Heavy attacks are being delivered by the Austrians between Magna Boschi and Boscon in the Trentino. The War Office announced that all the assaults had been repelled and that the Italian line remained unshaken. Progress was made northeast of Asiago and north of the Frenzela Valley.

The battle continues fiercely on the Sette Comuni plateau.

LANSING DEFINES PURPOSE OF WAR

To End Chaos in Mexico, He Announces to the Pan-American Nations

WORD OF CLASH AWAITED

Carranza Parleys May Lead to Fresh Negotiations — Wilson Against Any Mediation—Note to Latins to Forestall Their Action.

Washington.—While President Wilson was awaiting further information on the Carrizal ambush of American soldiers to determine his future course with Mexico, Secretary Lansing made public a communication to the diplomatic representatives of the South and Central American republics giving assurance that the United States, if war comes, will have no other purpose than to protect her own borders and her own citizens and will not intervene in Mexican affairs.

The action of the State Department in outlining to the southern republics this Government's policy in the event of war, was interpreted in some quarters as indication that the Administration is impressed by the imminence of conflict with the Mexican armies.

Whatever basis there is for this belief, it is known that one of the actuating motives in issuing the memoranda was to correct a rather prevalent impression in South and Central American countries that the United States is about to embark in a war of conquest against a weaker nation.

The charge of bad faith against the Carranza Government is phrased more diplomatically and less directly in the recent note to Carranza to which the attention of the South and Central American republics is invited.

It is plain that President Wilson wants Latin America to keep its hands off at present, fearing that an offer of mediation might embarrass him, and this memorandum is meant to assure that Mexican integrity will be respected.

HOUSE FOR MILITIA DRAFT.

In Opinion of Congress Emergency Demands Use of Guard.

Washington.—By practically a unanimous vote the House passed a joint resolution saying that "in the opinion of Congress," an emergency exists which demands the use by the President of the National Guard and authorizing the chief executive to draft the militia into the service of the United States. The vote was 332 to 2.

The same resolution appropriates $1,000,000 for the support of dependent families of National Guard members who have been called out because of the Mexican crisis.

Representatives London of New York, Socialist, and Huddleston, Democrat, Alabama, were the only members voting against the resolution on a roll call vote.

Mr. Huddleston asserted that the resolution amounted to conscription and drafted for a possible service of three years on foreign soil National Guardsmen who had enlisted for service within the United States.

CARRANZA IS BANDIT'S AID.

American Troops Will Not Be Withdrawn and Must Not Be Impeded.

Washington.—The American note, flatly rejecting Gen. Carranza's demand for the withdrawal of United States troops from Mexico, and rebuking the Carranza Government for the discourteous tone and temper of its latest communication, was handed to Eliseo Arredondo, the Mexican Ambassador-Designate for transmission to Mexico City. Copies were furnished to all the foreign embassies and legations, and a summary was cabled to Mr. Rodgers, the United States special agent at the Mexican capital.

PITH OF THE WAR NEWS

The Thiamont field work, southwest of the village of Douaumont, which has been subjected to repeated attacks by the Crown Prince's army in the past few weeks, fell to the Germans along with the French first line positions.

Huge movements of German troops from the western to the eastern theatre of war are under way. Within two days 100 troop trains passed through Aix-la-Chapelle. The troops are being used to stem the great Russian drive which threatens the Austro-Hungarian forces operating in Galicia.

Despite the fact that Germany has rushed three immense armies to relieve the Russian pressure on Austria, the German artillery and the German infantry have been attacking the French at Verdun with undiminished strength and violence.

According to Petrograd dispatches nothing but a miracle can avert the destruction of General Pflanzer's army, as General Letchitzky now holds a stretch of twenty miles on the Sereth River.

Spain and Germany have been in communication concerning peace. King Alfonso may make a move soon.

BOYS' CORN AND POTATO CLUB FOR GARRETT COUNTY

Movement Looking To Organization of Such Now Under Way.

Since Garrett County through some of its public spirited citizens has shown a decided willingness to do its part toward making the "Home State Tour," which is to be given this fall to the prize winners of the boys' corn and potato clubs, Mr. Reuben Brigham; assistant state agent, in charge of Boys' Club Work for the State of Maryland and representing the U. S. Department of Agriculture and the Maryland State College of Agriculture, is having a boys' corn and potato club organized in Garrett county, in order that Garrett may be represented by two prize winners, along with all the other counties of the state, in this "Tour."

The organization and care of the "Boys' Corn Club and Potato Club in each county is generally handled by the County Agent, but as Garrett has no County Agent as yet, Mr. Brigham has arranged with Mr. John McGill, Jr., of Cumberland, who is County Agent for Allegany County, through his assistant Mr. G. E. Eaton to organize and as far as possible assist the public spirited citizens of the county, among which are Messrs. R. E. Sliger, Dr. Fleming Howell, and Mayor Giessman of Oakland, Senator, Brown, Senator Speicher, also Mayor Bonig and Mr. J. O. Getty of Grantsville, in caring for the clubs this season.

Following is a letter to the boys whose names have been suggested, and a description of the "Home State Tour." Every boy between the ages of 10 and 18 who wishes to be enrolled should send his name and address, at once to Mr. R. E. Sliger, at Oakland.

Cumberland, Md.,
June, 27th, 1916.

My dear Friend:—Your name has been given me as a boy who would like to compete for the "Home State Tour" of Maryland, a description of which is herewith enclosed. This trip will be given as a prize to the boy who wins first place in either corn or potato contest, which will be held in each county of the State.

You will compete with boys in Garrett county only. The requirements of the contest are as follows:

Boys between the ages of ten and eighteen years are eligible and must grow an acre of corn or an eighth of an acre of potatoes. Keep an accurate record of the cost of growing this crop in a small book which will be forwarded to you upon receipt of your application blank. You will make an exhibit of ten ears of your corn or one peck of your potatoes at the Oakland Fair, and will write a small history of how you grew your crop. All of those points will be given a value in determining the awards.

CORN SCORE CARD:

Yield 30 per cent.
Showing of profit 30 per cent.
Exhibit 20 per cent.
History 20 per cent.

POTATO SCORE CARD.

Yield 40 per cent.
Showing of profit 30 per cent.
Exhibit 15 per cent.
History 15 per cent.

Usually the boy prepares his own seed bed, and plant his own crop, but since it is now too late for that you may select any acre of corn or eighth of an acre of potatoes which may now be growing on the farm, and care for it the rest of the season.

The cost of bringing this crop to the present point may easily be estimated. The time of each horse used must be charged at 5 cents per hour; your time or your father's time at 10 cents per hour; seed and fertilizer at actual cost; manure at $2 per ton, and rent of land at $5 per acre.

You should measure off your ground now, being sure it is large enough, and keep an accurate record of all labor expended on it from this time on. An acre is 4840 square yards.

Just before your crop is harvested, a committee of two disinterested parties will visit you, measure with tape and stake off your plot.

Please sign and return your application card, to Mr. R. E. Sliger at Oakland, who has agreed to help in the organization of these clubs for the present. If you know of any other boys between the ages of 10 and 18, who would like to compete for this trip, have them send their names and addresses to Mr. Sliger as soon as possible.

There may be other prizes for the boys who win 2nd, 3rd, and 4th places in the contest.

Very truly yours,
JOHN MCGILL, Jr.
County Agent for Allegany county.

P. S. Since Garrett has no county agent, I have been requested to act in his stead, for the present time and will write you as often as I do my boys in Allegany county.

The preliminary plan for the "Home State Tour" provides that early in November, the two first prize winners from the various counties shall be brought to Baltimore by rail, there being about 50 in all, and there divided into two parties of 25 each, and armed with credentials and carrying thousands of folders explanitory of the project, for distribution, will leave Baltimore and travel by automobile, one half to the Eastern shore, and the other half to the Western boundary of the state.

The boys from Western Maryland going east, and the boys from Eastern Maryland going west.

The Eastern shore party will go to Crisfield by way of Belair, Havre de Grass, Elkton, Cecilton, Chestertown, Centerville, Denton, Easten, Hurlock, Cambridge, Sharpton, Salisbury, Berlin, Snowhill, Pocomoke, with possibly an extra side trip to Princess Anne, all the points named will be automobile relay stops, while the night stops, where the boys will sleep, will be Elkton, Centerville, Cambridge, and Salisbury. At Crisfield the tourists will board a steamer for Baltimore.

The Western man and party will go to Oakland by the way of Ellicott City, Ridgeville, Frederick, Hagerstown, Hancock, Cumberland, Frostburg and Grantsvill, returning by rail. They will have a side trip to Harper's Ferry, and their night stops will be made at Frederick, Harper's Ferry, Hagerstown and Cumberland.

Owners of automobiles in Baltimore will take the boys to the first relay on both trips. Each relay point selected will furnish automobiles to take the tourists to the next point beyond, and so on to the end of the journey. It is roughly estimated that 200 automobiles will be required to travel from 30 to 40 miles. Organization of all the committee is now complete.

Upon the return of the boys to Baltimore, they will visit in a body Governor Harrington at Annapolis, and President Wilson at Washington. From there they will go to The Maryland State College of Agriculture, where they will be given a banquet. From there they will return to Baltimore and spend a day inspecting "The Maryland Week Exhibition", the greatest agricultural exhibit in the state. Returning to their respective homes by rail the next day.

The boys will be carefully chaperoned during the entire trip, which will occupy about two weeks, and a Mothers' committee has been appointed in each town through which the boys will pass to do every thing possible for their comfort while there. At every stop the tourists will be shown all local features of interest, and in many towns special programs and entertainments will be provided by the local boys and girls.

This will be one of the largest events of its kind ever held and is well worth every effort or sacrifice the boys may make to win it.

The tour is being given under the auspices of "The Baltimore Sun" cooperating with the "Maryland State College of Agriculture" and the boys taking it will be at no expense whatever.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

A Walk Out Third Street.

To the Editor of The Republican:

The following paper was read before the Civic Club at a recent meeting and its publication in the columns of your journal was requested. Will you kindly give it space. THE CLUB.

A few days ago I had occasion to walk from the Court House to a place several blocks north, and no very keen observation was required to notice several features which the town or county might well improve.

The first place to strike the attention is the Court House itself. At first glance it appears to be the handsome, well kept structure which was Oakland's pride a very few years since; but a second look shows that the concrete wall, which consumed a whole summer in building, is literally crumbling to bits in many places. Not only is there not a square yard without cracks, but also in several spots the top dressing has come off and the inner work itself is giving way. At this rate it can only be a short time until the wall is a ruin. The pavement outside, too, is in bad condition, and the lamp globes are so badly cracked that some of them cannot be cleaned. It is a thousand pities that we cannot be made to realize the lack of efficiency manifested in building a handsome structure and then letting it fall into absolute disrepair. Would it be possible, one wonders, to plant ampelopsis (which takes hold splendidly on concrete) at the top of the wall, and train it downward to cover some of the worst scars?

Across from the Court House is the town's perennial eyesore, the vacant, partly excavated lot with its heaps of rough stone and its flourishing weeds. The dock is in full flower now, and adds much to the general effect.

Going on a little way, we discover that two old buildings have recently been torn down by order of the town council. An excellent move, surely—but after all, are the piles of debris much improvement over the buildings themselves? There they lie—laths, plaster, old iron and tin, all sorts of things heaped up in crazy confusion. It seems rather a pity to have two full fledged junk piles in the very heart of town.

But to go on: The mill-yard is an unsightly spot, strewn with trash, and boasting a series of deep mud-holes after the heavy rains of last week; and the shaky little platform over the mill stream is hardly safe. The one-time cinder walk which runs a long block from here is now just a dirt path, and a narrow one at that; for the weeds have so encroached upon it and are so tall that pedestrians must walk in single file, perhaps, if they have vivid imaginations, fancying themselves strolling along some meadow byway. Even when the board-walks are reached, conditions are not always much improved: there are many excellent pavements at the north end of Third street, but also, alas! many ricketv, toppling boardwalks bordered on either side by high weeds.

But why continue; the sure-enough knocker, with eyes wide open for any defect, could probably find many more things to cavil at; but these are merely the notes of a random observer. Third street is probably a fair example of average Oakland. It is not the most beautiful street; neither is it the worst. (If you want a really educational walk, try Water Street.) As this tries to show, there is plenty of room for improvement. Is there anyway of bringing it about?

Gass by the car load at Treacy's Garage. Retail price 25c. gal. In drums of 53 gallons you can still get it cheaper. Fire-Stone Tires, we beat them all. Ford repairs, the largest line in town.

ATTENTION, FARMERS.

Domo Improved Cream Separators, $35.00 and $43.50.

C. N. MCINTIRE,
Adv. tf. Oakland, Md.

WILLIAM M. SOMERVILLE, Solicitor
Cumberland, Maryland.

Mortgagee's Sale

OF VALUABLE

Coal Lands

Together with Houses and Equipment of Operating Coal Company, the Property of Waitman Smokeless Coal Company at Steyer, Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage from the Waitman Smokeless Coal Company, a corporation, to the Coudersport Trust Company of Coudersport, Pa., dated the first day of May, 1914, and recorded among the mortgage records of Garrett County, Maryland, in liber No. 67, folio No. 32, etc., there being default in the covenants and conditions of said mortgage, the undersigned mortgagee will sell to the highest bidder at public auction in front of the Court House in Oakland, Garrett County, Maryland, on

WEDNESDAY,
The 2nd Day of August, 1916

at two o'clock P. M., all the following described property:

All surface and surface rights of the following parcels of land situated in District No. 8 of Garrett County, Maryland.

(1) Four small parcels of land comprising together nine acres, together with all the buildings and improvements thereon, including eleven tenement houses, more or less, and a large store building.

(2) All the coal in place including all those four tracts of land adjoining the above mentioned parcels of land containing 480 acres, more or less.

(3) All those parcels or tracts of land described in lease from the Bayard Coal & Coke Company to the Waitman Smokeless Coal Company, containing 493 acres more or less.

All of said tracts of land containg in the aggregate about 982 acres of land, nearly all of which is underlayed with the six feet and four feet veins of coal of quality and condition usually found in the Upper Potomac Region.

Reference is hereby made to the mortgage above mentioned and the several deeds therein mentioned for a more particular description of this property by metes and bounds. Also for reservations of several small parcels of coal which are reserved to original owners in said deeds, but which do not materially effect the value of said property.

(4) Also the following personal property: 65 one-ton 26 inch gauge mine cars, more or less, 23 tons of steel rails, more or less, one set Fairbanks Scales, one set Blacksmith's tools, one lot of mining tools, two boilers, with pumps, one engine, and all appliances and appurtenances thereto, all tram ways, hoists, mine props, and all other tools, buildings, structures, appliances and equipment for operating the said coal mines and mining plant, together with all the rights of ways of every kind and nature, including said tracts and switches, and all the houses, residences and buildings, tipple dumps, etc., now erected upon the said above described premises.

The mining plant has recently been repaired and put into good condition for the mining and shipment of coal, and is now an actual working proposition. Inspection of the property by prospective purchasers is invited.

Purchaser can be given immediate possession upon ratification of the sale by the Court.

TERMS:—A deposit of $2000.00 on the day of the sale, and the balance in cash upon ratification of the sale by the Court.

Coudersport Trust Company,
WM. M. SOMERVILLE,
Solicitor.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Testamentary on the estate of

JONAS A. SPEICHER

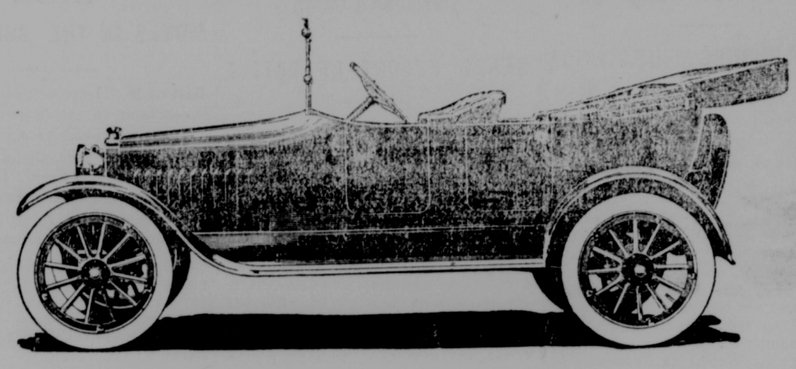
late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 15th day of December 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 15th day of June, 1916.

ALLIE SPEICHER,
CHARLES M. SPEICHER,
Executors.
Accident, Md.

SAXON "SIX"

big touring car for five people



Dramatic Editor of New York Journal Praises his Saxon "Six."

I have been driving a Saxon "Six" for the past month, and wish to offer an unsolicited recommendation.

To begin with, I own a seven-passenger car and have owned $5,000 cars for the past seven years. It is a remarkable fact, but I have never had any desire to operate a car myself, and have always employed a chauffeur. When I bought the Saxon "Six" I took one lesson, and then went forth in the "City of Gasoline" as my own chauffeur.

The car itself is a masterpiece in mechanism. It answers every call of the foot and hand. In short, it runs itself.

When you are stopped by traffic, and you want to start, it is off so fast, you are compelled to hold it back. Going up a hill, is the same as coasting down one. In appearance, no car for the money can approach it. When you pass others, whether they are in autos, or are walking on the street, they look upon this six-cylinder wonder in admiration, and only pass the most pleasing remarks.

Every man that owns a big car should own a Saxon "Six," and operate it himself to and from his office. Of course, it is hard to convince some men that they could run a car, but, if they tried once, it would settle the question.

I consider the Saxon "Six" a wonderful purchase for the money.

C. F. ZITTEL, Dramatic Editor, New York Journal.

For a Demonstration of this wonderful car, call at Liller's Barber shop or Kelly's Livery, Oakland.

LILLER & KELLY, Agents
OAKLAND, MD.

Notice to the Public.

This is to give notice that my wife, F. Ethel Rozier, has left my bed and board without just cause and that I will be in no way responsible for any debts she may contract.

J. W. ROZIER,
Kitzmiller, Md., June 10, 1916.
Adv. 16-3t

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, either in person or by deputy, will be in each of the Election Districts in Garrett County, Maryland, to collect and receive taxes at the time and places following:

July 10. McHenry, Brenneman's Store, 10 a. m. to 12 m.
July 10. Sang Run, Postoffice, 4 p. m. to 9 p. m.
July 11. Hoyes, Smith's Store, 9 a. m. to 12 m.
July 11. Friendsville, Crawford Hotel, 3 to 9 p. m.
July 12. Friendsville, Crawford Hotel, 8 to 11 a. m.
July 12. Selbysport, Postoffice, 1 to 4 p. m.
July 13. Cove, Brown's Store, 8 a. m. to 12 m.
July 13. Keyser's Ridge, Smearman's Store, 3 to 4 p. m.
July 14. Grantsville, National Hotel 8 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 15. Accident, Gies's Hotel, 8 a. m. to 2 p. m.
July 17. North Glade, Theo. Beckman's 10 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 18. Bittinger, Jonas Bittinger's, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 19. Bittinger, Jonas Bittinger's, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 20. Jennings, Jenning's Hotel, 9 a. m. to 12 m.
July 20. New Germany, Postoffice, 2. p. m. to 4 p. m.
July 21. Scott Layman's, 8 a. m. to 12 m.
July 21. Thomas J. Johnson's, 2 p. m. to 4 p. m.
July 21. Finzell, Werner,s Store, 6 p. m. to 8 p. m.
July 22. Finzell, Werner's Store, 9 a. m. to 12 m.
July 24. Avilton, O. S. Fike's, 9 a. m. to 12 m.
July 24. Stricklands, 4 p. m. to 8 p. m.
July 25. Merrill, Postoffice, 8 a. m. to 12 m.
July 25. Swanton, Swanton Hotel, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 27. Bloomington, Cleary Hotel, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 28. Bloomington, Cleary Hotel, 6 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 29. Deer Park, Squire Hoye's, 9. a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 31. Kitzmiller, Bank Building, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
August 1. Kitzmiller, Bank Building 9 a m. to 3 p. m.
August 2. Gorman, Duling's Mill, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
August 3. Red House 9 a. m. to 2 p. m.
August 4. Crellin, Company's Store 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
August 5. Ottaway, Connell's Store 10 a. m. to 4 p. m.

By an Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed at the January Session, 1896, being Chapter 566, Section 45, it is provided that all county taxes shall be due and payable on the first day of September next succeeding the date of levy thereof; and all taxes paid on or before the first day of September a discount of three per cent. shall be allowed; and after the first day of January all taxes shall bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum until paid. The Treasurer shall take the discount from and charge interest on the bills for county purposes regularly in the manner aforesaid and shall note the same upon his books and upon the receipt for taxes so paid, but the discount allowed on the county taxes by this section shall not be made to any person or corporate institution unless the whole amount of state and county taxes due by such person or corporate institution for the current year be paid when the same is made.

J. W. KIMMEL
Treasurer of Garrett County, Maryland.

The man Who Makes
A STUDY OF HIS
APPEARANCE

Is the man who best appreciates the detail of the tailoring we turn out The workmanship passes without a question, the fit is naturally a matter of course, but the shape we mould into the garments give them a character that finishes them off and makes the satisfaction of the owner complete.

All this is a bid for your next tailoring order. We know we can make you the best clothes you ever wore We want you to know it. That orde s the best and only sure way to settle he question.

JAMES BROCK,
Dixon Building,
Oakland, Maryland.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County Maryland, Letters of Testamentary on the estate of

JOHN M. DAVIS

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 8th day of December, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under our hand this 8th day of June, 1916.

CHAS. S. DAVIS,
JOHN W. DAVIS,
Executors
Oakland, Md.

Road Notice

This is to give notice that on July 18th, 1916, the undersigned viewers will meet at John T. Geary's gate and relocate and view out a new county road leading from Garey's gate through the lands of Edith Hileman, Adell Friend and Hiram Humbertson to intersect the Morgantown road leading from Selbysport to Sand Spring, at a point near John Myers' house and to disannul the old road now leading from Gareys gate to Hiram Humbertson's.

C. W. FRIEND,
WM. F. MYERS,
S. K. FRAZEE.

ROAD PETITION

This is to give notice that thirty days after the first publication hereof, application will be made to the County Commissioners of Garrett county for the appointment of viewers to view and locate a proposed change in a dangerous road leading from Hoyes to Oakland to intersect the State road near William Callis' and running through the lands of the said William Callis for a distance of from five to ten rods.

W. A. SMITH,
D. O. DEWITT,
J. W. CALLIS,
HAMILTON FRIEND,
AND OTHERS.

Published first time June 15, 1916.

Do You Use Gas?

If you do come to W. E. Shirer and inspect and have demonstrated to you the Direct Action Gas Range, with the regular cooking top, and the Direct Action Oven with the fireless cooker convenience added. The oven is the most essential part of all ranges and this range possesses the most marvelous oven yet produced which is a cooking oven as well as a baking oven and can be used to boil and bake at the same time.

The oven of this gas-range is operated on a distinctly new principle. The burners are placed in the oven itself; hence the name, "direct action." In design the range is on efficient cabinet type with a comfortable working height of thirty-two inches. Connected with the oven is a thermostat which reduces automatically the amount of gas allowed to flow through the burner at any temperature indicated. Thus at 200 degrees F. only a sub-flame burns, while if the thermostat is set for a temperature of 300 degrees F. the furners show a full flame until 325 degrees F. is reached, when the supply of gas is cut off and the flame is reduced to a mere pin-point, capable of maintaining the temperature set. With this arrangement an oven of known temperature can be indefinitely maintained, and this is a marked advance in gas-cookery. **The food is first placed in the oven, the gas is then lighted, and the thermostat is set for the desired temperature.** The practical results obtained in this oven, as well as the temperature readings, show it to be an excellent investment.

Call and see this range at the store of W. E. Shirer any day or if you phone W. E. Shirer he will demonstrate to you any evening. This range must be seen to be appreciated.

W. E. SHIRER,
Oakland, Md.

Advertisement.

THE REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME 41. OAKLAND, MARYLAND THURSDAY, JULY 6, 1916. NUMBER 19

AUTOMOBILE ACCIDENT

In Which Mrs. Charles Harvey Is Injured and Car Damaged.

On Tuesday at Addison, Pa., Mrs. Charles Harvey, of the Park, was slightly injured and the automobile of Mr. Harvey was badly damaged when it collided with another car driven by John Augustine, of Addison.

The accident occurred in the town of Addison and resulted through a misunderstanding of signals between the drivers of the respective cars.

Mrs. Harvey's injury consists of a lacreation of her foreherd which came in contact with the bows of the car driven by her husband, the forward portion of the car being badly wrecked. The Augustine car was also damaged to some extent.

Burglarized Planing Mill.

The office of the planing mill in Oakland owned by Messrs. W. H. Kahl & Sons was burglarized on Tuesday night or yesterday morning, entrance to the office being effected by cutting away the woodwork of the door leading into the office, but nothing was obtained by the burglars and no damage done except to the door and the destruction of some papers that were of no material value.

Finger Mashed Off.

Edgar Helbig, an employe in the Treacy Garage, had the misfortune on Saturday of having the second finger of his right hand so badly mashed when a car which he was repairing slipped from its fastenings and fell upon his hand, necessitating the amputation of the member. Dr. Darby performed the operation.

Dr. A. F. Speicher, of Los Angeles, Cal., accompanied by Mrs. Speicher and two daughters, arrived at Meyersdale, Pa., Monday and will visit relatives and friends in Garrett county before returning to their western home. Dr. Speicher was born and reared in the Cove and is a brother of Mr. Charles C. Speicher, of Accident. The trip from the west was made via Seattle, Washington, by boat to Vancouver; thence by the Canadian Pacific to Toronto and from there by boat through the Great Lakes and St. Lawrence to Montreal; from Montreal to Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Washington, etc.

FOUNDED 1888

THE GARRETT NATIONAL BANK OF OAKLAND, MARYLAND

FOUNDED 1888

Report of Condition at the Close of Business June 30th, 1916:

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans and Investments	$554,938 74	Capital Stock	$50,000 00
United States Bonds	50,000 00	Surplus and Undivided Profits	67,023 57
Banking House, Furniture and Fixtures	30,500 00	National Bank Notes outstanding	49,997 50
Due from Banks	4,532 77	Dividend Number 27	3,500 00
Redemption Fund with U. S. Treasurer	2,500 00	Due to other Banks	130 53
Cash and Reserve	66,618 13	Deposits	538,438 04
Total	$709,089 64	Total	$709,089 64

OFFICERS

G. S. HAMILL, President. D. E. OFFUTT, Jr., Vice President.
G. A. FRALEY, Cashier. H. L. JONES, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS

GILMOR S. HAMILL, JOHN T. MITCHELL, DANIEL E. OFFUTT, Jr.
JOSEPH E. HARNED. GEORGE A. FRALEY, HARLAND L. JONES CHAS. S. DAVIS

THE DEATH RECORD.

AUBURN RODEHEAVER.

Auburn, the little four year old and eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Rodeheaver, died at the home of her uncle, Patrick H. Rodeheaver, near Oakland, Sunday evening, July 2. The little one contracted measles and later spinal meningitis at Akron, Ohio, and was brought by her mother to Oakland with the hope that she would recover, but she survived only about one week.

Burial was made July 4th in the family graveyard near Sand Flat.

ELIZABETH NAYLOR SHARTZER.

Elizabeth, aged six months and a few days, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Earl Shartzer, died at the home of its parents in Oakland Monday morning, of spinal meningitis, after a week's illness and was buried in the Oakland cemetery Tuesday morning, the Rev. O. A. Bremer, pastor of the Lutheran church, officiating.

BENJAMIN F. HARVEY.

Benjamin F. Harvey, aged eighty years, died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Henry B. Harvey, near Mountain Lake Park, Sunday morning at an early hour. The deceased was a soldier of the Union and participated in many of the important battles of the Civil War, being attached to the Tenth Cavalry. At the battle of Gettysburg Mr. Harvey was wounded and after being confined to a hospital for many months he was honorably discharged from the service. For more than forty years the deceased was a great sufferer resulting from his army experience. His funeral took place Tuesday with interment on the home farm. He is survived by a number of children, among them being Mrs. H. B. Harvey and Assemblyman Elliott C. Harvey.

Oakland Public Library Notes.

Five beautiful ferns were presented to the library by Messrs. H. Weber & Sons Co., which add greatly to the attractiveness of the rooms.

A number of donations have recently been made of books and money by Messrs. L. L. Lohr, Jos. E. Harned, James Stemple, William Traver, Robert Porter, Robert Brown, George Rodeheaver, Howard Smith, Mrs. R. E. Sliger, Mrs. J. C. Renninger, Mrs. Guthrie, Miss Fundenberg, Miss Helen Bush.

The porch party held at the residence of Mrs. Benj. H. Sincell last Thursday evening was a success. Part of the proceeds will be used immediately for the purchase of new books for the library.

Miss Marie Crooks, of Keyser, is here as the guest of Miss Douglas Sincell.

In this paper today Mr. Gilmor S. Hamill, assignee of the mortgage, advertises at public auction a valuable house and lot located in the town of Friendsville. The sale will occur in front of the court house in Oakland on Saturday, July 29th. See the advertisement for particulars.

DROWNED IN CHEAT RIVER.

Mr. Earl M. Lantz, Cashier of Kingwood National Bank, Met Untimely End.

Mr. Earl M. Lantz, cashier of the Kingwood National Bank, at Kingwood, West Va., was drowned in Cheat River, near Kingwood, Monday evening between six and seven o'clock while bathing in the stream, presumably as a result of an attack of cramps which seized him while in the water.

His companion, a young man named Devore, attempted to rescue him but his efforts were unavailing, Mr. Devore nearly losing his own life in the attempt.

The deceased was a splendid man of exceptional ability. He was the son of Mr. and Mrs. John A. Lantz, of Aurora, West Va., and a nephew of Mrs. Louis Bush and Lloyd C. Shaffer, of Oakland. The funeral will occur at Kingwood today.

I. O. O. F. Reunion.

The first annual reunion of the Western Maryland and West Virginia lodges of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows will be held at Mountain Lake Park on Saturday, July 22nd, arrangements for which have just been completed and which promises to be an event in Odd Fellowship of the two states named. Representatives, from every lodge, and in many cases the entire membership of some lodges, will be present at this reunion. Special rates have been made by the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company and special trains will be provided for the handling of the crowds expected to be present. Mr. A. T. White, one of the live wires of the Park, inaugurated the plan to have this reunion which may become an annual event should the one for this year prove successful and indications are that it will.

Church Exchange.

The ladies of the Oakland Lutheran church will conduct an exchange on Saturday afternoon from two until six o'clock at the store of Messrs. Shaffer & Bush on Second street.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

HAVE A NICE LINE OF

MEN'S AND BOYS'

CLOTHING

See Us before you purchase your Fourth of July Togs

OUR LINE OF

Summer Underwear

was never Larger or more Complete.

P. S. Four-room Flat for Rent over Storeroom Apply at store for terms.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

C. H. BROWNING

Deer Park's Best Store

Just Received a full line of

Endicott Work and Dress Shoes

HRICES RIGHT

P. S. A few pairs Ladies Oxfords at 69c. pair.

Get right Trade at Browning's.

Offutt's

WE HAVE IN STOCK

The Genuine GREENCASTLE Grain Cradle

It is made of Well seasoned timber and fitted with the best make of Dunn Edge Clipper Grain Scythes, made-to-order, with cast steel blades.

It is the only Greencastle Cradle that is manufactured and is decidedly the lightest rudning Cradle on she market.

Wool We are paying the highest market price—Cash or trade

Wanted—Potatoes—Will pay $1.00 per. bushel.

OFFUTTS'

THE REPUBLICAN

BENJ. H. SINCELL, EDITOR.

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Oakland, Md.

THURSDAY, JULY 6, 1916

REPUBLICAN TICKET

For President:
CHARLES E. HUGHES
For Vice President:
CHARLES W. FAIRBANKS
For United States Senator:
JOSEPH IRWIN FRANCE
of Cecil County.
For Congressman:
FREDERICK N. ZIHLMAN
of Allegany County

VERA CRUZ TO CARRIZAL
MEXICAN HISTORY.

If we were Mexicans, we could consider our recent history in about this fashion: A large nation to the north of us, about six times our size, had endeavored to humiliate our national dignity because of an untoward but unimportant incident in the harbor of Tampico, where an overzealous Mexican officer exceeded his authority and acted discourteously to some American sailors.

Our president was commanded to make reparation for this by saluting the American flag. He refused to do it, and an American force took possession of Vera Cruz. The American fleet made this possible, but the American force never got beyond the protection of the guns of the fleet. Gallant Mexican cadets faced the big gun fire, answered it with rifles, and were annihilated, preferring death to surrender. They added a glorious chapter to the record of Mexican gallantry and patriotism.

The United States army could not advance beyond the protection of the navy's guns, and, after a period of occupation of the city, was withdrawn. Many Mexican civilians had been killed, but our president did not salute the American flag and Mexico was protected from invasion by her brave army.

There followed a period after this demonstration of Mexico's ability to defend her soil when it seemed possible to maintain the friendly relations between the two nations, but a band of outlaws, brave Mexicans, but outlaws, evaded the vigilance of our government and attacked a town across the border. We disavow these outlaws, but we must recognize their bravery and chivalry. The town they attacked was Columbus, at which was stationed a part of the American army. They did not attack an unprotected town but one well guarded. Their purpose, unfortunately, was not only to attack the troops but to murder civilians. They held the troops off successfully while they devoted themselves to their murderous work.

When they had accomplished it they withdrew. Later, when the government of the United States had collected its forces, they were pursued. Our government, striving sincerely and eagerly to preserve peace, permitted an American expedition to enter Mexico to catch the outlaw leader, making it plain that the invasion was endured patiently not because of helplessness but because of friendliness.

The outlaw leader was not caught. The effort was futile. The government of the United States then was advised that if it would devote itself as thoroughly to patroling its border as the Mexican government was devoting itself to the task of running down the scattered bands of outlaws, such regrettable incidents as that at Columbus could not occur. Our reasonableness and patience had no effect upon the American government. Foreign troops remained on our soil. We were obliged to give our army the task of stopping the invasion.

At Parral the invaders were told that they could not proceed farther. They attempted to do so, were attacked and put to flight with losses. Our government, still maintaining its friendly intent, informed the American authorities that the United States army was interned in Chihuaha and asked them to remove it.

When this request was unheeded, our government took the matter in firm hands and advised the United States that a movement of troops in any direction except northward, in retreat, would be stopped by force.

This advice was ignored, and at Carrizal an American force endeavored to move through the town. It was attacked and routed. We retained twenty-four prisoners and much booty. The American force was destroyed.

Our force was outnumbered, but the gallantry of our troops was not to be enied. Three men at a machine gun sustained an American charge, and by remaining at the gun until death, broke the attack and decided the day. Their heroism never will be forgotten.

Our government magnanimously returned the prisoners to American territory, a state of war not being then recognized to exist, but with the prisoners went a firm demand for the withdrawal of the aliens who had been violating sacred Mexican soil. This demand contemplated no evasion or equivocation. It was indignant and downright. Our patience was at an end. Our soldiers had proved their courage and efficiency. Mexico was ready to expel the foe. (The end, or to be continued?)

This is all wrong. It must be all wrong. But, at what point, looking at it from the other side of the border, would you find an error? If we regard Bunker Hill as a victory over the British, why should not the Mexicans regard Parral as one over the Americans? And they came out of Carrizal in possession of the prisoners, the booty and the field. Why should they not regard that as a victory?

Our men cannot conduct a war under orders from the state department. If they are fighting, they must fight under military, not diplomatic, direction. Otherwise they will be defeated. They were defeated at Carrizal. Our Mexican policy constantly defeats itself. It is mighty poor policy to slap a man's face. That is ineffective violence. We are slapping Mexico's face. Mexico hits back, and we, continuing merely to slap, get the worst of it.

Mexicans cannot understand that there is any deliberate patience in our conduct. They interpret it as cowardice. Their contempt for Americans will be increased. Carranza can outwrite President Wilson, and the Mexicans will outfight the Americans if the Americans continue to have their hands tied.

If Carranza forces the withdrawal of American troops he will have won a complete victory. If they are not withdrawn, the episode at Carrizal will be repeated. If they have something to do in Mexico why not do it? If they have nothing to do, why not get out?—New York Tribune.

GRANTSVILLE.

Mrs. Irene Hayes had a birthday last week and a few of her friends learned of it and dropped in with a freezer of icecream and some cake and candy and had a most enjoyable evening in honor of the event, the lady in question knowing nothing of it until her return from H. C. Bonig's store where she is employed as clerk. The evening was pleasantly spent in music and conversation. Mrs. Hays received some very pretty gifts.

On Satuaday a postal shower was held for ex-Postmaster Michael Nathan in honor of his seventy-third birthday, a number of tokens of affection coming to him from friends and neighbors here and relatives elsewhere.

On June 16th a birthday demonstration was accorded Harry A. Leatham and Chas. H. Younkin, which the former solemnly refers to as "a light sprinkle," consisting of each man sending the other a card on their natal day which occurrs simultaneously. This practice has been religiously observed each year, no one else knowing about the affair.

A party of small girls and boys held a picnic luncheon in Broadwater's store on Wednesday, it being too rainy to go to the woods as planned. The children were chaperoned by Mrs. Milton Miller and Mrs. Mark Bender.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. E. Bishop of Grafton, W. Va., are guests of their sister, Mrs. H. P. Miller.

Mrs. Montgomery from Cumberland is visiting her mother, Mrs. Sophia Bonig.

Miss Grace Yutzy from Lynn Haven, Florida, is spending a few weeks with her sisters, Mrs. C. A. Bender and Mrs. Ida Hershberger.

Miss Plitt and Miss Isabel Powell from Baltimore were guests last week of Miss Ethel Broadwater.

Mrs. Annabel Brown and son Albert, Mrs. G. C. Keller and Miss Margaret Brown were treated to a joy ride to Cumberland and return on Wednesday, with Albert, himself, as the host in his handsome new car.

Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Bittinger, Mrs. Irene Hayes, Miss Bertha Reckner, Mr. and Mrs. John Zehner and daughter Esther, Gustave Hanft and Will Schaefer all motored to Brownsville, Sunday, to spend the day, making the trip on motorcycles.

W. H. Ryland is visiting his daughter, Mrs. C. H. Younkins, having come over from Meyersdale Saturday.

Miss Viola Broadwater is home from college for her vacation.

W. E. Stanton spent Saturday evening in Frostburg.

Miss Helen Beachy who spent the past year with her grandfather at Friendsville, Md., is visiting her mother, Mrs. Marshall Beachy, here.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Stanton and family spent last Sunday in Oakland.

Mrs. Lewis Hockman and daughter, Miss Cora, were Frostburg visitors Saturday.

Misses Ruth Keller, Marie Connor, Angela Getty, Blanche Miller and Winifred Bonig have gone to Oakland to spend a week with friends. The former four will attend teachers' institute while there.

Mrs. Chas. Plitt and nurse, Miss Brown, from Meyersdale, are guests at the National Hotel for a few weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Yutzy and children from Mt. Savage spent Sunday with their sisters, Mrs. C. A. Bender and Mrs. Ida Hershberger. They were accompanied by James Welch.

Miss Melva Bartley of Jennings, Md., spent Sunday with Miss Beulah Engle.

Harold Miller and grandmother Mrs. P. M. Miller, who spent the winter in Washington, D. C., are home again at Stone House farm.

Mrs. Chas. Leatham from Frostburg, is visiting her brother and sister.

Murray Smouse and Miss Louise Wilson from Cumberland were guests of Mrs. Marion Broadwater, Sunday.

Mrs. C. S. Zeller and Miss Maud Bevans spent Thursday with Mrs. W. C. Loechel.

Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Dean and sons, and father, H. L. Dean, from Addison, spent Sunday here, guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Getty.

First State Bank building is having a new roof put on this week.

Wm. Gnagy and sisters, Mrs. W. C. Loechel and Mrs. Harvey Parsons, were Accident visitors Sunday, motoring up in Mr. Gnagey's new car.

BITTINGER.

Prof. J. C. Beahm, formerly a resident of this community and for some years principal of our public school, is conducting a series of special services in the Bethel German Baptist church this week.

B. H. Wiley and friend Miss Alice Dye, visited at Mr. Wiley's home here last Sunday.

Frederick Hoffman, of Accident, has his saw-mill in operation on the George Wiley farm.

Sheriff Albert Ashby and his geniel deputy spent a few hours in this village one day last week.

Conrad Oester and family, of near Grantsville, were guests at A. J. Oester's on Sunday.

G. W. Engle and daughter Miss Flora, of Baltimore, are visiting friends and relatives here.

Mahlon Brenneman and lady friend, of McHenry, were Sunday visitors to this village.

Mr. and Mrs. Perry Broadwater are visiting relatives on Mill Creek for a few days.

NORTH GLADE

Harold Moon and wife, of Washington, D. C., after visiting parents here for two weeks, returned to our nation's capital last Thursday.

Albert Baker has gone to Akron, Ohio, to engage in the carpenter business. He talks of moving his family thither.

Lloyd Winters and family, of Hubbard, W. Va., are visiting friends here.

Clay Rhodes and wife of Cumberland are also visiting here.

Harrison Wiley, of Oakland, made us a brief visit. He seems much inclined to take a Dye.

Wm. Enlow is a frequent caller at the Judge's The Judge as yet has failed to pass sentence upon him.

J. L. Fitzwater and mother attended services here Sunday.

Earle Harvey is employed by Arch Beckman. He is thus pleasantly located; but we hope he will not be required to labor seven years for his Rachel.

Miss Della Custer is making a two week's visit to parents and friends.

C. T. Rhodes is making considerable improvement to his home.

Rev. Smearman preached for us very acceptably Sunday night.

Rev. McCamic gave us another interesting and effective sermon Sunday morning.

Stock holders of North Glade Telephone Co., had a well attended meeting Friday evening.

The lawn fete at Brenneman's grove was enjoyed by quite a large number Saturday night.

Children's Day, Sunday evening at the Lutheran Chapel was largely attended and was quite a success.

GORTNER

Miss Bertha Spoerline, of Accident, is visiting her brother W. R. Spoerline, of this place.

Miss Alma Miller, who has been attending normal in Oakland, spent Saturday and Sunday with her uncle, D. J. Swartzentruber.

Miss Effie Wamsley was visiting her friends in Oakland Saturday and Sunday.

Alvin Schrock, wife and two children and Miss Lucy Miller, of Grantsville, were visiting friends and relatives here recently.

Tom Davies, of Pittsburgh, is the guest of his lady friend, Miss Ruth Irwin, who is spending some time with her grandmother, Mrs. F. S. Irwin.

Quite a number of our young people attended the picnic at Hauser Saturday. They report a good time.

Miss Mabel and Effie Wamsley entertained a number of their friends with a singing Sunday night.

Dr. Kimmel and son, of West Virginia, and Mrs. Liller, of Oakland, and Miss Bess Griffith, of Selbysport, motored to Gortner Saturday evening.

S. W. Slabach took Daniel Yutzy and wife, of Illinois, to Grantsville Wednesday. He was accompanied by Miss Ruth Irwin and Emma Burkholder.

Master Billy Martin, of Farmington, W. Va., spent a week with his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Martin. He was accompanied to this place by his aunt, Miss Gail Wells, who acted as bridesmaid at the Hauser-Sanders wedding.

Rev. Hauser and his bride went to Somerset, Pa., where he preached his farewell sermon. He expects to locate in Altoona, Pa.

Mr. and Mrs. Dayton Teats and daughter, Rosalene, of Brookside, are visiting Mrs. Teats' parents.

Noah Slabaugh and family were visiting Mrs. George Sanders at Silver Knob Sunday.

Rubie Martin, of Oakland, was the guest of the Misses Wamsley Sunday.

Church services in the Union church Sunday morning at 10:30 A. M. and in the evening at 7:30 P. M.

A Money Saving Chance For You.

Get rid of your old scrap iron, old rags, old gum shoes, copper and brass. We are paying best cash prices for same.

25c per hundred for iron; 50c per hundred for rags; 5c per lb. for rubber; from 5c to 10c per lb. for copper and brass.

We are located at the old Hamill house, opposite the electric light plant, Oakland, Md.

A. G. TARLO, Proprietor.
Adv. 16 5 months.

With The Paragraphers.

The Colonel avers he is out of politics; but we suspect he has ordered more.—Boston Herald.

To quiet Santo Domingo, why not try Government ownership of watermelon patches.—Minneapolis Journal.

Wall street thinks it is promoting a Russian loan, but the real promoter is general Brussiloff.—New York World.

Carraza loudly demands justice at the hands of the Washington Government. We're for giving him exactly that.—El Paso Times.

What we can't understand is why that enormous excess of Austrian prisoners doesn't capture the entire Russian army.—Washington Post.

It must be said that the Russian forces are an active lot. They are always chasing or being chased.—Kansas City Star.

A two-turret armored motorcar just shipped from the Rock Island arsenal to the Mexican border looks like a dreadnought on wheels.—Springfield Republican.

The true story of the Carrizal incident seems to be that the Mexicans started something and had to finish it in self-defense.—Savannah News.

Stork News.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. J. Turner Lohr, on July 4th, a daughter, and to Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Schlossnagle, on July 2nd, a daughter.

For Sale.

I offer for sale one Bay Horse; gentle; drive single or double; good saddler; will travel any gait. I have purchased an automobile and have no use for above. Price $150.

ALBERT ASHBY, Sheriff,
Adv. Oakland, Md.

Estray Notice.

There came to my place on Sunday, June 18, a two year old black brood sow. Owner please call, pay damages and charges and take same away.

D. L. CONNEWAY.
Oakland, June, 20, 1919. Adv.

General Assessment of State Planned

The State Tax Commission of Maryland has sent out invitations to all boards of County Commissioners, to the Attorneys of the Boards and to the Clerks of the County Commissioners, besides the Supervisors of Assessments in each county and to the Assessors in towns urging upon them the importance of attending the conference in Baltimore at the Court House today at 10 o'clock. The Mayors and the Members of Councils of all incorporated towns in Maryland have been asked to attend the conference and it is expected that not less than two hundred persons will be present. A session will be held in the afternoon, beginning about 2 o'clock, after a luncheon tendered by the Commission for those attending the conference. Governor Harrington will be present and make an address.

At this conference it is proposed to outline a plan for a general reassessment of the State of Maryland, to be conducted by the Board of County Commissioners under the direction and supervision of the State Tax Commission.

ATTENTION, FARMERS.

Domo Improved Cream Separators, $35.00 and $43.50.

C. N. MCINTIRE,
Adv. tf. Oakland, Md.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Second National Bank

OF CUMBERLAND

In the State of Maryland, at the close of business May 1st, 1916.

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans and Discounts	$2,214,714 30	Capital Stock	$200,000 00
United States Bonds	240,000 00	Surplus, Undivided Profits	375,839 39
Other Bonds, Securities Etc	378,715 00	Circulation	200,000 00
Banking House and other Real Estate	47,022 76	Deposits	2,757,419 03
Due From Federal Reserve Agents and other Banks	428,325 76		
Cash	214,480 60		
Redemption Fund	10,000 00		
	$3,533,258 42		$3,533,258 42

DIRECTORS:

D. ANNAN L. M. SHEPHERD ROBERT R. HENDERSON
JAMES CLARK W. BLADEN LOWNDES O. C. GEPHART
TASKER G. LOWNDES JOHN KEATING
JOHN SCHWARZENBACH

D. ANNAN, President
W. BLADEN LOWNDES, TASKER G. LOWNDES
Vice Presidents
D. F. KUYKENDALL, Cashier

THREE PER CENT INTEREST PAID ON SAVINGS DEPOSITS

HAVE A LOOK AT THE

Enger Twin Six

AND

OVERLAND

Cars and ask for a demonstration when in the market for a car

Oakland Garage

AGENT

SAXON "SIX"

big touring car for five people

ASK FOR DEMONSTRATION.

Call at Liller's Barber Shop or Kelly's Livery

LILLER & KELLY, Agents.

Oakland, Maryland.

Mortgagee's Sale

OF A

House and Lot

in the Town of Friendsville, Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage from William Frederick, Jr., and wife, to the Trustees of Hiawatha Lodge No. 44, I. O. O. F., Addison, Pa., and assigned to the undersigned for the purpose of foreclosure, default having been made in the provisions of said mortgage, he will on

SATURDAY, the 29th day of July, 1916,

at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M., of said day in front of the Court House in the town of Oakland, offer at public auction to the highest bidder, all of that house and premises, situated in the town of Friendsville, Garrett county, containing 4950 square feet, it being the same property as described in a deed from William Frederick and wife, to Frederick Haney by deed dated the 7th day of June, 1901, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 47, folio 289, etc., one of the Land Records of Garrett county, especial reference being made to said deed for a more particular description, and being designated as Lot No. 1 of Steele's Plat of the town of Friendsville.

Said lot is improved by a very good dwelling house and outbuildings.

TERMS OF SALE: One-third of the purchase price required on the day of sale, and the balance in nine and eighteen months of equal proportions, the deferred payments to be secured by the notes of the purchaser, with security satisfactory to the undersigned and to bear interest from the day of sale; or all of the purchase price may be paid down upon the ratification of the sale by the Court, when a deed will be made to the purchaser, and possession will be given of the property upon the ratification of the sale by the court.

For particulars apply to.

GILMOR S. HAMILL,
Assignee of said Mortgage for the purpose of foreclosure.

REAL BARGAINS

IN

REAL ESTATE

One of the most desirable residences on Alder street in Oakland, now owned by M. A. Carney, and occupied as a residence by States Attorney Jones, is offered at a very attractive price.

A valuable 90 acre farm near Ottaway, Garrett Co., on the line of the proposed new state road to West Va., and a very desirable piece of real estate.

Improved farm of 138 acres near Swanton, Garrett Co., improved by nine room dwelling, barn and young orchard now bearing. A safe investment.

JAS. D. HAMILL,
Real Estate Agent.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Testamentary on the estate of

MINNIE SMITH

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 29th day of December 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 29th day of June 1916.

WALTER D. SMITH,
Executor,
Hazelton, W. Va.

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For United States Senator:
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VERA CRUZ TO CARRIZAL

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This advice was ignored, and at Carrizal an American force endeavored to move through the town. It was attacked and routed. We retained twenty-four prisoners and much booty. The American force was destroyed.

Our force was outnumbered, but the gallantry of our troops was not to be denied. Three men at a machine gun sustained an American charge, and by remaining at the gun until death, broke the attack and decided the day. Their heroism never will be forgotten.

Our government magnanimously returned the prisoners to American territory, a state of war not being then recognized to exist, but with the prisoners went a firm demand for the withdrawal of the aliens who had been violating sacred Mexican soil. This demand contemplated no evasion or equivocation. It was indignant and downright. Our patience was at an end. Our soldiers had proved their courage and efficiency. Mexico was ready to expel the foe. (The end, or to be continued?)

This is all wrong. It must be all wrong. But, at what point, looking at it from the other side of the border, would you find an error? If we regard Bunker Hill as a victory over the British, why should not the Mexicans regard Parral as one over the Americans? And they came out of Carrizal in possession of the prisoners, the booty and the field. Why should they not regard that as a victory?

Our men cannot conduct a war under orders from the state department. If they are fighting, they must fight under military, not diplomatic, direction. Otherwise they will be defeated. They were defeated at Carrizal. Our Mexican policy constantly defeats itself. It is mighty poor policy to slap a man's face. That is ineffective violence. We are slapping Mexico's face. Mexico hits back, and we, continuing merely to slap, get the worst of it.

Mexicans cannot understand that there is any deliberate patience in our conduct. They interpret it as cowardice. Their contempt for Americans will be increased. Carranza can outwrite President Wilson, and the Mexicans will outfight the Americans if the Americans continue to have their hands tied.

If Carranza forces the withdrawal of American troops he will have won a complete victory. If they are not withdrawn, the episode at Carrizal will be repeated. If they have something to do in Mexico why not do it? If they have nothing to do, why not get out?—New York Tribune.

GRANTSVILLE.

Mrs. Irene Hayes had a birthday last week and a few of her friends learned of it and dropped in with a freezer of icecream and some cake and candy and had a most enjoyable evening in honor of the event, the lady in question knowing nothing of it until her return from H. C. Bonig's store where she is employed as clerk. The evening was pleasantly spent in music and conversation. Mrs. Hays received some very pretty gifts.

On Satuaday a postal shower was held for ex-Postmaster Michael Nathan in honor of his seventy-third birthday, a number of tokens of affection coming to him from friends and neighbors here and relatives elsewhere.

On June 16th a birthday demonstration was accorded Harry A. Leatham and Chas. H. Younkin, which the former solemnly refers to as "a light sprinkle," consisting of each man sending the other a card on their natal day which occurrs simultaneously. This practice has been religiously observed each year, no one else knowing about the affair.

A party of small girls and boys held a picnic luncheon in Broadwater's store on Wednesday, it being too rainy to go to the woods as planned. The children were chaperoned by Mrs. Milton Miller and Mrs. Mark Bender.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. E. Bishop of Grafton, W. Va., are guests of their sister, Mrs. H. P. Miller.

Mrs. Montgomery from Cumberland is visiting her mother, Mrs. Sophia Bonig.

Miss Grace Yutzy from Lynn Haven, Florida, is spending a few weeks with her sisters, Mrs. C. A. Bender and Mrs. Ida Hershberger.

Miss Plitt and Miss Isabel Powell from Baltimore were guests last week of Miss Ethel Broadwater.

Mrs. Annabel Brown and son Albert, Mrs. G. C. Keller and Miss Margaret Brown were treated to a joy ride to Cumberland and return on Wednesday, with Albert, himself, as the host in his handsome new car.

Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Bittinger, Mrs. Irene Hayes, Miss Bertha Reckner, Mr. and Mrs. John Zehner and daughter Esther, Gustave Hanft and Will Schaefer all motored to Brownsville, Sunday, to spend the day, making the trip on motorcycles.

W. H. Ryland is visiting his daughter, Mrs. C. H. Younkins, having come over from Meyersdale Saturday.

Miss Viola Broadwater is home from college for her vacation.

W. E. Stanton spent Saturday evening in Frostburg.

Miss Helen Beachy who spent the past year with her grandfather at Friendsville, Md., is visiting her mother, Mrs. Marshall Beachy, here.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Stanton and family spent last Sunday in Oakland.

Mrs. Lewis Hockman and daughter, Miss Cora, were Frostburg visitors Saturday.

Misses Ruth Keller, Marie Connor, Angela Getty, Blanche Miller and Winifred Bonig have gone to Oakland to spend a week with friends. The former four will attend teachers' institute while there.

Mrs. Chas. Plitt and nurse, Miss Brown, from Meyersdale, are guests at the National Hotel for a few weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Yutzy and children from Mt. Savage spent Sunday with their sisters, Mrs. C. A. Bender and Mrs. Ida Hershberger. They were accompanied by James Welch.

Miss Melva Bartley of Jennings, Md., spent Sunday with Miss Beulah Engle.

Harold Miller and grandmother Mrs. P. M. Miller, who spent the winter in Washington, D. C., are home again at Stone House farm.

Mrs. Chas. Leatham from Frostburg, is visiting her brother and sister.

Murray Smouse and Miss Louise Wilson from Cumberland were guests of Mrs. Marion Broadwater, Sunday.

Mrs. C. S. Zeller and Miss Maud Bevans spent Thursday with Mrs. W. C. Loechel.

Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Dean and sons, and father, H. L. Dean, from Addison, spent Sunday here, guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Getty.

First State Bank building is having a new roof put on this week.

Wm. Gnagy and sisters, Mrs. W. C. Loechel and Mrs. Harvey Parsons, were Accident visitors Sunday, motoring up in Mr. Gnagey's new car.

BITTINGER.

Prof. J. C. Beahm, formerly a resident of this community and for some years principal of our public school, is conducting a series of special services in the Bethel German Baptist church this week.

B. H. Wiley and friend Miss Alice Dye, visited at Mr. Wiley's home here last Sunday.

Frederick Hoffman, of Accident, has his saw-mill in operation on the George Wiley farm.

Sheriff Albert Ashby and his geniel deputy spent a few hours in this village one day last week.

Conrad Oester and family, of near Grantsville, were guests at A. J. Oester's on Sunday.

G. W. Engle and daughter Miss Flora, of Baltimore, are visiting friends and relatives here.

Mahlon Brenneman and lady friend, of McHenry, were Sunday visitors to this village.

Mr. and Mrs. Perry Broadwater are visiting relatives on Mill Creek for a few days.

NORTH GLADE

Harold Moon and wife, of Washington, D. C., after visiting parents here for two weeks, returned to our nation's capital last Thursday.

Albert Baker has gone to Akron, Ohio, to engage in the carpenter business. He talks of moving his family thither.

Lloyd Winters and family, of Hubbard, W. Va., are visiting friends here.

Clay Rhodes and wife of Cumberland are also visiting here.

Harrison Wiley, of Oakland, made us a brief visit. He seems much inclined to take a Dye.

Wm. Enlow is a frequent caller at the Judge's The Judge as yet has failed to pass sentence upon him.

J. L. Fitzwater and mother attended services here Sunday.

Earle Harvey is employed by Arch Beckman. He is thus pleasantly located; but we hope he will not be required to labor seven years for his Rachel.

Miss Della Custer is making a two week's visit to parents and friends.

C. T. Rhodes is making considerable improvement to his home.

Rev. Smearman preached for us very acceptably Sunday night.

Rev. McCamic gave us another interesting and effective sermon Sunday morning.

Stock holders of North Glade Telephone Co., had a well attended meeting Friday evening.

The lawn fete at Brenneman's grove was enjoyed by quite a large number Saturday night.

Children's Day, Sunday evening at the Lutheran Chapel was largely attended and was quite a success.

GORTNER

Miss Bertha Spoerline, of Accident, is visiting her brother W. R. Spoerline, of this place.

Miss Alma Miller, who has been attending normal in Oakland, spent Saturday and Sunday with her uncle, D. J. Swartzentruber.

Miss Effie Wamsley was visiting her friends in Oakland Saturday and Sunday.

Alvin Schrock, wife and two children and Miss Lucy Miller, of Grantsville, were visiting friends and relatives here recently.

Tom Davies, of Pittsburgh, is the guest of his lady friend, Miss Ruth Irwin, who is spending some time with her grandmother, Mrs. F. S. Irwin.

Quite a number of our young people attended the picnic at Hauser Saturday. They report a good time.

Miss Mabel and Effiie Wamsley entertained a number of their friends with a singing Sunday night.

Dr. Kimmel and son, of West Virginia, and Mrs. Liller, of Oakland, and Miss Bess Griffith, of Selbysport, motored to Gortner Saturday evening.

S. W. Slabach took Daniel Yutzy and wife, of Illinois, to Grantsville Wednesday. He was accompanied by Miss Ruth Irwin and Emma Burkholder.

Master Billy Martin, of Farmington, W. Va., spent a week with his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Martin. He was accompanied to this place by his aunt, Miss Gail Wells, who acted as bridesmaid at the Hauser-Sanders wedding.

Rev. Hauser and his bride went to Somerset, Pa., where he preached his farewell sermon. He expects to locate in Altoona, Pa.

Mr. and Mrs. Dayton Teats and daughter, Rosalene, of Brookside, are visiting Mrs. Teats' parents.

Noah Slabaugh and family were visiting Mrs. George Sanders at Silver Knob Sunday.

Rubie Martin, of Oakland, was the guest of the Misses Wamsley Sunday.

Church services in the Union church Sunday morning at 10:30 A. M. and in the evening at 7:30 P. M.

A Money Saving Chance For You.

Get rid of your old scrap iron, old rags, old gum shoes, copper and brass. We are paying best cash prices for same.

25c per hundred for iron; 50c per hundred for rags; 5c per lb. for rubber; from 5c to 10c per lb. for copper and brass.

We are located at the old Hamill house, opposite the electric light plant, Oakland, Md.

A. G. TARLO, Proprietor.
Adv. 16 5 months.

With The Paragraphers.

The Colonel avers he is out of politics; but we suspect he has ordered more.—Boston Herald.

To quiet Santo Domingo, why not try Government ownership of watermelon patches.—Minneapolis Journal.

Wall street thinks it is promoting a Russian loan, but the real promoter is general Brussiloff.—New York World.

Carraza loudly demands justice at the hands of the Washington Government. We're for giving him exactly that.—El Paso Times.

What we can't understand is why that enormous excess of Austrian prisoners doesn't capture the entire Russian army.—Washington Post.

It must be said that the Russian forces are an active lot. They are always chasing or being chased.—Kansas City Star.

A two-turret armored motorcar just shipped from the Rock Island arsenal to the Mexican border looks like a dreadnought on wheels.—Springfield Republican.

The true story of the Carrizal incident seems to be that the Mexicans started something and had to finish it in self-defense.—Savannah News.

Stork News.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. J. Turner Lohr, on July 4th, a daughter, and to Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Schlossnagle, on July 2nd, a daughter.

For Sale.

I offer for sale one Bay Horse; gentle; drive single or double; good saddler; will travel any gait. I have purchased an automobile and have no use for above. Price $150.

ALBERT ASHBY, Sheriff,
Adv. Oakland, Md.

Estray Notice.

There came to my place on Sunday, June 18, a two year old black brood sow. Owner please call, pay damages and charges and take same away.

D. L. CONNEWAY,
Oakland, June, 20, 1919. Adv.

General Assessment of State Planned

The State Tax Commission of Maryland has sent out invitations to all boards of County Commissioners, to the Attorneys of the Boards and to the Clerks of the County Commissioners, besides the Supervisors of Assessments in each county and to the Assessors in towns urging upon them the importance of attending the conference in Baltimore at the Court House today at 10 o'clock. The Mayors and the Members of Councils of all incorporated towns in Maryland have been asked to attend the conference and it is expected that not less than two hundred persons will be present. A session will be held in the afternoon, beginning about 2 o'clock, after a luncheon tendered by the Commission for those attending the conference. Governor Harrington will be present and make an address.

At this conference it is proposed to outline a plan for a general reassessment of the State of Maryland, to be conducted by the Board of County Commissioners under the direction and supervision of the State Tax Commission.

ATTENTION, FARMERS.

Domo Improved Cream Separators, $35.00 and $43.50.

C. N. MCINTIRE,
Adv. tf. Oakland, Md.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Second National Bank

OF CUMBERLAND

In the State of Maryland, at the close of business May 1st, 1916.

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans and Discounts	$2,214,714 30	Capital Stock	$200,000 00
United States Bonds	240,000 00	Surplus, Undivided Profits	375,839 39
Other Bonds, Securities Etc	378,715 00	Circulation	200,000 00
Banking House and other Real Estate	47,022 76	Deposits	2,757,419 03
Due From Federal Reserve Agents and other Banks	428,325 76		
Cash	214,480 60		
Redemption Fund	10,000 00		
	$3,533,258 42		$3,533,258 42

DIRECTORS:

D. ANNAN L. M. SHEPHERD ROBERT R. HENDERSON
JAMES CLARK W. BLADEN LOWNDES O. C. GEPHART
TASKER G. LOWNDES JOHN KEATING
JOHN SCHWARZENBACH

D. ANNAN, President
W. BLADEN LOWNDES, TASKER G. LOWNDES
Vice Presidents
D. F. KUYKENDALL, Cashier

THREE PER CENT INTEREST PAID ON SAVINGS DEPOSITS

HAVE A LOOK AT THE

Enger Twin Six

AND

OVERLAND

Cars and ask for a demonstration when in the market for a car

Oakland Garage

AGENT

SAXON "SIX"

big touring car for five people

ASK FOR DEMONSTRATION.

Call at Liller's Barber Shop or Kelly's Livery

LILLER & KELLY, Agents.

Oakland, Maryland.

Mortgagee's Sale

OF A

House and Lot

in the Town of Friendsville, Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage from William Frederick, Jr., and wife, to the Trustees of Hiawatha Lodge No. 44, I. O. O. F., Addison, Pa., and assigned to the undersigned for the purpose of foreclosure, default having been made in the provisions of said mortgage, he will on

SATURDAY, the 29th day of July, 1916,

at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M., of said day in front of the Court House in the town of Oakland, offer at public auction to the highest bidder, all of that house and premises, situated in the town of Friendsville, Garrett county, containing 4950 square feet, it being the same property as described in a deed from William Frederick and wife, to Frederick Haney by deed dated the 7th day of June, 1904, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 47, folio 289, etc., one of the Land Records of Garrett county, especial reference being made to said deed for a more particular description, and being designated as Lot No. 1 of Steele's Plat of the town of Friendsville.

Said lot is improved by a very good dwelling house and outbuildings.

TERMS OF SALE: One-third of the purchase price required on the day of sale, and the balance in nine and eighteen months of equal proportions, the deferred payments to be secured by the notes of the purchaser, with security satisfactory to the undersigned and to bear interest from the day of sale; or all of the purchase price may be paid down upon the ratification of the sale by the Court, when a deed will be made to the purchaser, and possession will be given of the property upon the ratification of the sale by the court.

For particulars apply to.

GILMOR S. HAMILL,
Assignee of said Mortgage for the purpose of foreclosure.

REAL BARGAINS

IN

REAL ESTATE

One of the most desirable residences on Alder street in Oakland, now owned by M. A. Carney, and occupied as a residence by States Attorney Jones, is offered at a very attractive price.

A valuable 90 acre farm near Ottaway, Garrett Co., on the line of the proposed new state road to West Va., and a very desirable piece of real estate.

Improved farm of 138 acres near Swanton, Garrett Co., improved by nine room dwelling, barn and young orchard now bearing. A safe investment.

JAS. D. HAMILL,
Real Estate Agent.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Testamentary on the estate of

MINNIE SMITH

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 29th day of December 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 29th day of June 1916.

WALTER D. SMITH,
Executor,
Hazelton, W. Va.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The First National Bank

OF OAKLAND, MARYLAND

At the close of business June 30th, 1916.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and discounts	$264,795 37	Capital Stock paid in	$50,000 00
U. S. Bonds	51,000 00	Surplus Fund	30,000 00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds	600 00	Undivided Profits, less expenses and taxes paid	2,132 90
Bonds, Securities, etc.	1,375 00	National Bank Notes outstanding	50,000 00
Stock Federal Reserve Bank	2,400 00	Due to other Banks	4,005 11
Banking House, Furniture and Fixtnres	42,775 29	Dividends unpaid	1,503 00
Other Real Estate owned	2,500 00	Deposits	313,132 36
Due from other Banks	1,798 44	Cashier's Checks outstanding	642 05
Due from Federal Reserve Bank	8,700 00	United States Deposits	1,000 00
Due from approved Reserve Agents	59,688 55		
Cash on hand	14,282 77		
Redemption Fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)	2,500 00		
Total	$452,415 42	Total	$452,415 42

Nothin' fails so often as a sure cure.

Did you notice the butcher weighs his hand and savs seventy-five cents.

Mr. C. A. Miller, of Deer Park, made Oakland a business visit last Saturday.

Mr. Bob Helbig who is working at Meyersdale, Pa., spent several day this week at his home in Oakland.

Mr. Harry Helbig and daughters returned home on Friday last from their visit to relatives in Michigan.

Mr. and Mrs. Dave Walter and two children of Deer Park, are visiting relatives in Oakland this week.

Mr. Thomas A. Sweeney, of Baltimore, spent the first part of the week in Oakland where he was the guest of friends..

Mrs. Abe Lawton and children, of Oakland, are spending several weeks with Mr. and Mrs. Peter F. Ennis.—Lonaconing Advocate.

FOUND—On the Aurora road, Sunday, a bunch of keys and a small Yale lock; owner may recover same by applying at this office and paying for this notice.

Miss Elizabeth Leary, who spent several weeks in Fairmont, arrived in Oakland for a short visit to relatives last Thursday afternoon.

Mr. C. F. Hammond motored to Kingwood, W. Va., last Friday morning, the editor and his wife accompanying Mr. Hammond as far as Cheat River.

Mrs. C. H. Falkenstein, of Cranesville, West Va., was the guest for a day or two last week of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Falkenstein in Oakland.

Mr. Samuel Speicher, of Thompsontown, Pa., returned to his home in that city last Friday afternoon after a visit of a week to Mr. Milton Sincell in Oakland.

Mrs. Joseph E. Harned and daughter Louise, who spent ten days in Cumberland, where they were the guests of relatives, returned home last Friday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Browning, of Cranesville, spent several days this week in Oakland where they were the guests of Mr. Browning's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Notley B. Browning.

Mr. Silas O. Wiley, who has been at Akron, Ohio, for several months where he was engaged in building operations, came home on last Snnday afternoon for a week's visit, when he expects to return to Akron.

Mr. G. A. Fraley, cashier of the Garrett National Bank, spent last Friday in Baltimore on business and also visitied his son, Mr. Neil Fralev, who is a student in the law department of the University of Maryland.

Mr. David Gnegy, president of the Eglon Mutual Telephone Company, which maintains connections with the Garrett County Telephone Company's lines, spent last Friday in Oakland on business connected with his Company.

Oakland as a community did not celebrate the Fourth, but as individuals the majority of the residents went to picnics at various points in the county, many visiting the community picnic at Keyser's Ridge which was given under the auspices of the Lutheran church of the Cove.

Col. William Lavelle, of Tunnelton, W. Va., was in Oakland on business last Friday. Col. Lavelle, a friend of the editor for more than twenty-five years, is one of the broad-minded Democrats of Preston county who sees some good in the Republicans as individuals and who has to be reckoned with by the members of his own party.

Andrew Jackson Merrill, of Winchester, Virginia, is visiting friends in Westernport. Mr. Merrill is a former resident of Garrett county, having operated a coal mine on the old Bloomington road, which was known as Merrills mine. Since leaving here Mr. Merrill invented an apparatus for the prevention of gas explosions in coal mines. He also invented a propeller for steamships, known as a "kicker" propeller. Yesterday Mr. Merrill left for the Michaels settlement to visit his brother, who lives on the farm on which he and his brother were reared.

An esteemed fellow citizen was pinched last Friday for not having a license tag on the front of his new Lizzie, and was fined $1, which he produced with much grandiloquence, announcing that he never paid any attention to those little arbitrary requirements, in further proof of which he assured the officer that he did not bother to have his operator's license with him, whereupon he was arrested again. This, in his opinion, being too much of a good thing, he threw out his chest and threatened to go to Annapolis and have the laws changed.—Elficott City Times.

Subscribe for The Republican.

The fundamental Service of a Bank is the furnishing of Security.

Security of your funds.

Security of your valuables.

Security of your credit.

Security of your Investments.

Consult and Bank with us. We accept this Responsibility.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OAKLAND - MARYLAND

Miss Ruth Robinson, of Accident, was visiting relatives in Oakland Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Virginia Mayers, of Terra Alta, is in Oakland, the guest of her sister, Mrs. Harland L. Jones.

Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Falkenstein of Terra Alta, were visiting friends and relatives at Mountain Lake and Oakland Saturday evening.

Mr. Allen Wilt, of Swanton, was in the city yesterday on business when he called at this office and had his name entered upon our subscription list.

Mr. Jess Bremer, of Hillsboro, Ill., brother of Rev. O. A. Bremer, of Oakland, arrived here yesterday morning and expects to remain during the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Renninger and Mrs. S. M. Renninger returned home yesterday afternoon from a visit of a few days to relatives at Morgantown, W. Va.

An exchange will be conducted at Hadenhurst Saturday afternoon beginning at two o'clock under the auspices of the Ladies Aid Society of the M. E. church.

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Legge, Miss Smith, their guest, and Mr. George W. Legge, Sr. motored to Baltimore from Oakland Monday where they will spend the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Bush, Mrs. L. C. Shaffer and Mr. J. Edgar Long went to Kingwood this morning to attend the funeral of their relatives, the late E. M. Lantz.

Mr. Stephen Wilt and son Mr. Harmon Wilt, of Swanton, were visitors in Oakland yesterday when the latter became a cash in advance subscriber of The Republican.

Miss Nell Browning returned to her home in Cleveland, Ohio. She was accompanied by Miss Cathleen Helbig, who will enter the hospital to take training for a nurse.

WANTED—A white girl to assist in the care of a child one year old and also around the cottage; no cooking. Please apply at once at Price Cottage, Mt. Lake Park.

MRS. SWARTZELL,
P. O. box 125.
Advertisement.

Mrs. Lena Sperrier, of Chester, N. C., arrived in Oakland from her home in the South Monday evening and will be the guest for some time of her aunt, Mrs. Charles S. Davis and other relatives.

Oakland was filled Sunday, Monday, and Tuesday with automobile tourists from many states, Ohio, West Virginia, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York and the District of Columbia being well represented.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Mr. Horace R. Rose and daughter, of Johnstown, Pa., motored to Oakland last Sunday and returned home Monday accompanied by Mrs. Stewart F. Hamill, who will spend July and August as the guest of her parents in that city.

The Republican is issued today in a condensed form. This is made necessary owing to the illness of members of the composing force, the Fourth of July holiday and our inability to secure help to take the place of the force who are ill.

The regular dances at Loch Lynn Hotel will be on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings. A nominal price will be charged outsiders (unless registered for dinner) who have not received cards of admission.

Advertisement 10-2t.

In its happenings of forty years ago the Cumberland News of last Monday contained the following: "Gen. Grant went to Deer Park to spend the summer." As a mere boy The Republican's editor remembers the occasion and had the pleasure of meeting and shaking hands with the hero of many a hard-fought battle.

Mr. B. H. Wiley, who was recently appointed truant officer by the Board of School Commissioners, left Oakland Tuesday afternoon for Baltimore where he will take a six weeks' training course in his new duties at Johns Hopkins University. Mr. Wiley will have charge of the school truants of Oakland and near-by points and will see that all children of school age are regular attendants at the school sessions.

A delegation of the leading citizens of Selbysport met the Board of County Commissioners in Oakland last Monday and laid before that body a proposition for the building of a road from Selbysport to connect with the National Pike at Watsondale, Pa., which will give an outlet to the residents of that section of the county over a water grade road of less than three miles in length. The Commissioners went to Selbysport Tuesday and looked over the proposed route, returning to Oakland the same evening. Among those who visited Oakland in the interest of the new road were Messrs. C. V. Guard, former County Commissioner W. M. Lowdermilk, Hiram M. Frazee, Kimmell Frazee, George W. Frazee, U. S. Frazee, Norval Speelman and others.

Married.

SMITH—HARDESTY—On Saturday afternoon, June 24, at two o'clock at the home of the bride's sister, Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Groves, Mr. Ramsay Smith and Mrs. Nora Hardesty were united in marriage, Rev. T. A. DeWitt officiating. The parlor was beautifully decorated with ferns and roses. The couple left on train No. 55 for a short tour of the middle states. They will reside in Akron, Ohio, where the groom holds a position. They have the best wishes of a host of friends for a long and happy wedded life.

DURST—KEYES—At the home of Philip Keyes at Barton, Thursday evening Ross Compton Durst and Miss Hilda Keyes were united in marriage by the Rev. Carder, of Grantsville. The bride wore a gown of white silk messaline, over net trimmed in white taffeta ribbon and carried a wreath of roses. The maid of honor, a sister of the bride, Miss Bessie Keyes, wore a beautiful gown of crepe de chine, trimmed in silk taffeta ribbons, and carried a bouquet of pink roses. The best man was John Fitzwater, of Oakland. The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Philip Keyes, of Barton, and for the past few years has been a Garrett county school teacher. The groom was graduated from the Ohio Northern University, receiving a degree of B. of Science and Engineering in 1915, and is now employed on the engineers corps of the Pennsylvania railroad company, with head-quarters at Ft. Wayne, Ind. Mr. and Mrs. Durst will spend their honeymoon at Washington, D. C., and other eastern points. After the ceremony refreshments were served. Only relatives of the contracting parties, and only a few intimate friends were present, namely Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Martin and children, Mr. and Mrs. David Boal and children, all of Barton; Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Keyes, of Piedmont; Mr. Madison Durst and daughter, Dora, of New Germany; Mr. and Mrs. Christ Durst and daughter, Stella, of Grantsville; Mr. Samuel Otto, of New Germany; Miss Bessie Griffith, of Guard; Vernon H. Broadwater, of Firm Rock; John Fitzwater, of Oakland; Mr. and Mrs. Frank Williams, Beverage, Mr. and Mrs. Philip Keyes, Leonard Keyes, Benj. Keyes and Miss Bessie Keyes all of Barton. Mr. and Mrs. Durst will reside at Ft. Wayne, Ind.

Messrs. D. M. Dixon, George Warnick and A. C. Smith, composing the Board of County Commissioners of Garrett county, accompanied by Clerk Walter G. Meyers, left Oakland yesterday morning in company with Dr. Webster Ravenscroft for Baltimore, where the Commissioners will attend a meeting of the State Tax Commission. The trip was made to Baltimore in Dr. Ravenscroft's Super Six Hudson and the journey was an exceedingly pleasant one.

Hundreds of troops for the border have passed through Oakland during the week, the first trains to go through being those of last Thursday night which bore the First Maryland Regiment, followed later by troops from Pennsylvania on their way west. Yesterday afternoon eight trains of twenty cars each, containing the Fourth and Fifth Maryland Regiments, were sent on west toward the Mexican border, and today seven trains more are expected, these carrying troops from the New England States. When the first train carrying the First Maryland Regiment reached Oakland at five o'clock it was met by a number of Oakland ladies and gentlemen who placed aboard it refreshments in the way of lemonade and sandwiches which were highly enjoyed by the boys.

Funeral of George Crowe.

The funeral of George W. Crowe, who was killed in Consolidated mine No. 10 Frostburg Wednesday, took place Saturday afternoon and was in charge of Frostburg Lodge Loyal Order of Moose, of which deceased was a member.

The cortege left the family home at 1 o'clock for the M. E. Church at "Johnson's" where services were held by Rev. R. Carl Maxwell. Burial made in the churchyard.

Mr. Crowe is survived by a wife, one son and two daughters, Elden, Violet and Ellis; five brothers, Floyd, Thomas and John, of Garrett county, and Clarence and Eugene, of Meyersdale, Pa., and the following sisters: Mrs. William A. Murphy and Mrs. Calvin Wilson, near Johnson's farm, and Mrs. Lawrence Finzell, Johnstown, Pa., who is confined to her home with a severe cut on the head and face caused from being thrown from a street car.

OAKLAND CASH BUYERS CO., —Pay cash for spring Pigs, Calves, Lambs, Chickens, Turkeys, Eggs, etc. L. W. HOPKINS, W. L. CASTEEL, J. W. DAVIS, Adv. 10-tf

Money to Loan on real estate. Renninger & Offutt, Attorneys, Garrett National Bank building, Oakland, Md. Adv. tf

Public Stenographer.

The undersigned is located in the office of Messrs. Renninger & Offutt and is prepared to do all kinds of stenographic work. Hours 8 to 12 and from 2 to 5.

MRS. MARY CARICHOFF.
Adv. 17-3*

ESTABLISHED 1884. PROMPT SERVICE

We have just received two cars of Buggies and Carriages and are absolutely the nicest we have ever had. They are going fast and we suggest that you make your selection at an early date.

We also have just unloaded another car of Buckwheat Fertilizer at the right price.

Do not forget that we can furnish you with Twine, Mowers, Rakes, Tedders, Binders, Side Delivery Rakes, Corn Cultivators, Drain Tills, in fact anything for on your farm.

Our stock we have bought before the advance and are therefore able to give you the old price.

Make our store your supply house and keep in mind that:

"Naylor has it and sells it for less."

Yours to please,

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.

Oakland, Md.

BOTH PHONES EASY TERMS

C. N. McINTIRE

SUCCESSOR TO

J. M. DAVIS & SONS

OAKLAND, MD.

Some of the lines we handel, Alabastine, Binder Twine, Myers Hay Tools, Roofing, Water Coolers, Refrigerators, Bicycles, Paints, Washing Machines, Standard Sit Straight Sewing Machines, Best Gasoline Iron on the market for only $2.95.

Come in and see us.

C. N. McINTIRE,
Oakland, Maryland.

D. E. BOLDEN

Furniture Dealer and Funeral Director

HAVING moved my furniture business to the Manhattan Hotel store room, I am prepared to serve the public to the best of my ability, having now in stock the finest line of Furniture ever brought to the city and which I offer as cheap as it can be bought in the wholesale markets.

All I ask is a chance to name you prices.

My stock is complete in every detail, and which consists of Furnitnre, Carpets, Mattings, Window Shades, Bedding of all kinds, large and small Rugs—in fact everything with which to furnish a house from cellar to attic.

I am also prepared to give estimates on Buildings and repair work—from a pig pen to a palace.

Call and see me; I will treat you fair and square.

Thanking the public for past favors and soliciting a continuance of the same, I remain,

Yours respectfully,

D. E. BOLDEN

CRELLIN

The mill closed down Saturday evening until July 5.

Mr. S. A. Kendall and Mr. Cunningham, both of Pittsburgh, were in town last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Edwards of Dobbin W. Va., are visiting their parents here.

Mr. Frank Strawser, who is working in Pittsburgh, is spending a few days here with his family.

Messrs. Creed Adams and Noah Rumer who have been working in Pittsburgh, are now home on a visit.

Mr. Chas. Ream and Mr. D. D. Adams made a flying trip to Oakland, Monday evening.

The W. O. W. and K. G. E. of this place will hold their annual picnic in the Ashby Grove on Saturday, August 26. Everybody cordially invited.

Mr. B. F. White spent the fourth in Piedmont.

A large number of people attended the dedication of the Nordeck church Sunday. Everybody reported a pleasant time.

County surveyor, A. C. Mason, was doing some surveying for the company last week.

Mr. Wm. R. Stull spent Saturday afternoon in our town.

Mr. Eugene Brown, of Terra Alta, was seen on our streets Monday.

Mr. C. C. Elliott returned to Crellin Monday evening after spending a few days with his parents in Terra Alta.

Mr. C. E. Ammerman and family motored last week to his home near Scranton, Pa.

Miss Fike, of Terra Alta, is visiting Miss Iva Thompson this week.

A WOOD HICK.

Subscribe for The Republican.

MOUNTAIN LAKE PARK.

The program for Garrett County Day is in preparation. Saturday, September 2nd, is to be a memorable day in Garrett county. Invitations are being sent out to "old timers" to return home and help celebrate. Prominent men have been invited to be present to address the multitude who will assemble in the amphitheatre. It will be an old time picnic, the kind enjoyed by our fathers and grandfathers, mothers and grandmothers. Baskets will be checked free. Superintendent Rudisill is consulting the earlier settlers upon "the doin's of the day" and they are enthused on the subject. Our West Virginia neighbors and Pennsylvanians are to be invited to come and enjoy themselves.

The Civic Club is delighted over the improvement to the bowling alley building. That porch will supply "a long felt want." What splendid occasions will be enjoyed on it. It will be an ideal resting place, a favorite meeting place, a center of social gatherings.

Malett's stand is open for business. Mr. Malett is hopeful, cheerful and ready to give his customers choice fresh goods.

At the close of the camp meeting members of the Christian Alliance will conduct a Bible study at the home of Miss Sarah C. Harris.

Mrs. Major Jarvis has opened her cottage for the season. She has had a number of improvements made to her cottage, including hot and cold water, bath, etc. Major Jarvis is on the border with his regiment.

Miss Jennie Smith will be a guest of Hotel Chautauqua during the camp meeting. She will be glad to meet her many friends.

An automobile from Garrett, Pa., containing six people, was here Sunday.

Mrs. Jennie Hoffman (nee Murphy) of Johnstown, Pa., is here visiting relatives and friends.

Mr. P. T. Garthright is here for a visit to his old friends. He goes about the Park with a little aid.

The short but rather violent wind and rain storm Sunday night created quite a commotion in the audience attending the camp meeting. It was soon over, however.

The chicken supper given by the M. E. Ladies' Aid last Thursday evening at the beautiful home of Mrs. Winchell, (Journey's End), was well patronized and those attending were pleased with the eatin's.

The dust on the road between the Park and the State road at Weber's Sunday was simply suffocating. Complete the road to the Park before next season. We would suggest to the traveling public along this road that during the dusty season they take the back road, leaving the main road at the Gov. Fleming place, thereby avoiding the most of the dust.

The camp meeting opened Friday night. The attendance was not large, but an excellent meeting was held. Rev. Dr. Dunham, of Delaware, Ohio, is in charge. He has a strong team of workers associated with him, who are preaching most excellent sermons. The camp meeting will close next Monday night. The singing of the meeting is greatly enjoyed. Dr. Gilmour, the leader, is doing splendid work. The services Sunday last were well attended and greatly enjoyed.

A conference for Bible instruction will be held in Miss Harris Faith Home July 13-26. Among those present will be Prof. George Shaw, and Rev. J. J. Gregory Mantle, D. D., of London, England. Dr. Mantle is one of the greatest preachers of England. He will doubtless preach in the amphitheatre July 16, 11 a. m.

The annual meeting of the Community of Mt. Lake Park will be held next Wednesday at 10 a. m., in Assembly Hall.

Miss Ruth Rudisill, who is taking the course for a trained nurse in the Woman's Hospital at Baltimore, is spending her vacation in the Park.

Robert Moomaw is running the second trick at the electric light plant.

The bowling alley is open for business. Already the lawn tennis courts are well patronized and are in good condition.

Bathing and boating are in order at the lake. The motor launch is at your service.

Secretary A. T. White is mailing printed matter telling about the Maryland-West Virginia Odd Fellow reunion, July 22. The circular says, "Spend the day in the Mountains. Get your lungs full of fresh air. Boating, bathing, base ball, tennis, bowling, addresses by leading members of order, music, etc." Bands of music will be present. Everybody invited to be at the Park on the 22d.

If Congressman Lewis possibly can get to the Garrett County rally day, September 2d, he will do so. Senator Zihlman, Dr. France and Mr. H. Dorsey Etchison, the Democratic candidate for Congress, have been invited to attend and participate in the exercises of the day.

On the 4th instant the children and grand children of Thomas H. Cuppett gathered at the home of his daughter, Mrs. J. H. Enlow, on F street and held a family reunion. There were forty-four members of the family seated at the dinner table. One son and his family were detained at his home by sickness. The occasion was a most enjoyable one. The judge will soon be 78 years old, is in good health and enjoys life. The Judge and his good wife were delighted with the happy day given them by their loved ones.

The services in the tabernacle next Sabbath will be in charge of the best talent of the Camp Meeting Association and will be of great interest.

The young people of the Baptist churches of Allegany county are talking about an outing at the Park during the Bible Conference.

Miss Carrie Rudisill is a guest of her brother L. A. Rupisill and family.

Mrs. C. F. Enyart, of Chicago, Ill., who a few years back was the manager of the Mountain Lake Hotel, has opened the Assembly House for guests. Mrs. Enyart is a very pleasant woman and will make all who are guests of her house feel that they have made a wise selection by choosing the Assembly House for their summer home.

The Camp Meeting Association is planning for the next year. One of the leading business men of Wheeling, W. Va., will be publicity manager. He will have charge of the advertising department. His success in his own large business is evidence that the Camp Meeting will be well advertised. Arrangements are being made to bring 20 deaconesses here during the camp meeting of 1917. They will be guests of the Deaconness Home. A letter from Mrs. John Thompson will be read next Sabbath. Mrs. Thompson is full of vigor and ready for the winding up of a most useful life.

Gass by the car load at Treacy's Garage. Retail price 25c. gal. In drums of 53 gallons you can still get it cheaper. Fire-Stone Tires, we beat them all. Ford repairs, the largest line in town.

Order Nisi.

Julius C. Rennlnger, Assignee vs. Bertha V. Martin and Susanna Simmons.
No. 2966 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Ordered, this 24th day of June, in the year nineteen hundred and sixteen, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in equity, that the sale made and reported by Julius C. Rennlnger, Assignee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 4th day of August, 1916; provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Garrett county once a week for three successive weeks before the 25th day of July, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $160.00.

E. Z. TOWER.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Notice to Trespassers

Notice is hereby given to all persons not to trespass upon the lands of the undersigned for any purpose whatever under the severest penalty of the law; and all cattle found within the bounds of the lands will be impounded.

JONAS KNOX, Agent.
for J. J. Nicola.

3 times. paid.

Auditor's Notice.

Howard G. Robinson, v. William Butler Admr, et al.
No. 1979 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Notice is hereby given to the creditors of Canada Butler, deceased, to file their claims in the above entitled cause, with the Clerk of this Court properly authenticated on or before the 2nd day of July, 1916, as I shall, on the 10th day of July, 1916, as I shall proceed to state an account distributing the funds in the hands of the Trustee in said cause.

EDWARD H. SINCELL,
Auditor.

LEON

Will make the season of 1916 as follows, beginning May 13th:

On Saturday of each week at the Mill Stable of Andrew W. Helbig in Oakland. Other days at my home.

After July 15, terms will be $10.

D. J. SWARTZENTRUBER.

Notice to the Pulic.

My son, Lester Hetrick, who is under age, having ran away from my home and care, I hereby notify all persons, firms, etc., that I will not be responsible for any debts he may contract, and I also warn all persons against employing or harboring the said Lester Hetrick so long as he is not of legal age.

MELCHOR HETRICK,
Bittinger, Md.

Adv. 15-3t

A WONDERFUL BARGAIN

$5 BIBLE $2 FOR ONLY

Nearly 600 fine Pictures

Everybody surprised and delighted. Give them to the children and stimulate their interest

Fine leather overlap binding with red edge. Gold edge 50 cents extra. Nothing finer for a gift to anyone.

Will be pleased to show this beautiful book and no obligation to buy.

Call, phone (Bell 63 W) or write.

HEYWARD,
Oak and E. Streets,
Mt. Lake Park, Md.

Advertisement 14-4t*

Notice to the Public.

This is to give notice that I am not connected in any way with any firm and will not be reasonsable for any bills only those that I contract personally.

MARY S. BROWNING.

Mt. Lake Park, Md., June 1, 1916.
Adv. 17-3t*

TAX SALE

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate

In Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of the power vested in the Treasurer of Garrett County, Maryland, by section 52 of Chapter 566, of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland for the year 1890, title "Garrett County," sub-title "County Treasurer," and as amended by the General Assembly of Maryland for the year 1898, Chapter 144, the undersigned late Treasurer in and for Garrett County, Maryland, will, on

FRIDAY,

the 14th day of July, 1916,

at 10 o'clock a. m. at the front door of the Court House in the town of Oakland, Garrett county, Md., offer and sell at public auction to the highest bidder all of the following pieces or parcels of land lying and being in Garrett County, Md., to wit:

No. 4.—All the right, title and interest in and to all those pieces or parcels of land located in Election District No. 6 of Garrett county, known and designated as Military Lots Nos. 1665, 1670 and 1673, containing the quantity of fifty acres each and being the same property which was conveyed to N. H. Casteel by Milton W. Lytle et vir., by deed bearing date the 24th day of February, 1913, and which is duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 64, folio 460, one of the Land Records of said Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the balance of taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of said Garrett county in the name of N. H. Casteel.

No. 5.—Thirty-five acres of a tract of land known as the S. H. Ryland Farm, located in Election District No. 5 of Garrett county, and being the same property which was conveyed and is described in a deed for the same from T. H. Speer et al., bearing date March 14, 1914, to Harry Holliday, and also from Thos. E. Null et al., bearing date March 13, 1914, to said Holliday, both of which deeds are of record in Liber E. Z. T., No. 66, folio 425. Said property adjoins the lands of John Failinger, the State line, George Sibert and Sarah T. Kerr, and will be sold, excepting 25 acres thereof which was sold previously to Henry Sausman and described in a deed for the same bearing date April 18, 1915, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 68, folio 179, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, to pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Harry Holliday.

No. 6.—All that tract of land known and described as Military Lot No. 3076, containing 50 acres and being the same land which was conveyed by Fred. A. Thayer et vir., to William A. Carr, by deed bearing date the 31st day of December, 1912, which deed is duly of record in Liber E. Z. T. No. 64, folio 379, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915, as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of the said William A. Carr. Said land is located in Election District No. 6 of Garrett county.

No. 7.—One-half interest in all that lot known and designated as Military Lot No. 3054, containing the quantity of fifty acres, and being the same property which was conveyed to Chester Schnopp by Levi Schnopp by deed dated October 1, 1915, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 66, folio 141, one of the Land Records of Garrett county. This property is located in Election District No. 6 and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Chester Schnopp.

No. 10.—All that part of a tract of land called "Cheviot Dale," containing 64½ acres, located in Election District No. 4 of Garrett county, and being the same property which was conveyed by Clayton Purnell, trustee, to Lewis Popp by deed dated May 22, 1897, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 32, folio 277, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of said Garrett county in the name of Lewis Popp.

No. 11.—All that parcel of land known as Lot No. 5 in the town of Bloomington, in Election District No. 4 of Garrett county, which lot is fully described in a deed for the same from William E. Ambrose et ux. to Ephraim K. Wilson, bearing date June 6th, 1914, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 66, folio 494, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Ephraim K. Wilson.

No. 19.—All of the surface rights of a parcel of land containing 13 acres, being a part of the tract known as Military Lot No. 536, located in Election District No. 9 of Garrett county, and being the same property which was conveyed by Andrew Rosenberger to Philip H. Knepp by deed dated October 7, 1914, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 68, folio 100, etc., one of the land Records of Garrett county, reserving however, from the opertions of this sale a strip of said land one rod wide along the first line of said tract. Said land will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of said county in the name of Philip H. Knepp.

No. 20.—Parts of Lots Nos. 2 and 3 of the sub-division of a tract called "Bear Camp," containing 49 acres and 156 perches and being the same land described in a deed for the same from Uriah M. Stanton to Samuel H. Orner, dated March 5, 1913, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 64, folio 474, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, said land being located in Election District No. 11 of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of said county in the name of Samuel H. Orner.

No. 21.—Lot No. 20 of the sub-division of the tract known as "Lochiel," located in Election District No. 11 of Garrett county, containing 132 acres, and being the same property which was conveyed by Ulysses S. Jackson to Thomas J. Rayner by deed bearing date the 23rd day of September, 1914, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 68, folio 21, etc., one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Thomas J. Rayner.

No. 22.—All that parcel of land located near the Pennsylvania State line, in Election District No. 5 of Garrett county, containing the quantity of 294¼ acres, and being the same property which was conveyed to William H. Sausman by Sarah T. Kerr by deed bearing date the 6th day of April, 1914, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 68, folio 164, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of William H. Sausman.

No. 23.—All those lots or parcels of land, located in Election District No. 9 of Garrett county, known and designated as Military Lots Nos. 682 and 686, containing 50 acres each, and being the same lots conveyed by Owen E. Hitchens to Daniel Bevans by deed dated the 24th day of November, 1914, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 68, folio 93, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of said Gorrett county in the name of Daniel Bevans.

No. 24.—Lot No. 12 of the sub-division of the tract known and designated as "Lochiel," containing 210 acres, saving and excepting a right of way 20 feet wide and described in a deed for the same to the Consolidation Coal Company from George W. Beeman, dated October 2, 1908, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 58, folio 199, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and being the same property which was conveyed to said Beeman by Andrew J. Beeman and wife by deed dated July 21, 1906, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 54, folio 27, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of said Garrett county in the name of George W. Beeman. Said land is located in Election District No. 9 of Garrett county.

No. 26.—Part of a tract of land known as "Mill Run," and also known as a part of the James Morrison lands located in Election District No. 4 of Garrett county, and being the same land which was conveyed to Annie Green by deed from Jas. Morrison dated the 20th day of April, 1887, and duly recorded in Liber T. L., No. 63, folio 548, one of the Land Records of Allegany county. Said tract originally contained 251½ acres and will be sold, except so much thereof heretofore conveyed by Annie Green, to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915, as charged on the Assessment Books in the name of the said Annie Green.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on the day of sale. The right of redemption extends to six calendar months from day of sale by paying the amount of the purchase money with interest thereon at the rate of twenty per cent. per annum and all costs. Conveyancing at cost of purchaser.

C. A. BEACHY,
Late treasurer of Garrett County.

Farm for Sale

Containing two hundred and seventy-six acres. About 175 acres cleared and in good cultivation and the balance in timber.

Located twelve miles west of Lonaconing in Garrett county in the Fairview settlement. With seven or eight never failing springs on it. One dwelling house containing seven rooms and a good cellar; bank barn 40 x 60 feet and all other necessary outbuildings.

Good apple orchard of about 200 bearing trees and all other kinds of fruits.

If not sold prior to January 1st, 1917, the property will be for rent.

For any other information call on or address the undersigned.

JONAS WEITZELL,
Lonaconing, Md.

Furnished rooms; bath with hot and cold water; with or without board, in quiet, beautiful section of the Park. Address Box 64, Mountain Lake Park. Advertisement. 18-3t*

WILLIAM M. SOMERVILLE, Solicitor
Cumberland, Maryland.

Mortgagee's Sale

OF VALUABLE

Coal Lands

Together with Houses and Equipment of Operating Coal Company, the Property of Waitman Smokeless Coal Company at Steyer, Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage from the Waitman Smokeless Coal Company, a corporation, to the Coudersport Trust Company of Coudersport, Pa., dated the first day of May, 1914, and recorded among the mortgage records of Garrett County, Maryland, in liber No. 67, folio No. 352, etc., there being default in the covenants and conditions of said mortgage, the undersigned mortgagee will sell to the highest bidder at public auction in front of the Court House in Oakland, Garrett County, Maryland, on

WEDNESDAY,

The 2nd Day of August, 1916

at two o'clock P. M., all the following described property:

All surface and surface rights of the following parcels of land situated in District No. 8 of Garrett County, Maryland.

(1) Four small parcels of land comprising together nine acres, together with all the buildings and improvements thereon, including eleven tenement houses, more or less, and a large store building.

(2) All the coal in place including all those four tracts of land adjoining the above mentioned parcels of land containing 480 acres, more or less.

(3) All those parcels or tracts of land described in lease from the Bayard Coal & Coke Company to the Waitman Smokeless Coal Company, containing 493 acres more or less.

All of said tracts of land containg in the aggregate about 982 acres of land, nearly all of which is underlayed with the six feet and four feet veins of coal of quality and condition usually found in the Upper Potomac Region.

Reference is hereby made to the mortgage above mentioned and the several deeds therein mentioned for a more particular description of this property by metes and bounds. Also for reservations of several small parcels of coal which are reserved to original owners in said deeds, but which do not materially effect the value of said property.

(4) Also the following personal property: 65 one-ton 26 inch gauge mine cars, more or less, 23 tons of steel rails, more or less, one set Fairbanks Scales, one set Blacksmith's tools, one lot of mining tools, two boilers, with pumps, one engine, and all appliances and appurtenances thereto, all tram ways, hoists, mine props, and all other tools, buildings, structures, appliances and equipment for operating the said coal mines and mining plant, together with all the rights of ways of every kind and nature, including said tracts and switches, and all the houses, residences and buildings, tipple dumps, etc., now erected upon the said above described premises.

The mining plant has recently been repaired and put into good condition for the mining and shipment of coal, and is now an actual working proposition. Inspection of the property by prospective purchasers is invited.

Purchaser can be given immediate possession upon ratification of the sale by the Court.

TERMS:—A deposit of $2000.00 on the day of the sale, and the balance in cash upon ratification of the sale by the Court.

Coudersport Trust Company,
WM. M. SOMERVILLE,
Solicitor.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Testamentary on the estate of

JONAS A. SPEICHER

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 15th day of December, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 15th day of June, 1916.

ALLIE SPEICHER,
CHARLES M. SPEICHER,
Executors.
Accident, Md.

MADE BY
LOUISVILLE SOAP COMPANY
INCORPORATED
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY

CLEAN EASY NAPTHOLINE SOAP

Will go as far as TWO five-cent cakes of ordinary soap. It will cost you only 5 cents. (Cleaneasy saves the rub.) No rubbing, no scrubing, no wearing out of clothes. Just soaking, then boiling for ten minutes; a good rinsing and out on the line they go, absolutely clean.

Circulars and trial orders by parcels post at 5 cents a bar.

Sold by CHARLES S. DAVIS, Manufacturers Agent, Oakland, Md.

Adv.

A store room for rent on State Street, East end. Apply to P. J. Knapp, Terra Alta, W. Va. Adv. 18-3t*

The man Who Makes A STUDY OF HIS APPEARANCE

Is the man who best appreciates the detail of the tailoring we turn out The workmanship passes without a question, the fit is naturally a matter of course, but the shape we mould into the garments give them a character that finishes them off and makes the satisfaction of the owner complete.

All this is a bid for your next tailoring order. We know we can make you the best clothes you ever wore We want you to know it. That order is the best and only sure way to settle he question.

JAMES BROCK,
Dixon Building.
Oakland, Maryland.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County Maryland, Letters of Testamentary on the estate of

JOHN M. DAVIS

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 8th day of December, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under our hand this 8th day of June, 1916.

CHAS. S. DAVIS,
JOHN W. DAVIS,
Executors
Oakland, Md.

Road Notice

This is to give notice that on July 18th, 1916, the undersigned viewers will meet at John T. Gearys gate and relocate and view out a new county road leading from Garey's gate through the lands of Edith Hileman, Adell Friend and Hiram Humbertson to intersect the Morgantown road leading from Selbysport to Sand Spring, at a point near John Myers' house and to disannul the old road now leading from Gareys gate to Hiram Humbertson's.

C. W. FRIEND,
WM. F. MYERS,
S. K. FRAZEE.

ROAD PETITION

This is to give notice that thirty days after the first publication hereof, application will be made to the County Commissioners of Garrett county for the appointment of viewers to view and locate a proposed change in a dangerous road leading from Hoyes to Oakland to intersect the State road near William Callis' and running through the lands of the said William Callis for a distance of from five to ten rods.

W. A. SMITH,
D. O. DeWITT,
J. W. CALLIS,
HAMILTON FRIEND,
AND OTHERS.

Published first time June 15, 1916.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, either in person or by deputy, will be in each of the Election Districts in Garrett County, Maryland, to collect and receive taxes at the time and places following:

July 10. McHenry, Brenneman's Store, 10 a. m. to 12 m.
July 10. Sang Run, Postoffice, 3 p. m. to 7 p. m.
July 11. Hoyes, Smith's Store, 9 a. m. to 12 m.
July 11. Friendsville, Crawford Hotel, 3 to 9 p. m.
July 12. Friendsville, Crawford Hotel, 8 to 11 a. m.
July 12. Selbysport, Postoffice, 1 to 4 p. m.
July 13, Cove, Brown's Store, 8 a. m. to 12 m.
July 13. Keyser's Ridge, Smearman's Store, 3 to 4 p. m.
July 14. Grantsville, National Hotel 8 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 15. Accident, Gles's Hotel, 8 a. m. to 2 p. m.
July 17. North Glade, Theo. Beckman's 10 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 18. Bittinger, Jonas Bittinger's, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 19. Bittinger, Jonas Bittinger's, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 20. Jennings, Jenning's Hotel, 9 a. m. to 12 m.
July 20. New Germany, Postoffice, 2 p. m. to 4 p. m.
July 21. Scott Layman's, 8 a. m. to 12 m.
July 21. Thomas J. Johnson's, 2 p. m. to 4 p. m.
July 21. Finzell, Werner,s Store, 6 p. m. to 8 p. m.
July 22. Finzell, Werner's Store, 9 a. m. to 12 m.
July 24. Avilton, O. S. Fike's, 9 a. m. to 12 m.
July 24. Stricklands, 4 p. m. to 8 p. m.
July 25. Merrill, Postoffice, 9, a. m. to 12 m.
July 26. Swanton, Swanton Hotel, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 27. Bloomington, Cleary Hotel, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 28. Bloomington, Cleary Hotel, 6 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 29. Deer Park, Squire Hoye's, 9, a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 31. Kitzmiller, Bank Building, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
August 1. Kitzmiller, Bank Building 9 a. m. to 3. p. m.
August 2. Gorman, Duling's Mill, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
August 3. Red House 9 a. m. to 2 p. m.
August 4. Crellin, Company's Store 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
August 5. Ottaway, Connell's Store 10 a. m. to 4 p. m.

By an Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed at the January Session, 1890, being Chapter 566, Section 45, it is provided that all county taxes shall be due and payable on the first day of September next succeeding the date of levy thereof; and all taxes paid on or before the first day of September a discount of three per cent. shall be allowed; and after the first day of January all taxes shall bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum until paid. The Treasurer shall take the discount from and charge interest on the bills for county purposes regularly in the manner aforesaid and shall note the same upon his books and upon the receipt for taxes so paid, but the discount allowed on the county taxes by this section shall not be made to any person or corporate institution unless the whole amount of state and county taxes due by such person or corporate institution for the current year be paid when the same is made.

J. W. KIMMEL
Treasurer of Garrett County, Maryland.

For Sale.

I offer for sale the property known as the Swanton Mill, located at Swanton, Garrett county. The mill is fully equipped to do a general milling business, the machinery consisting of boiler and engine, 1 stand of 7 x 18 rolls with bolting outfit for same, scourers, shucker, etc.; 1 French Burr, cracked corn seive, also table meal bolts, emery rig. This property will be sold at a reasonable figure. Building 46 x 60 feet. If interested address.

W. H. OSS,
18-4t Swanton, Md.

KODAK SAFETY FILM

THE REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME 41. OAKLAND, MARYLAND THURSDAY, JULY 13, 1916. NUMBER 20

INJURIES WERE FATAL TO FIFTEEN-YEAR OLD BOY

Clarence L. Guthrie Died Friday Morning After Having Been Mangled By Train.

Clarence L. Guthrie, of near Oakland, aged fifteen years, received injuries at Bridge No. 88, a mile and a-half west of Oakland last Friday morning about four o'clock and as a result he died at the office of Dr. Darby an hour or two later, where he was taken on the engine of the train which struck and ran over him.

Young Guthrie accompanied Arthur Cogley, who was employed in guarding the Baltimore and Ohio bridge where it crosses the Big Yough river, on Thursday night, intending to remain with him. Along about four o'clock Guthrie fell asleep on the track and Cogley being at some distance from him in the performance of his duties, did not know of the danger impending until his companion had been caught beneath the wheels of an eastbound freight engine and his leg and hip badly mangled. He was brought into Oakland by the train crew and taken to the office of Dr. Darby, as above stated. His injuries were such that nothing could be done for his relief and his death ensued.

The body was prepared for burial at the undertaking rooms of D. E. Bolden and the funeral took place on Saturday, Rev. Bremer, of the Lutheran church, officiating.

The boy was the son of LeRoy Guthrie, whose death resulted several years ago by being thrown from a buggy. His mother and several younger brothers and sisters survive.

NOTICE.

As I have sold my store to Mr. G. C. Martin, I wish to settle all accounts by July 1st. Any and all accounts unpaid by that date will be placed for collection.

Advertisement. J. A. WHITE.

KILLED AT FROSTBURG.

Michael Harden, Former Accident Resident Met With Fatal Accident.

While driving across the tracks of the Western Maryland Railway near the Borden Mining Company's farm, a short distance above Frostburg, at noon on Tuesday, Michael Harden, employed as a farm hand on the farm of James Engle, his son-in-law, was ground to pieces and his two horses were instantly killed when struck by passenger train No. 2 on its way east from Pittsburgh. John Sullivan, who was walking in the rear of the wagon, escaped injury. The train as a result of the accident was delayed an hour.

For many years Mr. Harden, prior to moving to Frostburg, resided at Accident and was employed as star route carrier between Oakland and his home town. He was a brother-in-law of the Messrs. Shartzer of Oakland.

The body of Mr. Harden was taken to Frostburg where it was later removed to his home, at Sand Springs, near Frostburg. Mr. Harden is survived by his wife, Mrs. Barbara Harden, and the following sons and daughters: Mrs. James Engle, Mrs. W. Blocher, Mrs. Harry Kellar, Samuel Harden, Edward Harden, all of Frostburg; Mrs. James Harden, of Eckhart and Mrs. McGuire, of Grantsville.

The funeral occurred at Frostburg yesterday afternoon at four o'clock.

Scholarships Awarded.

As a result of the examinations of applicants for scholarships in various State institutions, which were conducted recently by County Superintendent Rathbun, the School Commissioners have made the following awards: Western Maryland College, Westminster, Mr. Earl Lowdermilk, of Selbysport. Washington College, Chestertown, Edward Miller, Kitzmiller. The school authorities have several other valuable scholarships to be given applicants, which will be awarded when applied for and the applicants meeting certain requirements.

GARRETT COUNTY'S OLDEST CITIZEN HONORED

Uncle "Abe" Wilson Celebrated His One Hundredth Anniversary Tuesday

All hats off to Uncle "Abe" Wilson, Garrett county's centenarian, who passed his one hundredth milestone surrounded by relatives and friends at his home near Altamont on Tuesday of this week, upon which occasion the whole countryside turned out to do the patriarch honor, to wish him well and to congratulate him upon the distinction of being the oldest living man in this whole section of the country and Uncle "Abe" enjoyed every moment of the day, especially when he was informed that several photographers who were present had their cameras directed toward him, when his kindly old face lighted up and he smiled broadly, realizing the fact that after he is gone his kindred and friends will have something to treasure by which they will remember his century natal day.

Uncle "Abe," as his custom has been for many years, looked forward to Tuesday with more than ordinary interest. It has been his desire for a long time to live to celebrate his hundredth anniversary. In former years a few intimate friends of the old gentleman and his niece, Mrs. Feeley, who has been his housekeeper, were always invited to the celebration of the occasion, but this year, according to the expressed wish of Mr. Wilson, it was decided to widen the circle and to invite a large number, with the result that more than three hundred persons from every point of the compass, from Vermont, Maine, Oregon, Virginia, Maryland, West Virginia and other states, responded and thoroughly enjoyed the hospitality of the home that has sheltered Mr. Wilson for probably ninety-two years. The guests arrived by train, automobile and by carriage.

Mr. Wilson was born on the farm where he now resides. Shortly afterward his parents removed to Kingwood, West Va., [where they resided a short time and then returned to Maryland and their former home, where he has since resided. Never having married he continued to make his home with a brother, Jonathan Wilson, who reared a family of sons and daughters, Mrs. Feely, the hostess at the Wilson home, being one of Jonathan's children. Mrs. Feely has been the comfort of her uncle during his declining years as she was also the comfort of her father, whose death occurred in the eighties. In young life Uncle "Abe" was a most powerful man, it being related of him that he could handle a four year old steer with his hands, throwing and branding the animal and was always successful in the feat. Stock raising and grazing animals occupied his attention for more than sixty years, but in the meantime he also gave some attention to the purchase of vast tracts of lands, and thus for a few dollars originally invested he is now the owner of some of the most valuable coal lands in the county.

Tuesday's celebration was not marred in any particular. The crowd present came to pay their respects to a venerable man and they did it in a quite, unobstrusive and most becoming manner. Some presented him with flowers, while others gave him tokens of love and esteem in another form.

An orchestra had been provided for the occasion which furnished most inspiring music throughout the day, the first selection being "America," which was well rendered and befitted the occasion most admirably. Rev. Frank McCamic, of Deer Park, who has been Mr. Wilson's pastor for the past two or three years, was master of ceremonies and after introducing Rev. Wm. J. Barnard, of Bloomington, the latter offered a fervent prayer of thanksgiving and praise for the long and useful life of Mr. Wilson. Then followed refreshments which were in abundance and consisted of ice cream, cake, coffee, sandwiches, etc. In the meantime Mr. Wilson showed signs of fatigue and he was allowed to rest for an hour or two in his room. Afterward he was wheeled out to the front of the residence where his photograph was taken. Immediately afterward he was placed in the centre of the assembled guests and a panoramic view of the entire crowd was made by one of the photographers present. These views will be printed in this paper next week with a short history of the early forbears of the Wilson family, it being too late this week to secure the views for The Republican today.

Following the picture making addresses were delivered by Rev. McCamic, of Deer Park, who spoke of Mr. Wilson's life since he knew him; by Mr. Merritt Wilson, of Wildell, son of the late George W. Wilson and a former member of the Maryland Legislature, who reviewed briefly the history of Uncle "Abe" and his branch of the family; by Mr. E. H. Sincell, of the Oakland bar, who spoke of the Wilson family generally, relating some matters of history in connection therewith; by Mr. King Wilson, of Portland, Oregon, and by Rev. Paul L. Flanagan, of Mountain Lake Park.

The day was an ideal one in every respect and will be remembered for years to come by those present. It was an enjoyable day and was an occasion none there present may ever again be permitted to witness—the celebration of a centenarian.

Uncle "Abe" being an ardent Democrat, his friends sent the following telegram to President Wilson;

PRESIDENT WOODROW WILSON,
Washington, D. C.,

Abraham Inskeep Wilson, on his 100 birthday, and about two hundred of the Wilson family of Garrett county, Maryland, send greetings to you and wish you success in all your undertakings.

Yours for the best name on earth,
ABRAHAM INSKEEP WILSON AND RELATIVES.

To Miss Leigh Wilson, of Davis, W. Va., grandniece of Uncle "Abe", The Republican is indebted for the list of those present which appears herewith:

Among those present who registered were the following from Oakland: Gilmor S. Hamill, G. Semmes Hamill, H. Byrne Hamill, Mr. and Mrs. Edward H. Sincell, C. Milton Sincell, Mr. and Mrs. Benj. H. Sincell, Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Stewart, Mary Sincell, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Hutson, Miss Stella Hutson, Mr. and Mrs. A. Yutzy, Mr. and Mrs. G. Yutzy, P. H. Rodeheaver, George D. White, Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Dixon, Lawrence Dixon, E. G. Kight, H. G. Sanders, Mrs. Owen Martin, E. R. Ridder, J. W. Baker, J. C. Yutzy, N. B. Baker, G. L. Ridder, J. T. Beckman, E. Beckman, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Gortner, Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Stahl, T. J. Browning, C. D. Kelly, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Ashby, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Ashby, Mrs. Elizabeth Matthews, A. T. Matthews, Thomas Little, Arthur Townshend, J. W. Beckman, Mrs. D. L. Conneway, A. D. Naylor.

From Kitzmiller—Mr. and Mrs. V. G. Pew, H. L. Price, Mrs. V. E. Rafter, Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Bender, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Wilson, Cynda Wilson, R. L. Wilson, J. J. Thrasher, Chas. Sprague, Iva Bishop, J. W. Harvey, Scott Harvey, J. T. Harvey, Daniel Wilson, Porter Junkins, Mrs. J. T. Harvey.

From Elkins, W. Va.—Mr. and Mrs. M. N. Wilson, Delta Wilson, H. E. Adamson.

From Wildell, W. Va.—Burton Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. Merritt Wilson and sons, Clara Rightsman.

From Deer Park—J. B. Meese, W. D. Hoye, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Ashby, Miss L. O. Thrasher, Mrs. Helen Moon, M. E. Harvey, Mrs. Sallie Laughlin, Rev. Frank McCamic, Mrs. J. L. Fitzwater, Mrs. Florence E. Apsley, N. S. McCamic, S. Hinebaugh, J. W. Landis, Mrs. I. Irvin, Sydney Harvey, James Harvey, O. S. Moon, Jos. Harvey, S. A. Moon, Miss Lipscomb.

From Swanton—H. O'Brien, C. H. O'Brien, Simon Sweitzer, Nina O'Brien, Mrs. Chas. O'Brien, Mr. and Mrs. A. Beckman, Theodore Beckman, Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Hamill, C. T. Beckman, Mrs. J. T. Beckman, Floe Junkins, J. W. Junkins, Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Friend.

From Davis, W. Va.—Miss Leigh Wilson, Wade Wilson, A. I. Wilson.

From Piedmont, W. Va.—Carrie Hepburn, Mrs. Mazie Davis, C. W. Richardson, Mr. and Mrs. George Overfield, Mrs. T. L. Wilson, Thomas C. Wilson, Nan Hepburn, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Davis, Robert Dye, Mrs. W. E. Dye, Robert Davis, Grace Davis, Mrs. H. T. Davis.

From Bloomington—Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Barnard, Mrs. O. V. Fortney, D. W. Fortney, Mrs. S. V. Brydon.

From Keyser, W. Va.—Lena Bittinger, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Broome, Mrs. H. S. Tasker, C. D. Broome, T. B. Frey, Samuel Kight, Mr. and Mrs. Joe Dennison, Carrie Longsdorf, Mildred Broome, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Longsdorf.

From Altamont—Irene Friend, D. E. Jeffries, A. H. Friend, Howord Junkins.

From Mt. Lake Park—Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Kelso, Mr. and Mrs. P. T. Lipscomb, Elsie Lipscomb, Hester J. White, D. M. Lower, Huldah Lower, Rev. P. L. Flanagan.

From Ridgeville, W. Va.—Rosalie Harman, H. C. Harman, W. E. Dye, P. H. Harman, Ruth Harman, Mrs. Rosalie H. Dye.

From other points were: Mrs. W. E. Haines, Clarksburg, W. Va.; Charles W. Field, N. Tipton Slee, Baltimore; Mrs. J. E. Chappel, Cumberland; Henry Kitzmiller, Gormania; Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Haig, Terra Alta; W. H. Walton, Bretz, W. Va.; Miss Elizabeth Feely, Winchester, Va.; Mrs. Mollie Cunningham, A. King Wilson, Portland, Ore.; R. C. Wilson, Rawlings; Mrs. E. J. Thompson, Bryant Pond, Me.; W. Enlow, Hoyes; G. B. Dixon, Accident; D. M. Merrill, Avilton; A. P. Enlow, W. Frazee, Hoyes; E. H. Wolfe, Cranesville; S. Falkner, Friendsville; Mrs. George F. Bosley and children, Newport, Vermont; Artie Wolfe, Cranesville; Mrs. E. V. Rightmyer, Thornwood, W. Va. While this list is not complete, many having arrived and departed before the registration was begun, it contains the names of practically all who were present between the hours of twelve and two o'clock.

The County Commissioners, Messrs. D. M. Dixon, A. C. Smith, and George Warnick, accompanied by their clerk, Mr. W. G. Meyers, who went to Baltimore last Wednesday in Dr. Webster Ravenscroft's automobile, returned to Oakland on Friday morning, the drive to and from the city being made in good time and was a most enjoyable trip.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

HAVE A VERY LARGE STOCK OF

Binder Twine
Mowing Scythes
Grain Cradles
Mowing Machine Oils, Hay Forks

In fact a complete line of harvesting tools to sell cheap.

Also Big Stock

ROOFING

In four qualities to sell below the market.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

C. H. BROWNING

Deer Park's Best Store

Just Received a full line of

Endicott Work and Dress Shoes

HRICES RIGHT

P. S. A few pairs Ladies Oxfords at 69c. pair.

Get right Trade at Browning's.

Offutt's

WE HAVE IN STOCK

The Genuine GREENCASTLE Grain Cradle

It is made of Well seasoned timber and fitted with the best make of Dunn Edge Clipper Grain Scythes, made-to-order, with cast steel blades.

It is the only Greencastle Cradle that is manufactured and is decidedly the lightest rudning Cradle on she market.

Wool We are paying the highest market price—Cash or trade

Wanted—Potatoes—Will pay $1.00 per.bushel.

OFFUTTS'

DONIPHAN'S MARCH INTO MEXICO 70 YEARS AGO

With His Missouri Mounted Volunteers He Captured Jaurez and Chihuahua and Brought Back a Hundred Battle Flags.

Seventy years ago the ground in Mexico where Pershing has his command was traversed by "Doniphan's expedition," and the city of Chihuahua was captured by Missouri Volunteers. A bill is now before the Library Committee of the United States Senate to erect a monument to Doniphan and his men, whose exploits were brilliant feaures of the first war with Mexico. The taking of Chihuahua by the American troops is to be one of the first objects in case of a second war with Mexico, it is reported from Washington, but this will not be effected with the negligible losses of Doniphan. With a command of 1100 men he defeated an army of 4,500 Mexicans the day before he entered Chihuahua, having a loss of only 2 killed and 8 or 10 wounded.

The Doniphan expedition into Mexico has been called "The March of the One Thousand" by a writer who claims it surpasses the retreat of Xenophon 22 centuries ago.

"Xenophon's story of the March of the Ten Thousand, as told in his Anabasis, is the most famous military narrative ever written; it is used as a textbook in colleges and schools, and is familiar wherever the history of Greece is read. Yet how many of those who know the "Anabasis" by heart are aware that Xenophon's exploit has been surpassed on our own continent, in our own times and by our own countrymen? Where is the textbook which contains so much as a reference to the 'March of the One Thousand'? How many of the students who can glibly rattle off the details of Xenophon's march across the Mesopotamian plains have ever even heard of Doniphan's march across the plains of Mexico? During that march which occupied 12 months a force of American volunteers, barely 1000 strong, traversed upward of 6000 miles of territory, most of which was unknown and hitherto hostile, and returned to the United States bringing with them 17 pieces of artillery and a hundred battle flags taken on fields whose names their countrymen had never so much as heard before."

At the outbreak of the Mexican war Alexander William Doniphan, a lawyer of Clay county, Missouri, and a brigadier-general of militia, raised a regiment of eight companies of cavalry, which was mustered into the volunteer service and he became its colonel. From Missouri the regiment marched with Gen. Stephen W. Kearny to Santa Fe., N. M., making the 1000-mile journey in 60 days in the summer of 1846. Doniphan's regiment consisted of 856 men and the total of Kearney's command was 1685. Santa Fe was reached on August 18 and Doniphan and Private Willard P. Hall, later Governor of Missouri, prepared a code of laws for the territory, most of which is still a part of the statutes of the state. Kearney was ordered to California with all his force except the Missourians, who had subdued the Navajo Indians, ordering Doniphan to report to General Wool at Chihuahua. Doniphan started with 1100 men, in December. On Christmas Day he routed a Mexican army of 3000 at Brasitos, 30 miles north of El Paso. Senator Thomas B. Catron of New Mexico, in a speech in the Senate said of Doniphan's later movements and personality:

"He followed the Mexicans rapidly into the city of El Paso, or the city of Paso del Norte, for El Paso did not then exist, being the place now called Juarez. There he had another slight engagement with the Mexicans forces, upon the fignt and took possession of the city of Juarez, or of Paso del Norte, and held it for two or three weeks, when he moved on to the city of Chihuahua. About 15 miles north of the city of Chihuahua with his 1100 men, he encountered about 4500 of the Mexican army.

"He had six pieces of artillery, commanded by Captain Weightman, who returned to New Mexico after the Mexican war, and on the organization of the state government at that time was elected a United States Senator to this body, but was not allowed to be admitted because the state was not admitted under the Constitution which it formed. Captain Weightman was afterward a prominent officer in the Confederate army, and was killed at the battle of Wilson's Creek, in Missouri. I belonged to his command at the time.

"Doniphan met those 4500 Mexican soldiers at a place called Sacramento. He deployed his men moved around them, attacked them both in front and rear, and, with a loss of but 2 men killed and 9 or 10 wounded, dispersed them, killing something like 200 or 300 Mexicans and wounding probably twice as many more. He drove them into the city of Chihuahua, the next day taking possession of it and holding it. It was there that he expected to report to General Wool, but he did not find him. Wool five days before had been engaged in the battle of Buena Vista under General Taylor. Wool had been ordered not to come to Chihuahua, but that order had not reached Donighan or Gen. Kearney, and therefore Doniphan went on, expecting to report to Wool, but not finding him there, he proceeded within a week or two afterward down by way of Buena Vista and Saltilla and by the capital of Coahuila on to the Gulf of Mexico.

"By this time the year's service of his men for which they had enlisted had expired and he was ordered to take them home. Before leaving the City of Chihuahua he wrote a communication to General Wool, having learned that Wool had been engaged in the battle of Buena Vista, at which place they learned of that battle and among other things, he said in that letter that General Taylor had been designated as 'Old Rough and Ready.' He stated that all of his men were entitled to that designation, but could go General Taylor one better—that they were not only 'rough and ready,' but they were also 'ragged.'

"It is a historical fact that no clothing was issued to Doniphan's expedition from the time they left Leavenworth until they reached home, 12 months afterward. They obtained their provisions en route from the time they left Santa Fe until they reached the Gulf of Mexico, where they took shipping back by way of New Orleans and by the Mississippi and Missouri rivers to their homes. Their horses and other livestock they fed upon the grasses of the plains.

"That expedition, out of 856 that composed the regiment of Colonel Doniphan, did not lose exceeding 56 men in the entire expedition, and more than half of these remained in Santa Fe to help start and build up that government.

"Doniphan was a man who was entitled to immense credit. Everyone in Missouri loved him. He did not seek office. He served two terms in the Missouri legislature, being elected both times without having himself requested to be designated as a candidate. He was tendered the office of brigadier general in the Confederate army and refused it. He was always true to the American flag. He always believed in the permanency and perpetuity of the Constitution of the United States and the Union of his government.

"It was my pleasure to know him intimately, personally. Several times I heard him address audiences on the stump. I once asked him why he did not accept the tender of the brigadier generalship in the Confederate army. He replied: 'I have lived in a community nearly every member of which sympathized with the Southern people'—that is the community where he was living when the war between the states commenced—'but,' he said, 'my education, that of a lawyer, has been upon the Constitution of the United States, in part, and I have learned to revere it; I have learned to believe that that Constitution was intended to effect a permanent and perpetual union of the states; I did not believe that the Union ought to be severed; I did not believe that it ought to be broken up and weakened. For that reason I was unable to accept a commission in the Confederate states' army, although I sympathized with those who were in that cause. I believe that my duty to my government was such that I should, at least, do something to tear it down.'

"This was the character of Doniphan throughout his entire life, so far as I knew him—and I knew him for about 20 or 30 years before his death—in fact, he was one of the board of curators of the University of the State of Missouri at the time I graduated."

Doniphan died in Missouri in 1887.

GORTNER

Tom Davies, who was visiting his friend Miss Ruth Irwin, left for his home in Pittsburgh Tuesday morning.

Miss Lena Shaffer spent the week-end with her grandmother, Mrs. Catherine Slabach.

Miss Alburn Smith, of Hoyes, was the guest of W. R. Spoerlein and family.

Misses Dora Lichty and Emma Burkholder spent a week at Springs and Meyersdale visiting friends and relatives.

Geo. Lee has purchased a Ford car.

Mr. and Mrs. Jonas Petersheim were Sunday visitors at D. J. Swartzentrubers.

Will Sanders, wife and children spent Sunday on the Mountain, at the home of Mrs. Sanders parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Conneway.

The people of Gortner wonder what the attraction is out this way for Percy Frantz.

Rev. and Mrs. Bremer, Rev. and Mrs. Sloop and Jess Bremer took dinner at C. L. Wamsley's Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Guthrie and children, of Cranesville, W. Va., were visiting Mrs. Guthrie's brother W. R. Spoerline.

Will Welch and family spent the Fourth at a Lonaconing picnic.

P. F. Gortner, of Shabbona, Ill., former resident of this place, is back on a visit.

Cecil Thayer, of Fairsweep, spent Sunday here.

Dan Schrock and family were visiting Soloman Slabaugh recently.

Services by the German Brethren, Sunday morning at 10:30.

WHOSE WAR?

(From the Philapelphia North American)

The real history of the threatened war (with Mexico) is not recorded in public documents; it is buried in the files of the executive offices at the White House.

In a word, the war with Mexico, if war it becomes, will be the exclusive production of President Wilson. There is no single achievement of this administration which bears so indelibly the imprint of his personality and management as this impending struggle, the, end of which no man can foresee.

Some readers, no doubt, will deprecate this making of a foreign involvement a vehicle of criticism. "Stand by the President" is a popular, insistent and justifiable demand. A Wilson newspaper remarks. "We know pretty well where we are, and how we arrived is of small consequence." But there is a sharp distinction between support of the executive in measure for defense of national interest—in which this newspaper loyally joins—and indorsement of acts on his part which produced the emergency. It emphatically is the right and the duty of Americans to inquire "how we arrived" in this deplorable situation; and they will find that it was through the ill-considered, unintelligent and headstrong policies of the man whose chief claim to re-election is that "he has kept the country out of war."

It will be urged, of course, that in a time of national stress politics should be excluded from discussion of governmental affairs. But it is President Wilson's partisans, not his critics, who are determined that the Mexican problem shall be made a political issue.

The Democratic party insists upon making a political issue of the Mexican policy and the threatened conflict; and the only proper answer to the challenge is a statement of the facts. We have said that this is President Wilson's war. What is the testimony of the record?

With manifest high purpose he selected the Mexican problem as the first and most important matter to be dealt with by his administration. Within a week of assuming office he took personal charge of it, devised and applied his own solution, and committed the government and the people of the United States to the course which has produced the present situation.

Typical intrigue and revolution had placed in power in Mexico Victoriano Huerta; his government was a dictatorship based upon usurpation and ruthless force, but it was far more real than any that succeeded it, and it had the vital virtue of possessing the forms of authority. Without warning and without consulting any known person, President Wilson made public proclamation that the regime of Huerta was obnoxious to the United States, and that it would never be recognized.

This was, of course, the inauguration of an entirely novel policy in international affairs. The act appalled the diplomats of Europe and of Latin-America, first because it involved direct interference with the domestic affairs of Mexico; and, second, because it tended to undermine the only existing authority in that restless country, which is a condition fatal to order in regions inhabitated by people like the Mexicans.

It was useless to plead that President Wilson acted from motives of genuine friendship toward the distracted republic. He had taken it upon himself to overthrow its defacto Government and to demand that one be set up which would satisfy his own views, and this course sowed in Mexico the seeds of distrust which have produced the present harvest of hatred and hostility.

But the fundamental miscalculation was that the President regarded his extraordinary action as negative in nature—a mere withholding of American recognition from an unworthy executive. It was, on the contrary, an affirmative procedure. It implied that the Government of Mexico must be not only effective but in harmony with the purposes of Washington.

"Watchful waiting" and "the steady pressure of moral force" failed to dislodge the adroit dictator. President Wilson involved the United States in secret partnership with Huerta's enemies, Carranza and Villa. To those unscrupulous bandit leaders envoys from the White House were sent, and their sanguinary military operations were deliberately encouraged, not only by official approval, but by the issuance of orders which enabled them to obtain arms and ammunition from this country.

But in placing responsibility, the chief point to be remembered is that all these proceedings were dictated and supervised by President Wilson personally. The regularly accredited envoys of the government were ignored; all negotiations were conducted by privately named agents of the President, whose reports were kept secret; there was no consultation even with the Foreign Relations Committees of Congress. Mr. Wilson, whose favorite theme is the need for "taking counsel," from the very beginning excluded all public counsel save his own.

It was President Wilson who, when the country was patiently awaiting a definite policy for the protection of American rights in Mexico, declared that it was "none of our business" how long the warring factions took to settle their quarrels nor how much blood they spilt in doing it; and it was he who, six months later, committed the country to intervention by announcing that he would recognize that group which proved the strongest in the field.

By that time the United S ates had lost all the prestige that had been behind its first move and retained only the responsibilities. As a consequence, the first wise action in the whole record taken—co-operation with the Latin-American countries; but even this advantage had been annulled by the present need for independent intervention.

When it is said, therefore, that the threatened war is of President Wilson's making, the assertion is historically accurate. He made war inevitable by personal intervention; by teaching the Mexicans that American rights could be attacked with impunity; by treating with irresponsible bands of criminals; by a policy of temporizing and contradiction; by the belligerent act of seizing Vera Cruz and the furtive expedient of with-drawing therefrom; by announcing programs of action behind which there was no preparation; and finally, by employing half measures in a military enterprise that could succeed only if prosecuted with relentless force.

President Wilson's sincereity and patriotism are above question, and he will have, as he should have, the undivided support of the nation in whatever action the will of Carranza imposes upon the United States. But since his advocates are determined to make the war, if it come, a poltical issue, it is well that Americans should understand that responsibility for it, as well as for its prosecution, rests upon "the pacificator of the world."

PREPARING FOR CAMPAIGN

State Chairman Tait Has Opened Republican Headquarters In Baltimore.

The Republican State Headquarters in the Calvert Building, Baltimore, have been opened and the preliminary work of the Republican campaign for 1916 has been started.

The Chairman of the Committee, Galen L. Tait, recently returned from New York, where he called on Mr. Charles E. Hughes, the Republican presidential candidate, and Mr. William R. Willcox, the newly appointed Chairman of the National Republican Committee. Maryland political conditons were referred to and Mr. Hughes was assured that he would have the united support of Maryland Republicans. He was invited to speak in Maryland during the campaign, and both Mr. Hughes and Mr. Willcox stated that the invitation would be considered when the itinery of the candidate is made up.

The notification of Mr. Hughes' nomination will take place late in July. Through the Republican State Chairman of Maryland, Mr. Wilcox, Nationa Chairman, extended a cordial invitation to Maryland Republicans and supporters of Mr. Hughes to attend this meeting.

The State Committee has also conferred with the Republican National Congressional Committee to enlist its activities in the Maryland campaign.

Galen L. Tait, Chairman of the State Committee, O. O. Weller, recent candidate for, Governor, and Joseph I. France, Republican nominee for the United States Senate, recently visited Washington and called upon Representative Frank D. Woods and Richard W. Austin, and John C. Eversman. Mr. Woods is chairman and Mr. Eversman is Secretary of this Committee. They also called upon Congressman C. Bascon Slemp, who is in charge of the Speakers' Bureau, and also had a conference with Senator John W. Weeks, Chairman of the Committee of Senators appointed to aid in securing a Republican majority in the United States Senate. The political conditions in Maryland were discussed and the officers of the Republican National Congressional Committee and the Senatorial Committee promised to cooperate in Maryland with a view to promoting the election of Dr. France as Senator and Messrs. Duer, Lawrence, Main, Fox, Mudd and Zihlman as representatives. Great interest was manifested in the Maryland situation and the belief was expressed that Maryland will be carried not only by Hughes and Fairbanks but that Maryland will also elect the Republican Senatorial nominee and a strong Republican Congressional representative.

A Money Saving Chance For You.

Get rid of your old scrap iron, old rags, old gum shoes, copper and brass. We are paying best cash prices for same.

25c per hundred for iron; 50c per hundred for rags; 5c per lb. for rubber; from 5c to 10c per lb. for copper and brass.

We are located at the old Hamill house, opposite the electric light plant, Oakland, Md.

A. G. TARLO, Proprietor.

Adv: 16-5 months.

For Sale.

I offer for sale one Bay Horse; gentle; drive single or double; good saddler; will travel any gait. I have purchased an automobile and have no use for above. Price $150.

ALBERT ASHBY, Sheriff,

Adv. Oakland, Md.

Subscribe for The Republican.

BRIGHT PROSPECTS FOR MARYLAND

Electoral Vote, U. S. Senator and Two Additional Congressmen Claim of G. O. P.

Under the heading, "The Winning of Maryland," the Baltimore American takes the following rosy view of Republican success in Maryland at the coming November election:

The National Republican committee regards Maryland as being a first-class fighting chance in the list of doubtful states. That, in effect, is the message which Chairman Galen L. Tait brought back on his return last week from New York, where he had a talk with Chairman Wilcox, of the national committee, and Mr. Hughes. Mr. Hughes will deliver at least one speech in Marvland and there will be a general focussing of effort in the endeavor to win this state. It can be done; Maryland can be bunched in the Republican column when the November election count is in if the right campaign effort is made. Not only are Maryland Republicans expecting to deliver to Mr. Hughes the electoral college vote, but they are expecting to send a Republican senator and two or possibly three members of the House to make sure Republican control of the next Congress. Maryland Republicans are lined up behind the proposition that the government, in all its branches, must be taken out of wobbly Democratic control and be placed with the party that has always used responsibility with courage, firmness and soundness of judgment.

The clerical forecasters of the Democratic party are already issuing statements in which Maryland, along with Missouri, Kentucky and Tennessee is being classified as a solid-South state; which is to say as being one of the states that is as sure to go Democratic in a presidential year as the sparks to fly upward or water to fall downward. The four states just mentioned are listed in the Democratic estimates in making up the 166 electoral college votes for the Democratic candidate that, according to the Democratic theory, are absolutely certain. If this so-called solid South vote of 166 were absolutely certain there would yet be a shortage of 103 electoral college votes to make the 269 votes necessary to elect. But Maryland is first-class fighting ground for the Republican party this year and so, also, The American believes, are Missouri, Kentucky and Tennessee. Counting the split Republican vote of 1912 as a whole there is indicated a small Republican plurality in Maryland and small Democratic pluralities in the other states referred to.

The Republican party in Maryland is not only completely reunited but there is a reason to expect that the very large independent vote in this state will swing to the Republican side in the November election. The nomination of Justice Hughes as the presidential candidate of the party will attract the votes of thousands in Maryland, who, on the poll books are listed as Democrats. It is stating the case very moderately when it is said that the Democratic administration has fallen far short of pleasing that class of Democrats which measures matters of national and international politics with discriminating judgment. That the administration has radically changed its theories with regard to certain issues—its theory about putting the country in condition of military preparedness, about the need of a tariff board made up of experts and in other important respects—does not tend greatly to the strengthening of public confidence in its capabilities. There is yet no indicated change about that watching and waiting theory of dealing with the murderous anarchy of the Mexican situation.

The Republican party in Maryland is lined up for a winning fight. The probabilities are large that this state will send Dr. France, the Republican nominee, to succeed Blair Lee in the United States Senate. And the probabilities that the electoral vote of the state will be given to Hughes are quite as large. The campaign is not yet into active swing in any part of Maryland, but there is a sufficiency of expression relative to the national aspects of politics to indicate the drift of popular sentiment. As to the present status of prosperity—there are no illusions among Maryland voters concerning the origin of the rush business that has characterized the past two years. And people having industrial connections are not forgetting the general demoralization in industrialism that followed the introduction of the Wilson-Underwood tariff. Democratic effort to appropriate war prosperity as a campaign argument is going to be a flat failure—is already a flat failure.

Do You Know That.

Better wages makes better health?

Better health makes better citizens?

Better citizens make a better nation?

The U. S. Public Health Service found 78 per cent of the rural homes in a certain county unprovided with sanitary conveniences of any kind?

Cholera is spread in the same manner as typhoid fever?

Scarlet fever kills over 10,000 Americans each year?

Hookworm enters through the skin?

He who builds up health lays up treasure in the Bank of Nature?

HOGWALLOW NEWS

DUNK BOTTS, Correspondent.

Atlas Peck thinks if he was running a store he would buy things in car load lots, so that he could get more of them.

Gander Creek is slowly rising since the rains, and Poke Eazley, who has been on a protracted fishing spree, has had to get up and move back twice already.

Now that the Depity Constable has his own interests as a candidate we under hand, he will help Woodrow Wilson out in his race.

Fit Smith predicts a hard winter, since observing that the hair on the north side of the Tin Peddler's horse is thickening up.

Since discovering that he sleeps with his feet to the north, Sim Flisnders has put another pillow under his head.

Atlas Peck's hound dog followed him to church last sunday and went inside, but got up and left before the sermon was over.

The big dance that is usually given in honor of the Depity Constable every time he takes office, has been declared off in case he is elected this time, as the Depity has decided it ain't right. He has been induced by Raz Barlow and other warm supporters, however, to wear his derby hat on the day he is inaugurated.

The Tickville opera house is being cleaned up for the next show, which is to be "Lena Rivers," and the orchestra will be requested not to stand up in front during the most interesting scenes.

Not having anything else to do, Jefferson potlocks climed to his housetop yesterday to watch the clouds pass.

Ellick Hellwanger has traded for a new pistol and is preparing to shoot a man living near Bounding Billows as soon as he can get his witnesses organized.

A committee of church women started over to the Calf Ribs neighborhood the other day with a lot of flowers for a sick woman, but changed their minds before getting there, deciding it would be best to wait until the woman died.

The Hogwallow Improvement Society walked down the road in a body the other day to meet the tin Peddler. A goodly number of our people accompanied the Society as just plain citizens. The Peddler did not lose much time in Hogwallow but missed several other things.

Yam Sim, who has been riding a tall, yellow mule for some time past has swapped it for a smaller one, to conform with the hitching post at the home of Miss Flutie Belcher.

The editor of the Tickville Tidings has ordered a lot of comas and periods as a good many of his subscribers objected to reading the whole paper at one time without stopping.

Gimlet Creek was out of its banks yesterday and covered a considerabel portion of Poke Eazley's farm. Some damage will be the result, and he will bring suit if he can find out who is to blame.

Fishing has been right dull on Gander creek. The Wild Onion school teacher spent a day recently on the banks of the stream and reports that, while he earnestly solicited their support in his endeavors and held out every enducement to them, the fish seemed disinclined to take hold of anything he had to offer.

Miss Flutie Belcher, who had herself put on the program at the musical by request, has had to withdraw from the program on account of a mouse having let all the wind out of her accordeon the other night.

BITTINGER.

Your neighbor may have grieved you sore,
My brother preadventure,
That neighbor needs your pity more,
Than he deserves your censure.

While riding along the public road near this village last Saturday afternoon, a spirited horse upon which Mr. Truman Upole was mounted, became entangled in a telephone wire which was hanging across the road and in the struggle to free itself the animal was very badly injured, but fortunately Mr. Upole escaped unhurt.

Mr. and Mrs. George Wagner, of Salisbury, Pa., motored to this village last Saturday evening and spent the night with relatives.

Clark Brenneman recently purchased a Ford car and is now adding his contribution to the clouds of dust along our roads.

Mr. and Mrs. William Shaffer, of Grantsville, were Sunday visitors in this neighborhood. They made the trip on a motor cycle.

G. W. Engle, of Baltimore, after spending a week with his parents here, returned to the city on Saturday.

Mrs. T. B. Wiley entertained a number of her friends at a home picnic on the Fourth.

Prof. J. C. Beahm, of Salisbury, Pa., was calling on former friends here for a few hours last week.

A store room for rent on State Street, East end. Apply to P. J. Knapp, Terra Alta, W. Va. Adv. 18-3t*

Federal Inquiry or Railroad Strike?

Faced by demands from the conductors, engineers, firemen and brakemen that would impose on the country an additional burden in transportation costs of $100,000,000 a year, the railroads propose that this wage problem be settled by reference to an impartial Federal tribunal.

With these employes, whose efficient service is acknowledged, the railroads have no differences that could not be considered fairly and decided justly by such a public body.

Railroads Urge Public Inquiry and Arbitration

The formal proposal of the railroads to the employes for the settlement of the controversy is as follows:

"Our conferences have demonstrated that we cannot harmonize our differences of opinion and that eventually the matters in controversy must be passed upon by other and disinterested agencies. Therefore, we propose that your proposals and the proposition of the railways be disposed of by one or the other of the following methods:

1. Preferably by submission to the Interstate Commerce Commission, the only tribunal which, by reason of its accumulated information bearing on railway conditions and its control of the revenue of the railways, is in a position to consider and protect the rights and equities of all the interests affected, and to provide additional revenue necessary to meet the added cost of operation in case your proposals are found by the Commission to be just and reasonable; or, in the event the Interstate Commerce Commission cannot, under existing laws, act in the premises, that we jointly request Congress to take such action as may be necessary to enable the Commission to consider and promptly dispose of the questions involved; or

2. By arbitration in accordance with the provisions of the Federal law" (The Newlands Act).

Leaders Refuse Offer and Take Strike Vote

Leaders of the train service brotherhoods, at the joint conference held in New York, June 1-15, refused the offer of the railroads to submit the issue to arbitration or Federal review, and the employes are now voting on the question whether authority shall be given these leaders to declare a nation-wide strike.

The Interstate Commerce Commission is proposed by the railroads as the public body to which this issue ought to be referred for these reasons:

No other body with such an intimate knowledge of railroad conditions has such an unquestioned position in the public confidence.

The rates the railroads may charge the public for transportation are now largely fixed by this Government board.

Out of every dollar received by the railroads from the public nearly one-half is paid directly to the employes as wages; and the money to pay increased wages can come from no other source than the rates paid by the public.

The Interstate Commerce Commission, with its control over rates, is in a position to make a complete investigation and render such decision as would protect the interests of the railroad employes, the owners of the railroads, and the public.

A Question For the Public to Decide

The railroads feel that they have no right to grant a wage preferment of $100,000,000 a year to these employes, now highly paid and constituting only one-fifth of all the employes, without a clear mandate from a public tribunal that shall determine the merits of the case after a review of all the facts.

The single issue before the country is whether this controversy is to be settled by an impartial Government inquiry or by industrial warfare.

National Conference Committee of the Railways

ELISHA LEE, *Chairman*

P. R. ALBRIGHT, *Gen'l Manager*, Atlantic Coast Line Railroad.
L. W. BALDWIN, *Gen'l Manager*, Central of Georgia Railway.
C. L. BARDO, *Gen'l Manager*, New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad.
B. H. COAPMAN, *Vice-President*, Southern Railway.
S. E. COTTER, *Gen'l Manager*, Wabash Railway.
P. E. CROWLEY, *Asst. Vice-President*, New York Central Railway.
G. H. EMERSON, *Gen'l Manager*, Great Northern Railway.
C. H. EWING, *Gen'l Manager*, Philadelphia & Reading Railway.
E. W. GRICE, *Gen'l Supt. Transp.*, Chesapeake & Ohio Railway.
A. S. GREIG, *Asst. to Receivers*, St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad.
C. W. KOUNS, *Gen'l Manager*, Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway.
H. W. McMASTER, *Gen'l Manager*, Wheeling & Lake Erie Railroad.
N. D. MAHER, *Vice-President*, Norfolk & Western Railway.
JAMES RUSSELL, *Gen'l Manager*, Denver & Rio Grande Railroad.
A. M. SCHOYER, *Resident Vice-Pres.*, Pennsylvania Lines West.
W. L. SEDDON, *Vice-Pres.*, Seaboard Air Line Railway.
A. J. STONE, *Vice-President*, Erie Railroad
G. S. WAID, *Vice-Pres. & Gen'l Mgr.* Sunset Central Lines.

LEMBERG FOURTH CITY OF AUSTRIA

May Fall Under Control of Russia a Second Time.

Unless the Russians meet suddenly with a signal reverse in their drive along the Austrian east front, Lemberg seems destined to pass under the dominion of the Czar for a second time since the beginning of the great war. This, the fourth city of Austria, is described in the following war geography bulletin of the National Geographic Society, issued from its Washington headquarters:

"When the fortifications of the inner city of Lemberg were dismantled in 1811 and the space which they occupied was converted into promenades for the prosperous citizens of this modern Galician capital of 200,000 inhabitants it was doubtless assumed by many that having suffered 'the sling and arrows of outrageous fortune' for the first five centuries of its municipal existence, fate would allot it a surcease from siege and capture.

"Lying 60 miles almost due east of Przemysl, and more than 450 miles northeast of Vienna, Lemberg is situated on the banks of the Peltew River, an affluent of the Bug. It nestles in a small valley which opens to the north, and is surrounded by hills, the most picturesque being the well-wooded Franz-Josef Berg, to the north east. To the east, a distance of 87 miles, is Tarnopol, near the Russian border, one of the first points of attack when the Muscovites recently pushed beyond the Galician frontier.

"A description of the modern city of Lemberg as it existed in August, 1914, requires many modifications today, for the scars of war are to be found in its many handsome homes; its broad, well-paved streets; its Roman Catholic cathedral, a handsome gothic structure completed in 1480; its Greek cathedral completed in 1779; its Armenian cathedral in the Byzantine style, dating back to 1437, and its magnificent monuments to such Polish patriots as King John III Sobieski, who, after having saved Lemberg from the same enemy a few years previously, in 1683, saved all Europe from Mohammedan invasion by routing an army of 300,000 Turks encamped about Vienna, his own forces numbering only 70,000.

"Called Lwow in the Polish tongue and Leopolis in Latin, Lemberg was founded by a Ruthenian prince in 1259. Nearly a hundred years later it was added to the domain of Casimir the Great, who bestowed upon the city the charter and privileges widely known during the middle ages as the Magdeburg Right.

"Following the fall of Constantinople, Lemberg enjoyed a revival of trade with the East, but it was caught in the maelstrom of rebellion and pillage which swept over the Ukraine and a part of Poland during the last half of the seventeenth century, when the Cossack hetman, Chmielnicka, was directing the infamies of the 'serfs' fury.'

"Lemberg was one of the Polish cities to fall before the arms of Charles XII of Sweden when the ill advised Augustus II, was drawn into the Great Northern War, which devastated central Europe for the first twenty years of the eighteenth century. In 1772, upon the first partition of Poland, Lemberg became an Austrian possession, and twelve years after this event Joseph II, established the University of Lemberg which, at the time of the outbreak of the present war, had more than two thousand students.

"One of the most attractive parks of Lemberg, and a favorite promenade, bears the name of the Polish patriot, Jan Kilinski, a humble little shoemaker who fought bravely in 1796 was captured and taken to St. Petersburg. After his release he returned to his shoemaker's bench and in his leisure hours wrote his recollections, a valuable record of this period of his country's history.

"Since the establishment of the Galician Diet in 1861 Lemberg has enjoyed increasing prosperity. Its manufactures include machinery and iron ware, metal, liqueurs, chocolate, leather, bricks and tiles, while its commerce is largely in linen, flax, hemp, wool and oil.

"In 1907 two interesting finds were made in the vicinity of this city by laborers boring for oil. The bodies of an elephant and a rhinoceros were unearthed in a remarkable state of preservation, even the hides being intact, due probably, to the preservative qualities of the oily soil in which they were buried.

GRANTSVILLE.

The motorcycle as an aid to Cupid was brought into requisition on Wednesday, June 28th, when William Schaefer of this place and Miss Bertha Reckner of Confluence, Pa., drove to Cumberland, and after procuring the necessary license, were married at the Lutheran parsonage at that place, the Lutheran minister performing the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Bittinger, cousins of the bride, were the attendants, traveling in a second motorcycle, both machines having side attachments. Miss Reckner is a popular Confluence girl and decidedly pretty. Mr. Schaefer is a son of Henry Schaefer, Sr., of this place and is a sober, industrious, and genial young man. They have known each other about a year. The bride wore a handsome blue traveling suit, with hat to match. The groom also was attired in blue. After the ceremony the bride and groom motored up the Pike to Confluence where the bride's mother had prepared the wedding dinner and on Sunday evening they returned to Grantsville where they will reside with the groom's parents for a few weeks before beginning housekeeping.

Paul, the young son of Mr. and Mrs. Conrad Wisseman, of near Grantsville, was operated upon for adenoids at the family home on Sunday.

Mrs. Charles Zehner and son of near Keyser's Ridge were taken to the Western Maryland Hospital at Cumberland this week for operations for adenoids and enlarged tonsils.

Miss Wilda Getty has been appointed by the directors of First State Bank to fill the position of assistant bookkeeper, her father being cashier and H. H. Baker assistant cashier. Miss Getty has just completed a course in stenography at the Tri-State College in Cumberland, and is well qualified to fill the position.

Lawrence H. Bittinger, the rural mail carrier, has gotten a new motorcycle with mail box attachement, attractively painted. This can be readily removed and the regular passenger seat attached when taking out his family.

Among the new cars here are an Enger Twin Six owned by Gurney Shaw and sisters, a handsome Madison for G. J. Gnagev, a seven-passenger Briscoe for Joe A. Beachy and a new Ford runabout for A. T. Shirer, the Western Union lineman.

A party of friends gathered at the home of Mrs. H. C. Bonig on Saturday night in honor of her birthday, the guests bringing the refreshments which consisted of icecream, cake and candy. The ladies present were Mesdames C. H. Bill, John Zehner, C. A. Bender, Rush Montgomery, C. S. Zeller, J. A. Carney, R. Bowen and J. O. Getty; Misses Carrie and Mollie Dorsey and Christine Winterberg. Conversation and games helped the evening pass pleasantly until shortly before midnight when the party dispersed.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Stanton and family were Accident visitors, Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Bill and Rev. E. E. Cney were dinner guests of Mrs. John Zehner Sunday.

Rev. E. Roy Hauser of Somerset, Pa., motored through Grantsville with his pretty bride, whom he had wed at Oakland, Md., the previous week.

Miss Beatrice Nathan is visiting her aunt, Mrs. David Durst, at Oakland, Md.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Loechel and family and Mrs. Harvey Parsons and son were Sunday dinner guests of Mrs. Susan Durst.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Llewellyn Blocher on June 29th an eight pound girl. Mother and baby are doing nicely under the joint care of grandmamma Blocher from here and grandmamma McLaughlin from Pittsburgh, also several adoring aunts.

Dr. H. T. Robinson of Cumberland spent Sunday here.

W. E. Stanton and daughters, Misses Beulah and Edna Bender, Miss Christine Winterberg and Mrs. Rush Montgomery were among the people from here who attended the Sunday School Convention at Elk Lick during the week.

Miss Maggie Dorsey is better after a week's severe indisposition.

Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Dean and father were Grantsville visitors Thursday and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Jonah Johnson of Garrett are spending a few weeks with their mother.

A handsome new railing has been erected along the cement walk in front of the Lutheran church.

Miss Carrie Gingerich, of Westernport, is visiting her parents.

Mrs. M. Lowenstein and son Harry and Mrs. J. Martin of Oakland motored to Grantsville, Sunday, and were guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Bonig. Miss Winifred Bonig, who had spent the week in Oakland as their guest, came home with them.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Bill, Mrs. Sophia Bonig and Mrs. C. B. Getty motored to Accident in the former's car, with Bruce Miller as the capable chauffeur, on Sunday evening.

A picnic was held at New Germany by the Methodist Sunday school on Saturday and the affair was a great success. Addresses were made by Senator Zihlman, of Cumberland, Rev. Wheeler and D. Sloan, of Lonaconing, Rev. Carder, of Grantsville and Rev. I. S. Monn, of Elk Lick.

TAX SALE

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate

In Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of the power vested in the Treasurer of Garrett County, Marvland, by section 52 of Chapter 566, of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland for the year 1890, title "Garrett County," sub-title "County Treasurer," and as amended by the General Assembly of Maryland for the year 1898, Chapter 144, the undersigned late Treasurer in and for Garrett County, Maryland, will, on

FRIDAY,

the 14th day of July, 1916,

at 10 o'clock a. m. at the front door of the Court House in the town of Oakland, Garrett county, Md., offer and sell at public auction to the highest bidder all of the following pieces or parcels of land lying and being in Garrett County, Md., to wit:

No. 5.—Thirty-five acres of a tract of land known as the S. H. Ryland Farm, located in Election District No. 5 of Garrett county, and being the same property which was conveyed and is described in a deed for the same from T. H. Speer et al., bearing date March 14, 1914, to Harry Holliday, and also from Thos. E. Null et al., bearing date March 13, 1914, to said Holliday, both of which deeds are of record in Liber E. Z. T., No. 66, folio 425. Said property adjoins the lands of John Failinger, the State line, George Sibert and Sarah T. Kerr, and will be sold, excepting 25 acres thereof which was sold previously to Henry Sausman and described in a deed for the same bearing date April 18, 1915, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 68, folio 179, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, to pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Harry Holliday.

No. 11.—All that parcel of land known as Lot No. 5 in the town of Bloomington, in Election District No. 4 of Garrett county, which lot is fully described in a deed for the same from William E. Ambrose et ux. to Ephraim K. Wilson, bearing date June 6th, 1914, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 66, folio 494, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Ephraim K. Wilson.

No. 19.—All of the surface rights of a parcel of land containing 13 acres, being a part of the tract known as Military Lot No. 536, located in Election District No. 9 of Garrett county, and being the same property which was conveyed by Andrew Rosenberger to Philip H. Knepp by deed dated October 7, 1914, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 68, folio 100, etc., one of the land Records of Garrett county, reserving however, from the operations of this sale a strip of said land one rod wide along the first line of said tract. Said land will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of said county in the name of Philip H. Knepp.

No. 21.—Lot No. 20 of the sub-division of the tract known as "Lochiel," located in Election District No. 11 of Garrett county, containing 132 acres, and being the same property which was conveyed by Ulysses S. Jackson to Thomas J. Rayner by deed bearing date the 23rd day of September, 1914, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 68, folio 21, etc., one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Thomas J. Rayner.

No. 22.—All that parcel of land located near the Pennsylvania State line, in Election District No. 5 of Garrett county, containing the quantity of 29¼ acres, and being the same property which was conveyed to William H. Sausman by Sarah T. Kerr by deed bearing date the 6th day of April, 1914, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 68, folio 164, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of William H. Sausman.

No. 23.—All those lots or parcels of land, located in Election District No. 9 of Garrett county, known and designated as Military Lots Nos. 682 and 686, containing 50 acres each, and being the same lots conveyed by Owen E. Hitchens to Daniel Bevans by deed dated the 24th day of November, 1914, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 68, folio 93, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of said Gorrett county in the name of Daniel Bevans.

No. 24.—Lot No. 12 of the sub-division of the tract known and designated as "Lochiel," containing 210 acres, saving and excepting a right of way 20 feet wide and described in a deed for the same to the Consolidation Coal Company from George W. Beeman, dated October 2, 1908, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 58, folio 199, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and being the same property which was conveyed to said Beeman by Andrew J. Beeman and wife by deed dated July 21, 1906, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 54, folio 27, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of said Garrett county in the name of George W. Beeman. Said land is located in Election District No. 9 of Garrett county.

No. 26.—Part of a tract of land known as "Mill Run," and also known as a part of the James Morrison lands located in Election District No. 4 of Garrett county, and being the same land which was conveyed to Annie Green by deed from Jas. Morrison dated the 20th day of April, 1887, and duly recorded in Liber T. L., No. 63, folio 548, one of the Land Records of Allegany county. Said tract originally contained 251½ acres and will be sold, except so much thereof heretofore conveyed by Annie Green, to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the years 1914 and 1915, as charged on the Assessment Books in the name of the said Annie Green

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on the day of sale. The right of redemption extends to six calendar months from day of sale by paying the amount of the purchase money with interest thereon at the rate of twenty per cent. per annum and all costs. Conveyancing at cost of purchaser.

C. A. BEACHY,
Late treasurer of Garrett County.

BRISCOE

"The Best-liked Car in the Country"

Built Like the Famous "One-Hoss Shay"

You remember the "one-hoss shay" that we used to "speak a piece about" in childhood—

"The wheels were just as strong as the thills
And the floor was just as strong as the sills;
And the panels just as strong as the floor
And the back cross-bar as strong as the fore."

That's the Briscoe ideal of construction—to make a car so sturdy, so strongly built throughout, that every part will deliver the utmost possible wear—and upkeep expense be small.

Selected heat-treated steels, tested to a point far beyond the strain you'll put on them; extra reinforcements where the extra wear comes; every part not only as strong as it ought to be, but as strong as it *can* be.

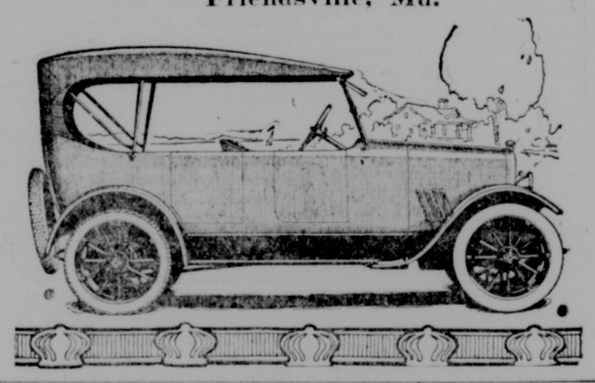
Briscoe construction pays you big dividends in longer service and lessened repair bills.

And the Briscoe Twenty-four—"the latest Briscoe beauty"—brings this construction to you at a remarkably low figure—

$625 f. o. b. Factory

Stop in today and look it over thoroughly.

INTER-STATE MOTOR CO.,
Friendsville, Md.



Make the Change Now

WHY hold off from tractor farming any longer? A **Mogul 8-16 kerosene tractor** costs less than the horses it replaces. It does more work than those horses are now doing. Counting fuel, interest and depreciation at top figures, it costs less than horses to keep.

You can use it for all the heavy work your horses do, and for belt work that horses cannot do. In these days of kerosene engines, can you see yourself hitching eight teams to a horse power machine to run a thresher? Then why do plowing, disking, seeding and harvesting with horses when a **Mogul 8-16** does that work also better and cheaper. We've got one here. Come in and take a look at it.

The H. Weber & Sons Co.
Oakland, Md.

THE REPUBLICAN

BENJ. H. SINCELL, EDITOR.

Entered at the Postoffice in Oakland Md., as Second-class matter.

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THE REPUBLICAN,
Oakland, Md.

THURSDAY, JULY 13, 1916

REPUBLICAN TICKET

For President:
CHARLES E. HUGHES
For Vice President:
CHARLES W. FAIRBANKS
For United States Senator:
JOSEPH IRWIN FRANCE
of Cecil County.
For Congressman:
FREDERICK N. ZIHLMAN
of Allegany County

VALUE OF BREVITY.

The ability to say a thing grammatically in almost any order in which the words or thoughts occur is of no advantage when the thinking is not straight and accurate. The power is there, the semaphores are set right, but the engine must be able to move and to keep on the track. Much of what is written is made up of the connective tissue of thought. It is not meat but what makes meat tough. Perhaps it was for this reason that a great scholar advised writers to cut every sentence to the bone. Others think, however, that flesh is needed on the skeleton. A lean man once boasted that every fiber of him was scraped before it entered into his composition. However more comely fat would have been, he was at least ready for the race. The long-winded sentence is the product of the short-winded mind.

The final reason for brevity is the demands of space. These are negative thou shalt not's. The column can not be trimmed to fit. It was the step-sister's feet that had to be pared away to enter the slipper. A two inch bit of of news may take precedence over one twice as long, to slip into a corner. The relatively unimportant must submit to the same inexorable compression that is practiced on the subordinate members of a sentence. The phrase may object but the main idea dominates. The need of getting through, of saving it, of compressing it, in the space before bedtime, has given to parts of journals the aspect of being the product of a cult of the brief.

Forty Years Ago.

A hayes and Wheeler club was formed in Oakland, the following being elected as its officers: Wm. H. Tower, J. M. Arnold, Thomas Coddington, Ralph Thayer, C. A. Snyder, George L. Bosley, S. L. Townshend, Samuel Lawton, A. A. Perry, Truman W. Casteel, A. G. Sturgiss, G. W. Legge, Wilson Proctor, John C. Dunham and Theodore Bush. Of this number but three survive at this time: Messrs. Sturgiss, Casteel and Legge.

News of the massacre of Gen. Custer and his command had been received and an attempt was made to trace the lineage of the Federal forces. It was found, after much research, and generally believed that Gen. Custer was born in Allegany county and had many relatives residing in Garrett county.

New Naval Cadet.

George M. Sanner, son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank K. Sanner, of Somerset, and nephew of Capt. R. R. Sanner, of Oakland, has successfully passed the physical examination for admission to the United States Naval Academy at Annapolis and has entered the institution as a student. The young man is but seventeen years of age and was appointed as an alternate, the principal having failed in the examination for entrance to the academy.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

The Dust Nuisance.

To the Editor of The Republican.

Persons looking for a place in which to spend the summer find the clouds of dust arising from the thoroughfares of Oakland a serious objection to this place. It would be to the interest of the town if the principal thoroughfares, at least those most used by automobiles, were well oiled.

It is encouraging to see that one property owner, Mrs. George L. Bosley, has begun the good work, with the cooperation of the town, by having the street in front of her house and lot, on Oak street, oiled.

A SUMMER VISITOR.

THEY WERE SORELY DISAPPOINTED

Fake Telegram Published in Clarksburg Paper Brought Thirsty Ones to Oakland.

A Clarksburg (W. Va.) paper recently published the following telegram which had the effect of bringing numerous thirsty ones to Oakland who, upon their arrival here, found that the report was false and concluded to move on to Allegany:

ATTENTION, THIRSTY ONES!

OAKLAND, MD., July 1.—This town became wet again today, after having been a Sahara for a year. From today's appearance Oakland will again step into its place as an oasis for thirsty West Virginians. Never in its history, say the inhabitants, has the town entertained so great a crowd of the denizens of the Panhandle state as on this, the opening day.

THE DEATH RECORD.

JOHN McFADDEN.

Shortly after noon on Monday John McFadden, aged 64 years, died at the home of Mrs. Alice McFadden on High Street, Grafton, West Va. Complications were the result of his death.

The deceased was the last member of his family and went to Grafton from Frankville, this county, a week ago to stay with his sister-in-law, Mrs. McFadden. The only other relative, even by marriage, is a brother-in-law, John A. Beckman, of Cumberland.

The funeral took place from the McFadden home on Wednesday at 2:30 o'clock, with Rev. W. D. Reed officiating. Interment was made at Grafton.

MRS. ANNA EARHARTE.

Mrs. Anna Kepler Earharte, daughter of the late Rev. George W. Kepler and Mrs. Anna Kepler, died at the home of her mother at Sistersville, W. Va., on Friday, July 7th, after an illness of many months. The following concerning the deceased is taken from a recent issue of the Sisterville (W. Va.) Weekly Review:

Succumbing at last to the raveags of a malignant illness, Mrs. Anna Earharte, wife of A. V. Earharte, answered the call of her Master Friday evening, dissolution taking place at 10 minutes after seven. Death occurred at the home of Mrs. Earharte's mother, Mrs. G. W. Kepler, where the deceased had been for the past two months.

Mrs. Earharte had been in ill health for three or four years and on July 24, 1915, was taken to the Ohio Valley hospital in Wheeling where she remained until a little over two months ago, having been brought home to await death, by her father, the late Rev. George W. Kepler, who died suddenly afterwards, just two months and a day before his daughter's demise. Every thing known to medical science was done to alleviate Mrs. Earharte's suffering and to check the disease but in spite of all efforts it proved fatal. The terrible ordeal of pain through which she passed during the last year was born with remarkable courage and fortitude and at all times her patience in her affliction was truly wonderful. Most admirable of all was her willingness to accept her cross and the beautiful Christian spirit with which she embraced it.

Deceased was born near Oakland, Md., Sept. 9, 1872, and was the daughter of Mrs. George W. Kepler and the late Rev. Kepler, who was one of the best known and best loved Methodist ministers in the state. Reared in the atmosphere of a thoroughly Christian home, she developed a sweetness and purity of character that had greatly endeared her to countless friends.

On June 9, 1897, she was united in marriage to A. V. Earharte, a well known newspaper man and printer, who, at the time of her illness, was editing a paper in Gassaway, W. Va., but who has been in Sisterville for several months to be near his beloved companion. Her father performed the ceremony. Mrs. Earharte is survived by her husband a mother, Mrs. G. W. Kepler, and a sister, Mrs. G. A. Sharp, of Stocking avenue.

Dr. D. L. Ash, pastor of the M. E. church, officiated at the services held at the home at 11:30 o'clock this morning and the remains were taken to Williamstown on the Spencer accommodation this afternoon for burial.

"One Horror Upon Another, Etc."

On the evening of the Fourth, Walter Kinkead, of Dodson, Md., with two other occupants in his machine went over the bank of the new road from Elk Garden to Blaine. They all escaped with scratches and bruises and though the auto plunged down the side mountain some distance the brush saved it from a complete smash up. Lloyd Oates with the help of others cleared the ground and drew the machine to the road with a large rope, but the rope being defective, broke at a critical moment and the machine turned end over end three timesdown the mountain making complete smash up of a bad cripple.

Junior Order To Attend Services.

All members of Garrett Council No. 35 Jr. O. U. A. M. are requested to meet at their hall in the K. of P. building on Sunday, July 16 at 10:15 a. m., for the purpose of attending services in the Lutheran church at Oakland.

GRANDFATHER ROAD BUILDER CENTURY AGO

New Highway Commissioner of Pennsylvania Has Dreamed of Good Roads.

F. B. Black, of Meyersdale, recently appointed state highway commissioner by Gov. Brumbaugh, has gone to Harrisburg, where, it is understood, he will take charge of the work and learn some of its routine before returning home. Mr. Black on leaving gave no hint as to how soon his return could be expected.

An interesting fact about the new state highway commissions developed today. This is that he is a grandson of John Bradfield, who in 1815 was awarded the contract for building the section of the famous National pike from Uniontown, Pa., over the mountains to Grantsville, Md. The records show that Mr. Bradfield sublet part of the contract and himself built only the section between Somerfield, Somerset county, and Grantsville. This work occupied him from 1815 to 1818. Mr. Bradfield is said to have been one of the most expert road builders of his time, the substantial nature of his work being evidenced in the longevity of the pike he constructed.

F. B. Black, Mr. Bradfield's descendant, has literaly dreamed about good roads, his friends say. Improved highways have been a passion with him, and his friends declare that the appointment to the state commissionership came to him as an opportunity. He has organized his mining interests thoroughly, with his oldest son, Frank Snyder Black, acting as assistant superintendent, so that he will be able to devote all his time and energy to the new work. When he gets accustomed to his new duties, it is said, he will begin making tours of the state, to become acquainted with road difficulties and needs in each section.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

Mrs. Annie Rasche Brunton, of Salt Lake City, Utah, spent from Thursday until Sunday morning in Oakland where she was the guest of her, step mother, Mrs. Kate Rasche, going from here to Vineland, New Jersey, where she will take a course in teaching the feeble minded, expecting to return to the state institution of Utah teaching those whose mental faculties are undeveloped, and her trip east is for the purpose of acquiring new and better methods.

Elsewhere in this paper Mr. E. A. Weimer, of Oakland, advertises his stock of goods, consisting of shoes, furnishings, clothing, etc., at private sale. Mr. Weimer has been engaged for some months past as a representative of the Witt Shoe Company and as such much of his time is required to cover the territory assigned him by his house. The goods offered by Mr. Weimer are seasonable and at the prices asked no doubt he will find a buyer.

County Superintendent F. E. Rathbun will spend the next five weeks in Baltimore where he is taking a course at John Hopkins University in school administration, supervision and methods. This course is being taken by nearly every superintendent in the State as well as by many educators engaged in various capacities in school work. Mr. Rathbun will make weekly visits to Oakland during the summer, coming home on Friday evenings and will be at the School Board office every Saturday.

Dr. and Mrs. A. F. Speicher and daughters, Maud and Elizabeth, of Los Angeles, Cal., arrived here July 4th and are visiting Mrs. Speicher's brother, Dr. W. T. McMillan, and other relatives and friends. Dr. Speicher who is a native of the Cove, Md., formerly practiced medicine at Grantsville and Salisbury and located in Los Angeles in 1903 where he has a large practice and has prospered greatly. Dr. and Mrs. Speicher and their charming daughters will spend several weeks revisiting the scenes of their youth. Mrs. Speicher is a native of Accident, Md., and a sister of Mrs. D. W. Wolfersberber, of Rockwood.—Meyersdale Republican.

Employes of the eastern lines of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad are arranging the program of their thirty-fifth annual reunion and picnic at Harper's Ferry, W. Va., July 27. In accordance with custom Miss Jennie Smith, the national railroad evangelist, who originated the gatherings of the railway employes, will deliver an address. J. W. Gardner, chairman of the committee of employes, reports that the program provides interesting entertainment during the entire day. The list of speakers includes Rev. A. L. Boda, T. E. Stacey, secretary of the railroad Y. M. C. A., at Baltimore, and W. C. Montignani, secretary of the Cumberland Branch. Miss Emma Southland will sing a number of selections, including several folklore songs of the railroad men. Two special trains will be operated from Baltimore, one from Mount Airy and one from Cumberland, for the accommodation of the railroad men, their families and friends.

MOVING HELPING STATION

Baltimore and Ohio Preparing to Take Helpers from Deer Park.

A large number of men are engaged at a point midway between Deer Park and Mountain Lake Park on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad building the proper yards and erecting water tanks and coal tipples for the accommodation of helping engines used to facilitate the movement of heavy freight trains up the grade to Altamont at the head of the Seventeen-Mile Grade.

These helping engines as well as the crews of men that handle them have until the present time been stationed at Deer Park, just opposite the Baltimore and Ohio hotel at that point and their removal to the new location is mainly for the purpose of eliminating the noise and dirt at the famous summer resort.

RESULTS OF TEACHER'S EXAMINATIONS

County Superintendent Rathbun Highly Pleased With Progress Shown.

The County Superintendent has issued certificates to the following persons, all of whom took the examinations therefor at Oakland upon Friday and Saturday, June 30th and July 1st, 1916:

First grade:—Albert L. Lee, Mildred G. Thrasher, Carrie F. Thrasher, Bertha Miller, Lillie V. Cutter, Mildred Jane Long, Carrie Walker, Naomi Lohr, Owen Foster Friend, Marie Ryland, Ernest L. Moon, Orleyna V. Dunham.

Second Grade:—Jessie O. Friend, Ida Liston, Margaret Slabaugh, William Fox, G. Prentiss Porter, George W. W. Friend, J. J. Knapp, Francis McKenzie, Dale Mosser, Clarence R. Hetz, J. Mahlon Speicher, Lulu Hartman, Anna B. Shaw, Viola Hetrick Durst, Myrtle Wilson, M. Elizabeth Smith, Margaret R. Athey, Marie Frances Reilly, Ida V. Engle, Clara Bush, Lillieth B. Wiley, Henrietta W. Hobing, Mary Eggers, Margaret Hannon, Eleanor Hannon, Verna Orendorf, Elsie Custer, Letty Selby, Emma McKenzie, Sarah B. McKenzie, Harvey Fike, Edith L. Durst, Florence H. Warnick, R. W. Umbel, Roy S. Umbel, Dora V. Steiding, Fanny Cutter, Alice Dye, Eva Dodge, Alma Miller, Verna Speicher, Edna Beckman, Lorenzo Calhoun, Lovada Wilt, Bessie E. Griffith, Letta Friend, Estella Sturm, Amelia Bowen.

Highest honors for first place were tied for between Miss Lillie V. Cutter and Mr. Owen Foster Friend, as applicants for first grade certificates, while Miss Lovada Wilt led in the general averages among those who made application for a second grade certificate.

The County Superintendent is highly gratified by the results of the examinations, they showing material advance made in the equipment of the teachers for their work. Especially is this so of those who attended the Summer School conducted this year at Oakland, decided improvement being very evident in the type of work of the teachers as exemplified in the examinations.

Oakland Public Library Notes.

The Library Board acknowledges with sincere thanks a gift of $10 from Mr. McHenry Howard; also a book of which Mr. Howard is the author.

A growing interest is being manifested in the Library.

In spite of the fact that it was closed for more than a week during the month of June, 262 books were taken out.

SHAFER

Not seeing any items from our little village for some time I thought I would write a few.

The weather has been very hot and dry and we are needing rain very badly.

Mr. William Carr spent Sunday at his home at McHenry.

Dr. Butt and sister were calling on Mr. Alpha Dawson and Charlie Wotring Saturday.

Mrs. Flora Best and daughter, from Detroit, Michigan, spent a week in Shafer.

Mr. William Reams and Miss Leona Wotring attended the picnic at Aurora on the Fourth.

Mr. and Mrs. James Lewis spent Sunday with Mr. Arnold Dumire.

Mr. and Mrs. John Dawson are visiting Mr. Alpha Dawson.

Mr. Alex Keiper and family and Mr. Delton Parsons were at Parsons Sunday.

Furnished rooms; bath with hot and cold water; with or without board, in quiet, beautiful section of the Park. Address Box 64, Mountain Lake Park. Advertisement. 18-3t*

WANTED—A white girl to assist in the care of a child one year old and also around the cottage; no cooking. Please apply at once at Price Cottage, Mt. Lake Park.

MRS. SWARTZELL,
P. O. box 125,
Advertisement.

Gass by the car load at Treacy's Garage. Retail price 25c. gal. In drums of 53 gallons you can still get it cheaper. Fire-Stone Tires, we beat them all. Ford repairs, the largest line in town.

For Sale.

Crooks Crest, comprising about twenty acres, improved by handsome house. Apply to the owner or any real estate agent. Mrs. E. Fundenberg, Oakland, Md. Adv. 12-tf

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Second National Bank

OF CUMBERLAND

In the State of Maryland, at the close of business May 1st, 1916.

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans and Discounts	$2,214,714 30	Capital Stock	$200,000 00
United States Bonds	240,000 00	Surplus, Undivided Profits	375,839 39
Other Bonds, Securities Etc	378,715 00	Circulation	200,000 00
Banking House and other Real Estate	47,022 76	Deposits	2,757,419 03
Due From Federal Reserve Agents and other Banks	428,325 76		
Cash	214,480 60		
Redemption Fund	10,000 00		
	$3,533,258 42		$3,533,258 42

DIRECTORS:

D. ANNAN L. M. SHEPHERD ROBERT R. HENDERSON
JAMES CLARK W. BLADEN LOWNDES O. C. GEPHART
TASKER G. LOWNDES JOHN KEATING
JOHN SCHWARZENBACH

D. ANNAN, President
W. BLADEN LOWNDES, TASKER G. LOWNDES
Vice Presidents
D. F. KUYKENDALL, Cashier

THREE PER CENT INTEREST PAID ON SAVINGS DEPOSITS

HAVE A LOOK AT THE

Enger Twin Six

AND

OVERLAND

Cars and ask for a demonstration when in the market for a car

Oakland Garage

AGENT

SAXON "SIX"

big touring car for five people

ASK FOR DEMONSTRATION.

Call at Liller's Barber Shop or Kelly's Livery

LILLER & KELLY, Agents.

Oakland, Maryland.

The Lutheran Church

SECOND STREET, OAKLAND

Sunday School, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

B. H. SINCELL, Superintendent.

Men's Brotherhood Class, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

O. A. BREMER, Teacher.

All the men not attending Sunday School elsewhere are cordially invited to join this class and to have a part in the study and discussion of the lesson.

Morning Worship, 10.45 o'Clock.

The Junior Order of American Mechanics will worship with us next Sunday morning.

On Sunday morning, July 23, the Holy Communion will be administered. All members of the congregation are urged to be present at this Blessed Feast.

Luther League, 7.00 o'Clock P. M.

Topic—"Habits and Companions."
Leader—BESSIE SHANK.

Evening Worship, 8.00 o'Clock.

All friends of the church and those without a permanent church home are invited to worship with us,

O. A. BREMER, Pastor.

—The above was prepared by the pastor and the advertisement is authorized and paid for by one interested in church work.

The Republican---The Leading Paper

FOUNDED 1888

THE GARRETT NATIONAL BANK

FOUNDED 1888

OF OAKLAND, MARYLAND

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, - - $115,0000.0

THE highly developed facilities of this Bank resulting from 28 years of careful and conservative management together with prompt, efficient and courteous service, are offered as the basis for a satisfactory business connection.

OFFICERS

G. S. HAMILL, President. D. E. OFFUTT, Jr., Vice President.
G. A. FRALEY, Cashier. H. L. JONES, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS

GILMOR S. HAMILL, JOHN T. MITCHELL, DANIEL E. OFFUTT, Jr.
JOSEPH E. HARNED. GEORGE A. FRALEY, HARLAND L. JONES CHAS. S. DAVIS

Interest paid on Time Deposits. Safety Deposit Boxes for Rent.

Subscribe for The Republican.

Mrs. Andrew Salzman, of Hutton, spent last Saturday in Oakland.

Miss Helen Rowan, of Pittsbugrh, is here the guest of her sister Mrs. John Murphy.

Mr. Claud Regger, of Grafton, W. Va., spent part of Saturday in Oakland the guest of friends.

FOR SALE—A lot of good second hand brick, $7.50 per thousand while they last. A. D. NAYLOR. Adv. 20-3t

Mr. D. H. Shank, of Hulen, Ky., is home on a visit to his family and expects to return to Kentucky some time this week.

Mrs. S. T. Downs and Mrs. J. F. Clouse, both of Confluence, Pa., are here on a visit to their parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Shank.

Miss Gladys and Lois Van Cleve, of Detroit, Mich., who were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Sincell, left Oakland Thursday last for Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. Ezra B. Hauger and daughter, of Kingwood, passed through Oakland last Saturday for Cumberland where they spent Sunday with relatives and friends.

Mrs. Leslie King, and three little daughters of Fairmont, W. Va., arrived in Oakland last Friday evening and will visit at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Bolden.

Mr. J. M. Falkenstein and family moved to their recently purchased new home adjoining Oakland last Thursday and Mr. Philip Peddicord is now occupying the house vacated by Mr. Falkenstein.

A card received at this office a few days ago from Prof. C. E. Bender, who is teaching at Goshen, Ind., states that he is enjoying the work and that he and his family are thoroughly in love with the town where they are located.

Mrs. Virginia Liller spent part of last week in Uniontown.

For Rent—A 4 room flat with bath. A. D. NAYLOR.

Adv. 20-3 times.

Col. George Truesdell, of Washington, and Mrs. Truesdell, are back at their summer residence on Truesdell Heights, seven miles from Oakland. Col. Truesdell, who has large holdings of real estate in Washington, is building a large and handsome apartment house on Columbia Road in that city.

FOUND—On the Aurora road, Sunday, a bunch of keys and a small Yale lock; owner may recover same by applying at this office and paying for this notice.

County Treasurer J. W. Kimmell is making his annual visit to different points in the county for the purpose of receiving taxes. The schedule is published elsewhere in this paper. During the treasurer's absence from Oakland his office will be open daily with former Treasurer R. L. Fries in charge.

The regular dances at Loch Lynn Hotel will be on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings. A nominal price will be charged outsiders (unless registered for dinner) who have not received cards of admission.

Advertisement 19-2t.

Mr. W. J. Sanders, of Keyser, spent yesterday in Oakland and is highly incensed at the report which has been circulated to the effect that he was recently arrested at Keyser and sentenced to jail for a term of sixty days for an alleged violation of the law. Mr. Sanders states that he has never been arrested and is at a loss to know how the report originated.

Money to Loan on real estate. Renninger & Offutt, Attorneys, Garrett National Bank building, Oakland, Md. Adv. tf

Mr. J. M. Crane, of Kingwood, is here this week on a visit to relatives.

Drain Tile, Fertilizer and Binder Twine at A. D. Naylor & Co.'s.

Advertisement.

Mr. Alexander Bittinger, of Hutton, was in the city Tuesday on business.

Mr. Roy Hinebaugh, of Keyser, W. Va., spent Sunday with his mother.

Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Fox, of Friendsville, spent a part of Tuesday in Oakland.

Mayor Bush Hardesty, of Loch Lynn Heights, was in the city Tuesday on business.

Mr. C. N. McIntire, of Davis, spent last Friday in Oakland going from here to Washington.

Mr. Guy Yutzy, manager of the McIntire hardware store, is spending this week at Davis on business.

Mr. Wm. T. Jamesson, who spent several days in Piedmont with relatives, returned to Oakland Friday afternoon last.

There will be a celebration of the Holy Communion at St. Matthew's church, Oakland, next Sunday morning at 11 o'clock.

Mr. John Ridenour, of Somerset, Pa., is spending a few weeks in Oakland where he is the guest of his sister, Mrs. George L. Bosley.

Col. George A. Pearre, of Cumberland, spent Monday in Oakland on professional business, as also did Mr. W. E. Walsh, also of Cumberland.

DENTISTRY—Dr. G. C. Keller will visit Accident, Monday, July 17; remain ten days. Friendsville, Wednesday, July 26th, remain two weeks.

Advertisement 20-1t

Mr. and Mrs. Lawson L. Loar and daughter arrived in Oakland today and will occupy their summer home here for the rest of the season.

Col. William B. Davis, U. S. A., and Mrs. Davis, who have been at the Bosley House for the last four summers, are expected there again next Saturday.

Mr. Frank Glotfelty is the proud possessor of a new Cadillac "8" which he purchased in Cumberland Tuesday and drove through to his home in Oakland that day.

Mrs. S. N. Morris, of Terra Alta, accompanied by her daughter, Mrs. Sherman Guthrie, of Chicago, Ill., spent Sunday afternoon and Monday in Oakland where they visited Mrs. Benj. H. Sincell.

President of the Board of County Commissioners Baughman, of Allegany county, accompanied by Dr. R. H. Riley, state health officer, arrived in Oakland yesterday morning and spent the day here.

Mr. Earl Townshend, of Huntington, W. Va., spent several days in Oakland this week on business. He is the son of the late Playford Townshend and is engaged in the practice of law at Huntington where he has built up a paying practice.

Mr. Wm. M. Frazee, of near Oakland, was called to the home of his father, Mr. Lucian Frazee, near Markleysburg, Pa., Monday evening by reason of the extreme illness of the latter who is suffering with a carbuncle on his back.

Mr. and Mrs. George Shartzer and Mr. Andrew Shartzer went to Frostburg yesterday to attend the funeral of the late Michael Hardin, whose death occurred there on Tuesday, an account of which appears elsewhere in this paper today.

A. D. Naylor & Co. have a few Hay Tedders.

Advertisement.

Mrs. C. F. Schroder, of Grafton, West Va., is in Oakland for a short stay.

Miss Kendall, of Homestead, Pa., is here on a visit to her brother, Mr. J. C. Kendall and family.

Mrs. James C. Peddicord, who was stricken quite suddenly one day last week, is in a critical condition.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Hauser and daughter Mary, of Frostburg, are visiting are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. F. O. Glotfelty.

The Woodmen of the World will hold a picnic in Hamilton Friend's grove at Hoyes, Md., on Saturday August 12. Posters will be mailed out soon.

Mrs. Mollie Briggs, of Clarksville, Montgomery county, who visited her brother Mr. J. C. Peddicord, for several days, returned to her home this morning.

Your Plumbing and Gas Fitting quickly attended to by experienced and reliable workmen. A. D. Naylor & Co.

Advertisement.

Mrs. Will Harris, of Clarksburg, W. Va., is visiting her cousin, W. B. Hutson and family, for a few days, going from here to Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

Messrs. J. L. and S. A. Kendall, of Pittsburgh, spent a day or two in Oakland this week. The former will make weekly visits to the plant at Crellin, coming to Oakland and returning to Pittsburgh in an automobile which he has purchased for the purpose.

See A. D. Naylor & Co. for a Buggy, Carriage or a Wagon.

Advertisement.

Mr. and Mrs. Merritt Wilson and children, of Wildell, and Mr. and Mrs. M. N. Wilson, of Elkins, accompanied by Mr. Burton Wilson and Dr. George Wilson, spent Monday night in Oakland, going from here Tuesday morning to the home of their relative, Mr. Abraham Wilson, where they were guests at the centenarian's anniversary.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

OAKLAND CASH BUYERS CO., —Pay cash for spring Pigs, Calves, Lambs, Chickens, Turkeys, Eggs, etc. L. W. HOPKINS, W. L. CASTEEL, J. W. DAVIS. Adv. 10-tf

Rev. Dr. J. C. Ely, who has been at Mifflintown, Pa., for the past two weeks, will return to Oakland in a day or two and conduct services Sunday morning in the Presbyterian church at the usual hour—11 o'clock. The union service will also be held in the Presbyterian church at 8 o'clock in the evening, when the sermon will be delivered by Rev. Dr. Howard, of the M. E. church.

Prof. and Mrs. Frank Trotter, of Morgantown, West Va., who had been on a visit to relatives at Aurora, were in Oakland Tuesday afternoon on their return to Morgantown. Recently Prof. Trotter was elected President of the West Virginia University with which institution he has been connected for some years. He was accompanied to Oakland by his two sisters, Mrs. Stemple and Miss Jessie Trotter.

Having the Right Kind

of a Bank back of you is an important factor in your business. You can't be too careful in making a selection.

This Bank

wants your account and makes every effort to safeguard the business interest of depositors. If you need funds we accord every accommodation consistent with safety.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OAKLAND - MARYLAND

ESTABLISHED 1884. PROMPT SERVICE

We have just received two cars of Buggies and Carriages and are absolutely the nicest we have ever had. They are going fast and we suggest that you make your selection at an early date.

We also have just unloaded another car of Buckwheat Fertilizer at the right price.

Do not forget that we can furnish you with Twine, Mowers, Rakes, Tedders, Binders, Side Delivery Rakes, Corn Cultivators, Drain Tills, in fact anything for on your farm.

Our stock we have bought before the advance and are therefore able to give you the old price.

Make our store your supply house and keep in mind that:

"Naylor has it and sells it for less."

Yours to please,

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.

Oakland, Md.

BOTH PHONES EASY TERMS

C. N. McINTIRE

SUCCESSOR TO

J. M. DAVIS & SONS

OAKLAND, MD.

Some of the lines we handel, Alabastine, Binder Twine, Myers Hay Tools, Roofing, Water Cooler's, Refrigerator's, Bicycles, Paints, Washing Machines, Standard Sit Straight Sewing Machines, Best Gasoline Iron on the market for only $2.95.

Come in and see us.

C. N. McINTIRE,
Oakland, Maryland.

D. E. BOLDEN

Furniture Dealer and Funeral Director

HAVING moved my furniture business to the Manhattan Hotel store room, I am prepared to serve the public to the best of my ability, having now in stock the finest line of Furniture ever brought to the city and which I offer as cheap as it can be bought in the wholesale markets.

All I ask is a chance to name you prices.

My stock is complete in every detail, and which consists of Furnitnre, Carpets, Mattings, Window Shades, Bedding of all kinds, large and small Rugs—in fact everything with which to furnish a house from cellar to attic.

I am also prepared to give estimates on Buildings and repair work—from a pig pen to a palace.

Call and see me; I will treat you fair and square.

Thanking the public for past favors and soliciting a continuance of the same, I remain,

Yours respectfully,

D. E. BOLDEN

Store For Sale

Owing to other business demanding my attention, I offer for sale my stock of Shoes, Clothing and Furnishings.

This is one of the best business propositions in Oakland, and will be sold at very much less than value if taken before September 1.

In the meantime I will sell clothing and many other articles at greatly reduced prices. It will pay you to investigate.

Yours truly,

E. A. WEIMER.

Oakland, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

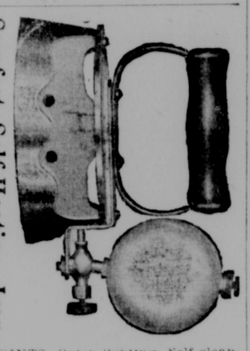
This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans Court, Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

ELIZABETH LEE

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the9th day of December,1916,they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 9th day of May, 1916.

ALBERT L. LEE,
Administrator.
Kitzmiller, Md.



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5 Hours at Cost of One Cent.

TWO POINTS—Quick lighting. Self-cleaning and perfect regulation of heat. Weighs six pounds. Guaranteed safe and satisfactory. Price, $3.75 each. Order today.

J. AMEEN, Kitzmiller, Md.

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TUBES
SHOCK ABSORBERS
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SPARK PLUGS
DRY CELLS
TIRETITE

And many other accessories at the
OAKLAND GARAGE,
Prest-O-Lite Exchange,
Oakland, Maryland.

J. W. Whorton & Son
CONTRACTING
PLASTERERS

Only the Best Material Used.

Best Grade of Wall Plaster on hand at all times.

CONCRETE WORK
of All Kinds.

All Work Guaranteed.

OAKLAND, - MARYLAND.

Notice to Creditors

This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

PETER NATHAN,

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same,with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 12th day of January, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under our hands this 12th day of July, 1916.

MICHAEL NATHAN,
GERTRUDE B. HONE,
Executors,
Grantsville, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters Testamentry on the estate of

CHARLES C. MOODY

late of Garrett County, Md., deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 4th day of November,1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 4th day of May, 1916.

WM. G. HENDERSON,
501 F. St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

Order Nisi.

Julius C. Renninger, Assignee vs. Bertha V. Martin and Susanna Simmons.
No. 2066 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Ordered, this 24th day of June, in the year nineteen hundred and sixteen, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in equity, that the sale made and reported by Julius C. Renninger, Assignee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 4th day of August, 1916, provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Garrett county once a week for three successive weeks before the 28th day of July, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $160.00.

E. Z. TOWER.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

LEON

Will make the season of 1916 as follows, beginning May 13th:

On Saturday of each week at the Mill Stable of Andrew W. Helbig in Oakland. Other days at my home.

After July 15, terms will be $10.

D. J. SWARTZENTRUBER.

DEUTSCHLAND IS SAFELY DOCKED AT BALTIMORE

Her Skipper Is The Hero of The Hour and Enjoys High Honors

BALTIMORE, MD., July 10.—The German submarine Deutschland was entered formally at the Baltimore Custom House today.

Definite announcement that the great grim super-submarine Deutschland, which reached the Chesapeake Bay yesterday is but the first of a fleet of such craft built to ply regularly in the trans-Atlantic trade, was made here early today by Capt. Paul Konig, master of the submarine trader.

"This is not the only one of these ships that is coming," said the Captain. "Just wait, there will be more here soon and we are going back for another cargo. We are going to have a regular line."

It was to a port officer that the Captain talked as his vessel was preparing to dock from the lower harbor, where she dropped anchor at 11 o'clock last night at the end of her memorable voyage across the Atlantic through lanes of vigilant enemy warships. He spoke freely to the officers and laughed over his feat.

All during the night a considerable part of the Deutschland's crew had been astir and a small search light played almost constantly upon a newspaper yacht anchored nearby. The tug Thomas F. Timmons, convoying the submarine, also kept the yacht under close surveillance.

Shortly after 4 o'clock when daylight was beginning to show faintly through the heavy low lying clouds and a steady drizzling rain a boat with health and customs officials aboard put out from quarantine station and went along side the submarine. To the municipal health officer, Dr. Thomas L. Richardson, the submarine's skipper, presented his bill of health issued to him by William Thomas Fee, United States Consul at Bremen on June 14.

The document describes the Deutschland as "a vessel engaged in the freight trade between Bremen and Boston or other Eastern Atlantic port." It records her gross tonnage as 791 and says she "is newly built" and has a cargo of dyestuffs in good condition and a wholesome supply of water taken from the Bremen waterworks.

One thing the boarding officers noted particularly—there was no torpedo tubes or guns of any description visible aboard the vessel. They had been told that she mounted two small caliber rifles for defensive use but the officers came ashore convinced that the visitor was wholly unarmed.

It was learned that the boat left Bremen with her load of about 750 tons of valuable dyestuffs which her owners hope to sell to American manufacturers for a fortune. At Heligoland she waited nine days, leaving there June 23 to plow deep beneath the surface of the North Sea to escape the watchful eyes of the allied blockaders. Captain Koinig intimated that the purpose of his long delay at Heligoland was to deceive the enemy who undoubtedly had heard rumors of the submarine's going.

When the vessel was released from quarantine she moved up the river to the pier of the Eastern Forwarding Company, six miles away to a carefully guarded waiting berth. On the way up she passed a dozen merchantmen lying at anchor. The first, a big Norwegian freighter, dipped her flag and her whole ship's company lined up against the rail raised three rousing cheers which were answered with a will. With another Norwegian and two Dutch ships the submarine exchanged formal salutes. She moved close to a number of British tramps in silence observed with great interest by the English crews.

A force of longshoremen were ready on the dock to begin unloading the cargo, which is to be shipped as soon as possible by the Eastern Forwarding Company to the purchasers, New York Chemical Companies. Probably only a day or two will be required to discharge and then the submarine will take on a cargo of crude rubber and nickel consignments already stored in the company's warehouse for her return trip. Extraordinary precautions have been taken to protect the Deutschland. As soon as she reached her dock an army of guards drove away all river craft and a huge chain of logs was drawn around her to prevent vessels from approaching within 100 feet of the ship. On the land side of the dock a high board fence reaching far out into the river had been erected. On top of the fence are half a dozen rows of heavy barbed wire and curtained with burlap to shut off all view. No one without a permit was allowed near the entrance to the dock.

"My orders are from my home Government," said Captain Konig. "No one can go aboard without authority. I am sorry. I would like the whole world to see."

Capt. Konig issued the following statement today:

"The submarine Deutschland which I have the honor to command, is the first of several submarines built to order of the Deutsche-Ozean-Rhederie G. M. B. H. Bremen. She will be followed by the Bremen shortly."

"The idea of the building of this submarine emanated from Mr. Alfred Lohmann, then president of the Bremen chamber of commerce. He brought his idea in the fall of last year confidentially before a small circle of friends and the idea was taken up at once and the Germania Wertt, Kiel, was entrusted with the building of the submarines."

"We have brought a most valuable cargo of dye stuffs to our American friends. Dye stuffs, which have been so much needed since months in America and which the ruler of the seas has not allowed the great American republic to import. While England will not allow anybody the same rights on the ocean because she rules the waves we have by means of the submarine commenced to break this rule. Great Britain can not however, hinder boats such as ours to go and come as we please. Our trip passing Dover across the ocean was an uneventful one. When danger approached we went below and remained below the surface and here we are safely in an American port ready to return in due course."

NEW GENERAL ASSESSMENT IN MARYLAND

Has Been Planned By Tax Commission To Begin In August.

Details of the plan for reassessing all the real estate in Maryland to establish a more equitable distribution of taxes throughout the State, as formulated by the State Tax Commission, were discussed from all angles at a conference today in the Criminal Court-room. It was attended by more than 300 persons—County Commissioners, clerks of the Boards of County Commissioners and Supervisors of assessments.

In keeping with laws enacted in 1914 and by the last Legislature the Commission plans to start a reassessment of all real estate in Maryland, excepting Baltimore city, on August 1. The work will consume 90 days. The assessors are to be appointed by the County Commissioners, who must also provide the other machinery needed. It was primarily to explain to the Commissioners the necessity of the reassessments, and the method worked out, which it is believed will remedy many defects of the present system, that the conference was called.

Chairman Gorman of the State Tax Commission explained at length the needs of a general reassessment, in which he dwelt upon some of the unfair methods now prevailing. He told of the necessity for the Commissioners to appoint capable and efficient men as assessors, men who know something of the value of real estate, and he figured that the work will cost $112,370, to which must be added counsel fees and other expenses which the Commissioners must incur.

Governor Harrington opened the proceedings with a word of welcome, after which he launched into a lengthly discussion of the objects of the conference. In advocating the reassessment throughout the counties the Governor indulged the hope that a more equitable system of taxation can be worked out by the conference. Then he called attention to the injustices of the present system, saying that he understands that the taxable basis in some counties is from 50 to 60 per cent. of the cash value of the property, not looking to a forced sale, while in other counties the basis is 75 per cent. of the cash value, while in Baltimore city the basis closely approaches 100 per cent. of the cash value of the property.

"It is unfrir to Baltimore city and some of the counties," he added, "that they should be assessed to a point closely approaching the cash value of the property, while the assessments in some of the counties are very low. No honest man can defend that situation. If it is necessary to establish a basis of 100 per cent. of the cash value then that basis should apply to all the counties alike. I understand that in some counties they have a different basis for county and State taxation, which is eminently unfair."

Comptroller McMullen made a short address, in which he urged the officials not to make the reassessments too high until the Legislature has passed laws to prevent those in authority from expending the money in a willful fashion.

New Road Commissioner.

Frostburg, July 7.—Frank B. Black, of Meyersdale, who was recently appointed a State Highway Commissioner by Gov. Brumbaugh, is well known in Garrett county. His appointment is a matter of great satisfaction to local people who are interested in creating a greater prestige for the National Pike.

Since Mr. Black resides so near the National Pike, it is felt he will leave nothing undone in his co-operation with those who are trying to make the pike one of the great trans-continental motor routes.

With Clinton Uhl, a Maryland State Highway Commissioner, living but a stone's throw from the historic road, and Mr. Black, a Pennsylvania Highway Commissioner, having his home but little further away. the famous old road has the prospect of receiving more attention than ever before.

WATER SUPPLY FOR THE COUNTRY HOME

Necessity Of a Good Water Supply And Points To Be Considered In Selecting The Source.

T. H. TALIAFERRO,
Maryland Agricultural College.

In view of the fact that pure water in abundance is a necessity in the country home, it is of interest to consider in a general way the sources of water supply and the methods of rendering it available for use.

A plentiful supply of pure water adds, not only to the comfort of the home, but to the health of the members of the family. It tends to make the home more attractive, not only to the adults, but to the children. In so far as it accomplishes this fact, it has a marked tendency in keeping the young people in the country, since, in many instances, they go to the city to escape what they term the discomforts of country life.

Sources Of Supply.

Water may be obtained from streams, lakes, ponds, springs, and wells. Rain water is collected from the roofs of buildings. Health demands that water for home use must be free from hurtful germs. Therefore, it should be tested at intervals to determine its condition as to purity.

Streams, lakes and ponds are formed by springs and the drainage from the surrounding country. When the water supply is obtained from such a source, this watershed should be carefully examined to see that no center for pollution exists.

A spring should be cleaned out and surface water drained away from it, unless it is definitely known that such water seeps through a sufficient depth of soil to filter out any impurities. Hog pens and privies should never be placed above a spring.

Rain water should never be stored until after sufficient rain has fallen to cleanse thoroughly the roofs and gutters.

Locating A Well.

A well, particularly a shallow well, should be constructed, if possible, on ground higher than the house site, barnyard, cesspool, etc., so that the drainage would be away from it. It is, however, seldom possible to select such a position for the well, but it is possible to locate the well from forty to fifty yards from any source of pollution whatsoever; and considerations of health demand that it should be done. At this distance, any drainage water seeping through the soil should be sufficiently filtered before reaching the well. This is not, however, always true, even at this distance.

The necessity for thorough filtration of the surface water before it reaches the source of water supply is a strong argument in favor of using deep wells in preference to shallow ones. Further, the water from a deep well is usually cooler and more palatable.

HOW TO DETERMINE THE NEED FOR LIME.

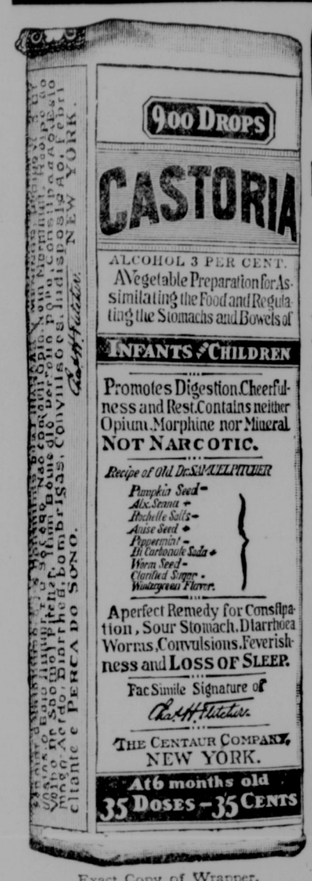
H. J. PATTERSON,
Maryland Agricultural College.

There have been numerous methods proposed for determining the need for lime and the probable quantity required, none of them are very reliable and all take more or less skill in their application. The most reliable test is evidenced by the crop, but this takes considerable time. Probably the easiest test is the use of blue litmus paper for testing the acidity of soils, and if it turns red rapidly it will generally indicate the need for lime. The blue litmus paper test is very simple, it is made by bringing a piece of blue litmus paper in contact with the moistened soil and observing the intensity and rapidity of the redness thus produced.

The general characteristics of the land as to its derivation can not be taken as a sure indication of the lack or supply of lime. It is not infrequent to find in lime-stone regions and on the so-called lime-stone soils that applications of lime produce most marked results. This is due to the fact that the lime of lime-stone soils has been removed in a great part through prolonged decay and the dissolving action of the carbonated waters. This, not infrequently, leaves such soils so siliceous or ferrugenous as to be quite barren and of a nature to be benefited by application of lime. Throughout the Trenton Lime-stone areas in Maryland, nearly every farm has, in years past, had its quarry and lime-kiln for fitting and supplying lime once more to soils that had been so thoroughly leached as to render them lean and poor.

THE LOCAL GRANGE SHOULD FOSTER BOYS' AND GIRLS' SCHOOL CLUBS.

Every local grange or neighborhood club should foster a Boys' Farm Club and a Girls' Homemaking Club in the local school. It can do nothing more helpful both to itself and the neighborhood than urging the organization of such clubs in connection with the school. In connection with these clubs it could conduct contests in growing corn, potatoes, or tomatoes; in raising pigs, poultry or other live stock; in doing sewing, canning, or cooking. No one thing that I know of is calculated to make the local organization more useful or popular in its neighborhood than the giving to our boys and girls an opportunity to take a real interest and excel in farm and home industries.



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For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. In Use For Over Thirty Years

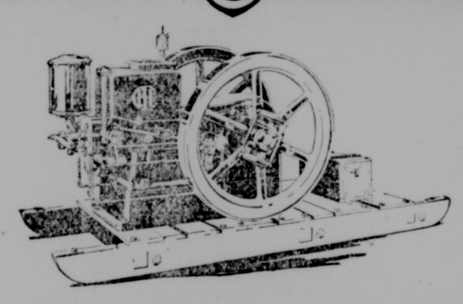
CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

THE CITY'S BEST
MEAT MARKET
IN THE EMPIRE BUILDING.

Choice Steak, Boiling Meat, and all other kinds of meat. Highest cash price paid for Poultry and Eggs; also cash paid for Hides and Skins.

H. L. MILLER



Are You Wasting The Price Of a Titan Engine?

TITAN engines run on kerosene.

Average cost of gasoline so far this year, 16.9 cents per gallon.

Average cost of kerosene 7.7 cents per gallon.

Gasoline costs over 100 per cent more than kerosene. Gasoline is going up steadily. Kerosene is not.

At present fuel prices **Titan** engines, using kerosene, save their owners about 1.1 cents per horse power per hour.

Are you running a gasoline engine? What horse power is it? Figure what you'd be saving if you had a **Titan** kerosene engine. Rather surprising, isn't it? How long would it take that saving to pay for a **Titan** engine of the same size?

International Harvester Company of America
(Incorporated)

Titan kerosene engines are sold by

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.,
OAKLAND, MD.

HAVE YOU HEARD THE
Aeolian Vocalion?

Come in and let us play your favorite selection on this wonderful new Phonograph

A full line of Columbia Records

Aeolian Vocalions sold on monthly payments.

STURGISS' PHARMACY
Representing Morrison Music Co., Cumberland.

The Republican--Garrett Co.'s Paper.

JOHN'S DECEPTION

By GEORGE MUNSON.

"I think you're nice—very nice, Mr. Hardy. But I like you so much better when you don't make love to me."

"Why?" asked John Hardy, the new assistant to the United States commissioner of Tongo Island, South Pacific, as they sat under a palm tree. "Why?"

"Because I'm not that sort of girl," answered Lydia Durfree, only daughter of the above-mentioned commissioner.

"I'll tell you what the trouble is, Miss Lydia," said the young man brazenly. "You don't care for any of us, because you happen to be the only white girl on the island, with nearly twenty men to pick and choose from."

The girl flushed angrily; then laughed. "Yes, and none of the other nineteen is on speaking terms with me because I have refused them all," she confessed. "That's why I want to save the only friend I have left to—talk to."

John Hardy had only been in Tongo a month, but already he knew that Lydia was the one girl in the world for him. So he took hold of the little sunburned hand.

"I can't help it," he said. "I love you, Lydia. Just tell me there's some hope for me."

"Now you're talking nonsense, Mr. Hardy," she answered severely, nevertheless letting the hand lie in his clasp. "I confess I am a little fond of

Looked Across the Bay Toward Raree.

you. But I'll have to know you a good deal better before—before I can even listen to that sort of conversation."

"I'll wait another month, then," said the young man gloomily.

The truth was that Lydia was decidedly spoiled. But then, at twenty-one, with a score of eligible young men upon a tiny island, with dances and entertainments going on all the time, one does love a little amusement before one settles down to the staidness of married life. Lydia knew that she had loved Hardy from the moment they set eyes on each other. But she was not going to let him know yet. Not, perhaps, until her father's term of service ended with the next year's presidential elections, which, everyone knew, would throw his party out of power.

Before the month had gone anywhere near half way, John Hardy knew that his love was the overmastering impulse of his life. And Lydia seemed as distant as ever. Worse, she had become reconciled with diverse and sundry ancient suitors, who, finding life unsupportable without feminine society, had conquered their feelings and humbly craved Lydia for her friendship, which she had been pleased to accord.

Then one day John failed to turn up, as usual, and the next day, instead of excuses, he brazenly said that he had had an appointment. During the ensuing weeks he came far less often to the residence. Lydia pretended not to care. But somehow the society of the callow youths who had made love to her began to be intolerable. Willingly or not, she realized that John was necessary to her life.

When he did come he was as pleasant as ever. But never another word of love passed his lips. And about the end of the month he had given himself he came gleefully up the path.

"Ship's in the bay," he called.

"Yes?" inquired Lydia, without enthusiasm.

"Putting in at Raree. And say, Miss Lydia, what do you think? There's a party of English girls going to spend a whole month in Raree. Now we'll have some jolly times, eh?"

"What are they doing in Raree?" inquired Lydia suspiciously.

"Blessed if I know," said John.

"I hope you'll have a good time, then," said Lydia acidly, and left him. From her window upstairs she looked across the bay toward Raree through her father's telescope. She saw the tiny town, and the ocean liner in the harbor, and suddenly she found that she was crying.

She looked at herself in the glass and discovered that she was not really pretty—only pleasant-looking and good-natured. John Hardy would find equal or greater attractions in any of a hundred women with whom propinquity might throw him. And she had as good as lost him!

She felt sure of it during the ensuing days. Not for a world would she ask any of her friends about the English girls in Raree. But she was miserably unhappy, and she treated John like a dog, which is the way of some women when they are in love.

The worst of it was, John did not seem to care. He spent a lot of time away from her now, and whenever she asked him where he had been, he always said "Raree."

"I'm tired of hearing you tell me you have been over there," she burst out at last. "If you find it so fascinating in Raree, you can just stay away from here."

"Why, Miss Lydia!" protested John. "I didn't know you minded my going to Raree."

"I don't, and I don't want you to think I do—so there!" cried Lydia, unable to control the tears.

"But Lydia. Dearest!"

"How dare you call me 'dearest' when you spend all your time across the bay? No, don't you dare to try to put your arms round me. You can just go to your pack of English women and keep away from here for—for ever! I shouldn't care at all if you hadn't protested that you—you loved me!"

"But I do love you, Lydia! I love you with all my heart."

Angry as Lydia was, she could not help the thrill that came to her when John said that. And she suffered him to take her in his arms without resistance; and she knew that she loved him with all her heart too.

"But what do you go to Raree for?" she demanded presently, stifling the sobs that would still come from her lips.

"Why, I—I haven't been to Raree quite as much as I pretended to you," admitted Hardy. "You see—"

"Yes, I see very well. It's that pack of English women over there."

"But there aren't any English women—not real ones," said John. "You see, they are Kanaka women, the wives of some of the black workers in Australia, who are waiting for their husbands to come home after serving their term on the plantations."

"John! Black women? Natives? You said they were English women."

"Well, they are, legally, Lydia, dearest."

"You said that you were blessed if you knew what they are doing there."

"I did," answered John Hardy brazenly. "I knew what they were doing there, and I am blessed. I'm blessed with the love of the sweetest girl in the world, am I not?"

"I—I—suppose so, John," said Lydia weakly, yielding to his kisses.

(Copyright, 1916, by W. G. Chapman.)

SOME LAUGHABLE BELIEFS

Queer Superstitions Have a Firm Hold on the Peasants of "White Russia."

In the most superstitious part of the Russian empire, which is known as "White Russia," it is considered unlucky to meet a priest on the road, so that if that happens to a peasant on his way to work, he usually goes back home and takes a holiday, but if he desires to continue his journey, he adopts a ruse to deceive the evil spirits. Waiting at the side of the road until the "batiushka" has passed, he turns and walks back and across the road for some distance until he thinks he has convinced the watching spirits that he could not possibly have met the priest on that path, and then goes on his way with an easy mind.

Witches and wizards are believed in, the latter—as in Irish legends—often being millers, who, because they generally live at some distance from their village, have plenty of opportunity for intercourse with the devil. There is no difficulty about this in White Russia, as all you have to do is to stand still in a strong wind, spit three times, and shout "Devil, devil, let me see your tail!" He will then appear.

It is customary in Russia to make the sign of the cross when yawning in case the devil should be waiting to jump in. Evil spirits, perhaps by association with "spirits" of another kind, are generally believed to enter by the mouth.

How to "Economize."

"I think we ought to have someone in to cut up that old tree for logs," said the wife.

"Nonsense," replied the husband. "It'll be fine exercise for me. I'll go out and saw the logs myself."

For one half hour he persisted. The net results were two logs, a broken saw, a pair of trousers scarified by saw. It was at this point that he went indoors and said: "My dear, after all, I think at this time of the year the jobbing gardeners will need work. I'll ask a man to come round and finish the job."

"Yes," said the tactless wife, "and at the same time you might leave those trousers at the tailor's and see if you can get a new handle fitted to our only saw. The worst of this war is the way you men will economize."

Surely Record for Meanness.

American Visitor—I say, Brown, is it true that your father is a man of means?

"Certainly," replied Brown, rather proudly.

"Because," retorted the Yankee, "I was told he was the meanest man in town."

"But," said Brown, "have you read this paragraph in the paper of your brother in Chicago? — you really should."

"Great Scott!" gasped the Yankee, "let me know what it is."

Brown—Well, it says: "He stole his wife's teeth, and then got a divorce on account of her physical defects."—London Tit-Bits.

COUNTRY LIFE LESSONS FOR MARYLAND MINISTERS

Annual Country Life Conference And School At Their State College Of Agriculture The Source Of Much Practical Benefit.

Progressive rural ministers of Maryland have come to look forward with much anticipation to their annual country life conference as guests of the State College of Agriculture. In this conference many earnest workers, perplexed with the problems of ministry in rural Maryland, have found inspiration and opportunity to learn new ways of solving old problems or profiting by the example of others, have gone back to their own particular fields with renewed hope and energy. The intensely practical nature of this conference appeals to the rural minister, who has neither time nor money to waste in attending purely inspirational conferences or to listen to theoretical instruction. The occasion is a definite conference of Maryland ministers—an opportunity for them regardless of sect or creed, to get together on the common essentials of every day country life, and work out their common salvation and that of their several communities. The addition of a country life school extending over the period of a week preceding the conference itself has added much to the value of the latter. Many a minister unfamiliar with rural conditions and farming practices has the opportunity to post himself on these matters, and is thus enabled to discuss more intelligently the economic features of rural ministry. More and more the life of a country minister appeals to the intelligent young man as an end in itself instead of as a stepping stone to a city church. More and more he realizes that the man who is qualified to effect the physical regeneration of his community is better fitted to be its spiritual leader.

Champion Of Country Life.

This thought is well expressed in the statement of the Rev. Wm. S. Gerhard, of Frederick county, regarding the mission of the conference:

"A suggestion was made to me recently that very often in our country schools the teacher is a city-bred boy or girl, and the ideas and the ideals of that teacher are entirely connected with the city, and he or she is constantly presenting before the pupils those ideals. The suggestion is made that one reason why there is such a tendency for boys and girls to go to the city is because they have imbibed their ideals from the teacher.

That is true somewhat of the ministry. Most of the ministers are trained in institutions that are located in the city, and even if they were born in and spent their early years in the country, yet, they were associated with city ideals in their courses and they hold them up before the country.

One of the needs, I believe, is the vision of the country on the part of the school teacher and the country minister, and is suggested, I think, in this program, that the ministers should not make the country ministry a stepping-stone for a city field; but that they should make the country ministry their life work, and that they should hold up ideals before the young people of the wonderful opportunities of the country and of country life."

The Country Life Conference for 1916 will be in session August 1-4, being preceded by a Country Life School beginning July 24, announcements regarding which are being issued by secretary of the Conference Organization, B. H. Darrow, College Park, Md.

THINNING FRUIT A PROFITABLE PRACTICE.

S. B. SHAW
Maryland Agricultural Extension Service.

Thinning is fully as important as pruning in securing the best development of the fruit crop. It not only causes the development of much finer fruit, but it is a means for conserving the energy and vitality of the trees. Orchards that bear heavily one year do not, as a rule, produce much fruit the following year. While trees are producing a crop of fruit they are also forming buds for the next crop. Overloaded trees cannot well develop a proper number of fruit buds for the following year, consequently many trees perform each function in alternate years.

In some sections systematic thinning has come to be regarded as an indispensable practice in successful fruit growing. It costs but little, if any, more to thin at the proper season, than it does to pick the same fruit at the harvest time. In addition there will be a higher percentage of good fruit, and more assurance of securing a crop the next year. The best time to start this work is after the season for the "June Drop" is safely past. The sooner excess fruit is removed after this, the better will be the development of the remaining fruit.

The ideal method of thinning is practically the same as in harvesting. Hand-picking is most desirable as it causes less injury to the fruiting wood. Another advantage of this method is that the best developed fruits can be left on the trees. For most ideal results fruits should not be closer than from four to six inches. When first thinned to this distance they may appear very scattering and the prospects will not look at all good for a profitable crop, however, if the average size of the fully developed fruit will be kept in mind it will soon become evident that a normal crop can be expected.

CORN CLUB CHAMPION TELLS HIS STORY

1915 State Winner Produces 105.5 Bushels Of Shelled Corn At a Cost Of 19.9 Cents Per Bushel.

WILLIAM TROY,
Queen Anne's County.

I succeeded in growing my acre of corn by making up my mind to complete the contest when I asked my brother to let me have an acre of ground to enter the Corn Club. Mr. H. S. Koehler, our County Demonstration Agent, told me to get a piece of ground and have it covered with a heavy coat of manure. I was given the ground at the last School Fair. It had grown a crop of tomatoes and was heavily set in crimson clover and turnips. I did not apply any manure as it had been manured the previous spring, a crop of clover plowed under, and a ton of ground oyster shell lime drilled in before the tomatoes had been planted.

After a large portion of turnips had been gathered, we turned our hogs on the acre to feed on the balance of turnips and clover. They remained there until the first of April this year. On Saturday, April 3, the ground was plowed and rolled to preserve the moisture. On Saturday, April 17, I used a spring tooth harrow on it, and afterward rolled it tight, and this was done again on May 8 and May 22. On Monday, May 31, we used a levelling square drag and ran the ground out with a tomato marker, opening the cross rows about three inches deep. The next morning I was out bright and early and dropped the corn by hand, putting three or four grains to the hill, and planting the hills thirty-six inches apart each way. I covered the grain with a small, fine toothed cultivator. I had to stay home from school to do this work. This was the only time that I missed from school.

On June 12, the corn was dragged with a spike-toothed harrow. The corn was given thorough cultivation on June 24, July 5, July 16, and July 29. I would have cultivated it again but the storm, August 3, twisted it about so badly, that I could not get through it.

It was cut on August 30 and allowed to stand in the shock until October 25, when it was husked, the total weight being 7,356 pounds. The corn was not in the best condition, being rotten on the tip from lying on the ground. It was nearly all twin corn, standing three to four stalks to the hill.

My expenses were as follows:

Rent of one acre of land	$5.00
Plowing, 4 hours @ 20c	.80
Harrowing with spring tooth, 3 hrs. @ 20c	.60
Harrowing with spike harrow, 2 hrs. @ 20c	.40
Rolling, 7 hrs. @ 20c	1.40
Planting, 3 hrs @ 10c	.30
Marking the ground, 3 hrs. @ 20c	.60
Cultivating, 12 hrs. @ 15c	1.80
Replanting, 3 hrs. @ 10c	.30
Cutting, 15 hrs. @ 10c	1.50
Husking, 15 hrs. @ 10c	1.60
Lofting, 3 hrs. @ 20c	.60
Labor of man hoeing, 18 hrs. @ 10c.	1.80
Kainit, 200 lbs	1.25
Pulling weeds, 20 hrs. @10c	2.00
Labor of putting on kainit, small amounts of wood ashes, chicken manure, etc., 5 hrs. @ 10c.	.50
Cost of seed corn	.50
Total expenses	$20.95
Total value of crop, 105.5 bushels @ 50c	$52.75
Less expenses	20.95
Net value of crop	$31.80

100 lbs. of cob corn shelled 83.5 lbs., the percentage of moisture being 18.1 per cent. according to the test made by the Maryland Agricultural Experiment Station of the sample sent them by County Demonstration Agent, Mr. H. S. Koehler. The variety of corn I used as seed was Boone County White.

(Signed) WILLIAM TROY.

The above story of how he grew his crop of corn by William Troy is authorized by the Department of Boys' Club Work, Co-operative Extension Work of the Maryland Agricultural College and the Department of Agriculture, College Park, Md., Reuben Brigham, Assistant State Agent, in charge.

VALUE OF VEGETABLES IN THE DIET

Suggestions For The Use And Preparation Of Vegetables For The Table.

KATHLEEN C. CALKINS
Maryland Agricultural Extension Service.

Vegetables are valuable sources of heat and energy, protein and mineral matter. By careful choice of vegetables a person may eliminate meat from his diet entirely. People who suffer from auto-intoxication are advised to reduce the meat in the diet and substitute vegetable protein. The vegetables, rich in protein, may be cooked in many appetizing ways to give variety to the diet. Vegetables and fruits as well, are especially adapted for stimulating the activity of the intestines and by increased bulk of the food mass help the eliminative processes.

Vegetables with large quantities of raw starch should not be given to children. Indeed, it is difficult for most grown people to digest raw starch.

The source of vegetables which are to be eaten raw should be examined carefully, for vegetables which are grown on sewage-sick soil cause disease. Sewage-sick soil may be brought about from septic tanks or outside closet drainage into the garden.

Principles Of Cookery.

The most important principle of vegetable cookery is softening the vegetable fiber without destroying the flavor or dissolving away the ash constituents of the vegetable. The walls of the individual starch cells when in contact with moist heat; i. e., boiling or stewing, expand and break so that the saliva and other digestive juices attack the starch more readily.

The starch should be thoroughly cooked, because cooking not only makes the food more easily digestible, but also makes it more palatable.

Food is cooked to develop the flavors. Any method whereby flavor is lost is not satisfactory. Both flavor and mineral matter are lost by boiling vegetables. The only way to retain this valuable material is to use the water in which they are boiled for soups and sauces.

Cooking Vegetables.

Baking and steaming are both very good methods of cooking vegetables, for no nutritive value is lost.

In cooking vegetables in a large amount of water and then draining the water off, the mineral matter and flavors are lost because they are dissolved in the water. For an economical dietary this method should not be followed because it is wasteful. In cases where the housewife can afford to get the necessary mineral matter from meats or other sources, it may be allowable. This method may also be used for old potatoes, beets of rank flavor and strong onions.

A better method for fresh vegetables is stewing or cooking in a small amount of water so that it is almost boiled away by the time the vegetables are cooked.

Points To Remember.

1. The general rule is to allow one teaspoon of salt to each quart of water.

2. Violent boiling water is no hotter than boiling water, and violent boiling mashes and breaks the vegetables.

3. With some vegetables like corn, it is more satisfactory to add the salt toward the end of the process, otherwise it hardens the fiber.

4. Drain the vegetables as soon as tender.

5. Cook strongly flavored vegetables; i. e., onions and cabbage, in an uncovered dish.

6. Vegetables that should be cooked with a small amount of water are greens, tomatoes, and tender young peas.

7. The less tender vegetables, such as the peas, carrots and the outer pieces of celery and celery tips may be cooked and put through a sieve for soups. Left-over vegetables may be used for soups.

WHEN AND HOW TO SOW ALFALFA.

The best time for seeding alfalfa in all of Maryland, excepting the mountain section, is between August 1st and September 1st; preferably between the middle and last of August. In the mountain section seeding may commence after June 15th, but usually it is better to wait until about the middle of July. Nothing is gained by spring seeding, for little or no hay is obtained that season, because weeds usually crowd out the young alfalfa plants during the hot summer. On the other hand, fall seeding will yield full crops the following spring and is seldom subject to serious injury by weeds the first year.

The rate of seeding should be 25 pounds per acre. The seed should be sown by itself; never with a nurse crop. The method of seeding may be broadcasting by hand or with one of the various makes of machines on the market for that purpose. Among these the Wheel-barrow seeder gives good satisfaction. The seed should be covered to a depth of about ½ inch, and for doing this no implement is better suited than spike tooth harrow with the teeth slanting back, or a weeder.

HOW THE FRENCH FARMER IS FINANCED

Ample Provision For Rural Credits Make Efficient And Organized Co-operation Possible.

F. B. BOMBERGER,
Maryland Agricultural College.

In France there are two agricultural credit institutions: first, the Credit Foncier, or long-time land mortgage credit institution; second, the Credit Agricole, or short-time personal credit system. The Credit Foncier is a stock company, organized under the strictest government supervision, the Governor and two Vice-Governors being appointed by the President of the Republic. Its capital stock was originally $2,000,000, the state having granted it a subsidy of an equal amount; now, however, its capital stock is $45,000,000 and it is independent of government aid. It pays annual dividends of 6.4% and its stock in 1914 was worth about 180 in the open market.

The Credit Foncier makes loans on agricultural land and to municipalities. It operates on substantially the same basis as the German Landschaften, except that it is not co-operative. It makes short-time loans not to exceed nine years and not subject to payment by amoritzation; it makes also long time loans which run from ten to seventy years, repayable by amortization.

Strict Government Supervision.

The Credit Foncier issues bonds secured by mortgages held by it as is the case with the Landschaften. Although these bonds are not guaranteed by the French Government, so strict is its supervision, that there is practically no chance for loss. As a result, the bonds are deemed the safest kind of investment for trust funds, savings funds and even public funds. In 1913 the bonds sold in the open market as follows: 3½% bonds at 97.4; 3% bonds at 90.6.

The Credit Foncier is administered by a board of directors consisting of the Governor, the two Vice-Governors, three auditors and about twenty directors. This body is subject to the French Law and to the will of the general assembly of stockholders.

The operations of the Credit Foncier are carried on throughout the Republic by branches of the central institution. It will be observed that this great institution is organized from the top down in contrast with the German Landschaft System, in which the central control is created by a union of local units. It also does away with unlimited liability and is in the strictest sense a joint stock enterprise, operated in the interest of the stockholders.

Short Time Loans.

The Credit Agricole, the short-time personal-loan institution of France, is organized upon a plan from which our new Regional Bank system of Banks was probably derived. By laws of 1894 and 1899, the local agricultural banks of a certain area or district are grouped together under a regional bank. Through these regional banks the local banks do their business, and the French Government has placed at the disposal of the regional banks, in order that they may lend them to the local institutions, large sums of money, which the Bank of France is bound to lend them without interest. These funds are distributed among the regional banks by a special committee named by the minister of agriculture.

The local banks are composed in whole or in part of one or more agricultural syndicate or buying-and-selling societies. The local bank acts as the guarantor of the financial obligations of the individual farmers or groups of farmers, to the regional banks, which in turn do the real banking business, securing the money, etc. The most common method is for the regional bank to discount the bills of the local bank.

Low Interest Rate.

Capital of the local bank which is usually very small is invested in stock of the regional bank, and interest of 4% per annum is paid upon the same. The matter of receiving deposits is optional with the local banks, as is also the extent of liability of the individual members of the local banks, varying from liability merely for the capital stock to unlimited liability, as in the case of the Raiffeisen Banks. Only about one-fourth of the local banks in France have adopted the unlimited liability system.

Loans must be secured by collateral, or by a guarantor; and range from three months to one year. Rates of interest are very low, ranging from ½% to 1% above the amount paid by commercial or savings banks upon deposits. In 1906 the Credit Agricole was authorized to make loans secured by mortgage on land; but this branch of the business has not grown greatly as yet.

The Credit Agricole is of especial value to the French farmer in developing the co-operative projects for which France, as well as the other nations of Europe, are noted. Without these organizations for providing agricultural credit, efficient co-operation in rural life and industry would be, as it is in this country, practically impossible. A study of the Credit Foncier and the Credit Agricole indicates that it ought to be a comparatively easy matter to create some modification of the Landschaften and Raiffeisen Credit institutions suitable to American conditions.

MOUNTAIN LAKE PARK.

The Stockholders of the Mountain Lake Park Association met Tuesday morning at their office in the Park. G. S. Hamill, Esq., presided and L. A. Rudisill was secretary. The new board of directors are G. S. Hamill, A. D. Naylor and C. S. Davis, Oakland; W. D. Reed, of Grafton, W. Va., and Edward W. Westwood, of Wheeling, W. Va. G. S. Hamill was reelected president. Ed. W. Westwood and G. S. Hamill were elected memders of the Annual Committee of the Community of Mountain Lake Park. W. D. Reed was selected to represent the Association at the annual meeting of the community.

Moving pictures everynight this week in the auditorium. The first was given Monday night to a good house.

The school of Domestic Art has opened in charge of Caroline L. Shepard and Miss Sarah Carr. There are classes in dressmaking and embroidery. The little folks will be taught the art of making doll's dresses, etc.

The Kindergarten school opens Friday, in charge of Miss Daugherty, of Baltimore.

The demand for cars by the movement of troops to Mexico has caused the cancellation of the reunion of Odd Fellows to be held on the 22d.

One of England's greatest preachers will be here Sunday. It is a rare opportunity to hear a remarkable man preach. Services in the tabernacle.

A Bible school is in prapress in Miss Sarah Harris' home. Dr. Shaw, of Taylor University, is in charge. Everybody is invited to attend the school.

Mr. Ed. W. Westwood, of Wheeling, is a guest of the Mountain Lake Hotel. Mr. Westwood will be largely identified with the best interests of the Park.

Last Thursday thirty-six young people of the St. Matthew's Episcopal church choir, of Wheeling, spent the day here. They are camped near Terra Alta for a week or two.

The camp meeting closed Sunday night with one of the largest crowds in the history of the Mountain Lake Park camp meeting. All day Sunday a crowd of people gathered at the Park. At least one hundred automobiles were here. The preaching was of the very best order and made a deep impression. The camp meeting is regarded as most successful. Already plans are being made for the meeting of 1917. It is intended to secure a membership of 1000 to boost the camp meeting, which is an independent organization. Such noted evangelists as W. H. Huff, L. J. Miller, Nashville, Tenn., with the old camp meeting preachers will be in attendance.

The annual meeting of the Community was held Wednesday morning. The meeting was largely attended by the property owners. The reports of the officers were read and adopted. The election resulted as follows: President Alexander Zeck; secretary, L. A. Rudisill; Treasurer, M. M. Schrock; members of the annual committee, J. P. Allen and H. L. Streib; policeman, Thomas Callis. This makes the twenty-first time Mr. Rudisill has been elected Secretary of the Community.

The following paper was adopted,

WHEREAS, It hath pleased Almighty God to remove from our midst by death, the Rev. J. P. McKee, President of the Community of Mountain Lake Park; therefore be it

Resolved, That the sympathy of this community is hereby tendered the family of the deceased, in this their great loss and sad bereavement.

Resolved, That a copy of this paper be presented to the family of Rev. J. P. McKee, and a copy be spread upon the minutes of this meeting, and published in the county paper.

Eclipse of the Moon.

On the evening of July 19 people will have an opportunity to see another partial eclipse of the moon. The moon will enter the penumbral shadow about eighteen minutes after 9 o'clock on the evening of the fourteenth, but as this partial shadow still contains a great deal of light no darkening of the moon's limb will be really perceptible until the moon actually enters the completely dark shadow, which it will do about an hour later, at 10:19. The middle of the eclipse will occur at 11:46, and the moon will leave the shadow at thirteen minutes past midnight.

Farm for Sale

Containing two hundred and seventy-six acres. About 175 acres cleared and in good cultivation and the balance in timber.

Located twelve miles west of Lonaconing in Garrett county in the Fairview settlement. With seven or eight never failing springs on it. One dwelling house containing seven rooms and a good cellar; bank barn 40 x 60 feet and all other necessary outbuildings.

Good apple orchard of about 200 bearing trees and all other kinds of fruits.

If not sold prior to January 1st, 1917, the property will be for rent.

For any other information call on or address the undersigned.

JONAS WEITZELL,
Lonaconing, Md.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The First National Bank

AT OAKLAND,

In the State of Maryland, at the close of business, June 30th, 1916.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$264,795 37
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	50,000 00	
U. S. bonds pledged to secure U. S. deposits (par value)	1,000 00	
Premium on U. S. bonds	600 00	51,600 00
Stocks, other than Federal Reserve Bank stock		1,375 00
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve bank	$8,800.00	
Less amount unpaid	$2,400.00	2,400 00
Value of banking house (if unencumbered)		33,000 10
Furniture and fixtures		3,175 29
Real estate owned other banking house		2,500 00
Net amount due from Federal Reserve bank		8,700 00
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in New York, Chicago, and St. Louis	2,277 69	
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in other reserve cities	57,410 86	59,688 55
Net amount due from banks and bankers (other than above)		1,798 44
Other checks on banks in the same city or town as reporting bank		1,157 66
Fractional currency, nickels and cents		292 81
Notes of other national banks		1,200
Coin and certificates		11,652
Redemption fund with U.S.Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		2,500 00
Total		$452,415 42

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		50,000 00
Surplus fund		30,000 00
Undivided profits	2,132 90	
Less current expenses, interest and taxes paid	2,132 90	2,132 90
Circulating notes outstanding		50,000 00
Net amount due to banks and bankers (other than above)		4,005 11
Dividends unpaid		1,506 00
Demand deposits—		
Individual deposits subject to check		147,021 50
Certificates of deposits due in less than 30 days		200 00
Cashier's checks outstanding		642 42
United States deposits		1,000 00
Total demand deposits	$149,763.55	
Time deposits (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice—		
Certificates of deposit		1,000 00
Other time deposits		164,010 80
Total of time deposits	$165,010 80	
Total		$452,415 42

State of Maryland, County of Garrett.

I, R. E. SLIGER, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

R. E. SLIGER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 7th day of July, 1916.

WALTER W. DAWSON, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: FRED. A. THAYER,
E. H. SINCELL,
A. G. STURGISS,
Directors.

REPORT OF CONDITION OF

The First National Bank,

AT KITZMILLERVILLE,

In the State of Maryland, at the close of business, June 30, 1916.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$93,281 48
Overdrafts, unsecured		27 82
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)		24,000 00
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged		8,693 85
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve bank	2,300.00	
Less amount unpaid	1,150.00	1,150 00
Value of banking house (if unencumbered)		7,000 00
Furniture and fixtures		4,597 60
Net amount due from Federal Reserve bank		2,501 18
Net amount due from approved reserve agents New York, Chicago and St. Louis	19 60	
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in other reserve cities	11,509 28	11,528 88
Net amount due from banks and bankers (other than above)		33 37
Outside checks and other cash items	301 01	
Fractional currency, nickles, and cents	193 57	494 58
Notes of other national banks		975 00
Lawful money reserve in bank—		
Coin and certificates		7,687 65
Redemption fund with U.S.Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		1,249 50
Total		$164,213 91

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		25,000 00
Surplus fund		10,011 69
Undivided profits	1,234 47	
Less current expenses, interest and taxes paid	1,234 47	1,234 47
Circulating notes outstand		24,500 00
Net amount due to banks and bankers (other than above)		826 78
Demand deposits—		
Individual deposits subject to check		33,401 26
Cashier's Checks outstanding		638 44
Total demand deposits	34,039 70	
Time deposits (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice)		
Other time deposits		64,511 27
Total of time deposits	64,511 27	
Bills payable, including obligations representing money borrowed		4,000 00
Total		$164,213 91

State of Maryland, County of Garrett.

I, G. B. M. KEPLER, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

G. B. M. KEPLER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th day of July, 1916.

SUE R. LAUGHLIN, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: F. G. TROUT,
R. A. SMITH,
G. B. PEW,
Directors.

Estray Notice.

There came to my place on Sunday, June 18, a two year old black brood sow. Owner please call, pay damages and charges and take same away.

D. L. CONNEWAY.

Oakland, June, 20, 1919. Adv.

ATTENTION, FARMERS.

Domo Improved Cream Separators, $35.00 and $43.50.

C. N. MCINTIRE,

Adv. tf. Oakland, Md.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Garrett National Bank,

AT OAKLAND,

In the State of Maryland, at the close of business, June 30th, 1916.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$370,263 74
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	50,000 00	
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged		181,225 00
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve Bank	$6,900	
Less amount unpaid	3,450	3,450 00
Value of banking house (if unencumbered)		27,500 00
Furniture and fixtures		3,000 00
Net amount due from Federal Reserve bank		16,028 17
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in New York, Chicago, St. Louis	$7,611 36	
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in other reserve cities	17,398 98	25,010 34
Net amount due from banks and bankers (other than that above)		4,532 77
Other checks on banks in the same city or town as reporting bank		383 66
Outside checks and other cash items	20 62	
Fractional currency, nickles and cents	284 04	304 66
Notes of other national banks		195 00
Federal Reserve notes		25 00
Coin and certificates		23,276 30
Legal-tender notes		1,395 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		2,500 00
Total		$709,089 64

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$50,000 00
Surplus fund		65,000 00
Undivided profits	2,023 57	
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	2,023 57	2,023 57
Circulating notes outstanding		49,997 50
Net amount due to banks and bankers (other than that above)		130 53
Dividends unpaid		3,500 00
Demand deposits—		
Individual deposits subject to check		220,393 13
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days		44,246 91
Certified checks		240 00
Cashier's checks outstanding		470 46
Total demand deposits	$265,350.50	
Time deposits (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice)—		
Certificates of deposit		58,547 44
Other time deposits		214,540 10
Total of time deposits	$273,087.54	
Total		$709,089 64

State of Maryland, County of Garrett:

I, G. A. FRALEY, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

G. A. FRALEY, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 10th day of July, 1916.

MARK S. WHITE, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: GILMOR S. HAMILL,
D. E. OFFUTT, Jr.
CHAS. S. DAVIS,
Directors.

A WONDERFUL BARGAIN

$5 BIBLE $2 FOR ONLY

Nearly 600 fine Pictures

Everybody surprised and delighted. Give them to the children and stimulate their interest

Fine leather overlap binding with red edge. Gold edge 50 cents extra. Nothing finer for a gift to anyone.

Will be pleased to show this beautiful book and no obligation to buy.

Call, phone (Bell 63 W) or write.

HEYWARD,
Oak and E. Streets,
Mt. Lake Park, Md.

Advertisement 14-4t*

REAL BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE

One of the most desirable residences on Alder street in Oakland, now owned by M. A. Carney, and occupied as a residence by States Attorney Jones, is offered at a very attractive price.

A valuable 90 acre farm near Ottaway, Garrett Co., on the line of the proposed new state road to West Va., and a very desirable piece of real estate.

Improved farm of 138 acres near Swanton, Garrett Co., improved by nine room dwelling, barn and young orchard now bearing. A safe investment.

JAS. D. HAMILL,
Real Estate Agent.

Notice to the Pulic.

My son, Lester Hetrick, who is under age, having ran away from my home and care, I hereby notify all persons, firms, etc., that I will not be responsible for any debts he may contract, and I also warn all persons against employing or harboring the said Lester Hetrick so long as he is not of legal age.

MELCHOR HETRICK,
Bittinger, Md.

Adv. 15-3t

Notice to Trespassers

Notice is hereby given to all persons not to trespass upon the lands of the undersigned for any purpose whatever under the severest penalty of the law; and all cattle found within the bounds of the lands will be impounded.

JONAS KNOX, Agent.
for J. J. Nicola.

3 times. paid.

Auditor's Notice.

Howard G. Robinson, v. William Butler Admr, et al.
No. 1979 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Notice is hereby given to the creditors of Canada Butler, deceased, to file their claims in the above entitled cause, with the Clerk of this Court properly authenticated on or before the 2nd day of July, 1916, as I shall, on the 10th day of July, 1916, as I shall proceed to state an account distributing the funds in the hands of the Trustee in said cause.

EDWARD H. SINCELL,
Auditor.

SHERIFF'S SALE

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate

Near Selbysport, Garrett County

Under and by virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of the Circuit Court for Garrett county at the suit of W. T. Fike, vs. U. G. Savage, being No. 16 Judicials, June Term, 1916, on the docket of said Court, I, Albert Ashby, Sheriff, did levy upon and take into execution all of the title and interest of the following parcel of land, situated in Selbysport District, Garrett county, as follows:

1. All that piece of land as described in a deed from Lemuel Savage and wife to U. G. Savage, dated the 24th day of March, 1892, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 19, folio 376, containing 67 acres more or less.

2 All that other piece of land, conveyed by Jonas Frazee and wife to U. G. Savage, which is recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 19, folio 415, containing fifty acres. Said deed is dated the 6th day of April, 1892.

3. All those two pieces of land, conveyed by L. D. Hoff and wife to U. G. Savage, dated November 28th, 1901, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 40, folio 199, etc , containing 19 acres.

4. All that other piece of land conveyed by Franklin Humberson and wife to U. G. Savage dated the 4th day of June, 1902, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 42, folio 69, etc., containing three acres and 143 perches.

5. All that certain parcel of land conveyed by Mary Stewart et al., to U. G. Savage, by deed dated November 22nd, 1904, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 47, folio, 543, etc., containing 100 acres. The above being duly recorded among the Land Records of Garrett county, especial reference being made to said record and said deeds for a more particular description of said several parcels of land. Said several parcels constitute one body of land and one farm.

And I hereby give notice that on

SATURDAY,

the 5th day of August, 1916,

in front of the Court house in the town of Oakland at the hour of two o'clock P. M. of said day, I will sell the aforsaid parcels of land at public auction to the highest bidder to satisfy the aforesaid execution and costs; but said lands will be sold subject to a mortgage given by U. G. Savage and wife, to Franklin T. Fike, dated the 7th day of May, 1910, for the sum of $1100.00, with some accured interest thereon, which is recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 60, folio 216, etc. of the Mortgage Records of Garrett county.

TERMS OF SALE.—Cash on the day of sale. For further particulars apply to Albert Ashby, Sheriff of Garrett County.

ALBERT ASHBY,
Sheriff of Garrett County.

Mortgagee's Sale

OF A

House and Lot

in the Town of Friendsville, Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage from William Frederick, Jr., and wife, to the Trustees of Hiawatha Lodge No. 44, I. O. O. F., Addison, Pa., and assigned to the undersigned for the purpose of foreclosure, default having been made in the provisions of said mortgage, he will on

SATURDAY,

the 29th day of July, 1916,

at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M., of said day in front of the Court House in the town of Oakland, offer at public auction to the highest bidder, all of that house and premises, situated in the town of Friendsville, Garrett county, containing 4950 square feet, it being the same property as described in a deed from William Frederick and wife, to Frederick Haney by deed dated the 7th day of June, 1904, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 47, folio 285, etc., one of the Land Records of Garrett county, especial reference being made to said deed for a more particular description, and being designated as Lot No. 1 of Steele's Plat of the town of Friendsville.

Said lot is improved by a very good dwelling house and outbuildings.

TERMS OF SALE: One-third of the purchase price required on the day of sale, and the balance in nine and eighteen months of equal proportions, the deferred payments to be secured by the notes of the purchaser, with security satisfactory to the undersigned and to bear interest from the day of sale; or all of the purchase price may be paid down upon the ratification of the sale by the Court, when a deed will be made to the purchaser, and possession will be given of the property upon the ratification of the sale by the court.

For particulars apply to,

GILMOR S. HAMILL,
Assignee of said Mortgage for the purpose of foreclosure.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Testamentary on the estate of

MINNIE SMITH

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 29th day of December 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 29th day of June 1916.

WALTER D. SMITH,
Executor,
Hazelton, W. Va.

WILLIAM M. SOMERVILLE, Solicitor
Cumberland, Maryland.

Mortgagee's Sale

OF VALUABLE

Coal Lands

Together with Houses and Equipment of Operating Coal Company, the Property of Waitman Smokeless Coal Company at Steyer, Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage from the Waitman Smokeless Coal Company, a corporation, to the Coudersport Trust Company of Coudersport, Pa., dated the first day of May, 1916, and recorded among the mortgage records of Garrett County, Maryland, in liber No. 67, folio No. 252, etc., there being default in the covenants and conditions of said mortgage, the undersigned mortgagee will sell to the highest bidder at public auction in front of the Court House in Oakland, Garrett County, Maryland, on

WEDNESDAY,

The 2nd Day of August, 1916

at two o'clock P. M., all the following described property:

All surface and surface rights of the following parcels of land situated in District No. 8 of Garrett County, Maryland.

(1) Four small parcels of land comprising together nine acres, together with all the buildings and improvements thereon, including eleven tenement houses, more or less, and a large store building.

(2) All the coal in place including all those four tracts of land adjoining the above mentioned parcels of land containing 480 acres, more or less.

(3) All those parcels or tracts of land described in lease from the Bayard Coal & Coke Company to the Waitman Smokeless Coal Company, containing 493 acres more or less.

All of said tracts of land containg in the aggregate about 982 acres of land, nearly all of which is underlayed with the six feet and four feet veins of coal of quality and condition usually found in the Upper Potomac Region.

Reference is hereby made to the mortgage above mentioned and the several deeds therein mentioned for a more particular description of this property by metes and bounds. Also for reservations of several small parcels of coal which are reserved to original owners in said deeds, but which do not materially effect the value of said property.

(4) Also the following personal property: 65 one-ton 26 inch gauge mine cars, more or less, 23 tons of steel rails, more or less, one set Fairbanks Scales, one set Blacksmith's tools, one lot of mining tools, two boilers, with pumps, one engine, and all appliances and appurtenances thereto, all tram ways, hoists, mine props, and all other tools, buildings, structures, appliances and equipment for operating the said coal mines and mining plant, together with all the rights of ways of every kind and nature, including said tracts and switches, and all the houses, residences and buildings, tipple dumps, etc., now erected upon the said above described premises.

The mining plant has recently been repaired and put into good condition for the mining and shipment of coal, and is now an actual working proposition. Inspection of the property by prospective purchasers is invited.

Purchaser can be given immediate possession upon ratification of the sale by the Court.

TERMS:—A deposit of $200.00 on the day of the sale, and the balance in cash upon ratification of the sale by the Court.

Coudersport Trust Company,
WM. M. SOMERVILLE,
Solicitor.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Testamentary on the estate of

JONAS A. SPEICHER

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 13th day of December 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 13th day of June, 1916.

ALLIE SPEICHER,
CHARLES M. SPEICHER,
Executors,
Accident, Md.

MADE BY
LOUISVILLE SOAP COMPANY
INCORPORATED
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY

CLEAN EASY NAPTHOLINE SOAP

Will go as far as TWO five-cent cakes of ordinary soap. It will cost you only 5 cents. (Cleaneasy saves the rub.) No rubbing, no scrubing, no wearing out of clothes. Just soaking, then boiling for ten minutes; a good rinsing and out on the line they go, absolutely clean.

Circulars and trial orders by parcels post at 5 cents a bar.

Sold by CHARLES S. DAVIS, Manufacturers Agent, Oakland, Md.

Adv.

A store room for rent on State Street, East end. Apply to P. J. Knapp, Terra Alta, W. Va. Adv. 18-3t*

The man Who Makes A STUDY OF HIS APPEARANCE

Is the man who best appreciates the detail of the tailoring we turn out The workmanship passes without a question, the fit is naturally a matter of course, but the shape we mould into the garments give them a character that finishes them off and makes the satisfaction of the owner complete.

All this is a bid for your next tailoring order. We know we can make you the best clothes you ever wore We want you to know it. That order is the best and only sure way to settle the question.

JAMES BROCK,
Dixon Building,
Oakland, Maryland.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County Maryland, Letters of Testamentary on the estate of

JOHN M. DAVIS

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 8th day of December, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under our hand this 8th day of June, 1916.

CHAS. S. DAVIS,
JOHN W. DAVIS,
Executors
Oakland, Md.

Road Notice

This is to give notice that on July 18th, 1916, the undersigned viewers will meet at John T. Gearys gate and relocate and view out a new county road leading from Garey's gate through the lands of Edith Hileman, Adell Friend and Hiram Humbert-on to intersect the Morgantown road leading from Selbysport to Sand Spring, at a point near John Myers' house and to disanul the old road now leading from Garey's gate to Hiram Humbertson's.

C. W. FRIEND,
WM. F. MYERS,
S. K. FRAZEE.

ROAD PETITION

This is to give notice that thirty days after the first publication hereof, application will be made to the County Commissioners of Garrett county for the appointment of viewers to view and locate a proposed change in a dangerous road leading from Hoyes to Oakland to intersect the State road near William Callis' and running through the lands of the said William Callis for a distance of from five to ten rods.

W. A. SMITH,
D. O. DEWITT,
J. W. CALLIS,
HAMILTON FRIEND,
AND OTHERS.

Published first time June 15, 1916.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, either in person or by deputy, will be in each of the Election Districts in Garrett County, Maryland, to collect and receive taxes at the time and places following:

July 10. McHenry, Brenneman's Store a. m. to 12 m.

July 10. Sang Run, Postoffice, 3 p. m. to 9 p. m.

July 11. Hoyes, Smith's Store, 9 a. m. to 12 m.

July 11. Friendsville, Crawford Hotel, 3 to 9 p. m

July 12. Friendsville, Crawford Hotel, 8 to 11 a. m.

July 12. Selbysport, Postoffice, 1 to 4 p. m.

July 13. Cove, Brown's Store, 8 a. m. to 12 m.

July 13. Keyser's Ridge, Smearman's Store, 3 to 4 p. m.

July 14. Grantsville, National Hotel 8 a. m. to 3 p. m.

July 15. Accident, Gies's Hotel, 8 a. m. to 2 p. m.

July 17. North Glade, Theo. Beckman's 10 a. m. to 3 p. m.

July 18. Bittinger, Jonas Bittinger's, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.

July 19. Bittinger, Jonas Bittinger's, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.

July 20. Jennings, Jenning's Hotel, 9 a. m. to 12 m.

July 20. New Germany, Postoffice, 2 p. m. to 4 p. m.

July 21. Scott Layman's, 8 a. m. to 12 m.

July 21. Thomas J. Johnson's, 2 p. m. to 4 p. m.

July 21. Finzell, Werner,s Store, 6 p. m. to 8 p. m.

July 22. Finzell, Werner's Store, 9 a. m. to 12 m.

July 24. Avilton, O. S. Fike's, 9 a. m. to 12 m.

July 24. Stricklands, 4 p. m. to 8 p. m.

July 25. Merrill, Postoffice, 9, a. m. to 12 m.

July 26. Swanton, Swanton Hotel, 9 a. m. to 3p. m.

July 27. Bloomington, Cleary Hotel, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.

July 28. Bloomington, Cleary Hotel, 6 a. m. to 3 p. m.

July 29. Deer Park, Squire Hoye's, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.

July 31. Kitzmiller, Bank Building, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.

August 1. Kitzmiller, Bank Building 9 a m. to 3 p. m.

August 2. Gorman, Duling's Mill, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.

August 3. Red House 9 a. m. to 2 p. m.

August 4. Crellin, Company's Store 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.

August 5. Ottaway, Connell's Store 10 a. m to 4 p. m.

By an Act of the General Assembly of Marvland, passed at the January Session, 1888, being Chapter 506, Section 45, it is provided that all county taxes shall be due and payable on the first day of September next succeeding the date of levy thereof; and all taxes paid on or before the first day of September a discount of three per cent. shall be allowed; and after the first day of January all taxes shall bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum until paid. The Treasurer shall take the discount from and charge interest on the bills for county purposes regularly in the manner aforesaid and shall note the same upon his books and upon the receipt for taxes so paid, but the discount allowed on the county taxes by this section shall not be made to auy person or corporate institution unless the whole amount of state and county taxes due by such person or corporate institution for the current year be paid when the same is made.

J. W. KIMMEL
Treasurer of Garrett County, Maryland.

For Sale.

I offer for sale the property known as the Swanton Mill, located at Swanton, Garrett county. The mill is fully equipped to do a general milling business, the machinery consisting of boiler and engine, 1 stand of 7 x 18 rolls with bolting outfit for same, scourers, shucker, etc.; 1 French Burr, cracked corn seive, also table meal bolts, emery rig. This property will be sold at a reasonable figure. Building 46 x 60 feet. If interested address.

W. H. OSS,
18-4t Swanton, Md.

THE REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME 41. OAKLAND, MARYLAND THURSDAY, JULY 20, 1916. NUMBER 21

DR. FRANCE AND MR. ZIHLMAN IN OAKLAND YESTERDAY

They Also Visited Crellin and Other Points in the County En Route.

Dr. Joseph Irwin France, Republican candidate for United States Senator, and Hon. Fred. N. Zihlman, Republican candidate for House of Representatives, spent yesterday in Garrett county, coming to Oakland by way of Grantsville and Accident at which points they met quite a number of people who assured them of their support.

They also visited the lumbering town of Crellin where they were guests at dinner of Mr. S. A. Kendall, coming later in the day to Oakland where the gentlemen met quite a large number of the citizens and party workers. They, in company with Mr. James C. Peddicord, chairman of the Republican County Committee, were entertained at luncheon by Mr. Charles H. Linville at his home on Oak street.

Dr. France and Mr. Zihlman returned by automobile to Cumberland last night and will spend today at Frostburg where they will be in attendance at the great Knights of Pythias gathering.

Street Commissioner Echard Makes Statement.

To the Editor of The Republican.

For the benefit of the tax payers of Mountain Lake Park and community I herewith present a statement of the amounts expended on the streets, side walks and sewers of Mountain Lake Park for the year beginning July 14, 1915, and ending July 12, 1916:

Amount appropriated.....$550.00
Amount expended.....476.44

Balance to be expended $73.56

Of the amount appropriated I have received from the community $65.29.

Very truly,
J. L. ECHARD,
Street Commissioner.

DEER PARK POSTOFFICE ROBBED.

Safe Blown With Nitroglycerin and Entire Contents Carried Off.

At Deer Park last Thursday night the safe of the postoffice was blown with nitroglycerine by burglars and the entire contents were carried off with no clue as to the identity of the burglars.

Entrance to the postoffice building was through a window which had been "jimmied" so successfully that little damage resulted. Inside the building however, a mass of wreckage presented itself when Postmaster L. D. Thrasher arrived to begin his duties on Friday morning, as the safe had been literally blown to bits, nitroglycerin, it is thought, having been used. Some persons living nearby heard a crash about midnight but attributed it to a passing train. The contents of the safe consisted of about $100 worth of stamps, some money order books and the general supplies of the office, all of which were carried off. As soon as possible Postmaster Thrasher communicated with the officials in Oakland and a pair of bloodhounds from Chaffee were secured but the dogs failed to take up the scent.

The total loss amounts to about $200.

Forty Years Ago.

Gen. William Tecumseh Sherman was a visitor at Deer Park, where he and Gen. Grant met and fraternalized.

During the week there were one hundred arrivals at the Oakland Hotel, then a new hostelry for the accommodation of summer visitors.

Marian McKimmey had a fight with a mother bear and her two cubs at Fairfax Stone, Garrett county. The mother bear ran away when two shots struck her and Mr. McKimmey took the cubs to his home.

See Misses and Is Missed.

We are glad to learn that Mrs. Willets is able to be out again. It is nearly two months since she kicked at the cat and broke her knee cap against the door. Society has missed her very much. The Hometown (Pa.) Banner.

NEW ASSESSMENT WILL BEGIN ABOUT AUGUST 1ST

District and Municipal Assessors Have Been Appointed For Purpose.

In order to get the machinery in proper running order for a new general assessment of real estate in Garrett county and the different incorporated towns located therein, which was authorized in a bill introduced and passed by the recent General Assembly, the County Commissioners met in special session on Monday of this week and appointed the required number of men to carry out the provisions of the law, which is mandatory upon them. Many Garrett county people are of the opinion that a general assessment at this time is unnecessary and this opinion is shared by residents of other counties, but the Legislature, in its wisdom, has decreed otherwise and as a result the people of Marvland will be called upon to pay something over $250,000 for this whim on the part of the law making body of the State. Garrett county's share of this expense will probably amount $10,000 alone.

Under the provisions of the law Baltimore City is exempt from the reassessment. This alone reveals the "nigger in the woodpile." Baltimore will reap the benefit at the expense of the counties.

The appointments made by the Commissioners at Monday's session are as follows:

Election District No. 1, Josiah G. Friend; No. 2, A. M. Chisholm; No. 3, Mahlon Miller; No. 4, William A. Michael; No. 5, Resley C. Rush; No. 6, Marshal Frankhouser; No. 7, J. L. Echard; No. 8, Jonas Yutzy; No. 10, Isaac A. Paugh; No. 11, Otho S. Fike; No. 12, Silas Beachy; No. 13, Milo Wilson; No 14, A. L. Sines.

For incorporated towns the following appointments were made:

Friendsville, David S. Custer; Grantsville, Charles Younkin; Accident, Frederick Burkhardt; Oakland, James A. Delawder; Mountain Lake Park, M. M. Schrock; Loch Lynn Heights, Warren Rathbun; Deer Park, James W. Walter; Kitzmiller, Stanley S. Bender.

Insane Italian In Jail.

An Italian, giving his name as John Bronini, and claiming Kentucky as his home, was found wandering along the Baltimore and Ohio tracks at a point just west of Bloominghon Sunday night where he was picked up by a railroad officer and held until sheriff Ashby went down and brought the man back to Oakland. Bronini was barefoot and was clothed in rags. In a bundle which he carried was found a new dress shir bearing the mark of a Denver (Col.) merchant. He had no money aside from five cents when the Sheriff took him in charge. The man acts quite strange and appears to be insane. His mental condition will be inquired into by the proper officials today or tomorrow.

Subscribe for The Republican.

TO CONNECT LINCOLN HIGHWAY WITH NATIONAL PIKE

Commissioner Black Boosts Road From Somerset County to Grantsville.

The proposed road across Somerset county from the Lincoln highway near Jennertown, Pa., to a connection with the old National pike at Grantsville, was given a decided impetus at Somerset Friday evening by Frank B. Black, Pennsylvania state commissioner of highways in his address at a testimonial banquet tendered him.

Commissioner Black boosted the $50,000,000 bond issue, to be voted on again in 1918. During his talk, Mr. Black recommended highly the ash road to Stoyestown. This road is made of coal ashes and cinder, rolled solidly. Mr. Black said that Gov. Brumbaugh, in their first conference, urged a road across Somerset county from the Lincoln higway, the old National pike. Four miles of this highway, running north out of Somerset, are already completed and in use.

The commissioner said the new highways administration did not propose to follow the old cow-path roads across the Somerset mountains. He asked cooperation in securing rights-of-way for modern highways across the hills and said that many of the old roads are of a grade dangerous to autos and fit only for mule teams and cattle to follow.

On a rising vote every man pledged himself to support a two-mill increase in the Somerset county tax rates as a means of raising money for county highway work.

Trees.

I think that I shall never see
A poem lovely as a tree.

A tree whose hungry mouth is prest
Against the earth's sweet flowing breast;
A tree that looks at God all day
And lifts her leafy arms to pray;
A tree that may in summer wear
A nest of robins in her hair,
Upon whose bosom snow has lain;
Who intimately lives with rain.

Poems are made by fools like me
But only God can make a tree.

Slight Fire.

Last Thursday night shortly after midnight residents of Oakland were aroused from their slumbers by an alarm of fire, which originated in the Whetsell restaurant on Railroad street, but which, fortunately, was extinguished before it had done much damage.

A Money Saving Chance For You.

Get rid of your old scrap iron, old rags, old gum shoes, copper and brass. We are paying best cash prices for same.

25c per hundred for iron; 50c per hundred for rags; 5c per lb. for rubber; from 5c to 10c per lb. for copper and brass.

We are located at the old Hamill house, opposite the electric light plant, Oakland, Md.

A. G. TARLO, Proprietor.

Adv. 16-5 months.

ARM BROKEN

Edward Pendergast Painfully Hurt While Cranking Automobile.

Mr. Edward Pendergast, of Oakland, employed in the Treacy Garage here, was painfully injured last Saturday morning when an automobile he was cranking backfired and the crank striking him upon the right forearm broke that member just above the wrist.

Mr. Pendergast had been employed in the garage but a short time and as a result of the injury sustained will be unable to work for several weeks. The injured man was attended by Dr. Broadwater.

Journalism In Kansas.

This newspaper business is a great game. Just in the midst of an obituary of a dear friend and when hot tears threaten to flow down and blot out the words you write, there breaks through the office door the radiant face of the daddy of a new boy! Tears and joy mingle in the same breath, and the giving and taking away of life are recorded on the same page.

Before you have finished the obituary the breezy advance man for a comedy show pops in and asks you to write a scream for his Forty Fat Frolicsome Fairis and how joyous they are. Before you have done with the kind words about your departed friend, the joy over the new baby and finished the showman's ad, a fellow sneaks in to ask you to suppress the story of the fight that he was mixed up in. Then, after putting all the lace and trimmings on the bride's wedding gown, dressing the groom in the conventional black and starting them off with congratulations and best wishes, you turn again to the tear side of life and write: "But the stately ship moves on. To the haven under the hill. And, oh! for the touch of a vanished hand. And the sound of a voice that is still."

Then comes a lull and the old typewriter is content to record the commonplace facts, knowing that just around the corner and each awaiting his turn stands Joy, Grief, Sorrow, Mirth, Sarcasm, Wit and Laughter.—Oakley (Kan.) Graphic.

BABY OF TWO AND A-HALF YEARS RUN DOWN BY TRAIN

Alpheas Wilt, Son of Railroad Foreman At Stricker's, the Victim.

One of the saddest and most deplorable accidents in the annals of railroading in Garrett county, occurred last Saturday morning about half after eight o'clock when little Alpheas Rhodes, aged two and a-half years, was struck by the west bound accommodation at or near Stricker's Siding, midway up the Seventeen Mile Grade, and from the effects of the injuries sustained by the child it died at the office of Dr. N. I. Broadwater in Oakland two hours afterwards.

From what could be learned from the parents while they were in Oakland on Saturday concerning the accident it appears that the mother of the child had left it in charge of its grandmother, the former intending to go to Swanton to do some shopping. After the departure of Mrs. Rhodes from her home and while she was on her way to the station at Stricker the little boy left the house and wandered on to the railroad track where it was struck by the accommodation train bound west. The child was not seen by either the engineer or fireman on the locomotive but the recumbent body was seen by a railroad official who was riding on the platform of the rear car after it had passed, who immediately stopped the train and the little one was placed aboard and brought to Oakland. The mother boarded the train at Stricker, unaware of the fact at the moment that it also bore her child. The father, who is foreman of trackmen at Stricker, was also picked up by the train and brought to Oakland.

The little one's injuries were of such nature that nothing could be done for it, the skull having been fractured.

After its death the body was prepared for burial by Undertaker Bolden and sent back to the home Saturday afternoon, from which the funeral occurred Monday.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

HAVE A VERY LARGE STOCK OF

Binder Twine
Mowing Scythes
Grain Cradles
Mowing Machine Oils, Hay Forks

In fact a complete line of harvesting tools to sell cheap.

Also Big Stock

ROOFING

In four qualities to sell below the market.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

C. H. BROWNING

Deer Park's Best Store

Watch this space for next week.

P. S. Bring your Butter and Chickens to Brownings. I pay the highest price.

Offutt's

Just received a car of

Alpha Portland Cement

If you need a Grain Cradle see us. We sell nothing but the genuine

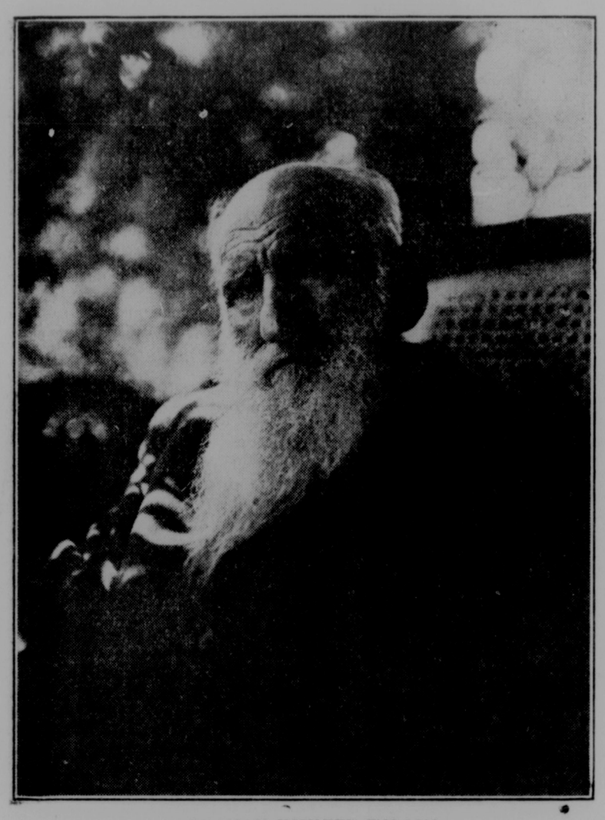
Greencastle Grain Caadel

Binder Twine

At the Right Price.

Wool We are paying the highest market price—Cash or trade

OFFUTTS'



ABRAHAM INSKEEP WILSON
Who Celebrated His One Hundredth Anniversary on Tuesday, July 11th, 1916.

WILSON FAMILY WERE PIONEERS OF GARRETT COUNTY

A Well Written History of the Progenitors of the Race.

Away back in the first half of the eighteenth century a young Irishman came to America. His name was Thomas Wilson. What was his reason for leaving his native sod we do not know, unless he was prompted by that spirit of adventure which characterized his descendants.

Tradition has it that the family from which this man sprang came to Ireland from Scotland, and was originally English. Beyond this we are lost in the mists of the past. It has been suggested that those who left England and took up their abode in Scotland were adherents of the Stuarts and were compelled to leave their native country for political reasons. Later when Scotland became dangerous for followers of the Pretender they might have sought refuge in Ireland. But this is mere conjecture. A web of romance might be constructed around these old time people, but it would be without the foundation of known facts. The young man who came to America probably became engrossed with the new conditions with which he was surrounded, and the memories of the old country and the people he left there became vague and seemed to him unimportant.

What was the social position of this old family we do not definitely know. From the fact that the first American Wilson had a certain amount of education we gather that they were at least well to do and probably belonged to what in England is known as the Middle Class.

There was at one time a report current that a great amount of wealth lay in England awaiting the call of the descendants of this Thomas Wilson. Some members of the family investigated the matter; but, on account of their inability to give the name of one woman in some way concerned, they failed to arrive at anything definite.

Unscrupulous lawyers in London sometimes enter into correspondence with families in America or the colonies, pretending that fortunes await these families and that all that is necessary is to fight the matter through the courts. After collecting lawyer's fees for their services, they regret to report that the case was lost, and that is the end of it. Whether or not the Wilson fortune was one of this kind, it is impossible to say, for no one ever went to England to investigate, and the word of unknown London lawyers may not be accepted.

But whatever may be the truth about the matter of the fortune, we know that there are many prominent and wealthy Wilsons in England, Scotland, and Ireland, and it may well be believed that we sprang from the same general stock as they.

But to return to matters about which we know definitely. Thomas Wilson married Elizabeth Riley, and settled at what was known as the "Old Wilson Homestead" near Taneytown, Maryland. The exact date is not known, but it was at least prior to 1740, for in that year Thomas, their eldest son, was born.

Tradition tells us little about his life and habits. As his home was near the outskirts of civilization and was constantly in danger of the savage forays of the Indians, we may picture him a hardy frontiersman, ready alike with axe and gun. No coward could have lived in that section of country at that time. We may state on general knowledge of the times that he was often compelled to protect his home and family by joining expeditions against raiding Indians. During the wars with the French and Indians in 1744-1748 and 1754-1763 there were many times when the outermost settlements in Maryland were threatened and the men of the exposed districts were called upon to defend their people. It is probable that our ancestor had many experiences which would make him stand out a strong character in this chronicle, but at this late date his deeds and adventures are forgotten. More is the pity, because it is from him that all the Wilsons hereinafter mentioned may trace their descent.

Unfortunately papers and documents relating to family history were destroyed in the time of the third Thomas Wilson, so we know but little of the second generation of Wilsons in America. It is believed that the first Thomas raised a fairly large family, though we have definite knowledge of but three sons—Thomas, Joseph and Michael.

Of these, Michael was probably the youngest, for in 1837 he was living and was able to move from the old Homestead on the Monocacy to Centerville, Indiana. At this time he must have been quite an old man. His family consisted of four children—three boys and a girl. The girl married a Halfmaner, and lived at Woodsboro, Maryland. His sons Michael and Thomas moved with him to Indiana and William, the youngest settled in Illinois. Later the second Michael bought a stock farm in Kansas and gave it to his sons to manage.

Joseph settled in Rockingham County, Virginia, but we know little of him. He is not mentioned in some old letters concerning the family.

Of Thomas II we know quite a little. He was born at the Old Homestead April 5, 1740. His youth, and, in fact, his whole life, was full of adventure and he was noted throughout the colony for strength of body and fearlessness of spirit. In 1776 he married Elizabeth Hays, the daughter of a highly respectable family living near his home in Frederick County, Maryland. Some time after his marriage, he moved to Cresaptown, a few miles west of Cumberland, where he lived the remainder of his life.

He was the father of nine children:—Thomas III, Joseph, James, Jonathan, Mary, Michael, Elizabeth, Esther and William.

Thomas II was perhaps the most remarkable man of whom we shall write. His life was a series of adventures from all of which, if we are to believe tradition, he came out triumphant. His force of character marked him a leader among his fellow men, and his physical prowess made him respected by the rough men of that rough time. Until very late in life he was a tireless fighter, and much has been said of his encounters with the bullies.

Concerning his fighting there seems to be a general misunderstanding. He has been spoken of as a man glorying in his strength and eager to display it whenever there was an opportunity for a fistic encounter; but nothing could be farther from the truth. He was, in fact, very modest concerning his abilities and fought only when forced to do so or in defense of someone unable to take care of himself. It is related that he learned of his abilities by mere accident.

In his youth he had never had occasion to engage in anything more serious than friendly tussles with boys of his own age, and he was nearly grown when his first real battle occured. Two young men of about his age had some grudge against his brother Joseph, and determined to work it off according to the custom of the times. But when they met Joseph, Thomas was with him. With few preliminaries, they sailed in, and tradition tells us the mill was fast and furious. When the smoke had cleared away it was discovered that Thomas had easily disposed of his man, and, exercising the authority of the older brother, had taken Joseph's man from him and given him a sound thrashing.

This encounter gave him confidence in himself and made for him a sort of reputation of which the bullies were eager to deprive him. He was called upon quite frequently to defend himself, and he did this with such unvaried success that he soon became known along the frontier as a fighter of great ability. As he was a man of no great size, weighing about 160 pounds, it was remarkable that he should be so invariably successful.

His most famous battle took place at Boonsboro, Maryland. He and Joe were there on business one day when he was accosted by a big husky looking man as follows:

"Are you Tom Wilson?"

"Yes."

"Well, I'm Madcap, the bully of Virginia, and I came here to lick you."

"I don't see what you want to do that for. Why, I never even heard of you before."

Madcap turned to his friend and said: "I told you Wilson wouldn't fight. He's afraid of me."

Now Thomas was not accustomed to having it said of him that he was afraid, and he would not be imposed on in any way, so he handed his coat to Joe and told Madcap that if that was the way he felt about it he could probably be accommodated. An old slave standing there was given the watch to hold and the fight began. It was a battle of agility and skill against brawn and muscle and the contestants were quite evenly matched. At one time it would seem that one had the advantage, and at another it seemed favorable to the other.

The fight lasted an hour and a quarter and at the end of it Madcap was compelled to admit himself beaten.

It seems to us almost unbelievable that two men could endure a battle of this kind. It was not fighting as we know it—boxing with gloves on or wrestling on a mat—but it was rough-and-tumble, almost any method of inflicting punishment being allowed. But that the account given is true there can be no doubt, for it is vouched for by those who were told by eye-witnesses.

In the wars with the Indians, Thomas II took a very active part. During his early manhood, the savages were almost constantly hostile, being stirred up first by the French against the English colonists and later by the English against the Americans. As he spent the whole of his life on the very outskirts of civilization he was never out of danger of raids by the red men, and, as may be surmised, he learned to look upon the Indian as his natural foe. Nevertheless, he had some friends among them, with whom he used to hunt and fish. It was on one of these hunting excursions that he located the sight for his future home.

During the Revolutionary War he was not enrolled as a soldier, but he belonged to that stern and determined band of men who guarded the frontier and repelled the inroads of the Indians. We hear of him later as a captain, but at what age he received this office we do not know.

In the wars following the Revolution he took active part. He had command of a company in General Wayne's army and, we are told, distinguished himself by coolness and bravery. Three companies were sent out to reconnoitre, of which his was one. When they were a considerable distance from the main force they encountered the enemy in force and a skirmish ensued. The other captains, being men of little or no experience in Indian warfare, disposed of their men improperly, and a rout and consequent massacre were about to ensue when Captain Wilson deployed his men so as to cover the retreat. By steadiness and promptness in action he had saved his comrades a disaster, and now by cool determination and the exercise of good judgment he held off the savages till the other companies were re-formed and an orderly retreat could be made.

It is related that before this skirmish one of his brother captains boasted of his bravery and was in a great hurry to get at the enemy. During the action he lost his head at the critical moment and was responsible for the precarious position of the whole force. When they reached camp there were some high words among the officers on account of this captains lack of ability, and he was censured for his unworthy conduct. It was intimated that he had lost his head as he did through cowardice, at which, of course, he was greatly offended. In a rage, he declared that he would shoot anyone who would call him a coward. Whereupon, Thomas stepped forth and said deliberately:

"I say, sir, that you are a damned coward."

The man said nothing more, for he was disarmed by his accuser's calm earnestness.

After this campaign, Thomas II settled down to his old life of hunting and farming. He developed his land near Cumberland and became prosperous as a farmer, but it was in woods life that he was at his best. Even when late in life he would take long excursions into the new country in company with one or two hardy souls who, like himself, loved the freedom of the great wilderness.

On one of these expeditions he and a friend had wandered far into the Indian country. As it was in time of peace, they did not hesitate to go into a little Indian village which they came across, and to call upon the head man of the village. Their intentions were friendly, but they had forgotten that by the provisions of the treaty then in force no whites were allowed to go armed in the Indian country. The chief, of course, knew this, and saw in this visit of the white men a chance to secure two rifles for himself. They had sat in the lodge and talked a while in a very friendly way, when the chief asked the other white man to let him see his gun. It was given up readily enough and examined with great interest, but it was not returned. Thomas suspected from this that the savages intended something hostile and he shifted his piece so that the chief was covered by it. When the demand was made to see his rifle, he told them to give his friend's back to him. As this request was refused, he cocked his piece and aimed it at the one who held the other gun.

"Now," he said, "you give up that gun, or you'll get what's in this one."

The red-skin had nothing to do but give up the rifle, for the white man evidently meant what he said. Then the two white men hastily left the village before any further hostile demonstrations could be made. By the exercise of that wonderful woodcraft for which Thomas was noted, they evaded pursuit and arrived home safely. Had Thomas acted less quickly and with less determination, it is probable that he and his friend would have been killed before they could have left the vicinity.

Of his hunting experiences we have heard much in a general way, but few incidents have been related. He was quiet well known as a successful hunter, but was probably not as famous as his son Thomas.

In everything Thomas II was a most remarkable man. No danger daunted him; no fear knew him. His determination and bull-dog grit were evident in all his undertakings—he was not a man to fail. His restless spirit of adventure took him into all manner of perilous situations from which his coolness and good judgment extricated him. He won position among his fellow men by his sheer worth. Such men were required to conquer the wilderness.

THOMAS III.

The third Thomas Wilson was born in Frederick county, Maryland, April 24, 1777. He received an elementary education in the common schools, and later, by home study and perhaps under the instruction of some practicing surveyor, he acquired a knowledge of practical surveying. This, however, he followed more as a fad than as a profession. From early youth to extreme old age he spent much of his time in the woods and in his prime he was noted as one of the best hunters in the country.

Being a close observer of the actions of wild animals under different circumstances, he soon mastered their habits, and to this may be attributed his great success as a hunter. During his hunting days, the woods abounded not only in deer and bears, but also in panthers, catamounts, and wolves. Men of the present day who consider themselves devoid of fear would probably rest uneasily if they were to sleep out by themselves under a great hemlock or in a pine thicket far from any human habitation, with the wolves making the night hideous and now and then a panther or wild-cat screaming dire warning to every living thing in hearing. Yet, time after time, Thomas III went through this very experience and thought no more of it than we think of camping out with a party of friends where we know full well there are no dangerous animals. But this communion with danger was a part of his daily life, and we are told that familiarity breeds contempt.

Fortune was kind to him when he went wooing, for it gave him to wed Susan Bowman, a maid of beauty and character. That these two were well suited to each other is proved by the fact that they lived together peaceably through more than half a century. Susie, as he fondly called her, lived to the great age of ninety-seven years and at her death left three sons and nine daughters. One son, Jonathan, died when a young man. All the others lived to a venerable age, as we shall see.

The names of the family in order were Elizabeth, Thomas IV, Mary, Martha, James, Sallie, William, Hester, Jonathan, Rachel, Eliza, Hannah and Emily.

The adventures and incidents in the life of Thomas III are so numerous that it would require a volume in itself to relate them. Being a man of independent means, and, as before stated, possessing a practical knowledge of surveying, he spent much of his time in travelling over the wooded territory along the upper North Potomac, locating tracts of land that he might sometime wish to acquire. And a trip through that country at that time could scarcely be devoid of incident.

At home he was a miller and a farmer; abroad he was a surveyor and a hunter. His experiences as a hunter will probably be the most interesting, so we shall dwell upon them to the exclusion of his deeds in other professions, and let the old men tell the stories of his life nearer home.

Once Thomas III broke faith with a living being. He was hunting in the Glades by himself when he saw a large buck standing in a stream, drinking. Aiming very deliberately, he fired, and down went the buck. But when he went into the water to claim his prize, the deer sprang up and charged. Now the soft muddy ground on the side of the stream made the man's footing insecure, so he failed in his attempt to get a hold on the beast's horns by which he might be free to wield the knife with effect. The buck's horns were very large, and in some manner during the course of the tussle, the man got fast in the horns in such a way that he could not continue hostilities and neither could the buck. After some minutes of vain striving to extricate himself, he invited the enemy to parley and at the end of the negotiations it was declared that peace should exist between the two. Then, by their united efforts, they released themselves from each other and Thomas gained the bank where his rifle rested against a bush. As he picked up the rifle, a sharp twinge of pain made itself evident in the side where a prong of the horns had been particularly uncomfortable. Momentarily forgetting the treaty of peace which had been agreed to, he loaded the gun quickly, and shot the buck before he could make good his escape. Then his conscience pained him for having forgotten his promise and broken his faith, but the buck was now dead, so what was he going to do about it? Manifestly, the only thing to be done was to perform the customary funeral rites and transfer the body to camp where, with the aid of fire and salt, it could be properly prepared for burial.

On one of his hunting excursions, he camped for the night under a large tree. Late in the night he was awakened by falling timber around him and finally the tree under which he had lain fell. A terrible wind storm had come up and timber was falling all about him, nearly every tree in the dense forest around him being blown down before morning. Even at the present day the passage of that storm across Backbone Mountain may easily be traced by the absence of large timber.

But the tree that had fallen just by him was so large that by scraping out the leaves and brush from under its side he was able to make for himself a safe shelter. He crawled into this snug retreat and lay close till daylight when the storm quieted. When he got up he saw that the ground was covered with trees, their trunks in some places crossed three or four on top of each other and the tops piled into heaps at places twenty or thirty feet high.

As he stood on the log looking on the destruction that had been wrought around him, he saw a deer looking across a log not far from him. At first he thought of going his way and leaving the deer alone, for he felt a sort of sympathy for an animal that had shared the great danger with him; but, reflecting that it could scarcely make its way through the mass of tops and trunks about him, and thinking it better to kill the poor frightened thing outright than to have it starve in its enclosure, he raised his gun and fired. When the smoke cleared away there was still a deer's head looking over the log. Wondering somewhat how he could have missed, he loaded and fired again, this time taking most deliberate aim. But still the deer looked over the log, looking a trifle more frightened than before, perhaps, but evidently unhurt. Resolving "to kill that deer or break his neck," he fired twice more, and the last time the deer disappeared. Making his way through the tangled brush he came to the place where the deer had stood, and saw—not one deer lying dead there, but four! Dazed by the terrors of the night, they had moved up to nearly the same spot, one at a time, to see what this new danger might be; and the hunter had been too much excited to note the difference in them.

The task of getting his venison out of the fallen timber was a heroic one, but in some way he managed it. He reached home none the worse for his experience, and with no lessened opinion of his marksmanship.

Concerning these storms, it is rather curious that we seldom hear of them now, while in olden times they were by no means uncommon. In passing through the virgin forest, we sometimes see strips of territory on which the timber was blown down perhaps fifty or sixty years ago. These strips are a few hundred yards wide and sometimes more than a mile long. The woodsmen call them "windbrakes."

Thomas III was a great wolf hunter. With his brother Jonathan he would hunt them down whenever they became numerous in the vicinity. Wolf hunting was especially agreeable to them for several reasons—there was a strong element of danger, and this gave a spice to the sport; there was a large bounty—at one time twenty-five dollars given by the State for a wolf's scalp; and the only way to protect their live stock was to exterminate its destroyers. They considered the wolf their natural enemy, and there were no better wolf hunters in the country than these two brothers.

They were so thoroughly acquainted with the habits of the wolf that they could find the den every time they started out in earnest to look for and, having found it, they could tell whether or not the wolf was in. They could catch wolves in traps, which was by no means a slight accomplishment. They could track wolves without the aid of snow by the punctures their toenails would make in leaves. And they were unafraid of the beasts, not because they were ignorant of their ferocity of the danger that was attached to braving them in their dens, but because they knew the animals so thoroughly they were able to provide against every mischance.

To illustrate the pertinacity with which the old gentlemen would pursue their arch enemy, we have the following incident. Once when hunting by himself Thomas saw wolf signs and, of course, followed it till he came to the den. Obviously the wolves were safe hid, so there was nothing to do but await their issuing from the rocks, unless he should, like Isreal Putnam, follow his prey into the den. But as there was no one with him and it was near dark, he decided to leave them alone till they should come forth. He retired some distance from the den and put up for the night, resolving to give battle in the morning. He had nothing to eat, but he comforted himself with the knowledge that there were whelps in the den, and even if he failed to get the old ones, the young would certainly fall prey to him. But in the night the wolves moved away, carrying the young ones with them. In the morning, when the hunter saw what had occured, he struck the trail and followed as far as he could. But, encumbered as they were by the whelps, they had traveled too fast for him to overtake them; so, after following them over ten miles, he reluctantly gave up the pursuit. Had he been fresh at the start, he would probably have followed much further, but he had nothing to eat since the morning of the day before and was then at least twenty miles from home. This was one of the very few instances when wolves that had been once located were allowed to escape.

The men of olden times had little regard for pain, either to themselves or to others, when there was necessity for inflicting it upon them. On one occasion Thoms III was fishing along the North Potomac in company with John Bray. They had come to the place they intended to camp and were preparing to get supper—Thomas dressing the fish and Bray getting wood—when a rattle-snake bit Bray on the leg. He called to Thomas that he had been bit and killed the snake before it could get away. Thomas came up as quickly as possible, and examined the bitten place. Then, before the poison could circulate through the blood to any considerable extent, he opened his knife and cut out the piece of flesh into which the poisonous fluid had been injected. Hastily cutting strips of flesh from the dead body of the snake, he bound them to the raw wound and told Bray to lie down and be easy. By this simple and homely treatment, the man's life was probably saved. The wound healed nicely and without any evidence of the swelling or inflammation which usually result from the bite of a snake.

About 1830 Thomas III, his sons Thomas IV and James, and his brother Jonathan spent nearly a month hunting deer. As it was very cold that winter, the venison was piled in an outhouse when brought in, and left thus till it could be got ready to be sent to market. In all somewhat over a hundred deer were killed, the most of which were transported by sled and wagon to Washington and Baltimore. The meat sold readily and at a price beyond the highest hopes of the hunters, so they realized quite a neat sum on the undertaking.

But hunting deer for the market was not looked upon with favor. It seemed unsportsmanlike thus to slaughter game by wholesale, though people of that day thought little of preserving it for the future. They could not know what changes a few years would bring about, and perhaps would have ridiculed the thought that a time would come when game of all kinds, and particularly deer, would be practically extinct in their old hunting grounds—the Glades and the North Potomac country. In their day deer were so plentiful that the hunting of them was little more exciting than rabbit-hunting now is. It was only when wolves and panthers were the objects of their hunts that the old fellows considered that they were having sport.

But deer hunting was interesting, even if it was a part of every day life. As has been said, Tomas III knew the habits of deer so thoroughly that he could kill one almost any time he set out to do so. Illustrative of this knowledge we have the following story.

When quite an old man, he started out one day with a younger man—Joe Friend, it is said—to go to a certain place and, incidentally, to hunt along

the way. There was a light snow on the ground. On the way out in the morning, they saw where three deer had crossed the trail; but, as they had other business to attend to, they did not follow the tracks. In the evening they came back the same way, having seen no game during the day. When they came to the tracks they had seen in the morning, Thomas said to his companion:

"Joe, would you like to kill a couple of these deer?"

"Yes, but I don't want to follow them all over the country."

"Well, don't follow them at all. Just go to that pine thicket right across the ridge and strike that holler about half way down on the left hand side. The deer will be in the bottom and you can shoot nearly straight down on them so they can't tell which way the shot came from. You can kill two of them if you shoot straight."

Joe was a little afraid the old fellow was playing a trick on him, but he decided to run the risk and follow his instructions. He found the deer just as he had been told he would, and he killed two of them before they could decide which way to run.

This story may seem remarkable, but it is certainly true. The old hunter knew the country, knew what timber the deer would be likely to be in at that time in the day and under those weather conditions, and knew about what they would be doing. He had studied deer.

There are other incidents in his life known to the present generation, but enough have been given to acquaint the reader with his abilities as a hunter. It is a pity that he did not make a record of his hunting experiences, as did that other great hunter, Meshach Browning, for a book of the kind would certainly be interesting. But he never considered it worth while and we can do no more than regret the fact.

JOSEPH II.

Of Joseph Wilson (second son of Thomas II) we know very little. He was born February 15, 1779, and lived at home till he was married. He moved to Shinnstown, Harrison County, West Virginia, shortly after his marriage, but later he moved to Missouri. All accounts of him and his descendants have been lost to us.

JAMES I.

James Wilson (third son of Thomas II) was born March 6, 1781. He, like his brother Joseph, lived to maturity with his father and then went further west to seek his fortune. He married and settled near Somerset, Ohio, where his descendants now live.

Before he left the mountains, he became a hunter of no mean skill. On one occasion he saw a large bear feeding in a hazel-nut thicket, but could not get in a position to get a fair shot at the animal. After some maneuvring to get in a better position, he decided to trust to luck and to fire at the portion visible. The bullet struck the fore foot of the bear and inflicted a very painful wound. Enraged by the pain, the animal charged at the hunter, but he was not the man to run. Whipping out his hunting knife, he braced himself and awaited the onslaught. When Bruin reached him, he threw his unhurt paw at the man's breast, but found it solid. Thus supported, he made a lunge at the man's neck but, quick as a flash, James thrust his right arm into the animal's mouth and with his left drove the hunting knife to its heart. The bear fell dead immediately, but the hunter's hand and arm were severely bitten. A moment of indecision, and his assailant would have inflicted more severe if not fatal injuries.

Other incidents in his career are now forgotton, but we infer from the one just related that he was a man about whom much might be written. A man who could calmly thrust his hand into a bear's jaws could scarcely live to old age without experiences worthy of note.

JONATHAN I

We now come to Jonathan, the companion of Thomas III on many of his excursions and a hunter of almost equal fame. It is said that shortly before his birth, his father was fighting Indians and was in very grave peril when his brother-in-law, Jonathan Hays, came to the rescue, and probably saved his life. As evidence of his gratitude, Thomas II named his son after his comrade.

Jonathan was born April 5, 1784. He married Elizabeth Inskeep and settled at Altamont, Maryland. He was the father of two boys and five girls—Abraham, Sallie, Elizabeth, Jonathan, Hester, Susan and Rachel.

He was a farmer and stock raiser. He was not perhaps, as well known as his older brother Thomas, but he commanded the respect of all who knew him. He owned valuable property in the fertile Glades district and was quite successful as a dealer in cattle. During his early life there were no settlers near him and he was at liberty to use almost unbounded territory for his grazing land. When, later, the land around his was occupied, he devoted his time more to regular farm work.

His life was by no means uneventful. He spent much of his spare time hunting deer and wolves, though he hunted more to keep up the family larder and to protect his stock than for simply love of hunting. It is to be noted that we hear little of his hunting bears and panthers. This is probably because these animals were not common in the Glades but frequented the wooded and mountainous sections.

One incident in his life will probably seem remarkable in the present day. About 1835 there was a remarkably severe winter. Snow fell in December to the depth of four or five feet, and did not leave till March. During this time, Jonathan could not get to a store or mill for supplies of any kind and his family lived on venison, bacon and potatoes. We may well believe that the first loaf of bread baked, when flour was at last procured, was not allowed to become mouldy.

Jonathan caught in a trap one of the largest wolves ever seen in this part of the country. He saw that there were wolves in the vicinity and set out to find where they were feeding. After a day's search, he found a steer that had been killed and partially devoured. As it was by a stream, and in a place suitable for trapping, he went home and brought out his heavy wolf traps. By wading the stream a considerable distance, he reached the carcass without leaving a trail to scare the wolves; and, by carefully concealing the traps and putting them in the most desirable positions, he arranged it so that they could scarcely fail to catch anything that might attempt to feed on the remains of the steer. After a day or two, he went to examine the traps, and found one of them gone. But, strange to say, there was no trail where it had been dragged over the leaves. But there was abundant evidence that a wolf had been there not earlier than the night before; so he made a small circle around the steer's body and found the trail leaving it. With the assistance of his dogs, he followed this for some distance and found there that something had torn up the leaves along the trail. About a quarter of a mile from this place, he found the wolf, a huge, savage beast, with the trap fast to its leg and the grab of the trap fast in the top of a fallen tree. The wolf was nearly exhausted, but when the dogs came up it showed fight. Fearing that his dogs would be hurt, he called them off and shot the beast. In some way the wolf had managed to carry the trap free from the ground, so the trail would not be easily followed and to keep it from catching on obstructions and thus hindering his progress. It was a remarkable example of animal intelligence and skill.

When he was a boy, Jonathan once underwent a most terrifying experience. He was lying out in the Glades, where he had gone to feed cattle glade hay. He had built a small fire and was lying asleep in his blanket beside it when he was awakened by a disagreeable sense of the presence of some danger. He lay perfectly still, wondering what was the matter, when a panther came up to him and smelled his face. At first he was uncertain what to do, and did nothing; but human nature could not long remain inactive when so great a danger was hovering over it. So, clutching the edge of his blanket, he threw it up over the panther, at the same time giving a whoop calculated to scare the animal to death. It was a question which was scared the most. The panther gave vent to an unearthly shriek of terror and, freeing himself from the folds of the blanket, ran away as fast as he could run. The boy was quite badly frightened, but he built up the fire and tried to fall asleep again. But he imagined he could still feel the long hairs about the beast's mouth tickling his cheek, and this sensation was anything but comfortable. We may presume he looked upon the sun with no feelings of sorrow and regret when it arose the next morning to dispel the shadows of the night. It was, indeed, fortunate that the panther allowed itself to be thus easily scared away, for the boy would certainly have been its victim had it attacked him in good earnest.

He once had an experience with an enraged buck somewhat similar to the one already related of his brother Thomas. He shot the buck, disabling it somewhat, and the dogs caught it to hold it till he came up; but when he came near, the deer shook off the dogs and made a lunge at him. A prong of its horn ran through his thigh, inflicting a painful wound; but, after considerable exertion, he got the prong out of his leg. The buck made another lunge at him, but this time he was more wary. He caught the deer's horns and held its head to the ground while he cut its throat with his hunting knife. The wound he received was very painful for some time, but it developed into no permanent injury.

Old hunters used to tell as a joke on Jonathan and Jesse Ashby, his brother-in-law, a story something like the following: The two hunters started out with two great wolf dogs to hunt bear. They had not gone a great way when the dogs encountered Bruin and commenced hostilities. When the hunters came up the fight was so furious they could not shoot without danger to the dogs, so they stood off and witnessed the combat. But the dogs seemed to be making little headway against their antagonist. Jesse, in an effort to save the dogs, watched for a chance and shot at the bear's head. He missed. Jonathan then shot with no better success. Recognzing the inutility of wasting ammunition, they then drew their knives and started in to put an end to the disturbance. But Bruin was not to be so summarily disposed of. He fought viciously and was aided in his efforts by the numbers of his opponents. The men could not use their knives effectively, for they were interferred with by the dogs and by each other; and the dogs could not fight freely on account of the men. Finally, when one dog had been put out of commission, the other one hurt, and the men beaten off, Bruin made a hasty retreat. We may imagine the disgust of the hunters. They probably looked at each other with reproachful eyes and each probably declared it was all the fault of the other.

Fighting bears thus with only a hunting knife was by no means uncommon among the hardier spirits, but of course it was very dangerous and not indulged in except on wagers or when circumstances demanded it. But hunters would often be compelled to defend themselves from wounded animals when their guns were empty and the only resource was the knife.

Your representative hunter was averse to running from any wild beast; for, by preserving a bold front, he might intimidate the animal, while by running and showing fear he would only embolden it. Besides this, his pride prompted him to overcome any feeling of fear or timidity that might arise within him. Many stories are related of fierce encounters at close quarters between man and beast, some of which are mentioned herein.

Little more need be said concerning Jonathans skill as a hunter. It is said that one fall he and his brother Thomas arranged that each should hunt till he had killed forty deer, and the one who was the first to kill the prescribed number should be considered the better hunter. One evening they counted up their score and found that each had thirty-nine to his credit. Resolved to outdo his brother, Jonathan started out at day break the next morning and, fortunately, killed his fortieth deer before Thomas had left camp.

It would be useless to try to estimate the number of deer these brothers, Thomas and Jonathan, killed during their lives; for the killing of a deer was a matter of every day life and was considered no more worthy of remembrance than other incidents of minor importance. This one season they killed forty apiece in the contest, and who knows how many afterwards? They spent a part of their time every year for at least fifty years hunting game of various kinds. A guess at the total number of deer, bears panthers catamounts, wolves, etc., that fell victims to their prowess would be presumptuous in one of the present day, and it is doubtful if they, themselves, could have given figures by any means accurate.

Such incidents in their careers as are herein mentioned cannot give the reader a definite idea of the life of these men because they are so disjointed and, after all, not such as would interest us most. We would like to know the story of an ordinary hunt—how they started out, the character of the country, how the deer were killed, and where, the craft they employed in stalking the game,--in brief, the details which old men think unworthy of mention. All this could be supplied by a fertile imagination, facts being used as a foundation; but we fear the veneer of fiction could be too readily detected by those well acquainted with game and the chase. Besides, we purpose to admit nothing to these pages that is not vouched for by reputable authorities.

MOUNTAIN LAKE PARK.

Miss Rhoda Calhoun has been appointed notary public for Mt. Lake Park for a term of two years.

Rev. Dr. Mantle, of England, will preach in the tabernacle next Sabbath morning at 11 o'clock. Dr. Mantle is a great preacher, as well as a noted Bible expositor. His sermon last Sunday was heard with much interest and profit. He held the closest attention of the congregation from the beginning of his sermon to its close. Those who heard him last Sunday will be on hand next Sabbath. Dr. Mantle belongs to the Baptists, but his preaching suits all denominations.

The Bible study he and Prof. Shaw are conducting is greatly enjoyed by those in attendance. The morning hour is in Miss Harri's home. The 4 and 7:30 p. m. hours are in the Hall of Philosophy. These hours of Bible study are open to the public. They are pronounced wonderfully helpful.

Several car loads of cinders are being placed on the streets of the Park. This wet season illustrates most convincingly the value of "good roads." In wet weather, off from the state roads, it is mud-a-plenty, and in dry times it is dust almost beyond endurance. One hundred and more automobiles daily grind up the clay roads into dust rapidly.

The moving pictures given by Mr. Walker have been quite satisfactory and greatly enjoyed. The pictures of Saturday night drew a good sized audience.

The cancellation of the Odd Fellows reunion was quite a disappointment. Many of our people think with Gen. Sherman, "That war is —." An effort will be made to have the reunion at a later date.

The plan for Garrett County day, Saturday, September 2d, is progressing finely, and promises a day of unusual interest and pleasure. Word has been received from Congressman Lewis, Senator France, Senator Zihlman and his opponent for Congressional honors, Mr. H. Dorsey Etchison, that they will be present and make short addresses. The addresses will be given in the large auditorium. There will be music. It will be a live day, a regular old fashioned Garrett County picnic—an old timers day—a sort of Garrett county reunion. Garrett countains are invited to be present for a roval good time.

A LETTER FROM MRS. THOMPSON.

To my dear Mountain Lake friends:

It seems hardly possible that almost four decades have passed since Mr. Thompson and I, with our little family, first saw the outline of these mountains which grew to be so unspeakably dear to us. We came first in the summer of 1882. This cottage was then only partly completed and we have always loved to recall those days of "roughing it,"—our nearest approach to pioneering,—when we, like the old Gideonites, were literally "hewers of wood and drawers of water," for there were fences to build, wood-sheds to fill, stumps to be uprooted, stones to be gathered and taken away, and every drop of water to be carried from the old auditorium grounds, where we had, that first summer, a common well. And there may be a few here today who will recall some humorous battles with overfriendly snakes and an unesthetic animal who wished to dwell with us on too hospitable terms. There was plenty of hard work but there were also days in the woods, with well-filled baskets and happy talk and song, and there was the still more blessed Sabbaths when we met for prayer.

It was in those days of battle with the wilderness that my dear husband and his associates here had a vision and cried out, like Caleb, "Give us this hill country,"—not simply for conquest or speculation, but as a place where we can have a permanent "tent of Meeting," where, as of old "the whole congregation of Israel" may assemble to learn of the deep things of God. That vision was translated into reality and this spot became for many of us a veritable "mount of transfiguration."

I would today, in imagination, reassemble the old group; Mr. and Mrs. Davis, Dr. and Mrs. Masden, Mrs. Hank, Dr. and Mrs. Baldwin, "Brother" Close, Dr. and Mrs. Gilmour, the Updegraphs, Dr. Clarke, the Bullards, the Conners, the Richardsons, the Hughes family, the Baileys, Mr. and Mrs. Stephens, Mr. Pepper, and the one whom you lovingly nicknamed "Bishop." Some are here today, still engaged in large activities; some, like myself, have reached the spot of the Psalmist, where "our feet stand in an even place," some are gone from us in body but I venture to hazard that they are with us in spirit. "Therefore, seeing we are compassed about with so great a cloud of witnesses, let us lay aside every weight, and the sin which doth so easily beset us, and run with patience the race that is set before us, looking unto Jesus the author and finisher of our faith."

For those of you who are still "at the front" may I offer the prayer of Paul which my husband so often repeated on this spot, "For this cause I bow my knees unto the Father of our Lord Jesus Christ, that He would grant you, according to the riches of His glory, that you may be strengthened with power through His Spirit in the inner man; that Christ may dwell in your hearts through faith; to the end that ye, being rooted and grounded in love, may be strong."

It is with great regret that I cannot be with you to deliver this greeting in person. I am well and happy and active, and, although well on in my eighties, I still feel, as Julia Ward Howe said on her eightieth birthday, that "there is considerable ginger yet left in the old blue jar." Accept my love and God-speed!

Sincerely,
MRS. JOHN THOMPSON.
119 Willow Grove Pike, Glenside, Pennsylvania, July 1st 1916.

WILL YOU HELP?

During the Summer School of Missions to be held at the Park the week of August 21-28 a pageant entitled "Peace and War" is being planed, which we hope will include 200 men and women and at least 50 children.

All Oakland is asked to cooperate in this enterprize as it is to be the big feature of the week.

The pageantends to show the beauty of prayer, the sorrows of war and the friendly relations with all nations when Christian ideals shall prevail.

There will be few rehersals, as it is all practically pantomime, so there need be no fear of a great waste of time.

Miss Elinor Davis at the Stone cottage, at the Park will be very glad to hear from any one desiring to help. Word can also be left with Mr. Rudisill.

TAKE NOTICE.

The Woman's Civic Club will hold a tennis tournament July 29 on the court at the bowling alley. Cups will be awarded to winners two to be awarded to juniors sixteen years and under. Rules will be posted in bowling alley. It is hoped many will enter this year. A tennis tea will be held the day cups are awarded.

Rev. C. W. Baldwin, D. D., of Baltimore, is spending a few days in the Park with his family. The Doctor has had much to do with the history of the Park. For a quarter of a century or more he was the President of the Mountain Lake Park Association. He is among the very few men living today who helped make Mountain Lake Park —to change the wilderness into a "city beautiful."

Word has just been received that Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Rambeau are rejoicing over the arrival of a new boy at their home, at Martin's Ferry, Ohio. Adolph's Park friends will be glad to hear a word about their friend of other days.

Mrs. A. H. Wainer, with her two children, of Elkins, W. Va., who have been the guests of Mrs. Wainer's mother, Mrs. L. J. Cornwall, left for their home Tuesday.

Born, unto Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Cornwall, in Havre, Montana, July 2, a son. Mr. Cornwall with his wife and little daughter spent last winter in the Park with his mother

Mrs. Winona Jarboe returned to her home in Pittsburgh, Pa., Monday, after spending two weeks with her mother, Mrs. F. P. Arnold. Her son Jamie will spend the summer in the Park.

The Civic Club is planning to give a special feature film in the old auditorium on the night of the 29th. The day will be observed as Civic Club day.

Those who did not hear the Rev. Dr. Mantle, of England, preach last Sabbath morning and afternoon, missed a great treat. He is a very pleasing, interesting and impressive preacher. He has the happy faculty of holding the undivided attention of his hearers, who forget the time used by the speaker, as he beautifully presents facts and striking illustrations. Dr. Mantle will preach in the tabernacle next Sabbath morning at 11 o'clock.

The boarding houses are filling up with guests. A number of them are booked to their full capacity for August. Several cottages were opened the past week. The August program is chuck full of the good things—nothing better ever heard at the Park. There will be beautifully illustrated lectures. See the program.

NOTICE.

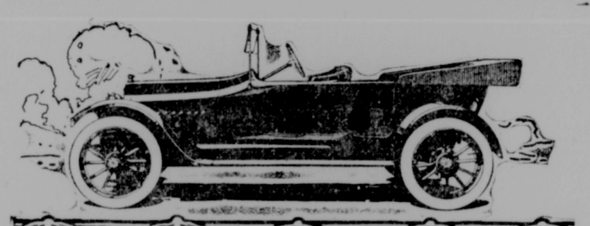
The annual sale of fancy and useful articles, home-made cakes and candy, will be held in the Hall of Philosophy, on Monday, July 24th, from 2 to 9 p. m. For the benefit of Foreign Missions of this Park. Admission free. Everybody cordially invited.

THE DEATH RECORD.

MARY FIKE MILLER.

Mary Miller, nee Fike, was born Aug. 13th, 1829, and fell asleep in Jesus July 4th, 1916, aged 86 years, 10 months and 21 days. She was born at New Germany, Md., moved to Fayette county, Pa. After marriage she resided in Pennsylvania, until 1867, when she with her husband and family moved to near Eglon, W. Va., where she resided to the time of her death. March 21st, 1847, she was joined in holy matrimony to Phineas Miller who proceeded her to the spirit world about nine years. To this union were born six sons and seven daughters as follows: John F., of Washington, deceased; Edwin W., of Fortner, deceased; Lucinda, of Akron, Ohio; Dr. Jacob P., of Washington, deceased; Mrs. J. A. King, of Eglon; Aaron C., of Eglon; Wm. H., of Beattie, Kan.; Mrs. I. O. Thompson, of Gormania, deceased; Phineas, Jr., deceased; Anna and Abba twins, deceased, and an infant daughter. Mrs. Miller had been a most consistent and faithful member of the Church of the Brethren for 66 years. While people knew her as Aunt Mary, those who knew her best knew her as a mother in Israel. She spent many days caring for the sick in her community. She was a great lover of and reader of the bible. She was buried in the Maple Spring cemetery. Funeral services by Rev. Jonas and Emra Fike.

EMRA T. FIKE.



BRISCOE

"The Best-Liked Car in the Country"

The Briscoe is the one car that combines in an equal degree all the essentials of motor-car satisfaction. No factor of motoring enjoyment has been slighted.

In the Briscoe De Luxe Four 38 this completeness is emphasized. Pride of possession is assured by the wonderfully distinctive Briscoe body-lines. Comfort by the full cantilever rear springs and by the roomy body—the wheelbase is 114 inches.

But in addition, every accessory that your satisfaction demands or your fancy desires is on the car. You don't have to spend a dollar for extras.

Read this list, and see if everything you want isn't included.

Electric starting and lighting system; two headlights with dimmer, for city driving; electric tail and license lamp; instrument-board lamp; special utility extension lamp and cord; storage battery; one-man top and dust cover, side curtains; ventilation windshield; electric motor horn; robe rail; foot rest; tire carrier in rear; extra demountable rim; speedometer; gasoline gauge; license plate brackets for front and rear; full set of tools; tire repair kit, jack, pump.

$785 f. o. b. Factory

We're at your service for a complete demonstration at any time.

INTER-STATE MOTOR CO.
Friendsville, Md.

Protection!

Should fire occur at any time you can give instant alarm by telephone; at time of sickness or accident you can get in immediate touch with the doctor; should danger of any kind threaten, you can summon help quickly.

Not only is it a protection against actual danger, but against fear and lonesomeness.

Is your family protected?

THE CHESAPEAKE AND POTOMAC TELEPHONE COMPANY
J. BROOKE BOYLE, Local Manager
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THE REPUBLICAN

BENJ. H. SINCELL, EDITOR.

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Oakland, Md.

THURSDAY, JULY 20, 1916

REPUBLICAN TICKET

For President:
CHARLES E. HUGHES
For Vice President:
CHARLES W. FAIRBANKS
For United States Senator:
JOSEPH IRWIN FRANCE
of Cecil County.
For Congressman:
FREDERICK N. ZIHLMAN
of Allegany County

WHAT this country needs is more machine guns and fewer machine politicians.

A QUESTION OF HUMANITY.

Just as the cheering news comes that a War Department official says there is not one chance in a thousand there will be any more trouble with Mexico, that the Pershing expedition will be north of the Rio Grande in a month or so and the National Guardsmen will be home in three months, that Villa is dead and only his name remains a bogy to complete peace, we are confronted with a new vexation from Carranzaland. It seems that the only ministers to the comfort of our troops in Mexico have been Chinese. They, thrifty and cunning souls, were the only people in the looted land who had not been stripped of their possessions. So it was Chinese who came to the camps of our boys when they slipped from their horses at the end of a hot day's ride and refreshed the soldiers with "doughnuts, pies, candy, tobacco, matches and fruit"—all for a price. Having given aid and comfort to the "gringoes" they dared not return to their homes, so stuck to the American camps. As Pershing came north the Chinese came with him. There are 300 under his protecting wing, as it were, saved from indignity or worse at the hands of Mexicans only by the Stars and Stripes. They are not safe in Mexico. And they cannot come to the United States. They are all right as pie peddlers across the line, but what shall be done with them when the Rio Grande is reached by Pershing? Manifestly they cannot enter the United States. Neither can we leave a guard in Juarez to protect them from the vengeance of the Mexicans.

Does the stress of 300 Chinese make a case where the interests of humanity rise paramount to those of the United States? If so, shall all the peace with Carranza that has been achieved be cast aside to save the yellow boys? Or are the Chinese in the family of mankind? Are they honestly under our protection or did they play a trick on us? Bret Harte said "for ways that are dark, the heathen Chinese is peculiar." Maybe the 300 have devised a cunning scheme to override our exclusion law. What will the President of Humanity do about it?

PAP FOR THE FARMERS.

President Wilson yesterday accompanied his signing of the rural credits bill with a stump speech which said in effect: "Here's your bit, Mr. Farmer; vote for me in November." For the rural credits bill is a political measure, pure and simple. No wonder Mr. Wilson was emotional as he signed it; he feels it gives him a claim on the farmers vote, and he wants votes now more than anything else. It is doubtful, though, if the farmers will be fooled by his misstatements, though some of them may be grateful for the discrimination in their favor.

When the President said that this bill "puts them on an equality with all others who have genuine assets," he said what is untrue, what he knows to be the reverse of the fact, and what the promoters of the bill know is not so. The bill is distinctly class legislation, intended to give one part of the citizenship an advantage not enjoyed by any other. It does, as the President said, "make the great credit of the country available to them," and no other legislation makes the credit of the nation available to any other class. It is not, as Mr. Wilson said, an "act of justice;" it is a piece of pap. The farmers are not in need of government help of this sort. They are entitled to every business privilege and advantage equally with all others of enterprise and industry, and that is all the farmers ever have wanted and all they are entitled to. In the end it likely will be found the new law will not operate as the charity which Mr. Wilson would have it appear to be. If it is not administered on sound business principles it will be a failure, and also it will be more harmful than helpful to the farmers. Here was a case in which Mr. Wilson would have done well to omit the ceremony with which he invested the signing of the rural credits bill.

NO VACATION FOR CHURCHES.

Vacation tourists returning from New York, who happened to spend one or more Sundays in the metropolis, report that the sign "Closed for the summer" is seen less frequently on church doors than was the case a few years ago. There was a time when the difficulty in finding a place of worship open, especially along Fifth avenue. By common agreement it appeared that those churches which should be in the very vanguard of the fight against Satan, those the strongest in financial resources, with the largest rolls of membership, the most distinguished and eloquent pastors, possessing the most accomplished singers and musicians and all that attracts the stranger, has temporarily abandoned their mission, hauled down the flag and given the enemy an inning. Today a very different situation is presented. The pastor may be absent on a needed vacation, but an able substitute has been provided. An opportunity is furnished visitors in the metropolis to hear some of the most noted preachers of the day. Special features in the way of music are furnished. The churches are taking space in the newspapers to advertise what they are doing to combat the traditional summer lethargy of the churchgoer. Instead of letting down in their activities many churches actually are speeding up. Some send special cards of invitation to guests of hotels in their vicinity. On no hand is any disposition manifested to surrender to the forces of evil for the time being. The idea seems to be to make a special effort in the summer season to realize 100 per cent. efficiency.

THE Garrett County Fair for 1916, an announcement of which will be found elsewhere in this paper today, promises to eclipse any former effort on the part of the Fair Association. Much encouragement is being received by the management and as the fair is purely for the purpose of encouraging agriculturalists and stockmen it should be liberally supported by them. Give the fair your support by beginning now to arrange for an exhibit, be it live stock or products of the field. The cost of making such an exhibit is so little and the return promises to be so great that it will result in an investment that will yield large returns.

TOO GOOD TO SUCCEED.

That was a tragic little story from Martinsburg, W. Va., about George Moxley, the barber. He was too good to succeed. After conducting a shop for 12 years he has filed a petition in bankruptcy but not because business was bad. He had plenty of customers, too many in fact, because they all sat around and waited for George to shave them instead of getting into his other vacant chairs. His shop netted him just about what he himself could take in, which wasn't enough. George was such a fine barber he got all the work. If he had purposely used a dull razor occasionally, if he had nicked a face or two just to keep the public from imposing on him, he might have been successful. Or if he had charged double the money for his services he might have forced his patrons to see the light.

Success in business often hinges on this question of service. It can be too good and it can be too bad. If your neighborhood grocer sends his motor truck flying with each 10-cent telephone order just the minute it comes in he is risking bankruptcy. In handling perishable goods out of season because a few of his customers demand them, he must figure into the price the value of the left over and spoiled articles or he is selling at a loss. Don't think your dealer is arbitrary because his delivery wagons are run on routes and schedules; he is merely trying to remain in business. Before protesting about high prices decide first whether the article desired is out of season. These cases are similar to George's. He was giving too much service for the money; he was too easy with his trade to be a success.

Kendall Grandchild.

A daughter, Elizabeth Dorethea, was born to Rev. and Mrs. Harry Baremore Angus, of Washington, D. C., July 9th. Weight 7 lbs. 11 oz. This is the first grandchild of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel A. Kendall. The grandparents are delighted.

Sent To Jail.

Ben Spencer, of District No. 6, was committed to jail by Justice N. C. Browning, of Sang Run, who found him guilty of assault and sentenced him to pay a fine of $25 and costs. Constable Sam Thomas brought Spencer to Oakland and turned him over to Sheriff Ashby.

STATE-AID ROAD TO BE COMPLETED TO MT. LAKE

Contract For Its Construction Was Made Monday by Commissioners.

One of the most important road contracts made by the Board of County Commissioners in recent years was that of Monday when papers were signed authorizing the extension of the road from Weber's into Mountain Lake Park, the route to follow the old road from the Weber corner to the top of the hill at Sunset Cottage in the Park, a distance of about two-thirds of a mile.

The contractors for this small stretch of road are Messrs. Echard, Landon & Co., who also built the Weber road from Oakland to Gortner. Work on the road was begun yesterday and it is thought that the entire contract will be completed by early fall.

GARRETT COUNTY FAIR FOR 1916.

Will Be Held in Oakland, Sept. 12, 13, 14 and 15, Four Big Days.

At a reorganization meeting of the Agricultural Fair Association of this county held in Oakland on last Friday Messrs. Geo. D. Browning, of Friendsville, and Wade H. Hinebaugh, of Oakland, were elected directors, vice R. E. Sliger and Mrs. L. F. Tower, resigned.

The new board organized by the election of J. A. Kelly, as president; Jno. Stevenson, as vice president, Jas. D. Hamill, secretary-treasurer, and Milton Sincell, assistant secretary.

The fourth annual fair will be held in Oakland on Sept. 12th, 13th, 14th and 15th and the management is making every preparation to excell the fairs of previous years in every department. An extensixe advertising campaign has been planned and the management is receiving the encouragement of business men and farmers from many sections of the country, even more liberally than in former years.

The premium list and catalogue to be published and circulated during the month of August will announce many new features and many special premiums for every line of exhibits and a great number of cash prizes will be offered in the agricultural, horticultral and live stock lines.

The program for all four days of the fair is now being arranged and will be announced in the catalogue and will be the best ever offered by this association, which is saying a good deal. The management has secured one of the best free attractions with two performances daily and will add others for the amusement and entertainment of its patrons. These will be announced later as contracts are signed. Splendid band and other music will enliven the fair grounds and building every hour of the day and there will not be a dull moment from the opening to closing each day.

Cheap round-trip excursions will be run over the B. & O. R. R. for the fair dates and the new state roads reaching Oakland from the north and south will afford motorists a splendid opportunity of seeing the best exhibit in the state as well as enjoying the picturesque scenery along the route.

It is the aim of the new management to make the fair of 1916 a record breaker and no trouble or means will be spared to make every patron welcome and give him double value for every cent expended in attending the fair.

Every farmer and tradesman in Garrett county and its neighboring counties of West Virginia and Pennsylvania is urged to make exhibits and contest for the many premiums and prizes to be offered, especially in the live stock and agricultural departments. Garrett county far exceeded in these lines in former years the larger fairs of this and adjoining states and they hope to eclipse all former efforts at the 1916 fair.

Write the secretary for premium list and full information and prepare to be an exhibitor at the coming fair and help boost Garrett county and its next door neighbors. Let everybody get together and "push" and the results of the fourth annual fair will be the best advertisement that can be produced.

REAL BARGAINS
IN
REAL ESTATE

One of the most desirable residences on Alder street in Oakland, now owned by M. A. Carney, and occupied as a residence by States Attorney Jones, is offered at a very attractive price.

A valuable 90 acre farm near Ottaway, Garrett Co., on the line of the proposed new state road to West Va., and a very desirable piece of real estate.

Improved farm of 138 acres near Swanton, Garrett Co., improved by nine room dwelling, barn and young orchard now bearing. A safe investment.

JAS. D. HAMILL,
Real Estate Agent.

OWNERS MAKE THEIR OWN TAX ESTIMATES

Plans Formulated For Entire Reassessment of State Property.

Outlining yesterday the plans formulated by the State Tax Commission for the conduct of the reassessment of all the real property in the state, provided for in the act passed by the last Legislature, Secretary Allan C. Girdwood made the rather surprising statement that an investigation has disclosed the fact that heretofore it has been the custom for owners to schedule their own property and practically to make their own assessments.

"In very few instances," said Mr. Girdwood, "were the assessments of the owners changed. They fixed the values of their own properties and the authorities accepted their ratings. Nor was very much attention paid to improvements upon land. Neither was there any effort to equalize valuations, even in cases of adjoining properties, where one piece, per acre, was practically as valuable as another."

The tax commission does not propose to have the new assessment made after any such manner. It has worked out an elaborate system that will represent the first effort ever made in this state to assess property on a systematic and scientific basis. It doesn't expect its work to be perfect, it has no idea that immediate equalization will result from its efforts, but it does expect to supervise an assessment that will come nearer to being fair to all property owners and to all localities of the state than any that has ever been made before.

There are no assessment plats to guide the commission. Heretofore property has been assessed against the individual and not in accordance with location. Nor, because of the cost of having them made, will it be possible to have assessment plats for the reassessment; but the commission will try to help the situation by dividing the state into squares, lettered and numbered, and these spuares, without reference to the county or district lines, will in so far as possible, embrace land of a similar character.

The commission has already secured a record of every piece of property in the state outside of Baltimore city. These records are set forth on 350,000 cards and these cards classify real estate as "Farms", "Small Farms and Tracts," and "Lots." The cards also show, if there is a difference, any difference between assessments for local and county purposes. It is quite common for property, in some localities, to be assessed much higher for local purposes than for county purposes.

The commission also has a complete record of sales, showing the acreage of and consideration paid for every piece of property that has been sold since the commission was created. This record comprized 30,000 cards. In many cases the cards show sales of property at prices twice as great as the assessed values. Conversely, there are some cases where the property sold for less than its assessed value.

All such information as this will be used to help guide the assessors when they begin their work. The assessors will be provided with cards upon which they will give the name of the owner of each piece of property in his district, the location, number of acres, character thereof, that is whether tillable, standing pastures, wooded, orchard, barren, marsh land frontage on public highways and streams, and the names of all adjoining owners.

BITTINGER.

The man who gets a worthless pet,
And sits right down and pets it,
And frets for what he cannot get
But never tries to get it,
Is like to be a useless jet,
Where is no flint to set it.
He meets life's chance with sullen glance,
And never knows he met it.

The continued dry period was somewhat relieved on last Sunday by a delightful rain.

Misses Lillian and Fannie Cutter, of near Lonaconing, spent last Sunday with friends and acquantances here.

Miss Flora Engle held a lawn party at her grandfather's home, on Saturday evening, which was largely attended by the young folks.

County Commissioner George Warnick, of Bloomington, spent a few hours in this distfic recently looking at some of the county roads.

Leanora Wiley visited her sister, Mrs. John Walburn, at Jennings last week.

Wm. A. Smith, of Hoyes, motored to this village a few days ago to examine into the injuries sustained by Mr. Upoles horse, which was caught in the wires of the Garrett County Telephone Co. lines as reported last week.

Oliver Beachy is the jolliest of jolly neighbors, since the arrival to his home of a young daughter, on July 12th.

Subscribe for The Republican.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF
The Second National Bank
OF CUMBERLAND
In the State of Maryland, at the close of business May 1st, 1916.

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans and Discounts	$2,214,714 30	Capital Stock	$200,000 00
United States Bonds	240,000 00	Surplus, Undivided Profits	375,839 39
Other Bonds, Securities Etc	378,715 00	Circulation	200,000 00
Banking House and other Real Estate	47,022 76	Deposits	2,757,419 03
Due From Federal Reserve Agents and other Banks	428,325 76		
Cash	214,480 60		
Redemption Fund	10,000 00		
	$3,533,258 42		$3,533,258 42

DIRECTORS:
D. ANNAN L. M. SHEPHERD ROBERT R. HENDERSON
JAMES CLARK W. BLADEN LOWNDES O. C. GEPHART
TASKER G. LOWNDES JOHN KEATING
JOHN SCHWARZENBACH
D. ANNAN, President
W. BLADEN LOWNDES, TASKER G. LOWNDES
Vice Presidents
D. F. KUYKENDALL, Cashier
THREE PER CENT INTEREST PAID ON SAVINGS DEPOSITS

HAVE A LOOK AT THE
Enger Twin Six
AND
OVERLAND
Cars and ask for a demonstration when in the market for a car
Oakland Garage
AGENT

SAXON "SIX"
big touring car for five people
ASK FOR DEMONSTRATION.
Call at Liller's Barber Shop or Kelly's Livery
LILLER & KELLY, Agents.
Oakland, Maryland.

The Lutheran Church
SECOND STREET, OAKLAND
Sunday School, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.
B. H. SINCELL, Supermtendent.
Men's Brotherhood Class, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.
O. A. BREMER, Teacher.
All the men not attending Sunday School elsewhere are cordially invited to join this class and to have a part in the study and discussion of the lesson.
Morning Worship, 10.45 o'Clock.
At both the morning and evening services of next Sunday Holy Communion will be administered. All members of the congregation are urged to be partake to this Blessed Sacrament.
Luther League, 7.00 o'Clock P. M.
Topic—"Chrfstian Science Heresy."
Leader—ELIZABETH TOWNSHEND.
Evening Worship, 8.00 o'Clock.
All friends of the church and those without a permanent church home are invited to worship with us.
O. A. BREMER, Pastor.
—The above was prepared by the pastor and the advertisement is authorized and paid for by one interested in church work.

The Republican---The Leading Paper

FOUNDED 1888

THE GARRETT NATIONAL BANK

FOUNDED 1888

OF OAKLAND, MARYLAND

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, - - $115,0000.0

THE highly developed facilities of this Bank resulting from 28 years of careful and conservative management together with prompt, efficient and courteous service, are offered as the basis for a satisfactory business connection.

OFFICERS

G. S. HAMILL, President. D. E. OFFUTT, Jr., Vice President.
G. A. FRALEY, Cashier. H. L. JONES, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS

GILMOR S. HAMILL, JOHN T. MITCHELL, DANIEL E. OFFUTT, Jr.
JOSEPH E. HARNED. GEORGE A. FRALEY, HARLAND L. JONES. CHAS. S. DAVIS

Interest paid on Time Deposits. Safety Deposit Boxes for Rent.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PROMPT SERVICE

We have just received two cars of Buggies and Carriages and are absolutely the nicest we have ever had. They are going fast and we suggest that you make your selection at an early date.

We also have just unloaded another car of Buckwheat Fertilizer at the right price.

Do not forget that we can furnish you with Twine, Mowers, Rakes, Tedders, Binders, Side Delivery Rakes, Corn Cultivators, Drain Tills, in fact anything for on your farm.

Our stock we have bought before the advance and are therefore able to give you the old price.

Make our store your supply house and keep in mind that:

"Naylor has it and sells it for less."

Yours to please,

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.

Oakland, Md.

BOTH PHONES EASY TERMS

C. N. McINTIRE

SUCCESSOR TO

J. M. DAVIS & SONS

OAKLAND, MD.

Some of the lines we handel, Alabastine, Binder Twine, Myers Hay Tools, Roofing, Water Cooler's, Refrigerator's, Bicycles, Paints, Washing Machines, Standard Sit Straight Sewing Machines, Best Gasoline Iron on the market for only $2.95.

Come in and see us.

C. N. McINTIRE,
Oakland, Maryland.

For Rent—A 4 room flat with bath. A. D. NAYLOR.
Adv. 20-3 times.

Mr. R. M. Holman, of Friendsville spent Monday in Oakland on business.

Former County Treasurer Christian A. Beachy, of Grantsville, was in the city last Friday on business.

Miss Meg Gasque, of Marion, South Carolina, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Sturgiss at their residence on Alder street.

Mrs. D. M. Dixon, of Oakland, is on a visit of two weeks' duration to friends and relatives at Fairmont and Morgantown, West Va.

Gass by the car load at Treacy's Garage. Retail price 25c. gal. In drums of 53 gallons you can still get it cheaper. Fire-Stone Tires, we beat them all. Ford repairs, the largest line in town.

Rev. Jas. B. Ely, D. D., and son George, of Philadelphia, Pa., are here as guests of Dr. and Mrs. J. C. Ely at their residence on Third street.

Mr. Carl Wenige and sister, Miss Margaret Wenige, of St. Louis, are here on an extended visit to Mrs. Nannie Burke at her home on Second street.

Mr. Julius C. Renninger left Oakland Monday morning for Springfield, Ill., where he went on professional business, and expects to be absent a week or ten days.

Money to Loan on real estate. Renninger & Offutt, Attorneys, Garrett National Bank building, Oakland, Md. Adv. tf

Mrs. May Maxie, nee Fulmer, formerly of Oakland, now a resident of Northern California, is making an extended visit to relatives in Garrett county and Uniontown, Pa.

OAKLAND CASH BUYERS CO., —Pay cash for spring Pigs, Calves, Lambs, Chickens, Turkeys, Eggs, etc. L. W. HOPKINS, W. L. CASTEEL, J. W. DAVIS. Adv. 10-tf

Capt. R. R. Sanner has gone to Cumberland to pay an extended visit to his son, Mr. Howard Sanner, and other relatives.

Mr. Richard Connell, of Jenkins, Ky., store manager at that place for the Consolidation Coal Company, is spending a vacation of two weeks with his mother, Mrs. Margaret Connell, in Oakland.

Naylor & Co. have bargains in Electric Flexible Stand Lamps.
Advertisement.

The rains of Saturday night, Sunday and Monday were extremely beneficial to farmers in this section of the country, as the hot weather of last week was beginning to injure newly mown meadows and the growing grain crops.

Mrs. Charles Morgan and daughter Miss Nellie Morgan, of Lexington, Ky., are here as guests of Mr. McHenry Howard's family. Mrs. Morgan resided in Oakland many years ago and is well remembered by the older residents of town.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Sweeney, of Baltimore, came to Oakland last Saturday afternoon, and after spending a day as the guests of Mrs. Sweeney's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John W. Hart, left for a tour of the middle west and the Great Lakes.

Mr. Howard P. Stuck, Baltimore and Ohio agent in Oakland, had the misfortune on Saturday to have the fingers of his left hand painfully mashed when a window at the station fell and caught his hand between the window sash and the sill.

Mrs. Wm. Dunlap, of Cumberland, is here on a visit to her sisters, Mrs. Martha West and Mrs. Harriett Bartlett. For several months past Mrs. Dunlap has been at Cumberland, having returned from San Francisco early in the present year.

Get your Hay Tools at Naylor's.
Advertisement.

Rev A. D. Appleton went to Baltimore Monday night for a visit of a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. N. R. Selby and children, of Selbysport, spent last Saturday in Oakland shopping.

Misses Statia and Margaret Carney, of Clarksburg, W. Va., are the guest of Miss Florence Carney.

Dr. Fleming Howell returned home Saturday from a brief visit to Philadelphia and Atlantic City.

Senator Harvey J. Speicher and Mr. Henry Speicher, of Accident, were in Oakland Tuesday on business.

Misses Cecelia and Helen Hart went to Washington, D. C., Monday to visit their sister, Mrs. Lizzie Shaffer.

Mr. John Ash, of Accident, was in the city yesterday on business when he called at this office and made the business manager smile.

Plumbing, Heating and Gas Fitting neatly done by reliable and experienced workmen. A. D. Naylor & Co.
Advertisement.

Miss Alma Scherr, of Morgantown, W. Va., who spent a few days in Oakland with her sister, Mrs. J. C. Renninger, returned home Tuesday.

Mr. J. M. Crane, of Kingwood, W. Va., who spent portions of last and this week in Oakland and Loch Lynn Heights, returned to his home Tuesday afternoon.

Mr. J. H. Bloom, of Bond, and Mr. R. T. Utt, of Piedmont, the latter representing the West Virginia Pulp and Paper Company, were in Oakland yesterday on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee R. Mason, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Leslie King and Mrs. Frank Murphy, of Fairmont, W. Va., motored to Cumberland on Wednesday to spend the day.

Mr. and Mrs. M. N. Wilson, of Elkins, W. Va., accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Dixon and daughter Miss Mildred, motored to Cumberland and Uniontown the latter part of last week in Mr. Wilson's car.

Mr. Leslie King, of Fairmont, W. Va., arrived in Oakland Sunday and will spend two weeks with relatives and friends. His family came to Oakland last week and are visiting Mrs. King's parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Bolden.

LOST—At some point between the Protestant Episcopal church and my residence, Tuesday evening, a black purse containing $150 in currency. Finder will be liberally rewarded by returning same to me. A. D. Appleton, Rector, St Matthew's P. E. Church. Advertisement

Mr. Robert Fries, former County Treasurer, was taken suddenly ill last Thursday evening and suffered intensely for several days thereafter. He was so much better, however, yesterday, that he resumed his duties as deputy County Treasurer at the court house.

Mr. John Felty, of Oakland, is greatly improving his dwelling located on Third street by rebuilding the porches and remodeling the house proper. The improvements when completed will add very much to the appearance as well as the size of the dwelling. Contractor D. E. Bolden is doing the work.

Postmaster Charles A. Deffinbaugh left Oakland Monday for Washington, D. C., where he will attend a convention of the postmasters of the first and second class. The convention went into session yesterday and will adjourn Friday afternoon. About twelve hundred men are in attendance.

Mr. Joshua Brenninger, recently of Gortner, this county, but for some months a student in one of the Lutheran Theological seminaries in the West, has joined a Minnesota regiment of militia and is now in service along the Mexican border.

A class of fifteen will be initiated into the mysteries of Pythianism by Garrett lodge No. 113, Knights of Pythias, at its regular meeting on Friday night of next week, at which members of the Grand Lodge are expected and for which elaborate arrangements are being made by the local Pythians.

Mr. Frank O. Glotfelty has purchased from R. M. Enlow the dwelling located on Third street, which was recently vacated by Mr. J. M. Falkenstein and family. Mr. Enlow recently came into possession of the property by trading his farm located near Sang Run to Mr. T. W. Casteel, former owner of the house and lot.

A. D. Naylor & Co. still have a few Hay Tedders.
Advertisement.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Feik, of Sabetha, Kansas, surprised their friends in Garrett county last Wednesday when they arrived from their western home to make a visit of two or three weeks to their daughters at Swanton and Accident. Mr. Feik was a resident of Accident district for many years, going west about five years ago where he has been engaged in agricultural pursuits.

Dr. and Mrs. F. N. Lynch, of Dayton, Ohio; Dr. and Mrs. W. B. King, of Clarksburg, W. Va., and Dr. and Mrs. W. D. Reed, of Grafton, are spending this week in Oakland visiting at the homes of Dr. and Mrs. J. H. Howard and Dr. and Mrs. A. Moore. The gentlemen of the party came to Oakland by train while the ladies motored through from Grafton in Dr. Reed's automobile.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Messrs. Arthur Naylor and Norman Reidler left on last Thursday night for a ten day's visit to Atlantic City and other eastern points of interest. On the way to the coast city they stopped off in Baltimore and visited the German submarine. They were accompanied to Baltimore by Mr. H. P. Stuck, Baltimore and Ohio agent in Oakland, who also visited the submarine, and who returned home Saturday morning.

Pages two and three of this paper today will prove interesting reading to the great majority of our patrons, containing as it does a history of the Wilson family, pioneers in this section of the county, as well as a reproduction of the photograph taken at the one hundredth anniversary of the birth of Abraham Inskeep Wilson, which was celebrated at his home near Altamont on the 11th inst., at which time the Wilson clan was present in large numbers as well as many of Uncle "Abe's" old time friends and admirers. The photograph from which the plate was reproduced was the work of Mr. C. W. Richardson, of Piedmont, West Va.

Fell and Broke Hip.

Mrs. Sarah J. Spiker, of near town, who is quite aged, fell at her home on Tuesday and broke her hip. The fracture was reduced by Dr. McComas.

D. E. BOLDEN

Furniture Dealer and Funeral Director

HAVING moved my furniture business to the Manhattan Hotel store room, I am prepared to serve the public to the best of my ability, having now in stock the finest line of Furniture ever brought to the city and which I offer as cheap as it can be bought in the wholesale markets.

All I ask is a chance to name you prices.

My stock is complete in every detail, and which consists of Furnitnre, Carpets, Mattings, Window Shades, Bedding of all kinds, large and small Rugs—in fact everything with which to furnish a house from cellar to attic.

I am also prepared to give estimates on Buildings and repair work—from a pig pen to a palace.

Call and see me; I will treat you fair and square.

Thanking the public for past favors and soliciting a continuance of the same, I remain,

Yours respectfully,

D. E. BOLDEN

Some banks solicit only large accounts.

This bank is equally the Bank of the laboring man, the mechanic, the business man, the house-wife the child or the man of leisure. All accounts, large or small, will be given the same treatment. We are a bank for the people and extend to you a Welcome.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OAKLAND - MARYLAND

Store For Sale

Owing to other business demanding my attention, I offer for sale my stock of Shoes, Clothing and Furnishings.

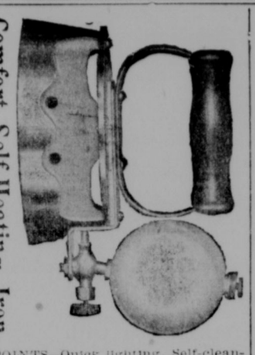
This is one of the best business propositions in Oakland, and will be sold at very much less than value if taken before September 1.

In the meantime I will sell clothing and many other articles at greatly reduced prices. It will pay you to investigate.

Yours truly,

E. A. WEIMER,

Oakland, Md.



Comfort Self-Heating Iron.

5 Hours at Cost of One Cent.

TWO POINTS—Quick lighting, Self-cleaning and perfect regulation of heat. Weighs six pounds. Guaranteed safe and satisfactory. Price, $1.75 each. Order today.

J. AMEEN, Kitzmiller, Md.

We Carry in Stock

TIRES
TUBES
SHOCK ABSORBERS
CHAINS
SPARK PLUGS
DRY CELLS
TIRETITE

And many other accessories at the
OAKLAND GARAGE,
Prest-O-Lite Exchange,
Oakland, Maryland.

J. W. Whorton & Son
CONTRACTING
PLASTERERS

Only the Best Material Used.

Best Grade of Wall Plaster on hand at all times.

CONCRETE WORK
of All Kinds.

All Work Guaranteed.

OAKLAND, - MARYLAND.

Notice to Creditors

This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

PETER NATHAN,

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 12th day of January, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under our hands this 12th day of July, 1916.

MICHAEL NATHAN,
GERTRUDE B. HONE,
Executors,
Grantsville, Md.

Order Nisi.

Julius C. Renninger, Assignee vs. Bertha V. Martin and Susanna Simmons.
No. 2066 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Ordered, this 29th day of June, in the year nineteen hundred and sixteen, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in equity, that the sale made and reported by Julius C. Renninger, Assignee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 4th day of August, 1916, provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Garrett county once a week for three successive weeks before the 28th day of July, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $1700.00.

E. Z. TOWER.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

LEON

Will make the season of 1916 as follows, beginning May 13th:

On Saturday of each week at the Mill Stable of Andrew W. Helbig in Oakland. Other days at my home.

After July 15, terms will be $10.

D. J. SWARTZENTRUBER.

For Sale.

I offer for sale the property known as the Swanton Mill, located at Swanton, Garrett county. The mill is fully equipped to do a general milling business, the machinery consisting of boiler and engine, 1 stand of 7 x 18 rolls with bolting outfit for same, scourers, shucker, etc.; 1 French Burr, cracked corn seive, also table meal bolts, emery rig. This property will be sold at a reasonable figure. Building 46 x 60 feet. If interested address.

W. H. OSS,
18-4t Swanton, Md.

For Sale.

I offer for sale one Bay Horse; gentle; drive single or double; good saddler; will travel any gait. I have purchased an automobile and have no use for above. Price $150.

ALBERT ASHBY, Sheriff,
Adv. Oakland, Md.

RAILROAD WAGES

Shall they be determined by *Industrial Warfare* or *Federal Inquiry?*

To the American Public:

Do you believe in arbitration or industrial warfare?

The train employes on all the railroads are voting whether they will give their leaders authority to tie up the commerce of the country to enforce their demands for a 100 million dollar wage increase.

The railroads are in the public service—your service. This army of employes is in the public service—your service.

You pay for rail transportation 3 billion dollars a year, and 44 cents out of every dollar from you goes to the employes.

On all the Eastern Railroads in 1915, seventy-five per cent of the train employes earned these wages (lowest, highest, and average of all) as shown by the payrolls—

	Passenger		Freight		Yard	
	Range	Average	Range	Average	Range	Average
Engineers	$1641 3224	$1931	$1585 2992	$1783	$1303 2178	$1543
Conductors	1553 3004	1831	1552 2901	1642	1145 1991	1315
Firemen	951 1704	1128	933 1762	1109	752 1633	935
Brakemen	957 1707	1141	862 1521	973	834 1635	1085

The average yearly wage payments to *all* Eastern train employes (including those who worked only part of the year) as shown by the 1915 payrolls were—

	Passenger	Freight	Yard
Engineers	$1796	$1546	$1384
Conductors	1724	1404	1238
Firemen	1033	903	844
Brakemen	1018	858	990

A 100 million dollar wage increase for men in freight and yard service (less than one-fifth of all employes) is equal to a 5 per cent advance in all freight rates.

The managers of the railroads, as trustees for the public, have no right to place this burden on the cost of transportation to you without a clear mandate from a public tribunal speaking for you.

The railroads have proposed the settlement of this controversy either under the existing national arbitration law, or by reference to the Interstate Commerce Commission. This offer has been refused by the employes' representatives.

Shall a nation-wide strike or an investigation under the Government determine this issue?

National Conference Committee of the Railways

ELISHA LEE, *Chairman.*
P. R. ALBRIGHT, *Gen'l Manager,* Atlantic Coast Line Railroad.
L. W. BALDWIN, *Gen'l Manager,* Central of Georgia Railway.
C. L. BARDO, *Gen'l Manager,* New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad.
E. H. COAPMAN, *Vice-President,* Southern Railway.
S. E. COTTER, *Gen'l Manager,* Wabash Railway.
P. E. CROWLEY, *Asst. Vice-President,* New York Central Railroad.
G. H. EMERSON, *Gen'l Manager,* Great Northern Railway.
C. H. EWING, *Gen'l Manager,* Philadelphia & Reading Railway.
E. W. GRICE, *Asst. to President,* Chesapeake & Ohio Railway.
A. S. GREIG, *Asst. to Receivers,* St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad.
C. W. KOUNS, *Gen'l Manager,* Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway.
H. W. McMASTER, *Gen'l Manager,* Wheeling and Lake Erie Railroad.
N. D. MAHER, *Vice-President,* Norfolk and Western Railway.
JAMES RUSSELL, *Gen'l Manager,* Denver & Rio Grande Railroad.
A. M. SCHOYER, *Resident Vice-Pres.,* Pennsylvania Lines West.
W. L. SEDDON, *Vice-President,* Seaboard Air Line Railway.
A. J. STONE, *Vice-President,* Erie Railroad.
G. S. WAID, *Vice-Pres. & Gen'l Manager,* Sunset Central Lines.

GRANTSVILLE.

Miss Beulah Bender entertained at "500" on Thursday night at the National hotel the affair being in honor of her aunt, Miss Grace Yutzy of Lynn Haven, Florida. The guests included Misses Ethel and Viola Broadwater, Ruth Keller, Maud Bevans, Hazel Younkin, Esther Bender, Angela and Wilda Getty, Hazel Engle and Winifred Bonig; Messrs. Forest Beachy, U. O. Blocher, John Livengood, Wm. and Charles Keller, O. T. Broadwater, Carroll Nathan, Clay Stanton, Emons Younkin, Nevin Broadwater and Charles Bender. Dainty refreshments were served at the close of the evening.

A picnic party was given to Miss Mildred Bonig, in honor of her seventh birthday, on Thursday afternoon. The little guests were Mable and Evelyn Younkin, Florence Fischer, Esther Zehner, Irma, Evelyn and Viola Swauger, Jane and Ella Bowen and Majorie Bonig, Masters Luther Miller, Clyde and Otto Bender, John Blocher, Harold and Ralph Younkin. Misses Esther and Edna Bender acted as chaperones to the crowd, it being Esther's fourteenth birthday, so a dual celebration was held. A picnic luncheon was in order, the afternoon being spent in the woods.

The Fourth was very quite here, as few family picnics were held, but the majority of the people attended the big Salisbury celebration, or the picnic in the Cove, where dinner was served at a nominal sum and crowds came from miles around to enjoy the day. A display of fireworks was held in the evening.

A family picnic was held on the farm of J. C. Swauger, the participanta in the festivities being the families of J. C. Swauger, Albert Swauger, W. H. Swauger, Edward Fischer, James Stevens, Christian Durst and Lewis Swauger. The families enjoyed the outing and the varied and toothsome picnic lunch provided.

Miss Bess Engle, who has been teaching physical culture at Battle Creek, Mich., is home for her vacation.

Miss Mary Callaghan from Chicago, Ill., is visiting her sister, Mrs. R. C. Bowen.

Mrs. Thomasine McDowell from Elk Lick spent a few days with Miss Margaret Brown.

Daniel Hershberger was a Cumberland visitor for a few days last week.

Mrs. Henrietta Smouse left here on Monday for Fredonia, Pa., where she will visit her sister, Mrs. A. F. Jordan, and also be present at the wedding of her daughter, Miss Edith, to Robert Redfoot, of Mercer County.

Misses Ruth Keller, Angela Getty and Blanche Miller returned from Oakland last week.

Mr. and Mrs. James Martin and family, who has been guests of Mr. and Mrs. Noah Warnick and Mr. and Mrs. G. J. Gnagey, returned to Washington, D. C., last week.

Mrs. Roberts and little daughters from Cumberland are guests at the Casselman hotel.

Misses Mildred Payne and Hilda Lichty, Guy Baer and Ware Deeter of Meyersdale motored through Grantsville and up to Addison on Sunday evening, where they had dinner at the famous Rush hotel. On their return Miss Hilda remained in Grantsville to spend a week with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Warnick of Cumberland, and Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Sigler of Piedmont spent Sunday as guests of Mr. and Mrs. Noah Warnick.

Harry and Cecil Warnick who spent a week with their parents returned to Pittsburgh, Saturday.

Messrs. Rosenberg and Weller from Meyersdale and their pretty dog "Ted" are spending a week at the Victoria.

Mrs. C. S. Zeller is spending her vacation with her parents at Grove City, Pa.

Mrs. W. E. Stanton is visiting her mother, Mrs. Vansickle of Somerfield, Pa.

Misses Anna Belle and Ina Spitznas from Frostburg are guests of Miss Lulu Warnick.

A merry motor party from Hoyes, with Earle Alexander as chauffeur, spent Saturday evening at the hospitable home of Noah Warnick.

Wm. G. Keller, who spent the past week with his parents, returned, Tuesday, to Wilmington, Del., where he holds an important position in the chemical department of the Dupont Powder Co.

Died, July 6th at the home of August Sneider several miles from Grantsville, Mrs. Louisa Thomas, aged 70 years. Interment on Saturday afternoon.

DRY RUN

At this writing we are having considerable rain.

While Mr. Stephen Wilt was on a visit to his son he was taken quite ill, but is now somewhat improved.

Rev. Paraish, of Cumberland, was here last week and preached some interesting sermons to large congregations.

The funeral of the infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Howard Wilt was largely attended, the interment being made in the Murphy cemetery.

Mr. and Mrs. Josephus Wilt and daughter, Dorcas, returned from Buckhannon, W. Va., last Thursday where they had been attending the funeral of their daughter, Mrs. Chester Reeder.

Some of the farmers of this community have begun their hay harvest.

Mrs. William Wilt, of Davis, W. Va., is visiting friends and relatives in this vicinity.

GORTNER

Obed Hamstead preaced a very helpful sermon Sunday morning. His text was taken from Phil. 4:8.

P. P. Gortner and family motored to Cumberland Tuesday. While there, they spent a short time with Mrs. Gortner's niece, who is in the hospital at that place.

Mrs. F. S. Irwin and grand daughter, Ruth, were entertained at an ice cream supper Tuesday evening, at Joel Slabaugh's.

Jacob Petersheim is on the sick list.

Rev. and Mrs. Hauser, who have been in Somerset, Pa., the past two weeks, are visiting Mrs. Hauser's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Sanders. Rev. Hauser has left for Altoona, Pa., where he will have the parsonage furnished ready for his bride.

Miss Gladys Martin, of Oakland, spent Saturday and Sunday with Miss Effie Wamsley.

Mrs. Tena Murphy and daughter, Marie, of Clarksburg, W. Va., and Mrs. Geo. Moore, of Baltimore, are visiting at P. P. Gortner's.

Samuel S. Slabaugh, of Accident, spent Friday night at Noah Slabaughs.

Mr. and Mrs. John Miller, of Niverton, Pa., Mr. and Mrs. Jonas Beachy, of St. Paul, Pa., and Miss Lucy Beachy, of Norfolk, Va., were the guests of D. J. Swartzentruber Sunday.

An auto party consisting of Roy and Ross Lichty, Dan and Jake Swartzentruber and Miss Elizabeth Lichty, motored to Grantsville Saturday evening returning home Sunday evening.

Grover Gortner, of Loch Lynn, spent Sunday with his uncle, P. P. Gortner.

Dan Switzer, of Mt. Lake Park, is working for Mrs. J. J. Schlossnagle during harvest.

Commissioners Meeting.

Office of the County Commissioners for Garrett county, Oakland, Md., July 20th, 1916.

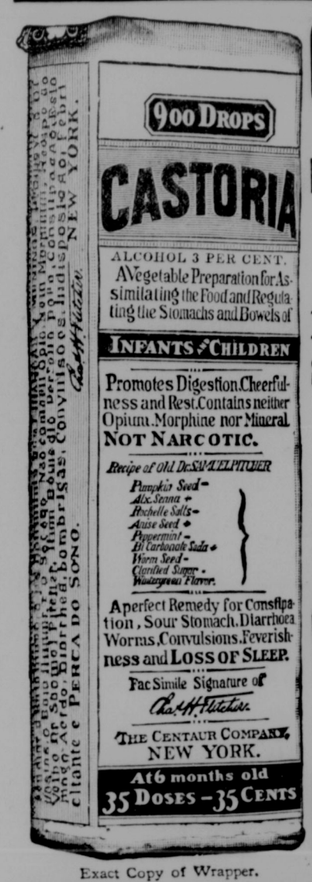
The Board of County Commissioners for Garrett County, Maryland, will meet in their office in the town of Oakland, on

Monday, August 7th, 1916,

to transact routine business.

By order of the Board.

W. G. MEYERS, Clerk.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

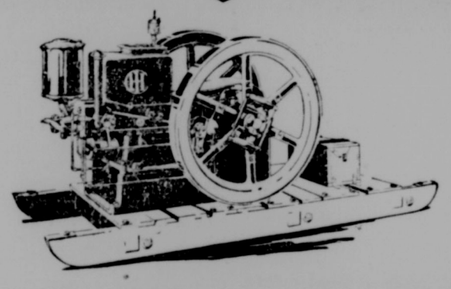
CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria
Always Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

THE CITY'S BEST
MEAT MARKET
IN THE EMPIRE BUILDING.

Choice Steak, Boiling Meat, and all other kinds of meat. Highest cash price paid for Poultry and Eggs; also cash paid for Hides and Skins.

H. L. MILLER



Are You Wasting The Price Of a Titan Engine?

TITAN engines run on kerosene.

Average cost of gasoline so far this year, 16.9 cents per gallon.

Average cost of kerosene 7.7 cents per gallon.

Gasoline costs over 100 per cent more than kerosene. Gasoline is going up steadily. Kerosene is not.

At present fuel prices **Titan** engines, using kerosene, save their owners about 1.1 cents per horse power per hour.

Are you running a gasoline engine? What horse power is it? Figure what you'd be saving if you had a **Titan** kerosene engine. Rather surprising, isn't it? How long would it take that saving to pay for a **Titan** engine of the same size?

International Harvester Company of America
(Incorporated)

Titan kerosene engines are sold by

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.,
OAKLAND, MD.

HAVE YOU HEARD THE
Aeolian Vocalion?

Come in and let us play your favorite selection on this wonderful new Phonograph

A full line of Columbia Records

Aeolian Vocalions sold on monthly payments.

STURGISS' PHARMACY

Representing Morrison Music Co., Cumberland.

No Words Ever Placed in The English Language Can Adequately Express The Importance Of This To You!

Read On and On--It's Worth Your While

Every Word as Good as Gold. Every Minute You Spend Reading This Means Dollars In CASH To YOU

FREE EXCURSIONS ON ALL RAILROADS

We pay your Car or Railroad Fare on any line that reaches Cumberland for a distance of 50 miles with a purchase of $20.00 or over. L. KLINE

JULY CLEARANCE SALE

MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT

Parcel Post or express Paid on all orders amounting to $3 or over. With order send check, Registered Letter or Money Order. Signed, L. KLINE.

COMPULSORY EXTERMINATION OF AN ENTIRE MERCANTILE ESTABLISHMENT In The CITY Of CUMBERLAND

Forced to make a clean, clear, absolute Sweep of the Entire Stock involved, must be turned into cash regardless of consequences. Complete annihilation of every article—every piece of Merchandise in the building. All to be put up before the public at any price it will bring without reserve.

Ten Days Sale of the Entire Store. OPENING DAY:

Wednesday, July 26, 8.30 a.m. Sharp

It's hard luck. Entire Stock doomed to be sold out as quickly as possible. We must clean up! We are going to sell the whole store. We are going to give the people of Maryland values of their lives. Everything will be put on sale for your unrestricted choice. This is positively and absolutely the greatest merchandise disaster that the people of this section of the land ever dreamed of. It is truly impossible to convey any idea of the ruthless sacrifice of the entire stock. One thing in short—we are compelled for business reasons to unload—wipo off the premises every semblance of the present stock. All must be converted into cash as quickly as possible. Come and bring your friends, neighbors and relatives. As long as you live you'll never have such a chance again to buy seasonabe Merchandise at such little prices.

PRICES ON THIS PAGE GUARANTEED GOOD FOR TEN DAYS ONLY

Just arrived 100 samples of Ladies New Plush Coats. Regular value 25.00 to 50.00. Will be placed on special sale to be sold for 18.95 to **$29.95**

All children's spring coats to be sold at HALF PRICE.

Children's Dresses, white and colors. On sale now at 49 cents to **$1.95**

Good strong Suit Cases with good combination locks, this sale **95c**

One lot of Children's good quality Hose. Black and colors on sale **7c**

Ladies Hair Switches, all shades. Value $3.00 to $6.00. On sale now $1.49 to **$2.98**

Good quality Boy's Union Suits. All sizes, only **23c**

Children's and Misses White Shoes and slippers, on sale now **$98c**

15c Ladies Gauze Vests on sale now **7c**

150 Pair of Ladies pink, blue and white dancing slippers. On sale now **95c**

Boys Shoes and Oxfords, value $1.75 to $4.00. On sale now $1.29 to **$2.49**

Good quality Boys Wash Suits, this sale only **47c**

Good quality Rompers, 75c value, this sale only **39c**

Good Quality Dressing Sacques. On sale now **29c**

Ladies White High Top Boots, $3.00 and $4.00 value. While they last only **$1.98**

One lot of Ladies Shoes and Oxfords, broken sizes, one and two pair of a kind. Value $2 to $3. On sale **98c**

$5.00 and $6.00 Ladies high top boots this sale only $2.95 and **$3.95**

$2.50 and $3.00 Ladies Shoes, Oxfords and Pumps. On sale only **$1.69**

$3.50 and $4.00 Ladies shoes, oxfords and pumps. on sale only 1.98 and **$2.49**

Misses and Children's good quality, shoes and oxfords, on sale now **98c**

Ladie's Hats. Entire stock of Ladies hats, sold up to $5.00. Your choice of any hat in the store **98c**

Ladie's and Misse's new felt hats, just arrived. All the latest colors and shapes. On sale now $1.49 to **$2.95**

All Children's Hats, your choice **49c**

Ladies Waists, good quality, this sale only **49c**

Ladies extra fine Waists, this sale **95c**

Men's extra fine dress suits. Made of finest worsted. Value up to $22 **$12.65**

Ladies good quality petticoats white and colors, on sale only **49c**

Ladies long Kimonas, good quality, this sale **79c**

Ladies and Misses silk sweaters, the newest shades and styels. Regular value 7.50 to 12.50, now 3.95 to **$7.95**

Lot No. 4. Over 400 Ladies and Misses Tailor Made suits. Value up to 15.00. Your choice of any suit in the lot **$4.98**

Ladies evening dresses. All the newest and latest styles and colors 25.00 values. This sale 6.95 to **$9.95**

Ladies and Misses Sport Coats, sold up to 8.00. This sale only **$3.95**

Ladies and Misses Sport Coats. Sold up to 12.50. This sale only **$6.95**

Ladies and Misses white Chinchilla Coats. Value from 7.50 to 15.00. At this sale only 3.95 to **$6.95**

$8.00 and 10.00 Ladies and Misses Silk Poplin dresses. All colors, this sale **$4.95**

Ladies and Misses Corduroy Sport Coats. Sold up to 7.00, this sale. **$2.49**

Lot No. 5. Over 200 Ladies and Misses Skirts, mostly dark colors. Values up to 5.00. On sale while they last **$1.39**

Lot No. 6. One lot of Ladies and Misses Spring Suits. All the newest styles. Values up to 25.00 to sell at once **$9.95**

Ladies New Style skirts $3.50 and $4.00. Values in this sale only **$1.98**

$4.00 Mens dress pants. On sale now **$2.95**

Ladies new style Skirts. All the latest stripes checks and plain whites. Sold up to $2.00 at this sale only **99c**

Ladies and Misses $5 and $6.00 new style skirts, at this sale only **$2.98**

Ladies and Misses New style Skirts. Value up to $8.00 at this sale only **$4.98**

Men's good quality palm beach suits. At this sale only **$4.95**

Lot. No. 1. Over 200 Ladies skirts. All colors and sizes, sold up to $2. While they last at this sale only **49c**

Ladies and Men's Raincoats. Values up to $5. At this sale **$1.95**

Lot No. 2. Over 300 Ladies and Misses dresses. White embroidered and colors. Slightly soiled. Regular value $3 to $6. Your choice any dress in the lot only **98c**

Lot No. 3. One lot of Ladies silk and serge dresses sold up to $10 Regular value, at this sale, while they last **$2.95**

MEN'S SHOES AND OXFORDS

$3.00 Shoes and Oxfords. At this sale only **$1.79**

$3.50 Shoes and Oxfords, at this sale only **$2.49**

$4.00 Shoes and Oxfords, at this sale **$2.95**

$5 and $6 Shoes and Oxfords at this sale **$3.49**

Ladies and Men's Auto Dusters. $3.00 value. At this sale only **$1.39**

$1.00 Men's B. V. D. Union Suits. At this sale **79c**

Men's good quality sport shirt. All the newest colors. At this sale **47c**

One lot of Men's Oxfords. Broken sizes. Value up to $4. This sale **$1.95**

Men's Porisknit Union Suits, good quality, all sizes up to 46. On sale **47c**

Men's dress pants, $2.50 value at this sale **$1.69**

Men's dress pants, $3.00 value, on sale **$1.98**

Men's extra good work pants $1.50 and $2.00 value on this sale only **98c**

Boys suits $3.50 and $4.00 value Size 6 to 17, this sale only **$1.95**

$4 Men's dress pants. On sale only **$2.95**

$5 Men's extra fine dress pants. On sale **$3.49**

Men's felt hats. Value up to 2.00. On sale only **95c**

$4 and $5 Boys Norfolk suits. All colors **$2.95**

$7 and $8 Boys fine worsted suits. Made in the latest styles at this sale **$4.95**

Men's shirts with attached soft colars on sale **37c**

Men's fine dress shirts, good quality. On sale **48c**

Men's single coats, heavy and light summer weight. $3 to $4 quality, on sale **$1.49**

Young Men's suits $7 and $8 quality on sale **$3.95**

$10.00 Men's business suits. On sale **$5.95**

12.50 Men's and Young Men's fine dress suits. On this sale **$7.95**

15.00 Men's up-to-date suits. On sale **$9.95**

Ladies $3 and $4 Waists, on sale **$1.95**

75c and $1.00 Men's Summer union suits good quality **47c**

39c quality Men's Summer underwear Shirts and Drawers, on sale only **19c**

39c Men's good work shirts. On this sale **19c**

15c Men's half hose, all colors, heavy and light weight. On sale only. **7c**

10c Men's good quality handkerchiefs. On this sale **3c**

69c Men's good quality shirts, on this sale only **47c**

We want you to bear in mind that Kline's Underselling Store is the only store in Cumberland and for miles around that helps you reduce the high cost of living. Anything and everything in wearing apparel for every member of the family. ALSO bear in mind that times are good. As there is plenty of money in this country. But MERCHANDISE is scarce. Our advice to all—Come Early and buy for present and future needs.

KLINE'S UNDERSELLING STORE

7-9-11-13 Baltimore Street, Cumberland, Md.

Originators of Low Prices in Cumberland. Popularly Known as the Cheapest Place in Town.

FEDERAL AID FOR RURAL ROADS

How the $85,000,000 Recently Appropriated Shall Be Spent.

The sum of $85,000,000 of Federal funds is made available for the construction of rural roads, by the passage of the Federal Aid Road Bill which became a law on July 11, 1916. Of this sum, $75,000,000 is to be expended for the construction of rural post roads under cooperative arrangements with the highway departments of the various states, and $10,000,000 is to be expended for roads and trails within or partly within the national forests. The act limits the Federal government's share in road work in cooperation with the states to 50 per cent of the estimated cost of construction. Federal aid may be extended to the construction of a new post road, excluding all streets or roads in towns having a population of 2,500 or more except the portions of such streets or roads on which the houses are, on an average, more than 200 feet apart.

Five million dollars is made available for expenditure during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1917, and thereafter the appropriation is increased at the rate of five millions a year until 1921, when the sum provided is twenty-five millions, making a total of seventy-five millions. In addition, an appropriation of one million dollars a year for ten years, a total of ten million dollars, is made available for the development of roads and trails wholly or partly within the national forests.

The class roads to be built and the method of construction are to be mutually agreed upon by the Secretary of Agriculture and the state highway departments.

The act provides that after making necessary deductions for administering its provisions,—not to exceed 3 per cent of the appropriation for any one fiscal year,—the Secretary of Agriculture shall apportion the remainder of each year's appropriation in the following manner:

One-third in the ratio which the area of each state bears to the total area of all the states.

One-third in the ratio which the population of each state bears to the total population of all the states.

One-third in the ratio which the mileage of rural delivery routes and star routes in each state bears to the total mileage of rural delivery routes and star routes in all the states.

Project statements setting the proposed construction of any rural post road or roads in a state are to be submitted by the state highway department to the Secretary of Agriculture, and upon approval by the Secretary all necessary surveys, plans, specifications and estimates must be furnished. The roads projected must be of a substantial character, and items covering engineering, inspection and unforeseen contingencies are not to exceed ten per cent of the total estimated cost of the work.

Upon completion of the work as approved by the secretary, the amount set aside for the project is to be paid to the proper state official. The Secretary of Agriculture is given authority in his discretion to make partial payments as the work progresses, but not in excess of the Federal government's pro rata share of the labor and material which have been actually put into construction work, not in excess of $10,000 per mile, exclusive of the cost of bridges of more than 20 feet clear span. All construction work is subject to the inspection and approval of the Secretary of Agriculture.

The various states securing aid under the provisions of the act are charged with the making of needed repairs and the preservation of a reasonably smooth surface, considering the tope of the road, but are not obligated to make extraordinary repairs or undertake reconstruction. If after due notice, a state fails to maintain a federally aided road properly, the secretary is required to refuse further aid until the road has been properly repaired at state expense.

The sum of $10,000,000 is made available in yearly appropriations of $1,000,000 for the cooperative construction and maintenance of roads and trails within or partly within the national forests by the United States, states, territories or counties in which the forests lie. Expenditures for this purpose are not to exceed ten per cent of the value of the timber and forage resources available for income upon the national forests where the roads or trails are constructed. Beginning with the next fiscal year after an agreement is made between the Secretary of Agriculture and a state territory, or county for the cooperative construction of such roads, ten per cent of all revenues from such forests are to be applied toward reimbursing the United States government for funds expended in road work until the whole amount advanced shall have been returned.

ATTENTION, FARMERS.

Domo Improved Cream Separators, $35.00 and $43.50.

C. N. MCINTIRE,
Adv. tf. Oakland, Md.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

Half Heartedness.

Beginning where I left off last week let me say there was a lack of whole heartedness in the King's service. He lacks obedience as well as patience, but there was a glaring lack of perseverance.

For this reason he had no desire for divine interference. What a contrast with this is the perseverance of Elisha in work to the end. Though stricken with mortal disease he does not give himself up to inactivity nor cease to take an interest in the affairs of life.

He might have received the visit as a compliment, but he utilizes it to the utmost. He rouses the King from despair, inspires him with hope and courage, puts new energy in him and promises him success and helps forward the result aimed at.

From him learn to persevere in good as long as we live. Life is the work time, rest follows.

It is the stick-to-ative principle that wins That pegaway sir, spirit that characterized Mr. Lincoln. A friend said to him one day, "Mr. President, do you really expect to end the war during your administration." "Can't say, can't say sir." "But Mr. L— what do you expect to do?" "Peg away sir, peg away, keep pegging away!" and pegging away did it. The principle of perseverance is the secret of every successful life.

Cyrus Field in giving his account of the Atlantic Cable says, "It has been a long hard struggle. Nearly thirteen years of anxious watching and ceaseless toil. Often my heart was ready to sink. Many time when wandering in the forests of New Foundland in the pelting rain, or on the deck of ships on dark stormy nights, alone, and far from home, I have almost accused myself of madness and folly, to sacrifice the peace of my family and all the hopes of life, for what might prove but a dream.

I have seen my companions one after another fall by my side, and I feared I too, might not live to see the end, and yet one hope led me on, and I have prayed that I might not taste death till this work was accomplished. The prayer is answered, and now beyond all acknowledgments to men is the feeling of gratitude to God."

Are we tempted to be discouraged, learn from the many examples in nature how to persevere. Robert Bruce was driven one night to take refuge in a barn. When he awoke in the morning he saw a spider climbing a beam of the roof. It fell back twelve times in succession, but the thirteenth time it gained the top of the beam. He rose and said, this spider has taught me perseverence. I will follow its example. Twelve times have I been beaten, the thirteenth, I may succeed. He rallied his forces, met and defeated Edward, and was crowned King. Are we disheartened in our work and tempted to give up?

In Western Africa it was fourteen years before a convert was received into the church. In East Africa it was ten years. In New Zealand it was sixteen years before one communicant was received. In Burmah Dr. Judson worked seven years before he had one, yet it is a remarkable fact in most of those missions when the faith of the church was greatly tried at first, the success has been most abundant afterward.

The half hearted man accomplishes little or nothing. He is always going to do a lot, but it ends in mere proposing and amounts to nothing. His is a life which lingers on the edge of something, but never amounts to anything. It is rediculous.

You build your house brick by brick.

"Steady plodding will accomplish anything.

By many strokes the work is done, which cannot be performed at one."

We recall the old saying, rather quaint it is but suggestive. "Steady toil and earnest prayer often prove a cure for care."

I believe it was Mr. Spurgeon who said in his quaint sayings, "who rises late, must trot all day, and hardly overtake his business by night." Its true enough whoever said it. He whose bed holds him too long in the morning will be made to feel its truth. Still, there are a lot of persons who sleep and snore and console themselves with a sentiment like this:

"Up in the morning's not for me;
In the morning I am surly;
No fate can worse in winter be,
Than to rise in the morning early."

"Hard pounding, gentlemen," said the Duke; but by steadily bearing this hard pounding Waterloo was won. If you hold on long enough the day will be yours.

Yours truly,
JOANNES.

CRELLIN

Mr. B. F. White and Mr. Chas. W. Ream were Irvin, W. Va., callers last Thursday.

Mr. James H. Ellinger spent Sunday in Albright, W. Va., with his family.

Mr. Chas. H. Edwards, the band sawyer at this place spent Friday and Saturday with his daughter Mrs. Cleve Ashby at Horton, W. Va.

Mr. H. K. Friend and family spent Saturday afternoon and Sunday in Friendsville.

Irot Ashby of this place accidently shot himself through the foot Monday of this week.

Miss Ella Kildow, bookkeeper for the Kendall Lumber Company is away on her vacation.

The W. O. W. & K. G. E. are making big preparations for their annual picnic to be held August 26th. They expect to have several able speakers and lots going on to entertain the people at this time. Look out for a big time for the Crellin boys know how to plan a picnic.

Mrs. Russel Durst was called home suddenly by illness of her mother.

Mr. S. A. Kendall and two sons, Samuel and John W. are spending some time in our town.

Mr. Frank White, the band filer, had a special invitation to the all day meeting at Underwood Sunday, August 6th.

Mr. Verl D. Wipp is bookkeeper for The Kendall Lumber Company during Miss Kildow's absence.

Mr. Jacob Sanders and family, of Keyser, W. Va., was visiting his son Marshall last week.

A WOOD HICK.

AUCTION SALE

OF TWO VALUABLE **5 Acre** TRACTS OF LAND

IN OAKLAND

Friday, August 11, 10 A. M.

Sale to take place in front of the First National Bank promptly at 10 A. M.

LOCATION OF THESE VALUABLE TRACTS:

The tracts adjoin the lands of Louis Bush and front the road leading from Oakland to Sang Run and are opposite the old Bradley Farm Home place now owned by J. W. Traver.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash or bankable note.

DIXIE REALTY COMPANY.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The First National Bank

AT OAKLAND,

In the State of Maryland, at the close of business, June 30th, 1916.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$264,796 37
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	50,000 00	
U. S. bonds pledged to secure U. S. deposits (par value)	1,000 00	
Premium on U. S. bonds	600 00	51,600 00
Stocks, other than Federal Reserve Bank stock		1,375 00
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve bank	$4,800.00	
Less amount unpaid	$2,400.00	2,400 00
Value of banking house (if unencumbered)		39,600 00
Furniture and fixtures		3,175 29
Real estate owned other banking house		2,500 00
Net amount due from Federal Reserve bank		8,700 00
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in New York, Chicago, and St. Louis	2,277 69	
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in other reserve cities	57,410 86	59,688 55
Net amount due from banks and bankers (other than above)		1,708 44
Other checks on banks in the same city or town as reporting bank		1,137 66
Fractional currency, nickels and cents		292 81
Notes of other national banks		1,200
Coin and certificates		11,652
Redemption fund with U.S.Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		2,500 00
Total		$452,415 42

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		50,000 00
Surplus fund		30,000 00
Undivided profits	2,132 90	
Less current expenses, interest and taxes paid	2,132 90	2,132 90
Circulating notes outstanding		50,000 00
Net amount due to banks and bankers (other than above)		4,005 11
Dividends unpaid		1,508 00
Demand deposits		
Individual deposits subject to check		147,921 50
Certificates of deposits due in less than 30 days		200 00
Cashier's checks outstanding		642 05
United States deposits		1,000 00
Total demand deposits	$149,763.55	
Time deposits (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice)—		
Certificates of deposit		1,000 00
Other time deposits		164,010 86
Total of time deposits	$165,010 86	
Total		$452,415 42

State of Maryland, County of Garrett.

I, R. E. SLIGER, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

R. E. SLIGER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 7th day of July, 1916.

WALTER W. DAWSON, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: FRED. A. THAYER,
E. H. SINCELL,
A. G. STURGISS,
Directors.

WANTED—One teamster and two men for general farm work, including operating horse cultivators. None but competent men need apply. The H. Weber & Sons Co. Advertisement.

Farm for Sale

Containing two hundred and seventy-six acres. About 175 acres cleared and in good cultivation and the balance in timber.

Located twelve miles west of Lonaconing in Garrett county in the Fairview settlement. With seven or eight never failing springs on it. One dwelling house containing seven rooms and a good cellar; bank barn 40 x 60 feet and all other necessary outbuildings.

Good apple orchard of about 200 bearing trees and all other kinds of fruits.

If not sold prior to January 1st, 1917, the property will be for rent.

For any other information call on or address the undersigned.

JONAS WEITZELL,
Lonaconing, Md.

Executor's Sale

Of Stock Of

General Merchandise

ON WEDNESDAY

July 26th, 1916,

at Bloomington, Garrett county, Maryland, beginning at 10 o'clock in the morning, as Executor of the estate of the late Charles C. Mooday, I shall proceed to sell at public auction, to the highest bidders, odds and ends of a general stock of merchandise including hardware, cotton goods, and other articles usually found in a general merchandise store. The articles will be sold as a whole, or in separate parcels, as found most advantageous.

TERMS—Cash at time of sale.

WILLIAM G. HENDERSON,
Executor.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Testamentary on the estate of

MINNIE SMITH

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 27th day of December 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 29th day of June 1916.

WALTER D. SMITH,
Executor,
Hazelton, W. Va.

For Sale.

I offer for sale the property known as the Swanton Mill, located at Swanton, Garrett county. The mill is fully equipped to do a general milling business, the machinery consisting of boiler and engine, I stand of 7 x 18 rolls with bolting outfit for same, scourers, shucker, etc.; 1 French Burr, cracked corn seive, also table meal bolts, emery rig. This property will be sold at a reasonable figure. Building 46 x 60 feet. If interested address.

W. H. OSS,
18-4t Swanton, Md.

For Sale.

I offer for sale one Bay Horse; gentle; drive single or double; good saddler; will travel any gait. I have purchased an automobile and have no use for above. Price $150.

ALBERT ASHBY, Sheriff,
Adv. Oakland, Md.

WILLIAM M. SOMERVILLE, Solicitor
Cumberland, Maryland.

Mortgagee's Sale

OF VALUABLE

Coal Lands

Together with Houses and Equipment of Operating Coal Company, the Property of Waitman Smokeless Coal Company at Steyer, Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage from the Waitman Smokeless Coal Company, a corporation, to the Coudersport Trust Company of Coudersport, Pa., dated the first day of May, 1914, and recorded among the mortgage records of Garrett County, Maryland, in liber No. 67, folio No. 332, etc., there being default in the covenants and conditions of said mortgage, the undersigned mortgagee will sell to the highest bidder at public auction in front of the Court House in Oakland, Garrett County, Maryland, on

WEDNESDAY,

The 2nd Day of August, 1916

at two o'clock P. M., all the following described property:

All coal and surface rights of the following parcels of land situated in District No. 8 of Garrett County, Maryland.

(1) Four small parcels of land comprising together nine acres, together with all the buildings and improvements thereon, including eleven tenement houses, more or less, and a large store building.

(2) All the coal in place including all those four tracts of land adjoining the above mentioned parcels of land containing 480 acres, more or less.

(3) All those parcels or tracts of land described in lease from the Bayard Coal & Coke Company to the Waitman Smokeless Coal Company, containing 493 acres more or less.

All of said tracts of land containg in the aggregate about 982 acres of coal, nearly all of which is include with the six feet and four feet veins of coal of quality and condition usually found in the Upper Potomac Region.

Reference is hereby made to the mortgage above mentioned and the several deeds therein mentioned for a more particular description of this property by metes and bounds. Also for reservations of several small parcels of coal which are reserved to original owners in said deeds, but which do not materially effect the value of said property.

(4) Also the following personal property: 65 one-ton 26 inch gauge mine cars, more or less, 23 tons of steel rails, more or less, one set Fairbanks Scales, one set Blacksmith's tools, one lot of mining tools, two boilers, with pumps, one engine, and all appliances and appurtenances thereto, all tram ways, hoists, mine props, and all other tools, buildings, structures, appliances and equipment for operating the said coal mines and mining plant, together with all the rights of ways of every kind and nature, including said tracts and switches, and all the houses, residences and buildings, tipple dumps, etc., now erected upon the said above described premises.

The mining plant has recently been repaired and put into good condition for the mining and shipment of coal, and is now an actual working proposition. Inspection of the property by prospective purchasers is invited.

Purchaser can be given immediate possession upon ratification of the sale by the Court.

TERMS:—A deposit of $2500.00 on the day of the sale, and the balance in cash upon ratification of the sale by the Court.

Coudersport Trust Company,
WM. M. SOMERVILLE,
Solicitor.

Mortgagee's Sale

OF A

House and Lot

in the Town of Friendsville, Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage from William Frederick, Jr., and wife, to the Trustees of Hiawatha Lodge No. 444, I. O. O. F., Addison, Pa., and assigned to the undersigned for the purpose of foreclosure, default having been made in the provisions of said mortgage, he will on

SATURDAY,

the 29th day of July, 1916,

at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M., of said day in front of the Court House in the town of Oakland, offer at public auction to the highest bidder, all of that house and premises, situated in the town of Friendsville, Garrett county, containing 4950 square feet, it being the same property as described in a deed from William Frederick and wife, to Frederick Haney by deed dated the 7th day of June, 1906, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 47, folio 289, etc., one of the Land Records of Garrett county, especial reference being made to said deed for a more particular description, and being designated as Lot No. 1 of Steele's Plat of the town of Friendsville.

Said lot is improved by a very good dwelling house and outbuildings.

TERMS OF SALE: One-third of the purchase price required on the day of sale, and the balance in nine and eighteen months of equal proportions, the deferred payments to be secured by the notes of the purchaser, with security satisfactory to the undersigned and to bear interest from the day of sale; or all of the purchase price may be paid down upon the ratification of the sale by the Court, when a deed will be made to the purchaser, and possession will be given of the property upon the ratification of the sale by the court.

For particulars apply to,

GILMOR S. HAMILL,
Assignee of said Mortgage for the purpose of foreclosure.

Notice to Trespassers

Notice is hereby given to all persons not to trespass upon the lands of the undersigned for any purpose whatever under the severest penalty of the law; and all cattle found within the bounds of the lands will be impounded.

JONAS KNOX, Agent.
for J. J. Nicola.
3 times. paid.

For Sale.

Crooks Crest, comprising about twenty acres, improved by handsome house. Apply to the owner or any real estate agent. Mrs. E. Fundenberg, Oakland, Md. Adv. 12-tf

The man Who Makes A STUDY OF HIS APPEARANCE

is the man who best appreciates the detail of the tailoring we turn out The workmanship passes without a question, the fit is naturally a matter of course, but the shape we mould into the garments give them a character that finishes them off and makes the satisfaction of the owner complete.

All this is a bid for your next tailoring order. We know we can mak you the best clothes you ever wore We want you to know it. That orde s the best and only sure way to settle he question.

JAMES BROCK,
Dixon Building,
Oakland, Maryland.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, either in person or by deputy, will be in each of the Election Districts in Garrett County, Maryland, to collect and receive taxes at the time and places following:

July 10. Mcttenry, Brenneman's Store, 10 a. m. to 12 m.
July 10. Sang Run, Postoffice, 3 p. m. to 9 p. m.
July 11. Hoyes, Smith's Store, 9 a. m. to 12 m.
July 11. Friendsville, Crawford Hotel, 3 to 9 p. m
July 12. Friendsville, Crawford Hotel, 8 to 11 a. m.
July 12. Selbysport, Postoffice, 1 to 4 p. m.
July 13. Cove, Brown's Store, 8 a. m. to 12 m.
July 13. Keyser's Ridge, Smearman's Store, 3 to 4 p. m.
July 14. Grantsville, National Hotel 8 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 15. Accident, Gies's Hotel, 8 a. m. to 2 p. m.
July 17. North Glade, Theo. Beckman's 10 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 18. Bittinger, Jonas Bittinger's, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 19. Bittinger, Jonas Bittinger's, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 20. Jennings, Jenning's Hotel, 9 a. m. to 12 m.
July 20. New Germany, Postoffice, 2 p. m. to 4 p. m.
July 21. Scott Layman's, 8 a. m. to 12 m.
July 21. Thomas J. Johnson's, 2 p. m. to 4 p. m.
July 21. Finzell, Werner's Store, 6 p. m. to 8 p. m.
July 22. Finzell, Werner's Store, 9 a. m. to 12 m.
July 24. Avilton, O. S. Fike's, 9 a. m. to 12 m.
July 24. Stricklands, 4 p. m. to 8 p. m.
July 25. Merrill, Postoffice, 9, a. m. to 12 m.
July 26. Swanton, Swanton Hotel, 9 a. m. to 3p. m.
July 27. Bloomington, Cleary Hotel, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 28, Bloomington, Cleary Hotel, 6 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 29. Deer Park, Squire Hoye's, 9. a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 31. Kitzmiller, Bank Building, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
August 1. Kitzmiller, Bank Building 9 a m. to 3. p. m.
August 2. Gorman, Duling's Mill, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
August 3. Red House 9 a. m. to 2 p. m.
August 4, Crellin, Company's Store 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
August 5. Ottaway, Connell's Store 10 a. m to 4 p. m.

By an Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed at the January Session, 1888, being Chapter 56, Section 43, it is provided that all county taxes shall be due and payable on the first day of September next succeeding the date of levy thereof; and all taxes paid on or before the first day of September a discount of three per cent. shall be allowed; and after the first day of January all taxes shall bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum until paid. The Treasurer shall take the discount from and charge interest on the bills for county purposes regularly in the manner aforesaid and shall note the same upon his books, and upon the receipt for taxes so paid, but the discount allowed on the county taxes by this section shall not be made to any person or corporate institution unless the whole amount of state and county taxes due by such person or corporate institution for the current year be paid when the same is made.

J. W. KIMMEL,
Treasurer of Garrett County, Maryland.

SHERIFF'S SALE

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate

Near Selbysport, Garrett County

Under and by virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of the Circuit Court for Garrett county at the suit of W. T. Fike, vs. L. G. Savage, being No. 16 Judicials, June Term, 1916, on the docket of said Court, I, Albert Ashby, Sheriff, did levy upon and take into execution all of the title and interest of the following parcel of land, situated in Selbysport District, Garrett county, as follows:

1. All that piece of land as described in a deed from Lemuel Savage and wife to U. G. Savage, dated the 24th day of March, 1892, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 19. folio 376, containing 67 acres more or less.

2 All that other piece of land, conveyed by Jonas Frazee and wife to U. G. Savage, which is recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 19, folio 415, containing fifty acres. Said deed is dated the 6th day of April, 1892.

3. All those two pieces of land, conveyed by L. D. Hoff and wife to U. G. Savage, dated November 28th, 1901, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 40, folio 199, etc., containing 19 acres.

4. All that other piece of land conveyed by Franklin Humberson and wife to U. G. Savage dated the 4th day of June, 1902, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 42, folio 69, etc., containing three acres and 143 perches.

5. All that certain parcel of land conveyed by Mary Stewart et al., to U. G. Savage, by deed dated November 22nd, 1904, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 47, folio, 543, etc., containing 100 acres. The above being duly recorded among the Land Records of Garrett county, especial reference being made to said record and said deeds for a more particular description of said several parcels of land. Said several parcels constitute one body of land and one farm.

And I hereby give notice that on

SATURDAY,

the 5th day of August, 191[illegible]

in front of the Court house in the town of Oakland at the hour of two o'clock P. M. of said day, I will sell the aforsaid parcels of land at public auction to the highest bidder to satisfy the aforesaid execution and costs; but said lands will be sold subject to a mortgage given by U. G. Savage and wife, to Franklin T. Fike, dated the 7th day of May, 1910, for the sum of $1100.00, with some accured interest thereon, which is recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 60, folio 216, etc. of the Mortgage Records of Garrett county.

TERMS OF SALE.—Cash on the day of sale. For further particulars apply to Albert Ashby, Sheriff of Garrett County.

ALBERT ASHBY,
Sheriff of Garrett County.

FOR SALE—A lot of good second hand brick, $7.50 per thousand while they last. A. D. NAYLOR. Adv. 20-3t

THE REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME 41. OAKLAND, MARYLAND THURSDAY, JULY 27, 1916. NUMBER 22

FOURTH REGIMENT M.N.G. EXTREMELY APPRECIATIVE

Of the Reception and Treatment Tendered Them As They Passed Through Oakland.

When the Maryland National Guard passed through Oakland early during the present month on the way from Camp Harrington at Laurel, Md., to Eagle Pass, Texas, the Oakland people turned out enmasse and gave the Maryland boys a cheering word and their best wishes for a safe journey to the border coupled with the expression that all may return to their homes in good health.

That the good wishes of the people of Oakland were appreciated by the soldiers is evidenced by the following letter received on Monday by Mayor Giessman, which we publish in full as follows:

To the Mayor and Citizens of Oakland, Md., from the men of Co. C, 4th Md. Infantry.

It has been the wish of this company as a whole to express their extreme thanks and gratitude to the Mayor and citizens of Oakland, Maryland, for the manner in which they received this company and extended their hospitality when passing through en route to the Mexican border at Eagle Pass, Texas.

The men of "C" Company are unanimous in their decision that their reception and stay in Oakland, while short, was without a doubt the happiest period of their extremely trying trip and a refreshing memory which shall never be forgotten. Only the many details of making a permanent camp and the many military formalities has caused the delay in this letter to this date.

It would perhaps be of interest to cite a few details relative to Camp Ord. There are about 15,000 troops stationed in Camp Ord at the present time—the First, Fourth and Fifth Regiments from Maryland; two regiments each from Vermont and Kansas, two regiments of Regulars, four troops of cavalry, one battery of field artillery, seven machine gun companies, and, of course, a field hospital attached to each regiment, battery or troop.

The camp is situated on the prairie, which slopes for a distance of about 400 yards down to the banks of the Rio Grande, the river forming the natural boundary line between this country and Mexico at this point. The river is spanned by an international bridge, permitting the passage of traffic between Eagle Pass and Piedras Negres, the Mexican city just across the river, the river itself being about two hundred yards wide at this point. Just outside the city of Piedras Negres is a large garrison of Mexican Federals, more for the protection of Mexican property in that vicinity against the many bands of bandits of Villas than any hostility against the United States Government of its troops.

The press as a whole throughout the United States has greatly exaggerated the many incidents of the guardsmen's "skirmishes," "sighting of Mexican patrols," etc., too numerous to mention, to the extent that it has caused a great deal of worry and uneasiness to the friends and families of the men, and it is the desire of this company to correct, as far as possible, the falsity of many of the reports. It may be mentioned here that General Funston is at this time taking steps to have all newspaper correspondents barred from the camp who persist in circulating false rumors and happenings through their respective sheets.

"C" Company has the honor to extend their best wishes for the prosperity of the Mayor and each and every citizen of the city of Oakland, Maryland.

CHAS. W. SMITH, 1st Sergt.
E. J. SMITH,
NEILL HUGHES, Corporal and Co. Clerk.

Camp Ord, Eagle Pass, Tex., July 20.

OAKLAND CASH BUYERS CO., —Pay cash for spring Pigs, Calves, Lambs, Chickens, Turkeys, Eggs, etc. L. W. HOPKINS, W. L. CASTEEL, J. W. DAVIS. Adv. 10-tf

WELL KNOWN OAKLAND MAN DEAD FROM CRASH

Charles Liller Fatally Injured In Head-On On National Road.

As a result of the automobile accident on the National Pike at 7 o'clock Thursday night, Charles Liller, of Oakland, is dead, and five others were injured. The accident occured at the sharp curve at the foot of Red Hill between Frostburg and Cumberland, when a large touring car coming down crashed into the car driven by Charles Liller, going towards Frostburg. The larger car was owned by J. J. Armstrong, a broker, and member of the firm of Scully, Painter and Beach, of Pittsburgh. The car was driven by L. A. Ferguson, chauffeur. In it were Mrs. Armstrong, who was severely cut about the body: Mrs. Elmer Sloan, of Pittsburgh, sister of Mrs. Armstrong, who suffered a broken nose, both eyes badly bruised and severe lacerations about the hands and face. She was taken to the Western Maryland Hospital by W. J. Morley. Chester Armstrong, son of the injured woman, also suffered a badly lacerated leg with minor cuts and bruises. All are patients at the Western Maryland Hospital. The chauffeur was unhurt.

In the Liller car with Mr. Liller was Bert C. Scott, of Hutton, former sheriff of Garrett county.

Mr. Liller was taken to the Miner's Hospital, at Frostburg, by John G. Shearer, where attention was given by Drs. J. Marshall Price and W. O. McLain. He lived about an hour after reaching the hospital. His wife and two small children survive.

Mr. Liller was a barber of Oakland, and was well known in this city. He also conducted an automobile agency. He served in the council of Oakland.

There seems to be a dispute as to who was to blame for the terrible accident. According to Mr. Ferguson, the chauffeur, the Liller car wrs on the inside of the curve. Seeing that the car was on the wrong side of the road he says he quickly applied the emergency and had almost brought the big car to a stop when the crash came.

The Armstrong party left Pittsburgh at 8 o'clock Thursday morning and were enroute to Atlantic City. On account of the Lincoln Highway being closed to traffic between Greensburg and Bedford, they made the trip by way of Brownsville and Uniontown. When the car carrying the Armstrong party was descending the steep grade at Red Hill they noticed the other car coming in sight around the sharp curve at the foot of the hill. But, according to one who was on the scene shortly after the accident, the Pittsburgh car was on the wrong side of the road and must have been coming at a rate of about 30 miles an hour, paying no heed at all to the most dangerous curve on the National Pike in this section. When assistance reached the wrecked parties Liller had been pulled from the position into which he had been thrown and was leaning against the side of the car. When asked how the accident happened, the dying man replied: "When I came to the curve I saw the car coming at a high rate of speed within three feet of the street car track. I saw there was no chance to escape it unless I crossed to the left. I did, and the Pittsburgh car also crossed diagonally."

The Pittsburgh car jammed into the the front end of the Liller car, throwing the passengers of both cars from their seats. Mr. Liller was rammed against the steering wheel with great force causing his death from internal injuries. The Pittsburgh car was the least damaged. It suffered a punctured radiator, bent front axle, twisted springs and bursted tire on the right front wheel. The Liller car was almost completely demolished. The radiator was lifted from its base and completely jammed together, the engine was torn from the frame, the front axle was twisted, the tires torn from the front wheels and the body lifted from the chassis. This was due to the fact that the car with the Pittsburgh party, was much heavier and larger than the car driven by Mr. Liller.

According to persots on the scene right after the accident, the Pittsburgh driver was traveling at a high rate of speed around a most dangerous sharp curve and moreover was on the wrong side of the road. This is shown from the diagonal position in which the car stood after the crash, showing that he had crossed from near the street car track.

At the hospital today it was stated that the injured parties are recovering from the shock and doing nicely.

The body of Mr. Liller was removed to a Frostburg undertaking establishment where it was prepared for burial. It was brought to Mr. Liller's late home in Oakland early Friday morning.

The curve on the pike where the accident occurred is the same one at which Mr. Milton Dicken and his sister-in-law, Mrs. F. R. Kifer, were killed last fall.

The funeral of the deceased occurred Sunday afternoon at four o'clock from St. Paul's M. E. church, the services being conducted by the Rev. J. H. Howard, assisted by Rev. J. C. Ely, of the Presbyterian church. The Knights of Pythias and the Red Men lodges turned out in a body, while the Keyser City band, of which the deceased was an honorary member, led the funeral cortege from the home to the cemetery where several selections were beautifully rendered.

Card of Thanks.

I take this method of thanking all for the words and expressions of kindness extended me during my late great bereavement.

MRS. IDA LILLER.

Oakland, July 25, 1916.

Wreck On State Road.

Saturday night two automobiles, one coming south from Pennsylvania and the other traveling north from Elkins, West Virginia, met on the State road near Thayerville in a head on collision, with the result that the West Virginia car was turned over, the occupants, three men two ladies and two children were slightly bruised and the car somewhat damaged. The Pennsylvania car was brought into Oakland Sunday and repairs were made at the Lawton garage.

ABRAHAM WILSON GARRETT COUNTY CENTENARIAN

Died At His Home Near Altamont Last Thursday Night.

Mr. Abraham Inskeep Wilson, who celebrated his one hundredth anniversary on July 11th, at which more than four hundred persons gathered to do him honor, died on Thursday night, July 20th, at eleven o'clock, thus passing the century mark by ten days.

Mr. Wilson was born at what is now Kitzmiller, and was the son of Jonathan and Elizabeth Inskeep Wilson. The former died Nov. 27, 1855, at the age of 71 years, while his mother passed away Oct. 30, 1880, aged 96 years, 2 months and 10 days. Both are buried on the Wilson farm near Altamont where the funeral and interment of the son occurred Sunday morning at 11 o'clock, the services being conducted by Rev. Frank McCamic, pastor of the Deer Park M. E. church, and which was largely attended by relatives and friends of the deceased.

Mr. Wilson enjoyed robust health until within the past year, his condition being such as to permit him to make a visit to Oakland and other points where he transacted business with rare acumen. Last winter he suffered a slight stroke of paralysis, which affected his entire right ride and rendered him partially helpless. However, he retained a clear and discerning mind in directing his business affairs. After he was stricken, as above stated, he kept to his room for some weeks and early in the spring was able to be placed upon an invalid's chair and in this was wheeled about the home.

Thursday night he ate heartily of his supper and retired at his usual hour, stating that he felt exceptionally well and strong. At nine o'clock that evening he complained to his neice, Mrs. Feely, that he was suffering with a pain in the region of his heart, who at once used what remedies she had at hand to relieve him, but he failed to rally and passed peacefully away within the hour. Thus a long, useful and eventful life closed.

At the age of two years Mr. Wilson's parents removed from Kitzmiller to what is now Kingwood, West Va., where they resided for about six years, and then returned to Maryland, settling on the farm where he continued to reside until his death, a period of ninety-two years.

During his litetime Mr. Wilson was engaged in the stock business and farming, making quite a success of both these undertakings. He was never married, but is survived by a large number of nieces and nephews. For many years he was cared for by his niece, Mrs. Stella Feely, daughter of his brother Jonathan. He is also survived by one sister, Mrs. Rachel Davis, of Piedmont, West Va.

Why The Devil is a Methodist.

This is the title of a great lecture by a great preacher, Dr. King, to be given in the tabernacle next Wednesday, 8 p. m. It will be one of the most enjoyable lectures given at Mountain Lake Park. It will be an evening full of wit and humor. The lecture is highly spoken of by those who have heard it. Dr. King is one of the big preachers of West Virginia. He is a Methodist, therefore ought to know what he is talking about. Do not miss hearing this lecture.

Suffered a Sunstroke.

Mr. Theodore Beckman, of near Altamont, is lying very ill at his home as the result of a sunstroke which he received one day last week while engaged making hay on his farm. Mr. Beckman was operating a horse rake when he was overcome and pitching backwards from the vehicle he struck upon his head, and seriously injured himself, especially the muscles of his neck. Being conveyed to his home he was attended by a physician. On Saturday pneumonia developed and he is now extremely ill, his death being momentarily expected.

Subscribe for The Republican.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

D. M. Dixon & Co. can still offer their customers a big bargain in

FLOUR

Wheat has advanced in the market 22 cents per bushel during the last month, but we are still offering three brands high grade spring wheat flour at

85 Cents a Sack

Also have big stock

Binder Twine

To offer at a very moderate price.

Will have in stock plenty of

Wheat Fertilizer

To sell on easy terms.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

C. H. BROWNING

Deer Park's Best Store

Big Clearance Sale On

Dry Goods & Underwear

"Must make room for fall stock."

Best 8c Calico, This Sale	6¼c
Best 10c Figured Lawn, This Sale	7½c
Best 25c Cotton Dress Goods, This Sale	17½c
Best 25c & 30c White Dress Goods, This Sale	17½c
Men's & Ladie's 25c Underwear, This Sale	19c

Don't forget that all of the above merchandile has advanced from 10 to 15 per cent. since they were bought last spring.

P. S. A lot of remnants at a Bargain. Get right trade at Brownings.

Offutt's

Just received a car of

Alpha Portland Cement

If you need a Grain Cradle see us.
We sell nothing but the genuine

Greencastle Grain Cradle

Binder Twine

At the Right Price.

Wool We are paying the highest market price—Cash or trade

OFFUTTS'

Mr. Abraham Wilson's Birthday Party, July 11th.

The above is a reproduction of the photograph made at the one hundredth anniversary of the birth of Mr. Abraham I. Wilson, which was celebrated at his late home at Wilson, Garrett county, on July 11th, 1916. In the group are many of the relatives of the centenaria . The photograph was taken in the yard fronting his residence where he resided for so many years. It is said that he lived on this farm for about ninety-two years, the original house, a log structure, being still intact and standing in the rear of the dwelling shown in the plate. The above is also the last photograph of Mr. Wilson.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

A Few Words More On Half Heartedness.

Back of all this, which shows itself in lack of zeal, obedience, patience and perseverance, and as the prime cause of it is lack of Faith. The king's want of faith in the virtue of the symbolism, which with the arrogance of a proud and worldly minded man he may have regarded as childish. But none of the Lord's ways with his creatures are childish, though he may have to simplify them so that they can be comprehended by children.

We are only grown up children, though we usually forget the faith of childhood.

Lack of faith is the great hindrance in all Christian work. We censure Joash. Yet Christians show the want of true faite, though they have the unbreakable promises of God. We have the encouragement which Elisha gave so freely of the Lord's deliverance. The power which delivered Israel out of the hand of Pharach, which turned back the waves of the sea; which filled the dry valley with water and thus gave victory to His people; which smote the Syrians with blindness and delivered his own out of the hand of their enemies. That power is pledged to deliver us. What determination, what resolute energetic purpose this should awaken in our minds! The Lord is on the side of His people, therefore victory is sure. With this assurance we may redouble our efforts against the enemies of the Lord. But alas! like Joash, when we have an opportunity of showing our faith by our efforts, we show how little faith we have in the promises of God. If we believe God's word is true, that His promises are final, it is only reasonable that we should act on them. To every unsaved soul, the Lord says, believe on the Lord Jesus Christ and thou shalt be saved. He promises salvation, but it's ours to accept it whole heartedly. There is a condition coupled with this promise. It is faith on our part. Just taking Christ as our Saviour and serving Him as out king.

Joash like, we would like to get to heaven without treading the narrow path. The broad road is easier, there are more in it, but it doesn't lead to heaven. We would like to have salvation but we do not want it in God's way. But it's that way or nothing. Arise, smite your unbelief, smite your temper to the earth. Subdue your passions. Strive to enter in at the narrow door, then the warning voice you heard, the good impression you perceived will be to you the arrow of the Lord's deliverance. Would you have the blessing, fulfill the condition. Many who call themselves servants expect the reward of the faithful. Yet they are doing nothing for the Master. They are not working in his vineyard yet they want the wages of the best workman.

Our Master has taken his journey
To a country that's far away
And has left us the care of his vineyard
To work for Him day by day.

He says I am with you, but the promise depends on the work, and the work depends on the promise.

We can't expect the divine blessing if we are not doing His work if we do not meditate on His words.

We would naturally expect faith on the part of Gods' people, in view of the proofs of Divine power. In the life of Elisha, Joash had abundant proofs of that power, yet he evidenced lack of faith. In the history of the church we have proofs of that power, yet where is the faith at all proportioned to the strength of the evidence on which it rests.

No better testimony to the power of the gospel exists, than the history of Modern Missions. The Christian religion is recognized by Madagascar as the religion of state. Idols have been burned. It has lightened up the Dark Continent.

The beautiful results of want of faith are seen in life, patience and Christian work. Many who went part of the way with the Master turned back and walked no more with Him and why? Deficient in faith. What is it that leads to low expectations and feeble efforts? Lack of faith. Faith in the divine presence and power is the greatest stimulus to activity. It rouses us to put forth all our energies. It makes us patient under difficulties, causes us to persevere even when we see no results. Many a good work has been abandoned for lack of faith. "He that goeth forth and weepeth bearing precious seed, shall doubtless come again with rejoicing, bringing his sheaves with him." Work done for the Lord never dies. Why should we stay our hand in the matter of our own Spiritual life. Persevere against besetting sins. Use the arrow of divine deliverance. If you can't do much God can, therefore pray.

If the Master lay his hand on the erring one he shall be healed. Be not weary in well doing, but persevere.

If you have strength and means leave no work unfinished. Possibly you haven't been shooting enough arrows. Making enough effort in your work. In spite of the fact that God has sent us messages of mercy by significant emblems; by express promises; by declaration and example of Saints who have gone over the river and by the wisdom of living Saints we are half hearted in his service. The reason we have profited so little by these things is found in the fact that our desires are faint, our expectations are limited and our exertions are languid. Do not trifle with impressions that are made on your mind.

An old saw puts it thus.

"Half doing is many a mans undoing". The fellow that never really finishes anything is regarded as only half baked himself, hence no man cares to live. "Half heart is no heart." "To be half inclined is to be disinclined; to be half persuaded is to be unpersuaded; to be halt hearted in a matter is to have no heart at all for it."

Yours ever,
JOANNES.

BITTINGER.

Farmers were hindered somewhat in their hay harvest last week by the rains which fell almost daily.

Mrs. Clark Brenneman and children spent the week end visiting Mrs. Brenneman's mother, Mrs. David W. Miller, near Deer Park.

Mrs. Boucher, of near Rockwood, Pa., who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. C. E. Ellithorp, in this village, returned to her home last Sunday.

Arthur Lininger, of Jennings, motored to this village last Sunday.

County Treasurer J. W. Kimmell, of Oakland, spent two days in this district last week collecting taxes and making himself generally agreeable.

Some members of the Lutheran congregation at this place erected a number of much needed hitching posts near the church a few days ago.

A. J. Oester and family visited relatives near Oakland last Sunday.

Mr. Will Welch and family spent part of Sunday at Earl Hauger's at Underwood.

Simon Swartzentruber was among the Sunday visitors at Jacob Beachy's, near Aurora, W. Va.

NORTH GLADE

Our aged friend and neighbor, Theodore Beckman, had a sun stroke about two weeks ago as he was raking hay and fell off the rake on his head nearly breaking his neck, pneumonia set in and he has been critically ill ever since. Hundreds of his friends far and near have visited him or anxiously inquired about him, showing that he, too, is greatly respected by all who know him.

We are also very sorry to note the severe illness of Buckner Mason. We hope to see him around again in the near future. He, too, has a large circle of friends.

Quite a number of our citizens attended the century anniversary of Abraham Wilson, and also his funeral on Sunday.

On Saturday we had quite a storm which did some damage to crops. The lightning killed a fine cow for Wm. Fitzwater.

James O'Brien lost a valuable cow recently by a snag penetrating the udder.

Wm. Brenneman has some sickness in his family.

Reassessment will still add to the gloom of our citizens outside Baltimore.

Latin-American Arbitration

BY FREDERICK J. HASKIN

A crisis was recently averted in Mexico after the armies of two nations had already met in one struggle and war feeling was running high on both sides of the border.

Among fair observers of all opinions, it is generally agreed that the threatened crisis would have been a disaster to both countries; for it would not have forwarded any purpose or plan, but would simply have been bad feeling to bloodshed. It would have beed a permanent blot upon the record of Pan-American relations.

It is generally known that during the emergency, repeated offers of mediation came from various Latin-American governments; and that the best newspapers in South America expressed the hope that peace could be preserved for the sake of the Pan-American spirit. It is not so generally known that the corps of Latin-American diplomats in Washington were an active force in preserving peace. A close observer who has an intimate knowledge of what transpired in Washington following the Carrazal incident states that Ignacio Calderon, Minister from Bolivia, and Dean of the Latin-American diplomatic corps, ought to receive the Nobel Peace Prize as a recognition from Europe of the broad-minded spirit of concilation which had grown up in the New World, and which helped to avert bloodshed and disaster when both seem unavoidable. Men have been honored with this award for writing books on peace, and for concluding treaties between nations exhausted by war. It has never, so far, been awarded to anyone who prevented a war.

Although the fact is realized by few in the United States, Latin-America has a record for the settlement of disputes by arbitration which Europe ought to envy. There is no Hague Tribunal south of Panama, but bloody wars have repeatedly been averted by the appointment of referees, and it is not on record that the prestige and dignity of the Hague Tribunal have ever achieved as much.

The most famous, because the most picturesque incident in the history of Latin-American arbitration is the one which brought into being the "Christ of the Andes." Chili and the Argentine were on the verge of war over a border dispute. Certain broad-minded statesmen in the former country determined to avert the bloodshed which they believed was unnecessary. But feeling was running high and the romance and lust of war had blinded both peoples. The leaders knew the character of their people, and realized that something as spectacular and stirring as war itself would be necessary to avert it. Wherefore, it happened that the brass cannon of the Chilean army were melted, and cast into an heroic figure of the Saviour. This was erected upon the disputed boundary as a message of peace and good will to the enemies of Chili. The people of Argentine met the spirit of conciliation fairly, and the boundary dispute was settled by arbitration. Incidentally, a small cast in gold of the Christ of the Andes was sent to the Hague Tribunal as a message to Europe that in South America arbitration is a reality.

The most fertile cause of trouble between the different nations in Latin-America has always been their boundaries. These were nearly all first determined in the brave days when Spain was exploring and conquering America, and when the King granted to his admirals and Captains lands "as far to the West as the eye can see," and by other equally vague definitions, which might be interpreted in dozens of different ways. In addition to these boundary disputes, there have, of course, been the wars which brought freedom from Spain, and numerous revolutions. These, however, were all in some sense struggles for freedom and better government. They have given Latin-Americans a reputation for impulsiveness and bloodshed, when as a matter of fact many a heated quarrel has been settled in that land without firing a shot.

The Latin-American is willing to fight, and not afraid to die. His wars, when they do happen, are apt to be long and bloody. One of the worst of them was the struggle between Paraguay on the one side and Argentine, Brazil and Uruguay on the other. For seven years the forces of three nations made unceasing and murderous warfare on the forces of one. An Argentine general was then sent at the head of a large force to finish the job. He went into Paraguay but turned back without fighting. He reported that he would not make war upon women. For women and boys filled the ranks of the Paraguayan army. The men were dead. And to this day Paraguay has an overwhelmingly large population of women. She has never fully recovered, though half a century has passed since that struggle.

This and several other hard fought wars convinced the leading men of the South American republics that their young countries, with great wildernesses to people, could not afford such waste of human life. So a strong sentiment in favor of arbitration grew up, and has steadily strengthened.

Stones are even now being planted on the newly established boundary between Peru and Bolivia. A dispute between these two countries had gone to the verge of war when a movement in favor of arbitrarion was started, and Great Britain was asked to settle the difficulty. A commission of three men was appointed to do so, and both countries abided by its decision.

President Hayes, of the United States, settled a territorial boundary dispute between Paraguay and Argentine, which had gone close to war when he was asked to mediate. He did so by deciding in favor of Paraguay, although Argentine had a rather strong case. Nevertheless the latter country accepted the decision without protest, while Paraguay named a city Villa Hayes in honor of the President.

There was once a difference between Brazil and France as to the boundary of French Guiana. It was arbitrated, Switzerland acting as the referee, at the instance of Brazil. Spain acted as mediator between Venezuela and Columbia, settling a difficulty which had caused much bitterness of feeling. Chief Justice White of the United States Supreme Court settled a boundary dispute between Panama and Costa Rica.

The people of Latin-America have had much cause to fight. They have been building republics in a wilderness peopled with savage tribes; they have obtained freedom from European domination. We did both of these things, but not without bloodshed. For a time, too, this country was a cluster of little states, and there was much feeling and considerable fighting among them. All Latin-America is still in that condition. And out of it has evolved a genuine appreciation of the principle and value of arbitration, which has now, by the efforts of South American diplomats to aid in the solution of Mexican trouble been brought to the attention of the world for the first time.

EDUCATORS ARE AGAIN BACK TO SCHOOL BOOKS

Dr. M. Bates Stephens and County Superintendents Students at Summer School.

Dr. M. Bates Stephens, State Superintendent of Public Education, was in a class room in McCoy Hall, in Johns Hopkins University, intently studying his daily lesson when a fellow-student whispered to another student.

"No whispering," said the sedate professor, and immediately there was silence.

Dr. Stephens' fellow-students are superintendents of schools in the counties, who, like himself, have hiked back to their books. They are required to observe rigid rules and regulations at the teachers' summer school at the university, for such it is. Those rules require close attention to work, prompt attendance and, of course, no whispering.

Altogether about 600 teachers and others are taking different courses at the university, of whom 400 are teachers. In addition, there are 100 Maryland teachers at Columbia University 100 at University of Pennsylvania, 35 at University of Virginia, 40 at Nashville and 200 or 300 scattered at other schools. They are building up their standards. They are qualifying themselves for the higher positions that await them or equipping themselves that they may better perform their daily duties. These summer courses are assigned to them in lieu of attendance at county institutes. The cost of the course is $25. Board and other incidental expenses are additional.

Dr. Stephens is taking the following courses at the Hopkins University: Educational Psychology, under Dr. Bird Baldwin; high school administration, Dr. Small, of Washington, and rural school supervision, under Clarence G. Cooper, assistant superintendent of Baltimore county, who, by the way, looks up with awe to Dr. Stephens, except when they meet in the class room. Then Mr. Cooper is the "boss."

The several county superintendents taking courses similar to those selected by Dr. Stephens. They are:

W. J. Holloway, Wicomico.
Nicholas Oren, Talbot.
Hugh W. Caldwell, who on August 1st, will become superintendent of Cecil county schools.
C. Milton Wright, Harford.
Woodland C. Phillops, Howard.
G. Lloyd Palmer, Frederick.
F. E. Rathbun, Garrett.
E. C. Burroughs, Prince Georges.
John T. Hershner, assistant superintendent, Baltimore county.

In addition all truant officers in the counties in which appointments have been made are taking special courses. Primary supervisors are also represented on the classes.

Dr. Stephens, like all other students, is required to write essays. They were given yesterday the wide range of games as subjects. Dr. Bates used to play baseball. He wrote on baseball. The kind of games, whether athletic or with canes, was not specified. There is no record of an essay on poker.

Maryland teachers are not alone at the Hopkins Summer School. Several other states are also represented.

GRANTSVILLE.

A very enjoyable lecture was given in the Lutheran Church last Wednesday evening by C. S. Weller, secretary of the Laymen's Movement in the Allegheny Synod. Mr. Weller presented the business side of the church in a somewhat new and altogether delightful manner, explaining that getting money is not necessarily the business side, but cooperative, a spirit of brotherhood and willingness to lend a hand every day in the week tend toward consecration, thus making Sabbath duties a pleasure and the matter of contributing a privilege. Mr. Weller's address was interspersed with some very entertaining anecdotes. There was a fairly good audience.

A moonlight picnic was held on Friday evening at the pavillion with a basket luncheon provided by the ladies. Several dozen young people were present and the evening was spent in dancing and watching the moon's eclipse.

A picnic party was planned in honor of Margaret Getty's fourteenth birthday on July 11th. A number of boys and girls took a basket luncheon and invited her to the Casselman river for the picnic. There were about a dozen present. All enjoyed the outing immensely.

On the evening of July 30th Miss Coghan, secretary of the Board of Missions, will lecture in the Reformed Church.

On Saturday evening, July 29th, a home talent play by the St. Paul's Reformed congregation will be given in Grantsville.

On Sunday, July 30th, the communion services will be held in the Lutheran church, with preparatory services on the Friday night previous. On the afternoon of Friday, July 28th, Rev. Oney will meet the catechetical class here and on every Friday following during the summer.

The following guests are registered at the Casselman Hotel: Mrs. M. W. Roberts and family, Mrs. Dickey and family, Miss McDermitt and niece, and Miss Genevieve Reinhart, of Cumberland.

A motor party composed of the following went to Uniontown, Pa., Saturday: John Michaels, of Mt. Zion, and daughters, Mrs. John Robinson, Mrs. Frank Micnaels, Miss Angie Michaels and Will Michaels. The trip was made in Mr. Coleman's car. Mr. Michaels is 92 years old and this was his first trip to his old home near Uniontown for nearly forty-five years.

Miss Anna Brady and friends, of Frostburg, are guests at the Casselman.

Miss Hilda Lichty returned to Meyersdale Saturday, after a week's visit with her aunt, Mrs. G. C. Keller.

Misses Margaret, Mary and Louise Niedbolla, of Cumberland, are guests of Misses Angela and Wilda Getty.

Rev. Lewis Zehner from Russel, Kansas, and children, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Zehner, last week.

Miss Ethel Schramm, from Elk Lick, has been visiting Mrs. Irene Hayes.

Little Paul Livengood has been suffering from a stone bruise on his foot which necessitated lancing in several places by the family physician, but is improving.

Miss Frances Bevans and brother, Charles, spent part of last week with their aunt, Mrs. Will Knecht, of West Salisbury.

Miss Marie Connor has returned from a visit to Oakland and Keyser, W. Va.

Dr. G. C. Keller is spending a few weeks in Accident and Friendsville.

Miss Esther Bill, from Lonaconing, is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Bill.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Beachy and family were Frostburg visitors, Saturday night.

Mrs. Lewis Gingerick was called to Frostburg, Md., last week to attend the funeral of her father, Michael Harden, who met with a tragic death on a railroad crossing there last week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Livengood and Mrs. Bruce Lichty of Meyersdale were guests at the National Hotel for supper Saturday evening, having motored to Cumberland and thence to Grantsville in Mrs. Lichty's car, in the afternoon, with Ware Deeter as chauffeur.

Miss Stella Krauskopf from Pittsburgh is a guest of her cousin, Mrs. J. W. Delany, at the Evans bungalow.

A party of four from Indiana State are at the Casselman Cabin, this week.

Masters John and Henry Winterberg from Cumberland and Hess Winterberg from Lancaster are guests of their aunt, Miss Christina Winterberg.

Irvin Shumaker has been ill with typhoid the past two weeks, but is recovering nicely.

Miss Elizabeth Roberts, of Cumberland, spent Sunday with her mother at the Casselman Hotel.

GUARDSMAN IN ANGER ANXIOUS TO COME HOME

Men Believe They Are Made Pawns in Political Game.

A correspondent writing from Brownsville, Tex., to a syndicate of newspapers under date of the 24 inst., says:

Under its first severe test the National Guard is breaking down, and through no fault of its own.

Ninety per cent. of the men are dissatisfied and discontented and are anxious to get back home to their work and their families.

This statement may come as a surprise to a public that is being fed daily by assurances from Washington that everything is lovely along the Rio Grande and that the militia are bubbling with joy over their present situation and future prospects, but it is the indelible truth and any candid person with persistence enough to get under the surface of things can find it out for himself.

The officers of the regular army know it and have spoken their minds about it to the correspondent in army camps along the border for 100 minds from this city to Fort Ringgold. Some officers of the National Guards are perfectly aware of it, but are trying to gloss it over. They say that the dissatisfaction and discontent will wear off and that the men will settle down happily to six months or so of professional soldiering.

It required no confidences from the keenly concerned and distressed regular officers to satisfy this writer that the militia are eager to get release from the border and that they will be desperately anxious within a few weeks.

It was a simple matter of keeping eyes and ears open as one visited the camps at Brownsville, Mercedes, Donna, Pharr, McAllen, Mission and other troop headquarters up the Rio Grande Valley. The men talk and talk freely if their officers are not within hearing.

What is true of the militia from one State is true of the militia from another. The men from Indiana are just as unhappy and just as worried as are the men from New York or the men from Virginia or the men from Illinois. The complaints are heard wherever one goes. These troops fell that they have been buncoed by Mr. Wilson, and the more they think about it the madder they get. They can't shout their indignation, because that would mean punishment for them.

Properly enough, of course, under military discipline they can't take their troubles and their very real grievance to their own militia officers, because their officers are not sympathetic. This concentration at the border is a very agreeable business to the National Guard officers for many reasons which cannot possibly apply to the enlisted men.

But the enlisted men can tell the newspaper correspondents what is in their hearts. They flock around the correspondents at every opportunity and beg to know if there is a chance of their being sent back home in the near future. They talk with a kind of pathetic helplessness, like children, these grown men who find themselves trapped by their own patriotic zeal, and it is impossible not to understand them, not to sympathize with them, not to want to tell the whole truth about their plight.

Let it be thoroughly and completely understood that they are not trying to play the baby act, that they are not merely seeking to crawl out of the hard labor of training in a climate as tropical as Panama, and that they are not lying down on the country. In no sense are they quitters, but they have reasoned it out among themselves as American citizens have a habit of reasoning things out, and they have made up their minds that they were tricked and deceived and they are being kept here for the political purposes of the Administration.

That is not offered as the guess of the reporter who writes this story. It is an absolutely accurate digest of minds of 25,000 militiamen whose camps the reporter visited in the past week along the Rio Grande.

They stayed in the National Guard and responded enthusiastically to the order to go to the border, because they wanted to fight for their country. They wanted to play a part in helping their country defend itself and maybe pacify a troublesome and dangerous neighbor. They were assured and believed they were going into Mexico.

Most of them were fired by patriotic zeal purely, because most of them are fine types of Americans—mentally, physically and morally. Some wanted to be heroes and to do tall things they could tell their children about. Some craved excitement. But the basis of enthusiasm in every case was the desire to fight, and to get that chance they were willing to submit cheerfully to all of the unnecessary miseries that an impossible mobilization forced upon them.

They were willing to settle down along the Rio Grande for a month to wait for complete equipment, to build themselves up physically, to better their discipline—if they were fairly and sincerely dealt with. They believe now that they were very unfairly and very insincerely treated. They think they were purposely deluded, and they are beginning to get mad.

It will be found within a few weeks that Representatives in Congress will be deluged by letters from these men, letters demanding their recall. And the letters, as has been said, will not be the product of shirking and slacking but of resentment soundly based. They don't want to be professional soldiers. Whether they are right or wrong in this view has nothing to do with the matter of setting before the public the facts as to the state of the mind of the militia. These exist and are seriously affecting the morals of the army.

Not one but twenty regular army officers have told the correspondent that it will be an impossible job to weld into an effective army troops whose heart is not in their work. They do not want to be professional soldiers because their life work lies elsewhere in other fields. If there was a chance of going into Mexico and accomplishing what they consider a real patriotic service they would accept all of the hardships of training and cry for more. But they don't believe that the Government has the slightest notion of intervention, and in that opinion the whole border supports them.

At home their business is being neglected and many of them, privates in ranks, have large business interests or their jobs are waiting for them, none too securely in too many cases, or their families are in want, and in some regiments 40 per cent. of the men are miserable because their wives and children are wondering where food and rent money is coming from.

And they look around them and see every evidence that these camps are to be permanent. Officers, both regulars and National Guard, are building houses and are sending for their families. Uncle Sam is spending hundreds of thousands of dollars putting up buildings that would be an astounding extravagance if the camps are not to be maintained for a long period.

Railroad spurs are being laid down in long track stretches. Miles of piping for water are being installed. Military roads are in the making in a perfect network at Brownsville, and out along the Rio Grande Valley south of the St. Louis, Brownsville and Mexico branch running westward for seventy-eight miles from Harlingen to San Fordyce, and the same thing is true in the concentration districts of Laredo, Eagle Pass, Marfa, Del Rio, Columbus, El Pasco, Douglas and Nogales, all sufficient evidence of permanent occupation of the retention of the militia here for a long period.

The more these preparations are observed by the militiamen the more their intelligence suggests to them that they are to be kept on the border for training and for training solely, and their discontent fans into anger.

If any reader fancies that this writer exaggerates the situation, or that he has drawn incorrect inferences from his talks with officers and men, let him persue this telegram, which, referring only to one phase of the situation, was sent to Gov. Whitman by Col. Gordon Johnston of the Twelfth New York Infantry now in camp at McAllen:

"The condition of affairs in the New York division deserves most serious consideration. There are many soldiers here whose families are in the most desperate condition. I have seen many letters which disclose a most tragic state of affairs.

"I am informed from reliable sources that to discharge men with dependent families would take about 40 per cent of the command and leave the remainder discontented and with morale seriously impaired, which would affect the honor of the State as well as the Nation. I believe the only fair solution to be the drafting of young men to fill this division of New York troops to war strength and the gradual discharge of men whose families depend on their earnings as recruits become sufficiently trained to replace them. By this method the New York division will continuously maintain its field efficiency and at the same time restore to dependent families their sole means of support."

That if you please is the opinion of one of the ablest officers of the United States Army; there is no guesswork or hearsay about it. Col. Johnston refers specifically to the bad morale produced by dependent families.

He knows and every efficient officer knows (lots of them would willingly go before a Congressional committee to speak their minds if Congress can protect them from the petty methods employed by the Administration against every officer that dares speak his mind) that another cause for poor morale or lack of spirit is the widespread belief in these camps that the militia are being used to further Mr. Wilson's candidacy for re-election: that they are being kept here as professional soldiers and away from their proper work and their families to make it appear that the Administration is sincere in its advocacy of national preparedness, to make it seem to the country that the Wilson Administration has done and will do all that is possible to make the country ready for defense.

That point of view may be a mistaken one. Again that is not the point. The interesting and troublesome fact is that the opinion is fermenting in the National guard camps. If there is anything in the world which is apt to make a soldier, regular or volunteer, resentful, it is the notion that he is being used as a political pawn.

Newest Lazy Man.

Bellboys frequently have strange and unusual duties to perform for pampered guests, but the recent experience of a "hop" at one of New York's leading hotels seems unique. He was called to a room occupied by two men at night. Said one: "Buster, will you raise the shades, turn off the electric lights, lock the door from the outside and toss the key over the transom?" It was necessary to repeat the order several times before the boy could be convinced his hearing had not suddenly gone defective.

JENNINGS

George Hoover's son, Herschel, has given up his job at Indian Creek and has come home.

Miss Lizzie Sausman, who spent part of last summer here, died recently in the West at her sister's. She was laid to rest last Wednesday at Addison, Pa.

Mrs. Austin Shaw is in the Western Maryland hospital in Cumberland. She became very ill suddenly and took pasms. Mr. Shaw summoned Dr. Bowen who hurried her to the hospital. She is getting better now.

William Broadwater, of New Germany is very sick with typhoid fever.

Mrs. Tommy Bittinger is suffering from pneumonia fever, with no chance for recovery, says her physician.

Charles Bittinger's horse and cows and some vehicles were sold the 15th, inst. at Sheriff's sale.

Thomas Platter and wife and friends enough to make up an auto load motored to near Avilton, Saturday evening to a dance.

Superintendent Tozer's family is visiting him here at present.

Dick Patton is well enough to be about again; he spent a day or two with friends in town last week.

Bruce Shaw purchased a nice little driving horse a few days ago.

Harry Shaw has resigned his position as sawyer on the lumber mill of Jennings Bros. He and his family are going south.

Paris Generous in Tribute.

Paris is generous in statues erected to her heroes. Voltaire, for instance, is honored with four memorials. There are two to Diderot, of "Dictionaire Encyclopedique" fame. The haughty but melancholy profile of the poet Alfred de Musset is to be seen in three places. Jeanne d'Arc has four statues. Lamartine, statesman, poet and revolutionist, has two effigies.

Call for Gratitude.

Seek to cultivate a buoyant, joyous sense of the crowded kindnesses of God in your daily life.—Alexander McLaren.

GORTNER

Miss Marie Murphy and Mr. Forrest Gortner spent Tuesday at Mt. View Home, the guests of their aunt, Mrs. J. M. Conneway.

Roy Lichty, H. E. Yoder, Harvey Swartzentruber and sister Katie, motored to Meyersdale Wednesday where they spent two days picking huckle berries and cherries.

Miss Jane Thompson, of Pittsburgh, Pa., arrived Saturday for a two week's visit with her friend, Miss Ruth Irwin.

Ray and Seymore Wamsley spent Saturday and Sunday at Brookside.

A number of people from Gortner attended the funeral of Mr. Liller in Oakland Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Joe Henry, of Connellsville, Pa., who is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. B. M. Friend, spent Tuesday with Mrs. Noah Slabaugh.

Mrs. W. R. Sporlein and little sons, Ernest and Earl, spent the week-end at Thayerville, the guest of her sister.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Bowman and daughter Ruth are visiting Mrs. Bowmans parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Sanders.

Mr. and Mrs. Sol Slabach, and daughter Elizabeth; Mr. and Mrs. Ben Yoder and son Noah were the guests of H. E. Yoder Sunday.

A letter received from Akron, O., states that the stork visited the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ray Browning, leaving a girl. Mrs. Browning was formerly, Miss Maude Nicholson, of Silver Knob.

Mrs. Catherine Slabaugh and family were visiting at George Stahl's Sunday.

P. F. Gortner and friend of Shabbona, Ill., dined at P. P. Gortner's Friday evening.

Miss Bertha Sporelein, entertained a number of our young people Friday evening. Miss Bertha returned to her home in Accident Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Parks and children of West Virginia, motored to this place where they are spending some time with Mrs. Parks' parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Sanders.

Harvey Swartzentruber, Roy Lichty and Roy Lee attended singing at Silver Knob, Sunday night. "Hub" says they have some extra good singers.

DR. FRANCE FEELS SURE OF VICTORY AT POLLS

Before Leaving Cumberland Saturday He and Senator Zihlman Visited Men in Shops.

After a most successful campaigning trip of a week in the western counties of the state, where he personally met several thousand business men, miners and other voters, Dr. Joseph I. France, Republican nominee for the United States Senate, returned to Baltimore late Saturday night, having motored all the way from Cumberland. Dr. France expects to remain in Baltimore this week, conferring with the party leaders about his campaign and getting rid of a week's accumulation of mail matter.

According to Dr. France, who appeared highly elated over the success of his trip through Allegany and Garrett counties, there is no doubt of the waning strength of Congressman Lewis in this section, much of that feeling being apparent among the miners, thousands of whom reside in Allegany county alone. Dr. France met many of them who expressed the belief that much of the future prosperity of the mining interests of the state depends largely upon the election of a Republican Senator and, if possible, an entire change in the political aspect of the state. That there has been a business depression ever since the Democrats went into power was evidenced by the statement of several prominent business men of Oakland and Cumberland, who were positive that a return of the old-time prosperity could only be brought about by a Republican administration.

Before leaving Cumberland Saturday afternoon, Dr. France and State Senator Zihlman visited the mammoth shops of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, where more than 1,200 men are employed. They were met by Thomas R. Stewart, master-mechanic, who, together with A. J. Cromwell and J. C. Shuck, piloted them through the shops, where they were able to meet hundreds of the men. Dr. France and Senator Zihlman were entertained at dinner in the Railroad Young Men's Christian Association, where again they came in contact with men who promised to support both Dr. France and Mr. Zihlman in their respective senatorial and congressional fights this fall. William C. Montignani, secretary of the association, treated the candidates royally and while they ate dinner Professor Frank Brookman, leader of the association band, played several selections.

Dr. France and his party had a rare experience on their way from Cumberland to Baltimore Saturday afternoon. The distance is said to be 153 miles and over some of the most beautiful mountain trails in the United States. No less than five rainstorms were encountered on the trip, the last one, which was the most severe, trailed the automobile for nearly 40 miles, but by keeping up a gait of about 35 miles per hour, the machine was able to keep ahead of the storm.

AMERICA'S FEVER BILL

Losses Run Into Millions Every Year. Plants More Valuable Than Animals. Give Baby a Chance.

Washington, D. C., July 23.—"The estimated economic loss which our nation suffers each year from typhoid fever and malaria alone aggregates $928,234,880, leaving out of entire account the sorrow, the unhappiness, the misery, and the inefficiency which follow in their train," Senator Joseph E. Ransdell of Louisiana today addressed the Senate on the subject of "Rural Health—America's First Duty." "The greatest asset which our country can save" said Senator Ransdell, "is the healthy American citizen, and valuable as it may be to increase the health of live stock and vegetation, it is of far greater importance that we throw every possible safeguard about the health of the man who is responsible for that livestock and vegetation. Over 900 million dollars lost every year! A sum which is sufficient to put our country into a state of preparedness equal to that of any nation in the world, enough money to give us the largest navy afloat and the most efficient army which the world has ever seen, is annually offered up as a sacrifice to two diseases which are entirely preventable. Enough money to pay the annual expenses of every college student in the United States is absolutely thrown away every year." Senator Ransdell estimates the grand total loss from typhoid fever at $271,932,880 per annum, and the loss from malaria at $894,904,750 per year; the total per capita loss from these two diseases being $9.46. By comparative estimates it was shown that the United States Government appropriated $5,016,175 for the investigation and prevention of the disease of animal and plant life and only $1,917,566 for the investigation and prevention of the disease of man.

"Bad air, bad milk, over-crowding, poverty, dirt, ignorance, heat—these combine in summer to kill the city baby. It seems as though the brunt of the cities sanitary sins were focused on the baby. The baby didn't ask to come, to live in a hot, dark, air-tight tenement to be fed on dirty, half spoiled milk, to be pestered with flies and mosquitoes. He is not responsible for any of these conditions and it is his right that he have fresh air, clean surroundings and decent food. The United States Public Health Service issues free of charge to all applicants a bulletin on "The Summer Care of Infants." It should be in the hands of every mother.

Women as Plumbers.

From a note which appears in the columns of the Ironmonger it would appear that no fewer than 150 young women in New York are about to go to school to learn plumbing, carpentering and so forth. They seem to be thoroughly in earnest. The promoters of the school obtained $50,000 and the services of six teachers with scarcely any effort.

Far Be It From Him.

Tailor—"You have inherited a lot of money; why don't you settle my bill?" Owens—"My dear man, I wouldn't have it said for anything that my newly acquired wealth caused any departure from my simple habits."—Boston Transcript.

We Favor Stricter State Boards.

We operate on general principles, and discharge the patients in about two weeks. Some are better than when they entered; most of them are worse. And yet few die. They have wonderful powers of resistance.—From a Young Doctor in Honolulu.

The Greatest of Modern Time Savers=== The Newspapers

By MOSS.

YOUR grandmother used to do her buying with much more difficulty than you do now.

She had to inspect nearly everything personally. She took more time than you could possibly afford to waste. Times have changed.

EFFICIENT BUYING is now simplified through ADVERTISING. You go direct to the point.

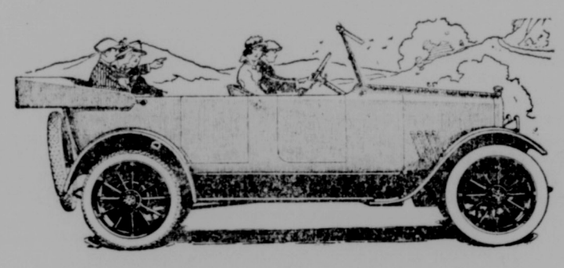
Newspaper advertising is the SHORT CUT to economical buying. It's a TIME SAVER and a DOLLAR SAVER. It aids you SPECIFICALLY and QUICKLY, more so than any other form of advertising.

Newspaper advertising hits the nail on the head. It holds the attention of thousands. Its results are IMMEDIATE, POSITIVE and SURE.

We want you actually to realize what newspaper advertising does for you. Don't you think you ought to be glad that you are living in this wonderful age of NEWSPAPER CONVENIENCE?

BRISCOE

"The Best-liked Car in the Country"



As Good As It Looks

Individual beauty and mechanical efficiency combine to make the Briscoe Twenty-four a perfectly balanced car.

The Briscoe-line body of this latest creation adds emphasis to Benjamin Briscoe's statement that beauty is not a matter of dollars and cents—you will not find a better-designed car at any price.

And the Briscoe-built power-plant is a tried and tested motor which won fame in the 1915 Briscoe—a $785 car. Many owners write us they are getting in excess of 28 miles to the gallon of gasoline.

$625

including electric starting and lighting and exceptionally full equipment

You'll like the car—come in and look it over.

INTER-STATE MOTOR COMPANY
Friendsville, Maryland.

Protection!

Should fire occur at any time you can give instant alarm by telephone; at time of sickness or accident you can get in immediate touch with the doctor; should danger of any kind threaten, you can summon help quickly.

Not only is it a protection against actual danger, but against fear and lonesomeness.

Is your family protected?

M

THE CHESAPEAKE AND POTOMAC TELEPHONE COMPANY

J. BROOKE BOYLE, Local Manager

Tel. 9000 10 Union St., Cumberland

THE REPUBLICAN

BENJ. H. SINCELL, EDITOR.

Entered at the Postoffice in Oakland Md., as Second-class matter.

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THE REPUBLICAN,
Oakland, Md.

THURSDAY, JULY 27, 1916

REPUBLICAN TICKET

For President:
CHARLES E. HUGHES
For Vice President:
CHARLES W. FAIRBANKS
For United States Senator:
JOSEPH IRWIN FRANCE
of Cecil County.
For Congressman:
FREDERICK N. ZIHLMAN
of Allegany County

THE CHASE for Villa must be on in earnest, for we read that he has now discarded his crutch and has taken to horseback.

THE BRITISH BLACKLIST

American opinion is very intolerant of blacklists and boycotts. It believes that the use of such weapons is always mean-spirited and cowardly. Our laws and our courts have put a ban on the secondary boycott—a form of proscription which strikes over the head of an opponent at innocent bystanders having nothing to do with the cause of the quarrel. They have also forbidden the use of the written or published blacklist intended to intimidate third parties from dealing with one or other of two groups engaged in economic war.

The natural instincts of our people have therefore been outraged by the publication of the British government's list of American citizens or of alien citizens and corporations domiciled here with whom British subjects are forbidden to trade. This proclamation is a fresh challenge to our government to resent the unusual and extra-legal measures which Great Britian has taken to control and stifle neutral commerce. It is a most impolitic challenge. The British government has been enforcing a secret boycott against most of these individuals and firms. So long as it was secret our government could not take notice of it. London should have left well enough alone.

At best, the effect of a boycott on trade in which neutrals supposed to be favorably disposed to Germany are engaged can be little more than a pin prick. Yet for the trivial satisfaction of placarding these few individuals and firms Great Britain risks incurring the ill will of the American public and invites reprisals—injurious alike to us and to her—which would only move the Teutonic allies to loud guffaws. The game is never worth the candle in boycotting and blacklisting enterprises. Our domestic boycotters learned that lesson long ago. Great Britain will learn it to her sorrow if she persists in trying to put a few individuals and firms in this country out of business at the cost of commercial hostilities with the United States.

We do not deny the right of the British government to say that its subjects shall not deal with the persons on the official blacklist. That result was, in fact, already practically attained before the blacklist was published. The proscribed individuals and firms have now no trade worth speak-about with Great Britiain's enemies.

But if the direct boycott is to be converted into a secondory boycott, the United States will have to take some action in self defence. If American vessels were to be discriminated against because they carried to neutral countries goods offered by boycotted individuals or firms, our government would be forced to interfere. We could not tolerate such a limitation put upon our shipping under no other warrant than that of British municipal legislation—of a proclamation which according to the British government's own explanation, is intended to be purely domestic in its effect.

If a blacklisted American citizen, for instance, wants to send merchandise in an American vessel to South America, the British government has no right under any law to try to discipline, then or later, the shipmaster who accepts such legitimate cargo.

The United States cannot stand for the secondary boycott on the high seas any more than it can stand for the secondary boycott at home. The most sensible thing. Mr. Asquith's government could do under the circumstances would be to withdraw its foolish and futile blacklist.

HOW TO CONNECT W. VA. NEW ROAD WITH PIKE

Federal Expert Will Make Report At Mass Meeting At Thomas.

A meeting of Tucker county, W. Va., good roads boosters will be held at Thomas, W. Va., in the Thomas Opera House, Friday afternoon, commencing at 4:30 o'clock.

The object is to hear the report and recommendation of Mr. Wells, a Federal road expert, who is in the employ of West Virginia, investigating the routes suggested for connecting the proposed good roads system of West Virginia with the Maryland highway system in Garrett county.

This meeting is one of very great importance to both states, as it is being held for the purpose of determining the future route from northern West Virginia to the seaboard at Baltimore and the great eastern cities of Washington, Philadelphia and New York.

Mr. Wells, it is stated, has made a very careful study of the situation and he is very anxious that everyone interested in this great project attend the meeting at Thomas on Friday. A number of Maryland road men will attend the meeting, it is said.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

Miss Louise Compton, of Meyersdale, Pa., is the guest of Mrs. Silas O. Wiley in Oakland.

Miss Marie Cosgrove, of Westernport, Md., spent several days in Oakland this week the guest of Miss Lena Wolfe.

The fact that a couple of persons offered $5000 for passage on the Deutchland seem to suggest that a fool, and his life also are soon parted.

Mrs. Edward J. Hamill, of Kitzmiller, spent last night in Oakland where she was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. M. R. Hamill, leaving this morning for Clarksburg, West Va.

Mrs. Benjamin Orr and daughter Miss Tacy Orr, of Wallace, West Va., are visitors this week at the home of their cousins, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Hutson in Oakland.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Lemmert, Miss Ula Lemmert, Mr. Howard Stevens and Mr. Jones all of Mt. Savage, Md., motored to Oakland Sunday and were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Little.

Mr. S. G. Ashby, for some years past manager of a large lumbering plant at Mount Lick, West Va., in which local people are interested, spent Sunday in Oakland where he was the guest of Sheriff Albert Ashby and other relatives.

Mr. L. H. Martin, brother of W. S. Martin, has purchased the interest of G. C. Martin in the jewelery business of Messrs. G. C. Martin & Co., Oakland, and will become an active member of the firm. Mr. G. C. Martin will remain in Oakland as manager of the Martin Grocery.

Samuel Petrie, one of the striking personalities of Frostburg, is dead, aged 84 years. He was a native of New York and had lived in Allegany since 1857. He served in the Civil War under his father, who commanded a company in the Potomac Home Brigade. In the prime of manhood Mr. Petrie was noted for his strength, and many tales are told of his prowess, says the Lonaconing Advocate. He frequently spoke of a vision in which he saw the numerals 106 on a wall, and thought this a portent that he would live to this age.

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Fleming and little daughter, of Fayettsville, N. C., accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Bosley and daughter, of Atlanta, Ga., arrived in Oakland Monday evening by automobile, and will be guests of relatives here for some days. Mr. Bosley left Oakland many years ago as an employe of the Southern Railroad with headquarters in Washington, from which point he was later sent south. His many old time friends here were more than pleased to see him again. He is now engaged in the wholesale drug business at Atlanta.

We print in this issue today the half tone engraving made at the time of Mr. Abraham Wilson's one hundredth birthday celebration on July 11th. This engraving should have been received in time for last week's issue of The Republican but the engravers failed to make the shipment so as to reach this office before the hour of going to press. The original photograph measured two feet and it was not possible to reproduce it for newspaper publication upon the same scale, hence the plate is very much smaller and as a consequence many of the details are missing.

Library Notes.

During the past two weeks the following contributions of books and money have been made to the Oakland Free Public library:

Miss Lizzie Howard, $25; Mrs. Robert S. Wood, of Tuxedo Park, N. Y., a large box of books and magazines; books and magazines from Col. and Mrs. A. G. Sturgiss, of Oakland.

THE DEATH RECORD.

STEPHEN WILT.

Stephen Wilt, aged 58 years, 11 months and 25 days, died at his home near Swanton Thursday last. He is survived by his widow and nine children—four sons and five daughters; also by four brothers and a host of friends. His funeral occurred Saturday from his late home.

OTTO FILSINGER.

Otto Filsinger, of near Deer Park, died on Sunday morning of tuberculosis with which he had been a sufferer for several months, and was buried Tuesday afternoon after services in the Deer Park Lutheran church, conducted by the pastor, Rev. O. A. Bremer. The deceased was born in Germany and came to this country with his parents when quite young. He is survived by his wife, three children, his parents and several brothers and sisters.

MARIE JOHNSON

Marie Johnson, a maid in the employ of the family of Mr. Russell L. Hubbard, of Philadelphia, who is occupying the Dr. J. K. Mitchell summer home at Deer Park, died at the Home Sanitorium in Oakland Monday night after an illness of a few hours of uraemia. Her remains, after being prepared for burial by Undertaker Bolden, were sent to a sister residing in Brooklyn, N. Y. The deceased was aged forty years and was ill but a short time.

SOLOMON SINES.

Solomon Sines, one of the pioneers of Garrett county, died at his home near Sang Run last Thursday and was buried Saturday. He was aged more than eighty years and was born within sight of the place where he died. As a hunter of big game in the early days of Garrett county and Western Maryland Mr. Sines took first place. He was of a sunny disposition, full of wit and more than kind to those with whom he associated. He is survived by his wife and several children.

RUSSELL L. LOWDERMILK.

Russell L., son of the late Thomas J. Lowdermilk, died near Hoyes, July 15, 1916, and was intered in the Hoyes cemetery July 16 at 3 o'clock p. m. He leaves a wife and two little girls, about three and five years old; also a mother, one brother and three sisters. His father, one brother and three sister having preceeded him some years ago. The deceased was about thirty-three years old, having died with that dread disease tuberculosis, of which he has suffered for about six months. The funeral was ably preached by Rev. Henderson of the Cranesville charge.

CHARLES JANOSKI.

Charles Janoski, aged about seventy years, a native of Posen, Prussia, died at a Davis (W. Va.) hospital on Saturday night to which institution he was taken on Thursday preceding for treatment. The deceased had been engaged at work on his farm the day prior to his illness. The cause of death was kidney disease and complications. He is survived by his wife and a number of children, all of whom are grown. Prior to coming to this country Mr. Janoski was a soldier in the German army and fought against the French in the war of 1869 and 1870 and was decorated with the Iron Cross upon the battle field by Prince Bismarck for bravery. Mr. Janoski exhibited his medal with pride and treasured it above everything else. He was buried from the Red House Lutheran church Tuesday morning, the services being conducted by the pastor, Rev. Sloop, with interment in the church yard.

LUCIEN FRAZEE.

Lucien Frazee, formerly of Garrett county but for some years living a retired life at Markleysburg, Pa., died in the Home Sanatorium in Oakland Tuesday evening, July 25, after an illness of about four weeks, the cause of his death resulting from a carbuncle which had formed upon his back. Mr. Frazee, was brought to the Oakland institution by his son Mr. William M. Frazee, of near town, on last Saturday, but the disease had so far progressed and made such inroads upon the vitality of the sufferer that it would not yield to treatment and his death came as a relief to his sufferings. Mr. Frazee was born in Garrett county June 14, 1851, and was aged a little more than 65 years. He is survived by his wife Mrs. Katherine Thomas Frazee, and by three sons, Wm M., of Oakland; Austin, of Pittsburgh, and Bert, of Selbysport, and by one daughter Miss Mary Frazee, of Markleysburg. Mr. Frazee was a member of the Baptist church for many years and his funeral will occur from the Big Crossings church of that denomination, located near Selbysport, this afternoon at 2 o'clock, with interment in the cemetery nearby.

Gay Scenes on the Casselman.

The Casselman river bank, near Grantsville was thronged with visitors Sunday. They came from Lonaconing, Frostburg and Cumberland, and from various sections of Garrett county. State Senator Harvey J. Speicher and party of Accident were interested onlookers at the river while fifty or more young people were disporting in the water at one time. William and Robert Scott, of Indiana, formerly of Frostburg, who are occupying the Casselman Inn for a month, were hosts to a number of friends.

CITY DUMP CLOSEB BY STATE BOARD OF HEALTH

Order Was Received by Mayor and Council Tuesday Morning.

A special meeting of the City Council was held Tuesday night of this week with Councilmen Lauer, West, Bolden, Little and Aronhalt present, the object of the meeting being to consider a number of matters that were of a pressing nature, the most important from a health standpoint being the order received Tuesday from the State Board of Health condemning the present city dump and ordering it closed. The notice was served on Mayor Giessman and was as follows:

"Investigation by the State Board of Health of Maryland shows the property at and in the vicinity of the South end of Fifth street is in a state of nuisance, dangerous to the public health by reason of a dumping ground for the town of Oakland. You are hereby directed to abate this nuisance by fencing off this dumping ground, putting up a notice that same has been abandoned as a dumping ground and firing all refuse now deposited there as inflammable, and to complete the work required within three days from the date of serving this order.

"John S. Fulton, Secretary."

"Served this 25th day of July at 9 A. M., on Mayor George Giessman."

In accordance with the above Council adopted a motion to comply with the order of the State Board and directed that the dump be abandoned and the notice and fence be erected as directed in the order.

A carnival company, which had received permission to erect its tents, etc., on Oak street near the Little Yough, was notified that such order was rescinded and that permission was granted it to occupy Third Street between Green and Pennington streets.

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad company, upon a report of its engineer concerning the safety of the Oak street bridge, made a proposition that the company would furnish a bridge sufficiently large to span its tracks and erect the same for $2800. Councilman West proposed that a committee consisting of Councilmen Lauer and Bolden be authorized to go to Baltimore and confer with the representatives of the railway company and make a counter proposition, the town to Pay $800 on the cost of the bridge and the railway company stand the additional expense. The committee will go to Baltimore on Friday night. This committee is also empowered to contract with the railway company to furnish it with water for passenger train service at the Depot in Oakland.

New K. of P. Officers.

At a stated meeting of Garrett Lodge No. 113, Knights of Pythias of Oakland, the following were elected as its officers for the ensuing six months: C. C., Albert Ashby; V. C., J. W. Whorton; Prelate, E. W. Leary; M. of A., W. L. Thomas; M. of W., W. Z. Hendrickson; M. of F., Thomas Little; K. of R. and S., Thomas J. C. Little; I. G. George Little; O. G., George D. White.

Camping at Cassleman Cottage.

Robert A. Scott, Mrs. David R. Scott, of Linten, Ind., and Miss Marie Hearst, of Terra Haute, Ind., and W. R. Scott, of Wheeling, W. Va., guests at the Gladstone Hotel for the past two weeks are now occupying the Cassleman Cottage near Grantsville where they expect to enjov camping life for a month.—Frostburg Journal.

Catholic Prohibition Organizer.

Miss Frances Virginia Frisbie, of Indianapolis, Ind., who is a member of the Anti-Saloon League of Indiana, and also secretary and National organizer of the Catholic Prohibition League of the United States, is in Garrett county representing the interests of the organizations which she is allied and while here is the guest of the Misses O'Donnell at Loch Lynn Heights.

Painfully Burned.

Mr. Henry Lauer, the baker, was painfully burned about his face and arms yesterday morning when gas, which had accumulated in the large oven of his bakery, exploded as he opened the door. Dr. Broadwater attended him. While the burns are not deep, according to the physician, they are quite painful and Mr. Lauer will be unfit for work for several days.

List of Assessors Complete.

The list of District Assessors, charged with making the new general assessment throughout the county, has been completed by the appointment of Charles C. Layman as assessor for District No. 9, which appointment was made by the Board of County Commissioners Monday of this week.

ATTENTION, FARMERS.

Domo Improved Cream Separators, $35.00 and $43.50.
C. N. MCINTIRE,
Adv. tf. Oakland, Md.

Mr. J. Edgar Long, of Clarksburg, West Va., spent Sunday in Oakland with his family.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Second National Bank

OF CUMBERLAND

In the State of Maryland, at the close of business May 1st, 1916.

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans and Discounts	$2,214,714 30	Capital Stock	$200,000 00
United States Bonds	240,000 00	Surplus, Undivided Profits	375,839 39
Other Bonds, Securities Etc	378,715 00	Circulation	200,000 00
Banking House and other Real Estate	47,022 76	Deposits	2,757,419 03
Due From Federal Reserve Agents and other Banks	428,325 76		
Cash	214,480 60		
Redemption Fund	10,000 00		
	$3,533,258 42		$3,533,258 42

DIRECTORS:

D. ANNAN L. M. SHEPHERD ROBERT R. HENDERSON
JAMES CLARK W. BLADEN LOWNDES O. C. GEPHART
TASKER G. LOWNDES JOHN KEATING
JOHN SCHWARZENBACH

D. ANNAN, President
W. BLADEN LOWNDES, TASKER G. LOWNDES
Vice Presidents
D. F. KUYKENDALL, Cashier

THREE PER CENT INTEREST PAID ON SAVINGS DEPOSITS

HAVE A LOOK AT THE

Enger Twin Six

AND

OVERLAND

Cars and ask for a demonstration when in the market for a car

Oakland Garage

AGENT

SAXON "SIX"

big touring car for five people

ASK FOR DEMONSTRATION.

Call at Liller's Barber Shop or Kelly's Livery

LILLER & KELLY, Agents.

Oakland, Maryland.

The Lutheran Church

SECOND STREET, OAKLAND

Sunday School, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

B. H. SINCELL, Superintendent.

Men's Brotherhood Class, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

O. A. BREMER, Teacher.

All the men not attending Sunday School elsewhere are cordially invited to join this class and to have a part in the study and discussion of the lesson.

Morning Worship, 10.45 o'Clock.

Luther League, 7.00 o'Clock P. M.

Topic—"The Church and a Republic."
Leader—FLOSSIE SHAFFER.

Evening Worship, 8.00 o'Clock.

All friends of the church and those without a permanent church home are invited to worship with us.

O. A. BREMER, Pastor.

—The above was prepared by the pastor and the advertisement is authorized and paid for by one interested in church work.

FOUNDED 1888

THE GARRETT NATIONAL BANK

FOUNDED 1888

OF OAKLAND, MARYLAND

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, - - $115,0000.0

THE highly developed facilities of this Bank resulting from 28 years of careful and conservative management together with prompt, efficient and courteous service, are offered as the basis for a satisfactory business connection.

OFFICERS

G. S. HAMILL, President. D. E. OFFUTT, Jr., Vice President.
G. A. FRALEY, Cashier. H. L. JONES, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS

GILMOR S. HAMILL, JOHN T. MITCHELL, DANIEL E. OFFUTT, Jr.
JOSEPH E. HARNED. GEORGE A. FRALEY, HARLAND L. JONES. CHAS. S. DAVIS

Interest paid on Time Deposits. Safety Deposit Boxes for Rent.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PROMPT SERVICE

Open Plumbing

Let us replace that old-fashioned plumbing with new up-to-date open plumbing.
We do overhauling and refitting thoroughly.
Let us provide you with the comforts of a modern home.

Good Work at Fair Prices, Let us Estimate on Your Next.

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.
Registered.
Plumbing, Steam and Hot Water Heating.
Oakland, Md.

"Naylor has it and sells it for less."

BOTH PHONES EASY TERMS

Rev. David Merrill, of Avilton, spent part of Monday in Oakland on business.

Judge and Mrs. Charles S. Harvey, of Swanton district, were in the city Monday shopping.

For Rent—A 4 room flat with bath. A. D. NAYLOR.

Adv. 20-3 times.

Miss Grace Laffey, of Frankville, spent Sunday in Oakland where she was the guest of Miss Evelyn Helbig.

Dr. H. P. Copeland, of Kitzmiller, and members of his family motored to Oakland last Thursday and spent the afternoon here.

Miss Mary Jane Brown, of Point of Rocks, Md., is here on a visit to her sister, Mrs. H. P. Stuck.

Mr. Ed. Kelley, of Benwood, W. Va., spent several days of this week with relatives and friends in Oakland.

Mrs. Mary Mitchell-Franklin, of Baltimore, is here on a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John T. Mitchell.

Rev. A. D. Appleton, who spent last week in Baltimore, returned home Saturday night and filled his appointment in the P. E. church here Sunday.

Money to Loan on real estate. Renninger & Offutt, Attorneys, Garrett National Bank building, Oakland, Md. Adv. tf

Miss Elsie Kennedy, of Washington, D. C., arrived in Oakland Monday afternoon and is the guest of her sister, Mrs. H. C. Sincell.

Dr. Robert H. Riley, of Cumberland, was in the city Monday and Tuesday looking after affairs appertaining to health conditions in and about Oakland.

The Board of Supervisors of Elections will meet today and make appointments of additional judges and clerks of election to serve for the period of one year from the date of their appointment.

Postmaster Charles A. Deffinbaugh returned home Saturday night from Washington, D. C., where he had been for several days previous attending the convention of postmasters of the First and Second class.

Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Silcott, of Newburg, accompanied by their three children, and Miss Mida Stuck, spent Sunday here with Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Stuck, returning home Monday in their automobile.

Former County Treasurer C. A. Beachy, of Grantsville, who spent last week in Oakland, returned to his home Saturday afternoon and came back to Oakland Monday morning where he will remain this week.

Gass by the car load at Treacy's Garage. Retail price 25c. gal. In drums of 53 gallons you can still get it cheaper. Fire-Stone Tires, we beat them all. Ford repairs, the largest line in town.

The annual conference of workers of the Young Men's Christian Association of Pennsylvania, Maryland, Delaware, West Virginia and the District of Columbia will be held at Mountain Lake Park September 3, 4, and 6, at which a large number of delegates from the states named are expected to be present.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred. A. Thayer and family and Mr. and Mrs. Joseph E. Harned and family, of Oakland composed a party of automobilists who went to Grantsville last Thursday where they had dinner at the National Hotel, returning home the same evening.

Dr. R. A. Ravenscroft and son, Mr. Randall Ravenscroft, of Accident, were in Oakland Monday coming here from a point near Swanton, where the former had been on a professional visit to Mr. Buckner Mason, who has been and is still quite ill of a complication of diseases.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Shartzer, of Morgantown, are here on a visit to relatives for a few days.

Misses Ruth and Mabel Clark, of Morgantown, West Va., are here on a visit to Miss Margaret Slabaugh.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey, Brenneman, of Morgantown, W. Va., motored to Oakland Sunday where they spent several hours.

Mr. John J. Sweeney returned from Cincinnati yesterday morning after a visit of two or three days to his brother in that city.

Misses Minnie Ely and Helen Ely, of West Alexander, Pa., are in Oakland, the guests of Dr. and Mrs. J. C. Ely at their home on Third street.

Messrs. Arthur Naylor and Norman Reidler, who spent two weeks in Baltimore, Atlantic City and Philadelphia, returned home Tuesday night.

John J. Sweeney, agent for the Chevrolet automobiles, received a car load of the machines yesterday and made deliveries of two to customers.

Mrs. Robert Shirer and little son, of Morgantown, are here on a visit to Mr. Shirer's parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Shirer at their home on Alder street.

Mrs. M. G. Martin, Fourth and Oak streets—Every hat on sale. Hats at 25 cents to $2.00, that cost $1.00 to $5.00. Ribbons at cost.

Advertisement.

Messrs. D. O. DeWitt, Arthur DeWitt and Hamilton Friend, all of Hoyes, were in Oakland Tuesday on business when the former called at this office on business.

Garrett Lodge No. 113, Knights of Pythias, will confer the first degree upon a class of ten candidates on next Friday evening, July 28th, when all members are urged to be present.

Rev. Thomas J. Stanton, of Baltimore, came up to Oakland Tuesday afternoon and remained here until yesterday as the guest of his brother, Mr. J. M. Stanton, when he returned east.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Mr. Carl White, of Uniontown, Pa., motored to Oakland Sunday where he spent several hours. He was accompanied on his return by his sister, Miss Mabel, who will spend several weeks the guest of relatives.

A market will be conducted at Mr. Creutzburg's store on Alder street, Saturday afternoon from 2 to 5 o'clock by the ladies of the Presbyterian church, when they will have on sale bread, pastry, etc.

Attorney W. R. Offutt, accompanied by former Sheriff B. C. Scott, and Messrs. W. R. Browning and J. A. Kelly, were in Frostburg and Cumberland Tuesday on business, returning to Oakland the same evening.

County Superintendent F. E. Rathbun will be at his office in Oakland next Saturday, expecting to spend the week-end here away from his studies at Johns Hopkins University where he is taking a course in school government and other branches of school work.

PIGS, three months old, for sale. George A. DeWitt, Deer Park, Md. Advertisement.

Mr. U. G. Palmer, by advertisement printed in another column of this paper today, offers two residences located in Oakland for sale upon the monthly payment plan. If you are interested write Mr. Palmer or see Paul B. Naylor, his agent in Oakland.

Grand Chancellor Harry W. Nice and other officers of the Grand Lodge, Knights of Pythias of Maryland, will pay an official visit to the local lodge here on next Friday evening, July 28th, when refreshments will be served and all members are urgently invited to be present.

LOST—On the road between Jennings and Grantsville, Monday, a blue serge coat, with the initials "C. A. D," on the inside of the garment. Finder please notify or return to the undersigned and receive reward. George A. DeWitt, Deer Park, Md. Adv.

Mr. Neil Fraley, of Baltimore, is spending a vacation of two weeks with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Fraley, in Oakland. The young man holds a responsible position with one of the leading compensation insurance companies of the east and may be placed in charge of the business of the concern in a southern city within a short time.

Miss Ruth Delawder and Mr. L. M. Herbert, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. G. Henderson Sweet, motored from Washington last week and after stopping at Mr. Jonas Glotfelty's at McHenry for a few days, are now visiting at the home of Mr. E. A. Weimer in Oakland. The party expects to return home Sunday.

Sunday last was a busy one for automobilists in and about Oakland, as it has been estimated that not less than five hundred strange cars from points in Pennsylvania, Ohio, New York, West Virginia and Maryland visited town that day. A State motor officer was also here and picked up two West Virginians who were driving with but one license tag exposed. They were both given a hearing by Justice James D. Hamill who imposed a slight fine and they went on to their respective homes rejoicing.

Mrs. M. G. Martin, Fourth and Oak streets—Every hat on sale. Hats at 25 cents to $2.00, that cost $1.00 to $5.00. Ribbons at cost.

Advertisement.

Thomas H. Morgan, of Frostburg, has resigned as a member of the Allegany County School Board, following his appointment as attendance or truant officer for the county. His place on the School Board will be filled by appointment of the Governor. Mr. Morgan was the only Republican member of the Board, having been appointed by Governor Goldyborough in 1912. The other members of the Board are John S. McCauley, of Cumberland, and Dr. J. Marshall Price, of Frostburg, both Democrats.

Cumberland is fast becoming the motorists' mecca, says the News, because of its central location on the line of good roads leading through three states. From Pennsylvania and West Virginia many tourists come to Cumberland in order to use the Maryland good roads both east and west. Eastern traffic is much greater than western traffic during the early summer months, while during the latter part of the summer months the tide turns and western traffic is greater. This is on account of the many tourists from various Western States who pass through Cumberland en route to the seashore to spend the summer months and return in the fall to their homes.

You are determining

Now

the sort of Old Age you will have. A Bank Account started now may mean

the Difference

between later years of influence, comfort, pleasure and poverty, discouragement and misery.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OAKLAND - MARYLAND

C. N. McINTIRE

SUCCESSOR TO
J. M. DAVIS & SONS
OAKLAND, MD.

Some of the lines we handel. Alabastine, Binder Twine, Myers Hay Tools, Roofing, Water Coolers, Refrigerators, Bicycles, Paints, Washing Machines, Standard Sit Straight Sewing Machines, Best Gasoline Iron on the market for only $2.95.

Come in and see us.

C. N. McINTIRE,
Oakland, Maryland.

D. E. BOLDEN

Furniture Dealer and Funeral Director

HAVING moved my furniture business to the Manhattan Hotel store room, I am prepared to serve the public to the best of my ability, having now in stock the finest line of Furniture ever brought to the city and which I offer as cheap as it can be bought in the wholesale markets.

All I ask is a chance to name you prices.

My stock is complete in every detail, and which consists of Furnitnre, Carpets, Mattings, Window Shades, Bedding of all kinds, large and small Rugs—in fact everything with which to furnish a house from cellar to attic.

I am also prepared to give estimates on Buildings and repair work—from a pig pen to a palace.

Call and see me; I will treat you fair and square.

Thanking the public for past favors and soliciting a continuance of the same, I remain,

Yours respectfully,
D. E. BOLDEN

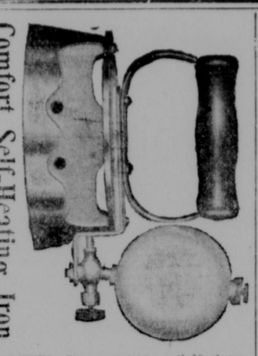
Store For Sale

Owing to other business demanding my attention, I offer for sale my stock of Shoes, Clothing and Furnishings.

This is one of the best business propositions in Oakland, and will be sold at very much less than value if taken before September 1.

In the meantime I will sell clothing and many other articles at greatly reduced prices. It will pay you to investigate.

Yours truly,
E. A. WEIMER,
Oakland, Md.



Comfort Self-Heating Iron.

5 Hours at Cost of One Cent.

TWO POINTS—Quick lighting. Self-cleaning and perfect regulation of heat. Weighs six pounds. Guaranteed safe and satisfactory. Price, $3.75 each. Order today.

J. AMEEN, Kitzmiller, Md.

We Carry in Stock

TIRES
TUBES
SHOCK ABSORBERS
CHAINS
SPARK PLUGS
DRY CELLS
TIRETITE

And many other accessories at the
OAKLAND GARAGE,
Prest-O-Lite Exchange,
Oakland, Maryland.

J. W. Whorton & Son

CONTRACTING

PLASTERERS

Only the Best Material Used.

Best Grade of Wall Plaster on hand at all times.

CONCRETE WORK
of All Kinds.

All Work Guaranteed.

OAKLAND, - MARYLAND.

Notice to Creditors

This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

PETER NATHAN,

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 12th day of January, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under our hands this 12th day of July, 1916.

MICHAEL NATHAN,
GERTRUDE B. HONE,
Executors,
Grantsville, Md.

Order Nisi.

Julius C. Renninger, Assignee vs. Bertha V. Martin and Susanna Simmons.
No. 2066 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Ordered, this 24th day of June, in the year nineteen hundred and sixteen, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in equity, that the sale made and reported by Julius C. Renninger, Assignee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 4th day of August, 1916; provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Garrett county once a week for three successive weeks before the 28th day of July, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $160.00.

E. Z. TOWER.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

LEON

Will make the season of 1916 as follows, beginning May 13th:

On Saturday of each week at the Mill Stable of Andrew W. Helbig in Oakland. Other days at my home.

After July 15, terms will be $10.

D. J. SWARTZENTRUBER.

REAL BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE

One of the most desirable residences on Alder street in Oakland, now owned by M. A. Carney, and occupied as a residence by States Attorney Jones, is offered at a very attractive price.

A valuable 90 acre farm near Ottaway, Garrett Co., on the line of the proposed new state road to West Va., and a very desirable piece of real estate.

Improved farm of 138 acres near Swanton, Garrett Co., improved by nine room dwelling, barn and young orchard now bearing. A safe investment.

JAS. D. HAMILL,
Real Estate Agent.

WANTED—One teamster and two men for general farm work, including operating horse cultivators. None but competent men need apply. The H. Weber & Sons Co. Advertisement.

RAILROAD WAGES

Shall they be determined by *Industrial Warfare* or *Federal Inquiry?*

To the American Public:

Do you believe in arbitration or industrial warfare?

The train employes on all the railroads are voting whether they will give their leaders authority to tie up the commerce of the country to enforce their demands for a 100 million dollar wage increase.

The railroads are in the public service—your service. This army of employes is in the public service—your service.

You pay for rail transportation 3 billion dollars a year, and 44 cents out of every dollar from you goes to the employes.

On all the Eastern Railroads in 1915, seventy-five per cent of the train employes earned these wages (lowest, highest, and average of all) as shown by the payrolls—

	Passenger		Freight		Yard	
	Range	Average	Range	Average	Range	Average
Engineers	$1641 3224	$1931	$1585 2992	$1783	$1303 2178	$1543
Conductors	1553 3004	1831	1552 2901	1642	1145 1991	1315
Firemen	951 1704	1128	933 1762	1109	752 1633	935
Brakemen	957 1707	1141	862 1521	973	834 1635	1085

The average yearly wage payments to *all* Eastern train employes (including those who worked only part of the year) as shown by the 1915 payrolls were—

	Passenger	Freight	Yard
Engineers	$1796	$1546	$1384
Conductors	1724	1404	1238
Firemen	1033	903	844
Brakemen	1018	858	990

A 100 million dollar wage increase for men in freight and yard service (less than one-fifth of all employes) is equal to a 5 per cent advance in all freight rates.

The managers of the railroads, as trustees for the public, have no right to place this burden on the cost of transportation to you without a clear mandate from a public tribunal speaking for you.

The railroads have proposed the settlement of this controversy either under the existing national arbitration law, or by reference to the Interstate Commerce Commission. This offer has been refused by the employes' representatives.

Shall a nation-wide strike or an investigation under the Government determine this issue?

National Conference Committee of the Railways

ELISHA LEE, *Chairman.*
P. R. ALBRIGHT, *Gen'l Manager,* Atlantic Coast Line Railroad.
L. W. BALDWIN, *Gen'l Manager,* Central of Georgia Railway.
C. L. BARDO, *Gen'l Manager,* New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad.
E. H. COAPMAN, *Vice-President,* Southern Railway.
S. E. COTTER, *Gen'l Manager,* Wabash Railway.
P. E. CROWLEY, *Asst. Vice-President,* New York Central Railroad.
G. H. EMERSON, *Gen'l Manager,* Great Northern Railway.
C. H. EWING, *Gen'l Manager,* Philadelphia & Reading Railway.
E. W. GRICE, *Asst. to President,* Chesapeake & Ohio Railway.
A. S. GREIG, *Asst. to Receivers,* St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad.
C. W. KOUNS, *Gen'l Manager,* Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway.
H. W. McMASTER, *Gen'l Manager,* Wheeling and Lake Erie Railroad.
N. D. MAHER, *Vice-President,* Norfolk and Western Railway.
JAMES RUSSELL, *Gen'l Manager,* Denver & Rio Grande Railroad.
A. M. SCHOYER, *Resident Vice-Pres.,* Pennsylvania Lines West.
W. L. SEDDON, *Vice-President,* Seaboard Air Line Railway.
A. J. STONE, *Vice-President,* Erie Railroad.
G. S. WAID, *Vice-Pres. & Gen'l Manager,* Sunset Central Lines.

A Birthday Party.

Saturday evening, July 22, a number of friends were entertained at "Glenwood Farm," the beautiful home of Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Nine in honor of their daughter Daisy's 18th birthday. Games were played until a late hour, after which refreshments were served consisting of ice cream, cake, candy and fruit. Miss Daisy was the recipient of many beautiful and useful presents.

hose present were Misses Margaret and Nellie Glotfelty, Oma and Dessie Lohr, Manona and Wondale Thayer, Myrtle and Helen White, Bertha and Ruth Nicholson, Mary Menear, Ethyl Beckman, Virgie Kitzmiller, Martha Glotfelty, Etta Nethken, Emma Fulk. Messrs. Adrain and Hiram Glotfelty, Stanley Stahl, Alvin Brenninger, Clarence Fulk, Oliver Nethken, Hervey Forman, Julius Kitzmiller, Russell Lohr, Harry Nicholson, Arthur Menear, Harland Browning, Floyd Wensell, Reverdy Beckman, Cecil Thayer, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Barkman, Mr. and Mrs. D. T. Thayer, Mrs. Will Ervin and Mrs. Maude White.

The guests reluctantly parted in the wee small hours of the night, with profuse thanks for the delightful time they had had.

ONE PRESENT.

A Surprise Party.

On Saturday of last week many of the friends and neighbors of Mrs. Henry Ridder, of District No. 8, planned and carried out a surprise for that esteemed lady when a large company assembled in honor of her 70th anniversary. Mrs. Ridder spent the afternoon at the home of Mrs. William Kelley, and during her absence the two aughters prepared a splendid supper in anticipation of the visit of the friends. Those who were present upon the occasion were Mr. and Mrs. George Lee, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Haskell, Mr. and Mrs. David Mosser, Mr. and Mrs. Stewart Ridder, Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Sanders, Mr. and Mrs. Arch Baker, Mrs. Hurley Miller, Miss Minnie Shaffer, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Warsaw, Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Kidder, Mr. and Mrs. Victor Kelley, Mr nd Mrs. Elmer Martin, Miss Edna Beckman, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Kelley, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Ridder, Mrs. Wm. Smith, Messrs. David, Scott, Charles and Lee Ridder, Miss Laura Ridder, Ione Kelley, Regis Kelley, John Pratt, Miles Paugh, and quite a large number of children. All departed for their homes at midnight, wishing Mrs. Ridder many more such pleasant surprises. Splendid music was furnished throughout the evening by Mrs. Hurley Miller, Miss Edith Kelley and Miss Beckman.

ONE OF THE GUESTS.

SEEDING WITHOUT A NURSE CROP URGED

Results From Seeding Timothy Alone Indicate Improved Quality And Larger Hay Yields.

NICKOLAS SCHMITZ
Maryland Agricultural Experiment Station.

Where the old way of seeding timothy does not give satisfactory results the only remedy is sowing the timothy, or timothy and clover, alone in early fall, not with a grain crop. The plan is to seed the wheat without the timothy in the fall and the clover in the spring; then, as soon as possible after harvest the stubble should be plowed down and a very firm, finely-pulverized seedbed prepared. This, to be sure, will involve an extra plowing and preparing of the seedbed, but the increased yield and quality of hay more than pays for the extra labor. A full crop will be ready for cutting the next June or July, which will be the same time as if it had been seeded with the wheat, the stubble of which was plowed down. Timothy may also follow such crops as early potatoes, early tomatoes, cowpeas cut for hay, etc.

Method Of Seeding Alone.

If fertilizer is sown with the grass, then seeding with the grain drill as when sowing with wheat in the fall, is by far the most economical way of seeding. But the chances for getting a perfect stand are greatly increased if the seed is dropped behind the hoes and a light harrow or weeder run over the field for covering. On soils not subject to much washing or baking after heavy rains, the seed may be dropped in front of the hoes and a roller run over the field to assist in covering. This firms the soil around the seed and brings the moisture to the surface, which adds greatly to the chances of getting a good stand.

Where fertilizer is not sown with the grass the seeding can be done more quickly with a wheel-barrow seeder, covering with a spike-tooth harrow or weeder, and, wherever conditions permit, following with the roller.

Rate Of Seeding.

Except under the most favorable soil conditions, it is advisable to mix in a little redtop. This is especially true on sandy, poor, or wet land, because redtop will grow where timothy will not; care, however, must be taken not to use too much redtop, lest it crowd out the timothy and decrease the market value of the hay.

When sowing timothy alone, 15 pounds or more per acre should be used; when sowing with redtop, 12 pounds of timothy and 2 or 3 pounds of redtop (recleaned seed) should be used. When seeded with red clover, 10 pounds of timothy and 6 to 8 pounds of red clover is sufficient. If red clover has not been succeeding well, 4 to 6 pounds of alsike clover should be substituted for the red clover.

On fairly fertile, well-limed soil, it is a good plan to cut down the red or alsike clover to about half the given rate and add 4 to 8 pounds of alfalfa. There is no better way than this of inoculating the land for alfalfa.

When the land is known to be inoculated, alfalfa may be substituted entirely for the clover, using 15 pounds per acre. In this case the first cutting in the spring will be timothy and alfalfa, and after this two medium-sized crops of alfalfa may be secured in a favorable season. A good all-around mixture for heavy seeding is:

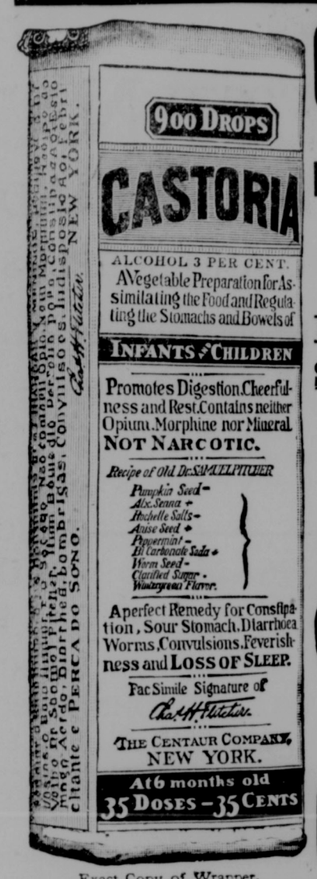
Timothy	8 lbs.
Redtop	2 lbs.
Red Clover	6 lbs.
(or Alsike Clover, 4 lbs.)	
Alfalfa	4 lbs.

Alfalfa Not An Expensive Crop To Start.

It is true, however, that even a short-lived field of alfalfa pays better when properly handled, than a field in any other hay crop. The average yield being 3 to 4 tons per acre and 5 to 6 tons are not infrequent. The feeding value is practically equal to that of bran.

The most common mistake made is the enormous expense incurred in getting land ready for alfalfa. If there was an assurance of getting a field lasting 10 or 15 years this would be justified, but the chances of getting such a long-lived field are not great enough to justify extraordinary high expenditures. Moreover, this is not necessary. Outside of a little extra cost of seed the expense of starting a field of alfalfa need not be much beyond that of seeding a field of ordinary clover and timothy in the fall by themselves—not with wheat.

On a well managed farm it would be a simple matter to leave out the timothy in seeding wheat and seed to alfalfa the next fall after the land has been well prepared, well limed, and inoculated. It is an equally simple matter to follow alfalfa after early potatoes. To charge the expense of liming against alfalfa is not altogether fair. Every farm needs an application of lime every few years. Then why not lime the field about the time it is ready to be seeded to alfalfa. The extra expense of inoculating can be eliminated by seeding with clover, 4 or 5 pounds of alfalfa per acre. This will bring forth enough alfalfa plants over the field to inoculate the land in a year or two.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

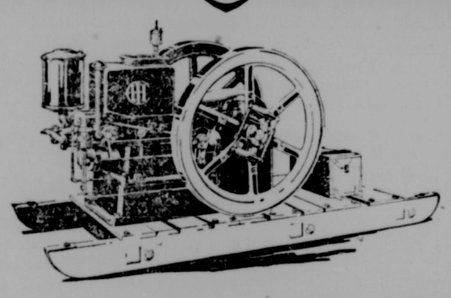
THE CITY'S BEST

MEAT MARKET

IN THE EMPIRE BUILDING.

Choice Steak, Boiling Meat, and all other kinds of meat. Highest cash price paid for Poultry and Eggs; also cash paid for Hides and Skins.

H. L. MILLER



Are You Wasting The Price Of a Titan Engine?

TITAN engines run on kerosene.

Average cost of gasoline so far this year, 16.9 cents per gallon.

Average cost of kerosene 7.7 cents per gallon.

Gasoline costs over 100 per cent more than kerosene. Gasoline is going up steadily. Kerosene is not.

At present fuel prices **Titan** engines, using kerosene, save their owners about 1.1 cents per horse power per hour.

Are you running a gasoline engine? What horse power is it? Figure what you'd be saving if you had a **Titan** kerosene engine. Rather surprising, isn't it? How long would it take that saving to pay for a **Titan** engine of the same size?

International Harvester Company of America
(Incorporated)

Titan kerosene engines are sold by

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.,
OAKLAND, MD.

HAVE YOU HEARD THE

Aeolian Vocalion?

Come in and let us play your favorite selection on this wonderful new Phonograph

A full line of Columbia Records

Aeolian Vocalions sold on monthly payments.

STURGISS' PHARMACY

Representing Morrison Music Co., Cumberland.

No Words Ever Placed in The English Language Can Adequately Express The Importance Of This To You !

Read On and On--It's Worth Your While

Every Word as Good as Gold. Every Minute You Spend Reading This Means Dollars In CASH To YOU

FREE EXCURSIONS ON ALL RAILROADS

We pay your Car or Railroad Fare on any line that reaches Cumberland for a distance of 50 miles with a purchase of $20.00 or over. L. KLINE

JULY CLEARANCE SALE

MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT

Parcel Post or express Paid on all orders amounting to $3 or over. With order send check, Registered Letter or Money Order. Signed, L. KLINE.

COMPULSORY EXTERMINATION OF AN ENTIRE MERCANTILE ESTABLISHMENT In The CITY Of CUMBERLAND

Forced to make a clean, clear, absolute Sweep of the Entire Stock involved, must be turned into cash regardless of consequences. Complete annihilation of every article—every piece of Merchandise in the building. All to be put up before the public at any price it will bring without reserve.

Ten Days Sale of the Entire Store. OPENING DAY:

Wednesday, July 26, 8.30 a.m. Sharp

It's hard luck. Entire Stock doomed to be sold out as quickly as possible. We must clean up! We are going to sell the whole store. We are going to give the people of Maryland values of their lives. Everything will be put on sale for your unrestricted choice. This is positively and absolutely the greatest merchandise disaster that the people of this section of the land ever dreamed of. It is truly impossible to convey any idea of the ruthless sacrifice of the entire stock. One thing in short—we are compelled for business reasons to unload—wipo off the premises every semblance of the present stock. All must be converted into cash as quickly as possible. Come and bring your friends, neighbors and relatives. As long as you live you'll never have such a chance again to buy seasonabe Merchandise at such little prices.

PRICES ON THIS PAGE GUARANTEED GOOD FOR TEN DAYS ONLY

Just arrived 100 samples of Ladies New Plush Coats. Regular value 25.00 to 50.00. Will be placed on special sale to be sold for 18.95 to **$29.95**

All children's spring coats to be sold at HALF PRICE.

Children's Dresses, white and colors. On sale now at 49 cents to **$1.95**

Good strong Suit Cases with good combination locks, this sale **95c**

One lot of Children's good quality Hose. Black and colors on sale **7c**

Ladies Hair Switches, all shades. Value $3.00 to $6.00. On sale now $1.49 to **$2.98**

Good quality Boy's Union Suits. All sizes, only **23c**

Children's and Misses White Shoes and slippers, on sale now **$98c**

15c Ladies Gauze Vests on sale now **7c**

150 Pair of Ladies pink, blue and white dancing slippers. On sale now **95c**

Boys Shoes and Oxfords, value $1.75 to $4.00. On sale now $1.29 to **$2.49**

Good quality Boys Wash Suits, this sale only **47c**

Good quality Rompers, 75c value, this sale only **39c**

Good Quality Dressing Sacques. On sale now **29c**

Ladies White High Top Boots, $3.00 and $4.00 value. While they last only **$1.98**

One lot of Ladies Shoes and Oxfords, broken sizes, one and two pair of a kind. Value $2 to $3. On sale **98c**

$5.00 and $6.00 Ladies high top boots this sale only $2.95 and **$3.95**

$2.50 and $3.00 Ladies Shoes, Oxfords and Pumps. On sale only **$1.69**

$3.50 and $4.00 Ladies shoes, oxfords and pumps. on sale only 1.98 and **$2.49**

Misses and Children's good quality, shoes and oxfords, on sale now **98c**

Ladie's Hats. Entire stock of Ladies hats, sold up to $5.00. Your choice of any hat in the store **98c**

Ladie's and Misse's new felt hats, just arrived. All the latest colors and shapes. On sale now $1.49 to **$2.95**

All Children's Hats, your choice **49c**

Ladies Waists, good quality, this sale only **49c**

Ladies extra fine Waists, this sale **95c**

Men's extra fine dress suits. Made of finest worsted. Value up to $22 **$12.65**

Ladies good quality petticoats white and colors, on sale only **49c**

Ladies long Kimonas, good quality, this sale **79c**

Ladies and Misses silk sweaters, the newest shades and styels. Regular value 7.50 to 12.50, now 3.95 to **$7.95**

Lot No. 4. Over 400 Ladies and Misses Tailor Made suits. Value up to 15.00. Your choice of any suit in the lot **$4.98**

Ladies evening dresses. All the newest and latest styles and colors 25.00 values. This sale 6.95 to **$9.95**

Ladies and Misses Sport Coats, sold up to 8.00. This sale only **$3.95**

Ladies and Misses Sport Coats. Sold up to 12.50. This sale only **$6.95**

Ladies and Misses white Chinchilla Coats. Value from 7.50 to 15.00. At this sale only 3.95 to **$6.95**

$8.00 and 10.00 Ladies and Misses Silk Poplin dresses. All colors, this sale **$4.95**

Ladies and Misses Corduroy Sport Coats. Sold up to 7.00, this sale **$2.49**

Lot No. 5. Over 200 Ladies and Misses Skirts, mostly dark colors. Values up to 5.00. On sale while they last **$1.39**

Lot No. 6. One lot of Ladies and Misses Spring Suits. All the newest styles. Values up to 25.00 to sell at once **$9.95**

Ladies New Style skirts $3.50 and $4.00. Values in this sale only **$1.98**

$4.00 Mens dress pants. On sale now **$2.95**

Ladies new style Skirts. All the latest stripes checks and plain whites. Sold up to $2.00 at this sale only **99c**

Ladies and Misses $5 and $6.00 new style skirts, at this sale only **$2.98**

Ladies and Misses New style Skirts. Value up to $8.00 at this sale only **$4.98**

Men's good quality palm beach suits. At this sale only **$4.95**

Lot. No. 1. Over 200 Ladies skirts. All colors and sizes, sold up to $2. While they last at this sale only **49c**

Ladies and Men's Raincoats. Values up to $5. At this sale **$1.95**

Lot No. 2. Over 300 Ladies and Misses dresses. White embroidered and colors. Slightly soiled. Regular value $3 to $6. Your choice any dress in the lot only **98c**

Lot No. 3. One lot of Ladies silk and serge dresses sold up to $10 Regular value, at this sale, while they last **$2.95**

MEN'S SHOES AND OXFORDS

$3.00 Shoes and Oxfords. At this sale only **$1.79**

$3.50 Shoes and Oxfords, at this sale only **$2.49**

$4.00 Shoes and Oxfords, at this sale **$2.95**

$5 and $6 Shoes and Oxfords at this sale **$3.49**

Ladies and Men's Auto Dusters $3.00 value. At this sale only **$1.39**

$1.00 Men's B. V. D. Union Suits. At this sale **79c**

Men's good quality sport shirt. All the newest colors. At this sale **47c**

One lot of Men's Oxfords. Broken sizes. Value up to $4. This sale **$1.95**

Men's Porisknit Union Suits, good quality, all sizes up to 46. On sale **47c**

Men's dress pants, $2.50 value at this sale **$1.69**

Men's dress pants, $3.00 value, on sale **$1.98**

Men's extra good work pants $1.50 and $2.00 value on this sale only **98c**

Boys suits $3.50 and $4.00 value Size 6 to 17, this sale only **$1.95**

$4 Men's dress pants. On sale only **$2.95**

$5 Men's extra fine dress pants. On sale **$3.49**

Men's felt hats. Value up to 2.00. On sale only **95c**

$4 and $5 Boys Norfolk suits. All colors **$2.95**

$7 and $8 Boys fine worsted suits. Made in the latest styles at this sale **$4.95**

Men's shirts with attached soft colars on sale **37c**

Men's fine dress shirts, good quality. On sale **48c**

Men's single coats, heavy and light summer weight. $3 to $4 quality, on sale **$1.49**

Young Men's suits $7 and $8 quality on sale **$3.95**

$10.00 Men's business suits. On sale **$5.95**

12.50 Men's and Young Men's fine dress suits. On this sale **$7.95**

15.00 Men's up-to-date suits. On sale **$9.95**

Ladies $3 and $4 Waists, on sale **$1.95**

75c and $1.00 Men's Summer union suits good quality **47c**

39c quality Men's Summer underwear Shirts and Drawers, on sale only **19c**

39c Men's good work shirts. On this sale **19c**

15c Men's half hose, all colors, heavy and light weight. On sale only. **7c**

10c Men's good quality handkerchiefs. On this sale **3c**

69c Men's good quality shirts, on this sale only **47c**

We want you to bear in mind that Kline's Underselling Store is the only store in Cumberland and for miles around that helps you reduce the high cost of living. Anything and everything in wearing apparel for every member of the family. ALSO bear in mind that times are good. As there is plenty of money in this country. But MERCHANDISE is scarce. Our advice to all—Come Early and buy for present and future needs.

KLINE'S UNDERSELLING STORE

7-9-11-13 Baltimore Street, Cumberland, Md.

Originators of Low Prices in Cumberland. Popularly Known as the Cheapest Place in Town.

MOUNTAIN LAKE PARK.

Mountain Lake Park is to have a "Summer Camp for Girls." Mrs. John R. Abernathy and a friend, of Baltimore, were here Saturday seeking a site for a summer camp for the girls connected with two of the girls schools of Baltimore. She inspected several sites in the Park and finally selected a site above Crystal Spring. There will be 15 or 20 tents pitched, with floors, four girls will occupy a tent. Cooking and dining tents will be on the ground. Teachers will accompany the girls. They will camp out for eight weeks. At least 50 young ladies will compose the camp of 1917. The camp will be named after some Indian tribe who roamed through Garrett county. Any one knowing the name of an Indian tribe of Garrett county will please send name to Superintendent Rudisill, at the Park. The locating of this camp in the Park means a large demand for country produce which will be purchased from near by farmers. It also means that many parents will spend their week-end here.

There is talk about organizing a preachers camp providing for 14 days outing, with tent life and out door sports. The matter is under discussion. Such a camp is conducted in Canada, and one in the mountains beyond Elkins, Maryland, West Virginia and Ohio preachers are back of this movement.

Campers go to the woods and mountains of Maine, why not here? No better atmosphere, water, or scenery. All that is needed is that we get busy and go after this kind of business. It means money for the farmers, and an extensive advertisement of Garrett county. Surely, Garrett county abounds in delightful camping places.

There is a brainy Methodist preacher down at Clarksburg, W. Va., named Dr. King. He is full of wit and humor, a splendid speaker, the kind who interests his audience and makes them forget everything else but the theme under consideration. He has a lecture entitled, "Why the Devil is a Methodist?" Those who have heard Mr. King deliver this lecture pronounce it "great." "An hour of splendid wit and humor." "Brim full of interest from beginning to ending." Dr. King will deliver this lecture in the tabernacle on August 2d, next at 7:30 p. m. Admission 25 cents. Every Methodist as well as every member of any church and those not members of any church ought to hear this lecture. It will be a rich treat. A most enjoyable occasion. Remember the date next Wednesday evening at the tabernacle at Mountain Lake Park.

The hotels and boarding houses are filling up. Some of them are using outside rooms for sleeping guests. Nearly a dozen cottages have been opened the past week.

The Epworth League Institute opens on August 3d and will be in session for one week. It is a rally of the Methodist young people. A good time is anticipated. There will be hikes, base ball, lawn tennis, bowling, boating, bathing, as well as lectures, classes and singing. Everybody invited. Next Thursday at 7 p. m. Social stunts. 8 p. m. a platform meeting. Sunday, August 6, will be one of the Great Days of the season. One of the speakers will be Dr. Samuel J. McWatters, subject, "The Drama of St. Paul." A great subject by a great man. Don't miss this remarkable, thrilling lecture. It will be a treat of your life time. It is expected that Bishop Anderson will be one of the preachers.

Next Saturday is Civic Club Day. That means a day full of pleasure and enjoyment, hours and hours of delight, bowling contests, tennis and boating. At night most delightful movies, "Rags," by Mary Pickford. Something extraordinary fine. It will draw a full house.

The B. & O. has a large force of men at work, east of the Park station, putting up a telegraph tower, changing switches, erecting a coal shute, etc. The tower at Deer Park and this place will be closed up and the work done at the new tower, saving the expense of three telegraph operators, and removing the smoke of helper engines, as well as the noise, from the Deer Park Hotel grounds. The diners will be taken on at the new tower, as it will be the entrance point to the third track. The location is about half a mile east of the Park.

Professor Harry, of the University of Cincinnati, with his wife and daughter have rooms at the home of Mrs. L. A. Rudisill. They are here for the summer.

Harvey Cuppett, of Terra Alta, has been the guest of his sister, Mrs. J. H. Enlow, at The Roslyn.

Attorney Thraves, one of the leading attorneys of Oklahoma, is a guest of "The Braethorn."

An adjourned meeting of the Community of Mountain Lake Park will be held in the Assembly Hall at 10 a. m. Tuesday August 8. The question of better roads in the Park will be discussed.

Through the influence of President Hamill several car loads of cinders are being placed on the streets of the Park. Constable Callis is superintending the work.

Every Sunday next month will be a red letter day in the history of the Park. Able ministers will supply the pulpit. Good music. Tell your neighbors about it.

The Deaconness home has rented Mrs. Sincell's cottage, to accommodate additional guests. The Allegany House has 40 guests, the Braethorn 25, Mrs. Schrock 24, Allenhurst 30.

Judge Haymond and son are guests of the Elberon. Every room in this house is occupied.

Mr. Ed. W. Westwood, the new director of the Association board, is making a very favorable impression upon the visitors and property owners of the Park. He is planning for a prosperous Mountain Lake Park. There is something doing in this direction even now. The Park seems to have taken new life and everybody, except the chronic grumblers, are quite hopeful over the outlook. Mr. Westwood is trying to book Mr. Sunday for a few days this summer. May he succeed.

At the Old Auditorium Saturday night the Civic Club will present in moving pictures one of the finest shows ever witnessed at the Park, the leading role being taken by Mary Pickford, America's prima donna of the movie stage. She will appear in "Rags," which made a great hit in all the larger centres. Music will be furnished by a stringed orchestra and to this entertainment all are cordially invited, especially the people of Oakland. The work of the Civic Club of the Park is one of great scope and through its endeavors the Park has been greatly beautified and improved and these improvements are still going on and being planned for the future.

Miss Ruth Rudisill returned to the Womans' Hospital last Saturday, stopping off in Washington to visit friends.

Every room in the Assembly House will be occupied during the week of the Mission School by young ladies from Cleveland, Ohio.

Two or three games of base ball next week, between Baltimore and Washington Epworth League teams.

The Cumberland News of last Tuesday had a fake story about a girl being brought to Mountain Lake Park for evil purposes. The girl telling the story was insane and had been an inmate of the asylum at Sykesville.

The Bible Institute conducted the past two weeks by Prof. Shaw and Dr. Mantle, is to be made a permanent thing at the Park. The time will be extended and possibly three weeks or a month given to the work. They are great teachers and splendid preachers. They have done most excellent work the past fortnight.

UNDERWOOD

I have not seen any items from this place for some time, so will pen a few.

Getting married is the order of the day.

Miss Merle Browning, of Clarksburg, W. Va., is visiting her father, Mr. John S. Browning at this place.

Every one present voted the party at L. S. Nine's a success.

Mrs. Maude White was a Sunday visitor at Mrs. Lohr's.

Misses Merle and Mattie Browning were week-end visitors at Cranesville.

Misses Oma and Dessie Lohr were callers at L. S. Nine's Saturday night.

Mrs. C. F. Glotfelty was a Sunday visitor at I. G. Kitzmiller's.

Ava Buncutter was calling on the Misses Nicholson recently.

Mr. Ami Forman spent Sunday with his son at Crellin.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam Barkman are rejoicing over the arrival of a girl.

Misses Myrtle and Helen White were calling on the Misses Thayer Sunday.

Clarence Fulk spent Monday evening with Hervey Forman.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Barkman were recent visitors at D. T. Thayer's.

There will be an all day meeting at this place Sunday August 6th. Everybody is welcome.

Mr. and Mrs. Russel Beckman and son were Sunday visitors at Sam Barkman's.

Mrs. Will Ewin, of Thomas, W. Va., is visiting her parents at this place.

Mrs. R. J. Nicholson is making an extended visit with her daughter Mrs. Rae Browning, in Akron, Ohio.

GREAT things, as has often been remarked, hangs upon trifles. If it had not been for the delay of a vessel, during which time the urgings of his mother changed his purpose, George Washington would have joined the British Navy. A dove and a spider saved Mohammed from capture when, on his flight from Mecca to Medina, he and his companions had to take refuge in a cave. The spider sealed the entrance with its web; the setting dove was other proof to the pursuers that the cave was unoccupied. A prosaic trifle like spark plugs did the business for Lieutenant Marchal in his flight over Berlin.

It was the failure of the spark plugs which stopped me and I descended to change two of the plugs and to start the motor again. Unfortunately it would have been necessary to change two more plugs, and at this moment I was taken prisoner. You may judge my chagrin.

So it goes. One never knows how the best-laid plans will be furthered or wrecked by inconsiderate trifles.

AUCTION SALE

OF TWO VALUABLE **5 Acre** TRACTS OF LAND

IN OAKLAND

Friday, August 11, 10 A. M.

Sale to take place in front of the First National Bank promptly at 10 A. M.

LOCATION OF THESE VALUABLE TRACTS:

The tracts adjoin the lands of Louis Bush and front the road leading from Oakland to Sang Run and are opposite the old Bradley Farm Home place now owned by J. W. Traver.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash or bankable note.

DIXIE REALTY COMPANY.

WITH THE PARAGRAPHERS.

We are suffering from the hot weather, but the crops are not—Philadelphia Press.

The Crown Prince to Verdun: "Just awearvin' for you."—Philadelphia Inquirer.

The navy's "best anti-aircraft gun in the world" might be tried out on the gas bag Josephus.—New York Evening Sun.

There is but one reply for the pest who asks: "Is it hot enough for you?" Just tell him to go to—Mexico.—Louisville Times.

A Money Saving Chance For You.

Get rid of your old scrap iron, old rags, old gum shoes, copper and brass. We are paying best cash prices for same.

25c per hundred for iron; 50c per hundred for rags; 5c per lb. for rubber; from 5c to 10c per lb. for copper and brass.

We are located at the old Hamill house, opposite the electric light plant, Oakland, Md.

A. G. TARLO, Proprietor.

Adv. 16-5 months

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Testamentary on the estate of

MINNIE SMITH

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 29th day of December 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 29th day of June 1916.

WALTER D. SMITH,
Executor,
Hazelton, W. Va.

For Sale

On The Monthly Payment Plan

Pay Like Rent

You can buy the 3 room cottage, equipped with city water, sewer, inside toilet and gas, on the lot fronting 50 feet on Bartlett St. by 100 ft. deep, on the monthly payment plan on the same terms and conditions as thousands of homes are being secured every year through the Building and Loan Associations.

Or the 7-room house, with cellar, gas, city water, sewer, bath etc. on the lot 100 by 100 ft. at the corner of Center and Bartlett Sts.

If not sold these houses are for rent on very reasonable terms.

For particulars see
Paul B. Naylor or write to
U. G. Palmer, Verona, Pa.

The Maryland State College Of Agriculture

Gives special courses in—
AGRICULTURE, ANIMAL HUSBANDRY, DAIRYING POULTRY HUSBANDRY, FRUIT GROWING, MARKET GARDENING, FLORICULTURE, CANNING, CHEMISTRY BIOLOGY, RURAL, CIVIL, MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING.

Military Training
College Expenses $90—Living Expenses $190
4 year, 2 year, 10 week and CORRESPONDENCE COURSES—
FALL TERM Begins September 12th.
For Full Information address—
THE REGISTAR, COLLEGE PARK, MD.
Adv. 22-6t

Commissioners Meeting.

Office of the County Commissioners for Garrett county, Oakland, Md., July 20th, 1916.

The Board of County Commissioners for Garrett County, Maryland, will meet in their office in the town of Oakland, on

Monday, August 7th, 1916,

to transact routine business.
By order of the Board.
W. G. MEYERS, Clerk.

MORTGAEE'S SALE

OF A VALUABLE

Lot of Ground

Situate near Deer Park, Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage from Bruce T. Browning (widower) dated the 5th day of June, 1915, and which mortgage is duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 69, folio 177 etc, one of the Mortgage Records of Garrett county, Maryland, default having occurred under the terms and provisions contained in said mortgage, I, Stuart F. Hamill, the attorney named in said mortgage, will on

SATURDAY

the 19th day of August, 1916

in front of the Court House in the town of Oakland, Maryland, offer at public auction, at the hour of two-thirty o'clock p. m., of said day, to the highest bidder, all of the following real estate in fee simple, and all the following life estate in and to—

1st. All that lot, piece or parcel of land containing the quantity of thirty-one acres and 145 perches and being a part of the "Armstead Farm," which was conveyed to the said Bruce T. Browning by deed from Jonas E. Harvey et. ux., dated the 5th day of June, 1915, and which deed is duly recorded among the Land Records of Garrett county.

2nd. All his life interest and estate in and to all that lot of ground containing the quantity of eighty and three-fourths acres of land, and being the same lot of ground which was conveyed to the said Bruce T. Browning and Mary M. Browning, his wife, by deed from Howard W. Smouse et. ux., dated the 12th day of April, 1907, and which deed is duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 54, folio 428 etc, one of the Land Records of Garrett county.

Said property is improved by a newly painted dwelling house and one of the best barns in Garrett county, and is located about one mile east from the State Road leading from Oakland to Grantsville.

TERMS OF SALE:—Cash on the day of sale or the ratification of the same by the court, but if some responsible person wishes to purchase said farm they can do so by paying one-third cash on the day of sale and the balance to be divided into two equal payments to be secured by the notes and mortgage of the purchaser on said property, and payable in one and two years from date of sale with interest.

STUART F. HAMILL,
Attorney named in said Mortgage.

Farm for Sale

Containing two hundred and seventy-six acres. About 175 acres cleared and in good cultivation and the balance in timber.

Located twelve miles west of Lonaconing in Garrett county in the Fairview settlement. With seven or eight never failing springs on it. One dwelling house containing seven rooms and a good cellar; bank barn 40 x 60 feet and all other necessary outbuildings.

Good apple orchard of about 200 bearing trees and all other kinds of fruits.

If not sold prior to January 1st, 1917, the property will be for rent.

For any other information call on or address the undersigned.

JONAS WEITZELL,
Lonaconing, Md.

For Sale.

I offer for sale the property known as the Swanton Mill, located at Swanton, Garrett county. The mill is fully equipped to do a general milling business, the machinery consisting of boiler and engine, 1 stand of 7 x 18 rolls with bolting outfit for same, scourers, shucker, etc.; 1 French Burr, cracked corn seive, also table meal bolts, emery rig. This property will be sold at a reasonable figure. Building 46 x 60 feet. If interested address.

W. H. OSS,
18-4t Swanton, Md.

WILLIAM M. SOMERVILLE, Solicitor
Cumberland, Maryland.

Mortgagee's Sale

OF VALUABLE

Coal Lands

Together with Houses and Equipment of Operating Coal Company, the Property of Waitman Smokeless Coal Company at Steyer, Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage from the Waitman Smokeless Coal Company, a corporation, to the Coudersport Trust Company of Coudersport, Pa., dated the first day of May, 1916, and recorded among the mortgage records of Garrett County, Maryland, in liber No. 67, folio No. 352, etc., there being default in the covenants and conditions of said mortgage, the undersigned mortgagee will sell to the highest bidder at public auction in front of the Court House in Oakland, Garrett County, Maryland, on

WEDNESDAY,

The 2nd Day of August, 1916

at two o'clock P. M., all the following described property:

All coal and surface rights of the following parcels of land situated in District No. 8 of Garrett County, Maryland.

(1) Four small parcels of land comprising together nine acres, together with all the buildings and improvements thereon, including eleven tenement houses, more or less, and a large store building.

(2) All the coal in place including all those four tracts of land adjoining the above mentioned parcels of land containing 480 acres, more or less.

(3) All those parcels or tracts of land described in lease from the Bayard Coal & Coke Company to the Waitman Smokeless Coal Company, containing 493 acres more or less.

All of said tracts of land containg in the aggregate about 982 acres of coal, nearly all of which is include with the six feet and four feet veins of coal of quality and condition usually found in the Upper Potomac Region.

Reference is hereby made to the mortgage above mentioned and the several deeds therein mentioned for a more particular description of this property by metes and bounds. Also for reservations of several small parcels of coal which are reserved to original owners in said deeds, but which do not materially effect the value of said property.

(4) Also the following personal property: 65 one-ton 26 inch gauge mine cars, more or less, 23 tons of steel rails, more or less, one set Fairbanks Scales, one set Blacksmith's tools, one lot of mining tools, two boilers, with pumps, one engine, and all appliances and appurtenances thereto, all tram ways, hoists, mine props, and all other tools, buildings, structures, appliances and equipment for operating the said coal mines and mining plant, together with all the rights of ways of every kind and nature, including said tracts and switches, and all the houses, residences and buildings, tipple dumps, etc., now erected upon the said above described premises.

The mining plant has recently been repaired and put into good condition for the mining and shipment of coal, and is now an actual working proposition. Inspection of the property by prospective purchasers is invited.

Purchaser can be given immediate possession upon ratification of the sale by the Court.

TERMS:—A deposit of $2000.00 on the day of the sale, and the balance in cash upon ratification of the sale by the Court.

Coudersport Trust Company,
WM. M. SOMERVILLE,
Solicitor.

Mortgagee's Sale

OF A

House and Lot

in the Town of Friendsville, Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage from William Frederick, Jr., and wife, to the Trustees of Hiawatha Lodge No. 416, I. O. O. F., Addison, Pa., and assigned to the undersigned for the purpose of foreclosure, default having been made in the provisions of said mortgage, he will on

SATURDAY,

the 29th day of July, 1916,

at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M., of said day in front of the Court House in the town of Oakland, offer at public auction to the highest bidder, all of that house and premises, situated in the town of Friendsville, Garrett county, containing 4356 square feet, it being the same property as described in a deed from William Frederick and wife, to Frederick Haney by deed dated the 7th day of June, 1901, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 47, folio 285, etc., one of the Land Records of Garrett county, especial reference being made to said deed for a more particular description, and being designated as Lot No. 1 of Steele's Plat of the town of Friendsville.

Said lot is improved by a very good dwelling house and outbuildings.

TERMS OF SALE: One-third of the purchase price required on the day of sale, and the balance in nine and eighteen months of equal proportions, the deferred payments to be secured by the notes of the purchaser, with security satisfactory to the undersigned and to bear interest from the day of sale; or all of the purchase price may be paid down upon the ratification of the sale by the Court, when a deed will be made to the purchaser, and possession will be given of the property upon the ratification of the sale by the court.

For particulars apply to,

GILMOR S. HAMILL,
Assignee of said Mortgage for the purpose of foreclosure.

Notice to Trespassers

Notice is hereby given to all persons not to trespass upon the lands of the undersigned for any purpose whatever under the severest penalty of the law; and all cattle found within the bounds of the lands will be impounded.

JONAS KNOX, Agent.
for J. J. Nicola.
3 times. paid.

For Sale.

Crooks Crest, comprising about twenty acres, improved by handsome house. Apply to the owner or any real estate agent. Mrs. E. Fundenberg, Oakland, Md. Adv. 12-tf

The man Who Makes

A STUDY OF HIS

APPEARANCE

Is the man who best appreciates the detail of the tailoring we turn out The workmanship passes without a question, the fit is naturally a matter of course, but the shape we mould into the garments give them a character that finishes them off and makes the satisfaction of the owner complete.

All this is a bid for your next tailoring order. We know we can make you the best clothes you ever wore We want you to know it. That order s the best and only sure way to settle he question.

JAMES BROCK,
Dixon Building.
Oakland, Maryland.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, either in person or by deputy, will be in each of the Election Districts in Garrett County, Maryland, to collect and receive taxes at the time and places following:

July 10. McHenry, Brenneman's Store, 10 a. m. to 12 m.
July 10. Sang Run, Postoffice, 3 p. m. to 9 p. m.
July 11. Hoyes, Smith's Store, 9 a. m. to 12 m.
July 11. Friendsville, Crawford Hotel, 3 to 9 p. m.
July 12. Friendsville, Crawford Hotel, 8 to 11 a. m.
July 12. Selbysport, Postoffice, 1 to 4 p. m.
July 13. Cove, Brown's Store 8 a. m. to 12 m.
July 13. Keyser's Ridge, Shearman's Store, 3 to 4 p. m.
July 14. Grantsville, National Hotel 8 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 15. Accident, Gies's Hotel, 8 a. m. to 2 p. m.
July 17. North Glade, Theo. Beckman's 10 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 18. Bittinger, Jonas Bittinger's, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 19. Bittinger, Jonas Bittinger's, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 20. Jennings, Jenning's Hotel, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 20. New Germany, Postoffice, 2. p. m. to 4 p. m.
July 21. Scott Layman's, 8 a. m. to 12 m.
July 21. Thomas J. Johnson's, 2 p. m. to 4 p. m.
July 21. Finzell, Werner's Store, 6 p. m. to 8 p. m.
July 22. Finzell, Werner's Store, 9 a. m. to 12 m.
July 24. Avilton, O. S. Fike's, 9 a. m. to 12 m.
July 24. Stricklands, 4 p. m. to 8 p. m.
July 25. Merrill, Postoffice, 9 a. m. to 12 m.
July 26. Swanton, Swanton Hotel, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 27. Bloomington, Cleary Hotel, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 28. Bloomington, Cleary Hotel, 6 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 28. Deer Park, Squire Hoye's, 9. a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 31. Kitzmiller, Bank Building, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
August 1. Kitzmiller, Bank Building 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
August 2. Gorman, Duling's Mill, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
August 3. Red House 9 a. m. to 2 p. m.
August 4. Crellin, Company's Store 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
August 5. Ottaway, Connell's Store 10 a. m. to 4 p. m.

By an Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed at the January Session, 1888, being Chapter 506, Section 45, it is provided that all county taxes shall be due and payable on the first day of September next succeeding the date of levy thereof; and all taxes paid on or before the first day of September a discount of three per cent. shall be allowed; and after the first day of January all taxes shall bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum until paid. The Treasurer shall take the discount from and charge interest on the bills for county purposes regularly in the manner aforesaid and shall note the same upon his books and upon the receipt for taxes so paid, but the discount allowed on the county taxes by this section shall not be made to any person or corporate institution unless the whole amount of state and county taxes due by such person or corporate institution for the current year be paid when the same is made.

J. W. KIMMEL
Treasurer of Garrett County, Maryland.

SHERIFF'S SALE

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate

Near Selbysport, Garrett County

Under and by virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of the Circuit Court for Garrett county at the suit of W. T. Fike, vs. U. G. Savage, being No. 16 Judicials, June Term, 1916, on the docket of said Court, I, Albert Ashby, Sheriff, did levy upon and take into execution all of the title and interest of the following parcel of land, situated in Selbysport District, Garrett county, as follows:

1. All that piece of land as described in a deed from Lemuel Savage and wife to U. G. Savage, dated the 24th day of March, 1892, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 19, folio 376, containing 67 acres more or less.

2 All that other piece of land, conveyed by Jonas Frazee and wife to U. G. Savage, which is recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 19, folio 415, containing fifty acres. Said deed is dated the 6th day of April, 1892.

3. All those two pieces of land, conveyed by L. D. Hoff and wife to U. G. Savage, dated November 28th, 1901, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 40, folio 199, etc., containing 19 acres.

4. All that other piece of land conveyed by Franklin Humberson and wife to U. G. Savage dated the 4th day of June, 1902, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 42, folio 69, etc., containing three acres and 143 perches.

5. All that certain parcel of land conveyed by Marv Stewart et al., to U. G. Savage, by deed dated November 22nd, 1904, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 47, folio, 543, etc., containing 100 acres. The above being duly recorded among the Land Records of Garrett county, especial reference being made to said record and said deeds for a more particular description of said several parcels of land. Said several parcels constitute one body of land and one farm.

And I hereby give notice that on

SATURDAY,

the 5th day of August, 1916,

in front of the Court house in the town of Oakland at the hour of two o'clock P. M. of said day, I will sell the aforsaid parcels of land at public auction to the highest bidder to satisfy the aforesaid execution and costs; but said lands will be sold subject to a mortgage given by U. G. Savage and wife, to Franklin T. Fike, dated the 7th day of May, 1910, for the sum of $1100.00, with some accured interest thereon, which is recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 60, folio 216, etc. of the Mortgage Records of Garrett county.

TERMS OF SALE.—Cash on the day of sale. For further particulars apply to Albert Ashby, Sheriff of Garrett County.

ALBERT ASHBY,
Sheriff of Garrett County.

FOR SALE—A lot of good second hand brick, $7.50 per thousand while they last. A. D. NAYLOR. Adv. 20-3t

THE REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME 41. OAKLAND, MARYLAND THURSDAY, AUGUST 3, 1916. NUMBER 22

SNAKE IN KITCHEN BITES FRANK BYRD

Telegraph Operator at Pinto Saves Self By Novel Treatment.

The following will be read with interest by the many friends of Mr. Frank Byrd, formerly of Oakland, and son of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Byrd. For a number of years past Mr. Byrd has been telegraph operator at Pinto, a station on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad a few miles west of Cumberland. His experience was a harrowing one and he is to be congratulated upon his narrow escape from a horrible death. The subjoined account of the incident was taken from Monday's issue of the Cumberland News:

By applying a bottle of turpentine to the wound on his foot made by the fangs of a copperhead snake, that had invaded his kitchen, and by holding the bottle in that position for three hours, until a physician arrived, Frank Byrd, a telegraph operator at Pinto, Md., on Friday last, saved himself from the poisonous action of the snake bite and incidently made a discovery.

Mr. Byrd had occasion, at two o'clock in the morning, to go out on the porch and into the little kitchen that had been erected at the end of the porch. Just as he stepped inside the door he felt something strike his bare foot. Lighting a match he saw a copperhead snake moving away and found that the snake had bitten him on the foot. He quickly summoned his wife, who tied a heavy cord around his ankle and bathed the wound in turpentine, tieing a rag saturated with turpentine around the wound. He then fastened the mouth of the bottle to the wound, and held it there until a physician from Cumberland arrived.

While moving around Mrs. Byrd had occasion to go near the stove in the kitchen, when she heard a hissing sound, and upon directing the light back of the stove found that the snake was coiled up striking at her. She called her father, who was asleep upstairs, and he dispatched the snake with a blow from a club. When the physician arrived he discovered that the turpentine had absorbed all the poison in the wound, that the swelling had been reduced, and he vouched for the statement that the turpentine had been turned a decided greenish color. Mr. Byrd has since suffered no ill effects from the wound.

Married.

DUKWORTH—HILLEARY—Charles E. Duckworth, of Elkins, and Mrs. Sophronia Eliza Hilleary, of Gorman, Md., were married at the home of the bride Thursday afternoon, July 27, at 3 o'clock by Rev. Frederick H. Barron, pastor of the Davis Memorial Presbyterian church of Elkins, assisted by Rev. Frank Brook, of Gormania. Among the guests wers: Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Houck, of Pittsburgh; Keith Duckworth, Mr. and Mrs. Gus Hilleary, Mrs. Ernest Hilleary and Mr. and Mrs. Neville. Before the ceremony an elaborate dinner was served.

Returned From Hospital.

Mr. W. R. Coglan, operator in chief at the Western Union Telegraph Company's office in Oakland, returned from a Baltimore hospital Monday afternoon where he had been a patient for a month, and resumed his position yesterday. While a patient in the hospital Mr. Coglan had the great toe of his left foot removed, that member having been injured a number of years ago and as a result the bone had become diseased to some extent.

Mr. Albert Baker, of Swanton, spent yesterday in Oakland on business.

Mr. W. B. Miller, of Deer Park, has purchased the store and stock of goods at that place which was owned by the late J. S. Clary and will operate the store from this date. Mr. Miller is quite well known to almost everyone in Garrett county and we are sure that being a good business man of genialty he will make a success of the new venture. See his announcement elsewhere in this paper today.

OAKLAND MOURNS DEATH OF ANOTHER OLD RESIDENT

Mr. Daniel Edwin Offutt's Long and Active Life Closed Yesterday Morning.

With the death of Mr. Daniel Edwin Offutt, which occurred at his residence on Second street Wednesday morning, August 2nd, at eleven o'clock, Oakland has lost another of her old and sterling citizens, for with the demise of Mr. Offutt a vacancy has been made in the business life of Oakland that will be felt for a long time to come.

Mr. Offutt was born at Oldtown, Allegany county, Maryland, on September 1st, 1835, being the son of John Edwin and Susan-Lantz Offutt. His father died when he was quite young. His mother, however, lived to a ripe old age and died in Oakland ten years ago, having made her home here for many years prior thereto.

On October 22nd, 1868, he was married to Miss Arabella Seymour, of Rawlings, Allegany county, the couple establishing a home here immediately thereafter, Mr. Offutt having erected the dwelling wherein he died just prior to his marriage. Six children were born to them, three of whom, Bliss, the eldest, C. Ellwood and Nell, being deceased. Messrs. D. E., Jr., and William R. and Miss Elizabeth, along with Mrs. Offutt, survive. He is also survived by one sister, Mrs. Susan Miller, of Oakland.

Shortly after the death of Mr. Offutt's father his mother removed to Frostburg where she established a home and where Mr. Offutt in his boyhood years found employment. He later went to Westernport and then to Bloomington, where he entered the mercantile business as a partner with the late Judge Patrick Hamill. A few years afterward and while yet a mere boy he purchased Mr. Hamill's interest in the business. Believing he saw an opportunity in the west he disposed of the Bloomington business and went to Chicago with the intention of making that city his home, but not finding anything to his liking there he returned east and located in Oakland in the year 1857, opening a general store in the old Thomas Martin store building at the corner of Third and Oak streets. Here he laid the firm foundation, by fair dealing and straightforward business methods, for a fortune which he amassed during his active and busy life.

Outgrowing the quarters at the Martin building in a few years he removed to a building, the site of which is now occupied by the Ravenscroft block on Second street, where he remained until 1878 when the new store building was completed, but which burned about fifteen years ago and which was rebuilt later.

In addition to the general mercantile business Mr. Offutt devoted much of his time and energies in his earlier life to lumbering, owing and operating mills at various points along the Big Youghiogheny River. On these mills he produced much of the heavy timbers used by the Government and the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company for the construction of bridges and large buildings, the demand during the War o the Rebellion being exceedingly heavy for the class of timber produced on the Offutt mills.

Mr. Offutt was identified with many interests in and about Oakland, being one of the original stockholders and founders of the Mountain Lake Park Association; owner of the Oakland electric lighting system and was also the president until a few month ago of the Garrett National Bank, retiring from active business life only when he was unable to give his personal attention to details on account of the encroachment of disease and advancing years.

He was first stricken about a year ago with an attack of kidney disease, but regained to some extent his health he was able to attend to business of a minor nature until late during the past winter when he was again attacked and from which he never recovered. For six weeks prior to his death he had been in an extremely critical condition but his family had entertained hopes of his recovery and the announcement of his death yesterday morning came as a great shock to the townspeople generally.

Mr. Offutt was unpretentous in the extreme. When he did a kindly act, which was very often, no one but himself and the recipient knew of it. He lived a quiet life, loved and respected by many outside of his own immediate community. His death is sincerely mourned by not only his family but the the people of Oakland generally.

He was a member of the Presbyterian church of Oakland for which edifice his funeral will occur tomorrow afternoon at 3.30 o'clock.

Mr. Offutt was a Democrat of the old school; he never held office except that of Mayor of Oakland, although he was a candidate immediately after the formation of Garrett county, for the office of County Commissioner.

CHURCH TO BE DEDICATED

New United Brethren Edifice at McHenry Nearly Ready for Services.

The new United Brethren church which has been under course of construction for several months past with Judge David W. Fraker as the leading spirit, assisted by others of the community who have lent their time and devoted considerable sums of money to the cause, will be dedicated on Sunday, August 13th, by the Rev. E. H. Waters, pastor of the Grafton United Brethren church. Mr. Waters is one of the great speakers of the denomination he represents and the dedication of the new church will be a great event in the history of McHenry and those who have contributed toward its erection.

In connection with the dedicatory service an all day meeting will be held on the above date to which all are cordially invited and where all will find a hearty welcome. Rev. T. A. DeWitt, of Deer Park, is pastor of the McHenry church.

Mr. D. S. Custer and members of his family, accompanied by Mr. J. Alvin Friend, of Sang Run, motored to Oakland Sunday afternoon in the former's car.

A GATHERING OF LADIES

Luncheon and Reception by the Ladies Civic Club of Oakland.

On Thursday, July 27, the Oakland Civic Club gave a most delightful luncheon to about sixty guests, sixteen of whom were delegates from the Allegany County Federation of Women's Clubs, held at the home of Mrs. Lou Waters. The reception was held on the porch, which was decorated for the occasion with native wild flowers, black-eyed-susans, golden-rod, and dasies, the color scheme of the decoration being carried out throughout the luncheon, which was served by nine young ladies from the Junior Civic Club, wearing large yellow butterfiies as caps and daisy aprons.

Mrs. J. C. Ely, of Oakland, represented the Oakland Civic Club, and made the address of welcome, which was most excellent and received hearty applause.

Mrs. Robt. R. Heneerson in a charming manner replied to this on behalf of the Allegany Federation of Women's Clubs.

Miss Fundenberg, the first president of the Oakland Club, acted as toastmistress, and was a most able leader on this occasion.

Miss Anne Sloan, of Lonaconing, was next on the program being the principal speaker of the day, her subject being "Woman and Civics." Her talk showed study and understanding of this most interesting subject, and as Miss Sloan is President of the Allegany Federation, she was in a position to speak with authority. She dwelt particularly on the penal institutions of the state, and the part that women might play in bringing about an improvement in their condition, and an improvement in the after-life of their inmates, and how to make them better citizens for having been confined in these institutions.

Miss Sloan also spoke of the orphanage of our state which has over its entrance, "Home For The Friendless." This each child who enters must see and have printed upon its memory. Other states are now placing their orphans in cottages with twelve in a cottage and a matron and not making them all wear the same material and color in clothing, which is so tiring to the eye. Another important thing was the library and the good it does. Many other things she spoke of and said as we had gotten beyond the little things in civic work such as cleaning streets and alleys and were undertaking the "big things" of life—making life worth the living for others as well as ourselves.

We regret that we have been unable to get Miss Sloan's speach in full for these columns, as it was most interesting and instructive.

Greetings from Mountain Lake Park were next brought by Mrs. Davidson, President of the Mountain Lake Park Civic Club, who impressed upon Oakland that a closer union should be established between the sister towns.

The different clubs of Allegany and Garrett Counties were represented by the following ladies:

Frostburg, Mrs. O'Rourke; Cumberland, Miss Elizabeth Lowndes; Lonaconing, Miss Elizabeth Somerville; Barton, Miss Birmingham; Westernport and Luke, Miss Baker; Deer Park, Mrs. Annan. Each of these ladies, in well chosen remarks, brought greetings from their respective clubs.

The President of the Oakland Civic Club, Mrs. R. E. Sliger, closed the meeting with a short address, extending Oakland's well known hospitality to the out-of-town guests, and inviting all to stand and sing, Maryland, My Maryland.

This meeting probably did more than any other one thing to bring the Oakland Civic Club to the attention of the other clubs of the state, and to increase new interest of the ladies of Oakland.

Prospectors Strike It Rich.

A 500-barrel a day oil well was struck Saturday in the West Virginia field on a large tract in which Dr. John E. Legge, Dr. Arthur H. Hawkins, Chas. A. Steiner and other Cumberland men are interested. Two previous wells had produced nothing. Oil was found in this third well at a depth of 1,800 feet. The Cumberland people own about 500 acres in the vicinity of this strike and other wells will be immediately drilled on the property.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

HAVE CAR

Rye Middlings

To sell at $1.65 hundred a very high grade feed and cheap at the above price.

CAN NOW PAY

25 cents a Dozen for Eggs.

25 cents a Pound for Butter.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

C. H. BROWNING

Deer Park's Best Store

Big Clearance Sale On

Dry Goods & Underwear

"Must make room for fall stock."

Best 8c Calico, This Sale	6¼c
Best 10c Figured Lawn, This Sale	7½c
Best 25c Cotton Dress Goods, This Sale	17½c
Best 25c & 30c White Dress Goods, This Sale	17½c
Men's & Ladie's 25c Underwear, This Sale	19c

Don't forget that all of the above merchandile has advanced from 10 to 15 per cent. since they were bought last spring.

P. S. A lot of remnants at a Bargain. Get right trade at Brownings.

Offutt's

Just received a car of

Alpha Portland Cement

If you need a Grain Cradle see us.
We sell nothing but the genuine

Greencastle Grain Cradle

Binder Twine

At the Right Price.

Wool We are paying the highest market price—Cash or trade

OFFUTTS'

REPLY TO MEXICO AGREES TO PARLEY

American Note Accepts Plan of Joint Commission to Adjust Differences

CARRANZA ASSENT ASSURED

Report From Mexico City That Luis Cabrera, Minister of Finance, Will Head Mexican Members of the Commission.

Washington.—President Wilson accepted in modified form Carranza's suggestion that a commission be appointed to decide whether the American troops shall evacuate Mexico and to settle the difficulties now pending between the two countries.

The President's acceptance is conveyed in a note to the Mexican Foreign Office which acting Secretary of State Polk handed to Eliseo Arredondo, the Mexican Ambassador Designate. Assurances had already been received here that Carranza will accept the modifications suggested by this Government.

These modifications are that the commission's scope of action be broadened so that other matters which the United States may regard as pertinent to an improvement in the friendly relations of the two countries may be established.

The commission will meet somewhere on the Jersey coast and will be composed of three commissioners from each country.

The commissioners whom Carranza has tentatively selected are said to be Luis Cabrera, Secretary of the Treasury; Albert J. Pani, president of the Mexican National Railway, and Ignacio Bonillas, Secretary of Communications.

It is understood at the State Department that there may be some delay and uncertainty about the naming of the American commissioners. Gen. Goethals, Louis D. Brandeis, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, and Judge Victor J. Dowling of New York are understood to be under consideration.

TO PURCHASE DANISH ISLANDS.

Wilson Hopes for Ratfication at the Present Session.

Washington.—Official announcement was made at the White House that negotiations have practically been completed for the purchase of the Danish West Indies by the United States from Denmark for $25,000,000.

While details of the treaty are not yet given out, it is understood that the United States would come into complete possession of the islands. Word has been received from Denmark that the treaty is practically certain of being ratified.

Apprehension was felt at the State Department that Germany might object to the transaction. In previous negotiations Denmark has enjoined secrecy for the reason that "the great publicity given to the subject would no doubt increase the difficulties here (Copenhagen) and make it more difficult to carry the matter through to success." For years Germany has desired a coaling station in the West Indies, and also she was understood to be desirous that Denmark should not part with them in the possibility that there may some time be a consolidation of the Danish Kingdom with Germany.

200 DEAD IN CANADA FIRES

Seven Northern Ontario Towns Swept —Victims Are Trapped.

Englehart, Ont.—Forest fires raging in northern Ontario are believed to have resulted in the loss of from 150 to 200 lives. Scores of other persons have been injured, and it is feared many of them may die.

Several small towns have been wiped out by the flames. Reports thus far received show that 57 perished at Nushka, a French Canadian settlement, and 34 at Matheson. Cochrane has 18 dead and 34 injured; Iroquois Falls, 15 dead and many injured, and Ramore, 15 dead. The number killed at Porcupine Junction is not known, but the entire town was destroyed except the railroad station.

POSTAL SAVINGS INCREASE

Increase Due to Country Wide Prosperity of Wage Earners.

New York.—All June records for postal savings deposits were eclipsed last month when a net gain of over $3,800,000 was made, quadrupling the net increase for June, 1915. The gains were general throughout the country, notably in the smaller industrial centers. Postmasters attribute their increase to the country-wide prosperity of wage-earners and $1,000 will be accepted from each depositor.

GREAT SCARCITY OF LABOR

Projected Improvements Are Abandoned by Steel Mills.

Pittsburgh.—Scarcity of labor in the Pittsburgh district—that is, of common labor—has finally forced a temporary abandonment of the extensive work in by-product coke oven building for the Carnegie Steel Company. Two very important plants were contemplated for this year, that at Clairton, Pa., near Homestead, where the first installation will be 604 ovens to be followed by another of 604.

ENORMOUS LOSSES FROM EXPLOSION

Sugar Worth $3,400,000, Cotton and Tobacco Valued at $15,000,000 Destroyed

13 WAREHOUSES BURNED

Five Carloads of Nitro on Black Tom Pier Opposite Bedloe's Island Explode While Engines and Tugs Are Fighting Big Blaze.

DETAILED LIST OF $50,000,000 DAMAGE CAUSED BY EXPLOSION

The total damage caused by the explosion is estimated at more than $50,000,000.

This was distributed as follows:

Seventeen warehouses of National Storage Company	$7,000,000
Stores therein	35,000,000
Ammunition and cars containing it	7,500,000
Property	50,000
City Hall	25,000
Fourteen churches	14,000

An estimate of damage elsewhere was:

Ellis Island	$50,000
Bedloe's Island	100,000
Manhattan and Brooklyn	250,000
Staten Island	40,000
Hoboken	50,000

New York.—An unknown number of dead and injured, more than fifty million dollars in property loss, five states shaken, and millions of persons within a radius of a hundred miles frightened to distraction, is the partial total of the damage wrought by an explosion of war materials in Jersey City.

While only one body has been recovered, the loss of life is believed to have been considerable. In the excitement of the explosion, little or no effort was made by anyone to take a census of those known to have been in the vicinity.

Black Tom Island, an area of reclaimed land which projects into New York Bay from the Jersey shore, immediately behind the Statue of Liberty, was the scene of the explosion.

Six Lehigh Valley Railroad piers and the National Storage Warehouse, comprising 24 three-story brick buildings, about 100 feet deep, were the principal sufferers.

Between $25,000,000 and $30,000,000 worth of property belonging to these companies was hurled into the air by the series of explosions. Thirteen storage warehouses and their contents were burned, a dozen barges and their contents burned or blown up, and probably three tug boats sunk.

The New Jersey Central Railroad pier, half a mile from the source of the explosion, also was damaged.

Three tugboats, with an aggregate crew of about 24 men, are listed as missing. These boats are the Geneva, a Lehigh Valley boat, and the Bridgeton and Ithaca, Jersey Central boats.

When last seen the little vessels were bravely forcing their way into the blazing barges in an effort to remove them.

Then occurred the big explosion. It is feared they were blown to pieces and lost with their valiant crews.

About a million dollars' worth of damage was done on Bedloe's and Ellis Islands. Ellis Island suffered severely.

Countless homes and business places running into the hundreds of thousands were more or less damaged in Jersey City, Hoboken, Manhattan, the Bronx, Queens, Brooklyn, Staten Island and adjacent cities and towns.

WORLD'S NEWS IN CONDENSED FORM

BERLIN, via Sayville.—The Lokal Anzeiger reports a great conflagration to have occurred in Petrograd, in which the Putiloff gun works and other establishments were destroyed.

NORFOLK.—An appeal probably will be taken by the German Government from the decision of Federal Judge Waddill awarding the captured British liner to the English owners in the libel proceedings for possession of the vessel.

McALLEN, Texas.—Confirmation of reports that a number of Japanese officers in Carranza's army in northern Mexico was had here from officers.

NEW YORK.—J. Pierpont Morgan, Sr., who died in Rome, Italy, March 31, 1913, left an estate appraised at $78,149,024.

MEXICO CITY.—A decree was issued by Lopez de Lara, the Governor of a Federal district, ordering that all vacant land within the Federal District be cultivated, planting to begin within a few days.

OTTAWA, Ont.—Profits on war contracts to the amount of $750,000 have been voluntarily returned to the British Treasury by F. W. Baillie, of Hamilton, president of the Canadian Cartridge Company.

SWEEP GERMANS FROM TRENCHES

British and French in Heavy Artillery Assault to Take Advanced Third Line

STRONG SOMME OFFENSIVE

London.—Advanced sections of the German third line were swept away by the British and French in a tremendous artillery assault on a front of eight miles. From east of Delville wood to the Somme the blow was struck and whole systems of trenches, the work of months, were carried. More than 500 prisoners were captured.

The most pronounced gains were made by the British. Colonial troops rushed forward beyond the Waterlot Farm, Trones Wood and the Haltzorn Farm, formerly mere outposts of the British front, breaking well beyond the frontiers of the German third line, and establishing themselves in strong positions.

This victory puts the Franco-British allies in a position to strike a powerful blow at Combles, the strong German point of support between Bapaume and Peronne. It also marks a further advance of the wedge which is being driven into the Kaiser's front between these two key positions of the 100-mile Noyon salient.

Berlin reports the repulse of tentative night attacks by the British in the Pozieres section, while General Haig, in a dispatch, says there was no fighting thereabout. The artillery fire of the British is steadyily gaining in strength until it has drawn amased comment by the German general staff.

A strong offensive has been developed by the German Crown Prince on the eastern bank of the Meuse. South of Fleury and west of the Thiamount work German attacks were launched. They have been uniformly repulsed, the French War Office announces. It is believed the object is to prevent the transfer of French troops to the Somme. A heavy bombardment is proceeding along the front northeast of Verdun.

The British statement says three hostile aeroplanes were destroyed and several others were forced to land in a damaged condition.

The French War Office reports that in series of assaults French troops carried an entire system of German trenches north of the Somme on a front of nearly one-half mile.

FALLS BEFORE RUSSIANS.

London.—The British won complete control of Pozieres, the last houses which the German had succeeded in retaining is the ruined village being carried in night fighting.

The capture of Pozieres is one of the most important successes yet won in the British offensive. The village stands on high ground, dominating a great sweep of the plateau over which the battle of the last three weeks has been fought. It gives General Haig artillery command of the new German positions to the eastward.

The village had been converted into a veritable fortress. Each house bristled with machine guns and each road was filled with barricades from which a terrific fire was directed on the English and Australian troops Every house and barn presented a separate obstacle and each was won after a battle at close quarters in which the grenade and bayonet played the principal part. The losses on both sides were very heavy.

Erzingan, the strongly fortified Turkish city in central Amenia, fell into the hands of the Russian Caucasus army under Grand Duke Nicholas, who thus has cleared the whole of Armenia of Turks.

Russia has 14,000,000 men under arms and they are fully equipped. It is believed that Russia will throw an overwhelming number of troops into the Armenian campaign, will take Sivas and begin a series of attacks upon Constantinople.

Germany has sealed the Belgian frontier. She is pouring great masses of troops into the west and the frontier has been closed as a precaution against any of their movements becoming known.

GERMAN PLIGHT ADMITTED

"Frankfurter Zeitung" Calls Nation "Besieged Fortress."

London.—Grave admission of Germany's plight is contained in a review of the war up to date in the Frankfurter Zeitung, which says in part: "Germany is a besieged fortress. Therefore everything depends upon the besiegers as to when an end will be made of the bloody work. That Germany will never haul down its flag we know very well; but our enemies do not know it."

GERARD SENDS PRISON REPORT

Barracks at Ruhleben for British in Deplorable Condition.

London.—A dark picture of the treatment of British prisoners at the Rehleben camp, in Germany, where civilians are interned, is given in a report by Dr. Alonzo E. Taylor, Attache of the American Embassy at Berlin. The report reached Viscount Grey, the British Foreign Secretary, from James W. Gerard, American Ambassador to Germany, through Walter Hines Page, Ambassador to Great Britain.

Higher Education In Home

One advantage that the college woman has over her self-taught sisters, when it comes, to efficient housekeeping, is her knowledge of the ideas back of certain household mechanism and her understanding not only of the results that follow various conditions but of why such results come about.

Every house wife knows, or should know, the elements upon which the ice-box is constructed. She should know that cold air is heavier than warm air, and that therefore the cold air drops. The ice is placed in the upper part of the refrigerator. The air in contact with it is cooled, and therefore contracts and becomes heavier, volume for volume, than the remainder of the air in the refrigerator. This cold, heavy air sinks down through an opening in the bottom of the ice-chamber and forces the lighter warm air up along the sides of the refrigerator to the ice, which causes the melting process.

The mistake which many housekeepers make with regard to their ice-boxes is due to a lack of understanding about the action of heat. They are chary of opening the upper chamber, where the ice is kept, thinking that this will melt the ice and so cool the ice-box; whereas it is the lower chamber, where the food is kept, that they should be careful about opening too often, or leaving open. Each time the lower door of the refrigerator is opened, the cold air comes out at the bottom and is replaced by warm air. This admits heat to the refrigerator. Many housewives are careless about letting these lower doors stand open while they are using the foods stored away there, thus losing most of the cold air they have been so careful to collect, while they watchfully guard the lid of the ice-box to keep the warm air away from the ice, not realizing that although some of the ice might be melted in this way it would not begin to warm the refrigerator as opening the lower doors would do.

Now, while cold drops, or travels down, heat rises or ascends, and is forced upward by the cold air currents. Thus it will be seen that the heat from a fire travels in the opposite direction from the cold sent out by the ice. Hence while the ice box is kept closed at the top, so that the cold air may not be wasted, a stove is kept open at the top so that the heated air may not be wasted.

The building of a fire was one of the first activities of civilization. From the earliest blaze of dried sticks, kindled by a spark from two stones struck together, down to the modern gas or electric range is a far cry; but the ideas of fire making have never been deviated from. Benjamin Franklin built the first stove in 1842, and ever since then the action of the ordinary cooking stove has been studied and developed and made applicable to all sorts of heating.

Strangely enough, however, the home woman, who has had more to do with the kitchen fire than has anyone else, has known little about the stove except to make a fire as she was taught, experiment with the dampers, and try to regulate oven heat. She has never understood just how to keep her house warm in winter and cool in summer, although if she had been taught the action of air currents she would have known. Her house, for example, would be much cooler in summer if she opened the windows at both top and bottom, instead of merely at the bottom or the top. Cold air we have learned, sinks, while warm air rises. Therefore, opening a window at both bottom and top lets the warm air escape, and the cool enter—the colder currents forcing the warmer ones up and out.

Another point based on the action of air currents is that if a door leading from a warm room into a cold room is opened, the cold air enters the room at the bottom and forces the warm air out at the top. Some housekeepers have an idea that they keep their houses warmer or cooler by keeping their rooms closed up. According to this rule, letting the heat of the warm room out into the cool would give a cooler ventilation, as the same amount of cold air would enter the warm room and two rooms hold more air than one. It would simply be a question of providing an outlet for the warm air at the top.

The modern woman will acquaint herself with these facts about the whys and wherefores of the results she wishes to get. She will look beyond the surface of her apparatus and try to understand how it works. She will know, for example, not only how her walls are papered but what lies beneath the paper. She will learn that house walls are made of layers of non-conducting material, with a layer of air between them. The inside surface of the inner layer absorbs heat from the air and radiates part of it back into the room. Part, however, is conducted through the layer by radiation. The inner surface of the outer layer absorbs this heat and radiates part of it back to the inner layer. Part of it, however, is conducted through and converted into the outer air.

Every woman who manages a home should understand the basic things as well as the surface things about it, if she would handle her house and her work intelligently. The higher education of the housewife is demanded in these days of better system, wiser management, and the best results with the minimum effort and expenditure of time.

GRANTSVILLE.

A picnic was held on Thursday afternoon by the members of the Lutheran Cradle Roll department, the party consisting of the mothers and their babies and superintendent, Mrs. Chas. B. Getty. The mothers who were present with their babies were Mrs. Henry Schaefer, Mrs. J. A. Carney, Mrs. Ira Wright, Mrs. Albert Swauger, Mrs. Howard Ringer, Mrs. Joel Miller, Mrs. George Younkin, Mrs. Arthur Shirer, Mrs. Edgar Roberts. Rev. and Mrs. E. E. Oney were also present, Mrs. Oney bringing some pretty jars of Reymer's candy for the babies. Refreshments, consisting of icecream, cake, and sandwiches were provided by the ladies. Pretty souvenirs, in the shape of a cradle, were given the mothers by the superintendent, and tiny "cradle roll" felt penants to the babies. The afternoon was spent in the Casselman orchard, near the pavillion, and all enjoyed it immensely. This department numbers about twenty-two babies, there having been several removals and a few have been promoted to the beginners department which occurs when the babies are four years old.

Mrs. J. W. Delany entertained about thirty guests at the Evans bungalow by giving a marshmallow roast. Most of the guests were from town. Dancing and games were indulged in, music being provided by the Victrola. Refreshments were served.

Several picnic parties were held at the river by the young people and children during the week. Boating and swimming are daily pastimes, the cool retreat of the riverside being ideally pleasant these hot days.

Miss Margaret Gailey, of Carden, Md., and Miss Mary Porter, of Oakland, are guests of Miss Ruth Keller.

Miss Ema Orendorff, of Jennings, is a guest of her sister, Mrs. L. H. Bittinger.

Mrs. Will Folk, of Jennings, was a business visitor in Grantsville, Saturday.

Chas. Bonig, from Cumberland, spent a few days with his brother, H. C. Bonig, of this place.

Dr. J. C. Carney spent a few days at Belleville, Pa., last week, visiting his mother, who is quite ill. Rev. W. H. B. Carney, of Garrett, accompanied his brother home.

Mrs. Sophia Winterberg has been spending a fortnight with her daughter, Mrs. Lydia Wiley, of Bittinger.

Mrs. Ida Hershberger is having her residence painted, the work being done by Forest Beachy and Jonah Johnson.

Misses Minnie Miller and Amelia Frantz, are spending their vacation in Akron, Ohio.

Dr. A. F. Speicher, wife and daughter, of Los Angeles, Cal., were guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Bill last week.

Ward Beachy and son, Lee, have been plastering and repairing the home of Michael Nathan.

Miss Anna Brady, Anna Gehaut and Nellie Johns, of Frostburg, returned home after two weeks at the Casselman.

Miss Minnie Rush has been ill with the measles.

Mr. and Mrs. Reuben Bowen, from the Eastern Shore of Maryland, returned home after a week's visit with their son, Dr. R. C. Bowen.

Miss Ora Crowe, of Frostburg, is a guest of Miss Thelma Glotfelty.

Mr. and Mrs. Goddard Doerr were Cumberland visitors last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Wesley G. Ambell and neice, Gladys, of Pittsburgh, spent a week with Mr. and Mrs. Harry Ambell, at the Kurtz farm.

Mrs. Harvey Parsons spent part of last week as the guest of Mrs. Fred Livengood.

Mrs. D. H. Woltersberger, of Rockwood, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Swauger, last Thursday.

Dr. and Mrs. Bruce Lichty and daughters, Misses Helen and Hilda, and Miss Miriam Glessner were guests of Dr. and Mrs. G. C. Keller on Sunday.

Misses Hattie and Madge Enlow and Icie Friend, and Albert and Clifford Enlow, of Friendsville, were guests of Mrs. Susan Durst, last week.

Mr. and Mrs. George Wass, of Addison, Pa., were the guests of Mrs. Mary Miller one day last week.

KITZMILLER

Kitzmiller is to have another Chautauqua. The Radcliffe's attraction will be here on August 19, 21 and 22.

Tuesday evening last The Royal Neighbors of America gave a social to the Modern Woodmen of America in the K. of P. Hall. Mrs. Catherine Murphy was toastmistress.

On Friday evening last friends of John J. Thrasher tendered him a surprise party at the home of Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Browning, in honor of his anniversary. Those present were: Dr. and Mrs. Judson Miller, Mr. and Mrs. Otis E. Abernathy, Mrs. Sue Laughlin and Hallie Hartley, Misses Caroline Walker, Kate Walker, Rene Pew, Gladys Hamill, Jane Long, Georgia Junkins, Alice Campbell, Mae Abernathy, Beryl Abernathy, Mary Sprague and Iva Bishop; Messrs. Ney Smith, Irvin Ruby, Carte Long, Paul Neville, John Shores, James Campbell, G. B. Pew, Charles Sprague, Clarence Robinson, John J. Thrasher, John Marville, Harry Brown, Jesse Walker, Robert L. Wilson, Carl Campbell, Irvin Pond and Selby Bosley.

The mines are running full time and the men are doing better than they have for some time.

BITTINGER.

Farmers in this neighborhood are nearing the end of their wheat and hay harvest.

Mrs. Sallie Brenneman and two grand-daughters, Misses Ruth and Lucile Ross, of Akron, Ohio, are visiting relatives here this week.

B. H. Wiley, the recently appointed attendance officer for Garrett county, spent last Saturday night at his home here, returning to Baltimore on Sunday evening.

The young folks were treated to a most enjoyable evening's entertainment at the home of Josephus Glotfelty on last Saturday evening.

Milton Kinsinger and family, of Manadiers Ridge, were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John H. Stark on Sunday.

Mahlon Brenneman and lady, of McHenry, motored to this village last Sunday.

Messrs. George Wagnes, of Salisbury, Pa., and David Messersmith, of Davis, were calling at the home of Mrs. Catherine Brenneman, recently.

Arrangements are being made to hold the regular annual Sudday School picnic at Bittinger on Saturday, August 19th.

GORTNER

W. H. Smouse has purchased a Hudson car.

Miss Nellie Sanders spent the past week with her cousins, Webster and Lee Slabaugh.

Messrs. Earnest and Harvey Gortner, Misses Ruth Irwin and Jane Tompson motored to Black Water Falls, Davis, W. Va., Sunday.

Mrs. Alex Faidley and Mrs. Sutton, of Summit Mills, Pa., and John Grew were week-end visitors at their brother S. J. Lichty's home.

Mrs. Will Feathers was visiting at Will Welch's recently.

Roy Lee and lady friend were at Mt. Lake Sunday evening.

Mrs. Noah Beachy and children and brother Simon Schrock, of Norfolk, Va., are visiting home folks.

Sarah Sanders, who had been visiting her niece, Mrs. Dayton Teats, returned home Thursday evening.

Miss NellieBecker, of Lancaster, Pa., is speading some time at this place with friends and relatives.

Will Herman, wife and children, of Terra Alta, spent Saturday and Sunday with Mr. Herman's sister, Mrs. R. L. Gauer. We are sorry to note Mrs. Gauer's condition is not improved. Miss Mary Lichty has been staying with them for some time.

Mr. and Mrs. Noah Yoder and children, of Grantsville, were visitors here.

Grandma and Mrs. Bert Smouse and Miss Ruth have been on the sick list.

Fred Slabaugh, wife and daughters, Sadie and Vesta, were the guests of Mrs. Catherine Slabaugh.

Mr. and Mrs. Schramm and children, of Piedmont, were visiting at J. H. Sanders.

Dr. R. D. Becker, accompanied by Stop Swartzentruber and Miss Dode Lichty expect to leave Tuesday in Dr. Becker's car for Millersburg, Ohio.

Mrs. Will Wagner and children are guests at C. T. Sanders.

Misses Margaret Slabaugh of Oakland and Blanche Clark of Morgantown, W. Va., spent Friday with Miss Emma Burkholder.

A number of our young people spent Sunday afternoon at "Highland Park."

Church services Sunday morning at 10:30; also Sunday evening at 7:30. Everybody come.

A Money Saving Chance For You.

Get rid of your old scrap iron, old rags, old gum shoes, copper and brass. We are paying best cash prices for same.

25c per hundred for iron; 50c per hundred for rags; 5c per lb. for rubber; from 5c to 10c per lb. for copper and brass.

We are located at the old Hamill house, opposite the electric light plant, Oakland, Md.

A. G. TARLO, Proprietor.

Adv. 16-5 months

LOST—On the road between Jennings and Grantsville, Monday, a blue serge coat, with the initials "C. A. D," on the inside of the garment. Finder please notify or return to the undersigned and receive reward. George A. DeWitt, Deer Park, Md. Adv.

TRADE STRUGGLE TO COME AT WAR'S END

U. S. Must Maintain Big Efforts And Keep Gold To Hold Business Lead.

(By Henry M. Hyde.)

We've got to keep on selling patent medicine to Patagonia, typewriters to Timbuctoo, canned goods to Canada, groceries to Greece, mouse traps to Mesoptamia, and everything else we can raise or make to all the rest of the world.

Else when peace comes in Europe panic may come in the United States. Many factories will close down; a lot of us will be out of jobs; there will be the devil to pay generally.

That is what many of the great bankers and industrial leaders say. They say that prosperity depends on a country's having a lot of gold in its vaults. When you have the gold, you can issue notes against it, make loans, build new factories, keep things running. When the gold is gone everything else goes with it. Hard times come.

The way to get gold is to sell more to other countries than the other countries sell to you. Then they have to settle the balance in gold, which you tuck away in your vaults.

When you buy more abroad than you sell, the gold has to be taken out of the vaults and sent across the sea to the amount of the balance you owe.

That's why the United States must plan to keep its foreign trade up to a high point after the war if it wants to continue prosperous.

For the year ending the last of June, 1916, the United States sold to foreign countries goods worth two billion dollars more than the value of the goods it brought from foreign countries during the same time. That is a pretty tidy balance of trade in our favor. It means that the United States now has the greatest stock of gold on hand in the whole world.

One of the most important bankers in America sat in his office in Wall street and looked out the window.

"When the war is ended," he said, "we will find all Europe depleted of its gold. Its first object will be to rebuild its stock of gold. The point of attack will be our gold reserves. The methods they will adopt will be every means known to trade and commerce by which merchandise, securties, and credits can be exchanged for gold. We are establishing a price basis here which will make us a good market to sell in and a bad market to buy in. We've got a big job on our hands."

What plans is the United States making to continue and extend its foreign trade and thus preserve its gold reserve? Before an attempt is made to answer that question, it may be interesting to take a look at what the nations now at war are doing.

All the world knows how the government of Great Britain has been obliged to take over 3,000 great factories for the manufacture of war materials. At the same time 4,000,000 men have been enlisted and trained to arms. To partly take the place of the absent soldiers hundreds of thousands of women have gone to work in the factories.

Yet side by side with this tremendous military effort the making of goods for the export trade has apparently gone on unhampered, so great has been the increase in efficiency.

It is a startling fact that the total exports of Great Britain for May, 1916, were greater in value than for May, 1914, before the great war began.

Lloyd-George declares that the improvements in the organization of industry and in the efficiency of the workman—under the pressure of necessity—and the more effective control of the liquor industry, resulting from the war, will more than copmensate the nation for its economic losses.

American business men will face, after the war, competition infinitely keener, better organized, more efficient than they have ever met before. Devastated Europe will throw the energies of ten million hard and disciplined men into the fight for world trade, backed, if need be, by the newly trained labor of a million or more women.

As in Great Britain, so in France. A month after the war started the industrial life of the republic was at a standstill. Her great supplies of raw material, of coal and iron, her most important manufacturing districts, were and still are—in the possession of the enemy. Yet in two years France has built new factories, installed new machinery, trained new workmen, until today, as Andre Lebon, former minister of commerce, declares, "she has become a greater manufacturing and industrial country than ever before."

Scores of sleepy French cities and villages have been transformed into busy manufacturing towns. More than 125,000 French women are working in the munition factories. Tens of thousands of others are learning trades, with the object of entering civil industries from which they have hitherto been excluded.

"Many factories have transformed their plants," says Minister Lebon, "to make the work easier for feminine fingers. The hat factories, for instance, have substituted aluminum shapes for the much heavier zinc shapes used by men before the war."

Who that knows German efficiency and foresight before the war can doubt the almost superhuman efforts that nation is making to be ready for the new war of commerce when peace shall have been declared on the field of battle?

And it is not only newly organized and newly energized peoples—backed by all sorts of government aids and subsidies—that the commerce of the United States will be called on to face.

Already the entente allies have signed a trade treaty which binds them together in a great league for mutual commercial conservation and conquest. There is danger in this league, not only to the foreign trade of the United States but even, conceivably, to the peace of the country.

A similar band is said to have been signed among the central powers and their allies.

Once the war is over the world will be a far different place. In the coming struggle for foreign trade the most bitter competition of former days will appear mild and gentle.

A GREAT GATHERING

Snmmer Meeting Maryland State Horticultural Society.

The Summer Meeting of the Maryland State Horticultural Society will be held at Hancock, Md., Aug. 29-30.

This will afford a splendid opportunity for the members from all parts of the State to see the great progress and development of the fruit industry of that section of Washington county. Within a radius of a few miles around Hancock there are growing about 300,000 fruit trees, both peach and apple, the majority of which are bearing. The principal object of the Summer Meetngs is to permit the members to not only acquaint themselves with the great development of the horticultural industry in various parts of Maryland, but to also study methods practiced by the growers in the culture of trees and handling of the fruit.

The members of the Society, and all others interested in the industry, are invited to assemble in Hancock on the evening of August 29th. A meeting will be held in the town hall, which will be addressed by prominent speakers. On Wednesday, August 30th, 9 a. m., the visitors will be conducted through the orchards of the vicinity in automobiles, as guests of the citizens and fruit growers of Hancock.

Dinner will be served at 1 p. m., and this will be followed by a general meeting, extending from 2 to 4 p. m. It is hoped to have a demonstration of packing apples and explanation of the new Maryland Apple Grading and Packing Law that went into effect July 1st, 1916.

A most helpful and pleasant outing is promised all who attend. The Committee of citizens and growers of Hancock extend a cordial invitation to all. Hancock will celebrate its Home-Coming Week during that time, and great preparations are being made to accomodate the visitors.

Hancock is located upon the Old National Pike—is near Berkeley Springs; the Potomac River and Canal pass by the town. Four garages will be available for accommodation of machines.

It is hoped that all fruit growers and others interested will plan to attend this Summer Meeting of the Society. Complete program will be issued shortly.

For further information regarding the meeting write, Secretary T. B. Symons, College Park, Md.

Special arrangements are in progress for the annual meeting and exhibition of the Horticultural Society, which will be held in the Fifth Regiment Armory, Baltimore, "Maryland Week," November 14-18, 1916.

For Sale
On The Monthly Payment Plan
Pay Like Rent

You can buy the 3 room cottage, equipped with city water, sewer, inside toilet and gas, on the lot fronting 50 feet on Bartlett St. by 100 ft. deep, on the monthly payment plan on the same terms and conditions as thousands of homes are being secured every year through the Building and Loan Associations.

Or the 7-room house, with cellar, gas, city water, sewer, bath etc. on the lot 100 by 100 ft. at the corner of Center and Bartlett Sts.

If not sold these houses are for rent on very reasonable terms.

For particulars see
Paul B. Naylor or write to
U. G. Palmer, Verona, Pa.

Oakland cash buyers co., —Pay cash for spring Pigs, Calves, Lambs, Chickens, Turkeys, Eggs, etc. L. W. Hopkins, W. L. Casteel, J. W. Davis. Adv. 10-tf

U. S. GOVERNMENT PREPARING FOR GOOD ROAD WORK

Preliminary Plans For Organization to Spend $15.000.000 Being Made By Federal Government.

As the first step in the federal governments part of spending $150,000,000 on good roads during the next five years in co-operation with the states, Secretary Houston soon will announce preliminary plans for organization and sometime before September 11 will notify the governors of states of the apportionment of federal funds for this year. A circular will also be sent to all the governors and state highway authorities outlining a tentative plan to procedure.

The $15,000,000 is to be paid half by the government and half by the several states, apportioned among the latter according to their respective area, population and rural mail route mileage.

The expenditnres are authorized by the Shackleford-Bankhead good roads law, the first granting federal aid to states in road building. It was signed July 11 by President Wilson and government officials are preparing to put its provisions into early operation. Actual construction of some of the roads may begin this fall and extensive construction next spring is planned.

Appropriations for the present year, ending July 1, 1917, authorized by Congress are $5,000,000. For the four succeeding years they are, respectively, $10,000,000; $15,000,000; $20,000,000 and $25,000,000. The law provides, however, that no government money shall be available unless the states spend an equal amount, matching the government contributors dollar for dollar.

Every cent of the federal and state funds, the act provides, shall be spent to build new roads. Maintenance costs thereafter must be borne by the states alone.

Rules and regulations to put the federal aid law as it is popularly known, into prompt operation are now being drafted by the Secretary of Agriculture, upon whom devolves practically the entire work of supervising the government expenditures. Immediate supervision will be by the Office of Public Roads and Rural Engineering, of which Logan Waller Page is director.

A conference of highway representatives of all states and, possibly of organizations interested in the good roads movement, engineering experts and others, to discuss measures for promulgating the new law is planned soon by Secretary Houston.

Apportionment among the several states of the $5,000,000 for the first year's work will soon be announced by Postmaster General Burleson, who is required to annually certify apportionments because of changes in rural post route mileages and population. The allotments will be made by the Secretary of Agriculture, one-third being based on the ratio which the population of each state bears to the total United States population, according to the latest census, one-third in the ratio which the mileage of rural post roads in each state bears to the total national mileage, and one-third in the ratio which the area of each state bears to the total area.

The approximate apportionments of this year's $5,000,000 appropriation, less three per cent for administrative expenses with those of other years in proportion, are as follows:

Alabama	$107,200
Arizona	71,750
Arkansas	84,850
California	155,750
Colorado	86,800
Connecticut	31,900
Delaware	8,300
Florida	56,050
Georgia	138,650
Idaho	62,750
Illinois	228,800
Indiana	140,600
Iowa	150,700
Kansas	148,750
Kentucky	100,600
Louisana	67,950
Maine	48,750
Maryland	44,150
Massachusetts	76,000
Michigan	150,650
Minnesota	146,050
Mississippi	91,400
Missouri	175,550
Montana	100,850
Nebraska	110,700
Nevada	69,950
New Hampshire	21,650
New Jersey	60,800
New Mexico	82,350
New York	258,500
North Carolina	116,400
North Dakota	78,400
Ohio	193,700
Oklahoma	118,250
Oregon	81,450
Pennsylvania	239,050
Rhode Island	12,050
South Carolina	74,100
South Dakota	83,750
Tennessee	118,250
Texas	301,050
Utah	59,950
Vermont	23,600
Virginia	102,000
Washington	73,250
West Virginia	55,050
Wisconsin	131,200
Wyoming	63,750

Routes and construction materials of the new roads are to be finally determined by the Secretary of Agriculture. No public road can be built until its location, cost and character are approved by him. Every road project with plans, specifications and cost estimates must be given his approval before any of the federal money shall be available. There is no specific requirement that such roads shall be permanent, but the act declares they shall be "substantial in character," the Secretary being given discretion to construe the question of question of substantiability in each separate case.

A limit $10,000 per mile, however, is the maximum fixed by the law to prevent use of the government funds in building costly boulevards which would not assist in rural development.

Whether the new roads built under the law shall be main-traveled trunk lines, connecting inter-state highways, or merely small sections scattered throughout the states is also left to the discretion of the Secretary of Agriculture. Construction of both is expected. At the proposed conference of state highway representatives here, it is believed that proposals for a comprehensive, correlative road building scheme will be reached. The American Highway Association, the American Automobile Association and other good roads organizations are interested in such coordination and correlation of the public roads throughout the entire nation. Development of the national road scheme and aim of government officials, with the aid of state authorities.

The machinery for co-operative action is substantially as follows: States desiring to secure their share of the federal funds will, through their highway commissions or departments, file formal applications, submitting the route and character of roads proposed to the Secretary of Agriculture. Should he approve the projects, the Secretary of Agriculture will notify the state commissions and the Secretary of the Treasury. The latter will then set aside the share of the United States, which shall not exceed fifty per cent. of the cost. The Secretary of Agriculture will order payment of the federal funds upon completion of the roads, and is also authorized to make partial payments as construction proceeds

The construction work and labor in each state is to be done in accordance with state laws and under immediate supervision of the state highway department, subject to inspection and approval by government engineers. This leaves the state in control of the construction, subject only to insure good designs.

Selection of road routes, as well as their type and structural composition, is also left primarily to the state officials, subject to approval or rejection by the Secretary of Agriculture.

To secure a share of the federal funds, state legislatures or counties must appropriate sums equal to the federal allotments. The act also requires formation of state highway commissions, or a similar state agency, to have charge of the state's part of the work. Four states, Indiana, South Carolina, Georgia and Texas, have no such organizations, but to secure federal funds they must be organized. Other states have no highway commissions, but have substantially similar departments or agencies.

When states, like Illinois, are prohibited by their constitutions or otherwise prevented from acting under the proposed contributory plan, the act provides that the federal appropriations may become available to separate counties when they shall match the government's contributions, such roads, of course, being built only within the contributing counties.

To give the state ample time to build roads and to guard against hasty or extravagant construction, the law also provides that unexpended federal appropriations each year shall be available during the succeeding year, while this year's allotments to states which have no highway departments shall be available for three years, to give state legislatures time to create such departments.

For enforcement of the provision requiring the states to maintain the new roads without federal aseistance, the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized to disapprove of further roads projects from such states or their civil subdivisions and deny further government aid if roads are not put in proper condition after four month's notice.

Development of a federal corps of highway engineers is one of the results expected from the new law. Civil service examinations will be held August 8 for many more highway engineers needed by the government.

SKY FLARED WITH BRILLIANT RED GLOW

Weather Bureau of Philadelphia Explains Cause, But it Does Not Fit Here.

Many comments have been heard regarding the unusual and strange concition of the heavens over Oakland about eight o'clock Sunday night and again on Monday night when, for more than fifteen minutes the western sky flared with a brilliant red glow that caused many persons, for a time, to become alarmed. After about a quarter of an hour the glow gradually faded away and the heavens resumed their natural appearance.

The Philadelphia North American had the following to say Tuesday in reference to the Philadelphia weather bureau's explanation of the phenomenon:

"The weather bureau's explanation of the phenomenon is that a hazy atmosphere and unusually low clouds reflected the lights of the city and blast furnaces in towns along the Schuylkill river. Prof. Eric Doolittle, in charge of the Flower observatory of the University of Pennsylvania, gave a similar explanation."

The Philadelphia weather bureau will have to give a different explanation than that of the heaven's condition for there are no blast furnaces in this section to cause such an illumination, and it is hardly possible that the glare from such furnaces in and around Philadelphia would be powerful enough to carry their glare to the sky and spread out to the extreme western section of Maryland.

Card of Thanks.

To the Editor of The Republican.

Please allow us space in The Republican to express our sincere thanks to our many friends for their kindness and sympathy during the illness and at the death of our beloved husband and father.

Mrs Chas. Janoski and Children.

Subscribe for The Republican.

The Greatest of Modern Time Savers=== The Newspapers

By MOSS.

YOUR grandmother used to do her buying with much more difficulty than you do now.

She had to inspect nearly everything personally. She took more time than you could possibly afford to waste. Times have changed.

EFFICIENT BUYING is now simplified through ADVERTISING. You go direct to the point.

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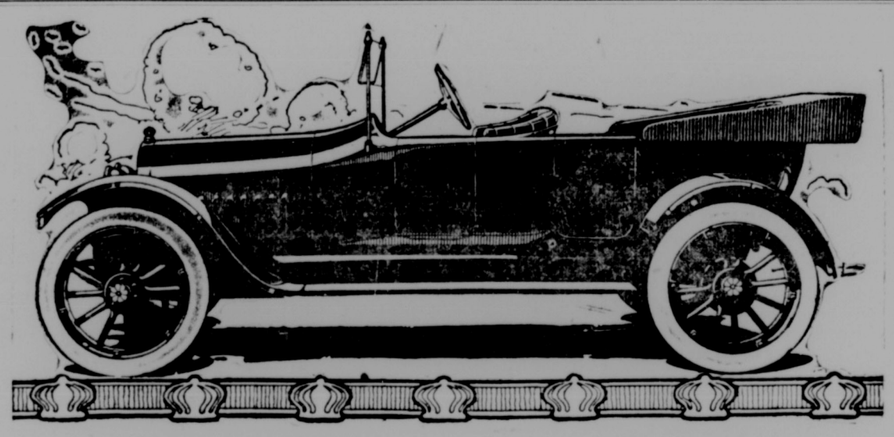

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You will find the Briscoe Eight-38 a revelation in smoothness, in vitality, in a vibrationless delivery of power that seems to propel your car along as though it were drawn by invisible hands.

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Whenever you say the word we'll be glad to let you test for yourself the sweetest motor you ever rode behind.

INTERSTATE MOTOR CO.

Friendsville, - Maryland.

THE REPUBLICAN

BENJ. H. SINCELL, EDITOR.

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THE REPUBLICAN,
Oakland, Md.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 3, 1916

REPUBLICAN TICKET

For President:
CHARLES E. HUGHES

For Vice President:
CHARLES W. FAIRBANKS

For United States Senator:
JOSEPH IRWIN FRANCE
of Cecil County.

For Congressman:
FREDERICK N. ZIHLMAN
of Allegany County

BRING THEM BACK.

There is a good deal of justice in the demand made by United States Senator Townshend the other day that the state militia troops now on the Mexican border be ordered back home to take up their usual pursuits.

Notwithstanding the refusal of Huerta to salute the flag, notwithstanding the battle of Vera Cruz, notwithstanding the shooting and looting at Columbus, notwithstanding the massacre at Carrizal, the President insists that there is nothing between Mexico and the United States justifying beligerency, and that the few differences that have occurred may be determined by peaceful arbitration, so what is the use of maintaining a force of at least one hundred thousand troops on the Mexican border at the enormous expense it must involve?

It certainly is not meant that this number of troops will be required to police the border and protect American property in that territory. If that is so we are in a bad way at the southern end of our United States, and the sooner we have a reckoning that will secure safety for border interests the better it will be for all concerned.

The crying need of the country today is for a better understanding of the President's Mexican policy.

ALMOST A SCHISM.

President Wilson has been playing politics a little bit during these halcyon days of preparedness and backpedaling, and it is likely to get him into the hottest kind of water before he is through with it.

The other day he walked over to the Capitol, where congress was in session, and taking out his pencil, in the presence of a few of the choicest leaders of his party, suggested that it was high time this session of congress were coming to a close, but he also suggested that there were several important matters of legislation not yet acted upon, that must be pushed through. One of these items proved to be the preparedness naval program which grabbed off three hundred million and provided for sixty-six craft; another was the enlargement of the power of the federal reserve banks; another the workmen's compensation act, and last, but not least, the child labor legislation, by which it is sought to provide a certain amount of government supervision over the employment of the country's youth.

The last item penciled was the straw that broke the backs of the senators and members from the South, and after the President's suggestion soaked in through public channels, and the members began to hear from back home a howl was raised on the majority sides of both branches of congress that gives no indications of subsiding and will result in the certain shelving of any serious consideration of this humane measure. And the President's friends are having an awful time convincing the hot-blooded southern proletariat that their chief was only playing a little politics, and that child labor regulation would keep until another congress.

THE VALUE OF A SMILE.

Statisticians accurately measure the wealth of the mines and of the farms and even of the sea and the air—billions upon billions.

But there are no figures vast enough to express the value to mankind of so small and simple a thing as a smile,

It is a material world. We value as riches only the tangible things we can grasp and hold in our hands. And yet, the real treasures of life, which give to all these outward things their meaning, are of the heart.

Tangible riches? Why, but for so "tangible" a thing as sunlight, the whole material universe would be black nothingness; but for "tangible" heat, not the smallest atom of earth could exist; but for "intangible" colors and fragrance, the sweetest flower would be a weed; and, but for the "intangible" light and warmth and fragrance of a smile, the most perfectly human face could be but a lifeless cast.

It would be very interesting and highly instructive if one could compute the value of the part which the smile has played in the history of humanity. But, like the ray of sunshine that comes from the boundless heart of universal love, it is free—it costs nothing—and so cannot be relatively valued. And like the sunshine again, it gilds with glory all it falls upon, and so is limitless in value.

Impossible as this computation, there are few of us who have not learned that it is a smile, not a frown, which makes things move in this world. If you don't know this, a college diploma, certifying that you are educated, is a joke, or a gray head, indicating practical experience, is a mockery.

THE LATE DANIEL EDWIN OFFUTT.

The above was reproduced from a photograph made of the late Mr. Offutt when he was on a trip in Florida several years ago.

HUTTON

Misses Gertrude and Frances Baker, of Baltimore, arrived at Hutton Monday where they will spend their annual vacation with relatives and friends.

Mr. LeRoy Horton, Jr., of Cumberland, was the guest of his father, Manager Horton, of the Tioga Tanning Co., of Hutton, recently.

Mr. Ted Baker, of Hutton, is visiting friends and relatives at Tioga, Pa., this week.

Rev. Meister of Baltimore, was the guest of his sister, Mrs. Thos. Pendergast, last week.

Mr. Jerry J. Pendergast was a visitor at Oakland Saturday.

ST. ELMO.

M. E. Church Notice.

The regular Sunday evening services in the Methodist Episcopal church in Oakland will be discontinued during the month of August. The morning service will be as usual. The Official Board.

Subscribe for The Republican.

STUDYING COAL SEAM IN CREEK REGION

Bulletin On W. Md. Coal Fields Soon to Be Issued By State.

William A. Baker of Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, who has been doing post graduate work at the University, is at Frostburg for the summer securing data of local coal seams. He is working for the Maryland Geological Survey under direction of Dr. Charles K. Swartz, who is preparing to issue a new bulletin of the coal seams underlying the George's Creek and Upper Potomac coal basins. Dr. Swartz is associate professor of Geology at Johns Hopkins and is in charge of field work in Western Maryland. He has been working in collaboration with the U. S. Geological Survey for the past three years on the new bulletin of Western Maryland Coal seams which when completed will be the most comphrehensive work of its kind ever gotten out.

Mr. Baker has been obtaining a description of the methods and equipment being made use of at the present time for mining the smaller coal seams. He is also securing samples of the different coal seams being mined at the present time and the lower seams which have been reached by test holes or are exposed at points of outcrop.

In connection with this work Mr. Baker is making a property map of the George's Creek coal basin and Ex-Senator Brown, of Garrett county, is making a similiar map of the Upper Potomac basin for the use of the State and Federal Geological surveys.

The fire clays of the region are also being studied. At the present time the clays of the region are being examined by Dr. Watts, of the Ohio State University, Dr. Shurecht of the Federal Bureau of Mines and G. M. Hall, of Johns Hopkins University. They are taking samples of the clay for future testing.

An exchange for the benefit of the Lutheran church of Oakland will be conducted by the ladies of the church at the hardware store of Mr. C. N. McIntire on Saturday afternoon from 2:30 until 6 o'clock when they will offer pastry, bread, etc., for sale.

WILSON'S ADMINISTRATION TARGET FOR HUGHES

Ex-Jurist. Accepting Republican Nomination. Critises President's Acts.

New York, July 31.—Charles E. Hughes, who resigned as an associate justice of the United States Supreme Court to become the candidate of the Republican party for President, tonight was formally notified of his nomination.

The speech of notified of his nomination was delivered in Carnegie Hall by United States Senator Warren G. Harding, of Ohio. In his reply, in which he announced his acceptance of the nomination, Mr. Hugnes assailed President Wilson's administration generally and declared that new policies were needed.

Mr. Hughes criticized the Administration for the course it had pursued with reference to Mexico, maintenance of American rights during the European war, preparedness and other great questions of the day. He declared for a new policy of "firmness and consistency" towards Mexico, for "the unflinching maintenance of all American rights on land and sea," and for "adequate national defense; adequate protection on both our western and eastern coasts."

"We denounce all plots and conspiracies in the interest of any foreign nation," Mr. Hughes said. "Utterly intolerable is the use of our soil for alien intrigues. Every American must unreservedly condemn them and support every effort for their suppression."

The nominee assailed the Administration for its "direction of diplomatic intercourse" from the beginning, declaring that where there should have been conspicuous strength and expertness there had been weakness and inexpertness. He cited San Domingo as an instance where appointments had gone to "deserving Democrats" and to the failure to continue Ambassador Herrick at his post in Paris after the war had started as "a lamentable sacrifice for international repute."

In notifying Mr. Hughes of his nomination, Senator Harding said, in part:

"Notwithstanding your holding aloof from all conference and participation, that unfailing understanding which directs popular sentiment to highest victory called you to the service of the party and the nation. Your record of public service, your well-known and courageous views on public questions when in executive position, your abiding devotion to Republicanism, your possession of a confidence which has united all believers in Republican policies under our party banner, your unalterable and abiding Americanism, your high personal character and well-known capacity—all these have fixed you in the American mind as the best exponent of Republican principles and the wisest leader to restore American prestige and efficient government.

"We bring you now the commission to that leadership. We bring it in full confidence that the people will gladly acclaim the Republican restoration under your trusted leadership. We bring in the highest appreciation of that peace of right and justice which your unwavering Americanism will hold secure rather than endanger. We bring it in the strong belief that American material good fortune, under Republican industrial preparedness, will be the glad reex of our own peace and the world's peace and to be held permanent under Republican protection. We bring it in firm conviction that you, sir, will hold that platform promises constitute a sacred party covenant, and the expressed will of the people at the polls must find response in capable and efficient administration.

"Aye, sir, we bring it believing you will add to our self-respect, confidence and good fortune at home and to that respect and good opinion abroad which meets our higher American aspirations."

THE DEATH RECORD.

THEODORE BECKMAN.

Theodore Beckman, one of the oldest and best known residents of Garrett county, died at his home near Swanton on Thursday after an illness of two weeks following his being overcome by the heat whilst engaged in raking hay in one of his fields. Mr. Beckman was aged a little more than eighty years and was born in either Allegany or Garrett county shortly after his parents arrived in this country from Germany. He is survived by his wife, who was Miss Louise O'Brien, and also by twelve of his thirteen children. His funeral occurred on Saturday with interment on the Fitzwater farm near North Glade, the services being conducted by the Rev. J. L. Marvin, pastor of the Bittinger Circuit Lutheran church, Mr. Beckman being a member of the Meadow Mountain congregation of that denomination. Mr. Beckman was a man of many charitable traits and was beloved by his many friends and neighbors.

PIGS, three months old, for sale. George A. DeWitt, Deer Park, Md.
Advertisement.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Second National Bank

OF CUMBERLAND

In the State of Maryland, at the close of business May 1st, 1916.

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans and Discounts	$2,214,714 30	Capital Stock	$200,000 00
United States Bonds	240,000 00	Surplus, Undivided Profits	375,839 39
Other Bonds, Securities Etc	378,715 00	Circulation	200,000 00
Banking House and other Real Estate	47,022 76	Deposits	2,757,419 03
Due From Federal Reserve Agents and other Banks	428,325 76		
Cash	214,480 60		
Redemption Fund	10,000 00		
	$3,533,258 42		$3,533,258 42

DIRECTORS:

D. ANNAN L. M. SHEPHERD ROBERT R. HENDERSON
JAMES CLARK W. BLADEN LOWNDES O. C. GEPHART
TASKER G. LOWNDES JOHN KEATING
JOHN SCHWARZENBACH

D. ANNAN, President

W. BLADEN LOWNDES, TASKER G. LOWNDES
Vice Presidents

D. F. KUYKENDALL, Cashier

THREE PER CENT INTEREST PAID ON SAVINGS DEPOSITS

BIG REDUCTION

IN

TIRE PRICES

AT

Oakland Garage

During ten Days
Beginning August 1st

SAXON "SIX"

big touring car for five people

ASK OR FDEMONSTRATION.

Call at Liller's Barber Shop or Kelly's Livery

LILLER & KELLY, Agents.

Oakland, Maryland.

The Lutheran Church

SECOND STREET, OAKLAND

Sunday School, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

B. H. SINCELL, Superintendent.

Men's Brotherhood Class, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

O. A. BREMER, Teacher.

All the men not attending Sunday School elsewhere are cordially invited to join this class and to have a part in the study and discussion of the lesson.

Morning Worship, 10.45 o'Clock.

Luther League, 7.00 o'Clock P. M.

Topic—"Should The Church Advertise."
Leader—ALICE WELLING.

During the Month of August There Will Be No Evening Service.

NOTICE TO DEER PARK CONGREGATION.

On next Sunday afternoon, August 6th, at 2:30 o'clock there will be services at the Deer Park Lutheran church at which time the Holy Communion will be administered.

All friends of the church and those without a permanent church home are invited to worship with us.

O. A. BREMER, Pastor.

—The above was prepared by the pastor and the advertisement is authorized and paid for by one interested in church work.

The Republican---The Leading Paper

FOUNDED 1888

THE GARRETT NATIONAL BANK

FOUNDED 1888

OF OAKLAND, MARYLAND

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, - - $115,0000.0

THE highly developed facilities of this Bank resulting from 28 years of careful and conservative management together with prompt, efficient and courteous service, are offered as the basis for a satisfactory business connection.

OFFICERS

G. S. HAMILL, President. D. E. OFFUTT, Jr., Vice President.
G. A. FRALEY, Cashier. H. L. JONES, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS

GILMOR S. HAMILL, JOHN T. MITCHELL, DANIEL E. OFFUTT, Jr.
JOSEPH E. HARNED. GEORGE A. FRALEY, HARLAND L. JONES. CHAS. S. DAVIS

Interest paid on Time Deposits. Safety Deposit Boxes for Rent.

Mrs. Stella Feely, of Wilson, visited Oakland last Thursday.

Mrs. Emma Specht, of Deer Park, was in the city last Friday on business.

Miss Elizabeth Walter visited friends in Keyser, West Va., Sunday and Monday.

Notice the announcement of the Fairmont Fair, which appears elsewhere in this paper today.

Miss Clare Painter, of Greensburg, Pa., is here as the guest of Miss Grace Jones, having arrived Tuesday afternoon.

Mrs. Harland L. Jones returned home Saturday night from Philippi, West Va., where she had been to attend the funeral of her uncle.

Attorney Julius C. Renninger returned from Illinois Saturday where he had been on professional business for upwards of two weeks.

Mrs. Lawrence Fraley was taken ill with an attack of appendicitis Sunday and suffered severely for a day or two, but is now somewhat improved.

Mr. Charles H. Linville spent Saturday and Sunday with his family in Oakland. He returned to Baltimore Monday, accompanied by Mrs. Linville.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Mason, of Covington, Ky., spent several days last week in Oakland seeing friends and relatives. They returned to Covington Saturday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Falkenstein, accompanied by their daughter, Miss Grace Falkenstein and by Mr. and Mrs. Walter Falkenstein, of the Park, spent Sunday with relatives in Terra Alta.

Mr. John Speicher, formerly of Deer Park, but for several years past a prominent and leading merchant of Terra Alta, West Va., visited Oakland on business last Thursday when he called at this office.

Mr. George W. Walter, of near Altamont, was in the city Tuesday on business connected with the building of a proposed new road in District No. 10, notice of which is printed elsewhere in this paper today.

Mr. M. Wellington Crane, of Atlanta, Georgia, is spending a few days in Oakland with friends and relatives, having arrived here on Saturday last. He is now in charge of the Southern sales agency of the Standard Paint Company with headquarters at Atlanta.

Mr. George W. Grose, of Cumberland, was in the city last Saturday on business connected with his marble and granite works located at Hyndman, Pa. If Mr. Grose can secure a location in Oakland it is his intention to move his Hyndman yards to this point.

Mr. W. W. Doub, of Frederick, secretary of the People's Insurance Company of Maryland, which corporation has its main offices in Frederick, was in Oakland Saturday on business for his company, having motored here from his home. He was accompanied by his son, Donald.

Rev. and Mrs. O. A. Bremer, accompanied by Mr. Jesse Bremer, who is here on a visit to the minister and his wife, left Oakland Monday morning for a month's outing at Morris Park on Cheat River. Mr. Bremer will be in Oakland, however, on each Sabbath to conduct services in the local Lutheran church.

The three weekly newspapers of Elkins, West Virginia, the Intermountain, the Randolph Review and the Randolph Enterprise, have agreed to raise the yearly subscription price of each 50 cents. The publishers announce that they would have to get out of business if the old prices were maintained, owing to the advance in the cost of paper, ink and other supplies.

THE SURE WAY

There is but

One Sure Way

To get money—earn it; but one sure way to have money—save it; but one sure way to

Save Money

—by systematic setting aside each week or month a portion of your income and putting it to work in

A Reliable

Banking institution. We offer you our services.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OAKLAND - MARYLAND

Miss Grace Falkenstein, of this office, was taken ill Sunday afternoon with an attack of measles.

Rev. T. A. DeWitt, pastor of the Deer Park U. B. Circuit, spent yesterday in Oakland on business.

Miss Laura Picking, of Terra Alta, was the guest of friends in Oakland Tuesday afternoon and evening.

Dr. Arnold A. Scherr, of Eglon, was in the city Tuesday, being accompanied by two of his interesting children.

Mr. Guy Yutzy, manager of the McIntire hardware store, was at Thomas, West Va., last Thursday on business.

Mrs. John Ault left Oakland Sunday afternoon for Fairmont, West Va., where she will visit her daughter, Mrs. Smythe.

Miss Virginia Mayer, of Terra Alta, who was visiting her sister, Mrs. Harland L. Jones, returned home Friday last.

Miss Lucille Mitchell returned to her home near Oakland Tuesday afternoon from a visit of some days to friends at Kingwood, West Va.

Miss Mildred Welling returned to her home in Oakland yesterday, after having spent several months with relatives in Gratton, West Va.

Mr. Russell Teats and Mr. Carl Veth, of Columbus, Ohio, are spending this week in Oakland, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Walter.

Mr. Roy Lee and Miss Edith Kelley, of near Gortner, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charles J. Newman Sunday at their home near Oakland.

Attorney Stuart F. Hamill and Sheriff Albert Ashby went to Clarksburg, West Virginia, yesterday morning on a business mission.

Miss Gertrude Lake, of Grafton, has returned to her home in that city after a month's visit to her mother, Mrs. James Brock, in Oakland.

LOST—A bunch of keys between the Depot and the Ravenscroft building. Finder will be rewarded if returned to D. A. Stephens. Adv.

Mrs. W. H. Spedden, of Fairmont, was the guest of relatives in Oakland a day or two last week, going from here to Accident Saturday to visit friends.

Mrs. E. Manges, of York, Pa., accompanied by her daughter, Mrs. Edward Swartz, are expected to arrive in Oakland tomorrow to pay a visit to friends here.

Miss Ruth Michael left Oakland Sunday morning for Keyser where she joined a party of young folks who are camping along the South Branch of the Potomac this week.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Schock and family, of Crellin, motored to Cumberland last Sunday where they met their son Fred who has been employed at Homestead, Pa., for some time. Mr. Fred Schock returned to Homestead Sunday night.

Mr. Edward Scherr, of Washington, D. C., in which city he represents a large harness factory having Maryland, Virginia and one or two other Southern states as his territory, spent Monday and Tuesday here with his sister, Mrs. Julius C. Renninger.

Senator and Mrs. Richard T. Browning, who spent a delightful week at Lake Brown, near Thayerville, returned to their home in Oakland Monday afternoon. While a measure was passed last winter by the Legislature authorizing the sale of the State's property in Garrett county, known as Lake Brown, nothing has as yet been done to place the property upon the market.

Deer Park Hotel is taxed to its capacity to accommodate the great number of people flocking to that incomparable spot from the large cities. Saturday afternoon and evening nearly a hundred automobilists arrived and in consequence the late comers could not be accommodated and sought quarters elsewhere.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lee Carl, Miss Margaret Lee Carl, Mr. J. M. Morrisey, of Cumberland; Mrs. Wm. C. Noel and Mrs. Wm. Sweene, of Frostburg, and Miss Ruth Witt, of New York, composed a motor party that visited Oakland from Cumberland Tuesday afternoon.

Mr. Buckner Mason, of near Swanton, whose serious illness was mentioned in the North Glade correspondence of this paper last week, was brought to the Home Sanitorium in Oakland Saturday night last where he is receiving treatment and in somewhat improved.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Mr. Charles H. Shaffer, of District No. 8, who has been in the employ of the Government at Washigton for a number of years, holding the position of clerk in the Patent Office, has recently been promoted to the position of Assistant Examiner, which carries a salary of upwards of $2500 per year. The many Garrett county friends of Mr. Shaffer will be glad to learn of his promotion.

Attorney Wm. M. Somerville, of Cumberland, was in the city yesterday on business connected with the mortgagee's sale of the coal lands belonging to the Waitman Smokeless Coal Company of Garrett county, which was to occur in front of the court house at two o'clock. The sale, however, has been postponed and will occur at the same place and hour on the 12th inst., as advertised in this paper today.

Dr. Lewis H. Howard, son of Dr. and Mrs. J. H. Howard, of Oakland, who recently graduated from one of the medical institutions in Baltimure, has successfully passed the state examination permitting him to practice in West Virginia. At present Dr. Howard is chief accident surgeon in Mercy Hospital, Baltimore, where he will remain for several months and then locate permanently at some point in West Virginia.

Dr. A. F. Speicher, of Los Angeles, Cal., accompanied by Mrs. Speicher and their two daughters, Misses Maud and Elizabeth, visited Oakland and Mountain Lake Park last Thursday, having motored here from Accident, where they are visiting relatives, with Senator Speicher. From Accident Dr. Speicher will go to points in Pennsylvania and renew old friendships before returning to his western home.

Mrs. G. A. Bolden, of Charleston, West Va., accompanied by her daughter-in-law Mrs. George Bolden and little grandson, arrived in Oakland Sunday morning and will remain here for some time as the guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Naylor. Mrs. Bolden was a passenger on train No. 12 which was wrecked in the Burnt Tunnel, near Parkersburg, West Va., Saturday afternoon when the locomotive and six cars of the train were derailed. Fortunately none of the more than one hundred passengers aboard it were injured.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PROMPT SERVICE

Open Plumbing

Let us replace that old-fashioned plumbing with new up-to-date open plumbing.
We do overhauling and refitting thoroughly.
Let us provide you with the comforts of a modern home.

Good Work at Fair Prices, Let us Estimate on Your Next.

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.
Registered.
Plumbing, Steam and Hot Water Heating.
Oakland, Md.

"Naylor has it and sells it for less."

BOTH PHONES EASY TERMS

C. N. McINTIRE

SUCCESSOR TO
J. M. DAVIS & SONS
OAKLAND, MD.

Some of the lines we handel. Alabastine, Binder Twine, Myers Hay Tools, Roofing, Water Cooler's, Refrigerator's, Bicycles, Paints, Washing Machines, Standard Sit Straight Sewing Machines, Best Gasoline Iron on the market for only $2.95.

Come in and see us.

C. N. McINTIRE,
Oakland, Maryland.

D. E. BOLDEN

Furniture Dealer and Funeral Director

HAVING moved my furniture business to the Manhattan Hotel store room, I am prepared to serve the public to the best of my ability, having now in stock the finest line of Furniture ever brought to the city and which I offer as cheap as it can be bought in the wholesale markets.

All I ask is a chance to name you prices.

My stock is complete in every detail, and which consists of Furnitnre, Carpets, Mattings, Window Shades, Bedding of all kinds, large and small Rugs—in fact everything with which to furnish a house from cellar to attic.

I am also prepared to give estimates on Buildings and repair work—from a pig pen to a palace.

Call and see me; I will treat you fair and square.

Thanking the public for past favors and soliciting a continuance of the same, I remain,

Yours respectfully,
D. E. BOLDEN

Store For Sale

Owing to other business demanding my attention, I offer for sale my stock of Shoes, Clothing and Furnishings.

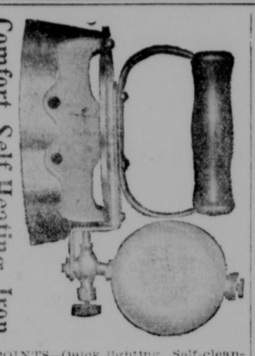
This is one of the best business propositions in Oakland, and will be sold at very much less than value if taken before September 1.

In the meantime I will sell clothing and many other articles at greatly reduced prices. It will pay you to investigate.

Yours truly,
E. A. WEIMER,
Oakland, Md.

Comfort Self-Heating Iron.

5 Hours at Cost of One Cent.



TWO POINTS—Quick lighting. Self-cleaning and perfect regulation of heat. Weighs six pounds. Guaranteed safe and satisfactory. Price, $3.75 each. Order today.

J. AMEEN, Kitzmiller, Md.

We Carry in Stock

TIRES
TUBES
SHOCK ABSORBERS
CHAINS
SPARK PLUGS
DRY CELLS
TIRETITE

And many other accessories at the
OAKLAND GARAGE,
Prest-O-Lite Exchange,
Oakland, Maryland.

J. W. Whorton & Son
CONTRACTING
PLASTERERS

Only the Best Material Used.

Best Grade of Wall Plaster on hand at all times.

CONCRETE WORK
of All Kinds.

All Work Guaranteed.

OAKLAND, - MARYLAND.

Notice to Creditors

This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

PETER NATHAN,

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 12th day of January, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under our hands this 12th day of July, 1916.

MICHAEL NATHAN,
GERTRUDE B. HONE,
Executors,
Grantsville, Md.

LEON

Will make the season of 1916 as follows, beginning May 13th:

On Saturday of each week at the Mill Stable of Andrew W. Helbig in Oakland. Other days at my home.

After July 15, terms will be $10.

D. J. SWARTZENTRUBER.

REAL BARGAINS
IN
REAL ESTATE

One of the most desirable residences on Alder street in Oakland, now owned by M. A. Carney, and occupied as a residence by States Attorney Jones, is offered at a very attractive price.

A valuable 90 acre farm near Ottaway, Garrett Co., on the line of the proposed new state road to West Va., and a very desirable piece of real estate.

Improved farm of 138 acres near Swanton, Garrett Co., improved by nine room dwelling, barn and young orchard now bearing. A safe investment.

JAS. D. HAMILL,
Real Estate Agent.

WANTED—One teamster and two men for general farm work, including operating horse cultivators. None but competent men need apply. The H. Weber & Sons Co. Advertisement.

Gass by the car load at Treacy's Garage. Retail price 25c. gal. In drums of 53 gallons you can still get it cheaper. Fire-Stone Tires, we beat them all. Ford repairs, the largest line in town.

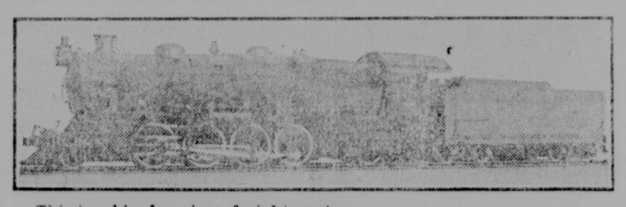
Money to Loan on real estate. Renninger & Offutt, Attorneys, Garrett National Bank building, Oakland, Md. Adv. tf

ATTENTION, FARMERS.

Domo Improved Cream Separators, $35.00 and $43.50.

C. N. MCINTIRE,
Adv. tf. Oakland, Md.

Cheap Transportation Has Built National Prosperity



This is a big American freight engine.

It is an achievement of AMERICAN INVENTIVE GENIUS.

It is built to HAUL LONG TRAINS loaded with the products of American industry from the mines, farms, mills and factories to the markets of the country, and to the seaboard for shipment across the seas.

In all the wonderful history of American industrial progress NO PIECE OF MACHINERY HAS PERFORMED SUCH SERVICE AS THE BIG FREIGHT LOCOMOTIVE.

Freight is carried on our railroads at the LOWEST RATES IN THE WORLD, while we pay our railroad workers the HIGHEST WAGES IN THE WORLD. A TON OF FREIGHT IN THE EAST IS CARRIED THREE MILES FOR THE COST OF A TWO-CENT POSTAGE STAMP.

Cheap transportation is one of the biggest builders of our prosperity.

The big freight engine with its enormous tractive power, the big steel freight car with its great carrying capacity, and the heavy rails and rock-ballasted roadbed to support the weight of the great engines and heavy trains—these are the achievements of American industrial genius which have given us low freight rates and broad markets, and have enabled us to put our products in the markets of the world in competition with foreign manufacturers.

But now come well-meaning but short-sighted leaders of American railroad workers who say to the railroad managers:

"SHORTEN YOUR FREIGHT TRAINS so that the enginemen and trainmen can haul the tonnage faster over the roads, and so make as many miles pay in eight hours as they now do in ten hours."

To the State Legislatures these same spokesmen for the railroad workers say:

"Pass laws LIMITING THE LENGTH OF FREIGHT TRAINS—we oppose big tonnage trains."

To the Farmers, Manufacturers, and Merchants they say:

"With shorter freight trains railroads can move your products faster to the markets."

To the American Public that pays every dollar of the railroad bill (and 44 cents of every dollar paid for transportation is for wages), they say:

"All that the railroads have to do to meet our demands for higher wages is to shorten their trains, move the freight more rapidly and escape the penalty of overtime wages."

What would be the result of taking these leaders of the 350,000 train employes at their word—shorten freight trains so that they can be run at higher speed?

Increasing the number of trains to handle the same tonnage would call for more employes to do the same work, more tracks, larger yards and terminals, more supervision, and it is plain that there would be more congestion of traffic and greater hazards in train operation. Hundreds of millions a year would have to be spent by the railroads to increase their facilities and to operate the bigger plant.

IT WOULD BE AKIN TO USING HAND SHOVELS INSTEAD OF FIVE-TON STEAM DREDGES TO DIG A PANAMA CANAL.

American railroads have spent enormous amounts in reducing grades, cutting down mountains and filling up valleys; in increasing the hauling power of locomotives and the carrying capacity of cars; in putting down rock ballast and heavy rails—all for one purpose, to lower the cost of operation.

It is the public that has reaped the benefit—in better and cheaper railroad service.

If the railroads moved their tonnage in shorter trains at higher speeds, the public, it is seen, would have to shoulder a great burden in the increased cost of transportation.

Would the public get value received for its money?

Of the tonnage on the roads east of Chicago 60 per cent. consists of coal, coke, ores, stone and other mine products. To the public it is of no consequence whether this freight is a few hours longer on the road, so long as there is a continuous and regular stream of it coming to the markets.

FOUR-FIFTHS OF ALL THE TONNAGE MOVING IN THE EAST IS MADE UP OF LOW GRADE, SLOW MOVING FREIGHT, CARRIED AT THE LOWEST RATES IN THE WORLD.

To abandon the big freight trains on American railroads in order to increase the speed at which the bulk of the traffic moves, and thereby enable the train employes to earn higher wages in shorter hours, would place a great burden on American industry without giving the public any tangible benefit.

RAILWAY MAIL PAY.

Congress Directs Interstate Commerce Commission to Investigate Subject.

Washington.—The annual Post Office appropriation bill recently passed by Congress contains a clause directing the Interstate Commerce Commission to take up for investigation, report and the fixing of rates the system of payment to the railroads for carrying mail. The Commission is authorized to test the relative merits of payment by weight and by space.

The railroads have long contended that they were underpaid for this service and that they were losing millions of dollars a year under the system of payment now in effect. It was felt that the Interstate Commerce Commission, on account of the information at its command regarding all phases of railroad operation, is in the best position to determine the merits of the case.

GOVERNMENT SHOULD REGULATE WAGES.

If a set of conditions have arisen which oblige the government to regulate rates, then it is equally obliged, on the basis of economic analysis, to regulate wages accordingly. Having taken one step, it must take the other. The logic of events is forcing this dilemma on the government. It is the public which sooner or later must pay for the increased expenses of transportation.—Professor J. Laurence Laughlin, University of Chicago.

LONG HOURS A RARITY.

Only Once In Five Years Does Average Trainman Exceed Legal Limit.

That long hours in train service have been reduced to a minimum is shown by a report issued by the Interstate Commerce Commission. Only one employe in five on the average last year was compelled to remain on duty more than sixteen hours during any one day in the whole year. Stated in another way, the chance of an engineman or trainman remaining on duty beyond this prescribed limit was reduced to once in five years.

The total number of cases of excess service from all causes reported to the commission was only 61,247 during the year ending June 30, 1915, as compared with 137,439 in 1914 and 270,827 in 1913, and with rare exceptions these represented cases recognized as due to unavoidable causes.

Statistics on this subject are collected by the Interstate Commerce Commission under the national hours-of-service law. Every time a train is so delayed by a blizzard, washout or other cause that any part of the train crew is on duty longer than sixteen hours the railroad company must report the occurrence to the commission, giving the names of the individual employes concerned and a full statement of the cause for the excess service.

For several years the railroads and the Interstate Commerce Commission have been co-operating in efforts to prevent the keeping of employes on duty for long periods. The reduction of nearly 80 per cent. in such cases which has been brought about in three years shows that the working of men for long stretches of continuous service has practically disappeared except in rare cases of unavoidable delay.

ALFALFA OUR MOST VALUEABLE HAY CROP

Requires Good Soil For Successful Growth And A Well Prepared Seed Bed.

NICKOLAS SCHMITZ
Maryland Agricultural Experiment Station.

No soil, regardless of type or location in the state, will produce fair crops of alfalfa unless it is fertile; producing at least 40 to 50 bushels (or 10 barrels) of corn per acre in a normal season. No amount of fertilizer applied either before or after seeding will make up for poor land at the start. Moreover, starting alfalfa under such conditions is indeed very expensive. If the land is poor it is far better to wait a few years and grow fertilizing crops, such as cowpeas, crimson clover, soybeans and red clover in the rotation before each money crop. If manure is available the more used the better. In fact, the supply of organic matter is a very important factor in alfalfa production. It is seldom that land very low in humus grows alfalfa successfully. Thus, the problem is one of supplying the proper amount of humus as well as supplying sufficient plant food.

Alfalfa Requires Drainage.

Drainage must be good. Alfalfa requires much more complete drainage than do other farm crops. Land inclined to be wet and springy in winter and early spring, although dry enough during the growing season to produce good crops of corn, wheats, oats and grass, is not drained well enough for alfalfa. On such land alfalfa is sure to be killed out sooner or later by heaving due to the frequent freezing and thawing so common some seasons.

Abundance Of Lime Needed.

Liming for alfalfa is absolutely necessary on practically all Maryland soils—even in the natural lime stone sections. It makes little or no difference what kind of lime is used if the proper amount of each is applied—it is a question of cost and ease of handling rather than the effect upon the alfalfa.

The amount of lime to use under average conditions is one ton per acre of Caustic lime, that is burnt stone or lump lime, ground lime or burnt oyster shells. Hydrated lime should be used at the rate of 2,600 to 2,700 pounds, and ground lime stone or ground oyster shells should be applied at the rate of 3,600 pounds to 2 tons per acre.

The best time to apply lime is the season before sowing the alfalfa. If, however, this is not convenient or impracticable, it may be applied just before, or even after seeding, with the assurance of good results and no injury.

Well Prepared Seed Bed.

Alfalfa requires more than any other farm crop, a thoroughly prepared seed bed for successful germination and early growth. Sowing alfalfa upon loose, freshly plowed land will, even under the most ideal weather conditions, result in little beyond dismal failure.

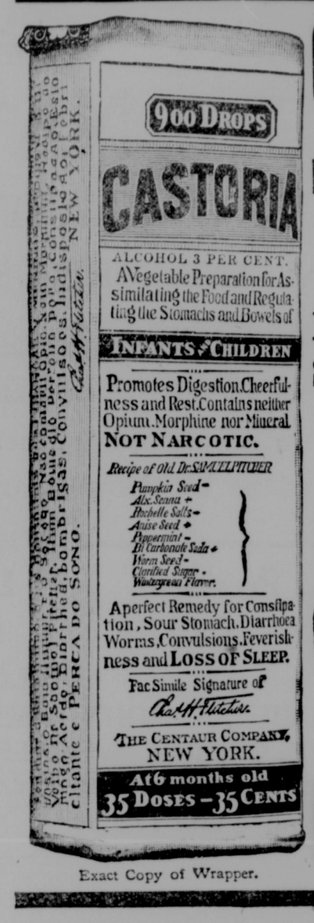
An ideal seed bed is one obtained by plowing the land in the fall, then in early spring harrowing it until the surface is smooth and thoroughly pulverized to a depth of about 2 inches. Hence, where alfalfa follows small grain, a clover, or timothy sod, the land should be plowed as soon as possible after the crop has been removed, thus allowing plenty of time for at least one or two good soaking rains to settle the soil well before seeding time. It must be remembered that frequent surface workings between the time of plowing and seeding are absolutely necessary to conserve moisture, kill weeds, and properly pulverize the surface.

GET READY FOR MARYLAND WEEK.

At the recent meeting of the Executive Committee of the Maryland Agricultural Society and affiliated organizations, it was decided to hold the Maryland Week Exhibition this year from November 14 to 18. It is urged by the committee that local granges and farmers' clubs begin to plan at once for exhibits to the state show. It points out that members of such organizations have been in the past among the most active supporters of the show. With the passing years this competition has grown steadily keener and those organizations or individuals that win laurels at this year's show should be hard at work planning for their part in the big affair. There is no better way for the local grange or club to place itself and its neighborhood on the map than by winning a high place in the club exhibit class. The members who immediately after harvest turn their earnest attention to planning such an exhibit are laying the foundation for a fruitful career as the most useful organization of their community. Neither should they attempt such an exhibit without first holding a local show for the benefit of their own neighborhood. In this work the help of the County Demonstration Agent will be found of the greatest help. There is no work in which he is more anxious to succeed than in developing local spirit and pride in agricultural production.

FARM ANIMALS.

Guard carefully the health of the hogs and poultry. If hog cholera breaks out in the community, get in touch with your County Agent, and prepare to inoculate against the disease. Prompt action is necessary in such cases.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

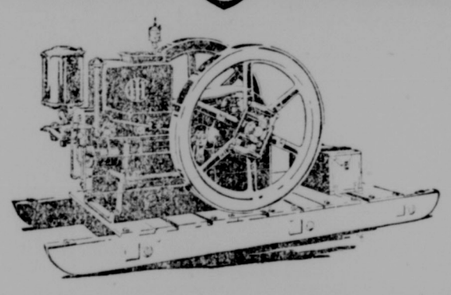
CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria
Always Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

THE CITY'S BEST
MEAT MARKET
IN THE EMPIRE BUILDING.

Choice Steak, Boiling Meat, and all other kinds of meat. Highest cash price paid for Poultry and Eggs; also cash paid for Hides and Skins.

H. L. MILLER



Are You Wasting The Price Of a Titan Engine?

TITAN engines run on kerosene.

Average cost of gasoline so far this year, 16.9 cents per gallon.

Average cost of kerosene 7.7 cents per gallon.

Gasoline costs over 100 per cent more than kerosene. Gasoline is going up steadily. Kerosene is not.

At present fuel prices **Titan** engines, using kerosene, save their owners about 1.1 cents per horse power per hour.

Are you running a gasoline engine? What horse power is it? Figure what you'd be saving if you had a **Titan** kerosene engine. Rather surprising, isn't it? How long would it take that saving to pay for a **Titan** engine of the same size?

International Harvester Company of America
(Incorporated)

Titan kerosene engines are sold by

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.,
OAKLAND, MD.

HAVE YOU HEARD THE
Aeolian Vocalion?

Come in and let us play your favorite selection on this wonderful new Phonograph

A full line of Columbia Records

Aeolian Vocalions sold on monthly payments.

STURGISS' PHARMACY

Representing Morrison Music Co., Cumberland.

The Republican--Garrett Co.'s Paper.

RUSSIANS PUSH ON TO LEMBERG

Austro-German Lines West of Lutsk Pierced by the Czar's Troops

BRITISH OCCUPY LONGUEVAL

London.—Driving forward at two points less than sixty miles apart, Russian forces have captured Brody, in Galicia, and have broken the Austro-German first lines west of Lutsk, in Volhynia, according to the latest Russian official communication. In addition, the Russians have taken 9,000 prisoners and 46 guns. Vienna admits the penetration of the Austrian line on the Brody-Lesznuow road and says the Austrians are continuing the battle on the southern border of Brody.

The capture of Brody, an important railway junction, some fifty miles northeast of Lemberg, opens a direct road to the Galician capital. The occupation of the town also may have the effect of causing the entire Austrian line southward toward Tarpopol and Buczacz, which has been held tenaciously in face of Russian attacks, to fall back.

The success in Volhynia, while also a menace to Lemberg should General von Linsingen be unable to withstand the Russian attacks, which Petrograd reports are continuing, threatens the stronghold of Vladimir-Volynski and makes more insecure the Austro-German hold on Kovel.

British troops north of the Somme in France have succeeded in occupying the whole of Longueval against a stubborn defense by the Germans. Their march towards Bapaume also has been aided by the reoccupation of the Delville Wood, which was captured July 15 and surrendered a few days later in the face of German attacks. Fighting continues in the vicinity of Pozieres.

KAISER'S COUNTER DRIVE.

London.—The battle on the Somme front which began a week ago and has continued since with brief lulls is still being fought by British and Germans with utmost subbornness.

An indication of the importance the Germans attach to defending their third line is found in the report of Gen. Haig, the British commander, and in the German admission that troops have been brought from before Verdun in order to lend all possible strength to Gen. von Einem.

The British, although they are making only slow progress, have been able to repulse all the fierce German counter attacks and fully maintain their ground, although the fighting consists largely of hand to hand conflicts.

The British are tenaciously holding to the portions of the village from which they drove the Germans, and with their artillery fire have repulsed an attempt by the German infantry to regain possession of the northeastern portion.

While the German lines along the Dvina were crumpling up before one of the greatest and most furious attacks of the war, the Kaiser and his chief of staff were rushing with all speed toward the scene of the latest German disaster, oblivious for the time being to all developments on the western front.

GERMANS SHOOT CAPTAIN.

Berlin.—Captain Charles Fryatt, of the Great Eastern Railway steamship Brussels, which vessel was captured by German destroyers last month and taken into Zeebrugge, has been executed by shooting after trial before a German naval court-martial.

The death sentence was passed upon Captain Fryatt because of his alleged action in attempting previously to ram a German submarine.

PITH OF THE WAR NEWS

Rome reports a gain of ground for the Italians against the Austrians on the Tonezza Plateau, north of Monte Cimone, and in the Tofano region.

Outflanked north and south, it is considered impossible that Count von Bothmer can longer delay extricating himself from his precarious position, even if he can now do so without losses.

British casualties for three weeks have been 5,929 dead, of whom 1,640 were officers, and 41,831 wounded.

Negotiations between Rumania and Turkey with regard to the exchange of supplies have been broken off.

Turkish army estimated at 70,000 strong is now concentrated on the Hungarian plains for the defense of Hungary.

The English troops are continuing to gain important ground against the most desperate resistance yet faced in any theatre. With their full weight of guns and with thousands of trained reinforcements the Germans are contending every inch of the blood-soaked territory.

It is difficult to overestimate the value of the capture of Brody. It is the most important station between Lemberg and Dubno.

WEEK'S EVENTS IN NEWSY ITEMS

What the World Is Doing Told in Condensed Form.

MOVES IN THE GREAT WAR

Battles in Europe's Gigantic Struggle —Affairs at the Nation's Capital —Happenings in All Corners of the Country.

War Bulletins

Petrograd announces that between July 16 and 25 General Sakharoff captured 34,000 Austrians and Germans.

Submarines started a relentless war on timber-laden ships in the North Sea.

There is no longer any likelihood of an attack on the entente allied forces at Saloniki.

Austrian withdrawal before the Russians north of Brody, in northeastern Galicia, is officially admitted by Vienna.

The war is costing Canada $1,000,000 a day.

The demobilization of the Greek army, in accordance with the rules set down by the Entente Powers, was finally completed. Reservists have been sent home.

The report is current in Berlin that a body of Turkish troops will soon be fighting in Galicia against the Russians.

Lieutenant Marshall, the famous German aviator, was killed fighting a British biplane.

General Haig now is preparing to strike straight at Bapaume, the important centre of German communications which lies about five miles away along the high road which runs from Albert.

Washington

President Wilson signed the rivers and harbors bill.

The army bill, carrying $312,000,000 passed the Senate.

President Wilson has renominated Charles S. Hamlin as governor of the Federal Reserve Board.

Dr. Membreno, Honduras Minister, and Acting Secretary of State Polk signed a Bryan peace treaty between Honduras and the United States.

Applications for loans under the new farm loan bank law are reaching the Treasury Department in great numbers, although members of the board to administer the law have just been named by President Wilson.

President Wilson signed an executive order providing for free quarters, free fuel and electric current to employes of the Panama Canal, Panama Railroad Co. and the Isthmus of Panama.

Formation of college militia organizations into an officer's reserve corps is proposed by the War Department.

A treaty for the purchase of Danish West Indies has been negotiated, the White House announced.

The British Government has made material modifications in the application of its trade blacklist of American firms accused of trading with Germany. Put in another way, the British Government has explained to the United States that the blacklist was not intended to be directed against neutrals.

General

Two armed men held up and robbed the East Tenth Street Bank, of Indianapolis, escaping with $1,500.

Striking agents of the Prudential Insurance Co., of America, claimed numerous additions to their ranks.

Export trade of the Philippine Islands during the first six months of the present year was $36,966,000.

The Wabash River broke its banks at Tamaqua and flooded the town. The loss is between $75,000 and $100,000.

Five United States warships and several aeroplanes are guarding American neutrality off the Virginia Capes.

Proposed increased rates over New England railroads on milk, cream and their products were found not justified by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Rev. Dr. John Washington Hoffman, of Duluth, has been elected president of Ohio Wesleyan University to succeed Dr. Herbert Welch recently elected bishop by the Methodist general conference.

By an order issued by Admiral Henry T. Mayo, in command of the Atlantic fleet, practically all athletic contests by navy teams at which a gate fee is charged will be eliminated.

F. H. Britton, president of the St. Louis & Southwestern Railroad, is dead.

Abram I. Elkus, the new Ambassador to Turkey, called on President Wilson and arranged to depart for his post August 30.

The Atlantic Coast Line has given an increase of 5 per cent in wages to 2,000 clerks.

Junk men in the United States collected $114,000,000 worth of scrap iron and other metals last year.

James E. Ferguson and Oscar B. Colquitt have been renominated, respectively, for Governor and United States Senator, according to late returns from the Democratic primaries in Texas.

The superdreadnought Pennsylvania has arrived at Newport, R. I., from New York, to take on her torpedo outfit.

The American Locomotive Co. closed an order to the amount of approximately $3,000,000 for six-inch shells for Great Britain.

Dr. Franklin Chambers McLean, of Rockefeller Institute, has been appointed head of the Union Medical College, at Peking, China.

Residents of every Christian nation in the world are asked to dedicate Sunday, Aug. 6, to special services in the interests of world peace.

Judge Thomas P. Riley, of Malden, Mass., announced he would be a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Lieutenant Governor.

The United States Government, last year, paid 4 3-4 cents a pound for paper for postage stamps. The same paper this year will cost 8 1-2 cents.

The Interstate Commerce Commission authorized the Central Vermont Railway to continue steamship service between New York and New London.

The government has ordered the Consul-General of Peru at New York, Eduardo Higginson, to purchase 140,000 ounces of silver and to ship the metal to Peru for coinage.

The Farm Loan Board was launched with the appointment of four experts as members.

Mrs. Gertrude Steadman and her infant daughter, Helen, were drowned and three other persons narrowly escaped, when their automobile backed off the dock into the Detroit River.

The Atlantic Coast line opened its large bridge on the Santee River, near St. Stephen, for through traffic between Florida and New York for the first time since the recent floods.

Lumber yards at San Francisco, which were tied up since June 1, when their men joined a general longshoremen's strike on the Pacific Coast, resumed operations.

The Republic works of the National Tube Co., at Pittsburgh have resumed operations.

Six thousand collecting agents of the Prudential Life Insurance Co. of America, have gone on a strike.

MEXICAN CAMPAIGN

College students among the guardsmen expect to be given a furlough for six months in September.

Funston sends the War Department a report that Private Healey, of New York, died of tuberculosis, not because of neglect.

The death of General Calixto Contreras, head of the reactionary party in the State of Durango, is confirmed. He was killed during a fight at the Tuintan station.

Constitutionalist forces in the vicinity of Parral have defeated the forces of Francisco Villa at the San Isidro ranch.

Applications for release from service of guardsmen with persons dependent upon them are pouring into army headquarters at Fort Sam Houston at the rate of 1,500 a week.

American troops and militia on the Mexican border are to get "foreign service pay" under an amendment to the army bill adopted by Senator Reed.

For the first time since the mobilization of the militia, provost guards appeared in the streets of San Antonio.

All National Guard organizations composed of college students will be mustered out of the Federal service in time for them to proceed with their school work at the fall term.

Sporting

Amos Strunk, veteran outfielder of the Athletics, is playing the game of his life for the riddled Mackmen.

"Larry" Gardner, the Red Sox third baseman, is helping to keep his club up in the race.

McGraw has been raking the minor leagues over with a fine comb in the hope of discovering pitching "finds." He has signed "Jack" Middletown, a young pitcher of the Louisville club.

At Detroit Miss Harrison set four-year-old pacing mark for two consecutive heats, 2:01 1-4, 2:01 3-4.

When one figures the team and then the pitcher, Al Mamaux, of the Pirates must be credited with doing the best pitching of the year.

Foreign

Laurence Ginnel, nationalist member of parliament for North Westmeath, was suspended from the sittings of the British House of Commons for disorderly conduct.

An Irish compromise is sought in a petition widely signed by British M. P's.

Leaders of German Socialists and Trade Unionists have issued an appeal to all German workmen to refrain from strikes in the interests of a speedy peace.

The mines in the states of Sonora, Mexico, Michoacan and Hidalgo have resumed operations.

The Archbishop of Dublin issued a statement declaring prospects of Ireland are tragic, and warning Nationalists not to be fooled by England.

The Kaiser apologized to the Sultan for his inability to visit Constantinople as promised.

Six civilians have been executed by the Germans at Ghent.

Federico Henriquez Carvajal was proclaimed provisional president of San Domingo.

Twelve persons were killed and 22 injured in a wreck of a northbound train of the National lines at Morales Mexico.

GOOD ROADS MOVE INTERESTS GARRETT COUNTY

Linked Highway Will Bring Thousands of Tourists Through Here.

The activity of good roads boosters reported in Tucker county, W. Va., which centered around a mass meeting in Thomas Friday evening, created some interest here. The building of good roads in Tucker and Preston county, W. Va., will supply one of the missing links in the Appalachian highway which is to extend from Maine to Louisiana along the crest of the Appalachian mountains.

Since the new road system in West Virginia will be connected to the Maryland highways near Oakland it is an assured fact that the Appalachan highway will traverse the National pike between points close enough to this place and Cumberland to make the project a matter of very great interest to Garrett county people.

The Southern Appalachian Good Roads Association, of which W. E. G. Hitchins, of Frostburg, is one of the vice presidents, is backing "The Appalachian Highway," one of the newest of the great through routes to attract public attention.

The project was launched at the Southern Appalachian good roads convention held in Bluefield, W. Va., October, 1915.

The route selected begins at Calais, Maine, and runs via Bangor, Maine; Montpelier, Vermont; Lake George and Albany, N. Y., Williamsport, Pa.; Oakland, Md.; Elkins and Bluefield, W. Va.; Bristol, Tenn.; Ashville, N. C.; Birmingham, Ala., to New Orleans. The route follows the chain of the Appalachian mountains and it is claimed that the highwaw will be the most beautiful from a scenic standpoint to be found anywhere in America.

BIBLE CONFERENCE

Will Be Held at Mountain Lake Park August 13-20.

The Bible Conference to be held at Mountain Lake Park, Md., will open Sunday, August 13, closing August 20. Because of the success attending this conference last year the Park Association has been led to ask the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago to again take full charge of the conference.

The Rev. Dr. James M. Gray, dean of the Institute, will preside, and, as last year will take the conference through the study of one or two books of the Bible with the aid of the blackboard. The music will be in charge of Prof E. O. Sellers, who will also give instruction in Sunday school management and work among the young, in both of which he is a specialist.

Charles G. Trumbull, of the Sunday School Times, and Fred L. Rosemond attorney, attorney, of Cambridge, Ohio, will repeat their morning talks on "The Victorious Life" and "Devotional Bible Study."

The Rev. George E. Guille, formerly a Presbyterian pastor at Augusta, Ga., and now conducting Bible conferences under the auspices of the Extension Department of the Moody Bible Institute will contribute a number of stereopticon lectures of interest and value.

Among the new speakers and teachers who will take part in the conference are the Rev. Luther K. Peacock, the noted evangelist, who spent three years as assistant to the Rev. Billy Sunday, but who is now with a party of experts, holding evangelistic campaigns in all parts of the country and meeting with marvelous success. Rev. Peacock is a great preacher and will appear on the program several times.

Another prominent speaker is pastor Joseph W. Kemp, formerly of Edinburg, who has been called "The Spurgeon of Scotland" and has now succeeded Dr. Robert S. MacArthur in Calvary Baptist Church, New York.

The Rev. Dr. Robert McWatty Russell, ex-moderator of the United Presbyterian Assembly and former president of Westminister College, New Wilmington, Pa., who now occupies the chairs of Bible Doctrine and Homiletics in the Moody Bible Institute, will be present during the entire conference.

Other speakers are the Rev. M. E. Dodds, D. D. of the First Baptist church, Shreveport, La., well known as a Bible teacher in conferences of the Southwest, Miss Elinor Stafford Miller, "The Australian Evangelist" an inspirational preacher of unusual power and Mrs. Margaret T. Russell, well known as a Bible teacher in the Southland. The names of other speakers and teachers who have been invited are Evangelist Henry W. Stough, Dr. Don S. Colt, Rev. Dr. W. R. Wedderspoon, Evangelist Bob Jones, Howard A. Banks, the secretary to the Secretary of the Navy. There will be a choir of 100 voices this year.

One of the features of the Mountain Lake Bible Conference is that there will be no charge for admission to the grounds and all of the meetings are free. The conference is supported by voluntary offerings.

PIGS, three months old, for sale. George A. DeWitt, Deer Park, Md. Advertisement.

Supervisors' Notice Of Appointments OF Judges AND Clerks of Election

OFFICE OF
THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF ELECTION FOR GARRETT COUNTY.

OAKLAND, MD., JULY 27, 1916.

The Board of Supervisors of Election for Garrett County, Maryland, having selected the following named persons to be Judges of Election and Clerks of Election in and for the several election districts of said county in accordance with the provisions of Section 7 of Article 33, of the Code of Public General Laws of the State of Maryland, hereby give notice of the name and postoffice address of each person so selected and also the political party which the Board of Supervisors of Election intends each of said persons to represent, respectively.

The law makes it the duty of the Board to examine promptly into any complaints which may be made to them in writing and remove all such appointees whom upon inquiry they find to be unfit or incapable to discharge the duties incumbent upon them as election officials.

Election District Number One—
Swanton.

Herman Steiding, Republican, Judge of Election, Swanton.

A. R. Barnard, Republican, Clerk of Election, Swanton.

Geo. H. Beckman, Democrat, Judge of Election, Swanton.

F. R. Sharpless, Democrat, Clerk of Election, Swanton.

Election District Number Two—
Friendsville.

Arthur Dixon, Republican, Judge of Election, Friendsville.

Ernest N. Friend, Republican, Clerk of Election, Friendsville.

Edward M. Liston, Democrat, Judge of Election, Selbysport.

Dorsey Guard, Democrat, Clerk of Election, Guard.

Election District Number Three—
Grantsville.

John Younkin, Republican, Judge of Election, Grantsville.

Simon Orendorf, Republican, Clerk of Election, Jennings.

Charles Warnick, Democrat, Judge of Election, Grantsville.

D. H. Kurtz, Democrat, Clerk of Election, Grantsville.

Election District Number Four—
Bloomington.

Edward Warnick, Republican, Judge of Election, Bloomington.

L. Porter Michael, Republican, Clerk of Election, Westernport.

P. R. Tichnel, Democrat, Judge of Election, Bloomington.

V. H. Broadwater, Democrat, Clerk of Election, Westernport.

Election District Number Five—
Accident.

John J. Weber, Republican, Judge of Election, Accident.

Earl H. Ault, Republican, Clerk of Election, Accident.

August Harmon, Democrat, Judge of Election, Accident.

Alvey C. Spoerlein, Democrat, Clerk of Election, Accident.

Election District Number Six—
Sang Run.

B. F. Hoye, Republican, Judge of Election, Hoyes.

Clarence W. Fraker, Republican, Clerk of Election, McHenry.

Michael P. Smith, Democrat, Judge of Election, McHenry.

Thaddeus C. Hinebaugh, Democrat, Clerk of Election, McHenry.

Election District Number Seven—
Oakland.

G. B. M. Friend, Republican, Judge of Election, Oakland.

Jno. W. Maroney, Republican, Clerk of Election, Oakland.

Z. C. Gibson, Democrat, Judge of Election, Mt. Lake Park.

Jas. O. Hinebaugh, Democrat, Clerk of Election, Oakland.

Election District Number Eight—
Ryan's Glade. 1st Precinct.

Jas. M. Wilson, Republican, Judge of Election, Gormania.

Jos. M. Conneway, Republican, Clerk of Election, Oakland.

Jacob Pope, Democrat, Judge of Election, Gormania.

Jos. W. King, Democrat, Clerk of Election, Gormania.

Second Precinct.

Silas Arnald, Republican, Judge of Election, Dobbin.

P. F. Brenninger, Republican, Clerk of Election, Oakland.

H. A. Shaffer, Democrat, Judge of Election, Oakland.

W. W. Fike, Democrat, Clerk of Election, Dobbin.

Election District Number Nine—
Johnson's.

Jacob Steinla, Republican, Judge of Election, Finzel.

W. A. Brown, Republican, Clerk of Election, Finzel.

Urias McKenzie, Democrat, Judge of Election, Finzel.

Godfrey Rosenberger, Democrat, Clerk of Election, Finzel.

Election District Number Ten—
Deer Park.

H. H. Calderwood, Republican, Judge of Election, Deer Park.

W. B. Miller, Republican, Clerk of Election, Deer Park.

Frank DeWitt, Democrat, Judge of Election, Deer Park.

Zalmon West, Democrat, Clerk of Election, Deer Park.

Election District Number Eleven—
The Elbow.

Norman T. Jacobs, Republican, Judge of Election, Lonaconing.

Walter H. Weir, Republican, Clerk of Election, Lonaconing.

Nimrod Gregg, Democrat, Judge of Election, Merrill.

W. H. Broadwater, Democrat, Clerk of Election, Merrill.

Election District Number Twelve—
Bittinger.

Oliver Beachy, Republican, Judge of Election, Bittinger.

Thomas H. Brenneman, Republican Clerk of Election, Bittinger.

Chauncey R. Broadwater, Democrat, Judge of Election, Bittinger.

James Jones, Democrat, Clerk of Election, Bittinger.

Election District Number Thirteen—
Kitzmiller.

A. G. Barrack, Republican, Judge of Election, Kitzmiller.

H. L. Price, Republican, Clerk of Election, Kitzmiller.

Geo. J. Pool, Democrat, Judge of Election, Kitzmiller.

L. C. Hudson, Democrat, Clerk of Election, Kitzmiller.

Election District Number Fourteen—
Oakland.

E. E. Fairchilds, Republican, Judge of Election, Crellin.

D. M. Sanders, Republican, Clerk of Election, Ottaway.

John A. Hughes, Democrat, Judge of Election, Ottaway.

W. R. Pendergast, Democrat, Clerk of Election, Ottaway.

J. M. STANTON, Pres.,
FRED P. MILLER,
GEO. D. BROWNING.
Board of Supervisors of Election for Garrett county.
H. A. RASCHE, Clerk.

Order Nisi.

Gilmor S. Hamill, Assignee vs. William Frederick, Jr., and wife.
In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland, No. 2073 Equity.

It Is Ordered, this 31th day of July, nineteen hundred and sixteen, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in equity, that the sale of the property mentioned in these proceedings, as made and reported by Gilmor S. Hamill, Assignee of mortgage for the purpose of foreclosure, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 21st day of August, 1916, provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Garrett county once a week for three successive weeks before the 25th day of August, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $500.00.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

ROAD PETITION

Notice is hereby given that thirty days after the first publication hereof, application will be made to the County Commissioners of Garrett county for the appointment of viewers to lay out and locate a proposed new county road in Election District No. 10 of said county, said proposed road to begin at a point on the Ryan's Glade and Blaine road at or near Z. H. Moon's mail box, and running thence through the lands of Michael and Bell Tasker, Alexander Moon, George W. Walter and Jesse and George White to intersect the road leading from Bethlehem to Mountain Lake Park, a distance of about two miles.

F. B. TASKER,
MIKE TASKER,
ALEX. MOON,
JESSE WHITE,
GEORGE A. WHITE,
GEORGE W. WALTER,
AND OTHERS.

First publication August 3, 1916.

The Maryland State College Of Agriculture

Gives special courses in—

AGRICULTURE, ANIMAL HUSBANDRY, DAIRYING, POULTRY HUSBANDRY, FRUIT GROWING, MARKET GARDENING, FLORICULTURE, CANNING, CHEMISTRY, BIOLOGY, RURAL, CIVIL, MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING.

Military Training

College Expenses $50—Living Expenses $100 a year, 2 year, 10 week and CORRESPONDENCE COURSES—

FALL TERM Begins September 12th.

For Full Information address—
THE REGISTAR, COLLEGE PARK, MD.
Adv. 22-6t

Commissioners Meeting.

Office of the County Commissioners for Garrett county, Oakland, Md., July 20th, 1916.

The Board of County Commissioners for Garrett County, Maryland, will meet in their office in the town of Oakland, on

Monday, August 7th, 1916,

to transact routine business.

By order of the Board.
W. G. MEYERS, Clerk.

Notice to Trespassers

Notice is hereby given to all persons not to trespass upon the lands of the undersigned for any purpose whatever under the severest penalty of the law; and all cattle found within the bounds of the lands will be impounded.

JONAS KNOX, Agent.
for J. J. Nicola.
3 times. paid.

For Sale.

Crooks Crest, comprising about twenty acres, improved by handsome house. Apply to the owner or any real estate agent. Mrs. E. Fundenberg, Oakland, Md. Adv. 12-tf

MOUNTAIN LAKE PARK.

Mrs. Jennie Fee and her mother-in-law, Mrs. Fee, of Indianapolis, Indiana, have opened the Armstrong cottage. Mrs. Fee was in the B. & O. train No. 12 wreck last Saturday.

The Civic Club day, last Saturday, was a most enjoyable occasion. The moving pictures at night drew a great crowd.

The Epworth League Institute opens today (Thursday) and will continue for one week. Something interesting every day and night. Everybody invited to attend the exercises. Next Sabuath at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. the pulpit will be occupied by two great preachers. The night service will be one of the best held in the Park this season.

Many of the boarding houses are crowded to their full capacity. Nearly all the cottages are rented and enquiries are coming in daily for cottages and board. This month the Park will be crowded with people. There is a feeling among the summer visitors that the Park is on the upward grade. The enquiry for building lots is very encouraging. Mr. Ed. W. Westwood has taken charge of the lot sales department and is showing prospective purchasers lots.

The Park presents a very pleasing condition and the work of making it attractive is progressing nicely. Many improvements are taking place, houses are being painted, porches are being built, lawns are being beautified and other work done to make the Park attractive.

Superintendent Rudisill called on the Daily Press of Keyser and the Daily News of Cumberland last Friday and talked over the report they published about a girl being lured to the Park. The whole story originated in the brain of a crazy girl, who is now in the asylum at Sykesville, Md.

Dean J. E. Harry, of the University of Cincinnati, will deliver a beautifully illustrated lecture in the tabernacle on the 11th of this month. The subject is "The City Beautiful." Pictures of the beautiful cities of Athens, Rome, Florence, etc., will be thrown on the screen. The Cincinnatti Enquirer says, "Dean Harry is one of the most wonderfully equipped lecturers and teachers in America."

Do not miss the services in the auditorium next Sabbath. They will be worth going miles to hear.

The base ball grounds have been put in good shape and a team organized. Several games are in prospect. The lawn tennis courts are occupied all day long.

Dr. Riley, assistant secretary of the State Board of Health, is a guest of the Schrock Cottage. He is accompanied by Mrs. Riley and little son.

Those who attended the lecture last night were delighted. It was an hour of real enjoyable wit and humor. Dr. King knows how to make you laugh and make you feel good all over.

FAIR NOTES

Several Extraordinary Attractions Secured for This Year's Event.

The management announces several splendid attractions for the coming Fair, which were contracted for last week.

One is the Nigro's Greater Shows, one of the best and largest carnival companies now on the road and which showed in Cumberland during the past week or two. The company carries ten small tent shows, comprising an Old Plantation show, a $5000 Ostrich show, Motordrome, Ferris Wheel, Merry-go-Round and a fine brass band. A number of free attractions will go with this show.

The Boys Band of Cumberland, composed of trained musicians ranging in years from 15 to 19, has been engaged for the entire Fair and will give concerts both fore and afternoon.

A complete marble yard is one of the good things already secured where will be shown the method of cutting rude stone to beautiful statuary. This will be free to everyone and will be one of the best educational features of the Fair.

Sensational Smithson, one of the most daring artists, will span the air between two inclines on his bicycle and give the most thrilling exhibit ever seen at our Fairs.

The premium list, now in the hands of the printer and soon to be issued, will show many special premiums to be offered and the premiums offered by the Fair management will cover every product of our county.

Many new and attractive features will be added as the time for holding the Fair approaches and every citizen of the county should help to boost the event and make it the best ever held in the county. Great things are planned for the entertainment of the good people of this and the adjoining counties in Pennsylvania and West Virginia and with favorable weather Oakland will see one of the greatest crowds that ever visited here in her history.

County Superintendent F. E. Rathbun, and Attendance Officer B. H. Wiley were at their respective homes in Garrett county over Sunday, returning to Baltimore and their studies in that city Sunday night.

Mrs. George W. Haulenbeek, at her cottage, "Uplands," at Deer Park is entertaining her nephew, Mr. George Tompkins Connett, and his friend, Mr. Albert Forrest Perry, both of Newark, N. J. They will spend the month of August in the Alleghanies. Mrs. Elmer Haulenbeek and her sister-in-law, Mrs. Paul A. Trageser, and little daughter, Susan Anne, of Baltimore, are also at Uplands cottage.

Mr. John Stewart, of Morgantown, West Va., who was visiting his sister, Mrs. S. P. Newman, in Oakland, left here on Saturday afternoon, accompanied by Mrs. Newman, their objective point being Albright, West Va., where they were called by the death of their nephew, John Dunn, who was killed by falling from a load of hay which he was hauling from a field to his barn.

Notice to the Public

The undersigned has bought out the general store of Mr. J. S. Clary at Deer Park, Md., and will continue the business in the same building and in the same manner in which it has been conducted, and extends to the public generally a cordial invitation to call, get prices and see if we cannot do business.

Remember that satisfaction is guaranteed in every transaction.

Thanking you in advance.

I am very truly,
W. B. MILLER.

Farm for Sale

Containing two hundred and seventy-six acres. About 175 acres cleared and in good cultivation and the balance in timber.

Located twelve miles west of Lonaconing in Garrett county in the Fairview settlement. With seven or eight never failing springs on it. One dwelling house containing seven rooms and a good cellar; bank barn 40 x 60 feet and all other necessary outbuildings.

Good apple orchard of about 200 bearing trees and all other kinds of fruits.

If not sold prior to January 1st, 1917, the property will be for rent.

For any other information call on or address the undersigned.

JONAS WEITZELL,
Lonaconing, Md.

MORTGAEE'S SALE

OF A VALUABLE

Lot of Ground

Situate near Deer Park, Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage from Bruce T. Browning (widower) dated the 5th day of June, 1915, and which mortgage is duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 64, folio 177 etc, one of the Mortgage Records of Garrett county, Maryland, default having occurred under the terms and provisions contained in said mortgage, I, Stuart F. Hamill, the attorney named in said mortgage, will on

SATURDAY
the 19th day of August, 1916

in front of the Court House in the town of Oakland, Maryland, offer at public auction, at the hour of two thirty o'clock p. m. of said day, to the highest bidder, all of the following real estate in fee simple, and all the following life estate in and to—

1st. All that lot, piece or parcel of land containing the quantity of thirty-one acres and 145 perches and being a part of the "Armstead Farm," which was conveyed to the said Bruce T. Browning by deed from Jonas E. Harvey et. ux., dated the 5th day of June, 1915, and which deed is duly recorded among the Land Records of Garrett county.

2nd. All his life interest and estate in and to all that lot of ground containing the quantity of eighty and three-fourths acres of land, and being the same lot of ground which was conveyed to the said Bruce T. Browning and Mary M. Browning, his wife, by deed from Howard W. Smouse et. ux., dated the 12th day of April, 1907, and which deed is duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 54, folio 428 etc, one of the Land Records of Garrett county.

Said property is improved by a newly painted dwelling house and one of the best barns in Garrett county, and is located about one mile east from the State Road leading from Oakland to Grantsville.

TERMS OF SALE:—Cash on the day of sale or the ratification of the same by the court, but if some responsible person wishes to purchase said farm they can do so by paying one-third cash on the day of sale and the balance to be divided into two equal payments to be secured by the notes and mortgage of the purchaser on said property, and payable in one and two years from date of sale with interest.

STUART F. HAMILL,
Attorney named in said Mortgage.

LEON

Will make the season of 1916 as follows, beginning May 13th:

On Saturday of each week at the Mill Stable of Andrew W. Helbig in Oakland. Other days at my home.

After July 15, terms will be $10.

D. J. SWARTZENTRUBER.

The Fairmont Fair

Fairmont, W. Va., Aug. 21 to 25

AUCTION SALE

OF TWO VALUABLE **5 Acre** TRACTS OF LAND

IN OAKLAND

Friday, August 11, 10 A. M.

Sale to take place in front of the First National Bank promptly at 10 A. M.

LOCATION OF THESE VALUABLE TRACTS:

The tracts adjoin the lands of Louis Bush and front the road leading from Oakland to Sang Run and are opposite the old Bradley Farm Home place now owned by J. W. Traver.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash or bankable note.

DIXIE REALTY COMPANY.

WILLIAM M. SOMERVILLE, Solicitor
Cumberland, Maryland.

POSTPONED
Mortgagee's Sale

OF VALUABLE

Coal Lands

Together with Houses and Equipment of Operating Coal Company, the Property of Waitman Smokeless Coal Company at Steyer, Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage from the Waitman Smokeless Coal Company, a corporation, to the Coudersport Trust Company of Coudersport, Pa., dated the first day of May, 1914, and recorded among the mortgage records of Garrett County, Maryland, in liber No. 67, folio No. 352, etc., there being default in the covenants and conditions of said mortgage, the undersigned mortgagee will sell to the highest bidder at public auction in front of the Court House in Oakland, Garrett County, Maryland, on

SATURDAY,
the 12nd day of August, 1916

at two o'clock P. M., all the following described property:

All coal and surface rights of the following parcels of land situated in District No. 8 of Garrett County, Maryland.

(1) Four small parcels of land comprising together nine acres, together with all the buildings and improvements thereon, including eleven tenement houses, more or less, and a large store building.

(2) All the coal in place including all those four tracts of land adjoining the above mentioned parcels of land containing 480 acres, more or less.

(3) All those parcels or tracts of land described in lease from the Bayard Coal & Coke Company to the Waitman Smokeless Coal Company, containing 493 acres more or less.

All of said tracts of land containg in the aggregate about 982 acres of coal, nearly all of which is include with the six feet and four feet veins of coal of quality and condition usually found in the Upper Potomac Region.

Reference is hereby made to the mortgage above mentioned and the several deeds therein mentioned for a more particular description of this property by metes and bounds. Also for reservations of several small parcels of coal which are reserved to original owners in said deeds, but which do not materially effect the value of said property.

(4) Also the following personal property: 65 one-ton 26 inch gauge mine cars, more or less, 23 tons of steel rails, more or less, one set Fairbanks Scales, one set Blacksmith's tools, one lot of mining tools, two boilers, with pumps, one engine, and all appliances and appurtenances thereto, all tram ways, hoists, mine props, and all other tools, buildings, structures, appliances and equipment for operating the said coal mines and mining plant, together with all the rights of ways of every kind and nature, including said tracts and switches, and all the houses, residences and buildings, tipple dumps, etc., now erected upon the said above described premises.

The mining plant has recently been repaired and put into good condition for the mining and shipment of coal, and is now an actual working proposition. Inspection of the property by prospective purchasers is invited.

Purchaser can be given immediate possession upon ratification of the sale by the Court.

TERMS:—A deposit of $2000.00 on the day of the sale, and the balance in cash upon ratification of the sale by the Court.

Coudersport Trust Company,
WM. M. SOMERVILLE,
Solicitor.

Subscribe for The Republican.

PROCLAMATION

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF MARYLAND CREATING A BUDGET SYSTEM.

WHEREAS, at the January Session of the General Assembly of Maryland, held in the year 1916, an Act was passed, to-wit: Chapter 159 of said Acts, being an Act to propose an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title, "Legislative Department," of the Constitution of this State; and which said Act is in words and figures following:

"CHAPTER 159.

AN ACT to propose an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title, Legislative Department, of the Constitution of this State, regulating the making of appropriations by the General Assembly of Maryland in regular session, and to provide for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of this State for adoption or rejection.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, (three-fifths of all the members of each of the two houses concurring.) That the following be and the same is hereby proposed as an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title Legislative Department, of the Constitution of this State, the same, if adopted by the legally qualified voters of the State, as herein provided, to become Section 52 of Article III of the Constitution of Maryland.

Sec. 52. The General Assembly shall not appropriate any money out of the Treasry except in accordance with the followin provisions.

Sub Section A:

Every appropriation bill shall be either a Budget Bill, or a Supplementary Appropriation Bill, as hereinafter mentioned.

Sub-Section B:

First. Within twenty days after the convening of the General Assembly (except in the case of a newly elected Governor, and then within thirty days after his inauguration,) unless such time shall be extended by the General Assembly for the session at which the Budget is to be submitted, the Governor shall submit to the General Assembly two budgets, one for each of the ensuing fiscal years. Each budget shall contain a complete plan of proposed expenditures and estimated revenues for the particular fiscal year to which it relates; and shall show the estimated surplus or deficit of revenues at the end of such year. Accompanying each budget shall be a statement showing: (1) the revenues and expenditures for each of the two fiscal years next preceding; (2) the current assets, liabilities, reserves and surplus or deficit of the State; (3) the debts and funds of the State; (4) an estimate of the State's financial condition as of the beginning and end of each of the fiscal years covered by the two budgets above provided; (5) any explanation the Governor may desire to make as to the important features of any budget and any suggestion as to methods for the reduction or increase of the State's revenue.

Second. Each budget shall be divided into two parts, and the first part shall be designated "Governmental Appropriations" and shall embrace an itemized estimate of the appropriations: (1) for the General Assembly as certified to the Governor in the manner hereinafter provided; (2) for the Executive Department; (3) for the Judiciary Department, as provided by law, certified to the Governor by the Comptroller; (4) to pay and discharge the principal and interest of the debt of the State of Maryland in conformity with Section 34 of Article III of the Constitution, and all laws enacted in pursuance thereof; (5) for the salaries payable by the State under Constitution and laws of the State; (6) for the establishment and maintenance throughout the State of a thorough and efficient system of public schools in conformity with Article VIII of the Constitution and with the laws of the State; (7) for such other purposes as are set forth in the Constitution of the State.

Third. The second part shall be designated "General Appropriations," and shall include all other estimates of appropriations.

The Governor shall deliver to the presiding officer of each house the budgets and a bill for all the proposed appropriations of the budgets clearly itemized and classified; and the presiding officer of each house shall promptly cause said bill to be introduced therein, and such bill shall be known as the "Budget Bill." The Governor may, before final action thereon by the General Assembly, amend or supplement either of said budgets to correct an oversight or in case of an emergency, with the consent of the General Assembly by delivering such an amendment or supplement to the presiding officers of both houses; and such amendment or supplement shall thereby become a part of said budget bill as an addition to the items of said bill or as a modification of or a substitute for any item of said bill such amendment or supplement may affect.

The General Assembly shall not amend the budget bill so as to affect either the obligations of the State under Section 34 of Article III of the Constitution, or the provisions made by the laws of the State for the establishment and maintenance of a system of public schools, or the payment of any salaries required to be paid by the State of Maryland by the Constitution thereof; and the General Assembly may amend the bill by increasing or diminishing the items therein relating to the General Assembly; and by increasing the items therein relating to the judiciary, but except as hereinbefore specified, may not alter the said bill except to strike out or reduce items therein, provided, however, that the salary or compensation of any public officer shall not be decreased during his term of office; and such bill when and as passed by both houses shall be a law immediately without further action by the Governor.

Fourth. The Governor and such representatives of the executive departments, boards, officers and commissions of the State expending or supplying for State's money, as have been designated by the Governor for this purpose, shall have the right, and when required by either house of the Legislature, it shall be their duty to appear and be heard with respect to any budget bill during the consideration thereof, and to answer inquiries relative thereto.

Sub-Section C: Supplementary Appropriation Bills:

Neither house shall consider other appropriations until the Budget Bill has been finally acted upon by both houses, and no such other appropriation shall be valid except in accordance with the provisions following: (1) Every such appropriation shall be embodied in a separate bill limited to some single work, object or purdose therein stated and called herein a Supplementary Appropriation Bill; (2) Each Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall provide the revenue necessary to pay the appropriation thereby made by a tax, direct or indirect, to be laid and collected as shall be directed in said Bill. (3) No Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall become a law unless it be passed in each house by a vote of a majority of the whole number of the members elected; and in the yeas and nays recorded on its final passage; (4) Each Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall be presented to the Governor of the State as provided in Section 17 of Article II of the Constitution and thereafter all the provisions of said Section shall apply.

Nothing in this amendment shall be construed as preventing the Legislature from passing at any time in accordance with the provisions of Section 29 of Article III of the Constitution and subject to the Governor's power of approval as provided in Section 17 of Article II of the Constitution an appropriation bill to provide for the payment of any obligation of the State of Maryland within the protection of Section 10 of Article I of the Constitution of the United States.

Sub-Section D: General Provisions:

First. If the Budget Bill shall not have been finally acted upon by the Legislature three days before the expiration of its regular session, the Governor may, and it shall be his duty to issue a proclamation extending the session for such further period as may be his judgment be necessary for the passage of such Bill; but no other matter than such Bill shall be considered during such extended session except a provision for the cost thereof.

Second. The Governor for the purpose of making up his budgets shall have the power, and it shall be his duty, to require from the proper state officials, including herein all executive departments, all executive and administrative offices, bureaus boards, commissions and agencies expending or supervising the expenditure of, and all institutions applying for State moneys and appropriations, such itemized estimates and other information, in such form and at such times as he shall direct. The estimates for the Legislative Department, certified by the presiding officer of each house, of the Judiciary, as provided by law, certified by the Comptroller, and for the public schools, as provided by law shall be transmitted to the Governor, in such form and at such times as he shall direct, and shall be included in the budget without revision.

The Governor may provide for public hearings on all estimates and may require the attendance at such hearings of representatives of all agencies, and of all institutions applying for State moneys. After such public hearings he may, in his discretion, revise all estimates except those for the legislative and judiciary departments, and for the public schools as provided by law.

Third. The Legislature may, from time to time, enact such laws, not inconsistent with this Section, as may be necessary and proper to carry out it provisions.

Fourth. In the event of any inconsistency between any of the provisions of this Section and any of the other provisions of the Constitution, the provisions of this Section shall prevail. But nothing herein shall in any manner affect the provisions of Section 34 of Article III of the Constution or of any laws heretofore or hereafter passed in pursuance thereof, or be construed as preventing the Governor from calling extraordinary sessions of the Legislature, as provided by Section 16 of Article II, or as preventing the Legislature at such extraordinary sessions from considering any emergency appropriations.

If any item of any approporiation bill passed under the provisions of this Section shall be held invalid upon any ground, such invalidity shall not affect the legality of the Bill or of any other item of such Bill or Bills.

Section 2. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said foregoing Section hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution shall at the next ensuing general election, being the Presidential and Congressional election, being the Presidential and Congressional election, to be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday of November, nineteen hundred and sixteen, be submitted to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption of rejection in conformity with the directions contained in Article XVI of this State, and at said election the vote on said proposed amendment to the constitution shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be placed the following synopsis of said amendment under the caption of

'CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROVIDING FOR A BUDGET.'

"This amendment provides that the Governor shall present to the Legislature soon after it is convened a Budget giving a complete plan of proposed expenditures and estimated revenues for the two succeeding fiscal years showing clearly any surplus or deficit in State funds. In these estimates he shall make provision for the interest and sinking funds of all State debts, for all salaries as fixed by law, and for the public schools as fixed by law. With regard to most other matters he may revise the estimates presented to him either by State officers or State-aided institutions. The Legislature may not increase the estimates presented by the Governor or pass any additional appropriation act except by a majority vote and must make provision by tax for such increase or additional appropriation. The Legislature may not alter in any appropriation act the provision made by law for the State debt, or for the judiciary, but may reduce all other items in the Governor's estimates; and the words 'for the Constitutional Amendment' and 'against the Constitutional Amendment' as now provided by law, and immediately after said election due returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote in accordance with Article XVI of the Constitution.

Approved March 28, 1916."

Now, therefore, I, Emerson C. Harrington, Governor of the State of Maryland, in pursuance of the direction contained in Section 1 of Article 14 of the Constitution of Maryland, do hereby order and direct a copy of this Proclamation, containing a full, true and correct copy of the text of said Chapter 159 of the Acts of Maryland of 1916, be published in at least two newspapers in each of the counties of the State and in three newspapers published in the City of Baltimore, one of which said newspapers in the City of Baltimore to be printed in the German language, once a week for three months next preceding the General Election to be held in this State on November 7th, 1916, and at which election the said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be submitted, in form and manner prescribed by the General Assembly, to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection.

GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND THE GREAT SEAL OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND.

The Great Seal of Maryland.

DONE at the City of Annapolis, this twentieth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen.

EMERSON C. HARRINGTON,
By the Governor:
THOMAS W. SIMMONS,
Secretary of State.

The man Who Makes
A STUDY OF HIS
APPEARANCE

is the man who best appreciates the detail of the tailoring we turn out The workmanship passes without a question, the fit is naturally a matter of course, but the shape we mould into the garments give them a character that finishes them off and makes the satisfaction of the owner complete.

All this is a bid for your next tailoring order. We know we can make you the best clothes you ever wore We want you to know it. That order s the best and only sure way to settle he question.

JAMES BROCK,
Dixon Building.
Oakland, Maryland.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, either in person or by deputy, will be in each of the Election Districts in Garrett County, Maryland, to collect and receive taxes at the time and places following:

July 10. McHenry, Brenneman's Store, 10 a. m. to 12 m.
July 10. Sang Run, Postoffice, 3 p. m. to 9 p. m.
July 11. Hoyes, Smith's Store, 9 a. m. to 12 m.
July 11. Friendsville, Crawford Hotel, 3 to 9 p. m.
July 12. Friendsville, Crawford Hotel, 8 to 11 a. m.
July 12. Selbysport, Postoffice, 1 to 4 p. m.
July 13. Cove, Brown's Store, 8 a. m. to 12 m.
July 13. Keyser's Ridge, Shearman's Store, 3 to 4 p. m.
July 14. Grantsville, National Hotel 8 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 15. Accident, Gies's Hotel, 8 a. m. to 2 p. m.
July 17. North Glade, Theo. Beckman's 10 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 18. Bittinger, Jonas Bittinger's, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 19. Bittinger, Jonas Bittinger's, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 20. Jennings, Jenning's Hotel, 9 a. m. to 12 m.
July 20. New Germany, Postoffice, 2 p. m. to 4 p. m.
July 21. Scott Layman's, 8 a. m. to 12 m.
July 21. Thomas J. Johnson's, 2 p. m. to 4 p. m.
July 21. Finzell, Werner,s Store, 6 p. m. to 8 p. m.
July 22. Finzell, Werner's Store, 9 a. m. to 12 m.
July 24. Avilton, O. S. Fike's, 9 a. m. to 12 m.
July 24. Stricklands, 4 p. m. to 8 p. m.
July 25. Merrill, Postoffice, 9 a. m. to 12 m.
July 25. Swanton, Swanton Hotel, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 27. Bloomington, Cleary Hotel, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 28. Bloomington, Cleary Hotel, 6 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 29. Deer Park, Squire Hoye's, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
July 31. Kitzmiller, Bank Building, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
August 1. Kitzmiller, Bank Building 9 a m. to 3 p. m.
August 2. Gorman, Duling's Mill, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
August 3. Red House 9 a. m. to 2 p. m.
August 4. Crellin, Company's Store 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
August 5. Ottaway, Connell's Store 10 a. m. to 4 p. m.

By an Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed at the January Session, 1916, being Chapter 505, Section 194, it is provided that all county taxes shall be due and payable on the first day of September next succeeding the date of levy thereof; and all taxes paid on or before the first day of September a discount of three per cent. shall be allowed; and after the first day of January all taxes shall bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum until paid. The Treasurer shall take the discount from and charge interest on the bills for county purposes regularly in the manner aforesaid, and shall note the same upon his books and upon the receipt for taxes so paid, but the discount allowed on the county taxes by this section shall not be made to any person or corporate institution unless the whole amount of state and county taxes due by such person or corporate institution for the current year be paid when the same is made.

J. W. KIMMEL,
Treasurer of Garrett County, Maryland.

SHERIFF'S SALE

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate

Near Selbysport, Garrett County

Under and by virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of the Circuit Court for Garrett county at the suit of W. T. Fike, vs. U. G. Savage, being No. 16 Judicials, June Term, 1916, on the docket of said Court, I, Albert Ashby, Sheriff, did levy upon and take into execution all of the title and interest of the following parcel of land, situated in Selbysport District, Garrett county, as follows:

1. All that piece of land as described in a deed from Lemuel Savage and wife to U. G. Savage, dated the 24th day of March, 1892, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 19, folio 376, containing 67 acres more or less.

2 All that other piece of land, conveyed by Jonas Frazee and wife to U. G. Savage, which is recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 19, folio 415, containing fifty acres. Said deed is dated the 6th day of April, 1892.

3. All those two pieces of land, conveyed by L. D. Hoff and wife to U. G. Savage, dated November 28th, 1901, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 40, folio 199, etc., containing 19 acres.

4. All that other piece of land conveyed by Franklin Humberson and wife to U. G. Savage dated the 4th day of June, 1902, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 42, folio 69, etc., containing three acres and 143 perches.

5. All that certain parcel of land conveyed by Mary Stewart et al., to U. G. Savage, by deed dated November 22nd, 1904, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 47, folio, 543, etc., containing 100 acres. The above being duly recorded among the Land Records of Garrett county, especial reference being made to said record and said deeds for a more particular description of said several parcels of land. Said several parcels constitute one body of land and one farm.

And I hereby give notice that on

SATURDAY,
the 5th day of August, 1916,

in front of the Court house in the town of Oakland at the hour of two o'clock P. M. of said day, I will sell the aforsaid parcels of land at public auction to the highest bidder to satisfy the aforesaid execution and costs; but said lands will be sold subject to a mortgage given by U. G. Savage and wife, to Franklin T. Fike, dated the 7th day of May, 1910, for the sum of $1100.00, with some accured interest thereon, which is recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 60, folio 216, etc. of the Mortgage Records of Garrett county.

TERMS OF SALE.—Cash on the day of sale. For further particulars apply to Albert Ashby, Sheriff of Garrett County.

ALBERT ASHBY,
Sheriff of Garrett County.

THE REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME 41. OAKLAND, MARYLAND THURSDAY, AUGUST 10, 1916. NUMBER 24

SEN. SPEICHER MARYLAND CHAMPION WHEAT GROWER

An Average of More than Forty-Five Bushels Per Acre Produced.

Garrett county farmers are congratulating themselves upon the tremendous crops during the present year which are now being harvested, and they are also proud of the fact that they believe a Garrett county farmer in the person of State Senator Harvey J. Speicher, is the premium wheat producer of the state.

Last fall Senator Speicher seeded a field of twelve acres, using three bushels of seed to the acre. The land was prepared in the usual manner, the seed was drilled in and afterwards rolled. During the spring and early summer the magnificent stand of grain in the field, which borders the State road adjoining the town of Accident, was a revelation to tourists from all parts of Maryland and other states passing by. On last Tuesday the grain was cut and on Wednesday threshed, showing an average yield of 45.2 bushels per acre, or a total yield of 545 bushels for the entire field of twelve acres.

Attractions at The Park.

On August 12th, at 8 p. m., there will be at the Mountain Lake Park Amphitheatre a four-act vaudeville performance under the auspices of the Woman's Civic Club. This entertainment will include folk singing and dancing by twenty-four children under the direction of Miss Elinor Davis; living "movies" with Miss June Dunnington as heroine; the Davidson Mandolin Trio, and a "revue" of the season's popular hits. There will be amusement for old and young alike in this novel performance. The Woman's Club of Mountain Lake Park asks the co-operation of the Oakland Woman's Club in making this entertainment a success.

Subscribe for The Republican.

AUTO ACCIDENT SUNDAY

In Which A Tunnelton Lady Sustains Broken Arm—Others Injured.

Sunday afternoon about two o'clock a Ford car containing the families of A. J. Watkins and J. W. Wiles, of Tunnelton, West Va., was wrecked on Commissary Hill, a mile north of McHenry, by the car leaving the road and throwing the occupants out, Mrs. Watkins being the most seriously injured as she sustained a compound fracture of her arm between the shoulder and elbow. Others in the party were Mr. Watkins, Mr. and Mrs. Wiles and two children, none of whom, aside from a few bruises and cuts about the face, were injured.

Shortly after the accident a physician residing at Addison, Pa., was passing in his car, who stopped and rendered first aid, and the entire party was then brought to Oakland by "Sport" Adams, of the Crellin mill, who was on his way to Cumberland, but who very considerately turned back and brought the party on to town.

Dr. Broadwater rendered surgical aid to the injured and they all returned to their homes at Tunnelton on train No. 55 Sunday afternoon.

Mr. Watkins came to Oakland Tuesday after his car and stated that Mrs. Watkins was resting quite easy and the rest of the party are suffering no ill effects as a result of the mishap.

THE DEATH RECORD.

HERMAN RUNTEN.

On August 4, at his residence, 1431 E. Eager street, Baltimore, aged 55 years. The deceased was married about two months ago. He will be remembered by many Oakland residents, having made his home here and in other portions of Garrrett county for many years prior to removing to Baltimore less than a year ago. Mr. Runten was a finished violinist. He was born in Germany and came to this country when but 17 years of age. The announcement of his wedding as well as that of his sudden death came as a great surprise to his friends here.

FRIENDSVILLE WILL GET A STATE-AID HIGHWAY

Large Delegation of Residents Before County Commissioners Monday.

On Monday of this week one of the largest delegations of substantial citizens and tax payers of Districts Nos. 2, 6 and 5 that ever visited Oakland was present with but one object in view, namely, to interest the Board of County Commissioners in the laudable undertaking of building a State Aid road from the town of Friendsville to connect with the present State Highway at the foot of Hoyes hill at or near the residence of Mr. William Callis, one-half mile east of Hoyes Postoffice.

The delegation of citizens came to Oakland in automobiles and about nine o'clock, accompanied by State Roads Commissioner Uhl, of Allegany county, and State Roads Engineer L. T. Downey of Cumberland, appeared before the County Commissioners and laid tentative plans before that body for this much-needed improvement, the proposed road to begin in the town of Friendsville and running thence over Elder Hill by Hoyes and to connect with the present improved road at the point above designated. The Commissioners considered the matter for some time and then agreed to have the work begin in the spring by levying a sufficient sum to construct two miles next summer. The Friendsville people on their part filed a bond to cover the 10 per cent. fixed by law that is to be contributed by abutting property owners for the construction of the proposed road, while the county will pay 40 per cent. and the State 50 per cent. of the total cost. The road after completion will be maintained exclusively by the State as all State aided roads now are, thus relieving the county of a fixed charge for this purpose.

The Friendsville people are to be congratulated for the unanimity of opinion as to the route to be taken by the road as no dissenting voice was raised against the plans mapped out by the gentlemen present.

Among others who appeared before the Commissioners and urged them to take favorable action upon the matter were James W. Friend, Wm. H. H. Friend, Fred. G. Fox, W. W. Savage, H. L. Wolfe, H. J. Black, L. E. Friend, E. S. Schroyer, N. R. Selby, Chas. Glover, Milton Forsythe, Kimmell Frazee, Hiram M. Frazee, Frank Frazee, former County Commissioner Walter M. Lowdermilk, W. W. Schlossnagle, James Fike, Wm. L. Dunham, John M. Myers, State Senator Harvey J. Speicher, Henry M. Speicher, Wm. A. Smith, A. P. Enlow, D. O. DeWitt, Freeman DeWitt.

Bull Tosses Boy Into Tree.

George Simpkins, aged 13, son of Mr. and Mrs. Stewart Simpkins, above Finzel, Garrett county, was attacked Monday by an angry bull in a pasture. The lad was tossed into the branches of a hawthorn tree, from which he fell to the ground. He was gored in the leg by the animal and badly scratched by the thorns in the tree.

SPEICHER FAMILY REUNION

Was Held at Accident When More Than a Hundred Attended.

Dear Friend and Editor Republican.

We left Accident Monday, July 31st, and went to Confluence and then here, I was to send you a little report of the the picnic held at Accident on July 29, but did not take the time to do it. I will send you a little synopsis of it.

It was designated as the Speicher reunion or picnic and held in the picnic grove on H. J. Speicher's farm near Accident. Myself, wife and daughters, Maude and Elizabeth, from Los Angeles, Cal., were the honored guests.

The pic-nicers composed all the Speicher relations of this family living in the east with two or three exceptions. There were ninety-seven of the relatives present. In addition to this there were a few invited guests. In all one hundred and seven participated in the pleasures and enjoyments of the occasion. It was a beautiful day and everyone had a good time and enjoyed the privilege of seeing one another all at the same time and binding the ties of human relationship closer than ever before. We will never meet again as we did on that occasion in this life, and I hope we may all live the life we ought to live and all meet in that higher and better life as we did here, without the loss of any.

The reunion consisted or was composed of A. F. Speicher and family, C. C. Speicher and family, Jacob Beeghley and family, Asa Beeghley and family, Cephas Glotfelty and family, Milton Fisher and family, Lewis Kamp and family, Henry Hochstetler and family, Wm. Frazee and family, Earl Coddington and family, Philip Bowman and family, J. E. Margroff and family, Beson Glotfelty and family, Norman Fisher and family, Alex Speicher and family, Samuel Otto and family, Simon, Lee and Lizzie Lee, Austin Kamp, Mrs. Mary Newcom and daughter, Eugene Watkins, Hon. C. J. Otto and wife, Richard Liston and wife, Mrs. W. D. Wolfersberge, Rev. Young and family, Marie Brant, H. M. Speicher, Hon. H. J. Speicher, Mrs. Wm. Englehart, Herman Englehart. Two of the boys Ross and Frank Speicher and their families were not present. They live in Colorado. Had they been present it would have swelled the number of relatives to 125.

We had a group picture taken.

I hope that I will not burden you too much with all this scribbling.

With best wishes,

Yours truly,

A. F. SPEICHER.

Rockwood, Pa., Aug. 4, 1916.

KICKED AND SKULL FRACTURED

Monday Morning Mishap to Charles Sanders at the Smouse Farm.

Charles Sanders, son of Thomas Sanders, employed by Mr. Henry Smouse, was seriously injured Monday morning when he was kicked in the forehead by a horse, and suffered a fracture of the skull.

The injured man was brought to the Home Sanatorium in Oakland where the shattered bones of the skull were removed by Drs. Hinebaugh and Broadwater and at last reports he was doing exceedingly well.

LARGE BARN AND ITS CONTENTS DESTROYED

Structure on Henry Glotfelty's Farm Struck By Lightning and Burned.

Saturday evening between the hours of six and seven o'clock the large barn on the Jacob Pysell farm, now owned by Mr. Henry Glotfelty, located between McHenry and Accident and a short distance from the State Road, was burned with all its contents, the origin of the fire being caused by lightning during a tremendous electrical storm which prevailed in that section of the country for an hour or more Saturday evening.

Mr. Glotfelty is a brother of Mr. F. O. Glotfelty of Oakland. He had harvested large crops of wheat and rye and placed them in his barn and was just completing his hay harvest on Saturday, which had also been stored in the building. The last load from the field had been drawn into the barn, the horses unhitched and placed in the stable beneath and the owner along with his help had gone to the dwelling for their evening meal when the storm in all its fury broke.

In addition to the destruction of the building and the grain and hay, two horses, valued at $400 were consumed, along with wagons, buggies, harness, grain and an automobile, entailing a total loss of about $5000, all of which falls heavily upon Mr. Glotfelty, who carried no insurance.

Festival at Underwood.

At Underwood Chapel on Saturday night, August 12th, a festival will be held the proceeds to be devoted to the United Brethren church. Everybody cordially invited to be present.

Library Notes.

The following persons have contributed books and other reading matter to the library since our last report: Mrs. B. F. Selby, Mrs. Roberts, Mrs. H. W. McComas and A. T. Matthews.

I. O. O. F. REUNION

Will Take Place at Mountain Lake Park on August 26th.

The reunion of Odd Fellows of Maryland and West Virginia which had been arranged for early last month but which was called off on account of the shortage of cars on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad caused by the movement of large bodies of troops to the Mexican border, will occur on the 26th inst., when representatives from nearly every lodge in the two domains are expected to be present and participate in a day's pleasurable outing at this famous resort.

Mr. A. T. White of the Park, who is secretary of the reunion committee, is bending every effort to make the gathering a huge success which may become a permanent feature of future summers at the Park.

Camping on the Yough.

Two parties of campers from Oakland left town last Saturday for a two week's outing along the banks of the Youghiogheny River, one party having their tents near Sines while the other has established its headquarters at Swallow Falls.

The camp at Sines is presided over by Mrs. Joseph E. Harned, the other members of the party being Mr. and Mrs. Paul B. Naylor, Mr. and Mrs. John W. Davis and their son William; Mary Drake Naylor, Evelyn Cheuvront, Reva Davis, Louise Harned, Mildred Dixon, Miss Jennie Lee, of Mt. Lake Park, and Miss Engle, of Grantsville.

The second camp is composed of young men exclusively and is located at Swallow Falls, those in the party being Messrs. Harold Harned, Walter Kahl, Townshend and Playtord Naylor, Uriel Cheuvront, Ralph Davis, Glen Martin, Everett Casteel, Robert Porter and Jarold Kemp, the latter of Bloomington.

Reports from the two camps that reach Oakland are to the effect that notwithstanding the weather all are enjoying themselves immensely.

PIGS, three months old, for sale. George A. DeWitt, Deer Park, Md. Advertisement.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

HAVE CAR

Rye Middlings

To sell at $1.65 hundred a very high grade feed and cheap at the above price.

CAN NOW PAY

25 cents a Dozen for Eggs.

25 cents a Pound for Butter.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

C. H. BROWNING

Deer Park's Best Store

Big Clearance Sale On

Dry Goods & Underwear

"Must make room for fall stock."

Best 8c Calico, This Sale	6¼c
Best 10c Figured Lawn, This Sale	7½c
Best 25c Cotton Dress Goods, This Sale	17½c
Best 25c & 30c White Dress Goods, This Sale	17½c
Men's & Ladie's 25c Underwear, This Sale	19c

Don't forget that all of the above merchandile has advanced from 10 to 15 per cent. since they were bought last spring.

P. S. A lot of remnants at a Bargain. Get right trade at Brownings.

Offutt's

Just received a car of

Alpha Portland Cement

If you need a Grain Cradle see us.
We sell nothing but the genuine

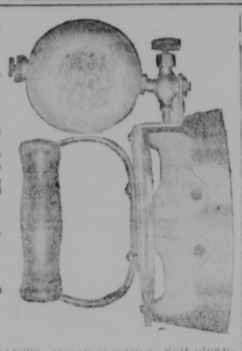
Greencastle Grain Cradle

Binder Twine

At the Right Price.

Wool — We are paying the highest market price—Cash or trade

OFFUTTS'



Comfort Self-Heating Iron.
5 Hours at Cost of One Cent.

TWO POINTS—Quick lighting. Self-cleaning and perfect regulation of heat. Weighs six pounds. Guaranteed safe and satisfactory. Price, $3.75 each. Order today.

J. AMEEN, Kitzmiller, Md.

We Carry in Stock

TIRES
TUBES
SHOCK ABSORBERS
CHAINS
SPARK PLUGS
DRY CELLS
TIRETITE

And many other accessories at the
OAKLAND GARAGE,
Prest-O-Lite Exchange,
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J. W. Whorton & Son
CONTRACTING
PLASTERERS

Only the Best Material Used.

Best Grade of Wall Plaster on hand at all times.

CONCRETE WORK
of All Kinds.

All Work Guaranteed.

OAKLAND, - MARYLAND.

Notice to Creditors

This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

PETER NATHAN,

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 12th day of January, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under our hands this 12th day of July, 1915.

MICHAEL NATHAN,
GERTRUDE B. HONE,
Executors,
Grantsville, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

CHARLES LILLER

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 5th day of February 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 9th day of August 1915.

WILLIAM R. OFFUTT,
Administrator,
Oakland, Md.

REAL BARGAINS
IN
REAL ESTATE

One of the most desirable residences on Alder street in Oakland, now owned by M. A. Carney, and occupied as a residence by States Attorney Jones, is offered at a very attractive price.

A valuable 90 acre farm near Ottaway, Garrett Co., on the line of the proposed new state road to West Va., and a very desirable piece of real estate.

Improved farm of 138 acres near Swanton, Garrett Co., improved by nine room dwelling, barn and young orchard now bearing. A safe investment.

JAS. D. HAMILL,
Real Estate Agent.

WANTED—One teamster and two men for general farm work, including operating horse cultivators. None but competent men need apply. The H. Weber & Sons Co. Advertisement.

Gass by the carload at Treacy's Garage. Retail price 25c. gal. In drums of 53 gallons you can still get it cheaper. Fire-Stone Tires, we beat them all. Ford repairs, the largest line in town.

Money to Loan on real estate. Renninger & Offutt, Attorneys, Garrett National Bank building, Oakland, Md. Adv. tf

ATTENTION, FARMERS.

Domo Improved Cream Separators, $35.00 and $43.50.

C. N. MCINTIRE,
Adv. tf. Oakland, Md.

Hughes Points the Way

The speech of the Republican candidate for president was a keynote speech indeed. Not one person in the great audience at the Carnegie hall meeting was in doubt for one moment as to just what he meant by everything he said.

His address was comprehensive, logical, clear and all sufficient for the occasion. There can be no dispute as to this. Plainly Mr. Hughes is a man who "knows what he wants when he wants it," and it is the opinion of political authorities who heard him and who have since read his remarks that he knows also how to get it.

It was incumbent upon the Republican candidate to confine the scope of his remarks to the limitations of the occasion, but his crushing analysis of the shortcomings of the present administration of the government is merely an earnest of what the tone and the contents of his speeches will be when he gets on the stump.

At Carnegie hall Mr. Hughes advertted to every general question that is apt to be a serious issue in the campaign and in language that will be absolutely clear to every man or woman able to read he stated his opinions, his convictions and his purposes. On the stump he will argue those points in detail. As an orator he is eloquent, his personality attractive, and his marshaling of facts so cohesive that he holds his audience to the end. He makes it easy for them to follow him, and his points are not lost.

There was nothing equivocal, nothing apologetic in the Republican candidate's speech of acceptance. He called a spade a spade, and the unanimous opinion of those who heard him was that he shot to the center and rang the bell. The Republican campaign is now open, and those who will speak and write and work for the success of the Republican ticket can wish for no more adequate campaign document, no more satisfactory statement of issues than are found in the candidate's salutatory.

WHAT ONE BIG MAN THINKS OF ANOTHER.

President W. H. P. Faunce of Brown university is a pretty live wire who keeps abreast of the times, has keen powers of observation and knows a good man when he sees him. Here is what he has to say about the Republican candidate for the presidency:

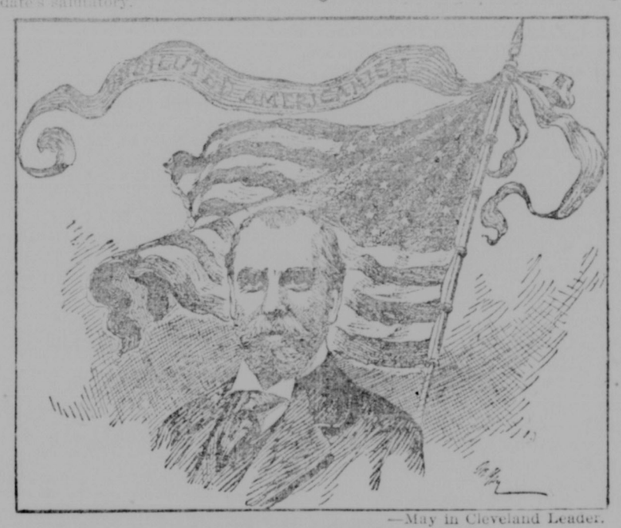
"I have known Justice Hughes intimately since we were students together at Brown and have seen him a thousand times at work and at play. No man of our generation has a finer combination of character and intellect. Absolutely fearless, unselfish, loyal to American ideals, he is worthy of a nation's trust.

"All his friends know that behind the dignity of bearing is a rich fund of humor and good fellowship. Whether he is climbing a mountain, reading novels, playing with his children, resisting a political lobby or delivering the opinion of the supreme court, he is ever the same rugged, democratic, fair minded American. His varied experience has given him wide horizon and sympathy with every aspect of American life.

"He possesses two qualities rarely found together—the judicial temper and the capacity for swift and resolute action. Under his administration the fog which now besets many public questions would be cleared away.

"His penetrating mind goes to the heart of any subject he selects and strips off the irrelevant at once. Such a mind is peculiarly needed amid the intricate problems that now confront America.

"We need more than good intentions. We need clear vision, sound judgment, strong will, unhesitating decision. In short, we need Charles E. Hughes."



—May in Cleveland Leader.

THE FLAG AND THE MAN.

PROMISE TO REDUCE THE COST OF LIVING NOT KEPT.

Our opponents promised to reduce the cost of living. This they have failed to do. But they did reduce the opportunities of making a living. Let us not forget the conditions that existed in this country under the new tariff prior to the outbreak of the war. Production had decreased, business was languishing, new enterprises were not undertaken, instead of expansion there was curtailment and our streets were filled with the unemployed. What ground is there for expecting better conditions when the unhealthy stimulus of the war has spent its force and our industries and workingmen are exposed to the competition of an energized Europe?

It is plain that we must have protective upbuilding policies.—Mr. Hughes' Speech of Acceptance.

DUTY OF THE ADMINISTRATION TO STOP PLOTS AND CONSPIRACIES.

We denounce all plots and conspiracies in the interest of any foreign nation. Utterly intolerable is the use of our soil for alien intrigues. Every American must unreservedly condemn them and support every effort for their suppression. But here also prompt, vigorous and adequate measures on the part of the administration were needed. There should have been no hesitation, no notion that it was wise and politic to delay. Such an abuse of our territory demanded immediate and thoroughgoing action. As soon as the administration had notice of plots and conspiracies it was its duty to stop them. It was not lacking in resources. Its responsibility for their continuance cannot be escaped by the condemnation of others.—From Mr. Hughes' Speech of Acceptance.

Brief Sentences Featuring the Speech of Acceptence of Charles E. Hughes.

America First and America Efficient.

We are too great a country to require of our citizens who are engaged in peaceful vocations the sort of military service to which they are now called.

We cherish no illusions. We know that the recurrence of war is not to be prevented by pious wishes.

We denounce all plots and conspiracies in the interest of any foreign nation.

Adequate preparedness is not militarism.

During this critical period the only danger of war has lain in the weak course of the administration.

The nation has no policy of aggression toward Mexico. We have no desire for any part of her territory.

We propose that in the competitive struggle that is about to come the American workingman shall not suffer.

This representative gathering is a happy augury. It means the strength of reunion. It means that the party of Lincoln is restored, alert, effective.

The dealings of the administration with Mexico constitute a confused chapter of blunders. It is a record which cannot be examined without a profound sense of humiliation.

We must take Vera Cruz to get Huerta out of office and trust to other nations to get our own citizens out of peril. What a travesty of international policy!

Destroying the government of Huerta, we left Mexico to the ravages of revolution.

I stand for adequate federal workmen's compensation laws.

The administration was to seize and punish Villa for his outrage on our soil. It has not punished any one; we went in only to retire.

I favor the vote for women.

HIGH WAGES ON AMERICAN ROADS

Railroad Payroll Records Made Public by the Carriers.

NATIONAL INQUIRY URGED

Managers Offer to Leave Question of $100,000,000 Wage Demands to an Impartial Federal Tribunal to Prevent Disaster of a Nation-wide Strike.

New York.—What is probably the most elaborate study of wages ever made in any industry has just been completed by the National Conference Committee of the railways.

For six months railway accountants throughout the country have been engaged in collecting the payroll records to show the actual wage payments to every individual employe among the 300,000 engineers, conductors, firemen and brakemen now voting on a national strike for a new wage scale.

That these employes are one of the highest paid groups of workers in any industry is disclosed by the summary made public today by the railroad managers.

The average yearly wage payments to *all* Eastern train employes (including those who worked only part of the year), as shown by the 1915 payrolls, were:

	Passenger.	Freight.	Yard.
Engineers	$1,795	$1,546	$1,384
Conductors	1,724	1,404	1,253
Firemen	1,023	993	844
Brakemen	1,018	858	995

Wages as High as $3,224.

Three-quarters of these men (including all those who put in a full year's service), earned these wages:

Engineers (road), $1,585 to $3,224; (yard), $1,303 to $2,178.

Conductors (road), $1,552 to $3,004; (yard), $1,145 to $1,991.

Firemen (road), $833 to $1,762; (yard), $752 to $1,623.

Brakemen (road), $862 to $1,707; (yard), $834 to $1,635.

For the whole country the average wages of three-quarters of the employes were:

	Passenger.	Freight.	Yard.
Engineers	$2,067	$1,892	$1,526
Conductors	1,856	1,718	1,310
Firemen	1,206	1,117	924
Brakemen	1,096	1,013	1,076

The railroads have considered every man whose name appears on the January and December payrolls as an employe for a year, no matter how little service he performed in the other ten months. It is pointed out by the managers that these averages are, in consequence, an understatement of the earning power of these employes.

An Appeal to the Public.

The National Conference Committee, in making these wage figures public, says:

"Do you believe in arbitration or industrial warfare?

"The train employes on all the railroads are voting whether they will give their leaders authority to tie up the commerce of the country to enforce their demands for a $100,000,000 wage increase.

"The railroads are in the public service—your service. This army of employees is in the public service—your service.

"You pay for rail transportation $3,000,000,000 a year, and 44 cents out of every dollar from you goes to the employes.

"A $100,000,000 wage increase for men in freight and yard service (less than one-fifth of all employes) is equal to a 5 per cent advance in all freight rates.

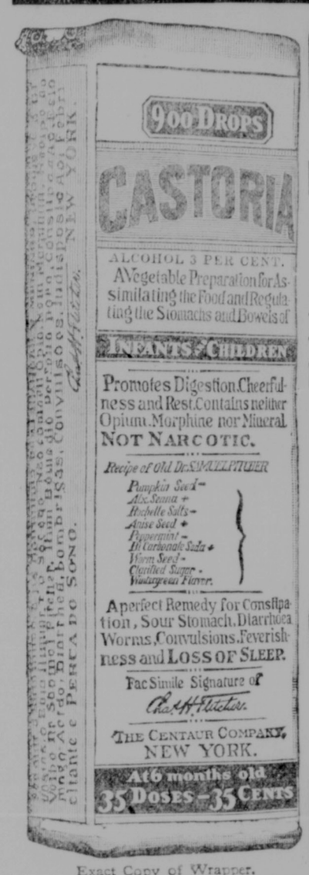
"The managers of the railroads, as trustees for the public, have no right to place this burden on the cost of transportation to you without a clear mandate from a public tribunal speaking for you.

"The railroads have proposed the settlement of this controversy either under the existing national arbitration law, or by reference to the Interstate Commerce Commission This offer has been refused by the employes' representatives.

"Shall a nation wide strike or an investigation under the government determine this issue?"

TRAINMEN'S HIGH WAGES.

When I note from the reports made to the Interstate Commerce Commission that these men receive average yearly wages 50 per cent higher than those of all other railway employes, and practically double those of the average American wage-worker, it occurs to me that they at least have less cause for complaint than most others. When I consider that the average locomotive engineer has an income of over $2,000 a year, and that most of the engineers who have been long in service make from $2,000 to $3,000 a year, and when I compare their hours, labor and responsibilities with those of the average small merchant, farmer or doctor, whose income is far less, it seems that in all fairness they are well paid.—John V. Farwell, Chicago Merchant.



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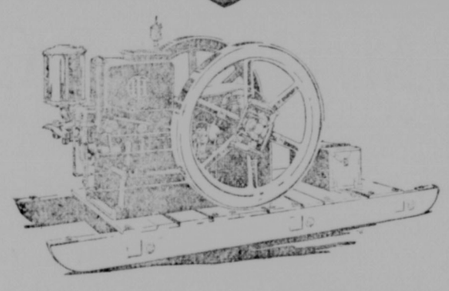
For Infants and Children.
Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria
Always Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

THE CITY'S BEST
MEAT MARKET
IN THE EMPIRE BUILDING.

Choice Steak, Boiling Meat, and all other kinds of meat. Highest cash price paid for Poultry and Eggs; also cash paid for Hides and Skins.

H. L. MILLER



Are You Wasting The Price Of a Titan Engine?

TITAN engines run on kerosene.
Average cost of gasoline so far this year, 16.9 cents per gallon.
Average cost of kerosene 7.7 cents per gallon.
Gasoline costs over 100 per cent more than kerosene. Gasoline is going up steadily. Kerosene is not.
At present fuel prices **Titan** engines, using kerosene, save their owners about 1.1 cents per horse power per hour.
Are you running a gasoline engine? What horse power is it? Figure what you'd be saving if you had a **Titan** kerosene engine. Rather surprising, isn't it? How long would it take that saving to pay for a **Titan** engine of the same size?

International Harvester Company of America
(Incorporated)

Titan kerosene engines are sold by

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.,
OAKLAND, MD.

HAVE YOU HEARD THE
Aeolian Vocalion?

Come in and let us play your favorite selection on this wonderful new Phonograph

A full line of Columbia Records

Aeolian Vocalions sold on monthly payments.

STURGISS' PHARMACY
Representing Morrison Music Co., Cumberland.

BIG EVENTS EPITOMIZED

The News the Wires Gather From the Four Corners.

HISTORY IN PARAGRAPHS

Great Events That Are Changing the World's Destiny Boiled Down for Consumption by the Busy Reader.

WAR BULLETINS

At Verdun, according to the French statement, a furious battle has developed over a wide front of the Meuse. Using large quantities of asphixiating gas the Germans made a series of unsuccessful attacks.

Enemy ships seized in the harbors of the Entente Allies number 319.

A critical situation for the German and Austrian armies has developed on the Galician and Volhynian fronts as a result of the series of brilliant victories won by the Russian troops of General Brusiloff.

The Entente allies maintain unceasing pressure, both on the western and eastern fronts, as well as the Italians on the Austrian front, and heavy battles are being fought in all theatres.

Wireless reports asserted that Germany is withdrawing her heavy artillery and her food and munitions depots from Kovel in the face of the Russian enveloping movement.

Soldiers of Germany, Austria-Hungary, Bulgaria and Turkey in the two years of warfare captured 2,658,000 officers and men, while the Entente Allies in the same period made prisoners of 1,695,000 Teutons.

WASHINGTON

President Wilson sent to the Senate the nomination of Mrs. Marjorie J. Bloom to be postmaster of Devil's Lake, N. D.

The Senate adopted Senator Underwood's joint resolution to appropriate $540,000 for relief or food sufferers in Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Mississippi and North and South Carolina.

Representative Hamil of New Jersey introduced a bill in the House to take away from the Federal Government power to regulate storage of explosives at railroad terminals.

By a vote of 35 to 17 the Senate declined to take up the immigration bill on a motion by Senator Poindexter of Washington.

Col. Herbert J. Slocum, 13th Cavalry, commanding at Columbus at the time of the Villa raid, was exonerated from all blame in a report given out by the War Department.

Representative Hayden of Arizona introduced a resolution asking the Federal Trade Commission to investigate alleged violations of the anti-trust laws by meat packing companies.

Plans for establishing Federal labor clearing houses in every state were announced by Commissioner Caminette on the Immigration Bureau at Washington.

The House sent the Army Appropriation Bill to conference, after formally disagreeing to the Senate amendments.

GENERAL

Mrs. Thomas Hammond, widow of the founder of Hammond, Ind., and one of the wealthiest women in the State, is dead.

Masked bandits held up and robbed the bank messenger of the Burroughs Adding Machine Co., at Detroit, escaping with $37,000.

The wheat crop of the great Northwest, on both sides of the American-Canadian line, was seriously damaged by hailstorms and tornadoes.

Detroit was chosen by the Supreme Lodge, Knights of Pythias, meeting in 29th biennial session at Portland, as the convention place in 1918.

Sam Crawford, the Detroit outfielder, has decided to resist the temptation of running for Sheriff on the Democratic ticket.

Betsy Devord, a $2,500 prize winning mare, was instantly killed when struck by lightning at Springfield, Ill.

Work of assembling the first United States Army hospital train has begun at the Pullman company's plant at Chicago.

The Democratic state committee at Jackson, Miss., has declared John Sharp Williams as the Democratic nominee for United States senator.

Four persons were killed and 25 seriously injured when the Katy special of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railroad was wrecked at Lancaster, Texas.

The Rev. Dr. Joseph Font Newton, of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, has been invited to fill the pulpit of the City Temple, at London.

Permission has been granted by the Federal Reserve Board to the National City Bank of New York to open a branch at Petrograd.

Harry Monroe of Chicago, who is credited with having converted the Rev. W. A. Sunday, the evangelist, to Christianity, is dead.

Two thousand skilled workmen and laborers employed in various branches of building construction work at Lawrence, Mass., went on strike.

Three persons were killed, when an automobile in which they were riding was struck by a Baltimore & Ohio passenger train near Wilmington, Ohio.

Walter Brown and Carl D. Daubert, both of Wheeling, W. Va., were instantly killed when the automobile in which they were riding plunged over an embankment.

The smouldering fire on the scene of the Black Tom explosion at Jersey City broke out afresh and threatened two carloads of explosives near the end of the Lehigh Valley pier.

A Democratic state convention was held at Parkersburg, W. Va., for the purpose of nominating two candidates for judge of the State Supreme Court, eight presidential electors and writing a party platform.

Contracts aggregating about $15,000,000 for 6 and 12 inch shells were placed with the Baldwin Locomotive Works at Philadelphia.

Eben Dyer Jordan, fifty-nine, head of Jordan, Marsh & Co., dry goods merchants, and one of the wealthiest men in Boston, died from a paralytic stroke at his summer home at Manchester, Mass.

The steamship Tusushima Maru, the pioneer ship of the new freight line from the Far East to the Port of New York, arrived from Iloilo, Japanese ports, San Francisco and the Panama Canal.

The state branch of the steamfitters' and plumbers' unions of the United Association at Boston, has voted to raise a fund of $20,000 to oppose efforts to place the two trades on an "open shop" basis.

The Sinclair Oil & Refining Corporation will shortly begin the laying of a pipe line from the Oklahoma fields to Chicago.

MEXICAN CAMPAIGN

The first of a special design of light armored cars for steam railroad service was delivered to the army.

Captain William Kelly, commanding the cavalry troops rushed from Fort Bliss to Finlay, Tex., reported to General Bell there was no truth in the report that 15 Mexican bandits had invaded the United States near El Paso.

A board of six officers was appointed to study the best methods of mobilizing supplies for the National Guard.

Colonel Herbert J. Slocum, of the Thirteenth U. S. Cavalry, is at Columbus for the first time since he led the punitive expeditionary force into Mexico on March 15. General George A. Dodd recently retired after several months' service in Mexico, also is there.

Two Americans were killed in a clash between a detachment of troop F, United States Cavalry and a party of Mexican bandits at the Sauchez ranch, near Fort Hancock, Texas.

Corporal J. Whitall King, Battery B, of Camden, N. J., died in the Calumet hospital at Douglas, Arizona.

Brigadier General Funston has received word from the War Department that student National Guard organizations not moved to the border will be freed from duty until an emergency arises.

SPORTING

Douglas Baird, third baseman of the Pirates, will be kept at that post as long as his good work continues, says Callahan. The youngster is playing better ball than any other man on the club right now.

"Joe" Wilhoit, outfielder of the Braves, may lack grace, but he has a stride when he is legging it around the bases that carries him over the ground at a fast clip. He is one of the fastest men on the sacks in the National League.

Pitcher Ray Caldwell of the New York Americans was fined $100 by Manager Donovan for breaking the club rules.

Bobby Wallace, former American League umpire signed to play the remainder of the season with the St. Louis Americans.

Francis Quimet has broken the record at the new course of the Winchester Country Club. He went around once in 74 and again in 72 the same day. The best previous record was 78, held by S. Trafford Hicks.

FOREIGN

Judges of the district courts throughout the Mexican Republic were named. Courts in the Federal district were opened.

Father Louis Theisseling, a Hollander, has been elected head of the Dominican order at Switzerland.

The 1,883 local labor unions in Canada have contributed 11,572 recruits and 459 reservists to overseas force.

The Italian government will publish a decree forbidding all Italians from doing business with all interests in alliance with enemies of Italy.

Right Rev. S. B. Ferguson, Bishop of Liberia, is dead.

Sir Samuel Thomas Evans, president of the Prize Court at London, condemned 3,000 bags of coffee shipped from America to Gothenburg on the Swedish steamers Indianic and Sydland.

Three hundred Bulgarian soldiers were killed or wounded when a troop train en route from Sofia to the Macedonian front was blown up by a bomb at the Kustendil railway station.

Frederick Dane, representing the Ontario government in relief of the Northern Ontario fire sufferers, said that the number of dead now is estimated at 306.

RUSSIANS CUT SERETH LINES

Steady Advance In Galicia Is Marked by Another Great Victory

BRITISH ADVANCE AT SOMME

Paris.—In northern Galicia the Russians have struck another hard blow at the Teutonic allies and captured along the Sereth and Graberki rivers, south of Brody, six villages held by the Teutons and the entire ridge on which they are located.

Furious fighting marked the engagement, the Russians being forced in the villages to drive their adversaries from house to house. The Austro-Germans, at last reports, were violently bombarding their lost positions.

In the fighting the Russians captured a regimental commander and 140 other officers and over 5,000 men, and also took numerous machine guns and bomb throwers.

Berlin admits that the Russians have gained the left bank of the Sereth River, but asserts that the Germans have made progress against the French in the Chapitre Woods near Verdun and in mining operations against them in the Argonne; that the Russians have been driven from positions along the Stokhod River south of Zarecze, and that in the Carpathians the Germans are still operating successfully.

Slight advances for the British at High Wood and east of Pozieres, on the Somme front, and by the French southwest of Estrees, south of the Somme, and to the northwest of the Thiaumont work, near Verdun, are recorded in the British and French communications. In the sector northwest of Pozieres the Germans, in an attack in which liquid fire was used, forced the British back along one of their trenches, but later the British regained the ground lost.

The Germans are heavily bombarding the Thiaumont Work and Fleury positions of the French.

In Asiatic Turkey the Russians report the capture at various places of new Turkish positions.

The 14,000 Turkish troops operating on a seven-mile front from the east against the Suez Canal also have met with defeat at he hands of the British and been forced to flee, leaving more than 2,500 prisoners behind them, including some Germans, says London. In addition, the Ottomans suffered heavy casualties. Australian and New Zealand cavalry took an important part in the fighting.

In the Austro-Italian theatre the Austrians are heavily bombarding the Italian lines between the Adige and Upper Isonzo rivers and the Pasubio area, while in the Sugana Valley and the Upper Cordevole Valley they launched an infantry attack against the Italians. These attacks, according to Rome, were repulsed.

Unofficial advices from Saloniki say the Servians have taken from the Bulgarians the village of Remii on the Macedonian front.

TEUTONS CHECK RUSSIANS

London.—The armies in the three great centres of recent activity—the Somme region of France, Russia and Galicia—evidently have let up considerably in the violent fighting in which they have been engaged and are indulging in a breathing spell preparatory to further attacks and counter attacks. The official communications dealing with the operations in these theatres tell of no single important engagement or of any notable change in the positions of the belligerents.

Attacking at Echelon on a three-mile line, from the Meuse River to Fleury, north of Verdun, the French have captured several German trenches and organized points of support. In the engagement 600 Germans were made prisoner and ten machine guns were captured.

On the Russian front Petrograd reports merely artillery duels and infantry attacks by small detachments, while Berlin tells of Russian attacks on the Stokhod and Turia River fronts and of local Russian offensives on the Stripa River in Galicia, all of which were repulsed.

GERMANS HEAR PEACE TALK

Government Lets Down Bars Against Public Discussion.

Berlin.—There are indications that more freedom in the discussion of the war aims will be granted in the immediate future. The "German National Committee" has begun a great speaking campaign with a list of speakers including some of the most prominent men in Germany.

At the same time "The Independent Committee for Obtaining an Honorable Peace" will open its activities.

WHALES DRIVE OFF SHARKS

Fierce Battle Between Schools Seen Near Seabright, N. J.

New York.—A fierce battle between a school of hammerhead sharks and another school of small whale, in which the sharks were driven off with heavy casualties, was seen by 200 persons aboard the fishing boat Cape Cod off Seabright, N. J.

Capt. Ely, who has been a seafaring man 22 years, predicts that the defeat of the sharks will end the scare along the Atlantic bathing beaches.

U. S. AT WAR IN YEAR! SAYS BAREFOOT PROPHET

Negroes to Annihilate Whites, Says Bewhiskered, White-Robed "Jonas."

Pittsburgh, Pa., Aug. 3.—"I am the prophet Jonas and this little fellow here is my son Jacob, the youngest prophet that ever spent a night in jail."

Thus John B. Nash, former ginseng king of West Virginia, came from Cumberland and announced himself to his first Pittsburg audience last night. Attired in white trousers, jacket and cape, he peered out from behind a crop of whiskers of almost unbelievable luxuriance and regarded his hearers benevolently. By his side was a small boy similary dressed. Both were barefooted and neither had had a haircut since 1914, as the prophet Jonas explained a little later.

There may have been prophets who have turned out more accurate work than Jonas, but there certainly was never a more industrious one. He had just arrived in the city from West Virginia and The Post bulletin board was his first stop, but he wasted no time in starting to build up a Pittsburgh practice.

Right then and there he opened up. No small time work about a mysterious blond, a trip across the ocean or a dark gentleman. Regular major league stuff is Jonas' line. Try some of this the next time you feel the need of any prophecy:

"The United States will be at war with England, Japan and Mexico within a year.

"The Negroes of the South will at the same time attack and annihilate the white population.

"Right here in Pittsburgh there will be war between the native sons and the foreign-born."

Jonas, who used to conduct the largest ginseng farm in the United States, took up prophesy early in 1914, when mice ruined his ginseng plant at Elk Garden, W. Va. At present he is engaged in calling the second gathering of Israel. He and his son carry tin horns slung about their necks. Whenever they see a person who looks eligible to the New Jerusalem they let out a blast, the idea being that a person so designated should take warning and begin at once to gather.

"Yes sir, I was jailed four times and in aninsane asylum five times in 1914. In 1915 I was jailed twice and judged insane three times," he said proudly.

"Been pinched yet this year?" asked an irreverent listener.

"Nope," the prophet replied, sadly. "The police don't seem to have a punch any more."

BITTINGER.

The regular annual Sunday School picnic of the Lutheran Sunday School will be held in Ellithorp's grove, in this village, on Saturday, August 19th. A special program is being prepared, which will consist of vocal and instrumental music, appropriate speaking by able speakers, and some specially interesting and entertaining features by the young folks of the village will add much to the interest of the occasion. All sorts of refreshments and meals will be on sale on the grounds, and a special evening festival in the twilight. It will be a great occasion for both old and young to pass a profitable and enjoyable day and all are cordially invited.

Mrs. Hattie D. Engle and daughter Miss Olive, of Baltimore, are spending this month with relatives here.

Henry Enoch, of Springfield, Ohio, is the guest of his daughter, Mrs. J. L. Marvin, at the parsonage for the summer.

Miss Mintie Orendorf has secured a position at Lake, Md., and entered upon her new duties a few days ago.

Mrs. T. B. Wiley is spending this week in attendance at the Chautauqua at Salisbury, Pa.

Daniel D. Brenneman and Mrs. Martha Wiley, two of the oldest residents of this section, were numbered among the sick last week, but both are improving at this writing.

A Money Saving Chance For You.

Get rid of your old scrap iron, old rags, old gum shoes, copper and brass. We are paying best cash prices for same.

25c per hundred for iron; 5c per hundred for rags; 5c per lb. for rubber; from 5c to 10c per lb. for copper and brass.

We are located at the old Hamill house, opposite the electric light plant, Oakland, Md.

A. G. TARLO, Proprietor.
Adv. 16-5 months

LOST—On the road between Jennings and Grantsville, Monday, a blue serge coat, with the initials "C. A. D." on the inside of the garment. Finder please notify or return to the undersigned and receive reward. George A. DeWitt, Deer Park, Md. Adv.

For Sale.

Crooks Crest, comprising about twenty acres, improved by handsome house. Apply to the owner or any real estate agent. Mrs. E. Fundenberg, Oakland, Md. Adv. 12-tf

Subscribe for The Republican.

Supervisors' Notice Of Appointments OF Judges AND Clerks of Election

OFFICE OF
THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF ELECTION FOR GARRETT COUNTY.

OAKLAND, MD., JULY 27, 1916.

The Board of Supervisors of Election for Garrett County, Maryland, having selected the following named persons to be Judges of Election and Clerks of Election in and for the several election districts of said county in accordance with the provisions of Section 7 of Article 33, of the Code of Public General Laws of the State of Maryland, hereby give notice of the name and postoffice address of each person so selected and also the political party which the Board of Supervisors of Election intends each of said persons to represent, respectively.

The law makes it the duty of the Board to examine promptly into any complaints which may be made to them in writing and remove all such appointees whom upon inquiry they find to be unfit or incapable to discharge the duties incumbent upon them as election officials.

Election District Number One—
Swanton.

Herman Steiding, Republican, Judge of Election, Swanton.
A. R. Barnard, Republican, Clerk of Election, Swanton.
Geo. H. Beckman, Democrat, Judge of Election, Swanton.
F. R. Sharpless, Democrat, Clerk of Election, Swanton.

Election District Number Two—
Friendsville.

Arthur Dixon, Republican, Judge of Election, Friendsville.
Ernest N. Friend, Republican, Clerk of Election, Friendsville.
Edward M. Liston, Democrat, Judge of Election, Selbysport.
Dorsey Guard, Democrat, Clerk of Election, Guard.

Election District Number Three—
Grantsville.

John Younkin, Republican, Judge of Election, Grantsville.
Simon Orendorf, Republican, Clerk of Election, Jennings.
Charles Warnick, Democrat, Judge of Election, Grantsville.
D. H. Kurtz, Democrat, Clerk of Election, Grantsville.

Election District Number Four—
Bloomington.

Edward Warnick, Republican, Judge of Election, Bloomington.
L. Porter Michael, Republican, Clerk of Election, Westernport.
P. R. Tichnel, Democrat, Judge of Election, Bloomington.
V. H. Broadwater, Democrat, Clerk of Election, Westernport.

Election District Number Five—
Accident.

John J. Weber, Republican, Judge of Election, Accident.
Earl H. Ault, Republican, Clerk of Election, Accident.
August Harmon, Democrat, Judge of Election, Accident.
Alvey C. Spoerlein, Democrat, Clerk of Election, Accident.

Election District Number Six—
Sang Run.

B. F. Hoye, Republican, Judge of Election, Hoyes.
Clarence W. Fraker, Republican, Clerk of Election, McHenry.
Michael P. Smith, Democrat, Judge of Election, McHenry.
Thaddeus C. Hinebaugh, Democrat, Clerk of Election, McHenry.

Election District Number Seven—
Oakland.

G. B. M. Friend, Republican, Judge of Election, Oakland.
Jno. W. Maroney, Republican, Clerk of Election, Oakland.
Z. C. Gibson, Democrat, Judge of Election, Mt. Lake Park.
Jas. O. Hinebaugh, Democrat, Clerk of Election, Oakland.

Election District Number Eight—
Ryan's Glade. 1st Precinct.

Jas. M. Wilson, Republican, Judge of Election, Gormania.
Jos. M. Conneway, Republican, Clerk of Election, Oakland.
Jacob Pope, Democrat, Judge of Election, Gormania.
Jos. W. King, Democrat, Clerk of Election, Gormania.

Second Precinct.

Silas Arnald, Republican, Judge of Election, Dobbin.
P. F. Brenninger, Republican, Clerk of Election, Oakland.
H. A. Shaffer, Democrat, Judge of Election, Oakland.
W. W. Fike, Democrat, Clerk of Election, Dobbin.

Election District Number Nine—
Johnson's.

Jacob Steinla, Republican, Judge of Election, Finzel.
W. A. Brown, Republican, Clerk of Election, Finzel.
Urias McKenzie, Democrat, Judge of Election, Finzel.
Godfrey Rosenberger, Democrat, Clerk of Election, Finzel.

Election District Number Ten—
Deer Park.

H. H. Calderwood, Republican, Judge of Election, Deer Park.
W. B. Miller, Republican, Clerk of Election, Deer Park.
Frank DeWitt, Democrat, Judge of Election, Deer Park.
Zalmon West, Democrat, Clerk of Election, Deer Park.

Election District Number Eleven—
The Elbow.

Norman T. Jacobs, Republican, Judge of Election, Lonaconing.
Walter H. Weir, Republican, Clerk of Election, Lonaconing.
Nimrod Gregg, Democrat, Judge of Election, Merrill.
W. H. Broadwater, Democrat, Clerk of Election, Merrill.

Election District Number Twelve—
Bittinger.

Oliver Beachy, Republican, Judge of Election, Bittinger.
Thomas H. Brenneman, Republican Clerk of Election, Bittinger.
Chauncey R. Broadwater, Democrat, Judge of Election, Bittinger.
James Jones, Democrat, Clerk of Election, Bittinger.

Election District Number Thirteen—
Kitzmiller.

A. G. Barrack, Republican, Judge of Election, Kitzmiller.
H. L. Price, Republican, Clerk of Election, Kitzmiller.
Geo. J. Pool, Democrat, Judge of Election, Kitzmiller.
L. C. Hudson, Democrat, Clerk of Election, Kitzmiller.

Election District Number Fourteen—
Oakland.

D. M. Sanders, Republican, Judge of Election, Ottaway.
E. E. Fairchilds, Republican, Clerk of Election, Crellin.
John A. Hughes, Democrat, Judge of Election, Ottaway.
W. R. Pendergast, Democrat, Clerk of Election, Ottaway.

J. M. STANTON, Pres.,
FRED P. MILLER,
GEO. D. BROWNING.
Board of Supervisors of Election for Garrett county.
H. A. RASCHE, Clerk.

Order Nisi.

Gilmor S. Hamill, Assignee vs. William Frederick, Jr., and wife.
In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland. No. 367. Equity.

It Is Ordered, this 8th day of July nineteen hundred and sixteen, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in equity, that the sale of the property mentioned in these proceedings, as made and reported by Gilmor S. Hamill, Assignee of mortgage for the purpose of foreclosure, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 31st day of August, 1916; provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Garrett county once a week for three successive weeks before the 25th day of August, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $500.00.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

ROAD PETITION

Notice is hereby given that thirty days after the first publication hereof, application will be made to the County Commissioners of Garrett county for the appointment of viewers to lay out and locate a proposed new county road in Election District No. 10 of said county, said proposed road to begin at a point on the Ryan's Glade and Blaine road at or near Z. H. Moon's mail box, and running thence through the lands of Michael and Bell Tasker, Alexander Moon, George W. Walter and Jesse and George White to intersect the road leading from Bethlehem to Mountain Lake Park, a distance of about two miles.

F. B. TASKER,
MIKE TASKER,
ALEX. MOON,
JESSE WHITE,
GEORGE A. WHITE,
GEORGE W. WALTER,
AND OTHERS.

First publication August 5, 1916.

The Maryland State College Of Agriculture

Gives special courses in—

AGRICULTURE, ANIMAL HUSBANDRY, DAIRYING, POULTRY HUSBANDRY, FRUIT GROWING, MARKETING, HORTICULTURE, CANNING, CHEMISTRY, BIOLOGY, RURAL, CIVIL, MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING.

Military Training

College Expenses $200—Living Expenses $190 a year, 2 year, 30 week and CORRESPONDENCE COURSES—

FALL TERM Begins September 12th.

For Full Information address—
THE REGISTAR, COLLEGE PARK, MD.
Adv. 22-6t

Farm For Sale

I offer for sale my farm of 79 acres, located on the Swanton road three miles north of Swanton; Fifty acres are cleared, balance in timber; eight room Dwelling House; water piped into house from a never failing spring; barn and all other necessary outbuildings; good range for stock. Apply to or address,

JAMES STEARN,
Swanton, Md.

Advertisement. 24-4t.

THE REPUBLICAN

BENJ. H. SINCELL, EDITOR.

Entered at the Postoffice in Oakland Md., as Second-class matter.

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Remittances may be made by Money Order, Registered Letter or Bank Draft and addressed to
THE REPUBLICAN,
Oakland, Md.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 10, 1916

REPUBLICAN TICKET

For President:
CHARLES E. HUGHES
For Vice President:
CHARLES W. FAIRBANKS
For United States Senator:
JOSEPH IRWIN FRANCE
of Cecil County.
For Congressman:
FREDERICK N. ZIHLMAN
of Allegany County

BOTH SIDES GUILTY.

The world will hardly become excited over British exception of the "murder" of Capt. Fryatt by the German military authorities in view of the execution of Roger Casement. If one was entitled to be treated as a prisoner or war, so was the other. One was called by his executioners a pirate and the other was called a traitor. It suited the executioners in each case to snuff out a human life that could not possibly have injured them if it had been spared.

Americans are sick of having one side or the other in the European war trying to work up prejudice and hatred while committiug acts just as offensive as those charged against the enemy. "A plague on both your houses!" cries the disgusted neutral; "clean the blood off your own hands before you raise them in holy horror at the acts perpetrated by your enemy. Do not try to justify your murders by calling your enemy a murderer. Do not pose to us as an injured party when you are making reprisals that shock mankind."

A deplorable effect of the European hypocrisy is to harden neutral hearts against real suffering. So many lies are told that neutrals become skeptical and are inclined to close their ears to true reports.

"WHAT WOULD YOU DO?"

The long recital of old Mexican history leads to nothing. The woes of the martyred Huerta, the mistakes and alleged mistakes of Mr. Wilson; what does all this ancient tale amount to? What will you do, Mr. Hughes, if you are elected? What do you propuse?—From the New York Times.

The naive way in which these questions are asked would lead one to suppose that in the next four years there will be nothing for the President to do except to concern himself with Mr. Wilson's mistakes.

Suppose it is conceded that Mr. Huges as President could find no way out of the Mexican entanglement that President Wilson has led the country into. Is that an argument for giving Mr. Wilson further lease of power, putting in his hands other problems, perhaps more serious, to mismanage?

An architect who had botched his client's house beyond possibility of mending could easily stump him by asking what he purposed to do about it. His client might say there was nothing to do but make the best of a bad bargain; but if the mere fact that he was left in this unenviable plight were presented as a reason for employment of the same man on another house the logic of the proposition might appeal to his vein of humor but hardly to his business sense and judgment.

CATECHISM FOR WILSON

Questions are cheap, so we may as well ask a few in order to keep in the fashion. Ours are addressed to Candidate Woodrow Wilson. We should like to know:

Why he favors appropriation of $50-000,000 to make the revival of American shipping impossible—the real reason inside?

Why he first insisted on free sugar and then compelled Congress to restore the duties?

Whether he is still in favor of tariff for revenue only or has become of late a half-hearted protectionist?

Why he signed the rivers and harbors bill squandering $20,000,000 in pork?

Why he signed the nitrate plant steal, misappropriating $20,000,000?

Why he signed the bill frittering away $75,000,000 out of $85,000,000 in driblet appropriations for road improvement?

Why he signed the rural credits bill involving the embarkation of $50,000,-000 of government money in a wildcat scheme of inflation falsely demoninated rural credits?

Why he backed away from his blatantly proclaimed policy of scuttle in the Philippines?

Why he opposed during half his term all military and naval preparedness?

Why he first indorsed Secretary Garrison's army reorganization plan and then slopped over to Hay's ineffectual and wasteful militia scheme?

Why he keeps Daniels in the Cabinet?

Why he made Bryan Secretary of State?

And why he kicked him out?

Why he spoke of "strict accountability" when he had no intention of enforcing it and no idea of creating a force that would animate the words with real meaning?

What is he doing now about the Lusitania?

Whether Austria has ever given a satisfactory explanation regarding the Petrolite?

And whether he is putting any pressure on the Berlin and Vienna Governments to secure amends for the outrages committed upon Americans on the high seas by their orders?

If not, why not?

Why he intervened in Mexican affairs to oust Hureta?

Why he thought Pancho Villa was a good man to support for a while?

Why he intervened to establish the "Government" of Carranza?

Whether he regards the regime of Carranza a success?

Why he went in at Vera Cruz?

Why he came out?

Why he sent General Pershing's expedition across the border?

Why he is now laying plans to withdraw it surreptitiously?

Why he sent the national guardsmen to Texas?

Was it really to give them three months' training with the colors?

What does he usually desire his record to rest on—his thought or his afterthought?

Why has not the cost of living dropped during his term as President as he and his party vociferously insisted it would?

Does he know how the dictionary defines the word, "ineptitude?"

And "vacillation"?

And "charlatan"?

BLOOMINGTON

The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Riley died at the home of its parents at Beryl on last Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

The last few days has increased the population of this community considerable—a girl at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Amos Bean; a boy at Mr. and Mrs. William Shook's; a girl at Mr. and Mrs. Victor Johnson's; a bright eyed youngster, a boy, at Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Fazenbaker; another son to grace the home of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Swann and the proud and happy parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Howell over the birth of a little daughter, is a pretty good record for this extremely hot weather, and quite a nice little bunch of rosy cheeks and dimples from baby land. The baby boy of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Shook, of Hampshire, still holds the heavy weight championship belt, tipping the scales at birth, at fifteen and a half pounds.

The remains of the infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Hubert Beevers who died from whooping cough last Friday evening, were buried in the Bloomington grave yard on last Sunday afternoon. Funeral services were held in the M. E. chuchr with the pastor, Rev. Snedegar in charge.

Mr. Walter Fortney motored from Detroit, Mich., to Bloomington, in a Chandler run-a-bout arriving last Friday afternoon and is a guest of his brother, Mr. Olin Fortney of this place.

Rev. Snedegar of this place, left for Baltimore city on last Tuesday morning where he will spend a few days on business, prior to attendance and participation in the ceremonies attending the Odd Fellow's reunion at Pen Mar on the following Thursday.

Mr. Howard Liller, of this place, has equipped himself and family with a Ford.

Mr. Harry Coffman is away from town on a business trip to Pittsburgh.

Large, fine, ripe peaches at 25 cents a basket are being served to our people by huxsters from the orchards in the neighborhood of Keyser. Huckleberry excursions by wagon, auto and foot to the great huckleberry fields of the Pinnacle are of daily occurrence and are quite popular. Those who have participated and enjoyed a real day of pleasure, report the crop unusually large and of fine flavor. Blackberries are coming into market in large quantities at 20 cents a gallon and the housewife is busy with tin cans, glass jars, ceiling wax, burned fingers, etc.

Rev. Charles Guthrie, or Buffalo, N. Y., is the guest of his cousin, Dr. H. M. Kemp, of this place. He is accompanied by his mother.

Miss Jean Ralston, a trained nurse from Columbus, Ohio, who was called to Frostburg on account of the serious illness of her mother, is spending a few days in town, visiting her sister, Mrs. Thos. Swann.

Miss Martha Tibbets, stenographer for the West Penn. Electric R. R. Co., of Connelsville, Pa., is spending her vacation at home with her mother, Mrs. Minnie Tibbets of Bloomington.

The improvement to the B. & O. bridge to accommodate a third track is going right along. On account of the extreme hot weather the concrete work was suspended on last Monday and Tuesday. The large arch at the west end will be completed this week, when the large steel form will be removed and transferred to the east end. The new county road connecting Bloomington with Luke is progressing nicely and it looks now that in a month or six weeks we will be spinning over a road that promises to be a credit to the state.

Mrs. Bessie Burleigh, of Washington, D. C., and children are spending a few weeks of the heated term with relatives in this place.

Mrs. Nellie McRobie and two little children are in Akron, Ohio, visiting her husband, Mr. Martin McRobie, who is employed in that city.

Messrs. Geo. C. Macfarlane and Harry Kight of Barnum, returned home last Sunday from a visit to the oil fields of West Virginia in the neighborhood of Matamoras, Ohio.

Mr. Carroll Pattison, of Bloomington, has purchased a Hudson Super-Six.

The Davis Coal & Coke, at Beryl, has granted an increase of wages to their employees about their several mines at Beryl. We understand the rate is the same as that paid at Thomas and is quite a substantial increase to the drivers, trackmen, dumpmen, motormen and all outside mine labor. The new rate goes into effect the first of September. The officials of the company will tend a banquet to their employees at Beryl on next Friday evening and covers will be laid for 150 to 200 persons. The supper will be served in the large school rooms at that place and will be prepared and under the direction of the wives of the employees, the company furnishing all the good things to eat. Speeches, music and all the necessary accompainaments of a first class and up-to-date banquet will be in evidence and no expense will be spared by the company that will add in any way to the comfort and pleasure of its employees and their families.

MOUNTAIN LAKE PARK.

Tomorrow (Friday) at 8 p. m., Dr. Harry, of the University of Cincinnati, will deliver his great and popular lecture, "The City Beautiful" in the old auditorium. About one hundred beautiful slides will be thrown on the screen. The Doctor is a beautiful speaker and speaks from personal observation. He has visited the most beautiful cities of the old world. This will be one of the greatest treats of the summer.

The Bible Conference will open next Sunday at 11 a. m., with a sermon by Dr. Gray of Chicago. The programs have not been received, but will be ready for distribution at the Sunday services. This will be one of the greatest gatherings ever held in the Park as it is almost filled to the fullest capacity of its hotels and boarding houses. The people of Garrett county should take advantage of every Sunday in this month and attend the services in the amphitheatre. The ablest ministers of this nation will be the preachers. Some wonderful singers will also take part in the services.

Homer Rodeheaver, the leader of the singing at Billy Sunday's meetings, delighted the people at this place last Saturday. He conducted two song services in the old auditorium. He is a wonderful singer. An effort is being made to secure Billy Sunday for a date early in September.

The Odd Fellows rally will be on the 26th of this month. Albert White is the local committeeman and is busy arranging for the day. Several excursion trains will be brought to the Park from different points in Maryland and West Virginia. The round trip rate from Parkersburg and Wheeling is only $2.

The Railroad Y. M. C. A. reunion has been postponed from the 22nd to the 29th inst.

The Epworth League people have decided to return next year, but to include Pennsylvania and West Virginia in their organization. About 175 delegates were present.

The annual meeting of the secretaries of the Young Men's Christian Association of Maryland, District of Columbia and West Virginia will be held September 8, 9 and 10.

St. Peter's Catholic Sunday school, of Westernport, picniced at the Park Tuesday.

Hoyes Picnic.

Don't forget the date of the picnic at Hoyes: Saturday, August 12th. Every effort is being put forth to make this the greatest of all the Hoyes picnics.

The committee is fortunate in securing a number of enthusiastic and interesting speakers for this occasion and there will be amusements of all kinds.

A base ball game. Accident vs. Jennings, at 2.30 p. m. Vocal and instrumental music, with refreshments of all kinds. Remember that sumptuous dinner out in the grove last year? The same ladies are busy again this year preparing a feast for you. Don't miss it, whatever you do. Everybody invited.

HAD A NARROW ESCAPE

Two Automobilists Caught Beneath Overturned Car and Held There.

Last Thursday night Mr. John Fitzwater, of Oakland, and Miss Mabel Falkenstein, also of town, narrowly escaped with their lives or very serious injuries when the automobile of the former in descending the south slope of Hooppole Ridge, five miles north of Oakland, collided with a large stone which had evidently been placed in the roadway with intent to do someone injury, and turned over, catching the occupants beneath it and holding them in that position until they were released from their perilous position by Messrs. H. L. Jones, Oliver Lewis and L. W. Hopkins, who arrived at the spot almost simultaneously in their respective automobiles.

In turning over the Fitzwater car lodged against a telephone pole which kept the entire weight of the machine from resting upon them and in consequence Miss Falkenstein escaped with a dislocated right arm, a sprained ankle and minor bruises, while Mr. Fitzwater suffered a slight bruise on his right arm.

The injured people were brought to town by Mr. Jones and taken to the Home Sanitorium where their injuries were dressed, Miss Falkenstein being taken to her home later in the evening, while Mr. Fitzwater went back to the scene of the wreck and brought his car on into town.

Another Success of The Mountain Lake Park Civic Club.

The annual tennis tournament given by the Mt. Lake Park Civic Club played the concluding finals Saturday before a large and enthusiastic crowd from various nearby towns.

The games were fast and furious on Monday afternoon when the "finals" were played to a finish.

The cups offered to the Juniors under 16 years of age were won by Virginia Clinedist, 14; and her brother Barney, aged 11.

Dr. Muncaster's daughter was one of the contestants. All three are from Washington.

The entries from Oakland were quite numerous: Edward Pollock, Elizabeth Mitchell, Robert Sliger, Dr. Darby, Miss Howell, Miss Townshend, Messrs. Martin, Bremer, Sincell, White, Morgan and Mason.

The winners of the "mixed doubles" were Mary Ruhl and Hurst Koblegard, both of Clarksburg.

In the "men's singles" Hurst Koblegard won his second cup, playing Henry Russell, of Wheeling.

Virginia Davis, of Clarksburg, played a beautiful game and will be a "winner." Tho' she did not carry off any cup, in this tournament, she won the hearts of many who saw her serving.

The club ladies gave a pleasant finish to the festivities Wednesday from 4 to 6, with a crowded reception at the library and billiard hall.

The officers of the Civic Club are Mrs. W. L. Davidson, president; Mrs. L. J. Campbell vice president; Mrs. Logan Carr, secretary; and Mrs. Wingate, treasurer.

The present club was organized ten or twelve years ago by Mrs. Talson and Miss Kate McClain, both of Wheeling, and from that day to this they and their co-workers have labored unceasingly to better social, scenic and sanitary conditions in Mt. Lake Park.

The cups are on display in the bowling alley.

H. Russell of Wheeling was the individual star in singles but was put out in the finals by Hurst Koblegard, of Clarksburg, West Virginia, in a phenominal match which thrilled the spectators.

In the mixed doubles Miss Ruhle and Mrs. Hurst Koblegard, both of Clarksburg, West Va., succeeded in taking over Miss Virginia Davis, of Clarksburg, and Mr. Davidson, of Cleveland, Ohio.

The tournament was the largest yet staged at Mt. Lake Park, under the auspices of the Woman's Civic Club and the gallery was crowded morning and afternoon to watch the matches.

The forty-six entrants were mainly of the summer colony at Mt. Lake Park and Loch Lynn. There were a good number from Oakland, Md.; two contestants from Norfolk, Va.; and the remainder from Washington, D. C.; Clarksburg, Wheeling and Cleveland, Ohio.

Free Lectures.

During recent weeks Dr. Melody, the resident veterinary surgeon, has been giving a course of free lectures on black leg and hog cholera and also upon the subject of scientific breeding and feeding. He has appeared before audiences at several points in the southern section of the county. His last effort was on Tuesday night at Lynndale school house where he was met by a large number of farmers and stock breeders. He will give another lecture on Tuesday night of next week at the Gauer school house near Red House.

Rev. McCamic to Lecture.

Rev. McCamic, pastor of the Deer Park M. E. Church, will lecture in that edifice on Friday night of this week, his subject to be "One Hundred Years of Progress in America." All are cordially invited to attend this lecture.

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Let us replace that old-fashioned plumbing with new up-to-date open plumbing.
We do overhauling and refitting thoroughly.
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BIG REDUCTION
IN
TIRE PRICES
AT
Oakland Garage
During ten Days
Beginning August 1st

SAXON "SIX"
big touring car for five people
ASK FOR DEMONSTRATION.
Call at Liller's Barber Shop or Kelly's Livery
LILLER & KELLY, Agents.
Oakland, Maryland.

The Lutheran Church
SECOND STREET, OAKLAND
Sunday School, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.
B. H. SINCELL, Superintendent.
Men's Brotherhood Class, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.
O. A. BREMER, Teacher.
All the men not attending Sunday School elsewhere are cordially invited to join this class and to have a part in the study and discussion of the lesson.
Morning Worship, 10.45 o'Clock.
Luther League, 7.00 o'Clock P. M.
Topic—"Helping The Weaker Brother."
Leader—W. Z. HENDRICKSON.
During the Month of August There Will Be No Evening Service.

NOTICE TO DEER PARK CONGREGATION.

On next Sunday afternoon, August 6th, at 2:30 o'clock there will be services at the Deer Park Lutheran church at which time the Holy Communion will be administered.

All friends of the church and those without a permanent church home are invited to worship with us.

O. A. BREMER, Pastor.

—The above was prepared by the pastor and the advertisement is authorized and paid for by one interested in church work.

The Republican---The Leading Paper

FOUNDED 1888

THE GARRETT NATIONAL BANK

FOUNDED 1888

OF OAKLAND, MARYLAND

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, - - $115,0000.0

THE highly developed facilities of this Bank resulting from 28 years of careful and conservative management together with prompt, efficient and courteous service, are offered as the basis for a satisfactory business connection.

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G. A. FRALEY, Cashier. H. L. JONES, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS

GILMOR S. HAMILL, JOHN T. MITCHELL, DANIEL E. OFFUTT, Jr.
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Interest paid on Time Deposits. Safety Deposit Boxes for Rent.

Miss Mayme Ross, of Bridgeport, Ohio, is visiting relatives in this city.

Mr. Roy Hinebaugh, of Keyser, W. Va., spent the past week in Oakland.

Abe Martin says, "If you want to disguise your hand use a postoffice pen."

FOR SALE—Two cows. Apply to Miss Griffin, Deer Park, Md. Adv. 24-3t

Miss Marie Shag, of Masontown, Pa., is here as the guest of Miss Bess Hinebaugh.

Mrs. Louis Bush entertained a few at dinner Tuesday in honor of Mrs. Anna Manges Swartz, of York, Pa.

Former County Commissioner Otho S. Fike, of Avilton, spent Tuesday in Oakland on business.

Miss Ruth Michael returned home Saturday night from a week's visit to friends in the vicinity of Keyser, West Va.

Mr. John T. Sincell, of Keyser, was in Oakland last Friday when he came up here to attend the funeral of Mr. Offutt.

Mr. John M. Myers, of Friendsville, spent Monday in Oakland enroute home from a visit to his daughter at Keyser, W. Va.

Mr. Bernard Steiding, of near Deer Park, visited Oakland on Saturday and Sunday he celebrated his eighty-fifth anniversary.

Mr. and Mrs. George L. Sincell and little son, of Keyser, came up to Oakland Tuesday morning and are guests of relatives in town.

Mrs. Mary S. Fairall, of Lincoln, Nebraska, is here for an indefinite visit to her daughter, Mrs. R. Harry West at her home on Third street.

Misses Gladys and Margaret Compton, of Accident, returned home Tuesday morning after spending several days here the guest of relatives.

Mr. R. E. Sliger spent Monday at Clarksburg, West Va., on businhss.

Mr. J. A. White accompanied by Mr. Harrison Arnold motored to Cumberland Tuesday.

Mr. J. Gordon Mealy has rented Mr. N. U. Bond's residence on Oak street and will occupy it as soon as some needed repairs are completed.

Rev. Frank McCamic, of Deer Park, spent Tuesday afternoon in Oakland on business, having recently returned from a week's visit to points in the Old Dominion.

Dr. and Mrs John E. Legge, of Cumberland, were in Oakland last Friday, having come here to attend the funeral of Dr. Legge's uncle, the late D. E. Offutt.

State Health Officer Dr. Robert H. Riley, who spent upwards of a week in and about Oakland on professional business, returned to Cumberland Tuesday morning.

Mr. F. T. Fike, of near Selbysport, was in the city last Saturday where he attended a sheriff's sale and became the purchaser of a tract of land located in District No. 2.

Mrs. E. Manges, of York, Pa., accompanied by her daughter, Mrs. Edward Swartz, also of York, arrived in Oakland last Saturday evening and are guests of friends.

Mrs. Leah F. Sincell returned to Oakland last Friday night from a visit of sevaral weeks to relatives and friends in Frederick county, Md., and Washington, D. C.

Dr. R. H. Riley, of Cumberland, deputy State health officer, accompanied by State's Attorney E. R. Jones were in the vicinity of Friendsville where they were called to investigate an alleged breach of the health laws of the State.

FOR SALE—Gaited riding horse; a child can ride or drive. Apply to A. H. King, Deer Park, Md. Adv. 24-2t.

Dr. Copeland, of Blaine, spent Sunday and Monday in the city visiting Mrs. Copeland, who is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Graham. —Parsons Advocate.

Mr. James Stearn, of near Swanton, was in the city Tuesday, having returned home the day previous from a visit to his parents at Harrisonburg, Va., where he spent a week.

Mr. James S. Lakin, of Charleston, West Va., who is president of the State Board of Control of West Va., spent a day or two in Oakland last week, when he was the guest of Mr. Ed. Offutt.

Mr. Art White and sister, Miss June, motored to Uniontown, Pa., Saturday, returning home Sunday, accompanied by Miss Mabel White who spent the past two weeks with relatives at that place.

Mrs. Charles Whitmore, of Connellsville, Pa., and Mrs. L. C. Boise and daughter Miss Beulah, of Fairmont, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Ashby at their home on Court House square.

This office acknowledges visits on Monday from a number of our friends, among them being Mr. W. H. H. Friend, of Friendsville; Peter Wilt, James R. Russell and H. H. Warnick, all of District No. 11.

Mr. Roy H. Hamill, of Huntington, West Va., spent the week-end in Oakland with his family, returning to Huntington Monday afternoon. Mrs. Hamill and children will remain in Oakland until early in September.

Mr. C. N. McIntire, of the hardware store, accompanied by Mr. Guy Yutzy, motored to Pittsburgh, Pa., last Wednesday in the former's automobile, returning to Oakland Saturday.

Mrs. Ward, of Cumberland, is here as the gdest of her neice, Mrs. Stuart Mason.

Mr. Joseph Woodward, of Parkersburg, W. Va., is the guest of Mr. Lawrence Dixon.

Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Garrett, of Tunnelton, are on a visit to Garrett county friends for a week.

Mrs. Tina Taylor, of Romney, W. Va., is in Oakland for a month's visit to her mother, Mrs. Margaret Connell.

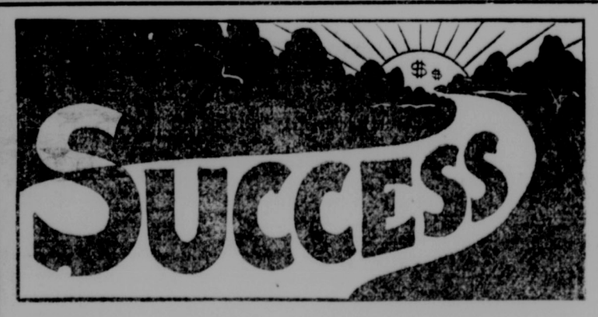
Mrs. Lucille Hilleary Houck, of Braddock, Pa., was the guest several days last week of Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Dixon at their residence on Second street.

Much advertising matter for the coming Garrett County Fair is being distributed throughout this and adjoining counties in West Virginia and Pennsylvania. Tuesday morning an automobile in charge of Thomas Little, Jr., left Oakland for points in Preston county where the fair will be largely advertised.

Former Senator R. T. Browning has been notified that a member of the Maryland Conservation Commission, accompanied by an expert engineer from the Federal Bureau of Fisheries at Washington, will be in Oakland this week to inspect the State property on Herrington creek and Merley's run with a view of locating a site for the State and U. S. trout hatchery. This is a move in the right direction and if carried out will place Western Maryland's interests on that important board where they belong.

County Treasurer William Kimmell returned to Oakland Monday morning after having completed his tour of the county as prescribed by the law governing the operations of the County Treasurer's office. Mr. Kimmell was absent from his office upwards of a month during which time the routine business was transacted by County Commissioners Clerk Walter G. Myers. Treasurer Kimmell will be found at his office in the court house from now on until next summer when he will again make visits to stated points in the county to collect taxes.

Messrs. George Tompkins Connett and Albert Forrest Perry, of Newark, New Jersey, terminate their first visit to Garrett county to-morrow, leaving Deer Park on No. 2 train from the Deer Park Hotel station. Both gentlemen experienced a most enjoyable sojourn in the mountains, and contemplate repeating their visit. They were entertained at Mrs. G. W. Haulenbeek's cottage on Uplands road near Deer Park. The only criticism Mr. Connett would utter was that additional State roads in Garrett county were an urgent necessity, together with an abundance of sign posts.



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Success

which comes to him only who courts it. The foundation of

Business Success

is the Bank Account. Have you laid the foundation?

We are interested in your

Success.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OAKLAND - MARYLAND

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Dr. and Mrs. Cather, Mr. Milton Scherr and Miss Alma Scherr, all of Morgantown, West Va., motored to Oakland Saturday afternoon and were guests over Sunday of Mr. and Mrs. Julius C. Renninger at their home on Second Street.

Mrs. Minnie VanHorn and granddaughter, of Chicago, Ill., and Mrs. John Sommerville and Mrs. Elizabeth Hotchkiss, of Lonaconing, are in Oakland as guests of Mr. and Mrs. Herman Creutzburg.

The ladies of the Presbyterian church will serve ice cream, cake, candy and water melon on the lawn of Mrs. Idie Hayes, commencing at four in the afternoon on Tuesday, August 15.

Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Stoddard and daughter, of Cumberland, are spending the present month very delightfully at at their cottage in Mountain Lake Park. Mr. Stoddard is general agent of the Wells Fargo Express Company in this district and is well liked by the station agents with whom he comes in contact.

Messrs. D. E. Bolden, Henry Lauer, E. G. Naylor, R. C. Townshend, Thos. Little, George D. White, A. T. Matthews and J. C. Renninger went to Grantsville yesterday afternoon for the purpose of creating among the residents of that thrifty town an interest looking toward the establishment of a lodge of Knights of Pythias there.

The Third Annual Travel Tour.

Under the auspices of the ladies aid society of the M. E. Church will be held on August 24 (Thursday) from 5 to 10 p. m. Owing to the war in Europe the tour will be "See America First," starting from the Union Station at the M. E. church and traveling to New York, St. Augustine, New Orleans, San Francisco, and back over the Lincoln highway to the nation's capital at Washington. This is an annual event with the ladies of the M. E. Church and is conducted by automobiles carrying the passengers to various homes which are decorated to represent the various cities and refreshments will be served characteristic of each city, free to each passenger. The entire trip covers a distance of about eight miles and promises to be a most enjoyable event. All who were fortunate enough to take this trip in the two previous years are loud in their praises and are going again this year. You must secure your tickets early to be sure to get passage as the the number of tickets is limited. Tickets on sale at the store of Jos. E. Harned on and after August 17 at 50 cents.

MEMORIAL TO DANIEL E. OFFUTT

BY AN OLD FRIEND

Learning today that Dan Offutt is dead, I wish to pay this tribute in memory of a noble man, of sterling intergrity, efficient business ability and endearing fellowship, as I intimately knew him fifty years ago in our young manhood.

As a young man his personality was attractive; his business methods strictly upright; his judgment, reliable; his fidelity, unwavering; his energy, ceaseless; his patience, enduring; his benevolence, unassuming, and his friendship an honor to be desired.

All this I learned of his character in the sixth decade of the nineteenth century when I lived in Oakland and was associated with Mr. Offutt six years as a clerk and a partner in business and a member of his family, and I have always since esteemed and loved him as a brother.

Before his death he had nobly finished his mission in the affairs of the community in which he so long lived and served.

I sincerely join with all his other friends in sympathy for his bereaved wife and children.

JAMES HOUSTON.

Caseville, Mich., Aug. 7, 1916.

Supper, Lawn Fete and Bazaar.

Will be held by the Guild of St. Matthew's Episcopal church of Oakland Thursday, August 17th, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon on the lawn at the residence of Mr. J. L. Pollock, Second street. Fancy articles, ice cream and cake for sale. The supper will be 35 cents. Attractions for the children.

Adam wouldn't have liked the Garden of Eden very long anyhow. The British troops fighting in that region report a temperature of 120. — Washington Herald.

It is announced in a Berlin cablegram that the Crown Prince will take Verdun August 1. The names are correct, but the date probably is an error.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Some people are unfortunate. A hobo, arrested for begging up-State, said he was too heavy for light work and too light for heavy work.—Philadelphia North American.

Subscribe for The Republican.

JOHN ALBERT DROEGE

A Deer Park Boy,—How He Has Risen in Railroad Service.

The General Superintendent of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company, Mr. John Albert Droege, is a Deer Park boy and he is proud of the land of his birth.

He is the son of Mrs. E. Droege, a resident of Garrett county, and has risen to the important position he holds by close application in every place he has filled. Shorthand and telegraphy were the stepping stones to his advancement. Mr. Droege has no railroad hours in his daily avocation. He works early and late, and with the many duties devolve upon him, finds time to use his pen in works affecting railroads.

He is the author of a railroad text book "Freight Yards and Terminals," and he is now finishing a book on "Passenger Terminals and Trains." Mr. Droege brought his family to Deer Park to spend the month of August on last Sunday, but was obliged to retnrn to New Haven on Monday on account of a press of work in his New Haven office.

In the eastern theatre of the great war it's a wise town that knows what nation possesses it every morning.—Detroit News.

TRUSTEE'S SALE

OF

COTTAGE

At Mountain Lake Park, Garrett County, Md.

Belonging to the Estate of the late Thomas Ireland Elliott.

The undersigned Trustee, in order to close the estate of the late Judge Thomas Ireland Elliott, will sell at Public Auction in front of the Office of the Mountain Lake Park Association on

SATURDAY

August 19th, 1916

at 2 o'clock p. m., his cottage on I St. containing large living room, dining room, pantry, kitchen, three bed rooms and bath, and servants' quarters, lot 100' x 130' in fee and known as lots 1014 and 1016.

Terms of sale: One-half cash in 30 days, balance in mortgage for one or two years with interest, or all cash at option of the purchaser. Deposit of $100 required at sale. Expenses adjusted to date of transfer.

SAFE DEPOSIT & TRUST COMPANY of Baltimore, Trustee, 13 South St.

D. E. BOLDEN

Furniture Dealer and Funeral Director

HAVING moved my furniture business to the Manhattan Hotel store room, I am prepared to serve the public to the best of my ability, having now in stock the finest line of Furniture ever brought to the city and which I offer as cheap as it can be bought in the wholesale markets.

All I ask is a chance to name you prices.

My stock is complete in every detail, and which consists of Furnitnre, Carpets, Mattings, Window Shades, Bedding of all kinds, large and small Rugs—in fact everything with which to furnish a house from cellar to attic.

I am also prepared to give estimates on Buildings and repair work—from a pig pen to a palace.

Call and see me; I will treat you fair and square.

Thanking the public for past favors and soliciting a continuance of the same, I remain,

Yours respectfully,

D. E. BOLDEN

Store For Sale

Owing to other business demanding my attention, I offer for sale my stock of Shoes, Clothing and Furnishings.

This is one of the best business propositions in Oakland, and will be sold at very much less than value if taken before September 1.

In the meantime I will sell clothing and many other articles at greatly reduced prices. It will pay you to investigate.

Yours truly,

E. A. WEIMER,

Oakland, Md.

CASEMENT, IRISH PATRIOT, HANGED

"I Die for My Country!" His Last Utterance After a Prayer

BODY REFUSED TO FAMILY

Leader of Irish Rebels, Executed for High Treason, Walks Calmly to Death—Large Crowd Outside Mixes Cheers With Groans.

London.—Roger Casemnt, former British Knight and Consul, was hanged in Pentonville jail for high treason. He was convicted of conspiring to cause an armed revolt in Ireland, and with having sought German aid to that end.

The Irish leader's last words spoken while he waited for the drop to be sprung, were:

"I die for my country."

Solicitor Gavan Duffy, who was Casement's counsel, was indignant at the refusal of the prison authorities to turn over the body of the Irish rebel after the law had been satisfied.

"Representing the deceased's relatives at the inquest," he said, "I applied to the Home Office for possession of the body. Their refusal to turn it over to me was a monstrous act of indecency."

Two hours before the execution a crowd of men, women, and children gathered before the prison gates. Twenty minutes before Casement mounted the scaffold the great prison bell began to toll. The sound was greeted with cheers from the crowd, mingled with some groans. At nine o'clock the crowd had swollen to such proportions that it extended for two blocks from the prison front. At one minute after nine a single stroke on the big bell announced that the trap had been sprung. It was the signal for a mocking, jeering yell from the crowd, which suddenly died away into dead silence, made wierd by groans.

Casement met his death with calm courage, according to eye-witnesses He rose at about half-past five ocl'ock From then until seven o'clock, when Father McCarrell arrived, he spent the time reading the instructions of the church for assisting at Mass, and the taking of the first Communion. After Mass he ate a little bread and butter and drank a glass of water. He had very little to say to the priest, only making a few remarks about the immortality of the soul. "He appeared," said Father McCarrell, "like a man who had slept soundly—his nerves were completely calm."

After Father McCarrell and another priest had administered the rites of the Roman Catholic Church, the clergymen, with Casement following, a warder on either side, proceeded toward the execution shed, only five yards away. The priests recited the litany of the dying, Casement responding in low tones: "Lord have mercy on my soul."

As the party reached the shed where the gallows was erected, the special executioner, a hair-dresser named Ellis, approached Casement and pinioned him. The two chaplains, the under sheriff of London, and the under sheriff of Middlesex, then took their positions in front of the scaffold

170 U-BOAT VICTIMS.

U. S. Inquiry to Learn if Americans Were on the Letimbro.

Rome.—In the torpedoing by a German U-boat in the Meterranean of the Italian liner Letimbro, 170 passengers and crew were lost. Further details thus far are lacking.

Washington.—The State Department decided to investigate the attack on the Italian mail steamer Letimbro. The object of the inquiry is primarily to ascertain whether Americans were on board and if any are missing. Ambassador Page at Rome and the United States Consul at Malta, where 27 of the survivors were landed will conduct the investigation.

Consul General Skinner's report on the sinking declared the Letimbro was sunk while attempting to escape after a warning shot was fired.

ADMIRAL WINSLOW RETIRED

Ex-Commander of Pacific Fleet Had Noteworthy Career.

Washington.—Admiral Cameron McR. Winslow, generally recognized as one of the best all around officers of the service, was retired from active duty, having reached the statutory age of 62. No promotion will follow his retirement as he was an additional officer in his grade. His most recent service has been as commander in chief of the Pacific fleet. Admiral Winslow attained rapid advancement.

JOBS AWAIT U. S. ARMY MEN

Federal Labor Clearing House Planned by Government.

Washington.—Plans for establishing Federal labor clearing houses in every State were announced by Commissioner Caminetti of the Immigration Bureau, who directs the Department of Labor's employment service.

It is hoped that all men in the army or navy on retiring may find ready for them the kind of work they want in the place where they want it.

SIGN TREATY FOR DANISH INDIES

Secretary Lansing and Minister Brun Act in the $25,000,000 Deal

NO OBSTACLE IS EXPECTED

Pact to Be Submitted to Senate at Washington and Rigsdag in Copenhagen Immediately—Approval Expected Without Opposition.

Washingon. — Announcement was made by acting Secretary of State Polk that the treaty by which the United States is to purchase the Danish West Indies had been signed in New York by Secretary Lansing and Minister Constantin Brun of Denmark. It was stated authoritatively for the first time that the price stipulated was $25,000,000.

The treaty provides for the transfer to the United States of three islands, S. Thomas, St. Croix and St. John, which have been the subject of negotiations between the United States and Denmark for many years.

The Administration will ask the Senate to ratify the treaty.

TREATY SIGNED IN 3 MINUTES.

New York.—It took less than three minutes for Secretary of State Lansing and Minister Brun of Denmark to sing the tentative treaty relative to the purchase by the United States of islands in the West Indies. Mr. Lansing came to town from Watertown, N. Y., and Mr. Brun came from Bar Harbor, Me. They met at the Hotel Biltmore and received from L. H. Woolsey of the State Department two copies of the treaty, to which they immediately affixed their signatures. Mr. Woolsey was the only witness.

APPROVAL IN DENMARK.

Copenhagen.—The Danish Parliament took up the question of the sale by Denmark of the Danish West Indies to the United States.

After the Minister of Foreign Affairs had given information concerning the proposed sale to the Rigsdag, the various parties held committee meetings. The Rigsdag met soon afterward, and there was a debate for half an hour. No real objection to the sale was made and there was only slight criticism from a few Conservative members. It is understood that a majority of both houses of Parliament are in favor of the sale.

The Government wants the matter settled as soon as possible.

DEUTSCHLAND STARTS FOR HOME

Baltimore Harbor Whistles All Shriek Farewell to Submarine Freighter.

Baltimore.—The giant subsea trader Deutschland, with Captain Paul Koenig and her original crew of 27 men, sailed from Baltimore under her own power on her projected dash down Chesapeake Bay, across the Atlantic and back to Germany, a trip of 3,800 miles fraught with the continuous danger of capture and possible death to all aboard her. She has been in United States territorial waters a little longer than twenty-three days, and is taking back a cargo of rubber and nickel and, it is said, a quantity of gold as well.

As she pulled out of the broken baricade of barges and lighters, a hundred whistles shrieked. From the fore deck of the North German Lloyd liner Neckar there arose a fire signal and bunting flags which in the international code expressed the words "Homeward bound." On the deck of the Neckar every sailor of the crew was standing at attention.

A military column was formed and as the submarine passed under the lee every man saluted the master of the Deutschland.

WORLD'S NEWS IN CONDENSED FORM

NEW YORK.—There are in the hospitals of New York City more than 2,500 children victims of infantile paralysis, a disease which is killing 22 per cent of those it attacks and making life cripples of over 50 per cent of the remainder.

COPENHAGEN.—Agitation against the sale of the Danish West Indies appears to be growing throughout the country. Influential provincial papers strongly denounce the proposal.

LONDON.—Lord Winborne, former Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, has been reappointed.

LONDON.—Every town and village in the British Isles, as well as places throughout the empire, observed the second anniversary of Great Britain's declaration of war. Meetings were held and resolutions passed declaring a "determination to continue to a victorious end the struggle."

NEW YORK.—A car strike intended to paralyze all the street surface lines in the Borough of Manhattan was ordered. It went into operation immediately. Every surface line, except the Second Avenue system, was tied up. About 4,000 strikebreakers and 10,000 police are on the scene.

FRENCH RETAKE THIAUMONT WORK

Nivelle's Troops Capture Redoubt Northeast of Verdun Twice in 12 Hours

GUNS BUSY ON THE SOMME

London.—Verdun, almost quiescent during the Anglo-French offensive in the Somme region, again has become the storm center on the western battlefront. The French forces have taken the offensive on the right bank of the Muse and hold the Thiaumont work and the greater part of the village of Fleury, according to Paris.

The Thiaumont work already the scene of many desperate combats, was twice in French hands during twelve hours. The forces of the German Crown Prince fought tenaciously, driving the French from the work once, but losing it again. German counter-attacks were of no avail, says Paris, and the work remained in the possession of the French.

Fleury, which changed hands after the French and succeeded in taking it, again is almost entirely occupied by the French. Fierce fighting still continues in and around the village. German unwounded prisoners taken in the Verdun fighting number 400.

On the Somme front, in northern France, there has been little infantry activity, both the British and French official communications failing to report any moves on the part of their armies. London says the Germans bombarded the section southwest of Pozieres and also the southern portion of the Mametz Wood.

Desperate counter attacks by the Germans, in the region of the Stokhod River, east of Kovel, have resulted in the retirement of the Russian forces which had seized the village of Rudka-Miryanskala. The fact that the village is only nineteen miles from Kovel, the Russian objective on this part of the Volhynian front, probably accounts for the intensity of the fighting there.

The Russian General Sakharoff's troops continue to advance south of Brody and toward Lemberg. Petrograd reports the capture of 1,300 Austro-Germans in a "hot attack" on the line of the Sereth and Graberki rivers.

A squadron of British naval aeroplanes has attacked with bombs German military establishments in the vicinity of Ghent, Belgium. London says considerable damage was done by the dropping of two tons of bombs. Unofficial reports received in Amsterdam aparently confirm this claim.

Repulses for the Russians in Armenia and for British forces in the Sinai Peninsula are chronicled in the official statement given out by the Turkish War Office. The announcement says that in a five days battle in the Agnott sector, Armenia, the Russians lost more than 3,000 men killed.

ALLIES CHECKED, CLAIMS BERLIN

London.—Severe fighting has continued on the French front north of the Somme, with the Germans launching strong counter attacks against the positions won by General Foch's corps. The War Office at Paris reports that the Germans have been uniformly repulsed, suffering heavy losses.

The Germans centred their attacks on the small wood north of Hem and the Conacu Farm, which the French captured. They also poured a heavy artillery fire on the British lines, but sent no infantry forward. The British, busily engaged in concentrating their positions and consolidating new ground, made no effort to advance.

The German report claims that the Allies did not win a foot of ground and asserts that they suffered heavy losses. Fully 60,000 men were employed in the French and British attacks, it is said.

PITH OF THE WAR NEWS

Considerable progress is claimed by the Czar's War Office for the Caucasus army under the Grand Duke Nicholas, west and south of Erzingan. On the Mosul-Bitlis front, however, the Turks have gone over to the offensive, Petrograd asserts, adding "the enemy is held back."

The capture of the town Zalezce, in northeastern Galicia, marks a Russian progress of 25 miles since the capture of Brody 10 days ago.

On the Stokhod, near Noreszo, the Teutons captured 4 officers and 300 Russians, as well as 5 machine guns, the Austrian statement says.

The appointment of Field Marshal von Hindenburg to the supreme command on the eastern front is hailed by the German papers as a masterful stroke.

Joffre's men are masters of a blood-stained strip of ground three miles long and about a mile deep, just north of Verdun, which they have won from the Germans. In their three-day offensive they conquered ground which it took the Crown Prince's army four weeks to wrest from them.

The Rumanian crisis is over. She will remain neutral.

Realism In The Movies

By FREDERIC J. HASKIN

A young girl stood gazing in horrified silence across a wide expanse of lake, where a rowboat lay pitching around on the surface, its sole occupant, a sleeping infant. The next instant she plunged into the water and struck out for the boat, which was drifting farther away every second. Suddenly, her strength gave out and she sank, to rise, struggle and sink again. The third time she went down a man on the opposite bank, who had been steadily turning the handle of a moving picture camera, tore off his coat and dived in, bringing the girl to the surface just in time.

Unfortunately this was not premeditated action, and it went unphotographed. The scenario had called merely for the rescue of the infant by the girl, and all would have gone well had not the leading woman overestimated her swimming strength. As it was, she had to be rolled in a blanket and otherwise resuscitated before she regained consciousness, while some one else rescued the infant and restored it to its terrified mother. The lake which was part of a large estate on Long Island, had a bottom of black mud that nearly suffocated the camera man in his dive and made the rescue extremely difficult. And to make it more interesting, some of the villagers stood around and recounted the gruesome details of how the lake had a secret outlet, the body of one man drowning in its depths having been recovered floating far out at sea. In spite of this accident, however, the leading woman returned the next day and played the scenes required to complete the picture.

The life of a movie star these days is a perpetual risk. In order to achieve any great popularity a picture must have at least two good-sized thrills, and it is up to the actor to lend himself amiably to walking off precipices or sliding over falls, if he would win prestige with the fans. A man who asks for a substitute every time there is a risk, moreover, does not acquire merit with his directors. Substitutes are usually expensive, and the director must keep the cost of his picture down. Then, too, the moving picture audience is getting to be expert in the detection of deception or fake, which makes the use of substitutes and dummies precarious.

It must be said to the credit of the moving picture companies that the risks are always made as safe as possible. Mattresses are provided for people to fall on when jumping out of a window in the fourth story; boats are sent out to pick up the players who cast themselves into the water in a wreck scene, and a squad of police accompanies the company when it enters the Chinese section to take scenes. The Chinese have many weird superstitions regarding the camera, which is supposed to set loose a whole gang of evil spirits, so that as a rule John Chinaman would as soon commit suicide as have his picture taken. One director and his company barely escaped with their lives from the Chinese section of New York, when they attempted to take some scenes of a certain restaurant there. The Chinese proprietor had promised the day before to let the place be photographed for a good price, but on talking it over with some of his companions he thought it expedient to change his mind. The director, however, having made all his arrangements and brought the entire company down with him, was determined to get the scenes he wanted. He ordered the camera man to proceed. Instantly a mob of Chinamen surrounded the players, and it took a large squad of policemen to escort them safely out of the danger zone.

In the majority of cases, the really bad accidents that occur are due to the recklessness or carelessness of the players themselves. If an actor is seriously hurt so that he can not work, the entire company is held up on the picture, which is a great annoyance; consequently, every precaution is taken to see that he does not get hurt. A young actress playing the lead in a thrilling serial recently was required by the script to jump out of a third-story window and lower herself by a rope to a lower window in the next house. Seen in the picture it appears to be a remarkable and dangerous feat, but as a matter of fact it was simple and safe. A heavy metal belt was placed around her waist beneath her skirt, and to this the rope was attached, which made it impossible for her to fall. When the time came to take this scene, the director thought that the belt was not quite strong enough and the work was delayed until the property man could have it strengthened.

The necessary element in moving pictures today is realism. Many large companies still maintain "props" in their back yards with which they can construct anything from a barnyard to a desert island, but in most instances natural scenery is the background. The real thing must be filmed. One leading man last year got a little too much of the real thing in a picture staged at Niagara. The scenario called for one scene in which the villain picks up the hero and throws him bodily over a wall, presumably into the rapids, but actually on a narrow incline between the rapids and the wall. The villian, as it happened, was chosen from the extra men on account of his gigantic size, and he was so anxious to demonstrate the wisdom of the choice that he forgot and flung the hero far over the wall and incline into the swirling rapids. Happily, the hero was able to catch hold of a rock and cling to it until aid reached him, during which time the camera man recorded some very interesting realism.

Another actor also suffered from too much of the real thing not long ago when he assumed the character of a sneak thief. Boldly dashing up to a real jewelry store, he broke the window and departed hurriedly with a handful rings. The street had been chosen because of its apparent isolation, and the director held in check a group of extra people as spectators. As it happened, however, the extra people were not needed. As soon as the cry of "stop thief" was circulated among them for the benefit of the camera an excited American populace sprang up in all directions and pursued the sneak-thief down the street. When he could run no further, the actor stopped and confronted an angry crowd of over a hundred persons. As he remarked later, it was an extremely unpleasant situation until the director arrived breathless and managed to appease them with a number of credentials and a satisfactory explanation.

Much has been written concerning the bitter experiences of pedestrains which have taught them to suspect the presence of the moving picture camera in all street crimes, but according to the irate accounts of the moving picture directors they still have lots to learn. One man relates for example, that two young actressess in the employ of a California company were taken for suffragettes while playing a street scene in men's clothes and were pursued by a number of people, who believed they intended to break windows.

While the substitute is growing more and more out-of-date there are still many cases where a trained professional must take the place of the actor in several scenes. When the hero makes a hairbreadth escape in an aeroplane, for instance, he is usually changed at the last moment for a professional aeronaut, inasmuch as the difference can not be detected when flying far above the camera. Acrobats are substituted when the script calls for an extremely dangerous leap, and professional jockeys generally take the place of the principals at the last moment when there are spectacular riding stunts to be done.

One professional jockey was employed by a moving picture company some months ago to substitute for the leading woman in leaping over a precipice on a horse. The horse was a very remarkable animal of vaudeville fame, being able to do many marvelous things such as counting up to ten, opening and shutting a door, removing his master's coat and polishing his shoes, as well as diving from dizzying heights, which he had learned at Coney Island. His career in moving pictures had been as brilliant as it was in vaudeville, and many scenarios were written around him.

In this particular play the heroine was captured by a band of brigands, who tied her cruelly to a tree while they consumed a hearty dinner. Her pet horse, however, who had been left grazing near her, seized the opportunity to chew her bonds apart and release her, first being careful to pick up a revolver in its holster, lying on the ground. Once untied, the young woman leaped upon his back, covered the brigands with the revolver, made them return the stolen papers and executed a brilliant exit followed by the villians. Her pursuers gaining on her, the heroine determined to jump the precipice along which she rode, but here the jockey in girl's clothes was substituted. In order to make the precipice steeper than it really was, it had been built out with a temporary structure of scaffolding painted to correspond with the rest of the scenery. Just as the horse gathered for his dive, the scaffolding collapsed and both horse and rider went plunging into the river below. The jockey was picked up unconscious but alive, and with the exception of a few bruises the horse came out alright.

Thus the moving picture player, except for an occasional trained substitute, plays his part alone and constantly runs the risk of personal injury. He is a firm believer in the art of the movie himself and is usually willing to take almost any chance in order to make the picture appear more realistic. The movie fans who witness the daring escapades and harrowing escapes of the players often do not realize the actual dangers encountered in making the picture, but their applause and admiration are sufficient to spur the player on to even greater adventure.

GRANTSVILLE.

The sacrament of the Lord's supper was administered in the Lutheran Church on Sunday morning with an unusually large attendance despite the heat. Services were also held on Friday night, preceded by a meeting of the catechetical class in the afternoon.

At the Reformed church on Sunday night Miss Gertrude M. Cogan of Philadelphia addressed the audience in the interest of Home and Foreign Missions being herself a missionary. She has a most pleasing personality and brought the message in a forceful manner. After the conclusion of her address a H. & F. M. Society was formed with Mrs. Fred Livengood, president; Mrs. John Folk, vice presieent; Miss Ruth Keller, secretary; Miss Ethel Stanton, corresponding secretary; Mrs. Urban Stanton, treasurer. The ladies are all anxious to begin the noble work and a meeting will be held Aug. 13th in the afternoon, at which time Rev. and Mrs. L. N. Wilson, both of whom have had considerable experience along that line, will be present.

A home talent play given under the auspices of the St. Paul Reformed congregation was held here in the hall on Saturday. The play was quite musical and quite successful the audience being delightfully entertained. The costumes were works of art, and with little prompting the actors and actresses filled their parts admirably. The proceeds were for the benefit of the St. Paul church.

A most delightful social event was held at Davis, Md., on Thursday evening when Mr. and Mrs. Frank Davis entertained about thirty people in their pretty bungalow home. The guests included their house guest, Miss Ruth Tissue from Confluence, Mr. and Mrs. Archie Zimmerman and Clyde Poling, of Davis, and the following from Grantsville: Dr. and Mrs. Llewellyn Blocher, Dr. and Mrs. R. C. Bowen, Dr. and Mrs. J. A. Carney, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Bill, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Bonig, Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Getty, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Bender, Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Getty, Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Zeller, Mrs. G. C. Keller, Misses Mary Callaghan and Sabina Blocher, Messrs. U. O. Blocher and D. W. Dorsey. The evening's diversion was "500" tables being placed on the wide porch which was prettily lighted with electric lights and Japanese lanterns and decorated with flowers and ferns. A delicious collation was served at the close of the evening.

A picnic party, composed of Mrs. Marion Broadwater and family, Miss Margaret Brown and guests, Mrs. G. C. Keller, family and guests, Misses Angela and Wilda Getty and Fanny Roberts, spent Saturday afternoon picnicing in the meadows along the National Pike. The party had luncheon under the trees returning in the evening.

A party of girls had a picnic supper at the Classelman dam Saturday afternoon spending the evening in the water before returning home.

Mrs. J. W. Delaney entertained, Tuesday night, with a dance, at the Evans Bungalow, her summer home. Music was furnished by the Victrola. Refreshments were served.

Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Getty entertained a few friends and relatives informally on Saturday night, the guests including Mr. and Mrs. Frank Davis, Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Getty, Dr. and Mrs. R. C. Bowen, Mrs. G. C. Keller, Misses Mary Callaghan, Lucretia and Almira Blocher. Games and music made the evening pass pleasantly. Refreshments were served.

Miss Grace Hershberger was a guest of her aunt, Mrs. Beverely Briscoe, Markleysburg, Pa., last week, and was given a party in honor of her 14th birthday while there. A number of other pretty girls were present, and refreshments were served. She returned home Saturday.

The Grantsville Boy Scouts spent last week camping at Camp Casselmen about two miles southeast of town. The boys are: Homer Smouse, Frank and Lee Beachy, Dan Hershberger, Henry Bonig, Clarence Gingerich, Roy Zehner, Clarence Durst, Harry Ambell and Emerson Hayes. They were accompanied by their scout masters, A. T. Shirer and Clay Stanton. The boys each do their own cooking and dish-washing. A number of their parents and friends visited them during the week.

The Meyersdale Boy Scouts are having a most enjoyable outing along the Casselman river near the dam.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Swauger and niece, Florence Fisher, spent Sunday in Albright, W. Va.

Miss Lillie Welch and Oliver Cale, from Kingwood, W. Va., were guests of Mrs. Ed. Fischer, last week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Getty, Mrs. Susan Durst and H. H. Baker spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Henry Turner.

Miss Mary Callaghan returned to Chicago after a month's visit with her sister, Mrs. R. C. Bowen.

Miss J. Tibetts Shaw, of Sumter, N. C., has been at Hilldale farm, her home, the past month.

Miss Beulah Bender spent two days of last week in Cumberland and Frostburg.

Mrs. Gus Zeller, from Frostburg, is visiting her son, C. S. Zeller, here.

Mrs. Rush Montgomery, of Cumberland, is a guest of her sister, Miss Christine Winterberg.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Davis and guest, Miss Ruth Tissue, spent Sunday in Confluence.

Mrs. Robert Gibson and little son from Somerset, Pa., spent a few days with the former's father, Josiah Durst.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Laughery and daughter, Miss Vivian, of Greensburg, Pa., were guests of Mrs. John Zehner, last week, being also entertained by Mrs. C. H. Bill and Miss Christine Winterberg during their stay.

CANDIDATE HUGHES ON THE ALIEN ISSUE

Emphasizes Importance Of Americanizing Foreigners Who Come To This Country.

Detroit, Aug. 7.—Charles E. Hughes, Republican Presidential candidate, virtually began his Western campaign tour here today, making several speeches in the afternoon and delivering an address tonight at Arcadia Hall. This city was the first stopping place down for a discussion of the issues by the candidate, and he attracted large audiences.

In the course of his speech at Arcadia Hall he said, among other things:

"You have here the problem of the sudden introduction of a large alien population. You did not remain indifferent. You set an example in Americanization to all America; and we point to Detroit as the one place in this land where there has been shown a quickening of interest in the development of training and Americanizing of alien men and women who have come to this land.

"It is perfectly idle to expect a sound sentiment of American unity if those who come among us as strangers come merely to be exploited. When we admit to this country men and women we assume obligations with respect to their training, as well as grant to them the privileges; and we have got in this country to be awake to those obligations and to realize that in every community there must be a well-organized effort to make America supreme in the thought of everyone who comes into the community; to have the language understood and spoken; to have American sentiment replace foreign sentiment; to have American ideals replace foreign ideals; to have a realization that this is a country not simply giving an opportunity to work for dollars, but a country that is devoted to the betterment of human life, to the enlightenment of the standards of human thought, to the liberalization of all those things connected with human understanding and purpose. We want America first in the mind and heart of every one in this land.

"But America is not simply a land for the man of special talent or of distinguished aptitude. This is the home of the average man, the ordinary man, the man who is doing his best, whatever his talent or aptitude; and in our large industrial occupations, where thousands are gathered together in one service, we want a recognition of human brotherhood in providing for the welfare of those who make the wealth of this great country.

"We want workingmen to be safeguarded from every injury that can be prevented. We want the health of the workingmen looked after; every means provided which conduces to the proper standpoint of living; every means provided for proper recreation; appropriate means for education, for vocational training. In short, the working man who is on his job and expects to continue in that job ought to feel that he is doing something worth while for a community that appreciates it and gives him a fair chance to lead a happy and a decent life."

"We have got along in this country altogether too easily with our wealth of natural resources. Men have been content, living part in their separate lives, to tarry to make something for their individual selves; but now we have reached a point where it is necessary, as it has been necessary abroad, to try to reduce all waste, to try to prevent all unnecessary outlay and to try to make business successful according to the merits of a well organized economically conducted business

"I want efficiency in the government of the United States. My friends, the world that we are about to live in in the next 25 years is going to be a very different world from what it has been.

"Now, if you have a great administrator appointed to a position of extraordinary power, how will you judge his efficiency in the conduct of the enormous business interests with which he is intrusted? Judge him by his words? I judge him by his appointments.

"We have said frequently that we desired to cultivate the most friendly relations with Latin-America. What have we done? In country after country we have taken out men who have given long periods successfully to the study of diplomacy and have represented the country with credit, and had acquired an admirable and important experience. We have taken them out and put in men utterly inexperienced. This country will never be worthily represented or take its place properly among the nations if men are appointed merely to satisfy partisan obligations and there is no ideal of continuity of service in our diplomatic intercourse.

"We have had a very serious disregard of the spirit and requirements of our Civil Service law. The Republican platform says that under the Democratic administration there have been created since March 4, 1913, over 30,000 places which have been taken outside in the original appointment of operation of the civil service laws.

"It has been a raid upon the civil service of the United States and the American people ought to understand it. And we have had positions, expert positions requiring expert knowledge, which have been subordinated to the demands of what I regard as an ignoble partisan expediency.

"Take for example the Bureau of the Census. There was Mr. Durand, an expert statistican, a very competent man, well understood to be such. We have him retired and in his place we have a Democratic politician from a Southern State. And he is hardly warm in his place before he is transfered to the Trade Commission. The Trade Commission itself was fairly emasculated with the law by the men, for the most part, who were appointed to places upon it.

"We had in the Coast and Geodetic Survey an eminent scientist, a man who had won distinction in connection with his scientific work, a man of very eminent rank. He was displaced to make room for an excellent stock breeder and veterinary surgeon.

Mr. Hughes' first address today was delivered to 40 manufacturers of Detroit and vicinity, whom he congratulated upon what they had done for the welfare of their employes. He said, in part.

"It is an awful mistake to think of the men through whose activity production is possible as mere economic units. They are human beings. We are all workingmen in this country.

"In your welfare work you are buttressing democracy. The human factor is, after all, the important factor. You may develop your physical plants, your physical instrumentalities, distribution and everything that goes to make up the material side of prosperity, but you are absolutely hopeless without the human factor, and in America, the land of freemen, the man who is at work for a living must feel that the country is doing the right thing by him.

"He is entitled to be safe in his work to have every precaution taken against every sort of accident that can be prevented."

Speaking soon afterward to a group of suffragists Mr. Hughes reiterated his declaration in New York that the suffrage question should be settled speedily by giving the vote to the women all over the country. He added that he had formed this opinion long ago, before he thought that the time would ever come when he would have to announce his position publicly.

The candidate late today motored to two large automobile factories and delivered brief talks. He repeated his declaration of the need for industrial preparation for the period following the war, when, he said, the United States would face commercial competition fiercer than ever.

"The workingmen of America," he said in his address at the first factory visited, "are not asking for anything they should not have. All that they want is a square deal. You workingmen want to be protected from any unnecessary injury at your work. You want to have wholesome conditions, reasonable hours, a fair opportunity to share in what you make and the reasonable profits that accrue in every industry."

"It is the business of the Government to have policies so that we shall have permanent prosperity. Look at these trenches in Europe, filled with millions of men; then think of what they will do when the war ends. The factories are not destroyed; the factories are still there. Why, they are going to go forward full tilt to win back their position and compete in trade, and there is going to be the liveliest time for the United States that ever was known in its history.

"I tell you, my friends, you laboring men, and don't you forget it, that the Republican party is the party that stands not for a prosperity produced by the war, but for a prosperity produced by sound American policies, and those are what we propose to have."

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MINISTERS AT COLLEGE PARK

Show Themselves Capable on Conference Floor, in Dining Hall And on The Ball Diamond.

The third Country Life Conference at College Park, came to a close last Friday after the most successful session it has ever held. The good fellowship was enhanced this year by a series of games and athletic events led by F. B. Freeman of Y. M. C. A. The preachers took of their coats, collars and ties, and played with abandon. There was a ball game each night in which the ministers proved themselves to be no mean players. The athletic feature was largely a new one and its repetition at next years conference was requested as most of the participants learned games which they can teach their boys of the church and the Sunday School.

The attendance reached over the hundred mark making it the largest conference of its kind in the United States. The speakers pronounced it the best in program and in spirit that they have ever attended.

Dr. H. J. Patterson was reelected President and a premanent organization effected.

The County Life Movement has as its object the developing of a fuller and happier life for all people in the country and especially a square deal for the boys and girls. The addresses of Claxton, Persons, Felton and the others all had in view that very purpose and it is safe to say the College Park effort has helped the country ministers in their difficult work.

PAPER PRICES ARE CLIMBING

Publishers Face Prospect of Having to Pay From 25 to 300 Per Cent More.

American newspapers are now confronted with an alarming increase in the price of white paper, ranging from 25 to 35 per cent. on contract orders and from 100 to 300 per cent. on non-contract purchases from jobbers. Manufacturers, in explaining the increase, declare the nation faces a newspaper famine, due to abnormal demand created by European war conditions and have appealed to big news print paper consumers to curtail paper consumption in order to stave off an actual shortage. The big metropolitan dailies of New York, in respons to this appeal, have decided to reduce the size of their papers. Other newspapers have raised advertising rates to meet the additional white paper cost.

These are some of the facts brought out in the searching investigation which the Federal Trade Commission, at the request of the Senate, is making into the rising cost of white paper. The commission has its agents going over the big newsprint paper manufacturers to ascertain whether there has been an increase in the cost of production. Newspaper publishers have been asked to throw what light they can on the situation.

The rise in the price of newsprint paper began last January and has continued steadily ever since. The International Paper Company, which turns out one-third of the supply in this country, asserts that owing to an abnormal demand from newspapers and other consumers its reserve stock of print paper has dwindled from 40,000 to 17,000 tons. During the summer months, this company says, it devotes its energies toward building up a big reserve for the big increase in business in the fall, but the demand is so great that, though all its mills are working at maximum capacity, its reserve is steadily decreasing.

How the increase in price of white paper affects the big publisher, the country publisher and the manufacturer was vividly portrayed before the Federal Trade Commission last week, when newspaper publishers were asked to lay before the commission what information they had. Frank P. Glass, vice president of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association, gave the side of the big newspaper; J. H. Zerbey, of Pottsville, Pa., that of the smaller newspapers, and President Dodge of the International Paper Company the troubles of the manufacturer.

Mr. Glass, who represented 350 large dailies consuming about one-third of news print paper, said publishers now experience great difficulty in getting extra tonnage at reasonable prices.

"There has been a tendency to increase prices for many months," said Mr. Glass. "Increases in contract prices run from 25 to 35 per cent. There is a great apprehension among the publishers because of suggestions and positive assertions of a scarcity, which are backed with constantly advancing prices. I was in New York a few days ago and was told about a publisher who had been asked to pay 4 cents a pound. The quotation was accompanied by a notice that it would hold good for only 48 hours. I have begged the president of the organization of paper mill operatives to increase production so as to accumulate a surplus. The publishers are limiting consumption and are preventing waste. We don't know what is ahead of us. Personally I have no complaint to make either on account of supply or of prices.

LOST—A bunch of keys between the Depot and the Ravenscroft building. Finder will be rewarded if returned to D. A. Stephens. Adv.

THE HUGHES SPEECH

An Impartial View Of How It Was Regarded By Democrats And Republicans In Washington.

(Washington Dispatch in the New York Evening Post.)

What does President Wilson and the Administration think about Mr. Hughes' speech of acceptance? Well if the manner of its reception at the portals of the White House today were to be described with cynicism, it might truthfully be said that the Democrats were joyful, pleased, happy, contented. Theirs, however, was the kind of ex-post facto joy sometimes admirably expressed in the vernacular: "It might have been worse."

On the theory that each man knows himself best, both as to his virtues and his weaknesses, the Administration folk chuckled in secret satisfaction that the really vulnerable and indefensible parts of the Administration escaped Mr. Hughes' judicial eye and that he hammered away for most part on non-essentials and details.

Let us submit the speech of acceptance to the President's Cabinet as each one in his Palm Beach suit arrived at the executive offices for the regular Tuesday meeting. Secretary Franklin Lane was the first to alight from his open-carriage. He paused just a second to answer the inquiring glances of the correspondents.

"What did you think of the speech?" came the question in chorus.

"Fine," said the Secretary, "fine." And there he stopped.

"What do you mean, fine?" asked some one.

"Fine, from what standpoint?" petitioned another.

"Oh, fine from all standpoints," answered Mr. Lane, with the most solemn of twinkles in his eye, as he hurried back into the common counsel chamber to express his opinions more fully to the President.

Attorney-General Gregory came in next. Being from Texas his mind was somewhat occupied with the Mexican portion of the speech.

"Mr. Hughes failed to make an issue out of the Mexican question. He was not specific. He did not dare to say what he would have done had he been President, whether he would have recognized Huerta or whether he would have intervened in Mexico."

The President himself read the Hughes speech hastily, but fast enough to catch the drift.

Mr. Wilson, to tell the truth, was not a bit unhappy over the speech. He is convinced that his Administration is good and honest that he thinks he sees an effective answer to every point Mr. Hughes has raised. And the President, of course, will add a few things himself which Mr. Hughes did not mention, such as the Republican party and its record and the German-American Alliance's enthusiasm for the Republican candidate.

The Republican leaders in town thought well of the speech as a whole. Some argued privately that it lacked punch, and that it might have been more caustic, but the doctrine in it pleased them. It did not, however, invoke the same enthusiasm that greeted so spontaneously Mr. Hughes' first telegraph of acceptance to the Chicago convention.

This is not saying that official and political Washington is disappointed with the Hughes speech. The people, with preconceived notions of what he would say, read it with preconceived prejudices. Republicans said for publication that they liked it. Some Democrats smiled, but didn't seem even to smart under it, though the Administration is by this time pretty well calloused to any kind of criticism.

Among the group of correspondents and others who try to look at things fairly here and who would just as soon have John Smith as Tom Jones in the White House provided his intentions were good and his execution of policy sincere and efficient, there was much favorable comment on the Hughes speech. It didn't arouse fanatical exaltation anywhere. No one threw up his hat for joy, but the clarity of the indictment, the forcefulness of the words, the conviction they seemed to carry suggested ever so strongly the the power of personality of the man behind the words.

But while there were many portions of the speech that were admirably worked out, such as the Mexican criticism and the Administration's surrender on civil service reform and other flagrant expediences of selfish politics, the feeling of friendly critics was that Mr. Hughes tried to do too much in one speech and consequently was not as specific as he might have been.

All critics were agreed, however, that the tone of Mr. Hughes' speech marked a new departure in American politics. He calls no names but fights fair. His speech was carefully balanced, perhaps too much so. But it was a dignified public utterance, inspiring Republicans and challenging Democrats, the brief of the opposition party on which the Republican party will in the next three months base its position for a return to power.

The next move is with President Wilson.

Mad Horns.

The archaeologists who are traversing the Susquehanna River Valley, visiting sites of Indian villages and digging up relics, are said to have made a most astounding discovery on the Murray farm, near Athens, Pa., in finding the bones of sixty-eight prehistoric men.

The average height of these men when their skeletons were assembled was seven feet, while many were much taller. Additional evidence of their gigantic size is found in the massive stone battle axes in their graves. The average age of these men is said to have been from thirty to forty.

Another amazing point of this discovery is the allegation that "perfectly formed skulls were found from which horns grew straight out from the head."

AN UNANSWERABLE ATTACK

The Hughes Indictment of The Wilson Administration.

(From the Wall Street Journal.)

In this remarkable speech occurs one most significant passage. It sums up not merely the foreign policy of the present Administration, but its attitude to all questions, even of a domestic character.

The chief function of diplomacy is prevention, but in this our diplomacy failed, doubtless because of its impaired credit and the manifest lack of disposition to back words with action. Had this Government by the use of both informal and formal diplomatic opportunities left no doubt that when we said "strict accountability" we meant precisely what we said, and that we should unhesitatingly vindicate that position, I am confident that there would have been no destruction of American lives by the sinking of the Lusitania.

That phrase "strict accountability" was used three months before the sinking of the Lusitania. One of the greatest American statesman now living, perhaps the greatest, said that the State Department, then in the hands of Mr. Bryan, had "used the last word first." The phrase "strict accountability" is a last resort of diplomacy. These are fighting words. They do not mean that we resort merely to the bombardment of the German or British Foreign Offices with notes. They mean, and should have meant in this case, that the German Ambassador would have been returned without ceremony to his own country at 24 hours' notice, and that the United States Government would take immediate and efficient means to protect its citizens.

. . . . . .

And if this was the case in our relations with the belligerents, how much more so was it in the case of our relations with Mexico? The intimately related question of preparedness only makes the damnation deeper. Almost the single Secretary in Mr. Wilson's Cabinet with a soul of his own and a proper conception of his business, one who was not the result of a political diker, was forced out because he believed in deeds and not in words.

Wholesale Violations.

An inspector of the Public Service Commission has returned to Baltimore from Western Maryland, where he reported that 193 bus owners and drivers had failed to obey the new rules and regulations of the commission. Drastic steps will be taken at once to secure an observance of the rules.

Do You Know That.

The hand that carries food to the mouth can also carry disease germs?

Health first is the highest form of safety first?

Tuberculosis and poverty go hand in hand?

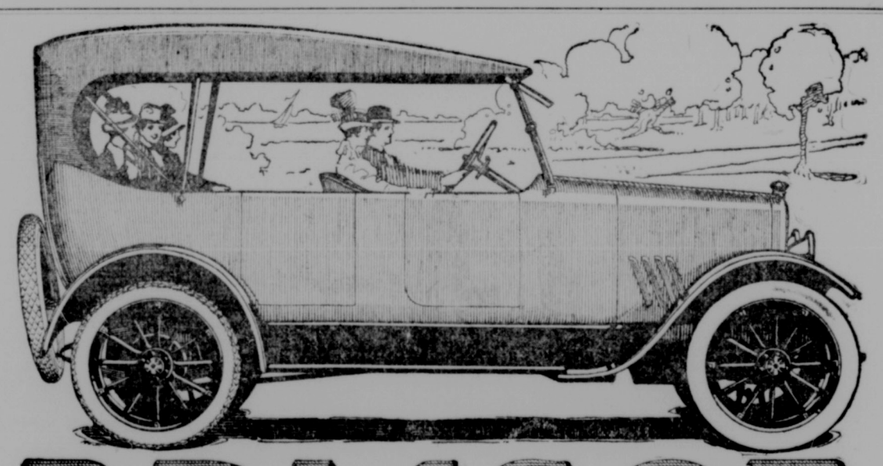
The U. S. Public Health Service will send a booklet on flies and disease, gratis to all applicants?

The breast fed baby has the best chance?

Physical fitness is preparedness against disease?

Pneumonia is a communicable disease?

Cockraaches may carry disease?



BRISCOE

"The Best-liked Car in the Country"

For *real* comfort, try "BRISCOMFORT"

We had to coin a word to express the real solid comfort of the Briscoe Twenty-four.

Briscoe-line gondola body, with seats swung at just the right "lazy-back" angle. Four full elliptic springs, with sofa-type seat-springs, make every ride a joy-ride.

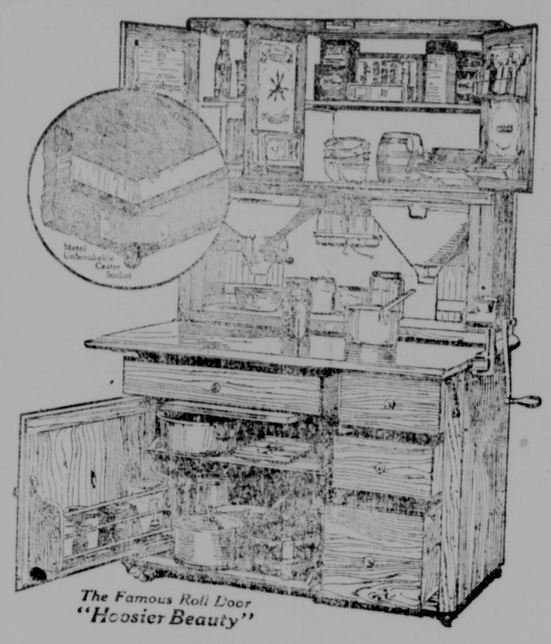
And you can stretch out luxuriously in the Briscoe—there's plenty of body-room, knee-room and leg-room. You'll be especially interested in the extra leg-room in front—made possible by an ingenious and exclusive Briscoe feature.

Every riding comfort, too. Electric starting and lighting, real one-man top, tilted eye-saver windshield, demountable rims, electric horn, speedometer—all that you want to make a "car complete."

$625 f. o. b. Factory

Come in and test for yourself the difference between "Briscomfort" and the ordinary kind.

INTER-STATE MOTOR CO.
Friendsville, Md.



The Famous Roll Door
"Hoosier Beauty"

WE have in stock the famous HOOSIER KITCHEN CABINET at a price within your reach:

$21.00, $27.00

and $34.00

$1.00 down; balance $1.00 per week

The safest and surest plan is to order now. You take no risk. We guarantee to refund every cent if you are not delighted with the Hoosier.

CALL AND SEE OUR LINE.

McIntire's Hardware Store

Oakland, Maryland.

The Fairmont Fair

Fairmont, W. Va., Aug. 21 to 25

AUCTION SALE

OF TWO VALUABLE 5 Acre TRACTS OF LAND

IN OAKLAND

Friday, August 11, 10 A. M.

Sale to take place in front of the First National Bank promptly at 10 A. M.

LOCATION OF THESE VALUABLE TRACTS:

The tracts adjoin the lands of Louis Bush and front the road leading from Oakland to Sang Run and are opposite the old Bradley Farm Home place now owned by J. W. Traver.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash or bankable note.

DIXIE REALTY COMPANY.

FREE ADMISSION TO BIBLE CONFERENCE

Dean of Moody Institute to Be in Charge at Mountain Lake Park.

The dates of the Bible Conference at Mountain Lake Park, Md., this season are August 13-20, and the program will again be in charge of the Rev. James M. Gray, D. D., dean of the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago. The unusual success of the conference last year made the call unanimous for Dr. Gray to lead it again. He will have associated with him many of the country's best known Bible teachers and preachers, among whom are the following: Rev. Dr. Robert M. Russell, ex-president of Westminster College; Rev. Dr. Melvin G. Kyle, archaeologist, of Philadelphia; Rev. Joseph W. Kemp, pastor of Calvary Baptist Church, New York; Rev. Paul Rader, pastor of the Moody Church, Chicago; Rev. L. K. Peacock, evangelist; Charles G. Trumbull, editor of the Sunday School Times, Philadelphia; Attorney Fred L. Rosemond of Cambridge, Ohio; Rev. Dr. M. E. Dodds, pastor of First Baptist Church, Shreveport, La.; Prof. E. O. Sellers, a specialist in Sunday School work and men's meetings; Hon. Howard A. Banks, secretary to the Secretary of the Navy; and the Rev. George E. Guille, Elinor Stafford Millar and Margaret T. Russell, of the Extension Department of the Moody Bible Institute. Other speakers invited are Evangelist Bob Jones and Dr. Henry W. Stough, Rev. Don S. Colt of Baltimore and Rev. Dr. W. R. Wedderspoon, of Washington, D. C.

A feature of the Mountain Lake Park Bible Conference is that there will be no charge for admission to the grounds or to the auditorium. There is every indication of a large attendance.

GORTNER

Mrs. Lewis Beachy and daughter Minnie are spending some time near Meyersdale.

Miss Jane Thompson, who has been spending her vacation at this place with her friend, returned to her home in Pittsburgh, Pa., Saturday.

Mrs. Raymond Beall and son, of Cumberland, were visiting at P. P. Gortner's the past week.

Some of the people of this place attended the lecture at Mt. Lake Park Wednesday night.

Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Lichty and sons, Roy and Ross, and Mrs. Simon Swartzentruber motored to Grantsville Saturday. While there Ross consulted a specialist about his eyes.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hutchinson and son James, of Cleveland, Ohio, spent the week-end with Mrs. Hutchinson's brother, N. C. Slabaugh.

Mr. and Mrs. John H. Sanders, and daughter Pauline, are visiting Mr. Guy Sanders, in Fairmont, W. Va.

Mr. Christ Hostettler, of Ohio, is spending some time at this place with relatives.

G. D. Miller and Chas. Killius motored to Gortner Sunday. Mr. Miller preached two very interesting sermons in the Union church.

Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Swartzentruber were guests of Felty Selders near Aurora Sunday.

Miss Nellie Becker returned to Lancaster, Pa., Monday. Miss Becker is engaged in missions work at that place.

Miss Effie Wamsley spent a few days recently at Aurora, W. Va.

Jake Swartzentruber has secured employment at S. J. Lichty's.

Daniel Schrock and Miss Katie Swartzentruber have been on the sick list.

Mrs. Mary Belle Martin is visiting her brother Mason near Mason.

STEYER

Not seeing any items from our little town for some time I shall write a few.

Messrs. W. A. Price, John T., W. T., Virgil, Wm., and Isaac Steyer were business visitors in Oakland a day or two last week.

Mrs. W. A. Price spent the week-end in Oakland.

Mr. Fields moved his family from this place to Wallman, Md., this week. We are sorry to lose good neighbors but wish them success in their new home.

Messrs. W. T. Steyer, Trevor Shackleford and Misses Lyda Steyer, Myrtle Wilson and Edythe Hinds motored to Black Water Falls and Davis, W. Va., last Sunday. They all report a very enjoyable day.

Mr. A. J. Wilson, little daughter, and Miss Edyth Hinds were Oakland callers last Saturday.

Mr. Oscar Wolfe, of Kempton, spent the week-end with his family at this place. He returned to his work Sunday evening, accompanied by his wife and little daughter.

Miss Edythe Hinds, of Keyser, who has been spending a few days with Miss Myrtle Wilson, is now making an extended visit to her cousins in Ryans Glade.

Miss Lydia Steyer and Messrs. Charlie Field and Trevor Shackelford were the guests of Misses Myrtle Wilson and Edythe Hinds Sunday evening.

Messrs. Robert Burton and Trevor Shackelford were Blaine visitors Sunday.

Misses Alma and Edna Harvey and Alec Moon attended singing at Curtz Chapel Sunday afternoon.

Notice to the Public

The undersigned has bought out the general store of Mr. J. S. Clary at Deer Park, Md., and will continue the business in the same building and in the same manner in which it has been conducted, and extends to the public generally a cordial invitation to call, get prices and see if we cannot do business.

Remember that satisfaction is guaranteed in every transaction.

Thanking you in advance.

I am very truly,

W. B. MILLER.

The man Who Makes

A STUDY OF HIS

APPEARANCE

Is the man who best appreciates the detail of the tailoring we turn out The workmanship passes without a question, the fit is naturally a matter of course, but the shape we mould into to the garments give them a character that finishes them off and makes the satisfaction of the owner complete.

All this is a bid for your next tailoring order. We know we can make you the best clothes you ever wore We want you to know it. That orde s the best and only sure way to settle he question.

JAMES BROCK,

Dixon Building,

Oakland, Maryland.

MORTGAEE'S SALE

OF A VALUABLE

Lot of Ground

Situate near Deer Park, Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage from Bruce T. Browning (widower) dated the 5th day of June, 1915, and which mortgage is duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 69, folio 177 etc, one of the Mortgage Records of Garrett county, Maryland, default having occurred under the terms and provisions contained in said mortgage, I, Stuart F. Hamill, the attorney named in said mortgage, will on

SATURDAY

the 19th day of August, 1916

in front of the Court House in the town of Oakland, Maryland, offer at public auction, at the hour of two-thirty o'clock p. m. of said day, to the highest bidder, all of the following real estate in fee simple, and all the following life estate in and to—

1st. All that lot, piece or parcel of land containing the quantity of thirty-one acres and 145 perches and being a part of the "Armstead Farm," which was conveyed to the said Bruce T. Browning by deed from Jonas E. Harvey et. ux., dated the 5th day of June, 1915, and which deed is duly recorded among the Land Records of Garrett county.

2nd. All his life interest and estate in and to all that lot of ground containing the quantity of eighty and three-fourths acres of land, and being the same lot of ground which was conveyed to the said Bruce T. Browning and Mary M. Browning, his wife, by deed from Howard W. Smouse et. ux., dated the 12th day of April, 1907, and which deed is duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 54, folio 428 etc, one of the Land Records of Garrett county.

Said property is improved by a newly painted dwelling house and one of the best barns in Garrett county, and is located about one mile east from the State Road leading from Oakland to Grantsville.

TERMS OF SALE:—Cash on the day of sale or the ratification of the same by the court, but if some responsible person wishes to purchase said farm they can do so by paying one-third cash on the day of sale and the balance to be divided into two equal payments to be secured by the notes and mortgage of the purchaser on said property, and payable in one and two years from date of sale with interest.

STUART F. HAMILL,

Attorney named in said Mortgage.

LEON

Will make the season of 1916 as follows, beginning May 13th:

On Saturday of each week at the Mill Stable of Andrew W. Helbig in Oakland. Other days at my home.

After July 15, terms will be $10.

D. J. SWARTZENTRUBER.

Farm for Sale

Containing two hundred and seventy-six acres. About 175 acres cleared and in good cultivation and the balance in timber.

Located twelve miles west of Lonaconing in Garrett county in the Fairview settlement. With seven or eight never failing springs on it. One dwelling house containing seven rooms and a good cellar; bank barn 40 x 60 feet and all other necessary outbuildings.

Good apple orchard of about 200 bearing trees and all other kinds of fruits.

If not sold prior to January 1st, 1917, the property will be for rent.

For any other information call on or address the undersigned.

JONAS WEITZELL,

Lonaconing, Md.

Subscribe for The Republican.

WILLIAM M. SOMERVILLE, Solicitor
Cumberland, Maryland.

POSTPONED

Mortgagee's Sale

OF VALUABLE

Coal Lands

Together with Houses and Equipment of Operating Coal Company, the Property of Waitman Smokeless Coal Company at Steyer, Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage from the Waltman Smokeless Coal Company, a corporation, to the Coudersport Trust Company of Coudersport, Pa., dated the first day of May, 1914, and recorded among the mortgage records of Garrett County, Maryland, in liber No. 67, folio No. 352, etc., there being default in the covenants and conditions of said mortgage, the undersigned mortgagee will sell to the highest bidder at public auction in front of the Court House in Oakland, Garrett County, Maryland, on

SATURDAY,

the 12nd day of August, 1916

at two o'clock P. M., all the following described property:

All coal and surface rights of the following parcels of land situated in District No. 8 of Garrett County, Maryland.

(1) Four small parcels of land comprising together nine acres, together with all the buildings and improvements thereon, including eleven tenement houses, more or less, and a large store building.

(2) All the coal in place including all those four tracts of land adjoining the above mentioned parcels of land containing 480 acres, more or less.

(3) All those parcels or tracts of land described in lease from the Bayard Coal & Coke Company to the Waitman Smokeless Coal Company, containing 493 acres more or less.

All of said tracts of land containg in the aggregate about 982 acres of coal, nearly all of which is include with the six feet and four feet veins of coal of quality and condition usually found in the Upper Potomac Region.

Reference is hereby made to the mortgage above mentioned and the several deeds therein mentioned for a more particular description of this property by metes and bounds. Also for reservations of several small parcels of coal which are reserved to original owners in said deeds, but which do not materially effect the value of said property.

(4) Also the following personal property: 65 one-ton 26 inch gauge mine cars, more or less, 23 tons of steel rails, more or less, one set Fairbanks Scales, one set Blacksmith's tools, one lot of mining tools, two boilers, with pumps, one engine, and all appliances and appurtenances thereto, all tram ways, hoists, mine props, and all other tools, buildings, structures, appliances and equipment for operating the said coal mines and mining plant, together with all the rights of ways of every kind and nature, including said tracts and switches, and all the houses, residences and buildings, tipple dumps, etc., now erected upon the said above described premises.

The mining plant has recently been repaired and put into good condition for the mining and shipment of coal, and is now an actual working proposition. Inspection of the property by prospective purchasers is invited.

Purchaser can be given immediate possession upon ratification of the sale by the Court.

TERMS:—A deposit of $5000.00 on the day of the sale, and the balance in cash upon ratification of the sale by the Court.

Coudersport Trust Company,
WM. M. SOMERVILLE,
Solicitor.

Subscribe for The Republican.

PROCLAMATION

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF MARYLAND CREATING A BUDGET SYSTEM.

WHEREAS, at the January Session of the General Assembly of Maryland, held in the year 1916, an Act was passed, to-wit: Chapter 159 of said Acts, being an Act to propose an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title, "Legislative Department," of the Constitution of this State; and which said Act is in words and figures following:

"CHAPTER 159.

AN ACT to propose an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title, Legislative Department, of the Constitution of this State, regulating the making of appropriations by the General Assembly of Maryland in regular session, and to provide for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of this State for adoption or rejection.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland (three-fifths of all the members of each of the two houses concurring) That the following be and the same is hereby proposed as an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title Legislative Department, of the Constitution of this State, the same, if adopted by the legally qualified voters of the State, as herein provided, to become Section 52 of Article III of the Constitution of Maryland.

Sec. 52. The General Assembly shall not appropriate any money out of the Treasry except in accordance with the followin provisions:

Sub-Section A:

Every appropriation bill shall be either a Budget Bill, or a Supplementary Appropriation Bill, as hereinafter mentioned.

Sub-Section B:

First. Within twenty days after the convening of the General Assembly (except in the case of a newly elected Governor, and then within thirty days after his inauguration, unless such time shall be extended by the General Assembly for the session at which the Budget is to be submitted, the Governor shall submit to the General Assembly two budgets, one for each of the ensuing fiscal years. Each budget shall contain a complete plan of proposed expenditures and estimated revenues for the particular fiscal year to which it relates; and shall show the estimated surplus or deficit of revenues at the end of such year. Accompanying each budget shall be a statement showing: (1) the revenues and expenditures for each of the two fiscal years next preceding; (2) the current assets, liabilities, reserves and surplus or deficit of the State; (3) the debts and funds of the State; (4) an estimate of the State's financial condition as of the beginning and end of each of the fiscal years covered by the two budgets above provided; (5) any explanation the Governor may desire to make as to the important features of any budget and any suggestion as to methods for the reduction or increase of the State's revenue.

Second. Each budget shall be divided into two parts, and the first part shall be designated "Governmental Appropriations" and shall embrace an itemized estimate of the appropriations: (1) for the General Assembly as certified to the Governor in the manner hereinafter provided; (2) for the Executive Department; (3) for the Judiciary Department, as provided by law, certified to the Governor by the Comptroller; (4) to pay and discharge the principal and interest of the debt of the State of Maryland in conformity with Section 24 of Article III of the Constitution, and all laws enacted in pursuance thereof; (5) for the salaries payable by the State under Constitution and laws of the State; (6) for the establishment and maintenance throughout the State of a thorough and efficient system of public schools in therein conformity with Article VIII of the Constitution and with the laws of the State; (7) for such other purposes as are set forth in the Constitution of the State.

Third. The second part shall be designated "General Appropriations," and shall include all other estimates of appropriations.

The Governor shall deliver to the presiding officer of each house the budgets and a bill for all the proposed appropriations of the budgets clearly itemized and classified; and the presiding officer of each house shall promptly cause said bill to be introduced therein, and such bill shall be known as the "Budget Bill." The Governor may, before final action thereon by the General Assembly, amend or supplement either of said budgets to correct an oversight or in case of an emergency, with the consent of the General Assembly by delivering such an amendment or supplement to the presiding officers of both houses; and such amendment or supplement shall thereby become a part of said budget bill as an addition to the items of said bill or as a modification of or a substitute for any item of said bill such amendment or supplement may affect.

The General Assembly shall not amend the budget bill so as to affect either the obligations of the State under Section 34 of Article III of the Constitution, or the provisions made by the laws of the State for the establishment and maintenance of a system of public schools, or the payment of any salaries required to be paid by the State of Maryland by the Constitution thereof; and the General Assembly may amend the bill by increasing or diminishing the items therein relating to the General Assembly; and by increasing the items therein relating to the Judiciary, but except as hereinbefore specified, may not alter the said bill except to strike out or recuce items therein, provided, however, that the salary or compensation of any public officer shall not be decreased during his term of office; and such bill when and as passed by both houses shall be a law immediately without further action by the Governor.

Fourth. The Governor and such representatives of the executive departments, boards, officers and commissions of the State expending or supplying for State's money, as have been designated by the Governor for this purpose, shall have the right, and when requested by either house of the Legislature, it shall be their duty to appear and be heard with respect to any budget bill during the consideration thereof, and to answer inquiries relative thereto.

Sub-Section C: Supplementary Appropriation Bills:

Neither house shall consider other appropriations until the Budget Bill has been finally acted upon by both houses, and no such other appropriation shall be valid except in accordance with the provisions following: (1) Every such appropriation shall be embodied in a separate bill limited to some single work, object or purdose therein stated and called herein a Supplementary Appropriation Bill; (2) Each Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall provide the revenue necessary to pay the appropriation thereby made by a tax, direct or indirect, to be laid and collected as shall be directed in said Bill. (3) No Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall become a law unless it be passed in each house by a vote of a majority of the whole number of the members elected; and in the yeas and nays recorded on its final passage; (4) Each Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall be presented to the Governor of the State as provided in Section 17 of Article II of the Constitution and thereafter all the provisions of said Section shall apply.

Nothing in this amendment shall be construed as preventing the Legislature from passing at any time in accordance with the provisions of Section 28 of Article III of the Constitution and subject to the Governor's power of approval as provided in Section 17 of Article II of the Constitution an appropriation bill to provide for the payment of any obligation of the State of Maryland within the protection of Section 10 of Article I of the Constitution of the United States.

Sub-Section D: General Provisions:

First. If the Budget Bill shall not have been finally acted upon by the Legislature three days before the expiration of its regular session, the Governor may, and it shall be his duty to issue a proclamation extending the session for such further period as may in his judgment, be necessary for the passage of such Bills but no other matter than such Bill shall be considered during such extended session except a provision for the cost thereof.

Second. The Governor for the purpose of making up his budgets shall have the power, and it shall be his duty, to require from the proper State officials, including herein all executive departments, all executive and administrative offices, bureaus boards, commissions and agencies expending or supervising the expenditure of, and all institutions applying for State moneys and appropriations, such itemized estimates and other information, in such form and at such times as he shall direct. The estimates for the Legislative Department, certified by the presiding officer of each house, of the Judiciary, as provided by law, certified by the Comptroller, and for the public schools, as provided by law shall be transmitted to the Governor, in such form and at such times as he shall direct, and shall be included in the budget without revision.

The Governor may provide for public hearings on all estimates and may require the attendance at such hearings of representatives of all agencies, and of all institutions applying for State moneys. After such public hearings he may, in his discretion, revise all estimates except those for the legislative and judiciary departments, and for the public schools as provided by law.

Third. The Legislature may, from time to time, enact such laws, not inconsistent with this Section, as may be necessary and proper to carry out it provisions.

Fourth. In the event of any inconsistency between any of the provisions of this Section and any of the other provisions of the Constitution, the provisions of this Section shall prevail. But nothing herein shall in any manner affect the provisions of Section 34 of Article III of the Constution or of any laws heretofore or hereafter passed in pursuance thereof, or be construed as preventing the Governor from calling extraordinary sessions of the Legislature, as provided by Section 16 of Article II, or as preventing the Legislature at such extraordinary sessions from considering any emergency appropriations.

If any item of any appropriation bill passed under the provisions of this Section shall be held invalid upon any ground, such invalidity shall not affect the legality of the Bill or of any other item of such Bill or Bills.

Section 2. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said foregoing Section hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution shall at the next ensuing general election, being the Presidential and Congressional election, being the Presidential and Congressional election, to be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday of November, nineteen hundred and sixteen, be submitted to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection in conformity with the directions contained in Article XVI of this State, and at said election the vote on said proposed amendment to the constitution shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be placed the following synopsis of said amendment under the caption of

'CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROVIDING FOR A BUDGET.'

"This amendment provides that the Governor shall present to the Legislature soon after it is convened a Budget giving a complete plan of proposed expenditures and estimated revenues for the two succeeding fiscal years showing clearly any surplus or deficit in State funds. In these estimates he shall make provision for the interest and sinking funds of all State debts, for all salaries as fixed by law, and for the public schools as fixed by law. With regard to most other matters he may revise the estimates presented to him either by State Officers or State aided institutions. The Legislature may not increase the estimates presented by the Governor or pass any additional appropriation act except by a majority vote and must make provision by tax for such increase or additional appropriation. The Legislature may not alter in any appropriation act the provision made by law for the State debt, or for the judiciary, but may reduce all other items in the Governor's estimates; and the words 'for the Constitutional Amendment' and 'against the Constitutional Amendment' as now provided by law, and immediately after said election due returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote in accordance with Article XVI of the Constitution.

Approved March 28, 1916."

Now, therefore, I, Emerson C. Harrington, Governor of the State of Maryland, in pursuance of the direction contained in Section 1 of Article 14 of the Constitution of Maryland, do hereby order and direct a copy of this Proclamation, containing a full, true and correct copy of the text of said Chapter 159 of the Acts of Maryland of 1916, be published in at least two newspapers in each of the counties of the State and in three newspapers published in the City of Baltimore, one of which said newspapers in the City of Baltimore to be printed in the German language, once a week for three months preceding the General Election to be held in this State on November 7th, 1916, and at which election the said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be submitted, in form and manner prescribed by the General Assembly, to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection.

GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND THE GREAT SEAL OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND.

The Great Seal of Maryland.

DONE at the City of Annapolis, this twentieth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen.

EMERSON C. HARRINGTON,
By the Governor:
THOMAS W. SIMMONS,
Secretary of State.

THE REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME 41. OAKLAND, MARYLAND THURSDAY, AUGUST 17, 1916. NUMBER 25

MARYLAND-WEST VA. RE-UNION OF ODD FELLOWS

Promises to be A Splendid Event at The Park on Saturday, Aug. 26th.

Letters and advertising matter are being mailed to all I. O. O. F. lodges of the two jurisdictions calling their attention to the fact that the Maryland-West Virginia Reunion of the order will be held at Mt. Lake Park on Saturday, August 26th. This reunion was originally scheduled for July 22nd, but it was necessary to postpone it until a later date as the result of not being able to secure cars, the government using them at that time for the movement of troops to the border.

The committee has been notified by the railroad company that the shortage of coaches is over, and they are now able to furnish the necessary equipment. There will be special trains and very low rates of fare for the round trip from Wheeling, Parkersburg, Morgantown, Weston, Buckhannon, Belington, Martinsburg, W. Va., Cumberland and Frostburg, Md.

Keen disappointment was manifested when it was announced that the reunion was to be postponed, but the fact that the railroad company has now guaranteed cars will mean that there will be much activity in the ranks of the I. O. O. F. throughout both states.

This will be one of the largest gatherings ever held by the members of the lodges of these jurisdictions and thousands are expected to be present and spend the day in the mountains at this famous summer resort, and enjoy the the exercises which have been arranged. A. F. Wagner, of Clarksburg, West Va., is chairman, and A. T. White, of Mt. Lake Park, is secretary of the committee.

Stork News.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Perry Frantz Tuesday night.

SPEEDERS ON NATIONAL ROAD COME TO GRIEF

One Was Badly Injured When Car Twice Turned Over Near Grantsville.

Mack Decker, aged 22, Newell, Pa., is in Western Maryland Hospital at Cumberland with several fractured ribs and a punctured lung, sustained when an automobile in which he was riding with six others from Fayette county, Pa., turned turtle on the National pike, at Stanton's Mill, just east of Grantsville, early Sunday afternoon.

The chauffeur, named Nesser, had one ear torn off and is badly bruised about the head and body. He with the other five, all of whom were more or less injured, was taken to Uniontown Sunday night. The rear wheel of the machine hit the culvert wall at Stanton's Mill, and the automobile turned over twice landing in the front yard of William Stanton, the occupants being scattered in all directions, except Decker, who was pinned underneath the car.

The men were on their way to Cumberland and were speeding. The car is almost a total wreck.

Campers Return.

On Saturday of this week the girl campers of Oakland will return to their respective homes after spending a delightful two weeks along the banks of the Youghiougheny river, just below Sines, where they were under the supervision of Mr. and Mrs. Paul B. Naylor and Mr. and Mrs. John W. Davis.

The party is composed of the following people from town: Mrs. Joseph Harned, Misses Mary Drake Naylor, Reva Davis, Louise Harned, Mildred Dixon and Evelyn Cheuvront; and Miss Esther Ingle, of Grantsville; Misses Nelle and Jennie Lee of Mt. Lake Park.

Miss Jennie Lee and Miss Evelyn Cheuvront returned to their respective homes the first part of the week.

Subscribe for The Republican.

ALL OCCUPANTS OF CAR PAINFULLY INJURED

When It Turned Turtle on State Road Last Saturday Afternoon.

Garrett county, thus far during the present automobile season, has had more wrecks and serious accidents than ever before in its history, caused, no doubt, by the congested condition of the main artery of travel, the State road leading north from Oakland, toward which every owner of an automobile turns owing to its excellent qualities for travel. During the past two weeks a number of accidents have occurred with more or less serious consequences.

On Saturday afternoon last at a point on the road near the residence of Justice Fraker, some ten miles north of Oakland, a Ford car owned and driven by James Rush, son of Mr. Clark Rush, a prominent farmer of near Accident, struck a large pile of screenings which had been placed alongside the road for repair purposes and before the driver could regain control of the machine it had turned turtle, throwing the occupants, who were Misses Margaret Friend and Mary Carr, Bliss Friend and James Rush, clear of the car and injuring all of them more or less severely.

The young people were brought to town in another automobile and taken the office of Dr. Broadwater where their injuries were dressed.

Miss Friend sustained a number of bruises and had her collar bone broken, while her brother Bliss suffered many cuts about his face, some of them being very deep and painful. Both are children of former County Commissioner Asa B. Friend, who resides near Hoyes.

Miss Carr, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Carr, of McHenry, had her hand split for an inch or more, while Mr. Rush suffered a slight concussion of the brain and was also badly cut about his face and suffered a number of bruises. After the physician's work had been completed all of the injured were sent to their homes with the exception of Mr. Rush, who was taken to the Home Sanatorium, but on Tuesday he was removed from the instution and taken to his home by his father, his condition having greatly improved.

The automobile was almost completely wrecked and was taken to Accident for repairs.

Silver Loving Cups as Premiums.

Dr. George C. Melody, of Oakland, has received from the manufacturer two silver loving cups which will be awarded at the coming Garrett County Fair to boys of Garrett county. One of the cups will be given the boy under the age of twenty-one who scores the greatest number of points in judging dairy and beef cattle, while the other will be awarded the boy who exhibits the best colt of two years or under. Dr. Melody is chairman of the stock committee of the fair and is enthusiastically working for a large exhibit of live stock.

3 Big Big Days at Kitzmiller—Aug 19, 21 and 22d. Adv.

THE BIBLE CONFERENCE AT MOUNTAIN LAKE PARK

Large Crowds at the Famous Resort Are Being Entertained.

Mountain Lake Park is crowded with people from all parts of the country who are there for the Second Annual Bible Conference held under the auspices of the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago. The opening sermon on Sunday was preached by the leader of the Conference, the Rev. James M. Gray, D. D., Dean of the Moody Bible Institute. His theme, "The Christian's Blessed Hope," was ably and clearly presented. "It pays," he said "to be earnestly looking for the coming of our Lord, waiting for him and even suffering for Him. Paul, the greatest man who ever walked the earth, was faithful to our Lord Jesus Christ and longed for His return. If men were anxiously awaiting Christ's return they would live differently. If women had their minds on the things of God they would not dress as they do." Other speakers were Mr. Charles G. Trumbell editor of the Sunday School Times, who is giving a series of talks on "The Victorious life."

The Rev. R. M. Russell, D. D., of the Moody Institute, gave several addresses on "The Work of the Holy Spirit," and the "Deity of Christ." Prof. E. O. Sellers, chorister and soloist adds much inspiration to the Conference. He will also speak every afternoon on "Teacher Training," "Child Study," and other Sunday school problems.

The attendance this year far exceeds that of last year. All the hotels and boarding houses are overflowing. The cool mountain air has induced many who have been sweltering in the towns and cities to come, not only for the Conference, but to spend their vacations.

Speakers yet to be heard are Evangelist Luther K. Peacock, who spent three years as assistant to Billy Sunday; Pastor Kemp, of London, who recently became pastor of Calvary Baptist church of New York City; the Rev. Geo. E. Guille, of the Presbyterian church South; Miss Elinor Stafford Millar, of Melbourne, Australia; Pastor Paul Rader, of the Moody church of Chicago, and others. There is no charge for admittance to the Conference or to the grounds. Sunday will be the closing day of the Conference and the greatest. The speakers will be Rev. Dr. Gray, the director of the Conference; Rev. Paul Rader, pastor of the Moody church, Chicago, Miss Elinor Stafford Millar, the Australian Evangelist.

The soloists will be E. O. Sellers and Arthur W. McKee, of Chicago.

Proposals To Close Lutheran Schools.

The daily press of Tuesday contained a news note to the effect that the government of Victoria has under consideration a proposal to close all Lutheran schools in Australia because of the war feeling. Reason: Martin Luther, founder of the church, was a German.

THE GREAT GARRETT COUNTY FAIR FOR 1916

Many Unique Attractions and Entertainment for The Visitors.

The Fair management has been fortunate in securing the most unique musical organization in the State, the Boys Band of Cumberland, to furnish the music for this year's Fair. This organization is composed of about thirty boys ranging in ages from 15 to 19 years, all beautifully uniformed and led by Prof. Fradiski, a very competent musician. In addition to their instrumental music they render plenty of enjoyable vocal selections on the band stand. To hear them will be a real treat.

Nigro's Greater Shows, under contract with the Fair management to occupy a portion of the grounds during the Fair and give daily and nightly performances, will have in addition to their many tent attractions, a motor drome, merry-go-round and large Ferris wheel. They carry a splendid brass band to attract patrons and this excellent band will give daily concerts and join in the many parades to be given by the Fair management.

A complete marble yard in operation, an electric light plant for farmers, a self milker for cows, all in full operation will be among the attractions at the Fair.

Catalogues for the Fair are being issued this week from the office of the Secretary and bill posting has been going on during the past week all over this and the adjoining counties of West Virginia and Pennsylvania.

The free attraction at the Fair this year will be a greater thriller than was the flying machine of last year. Sensational Smithson on his bicycle will actually ride through the air, high up, for a distance of many yards.

If you have a big pumpkin, a tall stalk of corn, some big apples or an old time relic, bring it to the Fair.

When you get your catalogue, read out the many special premiums offered in various departments of the Fair. Premiums have been increased in a number of the departments.

Remember that a season ticket is good for all four days of the Fair and costs you one dollar.

Prof. Grimes of the West Virginia University Preparatory School at Keyser, West Va., with several able assistants, will have charge of the Agricultural Department at the Fair this year. He is also a Garrett county farmer from near Deer Park.

Dr. Geo. Melody, in charge of the live stock department, is making an effort to have one of the largest live stock exhibits ever seen at a Garrett County Fair and will produce the proof that Garrett county cannot be beaten by any other county in the state in this line.

HURT IN AUTO WRECK

When Machine Struck and Killed a Cow Near McHenry Thursday Night.

Last Thursday evening a party of three young men, Messrs. Carroll Kelly, Robert Helbig and Joseph Woodware, the latter of Parkersburg, who is here on a visit to friends, were motoring on the State road near McHenry in the latters automobile when the machine struck a cow which was crossing the road and injured it so badly that it died shortly afterward. Young Woodward was struck in the eye by a piece of glass shattered from the windshield and has suffered considerably as a result. The other members of the party escaped with no injuries.

The car was badly damaged, the forward portion of the machine being stripped almost bare. The killed animal was the property of Mr. W. R. Drane.

Struck By Auto.

Last Sunday afternoon the son of Mr. Bayard T. Frantz, of Charleston, West Va., who with his parents were at Deer Park to attend a family reunion, was struck by an automobile and painfully hurt, his injuries, however, not being of a dangerous nature.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

HAVE CAR

Rye Middlings

To sell at $1.65 hundred a very high grade feed and cheap at the above price.

CAN NOW PAY

25 cents a Dozen for Eggs.

25 cents a Pound for Butter.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

C. H. BROWNING

Deer Park's Best Store

WANTED

Butter, Eggs and Young Chickens.

Will pay the highest price.

SPECIAL

Sugar 8 1-2 Cents Pound

Get right trade at Brownings.

Offutt's

Just received a car of

Alpha Portland Cement

If you need a Grain Cradle see us.
We sell nothing but the genuine

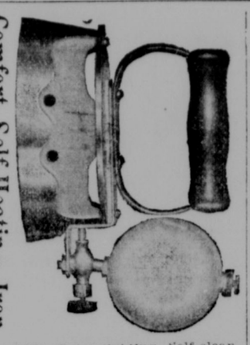
Greencastle Grain Cradle

Binder Twine

At the Right Price.

Wool We are paying the highest market price—Cash or trade

OFFUTTS'



Comfort Self-Heating Iron.

5 Hours at Cost of One Cent.

TWO POINTS—Quick lighting. Self-cleaning and perfect regulation of heat. Weighs six pounds. Guaranteed safe and satisfactory. Price, $5.75 each. Order today.

J. AMEEN, Kitzmiller, Md.

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TUBES
SHOCK ABSORBERS
CHAINS
SPARK PLUGS
DRY CELLS
TIRETITE

And many other accessories at the
OAKLAND GARAGE,
Prest-O-Lite Exchange,
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CONTRACTING
PLASTERERS

Only the Best Material Used.

Best Grade of Wall Plaster on hand at all times.

CONCRETE WORK
of All Kinds.

All Work Guaranteed.
OAKLAND, - MARYLAND.

Notice to Creditors

This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

PETER NATHAN,

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 12th day of January, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under our hands this 12th day of July, 1916.

MICHAEL NATHAN,
GERTRUDE B. HONE,
Executors,
Grantsville, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

CHARLES LILLER

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 10th day of February 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 9th day of August 1916.

WILLIAM R. OFFUTT,
Administrator,
Oakland, Md.

REAL BARGAINS
IN
REAL ESTATE

One of the most desirable residences on Alder street in Oakland, now owned by M. A. Carney, and occupied as a residence by States Attorney Jones, is offered at a very attractive price.

A valuable 90 acre farm near Ottaway, Garrett Co., on the line of the proposed new state road to West Va., and a very desirable piece of real estate.

Improved farm of 138 acres near Swanton, Garrett Co., improved by nine room dwelling, barn and young orchard now bearing. A safe investment.

JAS. D. HAMILL,
Real Estate Agent.

WANTED—One teamster and two men for general farm work, including operating horse cultivators. None but competent men need apply. The H. Weber & Sons Co. Advertisement.

Gass by the car load at Treacy's Garage. Retail price 25c. gal. In drums of 53 gallons you can still get it cheaper. Fire-Stone Tires, we beat them all. Ford repairs, the largest line in town.

Money to Loan on real estate. Renninger & Offutt, Attorneys, Garrett National Bank building, Oakland, Md. Adv. tf

ATTENTION, FARMERS.

Domo Improved Cream Separators, $35.00 and $43.50.

C. N. MCINTIRE,
Adv. tf. Oakland, Md.

ROOSEVELT APPLAUDS HUGHES' SPEECH

Theodore Roosevelt sat in a box at Carnegie hall when Mr. Hughes delivered his speech of acceptance and vigorously applauded every telling point.

The colonel repeatedly arose and bowed in response to the cheers for him and the shouts of "Teddy!" "Teddy!" "Hurrah for Teddy!" and when the meeting adjourned he made the following statement:

"It is an admirable speech, and I wish to call attention to the following points:

"I am particularly pleased with the exposure of the folly, and worse than folly, of Mr. Wilson's Mexican policy and of the way in which this policy has brought humiliation to the United States and disaster to Mexico itself.

"Moreover, I am very glad of the straightforward manner in which Mr. Hughes has shown the ridicule with which Mr. Wilson has covered this nation by the manner in which he allowed foreign powers to gain the impression that, although he used the strongest words in diplomacy, they were not to be taken seriously.

Not Words Which Count.

"As Mr. Hughes said, it is not words, but the strength and resolution behind the words which count. As Mr. Hughes pointed out, there is no doubt that if Mr. Wilson's conduct and action had been such as to make the foreign nations believe that he meant precisely what he said in his 'strict accountability' there would have been no estruction of American lives by the sinking of the Lusitania.

"When Mr. Hughes uses strong words his record shows that they are always backed by strong deeds, and therefore in the enormous majority of cases the use of strong words renders it unnecessary ever to have recourse to strong deeds.

"Again, Mr. Hughes speaks in characteristically straightforward fashion of the outrages committed on munitions plants, and all men, whether citizens of foreign nations or nominal citizens of our own land, who had in any shape or way abetted or condoned those actions can understand that Mr. Hughes, if president, will protect these domestic American interests and punish offenders against them with the fearlessness and thoroughness that he showed in dealing with the powers of evil at Albany.

Brought Nation to Ignominy.

"Just before coming in to listen to Mr. Hughes' just characterization of Mr. Wilson's failure to protect the lives and property of Americans in Mexico and on the high seas I happened to pick up John Fiske's 'Critical Period of American History' and was struck by the following two sentences:

"'A government touches the lowest point of ignominy when it confesses its inability to protect the lives and the property of its citizens. A government which has come to this has failed in discharging the primary function of government and forthwith ceases to have any reason for existing.'

"Mr. Hughes has pointed out in his speech with self restraint, but with emphasis, that it is precisely this primary function which Mr. Wilson's administration has failed to discharge and that it is precisely this point of ignominy to which he has reduced the nation over which he is president."

A POLICY OF FIRMNESS AND CONSISTENCY NEEDED.

The nation has no policy of aggression toward Mexico. We have no desire for any part of her territory. We wish her to have peace, stability and prosperity. We shall have to adopt a new policy, a policy of firmness and consistency through which alone we can promote an enduring friendship. We demand from Mexico the protection of the lives and the property of our citizens and the security of our border from depredations. Much will be gained if Mexico is convinced that we contemplate no meddlesome interference with what does not concern us, but that we propose to insist in a firm and candid manner upon the performance of international obligations. To a stable government, appropriately discharging its international duties, we should give unGrudging support. A short period of firm, consistent and friendly dealing will accomplish more than many years of vacillation. — From Mr. Hughes' Speech of Acceptance.

AN ADMINISTRATION TOO CONTENT WITH LEISURELY DISCUSSION.

I do not put life and property on the same footing, but the administration has not only been remiss with respect to the protection of American lives. It has been remiss with respect to the protection of American property and American commerce. It has been too much disposed to be content with leisurely discussion. — From Mr. Hughes' Speech of Acceptance.

BUSINESS MEN TRY TO AVERT STRIKE

Ask Congress to Direct U. S. Inquiry Into R. R. Wages.

FOR PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT

Members of United States Chamber of Commerce Vote Overwhelmingly In Favor of Letting Interstate Commerce Commission Adjust Controversy.

Washington.—In order to ascertain the position of the business men of the nation on the controversy between the railroads of the country and the unions of train service employes, which was precipitated by the demand of the latter for an increase in wages that would amount to $100,000,000 a year, the United States Chamber of Commerce recently submitted the matter to a vote of all its members. They were asked to express their opinion as to whether the dispute should be allowed to take its course with the possibility of a great strike that would tie up all the transportation lines throughout the country and paralyze all business, or whether they would favor the adoption to a joint resolution by the two branches of congress directing the Interstate Commerce Commission to investigate and pass upon the matter.

The vote received was a very large one and represented business organizations in every part of the country. The result was overwhelmingly in favor of placing the matter in the hands of the Interstate Commerce Commission, 984¾ votes being cast in favor of this course and only 28¼ against it. The result showed clearly that the business interests of the country are unalterably against permitting the transportation lines to be tied up by a national railroad strike that would paralyze the commerce of the country and inflict enormous losses on all classes of citizens.

Chairman Wheeler of the Committee in charge of the matter for the Chamber of Commerce appeared before the representatives of the railroads and their employes at their conference in New York in June. He announced the result of the Committee's inquiry among the business men of the country and urged both parties to the dispute to get together and adopt the course suggested. As a result the committee of managers representing the railroads submitted a proposal that the whole subject be placed before the Interstate Commerce Commission as requested by the representatives of the business interests. As an alternative they offered to submit the demands to arbitration under the Federal law. Both offers were refused by the union leaders, who announced that they would go back to their unions and get authority to declare a strike. This they have since been doing.

Meanwhile a resolution has been introduced in Congress directing the Interstate Commerce Commission to make an investigation of railroad wages. This resolution is now awaiting action. It is believed here that if nothing further is done by Congress or by the parties to the wage dispute to bring about a peaceful settlement the business interests of the country, through the United States Chamber of Commerce, or some other organization, will appeal to the Government to take some direct and decisive action to prevent the destruction of national prosperity by a strike on all the railroad lines.

DEMANDS OF R. R. TRAINMEN.

Wage Increase of $100,000,000 a Year Would Have to Be Borne by Public.

The train service employes of all railroad lines in the United States have united in a demand for a new basis of pay for all men engaged in operating trains, except those in passenger service. At the present time they are paid on the basis of ten hours of time or 100 miles of distance, whichever gives them the higher pay; and every man receives a full day's pay, no matter how short a time he works.

The trainmen now demand that, in all but passenger service, (1) the present ten hours pay shall be given for eight hours, or less, with a guarantee of a full day's pay, no matter how little service is performed; (2) overtime to begin after eight hours, instead of after ten hours, and to be paid for at one and one-half times the hourly rate.

These demands would increase the hourly rate of pay 25 per cent, and the overtime rate 87½ per cent.

They also insist that all special extra pay provisions in the 10-hour schedules shall be included in the proposed 8-hour schedule.

These special rules frequently give double pay for the same service, and enable the employes to earn two and three days' pay in a single day of ordinary working hours.

As the increase for all the lines is estimated to amount to $100,000,000 a year the railroads say that they cannot pay it unless they are allowed to increase freight and passenger rates.

The average wages of the men engaged in train service are already very much higher than those of other employees and they receive 28 per cent of the total payroll although constituting only 18 per cent of the whole number of railroad workers.

HOW THE WILSON ADMINISTRATION HAS PENALIZED PATRIOTISM.

"Having in view the possibility of further aggression upon the territory of the United States from Mexico and the necessity for the proper protection of that frontier," President Wilson on June 18 called out the mobile arms of the national guard for federal service.

He did not call them out at their existing peace strength, but at war strength, which is practically double. Lacking a system of reserves, the national guard organizations immediately had to start a campaign of recruiting to bring about the desired increase in their numbers.

Patriotic young citizens under the urge of the cry, "Your country needs you!" volunteered for service in gratifying numbers. According to Senator Chamberlain, chairman of the senate committee on military affairs, the result is that about 135,000 citizen soldiers have been mustered into the federal service and are now on the Mexican border or in camp in their home states. There may be more, but the administration refuses to make known the exact figures.

The movement is costing the public treasury many millions of dollars; it is costing the individual citizen soldiers many millions more. They went to the front believing the cry, "Your country needs you," for war service. They sacrificed advancement in their civil occupations, severed home ties, suffered in thousands of instances great financial loss. The less patriotic, who did not believe the cry or, believing, declined to make sacrifices, fatten at home on these losses.

The real purposes of the call are slowly developing. They are two in number:

First.—A patrol of the border to do the work which President Wilson's friend, Carranza, finds it impossible to do. Because the recognized government in Mexico is too ineffective to keep its own citizens in check and prevent them murdering Americans on American soil the American government undertakes the costly task of doing that work for them. The murder of American citizens on Mexican soil is another matter. Carranza may go as far as he likes in that direction.

Second.—A purpose of the mobilization on the border and in the camps is to train citizens to perform effective military service. The regular military establishment of the nation is manifestly too small for the actual military needs. To this extent the cry, "Your country needs you," was correct.

But these facts were not made clear when the call was issued. The idea was promulgated that men were needed for actual war service, not for military training. Deceit was practiced.

Opposing in the open legislation for universal military service, the administration by its acts has established what in essence is a system of compulsory military service. It is a system all the more vicious because it operates only against the patriotic, whereas a legalized universal training system equalizes the burden of military service among all men and all classes of men.

When in 1914 Europe plunged into the greatest war of all history and conditions in Mexico grew intolerable intelligent men realized the fact that it was incumbent on this nation to build up its tiny regular army and put its other military resources in condition for use. National safety demanded this. And yet in December of that year, four months after the European war began, President Wilson went before congress and declared that all agitation for military preparedness was hysterical; that we were adequately prepared.

After awhile the administration changed its mind and professed to believe in the necessity for preparedness. First came an enactment to increase the regular army by 20,000. But the body of the country, and even all parts of the Democratic administration, could not change front so quickly as the head. Recruiting for the regular army lagged. Not yet have the 20,000 been secured.

The need pressed. A new national defense act, providing for still more men in the regular army, was enacted. But still the men were not forthcoming.

Suddenly and without warning the administration issued its call for mobilization of the citizen soldiers. It seemed still obsessed with the Bryan notion that an army could be created by presidential ukase.

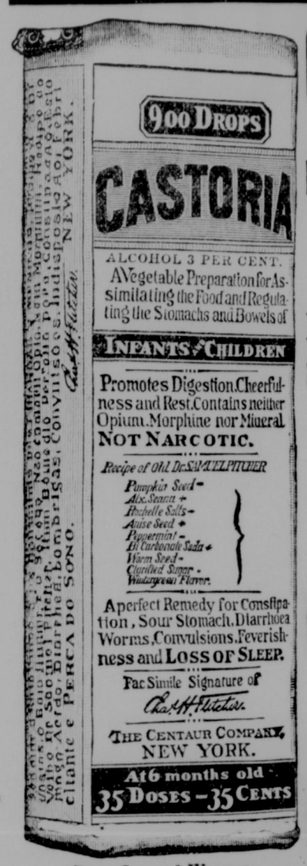
When the call went out the government did not own enough uniforms, shoes, socks, blankets, hats, wagons, trucks, horses, mules and other things essential to equip the men called. It had made no provision for transporting the troops called to the points where they were required.

Who suffered most by this amazing lack of foresight, this leaping before looking?

Only the 135,000 patriots who believed that their country needed them for national defense; only the men who are making the great sacrifices.

The whole disgraceful story may be summed up in the phrase, the administration has penalized patriotism.

True, it is accumulating by subterfuge a reserve of trained soldiers, but events have demonstrated that it cried "wolf" when there was no wolf. Should it be forced to cry "wolf" again, when the wolf is at the door, what will be the result?



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Choice Steak, Boiling Meat, and all other kinds of meat. Highest cash price paid for Poultry and Eggs; also cash paid for Hides and Skins.

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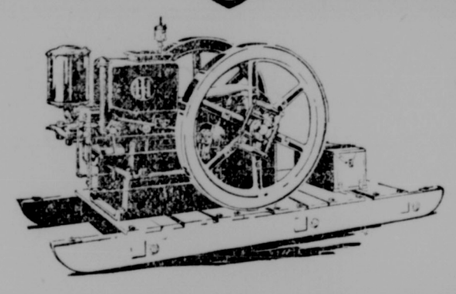

Are You Wasting The Price Of a Titan Engine?

TITAN engines run on kerosene.

Average cost of gasoline so far this year, 16.9 cents per gallon.

Average cost of kerosene 7.7 cents per gallon.

Gasoline costs over 100 per cent more than kerosene. Gasoline is going up steadily. Kerosene is not.

At present fuel prices **Titan** engines, using kerosene, save their owners about 1.1 cents per horse power per hour.

Are you running a gasoline engine? What horse power is it? Figure what you'd be saving if you had a **Titan** kerosene engine. Rather surprising, isn't it? How long would it take that saving to pay for a **Titan** engine of the same size?

International Harvester Company of America
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Titan kerosene engines are sold by

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OAKLAND, MD.

HAVE YOU HEARD THE
Aeolian Vocalion?

Come in and let us play your favorite selection on this wonderful new Phonograph

A full line of Columbia Records

Aeolian Vocalions sold on monthly payments.

STURGISS' PHARMACY
Representing Morrison Music Co., Cumberland.

WEEK'S EVENTS IN NEWSY ITEMS

What the World Is Doing Told in Condensed Form.

MOVES IN THE GREAT WAR

Battles In Europe's Gigantic Struggle —Affairs at the Nation's Capital —Happenings in All Corners of the Country.

War Bulletins

King Victor Emanuel and his cousin the Duke of Aosta entered Gorizia at the head of the Third Army when the city fell. Rome announces that more than 12,000 prisoners were taken in the offensive.

Great Britain has reached an agreement with Germany for the exchange of all interned civilians over 45 years of age.

Northeast of Verdun, the Germans are again in possession of virtually all the bitterly-fought Thiaumont Redoubt.

A squadron of twenty-nine Austrian aeroplanes has dropped a large number of bombs on Venice, causing numerous fires in the historic city.

The Austrians in and around Lemberg, capital of Galicia, have been reinforced by 150,000 Turks from the Macedonian front, according to advices to London.

For two days in succession, wave after wave of the Kaiser's troops has been vainly sent against the Pozieres plateau, possession of which, a German order admits, is a "precious advantage" to the British.

Washington

President Wilson signed a bill providing further funds for the use of the public health service in fighting the growing epidemic of infantile paralysis.

Commander Leigh C. Palmer has been nominated by President Wilson to be chief of the Bureau of Navigation, with rank of rear admiral.

A bill to create a bureau of labor safety in the Department of Labor was reported favorably by the Senate committee on education and labor.

The House judiciary committee ordered a favorable report on a bill introduced by Representative Webb, chairman of the judiciary committee, permitting American manufacturers to maintain joint selling agencies abroad.

The treaty by which the United States would acquire the Danish West Indies for $25,000,000, signed by Secretary Lansing and Danish Minister Brun, now is before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee.

Republicans of the Senate, in conference, declined to accept the legislative program submitted by the Democrats' steering committee with a view to adjournment of Congress before Sept. 1.

When Republican Leader Mann reminded the House that Speaker Clarke had just passed his thirty-third anniversary as a member of Congress, Republicans and Democrats rose and cheered the Speaker for several minutes.

General

A campaign for improvement in New York harbor is to be begun by the Chamber of Commerce of New York.

Dr. M. C. Dunn, president of the Henderson School Board of Henderson, Ky., was shot dead by Charles M. Wyne, a carriage worker.

Kittredge Haskins, former representative in Congress from the Second Vermont district, is dead.

Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen—Of the 129,108 votes cast 124,832 were in favor of a strike and 4,276 were opposed.

Thirty children are undergoing the Pasteur treatment in Buffalo because of dog bites.

The Rockefeller Foundation has announced that an appropriation of $198,985.78 has been made to assist in carrying on the work of the China Medical Board.

Robert Wacker, third basemen of a local semi-pro baseball club, at Milwaukee, Wis., died from injuries received when he was hit on the head with a pitched ball.

Property loss exceeding $1,000,000 was caused by a cloudburst that swept down Cabin Creek Valley at Huntington, W. Va.

Ex-Senator John M. Thurston, of Omaha, Neb., is dead.

Two brothers, Alton and Edward Hollub, of New York, met for the first time in five years when they greeted each others in the Tombs, where they are prisoners.

The Dutch steamship Oldambt, of 252 tons register, one of the smallest freighters that have ever attempted the crossing of the Atlantic, is on her return voyage to Rotterdam, with a cargo of 96 tons of American tobacco.

While attempting to close a window in her home, Mrs. Ann D. Riley of Gloucester, Mass., was struck by a lightning bolt and killed.

Hearings by the new farm loan board preparatory to dividing country into districts and locating the twelve farm loan banks will begin at Portland, Me.

James Gerrigan, one-time racing partner of John Dehymel, was killed near San Antonio, Texas, while speeding his automobile at a terrific rate up a hill to have his picture taken in action.

Preliminary steps were taken by the War Department for organization of the engineering section of the officers' and enlisted reserve corps of the army authorized in the National Defense Act, which became effective July 1.

It is thought probable that more than 2,000,000 children and teachers in the New York metropolitan area will have their vacations prolonged on account of the infantile paralysis.

Of the 41 cases of infantile paralysis in Rhode Island the records show seven deaths.

A thousand delegates, representing 30,000 members of the National Rural Carriers' Association, at their annual convention at Chicago, advocated delivery of mail by automobiles furnished by the government.

Three sailors of German cruisers interned at Norfolk, Va., who escaped by swimming across a creek separating the German quarters from the United States marine exercising grounds, have been captured.

Net revenues of 93 large railroads of the United States for the year ending with June showed an increase over the same period of 1915 of almost $190,000,000.

Twenty thousand employes of the Missouri Pacific-Iron Mountain Railroad have received an increase in wages of 6 per cent.

MEXICAN CAMPAIGN

Eighty-thousand Carranza troops are now patrolling the northern border.

A special train for wives of National Guard officers will leave New York for McAllen, Texas, September 1.

The Thirteenth Pennsylvania has been called into the federal service and ordered to the Mexican border to replace the Second Pennsylvania Infantry, recently reorganized into a field artillery regiment. The transfer is to take effect as soon as possible.

With 30,000 State and regular troops encamped at El Paso, medical reports show less than 3 per cent of sickness, General George Bell, Jr., commanding the El Paso military district, announced.

The British Embassy protested to the State Department against he imprisonmen by the Carranza Government of a British subject named Fuller, president of the Electric Light Co. of Mexico City.

A board of National Guard officers will be named at Brownsville to investigate stories sent out by the correspondent of a New York paper.

Women of the army and navy supply committee of the American Defence Society forwarded to the 12th Regiment, now on the border, 1,800 insect bags.

Sporting

Brick Eldrick, star center fielder of the Seattle club of the Northwestern League, was sold to the Chicago Americans.

Bobby Jones, third baseman for the San Francisco club, has been sold to the Detroit Americans.

Umpire baiting in the National League, which has been one of the popular outdoor sports of the season will be stopped if the officials live up to a resolution passed by the club presidents.

The Brooklyn Nationals have a new shortstop, but he will not be available until after the close of the Western League season in September. His name is Kelleher and he is 22 years old and now playing with the Denver club. Kelleher is hitting the ball at a .389 clip.

Chester Thomas, the Boston Americans' catcher, and Jimmy Austin, third baseman of the St. Louis Americans, were indefinitely suspended by President Johnson for their participation in a fist fight at St. Louis. The suspension of Thomas is considered a blow to the Red Sox in their crucial series.

Foreign

An explosion of ammunition which was about to be shipped from Koenigsberg, caused the death of 30 men and twenty women.

Tom McCormick, former welter weight champion of Great Britain, was killed in action at the French front.

Japan's naval plans for six battle cruisers and eight super-dreadnaughts by 1923.

Germany has prohibited the importation of raw tobacco.

A personal letter from President Wilson to the Kaiser on conditions in Poland, was delivered to Secretary von Jagow by Ambassador Gerard.

American traders in Holland have decided to protest to Great Britain against England's imposition of increased difficulties on commerce between Holland and the United States.

The Mexican government accepted an invitation to participate in the natural products exposition in Texas.

General William C. Gorgas, U. S. A., head of the Yellow Fever Commission of the Rockefeller Foundation, arrived at Bogota, Colombia, with his staff to consult with the Government on sanitary conditions.

The total German casualties in the war are 2,911,367.

NATIONAL SURVEY OF PARALYSIS

Federal Government Is Investigating the Spread of the Scourge

CONFERENCE OF SCIENTISTS

Scourge Leaps the Mississippi and Spreads Outside New York City, Where There Is Lull—To Prosecute Quarantine Violations.

Washington.—The Government of the United States, in conjunction with municipal, county and State health officials in practically every commonwealth in the country, is planning the most colossal health survey ever undertaken.

That is the purpose of the conference called in Washington.

The object of the movement, which is comparable in magnitude to a national census, is to throttle the epidemic of infantile paralysis and to prevent other epidemics.

Two eminent surgeons of the Public Health Service, Dr. Charles E Banks and Dr. C. H. Lavinder, returned to Washington from New York upon the telegraphed summons of Surgeon-General Rupert Blue.

With twenty-eight other Federal physicians, Drs. Banks and Lavinder have been giving yeoman aid to New York City in its fight against the plague.

Reports of the progress of the epidemic show:

NEW YORK.—Totals of deaths and new cases in Greater New York at the present stage of the epidemic are 5,822 cases and 1,298 deaths. These are revised figures issued by the Department after discounting a few cases which proved not to be poliomyelitis. Forty-eight new cases of infantile paralysis in the State outside of Greater New York were reported to the State Health Department at Albany, making a total of 844. Five deaths, bringing the total deaths outside New York City to 79 were reported.

PENNSYLVANIA.—There are now 212 cases of infantile paralysis in Pennsylvania, and there have been 54 deaths there since July 1, said State Health Commissioner Dixon Dr. Dixon said the situation is steadily improving.

MASSACHUSETTS.—In Massachusetts 163 cases have been reported since June 1, with 12 deaths since July 1.

NEW JERSEY.—With 80 new victims New Jersey cases passed the 1,300 mark.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.—Four cases; one death.

NEW MEXICO.—No cases; no quarantine.

ALABAMA.—Fifty cases; no deaths.

MISSISSIPPI.—Forty cases; three deaths.

SOUTH CAROLINA. — Thirty-five cases; five deaths.

IOWA.—Fifty cases; three deaths.

GEORGIA.—Few cases; no deaths.

KENTUCKY.—Twelve cases; some deaths.

TENNESSEE.—Thirty-eight cases; one death.

MISSOURI. — Six cases; three deaths.

TEXAS.—No epidemic, but a few cases.

ARIZONA.—Two cases, both fatal.

SOUTH DAKOTA.—Five cases; two deaths.

MINNESOTA.—Two hundred and forty-six cases; 24 deaths.

ARKANSAS.—No cases.

MICHIGAN.—Seventy three cases; 20 deaths.

ILLINOIS.—One hundred and twenty-five cases; eight deaths.

INDIANA.—Thirty-six cases; four deaths.

KANSAS. — Twenty cases; four deaths.

NEBRASKA.—Seventeen cases; two deaths.

NORTH DAKOTA.—No cases.

OHIO.—One hundred cases; no records as to deaths.

DIPHTHERIA RIFE IN HOSPITAL

Doctors and Nurses in Boston Institution Stricken.

Boston.—Physicians at the Massachusetts General Hospital are trying to prevent the further spread of what the superintendent, Dr. Frederick A Washburn, described as "a small epidemic" of diphtheria among resident doctors and nurses. Twenty-seven nurses, two house doctors, and an ambulance driver who were suffering from diphtheria have been removed to departments of other hospitals.

BULGARIA IRRITATES RUMANIA

Soldiers Charged With Breaches of Neutrality on the Frontier.

Amsterdam.—On drawing the attention of the Bulgarian Government to recent incidents on the Bulgarian-Rumanian frontier, such as the recent attempt of Bulgarian soldiers to seize a Rumanian island in the Danube, the Rumanian Foreign Minister, according to a semi-official telegram, said the incidents were "too frequent and not in accordance with the good relations between the two countries."

GORTNER

Mrs. Walter Brady, of Parkersburg, West Va., and Mrs. Charles Newman and children, of Oakland, were the guests Thursday of Mrs. Brady's cousin, Mrs. R. L. Gauer.

Mr. and Mrs. Owen Martin and son Derrel spent Sunday at Mrs. Martin's home at this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Feathers, of Crellin, dined with their daughter, Mrs. Will Welch, Wednesday.

Jake Swartzentruber spent a short time Sunday at the Home Sanitorium with Charlie Sanders. We are so very glad to note that Charles is improving.

Miss Mabel Wamsley, who has been at Aurora, spent a few days with home folks, and left for Piedmont, West Va., Thursday.

Ed. Sanders and family, of Morgantown, West Va., spent the past week at this place visiting friends and relatives.

William Spoerlein, wife and sons spent Sunday at Mr. Spoerlein's in Accident.

Miss Margaret Slabaugh was visiting her grandmother the past week.

Donald Teats was a pleasant caller at the home of C. L. Wamsley's Tuesday evening.

A number of our folks attended the funeral of Mr. Simon Baker at Loch Lynn Sunday.

Albert and Bunnie Franklin, who have been visiting their uncle, Mr. C. L. Wamsley returned to their home in Westernport Saturday. They were accompanied by Seymore Wamsley.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Shaffer, Mr. and Mrs. Amos Martin, Mrs. J. L. Shetler and son Paul were the guests of Mrs. Catherine Slabaugh Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. F. S. Irwin and grand-daughter, Miss Ruth Irwin, spent several days of the past week at Sunnyside, the guests of relatives.

Cecil Thayer spent Sunday with Roy Lichty.

Miss Lizzie Hershberger is working at the Conneway home on the mountain at present.

Lorenzo Fike and family were Sunday visitors at Daniel Schrock's.

A large crowd assembled at Mr. Will Welch's Sunday night and had a very pleasant sing.

Church services Sunday morning in the Union church by the German Brethren, at 10:30 a. m. Everybody come.

Misses Beulah Yoder, Alma Miller and Norman Bender, of Grantsville are visiting friends and relatives here a few days.

Ernest Gortner and Miss Ruth Irwin were out touring Sunday night.

SWANTON

Mr. C. W. Burk spent Sunday with his family at this place.

Mrs. J. D. Ashenfelter and Mrs. Lucy McRobie are on the sick list. We hope they will soon be about again.

Arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Theo. George, Wednesday, a son.

Mrs. Truman Mosser entertained several of his friends Thursday at a birthday party. Those out of town who attended were, Miss Alice Wolfe, of Oakland, Mrs. H. V. Leighton and Mrs. C. S. May, of Mt. Lake Park and Mrs. Feely of Wilson.

Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Gates made a flying trip to Cumberland Wednesday.

Mrs. Truman Mosser is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Means, at Conneaut Lake.

Mr. J. A. Enlow, of Mt. Lake Park, was seen in our town one day last week.

Miss Grace Friend entertained several of her friends on her birthday.

Mrs. A. G. Ross, of Oakland, was visiting relatives here Sunday.

Miss Florence Beckman, of Fairmont, is visiting relatives at this place.

Miss Josephine Burk is visiting relatives at Elk Garden.

The Ladies Aid of this place will hold an all-day picnic in the grove at Painter School House, Saturday, Aug. 19. There will be speaking and all kinds of refreshments on the ground. Benefits to go to M. E. church.

A great many people of this place attended the dedication services at McHenry Sunday.

Mrs. Fred Ashenfelter, of Keyser, was visiting relatives here last week.

Miss Alice Wolfe, of Oakland, is here making arrangements about her school. We are glad she is going to be with us this winter.

U-No-Me.

In Memorian.

In loving remembrance of Helen Ruth and Woodrow Hamill, daughter and son of Mr. and Mrs. Earl C. Hamill, of Kempton, Md.

Helen Ruth Hamill, born May 12, 1915, died July 17, 1916, aged one year, two months and five days. Woodrow Hamill, born March 3, 1912, died July 19, 1916, aged three years, four months and sixteen days. Funeral services were conducted at Thayerville church by the Rev. Frank McCamic with interment in the Thayerville cemetery.

OAKLAND CASH BUYERS CO., —Pay cash for spring Pigs, Calves, Lambs, Chickens, Turkeys, Eggs, etc. L. W. HOPKINS, W. L. CASTEEL, J. W. DAVIS
Adv. 10 tf

PROCLAMATION

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF MARYLAND CREATING A BUDGET SYSTEM.

WHEREAS, at the January Session of the General Assembly of Maryland, held in the year 1916, an Act was passed, to-wit: Chapter 159 of said Acts, being an Act to propose an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title, "Legislative Department," of the Constitution of this State; and which said Act is in words and figures following:

"CHAPTER 159.

AN ACT to propose an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title, Legislative Department, of the Constitution of this State, regulating the making of appropriations by the General Assembly of Maryland in regular session, and to provide for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of this State for adoption or rejection.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland (three-fifths of all the members of each of the two houses concurring.) That the following be and the same is hereby proposed as an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title Legislative Department, of the Constitution of this State, the same, if adopted by the legally qualified voters of the State, as herein provided, to become Section 52 of Article III of the Constitution of Maryland.

Sec. 52 The General Assembly shall not appropriate any money out of the Treasury except in accordance with the followin provisions:

Sub-Section A:

Every appropriation bill shall be either a Budget Bill, or a Supplementary Appropriation Bill, as hereinafter mentioned.

Sub-Section B:

First. Within twenty days after the convening of the General Assembly (except in the case of a newly elected Governor, and then within thirty days after his inauguration,) unless such time shall be extended by the General Assembly for the session at which the Budget is to be submitted, the Governor shall submit to the General Assembly two budgets, one for each of the ensuing fiscal years. Each budget shall contain a complete plan of proposed expenditures and estimated revenues for the particular fiscal year to which it relates; and shall show the estimated surplus or deficit of revenues at the end of such year. Accompanying each budget shall be a statement showing: (1) the revenues and expenditures for each of the two fiscal years next preceding; (2) the current assets, liabilities, reserves and surplus or deficit of the State; (3) the debts and funds of the State; (4) an estimate of the State's financial condition as of the beginning and end of each of the fiscal years covered by the two budgets above provided; (5) any explanation the Governor may desire to make as to the important features of any budget and any suggestion as to methods for the reduction or increase of the State's revenue.

Second. Each budget shall be divided into two parts, and the first part shall be designated "Governmental Appropriations" and shall embrace an itemized estimate of the appropriations: (1) for the General Assembly as certified to the Governor in the manner hereinafter provided; (2) for the Executive Department; (3) for the Judiciary Department, as provided by law, certified to the Governor by the Comptroller; (4) to pay and discharge the principal and interest of the debt of the State of Maryland in conformity with Section 34 of Article III of the Constitution, and all laws enacted in pursuance thereof; (5) for the salaries payable by the State under Constitution and laws of the State; (6) for the establishment and maintenance throughout the State of a thorough and efficient system of public schools in conformity with Article VIII of the Constitution and with the laws of the State; (7) for such other purposes as are set forth in the Constitution of the State.

Third. The second part shall be designated "General Appropriations," and shall include all other estimates of appropriations.

The Governor shall deliver to the presiding officer of each house the budgets and a bill for all the proposed appropriations of the budgets clearly itemized and classified; and the presiding officer of each house shall promptly cause said bill to be introduced therein, and such bill shall be known as the "Budget Bill." The Governor may, before final action thereon by the General Assembly, amend or supplement either of said budgets to correct an oversight or in case of an emergency, with the consent of the General Assembly by delivering such an amendment or supplement to the presiding officers of both houses; and such amendment or supplement shall thereby become a part of said budget bill as an addition to the items of said bill or as a modification of or a substitute for any item of said bill such amendment or supplement may affect.

The General Assembly shall not amend the budget bill so as to affect either the obligations of the State under Section 34 of Article III of the Constitution, or the provisions made by the laws of the State for the establishment and maintenance of a system of public schools, or the payment of any salaries required to be paid by the State of Maryland by the Constitution thereof; and the General Assembly may amend the bill by increasing or diminishing the items therein relating to the General Assembly and by increasing the items therein relating to the Judiciary, but except as hereinbefore specified, may not alter the said bill except to strike out or reduce items therein, provided, however, that the salary or compensation of any public officer shall not be decreased during his term of office; and such bill when and as passed by both houses shall be a law immediately without further action by the Governor.

Fourth. The Governor and such representatives of the executive departments, boards, officers and commissions of the state expending or supplying for State's money, as have been designated by the Governor for this purpose, shall have the right, and when requested by either house of the Legislature, it shall be their duty to appear and be heard with respect to any budget bill during the consideration thereof, and to answer inquiries relative thereto.

Sub-Section C: Supplementary Appropriation Bills:

Neither house shall consider other appropriations until the Budget Bill has been finally acted upon by both houses, and no such other appropriation shall be valid except in accordance with the provisions following: (1) Every such appropriation shall be embodied in a separate bill limited to some single work, object or purpose therein stated and called herein a Supplementary Appropriation Bill; (2) Each Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall provide the revenue necessary to pay the appropriation thereby made by a tax, direct or indirect, to be laid and collected as shall be directed in said Bill. (3) No Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall become a law unless it be passed in each house by a vote of a majority of the whole number of the members elected; and in the yeas and nays recorded on its final passage; (4) Each supplementary Appropriation Bill shall be presented to the Governor of the State as provided in Section 17 of Article II of the Constitution and thereafter all the provisions of said Section shall apply.

Nothing in this amendment shall be construed as preventing the Legislature from passing at any time in accordance with the provisions of Section 28 of Article III of the Constitution and subject to the Governor's power of approval as provided in Section 17 of Article II of the Constitution an appropriation bill to provide for the payment of any obligation of the State of Maryland within the protection of Section 10 of Article I of the Constitution of the United States.

Sub-Section D: General Provisions:

First. If the Budget Bill shall not have been finally acted upon by the Legislature three days before the expiration of its regular session, the Governor may, and it shall be his duty to issue a proclamation extending the session for such further period as may, in his judgment, be necessary for the passage of such Bill; but no other matter than such Bill shall be considered during such extended session except a provision for the cost thereof.

Second. The Governor for the purpose of making up his budgets shall have the power, and it shall be his duty, to require from the proper State Officials, including herein all executive departments, all executive and administrative offices, bureaus boards, commissions and agencies expending or supervising the expenditure of, and all institutions applying for State moneys and appropriations, such itemized estimates and other information, in such form and at such times as he shall direct. The estimates for the Legislative Department, certified by the presiding officer of each house, of the Judiciary, as provided by law, certified by the Comptroller, and for the public schools, as provided by law shall be transmitted to the Governor, in such form and at such times as he shall direct, and shall be included in the budget without revision.

The Governor may provide for public hearings on all estimates and may require the attendance at such hearings of representatives of all agencies, and of all institutions applying for State moneys. After such public hearings he may, in his discretion, revise all estimates except those for the legislative and judiciary departments, and for the public schools as provided by law.

Third. The Legislature may, from time to time, enact such laws, not inconsistent with this Section, as may be necessary and proper to carry out it provisions

Fourth. In the event of any inconsistency between any of the provisions of this Section and any of the other provisions of the Constitution, the provisions of this Section shall prevail. But nothing herein shall in any manner affect the provisions of Section 34 of Article III of the Constution or of any laws heretofore or hereafter passed in pursuance thereof, or be construed as preventing the Governor from calling extraordinary sessions of the Legislature, as provided by Section 16 of Article II, or as preventing the Legislature at such extraordinary sessions from considering any emergency appropriations.

If any item of any appropriation bill passed under the provisions of this Section shall be held invalid upon any ground, such invalidity shall not affect the legality of the Bill or of any other item of such Bill or Bills.

Section 2. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said foregoing Section hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution shall at the next ensuing general election, being the Presidential and Congressional election, being the Presidential and Congressional, election, to be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday of November, nineteen hundred and sixteen, be submitted to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection in conformity with the directions contained in Article XVI of this State, and at said election the vote on said proposed amendment to the constitution shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be placed the following synopsis of said amendment under the caption of 'CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROVIDING FOR A BUDGET,'

"This amendment provides that the Governor shall present to the Legislature soon after it is convened a Budget giving a complete plan of proposed expenditures and estimated revenues for the two succeeding fiscal years showing clearly any surplus or deficit in State funds. In these estimates he shall make provision for the interest and sinking funds of all State debts, for all salaries as fixed by law, and for the public schools as fixed by law. With regard to most other matters he may revise the estimates presented to him either by State Officers or State-aided institutions. The Legislature may not increase the estimates presented by the Governor or pass any additional appropriation act except by a majority vote and must make provision by tax for such increase or additional appropriation. The Legislature may not alter in any appropriation act the provision made by law for the state debt, or for the judiciary, but may reduce all other items in the Governor's estimates;' and the words 'for the Constitutional Amendment' and 'against the Constitutional Amendment' as now provided by law, and immediately after said election due returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote in accordance with Article XVI of the Constitution.

Approved March 28, 1916."

Now, therefore, I, Emerson C. Harrington, Governor of the State of Maryland, in pursuance of the direction contained in Section 1 of Article 14 of the Constitution of Maryland, do hereby order and direct a copy of this Proclamation, containing a full, true and correct copy of the text of said Chapter 159 of the Acts of Maryland of 1916, be published in at least two newspapers in each of the counties of the State and in three newspapers published in the City of Baltimore, one of which said newspapers in the City of Baltimore to be printed in the German language, once a week for three months next preceding the General Election to be held in this State on November 7th, 1916, and at which election the said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be submitted, in form and manner prescribed by the General Assembly, to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection.

GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND THE GREAT SEAL OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND.

The Great Seal of Maryland.

DONE at the City of Annapolis, this twentieth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen.

EMERSON C. HARRINGTON,
By the Governor:
THOMAS W. SIMMONS,
Secretary of State.

Order Nisi.

Gilmor S. Hamill, Assignee vs. William Frederick, Jr., and wife.
In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland. No. 267 Equity.

It Is Ordered, this 5th day of July nineteen hundred and sixteen, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in equity, that the sale of the property mentioned in these proceedings, as made and reported by Gilmor S. Hamill, Assignee of mortgage for the purpose of foreclosure, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 31st day of August, 1916; provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Garrett county once a week for three successive weeks before the 25th day of August, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $500.00.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

ROAD PETITION

Notice is hereby given that thirty days after the first publication hereof, application will be made to the County Commissioners of Garrett county for the appointment of viewers to lay out and locate a proposed new county road in Election District No. 10 of said county, said proposed road to begin at a point on the Ryan's Glade and Blaine road at or near Z. H. Moon's mail box, and running thence through the lands of Michael and Bell Tasker, Alexander Moon, George W. Walter and Jesse and George White to intersect the road leading from Bethlehem to Mountain Lake Park, a distance of about two miles.

F. B. TASKER,
MIKE TASKER,
ALEX. MOON,
JESSE WHITE,
GEORGE A. WHITE,
GEORGE W. WALTER,
AND OTHERS.

First publication August 3, 1916.

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Adv. 22-6t

Farm For Sale

I offer for sale my farm of 79 acres, located on the Swanton road three miles north of Swanton; Fifty acres are cleared, balance in timber; eight room Dwelling House; water piped into house from a never failing spring; barn and all other necessary outbuildings; good range for stock. Apply to or address,

JAMES STEARN,
Swanton, Md.

Advertisement. 24 tf.

THE REPUBLICAN

BENJ. H. SINCELL, EDITOR.

Entered at the Postoffice in Oakland Md., as Second-class matter.

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THE REPUBLICAN,
Oakland, Md.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 17, 1916

REPUBLICAN TICKET

For President:
CHARLES E. HUGHES

For Vice President:
CHARLES W. FAIRBANKS

For United States Senator:
JOSEPH IRWIN FRANCE
of Cecil County.

For Congressman:
FREDERICK N. ZIHLMAN
of Allegany County

HUGHES ON THE STUMP.

If our friends the enemy have been hugging to their hearts the illusion that six years of comparative seclusion upon the Supreme Court bench have unfitted Mr. Hughes as a political campaigner the vigor and earnestness of his few days work in the field must have banished the notion.

No fair minded reader or hearer of Mr. Hughes can have any doubt about what he would have done to uphold the honor of the nation and to defend the rights and persons of American citizens wherever and by whomsoever threatened. He fulfills every reasonable requirement when he lays bare the mistakes and blunders of the present administration and pledges himself to the people that, placed in a position of executive responsibility, he will "see to it that America's rights are safeguarded, and that America's name in administration, in policy and in execution is honored throughout the world."

This means, of course, that had the responsibility of dealing with the Mexican troubles rested on his shoulders he would not have neglected to provide for the protection of the lives of Americans in Mexico, he would not have meddled in the national affairs of the country by dictating who should and who should not become candidate for President, he would not have forced an aimless and futile intervention in Mexican affairs, he would not have dickered first with one and then with another of the bandit chieftains who were engaged in the effort to overthrow order and authority at the City of Mexico, and he certainly would not have given countenance and assistance to Villa or anyone like him.

In the face of specific declarations like these, it is childish to insist, as some of his critics are insisting, that he shall reverse the form of his attack and point out in other and less effective phrases the things which he would have done. It is quite sufficient for the country to learn what he would not have done, especially in the light of the anarchy and bloodshed that have been the direct results of the misguided and vascillating policies of the government during the last three years!

The coming years will determine national destinies as never before in the world history, and America will inevitably suffer if the guiding hand in the future, as in the present, is irresolute and timid, if American rights are to be flouted without effective protest and Americans lives be wantonly sacrificed without reparation or redress. This is the meaning of the present concentration of attack on the foreign policies and actions of President Wilson, and Mr. Hughes is directing it with a skill and resolution that must find an echo in American hearts, a response in American patriotism.

"DAVIE" DIDN'T KNOW.

In his recent speech of acceptance Mr. Lewis, Democratic candidate for U. S. Senator in this State, referred to Charles Evans Hughes as a "leader without a record." In a recent editorial the Baltimore Sun says of Mr. Hughes:—"By his bold actions as Governor of New York State Charles E. Hughes gained the respect of the vast body of American citizens, including those of Democratic faith." Evidently "Davie" Lewis does not get in under that last clause. Which same is not surprising. Evidently Mr. Hughes did not gain the respect of "Davie" by his great record as Governor of New York. Evidently "Davie" did not know Mr. Hughes had a record, which is not surprising. "Davie" knows so many things which are not so, that it is not surprising he should be in entire ignorance of the things that are so.

ANOTHER 25,000 TO THE BORDER.

Negotiations with Carranza are now forward, which will deal, "preferably," with the question of the withdrawal of our troops from Mexico and the patrolling of the frontier. The administration has hopes, and has given out that it intends, that the scope of the commission's deliberations shall ultimately be made to include all the features of the Mexican situation, even down to the adjustment of claims and the possible financing of the country's needs by American bankers.

With this in prospect, the dispatch of 25,000 additional National Guardsmen to the frontier offers more food for speculation as to whether the prospects are real than for encouragement. The logical deduction is that Washington foresees a crisis that has no place in the roseate picture of peace which has been impressed upon the public by the official announcements.

No doubt the enthusiasm with which the National Guard mobilized for war has faded into disappointment. But by all accounts patrol duty along the border is as deadly monotonous as camp duty in Kentucky or Vermont; and there, as in the North, training and drilling form the chief elements in the day's work. The evidence is that the main object of the moment—protection of the border—is secured more by the show of force than by actual patrol activities. Unless news has has been unwarrantedly and and mysteriously suppressed, the men now at the frontier are doing all that the frontier requires. Here and there, perhaps, a bandit has made his appearance; but certainly disorder has not obviously been so rampant of late that reinforcement of our troops by a full 25,000 is demanded for its suppression.

But it is possible that between Carranza's "preferably" and the Administration's "ultimate hopes and intentions" a chasm is appearing which only a return to the resoluteness of attitude indicated in the American note of June 20 can bridge. Or it may be that the "platitudes and vaporizing" of Mr. Hughes, and their reception by his audiences have been appreciated more nearly at their true value by Mr. Wilson than by some of Mr. Wilson's supporters. At any rate, the American people will not feel satisfied with a solution of the Mexican situation that guarantees nothing but the protection of such American life or American property as is confined within the territorial limits of the United States. If the presence of 25,000 additional men on the frontier means that Carranza is to be impressed with the resolve not to accept this limitation, or if the men are being sent there in preparation for getting what we want, with or without Carranza's consent, we could wish 50,000 instead of 25,000 had been ordered to go.

THE DEATH RECORD.

ARTHUR W. HARVEY.

Arthur W. Harvey, aged twenty-five years, son of Mr. and Mrs. N. B. Harvey, of near Mountain Lake Park, died in the Western Maryland Hospital, Cumberland, where he had been a patient for some weeks, on last Friday afternoon and was buried from the home of his parents on Sunday afternoon, the Rev. A. S. Arnett, a Methodist minister, conducting the service, with interment on the home farm. Mr. Harvey had graduated from the West Virginia Wesleyan University at Buckhannon and had completed a post-graduate course this spring when he was stricken with appendicitis, an operation following, but complications having set up he never rallied entirely from the operation and was ill four months. He is survived by his parents and also by five brothers and five sisters. He was a most excellent young man of brilliant ideas and high ideals; loved and respected by a large family connection and by many warm friends who recognized in him a promising future.

SIMON P. BAKER.

Simon P. Baker, one of the leading and progressive farmers of Garrett county, died at his home near Mountain Lake Park last Friday after an extended illness. He was first stricken in the winter with an attack of the grip which later developed into pneumonia. His funeral took place from the U. B. church at Loch Lynn Heights on Saturday morning, the Rev. Fike, of the German Baptist church conducting the services. Mr. Baker is survived by his widow and several children, all of whom are grown. He was aged nearly sixty years and had been a resident of Garrett county almost his entire lifetime, coming to his home near the Park from the vicinity of Grantsville fifteen or more years ago.

Kitzmiller Chautauqua August 19, 21 and 22nd. Don't miss it. Adv.

Change in Meeting Night.

By resolutions passed recently the regular sessions of the Improved Order of Red Men of Oakland will be held hereafter on Monday evening instead of on Thursday evenings as heretofore.

Presbyterian Services.

There will be preaching services in the Oakland Presbyterian church Sunday morning at eleven o'clock by the Rev. Dr. Charles E. Bishop, of Morgantown, W. Va. All are cordially invited to attend this service.

APPEALS COURT MAY MEET FOR TAX CASE

State Commissioners to Ask That Special Session Be Held.

BALTIMORE, MD., August 11.—Chairman Arthur P. Gorman of the State Tax Cammission said that the Court of Appeals will be asked to sit in special session at the earliest possible date to hear the appeal from the decision of the circuit court of Frederick county holding unconstitutional the act of 1916 authorizing a reassessment of real property in the counties of Maryland.

A resolution setting forth the importance of an early hearing of the case and detailing the consequences that may result if the Frederick court's opinion is upheld, was prepared by Mr. Gorman and his associate commissioners. Yesterday afternoon Edward M. Hammond, counsel to the Tax Commissioner presented the resolution to Chief Judge A. Hunter Boyd, at his home in Cumberland. At the same time copies were sent to the other members of the court, so that it will not be necessary for Judge Boyd to make elaborate explanations when it comes to acquainting his colleagues with the commission's request.

The next regular term of the Court of Appeals will begin in October. Mr. Gorman is of the opinion that the case in question is of too much importance to be postponed until that time. As things stand, all plans for making the reassessment will be dropped until the Court of Appeals says whether such reassessment can be made.

Governor Harrington does not take so pessimistic a view of the situation as some of the members of the Tax Commission, as most of them, in fact, entertain. He does not believe that prior assessments will be wiped out, nor that, even should the Frederick county opinion be sustained, it will be impossible to collect any taxes for the coming year. He admits, however, that things may stop where they are and that, until the Legislature passes an enabling act it may not be possible to make any changes in assessments or to add to old assessments the value of new improvements made to property.

SEE AMERICA FIRST

The Third Annual Travel Tour Under the Auspices of the Ladies Aid

Under the auspices of the ladies aid society of the M. E. Church will be held on August 24 (Thursday) from 5 to 10 p. m. Owing to the war in Europe the tour will be "See America First," starting from the Union Station at the M. E. church and traveling to New York, St. Augustine, New Orleans, San Francisco, and back over the Lincoln highway to the nation's capital at Washington. This is an annual event with the ladies of the M. E. Church and is conducted by automobiles carrying the passengers to various homes which are decorated to represent the various cities and refreshments will be served characteristic of each city, free to each passenger. The entire trip covers a distance of about eight miles and promises to be a most enjoyable event. All who were fortunate enough to take this trip in the two previous years are loud in their praises and are going again this year. You must secure your tickets early to be sure to get passage as the number of tickets is limited. Tickets on sale at the store of Jos. E. Harned, at Sturgiss' Pharmacy and by the ladies of the Society on and after August 17th, at fifty cents each.

Collection Of Indian Stone Relics.

Robert Sliger, of Oakland, who for some time has been making a collection of Indian relics now has a large and varied collection, which will be exhibited at the Garrett County Fair, September 12-15. The collection, which will be larger at the the time of exhibit, now consists of the following: Three axes, 75 arrow heads, one celt or ungrooved axe, a cultivator used in tilling the soil, a rubbing stone used in polishing objects, a paint cup used to mix war paint, a stone cup used in drinking, a war club used in battle which weighs 1½ pounds, two pipes made of baked clay, one discoidal, four drills, five knives, a scraper, a hoe, a stone ball used in slings and for playing games, different ornaments, four spears, two of the little gem arrow points, the rarest arrow known. These are all made of flint or stone. Besides these he has a set of gambling sticks, a bead pocket book over 65 years old, a rawhide riding whip, wampum or Indian money, a real arrow on a thong, pieces of skull from a mound in Virginia. He has also been making a study of geology and will also enter a collection of 100 named and labeled minerals, and if time permits will also enter a geological exhibit from the county.

Subscribe for The Republican.

LOST—A bunch of keys between the Depot and the Ravenscroft building. Finder will be rewarded if returned to D. A. Stephens. Adv.

PIGS, three months old, for sale. George A. DeWitt, Deer Park, Md. Advertisement.

A GARRETT COUNTAIN ON THE MEXICAN BORDER

Private J. C. Brenninger Writes An Interesting Letter.

To the Editor and Friends.

The second Minnesota Regiment of the United States Volunteers left Fort Snelling, Minnesota, for the border over the Minneapolis and St. Louis railroad July 15, 1916. At Albert Lea, Minnesota, the Battalion stopped for a while to take some marching exercise and to partake of the appetizing refreshments that were awaiting our arrival and were given us by the good citizens of this place. We again entrained after a stay of a few hours and went on our journey from this wheat belt state through the greatest corn belt state in the Union to Albia, Iowa. From Albia we glided over the iron rails of the Wabash road to Moberly, Missouri. At this place we enjoyed a nice plunge into the lake nearby. From Moberly we speeded over the Missouri, Kansas and Texas route to Muskogee, Oklahoma. Here we enjoyed the good accommodations of the Y. M. C. A. which was ready for our arrival.

We continued our travel southward through the stubbled grain fields, the cattle and pony ranches of Oklahoma, over the Red River of the South into Denison, Texas. This city welcomed us with a receptive hand, and showed their love by giving us a nice feast. On we went from here, passing through the corn and cotton fields, through Austin into San Antonio. This place gave us a hearty ovation and treated us so kindly while we were there that a number of the boys say that when they are mustered out they are going to make their home in San Antonio. From here we passed over the San Antonio and Arkansas Pass Line to Sinton, thence on to the Gulf Coast Line to Kingsville, where we stopped for a while.

This beautiful and wealthy southern city is the center of one of the largest ranches in Texas. It is known as the King Ranch. The place is miles west of the Gulf of Mexico and has a growing population of retired people who come in to its gates from the north and the east. In fact, this place is so nice and wealthy that a raid was planned on the place about three weeks before we arrived by the Mexicans, who lived there, under the secret direction of one of Villa's followers. When all was ready the leader came up by boat over the Gulf of Mexico and then by rail. In the city of Kingsville about thirty Mexicans were waiting to join him. Among the number was a prosperous Mexican baker who had fifty rifles and about seven hundred pounds of ammunition stored in his building. When the opportune night came, the ill-intentioned outlaw was speeding over rails of steel to join his lawless band and thereby do like the cur in the story, attempt to bite the hand that was feeding him. But at that quiet hour of the night the ranchers sprang upon them like a wildcat upon its prey, and took the leader and baker out and shot them down like they would shoot a Texas ox.

We continued our journey to Harligen. Here, two weeks before, a small fight took place between Mexicans and cowboys and the result was ten cowboys and thirty-six Mexicans were killed.

The Mexicans say they could whip the U. S. A. if we would leave Texas out. In looking over the situation, I have formed the conclusion that Texas alone, with her militia, soldiers, cowboys and rangers could handle Mexico very nicely on land. It is stated down here that one soldier is equal to ten Mexicans and a ranger is equal to ten American soldiers.

From this place we journeyed to our destination, Llano Grande. We are now in camp on a wealthy ranger's land in the vast Rio Grande Valley, six miles north of the Border, 28 miles north west of Brownsville and about 35 miles west of the Gulf. There are cowboys, rangers, United States Volunteers and U. S. Regulars all along the border, and north of the border for three or four hundred miles, guarding and protecting the railroads, the bridges, the ranchers, the towns and cities and all kinds of U. S. industry.

On this camping ground there are about 20,000 soldiers from Minnesota, Nebraska, Indiana and some regulars. All have their pyramidal tents, pitched among the mesquite trees, in the branches of which the beautiful song birds of the sunny south sing at the dawn of day, when the hot morning sun is gilding the lofty palm trees of the border land.

We are in a good camping ground and are thankful for it. Only the heat, the water, tarantulas, scorpions, snakes, fleas, storm, Mexican bush whackers, and sickness bother us at times.

I will now quote from F. P. Gibbons, who is encamped at McAllen, Texas, to show the privations and sufferings that some are enduring. "Everything was wet and flat. The moist earth steamed. The roads bounding the camp were bogs of tough gumbo or lakes of tepid yellow water. The company streets were ankle deep in mud. The men in mud stained khaki and with dripping wet faces swore as they swoshed and slid about in the morass.

Officers in panting motors fresh from eastern boulevards churned through the slop, cruised the water spaces to the accompaniment of spray showers from every wheel.

It rained the night before.

McAllen, headquarters for the division of New York militia, numbering between 16,000 and 20,000 men, has been reduced to a soggy pool over night.

These men are sleeping in the mud, their sick are lying on the ground. Daily they are doing harder and more labor than any Mexican laborer in the country. Unaccustomed to the work and the climate, unaccustomed to the the food, they are on the verge of exhaustion.

I was escorted to the hospital tents by the captain. I saw sixty sick men on blankets, lying on the damp ground. A six inch ridge of dirt had been thrown up around the edge of each tent to hold back the water. None had cots, none had mosquito netting. There was not even flooring.

Twenty feet away there was a row of officers tents. All of them had wooden floors; all of them had cots; some of them had camp chairs and tables. Most of them had been encased in protective structures covered with wire fly screening. Almost all the cots were covered with mosquito netting.

"Why are these sick men lying on the ground, Captain" I asked.

"This is a field hospital" replied the Captain, "it isn't a base hospital. The regulations are that a field hospital shall be so lightly equipped that it can move at anytime. We are sticking to the regulations. It we had cots we could not be able to carry them on the eight wagons alloted us."

We moved into a smaller tent. On the low stretcher on the ground was a wasted figure. A regular, slight jerking of the head indicated the feeble gasp for breath, by which the patient was making his fight against his real personal enemy, death.

"He has been unconscious five days," said the captain. "He has a severe attack of pneumonia. He is making a hard fight for life, but we hardly think he can make it. We could take care of him better back in the base hospital, but we don't dare to move him."

Then I learned that not a day passed that eight or ten New York boys are sent back almost 300 miles over a single track conjested railway line to the base hospital at San Antonio.

Lest some may not be able to come to a satisfactory conclusion why I am here during my summer vacation, I might state that I am here not because I love war, but because I favor peace. I am here to study the conditions carefully and thereby get a personal knowledge of our army and the Mexican situation. By being here I want to help someone nearer the Divine, and by this preparatory experience make myself more efficient for my life's work.

Greetings to all,

Sincerely,
J. C. BRENNINGER.

G. Semmes Hamill, Jr., Solicitor.

SHERIFF'S SALE
OF
Valuable Coal
and other Mineral Substances
Situate in Garrett County Marvland, as well as an
Estate in Fee.

Under and by virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of the Circuit Court for Garrett county, Maryland, at the suit of The First National Bank of Trenton, New Jersey, against the Meadow Mountain Coal and Coke Company, the same being No. 14 Judicials to the September Term of the Circuit Court for Garrett county, 1916, I Albert Ashby, Sheriff of said Garrett county, do hereby give notice that I will on

TUESDAY
the 12th day of September, 1916,

at the hour of eleven o'clock A. M. of said day, in front of the Court House in the town of Oakland, Maryland, offer at public auction to the highest bidder all of the following property, mineral and mineral rights:

1st. All those veins or seams of coal and stratas of coal underlying those certain tracts of land situate, lying and being in Garrett county, which said tract of land is known and designated as "The Cunningham Lands" containing about 5000 acres, and "The Maynadier Lands" containing about 1300 acres, and also an estate in fee of 100 acres of the said "Maynadier Lands," and being the same coal and coal rights and land which was conveyed to the Meadow Mountain Coal and Coke Company by deed from William J. Blackwell, Trustee, dated the 3rd day of April, in the year 1902, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 40, folio 522, etc., one of the Land Records of Garrett county, Maryland.

2nd. All the coal, oil, gas, minerals and mineral substances, either solid or liquid, in, upon and under all those lots situate, lying and being in Bittinger District, Garrett county, which are known as Military Lots Number 2334, 2335, 2399 and 2400, containing in all 200 acres and being the same coal, oil, gas and minerals and mineral substances which were conveyed to the said Meadow Mountain Coal and Coke Company by deed from William A. Morgart and Rose Morgart, his wife, dated the 19th day of April, 1902, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 42, folio 376, etc., one of the Land Records of Garrett county.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on the day of sale.

ALBERT ASHBY,
Sheriff of Garrett County.

ORDER NISI.

No. 2071 Equity In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.
Coudersport Trust Company, vs. The Waitman Smokeless Coal Company.

Ordered, this 16th day of August in the year 1916 by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in Equity, that the sale made and reported in the above cause by the Coudersport Trust Co., Trustee named in the mortgage, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 15th day of September, 1916; provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Garrett County, once a week for three successive weeks before the 4th day of September, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $6,000.00.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

SAXON "SIX"
big touring car for five people
ASK FOR DEMONSTRATION.
Call at Liller's Barber Shop or Kelly's Livery
LILLER & KELLY, Agents.
Oakland, Maryland.

The Lutheran Church

SECOND STREET, OAKLAND

Sunday School, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

B. H. SINCELL, Superintendent.

Men's Brotherhood Class, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

O. A. BREMER, Teacher.

All the men not attending Sunday School elsewhere are cordially invited to join this class and to have a part in the study and discussion of the lesson.

Morning Worship, 10.45 o'Clock.

Luther League, 7.00 o'Clock P. M.

Topic—"Unutilized Forces in the Church."
Leader—MISS ROSE PAULIE.

On next Sunday evening, August 20th, at 7:30 o'clock, Miss Jessie Brewer, a returned missionary from India, and Miss Sophie Hoffmeister, President of the Woman's Home and Foreign Missionary Society of the West Virginia Synod will speak in the Lutheran church on the subject of Missions.

All friends of the church and those without a permanent church home are invited to worship with us.

O. A. BREMER, Pastor.

—The above was prepared by the pastor and the advertisement is authorized and paid for by one interested in church work.

The Republican---The Leading Paper

FOUNDED 1888

THE GARRETT NATIONAL BANK

FOUNDED 1888

OF OAKLAND, MARYLAND

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, - - $115,0000.0

THE highly developed facilities of this Bank resulting from 28 years of careful and conservative management together with prompt, efficient and courteous service, are offered as the basis for a satisfactory business connection.

OFFICERS

G. S. HAMILL, President. **D. E. OFFUTT, Jr., Vice President.**
G. A. FRALEY, Cashier. **H. L. JONES, Assistant Cashier.**

DIRECTORS

GILMOR S. HAMILL, JOHN T. MITCHELL, DANIEL E. OFFUTT, Jr.
JOSEPH E. HARNED. GEORGE A. FRALEY, HARLAND L. JONES. CHAS. S. DAVIS

Interest paid on Time Deposits. Safety Deposit Boxes for Rent.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PROM[illegible]CE

Open Plumbing

Let us replace that old-fashioned plumbing with new up-to-date open plumbing.
We do overhauling and refitting thoroughly.
Let us provide you with the comforts of a modern home.

Good Work at Fair Prices, Let us Estimate on Your Next.

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.
Registered.
Plumbing, Steam and Hot Water Heating.
Oakland, Md.

"Naylor has it and sells it for less."

BOTH PHONES EASY TERMS

D. E. BOLDEN

Furniture Dealer and Funeral Director

HAVING moved my furniture business to the Manhattan Hotel store room, I am prepared to serve the public to the best of my ability, having now in stock the finest line of Furniture ever brought to the city and which I offer as cheap as it can be bought in the wholesale markets.

All I ask is a chance to name you prices.

My stock is complete in every detail, and which consists of Furniture, Carpets, Mattings, Window Shades, Bedding of all kinds, large and small Rugs—in fact everything with which to furnish a house from cellar to attic.

I am also prepared to give estimates on Buildings and repair work—from a pig pen to a palace.

Call and see me: I will treat you fair and square.

Thanking the public for past favors and soliciting a continuance of the same, I remain,

Yours respectfully,

D. E. BOLDEN

Store For Sale

Owing to other business demanding my attention, I offer for sale my stock of Shoes, Clothing and Furnishings.

This is one of the best business propositions in Oakland, and will be sold at very much less than value if taken before September 1.

In the meantime I will sell clothing and many other articles at greatly reduced prices. It will pay you to investigate.

Yours truly,

E. A. WEIMER.

Oakland, Md.

FOR SALE—Two cows. Apply to Miss Griffin, Deer Park, Md. Adv. 24-3t

Misses Mary and Florence Flaningan spent Sunday and Monday in Fairmont, West Va.

Mrs. James Sweeney, of Baltimore, is here for a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John W. Hart.

Miss Josephine Grimes, of Pittsburgh, Pa., arrived in Oakland Saturday night and is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Sincell.

Mrs. R. M. Ramsey, of Newport, Pa., spent Sunday and Monday in Oakland as the guest of Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Jackson.

For Sale—A full blood Poland China male hog. Apply to or address E. J. Petersheim, R. D. 2, Oakland, Md.
Advertisement. 2t5 times

Mrs. H. P. Stuck left Oakland last Saturday afternoon for a visit to her parents at Point of Rocks, Md., where her mother is ill.

Misses Cecelia and Helen Hart returned home Friday night from an extended visit to relatives and friends in Baltimore and Washington.

Mrs. James Manor and daughter of Brunswick, Md., are visiting Mrs. Manor's brother, Mrs. A. D. Naylor, and family in Oakland.

Misses Elsie and Emma Weahns, of Baltimore, who were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Naylor, returned to their home Monday evening.

Mr. Russell L. Hubbard, of Philadelphia, who is occupying the summer residence of Dr. John K. Mitchell at Deer Park this summer, spent Tuesday morning in Oakland on business.

Mrs. T. S. Clagget, of Hagerstown, accompanied by her two daughters, Julia and Jane, are in Oakland as guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wade H. Hinebaugh at their home on Second street.

Mrs. Harvey Straight and son Albert, returned to Oakland Tuesday from Akron, Ohio, where they had been for several months.

Mr. and Mrs. George A. Walls, of Kingwood, West Va., accompanied by Mrs. Letitia Burlingham, of New London, Conn., spent last Friday in Oakland as guests of Mrs. Benj. H. Sincell.

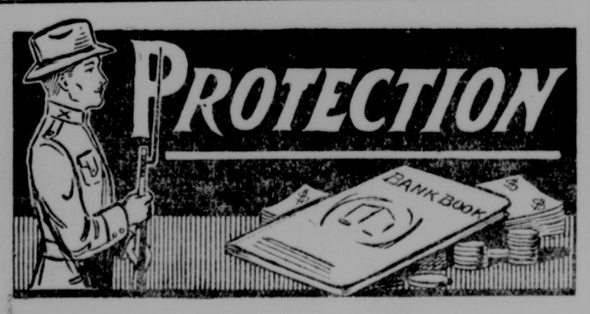
Mr. Ed. Offutt left Oakland Saturday night for Wilkes-Barre, Pa., from which point he motored through to Oakland with Mr. W. R. Stull in the latter's automobile, arriving here yesterday morning.

While the price of wheat is soaring many Frederick farmers are unable to get their crops threshed. Much of the yield is still in the fields, scattered so that the shocks can dry, the heavy rains having prevented its being hauled into barns.

Mrs. E. Manges, of York, Pa., who was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. N. B. Browning in Oakland for a week, returned to her home Monday night, being accompanied by her daughter, Mrs. Edward Swartz and by Mr. Swartz, who arrived here Saturday morning.

Mrs. Leslie E. King and three little daughters, who have spent several weeks in Oakland the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Bolden, returned to her home in Fairmont, W. Va., on Wednesday. She was accompanied home by Miss Dora Brown, who will be her guest for several days.

Mrs. G. W. Legge, who was on an extended visit to her former home at Reynoldsville, Pa., returned home Saturday afternoon, accompanied by her mother, Mrs. Frances D. Smith. Mrs. Legge and Mrs. Smith came by train as far as Uniontown, Pa., where they were met by Mr. Legge in his automobile and brought from that point to Oakland.



Nothing else so thoroughly insures happiness in the home as the knowledge that you have, laid aside in the bank, a fund for the future, to care for any emergency that may arise.

For the Protection of your home

start such a fund at this bank

Today.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OAKLAND - MARYLAND

Mrs. Albert G. Ross is on a visit to relatives in and near Swanton.

Merchant W. A. Smith, of Hoyes, was in the city on business Tuesday.

Mr. George Little, of Oakland, spent Sunday afternoon and evening in Cumberland.

Miss Theresa Welling, of Oakland, spent Sunday with friends in Westernport, Md.

Big Time at Kitzmiller Chautauqua August 19, 21 and 22d. Adv.

Dr. R. B. Ward is now located near Cleveland, Ohio, where he is engaged in special evangelistic work.

Dr. A. B. Mason, of Friendsville, was the guest on Tuesday of his daughter, Mrs. J. C. Kendall, near town.

Dr. and Mrs. W. H. Metcalf, of Marietta, Ohio, are in Oakland visiting Mrs. Metcalf's sister, Mrs. R. B. Ward.

Mr. D. S. Custer, of Friendsville, accompanied by members of his family, spent several hours in Oakland on business Saturday.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Messrs. H. P. Stuck and Walter Hardesty, Baltimore and Ohio agents in Oakland, spent last Saturday evening in Cumberland.

Miss Grace Falkenstein, of this office, who has been quite ill for more than two weeks, resumed her duties yesterday afternoon.

Dr. Fleming Howell returned to his home in Oakland Tuesday night from a business visit of several days to Clarksburg, West Va.

Mrs. W. L. Thomas and daughter Mary returned to their home in Oakland Saturday after a visit of a week or more to relatives at Tunnelton.

Mr. B. H. Wiley returned from Baltimore Monday night after having completed a course in Johns Hopkins University summer school.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Swan and Miss Mary Swan, all of Milwaukee, Wis., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Weber at their home near Oakland.

Everybody going to Kitzmiller Aug. 19, 21 and 22. Booster Club Chautauqua. Adv.

Former Senator W. McCulloh Brown, accompanied by his sister, Miss Elizabeth Brown, drove to Oakland Tuesday from their home and spent the day here.

Former Governor A. Brooks Fleming, of Clarksburg, spent Tuesday and yesterday in Oakland and at Deer Park, having motored through from his home Tuesday.

Just received at McIntire's Hardware Store, a car load of Paroid Roofing to sell at the right price.
Advertisement.

Mr. J. M. Stanton returned home yesterday morning from near Howesville, West Va., where he had gone Monday with his family and established a camp for a week or ten days.

All members of Garrett Council No. 35, Jr. O. U. A. M. are requested to be present at the next meeting on Tuesday evening, August 22d, at 8 o'clock as very important business will come before the order.

FOR SALE—Gaited riding horse; a child can ride or drive. Apply to A. H. King, Deer Park, Md. Adv. 24-2t.

The first tank car of many that will be used in oiling the state roads in this vicinity was placed in the local freight yards here yesterday and the actual work of spreading the oil will proceed in a few days.

To stay away from Kitzmiller, Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, August 19, 21 and 22. You lose. Adv.

Miss Edna Shank, who is visiting her sisters at Confluence, Pa., accompanied an automobile party from Confluence to Oakland last Sunday and spent the day here with her parents, returning to Confluence the same evening.

Mr. H. L. Bowman and family, of Keyser, W. Va., who were on a visit of a few days to Mrs. Bowman's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John H. Sanders, near Gortner, returned to their home at Keyser yesterday afternoon.

Chief Judge A. Hunter Boyd, of Cumberland, was in Oakland Tuesday when he heard argument on two questions, one concerning a bankruptcy proceeding and the other with reference to an attachment against the management of the Loch Lynn Heights hotel. The Court withheld his decision in both cases.

Mr. Leo J. Rasche, son of Mrs. K. R. Rasche and brother of Editor H. A. Rasche of the Mountain Democrat of Oakland, who has been traveling in the south for the past year or more, has written a friend that he is now swinging across the country from Alabama to El Paso, Texas, and expects to be in the trouble zone for some months.

An unpaid Democratic campaign note for $3000 dated August 13, 1909, has been filed with the Register of Wills in Bel Air against the estate of the late Murray Vandiver by the National Bank of Snow Hill, Md. The note was given to meet the deficit in the Democratic campaign of 1909, when General Vandiver was chairman of the State Central Committee, says the Havre de Grace Ledger.

Miss Jessie Brewer, a Lutheran missionary, who has been doing active work at Guntur, India, for the past fourteen years, has recently returned to the homeland and will be in Oakland next Saturday and on Sunday night will address the missionary society of the local Lutheran congregation in the church at 7:30 o'clock. Mrs. Hoffmeister, who is president of the West Virginia Synod Missionary Society, will also be present on Sunday night and deliver an address.

The alarming shortage of print paper is making it difficult for many newspaper corporations to continue business. In many cities there is talk of consolidating two or more plants to reduce working forces and expenses. In the job printing end of the trade the high cost of the finer grades of paper, used for correspondence as well as for advertising purposes, is cutting down orders from a large number of business houses and manufacturers.

Seldom has Anne Arundel county jail had such a full house as at the present time. There are 37 prisoners in the jail. There are more colored than white prisoners and many more male than female prisoners. It costs the county on an average of 30 cents a prisoner per day to feed them. Some are only in jail for 30 days, while others are held for the October term of court. It approximately costs the county $300 per month to feed the prisoners, says the Annapolis Evening Capitol. Sheriff Sullivan believes in giving the prisoners meat once a day and substantial food, well cooked. The sheriff is a humane man, and he also believes in giving the prisoners ice water, paying for the ice out of his own salary if necessary.

The star reporter for the Cumberland papers concerning weather conditions in Garrett county has broken loose again. Hear him: "Railroaders arriving here this morning from the west end of the Cumberland division, Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, say that the temperature last night and early this morning dropped to 30 degrees at Altamont, Deer Park, Terra Alta and Oakland. The frost, they added, was so thick that it resembled a light fall of snow. No serious damage to crops was reported. A thermometer in the central part of Cumberland registered 43 degrees last night." The above was printed in Monday's Times. The lowest reading of the mercury here was 42 degrees, so Cumberland does not have very much on Oakland.

LOST—On the road between Jennings and Grantsville, Monday, a blue serge coat, with the initials "C. A. D." on the inside of the garment. Finder please notify or return to the undersigned and receive reward. George A. DeWitt, Deer Park, Md. Adv.

Mrs. Frick Operated On.

Mrs. James Swan Frick, who has been at her summer home at Deer Park since early in the spring, returned to Baltimore on Saturday and was operated on that day at Dr. Howard A. Kelly's sanatorium. She will remain in the hospital several weeks, though her physicians and husband say she is not dangerously ill. Mr. Frick returned to Baltimore with Mrs. Frick in the private car of A. W. Thompson, vice president of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.

Married.

ROSS—ROH—In a recent issue of a Piqua (Ohio) paper the announcement of the wedding of one of Oakland's young men in the person of Mr. Frank Ross, son of Mr. Albert G. Ross, of Oakland, was made as follows:

Miss Rosalie Roh and Mr. Frank Ross of Shawnee were married this afternoon in Troy, the ceremony being performed by Rev. R. A. Dunaway of Troy. Mr. Ross is employed in the composing room of the Piqua Daily Call.

RUSSIANS SMASH 280-MILE FRONT

Entire Line of Fortifications From Rumania to the Pripet Marshes in Czar's Hands

ARMY IN GALICIA IN FLIGHT

Petrograd.—All along a strongly fortified front of 280 miles, extending from the Rumanian border to the Pripet marshes, which the Austro-Germans erected last winter, the Russian armies have occupied the main Teutonic positions before Tarnopol and Duczacz and the entire line of the River Stripa. Here they captured six strongly fortified villages.

The troops that made the new gains in the Tarnopol-Buczacz sector were commanded by Gen. Garbachiev and Sakharoff. They took the villages of Gliadki, Voroblevsk, Cabrof, Czena and Pokropivna, all strongly fortified, and then, forcing their way with great bravery through the Burkanow forest which the Germans had fortified to protest Kosloff, took that village by storm. Kosloff is southwest of Tarnopol.

The entire line along the River Stripa, which runs from northwest of Tarnopol south to the Dniester beyond Buczacz, met the same fate.

While the drive for Halicz to the south goes on one of the gains in the new offensive in the centre also threatens this important railroad junction on the Dniesiter, considered the key to the Lemberg defenses.

In the centre offensive the Russians crossed the Koropico river in the region north of Buczacz. This advance adds to the peril of the Halicz position, which is almost directly west from the point of crossing. The Russians captured Slobudkagurna and Folvarki.

To the south also Gen. Lechitsky, who took Stanislau, is pushing the Austrian retreat toward Halicz, which is the present objective. Here his troops are crossing the two branches of the Bystritza river to the south.

STANISLAU IN HANDS OF CZAR.

London.—A further series of surprising successes by the armies of Generals Sakharoff and Letchitzky were announced by the Russians. The most important of these successes were the capture of the important railway junction and town of Stanislau; the definite occupation of Monasterzyska and the seizure of important positions on the Zlota Lipa line. Coupled with these victories was the capture of many thousands of prisoners, especially on the right bank of the Sereth, where the prisoners taken number 5,000.

The Germans appeared to regard the Kovel-Lemberg sector as the most critical on the eastern front and the appointment of Field Marshal von Hindenburg to the chief command undoubtedly had the effect of temporarily stemming the Russian advance on the northern section of the line. But Field Marshal von Hindenburg does not hold the controlling command over the troops guarding the southern approaches to Lemberg, where General Letchitzky, having taken Stanislau and being within striking distance of Halich, is rapidly completing his encirclement of the army of General Count von Bothmer. It cannot be long now before the fate of Lemberg is sealed, military observers believe.

It is reported that in their perplexity over the situations on the Italian and Galician fronts, the Austrians again have brought troops from Galicia to the Isonzo front in a desperate effort to save the situation there. Turkish troops having been sent to the Galician front to replace the Austrians.

Announcement that the Allied troops in Greece have begun their great drive aimed at clearing Germans, Austrians and Bulgars from Serbia was made. The first move in this offensive, making the fourth now in progress against the Central Empires, was the capture of the railroad station at Doiran, on the southeastern border of Serbia.

TO HEAR $102,000,000 SUIT

Full Bench of Massachusetts Court to Sit in New Haven Minority Case.

Boston.—The full bench of the State Supreme Court will be called upon again to determine the merits of the suit for recovery of $102,000,000 from former directors of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad for alleged improper expenditures between 1904 and 1909. Judge Crosby it was announced, has referred back to the full bench the bill and demurrers and special pleadings in the suit.

DEUTSCHLAND AN OCEAN WAVE

Streaked With White and Green Paint Submarine Eluded Allies.

Baltimore.—How a few daubs of streaky white and green paint endowed the submarine Deutschland with the magic of a chameleon as she dashed to sea; how like a reptile she swished through the ocean an invisible ship, and how very easily she was able to escape the exasperated Allies who had lain in wait for her, was described graphically by a man who witnessed the getaway on August 2.

ITALIANS TAKE GORIZIA FORT

Chief Positions on the Isonzo and Carso Fronts Reported Abandoned by Austrians

CAPTURE 10,000 PRISONERS

London.—The vigorous offensive of the Entente Allies on the French, Galician and Italian fronts is still being rewarded with important successes. In Austria the Italians have captured the city of Gorizia, twenty-two miles northwest of Trieste. In Galicia the Russians in quest of Lemberg have further carried out their endeavors toward the capture of Stanislau from the Austro-Germans, while in France the French and British forces in the Somme region have attacked and won additional points of vantage from the Germans.

The capture of Gorizia by the Italians seemingly is as important a gain by the Entente Allies as has yet been attained in their present synchronous offensive, the city being the door through which the Italians may now pass in an endeavor to carry out their long cherished idea of capturing Trieste, Austria's big seaport at the head of the Adriatic Sea.

In the fall of Gorizia, in which Rome says the Austrians were completely routed, the Italians inflicted heavy casualties on its defenders, took over 10,000 men prisoner and captured considerable quantities of war requisities.

The Russian General Letchitzkey has driven his wedge farther into the Austro-German line near Stanislau, capturing eight miles east of that important city, through which the railroad leads to Lemberg, the town of Tysmienitsa. Northeast of Tysmienitsa the Russians have crossed the right bank of the Koropice River and captured a number of important positions west of Velesnioup and southward along the Niziniоff Monasterzyka Railroad, making the Russian menace against Halicz greater. To the south of Tysmienitsa the Russian advance has reached to Stokovohela.

Berlin admits the retirement of the Austro-Germans behind the Niznioff Tysmienitsa-Ottynia line, but says that in the Carpathian region heights held by the Russians near Jablonitza and Vorocht and west of Taraov were captured by the Germans and that strong Russian attacks in the Delatyn district were repulsed.

The Italian offensive began on Aug. 4 and was directed mainly against two points, Pietra and Rossa, on a rocky ledge about two miles southeast of Monfalcone and a simultaneously attack extending from Montecosich to the rocky spurs above the valley of the Seltz.

CAMPAIGN BOOKS COST MORE.

Uncle Sam Advances Price to Managers Because of High Paper.

Washington.—Members of Congress have had the high cost of paper brought home to them in the higher cost of campaign literature printed by the Government. As a result interest is keen in the Federal Trade Board's inquiry into paper prices.

A substantial increase in the printing of speeches and documents has been announced by the Government printing office. Still greater increases are to follow and campaign managers are busy getting in orders. Representative Cantrill, chairman of the Democratic state campaign committee of Kentucky, was forced to stand an increase of $50 on an order of $300 in campaign literature printed at the Government office. This is an increase of 16 per cent.

Henry T. Brian, deputy public printer, said that the increased cost of printing speeches is due to exhaustion of supplies of paper used in reprinting speeches as campaign literature. The supply purchased under contract has been exhausted and new contracts are at higher prices.

PITH OF THE WAR NEWS

The Italians seem to have few obstacles before them in their drive to Trieste, the big Austrian seaport on the Adriatic.

With the Allied steamroller under way in the Balkans, the last link in the great offensive on all fronts is completed. Berlin, for the first time in weeks mentions the Balkans, reporting the repulse of attacks.

Despite the small gains on the western front, the Entente Allies have had another week of striking success with the Great Italian and Russian victories and the repulse of the Turkish attack in Egypt.

More than 5,000,000 prisoners, double the number of men engaged in any previous war that the world has known, now are confined in prison camps of the belligerent nations.

General Letchitzky's capture of Tysmienica, Galicia, seems to make almost certain the early fall of Stanislau and Halicz and to bring nearer the recapture of Lemberg.

Turkish troops captured from the Russians the Armenian towns of Bitlis and Mush.

Throughout the Allied countries Cadorna's victory at Goritza has made a great impression.

25,000 MILITIA TO BORDER

Ohio, Kentucky and Vermont to Join Units Already There

CALLED MATTER OF ROUTINE

War Department Describes Movement as Merely Completing Original Mobilization — Officially Stated No New Complications Impend

Washington.—Twenty-five thousand more State troops were ordered to the border by the War Department. All Kentucky, Ohio, and Vermont troops were ordered to move, and all departmental commanders were instructed to send troops as soon as equipped.

They comprise practically all the units included in the original mobilization order, but which were unable to leave because of lack of equipment or shortage of men. They will now go forward despite the fact that some of the regiments are still 300 or 400 men short.

The War Department describes the movement merely as the carrying out of the first order to its logical conclusion. The presence of the men is not required, it is asserted, and there are no international complications dictating the action. The formal announcement says the order is solely to relieve thousands of troops held in mobilization camps only because they lack recruits.

While it was doubted that General Funston authorized the publication of such a statement, army officers generally said the calling out of the remaining regiments of the Guard was due to the impending railroad strike. They declared the stopping of troop trains by a strike during a national emergency, while not actually prohibited by statutes, could be prevented by the Federal government on the fundamental and constitutional ground of state necessity.

The President, it was believed by legal authorities in the War Department, could compel the operations of trains for Federal purposes.

The following announcement was made:

"Commanding General, Central Department, has been directed to send Kentucky troops to the border as soon as they have been equipped and transportation can be obtained, and to see that special attention is given to getting Vermont troops to the border as soon as possible.

Commanding General, Central Department, has been directed to send Ohio troops to the border as soon as they are equipped and transportation can be obtained.

150 DIE IN BIG FLOOD.

Cloudburst Devastates Cabin Creek and Coal River Valleys.

Charleston, W. Va.—A cloudburst swept the Cabin Creek and Coal River Valleys spreading devastation through out the district.

Various reports estimated the loss of life at more than 100 persons. The property damage was placed at not less than $1,000,000.

Two companies of the Second Regiment, West Virginia National Guard encamped at Kanawha City, near here, were ordered to proceed to the flood zone with tents and supplies.

Local officials of the Virginian Power Company asserted that the loss of life perhaps would reach 150. Scores of houses have been swept down the two streams which, swollen by the heavy rains, overflowed their banks carrying everything before them.

More than thirty houses were counted passing one point in Cabin Creek. Many of the houses crashed into the piers of the Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad bridge and were demolished. A boy was seen on top of one of the houses. An effort to rescue him failed and he disappeared in the water.

WORLD'S NEWS IN CONDENSED FORM

WASHINGTON.—Chairman Edward N. Hurley, of the Federal Trade Commission, has gone to Chicago at the direction of the commission clothed with authority to institute a preliminary investigation into the sensational rise in the price of wheat.

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y.—Samuel Seabury of New York, Judge of the Court of Appeals, was the expressed choice of the unofficial Democratic State conference for the party for nomination for Governor.

NEW YORK.—Big milk companies began an aggressive campaign to raise the price of milk one cent a quart.

WASHINGTON.—The Sugreon-General of the United States Public Health Service sent out a call for a conference on infantile parlysis of all the State and Territorial health authorities to be held in Washington.

NEW YORK.—The public schools will not be opened September 11, as scheduled, because of the infantile paralysis epidemic. The date for ending the summer vacation has not been set, but it will probably be October 1.

NEW YORK.—Excitement and sensational developments that outclassed any since the war began marked trading in wheat.

No More Free Seeds

BY FREDERIC J. HASKIN

When the agricultural appropriation bill was voted out of committee this year it contained a curt and unapologetic amendment abolishing an old and esteemed political custom—the annual free distribution of garden seeds by members of congress to their constituents.

This custom, which originated in the early days of the republic, is now asserted to have degenerated into a mild sort of political graft of statesmen, and in the majority of cases, unwelcome to the constituents. At the beginning the practice was instituted by Benjamin Franklin who sent back various roots and seeds gathered in his visits to Europe, suggesting to Congress that they be distributed throughout the country for experimental propagation. In this way many valuable species of European plants were introduced into this country. Now, however, the collection and dissemination of rare species is carried on entirely by the Department of Agriculture through its representatives in Europe and through its experimental farms in this country. The seeds distributed under the congressional frank now include only such well established varieties as radishes, beans, peas, onions and tobacco; and nasturtiums, which may be found growing on almost every farm and in a great many back yards all over the country.

The members of Congress have nothing to do with the seeds other than passing the appropriation for their purchase and making out the lists of constituents to whom they are to be sent. They are bought by the Department of Agriculture upon the same system that other government supplies are bought. At the beginning of the year the department sends out lists of the vareties of seeds required for spring distribution to large wholesale firms both in this country and abroad, and the contract is awarded to the most satisfactory bidder. Certain stipulations are given concerning the standard of seeds desired, and they are supposed to meet the tests of the department scientists, but in handling such tremendous quantities of seeds these specifications are necessarily largely perfunctory. As a matter of fact a package of radishes is just as likely to contain lettuce, and instead of being the soft succulent variety naturally expected from such an expert as Uncle Sam it often turns out to be as thick a texture as cabbage.

Under these circumstances, the constituents are usually disappointed and pained, and instead of receiving the praise due a benevolent benefactor, the member of Congress is occasionally the victim of bitter vituperation. One congressman received a letter from a constituent, asking him please not to send him any more seeds if he desired his vote. The year before, he asserted, he had spent hours of perfectly good leisure planting congressional seeds in his garden only to have unexpected and undesirable plants grow. A few small frail radishes came up where he had thought he planted nasturtiums and sweet alysum grew in his parsley bed, while several packages of seeds which he had carefully watered and weeded never came up at all. This unpopularity of the seeds in many cases may have had its influence in urging the senators to abolish the practice.

It gives the average citizen, however, a pleasing sense of importance to receive mail, even if it be government seeds for which he really helps to pay, under the frank of his district congressman. This importance grows even larger when the next year the package of seeds is addressed to his wife. He points with pride to his bed of struggling petunias and explains with studied carelessness that these government specimens were presented to him by Smith or Jones of his district. The seeds may be actually a liability, but the distinction conferred upon the citizen, who knows very little about parlimentary procedure, is usually sufficient to bring forth a favorable vote.

This was much more so a few years ago than now. Today, even the most remote farmer is familiar with the congressional seed distribution and is aware that it is nothing but a form. In a great many instances, according to letters received by various members, the seeds are immediately thrown into the waste basket or given to the children to play with. One congressman who represented a district composed of mostly poor people, including farmers and men who work in the mines, placed an advertisement in every newspaper throughout the district stating that he had several thousand packages of garden seeds to send out, and asking those who desired them to write him a letter. Then he sent to every school teacher printed slips to be distributed among the school children, requesting those who wanted the seeds to write to their congressman. From these two sources of widespread advertisement the congressman received in all five thousand requests for seeds in answer to which he was able to send out 12½ per cent. of his total allotment.

A congressional prerogative of any kind, however, usually dies hard, and until the bill actually leaves the Capitol on its way to the President there is a chance that the amendment will be stricken off. In the debate which preceded the final voting of the Senate many senators insisted that the seeds were appreciated in all parts of the country and if only ten per cent. of the seeds were used, anyway, the distribution was justified.

It was then suggested that the matter be left entirely in the hands of the Department of Agriculture which would send seeds in answer to any request for them. Since the quantity of seeds required would be greatly reduced it might, therefore, be possible to buy better ones and to take more time to give explicit directions as to their growing. The money formerly wasted in inadequate radishes and lettuce could be sent for the introduction of a new and useful species. For example, occasionally in the past when the department of Agriculture had made successful experiments with some new specie it would send out a few packages to special sections of the country under the congressional distribution system. In this way, the durham wheat, which was discovered growing in Siberia, was sent into various sections of the West for experimental propagation, where it is now flourishing vigorously. Under the new system the department would specialize in this sort of distribution, sending the common varieties of seed only when special requests were made for them.

The expense of purchasing the seeds is a minor consideration as compared to bother and expense of carrying the thousands of packages through the mail. This year over eighty million packets of garden seeds, making sixteen million large packages, were carried by the postal service under congressional frank, which if bearing postage would have amounted to $320,000. Not only this, but every spring a large force of employees must be hired by the Bureau of Seed Distribution of the Department of Agriculture to assort and prepare the seeds and mail them to the lists of constituents. At this time national legislation is forgotten while the members of Congress play Santa Claus. Letters must accompany several of the packages and time and care must be exercised in making out the lists of persons to whom they are to go. Many congressmen who represent urban districts where garden seeds are useless for the reason that there is no ground in which to grow them, endeavor to exchange their supply with rural congressmen for something else. Now after many years the members of Congress have suddenly come to realize that their work is largely unnecessary and that their benevolence is not appreciated.

Thus the member of Congress has turned his newly acquired sense of economy upon himself and nobly sacrificed a time-honored perquisite. No longer is he to be the dispenser of zinnias and beets, sunflowers and oats. The constituent has at least reniged on planting any more congressional seeds unless passed by an expert board of censorship.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

Retribution.

The law of retribution is not so well understood or regarded as it ought to be. Many indeed do not seem to know that there is such a law in the divine government, though they know that in nature such a law is in force.

They would not expect to reap a crop of wheat by sowing cockle seed, nor barley from thistle seed. They expect to reap as they sow in nature, yet in morals ignore the law which is as inviolable as in nature. In spite of the testimony of inspiration, and regardless of the warning of God, they give the loose reign to passion and appetite, persuading themselves that they will reap a large harvest,—so they will, but it is always a bitter one—it is of the flesh.

We hear much of the mercy and compassion of God, of His willingness to forgive freely and to the utmost, that He has no pleasure in the death of any. It is pleasant to magnify His grace, but there are other attributes of the divine character which must not be ignored. The divine love is calculated to awaken love and gratitude in our souls. But we must not forget that there are other laws inwrought in our very constitution, the penalties of which are inseparable from our bodies and souls and which are as unchangable as the laws which govern the planets.

There are laws which the Most High will not interfere with, nay He cannot, without destroying the constitution of the universe which He has created and made immutable. This does not mean that in the exercise of mercy, He is not able and does not remit forms of punishment which He has connected with the violation of moral law. In the light of this law we can understand the force of the injunction, Let the wicked forsake his way and the unrighteous man his thoughts and let him return unto the Lord, and He will have mercy upon him. Here is a promise of redemption from all his former trangressions, yet attached to it is the threatening, "if he turn not He will whet His sword," indicating the nature of the punishment that will come upon him.

Retribution means paying back, and it refers to the causes and consequences of evil actions, and is tersely stated in the words of Job. "They that plow iniquity and sow wickedness, reap the same. Men may differ as to the nature and extent of this law is not a matter of speculation or theory, but of fact.

We cannot escape from these facts if we would, they meet us on every turn. Paul applies this law in his "whatsoever a man sows that shall he also reap."

We see the working of this law in all the channels of life.

No one is entirely independent. A child cannot live as a flower. It is subject to government and must yield or suffer. The authority of the parent though recognized and instructed by christianity was established by the Lord long before christianity was introduced, If it disobeys that law retribution follows. It may be more severe or equitable in some cases than in others. Let a child run away from home restraint, dose it escape retribution? Law still holds its way over him, though he thinks he is free. He longs for liberty so he joins the army where he thinks he can do as he please, but he finds rigid law is over him; or he runs off to sea, still there is a governing power less tolerable and gentle, but more decided than that of home. Let him resist that power and handcuffs or the gloom of the ship's prison bring him to his senses.

But if in defiance of law he seeks his coveted freedom by joining a company of pirates, is he free? Far from it. No where will you find law so rigorous or so merciless as among desperados, where there is no confidence in each others word, where might makes right. Place some Robison Crusoe on a lone island as its sole inhabitant and is he free from law? True there are no Bible, no public sentiment, no legislation but is there no law with penalties for breaking it? Suppose he is given to appetite and eats too much, burning fever, sleepless nights, racking pain, distressing sickness and agony are the penalty. Go where you will or under whatever circumstances you may be, you can't escape; a governing power implies rewards and punishments. There are laws of nature which cannot be ignored no matter what laws society may have or what its condition may be.

A man may be honest in his dealings and all that a member of society could be, but if under cover of secrecy he indulges every propensity of his nature he will find out the existence of a statue book other than that which is written with pen on paper.

Does one imagine that because he escapes prison or fine or the gallows he he is free from law?

Look at the boy who in a healthy condition of body plunges into the cold water—as he shakes like an aspen leaf and then burns with fever. He has come in contact with law and as usual the law gets the better of him.

A life of debauchery brings sorrow, wretchedness, suffering and premature death.

Intemperance leads to results that are evil and though no law can arrest or punish yet a stricter, juster law of divine retribution visits his course with disease, loss of respect and at last an ignominious grave. No retribution! Go to the hospital or ask any physician what they think of the existence and character of natural penalties.

A man may writhe in pain, but neither nurses nor surgeons can give him relief. They cannot say to law thus far shalt thou go and no farther.

He is suffering the penalty of broken law and all the remedies of the apothecary are of no avail.

Sin brings consequences which mercy may deplore, yet not remedy. There are laws connected with transgression and pain which even prayer is powerless to remedy, though it may move the hand that brings us pardon.

JOANNES.

The United States Public Health Service Asks—

DO YOU

Clean your teeth and then
Expectorate in the washbowl?
Omit lunch to reduce weight and then
Overeat at dinner?
Go to the country for health and then
Sleep with your windows shut tight?
Wonder why you have earache and then
Blow your nose with your mouth shut?

A Money Saving Chance For You.

Get rid of your old scrap iron, old rags, old gum shoes, copper and brass. We are paying best cash prices for same.

25c per hundred for iron; 50c per hundred for rags; 5c per lb. for rubber; from 5c to 10c per lb. for copper and brass.

We are located at the old Hamill house, opposite the electric light plant, Oakland, Md.

A. G. TARLO, Proprietor.

Adv. 16-5 months

For Sale.

Crooks Crest, comprising about twenty acres, improved by handsome house. Apply to the owner or any real estate agent. Mrs. E. Fundenberg, Oakland, Md. Adv. 12-tf

POINTED PARAGRAPHS FROM SPEECH OF ACCEPTANCE OF CHARLES E. HUGHES.

It is apparent that we are shockingly unprepared.

When we contemplate industrial and commercial conditions, we see that we are living in a fool's paradise.

Not only have we a host of resources short of war by which to enforce our just demands, but we shall never promote our peace by being stronger in words than in deeds.

We are neither deceived nor benumbed by abnormal conditions. We know that we are in a critical period, perhaps more critical than any period since the civil war.

The administration utterly failed to perform its obvious duty to secure protection for the lives and property of our citizens. It is not unworthy to slur those who made investments in Mexico in order to escape a condemnation for the nonperformance of this duty.

It is only through international co-operation giving a reasonable assurance of peace that we may hope for the limitation of armaments.

We have determined to cut out, root and branch, monopolistic practices, and we can do this without destroying enterprise or narrowing the scope of legitimate achievement.

We demand a simple, businesslike budget.

I believe it is only through a responsible budget, proposed by the executive, that we shall avoid financial waste.

We have had brave words in a series of notes, but, despite our protests, the lives of Americans have been destroyed.

WILSON FLEXIBILITY.

We do not see why there should have been any stir in the senate over the discovery that President Wilson has completely reversed himself in the matter of the proposed child labor law. Senator Borah was able to show that Mr. Wilson described this legislation in his "Constitutional Government" as unconstitutional, an "obviously absurd extravagance," carrying the congressional power to regulate commerce beyond the "utmost bounaries of reasonable and honest inference" and making it possible, if sustained, for congress to legislate over "every particular of the industrial organization and action of the country." That, we must confess, has also been the Evening Post's view. But the Evening Post and Senator Borah are old fogies, dating back to the time when it was the custom to have fixed beliefs and principles and stick to them. The senator has evidently not read Mr. Wilson's letter in explaining his change of front on the tariff commission—that it is only a narrow man, whose mind is stupidly closed to new ideas, who does not alter his opinions. By this test Mr. Wilson is obviously one of the broadest minded men this country has ever produced, for he has changed his mind to date on the initiative, referendum, recall, woman suffrage, the tariff commission, tariff for revenue only, a permanent diplomatic service beyond politics, the merit system in the civil service, the proper place of Tammany Hall in the scheme of the universe, child labor legislation, preparedness, Bryan, a continental army—but why continue? It is a long enough list to prove that Mr. Wilson's political views are not fossilized by any fear of inconsistency.—New York Evening Post.

ADEQUATE NATIONAL DEFENSE DEMANDED

We demand adequate national defense; adequate protection on both out western and eastern coasts. We demand thoroughness and efficiency in both arms of the service. It seems to be plain that our regular army is too small. We are too great a country to require of our citizens who are engaged in peaceful vocations the sort of military service to which they are now called. As well insist that our citizens in this metropolis be summoned to put out fires and police the streets. We do not count it inconsistent with our liberties, or with our democratic ideals, to have an adequate police force. With a population of nearly 100,000,000 we need to be surer of ourselves than to become alarmed at the prospect of having a regular army which can reasonably protect our border, and perform such other military service as may be required, in the absence of a grave emergency. I believe, further, that there should be not only a reasonable increase in the regular army, but that the first citizen reserve subject to call should be enlisted as a federal army and trained under federal authority.—From Mr. Hughes' Speech of Acceptance.

GRANTSVILLE.

Miss Ruth Keller entertained on Wednesday night by giving a dance at the Pavilion. The affair was in honor of her house guests, Miss Margaret Gailey from Cardiff, Md., Miss Mary Porter, Oakland, and Miss Helen Lichty, Meyersdale. There were about thirty guests present. Music was furnished by Emons Younkin. Punch was served during the evening.

Mrs. Fred. Livengood entertained on Friday night at the Broadwater farm in honor of her niece, Frances Bevans, whose fifteenth birthday it was. There were about fifty boys and girls present and a most delightful evening was spent in spite of the rain. Miss Frances received a number of handsome presents.

The M. E. Church held a lawn fete on Saturday night with icecream, cake, coffee and sandwiches for sale. The heavy rain made it necessary to carry the tables, etc., into the Sabbath school room, but the social was a success despite the weather, everything being sold. The proceeds are for church improvement.

A new gasoline tank has been installed in front of the Victoria hotel for the benefit of tourists and villagers. There is also a tank in front of J. J. Bender's store and one at the garage, so that travelers will find no scarcity of this commodity when traveling through here.

A number of our people went to the Salisbury Chautauqua for the day on the Sabbath, others attending during the week and enjoying the talent immensely.

Captain R. R. Sanner has come back from Oakland to remain here for the winter.

Misses Effie and Carrie Gingerich and Edna and Esther Bender spent Tuesday evening in Frostburg.

Miss Pearl Engle, of Frostburg, is a guest of her cousins, the Misses Gingerich, this week.

J. J. Bender, Misses Edna and Esther Bender and Effie Gingerich were Cumberland visitors, Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. William Schaefer have moved into the house belonging to John Englehart, part of which is rented by Mr. and Mrs. Howard Ringer.

Miss Bernadine Knecht spent the week-end with her cousin, Frances Bevans, returning to West Salisbury, Monday.

Miss Grace Reckner, from Confluence, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Wm. Schaefer.

Miss Ruth Keller and Margaret Gailey, accompanied Miss Mary Porter to Oakland, where they will be the guests of the latter for a few days.

Mrs. Archie Zimmerman, of Davis, spent a few days of last week at Confluence and Scottdale.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Miller and children, of Meyersdale, Mr. and Mrs. Willard and son, of Cumberland, Miss Sloan, of Lonaconing and Myron Maust, of Springs, were registered during the week at the National.

The following motor party from Connelisville and Scottdale spent last Thursday night at the hospitable farm house of Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Wisseman, near Grantsville: Mr. and Mrs. Wilbert Gordon and son, Raymond, Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Gordon and daughter, Mildred, Mr. and Mrs. Herman Walker and family, Dr. Hess and Miss Maud Shelly. The party were enroute to Baltimore and Washington.

Mrs. Charles Getty and daughter, Margaret, spent Tuesday with Mrs. Frank Davis, of Davis.

Dr. and Mrs. Beverly Briscoe and party from Markleysburg were in Grantsville, Sunday, guests of relatives.

Margaret Getty spent several days of last week with the little Misses Engle, of Englewood.

Bruce Bender has accepted a position as chauffeur for Mrs. Jennie Wilmoth of Meyersdale. The young man is both capable and conscientious and is admirably fitted to the position.

Mrs. Robert Gibson has been visiting Miss Maud Bevans the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Roeder and family of Cumberland were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Getty Sunday. Their daughter, Miss Esther Roeder, and her cousin, Miss Lucretto Parker, of Pittsburgh, are spending a few days at the Victoria hotel.

Charles O. Keller has gone to Wilmington, Delaware, where, in company with his brother, William, he will have employment at the Dupont powder mills.

J. O. Getty was a business visitor at Frostburg and Meyersdale last week.

Mrs. Poling from Davis is visiting friends in Confluence.

Mr. and Mrs. John Zehner and family and Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Bittinger and son were among those who attended the Frostburg Carnival last week.

Rev. E. E. Oney, Miss Lena Pritchard and Mrs. E. E. Haselbarth were Chautauqua boosters at this place, Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Davis were Pittsburgh visitors last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Swauger entertained at Sunday evening dinner the following guests: Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Williams, from Punxsutawney, Pa., Mr. and Mrs. Henry Swauger, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Swauger and family, and Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Swauger of Grantsville.

Mrs. Howard Ringer is spending a few days with her mother, Mrs. Griffith, of Guard, Md.

The old building formerly occupied as a meat shop was torn down this week.

A large number of Cumberland and Frostburg cars were in Grantsville, Sunday, as usual.

Miss Vilda Gingerich of Westernport is visiting her parents here.

THE SITUATION

—Lanning in Providence Bulletin.

SEED POTATOES INSPECTED

U. A. C. Expert and County Agent McGill Find Condion Favorable.

Prof. C. E. Temple, Plant Pathologist from Maryland State College of Agriculture, working in co-operation with County Agent John McGilland, the Western Maryland Seed Potato Growers Association has just finished the first inspection of the growing crop of seed potatoes in Garrett and Allegany counties. Prof. Temple states that he finds the fields remarkably free of disease and from mixture with other varities. They show the effect of good care, both as to "rogueing" or cleaning out of weak or diseased plants. The fields as a whole are in a splendid state of cultivation and there are few weeds in spite of the wet season. The bugs too have been kept off. All this taken together makes them show up fine. The vines look vigorous and thrifty and at present there is every prospect of a splendid yield of high quality of seed. If the growers take as much care to keep their fields free of disease and mixture until after the next inspection as they have up to the present time a very large percentage of the crop can be sold as certified seed.

Organizing the Growers into an association with the definite object of producing and marketing certified seed only has had much to do with the present excellent condition in which the fields were found. Also the prizes offered by the Citizens National Bank of Frostburg for the field showing the fewest diseased plants at the two inspections has created a friendly rivalry and competition among the growers. Only fields of members of the Association were inspected and out of the thirty or more visited only two or three failed to pass inspection.

Prof. Temple and County Agent McGill were much pleased with the marked improvement in the care of the fields in every way over last year.

Historical Relic On Exhibition.

Much attention has been attracted by the unique pair of pants which have been on display for the past week in the Hitchins Bros. Company's window. They are the property of Mrs. Carrie Coulehan, of Frostburg, and were worn by Thomas Johnson, Mrs. Coulehan's great great grandfather, who was the first Governor of Maryland under the State Constitution. Governor Johnson was a resident of Frederick. He was elected first constitutional governor of Maryland on February 10th, 1777. "During the panic created by Washington's retreat through New Jersey, the council of safety in Maryland called a special session of the legislature on the 5th of February, 1777, and placed Mr. Johnson in the chair as Governor. On the 21st of March, 1777, Mr. Johnson was inaugurated at Annapolis as Governor of the State; and at a session of the assembly which met on the 16th of June in the same year, he appeared in office as the chief executive officer of Maryland."—Dulany's "History of Maryland,"

Governor Johnson's brother received a grant of land from George Washington for military services rendered during the Revolutionary War, and he selected the land now known as the "Johnson Farm" on the National Pike, four miles west of Frostburg: Mr. Thomas Johnson, the present owner of the farm, is a descendant of this Mr. Johnson.—Frostburg Journal.

Supper, Lawn Fete and Bazaar.

Will be held by the Guild of St. Matthew's Episcopal church of Oakland Thursday, August 17th, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon on the lawn at the residence of Mr. J. L. Pollock, Second street. Fancy articles, ice cream and cake for sale. The supper will be 35 cents. Attractions for the children.

For Sale
On The Monthly Payment Plan
Pay Like Rent

You can buy the 3 room cottage, equipped with city water, sewer, inside toilet and gas, on the lot fronting 50 feet on Bartlett St. by 100 ft. deep, on the monthly payment plan on the same terms and conditions as thousands o homes are being secured every year through the Building and Loan Associations.

Or the 7-room house, with cellar, gas, city water, sewer, bath etc. on the lot 100 by 100 ft. at the corner of Center and Bartlett Sts.

If not sold these houses are for rent on very reasonable terms.

For particulars see
Paul B. Naylor or write to
U. G. Palmer, Verona, Pa.

BRISCOE

"The Best-liked Car in the Country"

There's Real Pride of Ownership in a Briscoe

BRISCOE POLICY

"To make the automobile value of a dollar greater under the Briscoe name than anywhere else in the industry. To build cars so good and so popularly priced that the verdict of users will be our best asset for future sales."

Benj Briscoe

Benjamin Briscoe's statement that beauty is not a matter of dollars and cents is definitely proven in the

BRISCOE Twenty-four *"The Latest Briscoe Beauty"* **$625** f. o. b. factory

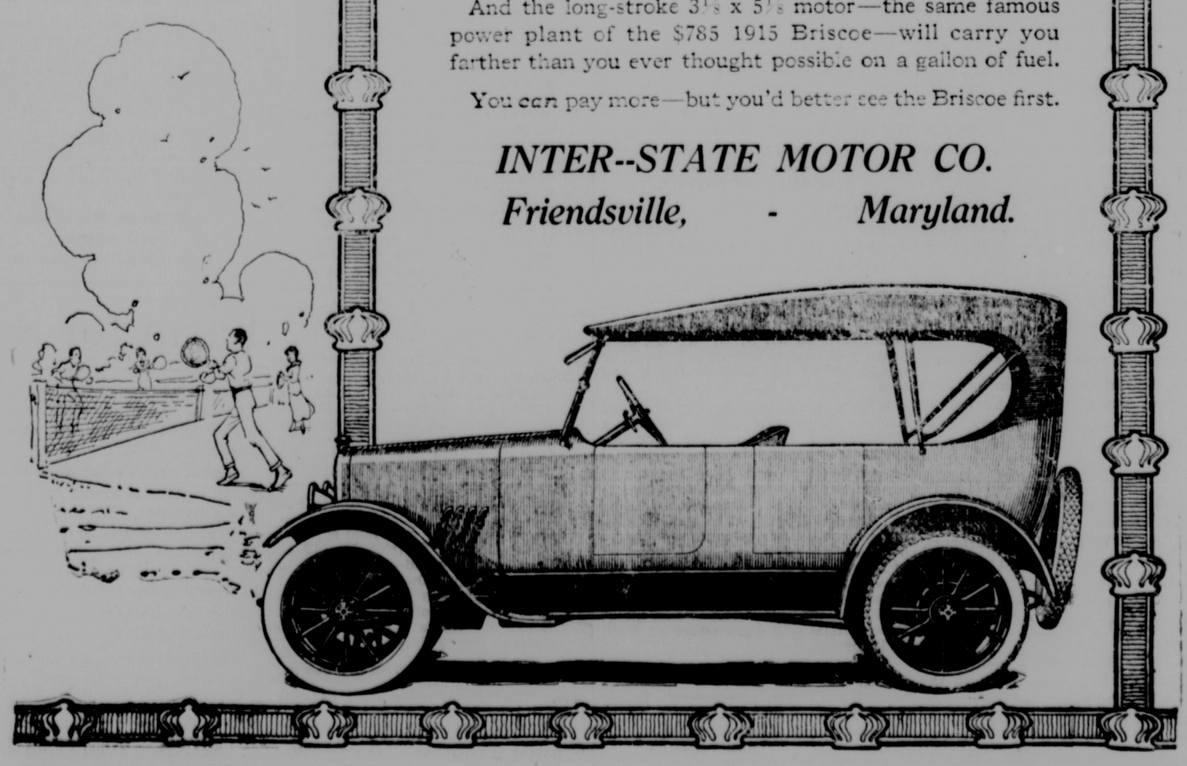
The unique—the artistic—the distinctive body—would grace any car at any price. You'll be proud to drive it—and the women-folks will be proud to ride in it.

Fully equipped, of course. Electric starting and lighting; real one-man top, tilted eye-saver windshield; demountable rims; electric horn; speedometer—there's nothing extra to buy but the gasoline.

And the long-stroke 3⅛ x 5½ motor—the same famous power plant of the $785 1915 Briscoe—will carry you farther than you ever thought possible on a gallon of fuel.

You *can* pay more—but you'd better see the Briscoe first.

INTER--STATE MOTOR CO.
Friendsville, - Maryland.



—Carter in New York Sun.

"Great Scott, Woodrow! I've Been Up In the Air Almost Four Years!"

ORGANIZATION OF MARYLAND HUGHES ALLIANCE.

Was Effected In Baltimore Last Wednesday Afternoon.

At a meeting held at the Hotel Emerson Wednesday afternoon, the organization of the Maryland Hughes Alliance was effected. This meeting was called by Mr. O. E. Weller at the request of Governor W. Cameron Forbes, President, and Captain Arthur F. Cosby, Secretary, of the National Hughes Alliance, which has its headquarters in New York. Similar Alliances are being formed in different States, under the direction of the National Hughes Alliance, and will be parts of that organization. The meeting was called to order by Mr. Weller, who stated at length the purposes and objects of the Alliance.

Mr. H. Webster Smith was elected temporary Secretary of the meetieg.

Mr. E. L. Norton, President of the Equitable Trust Company, nominated Mr. Weller as President of the Alliance. Mr. Weller declined the nomination, and explained that it would be impossible for him to serve in this capacity for the reason that, at the request of the Committee of United States Senators, appointed to endeavor to secure a Republican majority in the next United States Senate, he has recently agreed to accept the active management of that work for this Committee. Mr. Weller added that he very much regretted that he could not devote his time to the work of the Hughes Alliance in Maryland, and that he was fully in sympathy with its aims.

Mr. James A. Gary, Jr., was then unanimously elected President of the Alliance, upon motion of Mr. Robert S. Mooney, Vice-President of the Baltimore Commercial Bank. Mr. Gary, has been taking an active interest in Republican politics for some time, having been the President of the Young Men's Weller League in the campaign of 1915. He is the son of E. Stanley Gary of Baltimore City, and a grandson of former Postmaster-General James A. Gary.

Mr. Blanchard Randall was elected Treasurer of the Alliance upon motion of Mr. O. E. Weller.

The President was authorized to appoint a committee of six, including himself as a member ex-officio, to dratt a constitution and by-laws, to complete the organization of the Alliance and to formulate plans for the organization of such local Alliances as might be considered desirable.

Mr. Galen L. Tait, Chairman of the Republican State Central Committee, was present, and expressed his satisfaction at the organization of the Alliance, as he felt that it would prove a valuable adjunct to the work of the regular party Committees in the conduct of the coming campaign.

BITTINGER.

Do not fail to remember and attend the Sunday School picnic to be held in Ellithorp's Grove, in this village, next Saturday, August 19th, all day and evening.

Mrs. Michael Custer and Miss Sarah Jane Custer, of near Jennings, spent last week among friends here.

Miss Mary Wiley, of Westernport, Md., is spending her vacation with relatives at this place.

Rev. Clyde Broadwater spent part of last week attending the Chautauqua at Salisbury, Pa.

Mrs. Frederick Newland and family, of Pittsburg, Pa., are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Jonas Bittinger.

A number of young people from this village motored to Salisbury, Pa., during the sessions of the Chautauqua the past week.

Dewey R. Wiley and Earl Brenneman drove over to St. Paul, Pa., last Saturday, returning on Sunday evening.

Clean Hands.

Disease germs lead a hand to mouth existence. If the human race would learn to keep the unwashed hand away from the mouth many human diseases would be greatly diminished. We handle infectious matter more or less constantly and we continually carry the hands to the mouth. If the hand has recently been in contact with infectious matter the germs of disease may in this way be introduced into the body. Many persons wet their fingers with saliva before counting money, turning the pages of a book, or performing similar acts. In this case the process is reversed, the infection being carried to the object handled, there to await carriage to the mouth of some other careless person. In view of these facts the U. S. Public Health Service has formulated the following simple rules of personal hygiene and recommends their adoption by every person in the United States.

Wash the Hands Immediately
Before eating.
Before handling, preparing or serving food.
After using the toilet.
After handling anything dirty.

NORTH GLADE

Since last writing our esteemed friend and neighbor, Theodore Beckman, has passed away. Funeral services were held in the Methodist church. About five hundred persons were present.

Another funeral service was held in the same church last Sunday it being that of H. C. Hersman's youngest son, Rev. McCamic gave an impressive sermon on the occasion.

The young son of Joseph Beckman has been seriously ill for sometime. Mrs. Fitzwater, the grandmother, has been one of its nurses.

We are sorry to learn that Buckner Mason is still so critically ill.

Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Ferguson, of Fairmont, spent last week at G. W. Moon's.

Judge and Mrs. Harvey were guests of G. W. Moon and wife on Sunday, the 6th inst.

Mrs. A. G. Ross is visiting her mother, Mrs. Rhodes.

Wm. Enlow and J. L. Fitzwater were Sunday visitors here.

Rev. McCamic will preach for us Wednesday and Thursday evening of this week and on Friday evening he will give us a lecture, free; all invited.

Resolutions of Respect.

At a recent meeting of Garrett Council No. 35, Junior Order United American Mechanics of Oakland, the following preamble and resolutions in memory of the late Charles Liller were presented and adopted:

WHEREAS, The members of Garrett Council No. 35, Jr. O. U. A. M., have heard with sincere sorrow and regret of the death of our beloved friend and brother, Charles Liller; and

WHEREAS, In the untimely death of Brother Liller this lodge has lost a faithful and loyal member and his family a kind and indulgent husband and father; therefore, be it

Resolved by the officers and members of Garrett Council No. 35, Jr. O. U. A. M., That while we bow in humble submission to the Divine will, we deeply deplore this latest manifestation of of Providence and extend to the bereaved widow and children of our deceased brother our most sincere and heartfelt sympathy and would point them to Him who doeth all things well; be it further

Resolved, That these resolutions be spread upon the minutes of Garrett Council and a copy be sent to the family of our deceased brother.

E. G. NAYLOR,
FRED. COGLEY,
GEO. D. WHITE,
Committee on Resolutions.

AMERICA'S NEED.

In America we have had so much material prosperity, we have indulged ourselves in so much luxury, that we have lost the spiritual vision of our pilgrim fathers. I say this in full recognition of the magnificent beneficence of generous philanthropists and the noble work which has been done in uplifting the sinful and the unfortunate. But as a nation we need a new spiritual awakening. I speak only that which is in the minds of many thoughtful men, when I say that the greatest need of America today and its only antidote against the poison of Socialism is a great revival of religion which will turn the minds of men away from the consideration of these minor social evils to a contemplation of their relations with the Almighty.—Alba B. Johnson, President of New England Society of Philadelphia.

TAX SALE

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate

In Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of the power vested in the Treasurer of Garrett County, Maryland, by section 52 of Chapter 566, of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland for the year 1890, title "Garrett County," sub-title "County Treasurer," and as amended by the General Assembly of Maryland for the year 1898, Chapter 144, the undersigned late Treasurer in and for Garrett County, Maryland, will, on

FRIDAY,

the 8th day of September 1916,

at 10 o'clock a. m. at the front door of the Court House in the town of Oakland, Garrett county, Md., offer and sell at public auction to the highest bidder all of the following pieces or parcels of land lying and being in Garrett County, Md., to wit:

No. 1—Part of a tract of land called "Alexander," containing 8 acres, and also part of a tract called "Republic," containing 25 acres, both of said tracts being described in a deed for the same from George W. McMillan, bearing date the 26th day of January, 1914, to Horace J. Green, which deed is duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 66, folio 291, one of the Land Records of Garrett county. Said parcels of land are located in Election District No. 11 of Garrett county and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Horace J. Green.

No. 2—All the surface and surface rights of ten acres of the tract called "Lochiel," located in Election District No. 9 of Garrett county, and being the same property described in a deed for the same from Simeon A. Green to Horace J. Green bearing date October 22, 1908, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 58, folio 217, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, said description by metes and bounds being as follows: Beginning for the same at the beginning of Lot No. 14 of the sub-division of the original tract called "Lochiel," and running thence North 20 degrees East, 41 perches, North 70 degrees West, 36 perches, South 20 degrees West, 41 perches, South 70 degrees East, 36 perches, to the beginning. Said land will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment books of said Garrett county in the name of Horace J. Green.

No. 3—Seventy-nine acres of land, located in Election District No. 12 of Garrett county, the same being a part of what is known as the Daniel Brenneman farm, and also being the same land which was conveyed by Christian Selders and Lizzie Selders, his wife, to Peter Opel by deed recorded in Liber W. H. T., No. 12, folio 273, one of the Land Records of Garrett county. Said land with the improvements thereon will be sold to pay and satisfy the balance of taxes for the year 1914 and the whole of the taxes of 1915 due and in arrear thereon as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Peter Opel.

No. 4—A part of the tract of land known and designated as the "Rights of Man," containing the quantity of 100 acres and being the same land which was conveyed by Wm. M. Lohr, then Treasurer of Garrett county, by deed bearing date the 18th day of April, 1902, to James Stark, said deed being of record in Liber E. Z. T., No. 44, folio 22, one of the Land Records of Garrett county. Said land is located in Election District No. 12 of Garrett county and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of James Stark.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on the day of sale. The right of redemption extends to six calendar months from day of sale by paying the amount of the purchase money with interest thereon at the rate of twenty per cent. per annum and all costs. Conveyancing at cost of purchaser.

C. A. BEACHY,
Late treasurer of Garrett County.

Notice to Taxpayers.

The municipal taxes of the town of Oakland are due and payable after July 1st of each year. On all taxes paid before September 1st, a discount of three per cent. is allowed and after that date and until January 1st tax bills are payable net and afte January 1st, they bear interest at the rat of six per cent.

Those who desire to avail themselves of the liberal discount allowed must settle during the present month.

JAS. D. HAMILL, Collector.

Adv. 25-2t

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters Testamentry on the estate of

OTTO FILSINGER

late of Garrett County, Md., deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 17th day of February, 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 17th day of August, 1916.

E. R. JONES,
Executor,
Oakland, Md.

The man Who Makes A STUDY OF HIS APPEARANCE

Is the man who best appreciates the detail of the tailoring we turn out The workmanship passes without a question, the fit is naturally a matter of course, but the shape we mould into the garments give them a character that finishes them off and makes the satisfaction of the owner complete.

All this is a bid for your next tailoring order. We know we can make you the best clothes you ever wore We want you to know it. That orde s the best and only sure way to settle he question.

JAMES BROCK,
Dixon Building,
Oakland, Maryland.

Farm for Sale

Containing two hundred and seventy-six acres. About 175 acres cleared and in good cultivation and the balance in timber.

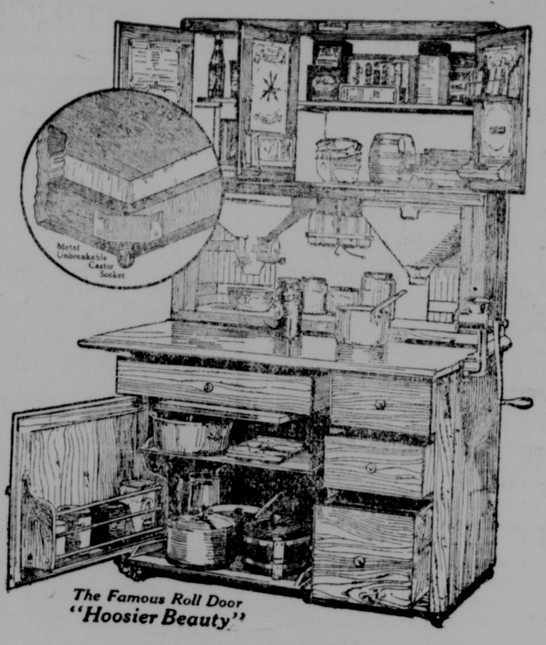
Located twelve miles west of Lonaconing in Garrett county in the Fairview settlement. With seven or eight never failing springs on it. One dwelling house containing seven rooms and a good cellar; bank barn 40 x 60 feet and all other necessary outbuildings.

Good apple orchard of about 200 bearing trees and all other kinds of fruits.

If not sold prior to January 1st, 1917, the property will be for rent.

For any other information call on or address the undersigned.

JONAS WEITZELL,
Lonaconing, Md.



The Famous Roll Door "Hoosier Beauty"

WE have in stock the famous HOOSIER KITCHEN CABINET at a price within your reach:

$21.00, $27.00 and $34.00

$1.00 down; balance $1.00 per week

The safest and surest plan is to order now. You take no risk. We guarantee to refund every cent if you are not delighted with the Hoosier.

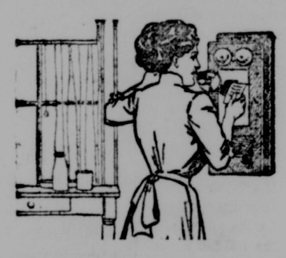
CALL AND SEE OUR LINE.

Gold Medal Winner Panama-Pacific Exposition San Francisco 1915

McIntire's Hardware Store
Oakland, Maryland.

The Fairmont Fair

Fairmont, W. Va., Aug. 21 to 25



Somebody Wants to Talk with You

Are you depriving your friends of the pleasure of talking with you? Many of them have telephones and would like to call you up. Can they reach you by telephone?

Telephone service is reasonable in cost and you owe it to yourself and to your friends to have it installed.

Ask our local manager.

THE CHESAPEAKE AND POTOMAC TELEPHONE COMPANY
J. BROOKE BOYLE, Local Manager
Tel. 9000 10 Union St., Cumberland

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF COTTAGE

At Mountain Lake Park, Garrett County, Md.

Belonging to the Estate of the late Thomas Ireland Elliott.

The undersigned Trustee, in order to close the estate of the late Judge Thomas Ireland Elliott, will sell at Public Auction in front of the Office of the Mountain Lake Park Association on

SATURDAY
August 19th, 1916

at 2 o'clock p. m., his cottage on I St. containing large living room, dining room, pantry, kitchen, three bed rooms and bath, and servants' quarters, lot 100' x 130' in fee and known as lots 1014 and 1016.

Terms of sale: One-half cash in 30 days, balance in mortgage for one or two years with interest, or all cash at option of the purchaser. Deposit of $100 required at sale. Expenses adjusted to date of transfer.

SAFE DEPOSIT & TRUST COMPANY of Baltimore, Trustee, 13 South St.

Subscribe for The Republican.

Notice to the Public

The undersigned has bought out the general store of Mr. J. S. Clary at Deer Park, Md., and will continue the business in the same building and in the same manner in which it has been conducted, and extends to the public generally a cordial invitation to call, get prices and see if we cannot do business.

Remember that satisfaction is guaranteed in every transaction.

Thanking you in advance.

I am very truly,
W. B. MILLER. for

LEON

Will make the season of 1916 as follows, beginning May 13th:

On Saturday of each week at the Mill Stable of Andrew W. Helbig in Oakland. Other days at my home.

After July 15, terms will be $10.

D. J. SWARTZENTRUBER.

THE REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME 41. OAKLAND, MARYLAND THURSDAY, AUGUST 24, 1916. NUMBER 26

TALIAN ARRESTED FOR CARRYING LIQUOR

Steve Torento Held Up By Sheriff Ashby Saturday, but Was Released on Bail.

Steve Torento, an Italian who has been charged in the Garrett county courts and found guilty upon several occasions of illegally selling liquor, was caught at Thayerville Saturday by Sheriff Ashby and brought into Oakland upon the charge of violating the local option law.

Under the law enacted last winter one is allowed to bring into the county at one time not more than a quart of ardent spirits. The officials here were tipped off by telephone that the Italian was on his way to West Virginia with a cargo of beer and whiskey, having procured the same at a point in Allegany county, bringing it overland by way of the Pike enroute to Thomas, West Va.

Going down the State road to Thayerville Sheriff Ashby awaited his man and when he hove in sight with his automobile, which was filled to the limit with 241 bottles of beer and 5 pints of liquor, he flagged him and the Italian being of a generous disposition very kindly gave the officer a ride into Oakland where he was taken before Justice West and a hearing was had. The State was represented by State's Attorney Jones while Torento had as his attorney Mr. W. R. Offutt. Upon hearing the evidence Torento was held under $200 bonds for his appearance at the December Term, which he gave and was released from custody, taking the wet goods with him.

Split Siding Cheap.

We have just received a car of Split Siding which we offer at a low price to those who place their orders immediately. H. W. Kahl & Sons, Oakland Planing Mills, Oakland, Md. Adv.

Miss Katie Lauer is on a visit to friends at Fairmont, W. Va.

WENT OVER MOUNTAIN SIDE

Charles H. Whetsell Had Narrow Escape When Truck Took Plunge.

Charles H. Whetsell, aged about twenty years, son of Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Whetsell of Oakland, who has been engaged for a few weeks driving a truck for his father at Piedmont, West Va., where the former is engaged in the bottling business, had an exceedingly narrow escape with his life on last Thursday afternoon when the machine he was driving left the road at a point about two miles east of Piedmont and plunged down the side of the mountain for a distance of upwards of ninety feet, damaging the truck to some extent and injuring the driver slightly.

Immediately after the accident occurred the boy was brought to Oakland and Dr. McComas was summoned who rendered surgical aid. While the patient was considerably bruised about the limbs and body he did not suffer any serious hurts and was about the streets Friday as usual.

In making the plunge over the mountain side eye witnesses state that the truck turned over several times and when it finally stopped young Whetsell was pinned beneath it, his arm having been caught and he was unable to release himself. Help arrived shortly afterward, however, and the truck was lifted from its position and the young man was taken to Piedmont, later in the day being brought to his home in Oakland.

Presbyterian Services.

In the local Presbyterian church next Sabbath morning there will be the regular preaching service by the pastor, Rev. Dr. Ely. On Wednesday evening of next week Rev. J. C. Ely. Jr., of Mifflintown, Pa., will deliver an illustrated reading on Ben Hur, using over sixty colored stereoptican slides. The lecture will be free and all are cordially invited to be present.

OAKLAND CASH BUYERS CO., —Pay cash for spring Pigs, Calves, Lambs, Chickens, Turkeys, Eggs, etc. L. W. HOPKINS, W. L. CASTEEL, J. W. DAVIS Adv. 10-tf

ODD FELLOWS PREPARE FOR MT. LAKE REUNION

Members of Fraternity to Gather On Mountain Crest From Three States.

Saturday, August 26, will be a banner day among the Odd Fellows of this section, and from West Virginia. It has been set apart as a grand reunion day and Mt. Lake Park, at the crest of the Allegany Mountains, has been chosen as the meeting place. Secretary A. T. White, of Mt. Lake Park, has notified Harry L. Smith and J. Milton Patterson, the local committeeman of Chosen Friends and Chapel Hill I. O. O. F. lodges respectively, that the three Mountain Lake Park hotels will provide ample accommodations for the thousands who will attend. Large numbers from this section will avail themselves of the splendid state roads to the mountain park, and arrange the day's outing as a motor trip. Boating on the lake, the beautiful mountain drives, band concerts, competitive drills, and addresses on Odd Fellowship are among the attractions provided for.

The train service is excellent. There will be two trains from Cumberland, the first train leaving the Queen City station at seven o'clock Saturday morning arriving at the park about two hours later, and a second train leaving there about nine o'clock. The second train will carry the Martinsburg crowd. There will be special trains from Parkersburg, Wheeling, Weston, Buckhannon, Grafton, and Morgantown, West Virginia. Week-end special excursions will also be conducted from Baltimore and Washington at special rates. Westernport, Keyser and Piedmont will turn out unusually large crowds, according to the last report received from W. H. Fredlock, local committeeman at Westernport.

John Cornwall, the Democratic candidate for Governor of West Virginia, will deliver an address on behalf of his native state, while Saul Praeger, of Cumberland, will address the reunion crowd on the "Spirit of Odd Fellowship in Maryland." The speaking will take place in the auditorium, where the Grand Master, I. O. O. F., A. J. Wilkinson, of West Virginia, will preside.

Special committees have been appointed by both local I. O. O. F. lodges and are very active in promoting the coming reunion.

Newspapers Cut Size.

The action of New York newspaper publishers in decreasing the number of pages in order to conserve the stock of news print, has been followed by Philadelphia publishers. In New York 121 pages a week have been taken from the various papers, and in Philadelphia 80 pages have been deducted. The saving in the latter city is said to amount to more than 200 tons of paper a week. Publishers in other cities have already taken similar action, or are about to do so.

New Car of Buggies at A. D. Naylor & Co's. Adv.

NO COMPENSATION AFTER WORK IS DONE

Claims For Compensation For Accidental Deaths Void Holds Commission

In a decision just handed down the State Industrial Accident Commission laid down the general rule that an employer is not responsible for an accident, fatal or otherwise, occurring after the hours of employment. Hence claims for injuries before or after working hours are void.

The decision in question was rendered in the case of the dependent widow and children vs. the Kendall Lumber Company, of Garrett county. The claim was compensation for the death of James Shaffer, an employe of the lumber company, who, with a companion, was killed in November, 1915, while returning home after work hours. Shaffer had been in the employment of the company as a mill workman for about 10 years. He lived about three miles from the mill and for about five years before the accident which caused his death he and several other mill workmen living in the same vicinity traveled back and forth to their work each day on a hand car operated on the tracks of the company's railroad.

During a blinding storm and when about two and one-half miles from the mill, at about 15 minutes after 6 o'clock p. m., on the fatal day, the hand car collided with a locomotive drawing a log train, and James Shaffer and his father, who was also on the hand car, were killed, and the other two workmen were injured, though not seriously. The car used at the time of the accident had been purchased by James Shaffer and his father through the superintendent of the lumber company about a month before the accident. The lumber company consented to this use of its railroad tracks by these employes, but did not require it. The evidence shows that there were roads or ways leading to the mill from the homes of these men over which they could have traveled.

The commission quotes numerous authorities to sustain its decision in disallowing the claim.

Celebrated Golden Wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Swauger, of near Grantsville, celebrated their golden wedding at their home on Monday evening of this week, the celebration occurring at the home of their son Louis Swauger, one of the progressive farmers of the northern end of the county. Mr. and Mrs. Swauger are the parents of six sons and four daughters, most of whom, with their children, were present upon the happy occasion. Mr. Swauger is one of the few Civil War Veterans of Garrett county who still lives.

Attended Humbertson Funeral.

Among those who attended the funeral of Greenberry Humbertson at Frostburg Friday were: Mr. and Mrs. Herman Humbertson and granddaughters of Friendsville; Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Warn and daughters and son of Avilton.

MORE SPLENDID PRIZES OFFERED FOR THE FAIR

Garrett National Bank Interested In Progress of Garrett County Fair.

The Garrett National Bank of Oakland, Maryland, offer prizes for exhibits at the Garrett county Fair September 12th, 13th, 14th and 15th as follows:

For the best colt one year old and under two, of draft horse type, $10.00.

For the best calf, one year old or under, of beef class, $10.00.

For the largest variety of vegetables put up in pint and quart glass jars, $5.00.

In the vegetable list are included tomatoes, corn, beans, peas, sweet potatoes, rhubarb, etc.

This liberal offer of the Garrett National Bank should be an inducement to the farmers and the ladies of the home to make a special effort to be prize winners.

Ex-Marylanders' Picnic.

The Maryland people who live near Fredonia, Pa., held a very enjoyable reunion at Milton Folk's Saturday, Aug. 5th. Everything was fine except for a shower at noon and another at supper. Everyone had a splendid time and were wishing that their many Maryland friends could be with them to enjoy the great feed and reunion. The following persons were present: Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Folk, Mr. and Mrs. Norman Ringer, Lester Ringer, Misses Orpha, Edna and Vernie Ringer, Wm. Smith and family, A. H. Jordan and family, Mrs. Smouse, of Grantsville, Md., Mr. and Mrs. Sam Miller and son, Herbert, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Kramer and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Sam Spaun and Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Brown. They hope to make this an annual affair and hope to see many of their Maryland friends with them next year.—Meyersdale Republican.

Subscribe for The Republican.

ALLEGED BOOTLEGGERS CAUGHT AT DEER PARK

Two Colored Waiters of Deer Park Hotel In Oakland Jail.

Two alleged bootleggers, William Brown and John Langford, both colored, and employed as waiters at the Deer Park Hotel at Deer Park, were picked up Tuesday morning as they alighted from train No. 11 and brought to Oakland where they were held in jail until Tuesday noon upon the charge of bringing into the county an excessive supply of liquor.

Brown had twelve quarts while Langford went him a little better and had twelve and a half quarts. At the hearing before Justice West Tuesday both men testified that they had brought the liquor into the county for their personal use. State's Attorney Jones, who represented the State at the hearing, produced evidence tending to show that both men went to Westernport from two to three times a week and brought back with them liquor in violation of the law.

The prisoners were represented by Messrs. Renninger and Offutt. The two men were held under bond for their appearance and in default were remanded to jail for the action of the grand jury at the December term.

Yesterday Messrs. Offutt and Renninger, as attorneys for the alleged bootleggers, filed with Clerk Tower a petition for a writ of habeas corpus to release the men from jail. When the argument is made before the Court the local attorneys will attack the constitutionality of the Speicher law.

Operated on For Appendicitis.

Monday afternoon Playford Glotfelty, aged 11 years, son of Mr. Samuel Glotfelty, of near McHenry, was operated upon at the Home Sanatorium for appendicitis. The operation was very successful and the youthful patient is doing exceedingly well.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

D. M. Dixon & Co. just received 2 tons

Granulated Sugar

On which we will make a special price for quantity lots.

Have a large stock of

Mason and Easy Seal Fruit Jars

At attractive prices, also car

Stoneware

To sell 6 cents gallon

Still have some flour to sell below the wholesale market.

Will pay 25 cents, one half cash, for good fresh butter.

Can use chickens at a good price.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

C. H. BROWNING

Deer Park's Best Store

WANTED

Butter, Eggs and Young Chickens.

Will pay the highest price.

SPECIAL

Sugar 8 1-2 Cents Pound

Get right trade at Brownings.

Offutt's

We have a complete stock of

Furniture, Beds and Mattresses
Rugs, Mattings and Window Shades
Trunks and Bags
Clothing and Shoes
Staple and Fancy Groceries
Feed and Flour

We pay highest market prices for all produce.

OFFUTTS'

RUSSIANS PIERCE LEMBERG FORT

Infantry in Masses Is Hurled for 12 Hours Without Lull Against Austrian Defenses

GERMANS IN COUNTER ATTACK

London.—Russian troops are attacking heavily along the whole front of Gen. von Boehm-Ermolli's army before Lemberg.

For 12 hours, without a single lull, infantry has been hurled against the Austro-German positions between Paraplinska and Piniski, according to the official Vienna statement.

The Austrians claim that most of the attacks collapsed before the foe reached their wire entanglements. At some points the Russians gained a foothold in the first line trenches, only to be driven out by Teutonic reserves.

Near Kanojoa, the Austro-German line was pierced, but Vienna claims a counter-attack threw the Russians back to their original positions.

Particularly severe fighting is in progress on both sides of Horozanka, to the north of the Dniester. The town has been destroyed by shell-fire.

The Germans in France are engaged in a series of violent counter-attacks which, they claim, have enabled them to regain the greater part of the ground lost in the actions a few days ago. Only south of the Somme, in the sector of Belloy-en-Santerre, does the German General Staff admit the Allies were able to hold the conquered terrain.

Against the German version, the French announce that they spent the interval in consolidating the captured ground, while General Haig reports further penetration for 300 yards of the German front west of the High wood.

The dispatch from British Headquarters on the Somme front describes the sanguinary defeat of powerful German counter-attacks. In one of these the Germans advanced six deep but were taken under so heavy a fire they fled in retreat before even reaching the British lines. Their losses are described as enormous.

General Haig also announces the seizure of a 100-yard trench northwest of Bazentin-le-Petit, at the prow of the British advance toward the Martinpuich heights. A counter attack, delivered from the latter region, he asserts, was unsuccessful.

WAY OPEN TO HUNGARY.

The Hague.—The Russians have captured Jablonitza, one of the principal gateways from Galicia to the Hungarian plains, and Petrograd reports that their offensive in this direction is continuing. This is the first news of an advance by the Russian southern army since the conquest of the Austrian crownland of Bukowina was completed.

Farther to the north the Russians are continuing their driving operations against the Austrians with apparently uninterrupted success. Their troops are pouring across the Zlota Lipa at several points in spite of desperate resistance on the part of the Teutonic forces. Fierce fighting is being waged along the entire line south of Brody and General Brussiloff is apparently making a supreme effort to cut off the army of General von Bothmer and force its surrender.

As far as the other theatres of war are concerned, main interest centers in the Italian operations. The Italians are vigorously pressing their advance.

The Italian dreadnought Leonardo da Vinci caught fire and olew up in the harbor of Taranto, Italy, says a Turin dispatch to the Paris Petit Journal. Three hundred of her crew were drowned. Her displacement was 28,000 tons.

With a brief lull at short intervals, like intermittent gasps fo breath, the Battle of the Somme and Ancre, the greatest, bloodiest, noisiest and most terrific human conflict known to history, is raging on. The battle is now at the end of the seventh week.

TO EXCLUDE FEMALE LABOR

German Employers Agree to Encourage Soldiers After the War.

The Hague.—The various German merchants' associations have come to an agreement, to hold good for at least six months after the war, with the National Clerks' Union and other commercial employes' unions, to exclude female labor as far as possible from offices and stores, and to fix minimum wages for men returning from the war. This is considered a wise way to meet the situation.

NEW LINE FROM ROTTERDAM

Service to America Soon to Be Started, It Is Said.

The Hague, via London.—A new steamship line will soon be put into service from Rotterdam to America, according to an Amsterdam newspaper. A Rotterdam company is negotiating for the purchase of the former Greek steamer Macedonia, which can accommodate 2,000 passengers and has a freight capacity of 5,000 tons. It is proposed to open the new service with this ship.

DIE IN EXPLOSION IN MUNITION PLANT

Perish When Electricity Ignites 1,000 Pounds of Cordite in Canadian Works

TWENTY OTHERS INJURED

Few of These Are Expected to Survive—Disaster Purely Accidental, the Factory Owners Assert—Factory Continues Working

Montreal, Quebec.—With a deafening roar more than 1,000 pounds of cordite which was in proces of manufacture in the munitions factory at Drummondville, P. Q., for use in smokeless gun cartridges, exploded, killing five men, while twenty others, seriously injured, are in the General and Mount Royal Hospitals here. The explosion came without a warning, and so far as foresight could provide, was unavoidable.

The cause was static electricity, which brought about spontaneous combustion in a huge pile of cordite which was ready for packing in cartridge cases. One of the injured, questioned as to the cause of the explosion, said:

"We were busy assembling the cordite for packing purposes when there came a sudden flash, a blinding flame and a roar. That's all I remember."

Three men were killed outright and two others died in the hospital. All the survivors are badly burned and are suffering also from shock. Little hope is held out by the hospital authorities for the survival of more than two or three.

The company's officials say that there is not the slightest doubt as to the cause, and that no foundation whatever exists for any talk of incendiarism or plot.

Ambulances and medical men and nurses were rushed from Montreal by a special train over the Intercolonial Railway on receipt of the news, and the injured were brought to the hospitals within a few hours.

Two Government Inspectors began an investigation at once, and other officials from Ottawa will be on the spot in a short time.

The explosion took place in one of the drying houses and two or three sheds were ruined, but the operations of the factory will suspended.

NAVY PLAN PASSES HOUSE.

Senate Plan for 16 Capital Ships in Three Years Passes.

Washington.—The House adopted the Senate shipbuilding program and personnel amendments, the former by a vote of 283 to 51. The latter was adopted viva voce. The building plan makes provision for eight capital ships next year—four dreadnoughts and four battle cruisers. The personnel amendment increases the navy's strength in men to 74,400.

Secretary Daniels issued a statement pointing out that the building authorizations in the bill were the greatest ever passed in any country and would give the United States, in the opinion of naval authorities, the second largest navy in the world. He declared the measure "so complete and nearly perfect that it will stand as a model for all navy bills for future legislators."

The vote by which the House accepted the Senate increases in the building program was non-partisan, the majority of both Democrats and Republicans voting in the affirmative. Of the 51 members who voted in the negative there were 35 Democrats, 15 Republicans and one Socialist.

The program adopted authorizes 157 new ships for the navy, 66 of which are to be begun as soon as practicable, and the construction of the remainder to be begun prior to July 1, 1919. The ships authorized are as follows: 10 battleships, 6 battle cruisers, 10 scout cruisers, 50 torpedo boat destroyers, 9 fleet submarines, 58 coast submarines, 1 submarine with Neff system of propulsion, 3 fuel ships, 2 ammunition ships, 1 hospital ship, 1 repair ship, 1 transport, 2 destroyer tenders, 1 fleet submarine tender, 2 gunboats.

FACE PIPE BRIAR SHORTAGE.

Government Laboratories Experimenting With American Woods.

Washington.—American pipe makers, confronted with scarcity of French briar, are looking to the forest service for substitutes. The Government laboratories are experimenting with various native woods and many species of chaparral of the West.

A large quantity of mountain laurel roots have been sold from the southern Appalachian reserve for pipe making.

FEW PASS FOR ANNAPOLIS

Lack of Time Given as Cause for 256 Failures Out of 350.

Washington.—Out of 350 applicants who took the July examinations for admission to the Naval Academy only ninety-four received passage grades the Navy Department announced. The large percentage of failures is attributed to lack of time for preparation. As a result of the three examinations held this year the new fourth class at the Academy will number about 625.

WILSON VETOES NEW ARMY BILL

Objects to Exemption From Discipline of Retired Officers

DOUBTS CONSTITUTIONALITY

Changes Said to Be in the Interest of Retired Officers "at Outs" With the Army—Chairman Hay at Once Reintroduces the Bill.

Washington.—President Wilson unexpectedly vetoed the army appropriation bill, carrying $267,000,000 for preparedness and many important features of the Administration's national defense programme.

An obscure provision slipped into the bill by Chairman Hay of the House Military Affairs Committee when it was in conference was responsible for the President's action. This provision removed retired army officers from liability to special service and court-martial proceedings. The President denounced the provision as dangerous to discipline and probably unconstitutional.

The vetoing of this important measure constituted a significant rebuke to the chairman of the House Military Affairs Committee. Mr. Hay declined to comment on the action of the President, but he showed embarrassment.

Whether the President's veto will result in delaying the preparedness programme and putting off the adjournment of Congress remains to be seen. Chairman Hay already has reintroduced the army bill in the House eliminating not only the objectionable provision concerning retired officers but also the entire section of the bill which included the modified Articles of War.

It has been reported that the Hay joker was inserted in the army bill in the interest of Gen. Ainsworth retired, who desired to publish his side of the well known army controversy between himself and Gen Wood. It was rumored that Gen. Ainsworth had even written a book, which would make its appearance as soon as there was no danger of court martial. Mr. Hay from the beginning of the Wood-Ainsworth controversy, has been a supporter of the latter.

Mr. Hay has denied emphatically that he consulted Gen. Ainsworth or any one else in regard to the legislation, or that it was intended to help Ainsworth.

SHIP BILL PASSED.

Washington.—After a fight extending over two years the Administration has succeeded in putting through Congress its $50,000,000 Government ownership shipping bill.

The much discussed and much amended measure passed the Senate by a vote of 38 to 21. Every Democrat voting was recorded in favor of the bill. Every Republican who voted was in opposition.

DANISH KING TAKES A HAND

Would Form Coalition Cabinet to Avoid Elections Over West Indies' Sale.

Copenhagen, via London.—The situation regarding the sale of the Danish West Indies to the United States changed suddenly, owing to the action of the King, who asked the Premier to examine the possibilities of the forming of the coalition Cabinet in order to avoid the general election, which the King does not consider opportune.

Previous confidential discussions in the Landsthing, after which the parliamentary majority made clear its determination to oppose the sale at this time, foreshadowed this latest development. Earlier in the day the Conservatives and the left wing of the House had declared its intention to vote for postponing the settlement of the question until after the new elections, or until after the war.

WORLD'S NEWS IN CONDENSED FORM

THE HAGUE.—It is officially announced that the German Government has admitted that the Dutch steamer Rijndijk was struck by a German torpedo, and has apologized and offered to compensate the owners, a Rotterdam shipping firm.

BAR HARBOR, Me.—Andrew Carnegie arrived here in such feeble condition he found it difficult to walk without support.

CORPUS CHRISTI, Tex.—The loss of life from the tropical storm is placed at thirteen. The damage in this section is said to be about $2,000,000.

WASHINGTON.—Postmaster General Burleson has forwarded to the treasury department a check for $5,200,000 in payment of surplus in postal revenues for the past fiscal year.

PARIS.—The French and British armies are being supplied with machine gun rifles.

SAN ANTONIO.—The Gulf hurricane, which swerved west across the West Indies, and wrought such havoc in Jamaica, struck Galveston a glancing blow. It fell with full force upon Brownsville, Tex., overwhelming the troops encamped there with a mighty wind and a flood of rain.

THE PRESIDENT--MAKERS

By FREDERIC J. HASKIN

NEW YORK, Aug., 22—"What is the Democratic National Committee?" A man representing one of the greatest financial rating concerns in the world walked into the Democratic headquarters and sprang that question on the publicity men. He wanted to know whether the thing was a corporation, if so how much capital stock it had, and what was the purpose of its existence.

They laughed at him, asked him if he had ever heard of the great Democratic party, told him they were an organization for the making of presidents.

No doubt the man was either very ignorant or unduly curious, but when it comes right down to specific information, what do you know about these national committees, who have constituted themselves of late and announced their intention of providing us with a chief executive.

Of course, you understand that a national committee consists of one representative from each state and territory, and that a campaign committee is selected (not elected) from among the members of this larger committee, and also from the ranks of the faithful at large, some men being chosen for their money, some because of where they live, and a few because they have brains or some social knowledge. You are also aware that a chairman for this campaign committee is selected and a secretary and treasurer (especially a treasurer) and that the thing is then organized into a series of bureaus, such as a publicity bureau, which disseminates information by every means possible; a speakers' bureau which selects from a host of volunteers a battalion of orators and tells them when and how to perform; and a foreign bureau which has for its special duty to explain to the untaught immigrant in his own language why he should and otherwise persuade him, to vote for the right candidate for President.

You also know that there is a Chicago headquarters which does for and to the West much the same things that the New York headquarters does in the East; and that the satellities of these chief national luminaries are the state headquarters, which do the local work, and in turn carry the organization on down to the counties, and from counties to voting precincts.

Familiar as you are with this widespread and detailed plan or organization, which covers the country like an octopus, and lays a persuasive tentacle of some sort upon every wavering voter you do not really know what a national committee is unless you have seen the monster at work. It is usually housed upon an upper floor of a downtown office building, and in general plan and outline resembles the chambered nautilus, or the French defense at Verdun. In the central chamber of strong-hold, surrounded by clouds of fifty-cent cigar smoke, golden-haired stenographers and checks in from three to seven figures, sits that man of destiny the national chairman. (At least this is the popular and hearsay impression of him.) He is protected by about forty-seven outer chambers of lines of defense in the shape of deputy chairman, secretaries, assistant secretaries, clerks, stenographers and office boys. All of them are needed. For against these bulwarks bravely hurl themselves all of the patriots who are bent on saving the party—country editors who want to devote their papers to the cause, would-be orators, leaders of the Italian, the Lithuanian, the Hindoo, the African, the liquor, the labor, and every other variety of vote in the country; chorus girls, society women, prize fighters and any number of other kinds. They are all laden with large, bright ideas and all of them are inspired by a deep devotion to the principles of the party. The press agents say so. They admit it themselves. And also most of them are willing and even anxious to be put upon the payroll or to spend fifty or a hundred thousand dollars of the committee's money for the good of the cause.

Receiving, sorting and ejecting this mass of humanity in a tactful and politicianly manner seem at a glance to be the main job of a majority of the employes of a national committee. The two great difficulties in the work of the President-makers is that many of those who are on the job, realizing that it is a political one, feel that it would be a violation of the best traditions of Americanism to work too hard, and those who are not on the payroll keep those who are, busy by their persistent and determined efforts to get on. Thus the national committee is thrown on the defensive early in the game, and has a hard time getting around to the aggressive features of its work.

Of course the thing is pretty well systematized. There is a man for each particular complaint, and he has several assistants, each of whom will hold the enemy for quite a while, so that it is only the most determined and the most favored who get any where near the committee chairmen. For example, if Colonel Quill, editor-in-chief of the Shellbark Weekly Struggle, wishes to tell the chairman of the Democratic National Committee what his paper can do for the cause and what the cause can do for his paper, after a reasonable wait in the ante-room, he reaches a polite but non-committal assistant, in the public bureau, who sizes him up and his sheet, and either shuts him onto a side track or passes him up to higher realms, according to what his proposition assays.

The plans for electing presidents that are laid before the men are often unique to the point of incredibility. For example a prominent actress called at Democratic headquarters with a plan for placing President Wilson's preparedness policy before the people in a pleasing light. She offered to buy a big fierce-looking bull dog, provided the committee would give her the money, and name him President Wilson. Owing to her prominence in the public prints the newspapermen would of course ask her why she had named her dog after the chief executive. She would then explain that he was a peaceful dog; who held himself aloof from the average dog fight, but that if driven too far, he would bite.

Then there was a man from Texas who wanted fifty thousand dollars with which to found a Democratic newspaper, so as to keep the Lone Star state from going Republican; the negro champion crap shooter who offered to "bust" all the colored voters in his district if the committee would furnish him with the money to make a start, and to cancel the debt on the sole condition that they vote right; and the barber who said that the men of his craft were against Hughes because he wears a beard, but who offered to swing the chin scraper vote if he was "treated right."

The women are there, too. One of them offered to demonstrate how the tariff had injured women by wearing a swell trousseau, to be provided by the committee, and so labeled as to show the baneful effect of the tariff on the prices of certain articles of wearing apparel. Society women of the kind whose husband's haven't much except their social position, are not uncommon around both headquarters. One of them wanted the committee to pay her husband's back club dues, so that he could once more attend the fashionable New York organization and urge the young men to vote, for Hughes. Another of the same class suggested that the committee pay the expenses of a series of teas and receptions which she would give at her town and country houses. To these exclusive affairs would be invited all of the social climbers who had money or influence. The gracious hostess would tell them she hoped Hugehs would be elected, and they would follow her advice out of gratitude. In return, she wanted for her husband a position paving at least fifteen thousand a year.

But for genuine generalship and ingenuity, the man with the land scheme had them all beaten. He proposed that every Republican in Pennsylvania, for example, be given an acre of land in some Western state where the vote is apt to be close. The grateful recipient would then carry the Western state for Wilson, while enough Republicans would be removed from Pennsylvania to assure Democratic victory there.

And all of these geniuses, we are led to believe, were turned down. Is it fair? Politics is the great American sport. Why should active participation be reserved for politicians and the methods limited to political oratory and editorials? There is a great future for a party that will make one of its planks policies of the people, for the people and by the people.

SHORT RUN

A severe wind and electric storm passed over this section of the country Monday afternoon and caused much damage of crops.

Our farmers have mostly finished their hay and oats harvest.

A number of our folks have been attending the Chautauqua at Kitzmiller, and report very interesting entertainment.

Mr. T. B. Wilson, of Oskaloosa, Iowa, is paying an extended visit to relatives in this community.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Wilson are spending this week visiting relatives at Mill Creek, West Va.

Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Sharpless and family spent Sunday at Kitzmiller.

Misses Esta Wilson and Gladys Sharpless spent Sunday at Bloomington, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. O. V. Fortney.

J. T. Harvey and T. B. Wilson were visiting G. W. Moon on Sunday.

Mrs. L. Brokemarkle and little son Marvin, of Keyser, West Va., are spending a week's vacation at the home of J. H. Wilson.

Misses Susan Harvey and Ida Miller, of Wilson, West Va., are visiting at Mrs. S. E. Harvey's this week.

Mr. H. H. Warnick attended the all-day meeting at Mt. Zion Sunday. He reported a very nice time.

HARVESTER.

TEAMSTERS IN STATE MUST OBEY ROAD RULES

Automobile Commissioner Given Important Ruling On Subject.

The State Automobile Commission has jurisdiction over horse-drawn vehicles on the public highway and may arrest drivers of the latter for infraction of the road rules. Attorney General Ritchie forwarded this opinion yesterday to Automobile Commissioner Baughman and the result will be an early crusade against drivers of heavy wagons, who of late have refused to observe the road rules.

Recently many complaints have reached Commissioner Baughman from motorists who have claimed that drivers of horse-drawn vehicles all over the state have attempted to "hog" the roadway and have refused to comply with requests to draw toward the right to permit the motorists to pass. The cases of noncompliance with the drawing aside request have been especially frequent on the Belair road, Commissioner Baughman says, and concern the drivers of heavy market wagons going to and from the city.

Asked for an opinion, Attorney General Ritchie replied that under section 237 of the Motor-vehicle Law the deputies of the State Commissioner's office have full power to make arrests of drivers of horse-drawn vehicles for road violations.

Section 163 of the Motor Law, Commissioner Baughman contends, makes it mandatory for drivers to give a right-of-way to other vehicles desiring to pass provided the highway is sufficiently broad at the place of attempted passage. The section says: "All vehicles when being driven upon the highways of this state, upon meeting others shall turn to the right of the center of the highway so as to pass without interferance, and in rounding curves shall keep as far to the right of the road as reasonably possible, and any vehicle overtaking another going in the same direction shall pass to the left of the vehicle so overtaken provided the way ahead is clear of approaching traffic.

* * *"

"Many complaints have reached us," said Commissioner Baughman, "of drivers of horse-drawn vehicles who have attempted to keep in the middle of the road and who when asked by motorists, desiring to pass, to draw aside to the right have replied with refusals and in some cases abusive language. Under the attorney general's opinion our deputies have the right to proceed in such cases and we intend to act at once."

HUTTON

Rev. James E. Connell, pastor of St. Peter's church, Oakland, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Martin Pendergast at luncheon Thursday.

It is with the utmost gratitude and genuine appreciation that I wish to express the sentiments of the entire community to the honorable gentlemen who so nobly assisted by their generous cooperation in the movement of effecting a more thorough highway than the one present existing, which is, as has already been proven, an incumbrance, not merely to the immediate neighborhood, but a sourch of constant annoyance to the tourists in general.

The indications are such that the outlook appears exceedingly favorable, and ere the dawn of a new year it is hoped that our fond expectations, shall be realized, not by the completion of the State Road alone but by additional improvements that the newly elected trustees of our public school may deem proper to make and which no doubt will receive the hearty endorsement of all concerned.

The importance of these two factors are indeed invaluable, and certainly behoves each and every individual to interest themselves in an united effort to obtain the desired results, which can only be accomplished by a constant and unrelinquishing perseverance.

Again thanking the above mentioned for the display of their kindly attention and consideration in our behalf during the past, we trust to receive a continuous share of their esteemed patronage in the future.

Mr. Jerry J. Pendergast, accompanied by Misses Gertrude and Frances Baker and Mrs. M. Pendergast, motored to Oakland Sunday where they attended church service.

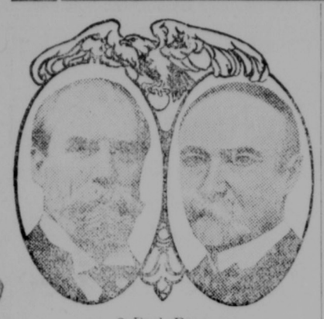
Miss Marion Glover, of Keyser, West Va., was the guest of Hutton friends Sunday.

Misses Virginia White, of Oakland, and Corine DeBerry, of Romney, West Va., were visitors at this place recently.

A dance was held in Pendergast's Hall Monday evening, Aug. 14, with a large number of out-of-town people in attendance.

The bright summer days have nearly vanished and in a few more weeks, Autumn, with all its glamouring sheen of perfect splendor, hazy skies tinted in pastel-like coloring, shall appear as a setting for the third scene of Nature's dramas.

ST. ELMO.



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HUGHES AND FAIRBANKS.

EDITORIAL PARAGRAPHS.

Two futile invasions of Mexico and six separate and distinct policies on the question of permitting arms and ammunition to be sent into that country are included in the performance of the Wilson administration in its dealings with our southern neighbors in less than three years. It is this characteristic instability of the government that makes people want a change.

Bryan reiterates that he is out for Wilson. "Hark from the tomb a doleful sound."—Philadelphia Inquirer.

The stopping of Governor Hughes' auto by a Canadian soldier will not matter, inasmuch as the band wagon's progress is not to be interrupted

Democrats who harbored hopes that Josephus would catch the virus from the Bryan and Garrison resignations are still nursing their disappointment. Nothing remains for them but to resign to a realization that Josephus will not resign.

"Inadequate" aptly characterizes the Wilson administration, but almost any synonym of unsatisfactory will do.

When Charles E. Hughes said: "The dealings of the administration with Mexico constitute a confused chapter of blunders," he gave an explicit characterization of the Wilson administration's policy in one sentence.

Just as it is now obstinately shutting its eyes to the need of industrial preparedness, for three years the Wilson administration refused to see the need of adequate military preparedness. With war on our southern border it was content to rely on a regular army that could only muster 40,000 available men and refused to continue the established policy of building up our navy. When the time came for action the country had not sufficient troops to police the border, and this force has been supplemented by a trifle more than one-third the war strength of the national guard. If the national administration had had the ability to interpret the signs of the time military preparedness would have been well under way instead of barely begun.

Charles E. Hughes, the Republican candidate, recognizes an important fact that Woodrow Wilson, the Democratic president, appears to have overlooked—that the United States is big enough to help Mexico out of the condition of anarchy in which that country is plunged and, by securing order in Mexico, insure peace on our border.

The insuperable handicap of the Democratic party in this campaign is its record.

If the Democratic national administration had left on the statute books in 1894 the federal corrupt practices act placed there by the Republicans there would be no occasion for the present administration's campaign publicity measure, which at best is a very poor substitute for the law repealed.

President Wilson's campaign managers are entitled to all the comfort they can get out of calling the roll of Progressives who are going to vote for him. It would be an endless task to call the roll of Progressives who are not going to vote for him.

For every reason that can be advanced why Progressives should vote for Wilson ten can be advanced why they should vote for Hughes, and the beauty of it is that they know the reasons without having to be told.

The Wilson administration went into Mexico to punish Villa for his outrage on American soil. The only punishment inflicted has been on American soldiers, who were shot down at Carrizal by order of First Chief Carranza.

"Franklin Roosevelt, assistant secretary of the navy, sees a strong trend for Wilson in Maine."—News Dispatch. Who can blame a man who for three years has been assistant to Josephus Daniels for "seeing things?"

Even Woodrow Wilson could not save the infamous Clarke amendment to the Philippines bill. He lost the ablest member of his cabinet, Secretary Garrison, because of his advocacy of the policy of scuttle, but even the sacrifice of Garrison could not save it.

WILSON'S POLICIES BLOWN UP.

Charles Evans Hughes did have explosives with him when his motorcar was searched by a Canadian soldier, but they were under the candidate's hat. Mr. Hughes will set them off on his western tour, and some of Mr. Wilson's policies will be blown up—New York Sun.

DR. FRANCE WARMING UP FOR HIS BATTLE WITH LEWIS FOR SENATORIAL HONORS

Republican Candidate Began Life As A Messenger Boy And Worked His Way Up Ladder.

A knock-down-and-drag-out fight is promised between David J. Lewis, Democrat, and Dr. Joseph Irwin France, Republican, for Blair Lee's seat in the United States Senate.

Mr. Lewis as a member of the House of Representatives from the Sixth district is generally known to the voters of Maryland, but his opponent is comparatively a newcomer in State wide politics. He is, however, eager for the fray, is full of ginger and predicts that whichever side does the shouting after election day everybody will know that there has been a real contest.

The Doctor expects to go down the line, and will invade every county, in addition to making a vigorous campaign in Baltimore city. He has already begun the work of personally meeting the voters and of addressing tournaments, picnics, fairs and other gatherings.

"Davy" Lewis has nothing on his Republican opponent as an early toiler. Dr. France began the struggle of making his own living at the age of 11. He started out as a messenger boy.

The France family has for nearly two centuries been identified with the history of Maryland. The Doctor's first ancestor in this county—William France—came to Baltimore from England long before the Revolutionary War. Joseph France, a son of William, is buried in Old St. Paul's Cemetery, and Richard France, a great uncle of the candidate, lived on Mount Vernon place, two doors east of Mount Vernon Place Methodist Episcopal Church. Richard France also owned a beautiful estate called the Villa, in its time one of the show places of Maryland.

Dr. France's great-grandmother was Margueretta Boyle, daughter of Capt. Thomas Boyle, a noted privateer, who sailed his ships out of Baltimore and was conspicuous for daring deeds in the American Navy during the War of 1812. A model of one of Captain Boyle's ships—the Chasseur—is now on exhibition in the rotunda of the City Hall.

The Republican Senatorial candidate is 43 years old and is a son of Rev. Dr. Joseph Henry France, who graduated from Columbia University and Law School in Washington and later entered the Presbyterian ministry, now having a church at Naples, N. Y. The mother of Dr. France was Miss Hannah Fletcher James, daughter of Col. William James, of Richmond, Va. The Doctor is a second cousin of Joseph C. France, the Baltimore lawyer. So much for the family history.

As a boy young France was ambitious. Between his school hours he worked as a messenger, his pay consisting of a very small weekly wage and instruction on a telegraph instrument. He applied himself and studied hard, realizing that education is one of the most valuable assets.

At the age of 21 he was graduated from Hamilton College, Clinton, N. Y., and was awarded the Elihu Root foreign fellowship in physical science, being appointed at the same time to a graduate scholarship in anatomy and physiology at Cornell University.

Later he went abroad and continued his studies at the University of Leipzig, in Germany. Returning to this country he took a course at Clark University, and was then called to the chair of natural science at the Jacob Tome Institute at Port Deposit, Md., where he formed a warm friendship with the founder of this famous school.

Then he decided to take up medicine, receiving his degree from the College of Physicians and Surgeons in Baltimore and a post-graduate degree from the Johns Hopkins Medical School. He had an extensive experience in the dispensaries, and his practice brought him in intimate touch with the poor, during which time he made a scientific study of health problems. He is now secretary to the State Medical Society, technically known as the Medical and Chirurgical Faculty of Maryland, although he is not at present in active practice as a physician.

It was in 1905 that France became interested in politics and incidentally a vigorous opponent of the Poe amendment, having for its object the disfranchisement of colored voters. He was nominated by the Republican party in Cecil county for State Senator and was elected by over 400 majority after a spirited and memorable campaign in which he defeated the late Austin L. Crothers, afterward Governor of Maryland.

Crothers was a power in the politics of Cecil county, which had up to that time given Democratic majorities of from 400 to 700. But the Doctor made his fight directly to the people and on a platform which promised definite legislative reforms. He stumped every hamlet in the county and interviewed practically every voter.

His record in the State Senate was commendable and received the indorsement of the independent press. He was an earnest advocate of greater publicity for legislative procedure and for economy in the transaction of the State's business.

He took a firm stand for the printing of all bills for the appointment of employes in open session of the Senate and against the appropriation of lump sums for unspecified objects. He also urged stringent measures to prevent corruption in the lobby, or "Third House," and he gave strong support to a bill designed to improve the educational system of Maryland.

Since the expiration of his term in the State Senate Dr. France had not personally entered actively into the political game until he became an aspirant last spring for the United States Senatorship nomination, although he was interested in all campaigns and aided his party's candidates. For some years he has devoted himself to business and agricultural pursuits and to scientific studies.

The Doctor is also a farmer, and is a member of the famous Cecil Farmers' Club. His place is called Mount Ararat, and is situated on the high granite cliffs overlooking the Susquehanna river just below Port Deposit. He is a practical farmer—not an agriculturist—and applies business and scientific methods to making the property profitable and attractive. The land gives a rich yield of grain and grass and the Doctor has a successful dairy plant and one of the finest Guernsey herds in the country.

He erected modern barns and silos and installed up-to-date machinery, bringing Mount Ararat up to the standard set by such noted Maryland farmers as Robert Crain, who has a wonderful estate of some seven thousand acres in Charles county.

Dr. France contends that "all wealth must be produced from the soil," and his logic is that if the farmers are prosperous the country will be. "If you reduce the earning power of the farmer," he argues, "you decrease the wages of every other worker. The interests of agriculture are vital to the whole community, and it has been short-sighted statesmanship which has placed the farmers' interests last."

In 1903 Dr. France Married Mrs. Evelyn S. Tome, widow of Jacob Tome, who had aided in developing the Tome School as a great institution for Maryland boys. Mrs. France is a cultivated woman of strong individuality, and has taken an important part in philanthropic work, being familiar with the urgent needs of the State in this direction.

Dr. and Mrs. France spend their winters in Baltimore, having purchased the splendid house at Monument and Cathedral streets formerly the home of the late Major Alexander Shaw. The Doctor is quite an athlete and is an advocate of out-of-door life and sports. He is an adept boxer and established a record in college as a field and track man. He is also an expert boatman and sailor, and has spent many hours on the Chesapeake bay and its tributaries. This sort of life brought him in close touch with the oystermen in the Eastern Shore and Southern Maryland counties.

Personally the Republican Senatorial candidate is a good mixer and should develop into a fine campaigner. He is very much in earnest regarding a constructive program of legislation should he be sent to Washington as Maryland's junior Senator. He has devoted himself successfully to business problems in recent years, and will endeavor to show the voters of the State that he will be alive to their interests if elected.

Dr. France is a member of the Union League of Maryland, the University, Merchants', City and Baltimore Country Clubs, and is a trustee or director in a number of institutions. It is thus seen that his field of activity has not been limited, and he will go before the people of the State with the record of a man who has accomplished things.

ISN'T HE THE HANDSOME MAN!

—Lanning in Providence Bulletin.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

The 1916 Campaign.

This campaign starts off with generalities, rather than detailed facts. Mr. Clark, in his main speech, does not give anything to satisfy the intelligant voter—the time has come when voters will not take things for granted. There must be a cause for the change from the times of 1914 and 1915. "Did we not hear then all over the country?" "This is the end of the Democratic party," "treasury running behind, and a stamp tax in time of peace," and in the midst of disastrous times to our Nation the Allied nations of Europe began to flood our country with orders for munitions of war. Ask Mr. Wood at Sparrows Point the amount of last year's business in that great plant absolutely for the war? Ask DuPonte the sourse of his hundred millions of business and he will point you to Hopewell and like places as products of the war to die at its closing. Ask Mr. Schwab, the great steel magnate, where the enormous business came from and he will tell you. Take the war contracts away from the years business and our Nation would be in the throes of the memorable Cleveland years at this very day.

Even this week a contract for 80 auto trucks a week comes from Europe to a firm in New York and they to be manufactured in Cleveland Ohio.

To find out the size of Wilson's administration in business every war order and the material used from the mines and farms and the horses, mules, cattle, every thing gathered for carrying on that war, subtract all this from our business and what would be left? Why if Mr. Clark could see the administration minus the blood drenched contracts he would hide himself in the mountains of Maine for the rest of his natural life.

The whole Mexican affair has been child's play and now comes bonds of one hundred and thirty millions and the trouble will not be permanently settled by the administration.

We are all hoping for the end of the European war and then our nation will face difficult problems to settle and one will be the finanses of our government. If the Democrats are let alone not only will large incomes be taxed but all incomes.

The thought of tariff originated in the brain of Alexander Hamilton and has saved the burden from falling on the farmers and the manufacture. Only a year ago a man in the Custom House at Baltimore, having been there twenty years, said, "I am no longer for free trade; I have been noticing the price of a certain barrel of fish, every barrel that came in one dollar of the three was added to our treasury; now it is free and costs just the same to consumers."

Where are our cheap meat promised by the Democrats in 1912? And cheap living in general? The Democrats gets behind the war while it lasts as a hiding place, but that will end and this nation will have Mr. Hughes who is one of the cleanest and brainest men this nation has ever produced as it President.

A. R. S.

GORTNER

Miss Mabel Wamsley left for Morgantown, W. Va., Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Guy Sanders, of Fairmont, W. Va., are visiting home folks.

Mr. Reed Smouse and family, of Fairmont, motored to this place Tuesday, where they were the guests of relatives.

Roy Sporlein, of Accident, who has been visiting his brother for the past week, returned home Saturday.

Walter and Ruth Schlossnagle spent several days recently with their sister, Mrs. Owen Martin.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bender, of Springs, are visiting their daughter, Mrs. Noah Lichty.

Mr. and Mrs. Obed Hamstead, and two sons, motored to this place Sunday. Mr. Hamstead preached a very interesting and helpful sermon in the Union church that evening.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Ruster, of Mattoon, Ill., are spending a week here with relatives.

Geo. Dennis and family, of Brandonville, W. Va., spent Sunday at Will Welche's, they were accompanied to this place by Evan Burkholder, who spent a short time with his sister, Miss Emma Burkholder.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Shetler expect to leave Tuesday for Masontown, Pa., where they will attend the conference to be held at that place.

Miss Ruth Irwin spent Sunday in Oakland the guest of Miss Norine Taggart.

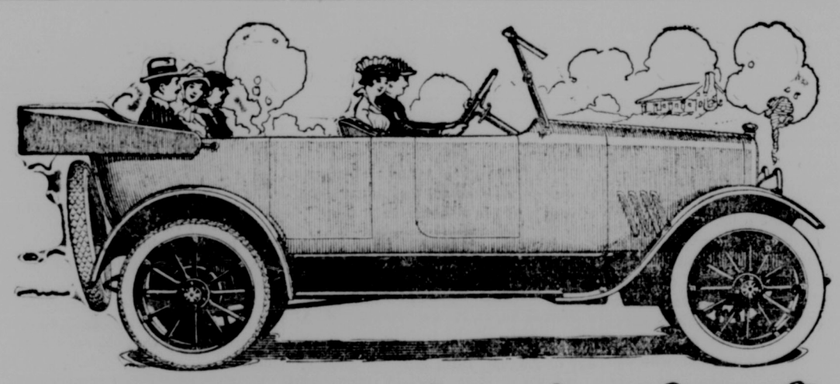
Mr. and Mrs. Eli Miller son, Erwin, and daughter, Eunice, of Springs, Pa., and H. E. Roder were Sunday visitors at S. J. Lichtey's.

Helen, the little daughter of Arch Baker had the misfortune of falling off the porch and breaking her arm.

Misses Beta Clyker, and Guien Dummer, of Wheeling, W. Va., dined at W. C. Welche's Saturday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Leroy White and children, spent Sunday with Mrs. Whites parents Mr. and Mrs. George Lee.

A terrific hail storm passed through our section Monday evening killing chickens, destroying crops and breaking window lights. H. E. Yoder's tin barn roof looked like a sieve; other roofs were also damaged. The largest stones were as big as hen's eggs. Mrs. P. P. Gortner's wash was on the line; you can imagine the rest. Some of our folks made the best of it and gathered the stones up for ice cream.



BRISCOE

"The Best Liked Car in the Country"

"A Friend of Mine Said"—

A dozen times a month some one comes into the showroom interested in the Briscoe because of the enthusiastic praise a friend has bestowed on it.

Sometimes it is the striking beauty of the car; sometimes the economy or the comfort or sturdiness, or any one of a score of Briscoe features.

But it emphasizes the fact that a Briscoe owner is a Briscoe booster—a motorist who realizes that he has secured the best value in the market today.

Below we give the names of a few Briscoe owners in town. Maybe some of them are friends of yours. Ask them what they think of their cars. In that way you'll get some real unprejudiced opinions that should be of value to you in making your own selection.

After you've seen them, see us.

INTER-STATE MOTOR CO
Friendsville, Md.

Briscoe Twenty-four — *"The latest Briscoe Beauty"* — **$625** Including electric starting and lighting and full equipment

THE REPUBLICAN

BENJ. H. SINCELL, EDITOR.

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THE REPUBLICAN,
Oakland, Md.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 24, 1916

REPUBLICAN TICKET

For President:
CHARLES E. HUGHES
For Vice President:
CHARLES W. FAIRBANKS
For United States Senator:
JOSEPH IRWIN FRANCE
of Cecil County.
For Congressman:
FREDERICK N. ZIHLMAN
of Allegany County

ANY girl can gain a reputation for brilliancy if she is willing to let men drivel along and tell her the stories of their lives.

HAVING delayed thus long about it, why not put the Wilson notification meeting over till November 8 and then tell him all at once that he has been renominated and defeated?

ALL MEN are experts when it comes to giving other people advice. . . . Even President Wilson, in his historical writings, advanced some excellent ideas as to how governments should be administerad.

MR. MCADOO, who called the Republican Presidential candidate a pettifogger the other day, has thereby created no extensive disturbance in the public's opinion of Mr. Hughes, nor for that matter of Mr. McAdoo.

MATTHEW HALE charges that Hughes needs the aid of Penrose and Perkins. And he will get it. Wilson, on the other hand, needs the aid of Charlie Murphy much more than Hughes needs the aid of any man—and he will not get it.

WILSON may keep the Northern Guardsmen in Texas until after the election and John Sharp Williams may prevent them from casting their votes down there in camp. But nothing can prevent them from writing letters home—and their relatives cannot be kept away from the polls.

THE nomination of Myron T. Herrick as Republican candidate for Senator from Ohio will be followed by his election, of course. And this assures to the Republican Senate which is to come in next March a member who will be able to contribute a great deal to the task of reforming the rural credit law which the Democrats have just placed on the statute books but which they themselves do not expect to have in operation until some time next spring. By that time a Republican administration will be in charge and the work of perfecting hasty Democratic legislation will have begun. Meantime the Democratic press and the Democratic stump will resound with praise of this imperfect and impracticable legislation.

SOME OF IT IS IN THE MANNER OF THE SAYING

If the Honorable Thomas Marshall of Indiana were a candidate for the Presidency instead of the Vice-Presidency and should get up and say the things Charles Evans Hughes is saying, those things would be buncombe.

If the Honorable Boies Penrose of Pennsylvania were a candidate and should talk about civil service abuses, the country would laugh.

If the Honorable Henry F. Ashurst of Arizona were a candidate and should discuss vehemently his intentions of seeing all business get a fair deal, none would mistake the claptrap for sense.

If Senator Gore of Oklahoma or Vardaman of Mississippi were a candidate and should boldly announce his unalterable determination to maintain the national prestige, the public would be reminded of the Fourth of July.

Or if it were an Aldrich that was trying to define what this country needs in the way of a tariff and explain the hopelessness of getting it through the medium of the Democratic party, his argument would have no more weight than would that of a J. Ham Lewis in rebuttal.

There are not many men who can debate these things and hold their audiences. But when these men do debate them, others listen. Think what "public office is a public trust" would have meant in the mouth of a Martine or Bryan! Think what "government of the people, for the people, by the people" would have meant in the mouth of Rutherford B. Hayes! Think what they did mean, uttered by Grover Cleveland and Abraham Lincoln!

It is not by the appearance of the written word that one can judge the true character of seeming platitudes. And these is not much place for them anywhere between the extremes of the sublime and the ridiculous. The man who takes to them, who rests his argument for political support on them, is either floundering hopelessly about without an issue or else he is creating a very big and true issue indeed.

Some of the Democratic papers are asking "Where is the Hughes of 1908?" If he is behind what, with a smaller man behind them, might be considered the statements of a spell binder, the East will soon get a clearer idea of the Republican candidate than portions of it now admit having.

Mr. Cleveland, Elihu Root, and here and there another, could have fought a great campaign with the arguments and promises Mr. Hughes is using. There should be some little warning to Democrats in the fact that even the papers most antagonistic to him cannot conceal that those who hear him come away with the feelings a Cleveland or Root would have inspired.

HUGHES, THE PROTECTIONIST

Hughes's Republicanism responds in full measure to the fundamental party principle of protection. His speeches while a candidate for and while holding the office of Governor of New York, his Youngstown address—which was and which remains as the highest standard of political argumentation—and his speech of acceptance at Carnegie Hall this year all emphasize the soundness of his views on this great party doctrine and the provision with which he looks to the task of tariff revision which his administration must take up.

In all these utterances Mr. Hughes has made it clear that the Republican party stands for the principle of protection. Indeed it is in these words that he has most frequently introduced his discussion of the topic. To this party principle he has always given the most cordial of approval and support. Through protection he would provide for "the safeguarding of our economic independence, for the development of American industry, for the maintenance of American standards of living." He would have the principle applied "fairly, without abuses, in as scientific a manner as possible."

Regarding a tariff commission he has no illusions. He knows the limitations of the Constitution in this direction. But he believes that "Congress should be aided by the investigation of an expert body." This is both sensible and practicable. It complements the basic idea of the origination of revenue legislation and it recognizes the functions and preserves the freedom of the law-making body.

In short, Hughes as a protectionist leaves nothing which the most ardent advocate of the doctrine could desire.

Memorial on the Death of Daniel E. Offutt, Late President of the Garrett National Bank.

WHEREAS, In the providence of Almighty God, Daniel E. Offutt was called from all earthly duties on the 9th day of August, 1916; and

WHEREAS, It is thought proper and fitting that this memorial should be placed upon the records of The Garrett National Bank; and,

WHEREAS, In the life and example of Daniel E. Offutt we have the exhibition of the best qualities of man, and in his duties as President of this institution he was always careful, observing and conservative in all his acts and always had in view the best interests of this institution. As a citizen he was always highly respected, for his patience and kindness toward those who needed sympathy, and was one of the most sociable among men who sought and enjoyed his companionship. He was of approved honesty and intregity and never desired to do anyone a wrong.

RESOLVED, In his death this institution, as well as the community, has lost one of its best members as an exemplar of good business qualities, and we think it is fitting and proper to file these resolutions among the archieves of this institution.

RESOLVED, further, That a copy of these resolutions be sent by our cashier to the members of Mr. Offutt's family and that they be printed in the county papers.

These resolutions were adopted on the 17th day of August, 1916, by the President and Board of Directors of The Garrett National Bank of Oakland, Maryland, and in accordance therewith they are transmitted to the press for publication.

G. A. FRALEY, Cashier.

Road Oiling.

The work of oiling the State highway from Oakland north to the concrete road near Hoyes was begun yesterday morning when an immense tank truck carried the first load out of town. The capacity of the truck is sufficient to oil a mile of the road and it is thought that the work will be completed within the next two weeks. In the meantime, however, autoists will give the State road a wide berth.

LOST—On the road between Jennings and Grantsville, Monday, a blue serge coat, with the initials "C. A. D." on the inside of the garment. Finder please notify or return to the undersigned and receive reward. George A. DeWitt, Deer Park, Md. Adv.

GOVERNMENT ADOPTS STRINGENT RULES

Those Returning From Infected Areas After August 23 Will Be Isolated For 14 Days.

Dr. John S. Fulton, Maryland's health officer, who attended the conference at Washington and was the chairman of the committee named to adopt a plan of procedure in fighting infantile paralysis, made the announcement Sunday that after August 23 all children coming to Maryland from infected areas will be isolated for 14 days and kept under observation. This was decided upon to safe guard the state against the disease.

The public health service will assume control of the situation in all of the states, and a government official will be sent to each and he alone is authorized to issue permits free of charge. In this connection Dr. Fulton said:

"If you have any friends with children who are spending their vacations along the coast of New Jersey or in any other place where the disease is prevalent, write them to come home before the 24th instant with their children. Let every one know that after that date all children brought into the state will go under a daily inspection for two weeks."

The report of the committee to the conference, which was adopted, is an exhaustive one. It calls upon the United States public health service to take whatever steps are necessary to prevent the interstate spread of the disease. When a case is discovered the infected area is to be investigated and before persons under 16 years of age are removed therefrom the state health officer must be notified of the state of destination.

Other regulations adopted follows:

Permits to travel shall be void unless the journey shall begin within 24 hours.

Single permits shall not be issued for several persons except for family, or household goods coming from the same domicile.

The collection of fees by health officials from applicants for permits, whether resident or nonresident, should not be permitted.

The certificates of private physicians will not alone be sufficient basis for the issue of a permit to travel. Permits for interstate travel will be based on medical inspection.

Permits for interstate travel should be signed by an officer, of the United States public health officer, or by any officer authorized by the state health authority.

Children having clean bill of health must be kept under observation two weeks and those having the disease must be isolated six weeks. Funerals in case of death must be strictly private.

Where the disease is prevalent children must be prohibited from assembling in public places, and schools must not be opened without medical supervision by a health authority.

A general educational campaign for cleanliness and sanitation is directed.

Agents of common carriers should be prohibited from selling tickets for children unless they have health permits.

FORMER OAKLAND BOY HURT

Alton Cleveland, Son of W. O. Cleveland, Had Leg Broken at Fairmont.

Last Friday's Fairmont Times contained the following relative to a lad who was born in Oakland and removed to Fairmont with his parents a few years ago, the boy being the son of W. O. Cleveland and grandson of Mrs. James O. Cleveland, of Oakland.

Alton Cleveland, the eight year old son of W. O. Cleveland, was seriously injured today when struck by an automobile on Cleveland avenue. The child was rushed to Cook hospital where it was found that one of his legs was broken and that he was severely cut about the head. It is thought that he will recover.

The accident occurred shortly afternoon and the Cleveland boy was on his way to Russo's store to purchase fruit which he intended to sell from a stand at the Fair next week. He stepped from behind an ice wagon on Cleveland avenue near the fruit store, just as B. A. Michael, in a large automobile was passing down the street. The front wheel of the car struck the child knocking him down and running across his leg. Michael immediately stopped his car and rushed the boy to the hospital. Officer Boggess who saw the accident from the back windows of the City Hall rushed to the aid of the lad and Michael arranged a forfeit for his appearance before Mayor Bowen in the morning.

"Seeing The World."

The Ladies Aid Society of Friendsville will give an automobile trip around the world, on the second Saturday evening of September (Sept. 9, 1916.)

Refreshments will be served at seven different stations from 7 to 10 o'clock. The trains will start from Statler's, and end at the same place. Tickets will be sold at Statlers. Everybody come and have a good time.

MRS. D. A. FRIEND.

LOST—A bunch of keys between the Depot and the Ravenscroft building. Finder will be rewarded if returned to D. A. Stephens. Adv.

OILING ROADS HEREABOUTS

Narrow Stretch and Savage Mountain Have Been Treated This Week.

The work of oiling the State road in Western Maryland is progressing rapidly under the direction of L. T. Downey, district engineer, and only a few detached stretches yet remain to be treated

The section of the road running through the Narrows at Cumberland, was completed Friday, and with good luck and favorable weather the workmen will finish the road all the way from Frostburg to two miles west of Johnson's this week. This will leave to be treated from Johnson's to the Pennsylvania state line about 17 miles. All of Little Savage has just been oiled, together, with a part of Big Savage, making about 3½ miles in all.

The truck was to be working now from the concrete at Accident to Oakland, a distance of 20 miles, but it has been delayed in getting here, so this work remains to be done.

By the first of September it is expected that every section of State road in this end of the State will have been oiled.

THE DEATH RECORD.

MRS. CYNTHIA BITTNER.

Mrs. Cynthia Bittner, aged 82, a native of Germany, and wife of the late Samuel Bittner, died at the home of her son, Urias Bittner, at Finzel, at 12 m. Friday. The survivors are two sons and one daughter. Geo. Bittner, Urias Bittner and Mrs. Baker, of Finzel.

MRS. MARY ELLA POTTER.

From an illness of less than a month and less than a week after the death of her infant daughter, in Providence, Rhode Island, at 4.30 Tuesday afternoon, August 22nd, 1916, Mary Ella, wife of Dr. Henry B. Potter, and daughter of Charles M. and Lizzie Lansdale Miller, recently of Swanton, Maryland.

BUCKNER MASON.

The death of Buckner Mason, aged 67 years, occurred at the Home Sanatorium in Oakland Saturday night after an illness of several months of kidney diseases. The deceased was brought to the local institution about four weeks ago from his home in the North Glade country, but the disease with which he was afflicted had made such inroads that it was impossible for his physicians to effect a cure, although everything known to medical science was done for the patient. Mr. Mason was born and reared in the county where he had many friends. He is survived by a large family of sons and daughters, all of whom are grown. He was an excellent citizen. His funeral occurred on Tuesday from his late home.

Family Reunion at Deer Park.

A reunion of the family of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph F. Frantz was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Ashby at Deer Park, on Sunday, Aug. 13th, 1916, celebrating the fiftieth wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Frantz and the twenty fifth anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Ashby.

The family consisting of eleven children and twenty-one grand children all of whom were present, are as follows: Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Ashby. Mr. and Mrs. Richard Warnick and daughter, of Deer Park; Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Shaffer and family; Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Frantz and family, of Rainelle, W. Va.; Mr. and Mrs. B. P. Frantz and family, of Charleston, W. Va.; Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Gribble and daughter Ethel and W. B. Frantz, of Clarksburg, W. Va.; Mr. and Mrs. M. R. Frantz and family; Mrs. Thomas G. Travis, and son Gettie, of Fairmont, W. Va.; Mr. and Mrs. J. Arthur Chisholm and famils, of Friendsville; and J. A. Frantz, of Akron, Ohio.

A family dinner was served at one o'clock in the spacious dining room which was artistically decorated in white and gold wedding bells. The table, at which about fifty relatives and guests were seated was laden with all the good things of the season and had for its center piece a bride's bouquet of yellow roses and a large wedding cake surrounded by lighted gold and silver candles. Artistic place cards, carrying out the color scheme of gold and white, were used.

During the afternoon several delightful solos and duets were rendered by Prof. Romine and W. B. Frantz, both of whom are possessed of unusual vocal talent, while Miss Ethel Gribble presided at the piano.

Following the music the entire group was photographed by a photographer from Oakland.

This being the first time the entire family have been together for more than twenty years it was a happy occasion and was thoroughly enjoyed by all present.

Besides the family the other guests present were Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Smouse and son Frank and Rev. McCamic, of Deer Park; Miss Minnie Chisholm, of Germania; Mr. Harrison Arnold, of Clarksburg, and Prof. Romine, of Boston, Mass.

PIGS, three months old, for sale. George A. DeWitt, Deer Park, Md. Advertisement.

FOR SALE—Gaited riding horse; a child can ride or drive. Apply to A. H. King, Deer Park, Md. Adv. 24-2t.

NEWSPAPERS FACE A VERY SERIOUS PROBLEM

High Price And Shortage of Paper Threaten Life of Many of Them.

[From the Manufacturer's Record]

The price of paper, which has advanced from 100 to 200 per cent. or more over prices prevaling a year ago, seriously threatens the life of a large number of publications throughout the country and greatly lessens the profit of others.

It is doubtful if any other large industry in the United States has had to face so serious a situation, because when prices of raw material have advanced the manufacturers of the finished products have advanced their prices and thus thrown the burden on the ultimate consumer. In the newspaper business this has not yet been done. The newspapers, from the largest dailies to the smallest weeklies, have been bearing the burden which to many publications will mean complete destruction and to others the wiping out of all profit.

Had the newspapers of the country been as prompt to defend their own interests as they have the interests of others, they, too, would have undertaken to save themselves by an advance in subscription prices and in advertising rates. Under existing conditions they will be forced to do this sooner or later, and they cannot postpone it much longer without serious financial embarrassment to many of them. Hundreds of the smaller weeklies, including the religious papers, which have had but a very narrow margin between loss and profit, will, we fear, suffer most seriously, and many of them disastrously, unless the public promply recognizes the situation and accepts an advance in subscription and in advertising rates and thus saves the situation.

The day laborer, the mechanic, the farmer and nearly all business interests, manufacturing and mercantile, under the activity of the times are showing larger earning than for years. But the newspapers, as a whole, are meeting a more preplexing problem in the doubling, and in some cases the trebling of the price of paper, and in the absolute inability to contract in advance for supplies, than they have ever had to face before. The statements which have recently appeard in the daily papers on the subject do not at all exaggerate the seriouness of the problem.

Civic Club Meeting.

The regular meeting of the Oakland Civic Club will be held Tuesday, Aug. 29th, at 3 p. m. All members are requested to be present as at this meeting arrangements will be made for the Club's work at the Garrett County Fair.

MRS. R. E. SLIGER, President.

Dropped from carriage in Oakland Wednesday afternoon a lady's black waterproof coat. Reward if returned to office of The Republican. Adv 1t

G. Semmes Hamill, Jr., Solicitor.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF Valuable Coal and other Mineral Substances

Situate in Garrett County Maryland, as well as an

Estate in Fee.

Under and by virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of the Circuit Court for Garrett county, Maryland, at the suit of The First National Bank of Trenton, New Jersey, against the Meadow Mountain Coal and Coke Company, the same being No. 14 Judicials to the September Term of the Circuit Court for Garrett county, 1916, I Albert Ashby, Sheriff of said Garrett county, do hereby give notice that I will on

TUESDAY

the 12th day of September, 1916,

at the hour of eleven o'clock A. M. of said day, in front of the Court House in the town of Oakland, Maryland, offer at public auction to the highest bidder all of the following property, mineral and mineral rights:

1st. All those veins or seams of coal and stratas of coal underlying those certain tracts of land situate, lying and being in Garrett county, which said tract of land is known and designated as "The Cunningham Lands" containing about 5000 acres, and "The Maynadier Lands" containing about 1300 acres, and also an estate in fee of 1050 acres of the said "Maynadier Lands," and being the same coal and coal rights and land which was conveyed to the Meadow Mountain Coal and Coke Company by deed from William J. Blackwell, Trustee, dated the 3rd day of April, in the year 1902, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 40, folio 522, etc., one of the Land Records of Garrett county, Maryland.

2nd. All the coal, oil, gas, minerals and mineral substances, either solid or liquid, in, upon and under all those lots situate, lying and being in Bittinger District, Garrett county, which are known as Military Lots Number 2334, 2335, 2399 and 2400, containing in all 200 acres and being the same coal, oil, gas and minerals and mineral substances which were conveyed to the said Meadow Mountain Coal and Coke Company by deed from William A. Morgart and Rose Morgart, his wife, dated the 19th day of April, 1902, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 42, folio 376, etc., one of the Land Records of Garrett county.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on the day of sale.

ALBERT ASHBY,
Sheriff of Garrett County.

ORDER NISI.

No. 2071 Equity In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Coudersport Trust Company, vs: The Waltman Smokeless Coal Company.

Ordered, this 16th day of August in the year 1916, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in Equity, that the sale made and reported in the above cause by the Coudersport Trust Co., Trustee named in the mortgage, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 15th day of September, 1916, provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Garrett County, once a week for three successive weeks before the 8th day of September, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $6,000.00. Cost.

E. Z. TOWER. E.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

SAXON SIX

big touring car for five people

ASK FOR DEMONSTRATION.

Call at Liller's Barber Shop or Kelly's Livery

LILLER & KELLY, Agents.

Oakland, Maryland.

The Lutheran Church

SECOND STREET, OAKLAND

Sunday School, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

B. H. SINCELL, Superintendent.

Men's Brotherhood Class, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

O. A. BREMER, Teacher.

All the men not attending Sunday School elsewhere are cordially invited to join this class and to have a part in the study and discussion of the lesson.

Morning Worship, 10.45 o'Clock.

Luther League, 7.00 o'Clock P. M.

Topic—"Unconscious Influence."
Leader—MISS LORENA FALKENSTEIN.

On next Sunday evening, August 20th, at 7:30 o'clock, Miss Jessie Brewer, a returned missionary from India, and Miss Sophie Hoffmeister, President of the Woman's Home and Foreign Missionary Society of the West Virginia Synod will speak in the Lutheran church on the subject of Missions.

All friends of the church and those without a permanent church home are invited to worship with us.

O. A. BREMER, Pastor.

—The above was prepared by the pastor and the advertisement is authorized and paid for by one interested in church work.

The Republican---The Leading Paper

The

FOUNDED 1888 **Garrett National Bank** FOUNDED 1888

Of Oakland, Maryland.

THE STRONGEST BANK IN GARRETT COUNTY

Capital - - - - -	$ 50,000.00
Surplus nearly - - -	70,000.00
Deposits over - - -	550,000.00

Consider seriously what that means. Think of it when you open an account. It means

STRENGTH

In opening a bank account first satisfy yourself as to the responsibility of the institution with which you propose to deposit your money.

NO ACCOUNT TOO SMALL---NONE TOO LARGE

We pay three per cent interest on time and saving deposits. Safe deposit boxes for rent.

OFFICERS

GILMOR S. HAMILL, President. **G. A. FRALEY, Cashier.**
D. E. OFFUTT, Jr. Vice Pres't. **H. L. JONES, Ass't. Cashier.**

DIRECTORS

GILMOR S. HAMILL, JOHN T. MITCHELL, CHARLES S. DAVIS, DANIEL E. OFFUTT, Jr, JOSEPH E. HARNED, HARLAND L. JONES, GEORGE A. FRALEY.

ESTABLISHED 1884. BOTH PHONES.

A. D. Naylor & Co.

Have placed another car of

Buggies, Surreys, and Spring Wagons

in their ware rooms, and it is well that an early choice be made.

Place your order with us for

Barn Door Track, Road Wagons, Manure Spreaders and Cream Separators

and receive prompt service and entire satisfaction.

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.

"Naylor has it and sells it for less."

Miss Lillian Knieriem, of Cumberland, is here as the guest of Miss Evelyn Helbig.

Misses Edith and Gladys Falkenstein, of Terra Alta, are in Oakland visiting relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. John T. Sincell arrived in Oakland yesterday to visit relatives a few days.

Mr. N. U. Bond, of Bond, Ky., arrived in Oakland yesterday afternoon to remain a few days on business.

Mr. Charles S. Davis returned home Tuesday afternoon from a business trip through portions of West Virginia.

Mrs. Icie Dain, of Indianapolis, Ind., is visiting her sister, Mrs. David Welling, Sr., at her home in East Oakland.

Mr. Arthur Naylor returned home Sunday afternoon from a few days' visit to his grandmother at Fairmont, West

Miss Norine Ault went to Morris Park, W. Va., yesterday afternoon to join the camping party from Oakland at that point.

Mr. James Grimes, of Pittsburgh, is here for a few days visit to his sisters, Mrs. George L. Sincell and Miss Josephine Grimes.

Miss Mary Rogers, of Morgantown, West Va., arrived in Oakland yesterday and is the guest of Miss Margaret Howell at her home on Second street.

Rev. and Mrs. John H. Howard left Oakland last Sunday night for the Eastern Shore to spend a term of ten days with friends and relatives there.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Feik, of Sabetha, Kan., who have been in Garrett county for the past month or more visiting their many friends, will return West this morning.

FOR SALE—Two cows. Apply to Miss Griffin, Deer Park, Md. Adv. 24-3t

WANTED—A good hand sewer to help on ladies jacket suits. Apply to N. Buckwalt, care Blakesley Cottage, Mt. Lake Park. Adv. 26-1t.

Rev. and Mrs. H. C. Howard, of Fairmont, W. Va., are among the visitors to this section of the country this week, they being well located at one of the Park cottages.

A. D. Naylor & Co., in their new advertisement in this issue, have something to say of interest to every farmer in the county. Read their advertisement and save money.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Weber, who went to the far West from Oakland more than two years ago, are now on their way east, traveling in a Ford car, and expect to reach Oakland some time within the next three weeks.

Mrs. Samuel E. Boyer, of Fairmont, is in Oakland as the guest of her mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Hinebaugh. Mrs. Boyer will visit with relatives and friends in other parts of the county during the next two or three weeks.

Mrs. William G. Brown and little son and Miss Nellie Monroe, all of Kingwood, West Va., were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Gilmor S. Hamill at their well appointed home in the east end of town Saturday, Mrs. Brown and Miss Monroe being on their way from Kingwood to Washington, D. C.

Just received at McIntire's Hardware Store, a car load of Paroid Roofing to sell at the right price. Advertisement.

Mr. Clarence G. Dixon, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Dixon, of Cleveland, Ohio, arrived in Oakland last Thursday morning to remain two weeks visiting relatives here and in other parts of the county. Clarence is remembered by many Oakland people and is now holding a good position with one of the rail road companies operating out of Cleveland.

A most frequent visitor and most exacting guest.

You will often see the time when

Opportunity Looms Big

with possibilities.

Will you be able to meet the exactions? A Bank Account started now will help.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OAKLAND - MARYLAND

See Naylor & Co., for that Barn Door Track. Adv.

Mrs. Lewis Walter and daughter, Genevieve, spent Sunday at Deer Park.

Mrs. Martin Carney, of Clarksburg, W. Va., is visiting relatives in this city.

Miss Mildred O'Hare, of Baltimore, is a guest of Miss Mary Canty at her home in this city.

Sheriff Albert Ashby made a business trip to the vicinity of Lonoconing Tuesday morning.

Miss Anna Edge, of Weston, West, Va., is in Oakland the guest of Mrs. Harvey Straight.

Miss Virginia King returned to Oakland Tuesday afternoon after spending a few days in Cumberland.

Mr. Carl B. White, of Uniontown, Pa., spent Saturday evening and Sunday at his home in this city.

Mr. James Tuhill, of Springfield, Ohio, accompanied by members of his family, is here for a visit of a few days to relatives.

Mrs. D. E. Offutt and daughter, Miss Elizabeth, left Oakland last Friday for a two weeks sojourn at Atlantic City and other Eastern points.

Attention is directed to the change in the advertisement of the Garrett National Bank, which appears at the head of this page today.

The Rev. A. R. Snedegar, of Bloomington, who has been spending a short vacation at Atlantic City, has returned to his charge in this county.

WANTED—Girl for general housework; wages $5.50 per week; no washing; apply to Mrs. Joseph Hartman, Creedmore Cottage, Mountain Lake Park, Md. Adv. 26-1t

The family of Mr. J. M. Stanton, who had been camping at a point near Howesville, West Va., for upwards of two weeks, returned home Monday evening on train No. 12.

FOR SALE—A seven passenger six cylinder Studebaker car. Has run less than 3000 miles; electric lights; electric starter; all modern improvements. A Bargain. Address C, this office.

Messrs. Henry and William Scherr, of Morgantown, arrived in Oakland Sunday to be guests for a week or more of their sister, Mrs. Julius C. Renninger, at her home on Second street.

Naylor & Co., can sell you Fertilizer at the right price. Advertisement.

Dr. and Mrs. J. C. Ely, who have been at Mifflinton, Pa., for the past three or four weeks where they are guests of their son, Rev. J. C. Ely, Jr., will return to Oakland Saturday.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In the "Forty Years Ago" column of the Cumberland News mention is made of the fact that John A. J. Shultz, a former resident of Garrett county, who had gone to St. Louis and engaged in the manufacture of belting, had patented a device which revolutionized the method of manufacture.

The members of Camp 44, Woodmen of the World, will hold a picnic at Red House on Saturday, September 9th, when able speakers will be present and amusements of all kinds will be provided for those who attend. Refreshments will be on sale and a general good time is promized those who attend.

Every cloud, as has been sapiently and repeatedly remarked, has a silver lining. On account of the epidemic of ifantil paralysis the opening of thee public schools in New York will be postponed.

Dr. and Mrs. R. A. Ravenscroft with their son Randall, and daughter, Mrs. H. E. Hyde, of New York City, motored to Atlantic City last week where Mr. Hyde joined them, returning to Accident Thursday afternoon.

Mrs. G. A. Bolden, Mrs. George Bolden and little son, who spent several weeks in Oakland where they were guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Naylor, left for their homes at Charleston, West Va., yesterday morning.

Mr. W. R. Stull, of Wilkes-Barre, Pa., arrived in Oakland last Thursday morning, accompanied by Mr. D. E. Offutt, who went to the above point some days prior thereto and accompanied Mr. Stull to town in the latters' automobile.

Rev. Ernest R. McCauley, of Norfolk, Va., who was pastor of the local Lutheran church a number of years ago, is here for a vacation of short duration. He will spend this period visiting his former parishoners and renewing old acquaintanceships.

Miss Edna Shank, who has been on a visit of two or three weeks to relatives at Confluence, Pa., returned home Sunday afternoon, accompanied by her sister and little niece who will spend some time here as guests of her mother, Mrs. D. H. Shank on Liberty street.

Mrs. Elizabeth Shaffer, of Washington, D. C., accompanied by Miss Elba Chambers, of Baltimore, came up to Oakland last Friday evening to visit relatives and friends. Mrs Shaffer returned to Washington Tuesday night while Miss Chambers will remian here a short time as the guest of the Misses Hart.

The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad was opened to Piedmont on the 21 day of July, 1851. This was just 8 years, 8 months, 16 days after the railroad entered Cumberland; and just 1 year, 5 months and ten days before the road was opened to Wheeling. At this time this railroad was the longest in the world.

Rev. and Mrs. O. A. Bremer, accompanied by the former's brother, Mr. Jess Bremer, who were in camp at Morris Park, West Va., for two weeks or more, returned to Oakland Saturday night and on Sunday evening the latter left for his home at Hillsboro, Ill., after spending six weeks very plesantly among the hills of Western Maryland and West Virginia. Rev. and Mrs. Bremer returned to camp Monday morning.

The man who makes money in a community has a duty to perform to that community. It may be he has made his money by his superior business ability, and that he would have done as well anywhere. That does not alter the case. If his gifts are great his responsibility is equally as great. No man was placed on earth for the sole purpose of making money, and the man who has this as his ideal had better never have been born. It is not an act of charity, but the performance of a simple duty for the man who has made money to pass a little of it on for the benefit of the community, even though he never expects to see a dollar of his contribution back.

For Sale—A full blood Poland China male hog. Apply to or address E. J. Petersheim, R. D. 2, Oakland, Md. Advertisement. 25-5 times

D. E. BOLDEN

Furniture Dealer and Funeral Director

HAVING moved my furniture business to the Manhattan Hotel store room, I am prepared to serve the public to the best of my ability, having now in stock the finest line of Furniture ever brought to the city and which I offer as cheap as it can be bought in the wholesale markets.

All I ask is a chance to name you prices.

My stock is complete in every detail, and which consists of Furnitnre, Carpets, Mattings, Window Shades, Bedding of all kinds, large and small Rugs—in fact everything with which to furnish a house from cellar to attic.

I am also prepared to give estimates on Buildings and repair work—from a pig pen to a palace.

Call and see me; I will treat you fair and square.

Thanking the public for past favors and soliciting a continuance of the same, I remain,

Yours respectfully,

D. E. BOLDEN

Store For Sale.

Owing to other business demanding my attention, I offer for sale my stock of Shoes, Clothing and Furnishings.

This is one of the best business propositions in Oakland, and will be sold at very much less than value if taken before September 1.

In the meantime I will sell clothing and many other articles at greatly reduced prices. It will pay you to investigate.

Yours truly,

E. A. WEIMER,

Oakland, Md.

GRANTSVILLE.

A lawn fete was held for the benefit of the M. E. Church on last Saturday night, everything was sold and a neat sum realized for the church.

Daniel Hershberger and sister, Miss Grace, entertained informally for their guest Frank Shaffer, of Frostburg, on Monday evening. Music and games made the evening pleasant. Refreshments followed.

Mrs. J. W. Delaney entertained with an informal dance last Wednesday evening at the Evans Bungalow. Several Frostburg people were present.

The Cassleman Cabin formerly occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Scott from Indiana is now taken by a party of Elk Lick girls.

Mrs. Fred. Wehner and sister, Mrs. N. E. Wetmore, of Frostburg were guests at the National Thursday evening.

Our people have been enjoying the Redoath Brockway Chautauqua at Salisbury the past week.

Frank Shaffer, of Frostburg, has been a guest of Daniel Hershberger and O. Bender the past week.

Misses Esther Roeder, of Cumberland, and Luetta Parker, of Pittsburgh, were guests at the Victoria Hotel a few days last week.

Miss Catharine Wilson and Miss Elsie Dando, of Frostburg, were guests last week at the Cassleman Hotel.

Miss Pearl Fickel, of Frostburg, is visiting the Misses Gingerich here.

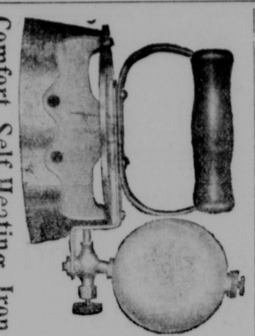
Joel Orendorf, near Bittinger, has been taken to a Baltimore hospital for surgical treatment.

A number of Frostburg people were in Grantsville Sunday.

Sunday School Picnic at Meadow Mountain.

The Meadow Mountain Sunday school will hold their annual picnic in Brenneman's grove on Saturday September 2nd. The amusements of the day will include music, recitations and speaking by able speakers. Plenty refreshments will be for sale including a good dinner at the tables for only 25 cents.

COMMITTEE.



Comfort Self-Heating Iron.

5 Hours at Cost of One Cent.

TWO POINTS—Quick lighting. Self-cleaning and perfect regulation of heat. Weighs six pounds. Guaranteed safe and satisfactory. Price, $3.75 each. Order today.

J. AMEEN, Kitzmiller, Md.

We Carry in Stock

TIRES
TUBES
SHOCK ABSORBERS
CHAINS
SPARK PLUGS
DRY CELLS
TIRETITE

And many other accessories at the OAKLAND GARAGE,
Prest-O-Lite Exchange,
Oakland, Maryland.

J. W. Whorton & Son
CONTRACTING
PLASTERERS

Only the Best Material Used.

Best Grade of Wall Plaster on hand at all times.

CONCRETE WORK
of All Kinds.

All Work Guaranteed.

OAKLAND, - MARYLAND.

Notice to Creditors

This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

PETER NATHAN,

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 12th day of January, 1916, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under our hands this 12th day of July, 1916.

MICHAEL NATHAN,
GERTRUDE B. HONE,
Executors,
Grantsville, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

CHARLES LILLER

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 10th day of February 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 9th day of August 1916.

WILLIAM R. OFFUTT,
Administrator.
Oakland, Md.

REAL BARGAINS
IN
REAL ESTATE

One of the most desirable residences on Alder street in Oakland, now owned by M. A. Carney, and occupied as a residence by States Attorney Jones, is offered at a very attractive price.

A valuable 90 acre farm near Ottaway, Garrett Co., on the line of the proposed new state road to West Va., and a very desirable piece of real estate.

Improved farm of 138 acres near Swanton, Garrett Co., improved by nine room dwelling, barn and young orchard now bearing. A safe investment.

JAS. D. HAMILL,
Real Estate Agent.

WANTED—One teamster and two men for general farm work, including operating horse cultivators. None but competent men need apply. The H. Weber & Sons Co. Advertisement.

Gass by the car load at Treacy's Garage. Retail price 25c. gal. In drums of 53 gallons you can still get it cheaper. Fire-Stone Tires, we beat them all. Ford repairs, the largest line in town.

Money to Loan on real estate. Renninger & Offutt, Attorneys, Garrett National Bank building, Oakland, Md. Adv. tf

ATTENTION, FARMERS.

Domo Improved Cream Separators, $35.00 and $43.50.

C. N. MCINTIRE,
Adv. tf. Oakland, Md.

MR. WILSON HAS HAD NO MEXICAN POLICY.

"We cannot let the American spirit fall so low that, lapped in the luxury occasioned by a foreign war, we shall see American lives sacrificed without a determination to prevent it and to make the American name honored and respected wherever our flag flies. The trouble with this administration is this: I don't think it ever has had a policy in Mexico worthy of the name."—From Mr. Hughes' Speech at Chicago.

MR. HUGHES HAS EXPLODED THE "KEPT US OUT OF WAR" ARGUMENT.

Mr. Hughes' attack upon the "kept-us-out-of-war" argument has aroused a storm of enthusiasm.

"Kept us out of war!" he demands. "Why, there were nineteen men—good American soldiers, shot down at Vera Cruz, and Many Mexicans were killed by our men. That was war. Moreover, it was a very ignoble war. I have heard three explanations of the Vera Cruz move.

"First, it was explained that it was made in order to compel somebody to salute the flag—somebody who had insulted us. But the flag was not saluted and has not been to this day. Then it was said that the salute was not what we sought, but to prevent the landing of a boatload of ammunition intended for Huerta. The ammunition landed, however, and it has been shown that it reached Huerta in due season without interference on our part.

"When that reason was shown to be untenable a third one—and possibly the real one—finally was advanced. It was said that our seizure of Vera Cruz was a move to compel the retirement of Huerta. It seems possible that this is true, although we had promised the Mexicans that we would not interfere in their affairs and told them more than once that we wanted them to handle their own affairs.

"That is why the Mexicans could not understand us and that is why they show little faith in our promises."

MANANA.

Manana, which is Mexican for "watchful waiting," is the Democratic keynote in the campaign. The Wilson drive is to begin "some time" after Sept. 1, but no definite engagements have been made, it is announced, for him to commence making political speeches. He has tentative engagements to make some western visits about the middle of September, but nothing positive. Plans are being formulated for carrying on a campaign to capture the woman vote of the country, but who will make the speeches on this phase of the controversy has not been determined. It has been expected that Mr. Bryan would speak in the Maine campaign, but it is now believed he cannot do so, but will make some speeches later. And so it goes. Watchful waiting will prevail, while in the meantime Mr. Hughes is carrying on a positive campaign and arousing the entire western country.

"I don't care, if I am elected president, what becomes of my personal political fortunes. I propose that we shall have no more, if I can stop it, of these 'kiss me and I'll kiss you' appropriations in Congress."—From Mr. Hughes' Speech at Chicago.

SOUTH-IN-SADDLE IN NAVY.

Out of the 17 Ranking Officers In Charge of Naval Affairs 12 Are From South.

To Josephus Daniels, who has represented the Administration's Policy with regard to the first line defense, is credited responsibility for cramping and thwarting progress and efficiency in the navy.

Many new men have been brought into the Washington end of the navy organization. Of the seventeen high ranking officers who are charged with the responsible duties of administering the affairs of the navy twelve are from the Southern states. In years gone by necessity did not arise to question from what section come the officers chosen to head the bureaus of the Navy Department. Comparisions between the army and navy in this respect will show that no such conditions exist in the war Department.

It is true, as Vice President Marshall remarked, that the Hughes speech of acceptance "had all the length and tone of a dissenting opinion." But he omitted to add that the dissenting opinion thus expressed is that of the American people.

WE WANT THE AMERICAN FLAG UNSULLIED.

"Now, my friends, we want not only American efficiency in business, in efficiency in the organization of business, in the protection of the factors of human industry and commerce, we want the American flag unsullied and the American name honored throughout the world."—From Mr. Hughes' Speech at Chicago.

THE FAIR PROGRAM.

Unusual Interest Being Taken in Exhibits Many Exceptional Ones Promised.

The interest being taken by farmers, stockmen and people generally in the coming Fair at Oakland, exceeds by far that of any previous year and the event promises to be better than any former exhibition.

The addition of a clean and highly entertaining carnival, carrying ten or more tent shows with a splendid brass band, the splendid free act of Sensational Smithson, which has thrilled Fair audiences in the west for seveal years past, is sure to be appreciated by the patrons of the Fair. His act in spanning a space high up in the air of from twenty-five to thirty feet on his bicycle and between two narrow tracks is sure to be worth going miles to see. His equal as a thriller has never been found.

The daily program as arranged and published in the catalogue will be as follows:

Tuesday, September 12.—"Get Acquainted Day." Everybody shake hands. 10.00 a. m. Band Concert by the Boys' Band of Cumberland. 2.00 p. m. Band Concert and Inspection of Live Stock. 4.00 p. m. "Spanning the Chasm" by Sensational Smithson.

Wednesday, September 13.—Fraternal day. 10.00 a. m. Band Concert, Boys' Band and Nigro's Band. 11.00 a. m. Grand Parade. Fraternal Orders from many towns. 4.00 p. m. Sensational Smithson in his daring flights thro space.

Thursday, September 14.—Farmer's day. 10.00 a. m. Band Concert by Boy's Band. 11.00 a. m. Grand Parade of Farmers' Floats and Live Stock. 2.00 p. m. Band Concert and Inspection of Live Stock. 2.00 p. m. Thrilling Exhibition by Sensational Smithson.

Friday, September 15.—Grand School Rally and Athletic Day. 10.00 a. m. Grand Band Concert. 11.00 a. m. Grand Parade of School Children in Unique Uniforms. 2.00 p. m. Last performance by Sensational Smithson. 4.00 p. m. Farewell Concert by Boy's Band.

A Money Saving Chance For You.

Get rid of your old scrap iron, old rags, old gum shoes, copper and brass. We are paying best cash prices for same.

25c per hundred for iron; 50c per hundred for rags; 5c per lb. for rubber; from 5c to 10c per lb. for copper and brass.

We are located at the old Hamill house, opposite the electric light plant, Oakland, Md.

A. G. TARLO, Proprietor.

Adv. 16 5 months

For Sale.

Crooks Crest, comprising about twenty acres, improved by handsome house. Apply to the owner or any real estate agent. Mrs. E. Fundenberg. Oakland, Md. Adv. 12-tf

THE JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY
Entrance Examinations
State Scholarship in Engineering Courses

Entrance Examinations for the Department of Engineering, as well as for the College of Arts and Sciences, will be held in the Academic Building of the Johns Hopkins University, Homewood, Baltimore, September 18-21, 1916, beginning at 9 a. m. each day.

Application For Scholarships in The Department of Engineering, established in the Johns Hopkins University under the provisions of the Laws of Maryland, Chapter 90, 1912, may now be made. If there is more than one applicant for a particular scholarship, a competitive examination must be taken in the Academic Building, Homewood, on September 22, 1916, beginning at 9 a. m.

Each County of the State and each Legislative District of Baltimore City, with the exception of Charles, Harford, and Queen Anne's Counties will be entitled to one or more scholarships for the year 1916-17, in addition to those which have already been assigned. In the three counties mentioned above all the available scholarships have been awarded.

Under the provisions of the Act of Assembly, the County and City scholarships in the Department of Engineering are awarded only to deserving students whose financial circumstances are such that they are unable to obtain an education in Engineering unless free tuition be granted to them. The scholarships entitle the holders to free tuition, free use of text-books, and exemption from all regular fees. The expense of attendance for those who do not receive scholarships is no greater than at other Maryland institutions.

Scholarships may be awarded to graduates of Loyola College, Maryland Agricultural College, Mt. St. Mary's College; and one scholarship will be awarded "At Large."

Applicants should address the Registrar, The Johns Hopkins University, for blank forms of application and for further information as to examinations, award of scholarships, and courses of instruction.

Advertisement. 26-4t

Examiner's Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, appointed by the County Commissioners of Garrett county, to view the lands through which the change in the turn of the road is to be made leading from Hoyes to Oakland road, to intersect the State road near William Callis' and examine whether the said change in road should be made, will meet on the 15th day of September, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said change of said road, and if so to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

R. M. HOLEMAN.
JAMES W. FRIEND.
D. S. CUSTER,
Examiners.

FOR A MERCHANT MARINE WITHOUT FEDERAL COMPETITION.

Again, we must build up our merchant marine. It will not aid to put the government into competition with private owners. That, it seems to me, is a counsel of folly. A surer way of destroying the promise of our foreign trade could hardly be devised. It has well been asked, "Does the government intend to operate at a profit or at a loss? We need the encouragement and protection of government for our shipping industry, but it cannot afford to have the government as a competitor.—From Mr. Hughes' Speech of Acceptance.

DECRYING INTERFERENCE, WE INTERFERED IN MEXICO EXASPERATINGLY.

The dealings of the administration with Mexico constitute a confused chapter of blunders. We have not helped Mexico. She lies prostrate, impoverished, famine stricken, overwhelmed with the woes and outrages of internecine strife, the helpless victim of a condition of anarchy which the course if the administration only served to promote. For ourselves, we have witnessed the murder of our citizens and the destruction of their property. We have made enemies, not friends. Instead of commanding respect and deserving good will by sincerity, firmness and consistency, we provoked misapprehension and deep resentment. In the light of the conduct of the administration no one could understand its professions. Decrying interference, we interfered most exasperatingly. We have not even kept out of active conflict, and the soil of Mexico is stained with the blood of our soldiers. We have resorted to physical invasion only to retire without gaining the professed object. It is a record which cannot be examined without a profound sense of humiliation.—From Mr. Hughes' Speech of Acceptance.

How Much Is Now Left of the Baltimore Platform?

The president had boldly signed the Pork river and harbor bill, and his facile pen is dripping with ink eager to attach itself to a pork public buildings bill.

The friendliest apologists of the president's part in the profligate waste of money wrung from the people by oppressive taxation have nothing better to say for him than that it is hardly fair to expect a man to say "I forbid!" in his presidential year when he is a candidate.

The foregoing words describing the profligate waste of the people's money with executive approval are taken without change from a plank of the platform on which Woodrow Wilson was elected in 1912:

"We denounce the profligate waste of money wrung from the people by oppressive taxation through the lavish appropriations of recent Republican congresses, which have kept taxes high and reduced the purchasing power of the people's toil. We demand a return so that simplicity and economy which befits a democratic government."

How much is now left of the principles declared and the promises registered at Baltimore as inducements to citizens to vote for Wilson.

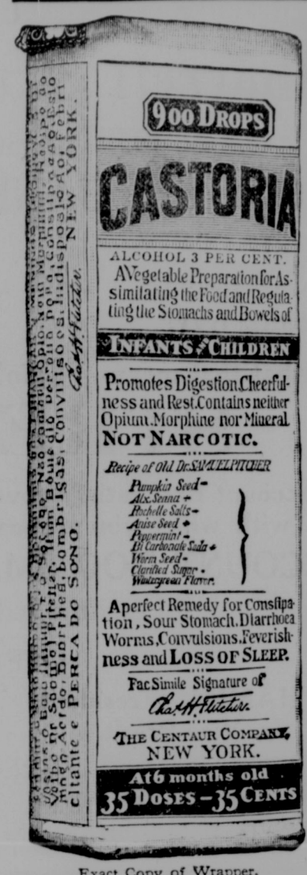
Possibly it is because he and his party have been such reckless, such wholesale repudiators of the pledges of 1912 that few people remember or care to remember what pledges were made in his behalf about forty days ago at St. Louis.—New York Sun.

THE AMERICAN WORKING MAN SHALL NOT SUFFER

The Republican party stands for the principle of protection. We must apply that principle fairly, without abuses, in as scientific a manner as possible; and congress should be aided by the investigations of an expert body. We stand for the safeguarding of our economic independence, for the development of American industry, for the maintenance of American standards of living. We propose that in the competitive struggle that is about to come the American workingman shall not suffer.—From Mr. Hughes' Speech of Acceptance.

Phrases which will NOT occur in the Woodrow Wilson speech of acceptance:

Psychological prosperity.
Molasses to catch flies.
Strict accountability.
Too proud to fight.
Salute the flag.
Get Villa.
Butt in.



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Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria
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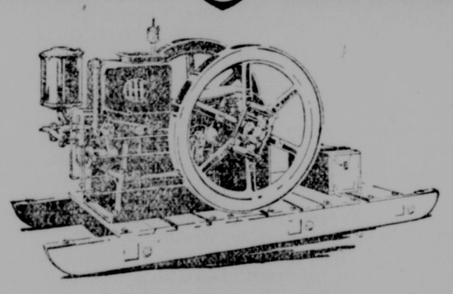

Are You Wasting The Price Of a Titan Engine?

TITAN engines run on kerosene.

Average cost of gasoline so far this year, 16.9 cents per gallon.

Average cost of kerosene 7.7 cents per gallon.

Gasoline costs over 100 per cent more than kerosene. Gasoline is going up steadily. Kerosene is not.

At present fuel prices **Titan** engines, using kerosene, save their owners about 1.1 cents per horse power per hour.

Are you running a gasoline engine? What horse power is it? Figure what you'd be saving if you had a **Titan** kerosene engine. Rather surprising, isn't it? How long would it take that saving to pay for a **Titan** engine of the same size?

International Harvester Company of America
(Incorporated)

Titan kerosene engines are sold by

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.,
OAKLAND, MD.

HAVE YOU HEARD THE
Aeolian Vocalion?

Come in and let us play your favorite selection on this wonderful new Phonograph

A full line of Columbia Records

Aeolian Vocalions sold on monthly payments.

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Representing Morrison Music Co., Cumberland.

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...astoria...
In Use
...r Over
...Years
...ORIA
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...KET
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...lso cash paid
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THE WEEK'S BIG NEWS EVENTS

Happenings That Caused A Stir Briefly Chronicled.

SITUATION AT WASHINGTON

Executive Acts at the Capital—Victories and Defeats of the Great War—Doings In the Forty-Eight States Recorded.

WAR BULLETINS

Victories for the French in two big battles at Verdun and north of the Somme River are announced in the official statement of the French War Department.

Beating back six strong German attacks that marked a great battle around the village of Pozieres, British troops north of the Somme River pressed forward their lines again, storming one hundred yards of German trenches near Bazentin-le-Petit. All the German assaults were repulsed with heavy losses.

Gen. Nicholas V. Ruzsky has been appointed commander in chief of the northern armies of Russia.

Gateway to Hungary is in possession of Russians, who captured Jablonitza, on the Carpathian slopes south of Kolomea.

The war is costing France $397,400,000 a month.

The Germans admit that the British have obtained a foothold in their trenches on the Thiepval-Pozieres front, and report the repulse of violent attacks by the British and French in other sectors of the Somme line.

Since early in June the Russians have captured 402,000 men.

WASHINGTON

President Wilson nominated F. J. H. von Engelken of East Palatka, Fla., to be Director of the Mint, succeeding Robert W. Woolley, now director of publicity for the Democratic campaign committee.

Returns from 155 railroads to the Interstate Commerce Commission show that the total operating revenues during June were $259,225,884, and expenses $169,540,242.

The United States Navy Department has ordered 30 hydro-aeroplanes from the Curtiss Aeroplane & Motor Co.

The Louisiana congressional delegation in the House called on Secretary Lansing and asked him to have the mediation conferences to settle difficulties with Mexico held in New Orleans.

By a vote of 288 to 51, 35 Democrats, 15 Republicans and 1 Socialist voting in the negative, the Senate amendment for the construction of 16 capital ships within three years, was approved by the House.

The naval bill, as it now stands, is the largest ever passed. It calls for approximately $315,000,000 of which amount $110,000,000 is for new construction. The entire building programme calls for an eventual outlay of $488,000,000 in addition to the amount carried in the bill.

Senator Hitchcock submitted an amendment to levy a duty on foreign or domestic bonds and certificates of stock imported to the United States.

Senator Weeks continued his attack on the ship bill, assailing the proposal to admit foreign built vessels to the American coastwise trade.

GENERAL

The Catholic school at Adams, Mass., was destroyed by fire at a loss of $30,000.

Mine operators on the Iron Range at Virginia, where a strike is in progress, complained to the authorities against threats from representatives of the Industrial Workers of the World to destroy the operators and their property.

The State of Iowa complained to the Interstate Commerce Commission that freight rates from Des Moines to Peoria and Springfield, Ill., and from Eastern points to interior Iowa cities are unreasonable.

An embargo has been placed by the Baltimore & Ohio on all grain shipments from Baltimore.

About 13,000 United Mine Workers, employed at collieries between Shamokin, Pa., and Mount Carmel, went on strike.

Abram I. Elkus, recently appointed ambassador of the United States to Turkey, sailed on the Oscar II. for his new post.

The threatened strike of 6,000 miners in Wyoming was averted when the Wyoming operators signed an agreement to increase the wages of all coal miners.

Hart, Parr & Co. of Charles City, Iowa, signed a contract for 9.2 inch shells for the British Government, amounting approximately to $3,500,000.

The battleship Illinois left Norfolk, Va., with between 150 and 200 civilian volunteers on board for a month's practice cruise.

Mrs. Alice Monahan, New Orleans, the first policewoman in the U. S., is dead.

Gov. McCall, of Massachusetts, filed papers as a candidate for renomination on the Republican ticket in the September primaries.

All trunk line railroads between Chicago and Denver have abandoned the sale of liquor on dining cars.

Bitten on the hand when showing a den of rattlesnakes to a class of students from the University of Pittsburg, Gustav Link, for ninteen years taxidermist at Carnegie Institute, died the following day in a hospital in Pittsburgh.

Andrew D. White, former president of Cornell, has been named American commissioner under the Bryan peace treaty with China.

The storehouse and shipping building of the German-American Portland Cement Co., at La Salle, Ill., was destroyed by fire at a loss of $125,000.

Publishers and retailers have increased the price of books from 5 to 25 cents a volume on account of the increase in cost of leather, paper, cloth and ink.

Workers in the general ware potteries of the East Liverpool district gave notice that unless they were allowed free clay they would strike.

Two hundred delegates attended the biennial session of the Evangelical Lutheran Synodical Conference of North America at Topeka, Kan.

The cruiser Galveston, of the Asiatic fleet, has received the gunnery trophy for the cruiser class. This is the third consecutive year that Galveston has won the trophy.

Mary Donohue, a domestic, who died in 1901, willed the $1,000 she saved from 50 years' earnings, to the Shelter for Respectable Girls of New York. Her will has just been filed.

President Wilson nominated Judge Charles M. Hough to be United States Circuit Judge of the second New York and New Jersey district.

MEXICAN CAMPAIGN

The 300 Chicago post office employes who are soldiers of the First Illinois Brigade, encamped at Texas, received official notice that they had been dropped from the payrolls of the Post Office Department.

The health report on guardsmen on the Mexican border for the week ended Aug. 12, showed 1.21 per cent. of the men sick, with four deaths.

Troop movements to border were stopped by peril of railroad strike. Orders for departure to Texas revoked when Funston warns of food shortage danger.

Private despatches received at El Paso said Villa was massing his command close to the Durango border, near the line of the Mexican national Railway.

A lieutenant of the Carranza army was killed for disorderly conduct by an American provost guard at Colonia Dublan three days ago, according to a report to General Funston by General Pershing.

The body of Private Lymbacher Third Infantry, was found floating in the Rio Grande.

SPORTING

Joe Jennings, catcher of the Houston, Texas League Club, was sold to the Chicago Americans.

In a time trial Directum I. became the world's champion pacer for 1 1-16 miles. The old was 2.14 3-4, made in 1904 by Cherry Lass. Off to a slow start, Directum I. did the distance in 20:9 3-4. The last mile was paced in 2:00 1-4.

In the American League thirteen players are batting in the .300 class. The National League has eight men who rank above that mark.

George Gibson, since 1905 a catcher for the Pittsburgh National League Baseball Club, was released to the New York club of the same league.

In the National League Williams, of the Chicagos, leads the home run count with ten.

What is believed to be a record in baseball was made when Pitcher Ewick of a Crivitz baseball team in an eleven inning game with Marienette, Wis., struck out twenty-five men. Crivitz won 2 to 1.

James Viox, second baseman of the Pittsburgh Nationals was released to the Toronto Club of the International League.

After trying out several candidates for the job, Mack has decided to keep Lawton Witt at shortstop for the rest of the season.

FOREIGN

The Landsthing, the upper House of the Danish Parliament, has appointed a committee of 15 members to consider the sale of the Danish West Indies to the United States.

Great damage has been done to banana plantations at Kingston, Jamaica, by a storm.

Two commercial submarines have received their final tests at Heligoland and will shortly proceed to America.

Infantile paralysis has broken out in England.

Over 8,000 military medals have been awarded to the British rank and file in France.

Joseph Gouget, the new French Minister to Mexico, arrived at Mexico City.

The government of Victoria has under consideration a proposal to close all the Lutheran schools in the state.

Greek citizens in Allied countries have begun collecting a fund for the support of the Venizelos party in Greece, which favors war on the side of the Allies.

President Carranza declared a quarantine at all Mexican ports against vessels from New York in view of the infantile paralysis epidemic existing here.

U-BOATS SINK BRITISH CRUISERS

Nottingham and Falmouth Sent to Bottom by Germans in North Sea Fight

ONE SUBMARINE DESTROYED

London.—Two British light cruisers, the Nottingham and the Falmouth, were sunk in the North Sea by German submarines while the vessels were searching for the German High Seas Fleet, according to an official announcement issued by the Admiralty.

One German submarine was destroyed by the British, while another was rammed and possibly sunk, according to the Admiralty statement, which reads:

Reports from our lookout squadrons and other units showed that there was considerable activity on the part of the enemy in the North Sea Saturday, the 19th. The German High Seas Fleet came out, but, learning from their scouts that the British forces were in considerable strength, the enemy avoided an engagement and returned to port.

In searching for the enemy we lost two cruisers by submarine attacks—H. M. S. Nottingham, Captain C. B. Miller, and H. M. S. Falmouth, Captain John Edwards.

All the officers of the former were saved, but thirty-eight of the crew are missing. All the officers and men of the Falmouth were saved, but one leading stoker, Norman Fry, died of injuries.

An enemy submarine was destroyed and another was rammed and possibly sunk. There is no truth in the German statement that a British destroyer and a British battleship damaged.

The presence in the North Sea of a German squadron of some fifteen warships, including large cruisers, was previously reported by trawlers arriving at Ymuiden, Holland, a Reuter dispatch from that point says. The squadron was sighted in the region of White Bank, and was accompanied by two Zeppelins. It was taking a northwesterly course.

ALLIES CAPTURE 3-MILE FRONT

London.—A new blow, for which the French and British artillery has been preparing the way for more than two days, was struck against the German front both north and south of the Somme. As a result Teuton trenches were carried on a two-mile front on both sides of the village of Maurepas to a depth of from 350 to 600 yards, while south of the river the German line three-quarters of a mile in length was seized by the French.

These successes, which mark the opening of the fourth phase of the bloody struggle in Picardy, have enabled the Allies to penetrate at points the Guillemont-Maurepas road, besides giving them complete control of the highway from Maurepas to Clery.

The village of Maurepas itself is practically in their hands. Surrounded on three sides, and with French troops engaging the Germans in the outskirts, its complete capture is expected at any moment. The hamlet is one of the foundation stones of the German defense in this region, each house having been separately fortified and each barn a small arsenal.

These attacks, coming on the heels of declaration from Germany that the Allied offensive in Picardy was definitely halted, and that the German lines could never be broken, are taken here to indicate that the French and British are determined at all costs to keep up their desperate offensive.

Heavy losses were inflicted on the Germans, the official statement issued in Paris says, while a large number of prisoners, the total of which has not yet been reported, were captured.

PITH OF THE WAR NEWS

Continuing their attacks north of the Somme, the French scored another success, capturing a strongly fortified wood between Guillemont and Maurepas, it was announced officially in Paris.

The French artillery continues to pound the German line along the whole Somme front.

On the Verdun front the Germans made vigorous efforts to retake the village of Fleury, from which they were driven. Several attacks were made, but all of them failed. Other attacks in the region of Thiaumont met with a similar fate.

Gen Cadorna's big guns continue without pause to batter the heights east of Gorizia to clear the way to Trieste.

The supreme test between Russians and Teutons in the Carpathians has begun. A battle of unprecedented ferocity is raging in and around the Jablonica, or Tartar Pass. The initiative continues on Russian side.

The Muscovites, "continuing their advance," in the words of the Petrograd official report, "approached the summits of the mountains in the vicinity of Kerosmezo." This places the Russians already inside of Hungary.

INSPECTING HIGHWAY MAINTENANCE SYSTEM

Commissioner Rogers, of Michigan, Going Over Roads In State.

Coming to Baltimore for the purpose of investigating the state highway maintenance system of Maryland, State Highway Commissioner Frank F. Rogers, of Michigan, is being piloted over the state roads in Southern Maryland by Chairman Zouck, Commissioner Uhl and Chief Engineer Shirley, of the State Roads Commission. It was expected that the Florida and Illinois Commissioner would make the trip also, but after coming to Baltimore last night they were forced to leave for home this morning.

Mr. Rogers was taken to Southern Maryland because he is especially interested in gravel roads, and most of the gravel roads built by the commission are located in that part of the state. However, down in that section he will be able to see stretches of every other type of road Maryland has adopted.

Michigan is the only state in the Union wherein the Highway Commissioner is elected by the votes of the people. In all of the other states such officials are appointed. Mr. Rogers was Deputy Highway Commissioner in his state for eight years, when the commissioner was appointed. After the law making it an appointive office was changed he was elected for a four-year term, which expires next spring.

Thursday morning before starting on the Southern Maryland trip, which will not be completed until tomorrow afternoon. Mr. Rogers said that the patrol maintenance system of Maryland is attracting attention throughout the country and that he is especially anxious to familiarize himself with its workings.

"The Maryland maintenance system is unique," said Mr. Rogers, "in that so far as I know, it is the only one that contemplates a continuous building up of roads. In other words, you have put into effect in this state a system of perpetual maintenance which means that the roads not only are to be kept in the condition they were in when completed, but that they actually are to be made better. I shall have a good deal to say about your system when I get back home."

"And have you seen any of the Maryland roads yet?"

"Yes; with Mr. Shirley I traveled over the Frederick road yesterday. It is beautiful, magnificent! I am highly pleased with it. If the rest of your roads are as good as that is, I shall be fully prepared to believe everything I have heard about Maryland's state road system."

Mr. Rogers says that Michigan has built 4,200 miles of improved roads within the last 11 years. About 60 per cent. of the roads are built of gravel, 25 per cent. of waterbound macadam and the remainder of concrete, sand and clay and a combination of macadam and gravel. All the work is done under state-aid system and there is no such thing in Michigan as a state system. However, larger contributions are made toward the building of roads that will link themselves into a system.

The Michigan roadf, Mr. Rogers said, cost from $2,000 a mile for gravel construction up to $6,500 or $7,500 for macadam, depending entirely upon the width and type of construction. Grading, which constitutes an important item in the construction of Maryland roads, costs very little in Michigan, owing to the level character of the country.

Some of the Michigan roads are but 9 feet in width, some run as high as 16 or 18 feet. But 6 inches of stone are used on macadam roads. In Maryland all macadam roads are 8 inches thick. This accounts, in part, for the difference in cost between the Maryland and the Michigan roads.

BITTINGER.

No principal teacher having been appointed for the Bittinger school for the approaching season the trustees will be glad to consider applications for the position from all who will apply by letter or in person before Sept. 1st.

The Sunday school picnic held in this village last Saturday was a very pleasant affair and was largely attended. The weather was ideal and all report having had a pleasant time.

B. H. Wiley, of Oakland, and Miss Louise Beckman, of North Glade, were among those who attended the picnic here.

Three touringcars, carrying a company of eighteen persons, arrived here last Thursday evening, having been driven all the way from Akron, Ohio, without serious mishap. The party were the children and grandchildren of Mr. and Mrs. Noah Bittinger and will remain with friends and relatives here for a couple of weeks.

Earl Brenneman was slightly injured a few days ago when the motorcycle, upon which he was riding, was overturned while descending a steep hill near Jennings.

John L. Beachy and family, of Fort Hill, Pa., and George Yommer, of Somerset, Pa., were among those who tarried with relatives after the picnic on Saturday.

PROCLAMATION

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF MARYLAND CREATING A BUDGET SYSTEM.

WHEREAS, at the January Session of the General Assembly of Maryland, held in the year 1916, an Act was passed, to-wit: Chapter 159 of said Acts, being an Act to propose an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title, "Legislative Department," of the Constitution of this State; and which said Act is in words and figures following:

"CHAPTER 159.

AN ACT to propose an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title, Legislative Department, of the Constitution of this State, regulating the making of appropriations by the General Assembly of Maryland in regular session, and to provide for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of this State for adoption or rejection.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland (three-fifths of all the members of each of the two houses concurring), That the following be and the same is hereby proposed as an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title Legislative Department, of the Constitution of this State, the same, if adopted by the legally qualified voters of the State, as herein provided, to become Section 52 of Article III of the Constitution of Maryland.

Sec. 52. The General Assembly shall not appropriate any money out of the Treasry except in accordance with the followin provisions:

Sub-Section A:

Every appropriation bill shall be either a Budget Bill, or a Supplementary Appropriation Bill, as hereinafter mentioned.

Sub-Section B:

First. Within twenty days after the convening of the General Assembly (except in the case of a newly elected Governor, and then within thirty days after his inauguration,) unless such time shall be extended by the General Assembly for the session at which the Budget is to be submitted, the Governor shall submit to the General Assembly two budgets, one for each of the ensuing fiscal years. Each budget shall contain a complete plan of proposed expenditures and estimated revenues for the particular fiscal year to which it relates; and shall show the estimated surplus or deficit of revenues at the end of such year. Accompanying each budget shall be a statement showing: (1) the revenues and expenditures for each of the two fiscal years next preceding: (2) the current assets, liabilities, reserves and surplus or deficit of the State; (3) the debts and funds of the State; (4) an estimate of the State's financial condition as of the beginning and end of each of the fiscal years covered by the two budgets above provided; (5) any explanation the Governor may desire to make as to the important features of any budget and any suggestion as to methods for the reduction or increase of the state's revenue.

Second. Each budget shall be divided into two parts, and the first part shall be designated "Governmental Appropriations" and shall embrace an itemized estimate of the appropriations: (1) for the General Assembly as certified to the Governor in the manner hereinafter provided; (2) for the Executive Department; (3) for the Judiciary Department, as provided by law, certified to the Governor by the Comptroller; (4) to pay and discharge the principal and interest of the debt of the State of Maryland in conformity with Section 34 of Article III of the Constitution, and all laws enacted in pursuance thereof; (5) for the salaries payable by the State under Constitution and laws of the State; (6) for the establishment and maintenance throughout the State of a thorough and efficient system of public schools in conformity with Article VIII of the Constitution and with the laws of the State; (7) for such other purposes as are set forth in the Constitution of the State.

Third. The second part shall be designated "General Appropriations," and shall include all other estimates of appropriations.

The Governor shall deliver to the presiding officer of each house the budgets and a bill for all the proposed appropriations of the budgets clearly itemized and classified; and the presiding officer of each house shall promptly cause said bill to be introduced therein, and such bill shall be known as the "Budget Bill." The Governor may, before final action thereon by the General Assembly, amend or supplement either of said budgets to correct an oversight or in case of an emergency, with the consent of the General Assembly by delivering such an amendment or supplement to the presiding officers of both houses; and such amendment or supplement shall thereby become a part of said budget bill as an addition to the items of said bill or as a modification of or a substitute for any item of said bill such amendment or supplement may affect.

The General Assembly shall not amend the budget bill so as to affect either the obligations of the State under Section 34 of Article III of the Constitution, or the provisions made by the laws of the State for the establishment and maintenance of a system of public schools, or the payment of any salaries required to be paid by the State of Maryland by the Constitution thereof; and the General Assembly may amend the bill by increasing or diminishing the items therein relating to the General Assembly and by increasing the items therein relating to the judiciary, but except as hereinbefore specified, may not alter the said bill except to strike out or reduce items therein provided, however, that the salary or compensation of any public officer shall not be decreased during his term of office; and such bill when and as passed by both houses shall be a law immediately without further action by the Governor.

Fourth. The Governor and such representatives of the executive departments, boards, officers and commissions of the State expending or supplying for State's money, as have been designated by the Governor for this purpose, shall have the right, and when requested by either house of the Legislature, it shall be their duty to appear and be heard with respect to any budget bill during the consideration thereof, and to answer inquiries relative thereto.

Sub-Section C: Supplementary Appropriation Bills:

Neither house shall consider other appropriations until the Budget Bill has been finally acted upon by both houses, and no such other appropriation shall be valid except in accordance with the provisions following: (1) Every such appropriation shall be embodied in a separate bill limited to some single work, object or purdose therein stated and called herein a Supplementary Appropriation Bill; (2) Each Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall provide the revenue necessary to pay the appropriation thereby made by a tax, direct or indirect, to be laid and collected as shall be directed in said Bill. (3) No Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall become a law unless it be passed in each house by a vote of a majority of the whole number of the members elected, and in the yeas and nays recorded on its final passage. (4) Each Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall be presented to the Governor of the State as provided in Section 17 of Article II of the Constitution and thereafter all the provisions of said Section shall apply.

Nothing in this amendment shall be construed as preventing the Legislature from passing at any time in accordance with the provisions of Section 28 of Article III of the Constitution and subject to the Governor's power of approval as provided in Section 17 of Article II of the Constitution an appropriation bill to provide for the payment of any obligation of the State of Maryland within the protection of Section 10 of Article I of the Constitution of the United States.

Sub-Section D: General Provisions:

First. If the Budget Bill shall not have been finally acted upon by the Legislature three days before the expiration of its regular session, the Governor may, and it shall be his duty to issue a proclamation extending the session for such further period as may, in his judgment, be necessary for the passage of such Bill; but no other matter than such Bill shall be considered during such extended session except a provision for the cost thereof.

Second. The Governor for the purpose of making up his budgets shall have the power, and it shall be his duty, to require from the proper State Officials, including herein all executive departments, all executive and administrative offices, bureaus boards, commissions and agencies expending or supervising the expenditure of, and all institutions applying for State moneys and appropriations, such itemized estimates and other information, in such form and at such times as he shall direct. The estimates for the Legislative Department, certified by the presiding officer of each house, of the Judiciary, as provided by law, certified by the Comptroller, and for the public schools, as provided by law shall be transmitted to the Governor, in such form and at such times as he shall direct, and shall be included in the budget without revision.

The Governor may provide for public hearings on all estimates and may require the attendance at such hearings of representatives of all agencies, and of all institutions applying for State moneys. After such public hearings he may, in his discretion, revise all estimates except those for the legislative and judiciary departments and for the public schools as provided by law.

Third. The Legislature may, from time to time, enact such laws, not inconsistent with this Section, as may be necessary and proper to carry out it provisions.

Fourth. In the event of any inconsistency between any of the provisions of this Section and any of the other provisions of the Constitution, the provisions of this Section shall prevail. But nothing herein shall in any manner affect the provisions of Section 34 of Article III of the Constution or of any laws heretofore or hereafter passed in pursuance thereof, or be construed as preventing the Governor from calling extraordinary sessions of the Legislature, as provided by Section 16 of Article II, or as preventing the Legislature at such extraordinary sessions from considering any emergency appropriations.

If any item of any appropriation bill passed under the provisions of this Section shall be held invalid upon any ground, such invalidity shall not affect the legality of the Bill or of any other item of such Bill or Bills.

Section 2. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said foregoing Section hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution shall at the next ensuing general election, being the Presidential and Congressional election, being the Presidential and Congressional, election, to be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday of November, in the nineteen hundred and sixteen, be submitted to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection in conformity with the directions contained in Article XVI of this State, and at said election the vote on said proposed amendment to the constitution shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be placed the following synopsis of said amendment under the caption of 'CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROVIDING FOR A BUDGET.'

"This amendment provides that the Governor shall present to the Legislature soon after it is convened a Budget giving a complete plan of proposed expenditures and estimated revenues for the two succeeding fiscal years showing clearly any surplus or deficit in State funds. In these estimates he shall make provision for the interest and sinking funds of all State debts, for all salaries as fixed by law, and for the public schools as fixed by law. With regard to most other matters he may revise the estimates presented to him either by State Officers or State-aided institutions. The Legislature may not increase the estimates presented by the Governor or pass any additional appropriation act except by a majority vote and must make provision by tax for such increase or additional appropriation. The Legislature may not alter in any appropriation act the provision made by law for the State debt, or for the judiciary, but may reduce all other items in the Governor's estimates; and the words 'for the Constitutional Amendment' and 'against the Constitutional Amendment' as now provided by law, and immediately after said election due returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote in accordance with Article XVI of the Constitution.

Approved March 28, 1916."

Now, therefore, I, Emerson C. Harrington, Governor of the State of Maryland, in pursuance of the direction contained in Section 1 of Article 14 of the Constitution of Maryland, do hereby order and direct a copy of this Proclamation, containing a full, true and correct copy of the text of said Chapter 159 of the Acts of Maryland of 1916, be published in at least two newspapers in each of the counties of the State and in three newspapers published in the City of Baltimore to be printed in the German language, once a week for three months next preceding the General Election to be held in this State on November 7th, 1916, and at which election the said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be submitted, in form and manner prescribed by the General Assembly, to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection.

GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND THE GREAT SEAL OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND,

The Great Seal of Maryland.

DONE at the City of Annapolis, this twentieth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen.

EMERSON C. HARRINGTON,
By the Governor:
THOMAS W. SIMMONS,
Secretary of State.

Order Nisi.

Gilmor S. Hamill, Assignee vs. William Frederick, Jr., and wife.
In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland, No. 2674 Equity.

It Is Ordered, this 8th day of July nineteen hundred and sixteen, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in equity, that the sale of the property mentioned in these proceedings, as made and reported by Gilmor S. Hamill, Assignee of mortgage for the purpose of foreclosure, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 1st day of August, 1916; provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Garrett county once a week for three successive weeks, before the 25th day of August, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $500.00.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

ROAD PETITION

Notice is hereby given that thirty days after the first publication hereof, application will be made to the County Commissioners of Garrett county for the appointment of viewers to lay out and locate a proposed new county road in Election District No. 10 of said county, said proposed road to begin at a point on the Ryan's Glade and Blaine road at or near Z. H. Moon's mail box, and running thence through the lands of Michael and Bell Tasker, Alexander Moon, George W. Walter and Jesse and George White to intersect the road leading from Bethlehem to Mountain Lake Park, a distance of about two miles.

F. B. TASKER,
MIKE TASKER,
ALEX. MOON,
JESSE WHITE,
GEORGE A. WHITE,
GEORGE W. WALTER,
AND OTHERS.

First publication August 3, 1916.

The Maryland State College Of Agriculture

Gives special courses in—

AGRICULTURE, ANIMAL HUSBANDRY, DAIRYING, POULTRY HUSBANDRY, FRUIT GROWING, MARKET GARDENING, FLORICULTURE, CANNING, CHEMISTRY, BIOLOGY, RURAL, CIVIL, MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING.

Military Training

College Expenses $50—Living Expenses $100 a year. 2 year, 10 week and CORRESPONDENCE COURSES—

FALL TERM Begins September 12th.

For Full Information address—
THE REGISTAR, COLLEGE PARK, MD.

Adv. 22-6t

Farm For Sale

I offer for sale my farm of 79 acres, located on the Swanton road three miles north of Swanton: Fifty acres are cleared, balance in timber; eight room Dwelling House; water piped into house from a never failing spring; barn and all other necessary outbuildings; good range for stock. Apply to or address,

JAMES STEARN,
Swanton, Md.

Advertisement. 31 4t.

DETROIT'S IMPRESSIONS OF A MAN.

Governor Hughes' visit to Detroit opened the presidential campaign of 1916, and if we may forecast the events that are to follow by the omens of Monday we would prognosticate an intensely warm, vivid and humanly interesting period in the next few months.

Setting aside the auspices of meteorological conditions in this prevision of the future—although they are approved by numerous professional augurs and by a host of commonalty as well—we base this prophecy on the characteristics of the candidate whose too brief stay with us has been enjoyed by all with whom he came into contact.

The misguided individuals who have been expecting Charles E. Hughes would prove to be a cold proposition and therefore easy to beat are in for a shock that will make them think they have been hit by an uninsulated trolley wire. There is nothing cold about Mr. Hughes, Detroit has learned. He is about as intensely human a piece of humanity as ever captured the hearts of a crowd, and the more people in the United States he meets between now and November the more votes will be cast for him. As a campaigner he is a revelation. He likes his fellow beings, and they like him because they see he likes them.

And what his personality begins his remarkable powers of intellect and utterance finish. He drives his points home with tremendous force. What he says sticks. There are thousands of Americans today who can retell every step in the arguments he made eight years ago on the Bryan trust policy, yet in 1908 Mr. Hughes was not especially a prominent figure and there was no particular reason why his address more than others should have remained clearly in the memory except the gift of the man to send his own thoughts so deep into the brains of others. They are clear in his own mind first, undoubtedly. He knows precisely what he wants to say because he has reasoned it out before he speaks it out. Probably that has something to do with the ease with which he conveys his meaning. But it is a very rare quality he possesses in his ability to master subjects so thoroughly as to make the most abstruse simple to himself and his hearers. It is a quality eminently desirable in a political candidate. It is infinitely more to be desired in the president of a great country like the United States.

Detroit's impression of Charles E. Hughes is all favorable. The thousands of people who have studied him at close range are convinced that if he is elected president next November he will be a great president, one of the greatest this nation has known, worthy to stand in history with George Washington and Abraham Lincoln, a custodian of the republic's fate to whom that fate may confidently be intrusted. If that conviction is shared by the people of other states whom he is still to meet the outcome of his swing around the great American circle cannot fail to be propitious for him.—Detroit Free Press.

CRELLIN

Mr. Whipp and Mr. White, of this place, motored to Morgantown and Uniontown Saturday, returning Sunday afternoon. They report a very nice trip.

Mrs. Cleve Ashby, of Horton, West Va., is visiting her father, Mr. Charles Edwards.

Mr. Chas. Ream and family motored to Kingwood Sunday and spent the day with Mr. C. F. Hammond.

Mr. Albert Ashby and family were visiting his father, R. T. Ashby, on Sunday.

Mr. Rolland Schoch of this place, purchased a new Briscoe roadster. The girls will all be on the lookout now.

Arthur Beachy and wife, of Pittsburgh, are visiting John Foreman.

M. M. Hann and Mr. Tobis Kilmer was visiting Mr. Dorsey L. Ashby of near here yesterday.

The boys of Crellin are making big preparations for their annual picnic on Saturday of this week. They have good encouragement from all over the country that they will have a large crowd. They have been fortunate in securing a twenty-five piece band from Pierce, W. Va. Hon. Frederick N. Zihlman and other noted speakers will be present. There will be six coaches on the excursion from Shaffer.

The State surveyors have been surveying on the proposed new state road route the past week.

Mr. Jas. Lipscomb an employee of the Kendall Lumber Company at Shaffer, W. Va., when trying to get on a log car at Shaffer, fell between the cars, one truck passing over his body. He only lived about four hours after the accident, Mr. Lipscomb was about forty years old.

A WOOD HICK.

MOUNTAIN LAKE PARK.

I. O. O. F. REUNION.

Saturday next special trains will carry thousands of excursionists to Mountain Lake Park from Martinsburg in the east, and Parkersburg and Wheeling in the west. It is the occasion of the reunion of the Odd Fellows of West Virginia and Maryland. Able speakers are to be present. Great games of baseball are booked, bands of music will be on hand and a drill by the Clarksburg Daughter of Rebekah in the afternoon. The day will be full of pleasure and good humor. The program is the greatest ever pulled off at Mountain Lake Park.

A. J. Wilkinson, Grand Secretary of the Grand Lodge of West Virginia, will preside, Hon. J. J. Cornwell will be the orator of the day. In the evening there will be a splendid entertainment, "Scenes and Songs from Shakesperean Plays," by Lina Henning Sherman, Prof. Patterson, Thomas B. Foulk, Flora A. Williams and others, given in the amphitheatre. Wherever given this entertainment has won great applause and enthusiastic press notices.

At night there will be a "Grand Pagent of Peace and War," accompanied by music, tableaux, procession, etc.

Do not miss this great day in the Park.

Commissioners Meeting.

Office of the County Commissioners for Garrett county, Oakland, Md., August 24th, 1916.

The Board of County Commissioners for Garrett County, Maryland, will meet in their office in the town of Oakland, on

Monday, September 11th, 1916,

to transact routine business.

By order of the Board.

W. G. MEYERS, Clerk.

It was stated that the president would work on his acceptance speech during his week end trip on the Mayflower. Among the salt billows there should be some inspiration for ringing sentiments on naval preparedness.

Now that Mr. Hughes knows he has been nominated for president we may wait patiently a few days longer to hear what Mr. Wilson has to say about it.

The psychologist who said that anybody can be hypnotized offers the most encouragement that Carranza has yet found for his hopes of borrowing money.

MR. HUGHES OPPOSED TO FOOLISH GOVERNMENT.

"I have no respect for the idea that because democratic government is a government of the people, by the people and for the people it is a government of the foolish, for the foolish and by the foolish."—From Mr. Hughes' Speech at Chicago.

For Sale
On The Monthly Payment Plan
Pay Like Rent

You can buy the 3 room cottage, equipped with city water, sewer, inside toilet and gas, on the lot fronting 50 feet on Bartlett St. by 100 ft. deep, on the monthly payment plan on the same terms and conditions as thousands o homes are being secured every year through the Building and Loan Associations.

Or the 7-room house, with cellar, gas, city water, sewer, bath etc. on the lot 100 by 100 ft. at the corner of Center and Bartlett Sts.

If not sold these houses are for rent on very reasonable terms.

For particulars see
Paul B. Naylor or write to
U. G. Palmer, Verona, Pa.

Notice to Contractors.

This is to give notice to the public that sealed bids will be received by the Board of Education for Garrett County, Maryland, up to 12.00 noon of

WEDNESAY
September 6th, 1916

for the erection of a school building to be built at Kempton, Garrett County, Maryland, the same being in Election District No. 8; the building to be built in accordance with plans and specifications on file in the office of the County Board of Education, Oakland, Md.

All bids to be endorsed on the back with the words: "Bids for the erection of Kempton School Building.

The Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

By order of the Board, August 18, 1916.

F. E. RATHBUN, Secretary.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

HENRY SCHLOSSNAGLE

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 24th day of February, 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under our hand this 22nd day of August, 1916.

G. W. SCHLOSSNAGLE,
Administrator,
Berlin, Somerset Co., Pa.

AMERICA'S NEED.

In America we have had so much material prosperity, we have indulged ourselves in so much luxury, that we have lost the spiritual vision of our pilgrim fathers. I say this in full recognition of the magnificent beneficence of generous philanthropists and the noble work which has been done in uplifting the sinful and the unfortunate. But as a nation we need a new spiritual awakening. I speak only that which is in the minds of many thoughtful men, when I say that the greatest need of America today and its only antidote against the poison of Socialism is a great revival of religion which will turn the minds of men away from the consideration of these minor social evils to a contemplation of their relations with the Almighty.—Alba B. Johnson, President of New England Society of Philadelphia.

TAX SALE
OF VALUABLE
Real Estate
In Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of the power vested in the Treasurer of Garrett County, Maryland, by section 52 of Chapter 566, of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland for the year 1890, title "Garrett County," sub-title "County Treasurer," and as amended by the General Assembly of Maryland for the year 1898, Chapter 144, the undersigned late Treasurer in and for Garrett County, Maryland, will, on

FRIDAY,
the 8th day of September 1916,

at 10 o'clock a. m. at the front door of the Court House in the town of Oakland, Garrett county, Md., offer and sell at public auction to the highest bidder all of the following pieces or parcels of land lying and being in Garrett County, Md., to wit:

No. 1—Part of a tract of land called "Alexander," containing 8 acres, and also part of a tract called "Republic," containing 25 acres, both of said tracts being described in a deed for the same from George W. McMillan, bearing date the 26th day of January, 1914, to Horace J. Green, which deed is duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 66, folio 291, one of the Land Records of Garrett county. Said parcels of land are located in Election District No. 11 of Garrett county and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Horace J. Green.

No. 2—All the surface and surface rights of ten acres of the tract called "Lochiel," located in Election District No. 9 of Garrett county, and being the same property described in a deed for the same from Simeon A. Green to Horace J. Green bearing date October 22, 1908, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 58, folio 217, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, said description by metes and bounds being as follows: Beginning for the same at the beginning of Lot No. 14 of the sub-division of the original tract called "Lochiel," and running thence North 20 degrees East, 41 perches, North 70 degrees West, 36 perches, South 20 degrees West, 41 perches, South 70 degrees East, 36 perches, to the beginning. Said land will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment books of said Garrett county in the name of Horace J. Green.

No. 3—Seventy-nine acres of land, located in Election District No. 12 of Garrett county, the same being a part of what is known as the Daniel Brenneman farm, and also being the same land which was conveyed by Christian Selders and Lizzie Selders, his wife, to Peter Opel by deed recorded in Liber W. H. T., No. 12, folio 273, one of the Land Records of Garrett county. Said land with the improvements thereon will be sold to pay and satisfy the balance of taxes for the year 1914 and the whole of the taxes of 1915 due and in arrear thereon as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Peter Opel.

No. 4—A part of the tract of land known and designated as the "Rights of Man," containing the quantity of 100 acres and being the same land which was conveyed by Wm. M. Lohr, then Treasurer of Garrett county, by deed bearing date the 18th day of April, 1902, to James Stark, said deed being of record in Liber E. Z. T., No. 44, folio 22, one of the Land Records of Garrett county. Said land is located in Election District No. 12 of Garrett county and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of James Stark.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on the day of sale. The right of redemption extends to six calendar months from day of sale by paying the amount of the purchase money with interest thereon at the rate of twenty per cent. per annum and all costs. Conveyancing at cost of purchaser.

C. A. BEACHY,
Late treasurer of Garrett County.

Notice to Taxpayers.

The municipal taxes of the town of Oakland are due and payable after July 1st of each year. On all taxes paid before September 1st, a discount of three per cent. is allowed and after that date and until January 1st tax bills are payable net and afte January 1st, they bear interest at the rat of six per cent.

Those who desire to avail themselves of the liberal discount allowed must settle during the present month.

JAS. D. HAMILL, Collector.

Adv. 25-2t

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters Testamentry on the estate of

OTTO FILSINGER

late of Garrett County, Md., deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 17th day of February, 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 17th day of August, 1916.

E. R. JONES,
Executor,
Oakland, Md.

The man Who Makes
A STUDY OF HIS
APPEARANCE

Is the man who best appreciates the detail of the tailoring we turn out The workmanship passes without a question, the fit is naturally a matter of course, but the shape we mould into the garments give them a character that finishes them off and makes the satisfaction of the owner complete.

All this is a bid for your next tailoring order. We know we can make you the best clothes you ever wore We want you to know it. That orde s the best and only sure way to settle he question.

JAMES BROCK,
Dixon Building,
Oakland, Maryland.

Farm for Sale

Containing two hundred and seventy-six acres. About 175 acres cleared and in good cultivation and the balance in timber.

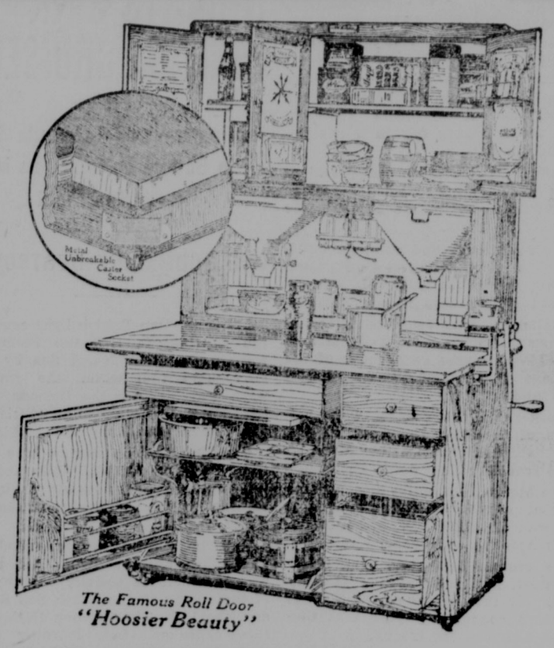
Located twelve miles west of Lonaconing in Garrett county in the Fairview settlement. With seven or eight never failing springs on it. One dwelling house containing seven rooms and a good cellar; bank barn 40 x 60 feet and all other necessary outbuildings.

Good apple orchard of about 200 bearing trees and all other kinds of fruits.

If not sold prior to January 1st, 1917, the property will be for rent.

For any other information call on or address the undersigned.

JONAS WEITZELL,
Lonaconing, Md.



WE have in stock the famous HOOSIER KITCHEN CABINET at a price within your reach:

$21.00, $27.00 and $34.00

$1.00 down; balance $1.00 per week

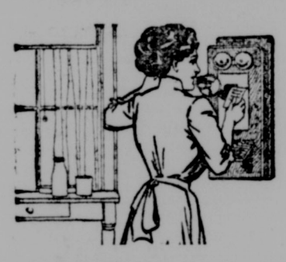
The safest and surest plan is to order now. You take no risk. We guarantee to refund every cent if you are not delighted with the Hoosier.

Gold Medal Winner Panama-Pacific Exposition San Francisco 1915

CALL AND SEE OUR LINE.

McIntire's Hardware Store
Oakland, Maryland.

The Fairmont Fair
Fairmont, W. Va., Aug. 21 to 25



Somebody Wants to Talk with You

Are you depriving your friends of the pleasure of talking with you? Many of them have telephones and would like to call you up. Can they reach you by telephone?

Telephone service is reasonable in cost and you owe it to yourself and to your friends to have it installed.

Ask our local manager.

THE CHESAPEAKE AND POTOMAC TELEPHONE COMPANY
J. BROOKE BOYLE, Local Manager
Tel. 9000 10 Union St, Cumberland

TRUSTEE'S SALE
OF
COTTAGE
At Mountain Lake Park, Garrett County, Md.
Belonging to the Estate of the late Thomas Ireland Elliott.

The undersigned Trustee, in order to close the estate of the late Judge Thomas Ireland Elliott, will sell at Public Auction in front of the Office of the Mountain Lake Park Association on

SATURDAY
August 19th, 1916

at 2 o'clock p. m., his cottage on I St. containing large living room, dining room, pantry, kitchen, three bed rooms and bath, and servants' quarters, lot 100' x 130' in fee and known as lots 1014 and 1016.

Terms of sale: One-half cash in 30 days, balance in mortgage for one or two years with interest, or all cash at option of the purchaser. Deposit of $100 required at sale. Expenses adjusted to date of transfer.

SAFE DEPOSIT & TRUST COMPANY of Baltimore, Trustee, 13 South St.

Subscribe for The Republican.

Notice to the Public

The undersigned has bought out the general store of Mr. J. S. Clary at Deer Park, Md., and will continue the business in the same building and in the same manner in which it has been conducted, and extends to the public generally a cordial invitation to call, get prices and see if we cannot do business.

Remember that satisfaction is guaranteed in every transaction.

Thanking you in advance.

I am very truly,
W. B. MILLER

LEON

Will make the season of 1916 as follows, beginning May 13th:

On Saturday of each week at the Mill Stable of Andrew W. Helbig in Oakland. Other days at my home.

After July 15, terms will be $10.

D. J. SWARTZENTRUBER.

KODAK SAFETY FILM

THE REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME 41. OAKLAND, MARYLAND THURSDAY, AUGUST 31, 1916. NUMBER 27

SODA GLASSES TO GO SEPTEMBER FIRST

Strict Measures Against Infantile Paralysis.

The new ruling of the State Board of Health that soda water containers must not be used a second time or by different persons will be rigorously enforced after September 1. The health authorities claim that rinsing glasses in tunning water is not sufficient to cleanse them, and after September 1 paper cups must be used at all soda fountains in Maryland. This rule is to prevent any possible spreading of infantile paralysis among children, who are great consumers of soda water. Any person violating this act will be subject to a fine not to exceed $600.

The State Board of Health issued two travel orders, designed to prevent the importation of infantile paralysis in effect from August 26. The first provides that persons 16 years of age and under, temporarily residing in New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, or any other state where infantile paralysis is epidemic or unusually prevalent, desiring to return to Maryland must be provided with the official travel permit or certificate of the public health service.

Children returning home, even with such permits, will be quarantined in their homes and subject to medical observation for fourteen days after the date of their certificate.

The second order provides that, from August 26, the local health authorities may not grant to any child, of 16 years or under, a permit to enter New York, New Jersey or Pennsylvania or other states in which infantile paralysis prevails, unless the person applying intends to make his permanent residence in that state. Children residing in Maryland, whose places of employment are in another state, may be allowed to go to and from under limited permits, which must be renewed weekly. Permits will in no case be granted when the object of a visit to a state where infantile paralysis prevails is instruction, recreation or pleasure.

RAILWAYS OF THE UNITED STATES

Two-thirds as Much Mileage as Rest of World.

Illuminating figures setting forth the extent, amount of business handled, the vast capital invested and the importance of railway systems of the United States compared with those of other nations are given in a bulletin issued by the National Geographic Society from Washington headquarters:

"With its more than a quarter of a million miles (257,569) June 30, 1915, the United States not only leads every other nation in the world but exceeds by 50,000 miles the total railway mileage of Europe. In fact, it has two-thirds as much mileage as all the rest of the world combined. The length of tracks, including switches and sidings, reaches the enormous total of 391,000 miles—enough to reach from the earth to the moon and with a surplus sufficient to girdle the globe six times. Over these tracks 65,000 locomotives are operated, drawing 2,327,000 cars. If all these cars were converted into grain carriers and were placed at the disposal of the farmers of the country the entire 1915 wheat crop of more than a billion bushels could have been moved at once and not employed more than one third the total tonnage capacity.

"The average number of employes of all the railroads in the United States whose annual operating revenues amounted to $100,000 or more last year was 1,409,342, the number of miles of road coming under this classification being about 225,000. The total compensation paid these employes was $1,165,000,000, an amount exceeding the total revenues of the United States government for 1913-14 by more than a hundred and twenty million dollars. The average annual wage of railway employes is therefore, $826.

"Among the railway employes in 1914 the largest average daily compensation went to general officers, $16.06, with other officers ranking second, $6.48. Third in line of average daily compensation were the enginemen, $5.24, followed by conductors, $4.47. The lowest wage was to the trackmen, a daily average of $1.59. In every class save one (employes—account floating equipment) the compensation for 1914 was more than in 1913, the largest daily increase going to the general offices (39 cents) with firemen ranking next (9 cents), and conductors third (8 cents.)

"For the twelve months ending June 30, 1915, our railroads carried 976,000,000 passengers, 85,000,000 fewer than during the previous twelve months. These travelers paid the roads $546,000,000, about 66 cents each and the average receipts per passenger were a fraction under two cents. The number of tons of revenue producing freight handled was 1,802,000,000, for which shippers paid the roads $1,977,000,000. The average freight rate per ton mile for these shipments was a little less than three-quarters of a cent.

"The total railway operating revenues for the year amounted to $2,956,000,000, with operating expenses of $2,088,000,000.

The railway capital of the United States actually outstanding on June 30th, 1915 ($19,717,000,000), was equal to 44 per cent. of the total indebtedness of all the nations of the earth, computed prior to the outbreak of the European war. It is a sum representing more than 10 per cent. of the total wealth of the country, and equal to the wealth of Belgium, Spain and the Netherlands combined."

A Birthday Party.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Glotfelty entertained a number of guests at their home near Oakland, Wednesday evening in honor of their daughter Margaret's 18th Birthday. Those present were: Misses Ada and Florence Wensell, Naomi and Dessie Lohr, Mattie Browning, Lucie Spiker, Daisy Nines, Martha Glotfelty, Manona and Wandelle Thayer, and Mrs. Wm. Ewing, of Thomas, W. Va.; Messrs. Pete and Avin Brenninger, Adrian and Hiram Glotfelty, William Dodge, Ernest Gortner, Jake Yutzy, Harland Browning, Floyd Wensell, Reverdy Beckman, Michael Kildow; Mr. and Mrs. D. T. Thayer, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Beckman, Mr. and Mrs. Russel Beckman.

Refreshments consisting of ice cream, cake, candy, fruit and other delacacies were served at a late hour. The birthday cake was baked to represent a pyramid and decorated with 18 candles.

Miss Glotfelty was the recipient of many beautiful as well as useful presents. A GUEST.

Glotfelty Family Reunion.

A reunion of the entire Glotfelty clan has been planned and arranged for Sunday, September 10th, at the farm of Mr. Mahlon Glotfelty near McHenry, at which time and place every family connection as well as their friends are invited and expected to be present. The Glotfelty family is a large one and with all its members present a large crowd will be there to enjoy a pleasant day.

To Late For Publication.

We have received this morning a newsy communication from our Bloomington correspondent, but unfortunately too late for publication in this issue. It will appear next week.

GARRETT COUNTY DAY AT MT. LAKE PARK

Well Known Speakers Are Expected to be Present and a Splendid Time Assured.

Saturday of this week is Garrett County Day at Mountain Lake Park, plans for which have been under way for several weeks past with the assurance that a roval good time will be had by all who may be fortunate enough to be at the Park upon that day.

The program as outlined by Manager Rudisill, will be as follows:

A game of base ball between two excellent and well-known teams of ball players. The Garrett county boys thus far during the season have been winners and they should be on Saturday.

Addresses will be made by Dr. Joseph Irwin France, Republican candidate for United States Senate; by Representative David J. Lewis and by State Senator Fred. N. Zihlman, who will succeed Mr. Lewis in Congress; also by Mr. Dorsey Etchison, Democratic candidate for Congress.

Free admission may be obtained to the auditorium for these addresses.

Then many of the old settlers of Garrett county will be present with their families and friends and one may be able to meet and greet those whom they have not seen for years. It will be a great Garrett County Day.

Interest In Survey.

The Eastern Panhandle of West Virginia is interested in the geological survey which is being made by William A. Baker of Johns Hopkins University of the coal seams of the Georges Creek coal field and the series of the Upper Potomac basin, extending into this state.

Baker has headquarters at Frostburg, Md., and is working under the direction of Dr. Charles K. Swartz. The maps and data collected will be a part of the Western Maryland coal survey. While this work is going on ex-Senator Brown, of Bayard, W. Va., is making a similar map of the Upper Potomac coal basin, and the clays of the region are being studied by Dr. Watts of the Ohio State University, Dr. Shurect of the Federal Bureau of Mines and G. M. Hall of Johns Hopkins University. The limestone, clays, standstones and other minerals of the eastern counties of West Virginia are already playing an important part in the state's progress, and production is considered to be only in its infancy.

Struck By Auotmobile.

Jenevieve Walters, aged about six years, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Walters, was struck by an automobile on Second street Tuesday afternoon and knocked to the pavement, but escaped any seriour injury. The driver of the car, a young man, named Boxwell, of Baltimore, who is a summer resident at the Park, brought his car to a stop and assisted in caring for the child at the office of a physician. It was clearly an unavoidable accident, according to eyewitnesses.

LIGE LIVENGOOD'S BARN BURNED

Four Horses and 125 Tons of Hay Lost—Lightning the Cause.

The large barn belonging to Elijah Livengood, the Mample Sugar King, located about three miles south of Salisbury near the state line, was struck by lightning between 10:30 and 11 o'clock Tuesday night and burned to the ground.

Mr. Livengood was awake at the time of the stroke and hurried to the barn, but three minutes after it was struck it was enveloped in fire, the flames shooting out in twenty foot sheets. There were no possible means of saving the building or its contents and consequently 125 tons of hay went up in smoke together with four horses, four wagons and numerous farm implements. A near-by shed also burned, but aside from the barn and this shed the other buildings were unharmed.

Mr. Livengood estimates his loss at about $5000. To cover this loss he will realize but $2000 insurance, leaving him very much to the bad on account of the fire. The loss of the hay also means a great deal to Mr. Livengood, as does the loss of his fine big horses, and his many farm implements.

On account of this disastrous fire Mr. Livengood will be seriously handicapped in getting in his grain and attending to the other many duties of the farm. To meet this work he has but one horse and will necessitate an immediate outlay for wagons and so forth. The cattle, being out of the barn at the time of the fire, were uninjured.—Meyersdale Republican.

Musical at Accident.

In the public school building at Accident the pupils of Mrs. Iva McCullough Statler will give a musical recital on the evening of September 8th. Mrs. Statler is a graduate of the New England Conservatory of Music at Boston, Mass., and is well equipped and exceptionally well trained to impart musical knowledge to those under her charge. The entertainment at Accident promises to be quite a treat.

REUNION OF ODD FELLOWS

Thousands Attend Festivities at Mountain Lake Park.

The reunion of Odd Fellows of West Virginia and Maryland brought the largest crowd of the season to Mountain Lake. The excursionists, who numbered thousands, came from points as far as Martinsburg, on the east, and Parkersburg and Wheeling, on the west. A feature was a drill by the Rebekahs, of Clarksburg, in the afternoon. A. J. Wilkinson, of Huntington, W. Va., grand secretary, presided, and the exercises opened in the afternoon with a concert by the Berkeley Springs Band. Prayer was offered by Rev. A. H. Snedegar, grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of Maryland.

The opening address by Grand Secretary Wilkinson was followed with a talk on Rebekahism by Mr. Currence, of Clarksburg, W. Va. Saul Praeger, of the Cumberland bar, a member of Chosen Friends Lodge, spoke on The Spirit of Odd Fellowship in Maryland, The oration of the day was delivered by John J. Cornwell, of Romney.

At night an entertainment was given under the direction of Linna Henning Sherman, assisted by Professor Patterson, Thomas B. Foulk, Flora A. Williams and others.

Garrett County Ideal.

The scientists of the world have agreed that we mortals ought to breathe the strata of air between 2,000 to 3,000 feet. If this is true (and who doubts it?) Oakland Garrett County, Maryland, (which is about 2,500 feet), is the beau ideal climate to live in and happily flourish. Any greater altitude is too rarified and apt to affect the heart.

Wager Walk For $100.

Howard Kenney and George Robinson will walk to Grantsville from Frostburg on Friday, September 1, in a walking contest. They will leave the mile-post at St. Cloud hotel at 7. p. m. One hundred dollars will be awarded the winner. The referees are Arthur Bond for Kenny and Joseph Brophy for Robinson.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

D. M. Dixon & Co. just received 2 tons

Granulated Sugar

On which we will make a special price for quantity lots.

Have a large stock of

Mason and Easy Seal Fruit Jars

At attractive prices, also car

Stoneware

To sell 6 cents gallon

Still have some flour to sell below the wholesale market.

Will pay 25 cents, one half cash, for good fresh butter.

Can use chickens at a good price.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

C. H. BROWNING

Deer Park's Best Store

WANTED

Butter, Eggs and Young Chickens.

Will pay the highest price.

SPECIAL

Sugar 8 1-2 Cents Pound

Get right trade at Brownings.

Offutt's

Canning Requirements

Mason Glass Jars,
Pints, Quarts and Half Gallons
Quart Tin Cans,
Boyd's Jar Tops,
Sealing Wax,
Parawax,
Jar Rubbers, Red and White

Peaches

Will have regular shipments during the peach season.

Sugar at the right price.

We are in the market for 5 Foot and 5 Foot Double length and 6 Foot Mine Ties. Will pay Highest Market Price.

OFFUTTS'

SUPER-ZEPPELINS ATTACK ENGLAND

Latest Type of German Air Fighters in Squadron of Six Drop 100 Bombs

FIRES STARTED IN LONDON

Official Statement Regarding Raid Says One Hostile Balloon Succeeded in Reaching Outskirts of Metropolis—Ships Fired On.

London.—Eight persons were killed and thirty-six injured in the Zeppelin raid. This was announced officially. One hundred bombs were dropped.

The Rotterdam correspondent of the Daily News says that super-Zeppelins, of which frequent reports have come from Germany, evidently took part in the attack, for two of these vessels were seen clearly on their way west by inhabitants of Dutch islands. Of the four airships observed on the westward course, two were of the newer type, each carrying four gondolas.

According to a statement of Lord Montagu in a speech in England a short time ago, the new German Zeppelins are 780 feet long, have a capacity of 2,000,000 cubic feet of gas, a speed of 80 miles an hour, and a radius of action of 3,000 miles at 35 miles an hour. Their engines, he said, have 15,000 horse power.

These super-Zeppelins are to carry five tons of bombs, and are armed with machine guns at bow and on top of the envelope. Two of these monsters, Lord Montagu said, are already completed, and four will be in commission in October.

Many remarkable stories are told of the night's Zeppelin raid. In one case a bomb fell near three cottages in which, in all, there were twenty-five children, shattering the windows and throwing the furniture about, yet not a child was hurt, although in one case the glass of a picture smashed on a baby's head.

In another case an old woman in her bed fell through from the top floor of her home into the drawing room, bed and all, and partly below the drawing room, being rescued by firemen.

One of the Zeppelins eluded the searchlights several times, but was picked up again. Another, after being under heavy fire for fifteen minutes, vanished in a dense cloud of smoke, apparently created by an apparatus on board.

One Zeppelin reached the outskirts of London and started fires there. Ship in the harbor were fired on.

NAMES MEXICAN BOARD

Secretary Lane, Judge George Gray and Dr. John R. Mott the Appointees.

Washington.—Secretary of State Lansing announced the appointment of the American members of the International Joint Commission which is to consider the differences existing between the United States and the de facto Government of Mexico. They are:

Franklin K. Lane, Secretary of the Interior.
Judge George Gray of Delaware.
Dr. John R. Mott of New York.

The Administration's purpose to get the work started at the earliest practicable date is known. There is no disposition whatever to delay a beginning of the important work which confronts the joint body.

First Chief Carranza announced the appointment of the Mexican members of the joint commission weeks ago. They are:

Luis Cabrera, Minister of Finance.
Ignacio Bonillas, engineer.
Alberto Pani, engineer.

Judge Gray, formerly United States Senator from Delaware, is one of the most widely known jurists in the country, and is the American member of the International Permanent Court of Arbitration.

Three Presidents of the United States have honored Dr. John R. Mott of New York, now named as a member of the Mexican Arbitration Commission. "One of the greatest men of our generation," ex-President Taft once called him.

GERMANS CLAIM BIG CROPS

Batocki Reports That There Is Enough Food for Another Year.

Berlin, (by Wireless to Sayville).—Information now at hand gives assurance that this year's crops will be much in excess of those of the last peace years, according to a statement from the office of Adolph von Batocki, President of the food regulation Board.

It is said that Germany is assured of supplies of all food necessaries for another year.

END OF PRINTERS' STRIKES

Typographical Union and Publishers Sign Arbitration Agreement.

Baltimore.—At the closing session of the sixty-second annual convention of the International Typographical Union an arbitration agreement with the American Publishers Association was ratified. The agreement is to cover a period of five years beginning on May 1, 1917. Under its terms every difference of the members of the union with their employes will be settled by arbitration along fixed lines.

2 KILLED IN RACE AS 11 CARS PILE UP

Peacock's Machine, Leading In 100-Mile Contest at Kalamazoo Skids, Blocking Track

EIGHT DRIVERS BADLY HURT

Car Driven by Andy Burt, Whose Mechanician, Marion Arnold, Was Killed, Was the First to Strike That of Peacock.

Kalamazoo, Mich.—Two men were killed and eight others injured, one of them fatally, when eleven of fourteen automobiles piled up at the first turn during the 100-mile race at Recreation Park here.

The dead are:

MARION ARDOLD, mechanician, Chicago, decapitated.

JACK PEACOCK, driver, Brooklyn, both hips broken and head crushed; died in hospital.

F. E. Marquette of Kalamazoo, mechanician for Peacock, was fatally injured in the head and his left leg was broken in three places.

The others injured are Harold W. Downs, Kalamazoo, driver, cut about face and head; Roy Newton, Kalamazoo, mechanician for Downs, cuts on face an head; Thomas Ball, Coldwater, Mich., driver, back injured; Guy L. Bailey, Coldwater, mechanician for Ball, face and back injured; Jimmy Alexander, Sioux City, Ia., mechanician, badly bruised; Andy Burt, driver, Chicago, badly bruised; Otto Henning, driver, Chicago, minor injuries.

The accident occurred when Peacock's car, leading in the race, skidded and struck the fence at the first turn. It was overturned and thrown squarely across the track. Before track attendants could signal the other drivers ten of the machines going at a terrific clip ploughed into the overturned car. Five of them were demolished.

CAR IN RIVER; 4 KILLED.

Wellsboro, Pa.—Two men and two children lost their lives and four other persons were injured when an automobile occupied by Earl Sherman and family of Endicott, N. Y., went over an embankment into the Tioga River near Covington, Pa.

The dead are:

EARL SHERMAN, 35, captain of firemen and police at Endicott; neck broken.

FRANK PERRY, chauffeur, 32; drowned.

TWO DAUGHTERS OF SHERMAN 2½ years and 5 months old; both drowned.

Heavy rains and a dense fog prevented Perry from making a curve on the down grade of the slippery road. The automobile went over a twelve foot embankment and turned bottom side up. It took twelve men to raise the car from the bodies beneath it.

GERMANY FETES DEUTSCHLAND

Children and Streets Named After Captain Koenig and Cities Celebrate.

Berlin.—Captain Paul Koenig the hero of Germany. Children and streets are being named after him. Cities are flaunting every available stitch of bunting in his honor. A new national festival has received birth from the magic of his exploit in bringing the merchant submarine Deutschland home again.

The Kaiser seeks to shake his hand and pat him on the back, and to pin some bit of ribbon and tag of metal on his seamanlike chest.

"With sincere pleasure," the Emperor telegraphed, "I have just received news of the safe return of the submarine liner Deutschland. I heartily congratulate the owners and builders of the vessel and the brave seamen under Koenig's command."

WORLD'S NEWS IN CONDENSED FORM

WASHINGTON, W. Va.—Dr. Oliver A. Howard was arrested charged with the murder of his wife, Mrs. Frances Robertson Howard, a prominent Woman Suffragist and a leader in civic and club activities.

BERLIN, (by wireless to Sayville) —According to the Cologne Gazette as quoted by the Overseas News Agency, the German merchant submarine Bremen is on her way to the U. S. now with a cargo of dyes.

MEXICO CITY.—As a consequence of the receipt of information that cholera exists in Vera Cruz a quarantine has been declared in Cuban ports.

EL PASO, Tex.—Villa raiders have appeared in the vicinity of Jiminez on the Mexico National Railway, midway between Torreon and Chihuahua City.

WASHINGTON.—A protocol amplifying the financial, economic, and administrative treaty with Haiti was signed by Secretary Lansing and Minister Menos. The most important addition to the treaty is the provision that the native police force is to have American officers.

SANTIAGO.—A number of Chilian students left this city to attend different universities in the United States.

ALLIES ROUTED BY BULGARIANS

British and French Gain Only in Centre of Great Macedonian Battle Line

TWO WINGS PUT IN PERIL

Paris.—The drama of war is developing rapidly in the Balkan theatre, events hurrying forward toward the crash which may have a profound effect upon the outcome of the world conflict.

In the actual fighting the honors are with the Bulgars, who, the French Office admits, swept forward on both the extreme right and the extreme left of the Allies' line until, some military critics say, the flanks are in peril. In the centre only the story was different and the Allies progressed.

A profound sensation was caused in the Balkans, and more particularly in Greece, by the arrival of the Russian advance contingent which was assigned after a conference of the allied commanders to join the reorganized Serbian army on the frontier of Serbia.

The Greeks are described as viewing bitterly the spectacle of Russian troops disembarking at Salonica to participate in the campaign and carry on the work in which their own army might have been engaged had Venezelos carried the day. They are said to realize that this puts an end to the dream of a greater Greece.

The Russian force eventually will number 80,000, it is asserted. British, French, Serbian, Italian and Russian troops will soon be fighting side by side against the Central Powers.

The belief prevails among some military experts here that the Russians are content with the successes achieved up to date by Gen. Brusiloff's great offensive in Volhynia, Galicia and the Carpathians, and have decided to reap the fruits of the weakening of the Teutons during the last 2½ months by withdrawing strong forces from the eastern front for the Macedonian campaign.

U-BOATS SINK BRITISH CRUISERS

London.—Two British light cruisers, the Nottingham and the Falmouth, were sunk in the North Sea by German submarines while the vessels were searching for the German High Seas Fleet, according to an official announcement issued by the Admiralty.

One German submarine was destroyed by the British, while another was rammed and possibly sunk, according to the Admiralty statement, which reads:

Reports from our lookout squadrons and other units showed that there was considerable activity on the part of the enemy in the North Sea Saturday, the 19th. The German High Seas Fleet came out, but, learning from their scouts that the British forces were in considerable strength, the enemy avoided an engagement and returned to port.

In searching for the enemy we lost two cruisers by submarine attacks—H. M. S. Nottingham, Captain C. B. Miller, and H. M. S. Falmouth, Captain John Edwards.

All the officers of the former were saved, but thirty-eight of the crew are missing. All the officers and men of the Falmouth were saved, but one leading stoker, Norman Fry, died of injuries.

An enemy submarine was destroyed and another was rammed and possibly sunk. There is no truth in the German statement that a British destroyer and a British battleship damaged.

The presence in the North Sea of a German squadron of some fifteen warships, including large cruisers, was previously reported by trawlers arriving at Ymuiden, Holland, a Reuter dispatch from that point says. The squadron was sighted in the region of White Bank, and was accompanied by two Zeppelins. It was taking a northwesterly course.

PITH OF THE WAR NEWS

Bulgarian forces seized the Greek port of Kavalla, on the Aegean Sea, and all but one of its defending forts. An official communication from Saloniki announces that they already have been brought under the fire of Allied warships.

The Bulgarian advance in the valley of the Struma also continues, according to an official statement from Berlin, and the invaders are nearing the mouth of the river.

The developments in the Balkans appear to be causing perturbation in Austria-Hungary, according to advices from Bern, Switzerland.

There will be no official effort to hinder the Bulgarian invasion of Greece, which is rapidly converting wide sections into a battlefield.

An Austrian aeroplane was brought down and destroyed by flames after a battle with an Italian Nieuport machine over Gorizia. Vienna reports the repulse of heavy attacks in the Fassa Alps.

The Allies made another great effort on the Somme and scored further important local successes on both the French and British fronts north of the river. The French seized all remaining ground in Maurepas.

A Town In One House

By FREDERIC J. HASKIN

The amazing rise of the New York apartment house is about to reach its zenith in the creation of an immense cooperation country home on the shores of Long Island. The idea of this super-apartment originated with two well-known American artists, Walter Russell and Penrhyn Stanlaws. So far it has its existence only in drawings and plans, but inasmuch as a number of New York's millionaires are back of the project, and such artists as Frederic MacMonnies, Paul Bartlett, Jules Guerin and others, as well as Russell and Stanlaws have perfected the plans with the architects, there is no reason to doubt that it will in due course arise to amaze the world.

The development of the New York apartment is the most striking phenomenon of modern urban living, and the one fraught with the greatest possibilities. Not many years ago, the only apartment houses were tenements, and all the rich and well to-do lived in houses of their own. But the individual dwelling was forced out by the sheer limitations of space. First the old brownstone fronts were deserted and changed into lodging and boarding houses; then more expensive residences shared their fate. A house that rented for five thousand dollars a few years ago may be had now for fifteen hundred. Only the very wealthy can afford separate houses in desirable parts of the town, while the demand for apartments by the moderately wealthy has brought into being tenements of the most luxurious and elaborate sort. Twenty-five thousand dollars a year is paid for the occupancy of more than one New York apartment.

But this apartment house vogue is not merely a space-saving expedient. The significant thing is that the apartment house is an experiment in co-operative living. The occupants combine, in effect, to build them a house and heat it, and provide themselves with other conveniences. This cooperative idea has already been given definition by the erection of a series of apartment houses in which each tenant actually buys one-half of the space he occupies, while paying rent on the other half. This cooperative idea was first put into practice by a group of artists. In fact the rise of the apartment house and the artists have been to a great extent co-temporaneous. When the apartment was in its infancy, the artists were most confined to Washington Square, McDougall Alley and Greenwich Alley, where they eked a precarious existence out of the few magazines and art patrons of that day. But the rise of the magazine brought wealth to the story writer and illustrator, while portrait painters, sculptors and architects began to enjoy a new vogue. Forthwith, they moved uptown.

But the artist wants few possessions. He does not wish to worry about servants, and garages and furnaces and gardens. The apartment is his natural habitat. He was first among the successful to make the apartment his home, and first to devise and inhabit the cooperative apartment. It was he who designed the "duplex studio apartment" which is now all the go in New York, even among people who never study anything. It is an apartment of which almost the whole first floor is one great room, with a vaulted ceiling, and a gallery all the way around, upon which the bed rooms open. Thus the ancient wheeze about the small size of apartment rooms has lost its force. A famous dancing teacher holds classes of thirty pupils in her duplex apartment without crowding, and one artist, Walter Russell, has a studio in his apartment home that is sixty feet long, and has a number of windows ten feet wide opening upon Central Park.

To avert to the Long Island wonder, it is to take these ideas of plenty of room and cooporation for convenience and carry them to their logical limit, by having every occupant the owner of his own share of the building, and by erecting it out in the country. Incidentally, this most ambitious of all partments is to be called "New Versailles," not because it will be a copy of its French counterpart, because no work of art can be copied, but because the name conveyes something of the intention of the builders. It is to be an American work of art, with the spirit of American art back of it. The designs, which have already been painted by Jules Guerin, show an immense palace of marble climbing by a series of terraces set with ornamental pools and formal gardens and colonnades and fountains, from the sea shore to the top of a gently sloping hill. It is proclaimed that this is to be the true home of all that is great in American sculpture. MacMonnies will here restore the famous fountain which he designed for the Chicago Exposition, and which has been torn down because there was no room for it. So will Aitkens' "Fountain of the Earth" be preserved along with Bartlett's equestrian masterpiece.

The United States lacks great architecture. Its work of decorative art have heretotore been housed mostly in museums. At the New Versailles they are to be given their true place in a scheme of elaborate beauty. In a word, when the scheme reaches its logical fulfillment, this will be the supreme monument to American wealth. In the year five thousand and something, mayhap, it will be dug up and exhibited as a masterpiece of the American civilization. It will be to the American millionaire what the pyramids as to the Pharoahs—a physical demonstration of their tremendous power to create.

But meantime, and as soon as the first chauteau is finished, it will do for the American millionaire a great many things that he would otherwise have to do for himself. It is to be an experiment in communal living for the rich. All over the world, at various times, communal colonies have been founded by socialistic dreamers and always they have failed because there was no real need for them. Now, in New York, the need has grown up because of the great number of people, and the complexity of their wants, and the need has brought into being the communal apartment house. This great cooperative country home will take up the idea and carry it a step further. Every family that wishes to live in it will buy as much space as it needs. One man for example, has bought only a room and bath for $5000.00, while another has bought $256,000 worth. With this he can do as he pleases, for he owns it. This particular man has decided to cut out the floors of the second story, so that all of his rooms will have vaulted ceilings twenty feet high.

Having thus acquired an ownership the tenant has satisfied all of his needs without any further effort upon his part except the writing of checks. Automobiles, garages, chauffeurs, are all supplied by the colony as a whole. So are yachts and motor boats, and a giant sea-plane. A theatre, schools for children, and a playhouse to cost $22,000 are all thrown in. Tennis courts and golf courses and an aviation field and hangars and aeroplanes are all there. Cooperative stores are maintained and cooperative restaurants, grill rooms, bars, and catlring establishments. In a word, the millionaire without once thinking about them, he may revel in the complex luxury of modern wealth and his own contribution will consist merely in paying the bill. He may go to Europe for the summer and return with out notice and find everything in running order at his home communal.

The servant problem is to be solved in the same way. There will be a cooperative servant's quarters where the valets and lackeys and chamber maids will have a club house of their own, and a swimming pool and an auto bus to take them on picnics, and many other perquisites. From this establishment the tenant will be able to employ whatever servants he desires by the day, hour or year. There will be but one requirement; no servant will be allowed to work more than eight hours a day.

This town-in-a-house is to have a board of directors elected by all the tenants, and this board is to hire a manager. It will be run just like a modern small city, with one important exception. The board directors will carefully pass upon the social and financial qualifications of every would-be inhabitant. So this is to be a very exclusive experiment in communism. But if it works there will doubtless be other and less exclusive ones. So crowded are the great cities becoming that self-preservation has of necessity become mutual preservation. The cooperative apartment of today is probably a forecast of how we will all be living in the not so distant future.

RED OAK

Mr. William Schrock, a well known resident of this community is very ill.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Gibbs, of Dobbin, spent Sunday with their parents here.

Miss Nan High, of Purgittsville, spent the past week with her nephew, Mr. John A. Veech, and family.

Isaac Arnold has purchased an automobile.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Prather motored to John Briggs Sunday afternoon.

Some of the people of this place attended the corn roast at Table Rock Saturday night.

Tune up your cow bells boys, as there is going to be a double wedding soon.

Mr. and Mrs Aaron Moyer and family, of Wilson, spent Sunday at S. L. Whitmer's.

Messrs. Allnoch and Fiddler, of Dobbin, were calling on the Misses Hazel and Virgie Jack Saturday evening.

James Harvey and Lory Dave, of Kempton, were visiting at S. L. Whitmer's Sunday.

Miss Stella Cooper spent Saturday evening with Hazel and Virgie Jack.

Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Wilson motored to Oakland Saturday. X. Y. Z.

PIGS, three months old, for sale. George A. DeWitt, Deer Park, Md.
Advertisement.

TAX SALE

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate

In Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of the power vested in the Treasurer of Garrett County, Maryland, by section 52 of Chapter 566, of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland for the year 1890, title "Garrett County," sub-title "County Treasurer," and as amended by the General Assembly of Maryland for the year 1898, Chapter 144, the undersigned late Treasurer in and for Garrett County, Maryland, will, on

FRIDAY,

the 8th day of September 1916,

at 10 o'clock a. m. at the front door of the Court House in the town of Oakland, Garrett county, Md., offer and sell at public auction to the highest bidder all of the following pieces or parcels of land lying and being in Garrett County, Md., to wit:

No. 1—Part of a tract of land called "Alexander," containing 8 acres, and also part of a tract called "Republic," containing 25 acres, both of said tracts being described in a deed for the same from George W. McMillan, bearing date the 26th day of January, 1914, to Horace J. Green, which deed is duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 66, folio 291, one of the Land Records of Garrett county. Said parcels of land are located in Election District No. 11 of Garrett county and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Horace J. Green.

No. 2—All the surface and surface rights of ten acres of the tract called "Lochiel," located in Election District No. 9 of Garrett county, and being the same property described in a deed for the same from Simeon A. Green to Horace J. Green bearing date October 22, 1908, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 58, folio 217, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, said description by metes and bounds being as follows: Beginning for the same at the beginning of Lot No. 14 of the sub-division of the original tract called "Lochiel," and running thence North 20 degrees East, 41 perches, North 70 degrees West, 36 perches, South 20 degrees West, 41 perches, South 70 degrees East, 36 perches, to the beginning. Said land will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment books of said Garrett county in the name of Horace J. Green.

No. 3—Seventy-nine acres of land, located in Election District No. 12 of Garrett county, the same being a part of what is known as the Daniel Brenneman farm, and also being the same land which was conveyed by Christian Selders and Lizzie Selders, his wife, to Peter Opel by deed recorded in Liber W. H. T., No. 12, folio 273, one of the Land Records of Garrett county. Said land with the improvements thereon will be sold to pay and satisfy the balance of taxes for the year 1914 and the whole of the taxes of 1915 due and in arrear thereon as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Peter Opel.

No. 4—A part of the tract of land known and designated as the "Rights of Man," containing the quantity of 100 acres and being the same land which was conveyed by Wm. M. Lohr, then Treasurer of Garrett county, by deed bearing date the 18th day of April, 1902, to James Stark, said deed being of record in Liber E. Z. T., No. 44, folio 22, one of the Land Records of Garrett county. Said land is located in Election District No. 12 of Garrett county and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of James Stark.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on the day of sale. The right of redemption extends to six calendar months from day of sale by paying the amount of the purchase money with interest thereon at the rate of twenty per cent. per annum and all costs. Conveyancing at cost of purchaser.

C. A. BEACHY,
Late treasurer of Garrett County.

Notice to Contractors.

This is to give notice to the public that sealed bids will be received by the Board of Education for Garrett County, Maryland, up to 12.00 noon of

THURSDAY
September 14th, 1916

for the erection of a school building to be built at Kempton, Garrett County, Maryland, the same being in Election District No. 8; the building to be built in accordance with plans and specifications on file in the office of the County Board of Education, Oakland, Md.

All bids to be endorsed on the back with the words: "Bids for the erection of Kempton School Building."

The Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

By order of the Board, August 25, 1916.
F. E. RATHBUN, Secretary.

Subscribe for The Republican.

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

The fact that the Democratic campaign managers have booked Secretary Daniels for a speech in Maine seems to indicate that they have abandoned all hope of carrying the state and simply don't care what happens to the ticket in the September election.

Senator J. Ham Lewis, a spokesman for the administration, in attempting to apologize for the president's molly-coddle expression that we are "too proud to fight," explains that it is an old Latin quotation. But the people already know that it is out of date and the expression of a decadent nation.

"We don't want to maintain a political almshouse," remarked Mr. Hughes to the North Dakota farmers, and a nation applauds him. Americans are beginning to see a possibility in the near future of regaining their self respect.

This administration seems to have sold everything it could, from the nation's honor down to the smallest rural postmastership.

Secretary Daniels says this is no time for politics. And it's no time for Secretary Daniels either.

Senator Lewis, defending the president on his "too proud to fight" expression intimates that it was due solely to the ignorance of his audience that the popular interpretation that has been put upon it was evolved, and that anyway it didn't mean what it appeared to mean. The latter statement can be taken with some degree of confidence, as it is quite a well known fact that most of the things the president says do not mean what they are supposed to mean.

Secretary Redfield has presented another of those living illustrations of the old adage that "fools rush in where angels fear to tread," with one important modification. The difference in the Secretary's case is that he walked right in and turned around and was kicked right out again.

The Democratic contingent in the Senate is all worked up over the fact that the terms of the treaty for the purchase of the Danish West Indies "leaked out." "Pitiless publicity," you understand, has been consigned to the scrap heap with a large assortment of vadious other Democratic policies and promises.

Housewives in need of pork recipes should address the Wilson administration.

Mr. Wilson has made no reply to the charges of Mr. Hughes. Is he still too proud to fight?

By the way his opponents are abusing him, it is evident that Mr. Hughes has touched them on the raw.

No apology which the Wilson administration can make for its futile and irritating Mexican policy will satisfy the American people. It has lacked conspicuously the two characteristics which Hughes promises—a friendly spirit and a firm hand.

Pitiless publicity, says Mr. Hughes; have a heart, say the Democrats.

Of Mr. Wilson it may be said he meant well, but he now finds himself buried under the evidence of inefficiency that Mr. Hughes has brought forth.

There are those who assert that Woodrow Wilson is a clever politician. But how do they account for his remark to a committee of women, calling upon him, to the effect that if they made suffrage "the paramount issue of this campaign," he would "lose all respect for them?" The women of the enfranchised States assert that this threat will cost Wilson the presidency.

Secretary Daniels, however, has the distinction of being one of the greatest arguments the Republicans have ever had.

The salary part of the rural credit system has already begun.

Mr. Bryan thinks Mr. Hughes unfitted for the bench because of the prejudiced frame of mind evinced by his speeches. Wake up, Bill, he ain't running for no judgeship.

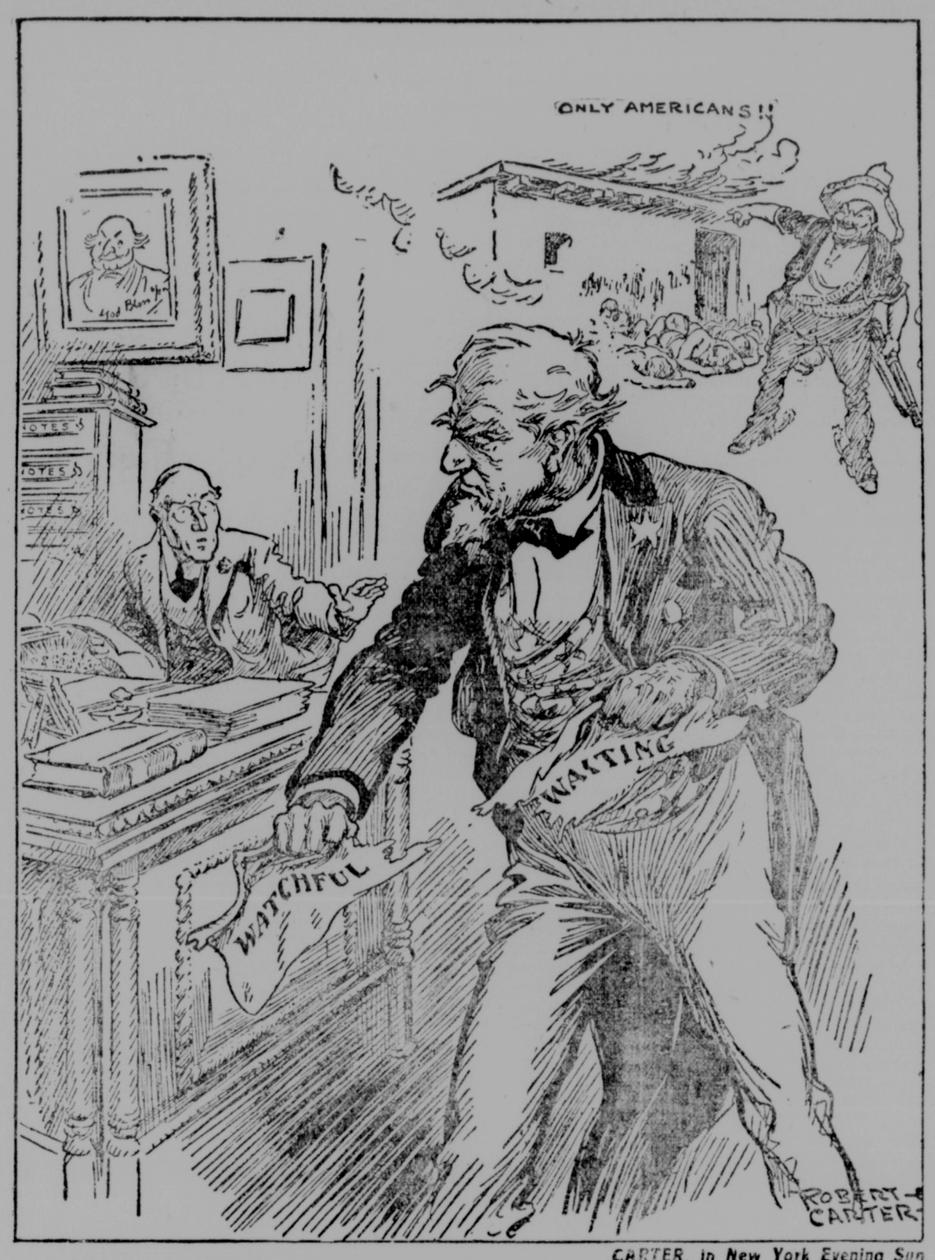
Mr. Wilson underestimated the suffragists; but it appears they have him sized up properly.

Ill fares the land where public office is bought and the people are sold.

The high fragmentation of those Hughes bombs is causing consternation in the Wilson trenches.

Bainbridge Colby is almost as violent in his criticism of Mr. Hughes he was in condemnation of Mr. Wilson's position on Panama tolls two years ago.

Of course President Wilson has a perfect right to change his mind as often as he pleases, but that is quite different from repudiating distinct promises made to get votes. If the pledges on which he rode into the White House have proved worthless because he changed his mind, what faith is to be put in the pledges he is now making in his appeal for re-election?



CARTER, in New York Evening Sun

"I'VE HAD ENOUGH OF IT!"

THE PEOPEL'S FORUM.

Retribution.

Continuing where I left off last week, let me say that by the laws of nature God holds the evil doer to the rack.

The transgressor may repent, pray, even censure himself. His friends may condole with him, and he may hear the promises of religion, and forgiveness, but he cannot escape from those ordained penalties which fasten on him with a grip that nothing can relax.

He will realize the truth of God's word "His bones are full of the sins of his youth which shall lie down in the dust with him." It is an inexorable law written in nature entering into the very marrow of the bones and proves that whatever a man sows that shall he reap.

Penalties sure and severe overtake the workers of iniquity, penalties that may begin in our earliest days. They are seen on the schoolground where the boy cheats his playmates out of his marbles, practices fraud in the games, and for his meanness loses the confidence of his mates and is branded with a mark that may follow him through life. So to-day the man who cheats his neighbor, practices, fraud in business, or is guilty of duplicity for selfish ends, though he escapes the clutches of the civil law is nevertheless a marked man and will reap his reward in the loss of respect and honor and the blighting of that which Solomon said was rather to be chosen than great riches, just as surely as the young man who breaks a law of nature. The Divine laws and ordinances will experience in his health, body and mind the consequences of his wrong doing.

It does not follow that this is always equal in its operations at first. Sin is not always immediately punished at first, nor are its consequences always visible. Many penalties are delayed, but that does not argue that law ceases when we cannot see the results.

It still goes on until the time when its fullest revelation will be seen in the day of judgment. There are some crimes that are not and cannot be visited with retribution in this life. It was not the design that retribution be an expression of perfect justice, only such a measure of it as is necessary for the continuation of the present economy. Such restraint and penalty as will be necessary to keep the mechanism from distinction. Human governments notice only such acts as threaten the subjects for which it is administered, while many acts, far worse, are referred to a higher tribunal (E. q.) You have recourse to law against the impositions of a dishonest hackman in the city. You can arrest the swindlers or imprison the thief, or hang the murderer, but you cannot touch the parent who by his neglect or indifference or slights makes the life of his child miserable or subjects it to hardships and petty cruelty. That is left to a higher tribunal where justice will be fully ministered. Yet the unnatured parent suffers something by being generally despised.

We see the law now and then, but it will one day be manifested before all. Then the secrets of the heart will be open and perfect justice will be rendered according to the demerits of each.

A man suddenly strikes down a companion though it is in a fit of passion and unintentional, but so soon as he tees the consequences of his rash act he is overwhelmed with grief and sorrow. Another dogs the victim of his hate with the determination of destroying him. No favorable opportunity is offered and so he is disappointed that his victim escapes. Will divine justice punish the first and let the second go? No, the day when delays will not, cannot be prolonged, that will right all wrongs. Think as we will, act as we may, we are the subjects of law, a law of nature, of our being our bodies and minds, of revelation, of the universe of God, which cannot be interpreted too strictly, and by this retribution sooner or later overtakes evil doing. Not a jot or a letter of God's law shall fail. The sun may fade; the moon and stars may fall, but the decree of heaven never. What then! Is there no way to escape? How can we be delivered from the sweep of nature? It is not enough to talk of the goodness of God. We want to know how mercy may rejoice against judgment. Now the Publicans and Harlots, the Prodigals and Profligates; how men even in the last hours; thieves on the cross and those whose bodies and souls have felt the awful consequences of sin, through its treachery and tyranny have been brought down to an infamous condition. How these or any one may be delivered from the inflexible course of the law of retribution which compels one to eat the fruit of his own ways and be filled with his own device. So we see Domitian the famous persecutor, murdered by his own people. Cladius was eaten with worms. Maximutius put out the eyes of thousands of Christians and soon after a fearful disease of the eyes broke out among his people, of which he himself died in great agony.

Thousands gaze with interest on an eclipse of the moon, yet do not consider that it was calculated long before, so precise and regular are the movements of the heavenly bodies. They move in accordance with law and there is no diviation, so that astronomers calculate to the second when the phenomena will commence and end. Such is the precision of the science of mathematics. But all this accuracy and certainty in nature only illustrates the higher precision of the laws which govern His moral economy. Retribution is no accident and the law regarding sowing and reaping is no contingency. It is unchangeable. If this were not so there would be no place for fate, nor would there be any certainly as to our expectations.

If the statutes of His government were liable to be thwarted, or of His word were falsified by events which follow, we would have everything to fear, but no resting place for unwavering confidence.

How can this unbending law comfort with the promises of gospel mercy? How can we have relief without the laws of the universe being suspended? Go ask reason and she promptly admits that it is beyond her province. Summons nature and she says I cannot tell you. JOANNES.

EGYPTIAN WROTE FIRST "AD" COPY

Advertising Began 3,000 Years Ago, When Nile Dweller Sought Lost Slave.

The Egyptian gentleman who sought a runaway slave 3,000 years ago and advertised on a bit of papyrus for his recovery turned out the first piece of advertising copy.

Whoever he was, he was a genius in more than a small way. His copy still lives, preserved in the British Museum as an exhibit of consider able archaeological importance and as an example of what our advertising experts of today would do if they, like the Egyptian, did not have the benefit of up-to-date information.

The Egyptian knew nothing about the topography of advertising, nor the effect of different colors. He didn't know, for instance, that red is the most effective eye-catching color and that green is second and black third.

He didn't know that an advertisement could be made to appeal to the mind or to the emotions; that various words and phrases and numerous devices may be used to affect the psychology of persons in a particular way, or that there is such a thing as eye-movement and that a badly arranged advertisement may be an eyesore.

We do not know whether he got the slave back, but he deserved to.

With the development of community life, Dr. Herbert W. Hess tells us in his book on "Productive Advertising," advertising commenced. Various human desires began to develop and soon there was competition among people to supply the thing that would satisfy this desire, whether it came from hunger, vanity, love of comfort or what not.

As communities developed into towns and cities, those that had goods to dispose of established permanent locations. "Shops were opened; itinerancy lessened." The town crier began to yell out the names if various wares and people gradually became more and more discriminate in their purchases.

Finally, the written advertisement came into being and, as has been stated, an Egyptian landowner gets the credit for writing the first ad.

The Greeks usually made music a part of the advertising program. They gave us the idea of employing bands to attract attention, undoubtedly one of the most successful methods of drawing a crowd at any place and time. The "song-pushers" who have come quite frequently of late to tour the principal street of our city in a slow-moving wagon, seeming hardly able to carry the tuneless piano inside, attempting to popularize "$10,000" songs, have the Greeks to thank for the privilege of imitation.

The Romans are commonly credited with the origin of the signboard. Today we have the bulletin board, which corresponds to the Roman tabellae found in the ruins of Pompeii and Herculaneum, where public announcements were made.

Advertising met the same fate as Romans did when the barbarous Huns came sweeping down from the north. Until the middle Ages very little of it is seen. But with the appearance again of the town crier, supplied with the customary long-winded declarations and a choice supply of adjectives, advertising began to make itself felt in the conduct of business affairs. The public criers began to organize themselves both in France and in England and they were persons with considerable prestige.

From crying out the superior qualities of merchandise and all kinds of goods and wares, the crier soon began to make announcement of things lost and found, of sales, weddings, christenings and other interesting events.

Gradually, as time went on, inns began to use distinctive signs and symbols to mark their hostelries, just as individuals had employed coats of arms. All kinds of devises were used and are still used by inns to the present day. All such signs as the blue anchor, the black dragon, the boars head, the red lion and so on made definite representations and implications.

Of course, with the development of the printing press, advertising took a great spurt. The use of posters came into vogue, and all kinds of pamphlets were printed and distributed. Printing gradually began to supersede the hand-written manuscript. William Caxton set up his press in Westminster Abbey in 1471 and two centuries later in 1622, a newspaper was printed. It was called the Weekly News, and purported to contain news of doings in Germany, France, Hungary and Bohemia.

From then on newspapers, mostly weekly publications, began to appear from time to time in increasing numbers. Advertisements of medicines began as early as 1600. The insertion of the first real newspaper advertisement, however, is credited to Nathaniel Butler, who advertised books.

The first two magazines to carry advertisements were Godey's Lady Book and Peterson's but it was not until the appearance in 1864 of J. Walter Thompson that magazine advertising really began, and it was not until 1880 that a general use was made of magazines for advertising purposes.

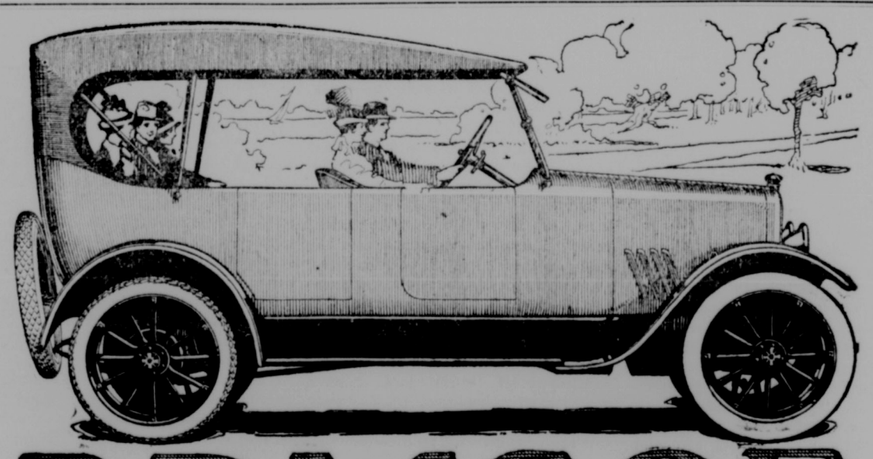
"Seeing The World."

The Ladies Aid Society of Friendsville will give an automobile trip around the world, on the third Saturday evening of September (Sept. 16, 1916.)

Refreshments will be served at seven different stations from 7 to 10 o'clock. The trains will start from Statler's, and end at the same place. Tickets will be sold at Statlers. Everybody come and have a good time.

MRS. D. A. FRIEND.

For Sale—A full blood Poland China male hog. Apply to or address E. J. Petersheim, R. D. 2, Oakland, Md.
Advertisement. 2-5 times



BRISCOE

"The Best-liked Car in the Country"

All the "Extras" Go with the Car

Every accessory that is needed for your motoring comfort is included in the Briscoe Twenty-four at $625.

Electric starting and lighting; electric horn; speedometer; real one-man top; eye-saver tilted windshield; demountable rims, with one extra; oil gauge; robe-rail; foot-rest.

You don't have to spend an extra penny to get the utmost enjoyment out of your car, except for the fuel to drive it—and your expense for that will be so small it will astonish you.

The Briscoe Twenty-four is a *complete* car—the first cost covers everything—and it's by far the best value in the market today.

$625
Complete

Stop in at our showroom, and you can easily prove that for yourself.

INTER-STATE MOTOR CO.
Friendsville, Md.

THE REPUBLICAN

BENJ. H. SINCELL, EDITOR.

Entered at the Postoffice in Oakland Md., as Second-class matter.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:

The Republican is published every Thursday morning at the following rates:

One copy one year.....$1.25
One copy six months ..... .75
One copy three months ..... .40

Advertising Rates made known upon Application.

Remittances may be made by Money Order, Registered Letter or Bank Draft and addressed to

THE REPUBLICAN,
Oakland, Md.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 31, 1916

REPUBLICANTICKET

For President:
CHARLES E. HUGHES
For Vice President:
CHARLES W. FAIRBANKS
For United States Senator:
JOSEPH IRWIN FRANCE
of Cecil County.
For Congressman:
FREDERICK N. ZIHLMAN
of Allegany County

NO FOUR years more of Wilson.

IS CONGRESS too proud to adjourn?

THIS country will not stand for a railroad strike.

DR. FRANCE is making a winning campaign in Maryland.

THE joint conference to arrange the Mexican trouble will soon meet. As to what will happen down in Mexico after the conference has completed its recommendations is all in the watching and waiting game.

IN THESE days when permits are necessary to pass from State to State, and when an epidemic threatens every child tourist, there is no place like home, sweet home, especially as a great many will have to stay there.

THE MUSTN'T TALK IDEA.

The promsters and defenders of the Democratic cause were profuse in criticisms of Mr. Hughes during the period extended from the time of his nomination to the day of his speech of acceptance. They didn't like his silence; they found fault with him because he would not talk. Now that he is talking with a clearness of statement and a logical analysis that leaves nothing to the guessing, the other fellows—the party of the defense—are more dissatisfied than ever.

The New York Times in arguing for the suggestion that Hughes should have stayed at Bridgehampton and have immolated himself in silence until after election agrees that his silence would have mystified and angered many voters, but, in the opinion of the Times, "the Hughes of the popular imagination would not have been destroyed." But the Hughes of the popular imagination has not been destroyed. That is a theory which Democratic newspapers have invented and which they are laboriously striving to put over.

The Times says that if Hughes had stayed at home and kept silent even those who assailed him would have had an uncomfortable feeling that there was something menacing and terrible in this silence. But those who are assailing him know perfectly well that there is something far more terrible and menacing to Democratic prospects in the Hughes who is discussing the issues involved in this campaign. He is but following the example of Wilson in 1912 and of other presidential candidates since the time of McKinley. The time has gone by when a presidential candidate can pose as a sphinx. The people want to know what a presidential candidate stands for. Hughes is telling them what he stands for.

COL. HARVEY HAS THE FLOOR

As a Hughes Democrat Col. George Harvey should give a new dash of ginger to the campaign. There must already be an anticipatory twinkle of delight in those expressive eyes behind the tortoise-shell goggles as the Colonel contemplates the prospects for having a little fun with his old-time political protege and pupil, W. W. Broth Harvey, as he must hereafter be called, has proved in his own case that made-to-order statesmen, as distinguished from the ready-made and self-made variety, can be as ungrateful as republics. What does it profit a brilliant, influental journalist to groom a dark horse, teach him how to run and win a minor race and later one for the grand prize, and then get kicked over the fence?

Col. Harvey, trying to believe, perhaps, that "faithful are the wounds of a friend," continued to support the exemplar of ingratitude in the columns of his weekly newspaper, even though by special request he had removed the name of Woodrow Wilson from the masthead. But after the election and inauguration constant readers thought they perceived a slight note of bitterness when they read on the editorial page a joke to this effect: One man asks another: "Did you ever read Pudd'nhead Wilson?" To which the other replies: "Read Pudde'nhead Wilson? Why, I voted for him." After that there was little doubt that the iron had entered Col. Harvey's soul.

Col. Harvey is a man of distinguished ability, perhaps the keenest of contemporary satirists. If he occasionally infuses a little vitrol, good humor for the most part prevades his writings, though no one is more adept at impaling a wriggling victim on the point of a pen. The genuineness of his grievances against the present occupant of the White House, one who would never have been there except for the efforts of Col. Harvey, is well known. If he cares to tell all, the editor of the North American Review should be able to make some exceedingly piquant contributions to the litarature of the campaign.

DEMOCRATIC RECORD.

An obtuse supporter of President Wilson wants to know why the Republican party, in control of the government most of the time from the Civil War to the present, had not built up national defense, and why it had not eliminated such outrage upon the republic as the pork appropriations.

If the majority of the voters in the United States are slightly simian and intend to mark their ballots with their feet, these questions are complete estoppel of Republican argument. If the booths are to be filled by men and women, standing and not hanging from some convenient horizontal bar by appendages furnished by provident nature for such purpose, such questions will be fat in the fire of Republican criticism.

When the Democratic party was given control of the United States navy, the first line of defense, was ranked second in the world's lists. Only one power could hope to penetrate this first line and that power, Great Britain, could do so only by so weakening its home defense that it would be dangerously exposed to attack by an ambitious continental nation. Germany was an ambitious continental nation. Great Britain did not dare enter a controversy with the United States which would employ her great sea force so long as the powerful German ambitions were waiting watchfully for opportunity.

The United States in second naval strength was safe. The United States, after three years of Democratic administration, is in fourth place, and unsafe.

Until 1914 the nation had a right to think that behind an adequate navy its frontiers could be protected by a small professional army. Sentiment throughout the nation, however badly formed, was determined against a larger military establishment. August, 1914, changed every prospect. The lesson was taught when the Democratic party was in power.

For two years, with every European country suggesting our dangers to us, the Democratic party rolled the pork barrel and ignored national necessity. It dredged creeks and put money into small towns. It had all the little pigs of the pork family in at the trough and it told the nation to go around in the back yard where the grass was longer.

For two years, full of danger and threat, the record of the Democratic party shows no accomplishment for the safety of the nation. Now Democracy, after hundreds of thousands of citizens had protested, is tumbling over itself to get away from a political danger.

Such a government! Two years of neglect to be repaired in two weeks of political panic! Do the people want a government such as this? Do they want a government which will act only when it is scared sufficiently politically?

And the pork barrel. A Republican President gave a Democratic Congress a budget system. The Democratic Congress rejected it. A Democratic President has not mentioned it. A Democrat President has signed every pork bill presented to him. Enough, except for voters who will vote hanging from horizontal bars.

THE BLAME RESTS AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

President Wilson would not have been forced to the necessity of appealing to Congress to prevent a strike had he not made a vital blunder when the railroad controversy was first put up to him. Had he put the full weight of his position behind the demand that all the issues between the men and the railroads be arbitrated, it is now perfectly apparent that he would have had a popular backing so strong, so determined, that the employees would not have dared go counter to it.

There would have been then a clear illustration whether the country needs compulsory arbitration; whether the great body of the people, given the facts in disputes of this kind, could not merely by weight fo nformed and enlightened public opinion compel both sides to such a quarrel to submit their differences to an impartial tribunal for adjustment. Far from taking action that would have settled the threatened strike in this way, the President in his first statement of what ought to be done committed another egregious blunder. He misstated the root of the trouble between the roads and the men in a most unfortunate way. He gave the impression that the real trouble concerned the eight-hour day rather than, as is actually the fact, the amount of wages the men shall receive for the hours they work, whether six, eight, ten or twelve.

In other words, the President, without investigation, took the side of the men and by that course strengthened their stand, giving them the very backing they needed to go to the mat if necessary and with the support of the White House for their unyielding attitude.

This is not a fight between labor and capital. It is a fight to prevent labor and capital combining to load the public with higher freight rates before it has been demonstrated that the mass of the people ought to be asked to shoulder the burden. It is a fight to preserve the principle of arbitration, without which the public can see no end to the vicious circle of constantly increasing demands by railroad employees, constant yielding to threats by railroad managers and constant recouping out of the pockets of the ultimate consumer.—Baltimore News.

DELIGHTED WITH MARYLAND HIGHWAYS

West Virginia Official Praises the Model Thoroughfares of This State.

Wheeling, Aug. 28.—"When it comes to good roads we will have to hand it to the state of Maryland," said Charles O. Ephlin, member of the board of county commissioners, last night upon his return from a tristate tour with other members of the board and the road engineer. The commissioners have been out of the city for the past four days touring the roads of Maryland, Pennsylvania and Virginia.

Tarvia roads seem to be in the majority, according to Mr. Ephlin. He said that they were lucky enough to see the roads in the point of construction and also their way of maintenance. This latter part, said he, impressed him the most. Upon the tarvia roads a man is assigned to five miles to care for as his section. This man has his small portable kettle, and wherever a rut shows he fills it with crushed stone and tar and with a metalic plunger batters it into the hole, making a complete patch. Mr. Ephlin said that one could travel for miles and never see a break in the road, and the cost of such maintenance is amazingly small.

All in all, the commissioners covered more than five hundred miles, going from here to Uniontown, Pa., then to Cumberland, then to Hagerstown, then to Sharpsburg, then to Harpers Ferry, then to Charles Town, then to Winchester, Va., then to Martinsburg, then to Hancock, and back home over the Old National road.

NORTH GLADE

Farmers busy this nice weather harvesting and threshing with some time to attend picnics and other places of social interest.

The funeral services of Buckner Mason was held last Thursday in the Methodist church, of which he was a member, by Rev. McCamic assisted by Rev. Parish, of Cumberland. A large number of people were in attendance. Interment was made in the North Glade cemetery.

We are sorry to note the continued illness of Mrs. J. L. McRobie, also Mrs. Lucy McRobie. Both ladies are critically ill.

The number of aged Garrett countains passing away this year is remarkable. We recall nearly a dozen who had reached four score or more years.

Mrs. Stephen Rhodes was visiting at Lonaconing and Cumberland last week.

Mrs. Theodore Beckman has been with her daughter, Mrs. Sharpless, who has been in the hospital at Cumberland for several days.

Russell Moon and J. I. O'Brien were business callers at Oakland yesterday.

We are glad to note that G. W. Moon has been appointed teacher of our school again this year. He has taught five successful schools at this place, and with the co-operation of all patrons we predict greater success the coming year.

Our neighbor, J. A. Wilt has been suffering loss. His second daughter Miss Lulu, just recently lett him, marrying a W. Va., farmer, and his oldest son, Andrew, returned last week from the Eastern Shore with Miss Garringer, a former Garrett county teacher as his wife. They will reside in Akron, Ohio. Congratulations to these young people.

A surprise party was held at Judge Harvey's on Thursday night. A large number of friends were present who enjoyed the occasion very much.

Miss Brewer, a returned missionary from India, gave us an illuminating lecture in the Lutheran chapel on Friday evening of last week. She was accompanied by Miss Hoffmester, of Wheeling, W. Va.

INDIVIDUAL CUP ORDER SWEEPING

May Be Extended to Hotels, Restaurants and Cafes.

Extension of the individual drinking cup order of the State Health Board to hotels, restaurants and saloons is engaging the attention of the state health authorities. Aimed directly at the drug stores and other places selling soft drinks to children, the new regulation is so sweeping that the other drink emporiums may be included.

The question has already been raised by interested managers and proprietors, and while no stringent prohibition was given, the advice was rendered for the use of the individual cups. It is stated that the matter will be discussed officially by the board at its next meeting.

Because they believe the order discriminatory, several druggists registered a protest with the state health officials this morning. They intimated that if the prohibition were confined to the drug stores they would make a legal issue of the order. The explanation was given that the order would apply to all places selling soft drinks. The question was then raised as to the interpretation of a soft drink and whether it included milk and water. The inquiry was too great a problem for the individual officials, and while they advised all purveyors of soft drinks, including milk and water, to use the individual cup, they were not able to make a strict application of the advertised order to hotels, restaurants and saloons.

The order contemplates the use of paper cups, which are already in use in several of the drug stores. One of the druggists who has just ordered 40,000 of these cups made the statement to one of the state officials that the health order could not be enforced on September 1 for the reason that the necessary supply of the paper containers could not be filled within three months.

Another criticism directed against one of the other orders of the State Board of Health concerns the prohibition of children from Maryland under 16 years of age from entering any of the states where infantile paralysis is prevalent. At the same time children from these infested sections are permitted to enter this state under a health certificate, subject to a two-week surveillance. The point is raised that the state is really quarantining itself and that the order will create a hardship upon children attending schools in other states.

The answer of the health authorities is that the community at times requires stringent measures to protect its own health. While it is admitted that the question of entering an infected district might be a matter of individual desire, yet the claim is made that the general community is concerned that the public health must be subserved. The clause in the order permitting the deputy health officers to pass upon all application is claimed to be a saving feature of this situation.

THE DEATH RECORD.

AMI FORMAN.

Ami Forman, an aged resident of District No. 8, who was engaged in farming all his life, died on Friday last after an illness of some duration, and was buried Monday. He is survived by his widow and a number of children.

TWO FREIGHT WRECKS

Aside From Delay of Trafic Little Damage Was Done Tuesday.

On Tuesday afternoon an eastbound freight train was wrecked and both tracks more or less damaged when a loaded coal car left the rails at a point just west of the Washington Spring crossing, the car leaving the rails being the only one involved, but the tracks were badly twisted and many ties were torn out and cut to pieces. A wrecking crew from Piedmont arriven on the scene an hour after the occurrence and succeeded in clearing the track and trains moved after an hour's interruption.

About ten o'clock Tuesday night and at the same point a second wreck occurred, when two cars of an eastbound train were derailed and the tracks blocked, which delayed traffic upwards of two hours.

Festival.

A festival will be held at Sunnyside on Wednesday, Sept. 6th, the proceeds being for the benefit of the bell fund for the Red House church.

Festival and Box Supper.

A festival and box supper will be held at the Thayerville school house on the State road on the evening of September 9th.

Additional Game Wardens.

E. Lee LeCompte, State Game Warden, has announced the appointment of additional game wardens throughout the state. The list includes for Garrett county:

B. F. Shaffer, John O. Thayer, Simon Meyers, A. M. Chisholm, L. H. Friend, J. Alvin Friend, John W. Markley, Clayton Wolf.

William A. Walker Nominated for Congress Last Saturday.

The Congressional convention of the Sixth District of the Prohibition party was held in Montgomery Chapel, near Mt. Airy, Saturday. William A. Walker, a prominent farmer of near Mt. Airy, was nominated for Congress.

The convention also selected an executive committee with authority to appoint a campaign committee as follows: Thomas E. Watkins, chairman; Asa Watkins, secretary, and Harry Runkles, treasurer.

Charles R. Woods, state chairman, spoke of the prospects of the party at the coming election.

TRUSTEE'S SALE
OF VALUABLE
Real Estate
In Friendsville, Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Garrett county sitting in Equity, bearing date the 28th day of August, 1916, and passed in a cause in said Court depending wherein Richard Friend is plaintiff and Clara B. Deitle, et al., are defendants, the same being No. 2079 equity on the docket of said court, the undersigned trustee, appointed to make sale of the real estate in said proceedings mentioned, hereby gives notice that he will on

MONDAY,
the 25th Day of September,

1916, offer at public auction to the highest bidder at the hour of 11 o'clock a. m. of said day in front of the Crawford Hotel in the town of Friendsville, all that property, the same being Lots Nos. 17 and 18 in Block F on the plan of the town of Friendsville, and being the same property which was conveyed to Ralph R. Friend by Elijah F. Meyers and wife by deed dated October 29th, 1914, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 47, folio 559, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, Maryland.

Said lots front on street and are improved by a comfortable Dwelling House in good state of repair, containing five rooms, together with other necessary outbuildings.

TERMS OF SALE—As prescribed by the decree, one-third of the purchase money to be paid in cash on the day of sale; one-third in six months and one-third in twelve months from the day of sale, the deferred payments to be evidenced and secured by the notes of the purchaser or purchasers with security satisfactory to the undersigned trustee and to bear interest from the day of sale, or the entire purchase money may be paid in cash on the day of sale, at the option of the purchaser or purchasers.

Conveyancing at cost of purchaser.

And notice is hereby given, as directed by said decree, to the creditors of the said Ralph R. Friend, deceased, to file their claims, with the vouchers thereof, with the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Garrett county on or before the 25th day of September, 1916.

EDWARD H. SINCELL,
Trustee.

ORDER NISI.

No. 2071 Equity In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Coudersport Trust Company, vs: The Waltman Smokeless Coal Company.

Ordered, this 16th day of August in the year 1916, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in Equity, that the sale made and reported in the above cause by the Coudersport Trust Co., Trustee named in the mortgage, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 15th day of September, 1916; provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Garrett County, once a week for three successive weeks before the 8th day of September, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale, to be $6,000.00.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Notice to Contractors And School Patrons.

This is to give notice to the public that sealed bids will be received by the Board of Education of Garrett county, Maryland, up to 12:00 o'clock noon of

Thursday, September 14, 1916,

for the moving of the Bowser school building, located in Election District No. 12, to a site about two miles away on the farm of Paul Beachy. The building, after being moved, is to be of the same general dimensions as the present Bowser school building, and to have a solid stone or cement foundation.

All bids are to be endorsed on the back thereof with the words: "Bid for the moving of the Bowser School Building."

The Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Notice is also given to all school patrons and citizens affected by such proposed moving of the Bowser school building to appear in person at the meeting of the Board to be held upon the date given above—both those who are in favor thereof as well as those who are opposed thereto and to be ready to give to the Board the reasons for such convictions.

By order of the Board.
F. E. RATHBUN, Secretary.

NOTICE
COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR FREE SCHOLARSHIP (FEMALE) IN WESTERN MARYLAND COLLEGE.

Notice is hereby given that an unexpected vacancy has occurred in the free scholarship (female) allotted to Garrett County, in Western Maryland College, Westminster, Maryland. The scholarship is good for four years and carries with it free board and tution.

Examination of applicants for this free scholarship will be held in the office of the County Board of Education in the court house at Oakland at 9 o'clock upon the morning of

Monday, September 11, 1916.

The examination will be conducted in branches up to and including the Seventh Grade in the public school system of this county.

There are also several other free scholarships available, and if anyone is interested in any others, they are also requested to come to the same place at the same time.

F. E. RATHBUN,
Superintendent of Schools.

Road Petition.

This is to give notice that thirty days after the first publication hereof, application will be made to the Board of County Commissioners of Garrett county, Md., for the appointment of viewers to view and locate a proposed new road, and to condemn and set aside all or any portion of the "Mason Road," between S. L. Whitmer's place and the Henry Road, beginning for said proposed new road in District No. 8 Garrett county, Md., about one and one half miles west from Henry, W. Va., and on the Henry Road, at or near the point where the logging road which formerly belonged to F. H. Whaley crosses the Henry Road, and running thence with or near the grade of said logging road, through the lands of the Western Maryland Railroad Co., about one mile to "Laurel Run," then crossing said run, and through the lands of D. W. Wilson and S. L. Whitmer about ¾ of a mile to the Mason Road, near the intersection of the Mason and Shafer roads.

J. W. BIGG,
J. F. CHILDS,
EDWIN LEECH,
PHILIP HELBIG,
A. C. LARMAN,
S. L. WHITMER,
H. M. BAER,
SILAS ARNALD,
S. B. COOPER,
D. W. WILSON.

Published first time Aug. 31, 1916.

Split Siding Cheap.

We have just received a car of Split Siding which we offer at a low price to those who place their orders immediately. H. W. Kahl & Sons, Oakland Planing Mills, Oakland, Md. Adv.

SAXON SIX

big touring car for five people

ASK FOR DEMONSTRATION.

Call at Liller's Barber Shop or Kelly's Livery

LILLER & KELLY, Agents.

Oakland, Maryland.

The Lutheran Church

SECOND STREET, OAKLAND

Sunday School, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

B. H. SINCELL, Superintendent.

Men's Brotherhood Class, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

O. A. BREMER, Teacher.

All the men not attending Sunday School elsewhere are cordially invited to join this class and to have a part in the study and discussion of the lesson.

Morning Worship, 10.45 o'Clock.

Luther League, 7.00 o'Clock P. M.

Topic—"The Working Man and the Church."
Leader—MISS LORENA FALKENSTEIN.

Evening Worship, 8.00 o'Clock.

Services at Deer Park Sunday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

All friends of the church and those without a permanent church home are invited to worship with us.

O. A. BREMER, Pastor.

—The above was prepared by the pastor and the advertisement is authorized and paid for by one interested in church work.

The

FOUNDED 1888

Garrett National Bank

FOUNDED 1888

Of Oakland, Maryland.

THE STRONGEST BANK IN GARRETT COUNTY

Capital - - - - -	$ 50,000.00
Surplus - - - - -	65,000.00
Deposits over - - - -	550,000.00
Resources over - - - -	725,000.00

Consider seriously what that means. Think of it when you open an account. It means

STRENGTH

In opening a bank account first satisfy yourself as to the responsibility of the institution with which you propose to deposit your money.

NO ACCOUNT TOO SMALL---NONE TOO LARGE

We pay three per cent interest on time and saving deposits. Safe deposit boxes for rent.

OFFICERS

GILMOR S. HAMILL, President. **G. A. FRALEY, Cashier.**
D. E. OFFUTT, Jr. Vice Pres't. **H. L. JONES, Ass't. Cashier.**

DIRECTORS

GILMOR S. HAMILL, JOHN T. MITCHELL, CHARLES S. DAVIS, DANIEL E. OFFUTT, Jr, JOSEPH E. HARNED, HARLAND L. JONES, GEORGE A. FRALEY.

ESTABLISHED 1884. BOTH PHONES.

A. D. Naylor & Co.

Have placed another car of

Buggies, Surreys, and Spring Wagons

in their ware rooms, and it is well that an early choice be made.

Place your order with us for

Barn Door Track, Road Wagons, Manure Spreaders and Cream Separators

and receive prompt service and entire satisfaction.

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.

"Naylor has it and sells it for less."

Miss Frances Hamill, of this city, is visiting friends at Keyser, W. Va.

Mr. Elijah Howell, of Swanton, was in the city on business Monday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Dave Walter and children, of Deer Park, spent Sunday in Oakland.

Mr. James Kelly, of Benwood, W. Va., spent several days of last week in Oakland.

Mr. Marshall Frankhouser, of near Cranesville, spent Monday in Oakland on business.

Miss Lucille Elliott, of Terra Alta, was the guest on last Thursday of Miss Jean DeBerry, of near town.

Mr. Garrett Aerns, of Wheeling, West Va., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Stanton at their home on Green street.

Misses Ora Beuer and Fannie Stein of Cumberland, are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph E. Harned in Oakland.

Miss Nellie Grimes, of Pittsburgh, Pa., arrived in Oakland last Friday night to visit her sister, Mrs. George L. Sincell.

Miss Elizabeth Heitmuller, of Washington, D. C., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Hammond at their home on Second street.

Mr. Harry Haig, of near Cranesville, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Browning at their home near Oakland Saturday and Sunday.

OAKLAND CASH BUYERS CO., —Pay cash for spring Pigs, Calves, Lambs, Chickens, Turkeys, Eggs, etc. L. W. HOPKINS, W. L. CASTEEL, J. W. DAVIS Adv. 10-tf

Miss Ellen Smouse, of Deer Park, who was on an extended visit to relatives at Fairmont, West Va., returned home Sunday.

Mr. H. W. Porter, a student at Cornell University, Ithaca, N. Y., is spending a few weeks with his parents on Alder street in Oakland.

Dr. S. H. Stealy, of Keyser, West Va., was the guest on Friday night and Saturday of Mr. and Mrs. Edward E. Sollars at their home near Oakland.

Mrs. John Kennedy and children, of Parkersburg, West Va., are in Oakland the guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Tom Martin at their home on Oak street.

Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Bishop, of Morgantown, who occupied Dr. Ely's residence while he was absent from Oakland, returned to Morgantown Monday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Fouch and family, of Uniontown, Penna., motored to Oakland Sunday, while here they were guests at the home of Mr. Jas. White.

Mr. Jonas B. Miller, one of the leading and most progressive farmers of the Grantsville section of Garrett county, spent last Friday afternoon in Oakland.

FOR SALE—A seven passenger six cylinder Studebaker car. Has run less than 3000 miles; electric lights; electric starter; all modern improvements. A Bargain. Address C, this office.

Dr. and Mrs. J. C. Ely returned home Saturday last from Mifflintown, Pa., being accompanied by their son, Rev. J. C. Ely.,Jr., and his family, who will visit here for a short time.

Messrs. R. M. Holman and Harvey Friend, of Friendsville, who are connected with the Inter-State Motor Company in their home town, spent Tuesday here on business.

Miss Katharyn Kildow, of Oakland, has accepted a position as public Stenographer in the Waldo Hotel at Clarksburg, West Va., leaving for that city yesterday.

Mrs. C. F. Schroeder, of Grafton, is in Oakland visiting friends.

Mr. L. C. Bray, of Kitzmiller, spent Saturday in Oakland on business.

Mr. J. A. White, of Cumberland, spent Sunday at his home in this city.

Miss Virginia White entertained several of her friends at her home on Liberty street Thursday evening last.

In the following sentence there are all the letters of the English alphabet: "Pack my box with five dozen liquor jugs."

Miss Helen Helbig, of Oakland, is on a visit to friends at Piedmont, W. Va., who gave a picnic in her honor Monday afternoon.

LOST—Near B. & O. station fraternity pendant with E. H. S. engraved on back. Finder please return to store of Shaffer & Bush and receive reward. Adv.

The regular morning and evening services in the Lutheran church will be resumed Sunday when services will be conducted at the stated hours of worship.

Mrs. T. C. Cleggett and children, of Hagerstown, who were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wade H. Hinebaugh and other relatives in Oakland recently, have returned home.

Dr. and Mrs. J. F. Steen, the latter of whom is a sister of Mr. Geo. A. Porter, are spending a few weeks at his home on Alder street. Dr. Steen is rector of the Ascension Memorial church, New York City.

WANTED—Girl for general housework; wages $5.50 per week; no washing; if satisfactory will want applicant to accompany family to Pittsburgh. Apply to Mrs. Joseph Hartman, Creedmore Cottage, Mt. Lake Park. Adv. 1t

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Mr. Franklin O. Glotfelty left Oakland Monday afternoon for Jellico, Tenn., on business connected with a large lumbering operation in that section of the country. He expects to be gone about ten days.

Mr. and Mrs. John Smyth and little daughter, of Fairmont, W. Va., arrived here on Saturday to visit Mr. and Mrs. John Alut. Mr. Smyth returned to Fairmont Sunday evening, whilst Mrs. Smyth and daughter will remain for an indenfinite period.

Mrs. Ernest Townshend, Misses Bertie Cleveland and Rose Paulie went to Westernport yesterday to attend the district conference of the Missionary Society of the Lutheran church. Rev. Mr. Bremer, pastor of the Oakland congregation went down last night and delivered an address to the delegates.

Prof. F. E. Rathbun, who recently returned from Baltimore where with other County school executives he took a course in school government, has been a very busy man since his arrival here. With a mass of correspondence to answer and the schools in various portions of the county which are scheduled to open on Monday next and a thousand and one other things claiming his attention every moment of his time is occupied. However, Garrett county school interests will not suffer and the prediction is made that every need will be looked after and the schools will open and operate smoothly.

NEW PIPE ORGAN

Has Arrived and Will Be Installed In St. Mark's Ev. Lutheran Church.

The new pipe organ for St. Mark's Evangelical Lutheran church of Oakland, has been received and will be set up within the next week or two and ready for dedication upon compleition of the work.

The instrument was built especially for the local church by the M. P. Moller Organ Company, of Hagerstown, Md. It will be operated by a water motor and will occupy the space in the building now used by the choir.

While the organ is being installed in the building services, both morning and evening, will be conducted in the Sunday school room of the church.

Miss Nelle Compton, returned to her home in Oakland last night, after having spent the past three months with relatives and friends in Verona, Pa.

Mr. G. J. Slabaugh and family, of Akron, Ohio, were summoned to Oakland last Friday to attend the funeral of Mrs. Slabaugh's father, the late Ami Forman, whose death occurred on Friday.

Mr. A. D. Naylor, in company with Mr. Wellington Crane, left Oakland last Saturday in the latter's automobile for a trip throught Virginia, expecting to be absent a week.

Miss Eleanor Hinebaugh entertained a number of her friends at 500 on Saturday night. The honor guest was Miss Jones, of Baltimore, who is here visiting Miss Hinebaugh.

LOST—On the road between Jennings and Grantsville, Monday, a blue serge coat, with the initials "C. A. D," on the inside of the garment. Finder please notify or return to the undersigned and receive reward. George A. DeWitt, Deer Park, Md. Adv.

It is not often that an officer breaks the neck of his prisoner in making a capture, but this occurred yesterday when Sheriff Ashby attempted to take into custody a four foot rattlesnake at a point down along the Yough. The officer brought the monster to town and exhibited it to a large number of people. The reptile carried eleven rattles and a button.

The Pastor's Aid Society of the Lutheran church of Oakland will conduct an exchange in McIntire's store on Saturday, September 2nd, from 2 until 6 o'clock p. m., when they will have on sale home made cakes, pies, bread, etc.; also a large lot of fancy articles. Your patronage is solicited.

The Republican acknowledges a pleasant call from Major Wm. M. King of the United States Department of Agriculture at Washington, D. C. Major King is Commander of George G. Meade Post No. 5, G. A. R., and for a period of eight or nine years was editor of Farm and Fireside, a monthly journal of National fame. Himself and Mrs. King are spending a short vacation at the Colonial Cottage at Mountain Lake Park. He expresses himself as being delighted with this region not only as a fine farming country but also as a delightful health resort.

Card of Thanks.

We wish to extend to our friends and neighbors of Underwood and vicinity our sincere thanks which words cannot express for the kindness and generosity shown us all through the sickness of our husband and father.

MRS. AMI FOREMAN AND CHILDREN.

Subscribe for The Republican.

D. E. BOLDEN

Furniture Dealer and Funeral Director

HAVING moved my furniture business to the Manhattan Hotel store room, I am prepared to serve the public to the best of my ability, having now in stock the finest line of Furniture ever brought to the city and which I offer as cheap as it can be bought in the wholesale markets.

All I ask is a chance to name you prices.

My stock is complete in every detail, and which consists of Furnitnre, Carpets, Mattings, Window Shades, Bedding of all kinds, large and small Rugs—in fact everything with which to furnish a house from cellar to attic.

I am also prepared to give estimates on Buildings and repair work—from a pig pen to a palace.

Call and see me; I will treat you fair and square.

Thanking the public for past favors and soliciting a continuance of the same, I remain,

Yours respectfully,

D. E. BOLDEN

Store For Sale

Owing to other business demanding my attention, I offer for sale my stock of Shoes, Clothing and Furnishings.

This is one of the best business propositions in Oakland, and will be sold at very much less than value if taken before September 1.

In the meantime I will sell clothing and many other articles at greatly reduced prices. It will pay you to investigate.

Yours truly,

E. A. WEIMER.

Oakland, Md.

Had you commenced five years ago to live on

Three-Fourths

of your income and deposited the

Other Fourth

in a bank you would today be on a sure road to wealth and happiness. Start that System today at this Bank.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OAKLAND - MARYLAND

CHILDREN MUST NOT RUN AUTOS

Auto Commission Goes On the War-path and Causes One Arrest.

Prosecution of all persons who permit juveniles under the age of 18 years to operate automobiles has been determined upon by State Automobile Commissioner Baughman. Such juvenile driving, the state officials believes, has helped to materially swell the number of motor accidents that have occurred in recent months.

Complaints of youngsters being allowed to drive motors have reached Commissioner Baughman from all over the state of late, and yesterday the Colonel nabbed a case himself. The offender was the 9-year-old son of Dr. Marshall B. West, of Catonsville. The case has been reported to the police of that section and Dr. West will be cited before the court for trial on the charge of permitting the violation of the law.

"Section 143 of the Automobile Law," said Colonel Baughman, "provides that no person under the age of 18 years shall be allowed to operate any motor vehicle except a motor-cycle, and in the latter case the minimum age limit is 14 years. Whether a person holding an operator's card is in the machine with an offending juvenile makes no difference in the eyes of the law.

"The law is a wise one, for I believe that, under no circumstances, should a 17-year-old boy or girl, or persons below that age, be allowed the responsibility of operating a car. Even over that age all persons must first give a demonstration of their ability to drive before obtaining a license. Accidents have become so numerous all over the state that it is necessary to take every precaution to stop what seems like slaughter. I have instructed all of my deputies to carry out this phase of the law to the fullest extent."

In the car with the West youngster, Colonel Baughman said, was a chauffenr, but the commission maintains that if a road crisis occurred the driver would probably not have been in position to have prevented an accident.

Subscribe for The Republican.

GRANTSVILLE.

Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Miller, of Stone House farm, entertained members of the Lutheran Sunday school at a sumptuous dinner on Sunday. The guests included Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Bonig and family, the girl's Sunshine Class, composed of Misses Gertrude Beachy, Nina Younkin, Winifred Bonig, Esther Zehner, Margaret Getty, Irma Swauger, Alverta Miller and their teacher, Mrs. C. B. Getty, and a few of the boys' class, Roy Zehner, Henry Bonig, Harold Miller and Chas. Schaefer. The boys' teacher was absent and a number of the boys and girls also, but all who were present enjoyed the bounteous dinner to the utmost the table being filled with the most delicious country fare, which Mesdames Miller senior and junior and Miss Cuppett prepared so skillfully.

Miss Beulah Bender entertained with a dance at the pavilion on Thursday night, the affair being in honor of the Misses Robinson of Baltimore. Punch was served during the evening. About thirty guests were present. The young people of the town gave a dance at the same place on Saturday evening.

Mrs. J. O. Getty entertained informally on Thursday in honor of her Meyersdale and Cumberland guests—Mesdames Bruce Lichty, Dan Getty, Alice Steiner and Alvin Getty. The other guests were Mesdames Frank Davis, G. C. Keller, Anna Birmingham, Mrs. Niebolla and Mrs. Clarey. "500" was played, the party being held on the porch. Refreshments were served.

Rev. and Mrs. Oney, from Elk Lick, attended the Lutheran Sunday school picnic at Bittinger, Saturday; also a few of the Grantsville people.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Davis and guest, Miss Ruth Flanigan, from Confluence, returned to that place Friday to attend the Community Chautauqua.

Miss Naomi Bonig, of Cumberland, is visiting Mrs. C. H. Bill and other relatives.

William Cosgrove, of Albany, N. Y., is a guest at the Victoria Hotel.

Mrs. Clary and son, Roderick, Mr. and Mrs. Niebolla and Miss Anna Birmingham, of Cumberland, Miss Thompson of Piedmont and Miss Wagner, of Westernport, are at the Casselman hotel.

Mrs. Jane Smouse, of Oakland, is visiting her brother, Mortimer Smouse.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Wilson and son, Billy Jr., returned to Cumberland after two weeks at the Victoria hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. Hess Baker and children, of Lancaster, Pa., are guests of Miss Sophia Winterberg.

Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Zeller spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Otto, of New Germany.

Miss Mary Miller spent the week-end with Mrs. John Hetrick, of Bittinger.

Misses Angela and Wilda Getty and Ruth Keller spent Wednesday with Mrs. Frank Davis, of Davis. Mr. and Mrs. Davis treated the girls and their house guest, Miss Flanigan, to a joy ride to Oakland.

Mrs. Wm. Yutzy and children, of Mt. Savage, are spending a week with Mrs. C. A. Bender and Mrs. Ida Hershberger.

Margaret Getty, who has been carrying her left arm in a sling for over a week, owing to broken ligaments due to a fall, is regaining the use of the injured member.

Mrs. Irene Hayes and son, Emerson, are spending a week in Midland, with the former's sister, Mrs. J. C. Grady.

Mrs. Harry Kurtz and daughter, Miss Anna, of Pittsburgh, have been guests the past week of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Ambell.

Miss Frances Bevens, Grace Hershberger and Helen Stanton spent Sunday as the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Folk, of near Grantsville.

There are about thirty boarders at the Victoria hotel this week.

Joel Orendorff, an aged farmer near Bittinger, is improving under treatment at the University Hospital, Baltimore.

About two dozen young people of the village motored to Salisbury for a joy ride Monday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Schafer entertained at Sunday dinner Mr. and Mrs. Jas. R. Thomas and children and Miss Emma Cornell, of Coulter, Pa.

The following people spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Howard Ringer: Misses Edith and Mary Hoffmeyer, of Meyersdale, Miss Orpha Ringer, of Fredonia, Pa., James Smith, of Pittsburgh, and Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Shope and children, of Watson, Pa.

Mrs. J. W. Delaney has been suffering from an attack of pleurisy.

The little children of Mrs. R. C. Bowen and little Elanor Younkin have recovered from measles.

G. A. Younkin has been suffering from a bad felon.

A Money Saving Chance For You.

Get rid of your old scrap iron, old rags, old gum shoes, copper and brass. We are paying best cash prices for same.

25c per hundred for iron; 50c per hundred for rags; 5c per lb. for rubber; from 5c to 10c per lb. for copper and brass.

We are located at the old Hamill house, opposite the electric light plant, Oakland, Md.

A. G. TARLO, Proprietor.

Adv. 16-5 months.

FLEETING PROSPERITY IS FOOL'S PARADISE

Don't Let Smoke From Munition Factories Cloud Your Brain With Belief It's Abiding.

PROTECTION OUR BULWARK.

Forget Not the Dire Conditions Which Depressed This Country Under the Democratic Free Trade Tariff Prior to the War—They Will Return to Plague and Hunger You Unless the Republicans Are Restored to Power.

"When we contemplate industrial and commercial conditions," says Mr. Hughes, "we see that we are living in a fool's paradise." This is the condition to which the administration and its supporters have deliberately closed their eyes. When the war cloud broke over Europe this country was experiencing the most serious depression it had known since 1893, when the Democratic party and its policies were in full control of the United States.

Suddenly there came from over the sea a demand for munitions of war, clothing, food, supplies, everything needed by vast armies and by countries whose sons were taken from the field and the workshop, never to return.

As a result our exports and the balance of trade in our favor have reached figures far surpassing any ever before known. Temporarily, especially in the east, there is no lack of work at high wages, for Europe must pay whatever price America asks. No thoughtful person would imagine that this condition is anything like real prosperity. How false it is we in Oregon, who have the clearer vision, because not clouded by the smoke from munitions factories, have fully felt and fully appreciated.

What the Republican candidate for president says about it the Democrats know to be true:

"Our opponents promised to reduce the cost of living. This they have failed to do, but did reduce the opportunities of making a living. Let us not forget the conditions that existed in this country under the new tariff prior to the war. Production had decreased; business was languishing; new enterprises were not undertaken; instead of expansion there was curtailment, and our streets were filled with the unemployed."

The suspension of these conditions is not nation wide, only sectional, and depends upon the duration of the war. Those who think otherwise are indeed living in a fool's paradise.—Portland (Ore.) Telegram.

"Moose Drift to Wilson Approaches Stampede."

(Headline—Weekly bulletin issued by Democratic Campaign Committee.)

For Hughes.	For Wilson.
Theodore Roosevelt	Bainbridge Colby
Raymond Robins	Francis J. Heney
Oscar S. Straus	Ole Hanson
Gifford Pinchot	John Seymour
Hiram W. Johnson	Matthew Hale
James A. Garfield	
Chester H. Rowell	
Albert J. Beveridge	
William Allen White	
George W. Perkins	
Harold L. Ickes	
George L. Record	
Henry J. Allen	
Charles J. Davenport	
Stewart Macdonald	
Horace S. Wilkinson	
Nephi Morris	
H. P. Gardner	
Elon H. Hooker	
F. P. Corrick	
Clarence P. Dodge	
Raymond McFarland	
Charles S. Bird	
W. W. Seymour	
William Hamlin Childs	
W. D. Stevens	
Everett Colby	
etc.	

PERTINENT PARAGRAPHS FROM HUGHES' SPEECHES.

"What is the president's policy—does any one know? Has the executive ever had a policy for more than six months on the Mexican question?"

"If I am elected president I will see to it that American rights in Mexico are respected."

"There is no man who could successfully present to an American community the platform that an American citizen's rights stop at the coast line."

"We will get through with this old strife between capital and labor. We are not laborers and capitalists in this country. We are fellow citizens."

"All that the workingmen want is a square deal."

"We want the United States efficiently managed. I want to see men in office who believe in prosperity."

"The Republican party stands for a prosperity produced by sound American policies."

"We have removed from office men of experience and substituted others to satisfy partisan obligations. This must stop."

GORTNER

R. M. Holman and wife and Mr. and Mrs. Tom Welch, of Friendsville, were the guests Sunday of Will Welch and family.

Erwin Schrock and wife, of Akron, O., and his mother and two sisters, of Pasadena, Cal., spent Thursday at the home of Mr. Dan Schrock.

Harvey Gortner spent several days recently at Clarksburg, W. Va.

Mr. and Mrs. John Ash and family, of Accident, and Mrs. James Livengood and children, of Gibbon Glade, Pa., were visiting their sisters, Misses Emma and Dora Burkholder.

Mr. Brenneman and family, of Thayerville, were Sunday visitors at W. R. Spoerlein's.

Rumor says a wedding in the very near future.

Church services in the Union church Sunday morning at 10.30 and in the evening at 7.30. Everybody come.

Miss Pauline Sanders spent the week-end with her sister, Mrs. Geo. Yutzy, at Sunnyside.

Mrs. Geo. Sanders and children and Miss Nellie Strawser, of Silver Knob, spent Sunday with N. C. Slabaugh's.

Arthur Detrick and Edward Schlossnagle attended the fair at Fairmont, West Va., last week.

Miss Emma Zink, who had been visiting at P. P. Gortner's last week, returned to her home in Cumberland Thursday.

An auto party composed of Messrs. John Miller, Clarence and Eli Yoder, Misses Anna Schrock and Amanda Hershberger, of Meyersdale, motored to this place Sunday, where they were the guest of relatives.

Misses Hazel Woods and Anna Richards, of Farmington, West Va., are visiting at Frank Martins.

Roy and Ross Lichty spent Saturday and Sunday at Grantsville.

BITTINGER.

Earl Brenneman, who was injured in a motor cycle accident while descending a steep hill near Jennings on Saturday, August 19th, was in a critical condition all last week and it is reported that he will be taken to the hospital early this week. Simon Opal and Dewey Wiley, were also in the accident, but both escaped with very slight bruises.

Prof. F. E. Rathbun and School Commissioner Thomas J. Johnson were pleasant official visitors in this village a few days ago.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Glotfelty and children, of McHenry, were calling on Melchor Hetrick and family on Sunday.

Miss Jessie Brewer, of Wiliamsport, Pa., of many years missionary service in India, accompanied by Miss Hoffmeyster, of Wheeling, W. Va., visited this community on Saturday and conducted a meeting in the interest of missionary work.

Miss Mintie Orendorf, who is employed at Luke, Md., spent Sunday at her home here.

Dr. George Melody, of Oakland, accompanied by ex-Sheriff Austin Brown, visited this village last week, and Dr. Melody delivered an interesting lecture on the general subject of stock raising and treatment of diseases of animals.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Buckle are happy over the stork's gift of a young daughter.

THE JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY
Entrance Examinations
State Scholarship in Engineering Courses

Entrance Examinations for the Department of Engineering, as well as for the College of Arts and Sciences, will be held in the Academic Building of the Johns Hopkins University, Homewood, Baltimore, September 18-21, 1916, beginning at 9 a. m. each day.

Application For Scholarships in The Department of Engineering, established in the Johns Hopkins University under the provisions of the Laws of Maryland, Chapter 90, 1912, may now be made. If there is more than one applicant for a particular scholarship, a competitive examination must be taken in the Academic Building, Homewood, on September 22, 1916, beginning at 9 a. m.

Each County of the State and each Legislative District of Baltimore City, with the exception of Charles, Harford, and Queen Anne's Counties will be entitled to one or more scholarships for the year 1916-17, in addition to those which have already been assigned. In the three counties mentioned above all the available scholarships have been awarded.

Under the provisions of the Act of Assembly, the County and City scholarships in the Department of Engineering are awarded only to deserving students whose financial circumstances are such that they are unable to obtain an education in Engineering unless free tuition be granted to them. The scholarships entitle the holders to free tuition, free use of text-books, and exemption from all regular fees. The expense of attendance for those who do not receive scholarships is no greater than at other Maryland institutions.

Scholarships may be awarded to graduates of Loyola College, Maryland Agricultural College, Mt. St. Mary's College; and one scholarship will be awarded "At Large."

Applicants should address the Registrar, The Johns Hopkins University, for blank forms of application and for further information as to examinations, award of scholarships, and courses of instruction.

Advertisement. 26-4t

QUESTION CRAZE SEIZES THE G. O. P.

Democratic WORLD Long Had Monopoly of This Idiocy, but Opposite Party Is Infected.

STRING OF INTERROGATIONS TO FEASE WILSON IDOLATERS

Questionaire No. 1—Will All the Wilson Notes Be at His Notification? How Did Fool Free Trade Hit Your Line of Business Just Before the Battles Began?—When the War Babies Die Will You Weep at the Funeral?

The question habit grows. You may ask a question of any one. Why should the dear old public escape? Here are a few from the New York Sun for the man in the street:

Do you approve of the rivers and harbors loot?

Do you want four years more of watchful waiting, with the national guardsmen undergoing military training in tropical climate in midsummer?

Do you hold that the duty of the United States is to serve humanity and let its own citizens be killed and outraged?

Do you feel proud of notes with nothing behind them?

What do you think of the Vera Cruz adventure?

Would you like to have been an American soldier at Carrizal?

Do you love Carranza?

Do you believe in a financial regime conducted largely in the interest of one section of the country?

Do you desire to cut the Philippines loose in order that Japan may gobble them?

Do you want four more years of Daniels?

Do you approve of wrecking the diplomatic service to provide jobs for deserving Democrats?

Are you in favor of inflation?

Do you believe in preparedness for a flood of cheap European wares as soon as peace comes?

Have you noticed the significant increase of imports in the past year, despite the war?

How did fool free trade hit your line of business before August, 1914?

And your friends?

Were you all cheered up by the Underwood tariff bill?

Do you think the doubling of the income tax is fair while millions' worth of competitive imports come in free?

Where are you going to be when the war babies die and business slips back to the cold, hard normal basis?

Can you conceive of any possible good to you or to the country from another presidential term like the present one?

Will you perpetuate sectionalism, greed, ignorance, stupidity—general ineptitude in congress?

DENIES ASSAILING MR. HUGHES

Percy Mackaye Writes He Never Saw "Authors' Letter" With His Name Appended.

Percy Mackaye, playwright, whose name appeared as one of the signers of the so-called "authors' letter," published in the newspapers last week, knew nothing about the matter until after publication, according to a statement given out yesterday at Republican national headquarters. The letter attacked Charles E. Hughes' criticism of President Wilson as "nonconstructive" and propounded ten questions for Mr. Hughes to answer. In a letter to Mr. Hughes Mr. Mackaye said:—

"My attention has just been called to an open letter addressed to you, printed in the New York Herald of August 2, signed by a number of professional writers, among whom my name is included. I beg to send you this word, to say that I did not sign the letter and never saw or heard of the letter until it was shown to me in print."

It was stated at Republican headquarters that neither Mr. Hughes nor any of his staff had seen the letter except as it appeared in the newspapers.

POINTS FROM HUGHES' SPEECHES

Reckless extravagance of the Democrats is an insult to the American people.

Deserving Democrats! Deserving in heaven's name of what?

We have a splendid system of government, on paper, but we want that system vitalized.

The pork barrel bill brings a blush of shame to the cheeks of every American.

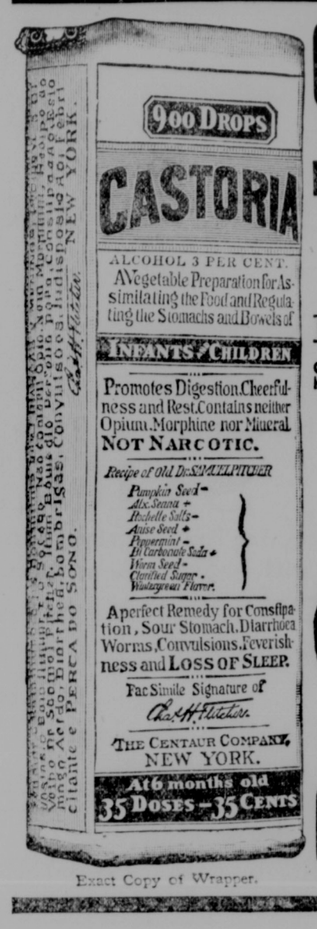
I am here because I have a vision of what America needs.

An idle American will always feel uncomfortable.

America will not hold her own by high sounding phrases.

Are we not a nation great enough to have sufficient foresight to protect our borders in a sensible fashion by means of sensible preparedness?

If we state our rights in a firm and determined manner it should carry conviction. There should be no vacillation in connection with that assertion.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

THE CITY'S BEST

MEAT MARKET

IN THE EMPIRE BUILDING.

Choice Steak, Boiling Meat, and all other kinds of meat. Highest cash price paid for Poultry and Eggs; also cash paid for Hides and Skins.

H. L. MILLER

We Carry in Stock

TIRES
TUBES
SHOCK ABSORBERS
CHAINS
SPARK PLUGS
DRY CELLS
TIRETITE

And many other accessories at the OAKLAND GARAGE, Prest-O-Lite Exchange, Oakland, Maryland.

J. W. Whorton & Son

CONTRACTING PLASTERERS

Only the Best Material Used.

Best Grade of Wall Plaster on hand at all times.

CONCRETE WORK of All Kinds.

All Work Guaranteed.

OAKLAND, - MARYLAND.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

CHARLES LILLER

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 10th day of February 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 9th day of August 1916.

WILLIAM R. OFFUTT,
Administrator,
Oakland, Md.

Examiner's Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, appointed by the County Commissioners of Garrett county, to view the lands through which the change in the turn of the road is to be made leading from Hoyes to Oakland road, to intersect the State road near William Callis' and examine whether the said change in road should be made, will meet on the 15th day of September, 1916 for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said change of said road, and if so to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

R. M. HOLEMAN.
JAMES W. FRIEND.
D. S. CUSTER,
Examiners.

LOST—A bunch of keys between the Depot and the Ravenscroft building. Finder will be rewarded if returned to D. A. Stephens. Adv.

REAL BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE

One of the most desirable residences on Alder street in Oakland, now owned by M. A. Carney, and occupied as a residence by States Attorney Jones, is offered at a very attractive price.

A valuable 90 acre farm near Ottaway, Garrett Co., on the line of the proposed new state road to West Va., and a very desirable piece of real estate.

Improved farm of 138 acres near Swanton, Garrett Co., improved by nine room dwelling, barn and young orchard now bearing. A safe investment.

JAS. D. HAMILL,
Real Estate Agent.

Farm for Sale

Containing two hundred and seventy-six acres. About 175 acres cleared and in good cultivation and the balance in timber.

Located twelve miles west of Lonaconing in Garrett county in the Fairview settlement. With seven or eight never failing springs on it. One dwelling house containing seven rooms and a good cellar; bank barn 40 x 60 feet and all other necessary outbuildings.

Good apple orchard of about 200 bearing trees and all other kinds of fruits.

If not sold prior to January 1st, 1917, the property will be for rent.

For any other information call on or address the undersigned.

JONAS WEITZELL,
Lonaconing, Md.

Notice to the Public

The undersigned has bought out the general store of Mr. J. S. Clary at Deer Park, Md., and will continue the business in the same building and in the same manner in which it has been conducted, and extends to the public generally a cordial invitation to call, get prices and see if we cannot do business.

Remember that satisfaction is guaranteed in every transaction.

Thanking you in advance.

I am very truly,
W. B. MILLER.

WEEK'S NEWS STORIES RETOLD

What the Wires Report of the World's Happenings

ALL INCIDENTS OF INTEREST

What People Are Doing Everywhere—Tales of Great Events From Every Clime—Reports From Other States.

War Bulletins

Allies in Greece advance on center, capturing heights west of the Vardar, but fall back on wings. Russian army landed at Saloniki. Rumania reported to have mobilized army and to be receiving ammunition from the Allies.

Russians checked in attacks against Hindenburg's line.

Successes in Asia against Turks are announced by Petrograd.

The Russians' offensive is developing rapidly north of Kovel.

Allies advance on Balkan line; Serbs push back Bulgarian wing, and French and British cross the Struma.

Russians report gains in the Carpathians and along the River Stokhod.

German attacks on Somme and Verdun fronts beaten back.

An interesting feature on this front is the advance of Bulgarian detachments toward the Greek seaport of Kavala. This port is well to the east of the Allied front and the purpose of the Bulgarian move is not made clear.

The offensive on the Saloniki front is slowly developing and the fighting is growing in intensity on the 150-mile battle line from Lake Presba to Lake Doiran. Both sides claim minor successes.

Washington

Army bill passes House with articles of war eliminated.

Consul-General Rodgers, in Mexico City, reported to the State Department that H. A. Dunn, an American employe of an electrical plant has been released by the authorities.

The War Department estimates there are about 40,000 regulars and militia in camps and garrisons throughout the United States that could be utilized for the protection of property in the event of a railroad strike.

The War Department is considering metal helmets for United States soldiers.

A bill to appropriate $30,000 for transportation and subsistence of citizens who are participating in military training at a civilian training camp which opened at Fort Douglas, Utah, was passed by the Senate.

By a vote of 27 to 24 the Senate voted to take up the immigration bill, which the Democratic caucus had determined to postpone until next session.

The State Department is investigating reports that the Japanese Government is negotiating for the purchase of land adjacent to the Panama Canal zone.

Secretary Daniels is to ask bids on four dreadnoughts from private shipyards to hasten construction.

The Workingmen's Compensation bill to provide uniform compensation for Government employes when disabled and adequate benefits for their families in case of death was passed by the Senate.

General

National Guardsmen of the Sixth Company, Coast Artillery Corps, of Boston, claim a record for marksmanship. The company was credited with two clean hits at six and one-half miles out of three shots which were fired in two minutes 28 seconds.

Henry A. du Pont was renominated for the United States Senate from Delaware.

Announcement has been made by the sub-committees of miners and operators that the dangers of a strike of coal miners in Kansas, Missouri, Oklahoma and Arkansas has been averted.

The Fort Douglas citizens' military training camp opened at Salt Lake.

Flour at Chicago advanced 60 cents a barrel in two days.

James B. Wilson of Bloomington, Ind., nominee for United States Senator on the Progressive ticket, has announced his withdrawal from the race in a letter to Edwin M. Lee, state chairman.

News has been received from Nome, Alaska, that the Canadian mounted police have captured the two Ekimos who are alleged to have murdered the Rev. Fathers Leroux and Buvier in November, 1913.

A lake in a park at Kansas City, was drained of 500,000 gallons of water to recover a woman's lost wedding ring.

The New York Catholic convention in New York heard the Administration assailed for its foreign policies.

Four more bodies have been taken from the West Side waterworks tunnel, where 19 men perished four weeks ago, five miles out under Lake Erie, Cleveland.

Minneapolis mills have advanced flour 20 cents a barrel to $8.50.

Retail prices for anthracite were marked up 25 cents a ton at Boston.

Dancing exponents in New York say the dancing masters' dictum that the waltz will supplant the tango and fox-trot will be unheeded.

Four thousand barbers in New York City went on strike, seeking higher wages and shorter day.

Crocker Land is a myth of the mirages, returned member of the American Museum of Natural History expedition believes.

Judge George Gray, of Delaware, Dr. John R. Mott, of New Jersey, and Secretary of the Interior Lane, are to serve on the Mexican-American Joint Commission.

Secretary of War Baker advised the Board of Army Engineers to take up the problem of changing the anchorage area of munition ships around New York.

On the charge of sending a threatening postcard to President Wilson, Theodore E. Jones, of Baltimore, was arrested by postal authorities.

Andrew Erickson, a farmer living near Rolette, N. D., was killed during a hailstorm which swept over northern Dakota.

John F. Fitzgerald, former mayor of Boston, filed nomination papers as a Democratic candidate for United States Senator.

Steps were taken to evict from houses owned by mining companies on the iron range at Biwabik, Minn., of all striking miners who refuse to return to work.

The first of series of hearings to determine the apportionment of districts and the location of banks under the Federal farm loan law was held at Augusta, Me.

Dr. Oliver A. Howard, a leading physician of Marlington, W. Va., was held on a charge of murder, following a coroner's inquest, into the death of his wife.

MEXICAN CAMPAIGN

Lee Axworthy trotted an exhibition mile in Cleveland in 2:00 1-4, breaking the world's record for stallions, by three-quarters of a second. The record 2:01, was made by The Harvester.

Eddie Mahan, captain of the 1915 Harvard football team, has gone to San Francisco to take up his duties as assistant coach of football at the University of California.

The opening step in a general inspection of the troops in the American expeditionary command was taken, when Brigadier General J. J. Pershing reviewed all the men on station at field headquarters in Mexico. It is planned that each organization shall be inspected by its commanding officer.

The recall of the militiamen now on the border is not in sight, Secretary of War Baker says.

The representatives of the United States and of the de facto Government of Mexico are expected to complete their task of setting the points at issue without lengthy parleys. This settlement will include guarantees of the Carranza Government of the safety of life and property of foreigners in Mexico, it is indicated.

Sporting

Wallace, who pitched for the Clevelands twenty-two years ago, is with St. Louis Americans as utility infielder.

The Real Lady, two-year-old filly, wins American Horse Breeders' Futurity at Cleveland, trotting a 2:01 gait.

Zybszko, the mighty son of Poland threw Charles Ohlson, the Swedish wrestler, at Central Park in Philadelphia twice in a bout of catch-as-catch can wrestling.

The Cubs' outfield problem was settled temporarily, however, by the signing of Artie Hofman, former Cub and recently with the Yankees, to fill in until the recovery of Joe Kelly, who is suffering from a twisted ankle.

Dario Resta won the Grand Prix Automobile race at Chicago.

Ludy Langer of the Los Angeles Athletic Club won the national mile swimming championship at Ocean Park, Cal., establishing a new world's record of 23 minutes, 11 seconds for the distance. The former record, also held by Langer, was 24:50 2-5.

Duke Kahanamoku broke a world's swimming record at Honolulu by swimming eighty yards in 42 1-5 seconds.

Foreign

An Order in Council was passed changing the name of Berlin, Canada, to Kitchener.

Hamburg bankers and shipping companies are planning the establishment of a new shipbuilding plant at Hamburg.

Premier Asquith, in reply to a question said that he could not undertake to summon Parliament during the recess if any proposals were made regarding terms of peace.

Parliament unanimously approved the appointment by President Li Yuan-Hung of Tuan Chi-jula, as permanent Premier of the Chinese Republic.

The British Admiralty announces that it is believed a Prussian battle ship of the Nassau class has been sunk by a submarine.

Mexican Nationalist League is formed to force Carranza to return to constitutional government or to abdicate.

New constitutional convention in Dominican Republic has been called.

The Russian government has conferred the Cross of St. George upon the city of Verdun in recognition of its heroic defense.

ITALY DECLARES WAR ON GERMANY

King Victor Emmanuel Asks Switzerland to Inform Berlin of Her Action.

FORMAL DECLARATION SENT

Rome.—"The Italian Government declares in the name of the King that Italy considers herself to be in a state of war with Germany, as from Aug. 28, and begs the Swiss Government to convey this information to the Imperial German Government."

In these formal words Italy declared war upon Germany.

Declaration of war by Italy on Germany had been expected for several days owing to the fact that Italian troops are fighting against the Germans in Greece.

The declaration will make it possible to employ Italian troops against the Germans in France, if General Joffre deems such a measure advisable.

Diplomatic circles in Rome were assured of intervention in the war by Rumania against the Central Empire.

A possibility much discussed here is that a large contingent of Italian troops will be sent into France to aid the Allies on the western front. A great offensive invasion of Alsace, directed from Belfort as a base, is declared to be the plan of the Allied commanders.

Italy's declaration of war on Germany brings to an end of the strangest situations recorded in the history of nations—the mysterious rentention of peace between these two countries for more than two years after the outbreak of the conflict which burst the Triple Alliance and which resulted on May 23, 1915, in an open break between Italy and Austria-Hungary.

Though thrown into the maelstrom of a war against a world in arms by her Hapsburg ally, Germany has not been officially at war with Italy until that country now has made the long expected move. No aim in the diplomatic field has been more ardently pursued by the Kaiser than to avert an open break with his former ally At the beginning of the war Italy renounced the Triple Alliance and declared for a policy of neutrality. On May 23, 1915, she declared war on Austro-Hungary, yielding to over whelming pressure of public sentiment and rejecting sweeping territorial offers from her former ally On Aug. 23, 1915, she followed this up with a declaration of war against Turkey, Germany's pet protege.

On Feb. 16 last, the Italian Government requisitioned 34 of 37 German steamships interned in Italian ports and the climax came on the third day of the present month, when Italy gave notice to Germany of the termination of the Italo-German commercial treaty of 1891, which would have expired at the end of 1917.

An Exchange telegram from Sofia reports that the Bulgarians have occupied Kavalla.

WIPE OUT GREEK GARRISONS.

Athens.—While the operations on the frontier, where the Bulgarians are strengthening their grip on the Strumna defenses and the Serbians on the left wing have captured a section of trenches, have caused excitement throughout Greece, the heroic struggle of the Greek troops against the Bulgar invaders at Phea Petra has stirred the national imagination as nothing else since the victories of the Balkan wars.

Colonel Christodoulos, commanding Seres region, reports that the Greek garrison at Phea Petra put up a splendid resistance and though not numerous fought with unexpected valor, disputing every inch of ground.

The Colonel made this statement declaring that there still remain Greek soldiers worthy to be classed as companions of Leonidas's soldiers, men who know how to die in order to save the honor of Greece. Phea Petra, he says, will perhaps one day figure in history with the Thermopylae.

HUNGARY "HUMILIATED."

Count Polonyi Criticises Giving of Power to Von Hindenburg.

London.—A despatch from Budapest says that a recent meeting of the Hungarian Chamber of Deputies Count Geza Polonyi censured the Government for allowing Field Marshal von Hindenburg to be invested with full powers over the Hungarian army Von Hindenburg, he said, being a citizen of a foreign state, is constitutionally prohibited from commanding Hungarians.

GERMANS SCORE DANISH PRESS

Lack of Impartiality Charged by Kaiser's Official Orgen.

London.—A despatch to Reuter's Telegram Company from Copenhagen says:

"The Nordeutsche Allemeine Zeitung, the German official organ, prints a furious attack on the Danish press for its lack of impartiality. 'What,' asks the newspaper, 'is the Danish press driving at with its attacks on Germany and its servile demonstrations of sympathy for our enemies.'"

G. Semmes Hamill, Jr., Solicitor.

SHERIFF'S SALE

OF

Valuable Coal

and other Mineral Substances Situate in Garrett County Maryland, as well as an

Estate in Fee.

Under and by virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of the Circuit Court for Garrett county, Maryland, at the suit of The First National Bank of Trenton, New Jersey, against the Meadow Mountain Coal and Coke Company, the same being No. 14 Judicials to the September Term of the Circuit Court for Garrett county, 1916, I Albert Ashby, Sheriff of said Garrett county, do hereby give notice that I will on

TUESDAY

the 12th day of September, 1916,

at the hour of eleven o'clock A. M. of said day, in front of the Court House in the town of Oakland, Maryland, offer at public auction to the highest bidder all of the following property, mineral and mineral rights:

1st. All those veins or seams of coal and stratas of coal underlying those certain tracts of land situate, lying and being in Garrett county, which said tract of land is known and designated as "The Cunningham Lands" containing about 5000 acres, and "The Maynadier Lands" containing about 1300 acres, and also an estate in fee of 100 acres of the said "Maynadier Lands," and being the same coal and coal rights and land which was conveyed to the Meadow Mountain Coal and Coke Company by deed from William J. Blackwell, Trustee, dated the 3rd day of April, in the year 1902, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 40, folio 522, etc., one of the Land Records of Garrett county, Maryland.

2nd. All the coal, oil, gas, minerals and mineral substances, either solid or liquid, in, upon and under all those lots situate, lying and being in Bittinger District, Garrett county, which are known as Military Lots Number 2334, 2335, 2399 and 2400, containing in all 200 acres and being the same coal, oil, gas and minerals and mineral substances which were conveyed to the said Meadow Mountain Coal and Coke Company by deed from William A. Morgart and Rose Morgart, his wife, dated the 19th day of April, 1902, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 42, folio 376, etc., one of the Land Records of Garrett county.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on the day of sale.

ALBERT ASHBY,
Sheriff of Garrett County.

Notice to Taxpayers.

The municipal taxes of the town of Oakland are due and payable after July 1st of each year. On all taxes paid before September 1st, a discount of three per cent is allowed and after that date and until January 1st tax bills are payable net and after January 1st, they bear interest at the rat of six per cent.

Those who desire to avail themselves of the liberal discount allowed must settle during the present month.

JAS. D. HAMILL, Collector.

Adv. 25-3t

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters Testamentry on the estate of

OTTO FILSINGER

late of Garrett County, Md., deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 15th day of February, 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 17th day of August, 1916.

E. R. JONES,
Executor,
Oakland, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

HENRY SCHLOSSNAGLE

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 9th day of February, 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under our hand this 22nd day of August, 1916.

G. W. SCHLOSSNAGLE,
Administrator,
Berlin, Somerset Co., Pa.

The man Who Makes A STUDY OF HIS APPEARANCE

Is the man who best appreciates the detail of the tailoring we turn out The workmanship passes without a question, the fit is naturally a matter of course, but the shape we mould into the garments give them a character that finishes them off and makes the satisfaction of the owner complete.

All this is a bid for your next tailoring order. We know we can make you the best clothes you ever wore We want you to know it. That orde s the best and only sure way to settle he question.

JAMES BROCK,
Dixon Building,
Oakland, Maryland.

Commissioners Meeting.

Office of the County Commissioners for Garrett county, Oakland, Md., August 24th, 1916.

The Board of County Commissioners for Garrett County, Maryland, will meet in their office in the town of Oakland, on

Monday, September 11th, 1916,

to transact routine business.

By order of the Board.

W. G. MEYERS, Clerk.

Just received at McIntire's Hardware Store, a car load of Paroid Roofing to sell at the right price.

Advertisement.

PROCLAMATION

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF MARYLAND CREATING A BUDGET SYSTEM.

WHEREAS, at the January Session of the General Assembly of Maryland, held in the year 1916, an Act was passed, to-wit: Chapter 159 of said Acts, being an Act to propose an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title, "Legislative Department," of the Constitution of this State; and which said Act is in words and figures following:

"CHAPTER 159.

AN ACT to propose an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title, Legislative Department, of the Constitution of this State, regulating the making of appropriations by the General Assembly of Maryland in regular session, and to provide for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of this State for adoption or rejection.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland (three-fifths of all the members of each of the two houses concurring.) That the following be and the same is hereby proposed as an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title Legislative Department, of the Constitution of this State, the same, if adopted by the legally qualified voters of the State, as herein provided, to become Section 52 of Article III of the Constitution of Maryland.

Sec. 52. The General Assembly shall not appropriate any money out of the Treasry except in accordance with the followin provisions:

Sub-Section A:

Every appropriation bill shall be either a Budget Bill, or a Supplementary Appropriation Bill, as hereinafter mentioned.

Sub-Section B:

First. Within twenty days after the convening of the General Assembly (except in the case of a newly elected Governor, and then within thirty days after his inauguration,) unless such time shall be extended by the General Assembly for the session at which the Budget is to be submitted, the Governor shall submit to the General Assembly two budgets, one for each of the ensuing fiscal years. Each budget shall contain a complete plan of proposed expenditures and estimated revenues for the particular fiscal year to which it relates; and shall show the estimated surplus or deficit of revenues at the end of such year. Accompanying each budget shall be a statement showing: (1) the revenues and expenditures for each of the two fiscal years next preceding; (2) the current assets, liabilities, reserves and surplus or deficit of the State; (3) the debts and funds of the State; (4) an estimate of the State's financial condition as of the beginning and end of each of the fiscal years covered by the two budgets above provided; (5) any explanation the Governor may desire to make as to the important features of any budget and any suggestion as to methods for the reduction or increase of the State's revenue.

Second. Each budget shall be divided into two parts, and the first part shall be designated "Governmental Appropriations" and shall embrace an itemized estimate of the appropriations: (1) for the General Assembly as certified to the Governor in the manner hereinafter provided; (2) for the Executive Department; (3) for the Judiciary Department, as provided by law, certified to the Governor by the Comptroller; (4) to pay and discharge the principal and interest of the debt of the State of Maryland in conformity with Section 34 of Article III of the Constitution, and all laws enacted in pursuance thereof; (5) for the salaries payable by the State under Constitution and laws of the State; (6) for the establishment and maintenance throughout the State of a thorough and efficient system of public schools in conformity with Article VIII of the Constitution and with the laws of the State; (7) for such other purposes as are set forth in the Constitution of the State.

Third. The second part shall be designated "General Appropriations," and shall include all other estimates of appropriations.

The Governor shall deliver to the presiding officer of each house the budgets and a bill for all the proposed appropriations of the budgets clearly itemized and classified and the presiding officer of each house shall promptly cause said bill to be introduced therein, and such bill shall be known as the "Budget Bill." The Governor may, before final action thereon by the General Assembly, amend or supplement either of said budgets to correct an oversight or in case of an emergency, with the consent of the General Assembly by delivering such an amendment or supplement to the presiding officers of both houses; and such amendment or supplement shall thereby become a part of said budget bill as an addition to the items of said bill or as a modification of or a substitute for any item of said bill such amendment or supplement may affect.

The General Assembly shall not amend the budget bill so as to affect either the obligations of the State under Section 34 of Article III of the Constitution, or the provisions made by the laws of the State for the establishment and maintenance of a system of public schools, or the payment of any salaries required to be paid by the State of Maryland by the Constitution thereof; and the General Assembly may amend the bill by increasing or diminishing the items therein relating to the General Assembly and by increasing the items therein relating to the judiciary, but except as hereinbefore specified, may not alter the said bill except to strike out or reduce items therein, provided, however, that the salary or compensation of any public officer shall not be decreased during his term of office; and such bill when and as passed by both houses shall be a law immediately without further action by the Governor.

Fourth. The Governor and such representatives of the executive departments, boards, officers and commissions of the State expending or supplying for State's money, as have been designated by the Governor for this purpose, shall have the right, and when requested by either house of the Legislature, it shall be their duty to appear and be heard with respect to any budget bill during the consideration thereof, and to answer inquiries relative thereto.

Sub-Section C: Supplementary Appropriation Bills:

Neither house shall consider other appropriations until the Budget Bill has been finally acted upon by both houses, and no such other appropriation shall be valid except in accordance with the provisions following: (1) Every such appropriation shall be embodied in a separate bill limited to some single work, object or purdose therein stated and called herein a Supplementary Appropriation Bill; (2) Each Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall provide the revenue necessary to pay the appropriation thereby made by a tax, direct or indirect, to be laid and collected as shall be directed in said Bill. (3) No Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall become a law unless it be passed in each house by a vote of a majority of the whole number of the members elected; and in the yeas and nays recorded on its final passage; (4) Each Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall be presented to the Governor of the State as provided in Section 17 of Article II of the Constitution and thereafter all the provisions of said Section shall apply.

Nothing in this amendment shall be construed as preventing the Legislature from passing at any time in accordance with the provisions of Section 28 of Article III of the Constitution and subject to the Governor's power of approval as provided in Section 17 of Article II of the Constitution an appropriation bill to provide for the payment of any obligation of the State of Maryland within the protection of Section 10 of Article 1 of the Constitution of the United States.

Sub-Section D: General Provisions:

First. If the Budget Bill shall not have been finally acted upon by the Legislature three days before the expiration of its regular session, the Governor may, and it shall be his duty to issue a proclamation extending the session for such further period as may, in his judgment, be necessary for the passage of such Bill; but no other matter than such Bill shall be considered during such extended session except a provision for the cost thereof.

Second. The Governor for the purpose of making up his budgets shall have the power, and it shall be his duty, to require from the proper State officials, including herein all executive departments, all executive and administrative offices, bureaus boards, commissions and agencies expending or supervising the expenditure of, and all institutions applying for State moneys and appropriations, such itemized estimates and other information, in such form and at such times as he shall direct. The estimates for the Legislative Department, certified by the presiding officer of each house, of the Judiciary, as provided by law, certified by the Comptroller, and for the public schools, as provided by law shall be transmitted to the Governor, in such form and at such times as he shall direct, and shall be included in the budget without revision.

The Governor may provide for public hearings on all estimates and may require the attendance at such hearings of representatives of all agencies, and of all institutions applying for State moneys. After such public hearings he may, in his discretion, revise all estimates except those for the legislative and judiciary departments and for the public schools as provided by law.

Third. The Legislature may, from time to time, enact such laws, not inconsistent with this Section, as may be necessary and proper to carry out it provisions

Fourth. In the event of any inconsistency between any of the provisions of this Section and any of the other provisions of the Constitution, the provisions of this Section shall prevail. But nothing herein shall in any manner affect the provisions of Section 34 of Article III of the Constution or of any laws heretofore or hereafter passed in pursuance thereof, or be construed as preventing the Governor from calling extraordinary sessions of the Legislature, as provided by Section 16 of Article II, or as preventing the Legislature at such extraordinary sessions from considering any emergency appropriations.

If any item of any appropriation bill passed under the provisions of this Section shall be held invalid upon any ground, such invalidity shall not affect the legality of the Bill or of any other item of such Bill or Bills.

Section 2. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said foregoing Section hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution shall at the next ensuing general election, being the Presidential and Congressional election, being the Presidential and Congressional, election, to be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday of November, nineteen hundred and sixteen, be submitted to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection in conformity with the directions contained in Article XVI of this State, and at said election the vote on said proposed amendment to the constitution shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be placed the following synopsis of said amendment under the caption of 'CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROVIDING FOR A BUDGET.'

"This amendment provides that the Governor shall present to the Legislature soon after it is convened a Budget giving a complete plan of proposed expenditures and estimated revenues for the two succeeding fiscal years showing clearly any surplus or deficit in State funds. In these estimates he shall make provision for the interest and sinking funds of all State debts, for all salaries as fixed by law, and for the public schools as fixed by law. With regard to most other matters he may revise the estimates presented to him either by State Officers or State-aided institutions. The Legislature may not increase the estimates presented by the Governor or pass any additional appropriation act except by a majority vote and must make provision by tax for such increase or additional appropriation. The Legislature may not alter in any appropriation act the provision made by law for the State debt, or for the judiciary, but may reduce all other items in the Governor's estimates; and the words 'for the Constitutional Amendment' and 'against the Constitutional Amendment' as now provided by law, and immediately after said election due returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote in accordance with Article XVI of the Constitution.

Approved March 28, 1916."

Now, therefore, I, Emerson C. Harrington, Governor of the State of Maryland, in pursuance of the direction contained in Section 1 of Article 14 of the Constitution of Maryland, do hereby order and direct a copy of this Proclamation, containing a full, true and correct copy of the text of said Chapter 159 of the Acts of Maryland of 1916, be published in at least two newspapers in each of the counties of the State and in three newspapers published in the City of Baltimore, one of which said newspapers in the City of Baltimore to be printed in the German language, once a week for three months next preceding the General Election to be held in this State on November 7th, 1916, and at which election the said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be submitted, in form and manner prescribed by the General Assembly, to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection.

The Great Seal of Maryland.

GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND THE GREAT SEAL OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND,
DONE at the City of Annapolis, this twentieth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen.

EMERSON C. HARRINGTON,
By the Governor:
THOMAS W. SIMMONS,
Secretary of State.

Order Nisi.

Gilmor S. Hamill, Assignee vs. William Frederick, Jr., and wife.
In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland, No. 267 Equity.

It Is Ordered, this 8th day of July nineteen hundred and sixteen, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in equity, that the sale of the property mentioned in these proceedings, as made and reported by Gilmor S. Hamill, Assignee of mortgage for the purpose of foreclosure, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 31st day of August, 1916; provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Garrett county once a week for three successive weeks, before the 25th day of August, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $500.00.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

ROAD PETITION

Notice is hereby given that thirty days after the first publication hereof, application will be made to the County Commissioners of Garrett county for the appointment of viewers to lay out and locate a proposed new county road in Election District No. 10 of said county, said proposed road to begin at a point on the Ryan's Glade and Blaine road at or near Z. H. Moon's small box, and running thence through the lands of Michael and Bell Tasker, Alexander Moon, George W. Walter and Jesse and George White to intersect the road leading from Bethlehem to Mountain Lake Park, a distance of about two miles.

E. B. TASKER,
MIKE TASKER,
ALEX. MOON,
JESSE WHITE,
GEORGE A. WHITE,
GEORGE W. WALTER,
AND OTHERS.

First publication August 3, 1916.

The Maryland State College Of Agriculture

Gives special courses in—
AGRICULTURE, ANIMAL HUSBANDRY, DAIRYING POULTRY HUSBANDRY, FRUIT GROWING, MARKET GARDENING, FLORICULTURE, CANNING, CHEMISTRY BIOLOGY, RURAL CIVIL, MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING.

Military Training
College Expenses $90—Living Expenses $100
4 years, 2 year, 10 week and CORRESPONDENCE COURSES—
FALL TERM Begins September 12th.
For Full Information address—
THE REGISTAR, COLLEGE PARK, MD.

Adv. 22-6t

Farm For Sale

I offer for sale my farm of 79 acres, located on the Swanton road three miles north of Swanton; Fifty acres are cleared, balance in timber; eight room Dwelling House; water piped into house from a never failing spring; barn and all other necessary outbuildings; good range for stock. Apply to or address,

JAMES STEARN,
Swanton, Md.

Advertisement. 24 4t.

Fourth Annual

FAIR

OF

Agricultural Fair Asso'n of Garrett Co.

OAKLAND, MD.,

SEPT. 12-13-14-15, 1916

Mammoth Displays of Live Stock, Poultry, Grain, Fruits and Vegetables.

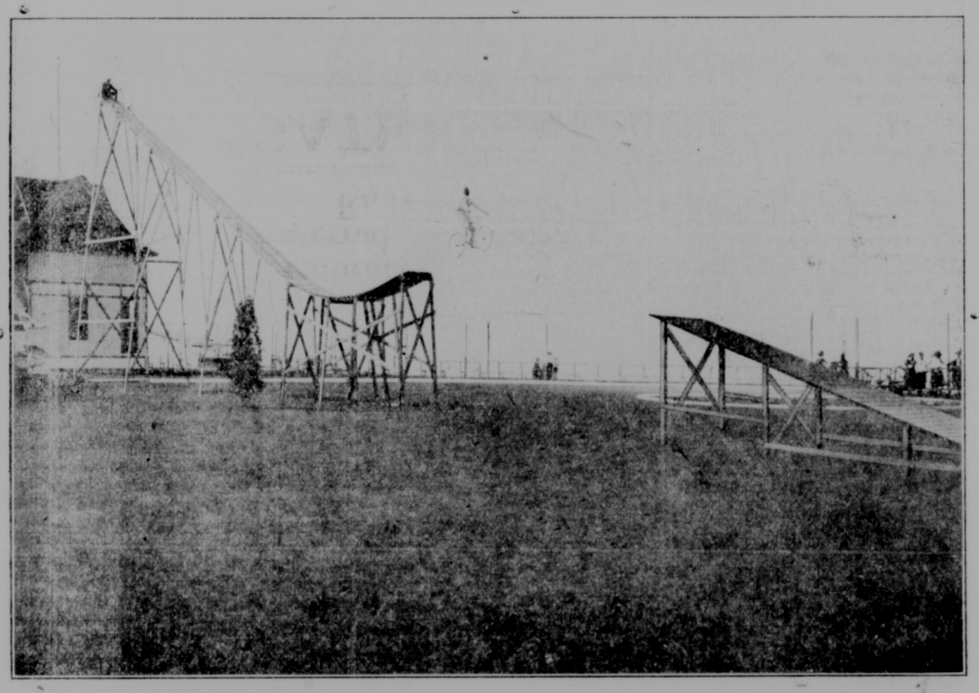
LIBERAL PREMIUMS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT

MANY SPECIAL PREMIUMS ARE OFFERED

There will be many Entertaining Features and each Day of the Fair a good one

The program embraces Introductions and Get Acquainted Day, Fraternal Day, Farmers' Day and School Rally and Athletic Day

SENSATIONAL SMITHSON



One of the greatest thrillers of this country will perform some marvelous feats on his bicycle, high up in the air, twice daily, and a number of other attractions to be provided will make the Fair this year better than ever before.

The Boys Band of Cumberland

Comprising about thirty trained boy musicians, will give daily concerts, both instrumental and vocal. To hear them will be a delight.

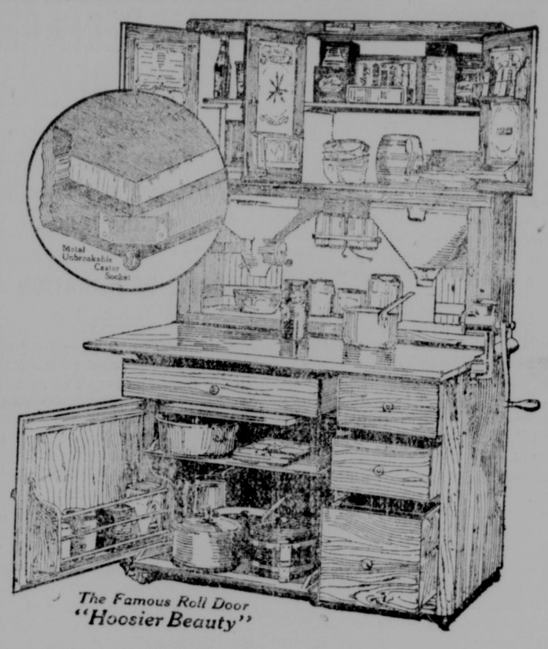
NIGRO'S GREATER SHOWS

One of the best high-grade Carnival Companies now travelling, will be one of the best features of the Fair, and their superb band will assist in the music.

Special Low Railroad Rates. Excellent Motoring Roads.

COME AND BRING YOUR FAMILY

. . . BE AN EXHIBITOR . . .



WE have in stock the famous HOOSIER KITCHEN CABINET at a price within your reach:

$21.00, $27.00 and $34.00

$1.00 down; balance $1.00 per week

The safest and surest plan is to order now. You take no risk. We guarantee to refund every cent if you are not delighted with the Hoosier.

Gold Medal Winner Panama-Pacific Exposition San Francisco 1915

CALL AND SEE OUR LINE.

McIntire's Hardware Store

Oakland, Maryland.

KEYSER RIDGE

Quite a number of the people from this place attended the picnic at Jennings Saturday.

The farmers are just completing their harvest of oats and hay.

A large motor truck, belonging to the Somersfield Coal & Lumber Co., was partly destroyed by fire one mile west of this place last Wednesday. The front was completely destroyed, nothing but the rear end being saved.

W. W. Speicher, who has been confined to his bed for a few weeks with a broken leg, is now able to be on crutches.

Mr. C. J. Folk motored to Addison one day last week.

It is rumored that C. J. Oester has purchased an Oakland roadster.

Mr. Adam Hanft is busy hauling telegraph poles for M. H. Lohr.

Miss Elizabeth Hutzell is visiting her sister, Mrs. John Hauft.

Mr. Arthur Speicher had business in Confluence one day last week.

"BOBBY."

ROBIN REDBREAST GETS DRUNK DOWN IN DIXIE

But His Conduct is Above Reproach When Visiting His Friends in the North

Robin Redbreast, hero of the story books and well known model in the bird kingdom, has been charged with leading a dual life. In the North, a sober, industrious, home-loving father, the allegation is that he spends his winters in the South in riotous living. Even in Georgia, where state prohibition prevails, he is reported as having been seen drunk in public. On coming north, however, it is said he always reforms.

Asked for an opinion in the case of Cock Robin, Secretary Pearson of the National Association of Audubon Societies, an authority on birds and their habits, said he had frequently seen robins in the South so intoxicated that they could scarcely flutter along the ground. The misdemeanor is reported to occur in the Southern states where grows the China tree, also known as the "Pride of India," or "Persan Lilac."

Robins sometimes eat the berries of this tree which, having absorbed rainwater, form an alcholic liquid which intoxicates birds, causing them to lose control of themselves and fall to the ground. Thus, many birds are captured and eaten by the negroes of the South.

It is said that, during the Civil War, soldiers gathered china berries and distilled from them an alcholic beverage, which became quite popular. The prohibition people are said to be looking into the tree's alleged properties.

The China tree, scientists say, is very common along the lower Gulf coast country, where it grows very rapidly and is a popular shade tree. Its abundant lilac-colored flowers appear early in the spring and the leaves are retained late into autumn, followed by clusters of yellow berries.

Notwithstanding Robin Redbreast's occasional sprees, the Audubon Societies give him a good general reputation in an attractively illustrated little bulletin which they are sending out from their New York offices to anyone who will send them a two-cent stamp.

Estray Notice.

Notice is hereby given that there came to my place at Loch Lynn Heights on Friday last, August 25th, four head of Jersey Heifers, one a yearling and the others two year olds. Owner will please call, pay all damages and costs and take same away.

Adv. B. L. HARDESTY.

BUBONIC PLAGUE

Has Been Fought Since 1661 By Scientists The World Over.

It is a remarkable fact, confirmed by many observations, that many physicians who have devoted considerable labor to the study of a particular disease have themselves died of that disease. One of the most interesting examples is that of John Daniel Major, born August 16, 1624, in Breslau, a physician and naturalist of no mean ability. Bitten early by the wanderlust, he studied at Wittenburg, took courses at many of the schools in Germany, and finally went to Italy where he received the decree of doctor of medicine at Padua in 1660. Returning to his own country, he resided for a short time in Silesia, and in 1661 married at Wittenburg, Margaret Dorothy, a daughter of the celebrated Sennett. The following year his young wife was stricken with plague and died after an illness of eight days. Distracted by his loss, Major wandered up and down Europe studying plague wherever he found it in the hope that he might discover a cure for the disease that had bereaved him. Spain, Germany, France and Russia were visited by him. He settled in 1965 in Kiel, where he was made professor of botany and the director of the botanical gardens. He made frequent voyages, however, always in quest of the remedy for plague. Finally in 1693, he was called to Stockholm to treat the queen of Charles the Eleventn, then ill with plague. But before he could render her any service, he contracted the disease and died on the third of August.

The bubonic plauge of to-day is identical with the black death of the Middle Ages. Primarily a disease of rodents caused by a short dumb-bell shaped microscopic vegetable, the pest bacillus, it occurs in man in three forms; the pneumonic, which has a death rate of almost 100 per cent.; the septicaemic, which is nearly as fatal, and the bubonic in which even with the most modern methods of treatment the mortality is about 50 per cent. It is a disease of commerce, spreading around the globe in the body of the ship-borne rat. It is estimated that every case of human plague costs the municipality in which it occurs at least $7,500. This does not take into account the enormous loss due to disastrous quarantines and the commercial paralysis which the fear of the disease so frequently produces.

The disease is now treated by a serum discovered through the genius of Yersin. This is used in much the same way as is diphtheria antitoxin.

Plague is transferred from the sick rodent to the well man by fleas. The sick rat has enormous numbers of plague bacilli in its blood. The blood is taken by the flea which, leaving the sick rat, seeks refuge and sustenance on the body of a human being to whom it tranfers the infection.

Since plague is a disease of rodents and since it is carried from sick rodent to well men by fleas, safety from the disease lies in the exclusion of rodents, not only exclusion from the habitation of man but also from the ports and cities of the world. Those who dwell in rat-proof surroundings take no plague. Not only should men dwell in rat-proof surroundings, but he should also live in rat-free surroundings. The day is passed when the rodent served a useful purpose as the unpaid city scavenger. Rats will not come where there is no food for them. Municipal cleanliness may be regarded as a partial insurance against plague. The prayer that no plague come nigh our dwelling is best answered, however by rat-proofing the habitations of man. Modern sanitary science has evolved a simple and efficient weapon against the pestilence which walketh in darkness and striketh at noonday, and the U. S. Public Health Service has put this knowledge into practical operation and thus speedily eradicated plagve wherever it has appeared in the United States.

For Sale.

Crooks Crest, comprising about twenty acres, improved by handsome house. Apply to the owner or any real estate agent. Mrs. E. Fundenberg, Oakland, Md. Adv. 12-tf

The New York Sun says that Daniels is the issue, but our opinion is that the Democrats will, in company with several other so called issues, duck this one. Daniels is too difficult a proposition to defend.

Instead of getting those Danish islands at a bargain, "marked down from $25,000,000 to $5,000,000," weuth going to pay a twenty million bonus on a $5,000,000 value.

"WORDS OR DEEDS?"

"If anything in this campaign is real it is that we are now facing the question whether we want words or whether we want deeds; whether we want that which is written and spoken, or whether we want American action in the interests of the American people, worthy of the American name, maintaining the American honor and buttressing the prosperity of the United States."—From Mr. Hughes' Speech at Chicago.

For Sale On The Monthly Payment Plan

Pay Like Rent

You can buy the 3 room cottage, equipped with city water, sewer, inside toilet and gas, on the lot fronting 50 feet on Bartlett St. by 100 ft. deep, on the monthly payment plan on the same terms and conditions as thousands o homes are being secured every year through the Building and Loan Associations.

Or the 7-room house, with cellar, gas, city water, sewer, bath etc. on the lot 100 by 100 ft. at the corner of Center and Bartlett Sts.

If not sold these houses are for rent on very reasonable terms.

For particulars see

Paul B. Naylor or write to

U. G. Palmer, Verona, Pa.

The Celebrated TENNESSEE GROUND PHOSPHATE

In stcck and on sale at the Helbig Mill Stable, Oakland.

D. J. SWARTZENTRUBER.

THE REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME 41. OAKLAND, MARYLAND THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1916. NUMBER 28

DR. FRANCE AND SENATOR ZIHLMAN VISIT GARRETT

Came Here to Appear Before Voters at The Park on Saturday Afternoon.

By reason of the fact that the farmers of the county were engaged up to their eyes at work on their farms, Garrett County Day at Mountain Lake Park on last Saturday, was not up to expectations in any respect, but notwithstanding this fact quite a number gathered there to spend the day.

Dr. Joseph Irwin France, Republican nominee for the United States Senate, and Mr. H. Dorsey Etchison, Democratic nominee for Congress, were both present and met the assembled people and spent the day quite pleasantly.

State Senator Zihlman, Republican nominee for Congress, did not get to the Park at all, owing to the press of other engagements which kept him at his office in Cumberland until a late hour in the day. He came to Oakland, however, on train No. 55 in the afternoon where he and Dr. France met and where they visited quite a number of their mutual friends.

Typhoid Fever at Crellin.

Three well developed cases of typhoid fever are being treated at Crellin by local physicians, one of the patients being Mrs. Charles Reams. The State Health officer visited Crellin last Saturday and after making a survey of the situation recommended that to prevent a general outbreak of the disease all residents of the place be vaccinated. This was consented to and yesterday the work of administering the virus was started by the physicians. The water supply and unsanitary conditions at Crellin are credited with being the cause of the cases now being treated.

The Celebrated South Bend Plow.

Buy one now and pay for it in the spring. Price is just right.

McIntire's Hardware Store, Oakland. Advertisement.

SEED POTATO INSPECTION.

State Extension Service Interested In Garrett.

On August 28th and 29th Prof. C. E. Temple, State Plant Pathologist, visited the seed potato fields in the vicinity of Oakland, for the purpose of determining the relative value of the tubes for seed. The fields were inspected for foreign varieties and for diseases.

The inspected fields were planted with Irish Cobblers secured by Mr. R. E. Sliger, Cashier of the First National Bank, and it was at his request that the Extension Service sent Mr. Temple to inspect the fields. Mr. Temple's report on the inspection follows:

DEAR MR. SLIGER:—In compliance with your request I take pleasure in submitting my report on the inspection of the fields of Irish Cobbler potatoes in your vicinity. I visited eleven fields of Cobblers and dug several hills in each field.

The most conspicuous disease observed was the late blight. This is the most destructive and rapidly spreading disease that the Irish Potato is heir to. It prefers a cool moist climate, such as you have in Western Maryland. Where such climate prevails, frequent sprayings with Bordeaux Mixture, 4-4-50, are necessary to insure a crop. Five sprayings were required this year to control the disease. The total expense of spraying potatoes should not exceed one dollar per acre per application and the profits of spraying on years when blight is severe are many fold. In fact some of the fields visited are almost a total loss. However, the small tubers from plants killed prematurely make fairly good seed. So I would advise that they be kept for seed at home, even though they may be very small. All tubers of this variety, at least down to one inch in diameter, may be used for seed.

For some reason or another, there were some plants of late varieties mixed in with the Cobblers. All plants of late varieties, should be removed separately and they should not be used for seed. This is very important, as, no doubt, every grower clearly understands. It is the mixture of late varieties with the extra early Cobblers, that makes the Cobblers unfit for seed on the Eastern Shore and in Virginia. So, whatever the growers may do, they should hold on to their Cobbler stock and root out all late varieties mixed with it.

I would suggest also that next year each grower should try planting some Cobblers as early as it is safe to plant potatoes, and some a little later.

There is one thing that should always be done wherever blight has killed the vines: as soon as the vines die, dig the potatoes and store them in a dark dry place. A barn floor is a good place to store potatoes at this time of the year, if sufficient hay is put over them to shut out the light. The light will not injure them for seed but it will cause a bitter taste to develop in them, making them undesirable for table stock.

In summing up, let me assure you that if the growers will remove the hills of the late varieties from the Cobblers and dig the Cobblers now or as soon as the vines die, they will have some good Cobbler seed. The tubers of all are practically free from scab and other tuber diseases.

The Cobbler fields of the following were inspected: Mrs. L. F. Tower, Mr. Jack Stevenson, Mr. H. B. Harvey, Mr. F. O. Hixan, Mr. O. C. Bittinger, Mr. F. A. Thayer, Mr. B. C. Scott, Mr. J. B. Cheuvront, Mr. M. S. Mellott, Mr. A. D. Naylor, Mr. Abel DeWitt.

Special mention should be made of Mrs. Tower's Cobblers as they are of good size and almost free from the blight. This is due to the fact that she sprayed. She has also placed a stake near every hill of other varieties in her Cobblers, so that they may be dug separately. This is a good practice.

Allow me to commend you in your good work of encouraging the potato work in Western Maryland. I should think that every farmer could profitably grow from five to twenty acres of potatoes every year, but they must spray for the blight.

Very truly yours,
C. E. TEMPLE,
State Plant Pathologist.

A Double Wedding.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Childs was the scene of a beautifu double wedding Sunday Sept. 3d, when their daughter, Miss Flo became the bride of Mr. Ray Gnagey, of Red House, and Miss Addie Culp became the bride of their son, Edwin. The bridal attendants were Miss Edna Childs and Mr. Walter Baer and Miss Rena Culp and Mr. Ward McCloy. A sumptious dinner was served after the ceremony which was performed by Rev. Isaac W. Abernathy and Rev. Frank Harvey. Their many friends join us in wishing them a long and prosperous journey through life.

W. M. N.

AUSTRIAN NOBLEMAN NOW A U. S. CITIZEN

Chief Engineer of Kendall Railroads a Scion of the Royal Family of Austria.

Chief Engineer Von Planta of the Raseburg & Eastern Railroad soon to be constructed from Roseburg, Ore., to the Umpqua River Forest Reserve to develop the Kendall Bros.' timber holdings in Oregon, came east several weeks ago to do some engineering for the Kendall Lumber Co., in connection with the Preston Railroad which brings the logs from Garrett County, Md., and Preston County, W. Va., to the Kendall mill at Crellin, Md. He was a guest at Kendalwood Saturday night and Sunday and is this week doing some engineering for the Kendalls' unfinished railroad from Cheat Haven, W. Va., to their new lumber mill on the Cheat River.

Mr. Von Planta who is an eminent civil engineer, has royal blood in his veins, being a member of the Austrian nobility. He is a nephew of Emperor Franz Josef and was a cousin of the Archduke whose assassination a little over two years ago at Serajeva was the spark that kindled the flame that has embroiled all Europe in the greatest war the world has ever known.

Mr. Von Planta's father is inspector general of the Austrian armies. He was a lieutenant in the Austrian army before he came to America several years before the out-break of the great war, owing to a disagreement with his royal uncle. He has married an American girl and taken out naturalization papers to become an American citizen.

Notwithstanding his royal pedigree, Mr. Von Planta is a very democratic gentleman, courteous to all and modestly eschewing any claim to superiority on account of his distinguished ancestry.—Meyersdale Republican.

The Celebrated South Bend Plow.

Buy onk now and pay for it in the spring. Price is just right.

McIntire's Hardware Store, Oakland. Advertisement.

MARYLAND S. S. ASSOCIATION

Mr. A. T. White Is Superintendent of the Local Branch.

Maryland has a new secretary for its Sunday School Association in Dr. E. Morris Fergusson, who, while serving in the same position in New Jersey established the famous School of Methods at Asbury Park. He put the schools of Delaware upon a successful basis. He has been the educational superintendent for the Presbyterian Board of Publication's work for Sunday Schools. He is the author of "How to Run a Little Sunday School," the only book of its kind and a uniquely helpful one. He will be in Mt. Lake Park on Sept. 19 where he will speak at ten o'clock and again at 2.

A. T. White, the superintendent of the local Sunday school, was requested by Mr. Hooper, the President of the State Association, who spent a little time in the Park this summer, to act as temporary county secretary and it is through him that we are to have the privilege of hearing Mr. Fergusson. Announcements have been sent to all schools whose addresses are known but the press notice is the only means of reaching many.

Upon the great map displayed at the state convention last year Garrett county was in crepe, while others had banners and badges for the work done. Supporting these men who know how and are desirous of acquainting us with the best methods of procedure in our schools will make such an exhibit impossible at the next State meeting.

Reported Having Seen a Bear.

A report from Bayard, this county, is to the effect that a large black bear was seen near that point a few nights ago by a party of automobilists who were on their way from Bayard to Dobbin, the animal occupying the road at the junction of the Dixon and Dobbin roads. When the lights of the automobile reflected in bruin's eyes it is said by the members of the party that he curled his lip and made off into the woods.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OFFERS MANY FAIR PRIZES

$25.00 Will Be Awarded Exhibitors by Oakland Institution.

As has been its policy for some years the First National Bank of Oakland in order to encourage the Fair Association in its effort to improve the agricultural products of Garrett county, offers the following prizes to be awarded at the County Fair next week:

For the best Polled-Angus bull, $10.00.

For the peck of best Irish Cobbler potatoes, $5.00.

For the peck of best potatoes of other varieties, $5.00.

For the best loaf of home made bread, $2.00.

For the best pan of biscuts, $2.00.

For the best apple pie baked by a girl not over 16, $1.00.

The awards are to be made in accordance with the decision of the judges appointed by the Fair Association.

Longevity Seems to Favor This Family

Garrett V. Dixon, a retired farmer, of Friendsville, was visiting friends and relations in the Tri Towns Sunday, including Miss Rachel Wilson, who is a cousin, at the residence of Mr. Overfield on Green street. He is a grandson of Joseph Dixon, who attained to the good old age of 106 at Elk Garden, and it is an interesting fact that he was raised in the Wilson family prominently mentioned recently. Mr. Abraham Wilson having attained to about a hundred at Altamont. They were related to the David Davis family, prominent in the Tri Towns Mrs. Davis living to be quite old, thus showing that longevity favors families who live according to proper rules. The subject of this notice is the father of D. M. Dixon, a prominent general merchant at Oakland, and bids fair to live a long life himself—Piedmont Independant.

Subscribe for The Republican.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

D. M. Dixon & Co., are receiving large shipments of

Fall Underwear, School Shoes, Cotton and Woolen Blankets, School Supplies, Woolen Underwear, Sweaters and warm goods generally.

We are making preparation for big fall business and shoppers will make no mistake by looking our Stock over before making their purchases.

The public are invited to make our place their headquarters during Fair Week.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

C. H. BROWNING

Deer Park's Best Store

HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR

Butter, Eggs, Chicken's, Grain, Buckwheat and Potatoes.

Have a fresh line of the following merchandise to offer at the right prices, as I bought before the advance.

Dress Gingham, Apron Gingham, best grade of Outing Cloth, best grade of Percale, best grade of Shirting, best grade of Hose.

Fine line of Men's Heavy Shoes.

Can always give you a good price on Sugar and Flour.

Wanted—Two cars of Mine Ties. See me before you make.

Get right trade at Brownings.

Offutt's

Canning Requirements

Mason Glass Jars,
Pints, Quarts and Half Gallons
Quart Tin Cans,
Boyd's Jar Tops,
Sealing Wax,
Parawax,
Jar Rubbers, Red and White

Peaches

Will have regular shipments during the peach season.

Sugar at the right price.

We are in the market for 5 Foot and 5 Foot Double length and 6 Foot Mine Ties. Will pay Highest Market Price.

OFFUTTS'

FIERCE DRIVE WINS KRONSTADT

Rustchuk, on Danube, and Varna, Black Sea Port, Bombarded by Entente's Latest Ally

AT TRANSYLVANIA'S GATES

London.—Rumanian armies drove the Austrians from all passes in Transylvania, and captured Kronstadt, the most important city in southeastern Hungary.

Turkey declared war against Rumania. The action of the Sublime Porte followed quickly upon that of Germany.

Bulgaria is expected to follow suit, although the delay of the Sofia government in acting is reported to have caused much uneasiness in Berlin, where it is feared the Russophile party is gaining ascendency in the Bulgarian councils.

In view of reports, however, that Rustchuk, on the Danube, and Varna, the great Bulgarian Black Sea port have both been bombarded by Rumania, it is not expected here that the Bulgar government can much longer procrastinate.

News of Turkey's declaration of war was received almost simultaneously with official statements from Bucharest and Vienna which indicate that the Rumanians are making wide inroads upon Transylvania soil.

Vienna admits a withdrawal along the whole Rumanian front, "in accordance with plans provided for a long time ago in case of war." This withdrawal, the Austrian War Office sarcastically observes, probably will lead "the enemy to boast of having occupied Petrosend, Kronstadt, (Prusso) and Kesdi-Vasarholy" These, with Hermanstadt, are the principal cities within striking distance of the frontier

Rumania's intervention on the side of the Allies is the chief subject of discussion on the part of the press and public in Germany. Indignation over what is generally characterized by the newspapers as "Rumania's treachery" continues at fever heat, but everywhere stress is laid upon the assertion that from a military standpoint this latest addition to the ranks of the Central Empires' enemies will not alter the outcome of the war, which it is still insisted will be a Teuton victory.

An Exchange telegram from Athens reports that Rumania is preparing an ultimatum to Bulgaria, demanding the evacuation of Serbian territory seized by the Bulgars last winter. The ultimatum is based on a demand that the territorial status quo established by the Treaty of Bucharest after the second Balkan war be restored. By this treaty Macedonia was divided between Bulgaria, Serbia and Greece. Bulgaria seized the Serbian share last winter.

The British press representative at Saloniki sends a report which is current there that King Constantine of Greece has fled to Larissa, in Thessaly, to take refuge with a guard of 300 Uhlans.

DECLARES WAR ON GERMANY

Rome.—"The Italian Government declares in the name of the King that Italy considers herself to be in a state of war with Germany, as from Aug. 28, and begs the Swiss Government to convey this information to the Imperial German Government."

In these formal words Italy declared war upon Germany.

Declaration of war by Italy on Germany had been expected for several days owing to the fact that Italian troops are fighting against the Germans in Greece.

The declaration will make it possible to employ Italian troops against the Germans in France, if General Joffre deems such a measure advisable.

A possibility much discussed here is that a large contingent of Italian troops will be sent into France to aid the Allies on the western front. A great offensive invasion of Alsace, directed from Belfort as a base, is declared to be the plan of the Allied commanders.

10,000 WITNESS LAUNCHING

Norwegian Steamer Malmanger Slides Into Delaware at Chester.

Chester, Pa.—Ten thousand persons witnessed the first launching Chester has seen since the days of the Roach Ship Yards, when the new 400-foot steel tank ship, the Malmanger, built by the Chester Shipbuilding Co., for Westfall Larsen, of Bergen, Norway, took her first plunge in the Delaware. Mrs. C. M. P. Jack, wife of the president of the Chester Shipbuilding Co. was the ship's sponsor.

SAW U-BOAT PURSUE STEAMSHIP

Officers of Norwegian Freighter Kronstad Speeded From Scene.

New York.—The officers of the Norwegian freighter Kronstad, which arrived from Marseilles, reported that when off the coast of Spain, they saw a German submarine on the surface chasing another vessel eastward.

The undersea craft passed across the bow of the Kronstad, firing her bow gun at the fleeing merchantman, and the Norwegian captain put his vessel at full speed and steered westward.

WILSON PROPOSES ANTI-STRIKE LAW

Power to Draft Men to Run Railroads and an Eight-Hour Day

APPEARS BEFORE CONGRESS

Would Draft Men Into Service If Necessary—Urges Arbitration Law to Safeguard Nation In Future—May Force 8-Hour Day.

Washington.—Appearing in person before the two houses of Congress, assembled in joint session to hear him, President Wilson read an address in which he proposed far-reaching legislation to meet the crisis in the relations of the railroads and their 400,000 trainmen.

His program offers the most radical recommendations relating to disputes between capital and labor ever laid before Congress by a President of the United States. While the immediate design of the President's plan was to prevent the strike order from becoming effective, he emphasized that the legislation he suggested for enactment was intended to bring permanent relief and obviate the possibility of a general tie-up of railroad service in the future.

In summarized form this is what President Wilson before Congress proposed in regard to the railroad wage controversy and threatened strike:

First—Enlarge the membership of the Interstate Commerce Commission to equip it to deal with larger situations.

Second—That an eight-hour day be established for all trainmen in interstate commerce.

Third—That a commission investigate the effect of the eight hour day but without recommendation; that the public may learn from a disinterested source the merits of the question.

Fourth—That the Interstate Commerce Commission consider the increased cost of the eight hour day in making rates.

Fifth—Amend the mediation law to prevent strikes or lockouts while industrial disputes are being investigated.

Sixth—That the President be empowered to operate the railways in case of military necessity.

BACON CAMPAIGN IS ACTIVE

State Headquarters of Senatorial Aspirant at Murray Hill Hotel.

New York.—The campaign of Robert Bacon for the Republican nomination for United States Senator began in earnest when he made his first speech before the Jamestown Chautauqua.

Immediately afterward the headquarters of the Robert Bacon Senatorial League opened in the Murray Hill Hotel.

The league has been organized to inform the voters of Mr. Bacon's qualifications and has already received applications for membership from all over the state.

Joseph H. Choate has been chosen honorary chairman of the advisory committee and Henry W. Goddard chairman of the executive committee. Mr. Goddard is in charge of headquarters. Local branches of the league will be established throughout the state in response to requests from hundreds of voters who want to do something to aid the former ambassador.

"We intend to lay before every enrolled Republican voter in the state the eminent qualifications of Robert Bacon to represent the Empire State in the United States Senate at this time," Mr. Goddard said. "The many supporters of high statesmanship, national honor and preparedness throughout the state who are urging us to remind the public of what Mr Bacon is and stands for intend that the great body of voters in the Republican party shall have the opportunity to learn the large measure of this man whom the party may put forward to represent it before the people."

SEEK $1,000,000 PRIZE IN SAND

British Columbia Salvage Co. Plans to Refloat Kosmos Liner.

New York.—The scarcity of ships caused by the unusual demands of the war, and to a lesser degree by submarine activities, has placed such an extraordinary value on seagoing hulls that almost every expedient is resorted to in order to obtain freight carriers. An example of this is the expedition now working to salvage the $1,000,000 steel Kosmos liner Sesostris which has lain stranded for 10 years

ITALY SEIZES VENEZIA PALACE

Famous Property of Austria-Hungary Since 1797 Taken as Reprisal.

Rome.—The famous Palazzo di Venezia, property of the Austro-Hungarian government since 1797, has been seized by Italy as an act of retribution for the violations of international law by Austria, it was announced.

The Palazzo di Venezia, is a historic and magnificent structure dating from the year 1455, when it was begun by Cardinal Pietro Barbo.

15,000 MILITIA ORDERED BACK

War Department Sending Militia From the Border to Camps

PERSHING TO QUIT MEXICO

Three New York Regiments, Two From Jersey, to Return—Selection Left to Gen. Funston—Places to Be Taken by Troops on Way.

Washington.—Orders for the return to their state mobilization camps of 15,000 National Guardsmen now on the Mexican border were issued by the War Department.

This was interpreted in some quarters here as a sign that the President was preparing to meet any emergency railroad strikes might create. Virtually the entire mobile army is now on the border.

General Funston was directed to return three regiments from New York, two from New Jersey and one each from California, Oregon, Washington and Louisiana.

Secretary Baker announced the order after a conference with President Wilson at the White House. Earlier in the day the department had ordered to their home stations 6,000 regular Coast Artillerymen who have been serving as infantry on the border.

The Secretary's statement said:

"In view of the fact that substantially this number of troops who have not done patrol duty on the border are now on their way there, it is felt that this number can be spared.

More to Be Sent Home.

"In a few days, if transportation facilities remain undisturbed, the department intends to order home some more regiments, and possibly to replace them with troops now in their mobilization camps in the several states."

Regiments to be sent home were not designated by number, and it is understood that their selection is left to General Funston.

Department officials think there is ample force on the border now to insure proper protection, and with the immediate gravity of the Mexican situation constantly lessening, it is not considered necessary to strengthen General Funston's command. The policy now is to give all of the state troops called into the Federal service opportunity to see service on war footing along the international line.

Pershing Withdrawal Soon.

Withdrawal of General Pershing's expedition in Mexico, which is expected to follow soon after the meeting of the Mexican-American joint commission at Portsmouth, N. H., probably will lead to the early return home of all the Guardsmen.

Pershing's troops added to the regulars already on the border, army officers think, would make the patrol sufficiently strong unless some new trouble developed.

U. S. CRUISER MEMPHIS LOST

Warship Hurled on Rocks in San Domingo Harbor by Sudden Storm.

Santo Domingo.—The United States armored cruiser Memphis was driven ashore on the rocks of the outer harbor by a great, sudden ground swell.

All the fires under the boilers of the Memphis were extinguished by the inrush of water.

The United States gunboat Castine managed to escape by putting to sea. The gunboat Castine was dragged close in toward shore during the storm, but did not strike and was uninjured. The Memphis is Admiral Pond's flagship, and he sent word that nearly all the officers and men on board would be saved.

Memphis driven ashore by heavy sea at Santo Domingo City, west of lighthouse, about 4:20 P. M. She is lying close under bluff.

WORLD'S NEWS IN CONDENSED FORM

SING SING, N. Y.—Thomas Bambrick, one of the three men condemned to die in the electric chair at Sing Sing Prison, received a reprieve for two weeks from Gov. Whitman just eleven hours before the time set for his electrocution.

DETROIT.—A profit of more than $1,000,000 a week was made by the Ford Motor Company during the year which ended July 31, according to the financial statement made public. The year's business totalled $206,867,347; the year's profit was $39,994,118. The total men employed in all plants is 49,870.

WASHINGTON—After defeating all attempts of the Republicans to alter the Senate amendments to the Shipping bill the House endorsed this measure. By concurring the bill will be sent to the President immediately for his signature.

OMAHA.—Judge Willis E. Sears issued an order in Omaha, restraining the general and local officials of the Order of Railway Conductors from calling or enforcing a strike on the Union Pacific line in Nebraska.

NEW YORK.—All except two of the principal railroads in the United States placed embargoes on freight.

The Congressional Record

By FREDERIC J. HASKIN

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 29—Among many other activities, Uncle Sam is the most prolific publisher in the world—an achievement which has been thrust upon him by necessity rather than built up by ambitious zeal. Every day a continuous flood of copy pours into his printing office from all the government departments, covering every imaginable subject from the gross consistency of oleomargarine to the relative heat of the stars. From the capitol comes an incessant stream of bills—small bills for the relief of John Smith and Harry Jones; large bills for army appropriations and shipping boards; and interspersed with these are huge stacks of committee hearings requiring immediate printing. As if this were not enough to keep four thousand people busy, at midnight is rushed in the copy for the daily organ of Congress—the Congressional Record.

It is the Record more than anything else, which best illustrates the marvelous efficiency of Uncle Sam's printing business. Although the copy is never received until twelve o'clock and then is often held up for correction, the Record must be off the presses and at the Union Station to catch the mail at 6 A. M. Fortunately, the Union Station is only a block away and is connected with the printing office by an underground passage. Through this electric conveyors shoot the still warm copies of the Record in mail bags from one building to another, thus saving the usual delay of local transportation. In addition to this, every possible time-saving factory device is employed to insure a speed maximum. The fastest presses are used and electric trucks carry the Record in its various processes of manufacture from one part of the building to another. By this system, combined with the expert skill of its operatives, the printing office turns out the thirty-two thousand copies of the Congressional Record every morning, ranging from 32 to 128 page, on time every morning.

Of these thirty-two thousand copies each senator receives eighty-seven and each representative fifty-nine. There is a list of 321 paid subscribers to which it must be mailed daily, who pay for it by the session—eight dollars for a long session and four dollars for a short session. This slim subscripition list is largely made up of business men throughout the country who are interested in certain legislation. Besides these two sources of distribution, there is the Congressional Record office in Statuary Hall at the Capitol where it is sold to individuals at so much per page, but these sales are usually slight unless some particularly interesting speech or debate is recorded, and do not yield any profit. It costs the government about six hundred thousand dollars a year to publish this newspaper, which makes no provision for the reporter's fees, charged up to the expenses of Congress.

The congressional reporters are hired by contract by Uncle Sam, seven being detailed to each house. Any day the visitor to the Capitol may behold these men, their bodies tense, their pens flying as they take down in shorthand the national proceedings. Each man works until he gets tired, and then he is relieved by the next in line, and so on. As soon as he is finished, he hurries to his office, which is in the Capitol, and proceeds to make dictaphone records of his notes, from which they are written out by a corps of typists. The reporter then reads the proof of the final copy and if necessary, sends it to the office of some member of Congress who desires to make a few corrections in his remarks. At half-past eleven the last page of the day's proceedings is turned over to the messengers of the printing office and is delivered into the hands of the copy editor in that building.

While no part of the check is changed or cut out after it leaves the capitol, unless specially requested, the government has its own style of punctuation and spelling to which each document and bulletin and report must conform. From the hands of this copy editor, then, the Record goes directly to the lynotype machines, of which there are sixty-four, where it is set into type by as many operators, several of whom are women. From this point on it receives much the same treatment as any other newspaper. A matrix is made and from this a plate is cast, which is carried by truck to the press room. Again on an electric truck the sheets are rushed to the bindery where the pages are clamped together, and then it is but a few minutes before they are shooting over to the station.

In the country where the national prerogative of fee speech is considered one of the most enviable assets, the Congressional Record has a dignified and important political status. Ever since 1789, when the United States government was still looked upon as an experiment, a record has been kept of the daily sessions of Congress, giving in detail each separate debate and speech. This record was known as the Annals of Congress until the name was changed to the Register of Debates. From that it developed into the Congressional Globe and finally it became the Congressional Record, which seems likely to remain its permanent cognomen. Bound volumes of these old papers are on file in the Government Printing Office and are occasionally sold to individuals at the price of $150 per volume.

Although not attracting either the circulation or the popular interest of the regular newspaper daily, needless to say, the Record is the joy and pride of Congress. Here the members behold their eloquence reproduced on paper, and note with satisfaction the clever replies or scathing rebukes they administer throughout the course of debate to their colleagues. Moreover, the member who can not make his house vote an appropriation for a federal site in his home town can at least have his good intentions printed in the Record and sent around to his constituents. The fact that speeches are often corrected and revised many times by their authors before they appear in the Record is a fact not generally known and has no influence on the folks back home. Often whole speeches are inserted which were never delivered on the floor under the convenient privilege of "leave to extend;" and it is a practice not unknown for a member to garnish his remarks and addresses with neat little brackets enclosing the words "Loud Applause" or "Laughter." Of course, in the majority of cases these insertions are made by the reporters themselves who take them down as they come, but members occasionally put them in, if the text seems to require it.

Often corrections are requested after the copy has left the Capitol and is in the hands of the linotypers. One night, for example, a member of Congress called the office of the Superintendent of Work on the telephone and said that an important correction must be inserted after his speech in that day's Record. Now a correction is not an easy matter in a system where each process follows the other in such rapid succession, and it usually costs the government several dollars. After some trouble on this night, the Superintendent of Corrections discovered that the Record was just in the act of going to press and that it was not too late to grant the request. A few minutes later the correction arrived on a slip of payer from the Capitol, at which the whole working force was forced to laugh, although they were considerably irritated. It read merely, "Loud Applause" to be inserted in brackets.

Pleasing the oratorical congressman is only an incidental of the Record's function, however. It is really an extremely important paper containing many well-written speeches which are the products of men who have had occasion to make a thorough study of their subject and are singularly expert in delivering it. Owing to the large subscription price, the number of subscribers increases but slowly from year to year, but every once in a while a member who has made a particularly brilliant speech in the Record, ventures to estimate that it will not be long before the official organ of Congrrss will be self supporting.

BITTINGER.

Mrs. Vincent Fazenbaker recently died at her father's home, near here, of a complication of diseases and after an illness extending over a period of several months. The funeral was held from the Lutheran church in this village last Sunday morning, with services conducted by Rev. Noah Miller, of the Mennonite church.

The primary department of our public school opened Monday morning, under the care of Miss Lillian Cutter. Jasper Fike has been re-appointed principal, but will not take up his work until next Monday morning.

G. W. Engle and family, of Baltimore who spent some weeks with relatives here, returned to their city home last Saturday.

State's attorney E. R. Jones and County Truant Officer B. H. Wiley, of Oakland, made a brief but pleasant call in this village last week. Brother Jones could not be detained long, on account of the need of his speedy return home to stand guard over his new son.

Rev. Tanner, of the Pentecostal Faith, is conducting protracted services in the Bear Hill settlement.

Earl Selders recently purchased a Ford Automobile and is now treating his family to many joy rides.

The Celebrated South Bend Plow.

Buy one now and pay for it in the spring. Price is just right.

McIntire's Hardware Store, Oakland. Advertisement.

Just received at McIntire's Hardware Store, a car load of Paroid Roofing to sell at the right price.

Advertisement.

LOST—A bunch of keys between the Depot and the Ravenscroft building. Finder will be rewarded if returned to D. A. Stephens. Adv.

TAX SALE

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate

In Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of the power vested in the Treasurer of Garrett County, Maryland, by section 52 of Chapter 566, of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland for the year 1890, title "Garrett County," sub-title "County Treasurer," and as amended by the General Assembly of Maryland for the year 1898, Chapter 144, the undersigned late Treasurer in and for Garrett County, Maryland, will, on

FRIDAY,

the 8th day of September 1916,

at 10 o'clock a. m. at the front door of the Court House in the town of Oakland, Garrett county, Md., offer and sell at public auction to the highest bidder all of the following pieces or parcels of land lying and being in Garrett County, Md., to wit:

No. 1—Part of a tract of land called "Alexander," containing 8 acres, and also part of a tract called "Republic," containing 25 acres, both of said tracts being described in a deed for the same from George W. McMillan, bearing date the 26th day of January, 1914, to Horace J. Green, which deed is duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 66, folio 291, one of the Land Records of Garrett county. Said parcels of land are located in Election District No. 11 of Garrett county and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Horace J. Green.

No. 2—All the surface and surface rights of ten acres of the tract called "Lochiel," located in Election District No. 9 of Garrett county, and being the same property described in a deed for the same from Simeon A. Green to Horace J. Green bearing date October 22, 1908, and duly recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 58, folio 217, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, said description by metes and bounds being as follows: Beginning for the same at the beginning of Lot No. 14 of the sub-division of the original tract called "Lochiel," and running thence North 20 degrees East, 41 perches, North 70 degrees West, 36 perches, South 20 degrees West, 41 perches, South 70 degrees East, 36 perches, to the beginning. Said land will be sold to pay and satisfy the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment books of said Garrett county in the name of Horace J. Green.

No. 3—Seventy-nine acres of land, located in Election District No. 12 of Garrett county, the same being a part of what is known as the Daniel Brenneman farm, and also being the same land which was conveyed by Christian Selders and Lizzie Selders, his wife, to Peter Opel by deed recorded in Liber W. H. T., No. 12, folio 273, one of the Land Records of Garrett county. Said land with the improvements thereon will be sold to pay and satisfy the balance of taxes for the year 1914 and the whole of the taxes of 1915 due and in arrear thereon as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of Peter Opel.

No. 4—A part of the tract of land known and designated as the "Rights of Man," containing the quantity of 100 acres and being the same land which was conveyed by Wm. M. Lohr, then Treasurer of Garrett county, by deed bearing date the 18th day of April, 1902, to James Stark, said deed being of record in Liber E. Z. T., No. 44, folio 22, one of the Land Records of Garrett county. Said land is located in Election District No. 12 of Garrett county and will be sold to satisfy and pay the taxes due and in arrear thereon for the year 1915 as is charged upon the Assessment Books of Garrett county in the name of James Stark.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on the day of sale. The right of redemption extends to six calendar months from day of sale by paying the amount of the purchase money with interest thereon at the rate of twenty per cent. per annum and all costs. Conveyancing at cost of purchaser.

C. A. BEACHY,

Late treasurer of Garrett County.

Notice to Contractors.

This is to give notice to the public that sealed bids will be received by the Board of Education for Garrett County, Maryland, up to 12.00 noon of

THURSDAY

September 14th, 1916

for the erection of a school building to be built at Kempton, Garrett County, Maryland, the same being in Election District No. 8; the building to be built in accordance with plans and specifications on file in the office of the County Board of Education, Oakland, Md.

All bids to be endorsed on the back with the words: "Bids for the erection of Kempton School Building."

The Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

By order of the Board, August 25, 1916.

F. E. RATHBUN, Secretary.

Subscribe for The Republican.

BRISCOE

"The Best-liked Car in the Country"

A Motor That Thrives on Short Rations

Motors are just like people—some have to be fed an enormous amount to keep going right, and others eat less but digest all of it—and turn every atom into energy.

The long-stroke (3 1/8 x 5 1/2) motor in the Briscoe Twenty-four is the same that made such wonderful economy records in the 1915 Briscoe—a car that led its field for value at $785.

In the Twenty-four—a car much lighter—the gasoline consumption is almost unbelievably small until you've tested it yourself. We have records of 35 miles to a gallon in actual service.

The motor is Briscoe-built, and especial attention has been given to minimizing friction. Lubrication is simple but thorough.

Here's a motor that will never "eat its head off"—but that gives you a reserve of power more than sufficient to take you wherever you want to go.

And it's in a car that for beauty, comfort and sturdiness will be a revelation to you.

$625

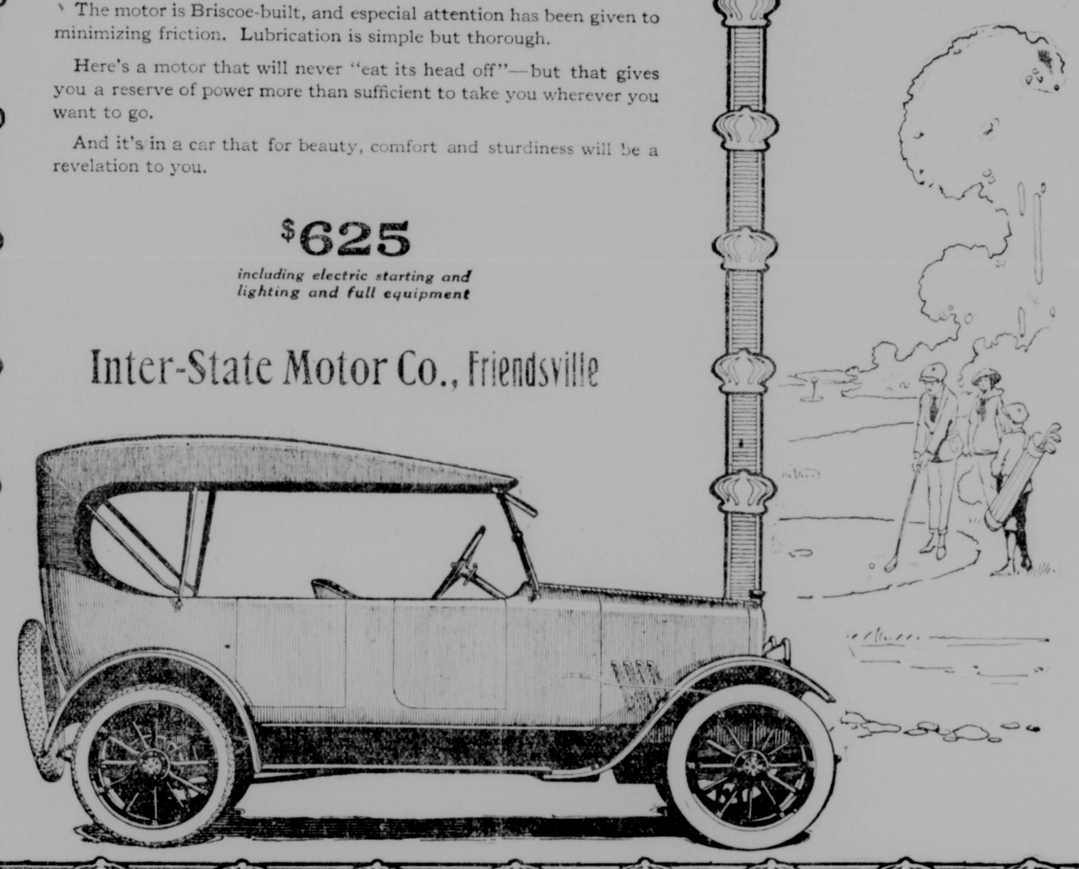
including electric starting and lighting and full equipment

Inter-State Motor Co., Friendsville

BRISCOE POLICY

"To make the automobile value of a dollar greater under the Briscoe name than anywhere else in the industry. To build cars so good and so popularly priced that the verdict of users will be our best asset for future sales."

Benj. Briscoe



A Scathing Denunciation Of The Wilson Administration

(Extracts from Colonel Roosevelt's Speech at Lewiston, Me., Thursday Night.)

Thanks to the fact that President Wilson has sometimes led us wrong, and sometimes not led us at all, and that at the best he has merely followed afar off when convinced that it was politically safe to do so, we are at this moment no more prepared to defend ourselves than we were two years ago when the world war broke out.

* * *

There should be in this country a system of universal obligatory military training in time of peace, and in the time of war universal service in whatever capacity the man or woman shall be judged most fit to serve the Commonwealth.

* * *

As an American with exceptional international knowledge has said: ". . . A single official expression by the Government of the United States, a single sentence denying assent and recording disapproval of what Germany did in Belgium, would have given to the people of America that leadership to which they were entitled in their earnest grsping for the light. It would have ranged behind American leadership the conscience and moraltiy of the neutral world."

* * *

Let me repeat this. A greater number of Americans have been killed by Mexicans during these years, when we are officially informed that we have been at peace with them, than were killed by the Spaniards during our entire war with Spain. Moreover, when the war with Spain was through, it was through. But peace still continues to rage as furiously as ever in Mexico. . . . This Administration has displayed no more feeling of responsibility for the American women who have been raped, and for the American men, women and children who have been killed in Mexico, than a farmer shows for the rats killed by his dogs when the hay is taken from a barn. And now American people are asked to sanction this policy in the name of peace, righteusness and humanity.

* * *

And yet Mr. Wilson's defenders say that he "has kept us out of war." As a matter of fact, his policy in Mexico has combined all the evils of feeble peace with all the evils of feeble war. He has secured no benefits of war; but he has not avoided war. He has sacrificed the honor and the interest of the country; but he has not received the thirty pieces of silver. . . . But as he never followed any policy of either intervention or non-intervention with any resolution—always yielding at the critical moment to some bandit chief of whom he became fearful—both his spasms of intervention and his spasms of non-intervention have alike been entirely frutile. . . . They ask Mr. Hughes, "Would you have recognized Huerta?" The answer is that any one of several courses could have been adopted, provided only that the course adopted had been followed with resolution and with full acceptance of the responsibility involved.

* * *

There was much to be said in favor of the policy of recognizing Huerta and avoiding intervention. There was also much to be said in favor of the policy of refusing to recognize Huerta, which was intervention, and then of fully accepting the responsibility implied in intervention. But there is nothing to be said in favor of wobbling between the two policies, and neither recognizing Huerta nor acceptiug the responsibilty for the chaso caused by failure to recognize him. Yet this was the course Mr. Wilson followed.

* * *

This was on August 27, 1913. On February 2, 1914, he changed his mind (Mr. Wilson may have a single-track mind, but as has been remarked, in that event he possesses unexampled switching facilities) and lifted the embargo on arms and munitions. On Februarv 5 the papers published the news of the great rush of arms and ammunition across the border to the Mexican armies.

* * *

He admits that we have been at war; for example, on May 11, 1914, in an address over the dead marines at the Navy-yard in Brooklyn (in which, by the way, he in effect claimed sympathy on the ground that his feelings had been as much lacerated by sneers as the bodies of the dead men by bullets), he said that the marines had been engaged in a "war of service." A war of service to wohm or what? Certainly not to the United States; nor to Mexico; nor to humanity at large. Was it to Mr. Wilson?

* * *

This kind of "safety first" means duty last, honor last, courage last. I do not believe in it. I believe that it is obtained at the cost of moral degradation in the present and at the risk of national ruin in the future. . . . Not once has President Wilson squarely placed before the American people the question which Abraham Lincoln put before the American people in 1860; what is our duty? Not once has he appealed to moral idealism, to the stern enthusiasm of strong men for the right. On the contrary, he has employed every elocutionary device to lull to sleep our sense of duty, to make us content with words instead of deeds, to make our moral idealism and enthusiasm evaporate in empty phrases instead of being reduced to concrete action. . . . We cannot undo what has been done. But we can repudiate what has been done. We can regain our own self-respect and the respect of other nations for this country. We can put in power an administration which will throughout its term of power protect our own citizens and live up to our national obligations.

* * *

The next four years may well be years of tremendous national strain. Which of the two men do you, the American people, wish at the helm during these four years; the man who has been actually tried and found wanting, or the man whose whole career in public office is a guarantee of his power and good faith? But one answer is possible; and it must be given by the American people through the election of Charles Evans Hughes as President of the United States.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

The Law of Retribution.

Reason and nature declares that the law of retribution destroys the hope of the hypocrite and dessolutes and furnishes no way of escape for the confirmed sinner.

It gives no light to those adicted to sin, though it may prevent the virtuous from lapsing into sin. It shows no mercy, is no respector of persons, is impartial in its operations, so that if we are shut up to what it teaches and nothing more, we are bound hand and foot, helpless prisoners in the castle of giant despair. It crushes hope, is unrelenting and remorseless as the grave to those who have sinned, though no strictor than we could wish, if we were sinless as angels and desired to be kept from falling.

Where then can the promises of Christ to Publicans and sinners find a place—the gospel He preached to prisoners to downtrodden and outcasts, and which He offered to all men to the uttermost. Here we have a stern law with its unavoidable penalties, a law that is seen in life, felt in death and follows us through eternity.

Does the gospel destroy this law? It too has its law. If under the gospel you adhere to sin, you reap the consequences and suffer the penalties. The merciful Son of God inaugurated the gospel dispensation, under which the law is most stringently interetpred. It is reaping in accord with the sowing.

There is hope of deliverance for the worst if they repent and believe, so we would go to the thief and the profligate, the murderer and vile, to the bedside where anguish, remorse and despair are, and say, if you truly repent you shall be saved.

We would in the name of the Master, offer mercy to the chief of sinners, but his repentance must be genuine. It is the law of retribution either modified or abolished- No, but the guilty subject is changed in feeling, act and character, and is thereby delivered from further accumulation of its penalties, by a divine power, which is put in our nature.

Having turned from a life of sin, he is no more exposed to its penalties. What of retribution on the sins already committed! Are they already arrested upon repentance? Not at all. The poor sufferer dying of disease, hears the message of the gospel, repents and rests on Christ. Does he, for that reason, rise up and walk, or does the fever leave him, and is the pain expelled? Does he cease at once to suffer in his body the results of his sinful course? That moral medicine, cures the sin sick soul but not the physical evils. Mercy does not do this, she soothes the aching spirit and gives a cordial to the broken heart, but does not prevent the pain and suffering which are consequences of former sins. The man who repents and turns from the evil of his ways, may die prematurely by reason of his former sinful course. His sufferings however cease with this life while those of the impenitent go on forever.

Retribution can follow him no further than the grave, for tribulation and anguish in the world to come are the result of unrepented sins in the life that now is. This much is true, the penitent sinner finds his remorse and anguish of spirit soothed by the assurance of divine forgiveness. As to the impenitent, the law continues in force, and no power can stay it, though it is in the case of the penitent. Here is the miracle of mercy—Christ converts the sinner, brings him inco newness of life and though he may suffer some of the natural consequences of his folly, yet the curse of burden are lifted by a gradual relief through His work of promises, but in the life to come there is complete exemption and eternal deliverance.

Though we are free from condemnation when we are in Christ, we cannot escape at once from the consequences of past sins, nor from the bitter memories thereof. How they embitter life, though when we remember Calvary the anguish of remorse are gone. He soothes the wounded spirit by His grace.

We are reminded of our past record and are in despair, but when we look to the sacrifice of the cross, the blood of Jesus cleanses from all sin.

The eternal consequences have been suffered for us; the guilt is taken away and the sorrow that is occasioned by the memory of the past, leads to repentance, confession and the consciousness that we are reconciled by God in His dear Son.

Memory will be an element in this retribution. We will remember the deeds of the past, the wrongs we have done others, the abuses we have heaped upon them. We remember them now and as we think of this law, of the things we have suffered, we will be constrained to say, with one of old, "Even Adomibezek, who cut off the thumbs and great toes of the kings he had captured, and who when captured was mutilated in the same way, as I have done, so God hath requited me." Judges 1:16.

JOANNES.

This Correspondent Presents Some Facts Concerning Road Building.

To the Editor of The Republican.

Will the State of Maryland meet the State of Pennsylvania at the State line on the Young River with a state road?

The State of Pennsylvania will build a state road from Somerfield, Pennsylvania, to the State line three miles below Selbysport to the State line of Pennsylvania.

This road is now graded from Hoyes to Selbysport and from Selbysport to the State line is only three miles and in the two miles from Somerfield and three miles to Selbysport the road is almost impassable and to get to Selbysport you have to go from Somerfield to the State line of Maryland and Pennsylvania then through the Cove to Accident, then to Hoyes and down by the way of Friendsville to Selbysport a distance of over 25 miles where it could be made in five miles if this connecting link was made.

The road could be started at the bridge at Selbysport and go straight down the Yough River through the Liston, Schlossnagle and Dunham properties, then follow the old road through the Fike property to Guard's bridge, then straight through the Swalape property to the State line at Watson ond connect with the Pennsylvania road.

This piece of road would be of more benefit to the people of the western end of Garrett county than any road that could be built and would increase the valuation of the abutting properties 100 per cent and the increase of taxes would soon pay for same.

Just think of only five miles of road to be opened and built that would save a drive of twenty five miles around and the time it would save. It would put Oakland twenty miles nearer to Pittsburgh and Uniontown if it was opened.

The people of District No. 2 should hold a citizen's meeting at Selbysport and invite the County Commissioners and the State Commissioners to meet and go over the short distance and show what improvement it would be to the Western end of Garrett county.

Wake up, citizens of District No. 2, and get together on Saturday, September 30th, and invite the Maryland and Pennsylvania Commissioners to meet us on that date and go over this road and build it as it is a benefit to the citizens of both States.

The western end of Garrett county pays big taxes and has not one foot of State roads and why should she not have them and can have them if her people go after them and demand they be recognized the same as the balance of the county.

How many of the citizens of this end of the county will go in and help to get this enterprise started. All in favor of it and the holding of a citizens meeting on September 30 will kindly drop a line to W. W. Schlossnagle, Selbysport, Md.

Yours truly,

JAMES FIKE.

Selbysport, Md., Sept. 4, 1916.

United States Takes Practical Step to Stop All Wars.

To the Editor of The Republican.

Attached to the appropriation bill, which calls for the Construction of a navy by the United States to be the second largest in the world, is a provision which gives the President the power to suspend building of warships if the nations want peace. This move is a long step toward world peace, and is in fact a triumph for peace. It is the outgrowth of the efforts of the National League to Enforce Peace to whose platform President Wilson committed himself last Spring. The Republican National platform also endorsed it. Former President William H. Taft is President of the League. Former Governor Warfield is President of the Maryland branch of the League. By Executive and Congressional action the United States would be willing to put its bulk of force in the arch that would support the peace of the world.

Such an arrangement, however, must take into consideration the limitation immediately of naval armaments since this is the most costly item of all. The Washington Government is preparing to move decisively toward this end as soon as the European war is over.

Hence the bill for national preparedness carries with it a move for peace. It carries a specific provision for the peace of the world. The bill says:

"Upon the conclusion of the war in Europe or as soon as it may be done, the President of the United States is authorized to invite all the great governments of the world to send representatives to a conference which shall be charged with the duty of suggesting an organization, a court of arbitration or other body, to which disputed questions between nations shall be referred for adjudication and peaceful settlement and to consider the question of disarmament and submit their recommendations to their respective governments for approval."

The bill further provides that if this effective tribunal shall have been established prior to award of contracts for Warships, thus rendering unnecessary, maintence of competitive armaments the construction of the new navy may be suspended.

J. G. BRATTAN.

Baltimore, Sept. 1, 1916.

Money to Loan on real estate. Renninger & Offutt, Attorneys, Garrett National Bank building, Oakland, Md. Adv. tf

For Sale—A full blood Poland China male hog. Apply to or address E. J. Petersheim, R. D. 2, Oakland, Md.

Advertisement. 25 5 times

"Seeing The World."

The Ladies Aid Society of Friendsville will give an automobile trip around the world, on the third Saturday evening of September (Sept. 16, 1916.)

Refreshments will be served at seven different stations from 7 to 10 o'clock. The trains will start from Statler's, and end at the same place. Tickets will be sold at Statlers. Everybody come and have a good time.

MRS. D. A. FRIEND.

J. W. Whorton & Son

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Only the Best Material Used.

Best Grade of Wall Plaster on hand at all times.

CONCRETE WORK

of All Kinds.

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OAKLAND, - MARYLAND.

THE REPUBLICAN

BENJ. H. SINCELL, EDITOR.

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THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1916

REPUBLICAN TICKET

For President:
CHARLES E. HUGHES
For Vice President:
CHARLES W. FAIRBANKS
For United States Senator:
JOSEPH IRWIN FRANCE
of Cecil County.
For Congressman:
FREDERICK N. ZIHLMAN
of Allegany County

"PUNCH" SUPPORTED BY FACT.

Col. Roosevelt's opening address in this campaign in advocacy of the election of Charles Evans Hughes and the straight Republican ticket displays his old-time vigor. "A speech with the punch!" is the way his myriad Pennsylvania admirers echo the applause of the Maine audience. But there was something more than "punch" in the address. It overflowed with fact. What we would like all readers to do is temporarily at least to keep in suppression the influence of brilliant rhetoric and flashing, scalpel and concentrate upon the facts presented. Take one of them—the Wilsonian Mexican policy—as a starter. Today, as Col. Roosevelt truthfully declares, the Wilson buglemen advance as his greatest achievement that "he has kept us out of war." And with what results! The Colonel answers:

Under President McKinley we had a war with Spain. Under President Wilson we are assured that we have had "peace" with Mexico. These are the words. Now the deeds. During the war with Spain fewer Americans were killed by the Spaniards than have been killed by Mexicans during the present "peace" with Mexico. Moreover, when the war with Spain was through, it was through. But "peace" still continues to rage as furiously as ever in Mexico.

Col. Roosevelt's manner of campaigning will appeal more strongly to the average man in the street than the manner of Mr. Hughes, his temperamental opposite; but each, dealing with fact in his own way, will impress the whole body of voters, and there can be no doubts as to the outcome in November.

WILSON PROVES HE'S A MISFIT

In his speech accepting the Democratic nomination, Mr. Wilson said the following, which every American ought to keep in mind, for every word is true:

The future, the immediate future, will bring us squarely face to face with many great and exacting problems which will search us through and through whether we be able and ready to play the part in the world that we mean to play. It will not bring us into their presence slowly, gently, with ceremonious introduction, but suddenly and at once, the moment the war in Europe is over. They will be new problems, most of them; many will be old problems in a new setting and with new elements which we have never dealt with or reckoned the force and meaning of before. They will require for their solution new thinking, fresh courage and resourcefulness, and in some matters radical reconsideration of policy. We must be ready to mobilize our resources alike of brains and materials.

Mr. Wilson described what he conceived to be the part the United States must play in restoring the world after the war, declaring, "We must make ourselves ready to play it intelligently, vigorously and well." There can be no dissent from that. It is what the Republican Press has asserted many times during more than a year. Here is a work of preparation in which every voter can and should take a hand directly. It is the selection of a President who can be depended upon to act for the nation "intelligently, vigorously and well." Mr. Wilson cannot be depended on so to act. The record proves it. He is a misfit in the handling of international and domestic affairs. Only a couple of examples now to make that clear.

In his Long Branch speech Mr. Wilson stated as principles involved in war situation that "we have never lost sight of or departed from."

Property rights can be vindicated by claims for damages, and no modern nation can decline to arbitrate such claims; but the fundamental rights of humanity cannot be. The loss of life irreparable. Neither can direct violations of a nation's sovereignty await vindication in suits for damages. The nation that violates these essential rights must expect to be checked and called to account by direct challenge and resistance. It at once makes the quarrel in part our own.

This also has the approval of the American people, insofar as it is not made the excuse for permitting continued invasions of our rights, property or otherwise. President Wilson says his "record is clear and consistent throughout." It is—as to his failure to vindicate the principles he has outlined. He has not stood up manfully for the "fundamental rights of humanity;" Germany was not brought to a cessation of her submarine frightfulness for over a year after she entered upon her dreadful campaign. Our national sovereignty has been directly violated many times. Have England, France or Italy been "checked and called to account by direct challenge and resistance?" Not so far as any of us knows. How would Mr. Wilson meet the new problems that will arise "suddenly and at once the moment the war in Europe is over"? Judging by his handling of the transportation crisis of last week, he would be thrown into a panic in which his sense of justice would be paralyzed, his mind frozen, his backbone wilted, his intelligence palsied. He would rush to a solution without thought of the future. The experienced diplomats of Europe would gently brush him aside with a "run along, sonny"; the great part he sees the United States playing in the readjustments would be no part at all. That is what the Wilson record reveals.

Mr. Wilson says the problems to come will "require for their solution new thinking, fresh courage and resourcefulness, and in some matters radical reconsideration of policy." Then why leave to Woodrow Wilson the consideration of them? Rather let us submit them to the clear thinker, the courageous administrator, the resourceful statesman that we know Charles E. Hughes to be. As President he will lead the United States out of the darkness into which the Democratic administration has plunged it into its rightful position of respected leadership.

WITH THE PARAGRAPHERS.

Every time William J. Bryan gets his picture taken it can't help being a speaking likeness.—Boston Transcript.

Secretary Daniels derides the cry of hard times ahead. The North Carolinian will never be nautical. He should have said he sees no breakers ahead.—New York Evening Telegram.

The Wilson notification ceremonies will take place on Shadow Lawn. Later there will be more shadow for the Democratic candidate.—Albany Journal.

Champ Clark says that Hughes has lost his grip. These little accidents will happen in traveling.—San Francisco Bulletin.

"Will President Wilson bungle the railroad situation as badly as he bungled the Mexican situation?" asks the Providence Tribune. Perhaps more so. Constant practice is making the President perfect.—Kansas City Journal.

One pleasant feature of the political campaign, compared with that of 1912, is that one doesn't have to wonder whether Wilson, if elected, will make Bryan his Secretary of State.—Schenectady Union-Star.

It is hardly likely that President Wilson will care to be written down in contemporaneous history as the official who deprived future industrial controversies of the opportunity of arbitration.—St. Paul Pioneer Press.

Some Congressmen want an investigation of Peary's discovery of the North Pole. The country is perfectly willing to see a large delegation of Congress sent to the frozen north, to which they can be personally conducted by Dr. Frederick A. Cook.—Philadelphia Press

A Birthday Party.

Mr. and Mrs. George D. Stahl entertained a number of guests at their home near Sunyside Saturday evening, Sept. 2, 1916, in honor of their son Harry's 21st birthday. Those present were:

Misses Bertha and Ruth Nicholson, Daisy Nine, Ettie Nethkin, Elizabeth Martin, Grace Arnold, Leota Williams, Effie Wamsley, Jenevieve and Beulah Winters, Minnie and Mae Beckman, Emma Moon, and Mary Eggers, Messrs. Clayton Winters, George Coddington, Harry Nicholson, Roy Sanders, Oliver Nethkin, Raymond Sines, Stanly Stahl, Ray Arnold, Lester and Roy Moon, Jonas Yutzy, Roy, Clarence and John Beckman, Leo and Willie Eggers, Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Stahl, Mr. and Mrs. Roy Winters, Mr. and Mrs. John Wagner and son, John, of Masontown, W. Va., Mrs. Bessie Walls and three daughters, of Bergman, W. Va., Mr. and Mrs. William Calcamp and four sons, Charles, Walter, John and Wade.

Refreshments consisting of ice cream, cake and candy and other delicacies were served at the hours of 10 and 12 p. m. The birthday cake was decorated in different floral designs and 21 candles. The cake weighing nine and one half pounds. The guests left Harry many beautiful and useful presents.

Subscribe for The Republican.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

Mrs. Arthur Schlossnagle and little daughter, returned to their home in North Braddock, Pa., Saturday.

Veteran Frank McRobie, of near Altamont, was in the city yesterday on business when he called at this office.

Roofing by the car load allow us to sell it from $1.25 to $3.50. A. D. Naylor & Co. Adv.

Miss Elizabeth Maroney left Oakland Sunday morning for Wheeling, W. Va., where she will take training in West End Hospital.

ALL GRADES in the Oakland Grammar School, including the first, second and third grades will open for the year next Monday morning.

Miss Mary Maroney, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Maroney, left Oakland Sunday for Wheeling, W. Va., where she will enter St. Joseph's Convent.

Mr. and Mrs. James Myers, of Kingwood, arrived in Oakland Tuesday and left later in the day for a visit of a few days to their daughter, Mrs. Lorenzo Fike.

Come in and see our Buggies which are absolutely right in style and finish. A. D. Naylor & Co. Adv.

Next week Garrett County Fair, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday. One cannot spend the time to better advantage than to visit Oakland these four days.

News print paper took another upward rise last Friday, the quotation that day being $6.00 per hundred pounds as against $2.40 per hundred less than six months ago.

Mr. Daniel Annan, President of the Second National Bank, Cumberland, and Mr. Charles E. Metz, of the same institution, were guests on Monday at the Deer Park Hotel.

Dr. George C. Melody, the local veterinarian, went to Grantsville Tuesnight where he delivered a lecture on stock breeding and kindred subjects to an appreciatve audience.

Inquiries for cottages at Oakland and Mountain Lake Park for occupancy next year are already being made. The owner of a house at the Park contracted Tuesday for its rental for a term of years.

Mr. William Harrison, the Misses Harrison and their mother, who have occupied the Bishop property in Oakland during the summer, will return to Washington, D. C., this week, where they will spend the winter.

Mr. Jack Chisholm, of Hagerstown, where he is located as an employe of the Western Maryland Railroad Company, is spending this week visiting relatives in his home county, having arrived here yesterday morning.

A representative of the Moller Organ Company of Hagerstown, which concern built the new pipe organ for the Lutheran church in Oakland, arrived here on Tuesday afternoon and is now engaged in installing the instrument. It will require a week or more to complete the work.

Messrs. Echard, Landon & Co., who have the contract for building the extension of the State-Aid road from the Weber corner to Mountain Lake Park, are well along with the work and expect to have it completed before the winter weather sets in. The grading was finished some days ago and now the top dressing of stone is being put on, the material being hauled from the Oakland station to which point it is shipped from the quarries.

Just unloaded a big car of Roofing ranging in price from $1.25 to $3.50. Adv.

Some well meaning but nevertheless misinformed person, probably with a view to making a few dollars for himself at the expense of Oakland and Oakland people, placed a large placard, we are informed, at the junction of the National Road and the Cove road at Keyser's Ridge, warning motorists that infantile paralysis was raging in Oakladd and for them to keep away. The notice had the desired effect with many and the result was that this section of Garrett county was not visited by the usual number of automobilists last Saturday and Sunday. The placard occupied a very prominent position along the roadside until it was seen by a passing Oakland motorist, who promptly removed it.

Festival and Box Supper.

A festival and box supper will be held at the Thayerville school house on the State road on the evening of September 9th.

Estray Notice.

There came to my premises about June 26th, one two year old all red steer with very small carpenter square out of under patt of each ear. Owner will please call, prove property, pay casts and damages and take animal away.
JOHN O. THAYER, Oakland, Md.
Adv.

Boy's Leg Broken.

The four year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Robert L. Fries, of Sines, fell from a porch at his home on last Friday and broke his left leg just above his ankle. Dr. Broadwater rendered the necessary surgical aid and at last reports the little chap was resting comfortably.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

Just A Few Things We'd Like to See Befora The Fair Opens.

To the Editor of The Republican.

The Court House "lighted up" or illuminated the four nights during the Fair.

County Commissioners please take notice.

The water turned on at the public drinking fountain at least during Fair week.

Mayor and City Council please take notice.

These filthy streets swept and washed off on Monday, September 11.

Mayor and City Council please take notice.

The general public to look in on the free library established here less than a year ago. This is for the benefit of the whole county. Encourage the effort by showing a little interest.

Every farmer of the county to bring an exhibit for the Fair, whether it be products of the field or of the home. The labor in preparing an exhibit is neglible. AN OLD TIMER.

Oakland, Sept. 6, 1916.

A Fountain Without Water.

To the Editor of The Republican.

Several times it has happened, while passing the Court House, I have seen some one hopefully approach the drinking fountain, press the faucet (if that be its proper name), and—that was all. No water responded to the appeal.

Inquiry brought the information that the fountain was not broken or out of order—the water was just "turned off."

It is a little hard to see just what is the purpose of a fountain without water. Surely not ornament. Anyone of us could think of a dozen more ornamental things than a dry drinking fountain to occupy the space on the Court House curk, and Oakland is not situated on the Western plains where every drop of water is precious.

Everyone, presumably, knows some of the Carnegie Library plan. Andrew Carnegie, through his agents, gives to a town a handsome library building and the town fills it with books. I have seen many such Carnegie libraries, but never one that was empty. Such a one would be a laughing stock. It is hardly necessary to point to the analogy.

The drinking fountain was a gift to Oakland. To the corporation was left the duty of supplying it with water. The coming week will bring to Oakland many strangers to attend the Fair. At present there is not a place in town where one can get a drink of water without asking for it, and thus causing some one more or less trouble.

May we not hope that for these few days, at least, our Town Council see fit to order the water turned on in the fountain?

A Resident Who Is Interested.

THE DEATH RECORD.

MRS. CHRISTINA FELTY.

Mrs. Christina Felty, aged 96 years, died Monday night at the home of her son, Godfrey Felty, 27 Frederick street, Cumberland. She is survived by seven sons and two daughters, Mrs. August Lochner, Wurtemberg, Germany; Mrs. George E. Simpkins, Chicago, Ill.; Frederick Felty, Uniontown; Christian Felty, Connellsville, Pa.; Godfrey Felty, Cumberland; Robert Felty, Springfield, Ohio; Adolphus Felty, Columbus, Ohio; John Felty, of Oakland and Henry Felty, Mt. Lake Park.

The funeral of Mrs. Felty will take place this morning from St. Paul's M. E. church upon the arrival of the morning accommodation from the east, and the interment will be made in the Oakland cemetery.

WILLIAM SCHROCK.

William Schrock, a well known and highly respected citizen, died Sept. 1, 1916, at his home in Garrett county, one mile north of Dobbin, after a lingering illness of dropsy and consumption, aged 51 years, 4 months and 23 days. He leaves to mourn his loss eight children and eleven grandchildren. Deceased was buried in the Fairview cemetary beside his wife and son who had preceded him to the spirit world. Funeral was preached by the Rav. Isaac W. Abernathy assisted by Rev. Frank Harvey.

ABE ROSS.

Abe Ross, a highly respected colored man of Deer Park, where he was in the employ of Col. John T. McGraw, died on Saturday afternoon as a result of an attack of the heart. He was aged more than sixty years and is survived by his wife.

Oakland High School.

The Oakland High School opened in the Maryland Theatre on Monday with an enrollment of one hundred and eleven pupils.

Estray Notice.

Notice is hereby given that there came to my place at Loch Lynn Heights on Friday last, August 25th, four head of Jersey Heifers, one a yearling and the others two year olds. Owner will please call, pay all damages and costs and take same away.
Adv. B. L. HARDESTY.

FOR SALE—A seven passenger six cylinder Studebaker car. Has run less than 3000 miles; electric lights; electric starter; all modern improvements. A Bargain. Address C, this office.

The Celebrated TENNESSEE GROUND PHOSPHATE

In stock and on sale at the Helbig Mill Stable, Oakland.

D. J. SWARTZENTRUBER.

TRUSTEE'S SALE

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate

In Friendsville, Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Garrett county sitting in Equity, bearing date the 28th day of August, 1916, and passed in a cause in said Court depending wherein Richard Friend is plaintiff and Clara B. Deitle, et al., are defendants, the same being No. 2079 equity on the docket of said court, the undersigned trustee, appointed to make sale of the real estate in said proceedings mentioned, hereby gives notice that he will on

MONDAY,
the 25th Day of September,

1916, offer at public auction to the highest bidder at the hour of 11 o'clock a. m. of said day in front of the Crawford Hotel in the town of Friendsville, all that property, the same being Lots Nos. 17 and 18 in Block F on the plan of the town of Friendsville, and being the same property which was conveyed to Ralph R. Friend by Elijah F. Meyers and wife by deed dated October 29th, 1914, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 47, folio 369, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, Maryland.

Said lots front on street and are improved by a comfortable Dwelling House in good state of repair, containing five rooms, together with other necessary outbuildings.

TERMS OF SALE—As prescribed by the decree, one-third of the purchase money to be paid in cash on the day of sale; one-third in six months and one-third in twelve months from the day of sale, the deferred payments to be evidenced and secured by the notes of the purchaser or purchasers with security satisfactory to the undersigned trustee and to bear interest from the day of sale, or the entire purchase money may be paid in cash on the day of sale, at the option of the purchaser or purchasers. Conveyancing at cost of purchaser.

And notice is hereby given, as directed by said decree, to the creditors of the said Ralph R. Friend, deceased, to file their claims, with the vouchers thereof, with the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Garrett county on or before the 25th day of September, 1916.

EDWARD H. SINCELL,
Trustee.

ORDER NISI.

No. 2071 Equity In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Coudersport Trust Company, vs: The Waitman Smokeless Coal Company.

Ordered, this 16th day of August in the year 1916, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in Equity, that the sale made and reported in the above cause by the Coudersport Trust Co. Trustee named in the mortgage, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 15th day of September, 1916; provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Garrett County, once a week for three successive weeks before the 8th day of September, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale; to be $6,000.00.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy. Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Notice to Contractors And School Patrons.

This is to give notice to the public that sealed bids will be received by the Board of Education of Garrett county, Maryland, up to 12:00 o'clock noon of

Thursday, September 14, 1916,

for the moving of the Bowser school building, located in Election District No. 12, to a site about two miles away on the farm of Paul Beachy. The building, after being moved, is to be of the same general dimensions as the present Bowser school building, and to have a solid stone or cement foundation.

All bids are to be endorsed on the back with the words: "Bid for the moving of the Bowser School Building."

The Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Notice is also given to all school patrons and citizens affected by such proposed moving of the Bowser school building to appear in person at the meeting of the Board to be held upon the date given above—both those who are in favor thereof as well as those who are opposed thereto and to be ready to give to the Board the reasons for such convictions.

By order of the Board.
F. E. RATHBUN, Secretary.

NOTICE

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR FREE SCHOLARSHIP (FEMALE) IN WESTERN MARYLAND COLLEGE.

Notice is hereby given that an unexpected vacancy has occurred in the free scholarship (female) allotted to Garrett County, in Western Maryland College, Westminster, Maryland. The scholarship is good for four years and carries with it free board and tution.

Examination of applicants for this free scholarship will be held in the office of the County Board of Education in the court house at Oakland at 9 o'clock upon the morning of

Monday, September 11, 1916.

The examination will be conducted in branches up to and including the Seventh Grade in the public school system of this county.

There are also several other free scholarships available, and if anyone is interested in any others, they are also requested to come to the same place at the same time.

F. E. RATHBUN,
Superintendent of Schools.

Road Petition.

This is to give notice that thirty days after the first publication hereof, application will be made to the Board of County Commissioners of Garrett county, Md., for the appointment of viewers to view and locate a proposed new road, and to condemn and set aside all or any portion of the "Mason Road," between S. L. Whitmer's place and the Henry Road, beginning for said proposed new road in District No. 8 Garrett county, Md., about one and one half miles west from Henry, W. Va., and on the Henry Road, at or near the point where the logging road which formerly belonged to F. H. Whaley crosses the Henry Road, and running thence with or near the grade of said logging road, through the lands of the Western Maryland Railroad Co., about one mile to "Laurel Run," then crossing said run, and through the lands of D. W. Wilson and S. L. Whitmer about ¾ of a mile to the Mason Road, near the intersection of the Mason and Shafer roads.

J. W. BIGG,
J. F. CHILDS,
EDWIN LEECH,
PHILIP HELBIG,
A. C. LAHMAN,
S. L. WHITMER,
H. M. BAES,
SILAS ARNALD,
S. B. COOPER,
D. W. WILSON.

Published first time Aug. 31, 1916.

Split Siding Cheap.

We have just received a car of Split Siding which we offer at a low price to those who place their orders immediately. H. W. Kahl & Sons, Oakland Planing Mills, Oakland, Md. Adv.

SAXON "SIX"

big touring car for five people

ASK FOR DEMONSTRATION.

Call at Liller's Barber Shop or Kelly's Livery

LILLER & KELLY, Agents.

Oakland, Maryland.

The Lutheran Church

SECOND STREET, OAKLAND

Sunday School, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

B. H. SINCELL, Superintendent.

Men's Brotherhood Class, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

O. A. BREMER, Teacher.

All the men not attending Sunday School elsewhere are cordially invited to join this class and to have a part in the study and discussion of the lesson

Morning Worship, 10.45 o'Clock.

Luther League, 7.00 o'Clock P. M.

Topic—"What Are We Doing For The Immigrant?"
Leader—MR. B. H. SINCELL.

Evening Worship, 8.00 o'Clock.

All friends of the church and those without a permanent church home are invited to worship with us.

O. A. BREMER, Pastor.

—The above was prepared by the pastor and the advertisement is authorized and paid for by one interested in church work.

The

FOUNDED 1888

Garrett National Bank

FOUNDED 1888

Of Oakland, Maryland.

THE STRONGEST BANK IN GARRETT COUNTY

Capital - - - -	$ 50,000.00
Surplus - - - -	65,000.00
Deposits over - - -	550,000.00
Resources over - - -	725,000.00

Consider seriously what that means. Think of it when you open an account. It means

STRENGTH

In opening a bank account first satisfy yourself as to the responsibility of the institution with which you propose to deposit your money.

NO ACCOUNT TOO SMALL---NONE TOO LARGE

We pay three per cent interest on time and saving deposits. Safe deposit boxes for rent.

OFFICERS

GILMOR S. HAMILL, President. **G. A. FRALEY, Cashier.**
D. E. OFFUTT, Jr. Vice Pres't. **H. L. JONES, Ass't. Cashier.**

DIRECTORS

GILMOR S. HAMILL, JOHN T. MITCHELL, CHARLES S. DAVIS, DANIEL E. OFFUTT, Jr,
JOSEPH E. HARNED, HARLAND L. JONES, GEORGE A. FRALEY.

ESTABLISHED 1884. BOTH PHONES.

SEE US

AT THE FAIR

With a big line of the latest Farm Machinery and Vehicles.

Check off the items you need and ask to see and get our price on:

Famous Turnbull Wagons	Plows
Low Down Farm Trucks	Tiling
Buggies	Sleighs
Carriages	Sleds
Sulky Plows	Farm Tractors
Famous Black Hawk Spreader	Gasoline Engines
Cream Separators	Grain Drills
Barn Door Track & Hangers	Lime Sowers
Telephone Batteries	Fertilizer
Roofing Paints	Hot Air Plants
Gas Fixtures	Steam and Water Plants
Pipe Fittings	Bath Rooms Fully Installed
Spouting	Gas Stoves
Engine Oils	Asbestes Mill Board
Corn Shellers	Fancy Gas Shades
Roofings all Prices	Carbide

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.

Remember the Place and that "Naylor has it and sells it for less."

Mr. Milton Fisher, of Accident, was in the city Monday on business when he called at this office.

LOST—Gold linked bracelet; amethyst setting. Return to Braethorn Cottage, Mt. Lake Park. Reward. Adv. 1t

Mrs. Lawrence Fraley went to Cumberland Sunday afternoon for a week's visit to relatives and friends.

Mrs. Hoppie Keller, of Romney, West Va., is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Edward E. Sollars, near town, having arrived here on Friday of last week.

WANTED—Carpenters at Ida May Mine near Farmington, W. Va. Good Wages. Apply on job to Supt. John M. Kisner & Bro. Lumber Company. Advertisement. 28 5t

Mr. E. M. Spedden, of Jenningston, accompanied by one of his sons, spent Saturday afternoon and Sunday in Oakland where they visited relatives and friends.

Mr. D. M. Dixon returned home last Thursday afternoon from a brief business visit to near-by points in West Virginia, including Fairmont and Clarksburg.

Mrs. Samuel E. Boyer, of Fairmont, who spent two or three weeks in Oakland and other points in the county visiting relatives and friends, has returned to her home.

Rev. Dr. R. B. Ward returned to Oakland last Sunday night from a point near Cleveland, Ohio, where he had been engaged for several weeks in special evangelistic work.

Mr. Henry Clay Eye, one of The Republican's good friends residing at Bloomington where he is engaged with a lumbering company, was in the city on Friday last and called at this office.

Mrs. Roy H. Hamill and children, of Huntington, West Va., who spent the summer in Oakland where they occupied the Mealey home on Oak street, left for Huntington last Thursday morning

Misses Grace Fawcett and Lulu Guseman, both of Morgantown, West Va., who visited at the home of Mr. Abel DeWitt for a short time, came to Oakland Monday morning and took the train from here for their homes.

Prof. Herman A. Ziel arrived in Oakland last Thurday from a brief visit to Niagara and other points in the northeast section of the country and on Monday morning assumed the principalship of the grammar school here.

Among the out-of-town Democrats who were at Mountain Lake Park and Oakland Saturday to meet Mr. Etchison, Democratic candidate for Congress were, Messrs. William and Fred Miller and S. K. Schlossnagle, all of Accident.

LOST—On the road between Jennings and Grantsville, Monday, a blue serge coat, with the initials "C. A. D." on the inside of the garment. Finder please notify or return to the undersigned and receive reward. George A. DeWitt, Deer Park, Md. Adv.

Mrs. Benj. H. Sincell and members of the family who spent two or three weeks camping at Morris Park, on Cheat River, near Kingwood, returned to Oakland. Rev. and Mrs. Bremer, who were also in camp at the same place, returned here a few days prior thereto.

Cashier G. A. Fraley of the Garrett National Bank, accompanied by his two sons, Messrs. Neil and Lawrence Fraley, and Mr. Max Jarboe, left Oakland Monday morning in Mr. Fraley's automobile for Baltimore for a day's outing. The return was made on Tuesday by train.

Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company employees have just recently completed very noticeable improvements to the Company's property in Oakland by repainting the depot and other buildings as well as the railings along the elevated walk leading to the station along Railroad street.

Mr. Stuatr F. Hamill returned home Sunday night from a brief visit to Johnstown, Pa., where he was the guest of Col. Rose and family. Mr. Hamill is the very proud father of a son who was born on Saturday of last week.

Prof. and Mrs. C. Edward Bender returned to Oakland last Thursday afternoon from Goshen, Ind., where they were engaged during the summer months in teaching. They were accompanied here by Mrs. Bender's brother, Mr. Ross Isenberg. On Monday Mr. Bender resumed his position as principal of the high school in Oakland.

Mr. Franklin O. Glotfelty returned to his home in Oakland last Friday morning from a point near Jellico, Tenn., where he had gone about ten days previous to inspect a large tract of timber and estimate upon a logging contract for the owners. Mr. Glotfelty is much impressed with the country he visited and may be employed there during the winter with his teams and men.

West Virginia stands tenth among all of the states in the production of salt and ninth in the value of the salt produced. The state produced in 1915 a total of 232,239 barrels, valued at $115,143, an increase of 86,810 barrels in quantity and $37,107 in value. The salt is produced in Kanawha and Mason counties. Bromine and calcium chloride are manufactured in connection with the salt at these localities.

Mrs. E. A. Turner, of near Honolulu, H. I., arrived in San Francisco, Cal., from the Islands on August 28th and is now on her way across the continent to visit relatives and friends. Mrs. Turner will be remembered by many Oakland people as Miss Lillie Brown, an instructor of more than ordinary ability, who resided and taught school upwards of thirty years ago. The editor was one of her pupils and the days spent in her school room were happy ones.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Samuel A. Kendall, Jr., and his brother John Wiley Kendall, who developed muscle during their college vacation by shoving lumber on the big Kendall sawmill at Crellin, Md., left Saturday for Atlantic City for a week's pleasure before returning to college at the opening of the Fall term. Several of their college chums also spent their vacation by working in the Crellin lumber mill. John Wiley Kendall is reported to have shown the most strength and endurance of all the college boys. —Meyersdale Republican.

Crellin was visited on Monday by Mr. J. L. Kendall and members of his family who drove through to that place from Pittsburgh in two automobiles. Mr. Kendall is president and general manager of the Kendall Lumber Company and he states that operations on the Chess lands in Preston and Monogahela counties, West Va., will begin in a short time. This property was purchased by the Kendall interests two or three years ago with the intention of beginning operations at once but owing to the failure of the Kuhn interests who had the railroad under construction work was delayed until the present time. Now, however, the road is being built and the property will be at once operated.

Mrs. James Willison and children, of Cumberland, returned to that city from a visit to friends in Oakland Monday afternoon.

Monday being Labor Day both the Oakland banks and the postoffice were closed and the rural route carriers also had a holiday.

Mr. Tracy A. Curry, prescription clerk in the Oakland Pharmacy, spent Sunday and Monday at his home near Farmington, West Va,

Former County Treasurer Robert L. Fries, who retired to his farm near Sines a short time ago, spent Monday in Oakland on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Boyle and five children, of Braddock, Pa., are here for a week's visit to Mr. Michael Boyle and other relatives and friends.

Mrs. C. F. Schroeder, of Grafton, returned to her home on Friday, after spending two weeks in this city as the guest of Mrs. Fred A. Thayer.

Mr. Albert Straight, of Akron, Ohio, who spent the past three weeks in Oakland with his mother, Mrs. H. I. Straight returned to Akron Sunday night.

Rev. and Mrs. E. R. Hauser, of Altoona, Pa., are on a visit to the home of Mr. John H. Sanders, south of Oakland, Rev. Hauser having been granted a two week's vacation by his church council.

Rev. and Mrs. E. E. Oney left Monday for Waynesboro, Va., where they will visit the former's sisters and father, Rev. W. Oney, for several weeks. The trip was made in the Oney car.—Elk Lick Star.

It looked on Saturday as if Oakland was to suffer a shortage of gasoline. At ten oclock in the morning not a gallon was to be had at any of the garages or vendors, but shortly before noon a tank car came to the Standard yards and the threatened famine was averted.

Mr. Joseph Tritchler, of the Kendall Lumber mills at Crellin, passed through Oakland Monday afternoon on his way to Ligonier, Pa., where he will have charge of one of the Kendall mills to be put into operation there early next week. He will be absent from Crellin several months.

Mr. H. Byrne Hamill, son of Mr. and Mrs. Gilmor S. Hamill, who saw several years of service in the regular army with headquarters in the Philippines, left Oakland Tuesday morning for the army camp at Plattsburg, N. Y., where he expects to again enlist in the service of the Government as a soldier.

A party composed of Dr. J. D. Darby, Wm. Lawton, Wm. Casteel, L. W. Hopkins, John J. Sweeney, Bowie Johnson and Carl Wenige left Oakland Sunday for Dr. Darby's old home in Montgomery county where they will fish in the Monacacy and Potomac rivers for bass, expecting to return here some time this week.

All the schools of the county were opened on Monday with the exception of Accident, the latter to open at some date yet to be fixed by the school authorities, the delay being occasioned by a case of infantile paralysis in the family of Mr. Mahlon Speicher, the victim of the disease being the little six year-old boy of the family, who was stricken last Friday, both arms and his left leg being affected. Prof. DeWitt, who has been appointed principal of that school, went to Bittinger Tuesday where he will have charge of the school at that point until the regularly appointed principal, Mr. Fike, takes charge.

D. E. BOLDEN

Furniture Dealer and Funeral Director

HAVING moved my furniture business to the Manhattan Hotel store room, I am prepared to serve the public to the best of my ability, having now in stock the finest line of Furniture ever brought to the city and which I offer as cheap as it can be bought in the wholesale markets.

All I ask is a chance to name you prices.

My stock is complete in every detail, and which consists of Furnitnre, Carpets, Mattings, Window Shades, Bedding of all kinds, large and small Rugs—in fact everything with which to furnish a house from cellar to attic.

I am also prepared to give estimates on Buildings and repair work—from a pig pen to a palace.

Call and see me; I will treat you fair and square.

Thanking the public for past favors and soliciting a continuance of the same, I remain,

Yours respectfully,

D. E. BOLDEN

Store For Sale

Owing to other business demanding my attention, I offer for sale my stock of Shoes, Clothing and Furnishings.

This is one of the best business propositions in Oakland, and will be sold at very much less than value if taken before September 1.

In the meantime I will sell clothing and many other articles at greatly reduced prices. It will pay you to investigate.

Yours truly,

E. A. WEIMER,

Oakland, Md.

No Ambitious Man

is without a bank account. Its possession shows you to be a man of

Method, Caution and Thrift.

The people with whom you deal have more respect for you if you pay by check instead of currency. As a matter of prudence as well as ambition, open your account with us.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OAKLAND - MARYLAND

Miss Mary Rebecca Thayer, a member of the faculty of Vassar College, who has been spending her vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred A. Thayer in Oakland, has received notice from the president of the college that owing to the presence of infantile paralysis the opening of the institution will be delayed until October 4.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Corkran, of Baltimore, who were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Linville at their home on Oak street for several days, returned to Baltimore Tuesday morning, accompanied by their daughter, who also visited at the Linville home, and by Mr. Charles Linville, the trip being made in Mr. Corkran's automobile.

Messrs. A. D. Naylor and M. Wellington Crane returned Saturday evening from a week's jaunt through the Valley of Virginia, the trip being made in the automobile of Mr. Crane. The party visited the Natural Bridge, Luray, the Virginia Hot Springs, Roanoke and other points of interest. The trip was thoroughly enjoyed from start to finish by both gentlemen.

Garrett County Fair, September 12, 13, 14 and 15.

Attractions by the hundred in Oakland next week.

Mr. Martin Hughes, of Ottaway, was in the city Tuesday on business.

Get your Fertilizer from A. D. Naylor & Co., while it lasts.
Advertisement.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Cropp, of Richwood, West Va., are here as guests of relatives.

Mrs. W. R. Offutt and children are at Cumberland where they are visiting relatives.

The annual value of the farm woodlot products of the United States is over $195,000,000.

Mr. Olin Broadwater, of Grantsville, was in the city yesterday on a visit to Dr. N. I. Broadwater.

Oakland's and Garrett county's four big days next week. Come and enjoy the great treats in store.

John D. Hayden, of Rowlesburg, was in Oakland and at his former home in Mountain Lake Park yesterday.

Fourth Annual

FAIR

OF

Agricultural Fair Asso'n of Garrett Co.

OAKLAND, MD.,

SEPT. 12-13-14-15, 1916

Mammoth Displays of Live Stock, Poultry, Grain, Fruits and Vegetables.

LIBERAL PREMIUMS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT

MANY SPECIAL PREMIUMS ARE OFFERED

There will be many Entertaining Features and each Day of the Fair a good one

The program embraces Introductions and Get Acquainted Day, Fraternal Day, Farmers' Day and School Rally and Athletic Day

SENSATIONAL SMITHSON

One of the greatest thrillers of this country will perform some marvelous feats on his bicycle, high up in the air, twice daily, and a number of other attractions to be provided will make the Fair this year better than ever before.

The Boys Band of Cumberland

Comprising about thirty trained boy musicians, will give daily concerts, both instrumental and vocal. To hear them will be a delight.

NIGRO'S GREATER SHOWS

One of the best high-grade Carnival Companies now travelling, will be one of the best features of the Fair, and their superb band will assist in the music.

Special Low Railroad Rates. Excellent Motoring Roads.

COME AND BRING YOUR FAMILY

. . . BE AN EXHIBITOR . . .

THE MEXICAN PEON AND HIS CUSTOMS

As He Is Known Only to Americans Who Have Lived Among The Peons in Mexico.

A striking picture of native life in Guanajuato, the treasure chest of mercurial Mexico, is given in a communication to the National Geographic Society by Frank H. Probert, a part of which is released today from the society's Washington headquarters. Mr. Probert reveals the Mexican peons as they are known only to the American who has lived among them.

"Leaving the walled inclosure of the railroad yards," says the writer, "one looks down on the apparently cramped and crowded city of Guanajuato, capital of the richest of the south-central states of Mexico. Hard by, to the right, is the bull-ring, the scene on Sunday and fiestas of farcical combats between two-legged brutes and four-legged beasts.

"In the sott sunshine of summer days the first vista of the city is striking indeed. Churches of magnificent proportions; ancient and modern architectures strangely blended in the same edifice; stately buildings; imposing markets stores of all descriptions; and dwelling places, rudely bare, variously colored with neutral tints of calsomine, their granted windows and open doors exhibiting to all the sparsely furnished interior where tird, beast and human eat and live together. The sordid squalor of the many contrasts strikingly with the oppressive opulence of the few.

"The cobblestone streets are crooked and narrow, so narrow, in fact that caballeros must take to the sidewalk to permit of the passing of any kind of vehicle. The dingy tram-cars are drawn by relays of mules, three abreast, beaten into subjection by the stinging lash or coaxed into action by the curses of the youthful drivers, whose vernacular is wonderfully expressive and effective; indeed, I doubt if anything but a mule can really appreciate the depth of feeling and irresistible persuasiveness of the vile expressions.

"What strange sights one can see in these main arteries of the city. I have set my camera on the balcony of my room at the Woods Hotel and will snap what passes by. At first, a herd of patient plodding burros loaded down with slabs of the pale green sandstone, quarried nearby and used for building purposes; a legless cripple shuffles along on a board, propelling himself with his hands; a cargodoa trots along tirelessly with his awkward burden, in this case a sewing machine; more burros overloaded with charcoal; another pack struggles under the weight of sacked ore from the mines; still another bearing grain to the market, and the street car demanding loudly a clear track; a funeral procession where laughing children carry a baby's casket, swaying from side to side to the accompaniment of anything but appropriate music, and behind the mourners in silent solomnity.

"Strangely superstitious are these people. Grossly ignorant, constant in their faith, pathetic in their simplicity, kindly and respectful, their life is epitomized in the verse:

" 'Let the World shde, let the World go;
A fig for care and a fig for woe!
And death makes equal the high and low.'

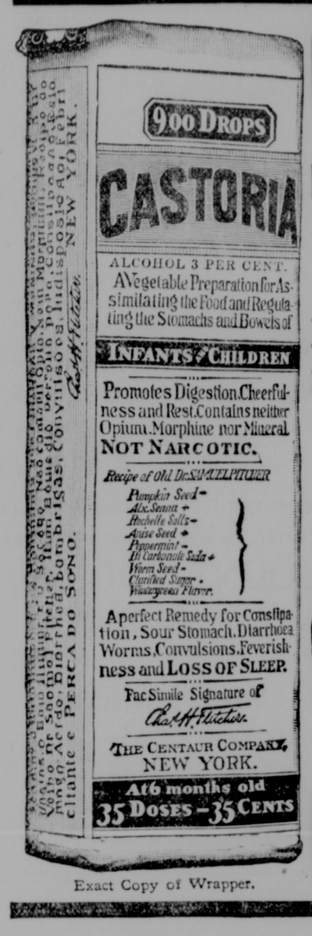
" 'Tis Easter Sunday morning. I am awakened at early dawn by the tooting of tin horns, accompanied by the sonorous scheeches of bass viols and fiddles as sounds are sawn from their strings; by the shuffling of sandled feet over the stones of the street, and by the babel of voices of passing peons. Church bells clang, sirens scream, whistles wildly mingle in the melody of merriment; for is not this the day when Judas Iscariot is to be hung in effigy.'

"A grotesque dummy figure is paraded through the town, followed by the jeering and cheering crowds, who have risen early to give expression to their righteous indignation against the betrayer. After circling the city the procession halts, Judas is promptly yanked by the ropes from the bearers and dangles in mid-air, a sorry sight, spit upon, cursed, condemned, consigned to everlasting purgatory, to which place, at sunset, he is sent by the explosion of dynamite concealed in his carcass. Riboldry runs riot as the day advances, and night falls on an exhausted though happy people. What matters if the prison is overcrowded that night, or that the supply of mescal is depleted almost to the degree of exhaustion?

"To the casual visitors from the States the habits and customs of these lowly people are strange, but fascinating. They do not need our commiseration or sympathy; they are content in their mode of living, and who shall say that they are the less happy or human in their habitat than many of us?

"The Mexican peon knows that he is born to serve, as did the old southern darky, and caste or class distinction is emphasized on all occasions. The mozo rides silently behind the lordly caballero; the peon woman steps into the street and bows her head as the padre passes; in the plaza on Sunday evening, when the melody of martial music fills the air, the upper classes parade in one direction, while the peons gyrate as an outer ring in the opposite direction. As a class they are industrious and skillful if the time element is eliminated.

"The peon miner is a competent workman when unhampered by modern machines and has a 'nose' for ore that is truly remarkable. As tillers of the soil their methods are primitive but productive; they still use oxen and the wooden plow share, and the fields are fenced with imperishable dry-rock walls. In the making of pottery and basketry they excel; in tanning hides, saddlery and the working of metals they are inimitable. The women, too, can grind corn on a metate, cook tortillas and frijole, raise families, launder clothes on a rock near the creek, make the most exquisite laces and the finest of drawnwork with equal skill.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

THE CITY'S BEST

MEAT MARKET

IN THE EMPIRE BUILDING.

Choice Steak, Boiling Meat, and all other kinds of meat. Highest cash price paid for Poultry and Eggs; also cash paid for Hides and Skins.

H. L. MILLER

We Carry in Stock

TIRES
TUBES
SHOCK ABSORBERS
CHAINS
SPARK PLUGS
DRY CELLS
TIRETITE

And many other accessories at the OAKLAND GARAGE, Prest-O-Lite Exchange, Oakland, Maryland.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

CHARLES LILLER

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 10th day of February 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 9th day of August 1916.

WILLIAM R. OFFUTT,
Administrator,
Oakland, Md.

Examiner's Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, appointed by the County Commissioners of Garrett county, to view the lands through which the change in the turn of the road is to be made leading from Hoyes to Oakland road, to intersect the State road near William Callis' and examine whether the said change in road should be made, will meet on the 15th day of September, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said change of said road, and if so to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

R. M. HOLEMAN,
JAMES W. FRIEND,
D. S. CUSTER,
Examiners.

REAL BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE

One of the most desirable residences on Alder street in Oakland, now owned by M. A. Carney, and occupied as a residence by States Attorney Jones, is offered at a very attractive price.

A valuable 90 acre farm near Ottaway, Garrett Co., on the line of the proposed new state road to West Va., and a very desirable piece of real estate.

Improved farm of 138 acres near Swanton, Garrett Co., improved by nine room dwelling, barn and young orchard now bearing. A safe investment.

JAS. D. HAMILL,
Real Estate Agent.

Farm for Sale

Containing two hundred and seventy-six acres. About 175 acres cleared and in good cultivation and the balance in timber.

Located twelve miles west of Lonaconing in Garrett county in the Fairview settlement. With seven or eight never failing springs on it. One dwelling house containing seven rooms and a good cellar; bank barn 40 x 60 feet and all other necessary outbuildings.

Good apple orchard of about 200 bearing trees and all other kinds of fruits.

If not sold prior to January 1st, 1917, the property will be for rent.

For any other information call on or address the undersigned.

JONAS WEITZELL,
Lonaconing, Md.

Notice to the Public

The undersigned has bought out the general store of Mr. J. S. Clary at Deer Park, Md and will continue the business in the same building and in the same manner in which it has been conducted, and extends to the public generally a cordial invitation to call, get prices and see if we cannot do business.

Remember that satisfaction is guaranteed in every transaction.

Thanking you in advance.

I am very truly,
W. B. MILLER.

THE WEEK'S BIG NEWS EVENTS

Happenings That Caused A Stir Briefly Chronicled.

SITUATION AT WASHINGTON

Executive Acts at the Capital—Victories and Defeats of the Great War—Doings in the Forty-Eight States Recorded.

WAR BULLETINS

The abandonment of part of Transylvania to the Rumanians is forecast in despatches from newspaper correspondents at the Austrian Army Headquarters.

Von Hindenburg has been appointed Chief of the German General Staff, succeeding von Falkenhayn.

Serbs and French advance in offensive at Greek border.

Rumanians push back Austrians and join Russian forces in the Carpathians.

Rumania declared war on Austria-Hungary, Germany proclaimed hostilities against Rumania and fighting already is in progress in the mountains on the southern and eastern frontiers of Hungary.

Bulgarians are rapidly extending their lines east and west pushing into Albania, and have taken the town of Mafik.

Russians again advance in the Carpathians and the Caucasus.

Germany and Italy at last are at war. Italy has ended the anomalous situation that has existed for months by declaring that she considers herself the enemy of her former ally.

WASHINGTON

Twenty-one men lost their lives and seventy-two others, including two officers, were injured, five of them seriously, when the United States armored cruiser Memphis was wrecked in a storm in the harbor of Santo Domingo, says a report transmitted to the Navy Department.

The President appealed to congress to legislate to meet railroad strike.

Within an hour after President Wilson's signature to the navy appropriation bill authorizing a three-year building program, the Navy Department had advertised for bids for 4 battleships, 4 scout cruisers, 20 destroyers and 80 submarines of two distinct types.

President Wilson signed the Army and Navy bills.

Hydroseroplanes of stronger type needed as fleet scouts, says Rear Admiral Benson, in comment on recent "war game."

The House passed the Workman's Compensation bill.

The Navy Department awarded contracts for the raising of the naval collier Hector, which was broken in two of the South Carolina coast several weeks ago by a hurricane.

President Wilson has designated October 21 and 22 as official days for American contributions to relief for Syrians and Armenians in the war zone.

Army ordnance experts are at work on designs for huge field howitzers, as large or larger than the German 42-centimetre guns which wrecked the Belgian and French forts early in the war.

GENERAL

A general wage increase amounting to $650,000 a year and affecting 9,216 motormen, conductors and guards on surface, subway and elevated lines was announced by the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Co.

The century old United States receiving ship Franklin, a steam auxiliary frigate, has been towed through Hell Gate on her way from Norfolk, Va., to Eastport, Me., where she is to be burned. Thus will end the career of one of the oldest of the navy's relics, which for many years has been used to house one thousand men of the navy at Norfolk.

Six robbers blew open the safes of two banks at Homer, Ill., and escaped in an automobile with $13,000.

Trade of the port of Boston for the year ending July 31 amounted to $347,808,047.

The health director denies the report that an epidemic of cholera is prevalent in the Philippines.

Fire destroyed the warehouse of the Sperry Flour Co. at South Vallejo, Cal., at a loss of $500,000.

An order for one hundred thousand telegraph poles, has been placed with American shippers by the State government of Yucatan.

Rewards of $5,000 were offered by the Colorado Fuel & Iron Co. in an effort to punish those responsible for the recent dynamiting outrages in the Rockefeller mining district.

J. Bruce Kremer, Democratic national committeeman from Montana, was appointed head of the speaker's bureau at Western Democratic national campaign headquarters at Chicago.

The Mexican Commission will meet at Portsmouth, N. H.

Four hundred and sixty-three new oil wells have been started in California since the first of the year according to the state bureau.

Fifteen motor boats, commanded by yachtsmen of New York, Boston and Providence, assembled at Newport, for the first practice cruise of the recently formed volunteer motor boat patrol squadron.

Senator Phelan, of California, has been informed by the State Department that Germany will not permit exportation of sugar beet seed until her own demands have been completely supplied.

Secretary Nockles of the Chicago Federation of Labor said that Packingtown workmen will ask for an increase of approximately 20 per cent. in wages.

Miss Lyra Brown Nickerson, of Providence, one of the wealthiest young women in New England, whose engagement was recently announced, died at her summer home after suffering from typhoid for two weeks. Miss Nickerson inherited a large estate from her father, Edward I. Nickerson. Her mother died some years ago. Her fortune has been estimated at $6,000,000.

The nomination of John C. Koons of the District of Columbia to be First Assistant Postmaster-General, was made to supply a vacancy due to the taking up of campaign work in New York by Daniel C. Roper of South Carolina.

Fay, bomb plotter, escaped from Atlanta Penitentiary.

Four hundred "redheads" from Indiana, Ohio, Knetucky, Michigan and Illinois held their first reunion at Indianapolis, and organized the Redhead League of America.

The cranberry crop in Boston will yield 255,000 barrels as compared with 245,000 barrels last year.

MEXICAN CAMPAIGN

The War Department temporarily suspended an order releasing college students from the militia.

A band of Mexicans raided the Big Ben mine near Temingua, Tex., and destroyed the mine and machinery.

Military and civil authorities throughout Mexico were ordered by General Carranza to refrain from interfering with the transportation of merchandise on the railroads of the country.

James Linn Rogers, American representative to the Carranza Government, informed the Mexican Government that the preliminary conference over international difficulties will be held in New York on Sept. 4.

The Fourteenth Regiment returned to McAllen from an eleven-day hike and later proceeded to the company camp at Mission, making an eighteen mile march of it for the day.

Fifteen hundred and eight guardsmen with persons dependent upon them for support have been discharged from border duty.

Three hundred Villa bandits captured the town of Satevo, Chihuahua. The outlaws, under Uribe Arango and Martin Lopez, surrounded the town and after six hours' battle the garrison, numbering 200, under Captain de la Fuente, being without ammunition, was forced to evacuate.

SPORTING

George Sisler of the Browns is proving that his 1915 batting, after he jumped from the college ranks to the major leagues, was no flash in the pan. The St. Louis star continues to bat close to .270 and play brilliantly whether placed in the pitcher's box, the infield or the outfield.

Pitcher Niehaus and Third Baseman Smith of the St. Paul American Association team was sold to the St. Louis Nationals.

Sherwood Magee, of the Braves, has it is declared by followers of the team, played in his last seventy-eight games without an error and accepted 170 chances in that time.

Heine Zimmerman was traded to the New York Giants for Larry Doyle, Outfielder Jacobson and Infielder Hunter.

Walter Holke, first baseman of the Rochester Club of the International League, was sold to the New York Nationals.

"Fred" Merkle, veteran first baseman of the Giants, has been traded to the Dodgers for "Lew" McCarthy, the second string catcher.

Mrs. F. C. Lettis, of Cincinnati, won the Western Women's Golf Championship at the Kent County Club links, at Grand Rapids.

FOREIGN

A military mission consisting of officers of the Swiss army will soon leave Switzerland for Colombia to undertake the reorganization of the army of South American Republic.

An earthquake in southern Formosa destroyed 500 houses and resulted in 50 casualties.

Coal is selling at $9.78 a ton, in South Wales.

Gen. Carranza in a decree made public announced the nationalization of property of the Catholic Church in Mexico. The churches will be nominally controlled by the clergy, says the official announcement.

More than 6,000 trades unionists in an open air meeting in Hyde Park, London, protested against the high cost of living.

The amount raised by German municipalities for the relief of families of soldiers has reached $400,000,000.

Four German prisoners of war who escaped from internment at Amherst, N. S., a few days ago were captured.

Paris plans to levy a tax of 5 per cent. on all restaurant bills over $1 a person.

RUSSIAN ARMY HITS BULGARIA

Rumanian Army Successful on Whole Front of Lower Carpathians

AUSTRIANS STILL FALL BACK

London.—While the Rumanians are advancing steadily in Transylvania, a Russian army is massing on the Danube line, ready to strike at Bulgaria. The passage of the Czar's troops through the Dobrudja is announced officially by Bucharest.

The Russians are preparing a heavy blow. A drive into Bulgaria from the north by large forces, which are being poured steadily into Rumania, is planned, in conjunction with a bombardment of the Bulgar ports on the Black Sea. Russian warships have been assembled already at Constanza, the principal Rumanian port on the Black Sea, according to a Reuter dispatch from Petrograd.

From Paris comes a report that Rumanians already have invaded Bulgaria and occupied the important town of Rustchuk, on the Danube. This dispatch has not been confirmed although it is believed here that the invaders may have been Russians and that the Czar's attack has been launched.

The Rumanian advance continues along the whole Transylvanian line. The Austrians admit a retreat to the heights west of Osik Szereda, lying about at the centre of the northern front and sixty miles northeast of Kronstadt, which the Teutons abandoned recently.

Meanwhile the Rumanian thrust westward from the Serbian line is gaining momentum. Mehadia, near the Iron Gates of the Danube and fifteen miles north of Orsova, is threatened. A heavy battle is still in progress here. A Rumanian advance in this sector would flank the Austrian second line of defense along the mountains dividing Hungary and Transylvania.

There is great alarm in all the Teutonic capitals at the sudden and successful thrust of Rumanian armies through five mountain passes into Hungary. A council of war is to assemble shortly at Vienna, at which Kaiser Wilhelm, the Emperor Francis Joseph and Czar Ferdinand of Bulgaria will be present.

RUMANIA JOINS ALLIES.

London.—Rumania, with a thoroughly trained and well equipped army of 1,000,000 men, declared war on Austria-Hungary. This was immediately followed by Germany declaring war upon Rumania.

Austro-German troops clashed with Rumanians on the Siebenburgen (Transylvania) frontier within a few hours after Rumania's entrance into the war, Berlin officially announced.

Bulgaria and Turkey are expected to declare war upon Rumania without delay.

It was reported in diplomatic quarters that Greece will soon enter the war on the side of the Allies.

The declaration by Italy of war on Germany simultaneously with the entrance of Rumania into the war are believed to be part of a prearranged plan that will culminate with similar action by Greece.

Giving the reasons for her declaration of war, a long note was transmitted to the Rumanian Minister at Vienna for presentation to the Austrian Foreign Office.

The document sets forth that the agreements existing between Rumania and the Triple Alliance, the pre-war alliance of Germany, Austria and Italy, ceased to exist from the day on which a war of aggression was declared by Germany and Austria.

Also the eventuality of Russia sending troops across Rumania from Bessarabia to punish the Bulgarians for attacking the Serbs, as the Czar swore he would do, cannot be overlooked.

PITH OF THE WAR NEWS

On all the fronts on which they are engaged, British forces during the month of August lost approximately 128,000 men, killed wounded and missing. Appearing on the British casualty list for August are the names of 4,711 officers and 123,234 men of other ranks.

Withdrawal to the Dorna Vatra-Orsova line means the evacuation of more than 15,000 square miles of Hungarian territory.

The Austrian General Staff plans to evacuate all southeastern Transylvania to the Rumanians in order to shorten the Austrian lines.

The sinking of a British auxiliary cruiser in the North Sea by a German submarine was announced by the German Admiralty. Berlin newspapers say that apparently the vessel referred to was the Duke of Albany.

The French frustrated two German efforts to attack near Reillon, in Lorraine, and made progress east of Fleury in the Verdun area.

German aeroplanes and Zeppelins shelled Bucharest and also the town of Balitchik as the crowds were celebrating reports of Rumanian victories.

G. Semmes Hamill, Jr., Solicitor.

SHERIFF'S SALE

OF

Valuable Coal

and other Mineral Substances Situate in Garrett County Maryland, as well as an

Estate in Fee.

Under and by virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of the Circuit Court for Garrett county, Maryland, at the suit of The First National Bank of Trenton, New Jersey, against the Meadow Mountain Coal and Coke Company, the same being No. 14 Judicials to the September Term of the Circuit Court for Garrett county, 1916, I Albert Ashby, Sheriff of said Garrett county, do hereby give notice that I will on

TUESDAY

the 12th day of September, 1916,

at the hour of eleven o'clock A. M. of said day, in front of the Court House in the town of Oakland, Maryland, offer at public auction to the highest bidder all of the following property, mineral and mineral rights:

1st. All those veins or seams of coal and stratas of coal underlying those certain tracts of land situate, lying and being in Garrett county, which said tract of land is known and designated as "The Cunningham Lands" containing about 5000 acres, and "The Maynadier Lands" containing about 1300 acres, and also an estate in fee of 100 acres of the said "Maynadier Lands," and being the same coal and coal rights and land which was conveyed to the Meadow Mountain Coal and Coke Company by deed from William J. Blackwell, Trustee, dated the 3rd day of April, in the year 1902, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 40, folio 522, etc., one of the Land Records of Garrett county, Maryland.

2nd. All the coal, oil, gas, minerals and mineral substances, either solid or liquid, in, upon and under all those lots situate, lying and being in Bittinger District, Garrett county, which are known as Military Lots Number 2334, 2335, 2399 and 2400, containing in all 200 acres and being the same coal, oil, gas and minerals and mineral substances which were conveyed to the said Meadow Mountain Coal and Coke Company by deed from William A. Morgart and Rose Morgart, his wife, dated the 19th day of April, 1902, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T. No. 42, folio 376, etc., one of the Land Records of Garrett county.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on the day of sale.

ALBERT ASHBY,
Sheriff of Garrett County.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters Testamentry on the estate of

OTTO FILSINGER

late of Garrett County, Md., deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 17th day of February, 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 17th day of August, 1916.

E. R. JONES,
Executor,
Oakland, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

HENRY SCHLOSSNAGLE

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 24th day of February, 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under our hand this 22nd day of August, 1916.

G. W. SCHLOSSNAGLE,
Administrator.
Berlin, Somerset Co., Pa.

The man Who Makes A STUDY OF HIS APPEARANCE

Is the man who best appreciates the detail of the tailoring we turn out The workmanship passes without a question, the fit is naturally a matter of course, but the shape we mould into the garments give them a character that finishes them off and makes the satisfaction of the owner complete.

All this is a bid for your next tailoring order. We know we can make you the best clothes you ever wore We want you to know it. That order is the best and only sure way to settle the question.

JAMES BROCK,
Dixon Building,
Oakland, Maryland.

Commissioners Meeting.

Office of the County Commissioners for Garrett county, Oakland, Md., August 24th, 1916.

The Board of County Commissioners for Garrett County, Maryland, will meet in their office in the town of Oakland, on

Monday, September 11th, 1916,

to transact routine business.

By order of the Board.
W. G. MEYERS, Clerk.

Auditor's Notice.

Anthony D. Caton, et al, v. Dora McKenzie, et al,
No. 2655 Equity, in the Circuit Court for Garrett county.

Notice is hereby given to the creditors of Peter W. Caton, deceased, to file their claims with the vouchers thereof with the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Garrett county on or before the 22nd day of September, 1916, as the undersigned Auditor will then proceed to state an account distributing the funds in the hands of the Trustee in the above entitled cause.

EDWARD H. SINCELL,
Auditor.

Subscribe for The Republican.

PROCLAMATION

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF MARYLAND CREATING A BUDGET SYSTEM.

WHEREAS, at the January Session of the General Assembly of Maryland, held in the year 1916, an Act was passed, to-wit: Chapter 159 of said Acts, being an Act to propose an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title, "Legislative Department," of the Constitution of this State; and which said Act is in words and figures following:

"CHAPTER 159.

AN ACT to propose an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title, Legislative Department, of the Constitution of this State, regulating the making of appropriations by the General Assembly of Maryland in regular session, and to provide for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of this State for adoption or rejection.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland (three-fifths of all the members of each of the two houses concurring.) That the following be and the same is hereby proposed as an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title Legislative Department, of the Constitution of this State, the same, if adopted by the legally qualified voters of the State, as herein provided, to become Section 52 of Article III of the Constitution of Maryland.

Sec. 52 The General Assembly shall not appropriate any money out of the Treasry except in accordance with the followin provisions:

Sub-Section A:

Every appropriation bill shall be either a Budget Bill, or a supplementary Appropriation Bill, as hereinafter mentioned.

Sub-Section B:

First. Within twenty days after the convening of the General Assembly (except in the case of a newly elected Governor, and then within thirty days after his inauguration,) unless such time shall be extended by the General Assembly for the session at which the Budget is to be submitted, the Governor shall submit to the General Assembly two budgets, one for each of the ensuing fiscal years. Each budget shall contain a complete plan of proposed expenditures and estimated revenues for the particular fiscal year to which it relates; and shall show the estimated surplus or deficit of revenues at the end of such year. Accompanying each budget shall be a statement showing: (1) the revenues and expenditures for each of the two fiscal years next preceding; (2) the current assets, liabilities, reserves and surplus or deficit of the State; (3) the debts and funds of the State; (4) an estimate of the State's financial condition as of the beginning and end of each of the fiscal years covered by the two budgets above provided; (5) any explanation the Governor may desire to make as to the important features of any budget and any suggestion as to methods for the reduction or increase of the State's revenue.

Second. Each budget shall be divided into two parts, and the first part shall be designated "Governmental Appropriations" and shall embrace an itemized estimate of the appropriations: (1) for the General Assembly as certified to the Governor in the manner hereinafter provided; (2) for the Executive Department; (3) for the Judiciary Department, as provided by law, certified to the Governor by the Comptroller; (4) to pay and discharge the principal and interest of the debt of the State of Maryland in conformity with Section 34 of Article III of the Constitution, and all laws enacted in pursuance thereof; (5) for the salaries payable by the State under Constitution and laws of the State; (6) for the establishment and maintenance throughout the State of a thorough and efficient system of public schools in conformity with Article VIII of the Constitution and with the laws of the State; (7) for such other purposes as are set forth in the Constitution of the State.

Third. The second part shall be designated "General Appropriations," and shall include all other estimates of appropriations.

The Governor shall deliver to the presiding officer of each house the budgets and a bill for all the proposed appropriations of the budgets clearly itemized and classified; and the presiding officer of each house shall promptly cause said bill to be introduced therein, and such bill shall be known as the "Budget Bill." The Governor may, before final action thereon by the General Assembly, amend or supplement either of said budgets to correct an oversight or in case of an emergency, with the consent of the General Assembly by delivering such an amendment or supplement to the presiding officers of both houses; and such amendment or supplement shall thereby become a part of said budget bill as an addition to the items of said bill or as a modification of or a substitute for any item of said bill such amendment or supplement may affect.

The General Assembly shall not amend the budget bill so as to affect either the obligations of the State under Section 34 of Article III of the Constitution, or the provisions made by the laws of the State for the establishment and maintenance of a system of public schools, or the payment of any salaries required to be paid by the State of Maryland by the Constitution thereof; and the General Assembly may amend the bill by increasing or diminishing the items therein relating to the General Assembly; and by increasing the items therein relating to the Judiciary, but except as hereinbefore specified, may not alter the said bill except to strike out or reduce items therein, provided, however, that the salary or compensation of any public officer shall not be decreased during his term of office; and such bill when and as passed by both houses shall be a law immediately without further action by the Governor

Fourth. The Governor and such representatives of the executive departments, boards, officers and commissions of the State expending or supplying for State's money, as have been designated by the Governor for this purpose, shall have the right, and when requested by either house of the Legislature, it shall be their duty to appear and be heard with respect to any budget bill during the consideration thereof, and to answer inquiries relative thereto.

Sub-Section C: Supplementary Appropriation Bills:

Neither house shall consider other appropriations until the Budget Bill has been finally acted upon by both houses, and no such other appropriation shall be valid except in accordance with the provisions following: (1) Every such appropriation shall be embodied in a separate bill limited to some single work, object or purpose therein stated and called herein a Supplementary Appropriation Bill; (2) Each Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall provide the revenue necessary to pay the appropriation thereby made by a tax, direct or indirect, to be laid and collected as shall be directed in said Bill. (3) No Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall become a law unless it be passed in each house by a vote of a majority of the whole number of the members elected; and in the yeas and nays recorded on its final passage. (4) Each Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall be presented to the Governor of the State as provided in Section 17 of Article II of the Constitution and thereafter all the provisions of said Section shall apply.

Nothing in this amendment shall be construed as preventing the Legislature from passing at any time in accordance with the provisions of Section 28 of Article III of the Constitution and subject to the Governor's power of approval as provided in Section 17 of Article II of the Constitution an appropriation bill to provide for the payment of any obligation of the State of Maryland within the protection of Section 10 of Article I of the Constitution of the United States.

Sub-Section D: General Provisions:

First. If the Budget Bill shall not have been finally acted upon by the Legislature three days before the expiration of its regular session, the Governor may, and it shall be his duty to issue a proclamation extending the session for such further period as may, in his judgment, be necessary for the passage of such Bill; but no other matter than such Bill shall be considered during such extended session except a provision for the cost thereof.

Second. The Governor for the purpose of making up his budgets shall have the power, and it shall be his duty, to require from the proper State Officials, including herein all executive departments, all executive and administrative offices, bureaus boards, commissions and agencies expending or supervising the expenditure of, and all institutions applying for State moneys and appropriations, such itemnized estimates and other information, in such form and at such times as he shall direct. The estimates for the Legislative Department, certified by the presiding officer of each house, of the Judiciary, as provided by law, certified by the Comptroller, and for the public schools, as provided by law shall be transmitted to the Governor, in such form and at such times as he shall direct, and shall be included in the budget without revision.

The Governor may provide for public hearings on all estimates and may require the attendance at such hearings of representatives of all agencies, and of all institutions applying for State moneys. After such public hearings he may, in his discretion, revise all estimates except those for the legislative and judiciary departments and for the public schools as provided by law.

Third. The Legislature may, from time to time, enact such laws, not inconsistent with this Section, as may be necessary and proper to carry out it provisions

Fourth. In the event of any inconsistency between any of the provisions of this Section and any of the other provisions of the Constitution, the provisions of this Section shall prevail. But nothing herein shall in any manner affect the provisions of Section 34 of Article III of the Constution or of any laws heretofore or hereafter passed in pursuance thereof, or be construed as preventing the Governor from calling extraordinary sessions of the Legislature, as provided by Section 16 of Article II, or as preventing the Legislature at such extraordinary sessions from considering any emergency appropriations.

If any item of any appropriation bill passed under the provisions of this Section shall be held invalid upon any ground, such invalidity shall not affect the legality of the Bill or of any other item of such Bill or Bills.

Section 2. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said foregoing Section hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution shall at the next ensuing general election, being the Presidential and Congressional election, being the Presidential and Congressional, election, to be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday of November, nineteen hundred and sixteen, be submitted to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection in conformity with the directions contained in Article XVI of this State, and at said election the vote on said proposed amendment to the constitution shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be placed the following synopsis of said amendment under the caption of 'CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROVIDING FOR A BUDGET.'

"This amendment provides that the Governor shall present to the Legislature soon after it is convened a Budget giving a complete plan of proposed expenditures and estimated revenues for the two succeeding fiscal years showing clearly any surplus or deficit in State funds. In these estimates he shall make provision for the interest and sinking funds of all state debts, for all salaries as fixed by law, and for the public schools as fixed by law. With regard to most other matters he may revise the estimates presented to him either by State Officers or State-aided institutions. The Legislature may not increase the estimates presented by the Governor or pass any additional appropriation act except by a majority vote and must make provision by tax for such increase or additional appropriation. The Legislature may not alter in any appropriation act the provision made by law for the State debt, or for the judiciary, but may reduce all other items in the Governor's estimates; and the words 'for the Constitutional Amendment' and 'against the Constitutional Amendment' as now provided by law, and immediately after said election due returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote in accordance with Article XVI of the Constitution.

Approved March 28, 1916."

Now, therefore, I, Emerson C. Harrington, Governor of the State of Maryland, in pursuance of the direction contained in Section 1 of Article 14 of the Constitution of Maryland, do hereby order and direct a copy of this Proclamation, containing a full, true and correct copy of the text of said Chapter 159 of the Acts of Maryland of 1916, be published in at least two newspapers in each of the counties of the State and in three newspapers published in the City of Baltimore, one of which said newspapers in the City of Baltimore to be printed in the German language, once a week for three months next preceding the General Election to be held in this State on November 7th, 1916, and at which election the said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be submitted, in form and manner prescribed by the General Assembly, to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection.

GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND THE GREAT SEAL OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND.

The Great Seal of Maryland.

DONE at the City of Annapolis, this twentieth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen.

EMERSON C. HARRINGTON.
By the Governor:
THOMAS W. SIMMONS,
Secretary of State.

Order Nisi.

Gilmor S. Hamill, Assignee vs. William Frederick, Jr., and wife.
In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland, No. 2673 Equity.

It Is Ordered, this 31th day of July nineteen hundred and sixteen, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in equity, that the sale of the property mentioned in these proceedings, as made and reported by Gilmor S. Hamill, Assignee of mortgage for the purpose of foreclosure, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 31st day of August, 1916, provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Garrett county once a week for three successive weeks, before the 25th day of August, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $800.00.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

ROAD PETITION

Notice is hereby given that thirty days after the first publication hereof, application will be made to the County Commissioners of Garrett county for the appointment of viewers to lay out and locate a proposed new county road in Election District No. 10 of said county, said proposed road to begin at a point on the Ryan's Glade and Blaine road at or near Z. H. Moon's mail box, and running thence through the lands of Michael and Bell Tasker, Alexander Moon, George W. Walter and Jesse and George White to intersect the road leading from Bethlehem to Mountain Lake Park, a distance of about two miles.

E. B. TASKER,
MIKE TASKER,
ALEX. MOON,
JESSE WHITE,
GEORGE A. WHITE,
GEORGE W. WALTER,
AND OTHERS.

First publication August 3, 1916.

The Maryland State College Of Agriculture

Gives special courses in—

AGRICULTURE, ANIMAL HUSBANDRY, DAIRYING, POULTRY HUSBANDRY, FRUIT GROWING, MARKET GARDENING, FLORICULTURE, CANNING, CHEMISTRY, BIOLOGY, RURAL CIVILS, MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING.

Military Training

College Expenses $40—Living Expenses $100
4 year, 2 year, 10 week and CORRESPONDENCE COURSES.

FALL TERM Begins September 12th.

For Full Information address—
THE REGISTAR, COLLEGE PARK, MD.

Adv. 22 6t

Farm For Sale

I offer for sale my farm of 79 acres, located on the Swanton road three miles north of Swanton; Fifty acres are cleared, balance in timber; eight room Dwelling House; water piped into house from a never failing spring; barn and all other necessary outbuildings; good range for stock. Apply to or address,

JAMES STEARN,
Swanton, Md.

Advertisement. 24 4t.

BLOOMINGTON

Mr. Pat Murphy, our jovial English friend with an Irish name, has returned to town after spending the harvest season in the neighborhood of Firm Rock assisting Mr. Irving Fazenbaker to harvest a bumper crop of cereals. He is now wiping the honest sweat from his manly brow and the dust of honorable toil from his noble breast plate, due to the arduous duties connected with his position as the heavy weight clerk in the Warnick grocery.

County Commissioner, George Warnick met with a very painful accident on last Saturday afternoon. We all know that oil and water will not mix, but no one knows just exactly what a mule and hoss will do when hitched up as a double team. Mr. Warnick was delivering groceries to one of his customers near the Junction when a passing automobile frightened the mule, and he shied and caught Mr. Warnick's leg between the hub of the wagon and a nearby tree; painfully bruising the limb between the knee and ankle. He was brought home in the automobile where his injuries were dressed by a physician. He is now reported as resting as comfortably as could be expected and no serious results are expected.

Mrs. Charles Sullivan and two daughters, of Hagerstown, Md., are guests of relatives in town.

Mrs. Cummins, wife of Mr. Frank Cummins of this place, is a patient in the W. M. Hospital, Cumberland, suffering from typhoid fever.

Mr. Albert Wilson, of near Chestnut Grove, is reported as very ill with an attack of summer grip.

Mrs. Tabitha Warnick, aged 93 years, living with her son, Mr. Patrick Warnick, of Warnick Station, W. M. R. R., is reported critically ill and not expected to live.

The lamb roast and beer feast at the old Lochiel slab burner on last Sunday was a howling success in every particular. Quite a number of invited guests from Piedmont and Westernport participated in the festivities and assisted very materially in the transfer of the golden brew from one keg to another. The usual number of delegates from Bloomington were present and enjoyed themselves very much and added quite a great deal to the sociability of the occasion. The cheif was in fine fettle and soon had the lamb roasted to a most delightful and appetizing brown, when the fun and frolic commenced. Water and buttermilk, grape juice and lemonade were tabooded and nothing in the shape of a beverage but the extract of malt and hops was permissible. We have heard it said that State's Attorney Jones, of Oakland, expressed his regrets at not being able to attend the function and will extend an invitation later on to some of our boys to meet him at the county seat and talk the matter over.

Mr. Frank Cummins received a message this morning announcing the death of his baby boy at Corinth, W. Va., where it had been taken and placed in the care of relatives, when its mother was sent to the hospital at Cumberland.

Mr. and Mrs. Curtis Wilson, of Bond, were in town this week the guests of relatives.

Mrs. G. C. Pattison, of this place, has gone to Berkeley Springs to test the efficacy of the medicnal springs of that locality in the treatment of an obstinate case of rheumatism. She left last Monday morning in her son's auto and was accompanied by her sister, Mrs. Howard Carroll, of Piedmont, and her son, Mr. Carroll Pattison.

Misses Nellie and Catherine Calkins, of Elkins, daughters of the late Hiram Calkins of that city, a former resident of Bloomington, are spending a few weeks in this place, visiting their aunt Mrs. John Cleary, and other relatives at Franklin and Piedmont.

Mr. Dwight Alexander, of Marlington, en route to Toronto, Canada, spent a few days in town the first of the week, the guest of Dr. Kemp.

Mr. G. C. Macfarlane, of Barnum, was in town Monday looking after his saw mill interests, located about a mile from town, near the Green farm.

Mr. O. Tibbetts, of Keyser, was in town this week on business.

Mesdames John Rowland and F. H. Tibbetts, of Hampshire Heights, were guests of friends in town on Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. David Beevers, of Empire, spent the week end with relatives in Baltimore city.

Messrs. Harry Coffman, Grant Harshbargar and Jacob Stump, all of this place, enjoyed a most delightful trip to the base ball park at Westernport on last Sunday afternoon, in squires "Tin Lizzie."

Mrs. W. A. Mullen, of Fredericksburg, Va., Mr. and Mrs. Elbert Bonner, of Cincinnati, Ohio, who have been the guests of the Kemp family for the last few weeks, left for their respective homes this week. Mrs. Mullen will stop off in Cumberland, en route, to visit friends and relatives in that city.

Miss Mary Martin, of Frostbug, has been appointed assistant in the public school at this place. She succeeds Miss Ella Kerns, of Deer Park, who acceptably filled the position for the past six years and on account of other pursuits, was compelled to resign.

Mr. William Harvey and Miss Naomi Flick, daughter of Mr and Mrs. Leonard Flick of Barnum, were married at the U. B. parsonage by the minister in charge at Keyser on last Saturday afternoon. The bride and groom are residents of Barnum and will make their future home at that place, where Mr. Harvey is employed by the Monroe Coal Mining Co.

The stork was on a lark in this vicinity on last Friday and very generously and graciously distributed souvenirs of his visits to the homes of Mr. and Mrs. Tiberius Wilt, of Beryl; Mr. and Mrs. William Guy, Sr., of Franklin, and Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Elliott, of Bloomington—all boys, and everybody interested, smiling and happy. Having exhausted his supply of boys for the time being, he dropped in on the family of Mr. and Mrs. David Warnick, of Hampshire, on last Sunday morning, and departing left behind him a dear little girl.

The little daughter, 17 months old, of Mr. and Mrs. Atley Foley, of Beryl, died at the home of her parents on last Tuesday morning at ten o'clock. The funeral ceremonies took place at the home of the little one on Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock, Rev. Ray of the Presbyterian church, Piedmont, officiating. The remains were interred in the Bloomington grave yard.

County Commissioner Warnick, is still confined to his room on account of his injuries and we understand does not expect to be able to attend to business under three or four weeks.

SHORT RUN

We are having most pleasant autumn weather at this writing.

The Short Run school has not yet been taken up for the coming terms.

Mr. M. L. Sharpless, who has bought a farm in this community is busily engaged in excavating a cellar and hauling lumber preparatory to building a new home.

Mrs. Maude Brokemarklep, of Keyser, W. Va., who spent two weeks visiting friends here, returned to her home Sunday.

Mrs. M. L. Sharpless and little daughter, Mildred, spent several days last week visiting friends at Wilson, W. Va.

Mr. L. C. Hamill, of Kitzmiller, spent Sunday visiting at J. H. Wilson's.

J. H. Mesdames and Dan'l Wilson are visiting Mrs. G. W. Moon at Eagle Rock.

Mr. Milo Wilson spent the week-end visiting his sister at Keyser, W. Va.

James Wilson, Jr., who spent a ten days' vacation at Atlantic City, N. J., Philadelphia, Pa., and Washington, D. C., returned to his home here Saturday.

Misses Maude and Avis Sollars, of Keyser, W. Va., spent a few days here last week visiting their aunt, Mrs. D. Wilson.

Mr. Dan'l. Wilson spent Sunday visiting his brother, W. J. Wilson, at Gorman.

We are glad to have Mr. J. C. Myers, of Friendsville, in our village again.

HARVESTER.

ACCIDENT

Not having heard from our town for some time will send in a few items.

Mrs. Charles Hetrick and daughter, from Uniontown, are visiting friends and relatives of this town.

We are glad to say that Miss Dora Schlossnagle, who has been quite ill for some time, is somewhat improved.

The town was somewhat alarmed the other day on hearing of infantile paralysis being in this town, but so far there has only been one case, that being a little son of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Speicher. It is improved at this writing.

Mr. Howard Keppal, from Pittsbugh, was a pleasant caller on Miss Schrilla Ault Sunday evening.

Sen. H. J. Speicher and family took a trip to Columbus, Ohio, and have not yet returned.

Mr. Wm. Speicher and family, accompanied by Mrs. E. H. Ault, motored to Maple Grove Sunday.

Quite a number of young folks attended the dance at Jonas Kamp's Friday night.

The Accident High School has not yet been opened on account of infantile paralysis.

Quite a number of prominent young ladies of this town have gone to take up their respective schools. Among them were Prema Schlossnagle, Leota Shartzer and Lulu Hartman.

Miss Josephine Browning and two sisters are visiting Mrs. John Hoffman.

Some friends and relatives from Lonaconing were visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Englehart Sunday.

Miss Hinebaugh, of Oakland, is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. G. Robinson.

Our town is being greatly improved by the new cement walks.

Messrs. Alvin and Herman Englehart are visiting their mother.

GRANTSVILLE.

A delightful corn roast was held at the home of L. H. Diefenbauch on last Wednesday night the affair being in honor of the Adult Lutheran Bible Class. There were about forty guests present. Chicken, corn, bread and butter and cake were served.

The Reformed church at Grantsville and New Germany, and the Lutheran church at Jennings, each held very successful lawn fetes on Saturday night, the latter church held an all day picnic on Saturday.

The Misses Engle of "Englewood" entertained with a corn roast on Friday last with about fifty guests all of whom had a delightful evening.

Mrs. Sarah Frost and guests, Misses Maud Crissman and Barbara Durst of Frostburg, and Elizabeth Ayers of Tiffany, Ohio motored to Grantsville Monday and spent the day with Mrs. Marion Broadwater. Wednesday Mrs. Frost and guests and the Misses Broadwater spent the day in Oakland.

Mrs. Charles B. Getty entertained the girls "Sunshine Class" with a picnic at the dam on Tuesday afternoon. Sandwiches, cake and watermelon were served by the hostess. The out of town guests were Miss Edith Bealman, of Medina, Ohio, and Miss Josephine Betz, of Frostburg.

Miss Kate Bruck, of Cumberland, is a guest of Mrs. Marion Broadwater.

A farewell picnic was given Wednesday night in honor of Daniel Hershberger, Allen Bender and Miss Mary Stanton all of whom are going away to College next week. The picnic was held at Little Crossing, the affair being a corn roast.

Miss Irma Close, of Frostburg, has been a guest of Miss Carrie Diefenbach.

Miss Josephine Betz was a visitor of Mrs. Susan Durst.

Miss Anna Wagner, of Westernport, and Miss Thompson, of Piedmont, were guests at the Casselman Hotel.

Mrs. J. W. Delaney is a business visitor in Pittsburgh this week.

GORMANIA

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Hoffman and Miss Heinr have returned after a few weeks' stay at Atlantic City.

Miss Anna Bing, of Elkins, who has been visiting Miss Bertha Dilgard, left Tuesday to visit in Keyser.

Mr. and Mrs. Duling and children spent a few days this week at Mr. Duling's home.

Misses Bertha and Dorothy Dilgard went to Piedmont Tuesday to attend Lutheran Synod. Both of these ladies sang Tuesday night.

Mrs. William Nydecker and son, William, of Baltimore, are guests of Mrs. Howard Ridder this week.

Mrs. G. M. Williams has been confined to her bed this week.

Mrs. Houck, after spending some time with her mother, Mrs. Duckworth, has returned to her home at Braddock, Pa.

Miss Cox, of Baltimore, who has been visiting at Mrs. James Lee's, has gone to Charlestown.

Miss Katharine Wilson was with her cousin, Mrs. White, for a few days this week.

Mrs. Edwin Wilks and little son, of Chesapeake, Ohio, is visiting at the home of her brother, T. A. Winters.

Miss Viva Mover and her two brothers, Vesta and Fred, who have been on a visit to their cousin, Mrs. Schwartz, returned to Monessen, Pa., by motor.

Miss Mabis, of Iowa, is visiting Miss Heiner.

Mr. Andrew Keenan, of Keyser, visited our town Tuesday.

Mrs. J. C. Adams and Miss Helen Ridder were visitors Wednesday in Keyser.

Quite an enjoyable day was spent at Greenland Gap Saturday by Dr. and Mrs. Drinkwater, Misses Sophia and Katharine Ehg, Anna Bing, Anna, Bertha and Dorothy Dilgard, Lora Fowler, Olive Junkins and Ethel Schwartz, Rev. Brooke, Dr. Long, Messrs. Crop, Mickey and Edward.

We are very sorry to say that Mr. Wm. Schrock died Friday after a lingering illness.

Mrs. D. F. Cooper just returned from a visit to her daughter, Mrs. R. E. Deems, who resides at Mt. Lake Park.

Mr. S. L. Whitmer and a crowd of Red Oak people went out to the Dobbin plains last Thursday for huckle-berries. They got an abundance of berries and saw only one rattlesnake.

Stella Cooper, Hazel and Virgie Jack were shopping in Bayard Wednesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Arnold celebrated their 50th wedding anniversary Saturday, the 2nd.

Mrs. D. W. Wilson, Mrs. H. W. Baer and Mrs. M. P. Jack motored to Oakland Thursday on a shopping expedition.

Mrs. J. A. Kimble and daughters, of Bayard, spent Thursday with Mrs. J. A. Veach.

Rev. I. W. Abernathy is holding a series of meetings at this place.

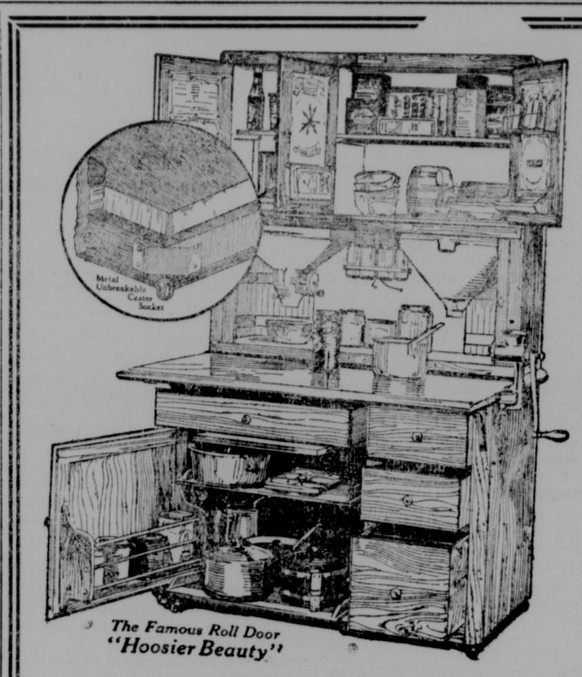
Mr. Sylvanus Cooper made a business trip to Cumberland Monday.

X. Y. Z.

Card of Thanks.

I take this method of thanking all who showed their sympathy by many kindly acts during the life and at the death and funeral of my late husband.

MRS. ABE ROSS.



WE have in stock the famous HOOSIER KITCHEN CABINET at a price within your reach:

$21.00, $27.00 and $34.00

$1.00 down; balance $1.00 per week

The safest and surest plan is to order now. You take no risk. We guarantee to refund every cent if you are not delighted with the Hoosier.

Gold Medal Winner Panama-Pacific Exposition San Francisco 1915

CALL AND SEE OUR LINE.

McIntire's Hardware Store

Oakland, Maryland.

KEYSER RIDGE

The young people of this place held a chicken roast at John Hauft's on Saturday evening. Those present were Misses Bnnie, Opal and Florence Smearman, Dora and Effie Speicher, Clara Harman, Elizabeth Hutzel and Della Shirer; Messrs. Adam Oester, Arthur and Coon Hauft, Walter Harman, Lloyd Hetrick, Bruce Fisher, Wade and Arthur Speicher.

It is rumored that Nathan Custer is going to Akron, O., in the near future.

Bungard Riley was calling on Miss Annie Speicher Saturday evening.

Mr. Peter Beachy and family attended church at Maple Grove a few nights last week.

Mr. C. J. Hanft, of Pittsburgh, is at home visiting friends.

Mr. John Fisher had business at Grantsville one day last week.

"BOBBY"

CHESTNUT GROVE

Not seeing any items from this place for some time, we will pen a few.

The harvest is over and the summer is ended and the largest hay crop in the Twentieth century has been harvested.

Mr. Howard Barnard, of this place, was visiting relatives at North Glade Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Otho Barnard left this place last Saturday for Pennsylvania where they will visit their daughter.

U. C. Barnard, of the Vindex store, was calling on his parents Rev. and Mrs. Barnard Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Davis entertained one night last week in honor of their son and Miss Margaret Athey. All enjoyed the evening immensely. Refreshments of a delicious character were served.

Mr. Stephen Titchnell, of Bloomington, was seen in our burg recently.

Our school opened last Monday with a large enrollment and with Margaret Anney principal.

A Birthday Party.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Dodge entertained a number of guests at their home near Gortner on Friday evening, Sept. 1st, in honor of their son's twenty-first birthday. The evening was very enjoyably spent in playing games of all kinds until a late hour. Refreshments were served consisting of ice cream, cake, candy and fruit. The birthday cake was beautifully decorated with fern and candles. Among those present were: Misses Reba and Jessie Shaffer, Leliee Mosser, Margaretta Roth, Nina Lathrum, Mattie Browning, Ethel Beckman and Margaret Glotfelty; Messrs. Ernest and Harvey Gortner, Jake Yutzy, Pete Brenninger, Kirk Lathrum, Adrian and Hiram Glotfelty, Revy Beckman, Harland Browning, Lee and Roy Sanders, Harry Clay and Stanley Stahl, Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Shaffer. The young folks departed as the hour of midnight approached wishing Mr. Dodge many happy returns of the day.

A GUEST.

A Money Saving Chance For You

Get rid of your old scrap iron, old rags, old gum shoes, copper and brass. We are paying best cash prices for same.

25c per hundred for iron; 50c per hundred for rags; 5c per lb. for rubber; from 5c to 10c per lb. for copper and brass.

We are located at the old Hamill house, opposite the electric light plant, Oakland, Md.

A. G. TARLO, Proprietor.

Adv. 16-5 months

READY FOR THE FAIR

Grounds and Buildings Being Repaired and Cleaned for Opening Date.

Great preparations are being made for the opening of the Fourth Annual Garrett County Fair on next Tuesday. Many entries have already been made in the live stock and other departments of the Fair and the outlook for a mammoth exhibit is much better than in former years.

Many new and novel industrial exhibits have taken space on the grounds and along Third street. This will be a feature that we have never had before and one that will interest the young and old alike.

The ladies of the Oakland Civic Club will superintend the decorating of the building and an expert will supervise the work.

Under the supervision of H. W. Kahl & Sons the building will be thoroughly braced and made perfectly safe. The grounds have been cleaned and everything has been done to make the building and grounds presentable and attractive.

The Home Monumental Works of Terra Alta, W. Va., has already had a large display stand erected on the grounds and will exhibit many attractions in their line.

A. D. Naylor & Sons will have a splendid display of their wares and McIntire, the new Oakland hardware merchant, will be among the biggest exhibitors at the Fair.

An erroneous report has been circulated that infantile paralysis has broken out in Oakland and many have made inquiries regarding this report which is unfounded in every particular. The only case under the care of the health officer is outside the town and has been under quarantine for a week or more.

Supervisors and judges have been appointed in every department and will assist in staging the exhibits in their department.

Every day will be a BIG ONE at the Fair this year and Oakland extends a hearty welcome to all to visit us and see what can be produced in this section and enjoy a pleasant vacation.

Ample hotel accomodation can be secured at reasonable rates either at Oakland or Mt. Lake Park.

A request comes from the committee of ladies having charge of the Primary Department that all teachers in the county send in exhibits for the Fair taken from work of last year, if, on account of the short time that school has been in session this year, they have no new work for exhibition.

THE JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY

Entrance Examinations State Scholarship in Engineering Courses

Entrance Examinations for the Department of Engineering, as well as for the College of Arts and Sciences, will be held in the Academic Building of the Johns Hopkins University, Homewood, Baltimore, September 18-21, 1916, beginning at 9 a. m. each day.

Application For Scholarships in The Department of Engineering, established in the Johns Hopkins University under the provisions of the Laws of Maryland, Chapter 90, 1912, may now be made. If there is more than one applicant for a particular scholarship, a competitive examination must be taken in the Academic Building, Homewood, on September 22, 1916, beginning at 9 a. m.

Each County of the State and each Legislative District of Baltimore City, with the exception of Charles, Harford, and Queen Anne's Counties will be entitled to one or more scholarships for the year 1916-17, in addition to those which have already been assigned. In the three counties mentioned above all the available scholarships have been awarded.

Under the provisions of the Act of Assembly, the County and City scholarships in the Department of Engineering are awarded only to deserving students whose financial circumstances are such that they are unable to obtain an education in Engineering unless free tuition be granted to them. The scholarships entitle the holders to free tuition, free use of text-books, and exemption from all regular fees. The expense of attendance for those who do not receive scholarships is no greater than at other Maryland institutions.

Scholarships may be awarded to graduates of Loyola College, Maryland Agricultural College, Mt. St. Mary's College; and one scholarship will be awarded "At Large."

Applicants should address the Registrar, The Johns Hopkins University, for blank forms of application and for further information as to examinations, award of scholarships, and courses of instruction.

Advertisement. 26-4t

For Sale.

Crooks Crest, comprising about twenty acres, improved by handsome house. Apply to the owner or any real estate agent. Mrs. E. Fundenberg, Oakland, Md. Adv. 12-tf

For Sale On The Monthly Payment Plan

Pay Like Rent

You can buy the 3 room cottage, equipped with city water, sewer, inside toilet and gas, on the lot fronting 50 feet on Bartlett St. by 100 ft. deep, on the monthly payment plan on the same terms and conditions as thousands o homes are being secured every year through the Building and Loan Associations.

Or the 7-room house, with cellar, gas, city water, sewer, bath etc. on the lot 100 by 100 ft. at the corner of Center and Bartlett Sts.

If not sold these houses are for rent on very reasonable terms.

For particulars see

Paul B. Naylor or write to U. G. Palmer, Verona, Pa.

VULCALENE

SELF VULCANIZING

For punctures, blow outs, cuts, tears, hot water bags, and all rubber goods

Save 200 to 500 per cent on your tire troubles

Heat or friction will not affect it

It is a pure Para Rubber compound, not a tire dough.

Anyone can apply it.

For sale by

E. S. EVANS

Terra Alta, W. Va. Oakland, Md.

THE VULCALENE CO.,

Washington, D. C.

29-4t

THE REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME 41. OAKLAND, MARYLAND THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1916. NUMBER 29

PRAISES STATE'S ROAD SYSTEM

Nationwide Experts Come to Maryland to Inspect Construction of Highways.

Maryland's roads are being accepted by nation-wide experts as models.

The last demanstration of this fact was given when Assistant Secretary of Agriculture Wilson, in charge of public road construction, and Austin Fletcher, consulting engineer of the department, and chief highways engineer for California, called up Chairman Zouck, of the State Roads Commission, over the phone from Washington and asked that they be conveyed over the states' improved highways on the Eastern Shore. Mr. Zouck arranged to give them the opportunities today to inspect what are said to be the best public roads in the country, those on the Eastern Shore where the country is level and where no grades are encountered.

Another demonstration that Maryland is on the map as a road builder is furnished by the forthcoming visit of inspection by the heads of the New Jersey Department of Roads. They will visit the Eastern Shore next week, accompanied by Assistant Engineer B. P. Harrison.

Loud in their praise of the Maryland roads are members of the Board of Trade of Atlantic City who last week journeyed over those roads.

A Lancaster (Pa.) automobilist, after a trip to Ocean City and back, made this comment in the Philadelphia Press:

What good roads have done for Maryland he who runs may read. That Maryland has the question of good roads solved is indisputable, and, while it's beautiful to indulge in the thought of "this, my own, my native land," it's a positive fact that the average citizens of this section after riding from Calvert to Lancaster on a' return trip from touring Maryland must suffer a sense of humiliation.

The inspection trip today is noteworthy because Assistant Secretary Wilson and Mr. Fletcher are in quest of data to guide them in directing the expenditure of $90,000,000, to be distributed among the several states during the next six years for public road construction.

AUTO ACCIDENT NEAR THE COVE

Five Hurled From Machine and Injured When it Ditched.

The antomobile of John Reichenbecker, of the Cove, this county, occupied by Mr. Reichenbecker, who was driving, Mrs. Reichenbecker, their two children, Darmet, a girl of two years, and an infant of six months, and D. A. Speicher, was ditched on the State road near the residence of Mr. Christopher Folk, father of Mrs. Reichenbecker, one-half mile south of Keyser's Ridge, Sunday morning. The infant sustained a fractured skull and may die, while the other child was internally injured. Mrs. Reichenbecker was also hurt, but it is thought not seriously, while Mr. Reichenbecker and Mr. Speicher escaped with a few slight bruises. Dr. J. D. Darby, of Oakland, who was on his way to a Cumberland hospital with a patient, reached the scene of the accident less than five minutes after its occurrence and gave the injured attention. They were all removed to the Folk home.

The party was on its way to the Cove Lutheran church. Mr. Reichenbcker, in trying to avoid a motor cycle being driven by his brother, Albert Reichenbecker, got too close to the edge of the road and landed in a ditch, tearing a wheel off the machine, which was whirled around and overturned against a wire fence. Mrs. Reichenbecker was thrown on top of her infant which was in her arms.

BOY OF SEVEN WAS BURNED TO DEATH

Kerosene Oil Exploded While Contents Were Being Poured Into Pumpkin.

Leon, aged seven years, son of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Smouse, residing in the Pleasant Valley country south of Oakland, was burned to death Saturday afternoon, and his mother was fearfully burned about her hands and arms while endeavoring to extinguish the flames that encircled the form of the boy.

From what can be learned the boy along with a son of Mr. and Mrs. Willey S. Friend, a near neighbor, had secured a pumpkin and after making a jack lantern carried it to the second floor of an outbuilding where they secured a candle and after lighting it one of the boys suggested that the candle did not give sufficient light and proposed that some kerosene oil be poured in. This was assented to and the Smouse lad went to the house and brought out a can containing the liquid which he poured in upon the candle. An explosion immediately followed which scattered the burning oil and all about the building and set the clothing of the Smouse boy on fire. The mother heard a commotion and the screams of the two boys ran to the outbuilding. Seeing what had occurred she frantically fought the flames and in her efforts to get the clothing from the boy her hands and arms were fearfully burned.

The body of the lad was literally burned to a crisp but he lingered in agony for an hour or two when death released him from his sufferings.

Mrs. Smouse's burns were treated by Dr. Broadwater. While she suffered extremely for a day or two after the calamity she is now slowly recovering.

The funeral of the boy victim took place Monday from the home.

Subscribe for The Republican.

ACCIDENT ON ROAD

An Automobile Collided With Buggy and Occupants Injured.

Last Wednesday evening about 11 o'clock, Mr. W. Z. Hendrickson and Miss Effie Porter were returning from Sunnyside, where they had been attending a festival, and when near the Porter home, south of Oakland, an automobile driven by a Mr. Lynch, of Ben Bush, W. Va., collided with the buggy while going at full speed.

The buggy, horse and occupants were hurled into the ditch at the side of the road, Miss Porter being thrown out backwards, and landing on the back of her head, sustaining painful injuries which confined her to her home for several days after the accident. Mr. Hendrickson was thrown directly beneath the horses hoofs, and was trampled by the animal besides having the buggy run over him, and sustained some severe bruises. He was able to be out the next day.

The horse was seriously injured by the collision and the buggy more or less damaged.

Mr. Lynch was arrested by Sheriff Ashby and brought to jail last Thursday and given a hearing before Justice West, who fined him $25.00 and costs for reckless driving.

Went Through The Roof.

David Yoder, a young farmer living near Grantsville, Md., had a heavy fall on Monday afternoon while threshing at the old Miller homestead. Mr. Yoder was working on the upper den and jumped from there out on the roof of a chicken coop which stands near the granary and is of the same height and was often used by the men for this purpose. This time, however, the roof broke beneath his weight and precipitated him through to the ground below, rendering him unconscious. Medical aid was summoned and it was found no bones were broken though the fall resulted in severe and painful bruises. The patient is now recovering.—Meyersdale Republican.

MORE ROAD IMPROVEMENT

Delegation of Grantsville Residents Here Monday To See Commissioners.

A delegation of the leading citizens of Grantsville and the immediate community thereabouts was in Oakland Monday of this week, in company with a committee of Somerset county (Pa.) residents, for the purpose of laying before the Board of County Commissioners the great needs of the northern section of this county for the repair or reconstruction of the Stone House Road from the Pike to the Pennsylvania State line, there to connect with an improved road which is now being constructed by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

The road in question, in order to reach the new road of the neighboring state, is less than three miles in length and will afford a splendid line of communication with the system of roads now being made by Pennsylvania, as well as affording those of the state to the north of us a direct line to Maryland's preeminently splendid system.

The delegation of Grantsville people who were here on Monday was composed of Messrs. J. O. Getty, Hilead Broadwater, Dr. R. C. Bowen, Noah Warnick, Gideo J. Gnagey, Truman Maust, Fearson Maust and Jonas Wampler, while the members of the delegation from Pennsylvania were Dr. Albert Lichty, Albert Reitz and Samuel Engle, all of Elk Lick.

The Commissioners, all of whom, with the exception of Mr. Warnick, who is still confined to his room on account of the injury he suffered some days ago, were present, and after hearing the statements and arguments of the gentlemen from Grantsville, appropriated a substantial sum of money for the repair of the road in question.

Subscribe for The Republican.

CHARGED WITH EMBEZZLEMENT

Cumberland Automobile Dealer Goes to Jail in Default of Bond.

C. C. Frederick, an automobile dealer of Cumberland, who has been a familiar figure in police courts recently, was taken before Magistrate Oliver H. Bruce, Jr., and given a hearing this morning on a charge of embezzlement, brought by Carl Sanders, of Romney, W. Va. After taking the testimony of a number of witnesses Frederick was held for the action of the grand jury in the sum of $300 bond, which he failed to fill. He was taken to jail.

According to the testimony offered at the hearing Frederick agreed to sell an automobile for Sanders, and as his commission on the sale Frederick agreed to take all over $200. Frederick sold the machine to A. Lazarus for $106 but, it is alleged, failed to turn the money over to Sanders. After pressing him for a settlement Frederick, it is alleged, told Sanders he had sold the machine jointly to A. Lazarus and a man named Scheunt of Cumberland, for which he was to receive $212. Frederick informed Sanders he had received $106 from Lazarus, but had been unable to secure the payment from Schlunt. Sander then made an investigation and learned, it is asserted, that Schlunt had not been in the deal and the machine had been sold to Lazarus for $106, which sum had been paid to Frederick. Sanders engaged A. A. Young and Carl G. Mullin as his attorneys and proceedings were instituted to recover the amount paid for the machine.

During the progress of the preliminary hearing Frederick was rearrested on a warrant sworn out by Attorney William C. Devecmon, charging him with operating his car without permission. Frederick will be given a hearing this afternoon on this charge.—Cumberland News.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

D. M. Dixon & Co., are receiving large shipments of

Fall Underwear, School Shoes, Cotton and Woolen, Blankets, School Supplies, Woolen Underwear, Sweaters and warm goods generally.

We are making preparation for big fall business and shoppers will make no mistake by looking our Stock over before making their purchases.

The public are invited to make our place their headquarters during Fair Week.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

C. H. BROWNING

Deer Park's Best Store

HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR

Butter, Eggs, Chicken's, Grain, Buckwheat and Potatoes.

Have a fresh line of the following merchandise to offer at the right prices, as I bought before the advance.

Dress Gingham, Apron Gingham, best grade of Outing Cloth, best grade of Percale, best grade of Shirting, best grade of Hose.

Fine line of Men's Heavy Shoes.

Can always give you a good price on Sugar and Flour.

Wanted—Two cars of Mine Ties. See me before you make.

Get right trade at Brownings.

Offutt's

Canning Requirements

Mason Glass Jars,
Pints, Quarts and Half Gallons
Quart Tin Cans,
Boyd's Jar Tops,
Sealing Wax,
Parawax,
Jar Rubbers, Red and White

Peaches

Will have regular shipments during the peach season.

Sugar at the right price.

We are in the market for 5 Foot and 5 Foot Double length and 6 Foot Mine Ties. Will pay Highest Market Price.

OFFUTTS'

THE WEEK'S BIG NEWS EVENTS

Happenings That Caused A Stir Briefly Chronicled.

SITUATION AT WASHINGTON

Executive Acts at the Capital—Victories and Defeats of the Great War—Doings in the Forty-Eight States Recorded.

War Bulletins

Casualty lists for the first two weeks of August show that the British army lost 600 officers killed, 1,102 wounded and 204 missing, a total of 2,506.

In Galicia, on the front of the Zlota Lipa and Dniester Rivers, the Russians have driven the Teutonic Allies from fortified positions and have taken 4500 prisoners, among them about 2000 Germans.

In the capture of Turtukai fortress the Germans and Bulgarians took more than 20,000 prisoners and more than 100 guns, according to Berlin. Bucharest says the fighting in this vicinity is of great violence and that the losses on both sides have been heavy.

The entire German system of second line defense between the Moquet farm and point where the French and British join, is now in the hands of British troops.

Apart from further progress claimed by the Russians in the southern Carpathians no actions on a large scale are reported regarding the eastern front.

With the capture of Homiecourt the Allies have taken 31 villages on the Somme front since the great drive began on July 1.

Washington

The Danish West Indies treaty was ratified by the Senate. Calls for sale of the islands to the United States for $25,000,000. Danish opposition is said to have been overcome.

President Wilson signed the government shipping bill.

Joseph P. Tumulty, Secretary to President Wilson, denies reports that he will resign.

The Administration emergency revenue bill, designed to raise $205,000,000 annually from taxes on inheritances and war munitions and from increases in the income tax, creating a tariff commission, establishing a protective tariff on dyestuffs, providing for the protection of American firms from "dumping" at the end of the war, and giving the President authority to take drastic retaliatory steps against allied interference with American trade, was passed by the Senate. The vote was 42 to 16.

The Senate and House celebrated Labor Day by completing the workmen's compensation bill, affecting between 400,000 and 500,000 government employes.

A nation-wide railroad strike has been averted. Messages rescinding the order that fixed the time of the tie-up for Monday morning were wired to the 640 general chairmen of the four train service brotherhoods. The House and Senate passed the eight-hour bill and President Wilson signed the measure.

General

Edward S. Wortz, United States attorney for northern Ohio at Cleveland, was selected by President Wilson for appointment as United States district judge of that district to succeed Judge John H. Clarke.

Telegraphers employed by the Northern Pacific Railroad at St. Paul were awarded increases in pay, shorter hours and improved working conditions.

The cruiser Boston of the famous White Squadron at the battle of Manila Bay, is to be taken to the Navy Yard and sold to the highest bidder for junk.

Wilmington has built and opened a city and county building costing $1,500,000.

Exports of war munitions for the first two years of the war totalled $604,614,028.

Philadelphia is starting a campaign to appropriate $10,000,000 in developing harbor facilities.

The Grand Trunk Railroad granted an increase in wages of from 5 to 8 per cent to 4,500 employes.

Posses were rushed to Apache, Ariz., forty miles east of Douglas, in search of six bandits, who held up the Rock Island limited.

Dr. Earl C. Peck, first assistant resident physician at the Municipal Hospital at Philadelphia, who had attended hundreds of children stricken with infantile paralysis, died from the disease.

Elizabeth von Schmidt Pauli, of Hamburg, Germany resident directress of the East Prussian Relief Association, arrived at New York to work for Polish relief.

Arthur A. Birney, a personal friend of President Wilson, dropped dead while playing a match game of golf on the links of the Washington Country Club.

The highest price ever paid for heavy hogs at the Bourbon stockyards in Louisville, Ky., since its organization, nearly 40 years ago, was reached when $11.15 was quoted.

Fireman Palmer of Centralia, Ill., was killed and three other trainmen were injured in a head-on collision between two Illinois Central freight trains near Effingham, Ill.

About 8,000 miners in southeastern Kansas coal fields went on strike.

The Standard Oil Co. of Indiana, reduced the price of gasoline one cent a gallon, to 16½ cents.

President Wilson nominated Charles E. Mahaffie, of Portland, Ore., to be solicitor for the Interior Department.

John Inglis estimates the production of corn at 2,550,000,000 bushels. He says that Kansas, Oklahoma and Missouri will have 300,000,000 bushels less corn than a year ago. The northern sections of the belt have held up better.

Henry Varman Freeman, for 17 years Judge of the Superior and Appellate Courts of Chicago, is dead.

The Congregational Church in Oak Park, Chicago, was struck by lightning and destroyed at a loss of $150,000.

The Crucible Steel Co. has taken an order for 35,000 9-inch howitzer shells from the British Government.

Edward Lyndon, of Marine City, Mich., one of the builders of the Baby Marold, which burned after making a new world's record in the hydroplane speed boat race on Labor Day, was drowned after a gas explosion in the wreck of the boat.

It was stated on board the German cruiser Kronprinz Wilhelm and Eitel Friedrick, now interned at the Norfolk, Va., Navy Yard, that they would be moved to Philadelphia within a month.

MEXICAN CAMPAIGN

Famine conditions on the west coast of Mexico are driving the better classes of Mexicans to the border by hundreds. Railroad statistics show that 4,000 Mexicans are leaving Sinaloa and southern Sonora for the border weekly.

Nine deaths were reported among militiamen on the Mexican border during the week ended Sept. 2.

Secretary of War Baker directed that all organizations of the National Guard ordered from the border to their State mobilization camps be mustered out of Federal service as soon as practicable.

Twelve bandits who attempted to hold up a Mexican National passenger train near San Luis Potosi, were captured by Carranza soldiers and hanged to telegraph poles.

Men who have joined the militia since it was mustered into Federal service will obtain no benefit from the $2,000,000 relief fund voted by Congress.

President Wilson, at Hodgensville, Ky., on behalf of the nation accepted the log cabin birthplace of Abraham Lincoln.

Sporting

Frank Kramer won the last national championship bicycle race of the season at the Newark, N. J., Velodrome. It is the 16th year in succession that Kramer has won the national title.

For the second time in his short career on American courts, R. Norris Williams, 2d, of Philadelphia, won the national turf singles championship at the West Side Club, Forest Hills, Long Island, when he defeated William M. Johnston, of San Francisco, the 1915 champion, in a five-set match, 4-6, 6-4, 0-6, 6-2, 6-4.

Waco won the 1916 baseball pennant in the Texas League.

"Dutch" Leonard received $100 from President Lannin of the Boston American League Club, for pitching a no-hit-no-run game against St. Louis.

Freddie Welsh retained his title of champion lightweight pugilist of the world at Colorado Springs after going the full scheduled 20 rounds with Challenger Charlie White, of Chicago. Referee Billy Roche, of New York, awarded Welsh the decision on points.

Bob Spears, of Australia, defeated Frank Kramer in two straight heats of a one mile match race at the Newark, N. J., bicycle track.

Foreign

Elbert H. Gary of the United States Steel Corporation and Mrs. Gary were the guests of the city of Tokio at a reception and dinner.

The American Commercial Commission, which is in France for the purpose of studying industrial conditions, has arrived in Paris from Bordeaux.

The British Government has decided that hereafter all mails will be carried over Canadian railways exclusively, and existing contracts with American roads will not be renewed.

The Australian Government has purchased 15 tramp steamers to be operated under the title of Commonwealth Government Line.

The United States Government plans to purchase from Jamaica 500 mules and 200 horses annually for military purposes on the Canal Zone.

The exploring ship George B. Cluett, bearing the Crocker Land expedition headed by Donald McMillan, entered Battle Harbor, Labrador.

Figures given out by the British Board of Trade for August show imports increased $33,580,000, while exports increased $76,405,000.

GERMANS WIN SILISTRIA FORT

Second Rumanian Fortress Falls to Army Operating With the Bulgars.

AUSTRIAN WING REPULSED

London.—Continuing their advance in western Dobrudja, the German and Bulgarian forces have captured the old Bulgarian fortress of Silistria, which lies about 25 miles northeast of Turtukai and 60 miles east of Bucharest, the capital of Rumania, and about an equal distance south of the Constanza-Bucharest Railway line. The capture of the fortress is announced by the Berlin War Office, which adds that the Rumanians and Russians fighting in Dobrudja apparently have suffered very considerable losses during the last few days.

In Banat, north of Orsova, however, the Rumanians are keeping up their advance against the Austrians, having compelled the Austrian right wing, after it had pushed them back two and a half miles, to withdraw to its former position under a strong counter-attack. Attempts by the Rumanians to advance against heights west of Zsik Szereda were repulsed. In southern Bukowina, near the junction of the Hungarian and Rumanian borders, the Germans are in contact with the Rumanians.

Berlin and Vienna concede a gain of ground to the Russians in the Carpathians near Zabie, to the west of Shypot. The Russians, says Berlin, are on the offensive from the Baltic to the wooded heights of the Carpathians, but everywhere except near Shypot their attacks have been repulsed.

Attempts by the Russians to break through the Austrian lines southeast of Lemberg, near Halicz, failed, according to Vienna, with heavy losses. The Vienna statement mentions the gallantry of the Turkish forces fighting with the Austrians in this region.

The repulse of German counter-attacks and continued heavy bombardments formed the chief features of the fighting on the western front in the Somme region between the French and British forces and the Germans against the British took place north of Ginchy and against the French south of Derny-en-Santerre.

A recapitulation by the British War Office of the results attained by the British on the Somme front during the past week shows an advance on a front of 6,000 yards to a depth varying from 300 to 3,000 yards.

In Albania the Italians in the Avlona sector have taken, without opposition, several Austrian points of vantage. The usual artillery activity continues in the Austro-Italian theatre.

GERMANS TAKE RUMANIAN ARMY

London.—German and Bulgarian troops have stormed the Rumanian fortress and town of Tutrakan, capturing 20,000 prisoners and much booty, Berlin announces. This important victory seriously threatens Bucharest, the Rumanian capital.

The Teutonic success seems to have been complete. Besides the prisoners taken large numbers of Rumanians were killed. Among the prisoners are two generals and 400 other officers. The booty includes 100 cannon and stores of all kinds.

This blow, struck against Rumania little more than a week after she entered the war, was marked by rapid and effective concentration of German and Bulgar troops and heavy guns.

No admission of the capture of Tutrakan has been received from the Rumanian War Office, but a Russian official statement, telegraphed here, says that the Rumanians were evacuating the place. A Rumanian statement said that the Teutons had been re-enforced, especially with big guns, but the Rumanian garrison was ceaselessly counter attacking. The fall of the town and forts has been forecast by the Germans, who announced that seven forts had been taken.

PITH OF THE WAR NEWS

The French again won at Verdun, in what is described officially as a "brilliant action," they took 100 more prisoners east of Fleury, west of the Meuse, bringing the total up to 300, and crushed a German attack west of Fort Vaux.

There is great rejoicing in Berlin over the capture of Turtukai because that fortress held the key to a swift drive on Bucharest. Major Moraht puts the Rumanian losses in the battles for this stronghold at 80,000.

German seaplanes again bombarded the Rumanian Black Sea coast.

News comes from Paris that Emperor William is viewing in person the terrible struggle on the Somme.

There are indications that the "big push" of the Allies may soon come to a halt for the winter. Members of the British staff are quoted to the effect that next spring the Allied preponderance of artillery will make the decision easier.

Large Russian forces have joined the Rumanians in the defense of their southern frontier. The Russians engaged in strong counter attacks again Dobric, which recently fell into the hands of the Bulgarians.

Alaska And The Paper Famine

By FREDERIC J. HASKIN

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 7.—The high price of paper is one of the really important questions of the moment. Paper of all sorts is scarce and apparently getting scarcer. This is especially true of the paper that newspapers and the cheaper magazines are printed on, which has soared in a manner comparable to the sensational ascensions performed by the prices of dyes and chemicals. And paper today, especially news-print paper, is no luxury. It is a necessity of our daily life.

The briefest consideration shows what a part paper plays in the modern scheme of things. You are continually buying and using paper of one sort or another, from the time you get up and read a morning paper at breakfast to the time when you lay aside your book or magazine and go to sleep at night. The amount of paper that a big city consumes in a day is enormous. Raise the price of paper fifty or a hundred per cent. and a score of industries are vitally affected.

The price of paper has risen immensely since the European war began, due partly to higher costs of certain chemicals, but chiefly to the fact that trade with Norway and Sweden is disorganized, and from these countries we have been importing great quantities of wood pulp for paper manufacture. If we have not felt the effects of the situation to any great extent so far, it is because the men who use the paper in their business and pay the bills have been holding on and hoping for a return of normal conditions.

In the meantime, we are beginning to economize on paper in every possible way. More waste paper is being saved and sold to be used over again in manufacture than ever before. Advertisers have actually been asked to hold down the size of their advertisements in order to use as little paper as possible in getting results. A Congressional investigation into the price of paper has been held. Some of the less wealthy periodicals are appearing printed on paper of new and startling hue and surface. The situation is unprecedented in the history of the paper industry.

If all this is simply a result of war conditions, the general sentiment is that we shall just have to weather the stringency as best we can and be a little more careful of our paper. But it has been suggested that the present high prices are at least in part a result of increased demand as well as of the cutting off of foreign supplies. In which case the end of the war will not settle the question.

And this view, which has led us to take stock of our national resources, has drawn attention to the immense and little-known stretches of paper material in Alaska. Newsprint and similiar papers are made from wood-pulp. It is the steady depletion of our timber lands that makes us dependent on foreign countries for any pulp stock at all. And in southern Alaska we have, on government land, as the property of the nation, one of the greatest supplies of raw material for paper making in the world.

It is only recently that any attention has been paid to these Alaskan national forests. Great stretches of them are still to be explored. But we know that they contain billions on billions of feet of virgin timber. Nature seems to have laid them out especially with a view of keeping the American public supplied with reading matter. They are distinctively what lumbermen know as a "pulp proposition." That is, they would naturally and normally be worked for paper rather than lumber. The trees are large, often running up to six feet in diameter, but the quality of the wood is not of the highest for building purposes. They are capable, however, of being worked into a paper equal to the best.

Norway has made of herself a exporter of pulp and pulp-wood. She has done this because her own natural resources are not of the most varied, and on looking them over she found that this particular industry was one for which nature had fitted her. She had great stretches of timber of the grade and species used in paper manufacture. She had large rivers plunging down the steep grades from the mountains to the coast within a few miles, and generating great power in their flow. Her deep fiords run far inland up the sunken valleys of these rivers, so that deep-sea vessels can load at the very mills. And Norway ships pulp wood not only to America, but through the Suez canal to India and China.

Now in our own southeastern Alaska territory we have these very conditions duplicated on a larger scale. There is the same juxtaposition of water power, timber, and deep fiords running far inland where steamers can load at the mill itself. The Alaskan forests are exceedingly dense and luxurant. The rainfall is very heavy—twice as great as that of the eastern United States—and the result is a prodigal luxuriance of vegetation hard to reconcile with the popular idea of Alaska. The forrests are chocked with deep underbrush, carpeted with moss, and so shadowed by the roof of spruce and hemlock foliage that the light is half twilight at noon.

Through this forest runs many streams, falling many hundreds of feet in the course of a comparatively few miles, with speed of water and resulting power. The American-Canadian boundary runs along the crest of the coast range—its location was so defined by the treaty of purchase from Russia—and from that crest to the very edge of the sea the earth is clothed with trees.

The coast line is very irregulur, fringed with islands, indented by deep narrow channels. The largest steamers can penetrate far up many of the fiords. Everywhere is the timber. There are 12,000 miles of timbered shore line on the Tongas National Forest alone.

The Forest Service has recently made the best estimates possible with available facilities of the resources of the two Alaskan National forests. The reconnoissance to date is admittedly incomplete—we do not know exactly how rich we are in timber—but on the basis of what has been done, it is estimated that the Alaskan forests would yield 700 million feet of timber annually on the basis of increase alone—that is, without decreasing the forest appreciably at first, and not at all after the first year. In other terms, it is estimated that after supplying local demands for saw timber, paper mills with a capacity of 3000 tons per day—and 3000 tons is six million pounds—could be fed from the natural yearly increase, without depleting the real supply. And that is a good deal of paper, when you come to consider it.

The natural query is, since Alaska offers such attractive fields for a paper mill, why aren't there any up there? Capital usually doesn't wait to be asked three times before seizing a chance to earn good interests or investment.

Alaska is not producing paper for several reasons. In the first place, she is pretty remote. Transportation is just beginning to be put on an efficient and reliable basis; it is only in the last few years that the extent and value of the forests has been realized. Under normal conditions, before the war, the result of foreign competition, high freights, and the prevailing price of paper was such that Alaska as a paper producer was on the wrong side of the coast line. But conditions are changing.

For the moment of course, a pulp mill in Alaska would be one of the most profitable bits of property you could choose to ask for. As one put it, it would be "as good as a license to rob banks." With a guarantee of continuance of present conditions, capital would run to Alaska to build pulp mills. What obviously deters it, is the fear that after the war prices will drop until the Alaskan investment would prove unprofitable.

But things may not be the same after the war as they were before. Even if the price goes back all the way to the old level which is by no means sure in view of increasing demand, there is the increasing efficiency of steamer service to Alaska to be considered, which promises that the peninsula can compete with western Canada and Norway under any conditions. Then too, if the Oriental market for paper develops as it is expected to develop, Alaska is the best and nearest place for the Orient to draw its pulp from. When China used one-tenth as much paper per capita as the average European country, she will be calling for 1,000,000 tons a year.

The Forest Service has begun to receive inquiries from various interested parties about the purchase of stumpage in Alaskan forests. Sooner or later Alaska will be one of the world's great sources of paper. So long as we own the Alaskan National forests, we will be able to go on printing our papers and our books, though Norway and Canada both stop shipping us wood. We have not yet stopped taking our profit on the investment of seven million dollars that Mr. Seward made fifty years ago.

The Celebrated South Bend Plow.

Buy one now and pay for it in the spring. Price is just right.

McIntire's Hardware Store, Oakland. Advertisement.

Just received at McIntire's Hardware Store, a car load of Paroid Roofing to sell at the right price.

Advertisement.

LOST—A bunch of keys between the Depot and the Ravenscroft building. Finder will be rewarded if returned to D. A. Stephens. Adv.

Subscribe for The Republican.

Estray Notice.

Notice is hereby given that there came to my place at Loch Lynn Heights on Friday last, August 25th, four head of Jersey Heifers, one a yearling and the others two year olds. Owner will please call, pay all damages and costs and take same away.

Adv. B. L. HARDESTY.

LOST—On the road between Jennings and Grantsville, Monday, a blue serge coat, with the initials "C. A. D." on the inside of the garment. Finder please notify or return to the undersigned and receive reward. George A. DeWitt, Deer Park, Md. Adv.

NOW READ THE RECORD

THE BALTIMORE SUN SAYS.

David J. Lewis is the Father of the Parcels Post.

THE CONGRESSIONAL RECORD SAYS:

He is not; but the Sun declines to give its readers the Record. Here it is.

"On June 1, 1911, Hon Jonathan Bourne, then a Senator from Oregon, introduced Senate Resolution No. 56, authorizing the Senate Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads, of which he was chairman, to conduct an inquiry into the subject of a parcel post. That resolution was adopted June 16, 1911, and a sub-committee was appointed consisting of Senators Bourne, Penrose, Briggs, Bristow, Bankhead, Swanson and Bryan. Formal hearings were held by this sub-committee from Nov. 7, 1911, to April 23, 1912. Among others who appeared at the hearings was Congressman Lewis, of Maryland, whose statement is found in Vol. 2, of the printed hearings. Mr. Lewis presented a written statement entitled:—A SYSTEM OF POSTAL EXPRESS—ARE PARCEL POST SCHEMES ADEQUATE. On page 367 of the printing hearings will be found the text of a bill by Mr. Lewis "Providing for the purchase, etc., of the express companies of the U. S." Although the House of Representatives was at the time in the control of the Democrats Mr. Lewis was unable to secure any favorable action on his Bill. On May 16, 1912, Senator Bourne introduced Senate Bill No. 6850, which Bill passed both the Senate and House, after some alteration in the details recommened by a conference committee said committee consisting of Messrs. Moon, Finely and Weeks (on the part of the House) and Senators Bourne, Penrose and Bankhead (on the part of the Senate).

* * * * * * *

On July 18, 1916, Mr. Moon, Representative from Tennessee and a Democrat said on the floor of the House:—"The Senate and House conferees directed the Senator from Oregon (Mr. Bourne) to draw a parcel post law. WE DREW THE LAW WHICH IS ON THE BOOKS TODAY. There was more work done by Mr. Bourne in the drafting of the Bill than was done by myself. I AM HERE TO ASSERT THAT JONATHAN BOURNE IS ENTITLED TO MORE CREDIT THAN ANY OTHER LIVING MAN FOR THE PARCEL POST.

* * * * * * *

On Feb. 24, 1914, on the floor of the Senate, Senator Bryan, of Florida, also a Democrat, said:—"I have seen it stated that nobody knew how the parcel post Bill originated. I wish to say that everybody who can read print ought to know that the bill was prepared by the former Senator from Oregon, Mr. Bourne." (Cong. Record, 63 Cong. p. 3840.)

* * * * * * *

On Feb. 25, 1914, on the floor of the Senate, Senator Bristow, of Kansas, a member of the sub-committee which conducted the investigation for a parcel post Bill, said: "I was somewhat amused yesterday to hear a Senator state that a member of the House—Mr. Lewis—was the father of the parcel post. As I remember, he is not a member of the Post Office Committee, and had nothing to do with preparing the House provision. I KNOW THAT HE DID NOT DRAW A LINE OF THE PARCEL POST BILL AS IT PASSED THE SENATE AND BECAME A LAW. If anybody deserves the credit for the Parcel Post system, it is ex-Senator Bourne, of Oregon.

(Cong. Record, 63d Cong., p. 3888.)

On Feb. 28, 1916, Mr. Finley, of North Carolina, a Democrat, on the floor of the House said:—"Let me say to the gentlemen from Maryland that he is not the father of the parcel post idea in this country. The grangers of this country, long before the gentleman was born, passed resolutions demanding it. THE GENTLEMAN FROM MARYLAND HAD ABOUT AS MUCH TO DO WITH THE FORMATION OF THE BILL WHICH PASSED CONGRESS AS ANY OTHER MEMBER OF THE HOUSE. Mr. Moon, of Tennessee, and Senator Bourne, Chairman of the Senate Post Office Committee largely formed the Bill."

(Cong. Record, vol. 53, p 3740.)

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Now, we are submitting the above extracts from the pages of the Congressional Record in contradiction of the claims of Mr. Lewis and his friends. The only rejoinder so far made by the Baltimore Sun (which has taken up the cudgels in his behalf) is to quote a paragraph from its own columns in which it says that it (the Sun) congratulates Mr. Lewis on having accomplished etc.; and a statement from Senator Underwood that when he (Mr. Underwood) was in the House he asked Mr. Lewis to prepare certain schedules, etc., etc. And this is all the foundation there is for Mr. Lewis' claim to be the "Father of the Parcels Post."

Estray Notice.

There came to my premises about June 26th, one two year old all red steer with very small carpenter square out of under patt of each ear. Owner will please call, prove property, pay casts and damages and take animal away.

JOHN O. THAYER, Oakland, Md.

Adv.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

I AM FOR HUGHES, SAYS GIFFORD PINCHOT

Ex-U. S. Forestry Chief and Progressive, Says President False to His Vows.

MR. B. H. SINCELL,

Editor, The Republican, Oakland, Md.

DEAR SIR: It is the duty of every American citizen to make and support openly his choice among the candidates for the Presidency. That duty is especially solemn this year because great events and great decisions are certain to confront us during the next Administration. I am writing to give you my reasons for my own choice. If you care to lay them before your readers, please do so.

I am neither a Democrat nor a Republican, but a Progressive. Yet, there being no Progressive nominee, unless I choose to support a candidate who can not be elected, I must vote for either Wilson or Hughes.

For many months after his inauguration, I thought well of President Wilson. In many respects I liked what he said about what he was going to do. He talked well and made a good impression. It was only when I began to check up what he said by what he did that I was forced to change my view.

In the end I came to see that President Wilson has a greater power than any other man in public life to say one thing but do another, and get away with it.

The facts which justify this statement are common knowledge.

We have all heard him tell Germany publicly that she would be held to strict accountability; and have learned afterward that he had actually let her know secretly at the time, by the mouth of his Secretary of State through the Austrian Ambassador, that what he said he did not mean. We have all seen him prove that he did not mean it by his total failure to exact reparation, apology, or even disavowal for the murder of Americans on the Lusitania.

I do not say that Wilson should have thrust us into war. There was no need of war. But there was need of courage to give us peace with self-respect. If Wilson had shown courage this country would not have skidded from one crisis to the next, again and again narrowly escaping disaster.

We have all heard him declare against intervention in Mexico, while actually intervening to dictate who should and who should not hold office there; and denounce war against Mexico while actually engaged in war.

With war on every side of us, we all heard him, in his second annual message, solemnly assure the country that we had not been negligent of National defense. It was not true; and later on he himself proved that it was not true by proclaiming aloud the need of what he had solemnly assured us we already had.

For more than a year after the world-war began, Wilson did not raise a finger to put us in a condition of defense. Only the proverbial good luck of America has kept us from paying the bitterest price for his unforgivable neglect.

We have all heard him ridicule the idea of a greater navy, then declare for incomparably greatest navy in the world, and then go back on that.

We have all heard him declare for exempting our coast-wise trade from tolls in the Panama Canal; and have seen him show our own people and the English that he did not mean it.

We have seen him elected on a platform which pledged him to a single term as President, and then become a candidate for another term.

We have all heard him declare for the Conservation of our natural resources; and have seen him neglect that policy, and refuse his help to defeat the Shields waterpower bill, the most dangerous attack on Conservation since Ballinger's effort to turn Alaska over to the Guggenheims.

We have all heard him declare for efficiency in Government, and have seen him set the pork-barrel first and throw efficiency away. I have known official Washington from the inside for six Administrations. In that time the Government has never been so badly done and so extravagently as it is now done under Wilson.

We have all heard him announce himself as the champion of Civil service reform; and have seen him turn the Government Departments over to the spoilmen as no other President has done in twenty years.

We have all heard him declare for pitiless publicity; and have seen him conduct the most secret administration of our time.

We have all heard him announce himself as President of all the people, and have seen him, as the most partisan President of his generation, flout and oppose the Progressives, whom now, because he needs them, he seeks to conciliate and enlist.

Worst of all is this: When every principle of freedom and equality for which our fathers fought was at stake in the great war, when our whole country eagerly awaited the leadership of our President, Wilson dodged. He refused to take sides on the great moral issue of our time. He advised our people to be "neutral even in thought," undecided between right and wrong. While our friends abroad were fighting for the principles we held equally with them, he taught us that profits and ease were better than self-respect. President Wilson has done our Nation the most serious injury that any leader can do to any people by making us flinch with him from a great moral decision. Thereby he weakened our hold as a nation on the principles which alone can make any people self-respecting, safe and strong.

Having led us wrong on the ground that we must be neutral in the face of the deliberate breaking of the world's peace, he has just reversed himself again, and in his speech at Shadow Lawn now assures us that "No nation can any longer remain neutral as against any wilful disturbance of the peace of the world."

It is bad enough that Wilson's foreign policy has left us without a friend among the great nations of the world, and without the respect of any one of them. What is worse is that he has kept us from standing up for what we know to be right.

The ignoble standard of profit over principle which Mr. Wilson forced upon the country in our foreign relations, he has applied to himself as President. In what he has said, done, and left undone, the record shows him steadily dominated by political expediency.

These facts, and many others like them, have forced me to see that what Mr. Wilson says is no sign of what he has done, or of what he will do. The one thing his record shows is that what he stands for now he is not likely to stand for long. I do not care what his platform or his campaign declaration may be, because the common experience of us all has taught us that to him they are simply "molasses to catch flies."

Hughes, on the other hand, is a man of his word. His record as Governor of New York proves that. It shows him to be honest, fearless, and free from the domination of special interest and corrupt politicians. So far as the Conservation policies are concerned, both what he said and what he did could hardly have been better. I am confident that under him these policies will be safe. He is a strong man who will dodge no moral issues, and he will give us an honest and an efficient administration.

As a Progressive I believe in Nationalism. So does Hughes. I am certain that under Hughes the progressive policies will fare better than under Wilson, and that the safety, honor, and welfare of the country will be in immeasurably surer hands.

I can not vote for Wilson because I can not trust him. He does not do what he says. Hughes does. Therefore my choice is Hughes, and I shall work and vote for him.

Very truly yours,
GIFFORD PINCHOT.

Will The People Be Misled?

To the Editor of The Republican.

The American people seem to be easily excited on the approach of questions that concern the voters, but usually by election time are ready and exercise sober judgement at the ballot box, but in a few instances probably have not as in the case of James G. Blaine who was in his day the greatest American citizen as well as statesman, and in this campaign the Republican's have the same type of man as this candidate again.

Will the Republicans and Progressives throw their united strength to Mr. Hughes or will a large enough per cent bolt to re-elect Mr. Wilson. The claims made by Democrats to entitle them to re-election when considered intelligently are not well founded.

First, keeping the nation out of war. They have no assurance that any other man would have even so nearly plunged us into war, as Mr. Wilson has in Mexican blunders. He was loud in his cries against anything that would indicate war and began by saying we are too proud to fight. Then the next thing we hear he is out (having taken Mr. Roosevelt's views on preparedness) urging this upon Congress, and then see Davy Lewis, who fought all that appeared like preparedness having voted against any preparedness even to no ships at all. He silenced public ownership of telephone, telegraphs, railroads and all else to dance to Mr. Wilson's music, and through Congress was passed the most extravagant measure known in all history in times of peace. Is not this a grievous blunder when there are no evidences of war and no one now thinks there will be war with any nation for many years and all this as improvements will become junk. Why not go in a moderate way. At this time we are furnishing a large portion of the munitions to destroy Germany. We may have a legal right to do this, but no moral grounds can ever be discovered, but without this blood dripping business a political party would have our nation today in the throes of idleness and poverty. Was the nation not pondering on this at the beginning of the war?

Take our export business and subtract it from domestic business and see what we have lost and that will show any thinking man how he should vote.

The management of the Panama Canal and San Domingo and the ship purchase bill are specimens of Democratic rule. Why not have given the building of these vessels to our own ship builders, and thus build up our own country?

Then the Underwood tariff bill. Did it not smash the treasury, and not one cent less in the cost of living.

Mr. Democrat says we have war prices, true but are we not having war business generally and the point to be determined is, would we not without the war be issuing bonds as in the Grover Cleveland administration with the Wilson bill that was fought by such statesmen as Gorman, of the Democrats, who claimed such times would be the outcome. Re-elect Mr. Wilson and the war closes in two years the nation will be again just where it was at the beginning of 1915 when every where the mutterings were heard, "I am done with the party; it cannot run this government!" Mr. Kitshen, the Democratic leader in the House, said it was a bitter pill for him to swallow—the tariff on dye stuffs—but allow me to say if the Democrats ever run this nation properly they must take a Republican purgative. It will do the work and I am mighty glad the leader uses good judgment in taking the dose.

The old farmer after the doctor gave him a box of pills and he had taken two met the doctor and said, "How are you, Mr. Jones?" "I am 95 per cent more capable of doing my work than I was."

Mr. Underwood since taking the tariff pill has increased his capability 47½ If he takes a few more he will be a real statesman.

Yes, Mr. Wilson threw away the tariff commission preparation by Mr. Taft, but has gone into the apothecary shop and brought out the old pill box. It seems the only good thing of administration one of Republican origin.

Mr. Wilson got in a few new things, among them the stamp tax in time of peace. It seems Mr. Taft paved the way for income tax, but this administration now doubles the amount to be collected and along comes the inheritance tax. The party has to pursue citizens to their grave to find sufficient revenues, to keep the government going. Well one man can run a great business and another come along to go into bankruptcy. Mr. Taft left millions in the treasury, now bonds are piling up one hundred and thirty millions at a clip.

Another specimen, the eight hour day with so many flaws in it that any sane man doubts its constitutionability. It would have been just as easy to pass a straight bill to make the eight hour day a law for the nation in all business and then all would be treated alike and no question about constitutionality.

X. X. X.

GRANTSVILLE.

Ellen, wife of Vincent Fazenbaker of near Bittinger died at her home there on September 1 of Bright's disease. She was 21 years old. Her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Legeer, together with her husband survive. Interment in Bittinger cemetery.

A party of Frostburg ladies spent Sunday at the Casselman river taking dinner at the Casselman Hotel. There were about two dozen.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Williams and daughter, Gertrude, stopped in Grantsville Monday after a trip to Accident and Friendsville.

Mr. and Mrs. Gus Zeller and little son, Darrell, were Grantsville visitors Sunday and Monday of various relatives.

Little Miss Alice Virginia Hetzell, of Cumberland, was given a party at the National Hotel last week, a crowd of little folks, chaperoned by Miss Anna Naughton drove up from Cumberland to help celebrate. Miss Hetzell and her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Hetzel, returned to Cumberland this week.

Allan Bender is attending Tri-State College at Cumberland.

School opened Monday morning with an enrollment of about seventy five pupils. The compulsory school law is in effect in this county.

The Messrs. Warnick, of Cumberland, and Messrs. Seigler, of Piedmont, who have been camping at the Casselman river for a fortnight, gave a dance to the young people of the village at the pavilion on Monday night.

A picnic was held at Avilton on Labor Day which was well attended.

CHESTNUT GROVE

Mr. Albert Wilson was taken to the Western Maryland Hospital at Cumberland last Thursday suffering with typhoid fever.

Rev. Good, of Swanton, preached an interesting sermon in our town last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. David Beaver, of Bloomington were visiting their mother, Mrs. Henry Barnard, Recently.

Mr. Howard Barnard, made a trip to the county capital Monday.

Rev. Barnard, of Garrett Charge, attended his usual appointment last Sunday at Mt. Zion and Shaw.

The farmers of this place are all contemplating a day or two at the county fair. They will also exhibit corn, oats and potatoes.

Mr. Mesach Paugh, of Walnut Bottom was here recently.

Born unto Mr. and Mrs. Albert Wilson, on Saturday, a girl.

Editorial Comment.

Bryan butts, Wilson tuts.

Watchful waiting maketh woeful wanting.

Candidate Hughes doesn't talk like a tut-tutter.

Hughes is hammering and the Democrats are yammering.

The Wilson Administration stands for taxes, and more taxes.

The Hughes trail will be cold by the time the Democrats strike it.

As a party leader, would it be fair to refer to J. Ham Lewis as J. "Pork" Lewis?

Can the folks on the Democratic band wagon continue to play by the president's notes?

Bryan says Mr. Hughes' talks aren't judicial. No. The people can understand 'em perfectly.

Hughes says the country can't be saved by letting it drift. That's where he and W. Wilson differ.

Washington reports that a new apology has been sent to First Chief Carranza. Looks like a habit.

Mr. Bryan is mistaken when he says Hughes is "vitriolic." The candidate is merely applying the acid test.

Political opponents are beginning to find that why Mr. Hughes kept silence so long wasn't because he had lost his tongue.

Another encouraging feature about our new navy is that when it is completed Mr. Daniels will not be secretary of it.

Having discovered that the Democrats don't like what he is saying, Mr. Hughes doubtless is convinced that he is on the right track.

A bond issue by the Wilson administration is merely Uncle Sam's note, and the best thing Woodrow Wilson does is to write notes.

Mr. McCormick follows the same method in claiming credit for legislation as he does in his predictions. He includes several acts of the Taft administration.

The Democratic press is convinced that it is the duty of Mr. Hughes to say something that will hurt his chance of being elected.

President Wilson in his acceptance speech may reply to Mr. Hughes' charges, but he will not answer them. That is an entirely different matter.

A messenger of President Wilson found out that Colorado women were for the administration. No messenger, of course, can be blamed for making good.

It is reported from Washington that the administration will ignore most of Mr. Hughes' charges. That is very much the easiest way for it to answer them.

President Wilson will not make any speaking dates, we are told, but only separate engagements for addresses, considering a "speaking tour" undignified. "Too proud to fight."

Tammany Leader Charles F. Murphy announces that he will retire after the campaign. It is believed that many other more or less distinguished Democrats will follow his example.

Governor Hughes announces in one of his speeches that he is a constructionist. But we are willing to admit that so far as Democratic policies are concerned he is a destructionist.

President Wilson will be notified of the Democratic nomination at Shadow Lawn. This seems a most appropriate place for letting him know that he will shortly have to give up his place in the sun.

Grover Cleveland was the last Democratic president. He was also the last president to issue bonds to secure money to defray the running expenses of the government. But Wilson will tie him in this.

"Eminent judges," says Colonel Henry Watterson, "have ever proved disappointing candidates." He is right. Alton B. Parker was a big disappointment to the Democrats. And so is Charles Evans Hughes.—Toledo Blade.

What Josepfilleous Daniels, the well known nautical militarist, can't understand is why men should waste time Plattsburging at sea when they might just as well learn how to become sailors in three lessons in any good, reliable correspondence school.

President Wilson appears to have been keenly alive to the expediency of accepting several invitations to make speeches in the West. Nobody knows any better than he that it will take considerable shoveling to fill up the holes that have been dug in that locality by Justice Hughes.

It was John P. St. John of Kansas, one time Prohibitionist candidate for president of the United States, who said that Americans vote as they cheer. If so, there is mighty little consolation for the Democratic party in this campaign, for the Democratic administration in three years has given us nothing to cheer over. On the contrary, as Mr. Hughes has said, these last three years have been years of humiliation and embarrassment.

BITTINGER.

Corn cutting and the work of filling silos is now occupying the attention of the farmer.

Silas C. Beachy passed through this village last Monday morning with a drove of cattle for market.

John H. Stark made a business visit of a few days to Piedmont and other points in West Virginia, recently.

The principalship of our school is now in the care of Prof. DeWitt of the Accident school, who will have charge until the arrival of the regular teacher.

Dr. J. A. Carney, of Grantsville, was called to this village Sunday afternoon to attend Jonas Bittinger, who is ill.

Prof. F. E. Rathbun and B. H. Wiley, of Oakland, were in this section last week looking after school interests.

Miss Laura Fazenbaker, of Clarksburg, W. Va., is home for a few weeks vacation and visit to her mother.

Some of our young folks attended the re-union at Mr. Glotfelty's near McHenry, last Sunday.

HOGWALLOW NEWS.

DUNK BOTTS, Correspondent.

One of the hardest windstorms of the season passed over this section Tuesday night. Tobe Moseley's patch of broom corn was blown away and swept everything as it went.

Miss Fruzie Allsop, who keeps up with all the latest movements of Dame Fashion, was out riding on her tall yellow horse Sunday afternoon. She has heard that tight lacing will be in style his fall, and has already begun to tighten up the saddle girth.

It is believed that a robbery was committed at the postoffice night before last, but as nothing is missing and the doors and windows were not bothered and no tracks of any kind were seen around the building, it can be possible that nothing of the kind occurred.

The Dog Hill Preacher declares that there would not be near so much poverty in this country if barbed wire entanglements were placed in the bottoms of all chairs that set around in shady places during the summer.

Dock Hocks is now sporting a new shaving mug. It is adjustable, and when company comes can be used to drink buttermilk out of.

The Mail Carrier has put a large cow bell on the mule he drives, and now the inquisitive public cannot hear his buggy wheels screak.

Ammunition is getting so high Raz Barlow has announced that he will not shoot anybody unless he is absolutely compelled to.

Frisby Honcock is back home from a sojourn at Thunderation. He says he had a pleasant time considering the fact that he visited his wife's kinfolks.

Luke Mathewsla is moving his house over about two feet, as his roof has been leaking on his cook stove.

The Wild Onion school teacher will deliver a very learned lecture at the school building some Friday night as soon as he can find something his audience does not know anything about.

Foot washing services will be held at Gander Creek next Fourth Sunday. The public is cordially invited, especially those who are delinquent in their observation of this part of the national laws.

Since everything else has gone so high, Poke Eazley went down to see if there had been any change in the creek.

The Hog Ford Preacher got off a great many truthful things last Sunday. We are glad to see him improving so.

Subscribe for The Republican.

GORTNER

Sunday Daniel Petersheim and Miss Katie Swartzentruber were joined in the bonds of holy matrimony in the Sed Kelly house, on the Swan Meadow farm. After the ceremony an elaborate dinner was served at the bride's home. Their many friends join in wishing them much joy.

Mr. and Mrs. Streib, of Baltimore, dined at Joel Slabaugh's Wednesday.

Our school opened Monday a week ago with Miss Emma McKenzie as teacher. We hope this will be a successful winter for both teacher and pupils.

H. E. Yoder lost a very valuable colt last week.

Miss Effie Wamsley, who is attending high school in Oakland, spent Sunday here with her parents.

Rev. and Mrs. Hauser who spent their vacation at this place, returned to their home in Altona, Pa.

Rex Franklin, of Westernport, Md., is visiting his uncle, C. C. Wamsley.

Mrs. Geo. Lee, who had the misfortune to fall off the porch several weeks ago, is on the mend.

There were a few mild cases of diphtheria in our community all of whom have recovered.

Noah and Milton Swartzentruber, of Greenwood, Del., arrived Friday to attend the Petersheim—Swartzentruber wedding. They will remain a few weeks and operate the cider mill.

Dan Schrock, one of our leading farmers, has purchased a large tractor.

Those from this place who attended the corn roast at Brenninger's were Misses Ruth Irwin and Jessie Shaffer, Messrs. Ernest and Harvey Gortner, Roy Lichty and Roy Sanders. They report a fine time.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Slabaugh and daughters, Thelma and Rosamond, of St. Louis, Mo., are visiting Mr. Slabaugh's mother, Mrs. Catherine Slabaugh.

Noah Lichty is putting up a silo.

A cloud of sadness over-shadowed this community occasioned by the sad death of Leon, the bright little son of Mr. and Mrs. Bert Smouse, who was burned to death by the explosion of a can of kerosene oil, while at play. Our sympathy goes out to the bereaved family.

Money to Loan on real estate. Renninger & Offutt, Attorneys, Garrett National Bank building, Oakland, Md. Adv. tf

For Sale—A full blood Poland China male hog. Apply to or address E. J. Petersheim, R. D. 2, Oakland, Md. Advertisement. 25-5 times

WANTED—Carpenters at Ida May Mine near Farmington, W. Va. Good Wages. Apply on job to Supt. John M. Kisner & Bro. Lumber Company. Advertisement. 28-5t

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THE REPUBLICAN

BENJ. H. SINCELL, EDITOR.

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THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1916

REPUBLICAN TICKET

For President:
CHARLES E. HUGHES
For Vice President:
CHARLES W. FAIRBANKS
For United States Senator:
JOSEPH IRWIN FRANCE
of Cecil County.
For Congressman:
FREDERICK N. ZIHLMAN
of Allegany County

By the terms of the Adamson Bill the United States government assumes control over railroad wages as well as over railroad rates.

Neither the unions nor the railroads seem to realize as yet that as a result of their eight-hour controversy government regulation of interstate common carriers has entered into a new phase.

Both the union leaders and the railroad presidents assume that the Adamson Bill arbitrarily establishes an eight-hour day for train crews. It does not. It establishes an experimental eight-hour day to enable Congress to obtain information upon which to take definite action.

By the terms of the act an eight-hour day is to go into effect January 1. The President is to appoint a commission to study the practical workings of this eight-hour day. The activities of the commission are to cover a period of not less than six months or more than nine months. The eight-hour day is extended for 30 days after the report of the commission, the whole question having again become subject to the will and authority of Congress.

Out of this must necessarily come a new railroad code under which railroad labor no less than railroad capital will be subject to the control of the United States government.—New York World.

MAINE SPEAKS

To Mr. Vance McCormick, Chairman of the Democrat National Committee, and to other willful optimists of the same persuasion, who see in the Maine results the indications of a sweeping Democratic victory in November, we commend perusal of the following little review of Gubernatorial majorities there in recent years:

1906	7,838 Rep.
1908	7,653 Rep.
1910	8,753 Dem.
1212	3,226 Rep.
1916	13,000 Rep.

In 1908, when Maine went Republican by 7653 in the Gubernatorial election, she gave Taft 30,584 in November. In 1912, when a Republican Progressive truce yielded the party a plurality of 3295 in September, the combined vote in November out-totaled Wilson's by 23,925. What does a September majority of 13,000 forecast for November 7? By the rule of proportions, about 60,000.

Seriously, however, both the Democrats and Republicans succeeded in injecting national issues into this campaign to a far greater extent than is usual. Strict alignment on national issues in the Main State elections is impossible; for prohibition is ever an acute State issue there and on it the electorate is nearly equally divided. But, while we may count on a largely increased Republican majority in November, the great questions raised by Mr. Wilson's Administration of the nation's affairs were in the minds of voters yesterday. The defeat of Congressman McGillicuddy by upward of 400 contrasts rather sharply with his election in 1912 by nearly 1300 over a candidate who had the combined Republican-Progressive vote. But Senator Johnson was the candidate on whom the Administration pinned its hopes. Its speakers fought hard for him. They themselves made his re-election or defeat the test of indorsement or repudiation of the Wilson policies. He was badly beaten.

It is only fair to say that the results fail to disclose which of the many Wilson policies contributed most to bring about the general adverse decision. The Republican campaign was long in a lethargic condition; the Democratic campaign lively and aggresive. The Republicans woke up with Mr. Roosevelt's famous speech at Lewiston. Mr. Hughe's, in the last three days, put still more life into them. The two, between them, brought home to the Maine voters issues as different as black and white, but all of fundamental importance. Whether the one that appealed most was the need of denouncing a bungling repudiation by the Government of its obligation to protect its national's lives and property abroad, or the safeguarding of American industries against cheap foreign competition, or the need of showing Mr. Wilson that the nation will not tolerate the debasement of its executive and legislative before any man or set of men under threat of force—which of these played the greater role in the result, none can say. Any one of them should suffice. And in the end it suffices that Maine, responding to one or all, has shown that good red blood is still flowing through the country's pulse.

BULL MOOSE GOATS.

When Wilson summoned his campaign managers to luncheon at the White House he carefully separated the sheep from the goats. That is, he entertained the faithful Democrats on one day and the co-operating Proressives on another. This is typical of the manner in which Democracy is dealing with the Bull Moose as distinguished from the manner in which the Republicans act toward them. The Progressives who are assisting in the management of the Hughes canvass are full-fledged members of the committee. Their presence and their activities there are proof of a complete and genuine amalgamation between the two elements who warred against each other—and against the interests of the nation—in 1912. The Democrats, on the other hand, do not admit the Progressives to fellowship. Their attitude is that the Bull Moose may help Wilson in his campaign for reelection, but they must not be permitted to know too much about the fight nor are they to be allowed to count themselves members of the family. Their assistance is accepted, but it is none too welcome. They can help if they want to, but they must not expect to eat with the family.

STATE FORESTER IN THIS COUNTY

Forestry Matters of Local and General Importance to Be Gone Over.

The Western Maryland counties are receiving a visit from the State Forester, F. W. Besley. Mr. Besley is making a tour of the state for the purpose of extending the valuable work being done by the Maryland State Board of Forestry, and of stimulating a practical interest in it on the part of the local residents and owners of woodland.

At each point touched by the State Forester a careful study is being made of such special timber problems as may confront the farmers and other landowners with stands of valuable timber which through a little practical care of the right sort might readily become so. The Board of Forestry has a well defined plan for woodlot improvement and the marketing of forest products, and it is the purpose of Mr. Besley to explain the operation of this plan to all who may have an interest in it through owning forest lands not in their highest state of productivity. Such lands may be inspected at this time free of charge, and at any time at no cost but the traveling expenses of the State Forester from his office and return. Actual improvement work—and this includes the marking for removal of the trees which should come out, their estimate, and a list of timber buyers—is done at a very low per diem charge representing perhaps a cost of 30 cents or less per acre. Such work should be taken up during the Forester's stay or by communicating with his office at Johns Hopkins University, North Howard street, Baltimore.

In addition to this special field of work, Mr. Besley is also taking a complete census of sawmill operations and all wood-using industries; securing the names of woodland owners and examining their properties where it is so desired; calling upon the State's Forest Wardens, and visiting ones whom it has been suggested be given this office; taking up the question of better fire protection with county officials and private individuals; securing local timber, wood and lumber prices, logging and milling costs; making a study of local shade tree conditions and problems in towns and cities; visiting planting projects; calling upon granges, societies, and civic clubs who may be expected to take a helpful interest in the forest problems of the state. In other words, Mr. Besley is making a careful study of all such questions with the idea of furthering the work of the board throughout the state.

Forty Years Ago.

In its notes of "Forty Years Ago" the Cumberland News of Saturday contained the following relative to Garrett County Happenings:

A team of mules driven by Israel Thompson, an aged and well-known resident of Garrett county, ran away, seriously injuring a three-year-old grandchild of Mr. Thompson, killing the driver instantly.

FOURTH ANNUAL FAIR OPENS HERE

Greatest Crowds in City's History Are Expected at the Big Show.

The fourth annual fair of the Agricultural Association of Garrett county opened here Tuesday and will close Friday evening. The fair has grown each year and has reached such proportions that its promoters and the public generally look upon it as a permanent institution with the prospects eventually of taking its place among the leading fairs of the state. The growing importance of Garrett as an agricultural and stock raising county assures the fair's future, it is generally believed.

The opening day, was designated "Get Acquainted Day." It opened with a concert by the Boys' Band of Cumberland which has been engaged for the entire fair.

The display of live stock, poultry, grain, fruits and vegetables is noteworthy. Many local business men have offered special prizes for live stock, grain and fruits. State Senator Harvey J. Speicher and former State Senator W. McCulloh Brown are among the exhibitors. Professor Grimes of the agricultural department of the West Virginia Preparatory school at Keyser, has charge of the agricultural department of the fair.

Thursday will be Farmers' Day There will be a parade of farmer's floats and live stock. The closing day will be featured by a school rally with athletics. There will be a parade of children in unique uniforms. The school rally is under the direction of Professor William Burdick of the Public Athletic League of Maryland.

Oakland is in holiday dress in honor of the fair and has the greatest influx of visitors in the history of the city. Maryland's fine roads means many visitors from West Virginia and Pennsylvania. The decoration of the main building was arranged by the ladies of Oakland Civic Club. Many new and novel industrial exhibits have taken space on the grounds and along Third street. This is a new feature. Among the free attractions is Smithson in leaping a gap down an incline on his bicycle and the features connected with the Nigro shows. Liberal premiums have been offered by the management in all departments. A chicken and pet stock department and "Old Curiosity Shop" are additional features this year.

H. Dorsey Etchison, Democrat, and Frederick N. Zihlman, Republican, candidates for Congress, will be visitors to the fair.

The officers of the association are: President J. A. Kelly, Oakland; Secretary and Treasurer, James D. Hamill, Oakland, who with John Stevenson, Mountain Lake Park, George D. Browning, Friendsville and Wade H. Hinebaugh, Oakland, form the board of directors.

SHORT RUN

Miss Esta Wilson and brother, James, entertained a number of their friends to a chicken roast in the grove near their home on last Saturday evening. The grove was beautifully decorated and lighted up and as the evening was slightly chilly, one of the most pleasant features proved to be a large bonfire, which every one enjoyed thoroughly. The girls especially enjoyed seeing the "sparks" fly. The young folks indulged in playing numerous out-door games and at a late hour delicious refreshments were served, which consisted of chicken and rolls, ice cream, cake and lemonade. The guests were: Misses Esther Price, Myrtle and Velma Arnold and Messrs. Albert Enlow, Luther Kepler and Leroy Price, of Kitzmiller. Misses Cinda and Ruth Wilson, Nelle and Belle Harvey and Virgie Moore and Messrs Milo and George Wilson, Robert and Dan Harvey, Thomas and Reese Moore, J. C. Meyers and James Hoopengarner. Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Sharpless chaperoned the party.

During the severe electric storm which passed over this section last Friday afternoon the beautiful home of Mr. Scott Harvey was struck by lightning, and slightly damaged. The structure was insured.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Wilson spent the week-end visiting friends near Thayerville.

Mrs. S. E. Harvey is visiting her sister Mrs. Huldah Lauer near Mt. Lake Park. Mrs. Harvey will attend the fair at Oakland before returning home.

Mr. John Harvey, of Corinth, W. Va., spent Sunday at this place, the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Harvey.

Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Harvey and family, of Paradise, spent Sunday here visiting Mrs. C. B. Harvey.

Mr. H. L. Warnick was visiting his aunt at Warnicks Station, on Saturday and Sunday.

HARVESTER.

Subscribe for The Republican.

THE DEATH RECORD.

MRS. BRIDGET ANN RICE.

Mrs. Bridget Ann Rice died at her home here at 9 o'clock last Tuesday morning, after an illness of some weeks from heart trouble.

The deceased lady was born in the Parish of Knock, County Mayo, Ireland, in 1836, being aged 80 years at the time of her death. She came to America while still quite a young girl.

On Nov. 18, 1865, she was united in marriage to the late Mr. John Rice, at St. Peter and Paul's church, Cumberland, by Rev. Father Joseph Wurst. This union was blessed by the birth of seven children, four sons and three daughters, five of whom survive as follows: Michael, William E. and Lawrence, of Oakland; Mrs. Mary Cromwell, and Mrs. Ellen Patterson, both of Baltimore. One son, John, Jr., and one daughter, Mrs. Anne Bergner are deceased.

Mrs. Rice came to Oakland in the year 1865 with her husband and resided here up to the time of her death, making many friends who deeply sympathise with the surviving sons and daughters in their loss.

The funeral will take place this morning from St. Peter's Catholic church at 9 o'clock.

JOHN EMORY FISHER.

John Emory Fisher was born in Cove, Garrett county, Maryland, July 5, 1848, and died at his home August 28, 1916, aged 68 years, 1 month and 23 days. The deceased had only been confined to his bed one week prior to his death, although his health had been failing for the past six months. He apparently seemed to suffer no pain, and when asked always said nothing hurt him, he was willing to die and quietly and peacefully waited for the time to come. He was married to Elizabeth Ringer in the year 1870. To this union six children were born—four sons and two daughters, all of whom are living: Ella, wife of Perry Frazee; Maggie, wife of the late Jesse McClintock; Milton, Norman, Albert and John. His funeral took place in the Cove Lutheran church of which he was a life-long member, with interment in the Cove cemetery, beside his wife who had preceded him to the spirit world four years.

BUCKNER FAIRFAX MASON.

Buckner Fairfax Mason was born in the year 1849 and had passed the 67th mile stone of life when death called him. Mr. Mason was born in Garrett county and spent practically all his life within its limits.

He grew to manhood without the tender care of a mother, she having gone to the spirit world when he was but six years old, and this being at a time when educational advantages were much limited and not so highly prized by many, his school days were few in number, and as his vocation in life he chose farming and lumbering.

As a farmer Mr. Mason did his full share in clearing away the forests and turning them into productive fields. In the pursuits of the lumber business he worked hard and seemingly considered no labor, travel or exposure too much for him to endure and possibly in this way hurried on his last illness.

When a young man he enjoyed hunting, as in these days deer, bear and other game still traversed the county, and in his last years he enjoyed telling of his hunting trips and the game he brought in, he having killed three black bears and many deer.

His health was failing for a number of years and he suffered greatly at times. Tho enduring it without a murmer. Until five weeks prior to his death he was taken beadfast with brights disease, the best medical aid that could be secured was provided but he did not improve. The physician suggested that possibly he could help him if he could see him quite frequent and it was decided to take him to the Home Sanitorium at Oakland, where all that the specialists knew to do was done to save his life, but all would not avail, his work here was finished and on August the 19th at 12 o'clock p. m. death fastened his icy hands and his spirit went to be with Jesus.

The funeral services were conducted at North Glade by the pastor, Rev. McCamic, the interment being in the Fitzwater cemetery.

He leaves to mourn his loss a widow, three sons, John W. Alfred B. and Columbus C., three daughters, Alice V. Bell, Effie A. Baker and Lillie Mason, a number of other relatives and a host of friends.

He was a member of the M. E. church and before he died testified that he was at peace with his God and prepared to go. HIS DAUGHTER.

Killed By Accidental Discharge of Shotgun.

Charles Teets, aged 17, of the Mountain Dale neighborhood of Preston county, W. Va., near the Maryland ine, was instantly killed yesterday as the result of the accidental discharge of his gun. He was on the road to a neighbors house, carrying the gun, and when found a few minutes after the report of the gun, was lying beside a log against which the gun rested. It is supposed that the young man was searching for a shovel he had previously secreted under the log while at work on the road.

The Celebrated
TENNESSEE GROUND PHOSPHATE
In stock and on sale at the Helbig Mill Stable, Oakland.
D. J. SWARTZENTRUBER.

TRUSTEE'S SALE

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate

In Friendsville, Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Garrett county sitting in Equity, bearing date the 28th day of August, 1916, and passed in a cause in said Court depending wherein Richard Friend is plaintiff and Clara B. Delfie, et al., are defendants, the same being No. 2079 equity on the docket of said court, the undersigned trustee, appointed to make sale of the real estate in said proceedings mentioned, hereby gives notice that he will on

MONDAY,
the 25th Day of September,

1916, offer at public auction to the highest bidder at the hour of 11 o'clock a. m. of said day in front of the Crawford Hotel in the town of Friendsville, all that property, the same being Lots Nos. 17 and 18 in Block F on the plan of the town of Friendsville, and being the same property which was conveyed to Ralph R. Friend by Elijah F. Meyers and wife by deed dated October 29th, 1914, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 47, folio 559, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, Maryland.

Said lots front on street and are improved by a comfortable Dwelling House in good state of repair, containing five rooms, together with other necessary outbuildings.

TERMS OF SALE—As prescribed by the decree, one-third of the purchase money to be paid in cash on the day of sale; one-third in six months and one-third in twelve months from the day of sale, the deferred payments to be evidenced and secured by the notes of the purchaser or purchasers with security satisfactory to the undersigned trustee and to bear interest from the day of sale, or the entire purchase money may be paid in cash on the day of sale, at the option of the purchaser or purchasers.

Conveyancing at cost of purchaser.

And notice is hereby given, as directed by said decree, to the creditors of the said Ralph R. Friend, deceased, to file their claims, with the vouchers thereof, with the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Garrett county on or before the 25th day of September, 1916.

EDWARD H. SINCELL,
Trustee.

ORDER NISI.

No. 2071 Equity In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Coudersport Trust Company, vs: The Waltman Smokeless Coal Company.

Ordered, this 16th day of August in the year 1916, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in Equity, that the sale made and reported in the above cause by the Coudersport Trust Co., Trustee named in the mortgage, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 15th day of September, 1916; provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Garrett County, once a week for three successive weeks before the 8th day of September, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $8,000.00.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Notice to Contractors And School Patrons.

This is to give notice to the public that sealed bids will be received by the Board of Education of Garrett county, Maryland, up to 12 00 o'clock noon of

Thursday, September 14, 1916,

for the moving of the Bowser school building, located in Election District No. 12, to a site about two miles away on the farm of Paul Beachy. The building, after being moved, is to be of the same general dimensions as the present Bowser school building, and to have a solid stone or cement foundation.

All bids are to be endorsed on the back with the words: "Bid for the moving of the Bowser School Building."

The Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Notice is also given to all school patrons and citizens affected by such proposed moving of the Bowser school building to appear in person at the meeting of the Board to be held upon the date given above—both those who are in favor thereof as well as those who are opposed thereto and to be ready to give to the Board the reasons for such convictions.

By order of the Board.
F. E. RATHBUN, Secretary.

Examiner's Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, appointed by the County Commissioners of Garrett county, to view the lands through which the change in the turn of the road is to be made leading from Hoyes to Oakland road, to intersect the State road near William Calls' and examine whether the said change in road should be made, will meet on the 15th day of September, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said change of said road, and if so to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

R. M. HOLEMAN.
JAMES W. FRIEND.
D. S. CUSTER,
Examiners.

Auditor's Notice.

Anthony D. Caton, et al, v. Dora McKenzie, et al,
No. 2055 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett county.

Notice is hereby given to the creditors of Peter W. Caton, deceased, to file their claims with the vouchers thereof with the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Garrett county on or before the 22nd day of September, 1916, as the undersigned Auditor will then proceed to state an account distributing the funds in the hands of the Trustee in the above entitled cause.

EDWARD H. SINCELL,
Auditor.

Road Petition.

This is to give notice that thirty days after the first publication hereof, application will be made to the Board of County Commissioners of Garrett county, Md., for the appointment of viewers to view and locate a proposed new road, and to condemn and set aside all or any portion of the "Mason Road," between S. L. Whitmer's place and the Henry Road, beginning for said proposed new road in District No. 8 Garrett county, Md., about one and one half miles west from Henry, W. Va., and on the Henry Road, at or near the point where the logging road which formerly belonged to F. H. Whaley crosses the Henry Road, and running thence with or near the grade of said logging road, through the lands of the Western Maryland Railroad Co., about one mile to "Laurel Run," then crossing said run, and through the lands of D. W. Wilson and S. L. Whitmer about ¾ of a mile to the Mason Road, near the intersection of the Mason and Shafer roads.

J. W. BIGG,
J. F. CHILDS,
EDWIN LEECH,
PHILIP HELBIG,
A. C. LAHMAN,
S. L. WHITMER,
H. M. BAER,
SILAS ARNALD,
S. B. COOPER,
D. W. WILSON.

Published first time Aug. 31, 1916.

Split Siding Cheap.

We have just received a car of Split Siding which we offer at a low price to those who place their orders immediately. H. W. Kahl & Sons, Oakland Planing Mills, Oakland, Md. Adv.

SAXON SIX
big touring car for five people
ASK FOR DEMONSTRATION.
Call at Liller's Barber Shop or Kelly's Livery
LILLER & KELLY, Agents.
Oakland, Maryland.

The Lutheran Church

SECOND STREET, OAKLAND

Sunday School, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

B. H. SINCELL, Superintendent.

Men's Brotherhood Class, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

O. A. BREMER, Teacher.

All the men not attending Sunday School elsewhere are cordially invited to join this class and to have a part in the study and discussion of the lesson

Morning Worship, 10.45 o'Clock.

Luther League, 7.00 o'Clock P. M.

Topic—"The Most Dangerous Prayer."
Leader—MRS. O. A. BREMER.

Evening Worship, 8.00 o'Clock.

All friends of the church and those without a permanent church home are invited to worship with us.

O. A. BREMER, Pastor.

—The above was prepared by the pastor and the advertisement is authorized and paid for by one interested in church work.

FOUNDED 1888

The
Garrett National Bank
Of Oakland, Maryland.

FOUNDED 1888

THE STRONGEST BANK IN GARRETT COUNTY

Capital - - - - -	$ 50,000.00
Surplus - - - - -	65,000.00
Deposits over - - -	550,000.00
Resources over - - -	725,000.00

Consider seriously what that means. Think of it when you open an account. It means

STRENGTH

In opening a bank account first satisfy yourself as to the responsibility of the institution with which you propose to deposit your money.

NO ACCOUNT TOO SMALL---NONE TOO LARGE

We pay three per cent interest on time and saving deposits. Safe deposit boxes for rent.

OFFICERS

GILMOR S. HAMILL, President. **G. A. FRALEY, Cashier.**
D. E. OFFUTT, Jr. Vice Pres't. **H. L. JONES, Ass't. Cashier.**

DIRECTORS

GILMOR S. HAMILL, JOHN T. MITCHELL, CHARLES S. DAVIS, DANIEL E. OFFUTT, Jr, JOSEPH E. HARNED, HARLAND L. JONES, GEORGE A. FRALEY.

ESTABLISHED 1884. BOTH PHONES.

SEE US

AT THE FAIR

With a big line of the latest Farm Machinery and Vehicles.

Check off the items you need and ask to see and get our price on:

Famous Turnbull Wagons	Plows
Low Down Farm Trucks	Tiling
Buggies	Sleighs
Carriages	Sleds
Sulky Plows	Farm Tractors
Famous Black Hawk Spreader	Gasoline Engines
Cream Separators	Grain Drills
Barn Door Track & Hangers	Lime Sowers
Telephone Batteries	Fertilizer
Roofing Paints	Hot Air Plants
Gas Fixtures	Steam and Water Plants
Pipe Fittings	Bath Rooms Fully Installed
Spouting	Gas Stoves
Engine Oils	Asbestes Mill Board
Corn Shellers	Fancy Gas Shades
Roofings all Prices	Carbide

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.

Remember the Place and that "Naylor has it and sells it for less."

Mr. Ney Smith, of Kitzmiller, spent part of last week in Oakland.

Mr. J. A. White, of Cumberland, spent Sunday at his home in Oakland.

Miss Elizabeth Weber, of Fairmont, is spending a short vacation at her home near Oakland.

Attorney Albert A. Doub, of Cumberland, spent Tuesday in Oakland on professional business.

Mr. N. B. Harvey, of near Deer Park, was a pleasant visitor to this office Tuesday afternoon.

Former County Commissioner Otho Fike, of District No. 11, was in the city Monday on business.

Mr. Josephus Howell, of near Swanton, was one of the many visitors to this office Tuesday morning.

Mr. J. M. Crane, of Kingwood, is spending this week in Oakland where he is the guest of relatives.

Messrs. C. N. and John Friend, of near Friendsville, spent Tuesday afternoon in Oakland on business.

Rev. and Mrs. Young, of Friendsville, motored to Oakland Tuesday afternoon and spent an hour or two here.

Miss Flo Falkenstein, of Cranesville, is here for a few days' visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Falkenstein.

Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Byrnes, of Jersey City, N. J., are registered at the Browning House for a short stay.

Mr. A. S. Teats returned to Oakland Tuesday night after spending several months with his family in Columbus, Ohio.

Mr. Charles Wenige and daughter, Ruth, of St. Louise, Mo., are here for the fair, having arrived here Saturday night.

Mr. Paul Workman who spent part of the past week in Oakland, returned to his home in Fairmont, W. Va., Friday morning.

Former County Treasurer C. A. Beachy, of near Grantsville, spent last Friday and Saturday in Oakland on business.

Miss Mary Wademan, of Parkersburg, West Va., who was here on a visit to her sister, Mrs. T. W. Stewart, returned home Thursday last.

Mrs. S. O. Wiley returned to her home in Oakland Saturday after spending several weeks in Meyersdale, Pa., where she was the guest of friends.

Mrs. D. E. Offutt and daughter, Miss Elizabeth, who spent two weeks at Atlantic City, returned to their home in Oakland last Wednesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. F. O. Hinebaugh and children, of Kingmont, West Va., are here for a visit of a few days to Mrs. Hinebaugh's mother, Mrs. Ben. Stemple.

Miss Skelton, of Detroit, Mich., a former instructor in the Oakland High School, is in Oakland as the guest of Miss Anna Lowenstein at her home on Oak street.

Mr. John W. McCullough, of Friendsville, in which town he has been a resident for many years and where he is well liked and respected, visited Oakland on business Tuesday.

In its notes of "Forty Years Ago" the Cumberland News of Monday said: "The Oakland Democrats went the Cumberland 'Demies' one better by erecting a campaign pole 216 feet high."

On Monday of this week Judge Henderson motored to Oakland from Cumberland and conducted the non-jury term of the Circuit Court. No business of any consequence claimed the attention of the Court and adjournment was had before noon when Judge Henderson, who was accompanied by Mrs. Henderson and a party of ladies, returned to Cumberland.

You are most cordially invited to attend our opening of Fall and Winter Hats on Friday and Saturday—September 22nd and 23rd. We carry a first class line of both tailored and dress hats for your inspection.

Miss Ellen Connell,
Main Street, Oakland, Md.

Miss Madge Whitwam, of Keyser, W. Va., spent Sunday here the guest of friends.

Mrs. Charles Wolfe, and son, of Keyser, West Va., are here the guests of Mrs. Jane Wolfe.

Miss Patience Williams, of Cumberland, is in Oakland the guest of Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Rathbun.

National Bank Examiner Gilbert, of Baltimore, is here this week paying a periodical visit to the banks of the town.

Miss Alma Scherr, of Morgantown, West Va., is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. C. Renninger at her home on Second street.

Oakland entertained one of the largest crowds in the history of the town yesterday, it being fraternal Day of the Garrett County Fair program.

Mrs. Harry L. McComas and two children, of Baltimore, arrived in Oakland last Saturday morning to remain some time as guests of Dr. and Mrs. Henry W. McComas at their residence on Second street.

Miss Sheidan, Miss Elizabeth Lowndes, Mrs. John Lynn and Mr. W. W. Brown, all of Cumberland, composed a motoring party that visited Oakland last Saturday afternoon.

Mr. Fred Schock, of Crellin, who is an employe of the Carnegie Steel Corporation at Homestead, Pa., is home for a vacation of two weeks. He is connected with the inspection department of the concern.

It was expected by those in charge of installing the new pipe organ in St. Mark's Ev. Lutheran church that everything would be in readiness for services in the auditorium on Sunday next, but this has been found to be impossible and as a result the services will be held as they have for the past two Sabbaths in the Sunday school room of the edifice. A recital will be given some evening next week to which the public generally is cordially invited. Announcement of the date will be made later.

The property of the Meadow Mountain Coal and Coke Company, located on Meadow Mountain in Garrett county, was sold at Sheriff's sale Tuesday of this week, the First National Bank of Trenton, N. J., which concern held the bond indebtednes of the company, being the purchaser, at the sum of $5,000. The bonded indebtedness of the coal concern was in the neighborhood of $18,000, the bank having recovered a judgment for this amount at a recent term of the Circuit Court for this county. Mr. G. Semmes Hamill was attorney for the bank in the matter.

Mr. Peter J. Rowan, of Keyser, West Va., is in Oakland the guest of relatives.

Miss Josephine Browning, of Accident, was one of the many visitors to Oakland yesterday.

State Forester F. W. Besley spent Saturday, Sunday and Monday in Oakland inspecting the forest situation and preparing his wardens here for their fall campaign against fires in the timber.

Lost or Strayed—Short tail Brindle bull dog. Reward if returned to W. S. Chester, Mt. Lake Park, or any information looking to recovery of the animal.

Senator and Mr. H. J. Speicher, who spent two weeks on a motor trip through West Virginia and Ohio, returned to their home at Accident Wednesday last and came up to Oakland to attend the fair Tuesday of this week. The horse exhibit at the fair by Senator Speicher is attracting the attention generally of all who enter the gates.

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Fleming and daughters, of Fayetteville, N. C., who are spending the summer with Oakland friends and Miss Grace Lohr, of Oakland, motored over Wednesday. Mr. and Mrs. Fleming and daughters were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Whetsell and Miss Lohr of Mrs. S. A. Pratt.—Kingwood Journal.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Mr. James W. Harvey, of near Kitzmiller, who is a veteran of the Civil War, and upwards of eighty years of age, came over to Oakland early Tuesday morning with the intention of remaning here throughout the four days' fair. Mr. Harvey takes great interest in matters pertaining to agriculture as well as those of every day interest notwithstanding his years.

Mrs. Paul A. Trageser, of Cecil Avenue, Baltimore City, terminated her visit at the summer home of her mother, Mrs. G. W. Haulenbeek, and went back to Baltimore on Friday with her little daughter, Susan Anne. The trip to Deer Park was made on the third of July on No. One train reaching the Hotel station just one minute ahead of time, and No. 16 train on which they returned to their Baltimore City home, was also just one minute ahead of time.

D. E. BOLDEN

Furniture Dealer and Funeral Director

HAVING moved my furniture business to the Manhattan Hotel store room, I am prepared to serve the public to the best of my ability, having now in stock the finest line of Furniture ever brought to the city and which I offer as cheap as it can be bought in the wholesale markets.

All I ask is a chance to name you prices.

My stock is complete in every detail, and which consists of Furnitnre, Carpets, Mattings, Window Shades, Bedding of all kinds, large and small Rugs—in fact everything with which to furnish a house from cellar to attic.

I am also prepared to give estimates on Buildings and repair work—from a pig pen to a palace.

Call and see me; I will treat you fair and square.

Thanking the public for past favors and soliciting a continuance of the same, I remain,

Yours respectfully,
D. E. BOLDEN

Store For Sale

Owing to other business demanding my attention, I offer for sale my stock of Shoes, Clothing and Furnishings.

This is one of the best business propositions in Oakland, and will be sold at very much less than value if taken before September 1.

In the meantime I will sell clothing and many other articles at greatly reduced prices. It will pay you to investigate.

Yours truly,
E. A. WEIMER.

Oakland, Md.

There are times in the lives of successful men when

Credit

at the bank is of vital importance. But the time to establish that credit is before its use is required.

Establish Your Credit

with us now and in your time of need we will back you to the limits of Sound Banking Practice.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OAKLAND - MARYLAND

Journalism In Kansas.

This newspaper business is a great game. Just in the midst of an obituary of a dear friend and when hot tears threaten to flow down and blot out the words you write, there breaks through the office door the radiant face of the daddy of a new boy. Tears and joy mingle in the same breath and the giving and taking away of life are recorded on the same page.

Before you have finished the obituary the breezy advance man for a comedy show pops in and asks you to write a scream for his Forty Fat Frolicsome Fairies and how joyous they are. Before you have done with the kind words about your departed friend, the joy over the new baby and finished the showman's ad. a fellow sneaks in to ask you to suppress the story of the fight that he was mixed up in. Then, after putting all the lace and trimmings on the bride's wedding gown, dressing the groom in the conventional black and starting them off with congratulations and best wishes, you turn again to the tear side of life and write: "But the stately ship moves on. To the haven under the hill. And, oh! for the touch of a vanished hand. And the sound of a voice that is still."

Then comes a lull and the old typewriter is content to record the common place facts, knowing that just around the corner and each awaiting his turn stands Joy, Grief, Sorrow, Mirth, Sarcasm, Wit and Laughter.—Oakley (Kan.) Graphic.

Glotfelty Family Reunion.

The reunion of the Glotfelty family of Garrett county was held on last Sunday afternoon at the farm of Mr. Mahlon Glotfelty near McHenry, when the crowd present was estimated at from three hundred to four hundred persons, all, or nearly all of whom, were either Glotfeltys or were members of that family. The occasion was a memorable and extremely pleasant one, especially to the older members of the clan.

Subscribe for The Republican.

M'KINLEY'S WAR COST LESS BLOODSHED THAN WILSON'S PEACE

By Theodore Roosevelt.

Under President McKinley we had a war with Spain. Under President Wilson we are assured that we have had "peace" with Mexico. These are the words. Now for the deeds. During the war with Spain fewer Americans were killed by the Spaniards than have been killed by Mexicans during the present "peace" with Mexico. Let me repeat this. A greater number of Americans have been killed by Mexicans during these years, when we are officially informed that we have been at peace with them, than were killed by the Spaniards during our entire war with Spain. Moreover, when the war with Spain was through, it was through. But peace still continues to rage as furiously as ever in Mexico. Nor is this all. The instant effect of the outcome of the war with Spain was to put a stop to the dreadful butchery and starvation in Cuba and the Philippines, and the entry of both Cuba and the Philippines on a career of eighteen years of peace and prosperity such as they had never known before in all their checkered history. But during these three years of Mr. Wilson's "peace" the Mexicans themselves have been butchered by their own bandits steadily and without intermission; and Mexican women and children have died by thousands—probably by scores of thousands—of starvation and of the diseases incident to starvation. In other words, Mr. McKinley's war cost less than peace; and it reflected high honor on the American people; whereas Mr. Wilson's peace has been one of shame and dishonor for the American people, and one of ruin and bloodshed for the Mexicans.

A PICTURE OF HUGHES.

The New York World, which once was outspoken in its admiration for Mr. Hughes, now declares that the people do not know where Hughes stands, or what he stands for. This Wilson organ had no such criticism to make when Mr. Hughes was governor. The World said on May 17, 1910: "He dictated no nominations, controlled no convention, trafficked in no patronage, made no bargains with office-holders. He has rewarded nobody for supporting him and punished nobody for opposing him. What influence he has wielded over public opinion has come through his appeals to the voters themselves." That is the estimate of Mr. Hughes given by the World six years ago. It is a pretty fair letter of recommendation. Could the World say as much for President Wilson? Hardly, for the president has done all of the things from which the World absolved Hughes.—Kansas City Journal.

GUARDSMEN PAY THE PRICE OF WILSON'S ABASEMENT.

Having condoned the repeated murders of Americans by the Carranzistas and having abased himself before Carranza and having aided in placing Carranza in power, what is Mr. Wilson's reward, and who pays it? The reward is that Mr. Wilson has to place 150,000 troops on the border to partially prevent the raids and murders that his friend, Mr. Carranza, will not or cannot prevent, and the payment is made by the soldiers who are slain and by the families of the guardsmen who go in want because their husbands and fathers have been called to the border to make good Mr. Wilson's refusal to let the regular army administer such punishment to the bandits as to inspire in them a healthy fear.—From the Speech of Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, Delivered at Lewiston, Me., in Behalf of Charles E. Hughes.

The President himself has tried to appropriate for his own advantage the sentiment of "America first." The Democrats have tried to make his support an act of piety by adopting "Thank God for Wilson" as a slogan. Mr. Hughes, with rare courage, frankness and penetration, is exposing the flimsy foundation for the claims of Wilsonian infallibility. He is laying bare a record of extravagance, partisanship, sectionalism, incompetence, wrongheadedness, vacillation and insincerity which destroys the attempt to make a joss out of the President. The Democrats must come out of their ecstatic trance and defend their stewardship. The President is to be put on the stump. We are to hear something beside Delphic prose poems.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Mr. Wilson now virtually admits that all his own ideas were wrong four years ago. He has changed his mind on every public question. On some of them he has changed twice or even three times. Even if his friends could satisfy the public at this time he is exactly right, what assurance could be given that he would be right a year hence?

HE KEPT US OUT OF WHAT WAR?

Disingenuous to Boast That It's Through Any Act of Wilson We Are Out of the European Contest.

RATHER SHOULD BE BLAMED FOR MEXICO BELLIGERENCY

During the Present Administration We Have Seized a Mexican Port and Sent Our Entire Army and Militia to Fight Mexicans While Armed Mexican Forces Have Invaded American Soil and Fought Battles Against Our People.

Sometimes you hear men, sensible men, too, say, "I'm going to vote for Wilson this year because he kept us out of war."

Ask such men a short question. Ask them, "Out of what war?"

Did Mr. Wilson keep us out of the European war? No. He has himself in a formal address to congress spoken of the European war as "a war with which we have nothing to do, a war whose causes do not touch us." How could Mr. Wilson keep us out of a war with which we have nothing to do and whose causes do not touch us?

Did he keep the rest of the western hemisphere out of the European war? No independent nation on this side of the world is involved in it; the only people in it are the colonies of European powers and they had no voice in their fate, for they were automatically at war when their mother governments went to war. Who kept Argentina, Brazil, Chile, Peru, out of the European war? Did Mr. Wilson?

Did Mr. Wilson keep us out of war with Mexico? No. In his term more Americans have been killed by Mexicans and more American property has been destroyed by Mexicans than by Spaniards during the whole Spanish war. In his term we have seized a Mexican port and have sent our entire regular army and militia to fight Mexicans. In his term Mexican armed forces have invaded American soil and fought battles against our people within our boundaries.

President Taft went through two Mexican revolutions during his term, the revolution against Diaz and the revolution against Madero. American lives were safe in Mexico during that time. No Mexican cities were seized by Americans and no armed Mexicans invaded the United States while Mr. Taft was in the White House. Yet Mr. Taft never thought of asking the American people to vote for him because he kept us out of war with Mexico. He put an embargo on arms so that American weapons would not be sent across the boundary, and he refused to interfere in Mexican affairs. When he left office Mexicans liked Americans, and Americans were safe in Mexico. Since he left office Mexicans hate Americans and Americans dare not remain in Mexico. Did Mr. Wilson keep us out of war with Mexico? Not if words mean anything.

Mr. Wilson did not keep us out of the European war, and he did not keep us out of war with Mexico.

Out of what war, then? —Detroit Free Press.

UNITED STATES' HONOR.

Hughes' Criticism of Foreign Policy Approved In West.

[Portland (Ore.) Telegram.]

The Republican party has selected a standard bearer whose utterances from day to day justify the people who chose him. Not only does he bring before the country the shortcomings of the Administration that owes its existence to a divided Republicanism, but his criticism is everywhere constructive.

He tells what must be done and will be done by the party he represents to prevent wastefulness and extravagance in the governmental expenditures and to put a stop to the vacillating policy that has caused other nations to believe that the United States has no intention of backing up its demands made in the interests of justice and humanity.

Most vulnerable of all points in the Democratic armor is its foreign policy. Primarily this is because of the spoils system by which men trained in the consular and diplomatic service through long years, have been displaced to make room for politicians and friends of politicians, whose sole claim to preferment was their services to the Democratic party.

"If I am elected president of the United States," said Mr. Hughes last night, "I propose that every man I put in charge of an important department shall be a man eminently fit to discharge the duties of that department."

The denuding of the diplomatic service of men of experience in order to supply political jobs, as has been done by Mr. Wilson, or with his consent, Mr. Hughes denounces as "a capital offense—trading in the good name of the United States and damaging its honor." "Nobody," he adds, "has a right to pay political debts with the good name and honor of the United States."

Which is clear proof that Mr. Hughes has not been unmindful of the high principles of government which must be maintained in order that this republic shall maintain its place as a shining example to all nations.

COMPULSORY SCHOOL LAW

ARTICLE 72, CHAPTER 506 Acts of 1916

The following is a copy of the State Compulsory School Attendance Law, the provisions of which apply to Garrett County, Maryland. This copy thereof is being distributed in order to make the public thoroughly familiar with its requirements, in order that those who are affected thereby, in this county, may be properly guided.

B. H. WILEY,
School Attendance Officer, Oakland, Md.

156. . . . . The county board of education of each of the several counties shall appoint, with the approval of the county superintendent, and may remove at pleasure, with the approval of the county superintendent, at least one attendance officer, male or female, who shall give his or her entire time to the duties of the office; and such additional attendance officers may be appointed as the county board of education may deem necessary.

157. It shall be the duty of each attendance officer, and said officer shall have full power within the city or county for which he or she may be appointed, to arrest without warrant any child between eight and sixteen years of age found away from his home and who is a truant from school, or who fails to attend school, in accordance with the provisions of this subtitle. The said officer shall forthwith deliver a child so arrested either to the custody of a person in parental relation to the child or to the teacher from whose school such a child is then a truant; but if a child be a habitual or incorrigible truant, said officer shall bring him before the magistrate for juvenile causes, or, in a county where such court does not exist, before a justice of the peace having jurisdiction, who may commit him to a parental school, as provided for in the next section, or to some other suitable institution for children located in the State of Maryland, where no persons convicted of any crime or any offense other than truancy shall or may be confined; provided however, that such court or justice may in its or his discretion parole such child instead of committing him as aforesaid. The attendance officer shall promptly report every such arrest to the school commissioners of the said city or county respectively or to such person or persons as they may direct.

160. It shall be the duty of the principal or head teacher of every public or private school in this State to report immediately to the school commissioners of the county where such school is located, or of Baltimore city, if located therein, or to an attendance officer or other official designated by such commissioners, the names of all children enrolled in his or her school who have been absent or irregular in attendance three days, or their equivalent, without lawful excuse, within a period of eight consecutive weeks.

161. Attendance officers may visit all establishments where minors are employed in their several cities and counties and ascertain whether any minors are employed therein contrary to law. Attendance officers may require that the certificates provided for in Article 100 of the code of public general laws of Maryland relating to minors employed in such establishments shall be produced for inspection.

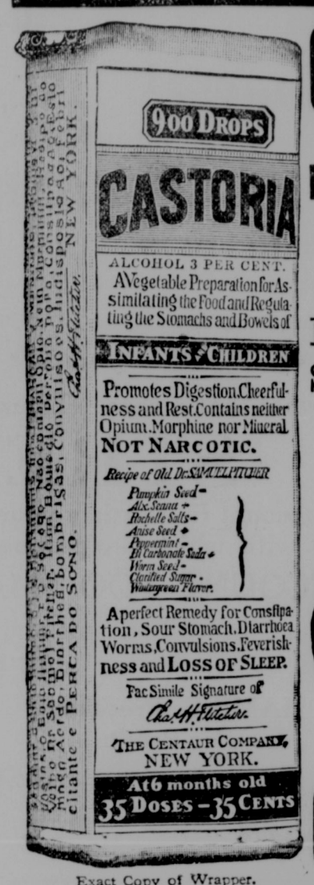
161 A. Any person violating any provisions of this subtitle where no special provision as to the penalty for such violation is made shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and be fined not exceeding fifty dollars for each offense.

162. Every child residing in any county of the State being seven years of age, and under thirteen years of age, shall attend some public school during the entire period of each year that the public schools of the county are in session; unless it can be shown to the county superintendent of schools that such a child is elsewhere receiving regular and thorough instructions during such periods in the studies usually taught in the public schools of the county to children of the same age; provided, that the superintendent or principal of any school, or persons duly authorized by such superintendent, may excuse cases of necessary and legal absence among such enrolled pupils, and provided, further, that the provisions of this section shall not apply to children whose mental or physical condition is such as to render the instruction above described inexpedient or impracticable. Every person having under his control a child seven years of age and under thirteen years of age, shall cause such child to attend school or receive instruction as required by this section.

Every child, residing in any county of the State, being thirteen years of age or fourteen years of age, shall attend some public school not less than one hundred days, as nearly consecutive as possible, beginning not later than November first, during the period of each year that the public schools of the county are in session, and such child shall attend some public school the entire period of each year that the public schools of the county are in session, if not regularly and lawfully employed to labor at home or elsewhere, unless it can be shown to the county superintendent of schools that such a child is elsewhere receiving regular and thorough instruction for such period in the studies usually taught in the public schools of the county to children of these ages; provided, that the provisions of this section shall not apply to children whose mental and physical condition is such as to render the instruction above described inexpedient or impracticable. Every person having under his control a child thirteen years of age or fourteen years of age, shall cause such child to attend school or receive instructions as required by this section.

Every child residing in any county of the State, being fifteen years of age or sixteen years of age, who has not completed the work of the public elementary school, shall attend some public school not less than one hundred days, as nearly consecutive as possibe, beginning not later than November first, during the period of each year the public schools of the county are in session; and such child shall attend some public school the entire period of each year the public schools of the county are in session, if not regularly and lawfully employed to labor at home or elsewhere, unless it can be shown to the county superintendent of schools that such child is elsewhere receiving regular and thorough instruction for said period in the studies usually taught in the public schools of the county to children of these ages; provided, that the provisions of this section shall not apply to children whose mental and physical condition is such as to render the instruction above described inexpedient or impracticable. Every person having under his control a child fifteen years of age, or sixteen years of age, shall cause such child to attend school or receive instruction as required by this section.

Any person who has a child under his control and who fails to comply with any of the provisions of this section, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be fined not exceeding five dollars for each offense.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

THE CITY'S BEST

MEAT MARKET

IN THE EMPIRE BUILDING.

Choice Steak, Boiling Meat, and all other kinds of meat. Highest cash price paid for Poultry and Eggs; also cash paid for Hides and Skins,

H. L. MILLER

We Carry in Stock

TIRES
TUBES
SHOCK ABSORBERS
CHAINS
SPARK PLUGS
DRY CELLS
TIRETITE

And many other accessories at the OAKLAND GARAGE,
Prest-O-Lite Exchange,
Oakland, Maryland.

THE JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY
Entrance Examinations
State Scholarship in Engineering Courses

Entrance Examinations for the Department of Engineering, as well as for the College of Arts and Sciences, will be held in the Academic Building of the Johns Hopkins University, Homewood, Baltimore, September 18-21, 1916, beginning at 9 a. m. each day.

Application For Scholarships in The Department of Engineering, established in the Johns Hopkins University under the provisions of the Laws of Maryland, Chapter 90, 1912, may now be made. If there is more than one applicant for a particular scholarship, a competitive examination must be taken in the Academic Building, Homewood, on September 22, 1916, beginning at 9 a. m.

Each County of the State and each Legislative District of Baltimore City, with the exception of Charles, Harford, and Queen Anne's Counties will be entitled to one or more scholarships for the year 1916-17, in addition to those which have already been assigned. In the three counties mentioned above all the available scholarships have been awarded.

Under the provisions of the Act of Assembly, the County and City scholarships in the Department of Engineering are awarded only to deserving students whose financial circumstances are such that they are unable to obtain an education in Engineering unless free tuition be granted to them. The scholarships entitle the holders to free tuition, free use of text-books, and exemption from all regular fees. The expense of attendance for those who do not receive scholarships is no greater than at other Maryland institutions.

Scholarships may be awarded to graduates of Loyola College, Maryland Agricultural College, Mt. St. Mary's College; and one scholarship will be awarded "At Large."

Applicants should address the Registrar, The Johns Hopkins University, for blank forms of application and for further information as to examinations, award of scholarships, and courses of instruction.

Advertisement. 26-4t

REAL BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE

One of the most desirable residences on Alder street in Oakland, now owned by M. A. Carney, and occupied as a residence by States Attorney Jones, is offered at a very attractive price.

A valuable 90 acre farm near Ottaway, Garrett Co., on the line of the proposed new state road to West Va., and a very desirable piece of real estate.

Improved farm of 138 acres near Swanton, Garrett Co., improved by nine room dwelling, barn and young orchard now bearing. A safe investment.

JAS. D. HAMILL,
Real Estate Agent.

Farm for Sale

Containing two hundred and seventy-six acres. About 175 acres cleared and in good cultivation and the balance in timber.

Located twelve miles west of Lonaconing in Garrett county in the Fairview settlement. With seven or eight never failing springs on it. One dwelling house containing seven rooms and a good cellar; bank barn 40 x 60 feet and all other necessary outbuildings.

Good apple orchard of about 200 bearing trees and all other kinds of fruits.

If not sold prior to January 1st, 1917, the property will be for rent.

For any other information call on or address the undersigned.

JONAS WEITZELL,
Lonaconing, Md.

Notice to the Public

The undersigned has bought out the general store of Mr. J. S. Clary at Deer Park, Md., and will continue the business in the same building and in the same manner in which it has been conducted, and extends to the public generally a cordial invitation to call, get prices and see if we cannot do business.

Remember that satisfaction is guaranteed in every transaction.

Thanking you in advance.

I am very truly,
W. B. MILLER.

RUMANIAN DRIVE FORCES FOE BACK

Austrians Compelled to Withdraw from Positions Fifty Miles North of Kronstadt

BULGARS TAKE SEA PORTS

London.—The rapidity with which the Rumanians are advancing in their invasion of Transylvania is indicated by an announcement from Austrian Army Headquarters at Vienna that Austrian positions six miles west of Csik Szereda have been abandoned under pressure. These positions at Hargitta are fifty miles north of Kronstadt and about twenty-five miles west of the Rumanian border. The announcement says:

West of Csik Szereda our troops have been withdrawn before superior enemy attacks against Hargitta.

An undated official Bulgarian report received here says that the Bulgarian and German forces which are invading Eastern Rumania have captured the fortress of Dobric (Bazardjik) and the seaports of Baltjik, Kavarna, and Kali Akra.

The capture of Orsova gives the Rumanians a grip on the Austrian second line of defense behind the mountains dixiding Transylvania from Hungary. To the Teutons its loss means the hampering of traffic along the Danube which served as a supply line for Turkey.

On the Somme front in France the violent bombardment continues along almost the entire line. The only infantry engagements have taken place south of the river. The French report a further advance for their troops in the village of Vedandovillers. In the Berny-en-Senterre and Chaulnes sector, where the fighting was particularly vicious, both the Germans and the French record successes for their armies in the repuse of attacks.

The capture of Turtukai is by far the most significant success scored thus far by the Bulgarians and their Teutonic allies in the Rumanian campaign. Once the Danube is crossed at this point, a railroad leading directly to Bucharest is at their disposal.

SWEPT BACK ON SOMME.

London.—On both banks of the Somme the fierce battle continues. Berlin reports that 560,000 Allied troops are attacking the Picardy line. North of the Somme alone 200,000 French soldiers are massed. Taken in conjunction with Berlin's official statement that the artillery fire in the last few days exceeded in expenditure anything known before, some observers here see a hint that the Germans plan a withdrawal from the Roye sector.

All reports agree that the Allied gains are costing much less than was expected. The artillery is smothering the enemy's defenses so thoroughly that the infantry casualties are relatively low. Foch's progress has been accomplished at a surprisingly low expense, due largely to the efficiency of the new French guns.

The strategy of the Allied command also has contributed to this result. The French and British have been able to assail the German line mainly from the flank, thus avoiding the costly frontal assault that laid so heavy a toll on the Germans at Verdun.

From the large number of prisoners and guns taken in the offensive thus far, the Allied drive must be considered exceedingly successful. The vagueness of the German communiques is the best proof that the Germans are worried greatly about the Western front, where the tide is flowing constantly against them.

In the frenzy of their efforts to prevent further encroachments by the French, the finest infantry the Kaiser has is marching to certain death in counter attacks launched with the barest shadow of artillery preparation. There have been a dozen of these bloody attempts at striking back, and not one of them has recovered an inch of the ground lost.

CALLS JAPANESE AGGRESSORS

Chinese Premier Issuss Statement on Clash in Eastern Mongolia.

Peking, China.—At a secret mission of Parliament Premier Tuan Chi-Jui, replying to inquiries about the recent clash between Chinese and Japanese troops at Chengehiatun, in eastern Mongolia, said the Japanese were the aggressors and fired the first shots. The Premier added he was doing his best to maintain the dignity of China in settling the difficulty.

JAMAICA'S BANANA CROP RUINED

Widespread Damage Wrought by West Indian Hurricane.

Kingston, Jamaica.—Information collected from all parts of the island respecting the damage done by the hurricane indicates that for all practical purposes this year's banana crop has been completely destroyed, the crop for 1917 reduced by 50 per cent, and barring further blows the full output from all plantations will not be in effect before 1918. Bananas represent 90 per cent. of the island exports.

SEE CONSPIRACY IN BAKERS' PACT

Department of Justice Agents Seeking Basis For Advance in Price of Bread

LOOKS FOR WHEAT EMBARGO

Lack of Economic Justification If Found and Action of Bakers in Concert Will Start Criminal Prosecutions Under Trust Act.

Washington.—The Administration is seriously concerned over the bread situation and viewed with alarm the threat of bakers to increase the price of the loaf. Government investigations are in progress, and it is believed here that criminal prosecutions will result if the price of bread actually is increased and two facts can be established. These are: That there is no economic justification for the increase, and that the bakers have acted in association.

An official said there must be an investigation and the facts of it detailed to the public so the public by the weight of its expressed opinion may frown down any attempt to increase unjustly the price of bread. The Federal Trade Commission, through Chairman Edward N. Hurly, has been making an investigation of the economic phases of the question. He is now in Chicago authorized by the commission to pursue this inquiry as far as he deems necessary.

It is understood also that the matter has been brought to the attention of the Department of Justice and that its agents have been at work on it for some time. What facts have been disclosed Department of Justice officials will not admit.

It was stated that if there were an agreement among bakers to increase the price of bread it would be equivalent to a conspiracy and that they could be prosecuted under the Common Law or Anti-Trust Act.

Two natural causes for a possible increase in the price of bread are seen by some authorities here. It was said the great demand for wheat has been for armies, thus lessenging the supply of this country. The other cause is the reduction of this year's wheat crop, which is said to be approximately 20 per cent. less than last year's crop.

Chicago.—Federal investigation of the National Association of Master Bakers' plan to make the price of small loaves of bread six cents instead of five was started here.

Charles F. Clyne, United States District Attorney, said the plan for one baker in a community to advance the price and then have the others follow would constitute a violation of the anti-trust laws.

The plan to advance the price was announced at a meeting of the executive committee of the Bakers' Association here. This step was necessary, it was declared, because of the sharp increase in the price of materials.

An embargo on the exportation of wheat from the United States may be declared in the near future, according to experts. This would mean a lowering of prices in North America as well as elsewhere.

The quality of the wheat now being harvested is poor.

MEXICAN ENVOYS BEGIN PARLEY

Carranza's Wish That Cordiality Surround Negotiations.

New London, Conn.—Constitution and reform was the theme of Dr. Luis Cabrera's opening address to the joint Mexican conference. After the American and Mexican Commissioners had exchanged their credentials it was found that First Chief Carranza had given his delegates the broadest powers to discuss all matters submitted to them by the American Commissioners, on the understanding that the "decisions and rulings" of the conference would be subject to his approval.

Gen. Carranza urged the establishment of the frankest cordiality in relations between both countries on the basis of constitution and reform.

The conference started with an evident desire to get together, in marked contrast to the formal diplomatic reserve of the proceedings at Niagara Falls two years ago. Senor Cabrera, who presided, told of conditions in Mexico and the progress made by the Carranza Government, laying particular stress upon the extent to which peace is being re-established throughout Mexico, the resumption of railroad service, the reopening of mines and establishment and extension of a public school system.

MUCH RUSSIAN GRAIN READY

Harvest of 720,000,000 Bushels is Looked for by Experts.

London.—It is almost certain that Russian grain will be available in large quantities before the end of the season. The indication is that European and Asiatic Russia will secure a harvest of 90,000,000 quarters (720,000,000 bushels), which is well above the average of last ten years.

It is safe to say that Russia can spare 70,000,000 quarters (560,000,000 bushels) of wheat alone.

CONGRESS ENDS LONG SESSION

Plan to Make Railroad Legislation the Feature of Next Winter's Work

CLOSING SCENES ARE QUIET

Immigration Bill, Corrupt Practices Measure and Bill to Permit Combinations of American Exporters to Go Over Until Winter.

Washington.—Adjournment of the first session of the Sixty-fourth Congress without a hitch in the plans of Senate and House leaders was quickly followed by a general exodus of members hastening homeward for rest or the national political campaign.

While the closing saw the Administration legislative programme mainly completed some things wait to be continued at the winter session, notably the remainder of the President's programme of railroad legislation which was partially enacted to prevent the threatened strike.

In a formal statement President Wilson, speaking of the work of Congress, gave notice that the remainder of the railroad programme would be pressed at the new session.

The Immigration bill, the Corrupt Practices bill and the bill to permit combinations of American exporters to meet foreign competition abroad went over.

The closing hours of Congress were remarkably quiet. Only the presence of the President in his room near the Senate Chamber served to attract interest to what would otherwise have been an uneventful ending of an eventful Congress.

Informal conferences of a few Administration Senators and Congressmen turned after adjournment from thoughts of what had been achieved to contemplation of the future.

There was disappointment, but no bitterness, over the failure of some measures during the long session, and the Democrats point to their legislative record, with its $600,000,000 national defense appropriations, the creation of the Farm Loan Board and rural credit banking system, the Child Labor law, the prevention of the nation-wide railroad strike, establishment of a Government Shipping Board to rehabilitate the American merchant marine, creation of a Tariff Commission and many other legislative enactments of more than usual importance.

The Republicans, pointing to the appropriation authorizations for the future, mounting close to two billions, closed their part of the session reiterating charges of extravagance and waste.

For the winter session the Democratic leaders look to the railroad legislation as the dominating feature. Before the strike emergency arose Congress, aroused to the necessity for transportation legislation, had created a joint sub-committee of the Senate and House, headed by Senator Newlands, to undertake a study of all transportation problems, including the advisability of Government ownership of public utilities, and to recommend legislation at the next session.

REVNUE BILL PASSED, 42 TO 18

Amendment Empowers President to Deny Clearance to Offending Ships.

Washington.—The Senate, after having been in continuous session more than fourteen hours, passed the General Revenue bill, designed to raise $205,000,000 annually for meeting extraordinary expenses due in part to the large amount of money appropriated for military preparedness.

In order to meet the emergency in the paper market, news print paper valued at less than five cents a pound is admitted free.

WORLD'S NEWS IN CONDENSED FORM

WASHINGTON.—The State Department has received information of an agreement between Great Britain and Norway whereby the latter will place an export embargo on raw copper and will receive without interruption imports of copper from this country.

LONDON.—Italy will shortly publish a blacklist of suspected firms, according to an Exchange Telegram dispatch from Rome.

OTTAWA.—Canada's new war loan will be for $100,000,000 at 97½, bearing interest at 5 per cent. The Dominion's last war loan was $50,000,000, but twice that amount was subscribed.

WASHINGTON.—President Wilson signed the shipping bill. It authorizes Government organization of a corporation or corporations with capitalization of not more than $50,000,000 to buy or lease ships and put them in trade if they cannot be leased for operation to private capital.

CHICAGO.—Suit for $1,000,000 was filed by Henry Ford, the Detroit manufacturer, against the Chicago Tribune. Mr. Ford asks for personal damages as compensation for an editorial printed in the Tribune June 23, which, it is charged, called him an "anarchist."

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters Testamentry on the estate of

OTTO FILSINGER

late of Garrett County, Md., deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 17th day of February, 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 17th day of August, 1916.

E. R. JONES,
Executor,
Oakland, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

HENRY SCHLOSSNAGLE

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 24th day of February, 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under our hand this 22nd day of August, 1916.

G. W. SCHLOSSNAGLE,
Administrator,
Berlin, Somerset Co., Pa.

Notice to Contractors.

This is to give notice to the public that sealed olds will be received by the Board of Education for Garrett County, Maryland, up to 12.00 noon of

THURSDAY
September 14th, 1916

for the erection of a school building to be built at Kempton, Garrett County, Maryland, the same being in Election District No. 8; the building to be built in accordance with plans and specifications on file in the office of the County Board of Education, Oakland, Md.

All bids to be endorsed on the back with the words: "Bids for the erection of Kempton School Building.

The Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

By order of the Board, August 25, 1916.

F. E. RATHBUN, Secretary.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.

Under the law passed recently all State taxes are due Sept. 1st after which date they bear interest. Taxpayers, in remitting their taxes, are urged to add sufficient interest to cover taxes in arrear otherwise their remittances will be returned which adds materially to the work of the Treasurer and causes more or less trouble to the remitters.

J. W. KIMMELL, Treasurer.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

ARTHUR O. HARVEY,

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 12th day of March, 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 12th day of September 1916.

N. B. HARVEY,
Administrator,
R. D. 1 Deer Park, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans Court, of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

BUCKNER MASON

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before he 12th, day of March, 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 12th day of September, 1916.

A. B. MASON,
Administrator,
Swanton, Md.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Testamentary on the estate of

JOHN M. FISHER

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 12th day of March 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 12th day of September, 1916.

MILTON FISHER,
Executor,
Accident, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

SIMON P. BAKER,

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 12th day of March, 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 12th day of September, 1916.

ELIZABETH E. BAKER,
Adm'x
R. D. Deer Park, Md.

Road Petition

Notice is hereby given that thirty days after the first publication hereof application will be made to the Board of County Commissioners of Garrett county, Maryland, for the appointment of viewers to view and locate a proposed new public road in Election District No. 1 of Garrett county, said proposed new road to begin at a point at the Ingman Place and running thence through the lands of Thayer & Mason, John Steiding, Calvin Glotfelty, Marcellus Shank, Laura E. Green, C. J. Beachy and Mrs. Wilhelm to connect with the Swanton road at the gate of C. J. Beachy, a distance of about two miles.

C. H. GLOTFELTY,
C. J. BEACHY,
MARCELLUS SHANK,
CHARLES A. GREEN,
and others.

Published first time September 14, 1916.

FOR SALE—A seven passenger six cylinder Studebaker car. Has run less than 3000 miles; electric lights; electric starter; all modern improvements. A Bargain. Address C, this office.

PROCLAMATION

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF MARYLAND CREATING A BUDGET SYSTEM.

WHEREAS, at the January Session of the General Assembly of Maryland, held in the year 1916, an Act was passed, to-wit: Chapter 159 of said Acts, being an Act to propose an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title, "Legislative Department," of the Constitution of this State; and which said Act is in words and figures following:

"CHAPTER 159.

AN ACT to propose an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title, Legislative Department, of the Constitution of this State, regulating the making of appropriations by the General Assembly of Maryland in regular session, and to provide for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of this State for adoption or rejection.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland (three-fifths of all the members of each of the two houses concurring.) That the following be and the same is hereby proposed as an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title Legislative Department, of the Constitution of this State, the same, if adopted by the legally qualified voters of the State, as herein provided, to become Section 52 of Article III of the Constitution of Maryland.

Sec. 52. The General Assembly shall not appropriate any money out of the Treasry except in accordance with the followin provisions:

Sub-Section A:

Every appropriation bill shall be either a Budget Bill, or a Supplementary Appropriation Bill, as hereinafter mentioned.

Sub-Section B:

First. Within twenty days after the convening of the General Assembly (except in the case of a newly elected Governor, and then within thirty days after his inauguration,) unless such time shall be extended by the General Assembly for the session at which the Budget is to be submitted, the Governor shall submit to the General Assembly two budgets, one for each of the ensuing fiscal years. Each budget shall contain a complete plan of proposed expenditures and estimated revenues for the particular fiscal year to which it relates; and shall show the estimated surplus or deficit of revenues at the end of such year. Accompanying each budget shall be a statement showing: (1) the revenues and expenditures for each of the two fiscal years next preceding; (2) the current assets, liabilities, reserves and surplus or deficit of the State; (3) the debts and funds of the State; (4) an estimate of the State's financial condition as of the beginning and end of each of the fiscal years covered by the two budgets above provided; (5) any explanation the Governor may desire to make as to the important features of any budget and any suggestion as to methods for the reduction or increase of the State's revenue.

Second. Each budget shall be divided into two parts, and the first part shall be designated "Governmental Appropriations" and shall embrace an itemized estimate of the appropriations: (1) for the General Assembly as certified to the Governor in the manner hereinafter provided; (2) for the Executive Department; (3) for the Judiciary Department, as provided by law, certified to the Governor by the Comptroller; (4) to pay and discharge the principal and interest of the debt of the State of Maryland in conformity with Section 34 of Article III of the Constitution, and all laws enacted in pursuance thereof; (5) for the salaries payable by the State under Constitution and laws of the State; (6) for the establishment and maintenance throughout the State of a thorough and efficient system of public schools in conformity with Article VIII of the Constitution and with the laws of the State; (7) for such other purposes as are set forth in the Constitution of the State.

Third. The second part shall be designated "General Appropriations," and shall include all other estimates of appropriations.

The Governor shall deliver to the presiding officer of each house the budgets and a bill for all the proposed appropriations of the budgets clearly itemized and classified; and the presiding officer of each house shall promptly cause said bill to be introduced therein, and such bill shall be known as the "Budget Bill." The Governor may, before final action thereon by the General Assembly, amend or supplement either of said budgets to correct an oversight or in case of an emergency, with the consent of the General Assembly by delivering such an amendment or supplement to the presiding officers of both houses; and such amendment or supplement shall thereby become a part of said budget bill as an addition to the items of said bill or as a modification of or a substitute for any item of said bill such amendment or supplement may affect.

The General Assembly shall not amend the budget bill so as to affect either the obligations of the State under Section 34 of Article III of the Constitution, or the provisions made by the laws of the State for the establishment and maintenance of a system of public schools, or the payment of any salaries required to be paid by the State of Maryland by the Constitution thereof; and the General Assembly may amend the bill by increasing or diminishing the items therein relating to the General Assembly and by increasing the items therein relating to the judiciary, but except as hereinbefore specified, may not alter the said bill except to strike out or reduce items therein provided, however, that the salary or compensation of any public officer shall not be decreased during his term of office; and such bill when and as passed by both houses shall be a law immediately without further action by the Governor.

Fourth. The Governor and such representatives of the executive departments, boards, officers and commissions of the State expending or supplying for State's money, as have been designated by the Governor for this purpose, shall have the right, and when requested by either house of the Legislature, it shall be their duty to appear and be heard with respect to any budget bill during the consideration thereof, and to answer inquiries relative thereto.

Sub-Section C: Supplementary Appropriation Bills:

Neither house shall consider other appropriations until the Budget Bill has been finally acted upon by both houses, and no such other appropriation shall be valid except in accordance with the provisions following: (1) Every such appropriation shall be embodied in a separate bill limited to some single work, object or purdose therein stated and called herein a Supplementary Appropriation Bill; (a) Each Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall provide the revenue necessary to pay the appropriation thereby made by a tax, direct or indirect, to be laid and collected as shall be directed in said Bill. (3) No Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall become a law unless it be passed in each house by a vote of a majority of the whole number of the members elected; and in the yeas and nays recorded on its final passage. (4) Each Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall be presented to the Governor of the State as provided in Section 17 of Article II of the Constitution and thereafter all the provisions of said Section shall apply.

Nothing in this amendment shall be construed as preventing the Legislature from passing at any time in accordance with the provisions of Section 28 of Article III of the Constitution and subject to the Governor's power of approval as provided in Section 17 of Article II of the Constitution an appropriation bill to provide for the payment of any obligation of the State of Maryland within the protection of Section 10 of Article I of the Constitution of the United States.

Sub-Section D: General Provisions:

First. If the Budget Bill shall not have been finally acted upon by the Legislature three days before the expiration of its regular session, the Governor may, and it shall be his duty to issue a proclamation extending the session for such further period as may, in his judgment, be necessary for the passage of such Bill; but no other matter than such Bill shall be considered during such extended session except a provision for the cost thereof.

Second. The Governor for the purpose of making up his budgets shall have the power, and it shall be his duty, to require from the proper State Officials, including herein all executive departments, all executive and administrative offices, bureaus boards, commissions and agencies expending or supervising the expenditure of, and all institutions applying for State moneys and appropriations, such itemnized estimates and other information, in such form and at such times as he shall direct. The estimates for the Legislative Department, certified by the presiding officer of each house, of the Judiciary, as provided by law, certified by the Comptroller, and for the public schools, as provided by law shall be transmitted to the Governor, in such form and at such times as he shall direct, and shall be included in the budget without revision.

The Governor may provide for public hearings on all estimates and may require the attendance at such hearings of representatives of all agencies, and of all institutions applying for State moneys. After such public hearings he may, in his discretion, revise all estimates except those for the legislative and judiciary departments and for the public schools as provided by law.

Third. The Legislature may, from time to time, enact such laws, not inconsistent with this Section, as may be necessary and proper to carry out it provisions.

Fourth. In the event of any inconsistency between any of the provisions of this Section and any of the other provisions of the Constitution, the provisions of this Section shall prevail. But nothing herein shall in any manner affect the provisions of Section 34 of Article III of the Constution or of any laws heretofore or hereafter passed in pursuance thereof, or be construed as preventing the Governor from calling extraordinary sessions of the Legislature, as provided by Section 16 of Article II, or as preventing the Legislature at such extraordinary sessions from considering any emergency appropriations.

If any item of any appropriation bill passed under the provisions of this Section shall be held invalid upon any ground, such invalidity shall not affect the legality of the Bill or of any other item of such Bill or Bills.

Section 2. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said foregoing Section hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution shall at the next ensuing general election, being the Presidential and Congressional election, being the Presidential and Congressional, election, to be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday of November, nineteen hundred and sixteen, be submitted to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection in conformity with the directions contained in Article XVI of this State, and at said election the vote on said proposed amendment to the constitution shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot, there shall be placed the following synopsis of said amendment under the caption of "CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROVIDING FOR A BUDGET."

"This amendment provides that the Governor shall present to the Legislature soon after it is convened a Budget giving a complete plan of proposed expenditures and estimated revenues for the two succeeding fiscal years showing clearly any surplus or deficit in State funds. In these estimates he shall make provision for the interest and sinking funds of all State debts, for all salaries as fixed by law, and for the public schools as fixed by law. With regard to most other matters he may revise the estimates presented to him either by State Officers or State-aided Institutions. The Legislature may not increase the estimates presented by the Governor or pass any additional appropriation act except by a majority vote and must make provision by tax for such increase or additional appropriation. The Legislature may not alter in any appropriation act the provision made by law for the State debt, or for the judiciary, but may reduce all other items in the Governor's estimates;' and the words 'for the Constitutional Amendment' and 'against the Constitutional Amendment' as now provided by law, and immediately after said election due returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote in accordance with Article XVI of the Constitution.

Approved March 28, 1916."

Now, therefore, I, Emerson C. Harrington, Governor of the State of Maryland, in pursuance of the direction contained in Section 1 of Article II of the Constitution of Maryland, do hereby order and direct a copy of this Proclamation, containing a full, true and correct copy of the text of said Chapter 159 of the Acts of Maryland of 1916, be published in at least two newspapers in each of the counties of the State and in three newspapers published in the City of Baltimore, one of which said newspapers in the City of Baltimore to be printed in the German language, once a week for three months next preceding the General Election to be held in this State on November 7th, 1916, and at which election the said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be submitted, in form and manner prescribed by the General Assembly, to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection.

GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND THE GREAT SEAL OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND.

The Great Seal of Maryland.

DONE at the City of Annapolis, this twentieth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand and nine hundred and sixteen.

EMERSON C. HARRINGTON,
By the Governor:
THOMAS W. SIMMONS,
Secretary of State.

Order Nisi.

Gilmor S. Hamill, Assignee vs. William Frederick, Jr., and wife.
In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland, No. 2673 Equity.

It Is Ordered, this 8th day of July nineteen hundred and sixteen, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in equity, that the sale of the property mentioned in these proceedings, as made and reported by Gilmor S. Hamill, Assignee of mortgage for the purpose of foreclosure, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 21st day of August, 1916; provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Garrett county once a week for three successive weeks, before the 25th day of August, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $8000.00.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

ROAD PETITION

Notice is hereby given that thirty days after the first publication hereof, application will be made to the County Commissioners of Garrett county for the appointment of viewers to lay out and locate a proposed new county road in Election District No. 10 of said county, said proposed road to begin at a point on the Ryan's Glade and Blaine road at or near Z. H. Moon's mail box, and running thence through the lands of Michael and Bell Tasker, Alexander Moon, George W. Walter and Jesse and George White to intersect the road leading from Bethlehem to Mountain Lake Park, a distance of about two miles.

E. B. TASKER,
MIKE TASKER,
ALEX. MOON,
JESSE WHITE,
GEORGE A. WHITE,
GEORGE W. WALTER,
AND OTHERS.

First publication August 3, 1916.

The Maryland State College Of Agriculture

Gives special courses in—
AGRICULTURE, ANIMAL HUSBANDRY, DAIRYING, POULTRY HUSBANDRY, FRUIT GROWING, MARKET GARDENING, FLORICULTURE, CANNING, CHEMISTRY, BIOLOGY, RURAL, CIVIL, MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING.

Military Training

College Expenses $90—Living Expenses $100
4 years, 1 year 36 week and CORRESPONDENCE COURSES.

FALL TERM Begins September 12th.
For Full Information address—
THE REGISTAR, COLLEGE PARK, MD.
Adv. 22-6t

The man Who Makes A STUDY OF HIS APPEARANCE

Is the man who best appreciates the detail of the tailoring we turn out The workmanship passes without a question, the fit is naturally, a matter of course, but the shape we mould into the garments give them a character that finishes them off and makes the satisfaction of the owner complete.

All this is a bid for your next tailoring order. We know we can make you the best clothes you ever wore We want you to know it. That orders the best and only sure way to settle the question.

JAMES BROCK,
Dixon Building,
Oakland, Maryland.

Orphan's Court Proceedings.

The semi-monthly session of the Orphans' Court for this county was held Tuesday with all members of the Court present, when the following business was transacted:

A number of accounts in cases which have been on the docket were passed.

Letters of administration in the following estates were issued:

To N. B. Harvey, on the estate of his recently deceased son, Arthur O. Harvey.

To A. B. Mason, on the estate of his father, the late Buckner Mason.

To Mrs. Elizabeth E. Baker on the estate of her husband, the late Simon P. Baker.

Milton Fisher qualified as executor of the last will and testament of the late John M. Fisher.

BLOOMINGTON

Miss Pearl Wolf, of this place, returned to this place last week from a very enjoyable visit to relatives at Altoona, Pa.

Mrs. Charles Brendlin, of Bloomington, entertained Mesdames John Paul, of Westernport; W. C. Johnson, of Piedmont; Harry Coffman and N. C. Gutherie, of this place, at dinner on last Thursday.

Mr. Albert Wilson, a well known farmer of Dist. No. 4, this county, residing about four miles from town, was sent to Cumberland last Thursday morning and placed in the W. M. hospital for treatment for typhoid fever.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Walker, of Blaine, spent Saturday in town, the guest of his sister-in-law, Mrs. Minnie Tibbets.

Mr. Calvin Warnick, of Shaw, has secured employment at the Masteller Coal Co. at Hampshire, and moved his family to Franklin.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Niland have gone to housekeeping and moved into the house adjoining Mr. Niland's father, Mr. John Niland, at Beryl.

Mesdames James Rowe, James Spenee and James Wilson, of this place, piked it over the hills to Aaron's Run one day last week and spent a very enjoyable day at the home of Mrs. Duckworth, the widow of the late Floyd Duckworth.

Mrs. G. C. Pattison is home from a very pleasant visit to Berkley Springs.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Bush and little son have returned home after a short visit to relatives in South Cumberland.

Mr. Emory Hardesty, agent for the W. M. R. R. at Barnum, accompanied by his wife and children, is spending his vacation at the home of his parents at Aurora, W. Va.

Mr. Jacob Stump, our accomodating post master, is in Wildwood, N. J., a delegate to the Great Council of Red Men in session in that city.

Ex-assemblyman Geo. L. Michaels, of Firm Rock, one of the most progressive and responsible citizens of that community, was in town on Wednesday.

The Garrett County Fair at Oakland drew quite a delegation of our town and country folks to its exhibition on Wednesday.

Mr. Lincoln Barnard of near Walnut Bottom, son of William Barnard, is ill with typhoid fever.

Garrett County Sunday School Convention.

The sessions will be held in Bethel Methodist Episcopal Church, Mt. Lake Park, Tuesday September 19, when the following program will be carried out:

9:45 a. m. Rev. Paul Flannagan, presiding. Devotional service, Rev. T. P. Filson.

10:00 a. m. "Using the Press to Boost the School," Mr. Benjamin H. Sincell. Public and Church School Cooperation, Prof. Rathbun, Superintendent of Schools, Garrett county.

10:45 Rev. Ely, pastor of Presbyterian church, Oakland. Introduction of Dr. E. Morris Fergussen, Secretary of State S. S. Association. Address and Round Table.

2:00 p. m. Devotional, Rev. Eichelberger, Rector Episcopal church.

Using the Collection to Create Character, John Reams, Supt. U. B. S. S. Loch Lynn. Address, Dr. Fergueson. Report of Secretary, A. T. White, Mt. Lake Park. Business and Adjournment.

Many Witnesses to this Fish Story

C. A. Miller, cashier of the First National Bank, and S. M. Scott, Jr., of Terra Alta, with Parley DeBerry, superintendent state school of Romney, caught a black bass yesterday in the South Branch, two miles from Romney, that weighed 72 ounces and was 23 inches long. It is supposed to be the largest bass that ever was landed in that section. The fish was caught by Scott and landed with the assistance of Miller and DeBerry.

Apple Butter Factory.

I will make apple butter and cider on Tuesdays and Thursdays of each week at the Apple Butter factory near Gortner. N. L. SWARTZENTRUBER.

Adv.

Subscribe for The Republican.

CAMPAIGN SHIFTS TO THIS COUNTY

Senator Zihlman Will Spend Two Days Meeting Voters At Oakland Fair.

Tuesday morning's issue of the Cumberland News contained the following item of political news with reference to Senator Zihlman, who is spending a portion of this week in Oakland:

The congressional campaign in the Sixth district shifts tomorrow from the tip of the Blue Ridge Valley in Washington county to the crest of the Alleghanies in Garrett when Senator F. N. Zihlman, Republican candidate to succeed David J. Lewis in the House of Representatives, goes to Oakland to spend two days meeting the voters at the Oakland fair.

The fair will give the candidate an opportunity to meet virtually the representative electorate of the western county. Farmers from miles around will be there and the Senator will have two busy days renewing friendships among the voters. He will make no set speeches but will just mix with the Fair visitors and talk things over.

From Oakland the senator will go to Baltimore Friday where, together with all the other Congressional candidates, he will speak before the state central committee and in the evening he will attend the big meeting at the Albaugh theatre when Dr. Jos. I. France, senatorial candidate, will be formally notified. The address of the evening will be made by United States Senator Borah.

Saturday Senator Zihlman will accompany Senator Borah and Dr. France in an invasion of the Western Maryland counties. At 1:30 o'clock Saturday afternoon a mass meeting will be held in Frederick to be attended by the Frederick county central committee, which is composed of three men from each district.

Saturday evening the candidates and Senator Borah will address the voters of Washington county when the campaign in that county will be launched in earnest. The meeting will be held in the Maryland theatre, Hagerstown, and a list of honorary vice presidents announced by the committee include all the prominent Republicans in the county.

House Warming.

On last Saturday evening, Mr. and Mrs. John T. Smith, of near Deer Park, gave a "house warming." They have erected a large splendid new house into which they have moved just recently. The following attended the "house warming": Messrs. Dorsey Jefferys, Earl George, Paul Thrasher, George Kimmell, Pearle Miller, Bob Friend, Howard Junkins, Willie Schmidt, Lawrence Uppole, Bliss and Bruce Groves, Haven and Davy DeWitt, B. H. Wiley and John Fitzwater. Misses Mattie and Jessie Groves, Katharine and Ada Thrasher, Margaret McDonald, Ida Liller, Gladys, Glenna and Helen DeWitt, Vauda Glotfeltv, Dewey Uppole, Ada and Floe Junkins, Miss Lovada Wilt, Mrs. Luther Groves and Mrs. Ramsey Smith. Every one had a fine time and after dainty refreshments were served all departed for their respective homes.

Birthday Party.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Alexander entertained a number of their friends at their home on Friday evening, Sept. 8, in honor of their son Earl's twenty-first birthday. It was a complete surprise to the young man and indeed a most agreeable one. He received many useful presents, showing the esteem in which he is held by the people of the community. As host and hostess Mr. and Mrs. Alexander are ideal. The guests are grateful to them for the highly enjoyable time they had; for it was indeed an enjoyable affair. Music was rendered by the famous Flatwoods string band. Games of all kinds were indulged in by the young folks until a late hour when refreshments were served consisting of ice cream, cake, lemonade, etc.

There were fifty or more guests present including the following: Mr. and Mrs. J. Roy Keller, Mr. and Mrs. Luther Keller, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Callis, Misses Dora Harring, Lulu and Mary Callis, Sarah Savage, Emma Callis, Dorla Glottelty, Gladys and Mabel Keller, Edith Durst, and Messrs. Elmer Keller, John Keller, Albert Boyer, Gordon Callis, Asa McGettigan, Horace McGettigan, Frank Callis, Wayne Smith, Owen Mattingly and Mr. Jackson. A GUEST.

Hoyes, Sept. 12th, 1916.

SEED WHEAT.

We have for sale an exceptionally fine lot of the original Stoner Miracle Wheat. Choice, recleaned stock free from impurities, at $2.00 per bushel; New Crop. Our threshing is finished, and a yield of 40 bushels per acre resulted.

In seeding we used 6 pecks to the acre. We advise early sowing, correspondence solicited.

THE H. WEBER & SONS CO.

Adv. 29-3t

Supervisors' Notice OF Registration of Voters.

OFFICE OF
THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF ELECTION FOR GARRETT COUNTY.
OAKLAND, MD., SEPTEMBER, 12, 1916.

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with the provisions of Article 33, as amended by Chapter 236 Acts of 1910, the undersigned Officers of Registration of the respective Election Districts of Garrett county, Md., will hold their sittings from 8 o'clock a. m. until 8 o'clock p. m., on

Tuesday, October 3rd,

Tuesday, October 10th,

AND ON

Tuesday, October 17th,

for revision only.

(No one can register after Tuesday, October 10)

at their respective places of registration hereinafter named, for the purpose of registering in their respective registries of voters all persons who possess or before the day of election next ensuing may possess the requisite qualifications under the Constitution of the State of Maryland and the laws make thereunder entitling them to vote in said election districts and for the purpose of performing all other duties required of them by Article 33 of the Code of Public General Laws of Maryland.

Election District Number One—
Swanton.

The Officers of Registration for the First Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Election Building in the town of Swanton.

Election District Number Two—
Friendsville.

The Officers of Registration for the Second Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Council chamber in the town of Friendsville.

Election District Number Three—
Grantsville.

The Officers of Registration for the Third Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Council Chamber in the town of Grantsville.

Election District Number Four—
Bloomington.

The Officers for Registration for the Fourth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Cleary building in the town of Bloomington.

Election District Number Five—
Accident.

The Officers of Registration of the Fifth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the house of Mrs. Susan Englehart in the town of Accident.

Election District Number Six—
Sang Run.

The Officers of Registration for the Sixth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Election Building in the town of Sang Run.

Election District Number Seven—
Oakland.

The Officers of Registration for the Seventh Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the office of the Board of Election Supervisors in the Court House.

Election District Number Eight—
Ryans Glade. First Precinct.

The Officers of Registration for the First Precinct of the Eighth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Election Building on the Northwestern Pike.

Second Precinct.

The Officers of Registration for the Second Precinct of the Eighth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid at Red House.

Election District Number Nine—
Johnson's.

The Officers of Registration for the Ninth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the shop of Thomas Johnson on the National Pike.

Election District Number Ten—
Deer Park.

The Officers of Registration for the Tenth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Savage building in the town of Deer Park.

Election District Number Eleven—
The Elbow.

The officers of Registration for the Eleventh Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the residence of Joseph Warnick.

Election District Number Twelve—
Bittinger.

The Officers of Registration for the Twelfth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the old store room originally occupied by G. W. Engle in the town of Bittinger.

Election District Number Thirteen—
Kitzmiller.

The Officers of Registration for the Thirteenth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Bank Room in the town of Kitzmiller.

Election District Number Fourteen—
Oakland.

The Officers of Registration for the Fourteenth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Dr. J. Lee McComas office Building adjoining the Commercial Hotel in the town of Oakland.

JOHN T. O'BRIEN,
JOSIAH G. FRIEND.

Officers of Registration for the First Election District.

WILLIAM FREDERICK, Jr.
JAS. W. FRIEND.

Officers of Registration for the Second Election District.

WILLIAM T. STANTON,
C. C. DURST.

Officers of Registration for the Third Election District.

EARL FAZENBAKER,
JOEL PAUGH.

Officers of Registration for the Fourth Election District.

LYMAN FRAZEE,
ADAM HETRICK.

Officers of Registration for the Fifth Election District.

G. WM. BROWNING,
SHERMAN G. SAVAGE.

Officers of Registration for the Sixth Election District.

JOHN F. HART,
WARREN RATHBUN.

Officers of Registration for the Seventh Election District.

FRANK LAYTON,
P. A. CHISHOLM.

Officers of Registration for the First Precinct, Eighth Election District.

ROBERT LATHRUM,
JONAS YUTZY.

Officers of Registration for the Second Precinct, Eighth Election District.

C. ARTHUR MURPHY,
JAMES R. MCKENZIE.

Officers of Registration for the Ninth Election District.

BRUCE T. BROWNING,
B. T. THRASHER.

Officers of Registration for the Tenth Election District.

CORNELIUS H. SMITH,
ALFRED MAGRUDER.

Officers of Registration for the Twelfth Election District.

OLIN WARNICK,
E. S. BRENNEMAN.

Officers of Registration for the Twelfth Election District.

WM. S. HARVEY,
LEWIS CASPER BRAY.

Officers of Registration for the Thirteenth Election District.

C. F. WHITE,
H. R. DEWITT.

Officers of Registration for the Fourteenth Election District.

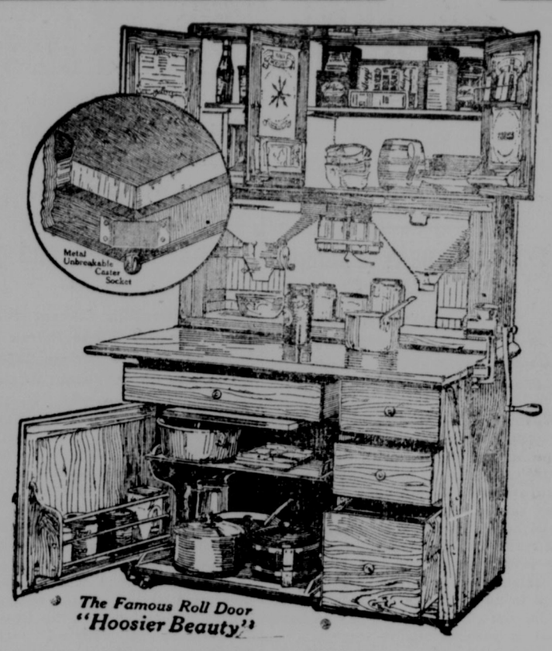
J. M. STANTON, Pres.
FRED T. MILLER,
GEO. D. BROWNING.

Board of Supervisors of Election for Garrett County, Md.
H. A. RASCHE, Clerk.

U. B. Conference Appointments.

At the session of the United Brethren conference which closed at Clarksburg, West, Va., Monday the following appointments were made for Garrett county:

Deer Park, George Sharp; Oakland, George S. Hanleiter. Rev. H. D. Barnhouse, pastor of the Loch Lynn charge, was transfered to Terra Alta.



WE have in stock the famous HOOSIER KITCHEN CABINET at a price within your reach:

$21.00, $27.00

and $34.00

$1.00 down; balance $1.00 per week

The safest and surest plan is to order now. You take no risk. We guarantee to refund every cent if you are not delighted with the Hoosier.

Gold Medal Winner Panama-Pacific Exposition San Francisco 1915

CALL AND SEE OUR LINE.

McIntire's Hardware Store

Oakland, Maryland.

Assignee's Sale OF VALUABLE House and Lot

In Mt. Lake Park, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage from Philip T. Garthright and Sarah E. Garthright, his wife, dated October 19th, 1905, and recorded among the Mortgage Records of Garrett county, in Liber No. 57, folio 60, and assigned to Richard S. Bell, for the purpose of foreclosure, there being default in the covenants and conditions of said mortgage, the undersigned assignee of said mortgage, will sell at public auction in front of the premises hereinafter described, in Mt. Lake Park, Garrett County, Maryland on

SATURDAY

the 7th day of October, 1916

at 10:30 A. M. the following property, to-wit

First. All that lot or parcel of land known and described as Lot. No. 1017, fronting on "K" Street, on the Plat of Mountain Lake Park, as recorded in Liber No. 8, folio 89, of the Land Records of Garrett County, and being the same property which was conveyed to the said Philip T. Garthright by Gilmor S. Hamill, Trustee, by deed dated April 17th, 1905, and recorded among said Land Records in Liber No. 56, folio 513, a reference to which is hereby made.

This property is improved with a very good dwelling and outbuildings, the house being equipped with bath and electric light, and the property is known as "Smouse Cottage."

Second. All those lots, pieces or parcels of land situate, lying and being in Mountain Lake Park, and known and described as Lots Nos. 920 and 922 respectively on the plat of Mountain Lake Park, and being the same lots which were conveyed to the said Philip T. Garthright by the Mountain Lake Park Association, by deed dated February 22nd, 1894, and recorded among the Land Records of Garrett County aforesaid, in Liber No. 24, folio 15, a reference to which said deed is hereby made.

Each of these lots is improved with a good dwelling house and the whole is known as "Virginia Homes," these houses are equipped with bath, electric light etc., with necessary outbuildings.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on the day of sale.

RICHARD S. BELL,
Assignee of Mortgage.

Proposals for Building Iron and Concrete Bridges.

Office of the County Commissioners for Garrett County.
Oakland, Md., September 13th, 1916.

Notice is hereby given that the County Commissioners of Garrett county Maryland, will receive sealed proposals until

Monday, October 2nd, 1916,

at 2 o'clock p. m. at their office in the town of Oaklnd, Md., for the building of four concrete or iron bridges.

Bridge near Jennings to be an iron structure 41 feet and 6 inches long 12 foot clear road way capacity 15 tons white oak plank floor two and one half inches thick.

or a Concrete Bridge.

To be of Concrete arched 36 feet long ten feet and eight inches from bed of stream to finished roadway with a 12 foot clear roadway set in between the old butments.

And at the same time and the same place sealed bids will be received for the building of a concrete bridge over Mill Run near John Stuck's blacksmith shop. Bridge to be concrete arched 24 feet long 14 feet clear roadway on a 7 per cent grade 12 feet 5 inches from bed of stream to finished road way at highest end.

And at the same time and at the same place sealed bids will be received for the building of a concrete bridge over Cherry Creek on the road leading to Bittinger, bridge to be 28 feet arched concrete with a 14 foot clear road way 9 feet from bed of stream to finished roadway on 70 degrees off center line of road way.

And at the same time and at the same place sealed bids will be received for the building of a concrete bridge over Cherry creek near L. C. Ewin farm in District No. 14 bridge to be 40 feet arched concrete 10 feet and 8 inches from bed of stream to finished roadway 12 feet clear roadway wing walls 14 feet long.

The above bridge to be designed to carry 150 pounds to the square foot, or a concentrated load of 20 tons.

Specifications can be seen at the County Commissioners office.

The County Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the Board.

W. G. MEYERS, Clerk.

For Sale.

Crooks Crest, comprising about twenty acres, improved by handsome house. Apply to the owner or any real estate agent. Mrs. E. Fundenberg, Oakland, Md. Adv. 12-tf

The Celebrated South Bend Plow.

Buy one now and pay for it in the spring. Price is just right.

McIntire's Hardware Store, Oakland. Advertisement.

For Sale On The Monthly Payment Plan

Pay Like Rent

You can buy the 3 room cottage, equipped with city water, sewer, inside toilet and gas, on the lot fronting 50 feet on Bartlett St. by 100 ft. deep, on the monthly payment plan on the same terms and conditions as thousands o homes are being secured every ver through the Building and Loan sociations.

Or the 7-room house, with cellar, gas, city water, sewer, bath etc. on the lot 100 by 100 ft. at the corner of Center and Bartlett Sts.

If not sold these houses are for rent on very reasonable terms.

For particulars see
Paul B. Naylor or write to
U. G. Palmer, Verona, Pa.

VULCALENE

SELF VULCANIZING

For punctures, blow outs, cuts, tears, hot water bags, and all rubber goods

Save 200 to 500 per cent on your tire troubles

Heat or friction will not affect it

It is a pure Para Rubber compound, not a tire dough.

Anyone can apply it.

For sale by

E. S. EVANS

Terra Alta, W. Va. Oakland, Md.

THE VULCALENE CO.,

Washington, D. C.

29-4t

A Money Saving Chance For You.

Get rid of your old scrap iron, old rags, old gum shoes, copper and brass. We are paying best cash prices for same.

25c per hundred for iron; 50c per hundred for rags; 5c per lb. for rubber; from 5c to 10c per lb. for copper and brass.

We are located at the old Hamill house, opposite the electric light [illegible], Oakland, Md.

A. G. TARLO, Proprietor.

Adv. 16-5 months

Applied For Divorce.

In the Allegany county Circuit Court at Cumberland a bill for divorce has been filed by Mrs. Mary F. Dunlap against her husband, Wilford T. Dunlap, through J. W. S. Corchran, Attorney. The couple were married in Oakland twenty years ago, the defendant being the son of Rev. W. S. Dunlap, a former Lutheran minister of Oakland. Desertion is the charge.

THE REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME 41. OAKLAND, MARYLAND THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1916. NUMBER 30

TWO CAUGHT AT THE FAIR

One Alleged Bootlegger Is In Jail and Another Gave Bond For Appearance.

Two alleged bootleggers were picked up at the fair on last Friday afternoon by a detective in the employe of the State who came here from Pittsburgh at the solicitation of the county officials.

One of the men, an employee of the carnival company which held the centre of attraction during the fair, failing to give bond for his appearance at the December Term of the Circuit Court was committed to jail by Justice West, before whom the hearing was had, whilst the other, Edwin Walker, of Washington, D. C., who has been spending his summers at Mountain Lake Park and Oakland for a number of years, succeeded in getting bondsmen and he was released.

For many years the latter has been connected with a theatre in Washington and during the summer just past he operated a moving picture show at the Park as well as being in charge of the bowling alleys and other amusements at that place. His arrest upon the charge came as a great surprise to many of his friends who have always looked upon him as being straightforward and honorable in all his transactions.

At the Justice's court Walker waived a hearing but to friends he volunteered the information that the Pittsburgh detective approached him and asked that he procure some whiskey, which Walker did and handed him the bottle whereupon he was placed under arrest and held for the action of the grand jury.

Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Owens and little son, of Spencer, West Va., returned home yesterday after a week's visit to Oakland where they were the guests of Capt. and Mrs. James Brock.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Garrett National Bank

OF OAKLAND, MARYLAND

At the Close of Business September 12, 1916

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans and Investments	$587,991 82	Capital Stock	$ 50,000 00
United States Bonds	50,000 00	Surplus and Undivided Profits	68,191 01
Banking House, Furniture and Fixtures	30,500 00	National Bank Notes Outstanding	49,097 50
Due from Banks	6,572 83	Due to Other Banks	4,077 92
Redemption Fund with U. S. Treasurer	2,500 00	Deposits	589,247 95
Cash and Reserve	83,049 73		
Total	$760,614 38	Total	$760,614 38

THE STRONGEST BANK IN GARRETT COUNTY

CONSIDER seriously what this means. Think of it when you open an account. It means STRENGTH. In opening a Bank Account first satisfy yourself as to the responsibility of the institution with which you propose to deposit your money. NO ACCOUNT TOO SMALL—NONE TOO LARGE. We pay three per cent. interest on time and saving deposits. Safe deposit boxes for rent.

OFFICERS

GILMOR S. HAMILL, President. G. A FRALEY, Cashier.
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DIRECTORS

GILMOR S. HAMILL, JOHN T. MITCHELL, CHARLES S. DAVIS, DANIEL E. OFFUTT, Jr,
JOSEPH E. HARNED, HARLAND L. JONES, GEORGE A. FRALEY.

FOURTH ANNUAL FAIR HAS ENDED

One Day Added to Schedule At Last Minute and It Was Appreciated.

An extra day was added to the schedule of the Garrett County Fair last Friday when the management announced late in the afternoon that the school day rally would be held on Saturday instead of Friday on account of the heavy downpour of rain, and the action of the fair authorities was more than gratifying to the school children, who turned out en masse Saturday morning and paraded the streets from the Grammar school building to the fair grounds where they were allowed to enter as guests of the Fair Association. The hundreds of boys and girls in the parade presented a most attractive appearance, dressed as they were in the National colors and singing patriotic hymns as they passed along the streets.

The fair opened upon schedule time Tuesday morning and all that day as well as upon Wednesday, Thursday and Friday the town was crowded with an eager, good natured and intelligent crowd of Garrett countians who came to Oakland for the express purpose of enjoying themselves and this they did.

The fair building was gorgeously decorated with the fruits of harvest and appealed most strongly to the lovers of nature. Here a sheaf of corn, of oats, of wheat or other grain, interspersed with a gleaming yellow pumpkin relieveing the color scheme, made the several floors of the building attractive and beautiful.

While the exhibits in the building were not as large as in former years, which fact is very much regretted, yet the display was creditable considering the early date of the fair and at a time when farmers were engaged in their harvest fields gathering corn and other late crops.

(Continued on Page Four.)

D. M. Dixon & Co.

OFFER

85c. Bushel

For 200 to 300 Bushels

POTATOES

D. M. Dixon & Co.

C. H. BROWNING

Deer Park's Best Store

A Strong Statement, But a Straight Fact

Highest Prices Paid For Country Produce

Butter 28c per pound

Eggs 28c per dozen

Wanted—All old and young chickens I can get at the highest market price. I am making a specialty this year in handling good potatoes in large quantities at the best price.

Lowest Prices on Sugar, Flour, Dry Goods and Shoes.

Get right trade at Brownings.

Offutt's

Just received a big line of the

John Rich's Woolens

Also have a complete stock of

Fall & Winter Merchandise

Outings, Underwear, Shoes, Hats, Men and Boy' Suits, Sweaters etc.

Just Unloaded a Car of

Red Brick

Wanted—Potatoes, Butter, Eggs and All Produce, for which we will pay Highest Market Prices.

Millinery Opening next week. Watch for Announcement.

OFFUTTS'

THE WEEK'S BIG NEWS EVENTS

Happenings That Caused A Stir Briefly Chronicled.

SITUATION AT WASHINGTON

Executive Acts at the Capital—Victories and Defeats of the Great War—Doings in the Forty-Eight States Recorded.

WAR BULLETINS

Rome reports that at a general council of the Central Powers an offensive campaign in the Balkans was decided upon, the Kaiser agreeing to send 200,000 men and Austria 100,000 as reinforcements.

Kavala falls to Bulgars. Turks massacre citizens as Greek troops evacuate last fort. American lives and property reported in peril.

British capture Bulgar salient near Doiran, in Macedonia. Serbs take positions around Lake Ostrovo.

Net around Combles tightened as French capture Frieze farm southeast of German salient on Somme.

The Russians continue their advance in the Carpathians along the Bukowinan border and have captured several more heights, including Kapul Mountain.

Rivaling in interest the drive in the west, the Allied offensive in Macedonia also is developing rapidly.

Germans halt Russian advance on Lemberg from southeast by defeating attempts to capture Hadicz, regarded as key to southern defenses of the Galician capital.

WASHINGTON

The War Department ordered the National Guard of Tennessee to the Mexican border.

Announcement was made at the Department of Agriculture that a special nation-wide inquiry will be made into the cost of producing milk and the proposed increases in price in various cities.

Japan and Russia formally pledge to the United States the "open door" policy in China and recognize the territorial integrity of China.

The United States Coast Guard has lost its home in the Treasury Building at Washington to make room for the Farm Loan Board, which is to administer the new rural credits law.

Japan tells the State Department that her demand on China will in no way infringe on the sovereignty of that nation.

Gen. James B. Aleshire was placed on the retired list on account of disabilities incident to army service. He has been army quartermaster-general.

Five sailors who lost their lives when the armored cruiser Memphis was wrecked in Santo Domingo harbor were buried with full military honors in Arlington National Cemetery.

Billion and a half dollar Congress adjoined without ceremony, and the members hurry to their homes to enter the campaign. The total of appropriations is $1,626,429,209.

Two hundred and twenty-nine firms are holding nearly 5,000,000 cases of eggs in cold storage, according to reports to the Department of Agriculture.

GENERAL

Horses worth $6,602,522 and mules to the value of $1,627,682 were exported from the United States during the month of July.

Judge Alfred K. Nippert, of Cincinnati, announced that the East Prussian Relief Committee had sent $20,000 to Germany for the relief of East Prussia.

Secretary of War Baker announced that the National rifle match will be held at Jacksonville, Fla., Oct. 20.

Fire destroyed the Dekalb County Court House at Decatur, Ga., and for a time threatened the whole city, at a loss of $80,000.

Wall street has record day for year with sales of 1,683,000 shares of stock.

Thomas R. Marshall notified at Indianapolis of nomination by Democrats for vice presidency.

Dr. Joseph Royce, of Harvard, one of the most eminent philosophers in the world, died at Cambridge, Mass.

The U. S. Pennsylvania sets a world's record at gunnery practice by scoring five hits out of twelve at distance of eleven miles.

An ammonia tank being tested in the plant of the Interstate Milk & Cream Co., at Newark, N. J., exploded causing the death of 6 men.

Eighteen railroads have refused shopmen's demands for an advance of three cents an hour.

Captain Daniel Bascome Hodgson, who commanded the dispatch boat Hugh McCulloch of Dewey's fleet in the battle of Manila Bay, died in Detroit in his 70th year.

Lady Eglantine, the wonder of the poultry world, with a record of 315 eggs laid during her pullet year, is dead at Greensboro, Md.

An estate valued at $430,000 was left by A. B. Stickney, founder and for several years president of the Chicago Great Western Railroad.

The Mobile & Ohio Railway announced that it faces the worst car shortage in many years.

The most remarkable target practice in the history of the United States Navy, took place in Chesapeake Bay, when the United States battleship Oklahoma and Pennsylvania hit a target at a range of 20,000 yards.

Four men were killed, and several seriously injured when the Workingmen's Industrial Home at Detroit was destroyed by fire.

Twelve ships passed through the Panama Canal, which indicates that the dredging of the recent slide at Cucarachia has been completed.

The Louisville Railway Co. has increased the pay of 1,000 conductors and motormen one cent an hour.

A Federal investigation of the National Association of Master Bakers' plan to make the price of small leaves of bread 6 cents instead of 5 was started at Chicago.

According to a statement issued by the Interstate Commerce Commission 67 steam railroads in the United States, operating 75,000 miles, received in revenue $122,054,896 for the month of July.

A clothing factory in the Missouri penitentiary was destroyed by fire at a loss of $100,000.

Bread prices go up in many cities as inquiry is begun by Federal official in Chicago.

William M. Watson Lawrence, former president of the National Lead Co., provided in his will that Princeton University shall in time receive the bulk of his estate estimated at $2,000,000.

Harry J. Spannell, of Alpine, Texas, a hotel keeper, was indicted for the murder of his wife and Lieutenant-Colonel M. C. Butler, Sixth United States Cavalry.

MEXICAN CAMPAIGN

Villa and his 400 followers are advancing on Villa Ahumada, 120 miles south of Juarez on the Mexican Central Railway, according to persistent reports. It is said he has overcome de facto troops sent to meet him by General Trevino, commander of Carranzista troops in Chihuahua.

General Pershing's punitive expedition has been on Mexican soil exactly six months.

Serious consideration is being taken by the American-Mexican joint commission to the idea of establishing an international police force or neutral constabulary along the Mexican border.

Members of the Second Maine Regiment of National Guardsmen doing duty along the Mexican border voted in the elections held in their state.

General Pershing's troops south of the border have again taken up the chase of Francisco Villa.

General Funston has arrranged an eight-day "hike" for border division.

Nearly 15,000 militiamen have been discharged by the War Department for various causes since the State troops were mustered into the federal service.

American members of Mexican Peace Commission decide that Carranza must assure the safety of foreigners in Mexico before he can obtain a loan.

SPORTING

Directum I., pacing champion, covered a half mile in 55 3-4 seconds, record time, at Syracuse, N. Y.

Expressive Lou, Tommy Murphy's bay filly, won the $6,000 American Horse Breeders' Futurity for three-year olds, the feature of the Grand Circuit races at Syracuse, with impressive ease. The Murphy entry led the field from start to finish in both heats and crossed the line with plenty to spare.

President Joe Lannin, of the Boston American League Club, said that Manager William Carrigan had informed him recently that he thought this would be his last year in major league baseball.

Lee Axworthy, world's champion trotting stallion, lowered his own world's record at the New York State Fair Grand Circuit Meet, Syracuse, N. Y., stepping a mile in two minutes.

Fred Plum of Atlantic City, won the all-around trap shooting championship by defeating Edward L. Bartlett, Baltimore, in the challenge match at Atlantic City for the "E. C." cup.

FOREIGN

A new type of ship has arrived at Christiania, Norway from Christianiafjord. It resembles a huge barge and is constructed entirely of concrete.

Pope Benedict will make no more efforts to end the war until he is convinced one side or the other is approaching a stage of exhaustion.

Surrender of the forts at Kavala by the Greeks to the Bulgarians imperils property of American tobacco companies valued at $2,000,000.

Being unable to satisfy the Entente Powers of his ability to control the situation in Greece, Mr. Dimitracopulos has declined to form a Cabinet.

Mining properties in the State of Guanajuato not in operation by Oct. 1 will be confiscated by the Mexican de facto Government under a recently promulgated decree of the civil governor of the state.

Announcement was made that King Alfonso, after long negotiations, had succeeded in effecting an agreement among the belligerent nations to suspend reprisals upon prisoners of war.

Engineers at Constantinople have worked out detailed plans for constructing a tunnel under the Bosphorus connecting the Asiatic and European shores of Turkey.

ALLIES EXTEND GAIN AT SOMME

British and French Keep Up Progress on Both Ends of Teuton Line

ALL COUNTER ATTACKS FAIL

London.—British troops north of the Somme have added to their gains by capturing the famous "Danube trench," a mile long, constructed under the Kaiser's supervision and thought by the Prussians to be impregnable. At the same time the French have captured all the remaining Prussian trenches between Ver...mandovillers and Berny, south of the river.

Field Marshal von Mackensen is still pressing forward in the Roumanian Dobrudja, pursuing the Russians and Roumanians, according to the German official report, which, however, admits that the Roumanians are still advancing in Transylvania, having penetrated at some points fifty miles into that country.

In Macedonia the French, Serbs and Russians on Gen. Sarrail's left wing are pushing forward and have arrived before Florina, just south of Monastir and the Serbian frontier, which the Serbs evacuated before the Bulgarian attack some weeks ago. Sofia admits the loss of some ground here.

On the Russian front, Gen Brusiloff has resumed his attacks on the north bank of the Dniester, with Halicz as his immediate objective. Petrograd asserts he has made progress and captured upwards of 3,000 prisoners. Berlin admits the loss of ground east of Halicz, but says a great Russian attack in Volhynia, west of Lutsk was beaten back with great slaughter.

The Russians have resumed their drive on Lemberg with full vigor. The Petrograd War Office announced that they captured Teuton positions south of Brazezany, 46 mils southeast of Lemberg, taking 14 officers and 557 Turkish soldiers. In an encircling movement against Halicz, 60 miles south of the Galician capital, the Russians took 3,174 German prisoners, including 34 officers. The fall of Halicz is expected hourly.

Simultaneously with the resumption of the campaign against Lemberg the Russians took the offensive in Volhynia on a 12½-mile front south of Pinsk.

FRENCH SMASH LINE ON SOMME.

London.—On the Somme front the French in a vigorous advance reach the Bapaume road, menacing Peronnne from the north. On the Macedonian front the Bulgars are defeated with heavy losses and the Allies are pursuing them. The British are firmly established on the east bank of the Struma and the French advance half a mile on a two mile front west of the Vardar. In Athens a Cabinet crisis is believed to be inevitable, and it is reported that the Greeks, if they join the Allies, would like to conduct their own campaign against the Bulgars.

Commands of the Kaiser's armies on the Western front are rearranged, Duke Albrecht, of Wurtemberg being in charge on the north and Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria on the Somme, while the Crown Prince remains on the Verdun sector.

Berlin reports further progress for the German and Bulgarian forces under command of Field Marshal von Mackensen in the Dobrudja region of Eastern Rumania.

Attacks by the Russians in East Galicia and on the lower Stokhod River in Russia have been repulsed by the Austro-German forces, according to Berlin and Vienna. Petrograd reports that in the Carpathians the Russians have captured several additional strategic positions, but Vienna denies the assertion and declares that all attacks there were repulsed.

PITH OF THE WAR NEWS

During August the Allies on the western front lost a total of 78 aeroplanes, 49 of which fell into German hands. Of the latter, 31 were British and 18 French machines.

Official announcement was made that during August 126 hostile ships, of 170,679 gross tonnage, were destroyed by German or Austrian submarines, or by mines. Thirty-five neutral merchant ships carrying contraband of war to enemy countries were also destroyed.

The Serbs again defeated the Bulgarians in battles before Vaternik and Kajmakcalen, east of the Czerna.

The British troops in their advance across the Struma, in the region of Lake Tahinos, have driven the Bulgarians from four villages, says a War Office statement on the operations in Macedonia.

Austrian troops are still in retreat before the Rumanians in northern Transylvania, where the invaders have crossed the upper valley of the River Maros and the River Toplitsa and still drive ahead.

More than a third of the territory taken from Bulgaria by the Rumanians has already been reconquered by the German-Bulgarian forces.

The Higher Cost of Bread

By FREDERIC J. HASKIN

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 18.—The rise of prices, which has carried even the modest oyster into the class of luxuries, is now threatening the nickle loaf.

At a meeting of the National Association of Master Bakers in Chicago recently, it was proposed to abandon the manufacture of the five cent loaf altogether, and confine the trade to the ten-cent loaf. Now, bakers are talking of raising the price of the five cent loaf to six cents.

The higher cost of bread has been threatened ever since the beginning of the European War. According to the bakers, the five cent loaf of bread is no longer practicable on account of the increased cost of ingredients. Flour has increased a hundred per cent., milk 40; salt 14 and wrapping paper 70, while delivery costs, both in gasoline and in feed for horses, show a tweety-five per cent. increase. Rather than lower the standard of their output, the bakers prefer to increase the price of their product.

The leading factor in the present situation, however, is the scarcity of wheat, which has sent the price of flour soaring. It is particularly unfortunate that just when the whole world is looking to North America for its wheat supply, the crop should be afflicted with a plague of black rust which has crept through the wheat belts turning the brilliant yellow grain into mouldy stalks. In the Northwest, farmers who have borrowed money on their spring wheat crop are facing large deficits, while in the great wheat producing areas of Canada thousands of dollars have been lost.

Incidentally, one optimistic banker believes that, as in the case of cotton in the South, this temporary loss of wheat is going to be, in one sense, a permanent gain. The farmers have come to realize the danger of planting and depending upon one kind of crop, and to recognize the value of at least one sideline to fall back upon. Next year, he predicts, will see the beginning of a large live stock industry in the wheat belt of the Northwest.

This is good advice for farmers, but it does not help the consumer who is paying for the blighted crop. Naturally the bakers are not going to pay more for flour without making it up on the price of their product. Furthermore, they are facing a situation similar to that caused by the shortage in white paper; for they must not only pay an enormous sum for flour, but they are lucky if they can get it at all.

When the Allies failed to open up the Dardanelles, which would have released Russia's wheat crop last year, it became evident that North America would have to become the granary of the world. This alone was enough to start a rise in the wheat market. Then came the news that great damage had been caused to the American crops by black rust, and the Department of Agriculture printed a report in which it estimated that the crop would be just half as large as that of last year. This report has subsequently been confirmed, the latest figures giving 642,000,000 bushels this year, including both spring and winter wheat, as compared to 1,012,000,000 bushels in 1915. From Canada the same disastrous results have been reported. Already the mills have tacked a couple of dollars on to the price of each barrel of flour, and may add a couple more.

The bakers were just beginning to raise indignant voices concerning this increase when the country was threatened with a railroad strike, in which it became doubtful as to whether the bakers could obtain flour enough at any cost to carry on their business. Many large bakeries were running on a couple of weeks' supply of flour. The whole trade was in a panic. On the other hand, the flour mills were not slow to realize their advantage, and it is reported that many mills are now holding large supplies of flour in storage until the strike question is finally settled. As it is, the whole matter is merely lying dormant. Congress has passed the eight-hour day law in favor of the strikers, but its constitutionality is open to question. When the time comes for it to go into effect, the railroads will undoubtedly contest it. So a nation-wide strike still threatens. With the railroads tied up and shipments suspended, the bakers will be glad to get flour at any price, and the mills with a large flour reserve on hand will be especially fortunate. At least, so argues good business.

Already the bakeries have retrenched on all possible expenditures. Notices have even been sent out to the trade warning grocers and retailers not to buy any more bread than they can sell, since owing to the present low margin of profit, stale bread could not be returned. This condition also prevailed a couple of years ago when the price of wheat was excessive.

Within the past few weeks, however, the possibility of relief in the wheat shortage has come from an unexpected direction. Roumania has joined the Allies. It is belived with her fresh troops and new equipment, Roumania will, sooner, or later, be able to force an overland route either to the Aegean or to the Adriatic, thus releasing both her own and the Russian wheat supply. Before the war Russia exported about 146,000,000 bushels of wheat a year, and since the war it has been announced that the harvests are running far above the average. An official estimate places her 1915 crop at 800,000,000 bushels. Hence, it is possible that there is a large accumulation of wheat in Russian warehouses waiting to be exported, which, together with the Roumanian surplus, will go a long way relieving the American resources, and will create a radical change in prices.

Thus it is just barely possible that we may escape paying six or ten cents for our bread. All that is needed is an extra supply of wheat to send the price of flour down and mitigate the hardships imposed upon bakers. The increased cost of sugar and delivery expenses alone would hardly be accepted as sufficient excuse by the American public for a rise in prices. At least a partial bread boycott would probably ensue while American house-wives turned their hand to bread making.

There is still many American households where baker's bread never enters except in an emergency. These are usually provided over by women who have figured out to the tenth of a cent the economic and physiological advantages of home-made bread over the industrial variety. In a series of experiments conducted by domestic science classes in different parts of the country it was found that from the standpoint of economy there were very little, if any, difference in the price, but in some instances the results have been in favor of homebaking. One woman, for example, buys a fifty cent bag of flour every Saturday, which constitutes her week's supply for both cooking and baking. Two loaves of bread are baked twice a week and the rest of the hot rolls, biscuits muffins and hot cakes are placed upon the table. Every bit of bread, pastry and thickening for cooking is made out of that one bag of flour. Counting the other ingredients of sugar, lard, milk and yeast; the gas used in baking bread, and the time devoted by the servant who does the baking, this housekeeper asserts that the expense is less than that of three loaves of baker's bread a day at five cents a loaf, which would be required by her family.

The widespread substitution of baker's bread for home made bread, however, is not entirely based on convenience. In many cases the baker's product is infinitely superior. Usually, the recipes are worked out by experienced chemists and bread-makers in the baking laboratories. As a result, the finished product is mostly uniform in quality, and very digestible.

In the meantime, however, the matter is in the hands of the United States district attorneys who are investigating the alleged difficulties of the bakers. If the price of bread goes up, when in the judgment of these men conditions do not appear to warrant it, prosecution by the government may follow.

BITTINGER.

Prof. A. W. DeWitt, who has been in charge of our school for a few days pending the arrival of Prof. Fike, has now taken charge of the Accident school, and the Bittinger school will be suspended until next Monday.

Rev. McCauley, of the Pentecostal faith with his family, were removed to this neighborhood last week, and are now settled on the old Elias Lohr Farm, north of this village.

Mrs. A. C. Browning, of Pittsburgh, Pa., is visiting her sister, Mrs. Alexander Wiley at this place for a few days.

Mrs. Catharine Brenneman is reported critically ill at her home at this reporting.

Mrs. Mahlon Baker, of Bridgeville, Delaware, is visiting her mother, Mrs. C. J. Brenneman, and other relatives.

The heavy rain which fell last Thursday and Friday was followed by a frost on Sunday morning.

A number of our people motored to Oakland on fair days last week and many had a very uncomfortable return trip on Thursday through the rain and mud.

Estray Notice.

Notice is hereby given that there came to my place at Loch Lynn Heights on Friday last, August 25th, four head of Jersey Heifers, one a yearling and the others two year olds. Owner will please call, pay all damages and costs and take same away.

Adv. B. L. HARDESTY.

The Celebrated South Bend Plow.

Buy one now and pay for it in the spring. Price is just right.

McIntire's Hardware Store, Oakland. Advertisement.

Just received at McIntire's Hardware Store, a car load of Paroid Roofing to sell at the right price.

Advertisement.

FOR CAMPAIGN PURPOSES ONLY

Wilson Claims That He "Kept Us Out of War" Rediculous.

Washington, D. C. September 19,—Claims that President Wilson has "Kept us out of war" are so rediculously untrue that it is amusing to those who know the facts, declared Representative Charles F. Curry, of California, in a statement here today.

"His refusal to recognize Huerta as the de facto President of Mexico, a was done by European nations, encouraged bandit chiefs to continue their guerrilla warfare. Since then his vacillating policy, putting on embargoes one day and lifting them the next, supporting one faction today and another tomorrow, dictating who should not be a candidate for the Presidency of Mexico, and his meddlesome muddling generally, caused by his personal antipathy to Huerta, based on an uncomplimentary remark made about him by Huerta, prolonged the revolutions.

"President Wilson committed two acts of war against Mexico. One punitive expedition was for the avowed purpose of compelling Huerta to fire a salute of twenty-one guns to our flag, a number of American Marines and Mexicans were killed at Vera Cruz; the supply of note paper at the White House was exhausted, but the salute was not fired. The second punitive expedition was after the raid on Columbus and was to 'get Villa dead or alive'. Villa still lives and is at liberty.

"The President called for a conference of Mexican factions to establish a de facto government but said he would not recognize the leader of any faction that failed to attend. Carranza was the only leader that refused to pay attention to the conference and President Wilson recognized him.

"In handling the Mexican situation the Wilson administration has invariably 'done those things it ought not to have done and left undone those things it ought to have done.'

"The President has reiterated and his mouthpieces have claimed so often that he is entitled to the credit of 'keeping us out of the European war' that many persons accept the statements as true. Neither the Allies nor the Central Powers want the United States to become involved in the conflict.

"Nothing can involve us in that conflict unless we deliberately cease to maintain strict neutrality and blunder into it. "The United States is three thousand miles away from the European conflict. Denmark, Holland, Sweden, Norway, and Switzerland are right at the doors of the warring nations and yet these little countries are not involved. It is absurd for the President's partisans to claim that 'he has kept us out of war'.

"The President is an exceedingly erudite, well-meaning, kindly, polished gentleman, possessing more book learning and less wisdom than any of his predecessors. During the time he has occupied the Presidential chair it has been demonstrated conclusively that it is one of the most easy of intellectual efforts for a scholastic idealist to dream dreams, evolve theories, and in imagination govern the world from a philosopher's chair, but when it comes to dealing with flesh and blood, human nature, economic conditions, and international problems as they are it is an entirely different proposition. It is not dreams and theories but facts and conditions that must be considered, not abstract philosophy but concrete wisdom that must be used to effectively govern a people in such a manner as to surely safeguard their rights and liberties and advance their prosperity at home and protect the national welfare and maintain the dignity, honor, and power of the commonwealth abroad.

"The people have not forgotten that after a Conference with the President on diplomatic complications of an acute nature between our Government and one of the Europena belligerents, distinguished members of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee told Senators and Representatives and even stated to newspaper men that the President had become very much excited during the conference and in a vehement manner had said in effect, 'It might not be a bad thing for civilization and would hasten the end if the United States would enter the war on the side of the allies.'

"Early in his administration the President was 'too proud to fight,' even in defense of national honor; later he was looking for an opportunity to break into the war; today he claims to be entirely neutral; what his attitude will be tomorrow nobody knows."

Damage Suit Settled.

State Senator Harvey J. Speicher, of Garrett county, who was sued by Christopher Weires and son, Robert E., aged 8 years, settled the suit in Hagerstown Monday. The father sued for $1,000 and the son for $5,000, the former for the services of his son, and the later for injuries sustained, when he was struck in Cumberland by Senator Speicher's automobile, on May 4, 1915. The suit was docketed at Oakland and was later removed to Hagerstown. The boy sustained a fractured leg.

Subscribe for The Republican.

COMMISSIONER AND SPEEDING

Colonel E. Austin Baughman Explains Thoroughly the 1916 Law.

"Part four of the automobile law takes up the operation of motor vehicles," says Commissioner of Motor Vehicles E. Austin Baughman in the fifth of a series dealing with the law governing auto traffic passed by the last Legislature. "It sets out in the beginning the necessary equipment for operation.

"Before a car can be operated on the highway it must have displayed the tags or license plates furnished by the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles. These tags must be displayed entirely unobstructed—one on the front and the other on the rear. They must be kept clean and securely fastened so as not to swing. In the event that one of these tags is lost the owner may secure a duplicate tag upon the payment of $1, and while the tag is being made at the factory he may use his car by displaying one of the yellow pasteboard tags furnished at the office at the time of application for a new tag.

"Every motor vehicle before being operated must also be provided with adequate brakes, and in addition a horn or signaling device sufficiently loud to serve as a warning of danger and must be sounded on approaching curves, tops of hills, intersecting highways in the open country and any place where the operator's view is obstructed.

Automobiles must carry two white lights on the front of not more than 30-candle power and one light on the rear, showing red behind and white on the side, so arranged as to illuminate the rear license plate. In Baltimore city certain restrictions are placed on the use of strong headlights by the Board of Headlight Inspection. This does not apply to the counties, but a very commendable habit is in vogue on the State roads by operators dimming their lights upon meeting another vehicle. Lights must be carried between the periods from one-half hour after sunset and one-half hour before sunrise while being operated. Every motor vehicle must also be equipped with a muffler in order to reduce the noise of the engine. Cut-outs are not allowed to be used at any time within the limits of cities, towns and villages in the State.

'Section 149 of this law takes up the speed of motor-vehicles. I believe this section is understood by the public, but for those who are ignorant of the speed provision I will quote from the law:

" 'No person shall operate a motorcycle or motor-vehicle over any public highway of the State recklessly, or at a rate of speed greater than is reasonable and proper, having regard to width, traffic and use of the highways, or so as to endanger the property and life or limb of any person, or without due regard to wear upon said highway so as not unnecessarily or unreasonably to damage the same.

"No speed contest or contests shall under any circumstances be allowed to take place upon any highway of this State. If the rate of speed of a motorcycle or motor-vehicle operated upon any public highway of this State exceeds 12 miles an hour in the thickly settled or business parts of cities, towns or villages, or 18 miles per hour in the outlying or not thickly settled parts of cities, towns or villages, such rate of speed shall be prima facie evidence that the person operating such vehicle is operating the same at a rate of speed greater than is reasonable and proper and in violation of the provisions of this section, and the burden of proof shall be upon him, to show that such rate of speed was not greater than was reasonable and proper."

The above does not apply to solidtire vehicles that weigh in excess of four tons, as they cannot be operated at a rate of speed greater than 15 miles an hour. In addition to the above law regulating speed, the Legislature has fixed a maximum speed limit above which no motor vehicle can be operated under any circumstances or condition, and has set a minimum fine for violations of this character. This maximum rate is 35 miles an hour, and the maximum fine in case this speed is exceeded is $25 and costs, the justice of the peace having no power to impose a smaller fine in these cases. Numerous convictions and in some cases the violators operating licenses have been revoked. Speed must also be reduced in rounding curves, across bridges and passing other vehicles.

Section 151 has to do with accidents. It provides that in case of collision the operator of the motor vehicle involved must stop, give his name, number of license, and render such assistance as may be reasonable and within his power. If the accident results in a fatality or serious injury, it must be reported within 24 hours to the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles. Operation of a motor vehicle by a person when intoxicated or at all under the influence of drug or liquor is prohibited and punished by a fine of not less than $25 and a revocation of his operator's license. The law also prohibits an operator leaving his motor vehicle with engine running unattended. Motor vehicles must not be tampered with while standing along the street or be driven by unauthorized persons.

Section 155 provides a penalty of $25 for throwing glass or nails or tacks upon the highways. It is also a violation of the law for a chauffeur to receive directly or indirectly any bonus or discounts on supplies purchased by him for use of a motor vehicle.

MOUNTAIN LAKE PARK.

The season just closing has been the most successful for ten years. This was largely on account of the excessively hot weather. The season was shortened by the fear of a railroad strike. The different meetings and conventions were well attended and interesting, especially the Moody Bible institute, which brought a great many people to the Park. This Institute will continue to be one of the star attractions here.

Quite a number of families still continue with us, as well as quite a few others.

The new road, in course of construction connecting with the state system at Weber's, is rapidly nearing completion and will be finished before the winter sets in. This will be a great convenience to our people, and when completed to the station our joy will be full.

Many promises are made for next season, but we have heard them before and our faith is not strong.

Rev. Flanigan will preach his last sermon before Conference Sunday night, when the sacrament will be administered. Brother Flanigan will doubtless be returned. We understand that it is his wish and we know that it is the wish of his congregation.

All the hotels and boarding houses are open, and have some boarders. Many of the houses are occupied and will be througout this month. During the month of August the hotels and boarding houses could not accommodate the demand for rooms. Many private cottages rented rooms. Mrs. Schrock fed eighty people a day, others did as well.

Miss Vernie Schrock, who has been spending her vacation here, will return to the Woman's Hospital to resume her duties Saturday.

A number of cottages have been rented for 1917. Contracts have been given for painting and remodeling several cottages.

The sum of $1200 has been raised to secure a Shoemaker road from the terminus of the road on G street to the B. & O. depot. This is somewhat in excess of the amount required by law. E street from Oakland avenue will be graded this fall so as to secure a five per cent. grade from the State road.

Dr. and Mrs. John R. Abercombrie, of Baltimore, were week-end guests of The Braethorn. They were here to complete plans for the girls camp to be established at Mountain Lake Park. The camp will be located on the flat just above Crystal Spring. About twenty tents, with floors, will be pitched on the ground, a dining hall and a pavilion will be erected. There will be some fifty students of the Girls Latin School and the Park School for Girls, with about twelve or fifteen instructors a trained nurse, camp physician, etc. The camp will be established about July 1st and continue through that month and August. The camp will be a permanent one. This is the first camp located in Maryland by the State. They generally go to Maine. The location of this camp at the Park will create a demand for products of the farm, and leave a large sum of money among our people. These campers will come to the Park in a special car from Baltimore.

We hear a report that the Allegany House has been purchased by Mrs. Martin, who has been successfully running it the past several years. She will make a number of improvements for next season.

Last summer Judge Cuppett sold Dixie cottage to Miss Mollie Hamill. Last month Mr. Cuppett was offered $1,000 more for the cottage than he sold it for. He took the party to the present owner, who refused to sell, even at that advanced price.

Mrs. Charles Dawson and family have moved to Oakland, where they will make their future home.

The electric light plant will run at least up to the 2nd of October.

Visits Gormania.

D. W. Snyder, a newspaper man of Cumberland, at present field agent for the Keyser, (W. Va.,) Echo, recently visited Gormania and in the columns of the Echo related his experiences in that town as follows:

"At Gormania I stopped with A. W. Swartz at his splendid hotel and made him pay me $1.25 after I paid him $1.40. Mr. Swartz is a busy fellow. He runs a hotel, butcher shop, barber shop, ice cream shop, besides keeping two hens and one duck and the Mrs. keeps him on the hop. He barbers left handed too for the same price as others charge for a right handed shave. I only got ten subscribers in Gormania and then went to Gorman, just opposite in Maryland, canvassed the whole town and got none. One boy said the Mountain Echo was not a paper it was just an echo. Then I concluded that Gorman must be an echo of Gormania so I bought a ticket for Schell."

WILSON AND THE LABOR PROBLEM

He Has Never Shown Solicitude For The Laboring Man.

WASHINGTON, D. C., September 11.—A comparison between the records of President Wilson and Governor Hughes is not to the credit of Mr. Wilson in the eyes of organized labor. It is immensely to the credit of Governor Hughes.

President Wilson has never shown solicitude for the laboring man's welfare—his efforts to settle the railroad embroglio was the first time the President manifested the slightest interest in labor's affairs, and that interest was not due to any love for labor but to the spur of public opinion which demanded there should be no strike.

The dispute had not been brewing many months but the President waited until a little more than sixty days before the National election to summon the brotherhood chiefs and the railroad heads to Washington.

Perhaps there was a "psychological" reason for that, if not the reason of political advantage.

Labor unions are justified in looking askance at the President in view of his spoken and written utterances regarding labor.

In Mr. Wilson's "History of the American People" he says: "The Chinese were more to be desired as workmen, if not as citizens, than most of the coarse crew that came crowding in every year at the Eastern ports."

The "coarse crew" the President described as "crowding in" included the millions of foreign-born persons of every nationality who are now loyal citizens of the United States.

In the same book the President said: "And now there came multitudes of men of the lowest class from the south of Italy, and men of meaner sort out of Hungary and Poland, men out of the ranks where there was neither skill nor energy nor any initative of quick intelligence."

What do American citizens of German, Italian, Hungarian, Polish, or any European ancestory think of that?

On June 3, 1909, in an address to the graduating class of Princeton University, Dr. Wilson expressed his remarkable views on labor in the following words: "You know what the usual standard of the employee is in our day. It is to give as little as he may for his wages."

At a dinner in the Waldorf Hotel in New York, March 18, 1907, Dr. Woodrow Wilson spoke as follows: "We speak too exclusively of the capitalistic class. There is another as formidable an enemy to equality and freedom of opportunity as it is, and that is the class formed by the labor organizations and leaders of the country."

Contrast the labor record of President Wilson with the labor record of Governor Hughes.

Governor Hughes has never written or spoken a single word inimical to labor. On the contrary he was the greatest friend of labor that ever occupied the governor's chair at Albany. Legislative records at Albany show that during his two terms as governor of New York he signed 56 labor laws.

In New York State, during 132 years, only 162 labor laws were passed. One-third of these were signed during Hughe's two terms as Governor.

With these records known it will be easy for organized labor to select its candidate in the November election.

A Socliaistic Preacher.

Rev. James L. Smiley, assistant rector of St. Ann's church at Annapolis, Socialist candidate for Congress in the Fifth District, thinks a clergyman can consistently go into politics. He writes in the Annapolis Advertiser-Republican:

Who shall lead the people out of tyranny? The old political parties cannot, as long as they connive at capitalism. Their best efforts are pathetic patch work. Capitalism is at the root of all social troubles. The only remedy is its antithesis—Socialism. It stands for the public ownership of the means of producing and distributing the necessaries of life. Like the postoffice, it would serve the people at cost. Socialism will elevate the world to a normal condition of brotherhood and will enable men really to live and enjoy this earthly paradise. Having the conviction, I would preach it oftener, in the pulpit, but such preaching gives offense. Therefore, I must preach it from the platform. In doing so, I am not resigning my ministry; I am enlarging it. As a physician of the soul, I must go everywhere where evil lurks in order to eradicate it.

I am more and more convinced that my acceptance of this nomination is a sacred duty and that the call of the Socialist party is the call of God.

For Sale—A full blood Poland China male hog. Apply to or address E. J. Petersheim, R. D. 2, Oakland, Md.
Advertisement. 25-5 times

WANTED—Carpenters at Ida May Mine near Farmington, W. Va. Good Wages. Apply on job to Supt. John M. Kisner & Bro. Lumber Company.
Advertisement. 28-5t

KEYSER RIDGE

Cutting corn and filling silos is now the farmers daily work.

Mr. Alber Reichenbecker is just recovering from a serious attack of measles.

Mr. D. A. Speicher had business at Boynton, Pa., one day last week.

Mr. John Hanft is now busy making cider and apple butter.

The children of Mr. John Reichenbecker who were injured in the auto wreck are slowly improving.

Mr. Peter Beachy made a business trip to Grantsville Saturday last.

The heavy rains that swept over this section last Thursday did much damage to crops that were not yet harvested.

Mr. Noah Hachman, of Grantsville, was calling at J. W. Shirer's Sunday.

Mr. C. J. Hanft dined with D. A. Speicher Sunday.

The heavy frost here Tuesday morning was very injurious to the corn.

"BOBBY."

GORTNER

Miss Dora Wiles, of Morgantown, West Va., is visiting at W. H. Smouse's

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Yutzy, son Harold and daughter Mary Frances, of Sunnyside, were Sunday visitors with Mrs. Yutzy's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Sanders.

Miss Bertha and Sadie Spoerlein spent the week-end with their brother at this place.

Mrs. Tom Sines, who has been visiting her uncle, Mr. C. L. Wamsley, returned to her home in Westernport Thursday, she was accompanied by Miss Mabel Wamsley.

Joel Slabaugh was taken very sick Sunday with an attack of cholera morbis.

Miss Mary Blamble, of Dobbin, spent the past week with her sister, Mrs. P. P. Gortner.

Miss Nelle Schlossnagle, a trained nurse of Baltimore, was the guest of her aunt, Mrs. J. J. Schlossnagle.

Jonas Lichty and children and Miss Ethel Schram of Salisbury, spent the past week with home folks.

Harvey, Milton and Noah Swartzentruber, spent Saturday and Sunday with friends at Grantsville.

Jake Swartzentruber and Miss Elizabeth Lichty were pleasant callers at Jacob Beachy's, Aurora, Sunday afternoon.

Barbara Burkholder, of Meyersdale, Pa., drove through from Brandonville to attend the fair in Oakland, she was the guest of her sister's at this place.

Chas. Shaffer, wife and children, of Washington, D. C., who are visiting home folks, near Mason, were calling at the home of J. C. Petersheim, Sunday.

Will Wagner is visiting at C. T. Sanders.

Anti-Spitting Campaign.

As a means of protecting public health, the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad System has inaugurated an anti-spitting campaign through which it will make a personal appeal to those who patronize its trains and passenger stations to refrain from expectorating in public places.

On a designated day each month this railroad will distribute through the coaches of its trains a small card on which the attention of the public is directed to the danger of spreading disease. Public health and other authorities in the states through which the railroad operates have lent their approval to the campaign, which will give effective co-operation to those who are striving to safeguard the public health.

Trainmen will distribute the cards on the 15th day of the month. Instructions to the train employes and station forces concerning distribution point out that the plan adopted offers an inoffensive and forceful means of directing the attention to the danger of spitting in public and makes it possible for the railroad to lend its assistance in a compliance with the law and promoting sanitation.

Pleasure Cars in Maryland.

Statistics compiled in the office of State Motor-vehicle Commissioner Baughman show that Maryland has 25,723 automobiles devoted to pleasure riding. According to these figures one Marylander in every 54 owns a pleasure car. The increase in the number of cars in six years has been prenomenal. In 1910 there were 4,919 cars in the state.

SEED WHEAT.

We have for sale an exceptionally fine lot of the original Stoner Miracle Wheat. Choice, recleaned stock free from impurities, at $2.00 per bushel, New Crop. Our threshing is finished, and a yield of 40 bushels per acre resulted.

In seeding we used 6 pecks to the acre. We advise early sowing, correspondence solicited.

THE H. WEBER & SONS CO.
Adv. 29-3t

Apple Butter Factory.

I will make apple butter and cider on Tuesdays and Thursdays of each week at the Apple Butter factory near Gortner. N. L. SWARTZENTRUBER.
Adv.

TOUR FOR BOYS WILL BE EVENT

Stay in Oakland Will Be Made November 6—Leave Here Next Morning.

Oakland will be host on Monday, November 6 to the Corn and Potato Club winners of their tour of the State. The complete schedule of the trip that will be given twenty-five Eastern Shore boys through Western Maryland and twenty-five Western Maryland boys to the Eastern Shore was announced. It calls for the arrival of the Eastern Shore boys in Oakland on November 6 at 4 p. m. They will be in charge of the local committee all that day and will be kept here that night and taken to Grantsville Tuesday morning, leaving here at 10 o'clock.

The Eastern Shore boys and those selected from Southern Maryland to accompany them will arrive in Baltimore Sunday, November 5, and proceed by train to Oakland on Monday. The other party will arrive in Baltimore on Monday and leave for Crisfield by boat at 5:30 o'clock that afternoon. When the boys have finished their trip and reach Baltimore, plans are being made for a royal reception there in connection with the Maryland Week Exhibition, at that time the attraction at the Fifth Regiment Armory. Following is the schedule for the trip, as announced by the directors:

Oakland—Arrive Monday, November 6th, 4 p. m., leave Tuesday 10 a. m.

Grantsville—Tuesday 12:30 till 2 p. m.

Frostburg—Tuesday 3 p. m. till Wednesday 10 a. m.

Lonaconing—Wednesday 11:30 a. m. to Thursday 9 a. m.

Cumberland—Thursday 10 a. m. till Friday 9 a. m.

Hancock—Friday 11:30 a. m. till 2 p. m.

Clearspring—Friday 3 p. m. till 4 p. m.

Hagerstown—Friday 5 p. m. till Saturday 2 p. m.

Middletown—Saturday 3 p. m. till Sunday 2 p. m.

Frederick—Sunday, November 12, 4 p. m. till Monday 11 a. m.

Ridgeville—Monday 12:30 p. m. till 1:30 p. m.

Ellicott City—Monday till Tuesday 6 p. m.

The party will arrive in Baltimore at 10:30 a. m. November 15.

Money to Loan on real estate. Renninger & Offutt, Attorneys, Garrett National Bank building, Oakland, Md. Adv. tf

Notice of Appointments of Substitute Election Officials.

Notice is hereby given that the following have been appointed substitute election officials for Garrett county, said appointments to take effect from date of qualifying of the appointees for the term of one year:

Wade H. Lohr, whose postoffice address is Swanton, appointed Democratic clerk of Election District No. 1, in the place and stead of F. R. Sharpless, who has been excused from service on account of his health.

Columbus F. Broadwater, whose postoffice address is New Germany, appointed Democratic Judge of Election for District No. 3, in the place and the stead of Charles Warnick, removed from the State.

By order of the Board this 18th day of September, 1916.

J. M. STANTON, Pres.
H. A. RASCHE, Clerk. 30-2t

JENNINGS

Jack frost has visited our little village several times this fall already, but has done very little harm.

Thos. McHale, of Wilkesbarra, Pa., is trying to learn the Buick 6, so he can serve as chauffeur for Wilson Bittinger. Tom is a very scholarly young man and can soon learn to operate the machine.

Harvey Pfeiffer has secured a position with the B. & O. R. R. and is going to resign his position as stenographer for Jennings Bros.

Our old friend and store manager Mr. Gray, wife and daughter, Helen, were spending their vacation with us here at Jennings.

Clarence Bevans and wife, Alvin Stark and wife and Warren Dill and wife spent Sunday at the Jennings Hotel.

Mrs. Sallie Huff is back from the Miners' Hospital where she was operated upon for gall stones. She is convalescing.

Mrs. Lott Sheets is back from the Miner's Hospital where she was operated on for appendicitis. She is getting along nicely.

The Lutheran church people had a picnic a couple of weeks ago. They served dinner and supper. It was conceded that they set the best table upon this occasion that was ever known in this part of the country.

Henry Bittinger and family, Arch Warnick and family and Erner Bittinger and family spent ten days with us recently. They came by automobile from Akron, O., where the men are engaged in carpenter work as contractors and builders.

Howard Patton and family, of Detroit, Mich., are visiting relatives in this section. They came from Detroit in his Overland automobile.

H. A. Patton, purchased a fine new 4-cylinder Buick of Klotz & Roberts.

Miss Ethel Brenneman and Mr. John Hoban are visiting Austin Shaws this week, they are both of Frostburg, Md.

The Pentecostal people are having a very successful meeting upon Bear Hill. They are accomplishing a great deal to advance Christ's Kingdom among men.

The Dunkard Brethren held their annual lovefeast at Maple Grove, Sunday, the 3rd inst, at 5:30 o'clock. It was well attended.

The Methodist church is having a lawn fete and picnic in the Swauger Grove for the purpose of raising the deficit in their pastor's salary, Sept. 9th. The band played. They had refreshments of all kinds. Supper was served on the platform.

George Hoover was at Pittsburgh and brought home a new model Ford car.

Subscribe for The Republican.

J. W. Whorton & Son
CONTRACTING PLASTERERS

Only the Best Material Used.

Best Grade of Wall Plaster on hand at all times.

CONCRETE WORK of All Kinds.

All Work Guaranteed.

OAKLAND, - MARYLAND.

Service Difficulties

We aim to give prompt and accurate service, but the best trained and most vigilant organization is not absolutely "error proof." Service difficulties occasionally creep in.

Sometimes the causes are quite beyond our control, and sometimes they are just human errors. You can help us by reporting difficulties at the time they occur.

When you telephone, smile.

THE CHESAPEAKE AND POTOMAC TELEPHONE COMPANY

J. BROOKE BOYLE, Local Manager.

Tel. 9000 10 Union St., Cumberland.

THE REPUBLICAN

BENJ. H. SINCELL, EDITOR.

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THE REPUBLICAN,
Oakland, Md.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1916

REPUBLICAN TICKET

For President:
CHARLES E. HUGHES

For Vice President:
CHARLES W. FAIRBANKS

For United States Senator:
JOSEPH IRWIN FRANCE
of Cecil County.

For Congressman:
FREDERICK N. ZIHLMAN
of Allegany County

THE PROGRESSIVE COLONEL

Newspaper reports from Baltimore on Saturday concerning the Progressive party convention held in that city the day preceding gave the Republicans and Progressive alike in Garrett county something to think about:

It was somewhat of a surprise as well as amusing to read that Col. Pearre of Cumberland, should arrogate to himself the authority to represnt and speak for Garrett county in that convention, and as a result of his action in thus assuming to be the mouthpiece of the people of this county the question naturally arose: "Who authorized Pearre to speak for us? We are old enough to speak for ourselves." Col. Pearre does not represent the sentiments of the Progressives of this county. Everyone of them, so far as it has been able to ascertain, is behind and boosting the candidacy of Gov. Hughes.

The people of this county have not forgotten that Col. Pearre was a radical of the radicals in his numerous campaigns in this Congressional District and especially when he addressed the Republican voters of Garrett county while he was drawing a salary of $7500 per year as a Republican Congressman from the Sixth District of Maryland, but immediately after the Republicans of the District determined that they desired a more progressive candidate Pearre got into the sulks and began to abuse the party and people that gave him all the prominence he ever had; neither do they forget that notwithstanding the fact that he was in Congress for twelve years all he ever accomplished that attracted any great degree of attention to him was the disruption of the party in Allegany county by having his brother appointed postmaster of Cumberland in the face of numerous protests of the city's best citizens.

No, Colonel, you may speak for yourself but not for us. You will find out where this county stands when the election takes place, and you will further ascertain that your views in this campaign are wholly inconsistent with the views of the people of Garrett county.

FOURTH ANNUAL FAIR HAS ENDED

(Continued from Page One.)

The live stock exhibit, while no large, was also creditable and showed off to advantage what our farmers are doing in the way of improving their animals.

The point of most interest was the carnival grounds where entertainment was afforded at a low price and this feature was patronized without stint by all who attended the fair.

A good natured rivalry existed between the suffragettes and those opposed both parties having booths upon the third floor of the building. At times wives and husbands arrayed themselves against one another and it was indeed amusing for a bystander to hear the arguments pro and con on questions of woman suffrage.

Awards in the different departments were made as follows:

HORSE DEPARTMENT.

PERCHERON STALLION

J. S. Browning, Oakland, 1st; H. J. Speicher & Co., Accident, 2nd and 3rd.

Mare with colt at side—H. B. Harvey, Oakland, 1st.

Draft horse—B. L. Morrison, 1st.

Draft horse, over 3 and under 4 years—Thomas E. Bishoff, 1st; B. L. Morrison, 2nd.

Colt over 2 and under 3 years—H. J. Speicher, Accident, 1st; W. L. Casteel, Oakland, 2nd.

Draft suckling colt—H. B. Harvey, 1st; Harry Porter, Oakland, 2nd and 3rd

Pony not over 14 hands—Dwight Speicher, 1st.

Colt, driving class—L. J. Brown, Oakland, 1st.

Driving horses—Dr. Melody, Oakland, 1st and 3rd; T. W. Casteel, 2nd.

Special prize offered by Dr. Melody for best colt under 2 years awarded Senator Speicher.

Special prize of $10 offered by the Garrett National Bank for best colt under 2 years and over 1 year, awarded Senator Speicher.

CATTLE DEPARTMENT

JERSEY CALVES

Under 1 year old—Arthur Michael, 1st

Over 1 and under 2 years—J. T. Glotfelty, 1st and 2nd; G. W. Rumer, 3rd.

JERSEY COWS

G. W. Rumer, 1st; T. W. Casteel 2nd; Mrs. T. W. Casteel, 3rd.

Jersey Bulls—Ray Porter, 1st.

SHORTHORN

Cows of 3 years and over—W. McCullough Brown, 1st.

Senator Brown was awarded the special prize offered by the Garrett National Bank for best calf of beef type under one year old.

Registered Cows—J. T. Glotfelty, 1st, 2nd and 3rd.

Registered Bull two years and over—J. T. Glotfelty, 1st; one year and under two, Charles Winters, 1st.

Grade bull 1 year and under 2—Thos. E. Bishoff, 1st.

HERFORDS

Bull under two years—Josiah T. Beckman, 1st.

Heifer under 2 years and over 1—Josiah T. Beckman.

The special prize of $6 for best bull of all breeds offered by the First National Bank of Oakland was awarded to Charles Winters, and the second prize of $4 went to Joseph T. Glotfelty.

Herd of cattle—J. T. Glotfelty, 1st.

Heifer calf under 1 year—W. McCulloh Brown, 1st.

Bull calf under 1 year—G. W. Weitzell, Deer Park, 1st; T. W. Casteel, 2nd.

HOGS.

DUROC JERSEY

Boar, 6 months and under 12—T. W. Casteel, 1st.

Sow, 6 months and under 12—T. W. Casteel, 1st.

Sow and pigs—G. W. Rumer, 1st; Lewis Bowman, 2nd.

FARM PRODUCTS

WHEAT

The H. Weber & Sons Co., Oakland, 1st.

BUCKWHEAT

C. L. Paugh, 1st; E. W. Kelso, 2nd.

CORN

Twelve ears field corn—Mrs. T. W. Casteel, 1st; The H. Weber & Sons Co., 2nd; Columbus Paugh, 3rd.

Twelve ears sweet corn—Mrs. T. W. Casteel, 1st; Marvin Smithwick, 2nd.

Twelve ears corn grown by boy or girl not over 16 years of age—George Coddington.

Alfalfa—M. J. Hughes, 1st.

Timothy—C. E. Ellithorp, 1st.

Sheaf of wheat—The H. Weber & Sons Co., 1st; Floyd Wensell, 2nd.

Sheaf of oats—W. McCulloh Brown, 1st; D. P. Smouse, 2nd.

Ten stalks of corn—The H. Weber & Sons Co., 1st; C. W. Winters, 2nd.

Best and most varied collection from one farm—D. P. Smouse, 1st; John N. Michael, 2nd.

Special premium of $5 in gold for half-bushel red wheat—The H. Weber & Sons Co., 1st; Daniel Gnegy, 2nd.

Half bushel white oats—W. McCulloh Brown, 1st; Alonzo Warnick, 2nd; C. L. Paugh, 3rd.

VEGETABLES

Peck Irish Cobbler potatoes—D. D. Conneway, 1st; Mrs. E. Z. Tower, 2nd; Bert Scott, 3rd.

Peck Green Mountain potatoes—J. Aronhalt, 1st; William Thayer, 2nd.

Peck Early Rose potatoes—J. S. Gnegy, 1st; Clark DeBerry, 2nd.

Peck other varieties—J. Aronhalt, 1st; D. P. Smouse, 2nd; J. F. Browning, 3rd.

Twelve carrots—J. N. Michael, 1st; C. J. Newman, 2nd; D. P. Smouse, 3rd.

Twelve parsnips—Hurley Miller, 1st.

Squash—Lewis Bush, 1st; N. C. Sanders, 2nd; Charles Pratt, 3rd.

Beets—J. N. Michael, 1st; John Brenneman, 2nd.

Cauliflower—The H. Weber & Sons Co., 1st.

Tomatoes—D. P. Smouse, 1st; J. S. Gnegy, 2nd.

Largest pumpkin—The H. Weber & Sons Co., 1st; J. S. Gnegy, 2nd.

Onions—C. J. Newman, 1st; J. S. Gnegy, 2nd.

Cucumbers—D. P. Smouse, 1st; Mrs. Viola Aronhalt, 2nd; Lewis Bush, 3rd.

Best and largest display of vegetables grown by one person—D. P. Smouse.

PRESERVED FRUITS

Peaches—Miss Margaret Sollars, 1st; Mrs. W. A. Sturgiss, 2nd.

Pears—Miss Margaret Sollars, 1st; Miss Eleanor Hinebaugh, 2nd; Mrs. Daniel Smouse, 3rd.

Raspberries—Mrs. Asa Coddington, 1st.

Pineapple—Mrs. Joseph E. Harned, 1st.

Spiced pears—Mrs. W. A. Sturgiss, 1st.

Cherries—Mrs. George Porter, 1st; Mrs. Asa Coddington, 2nd; Miss Anderson, 3rd.

Currant jelly—Mrs. Daniel Smouse, 1st; Louise Harned, 2nd; Mrs. J. D. Hamill, 3rd.

Grape jelly—Mrs. Daniel Smouse, 1st, Miss Nellie Rohm, 2nd; Louise Harned 3rd.

Apple jelly—Louise Harned, 1st.

Strawberries—Miss Gertrude Browning, 1st.

Blackberry jelly—Miss Doris Coddington, 1st; Miss Mary Nelson, 2nd; Miss Gertrude Browning 3rd.

Crab apple jelly—Mrs. Daniel Smouse, 1st; Mrs. Charles Newman, 2nd.

Spiced peaches—Mrs. J. D. Hamill, 1st.

PICKLES

Sour cucumber—Mrs. Jennie F. Smouse, 1st; Mrs. J. A. Savage, 2nd; Miss Nellie Coddington, 3rd.

Sweet cucumber—Mrs. Inskeep Sollars, 1st.

Chow Chow—Mrs. J. A. Savage, 1st; Mrs. Herman Creutzburg, 2nd.

Onions—Mrs. J. A. Savage, 1st.

Catsup—Mrs. Jennie Smouse, 1st.

CANNED VEGETABLES

Corn—Mrs. J. A. Savage, 1st.

Tomatoes—Mrs. J. A. Savage, 1st; Miss Eleanor Hinebaugh, 2nd.

Beans—Mrs. J. A. Savage, 1st.

The aluminum cooker offered by Mr C. N. McIntire for the largest display of pickled goods was awarded Miss Margaret Sollars, who exhibited thirty-seuen different varieties of pickles.

The special prize of $5 offered by the Garrett National Bank for the largest variety of vegetables put up in quart and pint containers was awarded Miss Margaret Glotfelty.

BREAD AND PASTRY

Bread—Miss Ethel Farris, 1st; Mrs. Ethel Bender, 2nd; Mrs. D. M. Mason, 3rd.

Salt rising bread—Mrs. D. M. Mason, 1st.

Light rolls—Miss Ethel Farris, 1st; Mrs. M. W. Pendergast, 2nd; Mrs. P. H. Simmons, 3rd.

Biscuits—Mrs. Louis Bush, 1st; Mrs. Katie Bowman, 2nd; Mrs. T. W. Casteel, 3rd.

Layer cakes—Mrs. D. M. Mason, 1st; Mrs. C. J. Newman, 2nd.

Loaf cakes—Mrs. J. E. Harned, 1st on rose conserve; Miss Mildred Dixon, 1st on sponge.

Cookies—Mrs. T. W. Casteel 1st; Miss Rosalie Pendergast, 2nd; Mrs. Katie Bowman, 3rd.

Pies—Apple, Miss Nellie Gilson, 1st; lemon, Miss Louise Harned, 1st.

The special prize offered by the First National Bank for best pan of biscuits baked by girl was awarded Miss Catharine Townshend.

Competing for First National Bank prize in 16 year class—

Helen Virginia Bush, aged 11, 1st on apple pie; Ethel Farris, 2nd; Louise Harned 3rd.

PAINTING AND DRAWING

Water color—Miss June Dunnington, 1st; Miss Rachal Johnson, 2nd.

Impression work—Miss Anderson, 1st.

Fancy article—Miss Kate Shirer, 1st.

Amateur photography—L. J. Beachy, 1st; Harry Weimer, 2nd.

JUVENILE WORK

Painting—Blair Simmons, Mt. Lake School, 1st.

Pencil drawing—Mary Heyward, Mt. Lake school, 1st; Howard White, 2nd.

Map drawing—Deer Park school, 1st.

Worthy of mention but no prizes awarded—Wood-carving, Dodge school; fancy work, Sicely Martin and Golda King, Mt. Lake school. Crayon drawing, Virginia Johnson, model school.

Library Notice.

The following persons have made contributions of books and magazines to the library during the past month: Mrs. Geo. Thayer, Mrs. Wm. Weber, Mrs. Linville, Mrs. Emma Davis, Mrs. Roy Hamill, Mrs. H. A. Loraditch, Mr. Harrison, Miss May Howard, Miss Frances Hamill.

Stork News.

Born, Sunday night, to Dr. and Mrs. N. I. Broadwater, of Oakland, a daughter. The father is the happiest man in Garrett county as a result of this visitation.

Born, Monday afternoon, to Mr. and Mrs. Walter W. Dawson, of Mountain Lake Park, a son.

THE DEATH RECORD.

ARCH BROADWATER.

Arch Broadwater, 54 years old, died at his home in Avilton, 10 miles north from Lonaconing, at 10:30 o'clock Sunday morning from cancer of the liver. Mr. Broadwater has been in Johns Hopkins Hospital until about two weeks ago when he returned to his home to die. He leaves two children, Mrs. Chester Green and Herman Broadwater, both of them residing on farms in Garrett county. The funeral was held at the home in Avilton at 10 a. m. Tuesday in the Weitzell church. Interment in Weitzell cemetery.

W. R. VAN LINDER

W. R. Van Linder, whose home is located at Washington, Pa., died at the residence of Mr. Eugene Comerford at Mountain Lake Park yesterday afternoon. The deceased arrived at the Park about three monhts ago and was there for the benefit of his health. The remains were prepared for burial at the Bolden morgue in Oakland and will be held pending advices from Washington.

Subscribe for The Republican.

HARRY BACHTELL KILLED AT KEYSER

Was Crushed Under Wheels in B. & O. Yards Yesterday Morning

Harry Bachtel, unmarried, a Baltimore and Ohio brakeman was killed at Keyser, W. Va., early yesterday morning while assisting in making up a train which was to move out to Grafton. His body badly mangled by the wheels, was found by the conductor and it is supposed in getting off a car to handle the switch, he fell beneath the wheels.

The deceased was a son of Elias Bachtel, of near Red House, this county. The father went to Keyser yesterday afternoon and will bring the remains of his son to Oakland this morning. The funeral will occur tomorrow from the Red House Home.

Millinery.

I now have my millinery shop open with an up-to-date trimmer in charge. You are most cordially invited to call and select your fall hat. Satisfaction guaranteed.

MRS. B. L. HARDESTY,
Adv. 30-2t Loch Lynn Heights.

Conference Next Week.

The annual conference of the Methodist Episcopal church of the West Virginia District, of which the majority of the Garrett county charges are members, will convene at Wheeling on Wednesday of next week and will probably adjourn on the following Monday after the appointments have been announced. The ministers of Oakland, Dr. Moore and Dr. Howard, will go to Wheeling on Tuesday.

Will Build Residence.

Dr. W. W. Grant recently purchased from Mr. H. L. Jones the lot located on Second street adjoining the residence of Mr. J. C. Renninger and has had plans prepared for the erection of a handsome bungalow on the property.

FOR SALE.

The Westernport Restaurant and Hotel, Westernport, Md. Fine location and doing fine business. Only reason for selling, ill health. A splendid opportunity for the right person. For particulars call on or write

G. H. SANGED,
Adv. 30-2t* Westernport, Md.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Garrett National Bank,

AT OAKLAND,

In the State of Maryland, at the close of business, September 12th, 1916.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$371,581 82
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)		50,000 00
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged		212,960 00
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent. of subscription)		3,450 00
Value of banking house (if unencumbered)		27,500 00
Furniture and fixtures		3,000 00
Net amount due from Federal Reserve bank		17,677 88
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in New York, Chicago, St. Louis	$5,333 39	
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in other reserve cities	35,113 34	
		40,446 73
Net amount due from banks and bankers (other than that above)		6,572 83
Other checks on banks in the same city or town as reporting bank		274 30
Fractional currency, nickles and cents		219 17
Notes of other national banks		720 00
Federal Reserve notes		10 00
Coin and certificates		22,121 65
Legal-tender notes		1,580 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		2,500 00
Total		$760,614 38

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$50,000 00
Surplus fund		65,000 00
Undivided profits	8,456 63	
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	5,265 62	
		3,191 01
Circulating notes outstanding		49,097 50
Net amount due to banks and bankers (other than that above)		4,077 92
Demand deposits—		
Individual deposits subject to check		251,276 56
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days		26,267 29
Certified checks		395 00
Cashier's checks outstanding		559 51
Total demand deposits	$278,498.36	
Time deposits (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice)—		
Certificates of deposit		39,597 89
Other time deposits		271,151 70
Total of time deposits	$310,749.59	
Total		$760,614 38

State of Maryland, County of Garrett: I, G. A. FRALEY, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

G. A. FRALEY, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 19th day of September, 1916.

MARK S. WHITE, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: GILMOR S. HAMILL,
JOHN T. MITCHELL,
JOSEPH E. HARNED,
Directors.

The Celebrated TENNESSEE GROUND PHOSPHATE

In stock and on sale at the Helbig Mill Stable, Oakland.

D. J. SWARTZENTRUBER.

TRUSTEE'S SALE

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate

In Friendsville, Garrett County, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Garrett county sitting in Equity, bearing date the 28th day of August, 1916, and passed in a cause in said Court depending wherein Richard Friend is plaintiff and Clara B. Deitle, et al., are defendants, the same being No. 2079 equity on the docket of said court, the undersigned trustee, appointed to make sale of the real estate in said proceedings mentioned, hereby gives notice that he will on

MONDAY, the 25th Day of September,

1916, offer at public auction to the highest bidder at the hour of 11 o'clock a. m. of said day in front of the Crawford Hotel in the town of Friendsville, all that property, the same being Lots Nos. 17 and 18 in Block F on the plan of the town of Friendsville, and being the same property which was conveyed to Ralph R. Friend by Elijah F. Meyers and wife by deed dated October 26th, 1914, and recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 47, folio 269, one of the Land Records of Garrett county, Maryland.

Said lots front on street and are improved by a comfortable Dwelling House in good state of repair, containing five rooms, together with other necessary outbuildings.

TERMS OF SALE—As prescribed by the decree, one-third of the purchase money to be paid in cash on the day of sale; one-third in six months and one-third in twelve months from the day of sale, the deferred payments to be evidenced and secured by the notes of the purchaser or purchasers with security satisfactory to the undersigned trustee and to bear interest from the day of sale, or the entire purchase money may be paid in cash on the day of sale, at the option of the purchaser or purchasers.

Conveyancing at cost of purchaser.

And notice is hereby given, as directed by said decree, to the creditors of the said Ralph R. Friend, deceased, to file their claims, with the vouchers thereof, with the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Garrett county on or before the 25th day of September, 1916.

EDWARD H. SINCELL,
Trustee.

ORDER NISI.

No. 2071 Equity In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

Coudersport Trust Company, vs: The Waitman Smokeless Coal Company.

Ordered, this 16th day of August in the year 1916, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in Equity, that the sale made and reported in the above cause by the Coudersport Trust Co., Trustee named in the mortgage, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 15th day of September, 1916, provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Garrett County, once a week for three successive weeks before the 5th day of September, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $6,000.00.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Notice to Contractors And School Patrons.

This is to give notice to the public that sealed bids will be received by the Board of Education of Garrett county, Maryland, up to 12:00 o'clock noon of

Thursday, September 28, 1916,

for the moving of the Bowser school building, located in Election District No. 12, to a site about two miles away on the farm of Paul Beachy. The building, after being moved, is to be of the same general dimensions as the present Bowser school building, and to have a solid stone or cement foundation.

All bids are to be endorsed on the back with the words: "Bid for the moving of the Bowser School Building."

The Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Notice is also given to all school patrons and citizens affected by such proposed moving of the Bowser school building to appear in person at the meeting of the Board to be held upon the date given above—both those who are in favor thereof as well as those who are opposed thereto and to be ready to give to the Board the reasons for such convictions.

By order of the Board, Sept. 14, 1916.

F. E. RATHBUN, Secretary.

Examiner's Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, appointed by the County Commissioners of Garrett county, to view the lands through which the change in the turn of the road is to be made leading from Hoyes to Oakland road, to intersect the State road near William Callis' and examine whether the said change in road should be made, will meet on the 15th day of September, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said change of said road, and if so to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

R. M. HOLEMAN.
JAMES W. FRIEND.
D. S. CUSTER,
Examiners.

Auditor's Notice.

Anthony D. Caton, et al, v. Dora McKenzie, et al,

No. 2065 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett county.

Notice is hereby given to the creditors of Peter W. Caton, deceased, to file their claims with the vouchers thereof with the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Garrett county on or before the 22nd day of September, 1916, as the undersigned Auditor will then proceed to state an account distributing the funds in the hands of the Trustee in the above entitled cause.

EDWARD H. SINCELL,
Auditor.

Road Petition.

This is to give notice that thirty days after the first publication hereof, application will be made to the Board of County Commissioners of Garrett county, Md., for the appointment of viewers to view and locate a proposed new road, and to condemn and set aside all or any portion of the "Mason Road," between S. L. Whitmer's place and the Henry Road, beginning for said proposed new road in District No. 8 Garrett county, Md., about one and one half miles west from Henry, W. Va., and on the Henry Road, at or near the point where the logging road which formerly belonged to F. H. Whaley crosses the Henry Road, and running thence with or near the grade of said logging road, through the lands of the Western Maryland Railroad Co., about one mile to "Laurel Run," then crossing said run, and through the lands of D. W. Wilson and S. L. Whitmer about ¼ of a mile to the Mason Road, near the intersection of the Mason and Shafer roads.

J. W. BIGG,
J. F. CHILDS,
EDWIN LEECH,
PHILIP HELBIG,
A. C. LAHMAN,
S. L. WHITMER,
H. M. BAILS,
SILAS ARNALD,
S. B. COOPER,
D. W. WILSON.

Published first time Aug. 31, 1916.

Split Siding Cheap.

We have just received a car of Split Siding which we offer at a low price to those who place their orders immediately. H. W. Kahl & Sons, Oakland Planing Mills, Oakland, Md. Adv.

SAXON SIX

big touring car for five people

ASK FOR DEMONSTRATION.

Call at Liller's Barber Shop or Kelly's Livery

LILLER & KELLY, Agents.

Oakland, Maryland.

The Lutheran Church

SECOND STREET, OAKLAND

Sunday School, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

B. H. SINCELL, Superintendent.

Men's Brotherhood Class, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

O. A. BREMER, Teacher.

All the men not attending Sunday School elsewhere are cordially invited to join this class and to have a part in the study and discussion of the lesson

Morning Worship, 10.45 o'Clock.

Luther League, 6.30 o'Clock P. M.

Topic—"The Schools of Luther Day."
Leader—MRS. ERNEST TOWNSHEND.

Evening Worship, 7.30 o'Clock.

All friends of the church and those without a permanent church home are invited to worship with us.

O. A. BREMER, Pastor.

—The above was prepared by the pastor and the advertisement is authorized and paid for by one interested in church work.

You are most cordially invited to attend our opening of Fall and Winter Hats on Friday and Saturday—September 22nd and 23rd. We carry a first class line of both tailored and dress hats for your inspection.

Miss Ellen Connell,
Main Street, Oakland, Md.

Mr. Charles A. Green, of near Lonaconing, spent a day or two in Oakland last week.

Miss Lois Fraley left Oakland Wednesday for Baltimere where she will spend several days.

Mr. and Mrs. Dave Walter and two children, of Deer Park, spent part of last week in Oakland.

Former County Treasurer Robert L. Fries, of Sines, was in the city Monday afternoon for a few hours.

R. W. Mason, Esq., of Albright, West Va., spent last week and a portion of this week in Oakland on business.

Mr. Merritt Wilson, of Elkins, passed through Oakland Monday on his way to Rockwood, Pa., on a business trip.

Mr. Howard Bishoff, of Barnum, West Va., in company with his son, were in Oakland at the fair last Thursday.

Misses Lena Ravenscroft and Bess Hendrickson left Oakland Sunday afternoon for Accident where they will teach school this winter.

Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Sliger and son, Robert, spent Sunday visiting relatives and friends in the George's Creek region of Allegany county.

Mrs. J. A. Bopp, of Cumberland, was the guest last week of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Weber at their home near town, returning to her home Monday afternoon.

Miss Eleanor Hinebaugh has gone to Baltimore to remain during the week on a visit to relatives and friends, expecting to return to Oakland by automobile Saturday afternoon.

School Superintendent F. E. Rathbun and School Commissioner Joseph T. Glotfelty went to Grantsville Monday on matters in connection with the public school system of the county.

Mrs. Joseph E. Harned and Mrs. Benj. H. Sincell accompanied their daughters to Western Maryland College, at Westminster, Monday and will return to Oakland this week.

Mr. and Mrs. William Weber left Oakland Monday afternoon for points east, Mrs. Weber for a visit to friends at Shenandoah Junction and Mr. Weber for Cumberland and near by towns.

Jonas Lichty and two children Edward and Ruth, and Miss Ethel Schramm motored to Oakland Wednesday to visit the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Simon Lichty, until Monday. They were accompanied by Miss Josephine Smouse who returned the same day—Elk Lick Star.

Miss Edith Hart, of Gallup, New Mexico, which town is located within twenty miles of Columbus, where the Mexicans first made their assault upon Americans, is in Oakland visiting her former college mate, Miss Frances Hamill, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. D. Hamill.

For Sale—A good cow. John N. Michael, Oakland, Md. Adv. 30-8t

Mr. William Bishop, of Terra Alta, spent a few hours in Oakland Tuesday on business.

Mr. Thomas E. Bishoff and family, of near Friendsville, spent a few days in Oakland last week.

Mr. David Delawder, of Snaggy Mountain, spent Monday in Oakland with relatives and friends,

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Keinopher and two little daughters, of Cumberland, visited Oakland relatives last week.

Mrs. William B. Hill, of Baltimore, was the week-end guest of her sister, Mrs. M. C. Hinebaugh in Oakland.

Mr. Lloyd Durst, of Wheeling, West Va., spent several days of last week in Oakland with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Dave Durst.

Mr. Bernard Faherty, of Oakland, has gone to Cumberland where he has secured employment with the S. T. Little jewelry firm.

Miss Nina O'Brien, of near Thayerville, returned to her home Sunday after spending several days in Oakland as the guest of friends.

Miss Gladys Hamill, of Kitzmiller, who was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. M. R. Hamill at their home on Liberty street returned home Sunday.

Mr. Porter Michael and family, of Firm Rock, near Bloomington, motored to Oakland last Thursday from their home and spent the day in Oakland.

Lost—Gold bracelet with chain attached. Please return to the Bosley Hotel, Oak street. Adv. 1t

Mrs. John A. Delawder and Miss Sadie M. Glotfelty, both of Washington, D. C., spent last week in Oakland the guests of their sister, Mrs. E. A. Weimer, at her home on Oak street.

The First National Bank building is being improved by the application of paint to the iron and woodwork, the work being under the supervision of Mr. George Dawson.

Messrs. William and Milton Scherr, of Morgantown, West Va., who were guests for some days of Mr. and Mrs. Julius C. Renninger, returned to their home Sunday afternoon.

Mr. Homer Turney, of Oakland, who is studying for the ministry at Springfield, Ohio, has returned to his school from Oxford, Ohio, where he preached during the summer vacation period.

State Senator Zihlman, of Cumberland, who was in the city a day or two last week attending the fair and forming new acquaintances, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Bolden at their home on Second street.

Gen. and Mrs. J. Stuart McDonald, of Baltimore, who were guests at the summer home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Linville in Oakland for several days, returned to Baltimore Monday afternoon.

Do not cripple your

Chances of Success

by spending all of your income. Without a bank account and a systematic savings plan

Your Opportunities

will be limited. Be a live one—one who can take advantage of all opportunities. An account started now will help.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OAKLAND - MARYLAND

Senator and Mrs. Robert Moss, of Annapolis, who were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Edward H. Sincell at their home on Second street for several days last week, returned to Annapolis Sunday afternoon.

Senator H. J. Speicher returned to his home at Accident from Baltimore Sunday morning, having gone to that city Friday afternoon to visit his two sons, who are students at Blue Ridge College.

Miss Skelton, of Detroit, Mich., who was the guest last week of Miss Lowenstein left Oakland Monday afternoon for Washington, D. C., where she will teach in a domestic science school this winter.

The first frost of the season which did any material damage to vegetation, visited this section of the country Sunday morning. Much corn, yet uncut, as well as some buckwheat still standing in the fields, was frosted.

Prof. Alvin J. Miller, of Grantsville, Md., who was a member of the faculty of the State normal school at Kent, O., will teach in Ohio Wesleyan University, Delaware, O., the coming year, returning to Kent for the summer school.

Misses Edith and Almira Lichliter and Carrie Johnston, and Walter Johns of town, and Miss Anna Smith of Pittsburgh, motored to Grantsville Tuesday evening and took dinner at the Casselman Hotel. The trip was made in the Lichliter Cadilac.—Elk Lick Star.

Rev. George S. Hanleiter, recently appointed pastor of the Oakland Circuit, United Brethren church, filled his appointments in his new field Sunday, preaching at Underwood, Loch Lynn, and one other point. He will move his household effects from Junior, his former station, to Loch Lynn Heights this week.

Mr. Milford Frazee, formerly of Selbysport, but who left there more than forty years ago and located at Cedar Rapids, Iowa, is spending a few weeks visiting his brother, Mr. U. S. Frazee at the old home farm. Both gentlemen were in Oakland a day or two last week when they were guests of Mr. A. Totten Matthews.

County Commissioner George Warnick, of Bloomington, who was injured some two or three weeks ago in an accident on one of the county roads, drove to Oakland in his automobile Monday and it company with Commissioners Dixon and Smith and Surveyor Mason went to a point south of Oakland to locate a proposed new county road which had been petitioned for by taxpayers of the section directly interested.

Mrs. Margaret Delawder, of Lisbon, Md., and her daughter Miss Delawder, of Baltimore, were week-end guests of Mr. and Mrs. King Delawder at their home in Oakland, leaving Monday afternoon. Mrs. Delawder is the widow of the late Andrew Delawder, a former resident of Oakland, who removed from here more than forty years ago. Her recent visit was the first made to Oakland since her removal at that time.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Thayer, of Baltimore, are in Oakland visiting Mr. Thayer's parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Thayer. Mr. Thayer is in the employ of the State Roads Commission and has been stationed in the city for more than two years as one of those engaged in the building of the new Light Street bridge, a structure that will cost when completed upwards of two millions of dollars and will be one of the modern bridges of the world.

Mr. D. C. Feather, of Pitcairn, Pa., where he occupies a prominent position in the business life of the community, spent Thursday last in Oakland. Mr. Feather is well known by Oakland and Mountain Lake Park people, having resided here a number of years ago. He was accompanied by his father, Mr. J. W. Feather, of Bruceton, West Va., his sister, Mrs. Corel E. Whitesell, and two aunts Mrs. Margaret Michael and Mrs. Mary Falkenstein.

Messrs. A. D. Naylor & Co., of Oakland, delivered to Mr. D. M. Schrock, of near Gortner, yesterday a Waterloo farm tractor which the purchaser will use on his farm for various purposes, including plowing, reaping, etc. The machine is fitted with pulleys which may be utilized in operating such machinery as silo cutters, threshers, and other farm implements requiring power. The tractor weighs about 5000 pounds and is rated at ten horse power.

Veteran B. F. Friend, of Friendsville, was in the city one or two days during the fair last week and thoroughly enjoyed his outing, meeting here a number of familiar faces he had not seen in many months. Recently Mr. Friend was awarded a large acreage of land in Northern Washington which was selected by lot under Government supervision, but owing to the state of his health he thought himself unable to comply with the requirements laid down by the Government and gave the matter up. One of the requisites for one drawing public lands is to be upon the property within a certain length of time from the awarded date and homestead it for the period of two years. Mr. Friend's land, being a soldier, embraced 320 acres for which he had an offer of $5000 to be paid at the expiration of the homestead period.

TYPHOID FEVER IN CRELLIN CHECKED

State Health Officer Riley Vaccinated 132 There Last Week.

Dr. Robert H. Riley, Deputy State Health Officer, First Sanitary District, with headquarters in Cumberland returned there last Tuesday night from Crellin, where he had been called to inaugurate a fight against an epidemic of typhoid fever among employes of the Kendall Lumber Company and members of their families. Mrs. Charles Ream, wife of the manager of the company, is among the stricken. It was thought at first the disease could be stamped out without trouble, but its spread became alarming and the aid of the State Board of Health was sought in combatting it.

Dr. Riley began a sweeping investigation of the town and for the first time known in Western Maryland was given the privilege of going into the schools where he administered the typhoid serum to all the school children and members of the Kendall Lumber Co., and their employes who had not been stricken. In all, 132 persons were vaccinated.

Dr. Riley said that Crellin is the first town in Western Maryland to comply to the letter with the regulations regarding sanitation as laid down by the State Board of Health and he believes the epidemic has been gotten under control. The town started a general clean-up campaign which has been continued and every precaution is being taken and the advice that Dr. Riley gave out is being followed very closely. A sample of the drinking water used by the residents of Crellin was taken and analyzed but it was found to be pure and no trace as to where the fever got its start has been discovered. The investigation will continue, however, in order to clear up the mystery.

Dr. Riley was accompanied to Crellin by William A. Gunther, bacteriologist of Cumberland.

Dr. Riley in speaking of the work, confidently predicted the attitude of the Crellin school will go a long way as an example to other communities. The visit of the health officer was the second in the past ten days, the first being the occasion of the innoculation of all the employes of the Kendall Lumber Company, and much credit was given these men and their employers for the way in which the health department's recommendation in the anti-typhoid campaign have been carried out.

The same measures that have been adopted by the enterprising people of the vicinity visited, have been largely put in practice in several other towns in the district and in all homes where conditions conducive to typhoid prevails, the whole work being undertaken by the State in its efforts to combat typhoid fever.

Mr. and Mrs. William White, of Cleveland, Ohio, arrived in Oakland Sunday morning for a week's visit to relatives and friends.

Miss Gertrude Lake returned to Grafton, Monday morning after having spent a few days in Oakland visiting her mother, Mrs. James Brock.

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Legge and G. W. Legge, Sr., left Oakland yesterday by automobile for Steubenville, Ohio, where they will be guests of Mr. George Zink, a relative.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

County Treasurer J. W. Kimmell, is experiencing more than his share of tribulation on account of the new tax law which became effective on June 1st, at which time all discounts on State taxes paid before September 1st ceased and after September 1st interest charges are made upon the money due the State. In remitting taxes property owners almost invariably overlook this provision of the law and as a consequence the Treasurer is compelled to return the money to the remitter and explain the new provisions of the law. Mr. Kimmell has requested that this paper make mention of the new law and its provisions and request all tax payers to bear in mind that taxes (State) must be accompanied by interest after September 1st.

Pastor's Aid Musical.

A musical under the auspices of the Pastor's Aid Society of the Oakland Lutheran church will be held at the home of Mrs. Benj. H. Sincell on Friday evening of this week, when a silver offering at the door will be the price of admission. In addition to local talent to be present upon the occasion Miss Leonie Frank, of Cincinnati, Ohio, a graduate of the Cincinnati Conservatory of Music and of Berlin, Germany, will play a number of selections. The program will include vocal and instrumental music and readings.

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With a big line of the latest Farm Machinery and Vehicles.

Check off the items you need and ask to see and get our price on:

Famous Turnbull Wagons	Plows
Low Down Farm Trucks	Tiling
Buggies	Sleighs
Carriages	Sleds
Sulky Plows	Farm Tractors
Famous Black Hawk Spreader	Gasoline Engines
Cream Separators	Grain Drills
Barn Door Track & Hangers	Lime Sowers
Telephone Batteries	Fertilizer
Roofing Paints	Hot Air Plants
Gas Fixtures	Steam and Water Plants
Pipe Fittings	Bath Rooms Fully Installed
Spouting	Gas Stoves
Engine Oils	Asbestes Mill Board
Corn Shellers	Fancy Gas Shades
Roofings all Prices	Carbide

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.

Remember the Place and that "Naylor has it and sells it for less."

D. E. BOLDEN

Furniture Dealer and Funeral Director

HAVING moved my furniture business to the Manhattan Hotel store room, I am prepared to serve the public to the best of my ability, having now in stock the finest line of Furniture ever brought to the city and which I offer as cheap as it can be bought in the wholesale markets.

All I ask is a chance to name you prices.

My stock is complete in every detail, and which consists of Furnitnre, Carpets, Mattings, Window Shades, Bedding of all kinds, large and small Rugs—in fact everything with which to furnish a house from cellar to attic.

I am also prepared to give estimates on Buildings and repair work—from a pig pen to a palace.

Call and see me; I will treat you fair and square.

Thanking the public for past favors and soliciting a continuance of the same, I remain,

Yours respectfully,

D. E. BOLDEN

Off to School.

Numerically the youth of Oakland has been somewhat lessened during the week on account of a number of young men and women leaving for school in other sections of the country, those having taken their departure are Mr. Playford Naylor, who is a student at Ohio Wesleyan; Felix Robinson and Morris Sincell Pennsylvania College at Gettysburg; Harold and Louise Harned and Mary Sincell to Western Maryland College, Westminster, Md.; Dana Moore, to West Virginia University, Morgantown.

Friendsville Delegation Here.

A representative delegation of business men and farmers from Friendsville and vicinity visited Oakland Monday for the purpose of interviewing the Board of County Commissioners relative to the building of a State-Aid road from Friendsville up the north prong of Bear Creek to connect with the State road at the Bear Creek bridge, that route being favored by some of the Friendsville people as against the route recently selected by the way of Elder Hill and Hoyes to connect with the State road at the Callis store south of Accident. Among the delegation appearing before the Commissioners were Messrs. J. W. McCullough, Wm. H. H. Friend, Fred. G. Fox, R. M. Holman, J. G. Kolb, W. W. Savage, Basil Garlitz, Orvil Jenkins, E. M. Coddington, Fred. McCullough, Jas. W. Friend, Fred. Ludwig and others. While the Commissioners did not take definite action upon the proposed road it has been tentatively agreed between the parties interested directly in the road that the two routes be surveyed by the State Roads engineering corps and the one selected that is recommended by the Roads Commission.

Mr. Charles W. Wenige, of St. Louis, Mo., returned to his home in that city Tuesday night, being accompanied thence by his two daughters and son Carl, who have been in Oakland as guests of relatives for several weeks past.

New Headings Please.

In remitting his subscription for The Republican, Mr. J. D. Ashby, formerly of Crellin, but now connected with a large publishing house in Washington, D. C., says, in a letter to the editor:

"Enclosed herewith is my check to cover subscription to July 1917. The improvement you have made in the headlines, etc., I like. The paper looks much better than it did and it improves the appearance in general. Hope you have had a successful county fair. I would have enjoyed being there to attend it. With all good wishes for yourself, The Republican, and dear old Garrett county I am,

Sincerely yours,
"Joseph D. Ashby."

Insane Man Jailed.

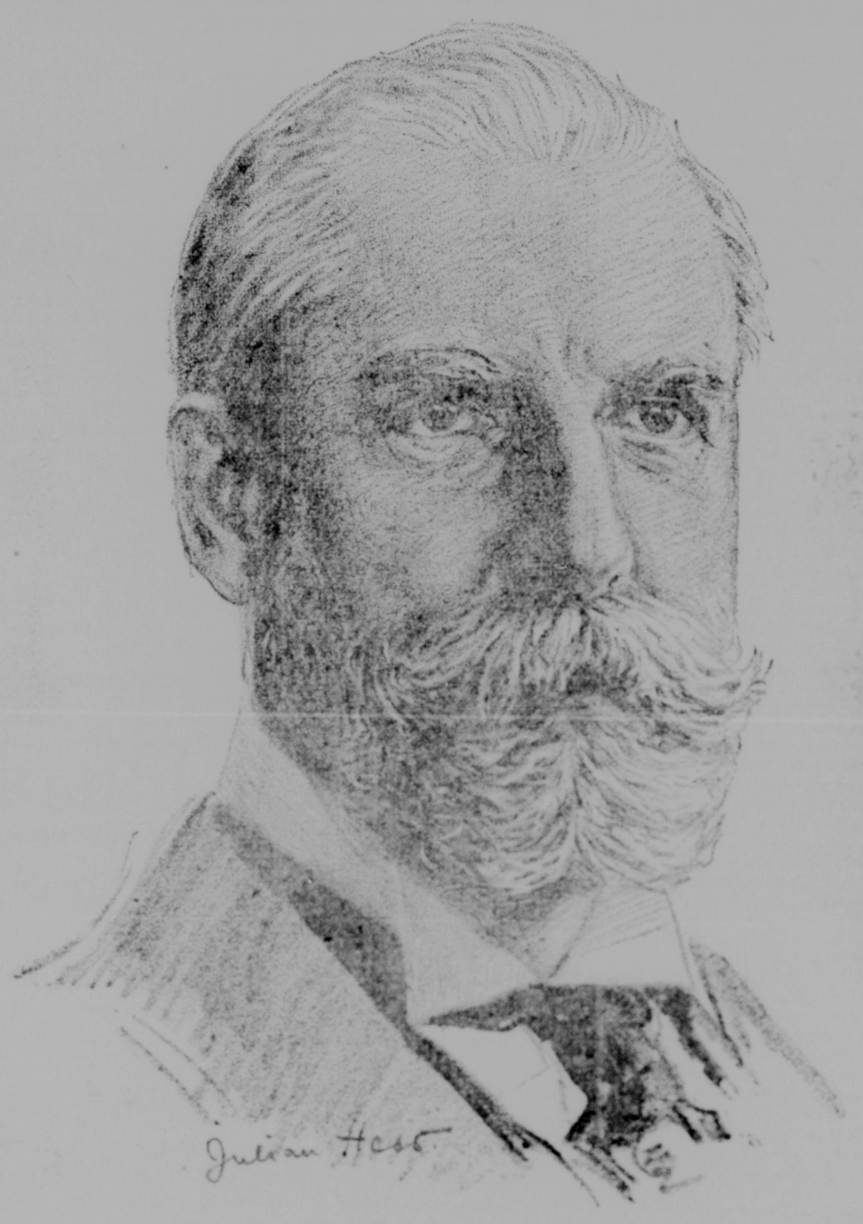
A man of about fifty-four years, evidently insane, was picked up at the lower water station in Oakland last Friday night and committed to jail where he is being held pending advices from the authorities in Wetzel county, West Va., where it is presumed his home and friends are located as at times he speaks of persons and towns in that section. From what can be determined by his disjointed utterances his name is John H. Rider. He claims that he has been robbed of a large sum of money. He is fairly well dressed and of good appearance.

B. & O. Operators Get Wage Increase.

Under an agreement just signed telegraph operators all over the Baltimore & Ohio railroad system, numbering about 3,500 men, receive an eight per cent. wage increase, together with better working conditions.

The wage increase is in effect as of August 1. The operators had the matter of a raise up with the Baltimore officials before the threatened Brotherhood strike. Pending adjustment of it negotiations were halted only to be resumed after the strike scare was passed.

CHARLES EVANS HUGHES



Hughes Sympathetic With Demands of Labor Which Are Proved to Be Just.

"I am sympathetic with every demand to improve the conditions of labor, to secure reasonable compensation for labor. I am in sympathy with every effort to better human conditions, and particularly the condition of those who toil in industrial pursuits, in railroad pursuits, in all these great activities that are essential to our prosperity. But when you have a proposition to change the scale of wages you have a vital proposition which requires examination. You must at least know whether the demand is a just one.

"Labor, of course, should not desire anything but what is just. I do not believe labor intends to ask for anything but what is just. What is just can be examined and will survive investigation. Nothing is lost by having the process of reason applied if only that which is just is required."—Mr. Hughes in His Speech at Portland, Maine.

DEMAND WAS NOT FOR AN EIGHT HOUR DAY.

"It is said that the judgment of society has made the demand for the eight-hour day. This was not an eight-hour day, and the judgment of society had nothing to do with the proposition laid before congress and passed by congress. The proof of this is found in the bill itself, which proposes an investigation to find out whether Congress had any business to do the thing which it was asked to do, and which it did do."—Mr. Hughes in His Speech at Portland, Maine.

PUBLIC OFFICER SHOULD STAND LIKE A ROCK.

"Government under pressure is not American government. Whenever pressure is applied to any public officer he ought to stand like a rock and say: 'Here I stand until we substitute reason for force. It is not an American doctrine to legislate first and investigate afterward.'" — Mr. Hughes in His Speech at Portland, Maine.

DR. HARVEY W. WILEY TO VOTE FOR HUGHES.

He Says Wilson Has Failed to Enforce Pure Food Law.

"I favor the election of Mr. Hughes to the Presidency for entirely different reasons than those held by most of his supporters. It is not because of the Mexican policy nor the foreign policy of the administration nor by reason of its domestic policies. It is because of the apparent indifference of the administration of President Wilson to the cause of pure foods and drugs. Practically all of the abuses which were injected into the pure food law by the preceding administrations are still in force. Benzoate of soda is still rampant. The fumes of burning sulphur are marching along undisturbed. There is evidently a lull in the activities of the administration of the law. A well known beverage, declared by the supreme court misbranded and amenable to the food law has not been molested. No attempt has been made to enforce the law in regard to the bleaching of flour. The repeal of the mixed flour law, that splendid safeguard to the purity of our bread, has been tacitly approved by the treasury department.

"Mr. Hughes in his activities on the supreme court has stood like a stone wall for the proper administration of the food law. I believe his election would see a radical change in the attitude of the government towards pure food and pure drugs, so vital to the welfare of our people. For this reason I sincerely hope that Mr. Hughes may be chosen as our next president.

"I should expect Mr. Hughes as president to have the same attitude toward the pure food and drug law that he had as a judge on the bench and to appoint a secretary of agriculture with subordinate officers who would be enthusiastic and earnest in the enforcement of the pure food law for the benefit of the physical, mental and moral welfare of our people."

WE SHOULD CONSIDER WHAT IS RIGHT, THEN DO IT.

"Our government is based on the idea that we have Legislatures to investigate, to consider what is right and to do what is right. It is based on the idea that public opinion is formed from discussion of questions, and that we can come possibly to right solutions. It is not based on the idea that the Government must act without knowing the justice and merits of the cause in which it acts."—Mr. Hughes in His Speech at Portland, Maine.

THERE SHOULD BE NO ACTION UNDER PRESSURE, UNDER DICTATION.

"We have one priceless treasure in this country, and that is the reign of good judgment after public discussion. In the long history of the people, victory after victory has been won over tyranny and force. We have a free press, we have a free form of public discussion, to the end that there may be a general understanding of our activities and a general appreciation of what is necessary to the improvement of our conditions. We may disagree about this measure or that, but we have confidence in the public judgment in the long run. Hence there is one thing which we must always maintain, and that is that there shall be no action on the part of our elected representatives, taken under pressure, under dictation. We must know what the facts are and what justice requires."—Mr. Hughes in His Speech at Portland, Maine.

NO ONE WAS AFRAID OF HAITI.

Haiti did not behave as badly to us as Mexico behaved; but Mr. Wilson intervened, fought the Haitiens, shedding their blood and the blood of our troops, took possession and now has our armed forces in control of Haiti and directing its government. His course of action in Haiti can be defended only if his course of action in Mexico is unqualifiedly condemned; for such action was far more needed in Mexico than in Haiti. But there was a difference in the two cases; and to Mr. Wilson it was a vital difference. Haiti was weaker than Mexico. No one was afraid of Haiti.—From the Speech of Colonel Roosevelt Delivered at Lewiston, Maine, in Behalf of Charles E. Hughes.

The President says that he is above all things else "an American citizen." Fortunately for him, nothing has taken him to Europe or Mexico during the past few years.

Papers that used to call McKinley a crook and Roosevelt a tyrant are scandalized now that anybody should breathe a whisper against our high and holy Woodrow.

Political Jottings

The Houston Post reasons that it was easier for its own beloved Democracy to indorse the president's Mexican policy than to define it.

While he was about it Senator James Hamilton Lewis also might have explained that the Rome that was "too proud to fight" died a rather disastrous death.

"In all fairness," asks the Boston Transcript, "shouldn't the expense of financing Carranza be borne by the Democratic campaign committee?"

Democrats really haven't any objection to big appropriations for army and navy and internal improvements. They expect the Republicans to rustle the revenue to foot the bills for the next four years.

Hughes says he would like six months to investigate the administration, but the administration figures he's doing very well as it is.

Yes, and the same policies that have filled Judge Hughes and others with "a deep sense of shame" have sent many other Americans to their graves.

The president has changed his mind about sending more troops to the border, thus running true to form.

When Tom Taggart talks economy to them it is time the Democrats stopped their extravagance.

The Hughes smile is beginning to attract favorable attention.

President Entertains Five Progressives. — Headline. Others he simply amuses.

Democratic papers chide Hughes because he says he is "100 per cent a candidate." The Wilson papers naturally prefer a fifty-fifty candidate.

The president says he has no interest in any political party "except as an instrument of achievement." If that's it then how did he happen to select such a poor instrument as the Democratic party?

Carranza isn't a candidate for president of the United States, but he did more for American preparedness in three weeks than Woodrow Wilson did in three years.

Another thing you never hear of since the Democrats reduced the cost of living is the "baker's dozen."

Mr. Hughes is criticised for his frequent use of the word "now." Evidently his immediateness is worrying the watchful waiters, who put things off until tomorrow.

Families living in the rural districts where mail service has been curtailed will be interested in knowing that Postmaster General Burleson has sent Secretary McAdoo a check for $1,200,000, representing surplus postal revenues.

Mr. Gardner should not quote what Mr. Wilson said while president of Princeton. His utterances are outlawed by himself in seven days.

That man Hughes in causing the Democratic newspapers an endless amount of worry. Apparently they will never be satisfied until he turns the management of his campaign over to them.

Mr. Hughes speeches are giving poor satisfaction to the Democratic press, which proves they are very good speeches indeed.

Secretary Baker is developing an agility in changing his mind that must endear him to his discoverer.

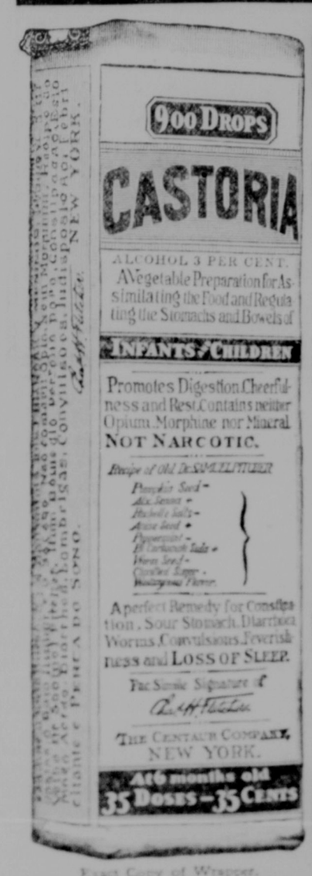
Mr. Wilson's administration must confess itself incompetent in one respect or the other. It either has appropriated for an unneeded navy or it has neglected a needed navy. It can select its fault to suit itself. In one respect or the other it must be wrong.

"I believe in efficiency in politics just as much as in anything else," says Mr. Hughes. Efficiency is an excellent watchword, and its use in the campaign is merely a forerunner of its use in the White House when he gets there.

First they said that Hughes was an iceberg; now they are saying that he is a mud slinger. He cannot possibly be both and, as a matter of fact, is neither. The Democrats must feel in a mighty bad way when they cry out "mud and treason."

WILSON ADMITS HE PRECIPITATED WAR

When Mr. Wilson forgets himself he admits that we have been at war. For example, on May 11, 1914, in an address over the dead marines at the navy yard in Brooklyn he said that the marines had been engaged in "a war of service." A war of service to whom or to what? Certainly not to the United States, nor to Mexico, nor to humanity at large. Was it to Mr. Wilson?—From the Speech of Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, Delivered at Lewiston, Me., in Behalf of Charles E. Hughes.



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Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

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THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

THE CITY'S BEST

MEAT MARKET

IN THE EMPIRE BUILDING

Choice Steak, Boiling Meat, and all other kinds of meat. Highest cash price paid for Poultry and Eggs; also cash paid for Hides and Skins.

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We Carry in Stock

TIRES
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SHOCK ABSORBERS
CHAINS
SPARK PLUGS
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TIRETITE

And many other accessories at the

OAKLAND GARAGE,
Prest-O Lite Exchange,
Oakland, Maryland.

THE JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY

Entrance Examinations

State Scholarship in Engineering Courses

Entrance Examinations for the Department of Engineering, as well as for the College of Arts and Sciences, will be held in the Academic Building of the Johns Hopkins University, Homewood, Baltimore, September 18-21, 1916, beginning at 9 a. m. each day.

Application For Scholarships in The Department of Engineering, established in the Johns Hopkins University under the provisions of the Laws of Maryland, Chapter 90, 1912, may now be made. If there is more than one applicant for a particular scholarship, a competitive examination must be taken in the Academic Building, Homewood, on September 22, 1916, beginning at 9 a. m.

Each County of the State and each Legislative District of Baltimore City, with the exception of Charles, Harford, and Queen Anne's Counties will be entitled to one or more scholarships for the year 1916-17, in addition to those which have already been assigned. In the three counties mentioned above all the available scholarships have been awarded.

Under the provisions of the Act of Assembly, the County and City scholarships in the Department of Engineering are awarded only to deserving students whose financial circumstances are such that they are unable to obtain an education in Engineering unless free tuition be granted to them. The scholarships entitle the holders to free tuition, free use of text-books, and exemption from all regular fees. The expense of attendance for those who do not receive scholarships is no greater than at other Maryland institutions.

Scholarships may be awarded to graduates of Loyola College, Maryland Agricultural College, Mt. St. Mary's College; and one scholarship will be awarded "At Large."

Applicants should address the Registrar, The Johns Hopkins University, for blank forms of application and for further information as to examinations, award of scholarships, and courses of instruction.

Advertisement. 26-4t

REAL BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE

One of the most desirable residences on Alder street in Oakland, now owned by M. A. Carney, and occupied as a residence by States Attorney Jones, is offered at a very attractive price.

A valuable 90 acre farm near Ottaway, Garrett Co., on the line of the proposed new state road to West Va., and a very desirable piece of real estate.

Improved farm of 150 acres near Swanton, Garrett Co., improved by nine room dwelling, barn and young orchard now bearing. A safe investment.

JAS. D. HAMILL,
Real Estate Agent.

Farm for Sale

Containing two hundred and seventy-six acres. About 175 acres cleared and in good cultivation and the balance in timber.

Located twelve miles west of Lonaconing in Garrett county in the Fairview settlement. With seven or eight never failing springs on it. One dwelling house containing seven rooms and a good cellar; bank barn 40 x 60 feet and all other necessary outbuildings.

Good apple orchard of about 200 bearing trees and all other kinds of fruits.

If not sold prior to January 1st, 1917, the property will be for rent.

For any other information call on or address the undersigned.

JONAS WEITZELL,
Lonaconing, Md.

Notice to the Public

The undersigned has bought out the general store of Mr. J. S. Clary at Deer Park, Md., and will continue the business in the same building and in the same manner in which it has been conducted, and extends to the public generally a cordial invitation to call, get prices and see if we cannot do business.

Remember that satisfaction is guaranteed in every transaction.

Thanking you in advance.

I am very truly,
W. B. MILLER.

300,000 TEUTONS SENT EASTWARD

"Offensive in Balkans, Defensive Everywhere Else," Is Decision of Berlin Conference

USE VETERANS FROM VERDUN

London.—Three hundred thousand Teuton troops will be dispatched at once from their theatres of war to the Balkan front. Germany will furnish 200,000, Austria-Hungary 100,000 men. This army, combined with the Germans, Bulgars and Turks now fighting in the Near East, is to accomplish the dual aim which the Central Powers and their Allies regard as absolutely vital for the continuation of the war: the crushing of Rumania and the expulsion of the Allies from Macedonia, so as to safeguard the communication between the Teutonic empires and their eastern Allies, the Orient railway.

This, according to a wireless dispatch from Rome, based on reliable authority, is the decision reached by the general council of the Central Powers at the Kaiser's headquarters in the East.

"Offensive in the Balkans, defensive everywhere else," is the slogan created by the recent developments in the Near East as the result of Rumania's intervention.

Evidences of a gradual shortening of the German western front are accumulating. Indication that Verdun will be abandoned is contained in the latest Paris War Office statement that a whole division has been sent from that front to the Somme, and far behind the Picardy lines the Teutons are feverishly constructing new defense systems.

News comes from Amsterdam that large numbers of German troops stationed in Belgium are being transferred to the eastern front, presumably to relieve front line units from the Russian to the Balkan theatre.

All passenger service on the German railroads has been held up for two days to facilitate troop movements.

Meanwhile an extensive campaign has been initiated by the General Powers to impress upon the populations the necessity of taking the initiative in the Balkans in disregard of any exigencies on the other fronts, and to prepare the people for possible withdrawals elsewhere.

BRIDGE SPAN COLLAPSES

5,000-Ton Link of Quebec's Greatest Work Falls Into St. Lawrence.

Quebec.—More than 50,000 persons, massed along both banks of the St. Lawrence River here, and on the heights of the historic Plains of Abraham, to watch the start of the raising to its buttresses, 150 feet high, the largest bridge span in the world, saw it sag suddenly at the huge chains that held it, quickly buckle in the middle, and with a roar like an explosion and amid the crash of its rended steel, collapse and sink 200 feet to the river's bottom.

The accident carried 25 men to their death and injured many more. Ninety men were at work on the structure when it fell.

Disaster seems to be part and parcel of this bridge, which when completed would have been one of the greatest engineering feats in the world. In 1907, during the construction of the cantilever span, the bridge collapsed and 70 workmen lost their lives, most of them Americans.

While officials and engineers were striving to learn the cause of the collapse from the varying stories of eye witnesses, the Dominion Government, which had offered a million-dollar subsidy to the builders, the St. Lawrence Bridge Company, for completion of the work, had started an investigation to place the blame for the accident. The loss in material is estimated at $600,000.

The bridge was to connect this city with the opposite bank of the St. Lawrence River, and to carry the traffic of eight railroads, cutting off 200 miles of the rail distance from Halifax to Western Canada.

BAN ON MEAT IN RUSSIA

Populace Forbidden to Eat It Four Days a Week.

Berlin.—Unofficial reports of the Overseas News Agency say the sale of meat is forbidden throughout Russia on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday each week. A despatch from Budapest says the decree providing for meatless days in Petrograd has caused an increase in the prices of other articles of food, especially vegetables and fruit, amounting in some cases to 100 per cent.

MANY STARVING IN ARABIA

Missionary Says Natives Dig Graves and There Await Death.

New York.—Conditions in northern Arabia are horrible beyond description, according to a letter from a missionary in that district made public through the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions. He writes that thousands have dug their own graves and lie in them to await death. Cannibalism is by no means unknown, and while locusts have eaten every green thing, refugees are eating the locusts.

JAPAN AND RUSSIA PLEDGE OPEN DOOR

Integrity of the Empire of China Assured in Notes From Both Powers.

STATUS OF NEW ALLIANCE

Nations Say Pact Does Not Affect Treaties of 1907 and 1910 With U. S. for Independence and Territorial Rights.

Washington—The State Department made public the substance of despatches received from Ambassador Guthrie at Tokio and Ambassador Francis at Petrograd giving further official assurances that the Russo-Japanese treaty, which has been viewed with apprehension here, does not affect the integrity of China or the open door policy, which both nations are pledged to maintain.

While the assurances are considered entirely satisfactory as far as they go, State Department officials were not prepared to say that the United States will pursue its inquiries no further. On the contrary, a high official said that up to date no authentic copy of the Russo-Japanese treaty has reached the State Department and that the text of the treaty itself would be the best possible evidence as to the purposes that lie behind it.

Japan particularly is emphatic in declaring its purposes in the premises. The State Department's request for information from the Japanese Government, transmitted through Ambassador Guthrie Aug. 16, brought forth an oral response reaffirming adherence to the "open door" policy. Now the Japanese Government has most courteously added, in a note to the Ambassador, dated Sept. 13, the following assurances:

"The Imperial Government desires to assure the American Government that the new convention is in no sense designed to repeal or modify the provisions of article 2 of the convention concluded between Japan and Russia on July 31, 1907, nor have the Imperial Government entertained any intention to depart from the policy to which they have avowedly committed themselves respecting the maintenance of the independence and territorial integrity of China as well as the principle of equal opportunity for the trade of all nations in that country.

"On the contrary, they are as strongly convinced as ever of the usefulness of that policy in the interest of the general peace and stability in the Far East, which they always have very near their hearts."

A State Department statement has the following to say regarding the result of its inquiries at Petrograd through Ambassador Francis:

"The Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Imperial Russian Government in like manner assured the American Ambassador, in response to his inquiry, that his Government had not withdrawn from the conventions of 1907 and 1910, but will maintain unimpaired the provisions of those agreements, notwithstanding the fact that no mention of them was made in the convention of 1916."

15,000 MILITIAMEN DISCHARGED.

Of Total Guardsmen Sent Home 4,919 Had Dependent Families.

Washington.—Nearly 15,000 National Guardsmen have been discharged by the War Department for various causes since the State troops were mustered into the Federal service.

A statement compiled shows that on August 31 last 9,446 members of the Guard had been discharged for physical disability, 4,919 because of dependent families, 146 to return to Government civil positions, and a number for other reasons.

WORLD'S NEWS IN CONDENSED FORM

BERLIN.—Russia has induced Rumania to prohibit absolutely the sale of liquors and to consent to the appointment of Russians as members of the Rumanian secret police and Department of Finance.

NEW LONDON, Conn.—Mrs. Annie E. Howe, only sister of President Wilson, died in a hotel here after an illness of a week with peritonitis. The President accompanied the body to Columbia, S. C.

CHICAGO.—Five men and three women were seized in Chicago as a blackmailers band, which has taken $250,000 from wealthy persons in the East.

ATLANTA, Ga.—Hugh M. Dorsey, who when Solicitor General of the Atlanta Criminal Court prosecuted Leo M. Frank for murder, was nominated for Governor of Georgia in the State-wide primary by an overwhelming vote.

IRONWOOD, Mich.—Arthur Waltonen, alias John Lind, who is wanted for the murder of Mrs. Elizabeth Nichols of New York, in September last, was arrested here for the crime. He confessed his guilt.

LONDON.—A German submarine captured the Dutch motor steamer Zeelandie in the North Sea.

VILLA, LOOSING 250 IN BATTLE, FLEES

Fugitive's Own Forces Routed by Trevino in Attack on Chihuahua City

SEIZED PUBLIC BUILDINGS

Carranzistas Drove Them Out Where They Were Raked by Machine Gun Fire; General Trevino Wounded; Fight Lasted Entire Day.

El Paso, Texas.—General Francisco Gonzales in Juarez said that martial law had been declared in Chihuahua City following the repulse of Villa's attack on the southwestern outskirts of the town. He also stated that 157 were killed on the Villista side in the fight, while eighty-seven Villistas were taken prisoners and shot, and many others were being held for execution. The Carranza losses were not given.

Messages received by General Gonzales stated that Villa's men rode into the outskirts of the city from the direction of Santa Rosa Hill, and attempted to take the penitentiary and the palace by storm.

General Jacinto Trevino, the Carranza commander, was asleep at home when the call to arms sounded. Dressing in haste, he rushed to the leadership of his men. The Villistas quickly took the Federal and State palaces, which are opposite each other in the centre of the city, but the defenders drove them from these positions.

Trevino led in these attacks on the invaders and was shot in the left arm near the shoulder by a spent bullet in the early fighting. The battle lasted for an hour, and most of that time the outlaws were forced to fight in the open, where they were often exposed to machine gun fire, while the Carranzistas found cover in the adobe houses.

Messages to General Gonzales received in Juarez, after an interruption in wire communication, estimate the number of attacking Villistas between 2,000 and 2,500, and say that more than 200 of them were left dead or dying on the Chihuahua plains.

While no one saw Villa in Chihuahua City, prisoners from his command swore that he was on Santa Rosa Hill directing the fighting and that he carefully planned the attack. The bandit and his men are reported to be fleeing westward, toward Santa Ysabel. Troop trains are leaving Chihuahua in pursuit.

All prisoners taken are being executed without trial. It is reported General Trevino proclaimed martial law in the city immediately after the battle, and soldiers were detailed to patrol the streets. This action was taken to prevent a possible outbreak by Villista sympathizers, of whom there are large numbers in the Chihuahua capital.

PERSHING CLOSE TO VILLA BAND.

Captain of Garrison at El Valle Executed or Deal with Legalista Interests

Field Headquarters, American punitive expedition, Mexico (via Columbus, N. M.).—Pancho Villa and his band of outlaws are at Guerrero, according to unconfirmed reports which reached General Pershing's headquarters. It was at Guerrero that Villa was whipped by Dodd early in the life of the expedition and it was there that he sustained the wound that crippled him. There is no verification of border rumor that Villa lately has been in Santa Clara Canyon.

General Trevino, according to report, has left Chihuahua City for Guerrero. Another report declares that he and Obregon have made up their differences and that both have an understanding with the new legislative party. The captain of the Carranza garrison at El Valle, the southernmost point of the expedition force, and a citizen of that town, were executed on a charge that they were allied with the legalista interests.

New London, Conn.—The Mexican members of the Joint International Commission assured the American members here that recent decrees by Gen. Carranza fixing the taxation on mining properties in Mexico were not intended to be confiscatory.

FRANCE OFFERS NEW LOAN AT 5

Ribot Announces Subscriptions Will Not Be Limited in Amount.

Paris.—The new French loan, which is announced by the Minister of Finance, M. Ribot, will be issued at 5 per cent., the same rate as the last loan, and subscriptions will be unlimited in amount. Holders of national defense short and long term bonds will be allowed to exchange them for the new bonds. The rate of the issue has not yet been fixed, but probably will be early in October.

FIRE SWEEPS NANTASKET

Destroys Amusement Resorts Near Boston, With Loss of $100,000.

Hull, Mass.—Paragon Park, the chief amusement place at Nantasket Beach, was overrun by fire with a loss estimated at nearly $100,000. Numerous attractions and restaurant buildings outside the park were destroyed. The flames were controlled before they could reach Richard's Hotel on the north and the Palm Garden on the south. The beach was littered with household effects removed by cottagers.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters Testamentry on the estate of

OTTO FILSINGER

late of Garrett County, Md., deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 17th day of February, 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 17th day of August, 1916.

E. R. JONES,
Executor,
Oakland, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

HENRY SCHLOSSNAGLE

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 24th day of February, 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under our hand this 2nd day of August, 1916.

G. W. SCHLOSSNAGLE,
Administrator,
Berlin, Somerset Co., Pa.

Notice to Contractors.

This is to give notice to the public that sealed bids will be received by the Board of Education for Garrett County, Maryland, up to 12.00 noon of

THURSDAY
September 14th, 1916

for the erection of a school building to be built at Kempton, Garrett County, Maryland, the same being in Election District No. 8; the building to be built in accordance with plans and specifications on file in the office of the County Board of Education, Oakland, Md.

All bids to be endorsed on the back with the words: "Bids for the erection of Kempton school Building."

The Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

By order of the Board, August 25, 1916.

F. E. RATHBUN, Secretary.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.

Under the law passed recently all State taxes are due Sept. 1st after which date they bear interest. Taxpayers in remitting their taxes, are urged to add sufficient interest to cover taxes in arrear otherwise their remittances will be returned which adds materially to the work of the Treasurer and causes more or less trouble to the remitters.

J. W. KIMMELL, Treasurer.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

ARTHUR O. HARVEY,

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 13th day of March 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 13th day of September 1916.

N. B. HARVEY,
Administrator,
R. D. 1 Deer Park, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

BUCKNER MASON

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 13th day of March, 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 13th day of September, 1916.

A. B. MASON,
Administrator,
Swanton, Md.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Testamentary on the estate of

JOHN M. FISHER

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 13th day of March 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 13th day of September, 1916.

MILTON FISHER,
Executor,
Accident, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

SIMON P. BAKER

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 13th day of March, 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 13th day of September, 1916.

ELIZABETH E. BAKER,
Adm'x
R. D. Deer Park, Md.

Road Petition

Notice is hereby given that thirty days after the first publication hereof application will be made to the Board of County Commissioners of Garrett county, Maryland, for the appointment of viewers to view and locate a proposed new public road in Election District No. 1 of Garrett county, said proposed new road to begin at a point at the Ingman Place and running thence through the lands of Thayer & Mason, John Steilding, Calvin Glotfelty, Marcellus Shank, Laura E. Green, C. J. Beachy and Mrs. Wilhelm to connect with the Swanton road at the gate of C. J. Beachy, a distance of about two miles.

C. H. GLOTFELTY,
C. J. BEACHY,
MARCELLUS SHANK,
CHARLES A. GREEN,
and others.

Published first time September 14, 1916.

FOR SALE—A seven passenger six cylinder Studebaker car. Has run less than 3000 miles; electric lights; electric starter; all modern improvements. A Bargain. Address C, this office.

PROCLAMATION

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF MARYLAND CREATING A BUDGET SYSTEM.

WHEREAS, at the January Session of the General Assembly of Maryland, held in the year 1916, an Act was passed, to-wit: Chapter 159 of said Acts, being an Act to propose an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title, "Legislative Department," of the Constitution of this State; and which said Act is in words and figures following:

"CHAPTER 159.

AN ACT to propose an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title, Legislative Department, of the Constitution of this State, regulating the making of appropriations by the General Assembly of Maryland in regular session, and to provide for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of this State for adoption or rejection.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland (three-fifths of all the members of each of the two houses concurring): That the following be and the same is hereby proposed as an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title Legislative Department, of the Constitution of this State, the same, if adopted by the legally qualified voters of the State, as herein provided, to become Section 52 of Article III of the Constitution of Maryland.

Sec. 52. The General Assembly shall not appropriate any money out of the Treasry except in accordance with the followin provisions:

Sub-Section A:

Every appropriation bill shall be either a Budget Bill, or a Supplementary Appropriation Bill, as hereinafter mentioned.

Sub-Section B:

First. Within twenty days after the convening of the General Assembly (except in the case of a newly elected Governor, and then within thirty days after his inauguration,) unless such time shall be extended by the General Assembly for the session at which the Budget is to be submitted, the Governor shall submit to the General Assembly two budgets, one for each of the ensuing fiscal years. Each budget shall contain a complete plan of proposed expenditures and estimated revenues for the particular fiscal year to which it relates; and shall show the estimated surplus or deficit of revenues at the end of such year. Accompanying each budget shall be a statement showing: (1) the revenues and expenditures for each of the two fiscal years next preceding the current years, the assets, liabilities, reserves and surplus or deficit of the State; (2) the debts and funds of the State; (3) an estimate of the State's financial condition as of the beginning and end of each of the fiscal years covered by the two budgets; and (4) provided, any explanation the Governor may desire to make as to the important features of any budget and any suggestion as to methods for the reduction or increase of the State's revenue.

Second. Each budget shall be divided into two parts, and the first part shall be designated "Governmental Appropriations" and shall embrace an itemized estimate of the appropriations: (1) for the General Assembly as certified to the Governor in the manner hereinafter provided; (2) for the Executive Department; (3) for the Judiciary Department, as provided by law, certified to the Governor by the Comptroller; (4) to pay and discharge the principal and interest of the debt of the State of Maryland in conformity with Section 31 of Article III of the Constitution, and all laws enacted in pursuance thereof; (5) for the salaries payable by the State under Constitution and laws of the State; (6) for the establishment and maintenance throughout the State of a thorough and efficient system of public schools in conformity with Article VIII of the Constitution and with the laws of the State; (7) for such other purposes as are set forth in the Constitution of the State.

Third. The second part shall be designated "General Appropriations," and shall include all other estimates of appropriations.

The Governor shall deliver to the presiding officer of each house the budgets and a bill for all the proposed appropriations of the budgets clearly itemized and classified, and the presiding officer of each house shall promptly cause said bill to be introduced therein, and such bill shall be known as the "Budget Bill." The Governor may before final action thereon by the General Assembly, amend or supplement either of said budgets to correct an oversight or in case of an emergency, with the consent of the General Assembly by delivering such an amendment or supplement to the presiding officers of both houses, and such amendment or supplement shall thereby become a part of said budget bill as an addition to the items of said bill or as a modification of or a substitute for any item of said bill such amendment or supplement may affect.

The General Assembly shall not amend the budget bill nor to affect either the obligations of the State under Section 34 of Article III of the Constitution, or the provisions made by the laws of the State for the establishment and maintenance of a system of public schools, or the payment of any salaries required by the Constitution of the State of Maryland or by the Constitution thereof, and the General Assembly may amend the bill by increasing or diminishing the items therein relating to the General Assembly, and by increasing the items therein relating to the Judiciary, but expenditures for the Judiciary, may not alter the said bill except to strike out or reduce items therein, provided, however, that the salary or compensation of any public officer shall not be decreased during his term of office, and such bill when and as passed by both houses shall be a law immediately without further action by the Governor.

Fourth. The Governor and such representatives of the executive departments, boards, officers and commissions of the State expending or supplying for State's money, as have been designated by the Governor for this purpose, all have the right, and when requested by either house of the Legislature, it shall be their duty to appear and be heard with respect to any budget bill during the consideration thereof, and to answer inquiries relative thereto.

Sub-Section C: Supplementary Appropriation Bills.

Neither house shall consider other appropriation bills until the Budget Bill has been finally acted upon by both houses, and no such other appropriation shall be valid except in accordance with the provisions following: (1) Every such appropriation shall be embodied in a separate bill limited to some single work, subject or purpose therein stated and called herein a Supplementary Appropriation Bill; (2) Each Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall provide the revenue necessary to pay the appropriation thereby made by a tax, direct or indirect, to be laid and collected as shall be directed in said Bill. (3) No Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall become a law unless it be passed in each house by a vote of a majority of the whole number of the members elected, and in the yeas and nays recorded on the final passage. (4) Each Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall be presented to the Governor of the State as provided in Section 17 of Article II of the Constitution and thereafter all the provisions of said Section shall apply.

Nothing in this amendment shall be construed as preventing the Legislature from passing at any time in accordance with the provisions of Section 28 of Article III of the Constitution and subject to the Governor's power of approval as provided in Section 17 of Article II of the Constitution an appropriation bill to provide for the payment of any obligation of the State of Maryland within the protection of Section 10 of Article I of the Constitution of the United States.

Sub-Section D: General Provisions.

First. If the Budget Bill shall not have been finally acted upon by the Legislature three days before the expiration of its regular session, the Governor may, and it shall be his duty to issue a proclamation extending the session for such further period as may, in his judgment, be necessary for the passage of such Bill, but no other matter than such Bill shall be considered during such extended session except a provision for the cost thereof.

Second. The Governor for the purpose of making up his budgets shall have the power, and it shall be his duty, to require from the proper State Officials, including herein all executive departments, all executive and administrative offices, bureaus boards, commissions and agencies expending or supervising the expenditure of, and all institutions applying for State moneys and appropriations, such itemized estimates and other information, in such form and at such times as he shall direct. The estimates for the Legislative Department, certified by the presiding officer of each house, of the Judiciary, as provided by law, certified by the Comptroller, and for the public schools, as provided by law shall be transmitted to the Governor, in such form and at such times as he shall direct, and shall be included in the budget without revision.

The Governor may provide for public hearings on all estimates and may require the attendance at such hearings of representatives of all agencies, and of all institutions applying for State moneys. After such public hearings he may, in his discretion, revise all estimates except those for the legislative and judiciary departments and for the public schools as provided by law.

Third. The Legislature may, from time to time, enact such laws, not inconsistent with this Section, as may be necessary and proper to carry out it provisions.

Fourth. In the event of any inconsistency between any of the provisions of this Section and any of the other provisions of the Constitution, the provisions of this Section shall prevail. But nothing herein shall in any manner affect the provisions of Section 34 of Article III of the Constution or of any laws heretofore or hereafter passed in pursuance thereof, or be construed as preventing the Governor from calling extraordinary sessions of the Legislature, as provided by Section 16 of Article II, or as preventing the Legislature at such extraordinary sessions from considering any emergency appropriations.

If any item of any approporiation bill passed under the provisions of this Section shall be held invalid upon any ground, such invalidity shall not affect the legality of the Bill or of any other item of such Bill or Bills.

Section 2. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said foregoing Section hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution shall at the next ensuing general election, being the Presidential and Congressional election, being the Presidential and Congressional election, to be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday of November, nineteen Hundred and sixteen, be submitted to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection in conformity with the directions contained in Article XVI of this State, and at said election the vote on said proposed amendment to the constitution shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be placed the following synopsis of said amendment under the caption of 'CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROVIDING FOR A BUDGET.'

"This amendment provides that the Governor shall present to the Legislature soon after it is convened a Budget giving a complete plan of proposed expenditures and estimated revenues for the two succeeding fiscal years showing clearly any surplus or deficit in State funds. In these estimates he shall make provision for the interest and sinking funds of all State debts, for all salaries as fixed by law, and for the public schools as fixed by law. With regard to most other matters he may revise the estimates presented to him either by State officers or State aided institutions. The Legislature may not increase the estimates presented by the Governor or pass any additional appropriation act except by a majority vote and must make provision by tax for such increase or additional appropriation. The Legislature may not alter in any appropriation act the provision made by law for the State debt, or for the judiciary, but may reduce all other items in the Governor's estimates; and the words 'for the Constitutional Amendment' and 'against the Constitutional Amendment' as now provided by law, and immediately after said election due returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote in accordance with Article XVI of the Constitution.

Approved March 28, 1916."

Now, therefore, I, Emerson C. Harrington, Governor of the State of Maryland, in pursuance of the direction contained in Section 1 of Article XVI of the Constitution of Maryland, do hereby order and direct a copy of this Proclamation, containing a full, true and correct copy of the text of said Chapter 159 of the Acts of Maryland of 1916, published in at least two newspapers in each of the counties of the State and in three newspapers published in the City of Baltimore, one of which said newspapers in the City of Baltimore to be printed in the German language, once a week for three months next preceding the General Election to be held in this State on November 7th, 1916, and at which election the said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be submitted, in form and manner prescribed by the General Assembly, to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection.

GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND THE GREAT SEAL OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND.

The Great Seal of Maryland.

DONE at the City of Annapolis, this twentieth day of June, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen.

EMERSON C. HARRINGTON,
By the Governor:
THOMAS W. SIMMONS,
Secretary of State.

Order Nisi.

Gilmor S. Hamill, Assignee vs. William Frederick, Jr., and wife, In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland, No. 1916 Equity.

It Is Ordered, this 6th day of July, nineteen hundred and sixteen, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in equity, that the sale of the property mentioned in these proceedings, as made and reported by Gilmor S. Hamill, Assignee of mortgage for the purpose of foreclosure, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary there of be shown on or before the 31st day of August, 1916, provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Garrett county once a week for three successive weeks, before the 25th day of August, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $5000.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy. Test.
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

ROAD PETITION

Notice is hereby given that thirty days after the first publication hereof, application will be made to the County Commissioners of Garrett county for the appointment of viewers to lay out and locate a proposed new county road in Election District No. 10 of said county, said proposed road to begin at a point on the Ryan's Glade and Blaine road at or near Z. H. Moon's mail box, and running thence through the lands of Michael and Bell Tasker, Alexander Moon, George W. Walter and Jesse and George White to intersect the road leading from Bethlehem to Mountain Lake Park, a distance of about two miles.

F. B. TASKER,
MIKE TASKER,
ALEX. MOON,
JESSE WHITE,
GEORGE A. WHITE,
GEORGE W. WALTER,
AND OTHERS.

First publication August 3, 1916.

The Maryland State College Of Agriculture

Gives special courses in—

AGRICULTURE, ANIMAL HUSBANDRY, DAIRYING, POULTRY, HORTICULTURE, FRUIT GROWING, MARKET GARDENING, FLORICULTURE, CANNING, CHEMISTRY, BIOLOGY, RURAL, CIVIL, MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING.

Military Training

College Expenses $60—Living Expenses $190

4 years, 1 year, 10 week end CONFERENCE COURSES.

FALL TERM Begins September 12th.

For Full Information address—

THE REGISTAR, COLLEGE PARK, MD.

Adv. 22-6t

The man Who Makes A STUDY OF HIS APPEARANCE

Is the man who best appreciates the detail of the tailoring we turn out. The workmanship passes without a question, the fit is naturally a matter of course, but the shape we mould into the garments give them a character that finishes them off and makes the satisfaction of the owner complete.

All this is a bid for your next tailoring order. We know we can make you the best clothes you ever wore. We want you to know it. That order is the best and only sure way to settle the question.

JAMES BROCK,
Dixon Building,
Oakland, Maryland.

REPUBLICAN CAMPAIGN OPENED

Last Friday Night When Senatorial Candidate Was Notified of His Nomination.

The formal opening of the Republican Senatorial Campaign in Maryland occurred on Friday night at Albaugh's Theatre, Baltimore, when Dr. Joseph Irwin France was officially notified of his nomination for United States Senator. The notification meeting proved to be a complete reunion of all the elements of the Republican party and demonstrated how completely the party is reunited. The lines drawn by the late Senatorial primary have completely disappeared and the enthusiasm of Republicans in their support of Dr. France is absolute assurance that there is no longer any disaffected element in the party.

The meeting was called to order by Chairman Galen L. Tait, of the State Committee, with remarks appropriate to the occasion. Mr. Tait announced the decision reached by the Progressive party to support Mr. Hughes and Dr. France in Maryland and predict that the Republicans will carry the National and Congressional elections.

Mr. C. I. T. Gould, who was chairman of the Goldsborough Primary Committee was introduced and gave his hearty indorsement of the candidacy of Dr. France on behalf of the former supporters of Governor Goldsborough.

Senator William E. Borah, of Idaho, was the visiting speaker and made an impressive address. Senator Borah represents the Progressive element of his party in the United States Senate.

The notification was made by Honorable Albert A. Doub, of Cumberland, and the principal address of the evening was made by Dr. France in formal acceptance of the nomination. The keynote of Dr. France's address was expressed in the following remarks comparing his platform with that of the Democratic candidate, Mr. Lewis:

"He stands for government ownership. I stand for government control. He stands for socialism. I stand for Americanism and individualism. He stands for more government. I stand for better government. He stands for the narrow appeal which brings misunderstanding and division. I stand for broad brotherhood which knows no class distinction. With me stand you splendid loyal Republicans and with us all will stand those fellow Marylanders of the Democratic party to whom fundamental principles are of more import than party labels.

"I hereby solemnly pledge you all that if elected to the Senate of the United States I will go there to defend and not rend our constitution."

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The First National Bank

AT OAKLAND,

In the State of Maryland, at the close of business, September 12th, 1916.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$273,289 33
Notes and bills rediscounted	5,000 00	268,289 33
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	50,000 00	
U. S. bonds pledged to secure U. S. deposits (par value)	1,000 00	
Premium on U. S. bonds	600 00	51,600 00
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged		9,987 50
Stocks, other than Federal Reserve Bank stock		1,275 00
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (5 per cent of subscription)		2,400 00
Value of banking house (if unencumbered)		19,600 00
Furniture and fixtures		3,175 29
Real estate owned other banking house		2,500 00
Net amount due from Federal Reserve bank		8,529 56
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in New York, Chicago, and St. Louis	2,756 14	
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in other reserve cities	31,786 84	34,542 98
Net amount due from banks and bankers (other than above)		2,398 60
Other checks on banks in the same city or town as reporting bank		121 97
Fractional currency, nickels and cents		140 99
Notes of other national banks		350 00
Coin and certificates		10,255 65
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		2,500 00
Total		$437,716 87

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		50,000 00
Surplus fund		50,000 00
Undivided profits	5,967 62	
Less current expenses, interest and taxes paid	2,932 10	2,435 52
Circulating notes outstanding		49,200 00
Net amount due to banks and bankers (other than above)		1,114 04
Dividends unpaid		35 00
Demand deposits—		
Individual deposits subject to check		131,966 70
Certificates of deposits due in less than 30 days		200 00
Cashier's checks outstanding		3,268 65
United States deposits		1,000 00
Total demand deposits	$136,435.35	
Time deposits (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice)—		
Certificates of deposit		1,000 00
Other time deposits		167,498 90
Total of time deposits	$168,498 90	
Total		$437,716 87
Liabilities for rediscounts, including those with the Federal Bank		5,000 00

State of Maryland, County of Garrett.

I, R. E. SLIGER, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

R. E. SLIGER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 19th day of September, 1916.

WALTER W. DAWSON, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: FRED. A. THAYER,
D. M. DIXON,
A. G. STURGISS,
Directors.

UPHOLDS STATE TAXATION BOARD

Court Of Appeals Decides That Commission Can Proceed With Reassessment.

The Court of Appeals on Saturday handed down a lengthy decision, written by Judge Burke, in which the authority of the Tax Commission to conduct a general reassessment of property is upheld.

The question was before the court upon appeal from the Circuit Court for Frederick county, in which Judges Urner, Peter and Worthington had decided that the commission lacked authority, because the people in 1915 adopted an amendment to the State constitution providing for separate classifications of property for purposes of taxation, and the Legislature of 1916 failed to enact measures giving the Tax Commission the machinery necessary to carry out the intent of the amendment.

Judge Burke's opinion stated that, while the Legislature alone could provide the classifications, and while the last Legislature failed to do that, "it does not follow as a result of its failure of duty in this respect that any valid laws relating to assessments may not be available of for that purpose. The authorities appear to be uniform in support of the proposition that the failure of the Legislature to discharge a duty of the character imposed by this amendment leaves the valid and existing laws, not in conflict with any of its provisions, in full force and effect."

That was the contention of Attorney-general Ritchie, who went into the case for the State, with Edward M. Hammond, counsel for the commission, when it went to the Court of Appeals. Mr. Ritchie stated, after he examined the facts and law in the case, that he was confident the Court of Appeals would reverse the lower courts.

The Tax Commission immediately will complete its arrangements for the reassessment. Most of the machinery had been provided when the litigation arose, and very little will have to be done. The commission expects to complete its reassessment before cold weather sets in. One reason that the Court of Appeals was asked to hear the case before the regular October term was that the Commissioners feared it would be impossible to assess the mountain property during the winter.

The State officials confidently expect the new assessment to make a large increase in the taxable basis of the State, and consequently a big increase in the revenues, and also to do much toward equalizing the taxable basis as between the several counties. It has been notoriously true that some of the counties were very much underassessed, thereby causing injustice to other counties, for all paid the same rate of State taxation. There will be no reassessment in Baltimore city.

DIES SUDDENLY WHILE ON TRAIN

About to Start on Journey to Altamont When Stricken.

Mrs. Sarah Catherine Cassidy, aged 70, years, wife of the late James Cassidy, who was killed at Altamont about twenty years ago, died suddenly Tuesday morning while seated in a train at the Queen City station in Cumberland. Death was due to heart disease, thought to have been brought on by over exertion in going to the train. Mrs. Cassidy had boarded the train to go to Altamont on a visit and while waiting for the train to depart was taken ill. Her daughter, Mrs. L. Graham, who accompanied her to the train, was with her when she expired.

She is survived by three daughters, Mrs. Harry Pirkey, with whom she resided at 321 Laing avenue, Cumberland; Mrs. L. Graham, and Miss Maude Cassidy, who lived with her mother. The body was removed to the Pirkey home.

Epworth League Social.

An Epworth League social will be held at the home of Mr. John T. Mitchell adjoining Oakland on Monday evening of next week to which all members of the League are invited. The object of the affair is to plan the winter's work of the organization.

Married.

FOLTZ—BRITT—At the Lutheran parsonage in Oakland on Saturday evening of last week, by Rev. O. A. Bremer, in the presence of a few friends, Rev. Charles Wesley Foltz, of Martinsburg, West Va., and Miss Bertha Britt, of Oakland. The groom is a retired Methodist minister, while the bride has been manager of the Giessman Hotel in Oakland for a number of years. Immediately after the ceremony the couple left Oakland for the groom's home.

Circuit Court in Session.

The adjourned term of the Circuit Court for this county was convened Tuesday morning for the purpose of trying the case of the Second National Bank of Cumberland against George and William Washington, of near Romney, West Va., upon a plea of debt. Judge A. Hunter Boyd is on the bench and the case is being tried before a jury.

Supervisors' Notice OF Registration of Voters.

OFFICE OF
THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF ELECTION FOR GARRETT COUNTY.

OAKLAND, MD., SEPTEMBER, 12, 1916.

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with the provisions of Article 33, as amended by Chapter 236 Acts of 1910, the undersigned Officers of Registration of the respective Election Districts of Garrett county, Md., will hold their sittings from 8 o'clock a. m. until 8 o'clock p. m., on

Tuesday, October 3rd,
Tuesday, October 10th,
AND ON
Tuesday, October 17th,

for revision only.

(No one can register after Tuesday, October 10.)

at their respective places of registration hereinafter named, for the purpose of registering in their respective registries of voters all persons who possess or before the day of election next ensuing may possess the requisite qualifications under the Constitution of the State of Maryland and the laws make thereunder entitling them to vote in said election districts and for the purpose of performing all other duties required of them by Article 33 of the Code of Public General Laws of Maryland.

Election District Number One—
Swanton.

The Officers of Registration for the First Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Election Building in the town of Swanton.

Election District Number Two—
Friendsville.

The Officers of Registration for the Second Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Council chamber in the town of Friendsville.

Election District Number Three—
Grantsville.

The Officers of Registration for the Third Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Council Chamber in the town of Grantsville.

Election District Number Four—
Bloomington.

The Officers for Registration for the Fourth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Cleary building in the town of Bloomington.

Election District Number Five—
Accident.

The Officers of Registration of the Fifth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the house of Mrs. Susan Englehart in the town of Accident.

Election District Number Six—
Sang Run.

The Officers of Registration for the Sixth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Election Building in the town of Sang Run.

Election District Number Seven—
Oakland.

The Officers of Registration for the Seventh Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the office of the Board of Election Supervisors in the Court House.

Election District Number Eight—
Ryans Glade. First Precinct.

The Officers of Registration for the First Precinct of the Eighth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Election Building on the Northwestern Pike.

Second Precinct.

The Officers of Registration for the Second Precinct of the Eighth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid at Red House.

Election District Number Nine—
Johnson's.

The Officers of Registration for the Ninth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the shop of Thomas Johnson on the National Pike.

Election District Number Ten—
Deer Park.

The Officers of Registration for the Tenth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Savage building in the town of Deer Park.

Election District Number Eleven—
The Elbow.

The officers of Registration for the Eleventh Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the residence of Joseph Warnick.

Election District Number Twelve—
Bittinger.

The Officers of Registration for the Twelfth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the old store room originally occupied by G. W. Engle in the town of Bittinger.

Election District Number Thirteen—
Kitzmiller.

The Officers of Registration for the Thirteenth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Bank Room in the town of Kitzmiller.

Election District Number Fourteen—
Oakland.

The Officers of Registration for the Fourteenth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Dr. J. Lee McComas office Building adjoining the Commercial Hotel in the town of Oakland.

JOHN T. O'BRIEN,
JOSIAH G. FRIEND.

Officers of Registration for the First Election District.

WILLIAM FREDERICK, Jr.
JAS. W. FRIEND.

Officers of Registration for the Second Election District.

WILLIAM T. STANTON,
C. C. DURST.

Officers of Registration for the Third Election District.

EARL FAZENBAKER,
JOEL PAUGH.

Officers of Registration for the Fourth Election District.

LYMAN FRAZEE,
ADAM HETRICK.

Officers of Registration for the Fifth Election District.

G. WM. BROWNING,
SHERMAN G. SAVAGE.

Officers of Registration for the Sixth Election District.

JOHN F. HART,
WARREN RATHBUN.

Officers of Registration for the Seventh Election District.

FRANK LAYTON,
P. A. CHISHOLM.

Officers of Registration for the First Precinct, Eighth Election District.

ROBERT LATHRUM,
JONAS YUTZY.

Officers of Registration for the Second Precinct, Eighth Election District.

C. ARTHUR MURPHY,
JAMES R. MCKENZIE.

Officers of Registration for the Ninth Election District.

BRUCE T. BROWNING,
B. T. THRASHER.

Officers of Registration for the Tenth Election District.

CORNELIUS H. SMITH,
ALFRED MAGRUDER.

Officers of Registration for the Twelfth Election District.

OLIN WARNICK,
E. S. BRENNEMAN.

Officers of Registration for the Twelfth Election District.

WM. S. HARVEY,
LEWIS CASPER BRAY.

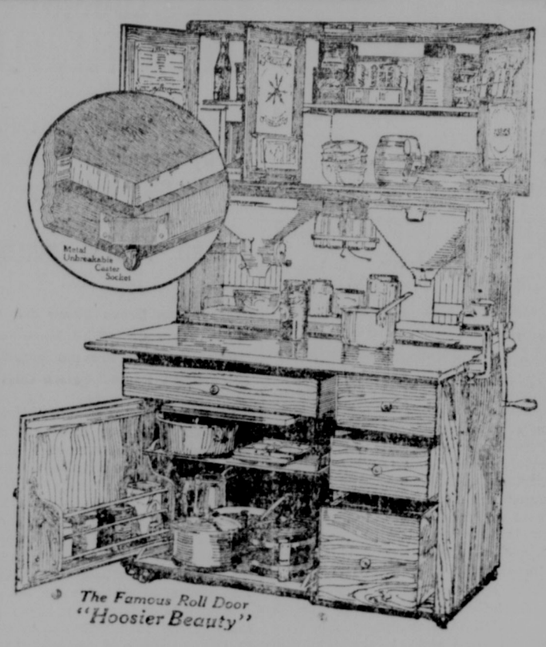
Officers of Registration for the Thirteenth Election District.

C. F. WHITE,
H. R. DEWITT.

Officers of Registration for the Fourteenth Election District.

J. M. STANTON, Pres.
FRED T. MILLER,
GEO. D. BROWNING.

Board of Supervisors of Election for Garrett County, Md.
H. A. RASCHE, Clerk.



The Famous Roll Door "Hoosier Beauty"

WE have in stock the famous HOOSIER KITCHEN CABINET at a price within your reach:

$21.00, $27.00 and $34.00

$1.00 down; balance $1.00 per week

The safest and surest plan is to order now. You take no risk. We guarantee to refund every cent if you are not delighted with the Hoosier.

CALL AND SEE OUR LINE.

McIntire's Hardware Store

Oakland, Maryland.

A Money Saving Chance For You.

Get rid of your old scrap iron, old rags, old gum shoes, copper and brass. We are paying best cash prices for same.

25c per hundred for iron; 50c per hundred for rags; 5c per lb. for rubber; from 5c to 10c per lb. for copper and brass.

We are located at the old Hamill house, opposite the electric light plant, Oakland, Md.

A. G. TARLO, Proprietor.

Adv. 16-5 months

Assignee's Sale OF VALUABLE House and Lot

In Mt. Lake Park, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage from Philip T. Garthright and Sarah E. Garthright, his wife, dated October 15th, 1908, and recorded among the Mortgage Records of Garrett county, in Liber No. 87, folio 60, and assigned to Richard S. Bell, for the purpose of foreclosure, there being default in the covenants and conditions of said mortgage, the undersigned assignee of said mortgage, will sell at public auction in front of the premises hereinafter described, in Mt. Lake Park, Garrett County, Maryland on

SATURDAY
the 7th day of October, 1916

at 10:00 A. M. the following property, to-wit:

First. All that lot or parcel of land known and described as Lot No. 1017, fronting on "K" Street, on the Plat of Mountain Lake Park, as recorded in Liber No. 6, folio 300, of the Land Records of Garrett County, and being the same property which was conveyed by the said Philip T. Garthright to Elmer S. Hamill, Trustee, by deed dated April 17th, 1906, and recorded among said Land Records in Liber No. 76, folio 313, a reference to which is hereby made.

This property is improved with a very good dwelling and outbuildings, the house being equipped with bath and electric light, and the property is known as "Smouse Cottage."

Second. All those lots, pieces or parcels of land situate, lying and being in Mountain Lake Park, and known and described as Lots Nos. 920 and 922 respectively on the plat of Mountain Lake Park, and being the same lots which were conveyed to the said Philip T. Garthright by the Mountain Lake Park Association, by deed dated February 22nd, 1910, and recorded among the Land Records of Garrett County aforesaid, in Liber No. 84, folio 19, a reference to which said deed is hereby made.

Each of these lots is improved with a good dwelling house and the whole is known as "Virginia Homes," these houses are equipped with bath, electric light etc., with necessary outbuildings.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on the day of sale.

RICHARD S. BELL,
Assignee of Mortgage.

Proposals for Building Iron and Concrete Bridges.

Office of the County Commissioners for Garrett County,
Oakland, Md., September 13th, 1916.

Notice is hereby given that the County Commissioners of Garrett county Maryland, will receive sealed proposals until

Monday, October 2nd, 1916,

at 2 o'clock p. m. at their office in the town of Oakland, Md., for the building of four concrete or iron bridges.

Bridge near Jennings to be an iron structure 41 feet and 6 inches long 12 foot clear road way capacity 15 tons white oak plank floor two and one half inches thick.

or a Concrete Bridge.

To be of Concrete arched 36 feet long ten feet and eight inches from bed of stream to finished roadway with a 12 foot clear roadway set in between the old butmans.

And at the same time and the same place sealed bids will be received for the building of a concrete bridge over Mill Run near John Stuck's blacksmith shop. Bridge to be concrete arched 24 feet long 14 feet clear roadway on a 7 per cent grade 12 feet 5 inches from bed of stream to finished road way at highest end.

And at the same time and at the same place sealed bids will be received for the building of a concrete bridge over Cherry creek on the road leading to Bittinger, bridge to be 28 feet arched concrete with a 14 foot clear road way 9 feet from bed of stream to finished roadway on 70 degrees off center line of road way.

And at the same time and at the same place sealed bids will be received for the building of a concrete bridge over Cherry creek near L. C. Ewin farm in District No. 14 bridge to be 40 feet arched concrete 10 feet and 8 inches from bed of stream to finished roadway 12 feet clear roadway wing walls 14 feet long.

The above bridge to be designed to carry 150 pounds to the square foot, or a concentrated load of 20 tons.

Specifications can be seen at the County Commissioners office.

The County Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the Board.

W. G. MEYERS, Clerk.

The Celebrated South Bend Plow.

Buy one now and pay for it in the spring. Price is just right.

McIntire's Hardware Store, Oakland. Advertisement.

For Sale.

Crooks Crest, comprising about twenty acres, improved by handsome house. Apply to the owner or any real estate agent. Mrs. E. Fundenberg, Oakland, Md. Adv. 12-tf

The Celebrated South Bend Plow.

Buy one now and pay for it in the spring. Price is just right.

McIntire's Hardware Store, Oakland. Advertisement.

For Sale On The Monthly Payment Plan

Pay Like Rent

You can buy the 3 room cottage, equipped with city water, sewer, inside toilet and gas, on the lot fronting 50 feet on Bartlett St. by 100 ft. deep, on the monthly payment plan on the same terms and conditions as thousands o homes are being secured every ye through the Building and Loan sociations.

Or the 7-room house, with cellar, gas, city water, sewer, bath etc. on the lot 100 by 100 ft. at the corner of Center and Bartlett Sts.

If not sold these houses are for rent on very reasonable terms.

For particulars see
Paul B. Naylor or write to
U. G. Palmer, Verona, Pa.

VULCALENE

SELF VULCANIZING

For punctures, blow outs, cuts, tears, hot water bags, and all rubber goods

Save 200 to 500 per cent on your tire troubles

Heat or friction will not affect it

It is a pure Para Rubber compound, not a tire dough.

Anyone can apply it.

For sale by

E. S. EVANS

Terra Alta, W. Va. Oakland, Md.

THE VULCALENE CO.,
Washington, D. C.

29-4t

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Notice is hereby given to all creditors of Angemima George, of Gorman, Md., lately adjudicated an insolvent by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, the same being No. 105 Insolvents on the docket of said Court, that a meeting of creditors of said insolvent will be held on Tuesday September 26, 1916, at the hour of 3 p. m. in the Clerk's Office at the Court House in Oakland, Md., at which said time a permanent tru will be selected and such other busi relating to said insolvency transacted as may be necessary and proper. All creditors are hereby notified to appear and present their claims properly proven.

JULIUS C. RENNINGER,
ERNEST RAY JONES,
Preliminary Trustees.

Commissioners Meeting.

Office of the County Commissioners for Garrett county, Oakland, Md., September 18th, 1916.

The Board of County Commissioners for Garrett County, Maryland, will meet in their office in the town of Oakland, on

Monday, October 2nd, 1916,

to transact routine business.

By order of the Board,

W. G. MEYERS, Clerk.

THE REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME 41. OAKLAND, MARYLAND THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1916. NUMBER 31

SPEICHER LAW IS UPHELD BY COURT

In Lengthy Opinion Judge Boyd Decided the Constitutionality of Act.

It will be remembered by the readers of The Republican that about six weeks ago two colored employes of the Deer Park Hotel were arrested for bringing into Garrett county quantities of liquor in excess of the amount allowed to be brought in under the amended Speicher Local Option Law. Following their arrest a hearing was given them by Justice of the Peace West and both men were sent to Jail in default of bond for their appearance at the December Term of the Circuit Court. Later they were released upon furnishing bail, but not however, until after proceedings had been instituted by their attorneys, Messrs. Renninger & Offutt, for their release upon a writ of habeas corpus. In the petition to the Court the constitutionality of the Speicher law was attacked and the opinion filed in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court Tower on Tuesday of this week, written by Judge Boyd and concurred in by Judge Henderson, upholds the constitutionality of the Act and dismissed the petition.

The opinion of the Court, being of interest to every reader of The Republican, is set out in full, as follows:

"These cases came before the Court on habeas corpus proceedings and were submitted on briefs by the attorneys. We were informed by the attorneys that after the petitions had been filed the parties had been admitted to bail, and as we desired to give the questions further consideration we did not act at once on the petitions. It is contended for the petitioners that the Act of 1916, Chapter 156, is invalid: 1. Because it is in conflict with Article 3, Section 26, of the Constitution of Maryland. 2. Because it is in conflict with the Commerce Clause of the Federal Constitution.

"1. The title of this Act is as follows: 'An Act to repeal and reenact with amendments Section 4 of Chapter 34 of the Acts of 1914,' entitled: An Act to enable the registered qualified voters of Garrett county to determine by ballot whether spirituous or fermented liquors shall not be sold in said county, or shall be sold only as hereinafter described, and to repeal all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this Act or any part of this Act.'

"The title of the Act of 1914 is as quoted above in the title of the Act of 1916. If section 4 was valid as originally passed by the Act of 1914, insofar as it made it unlawful 'to barter or sell, directly or indirectly, or to solicit or to receive orders for the purchase of, at any place in Garrett county, or to give away at his or its place of business, within the limits of Garrett county, any spirituous, fermented or malt liquors,' etc., then it would seem to be clear that Section 4 as repealed and reenacted by Chapter 156 of the Act of 1916, is not invalid by reason of the additional prohibition that no person, etc., shall knowingly accept or receive for shipment, transportation or delivery to any person or place within the limits of Garrett county, or to carry, bring into, transfer to any other person, carrier or agent, handle, deliver or distribute in Garrett county, any intoxicating liquor, etc.

"The Act of 1914 only used the term 'sold' in the title, and did not in terms refer to the other things therein prohibited, such as soliciting or receiving orders for the purchase of at any place within the limits of Garrett county, or giving away at his or its place of business within the limits of Garrett county any spirituous, fermented or malt liquors, etc. So far as we are aware the Act of 1914 has not been questioned—certainly not successfully questioned—by reason of those things prohibited not being metioned in the title. That Act was passed to enable the voters to determine whether 'liquor shall not be sold in said county, or shall be sold only as hereinafter described,' etc. It contained 34 sections—Section 4 being the one that prohibited the sales, etc., if

(Continued on page 8.)

TAKEN TO ASYLUM

Lawrence Rice Committed For Second Time to State Institution

Lawrence Rice, son of the late Mr. and Mrs. John Rice, of Oakland, who was an inmate for two or three years of the State Insane asylum and was discharged from the institution about a year ago when he returned home, again became suddenly insane about ten days ago and was taken to Sykesville on Monday by Sheriff Ashby.

Typhoid Patients.

Last Friday Mrs. Walter and Asa Glotfelty and their sister, Miss Ethel Glotfelty, all children of Mr. and Mrs. Mahlon Glotfelty, of McHenry, were brought to the Home Sanatorium in Oakland where they are being treated, having been stricken with typhoid fever A nephew of those above named, Harry Glotfelty, son of Mr. and Mrs. F. O. Glotfelty, of Oakland, is also ill of the disease and is being nursed at his home on Second street. What caused the outbreak of the disease is purely speculative. About three weeks ago a family reunion of the Glotfelty's was held at the old homestead and it is thought that the water used at that time was contaminated.

Restaurant Changes Hands.

Mrs. Bowers has sold her restaurant on the elevated walk to Mrs. Charles Liller and has moved her household effects to Terra Alta, where she in future will reside.

Touring With The Governor.

Hon. and Mrs. S. A. Kendall were guests of Hon. and Mrs. F. B. Black as members of Governor Brumbaugh's Agricultural Tour party last week in the northern part of the State, starting from Harrisburg, Tuesday morning and returning to the capital on Friday. Mr. Kendall went from Harrisburg to Pittsburgh, while Mrs. Kendall returned to Meyersdale with Mr. and Mrs. Black, Friday evening.—Meyersdale Republican.

FIRE DESTROYED DWELLING

Building Owned by J. W. Traver at the Park Burned.

Fire of incendiary origin destroyed the dwelling of Mr. J. W. Traver at Mountain Lake Park about one o'clock this morning, along with all its contents, entailing a loss of more than $2,000, with some insurance.

The fire was discovered about midnight, having its origin in the kitchen and the building was soon enveloped in flames. The house had been unoccupied for more than a year.

Pastor Surprised.

On Tuesday night we were very pleasantly surprised by the kindness of our friends as shown in a very liberal and helpful donation. We appreciate this kindness and extend our hearty thanks to those who have treated us so kind and generously. We give thanks to the Giver of all good who is ever mindful of those who put their trust in Him.

Pastor Lewis Jones.

Mt. Lake Park, Sept. 27, 1916.

Orphans' Court Proceedings.

The semi-monthly session of the Garrett County Orphans' Court was held Tuesday with all members of the Court present, when letters of administration on the personal estate of the late Mrs. Rice, of Oakland, was issued to her son, William Rice, of Oakland.

Methodist Church Notice.

Owing to the absence of the pastor, who is attending Conference, there will be no preaching service in St. Paul's M. E. Church Sunday morning or evening. The Sunday school and Epworth League service will be held at the usual hour.

Library Contrsbution.

The library acknowledges the receipt from Mrs. Charles Howard of $12 in cash which will be used for the purposes of the organization.

Milling Machinery Shipped.

The machinery of the D. M. Dixon & Co., wheat mill is being shipped to a point in South Carolina, a sale having been effected recently between the present owner and a party in that section of the country. It will be remembered that about a year ago the Dixon mill was partially destroyed by fire and the machinery in it badly damaged since which time it has not been operated.

Marriage License.

Yesterday a marriage license was issued to Thomas Stanton Custer and Oma Weitzell, both of Garrett county.

Shipment of Sheep.

Last Saturday Mr. Henry Smouse, of near Oakland, shipped from the local station to Baltimore four cars of sheep and lambs, the shipment totalling 456 head. Fifteen minutes after the last car was loaded the cars were picked up by an engine and they were on their way to market.

Relic of Old Plank Road.

While excavating for street paving Tuesday morning the big six-horse plow turned up several plank that were used on the old plank road between Somerset and Cumberland. The road was built about 1852, and some of our older residents remember when the planks were put down and well remember the time is a well known fact that the P. R. R. considered a great feat in road-making and the stage coaches and large freight wagons made good time over the highway. The plank torn up Tuesday were in a fair state of preservation and did not look as if they had been in the ground for more than three score years. At this spot, in front of the old Lane property, West Main street, very few stones were found, the road bed being made from cinders from the old Stoner foundry, which went out of existence many years ago. Thus two means of road improvement of the past are giving way to our modern method of brick paving, and some of our people are wondering what will be used for making roads sixty years from now.—Berlin Record.

PIPE ORGAN WILL BE DEDICATED

Instrument Recently Installed In St. Mark's Lutheran Church

The dedication of the new pipe organ recently installed in St. Mark's Evangelical Lutheran church, will occur at the Sunday morning service to be conducted at the regular hour of worship on Sunday at 10:45 o'clock.

The service will be conducted by the pastor, Rev. O. A. Bremer, and it is expected that he will be assisted by the Rev. Edmund Manges, a former pastor of the congregation who has been invited to be present upon the occasion. The nucleus of the fund for the purchase of this organ was devised to the church by Miss Anna Groshon, of Frederick, Md., and it will be dedicated as a memorial to her.

On Friday (tomorrow) evening a recital will be given at the church when a number of local and out-of-town musicians will be present who will render a vocal and instrumental program, which has been especially prepared for this occasion. Among those who will take part in the recital will be Miss Eleanor Hinebaugh, of Oakland; Mr. Johnson, of Morgantown; Mr. Carl Richardson, of Piedmont, West Va., Dr. John G. Robinson, of Accident, and probably others.

For this recital an admission charge of twenty-five cents will be made. The public is cordially invited to patronize the musical.

Monument Unveiling.

White Oak Camp No. 20, W. O. W., of Fairmont, W. Va., will unveil the monument erected at the grave of the late H. W. Biggs in the cemetery at Thayerville on Sunday, October 1, at 10:30 a. m. All members of the order and their friends are invited to attend the services.

Subscribe for The Republican.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

D. M. Dixon & Co., received this week a large shipment of

Floor Oil Cloth

AND

Linoleum

These were bought on a low market and will be sold at a Bargain.

Our customers will find ready for their inspection the largest line of

Underwear, Gloves

AND

Warm Goods

Ever shown in Oakland. These goods were bought early in the spring on a low market and we will give our customers the adyantage of our lucky buy.

Will pay $1.00 per bushel for Potatoes, $1.25 per bushel for Wheat, 30 cents per dozen for Eggs, 28 cents per pound for Butter, 15 cents per pound for young Chickens.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

C. H. BROWNING

Deer Park's Best Store

Now is the time to buy your winter goods and get the best price for your produce.

Men's and Ladie's Underwear, Heavy Socks and Gums, Outing Flannel, Shirting, Gingham and Dress Goods.

Will Pay $1.00 For 60 pounds of Potatoes

Butter 28c per pound

Eggs 30c per dozen

Get right trade at Brownings.

Offutt's

Just received a big line of the

John Rich's Woolens

Also have a complete stock of

Fall & Winter Merchandise

Outings, Underwear, Shoes, Hats, Men and Boy' Suits, Sweaters etc.

Just Unloaded a Car of

Red Brick

Wanted—Potatoes, Will Pay $1.00 Per Bushel, Butter 30 cents Per Pound, Eggs 30 cents Per Dozen.

Millinery Opening next week. Watch for Announcement.

OFFUTTS'

THE WEEK'S BIG NEWS EVENTS

Happenings That Caused A Stir Briefly Chronicled.

SITUATION AT WASHINGTON

Executive Acts at the Capital—Victories and Defeats of the Great War—Doings in the Forty-Eight States Recorded.

War Bulletins

Captain Boelke, Germany's most famous avaitor, brought down two Entente aeroplanes. This feat brings his record to twenty-eight machines disposed of during the war.

In the Dobrudja district, southeastern Rumania, the Bulgar-German forces under Field Marshal von Mackensen have been decisively defeated by the Rumanian-Russian army, and are retreating toward Bulgaria.

"Tanks impress Germans as cruel and effective engines of war." Officers instruct men to use every means possible to counteract new British armored motored cars.

Turkish troops, captained and equipped by Prussians, have appeared against the Russians on the Riga front. The Ottomans have not before been seen fighting so far north.

The Bulgarian descent into Greece on the western end of the Macedonia front has been checked and a concentration of French, Russian and Serbian troops is driving them back in disorder across the frontier.

General Brusiloff renews his violent campaign against Halicz in an effort to reach the Prussians in Lemberg.

Russians are drawing their lines closer around Helicz, having dislodged the Prussians on the Zlota Lipa, and are attacking along the railway.

Washington

Government files appeal in Lehigh Valley "coal trust" suit in Supreme Court.

The United States Army acquires a hand grenade of the size and form of a baseball which can be thrown far with deadly accuracy.

Contracts for the big gun projectiles for the Unted States Army, approximating $1,600,000, were awarded to the Washington Shell and Ordnance Co., of Washington.

The German Government has informed the State Department that it will consider "null and void" any loan to Belgium while Belgium is occupied by German military authorities. The statement to the Department was made by Ambassador von Bernstoff.

Major General Albert L. Mills, chief of division of militia affairs and "father of the federalized militia," died suddenly in Washington.

The War Department is preparing to authorize the holding of examinations in the various military departments of the country for officer's reserve corps, created by the last Congress.

General Henry B. Sharpe was promoted to Quartermaster-General of the army, with the rank of Major-General.

Secretary of Navy Daniels announced that plans have been made for the building of the world's greatest hospital ship at the Philadelphia Navy Yard.

General

An eight-hour day for trains crews and switch engine crews in the Panama canal zone has been established by Gov. Goethals by executive order.

$500,000 memorial to the late Dr. John D. Murphy, the noted surgeon, is to be erected in Chicago.

Canned fruit prices will soar by next spring, wholesalers declare.

Master bakers demand an embargo on flour exports to keep down the price of bread.

A spectacular street parade was a feature of the Sovereign Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows convention at Chattanooga.

United States authorities have objected to incapacitated Canadian soldiers and British and French reservists landing at New York en route to Canada.

Wright Huntington, an actor and stock company manager, dropped dead in Cincinnati.

The Whitaker-Glessner Co., will build a by-product coke plant at Portsmouth, O., at a cost of $2,000,000.

Accused of sending threatening letters to President Wilson, Morris Diamond, of Bay City, Mich., was arrested at Pittsburgh, and held for examination into his sanity.

The ninety-third session of the Sovereign Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows was held at Chattanooga, Tenn.

Gross earnings of the Minneapolis St. Paul and Sault Ste. Marie Railroad Co., for the year ending June 30, totalled $35,010,064.

A special prosecutor will be named in New York to handle the cases of bakers who have violated the weight law in making bread.

Arthur Curtiss James has been designated a Chevalier of the Crown of Italy in recognition of his generosity in building the $300,000 school for Italian children in New York.

Boston has decided to postpone the opening of the public schools there from September 25 to October 2, owing to prevalence of infantile paralysis, despatches said. The date previously had been changed from September 11.

William James Calhoun, ex-Minister to China, is dead.

M. G. Roberts, of Rupert, Vt., was killed at Shawnee, Okla., in a fall of 1,200 feet in an aeroplane.

Mr. Roosevelt and Mr. Taft will meet and shake hands for the first time since 1910 at a reception to Mr. Hughes at the Union League Club on October 3.

Mrs. Amy E. Archer Gilligan is indicted for murder in the first degree on five counts, the alleged victims, one of whom was her husband, having lived at her home for the aged in Windsor, Conn.

The Sovereign Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows, in secret session at Chattanooga, Tenn., selected Louisville, Ky., for the 1917 meeting.

Bert Dudley, charged with the murder of Henry Muller, and his wife, was taken from the Johnson County jail at Olathe, Kan., by a mob, and hanged.

A commission of five naval officers headed by Rear Admiral Helm began studying the question of whether additional navy yards or stations are needed on the Pacific coast and on the Atlantic south of Cape Hatteras.

The first snow of the season in Maine fell in the Rangeley Lakes region.

MEXICAN CAMPAIGN

Report of a Villa victory at Chihuahua causes the Joint Commission at New London to "mark time."

An official account of Villa's raid on Chihuahua City from Brig.-Gen. Bell at El Paso, says the bandit chief captured some of Carranza's artillery and sixteen automobile loads of arms and ammunition, liberated 200 prisoners from the penitentiary and made off after being joined by from 1,000 to 1,500 soldiers of the Carranza garrison.

National Guardsmen and regulars—26,000 of them in dust-stained khaki—swung through the streets of El Paso and past a reviewing stand at Fort Bliss in the first parade and review of an infantry division at full war strength ever held in the United States.

Private William Johnson of Battery E, Second Field Artillery, died in camp in Texas, from an internal hemorrhage due to the kick of a horse.

The War Department sent orders to General Funston to return regiments of the National Guard now on the border in exact ratio of one regiment to return for each new regiment sent down.

Twenty-two thousand militiamen are to be released from duty at the Mexican border.

Sporting

"Hal" Chase is increasing his batting lead. He is well nigh certain to top the National League thumping list this season.

Thomas W. Murphy drives Napoleon Direct and St. Frisco for "Ed" Geers, who in in a hospital, and wins with both horses at the Grand Circuit meeting in Columbus.

Fred Mitchell, noted Harvard baseball coach, has signed a three-year contract as coach for the Boston Nationals.

Napoleon Lajoie is considering an offer which will end his big league career and make him a magnate and manager in the class AA minors if he accepts it. The Salt Lake City ball club in the Pacific Coast League has offered Lajoie the place as playing manager, with an option on a big block of stock in the club.

The Indiana Society of Chicago feted Charles Evans, Jr., national open and amateur golf champion, at a banquet set on a table equipped with a miniature golf course. George Ade, author, president of the society, was toastmaster.

In an effort to enhance the batting strength of the Pirates, "Jimmy" Callahan has assigned "Hans" Wagner to first base and "Bill Smith," Montreal recruit, to shortstop. The veteran is giving the initial sack a splendid play.

Foreign

In the "tank" fight on the Somme front Canadian casualities were 400 killed, 1,000 wounded and 300 missing. This brings the total Canadian casualties to about 40,000.

Nearly a million people have been made homeless in China by one of the greatest floods in 50 years.

Ministry of Munitions at London announced that the total casualties in a recent explosion in a factory making munitions for the British army were 7 killed and 72 injured.

Canadian maples are to be planted around the graves of the Dominion's soldiers in France.

A meeting of German and Austro-Hungarian members of Parliament will be held at Salzburg, 156 miles from Vienna to discuss political questions.

A further investigation of the recent embezzlement from the Panama treasury is said to have disclosed irregularities in customs administration.

Millions of tons of potash have been discovered near Motembo, on the border line between Matanzas and Santa Clara provinces, Cuba.

Charles William Reginald Duncombe, second Earl of Feversham, was killed in action in France.

ALLIES TO MAKE MUNITIONS IN U.S.

Anglo-Russian Commission Acquires Stock of Eddystone Corporation

NEWS CREATES SENSATION

Several Million Dollars Are Invested in the Enterprise Which Gives Employment to More Than 5,000 Men —Locomotive Works Subsidiary.

Philadelphia. — The Anglo-Russian Commission has bought a controlling interest in the stock of the Eddystone Ammunition Company, the huge subsidiary of the Baldwin Locomotive Works which has been making munitions for the Allies.

Announcement of the sale was made by the Baldwin company. The Entente agents will continue the corporation in its present name, but will elect their own directors and manufacture shells only for Great Britain and Russia.

The Eddystone Ammunition Company was formed about fifteen months ago, built a plant at Eddystone, Pa., which has kept 5,000 men steadily employed, and has handled some of the largest munition contracts that have come to the United States. It is understood to hold a contract with the Russian government, not yet completed, for 2,500,000 shells at an average cost of $15.

In financial circles it was rumored that the business was taken over by the Anglo-Russian Commission because of the failure of the corporation to meet this contract. It also was said that the Russian government had advanced the corporation large sums of money and was not entirely satisfied with what it had received in return.

On good authority it was said that high officials of the British and Russian governments would be included in the directorate of the corporation.

CUBAN POTASH SOLUBLE.

Chemist So Declares, and Says Assay Runs High.

Havana.—A chemist who has investigated the matter declares the potash large deposits of which have been discovered in Cuba, is soluble in water, and that the assay runs sometimes as high as 800 pounds to the ton.

Several American fertilizer companies have cabled for information, and are sending experts to Cuba to inspect the deposits.

TO INVESTIGATE POTASH FIND.

Washington.—The Department of Commerce cabled the American Consul-General at Havana to investigate a published report that millions of tons of potash have been discovered near Motembo, on the Matanzas and Santa Clara border, with deposits averaging 25 per cent.

1,000,000 CHINESE HOMELESS

Flood Destroys Crops and People Are Dependent on Charity.

Washington.—Nearly a million people have been made homeless by one of the greatest floods on record in that section of China where the American Red Cross already has spent $600,000 for flood protection.

Reports to the State Department from the American Consul at Nankin said the Hwai River had inundated an area of about 7,000 square miles in Anhui Province. Appeals for aid have been sent out for the homeless, who virtually are entirely dependent on charity, as all the autumn crops were destroyed.

The State Department in summing up its despatches announced:

"The flood extended throughout eight districts in northern Anhui. There are ten cities of considerable size in these eight districts with a total population estimated at from 800,000 to 1,000,000 people. The total population of the flooded region is approximately 2,500,000 people."

NEW CARRANZA BANK DECREE

Institutions Must Increase Reserve to Cover Paper Money.

Gen. Carranza issued a decree regulating banks and the issue of bank notes. The decree provides that banks shall increase their reserves until they are sufficient to cover all paper money already issued.

The decree also takes away the monopoly of issuing bank bills from banks as the Government is preparing to open a bank for the issuance of this form of money.

TAX SLEUTHS GET $21,000,000

Evasions and Frauds in Internal Revenue Stopped.

Washington.—Internal revenue sleuths during the fiscal year 1916 unearthed $21,000,000 in tax evasions, according to a statement issued from the Treasury Department. This is pointed to as evidence of the great efficiency of the Bureau of Internal Revenue, the expenses of which including the field force, were $19,800,000. The $21,000,000 in added taxes was due to frauds, evasions and errors.

International Bird Protection

By FREDERIC J. HASKIN

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 19—In a few days there will take place in Washington a conference between the official naturalists of two great governments for the discussion of the best way to protect the birds that migrate from one country to another.

C. Gordon Hewitt, Entomologist to the Dominion of Canada, has written to the Chief of the Biological Survey here, asking for an appointment at which time he may learn from our government scientists how they have gone about the enforcement of the federal migratory bird law. For by a treaty recently concluded between the Secretary of State and the British Ambassador, the Dominion of Canada has agreed to cooperate with the United States in the preservation of migratory birds. This means that the great federal law, which for the first time gave uniform and scientific protection to birds of a nation, is now to have its jurisdiction extended over the whole of a continent, and from semi-tropical to artic regions.

The significance of this treaty is scarcely realized except by government officials and the societies of naturalists and sportsmen who have been working for the preservation of American wild life these many years. The naturalists say that the federal law combined with the treaty has saved the wild fowl of North America, and insures that they will be abundant for generations to come.

The saving of our migratory wild fowl means the saving of an asset which is worth millions of dollars, in sport, food, and in money brought to regions where sporting is good. It also means the saving of sport for the people at large, because the great American rivers, which are highways of travel for the wild fowl are about the only part of our domain that can not and will not be fenced and converted into game preserves.

The licenses taken out show that there will be over five million sportsmen to take the field this fall. This means that about one man out of every five who is old enough to carry a gun seeks the healthgiving exercise, the excitement, the adventure and the training of hand, eye and nerve which is found to be in the hunting field. Beyond a doubt, the love of outdoor sport is growing in this country, and along the cleanest and most sportsman-like lines. The old market hunter with his murderous swivel gun has practically disappeared. The light sixteen and twenty gauge weapon, which require the greatest skill and speed on the part of the sportsmen, are replacing the ten and twelve gauge shotguns. Everywhere are seen evidences of a sentiment in favor of game protection and game propagation.

But where these five million hunters are going to hunt is becoming more and more a question. Everywhere farms are posted against hunters, the farmers either want the shooting themselves or else they want to preserve the birds for their value to the crops. Many of the best hunting areas are being converted into great preserves, after the English fashion. The South Atlantic region, from Norfolk to Jacksonville, is now dotted with these great shooting estates, most of them owned by clubs, some by individuals. There is no free upland shooting left except in the West, where the mountains and desert have halted the advance of civilization.

But the great rivers, of which there are so many in the United States, can not be converted into hunting estates. The navigable waters of America remain free to anyone who can buy or build a boat, and these waters with proper restriction of shooting, are capable of supporting billions of wild fowl. To save the great fleets of wild wings that come down out of the North in the autumn, sending a tingle of excitement through the blood of every hunter, is to save the one sport that promises to remain free for all in the future.

The great importance of the Canadian treaty is that it has saved the breeding grounds of these wild fowl. Most of our wild ducks, and especially the more valuable fresh water species, such as mallard, teal, pintail and gadwall, breed naturally from the United States northward into Canada. Audubon's wonderful account of American birds as he found them in his day, show that wild ducks then bred many degrees farther South than they do now. The most important factor in driving them farther North was spring shooting. When the ducks began their northern flight in March and April, they met with a hail of lead from the Gulf to the Canadian line and beyond. They could not stop on the lakes of the middle west where they had bred for years. Each season they were driven farther and farther North, until gradually the Saskatchewan country, the lake strewn barrens about Hudson Bay, the Mackenzie River country, and other far wild places, have been their only refuge. These great wilds of marsh and lake are all that have saved them from destruction long ago. The depleted remnant that escaped the spring fusillade each year raised broods in the far North, and returned to the slaughter in the fall.

Now the federal migratory bird law has cut off the deadly spring volley and thereby has literally accomplished wonders. The number of waterfowl in the country has almost doubled. The president of the Nebraska Agricultural College has written the Biological Survey that not only ducks, but wild geese —the great gray hokers whose voices you hear from the sky—are again breeding on the Nebraska prairies. He says the old timers say it looks like old times.

Similar reports come from all parts of the United States. In the Dakotas ducks are breeding in every little prairie slough and creek, and they are reported from many other regions where a duck has not been seen in the summer for years. Furthermore, and most important of all, the people have been converted to the law; they have seen its value. A large organization which raised a large sum of money to have it changed seems to have evaporated. Many men who have opposed it have written to the Biological Survey to say that it is the wisest piece of conservation legislation on the books.

But without the Canadian treaty, this law would have been incomplete. The wilds of Canada and Alaska are bound to remain the great breeding ground of American wild fowl—the chief source of our game supply. If Canada had not agreed with us in this matter of protection, the ducks would have again been at the mercy of the hunters as soon as they crossed the line. Sportsmen would have gone from the United States to Canada for their spring shooting, and with the growth of population the ducks and geese would have reached their summer home in smaller numbers every year. By the Canadian treaty, the way is opened for them to travel unmolested from the Gulf to the Artic Circle, inside of which the hardy sea ducks breed.

By the treaty, Canada agrees upon practically the same closed seasons for ducks, geese, swans, brant, rail, cranes and shore birds that the government officers have established in this country. She also agrees to the protection at all times of the migratory insectivorous birds and to continuous closed season on our curlew, swan, wild pigeon, and other species threatened with extermination.

The only exceptions made by the Canadian government are that Eskimos and other Indians may take auks, auklets, guillemots, murries, puffins and other seabirds and their eggs for food, but not for sale. These provisions are necessary because some of the far northern tribes are absolutely dependent upon colonies of sea-birds for a living.

MOUNTAIN LAKE PARK.

Mrs. Campbell spent the past week at Norfolk, Va. In a few days she will return to Oklahoma for the winter.

Mrs. Charles Wilson and children, of Washington, D. C., spent the first part of the week with Mrs. Wilson's mother and sister in the Park. Her mother, Mrs. McLain and Miss Kate, will close their cottage and return to Wheeling tomorrow.

Mrs. Johns, wife of Baker Johns, who spent the past month in the Park, has returned to her home at Bridgeport, Ohio.

Quite a number of persons came to the Park last week to spend, some of them a few days, others two weeks.

Several of our boarding houses will remain open until the 15th of October. Never before in the history of the Park have there been as many people at the Park through September.

The price of property has advanced and several pieces of property have been sold. Everybody seems hopeful and predict a very successful season for 1917. A number of capitalists have visited the Park the past few weeks with a view of investment. They returned to their homes delighted. True, we have some kockers and they are knocking, but notwithstanding their knocks, the Park closes the season under most cheerful and promising conditions.

There is no question that the completion of the State road to Loch Lynn will attract many automobile parties to Garrett county, and scatter hundreds of dollars among our citizens.

Many people visited Mountain Lake Park for the first time this summer they have returned to their homes charmed with Garrett county. While here they planned for trips to many parts of the county and at times they could not get automobiler to take them on the contemplated trip. Grantsville, the Cove, Accident, Deer Park and other places were visited and during the winter months while seated around the comfortable fire place they will talk about the places visited in Garrett county.

On the 13th of October one hundred people will motor from Baltimore to Mountain Lake Park and spend the night here. The electric light plant will be kept in operation until after that date. These people will be Garrett county boosters on and after October 14. May the number of such excursions multiply, and they will as the good road system is increased.

The Mountain Lake Hotel will be open until the 15th of October, possibly longer. Why not? This is the time to see this mountain region in its beauty grandeur.

Mrs. Schrock's house is headquarters for week-end visitors from Baltimore city and they are many.

The weather permitting, the State road to G street of the Park, will be completed next week. Next will be the improvement of E street. It is hoped to have this work completed this fall.

The Methodist preacher last Sabbath reported everything paid up in full, benevolent collections, salary, etc. That sounds good. With such a record there is no question of his being returned to this charge for another year. That is Pastor Flanigan's way of doing things.

The weather of the past week has been ideal—no better to be found anywhere. Garrett county leads the world as a summer resort region.

The remains of Mrs. Bell, wife of telegraph operator Bell, of this place, were taken to Grafton, W. Va., last Saturday for burial. The death of Mrs. Bell was greatly regretted. She was a good neighbor, a loyal friend and greatly loved in the home circle.

Mr. Harrison Arnold, of Clarksburg, spent the week-end with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Arnold.

Master James Jarboe, who spent the summer with his grand-parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Arnold, left Mt. Lake with his mother, Mrs. Winona Jarboe, to enter school in Pittsburgh, Pa.

A few guests are still enjoying their stay at the Arnold cottage.

The outlook for 1917 is very promising. Dates are being fixed for conventions that will take up about eight weeks. Applications have been received for meetings that will take up four weeks more. The season will open early in June and continue late in September.

During the past week a number of apple parties were held, visits being made to apple orchards and many bushels of apples gathered and brought home.

Plans are being prepared for considerable improvements to the Allegany House before its opening in 1917. Mrs. Martin has very successfully conducted this house during the past several years and in purchasing it the Park is assured of a first-class boarding house.

BITTINGER.

There having been no new developments in the recent infantile paralysis scare in this section, our public schools re-opened this Monday morning, with Prof. Jasper Fike and Miss Lillian Cutter in charge.

Mrs. Catharine Brenneman, who was critically ill all last week, is now much improved.

Austin Bittinger has earned the title of "Champion Hoss Swapper," he having made four trades in two days, last week.

Attendance Officer B. H. Wiley and Assistant Postmaster, George Rodeheaver, of Oakland, spent Sunday in this village.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Bitner, of Mt. Lake Park, motored to this place last week, and they in company with Mr. and Mrs. Melchor Hetrick, spent Thursday and Friday of last week at the Meversdale Fair.

Miss Jennie Stanton is spending some time visiting her brothers, Messrs. Gustavus and Thomas Stanton, and their families.

John Walburn moved his family and household effects from Jennings to this place last Saturday, and we welcome these excellent young people into our community.

Farmers in this neighborhood report generally a very scanty potato crop.

The abundant crop of apples is making a good fall business for the owners of cider and apple butter factories.

Estray Notice.

Notice is hereby given that there came to my place at Loch Lynn Heights on Friday last, August 25th, four head of Jersey Heifers, one a yearling and the others two year olds. Owner will please call, pay all damages and costs and take same away.

Adv. B. L. HARDESTY.

Subscribe for The Republican.

Notice of Appointments of Substitute Election Officials.

Notice is hereby given that the following have been appointed substitute election officials for Garrett county said appointments to take effect from date of qualifying of the appointees for the term of one year:

Wade H. Lohr, whose postoffice address is Swanton, appointed Democratic clerk of Election District No. 1, in the place and stead of F. R. Sharpless, who has been excused from service on account of his health.

Columbus F. Broadwater, whose postoffice address is New Germany, appointed Democratic Judge of Election for District No. 3, in the place and the stead of Charles Warnick, removed from the State.

By order of the Board this 18th day of September, 1916.

J. M. STANTON, Pres.
H. A. RASCHE, Clerk. 30-2t

TRACTOR GUNS FOR U. S. ARMY

Heavy Guns and Ammunition Will Be Hauled By Caterpillar Machines.

Plans have been perfected by the United States Army for the formation of a horseless regiment of heavy field artillery—the first of its kind in the world. To be more accurate, it will be "caterpillar tractor" regiment because all 24 of its guns will be hauled from point to point and then put upon the firing line by means of "caterpillar tractors" similiar to those which have been converted into what have been described as land dreadnaughts on the Somme front.

With this comes the further disclosure that the army is to have field guns of 9.5 calibre, and is experimenting with 16-inch field guns. These great increases in the calibre of field guns have been made possible through the development of this tractor.

The new regiment has been designated the Ninth Heavy Field Artillery and is to be stationed permanently in the Hawaiian Islands. The regiment has been formed, but its colonel has not been assigned. It is one of the three new regiments of field artillery authorized by the Defense act of June 3, 1916, all of which are now being organized.

The distinctive features of the Ninth Heavy Field Artillery which will single it out as the first of its kind in the world is as follows:

It will be thoroughly an exclusive motor traction regiment, motor tractors of varying types taking the place of about 1,000 horses.

Its colonel and other military officers will ride in a military automobile instead of on horseback.

Its heavy field guns and their heavy munition caissons will be hauled by powerful caterpillar tractors similiar to the novel machines variously described as "tank cars," "land dreadnaughts" and "Willy wagons," now being used by the British in the battle of the Somme. The American tractors will not be armed and will be armored only for the protection of their machinery.

The battery and store wagons of the regiment will also be able to follow the tractor-drawn field howitzers inaction over rough country.

The artillerymen who heretofore have ridden horses will hereafter ride on motorcycles with "bathtub" attachments, each motorcycle carrying three men.

The regiment will be provided with its own truck company of 27 motortrucks, which will carry ammunition to the firing line.

The reserve ammunition for the regiment will also be conveyed to the front by motortruck companies.

Two of the six batteries of the regiment will be equipped with the new model of 6-inch heavy field howitzer which have just been adopted by the army after successful experimenta tests at Fort Sill.

All the plans have been thoroughly perfected and the regiment will be ready for tactical maneuvers with its motor traction facilities within a year.

The General Staff of the Army is looking forward to the introduction of 16-inch field and siege howitzers, similar in power to the famous 42-centimeter guns of the German Army and which also will be drawn by motor tractors. It was learned definitely that the Ordinance Department has already completed in one of its arsenals a 9.5-inch field howitzer. It is a "pilot gun"—that is, it is the first of its type and size built for the American Army for field purposes. Plans have already been completed by the War Department for the construction of a "pilot" 16-inch field and siege howitzer which will soon be built for experimental test. The German 42-centimeter gun is a 17-inch gun.

This new howitzer will be virtually a counterpart of the German 42-centimeter gun in battering power. Four of these tractors will be required for moving each 16-inch gun and its ammunition, one tractor hauling the gun and three others hauling its mount and ammunitions. This gun will be moved to seacoast points for dropping shells on battleships approaching the coast where there are no defenses.

The Ninth Heavy Field Artillery will use thirty tractors. In this regiment there will be six batteries, and each battery will use tractors. Four of the batteries of the regiment will be equipped with 4.7 inch guns and the other two batteries will be equipped with 6-inch howitzers. On the basis of four guns to the battery, there will be 16 of the 4.7 inch guns and 8 of the 6-inch howitzers assigned to the regiment. Each of these 24 guns will be moved by a tractor. Thus, each of the six batteries will require four tractors for the movement of its guns.

There will also be assigned to each of the regiment's batteries an additional, or fifth tractor. In each instance this fifth tractor will haul two vehicles, a battery wagon and a store wagon, in which will be carried extra parts and other kinds of materials. Each of the tractors used for hauling a gun will also haul that gun's caisson or ammunition carriage.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

What Mr. Wilson Has Done Toward Conservation of Our Natural and National Resources.

Mr. B. H. Sincell, Editor The Republican, Oakland, Md.

MY DEAR MR. SINCELL:—Conservation of natural resources has become one of the largest issues of our time. In the campaign of 1912, it formed one of the chief planks in the Democratic platform, and was often endorsed in Mr. Wilson's speeches. His inaugural address committed him fully to support it.

For these reasons it is important to know what the Wilson Administration has done. As one man deeply interested in Conservation and familiar with the record, I am writing to lay it briefly before you.

When he took office, Mr. Wilson ceased to say much on Conservation, preferring to let the members of his Cabinet speak for him. After his inauguration, the friends of Conservation, regardless of partisanship, offered him their help in putting the Conservation policies through. The opportunity invited action. The fight to save Alaska from the Guggenheims had created a living body of public opinion which lacked only official leadership to save what resources still remained in public hands. It seemed at first that President Wilson would lead.

At the outset the work of the Wilson Administration in Conservation was good. Congress passed, and Mr. Wilson signed the Alaska Railroad Bill and the bill which assured Government control of coal lands in Alaska. These measures were excellent, and President Wilson deserves praise for their enactment. So he does for his veto of a bill to give away National Forest lands.

Unfortunately these creditable instances form but little of the record. Politics came into control. Thus a bill seeking to turn the natural resources of Alaska over to a political commission was repeatedly recommended by the Administration through the mouth of the Secretary of the Interior. If passed it would have thrown Alaska into the hands of the special interests and established a policy almost certain to destroy the National control of natural resources everywhere else as well. This measure we were fortunately able to stop.

When Wilson became President, the Reclamation Service, in its great work of irrigating the arid lands of the West, was wholly free from politics. By the mouth of his Secretary of the Interior Wilson advocated, and later signed, a bill which leaves the choice of lands to be reclaimed to a Committee of Congress, and so makes politics dominate the Service.

Director Newell was the man who created the Reclamation Services. He made and kept it one of the most efficient Bureaus under the Government. The secretary of the Interior forced him out, and replaced him by a Commission in which politicians control.

The Newlands bill is a Conservation measure which proposes to develop all the resources of our inland waterways—waterpower, navigation, irrigation, and domestic supply,—for the public benefit. Although Wilson strongly endorsed it during his campaign, as President he let it drop, and instead has signed two waterway bills of the old pork-barrel type, which is everything the Newlands bill is not.

Waterpower is the most valuable resources still in public hands. There is undeveloped waterpower in our navigable streams equal to twice the power of every kind now used in the United States. It is a huge prize. For years the waterpower interests have been fighting to seize it, and the Conservationists to save it for the people.

A waterpower measure, the Adamson Bill, came before the House in 1914. It favored monopoly, and gave the special interests, for nothing, the public water power on navigable streams. Nevertheless Wilson endorsed it.

On its way through the House, the bad parts of the Adamson bill were stricken out, and the public rights were secured. Thereupon Wilson reversed his previous stand, and endorsed the amended bill. This good bill then went to the Senate, where it was shelved, and the indefensible Shields bill was reported in its place. The Shields bill gives away the public waterpowers forever and for nothing. Both Roosevelt and Taft vetoed bills drawn on the same principle. Yet, by another reversal, the Wilson Administration got behind it and when a widely circulated appeal was made to the President for his help to defeat it, he refused.

As to waterpower on the public lands, there is but one reversal instead of two. Wilson first, by the mouth of a member of his Cabinet, endorsed the Ferris bill, which was mainly good. It was replaced in the Senate by the Myers bill, which is thoroughly bad. Among other things this bill actually throws the Grand Canyon, the greatest natural wonder of America, wide open to individual appropriation. Nevertheless, Wilson reversed himself in order to give it in the same way his endorsement.

Both as to waterpowers on navigable streams and on public lands, the last reversals leave the Administration standing with the special interests against the people.

The Phelan oil land measure, would hand over to private individuals who have no legal rights the valuable oil lands set aside as reserves for the Navy. The Navy Department has made public announcement that the mere threat of the Phelan bill's passage has caused it "to seriously cnosider the advisability of abandoning the policy of constructing oil burning ships." Only oil burning ships can develop and maintain the high speeds required in modern war, and without them no Navy can be even second class. The Secretary of the Interior actively supported this surrender of National safety to private greed. The Secretary of the Navy and the Attorney General opposed it. Wilson remained neutral and did nothing.

Because Wilson refused to take sides, or took the wrong side, the question whether the people or the interests shall win or lose in the Shields and Myers waterpower bills and the Phelan oil bill is still unsettled. These bills are still before Congress, and will pass or fail at the coming session. The public waterpowers and the efficiency of the Navy are at stake. There can be no compromise between the men who would grab the public resources for private profit, and those who would conserve them for the use of all the people. Either the interests will get them or the people will keep them. There is no middle ground.

To sum up, as in many other matters the promise made was not performed. Instead of progress in conserving our resources, the last two years have seen a bitter and often a losing fight to hold what we had. Wilson talked well, began to act well, and then yielding to the political pressure of the special interests, went back on Conservation.

Sincerely yours,
GIFFORD PINCHOT.

HOGWALLOW NEWS.

DUNK BOTTS, Correspondent.

Since the mice have got so bad at Poke Eazley's home he has decided that it is no longer safe for him to sleep with his mouth open.

The Postmaster uses every precaution against robbers at all times of the day and night, and so far has been robbed but a very few times. A short while ago, he grew suspicious while engaged in a game of seven-up for a jug of licker, in the front end of the postoffice when he heard somebody fingering around in the back end, and as soon as he had played his hand he made an investigation and found that the intruder was only a postoffice inspector that had come in the back way.

Fearing an unexpected visit of the pure food inspector last week the editor of the Tickville Tidings sent his office towel out the back door.

The cracks in the Gimlet creek bridge have been stopped up, as Slim Pickens is expected to cross there this week.

Miss Rosy Mosley evidently believes in preparedness as she was seen to receive a large consignment of face powder this week.

Jefferson Potlocks, who has been living on the public road for several years, and has succeeded in seeing nearly everybody that passed, has come to the conclusion that people are very much alike the world over, about the only difference being that some are going one way and some another, and some travel slow, and some fast.

Luke Mathewsla has figured out how much he has saved in neckties during the past twenty years by wearing long whiskers.

Sidney Hocks went to the singing on Musket Ridge Saturday night but could not sing bass as he had on his stiff bosom shirt.

Ellick Hellwanger's feet were seen pointing in the direction of the Calf Ribs Widow last Sunday.

Atlas Peck is fixing to spend a week of enjoyment and quietude, provided his wife carries out her plans by spending a week with folks at Bounding Billows.

Fletcher Henstep, leader of the Excelsior Fiddling Band, and a musician of note, was heard yesterday critising the music that is being made by the frogs in Gander creek bottoms. He says a frog never was cut out for a musician.

The Postoffice in the Calf Ribs neighborhood was entered and robbed of several two cent stamps one night last week. The Mail Carrier has been given a description of the stamps and will keep a watchout for them.

To test the efficiency of the government's postoffice department, Slim Pickens this week wrote a letter and sent it away without addressing it.

Frisby Hancock was among those that attended a debate at the Wild Onion school house Saturday night. The question was, "Resolved, Is Education Any Benefit to a Person that Hasn't Any Sense?" The Wild Onion School Teacher took the affirmative side in self defense.

Jefferson Potlocks has moved the wash kettle and tubs to the creek for his wife, so that she can admire him while he fishes.

The Dog Hill Church people have bought a clock to be used by their pastor on Sundays and have done away with the alarm clock they have been using.

A SUMMERLESS YEAR

Strange Phenomena Characterized That 100 Years Ago.

From the Youth's Companion

The summer of 1916 marks an interesting weather centenary: that of "The year without a summer," as the farmers generally called it, or sometimes, because of the ruined crops, "poverty year"; while others designated it with grim Yankee humor as "eighteen-hundred-and-froze-to-death."

Near the sea it was sometimes called "mackerel year," because, on account of the scarcity and high price of corn so little pork was fattened that the people used mackerel as a substitute. Snow fell that year in every month of the 12. At Salem, on June 5 the mercury stood at 92 degrees F.; the next day it fell to 43 degrees F.; on the seventh, in many places, ice formed on the ponds to the thickness of an eighth of an inch, and there were snow flurries and high cold winds. In some localities the snow melted as it fell, but in others it was blown about as in winter. In Maine, snow and hail together fell for an hour and a half, and the snow flakes were of extraordinary size, often as much as two and a half inches in diameter. The ground was frozen hard, corn and potatoes were cut down by the frost, and the farmers worked in their fields arrayed in great coats, mittens and earlaps. Thousands of birds were frozen to death and—less tragic—millions of the yellow cucumber bug; so many that the pest was practically destroyed and did hot re-appear to a troublesome extent for 10 years.

On June 8 there was more snow, "but not quite deep enough for sleighing" in Salem; but farther north the storm became really severe. At Peacham, Vermont, an old gentleman, lost in the woods, where he remained all night, was so badly frostbitten that one of his toes had to be amputated.

Many more birds were frozen, many flew into houses seeking shelter, and many were so benumbered that they allowed themselves to be taken in the hand without a struggle. Compassionate girls here and there rescued and cherished for temporary pets martins, yellowbirds, readstarts, robbins and humming birds.

Even in July there were frosts, and in the more northern regions there was light snow. In August the cold increased. In Berkshire county, Massachusetts, a killing frost caught the cornfields on the 29th; but the farmers saved a good deal by digging it up at the roots and placing the plants in shelter in an upright position, when the ears ripened upon the juices of the stalks.

The first general movement from New England to the middle west occurred the next season, and received perhaps its greatest impetus from the discouragements of "poverty year." Many of those who migrated believed the climate of New England permanently and disastrously affected. Not a few who remained were even more pessimistic, believing such a concatenation of unseasonable misfortunes could portend nothing less than universal destruction and the day of doom.

It was in this belief that a certain Widow Colton, of somewhat domineering unreasonable temper, who had long withheld her concent to the marriage of her daughters to two enterprising farmer brothers, the men of their choice, suddenly withdrew her objections, and bade them marry and go west if they pleased.

"This is a solemn time, and no occasion for bickerings and family dissension," she declared, "if you will marry, marry! and if you will migrate, migrate! it is all one to me now. How can it matter when so soon, wherever you may be, the trump will sound that will summon you to the skies? Have your way! But for myself, I fell more prepared and decent where I am, within a stone's throw of the family lot. There is something suitable and sustaining in the idea of relatives keeping together at such a time. There are 23 Coltons in the graveyard, and I wish to go to judgement as the 24th."

Four years later, the world still existing, she went west instead, to superintend the measles, mumps and manners of a growing brood of sturdy grandsons in Ohio.

Watch and Clock Repairing.

I have opened a watch and clock repairing shop in the Totten building on Alder street and solicit your trade. All work guaranteed.
Adv. 30-3t D. A. ASHBY.

SEED WHEAT.

We have for sale an exceptionally fine lot of the original Stoner Miracle Wheat. Choice, recleaned stock free from impurities, at $2.00 per bushel, New Crop. Our threshing is finished, and a yield of 40 bushels per acre resulted.

In seeding we used 6 pecks to the acre. We advise early sowing, correspondence solicited.
THE H. WEBER & SONS CO.
Adv. 29-3t

Money to Loan on real estate. Renninger & Offutt, Attorneys, Garrett National Bank building, Oakland, Md. Adv. tf

For Sale—A full blood Poland China male hog. Apply to or address E. J. Petersheim, R. D. 2, Oakland, Md.
Advertisement. 25-5 times

MARYLAND A REPUBLICAN STATE

Every Voter Should Be Registered and Cast His Ballot.

Following the formal opening of the Republican campaign in Maryland at the notification meeting in Baltimore on the 15th of September, Republican workers throughout the State have become quite active in support of the senatorial, congressional and presidential candidates. Probably never in the history of the State has the party gone into a campaign with more sanguine hopes for victory or a better fighting ground than this year.

Dr. France, who one year ago was practically unknown in Maryland politics has been actively engaged ever since the primaries in meeting the people of all sections of the State. His pleasing personality and the forcefullness and directness of his speech are making a splendid impression upon the voters. Contrary to the expectations of many, Dr. France has proven himself to be what in politics is known as "a good mixer" without at the same time losing any of the dignity that is expected of a candidate for such high honors.

His friends are very much gratified over the fact that one of the principle issues between Dr. France and Mr. Lewis promises to be the radical attitude of Mr. Lewis on certain socialistic matters, particularly the postalization of the telegraph and telephone; in fact Mr. Lewis' ideas have impressed the business element of the State as being so radical and so purely socialistic, that he is not regarded as a safe man to represent such a State as Maryland in the Senate.

Whatever may be the merits of the parcels post, it has been demonstrated to the people of the State by reference to the congressional record that Mr. Lewis is not "the father of the parcels post" as he claims to be.

This will be disappointing to many of his admirers and especially since it has been shown by the records that when the bill which was written by Senator Bourne of Oregon was being considered in the House, Mr. Lewis is on record as having said in the debate that he was opposed to any parcels post, but favored the purchase by the Government of the express companies throughout the country.

The campaign in Maryland therefore seems to be one opposed to socialism as advocated by Mr. Lewis who represents the Democratic party on the State ticket. It would be difficult to imagine a sane and conservative statelike Maryland adopting the extreme measures proposed by Mr. Lewis, as they must do if they elect him.

Some months ago after studying the report of the Maryland census, Senator Jackson is said to have proved conclusively to the Republicans of Maryland that this is normally a Republican State if every eligible voter in the State were registered and cast his ballot. The fact is that the natural majority of the Republicans in Maryland over the Democrats, if all voted, is between five and ten thousand. The State Committee believes that it is quite possible to register a very large percentage of the vote this year, and if every interested Republican in the State will undertake to see that all Republicans in his district are registered, there is not the slightest doubt that in November this State will cast its electorial vote for Mr. Hughes and Dr. France and every one of the congressional candidates will be elected. The State Committee not only believes but knows that this is possible, but the State Committee cannot do it all. Every man must do his own part, and is being urged to do it promptly so that after the first registration day we will have only a few to gather up. It is hoped that every Republican in the State will see his duty and do it.

The Celebrated South Bend Plow.

Buy one now and pay for it in the spring. Price is just right.
McIntire's Hardware Store, Oakland.
Advertisement.

Split Siding Cheap.

We have just received a car of Split Siding which we offer at a low price to those who place their orders immediately. H. W. Kahl & Sons, Oakland Planing Mills, Oakland, Md. Adv.

Millinery.

I now have my millinery shop open with an up-to-date trimmer in charge. You are most cordially invited to call and select your fall hat. Satisfaction guaranteed.
MRS. B. L. HARDESTY,
Adv. 30-2t Loch Lynn Heights.

FOR SALE.

The Westernport Restaurant and Hotel, Westernport, Md. Fine location and doing fine business. Only reason for selling, ill health. A splendid opportunity for the right person. For particulars call on or write
G. H. SANGED,
Adv. 30-2t* Westernport, Md.

FOR SALE—A seven passenger six cylinder Studebaker car. Has run less than 3000 miles; electric lights; electric starter; all modern improvements. A Bargain. Address C, this office.

NEW GAME REGULATIONS

State Game Warden Cites The Law of 1916.

To the Editor of The Republican.

Inquiries still continue to arrive at my office relative to the new game and fish laws as enacted by the General Assembly of 1916. In reply to such inquiries, I take this means of informing the public of the construction of the new laws as handed me by Attorney General Albert C. Ritchie:

Open season for squirrel, in the following counties of Maryland, namely, Baltimore, Caroline, Cecil, Garrett, Horford, Howard, Kent, Montgomery, Queen Anne's, Somerset, Washington, Wicomico and Worcester, the squirrel season opens August 25th and runs open until Oct. 1st, then remains closed until Nov. 10th, then opens again until Dec. 24.

The following counties were exempt from this law on squirrels, and can shoot them only from Nov. 10th to Dec. 24th, namely: Anne Arundel, Calvert, Dorchester, Prince George's, St. Mary's and Talbot. Mr. Ritchie's opinion states that these counties only asked for exemption from the new dates contained herein above, and accordingly, their season remains as it was heretofore.

Squirrel season in Frederick and Alleghany counties—Frederick county has a special law allowing squirrels to be shot from August 25th to Dec. 24th. Alleghany county has a special law allowing squirrels to be shot Sept. 15th to Dec. 24th. These two bills were signed by the Governor at a later date than the State-wide bill on squirrels, therefore, the law in these two counties supercedes the State law.

Open season for Doves—Doves cannot be shot in any part of Maryland except in Talbot county, and in this county, from Aug. 15th to Dec. 24th only.

New Fish regulations—The new law specifies no person shall catch or kill any white or yellow perch less than 7 inches in length, or any pike less than 14 inches, or any rock or striped bass less than ten inches, or any tailor (or blue fish) less than 8 inches, or white catfish under 7 pounds. Or any sturgeon less than 20 pounds, or any rock over 20 pounds. This law prohibits the buying or selling or exposing for sale of any fish herein mentioned, also ths catching of under and oversized fish. No dealer receiving under or oversized fish can expose or offer same for sale at any time. I especially call attention of all fish dealers in Maryland to this new law, and shall expect them to take notice and govern their sales accordingly, as the Deputy Wardens have orders to strictly enforce this law.

I shall expect all Deputy Wardens to be on the lookout for violators of our game and fish laws. This unlawful catching and sale of undersized fish has worked very injuriously to the industry in our State for years past, and I appeal to the Justices of the Peace and Judges of all Courts to help the Commission break up this wholesale slaughter of our food supply by prosecuting all offenders brought within their jurisdiction.

We have opening for some good men to act as Deputy Wardens in the following counties: Cecil, Kent, Queen Anne's, Talbot, Wicomico, Somerset, Worcester, Calvert, Caroline, Charles, St. Mary's and Howard counties. The other counties of Maryland are very well covered. Anyone wishing to act, will please notify the State Game Warden, at which time he will take the matter under consideration.

E. LEE LeCOMPTE,
State Game Warden.

Rev. Boyer Takes New Charge.

Rev. E. B. Boyer, who was born and reared at Accident and who entered the ministry some years ago, having filled a number of pulpits of the Lutheran denomination, has resigned his pastorate at Confluence, Pa., to accept a call to East Carnegie, Pa. The Confluence correspondent of the Meversdale Republican thus writes of Mr. Boyer:

The many friends of Mr. E. B. Boyer will be pleased to know that he received a unanimous call from St. Andrew's Mission, East Carnegie, which he will likely accept and take charge Sunday, September, 17. East Carnegie is a town of 1800 inhabitants with no other Protestant churches and within 30 minutes ride of Pittsburgh on the trolley cars.

Rev. Boyer was pastor of the Lutheran church of Confluence for six years and three months, from May 22, 1910, to August 31, 1916. During that time he was not only an energetic pastor, but a gentleman who took an interest in every movement for the benefit of the town and its religious and moral uplift, and was always one of the most ear est and aggressive workers in the cause of temperance, and he leaves behind him hosts of true and warm friends without regard to the denomination to which they belong. He was no shirker in ministerial work and he will certainly be missed, as will also Mrs. Boyer, who lived in Confluence since childhood, and who is an estimable and talented lady, a hard worker both in the church and the Sunday school and a fine musician and vocalist, and who will no doubt prove a most efficient helpmate to her husband in his new field of labor.

Apple Butter Factory.

I will make apple butter and cider on Tuesdays and Thursdays of each week at the Apple Butter factory near Gortner. N. L. SWARTZENTRUBER.
Adv.

THE REPUBLICAN

BENJ. H. SINCELL, EDITOR.

Entered at the Postoffice in Oakland Md., as Second-class matter.

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THE REPUBLICAN,
Oakland, Md.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1916

REPUBLICAN TICKET

For President:
CHARLES E. HUGHES

For Vice President:
CHARLES W. FAIRBANKS

For United States Senator:
JOSEPH IRWIN FRANCE
of Cecil County.

For Congressman:
FREDERICK N. ZIHLMAN
of Allegany County

LOOKOUT FOR THE SLUMP

The manufacturing boom that has been sweeping the United States as the result of the allies' war orders is about to wane. A big slump is looked for in the business of making munitions for the entire powers, and, in fact, has already set in. Thousands of workmen have been dismissed by various firms who have closed the doors of plants created or enlarged for the purpose of putting out arms, ammunition and war materials for England, France and Russia. Most of the contracts let early in the war have been filled. In many cases there were no renewals.

To-day England has more than ninty arsenals and 4,000 controlled firms putting out munitions, and this goes to show that the relapse will come. The Democrats are making the most of this show of prosperity, but the people are being urged to be not deceived by this falseness. If the truth of the situation were known this country is in a bad condition. What of all the corporation taxes, the income taxes, the special war taxes, the franchise taxes, that have been levied to fill the big hole left in the United States treasury by Democratic legislation. Four years more of this madness will wreck our country.

What we need is confidence to go ahead. Millions of dollars are now being hoarded because the control does not know which way the cat is going to jump. You never can tell about a Democratic cat. A sweeping Republican victory at the polls in November will give us this confidence to advance. We need prosperity with a foundation under it, and at that, not one built with the blood of the nations of Europe.

MR. LEWIS IN WRONG PARTY

Mr. Lewis is in the wrong party. There is a Socialist party in this country, standing squarely and fairly on a socialist platform—denying the right of private property, denying that individualism which has been the strength of Americanism, denying the restricted function and sphere of government, and widening it to the very bounds of life—a Socialist party with a perfectly definite creed and a quite considerable following.

Mr. Lewis ought, by all the proprieties to be enrolled in that party. It is where he belongs. He is utterly out of place as a candidate for United States Senator of the Democratic party. In fact, so utterly out of place, that one cannot help suspecting that he is simply using the Democratic party for the furtherance of his personal ambition.

If the Democratic party were not the majority partin this State; if, for instance, the Socialist party were numerically as strong as the Democratic, do you believe Mr. Lewis would be running as a Democrat instead of as a Socialist? By that same token, do you believe the Democrats of Maryland are going to be led into following Mr. Lewis and his socialistic doctrines, simply because he succeeded in scooping a Democratic nomination at the hands of the Smith-Harrington machine? Hardly. Democrats of sense and principle have a right to demand a Democratic candidate, and will hardly permit themselves to be lined up for a Socialist.

Mr. Lewis will, of course, get the Socialist vote. By what right, then, can he expect the Democratic vote, unless he wants to contend that Democrats are Socialists? And thousands of Maryland Democrats will not stand for that contention.

THE CASE FOR MR. LEWIS.

Under date of September 22nd, the Baltimore Sun published an editorial on "Mr. Lewis and the Parcel Post," which merits a blue ribbon for wilful misrepresentation and cowardly inuondo. The editorial sets out with the statement that the parcels post has been such a blessing that no man or party would dare to attempt its repeal.

It then proceeds to charge the Republicans with a "Sinister state of mind" toward the parcels post, because they have been exploding Mr. Lewis' claim to having fathered it. In other words, we entertain a "sinister state of mind" toward the blessings of telegraphy because we explode Sam Smith's fake claim to having fathered the telegraph. Some reasoning, that, for the Baltimore Sun or anybody else.

In the next place, the Sun simply "perverts the record," wilfully and with malice propense. It says, Mr. Lewis, more than any other man, deserves credit for what was accomplished in the matter of the parcels post, and this in face of the fact that the Members of the Post Office Committees in both Senate and House, Democrats and Republicans, alike, deny in the official record that he is entitled to any such credit. The Sun simply makes the bald declaration without regard to the facts, trusting that the people will never come to know the facts. In fact, the Sun does a lot of that sort of trading on its readers ignorance.

And, finally, the Sun, with cowardly inuondo, intimates that, because Mr. Lewis' claims to distinction in this matter have been disproved, therefore, Dr. France's candidacy is "inspired by interests that want to get Mr. Lewis out of the way, and which would like to cut the throat of the (parcel-post) system." The Sun, of course, says it doesn't know this, and all the other balder dash by which cowardly journalism states in inuendo what it dare not state explicitly.

And there is the whole case for Mr. Lewis, according to the Sun, which is his party advocate. And a pretty case it is. Summed up, it amounts to just this: send Mr. Lewis to the Senate because he fathered the parcel post, and is its chief protagonist. The Congressional Record confounds and disproves both these claims. Ergo, Mr. Lewis is left with no reason for asking to go to the Senate at all.—Cecil Whig.

THE DEMOCRATIC RECORD

With the adjournment of Congress the Democratic record upon which Woodrow Wilson will make his bid for re-election is virtually complete says the Pittsburgh Gazette Times, editorially, in its issue of last Saturday. It is, in fact, the personal record of Mr. Wilson as administrator of the government of the nation. Properly it will be the subject of close scrutiny between now and November 7. In it will be found whatever of justification there may be for retaining Mr. Wilson in office and the Democratic party in power. The party must uphold it and defend it. Assuredly that is some job.

Passing by foreign relations for the time being, in all charity, how have Mr. Wilson and his party served the nation in domestic administration and legislation? They came into power on a pledge to conduct the government economically. The first Democratic Congress increased the expenses of government $177,000,000 above the amount which the last Republican Congress had found sufficient for the country's needs. The Congress just closed, which was absolutely dominated by the President, was even more extravagant, its appropriations mounting to nearly two billions. Excluding the extraordinary appropriations for preparedness for defense, the expenses of government were increased $140,000,000 over the stupendous amount appropriated by the preceding Congress. In thrusting on the country impractical and socialistic schemes of governmental activities in competition with private enterprise, the Democrats have added prodigiously to the payroll and have taken over $100,000,000 from the treasury for class benefit with the sole object of winning votes from the beneficiaries of their mismanagement.

How has the country fared in the provisions made for paying these unnecessarily swollen bills? In peace the Democrats have resorted to direct taxes that should be reserved for times of emergency. Nor have they been practical or fair in their levies. Income taxes have been increased, but the imposts have not been distributed over a larger number of people able to pay. Inheritance, a proper subject of taxation by the states, have been levied on by the national government. Munitions of war, which can yield anything only so long as the European war lasts and therefore are not dependable for replenishing the treasury, have been taxed. There are new corporation taxes, which are unjust since they are unnecessary burdens upon industry and enterprise. The means of providing all the money required for the ordinary expenses of government economically administered are to be found in tariff on imports. But this the Democrats rejected. It is common knowledge that the Underwood law was a failure as a revenue raiser and that under its operations the country was facing industrial ruin when the war intervened to give us an artificial prosperity that must end with the coming of peace in Europe. The Democrats, to save the treasury from bankruptcy, had to repeal their free sugar provision. And they have, for political purposes only, assented to a measure of protection for some American industries. But they have repudiated free trade, though they know it spells ruin for the nation, and all the rest of the world is scurrying to protect itself against industrial invasions. Mr. Wilson and his party have adheared to no principles. They have made a record of pretense rather than construction. In the Philippines bill they made no real advance in granting self-government to the Filipinos, though they had promised independence and profess to have accorded a large measure of freedom. In yielding to the demands of the trainmen's brotherhoods they pretended to pass an eight-hour law, but in reality merely granted an increase of wages, which is an act of doubtful legality and to-day all true friends of labor are deploring the abandonment of the principle of arbitration, which was the best hope of the nation in the just settlement of labor disputes.

Mr. Hughes, as he meets the people of the country, is analyzing the record the Democrats have made. It is not one that will appeal to voters who have a sense of fitness and a patriotic regard for the future of their home-land. The Democratic administration has been a failure. Only by placing responsibility in the hands of the Republican party can we be assured of preparedness, protection and permanent prosperity. That is not mere assertion. The proof of it is in the record.

SPEICHER ACT VALID

In upholding the validity of the Speicher Local Option Law by an opinion filed in the local Circuit Court Tuesday of this week, Judge A. Hunter Boyd went into the matter thoroughly and leaves no room for doubt as to the intent and meaning of the Act. As a matter in which all residents of Garrett county are vitally interested we publish in full the opinion of the Court so that all who will take the time to make themselves acquainted with the ruling will be thoroughly informed. The matter as finally decided by the Court is a distinct victory for the temperance people and fully accords with the expressed views of Senator Speicher when the bill was presented to the Legislature for adoption at Annapolis last winter, upon which occasion exceptions to the real meaning and intent of the Act was taken by some alleged temperance members of the House.

FRANCE'S SPEECH OF ACCEPTANCE

Dr. France's speech of acceptance has made him hosts of friends and supporters amongst the voters of the State.

Its statesmanlike grasp of the great governmental problems that face us; its broad humanitarianism; its soundly progressive spirit have made the people who have read the speech realize that, in Joseph Irwin France, they have a candidate for United States Sentor who is not only a deep student of the principles of government, but who is practically and sympathetically alive to the real problems which we face as an organized society, if we are going to intelligently and effectively fulfill our mission as a great, free enlightened Republic.

After analyzing the doctrine of governmental ownership, and showing its utter inefficiency, as well as its burdensome taxation, Dr. France shot out such pithy and wise epigrams as the following:

"I am not after more government so much as I am after better government."

"I am not so anxious to see the Government do more things as I am to see the Government do things more effectively."

After emphasizing the disastrous effect of governmental ownership and other socialistic schemes on individual opportunity and efficiency, Dr. France stirred his audience deeply by this sentence:

"Equality of opportunity is the very breath of our nostrils on this side of the Atlantic."

And so the speaker went on from one great subject to another, touching each in turn with the sure, strong hand of a master thinker and a red-blooded American, until he came to a great climax, in the following passage:

"He stands for government ownership. I stand for governmental control. He stands for socialism. I stand for Americanism and Individualism. He stands for more government. I stand for better government. He stands for the narrow appeal which bringf misunderstanding and division. I stand for a broad brotherhood which knows no class distinction. With me stand you splendid loyal Republicans, and with us will stand those, our fellow Marylanders, of the Democratic party, to whom fundamental principles are of more import than party label."

THE National Democratic Committee has issued a book entitled "Wit and Wisdom of Woodrow Wilson." "Watchful Waiting" would have been a better title.

Postoffice Discontinuation.

Orders from the Postoffice Department at Washington closes the postoffice at Bond this county, on Saturday of this week. Mail matter for Bond to be directed after that day to Piedmont, W. Va.

Subscribe for The Republican.

THE DEATH RECORD.

LESTER LEWIS LAWSON.

The thirteen months old child of Mr. and Mrs. William Lawson, of near Ottaway this county, was burried in the Oakland cemetery on Thursday afternoon, its death having occurred on Tuesday of cholra infantum. Rev. O. A. Bremer conducted the services at the cemetery.

MRS. FRANK BELL.

Mrs. Rose Beyer Bell, wife of Frank Bell, died at her home in Mountain Lake Park, at 8:15 o'clock Thursday evening after an illness of one week. Mrs. Bell was reared in Grafton, having been the daughter of the late Louis Beyer and Mrs. Margaret Beyer, now living at Blueville, W. Va. She leaves her husband and five children, Charles, of Cumberland; Mrs. J. B. Watkins, of Johnstown, Va., and Helen, Bertha and Howard, at home. She also leaves her mother, Mrs. Margaret Beyer, and two sisters, Mrs. Henrietta Gigley and Mrs. Emma Myers, of Grafton, and two brothers, Charles D. Beyer, of Pensacola, Fla., and William Beyer, of Blueville.

The body was taken to Grafton Friday evening to the residence of Mrs. Gigley on Beech street. The funeral occurred Sunday from St. Paul's Lutheran Church at Grafton.

MRS. ELIZABETH BITTINGER.

Mrs. Elizabeth Bittinger, widow of the late Amos Bittinger of the Pleasant Valley section of Garrett county, died suddenly at her home Saturday evening whilst seated on the porch. She was aged fifty years, three months and twenty-four days and is survived by a number of children, all of whom are grown. Mrs. Bittinger died under similar circumstances as her husband, the latter being taken suddenly ill while attending divine service and his death occurred before his friends could get him to the home, just a short distance away from the church. The funeral of the deceased lady took place Tuesday morning and was conducted in the Pleasant Valley U. B. church by the Rev. O. A. Bremer, pastor of the Oakland Lutheran church, of which denomination Mrs. Bittinger was a member.

MRS. JANE ANN GLOTFELTY.

Mrs. Jane Ann Glottelty, wife of Mr. Mahlon Glotfelty, well known throughout Garrett county, died at her home one mile north of McHenry Monday morning, Sept. 25th, at 5:30 o'clock of valvular heart disease with which she had been a great sufferer for a number of months, her last illness, however, being of short duration but of intense suffering. The deceased lady was born near Mill Run, this county, more than sixty-two years ago and was married to Mr. Glotfelty about forty-four years ago. To this union were born eight sons and three daughters, all of whom with the exceptian of one son, Edward Pierce, who was killed about twelve years ago on a saw mill at Friendsville, survive the wife and mother. The surviving children are Mrs. Emma Specht, of Deer Park; Lucinda and Ethel, at home; Franklin O., of Oakland; Judson, Henry, Beeson, Asa and Walter, who reside at home or upon adjoining farms at McHenry, and James, of Philadelphia. Mrs. Glotfelty's funeral occurred yesterday morning from the new United Brethren church near McHenry, of which denomination she was a consistent member, the interment being made upon the old Glotfelty homestead on Meadow Mountain, Rev. O. A. Bremer, of the Oakland Lutheran church officiating.

BLOOMINGTON

Great preparations are being made by the members of Bloomington Lodge, I. O. O. F., to receive the Grand Lodge officers of the state at their grand visitation to the lodge at this place on next Monday evening. A full attendance of the members is desired. A banquet—big eats—big smokes—followed by big talks, for the boys after the regular order of business is through will undoubtedly add to the pleasure of the occasion.

Mr. Jack Rhine and Mrs. Melissa Buckhannon, both of this place, were married at Cumberland on last Saturday evening. The bride was the widow of the late Hanson Buckhannon, for a long time a resident of this place.

Rev. A. R. Snedegar was a visitor to Cumberland the first of the week.

Mr. Clarence Miller, the Bloomington merchant, returned home this week from a business trip to Allegany, N. Y.

Mr. Martin Watson, son of Mr. J. C. Watson, of Keyser, head of the Mastellor Coal Co., operating at Hampshire, has established a wireless at the company's store at the mines and has been quite successful in picking up messages flying through space. The young man is quite clever in this kind of work and takes a great interest and pleasure in pursueing his inclinations toward a thorough understanding of electrical appliances.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. Howard Beard has been brightened and the proud father and mother were never happier or more pleased. It is the first born and a most welcome little daughter who came on Thursday last.

Mr. Frederick Poland of this vicinity, aged 84 years is critically ill at the home of his son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Scott Elliott.

Mrs. Frank Cummins is back home from the W. M. hospital Cumberland, where she has been under treatment for typhoid fever for the past four or five weeks. Mr. Albert Wilson, another patient from this vicinity, who was admitted for treatment for the same disease a few weeks later, is reported as getting along nicely and will be discharged in a few days.

Mr. Emory Hardesty, the popular agent of the W. M. R. R. at Barnum, is back home from spending his vacation with relatives and friends in the neighborhood of Aurora, W. Va. He was accompanied by his wife and children.

Mr. Russell Pattison, of this place, who has been an ardent admirer of the Ford product has traded his machine and is now sporting the new model Overland.

Mr. Allen Shook and Miss Hattie Dean, of Hampshire, were married at Keyser on last Saturday evening.

Born, unto Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Harris, of this place, on last Monday morning, a girl.

Mrs. Grace Amos, of Fairmont, accompanied by her little daughter, is the guest of her brother-in-law and sister, Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Pattison.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Rathbun and son, Howard, after spending the week-end with Dr. and Mrs. Kemp, returned home Monday.

INFANTILE PARALYSIS

One Death and Two Cases Reported by State Health Officer.

Dr. R. H. Riley, State Health officer, visited Garrett county on Monday and Tuesday and reported two well developed cases of infantile paralysis and one death as a result of the disease. All persons connected with the families wherein the outbreak has occurred have been quarantined and every precaution has been taken to prevent a further spread.

The fatal case reported by the physician is that of Stanley, aged five years, son of Mr. and Mrs. John H. Fresh, residing in the Flatwoods section of the county, who died Sunday after an illness of three days and whose funeral took place the following day, the interment being private.

The children now suffering as a result of the attacks are Pearl Thelma Fresh, aged seven years, a sister of the boy who died on Sunday, and Arvil Keynold Weimer, aged seven years, son of Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Weimer, who resides at Deep Creek. The latter child is paralyzed in both arms, while the son of Mr. Fresh, when seen by Dr. Riley was in the first stage of the disease and the paralysis had not yet developed.

Subscribe for The Republican.

Notice to Subscribers.

Beginning November 1st, 1916, the subscription price of The Republican will be advanced from $1.25 per year to $1.50 per year. This advance in price is made unwillingly by the publisher, but at the same time it is absolutely necessary by reason of the fact that every single item going into the making of a newspaper, including inks, paper and fixed charges has so advanced that the present subscription price of $1.25 per year is much less than the cost of production.

News print paper has advanced from $2.40 per hundred pounds to $7.00 per hundred pounds, while inks have advanced from 6 cents per pound to 15 cents per pound within the past six months. It was the hope of the management that prices would become normal and this advance in the price of subscription would not be necessary; but instead indications are that all material will become higher.

Anyone desiring to pay their subscription in advance prior to November 1st may do so at the present rate for a period of not more than one year. All subscriptions that are now paid in advance will be continued the full time paid for. All subscriptions in arrear must be promptly settled as we cannot longer carry delinquents.

Important Notice to Taxpayers.

Your attention is directed to the tax law of 1916, which provides that no discount is allowed on State Tax, and after September 1st, 6 per cent. interest must be charged and collected on the same.

J. W. KIMMELL,
County Treasurer.

The Lutheran Church

SECOND STREET, OAKLAND

Sunday School, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

B. H. SINCELL, Superintendent.

Men's Brotherhood Class, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

O. A. BREMER, Teacher.

All the men not attending Sunday School elsewhere are cordially invited to join this class and to have a part in the study and discussion of the lesson

Morning Worship, 10.45 o'Clock.

Luther League, 6.30 o'Clock P. M.

Topic—"The Safest Prayer."
Leader—MISS RUTH McROBIE.

Evening Worship, 7.30 o'Clock.

All friends of the church and those without a permanent church home are invited to worship with us.

O. A. BREMER, Pastor.

—The above was prepared by the pastor and the advertisement is authorized and paid for by one interested in church work.

The

FOUNDED 1888

Garrett National Bank

FOUNDED 1888

Of Oakland, Maryland.

THE STRONGEST BANK IN GARRETT COUNTY

Capital - - - - -	$ 50,000.00
Surplus - - - - -	65,000.00
Deposits over - - -	550,000.00
Resources over - - -	725,000.00

Consider seriously what that means. Think of it when you open an account. It means

STRENGTH

In opening a bank account first satisfy yourself as to the responsibility of the institution with which you propose to deposit your money.

NO ACCOUNT TOO SMALL---NONE TOO LARGE

We pay three per cent interest on time and saving deposits. Safe deposit boxes for rent.

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D. E. OFFUTT, Jr. Vice Pres't. **H. L. JONES, Ass't. Cashier.**

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ESTABLISHED 1884. BOTH PHONES.

SEE US

AT THE FAIR

With a big line of the latest Farm Machinery and Vehicles.

Check off the items you need and ask to see and get our price on:

Famous Turnbull Wagons	Plows
Low Down Farm Trucks	Tiling
Buggies	Sleighs
Carriages	Sleds
Sulky Plows	Farm Tractors
Famous Black Hawk Spreader	Gasoline Engines
Cream Separators	Grain Drills
Barn Door Track & Hangers	Lime Sowers
Telephone Batteries	Fertilizer
Roofing Paints	Hot Air Plants
Gas Fixtures	Steam and Water Plants
Pipe Fittings	Bath Rooms Fully Installed
Spouting	Gas Stoves
Engine Oils	Asbestes Mill Board
Corn Shellers	Fancy Gas Shades
Roofings all Prices	Carbide

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.

Remember the Place and that "Naylor has it and sells it for less."

D. E. BOLDEN

Furniture Dealer and Funeral Director

HAVING moved my furniture business to the Manhattan Hotel store room, I am prepared to serve the public to the best of my ability, having now in stock the finest line of Furniture ever brought to the city and which I offer as cheap as it can be bought in the wholesale markets.

All I ask is a chance to name you prices.

My stock is complete in every detail, and which consists of Furnitnre, Carpets, Mattings, Window Shades, Bedding of all kinds, large and small Rugs—in fact everything with which to furnish a house from cellar to attic.

I am also prepared to give estimates on Buildings and repair work—from a pig pen to a palace.

Call and see me; I will treat you fair and square.

Thanking the public for past favors and soliciting a continuance of the same, I remain,

Yours respectfully,

D. E. BOLDEN

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Ellithorp, of Bittinger, spent Friday last in Oakland.

Mr. A. P. Enlow, of near Hoyes, was in the city last Saturday on business.

Mrs. Benj. H. Sincell returned home Saturday afternoon from Westminster and other points east.

Mr. W. R. Stull, of Wilkes-Barre, Pa., returned to Oakland last Thursday after an absence of a few weeks.

Abe Martin says: "Lafe Bud's uncle wuz killed in a auto yisterday by a train refusin't' change it's course."

Mr. David Jones, of Johnstown, Pa., arrived here on Thursday evening last to visit his nephew, Mr. Scott T. Jones, and family.

After November 1st the subscription price of The Republican will be $1.50 per year. See announcement elsewhere in this issue.

Mr. Neil Fraley, accompanied by his sister, Miss Louis, and Miss Eleanor Hinebaugh, drove through to Oakland from Baltimore Saturday.

Mrs. J. M. Crane and Miss Annabelle Hoke, of Kingwood, West Va., spent Sunday in Oakland as guests of Mr. and Mrs. Benj. H. Sincell.

Wanted—Good cook in small family. Good wages, references required. Apply to Mrs. A. Brooks Fleming, Jr., Fairmont, W. Va. Adv. 31-2t.

Mr. Roberdeau Annan, of Frostburg, and Mr. Tasker Lowndes, of Cumberland, spent a short time in Oakland Saturday afternoon on business.

Mrs. James Sweeney, of Baltimore arrived in Oakland Friday to remain two weeks on a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John W. Hart.

Miss Bernadette Hart left Oakland Sunday afternoon for a visit to Washington, D. C., where she is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Elizabeth Shaffer.

See advertisement "Notice to Subscribers" in another column today.

Mr. Charles F. Dawson and family, of the Park, moved to Oakland Thursday last and are occupying the property on Pennington street now owned by Mr. Gilmor S. Hamill.

Mr. C. T. Sanders, of near Oakland, has the thanks of the editor and office force for a basket of superb Wolf River apples, which he brought to The Republican office on Saturday last.

Mrs. G. A. McGinn, of Cumberland, and Miss Agnes McGinn, of Lonaconing, returned to their respective homss Sunday afternoon after a visit of a few days to Mr. and Mrs. James Broderick.

Mrs. Joseph E. Harned returned home last Friday evening from Westminster, Md., to which point she had accompanied her son and daughter who are students in Western Maryland College.

Mr. J. R. Glass, will sell at public auction at his farm near Swanton on Saturday, October 14th, a large lot of personal property comprising live stock, farming implements and household goods.

Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Droege, of Oakland, accompanied by Mrs. Droege's sister, Miss Mary Casteel, left for Washington, D. C., Thursday evening, where they will visit relatives for a few days.

Miss Elsie Hart, of New Mexico, who was the guest last week of Miss Frances Hamill, left Oakland Friday morning for Boston, Mass., where she went to continue her studies in music in the Boston Conservatory of Music.

Train No. 55 Saturday afternoon had a car attached in which were thirty-five convicted "bootleggers" on their way from eastern West Virginia to the Moundsville Penitentiary to serve terms varying from one to five years.

Forty years ago Sunday great damage was done the buckwheat crop in this county by extraordinary heavy rains.

Mr. Lawson L. Loar, of Grafton, along with his family, will occupy their home near Oakland during the winter months.

FOR SALE—A good cow. John N. Michael, Oakland, Md. Adv. 30-3t

Mrs. Morrel Jamison and little son, of Fairmont, W. Va., spent part of this week in Oakland and Mountain Lake Park.

Mrs. A. D. Naylor went to Parsons, West Va., last Thursday to be the guest for a week or two of her sister, Mrs. Charles D. Smith.

Mr. Harold Dawson, of the Oakland Pharmacy, is spending a week's vacation with his sister, Mrs. Carl Willett, at Clarksburg, West Va.

Mr. George W. Legge, Jr., the county supervisor of assessments, went to Baltimore Tuesday evening to attend a meeting of the State Tax Commission.

Messrs. Lawrence Dixon and John Hart left Oakland last Saturday in the former's automobile for points in South Carolina. They expect to be absent two or three weeks.

Mr. C. F. Hammond returned to Oakland Monday morning after a few day's visit to friends in Meyersdale, to which point he was accompanied by Mrs. Hammond, who expects to return to Oakland early next week.

The Aid Society of the Presbyterian church will hold a food sale at Creutzburg's store the last Saturday of each month until further notice. All the ladies of the church are requested to contribute and patronize these sales. The public is cordially invited.
Adv. 31-2em.

Mr. Stanley Bender and Mr. G. B. M. Kepler, both of Kitzmiller, the former a merchant and the latter cashier of the First National Bank at Kitzmiller, visited Oakland on business tuesday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Legge, Jr., and Mr. George W. Legge, Sr., returned to Oakland Monday afternoon from a motor trip to Steubenville, Ohio, where they were guests for a few days of relatives.

Dr. A. Moore and Dr. J. H. Howard left Oakland Tuesday morning for Wheeling to attend the sessions of the West Virginia Conference of the M. E. church, which is being conducted in that city this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph T. Thayer, who have been in Oakland for two weeks where they visited Mr. and Mrs. Fred A. Thayer, went to Grafton Monday afternoon to be guests for a few days of Mrs. Thayer's parents.

Mr. Fred. Townshend, of Parkersburg, West Va., spent a week in Oakland with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Townshend, returning to Parkersburg yesterday where he is in the employ of the Wells Fargo Express Company.

Mr. C. E. Ellithorp, of Bittinger, was in the city Tuesday, being accompanied here by Mr. J. E. Enoch, father of Mrs. J. L. Marvin, of Bittinger, who was on his way home at Springfield, Ohio, after an extendid visit to his daughter.

Mrs. A. W. Cushing, who spent the summer in Oakland with her daughter, Mrs. G. Semmes Hamill, returned to her home in Baltimore Saturday morning, accompanied by Master Jamie Hamill, who will attend school in the city this winter.

Mrs. John A. Dejawder and son, of Washington, D. C., who were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Weimer in Oakland for two weeks, returned to their home Sunday afternoon, being accompanied by Mr. J. Harry Weimer, who will enter George Washington College and take up the study of chemistry.

Mrs. William Ward, of DuQuesne, Pa., who spent the summer in Oakland visiting her sister, Mrs. E. G. Naylor, returned to her home Sunday in company with Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Ward, who drove to Oakland from their home the day preceding, and by Mrs. Ward, mother of Mrs. Alpha Hinebaugh, who, notwithstanding her ninety-three years, expressed her pleasure at being able to make the journey.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Shaffer, of Washington, D. C., who spent a short time visiting relatives in Garrett county, left for their home Tuesday afternoon. Mr. Shaffer is the superintendent of one of the divisions of the Patent Office in Washington, having been steadily advanced from a minor position to the important one he now holds. He is a native Garrett countian and is always pleased to visit here.

Mr. Ezra B. Hauger, of Kingwood, formerly of Garrett county, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Wilhelm and little daughter, motored to Oakland Sunday morning where they met a party of friends from near Confluence, Pa., and spent the day in their company. Mr. Wilhelm is engineer in charge of building Kingwood District's new improved roads and is highly impressed with the construction of Garrett county's system of highways.

Mrs. Henry W. McComas and her daughter, Miss Anna, Mrs. Harry L. McComas and two children, of Baltimore, who were on a visit to Mrs. McComas and family for two or three weeks, left Oakland Friday morning by automobile for Baltimore, arriving there the same evening. Mrs. McComas will remain in the city until the latter part of this week.

Major W. C. McGrew left this morning for Uniontown where he was to be met by his son-in-law, Fred C. Flenniken, and Mr. Flenniken's little son. From Uniontown the party goes to Mountain Lake Park by automobile where Mrs. Flenniken has been spending a few weeks, and from there to Virginia beach where James H. McGrew has been spenidng his vacation. After a short stay at the seashore the party expects to return by automobile. —Morgantown Chronicle.

Numerous requests have reached this office since the publicaiton of our issue of last Thursday to print in this week's issue of The Republican the awards made for embroidery and needle work at the recent fair, but as the premium book has not been placed in the hands of the secretary of the Fair Association it is impossible for this paper to secure the necessary data and hence the matter cannot be complied for the present. However, as soon as we can secure the information we shall be pleased to accede to the request of our patrons and publish the list of awards in full.

Miss Bertie Lawton is on a visit to relatives and friends at Keyser, West Va.

Mr. Julius Scherr is in Oakland visiting his daughter, Mrs. Julius C. Renninger.

Mr. Charles E. Duckworth, of near Gorman, spent yesterday in Oakland on business.

Mr. William Bishop, of Terra Alta, spent Tuesday and yesterday in Oakland on business.

FOR SALE—A few choice Shropshire Ram Lambs at Little Meadows, Grantsville, Md. H. P. Miller, Superintendent. Adv. 31-6t

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Renninger returned home Tuesday afternoon from a brief visit to relatives at Morgantown, W. Va.

Messrs. Dudley King and Edgar Helbig have gone to Pittsburgh, Pa., where they expect to find employment during the winter months.

Mrs. Frank Browning and children returned to Oakland Sunday afternoon from a brief visit to relatives and friends at Cumberland.

Mr. Frank Smouse, of near Oakland left here yesterday morning for Clarksburg, West Va., where he will enter the employ of a concern as bookkeeper.

Messrs. Norval Speelman and former County Commissioner Walter Lowdermilk, of Selbysport District, spent a few hours in Oakland yesterday afternoon on business.

Mr. Charles S. Davis left Oakland Sunday afternoon for Cleveland, Ohio, where he will spend the week on business connected with the manufacture of the Davis range.

FOR SALE—Good winter apples, 25 cents per bushel; Cider apples, 10 cents per bushel in orchard. Address Wm. E. Fitzwater, R. D. 1, Swanton, Md.

Dr. R. B. Ward left Oakland yesterday afternoon for Wheeling, West Va., where he went to attend the session of the Methodist Episcopal church conference which convened there yesterday and will probably adjourn Monday morning.

Quite a number of Oakland people went to Meyersdale, Pa., last Thursday to attend the fair at that point. Among those who made the trip were Messrs. D. E. Bolden, John J. Sweeney, Charles D. Bosley, E. G. Naylor and Henry Lauer.

Mr. Judson Loar returned home Tuesday afternoon from Baltimore to which point he had accompanied his brothers, Messrs. George W. and Harry Loar and his sister Miss Grace Loar. Mr. George Loar and sister continued their journey to Philadelphia and will return to Oakland later in the week.

Mr. Philip T. Peddicord, who has been in the employ of Clerk of the Circuit Court Tower for upwards of three years, resigned his position Tuesday afternoon and left the same evening for Baltimore where after spending a few days he will return home and later enter the office of Supervisor of Assessments Legge.

Mr. A. B. Mason, administrator of the estate of his recently deceased father, the late Buckner Mason, by notice published elsewhere in this paper today advertises at public auction to occur on October 18th the sale of the personal property and real estate of the decedent. The property consists of live stock, farming implements and a farm of fifty-one acres in a high state of cultivation. See advertisement for particulars.

Mayor George Giessman, of Oakland, has received and accepted an invitation from the Chamber of Commerce of Oakland, California, to meet in convention at the latter city all the mayors of all the Oaklands of the United States, the proposed convention to be held some time early next spring. According to the postal guide there are twenty-five Oaklands in the United States with two Oakland sub-postoffices, making in all twenty-seven. The object of the meeting will be for the pur-pose of devising a plan whereby all the Oaklands except Oakland, California, change their names to something else. The Oakland (Md.) people it is known, will oppose any such arrangement.

Which way are you going? Are you saving or are you

Running Behind?

You can't begin to go forward financially until you learn to save your money.

An account at this Bank is a long step

Forward.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OAKLAND - MARYLAND

THESE PIPING TIMES OF PEACE

CARRANZA AND WILSON—THE EXPERTS

ROGERS, In New York Herald

Finnegan's Philosophy

BALAAM

Well do I mind the story, said Finnegan. Balaam was a highbrow that knowed less than his Jackass. He took an office to curse the people. The Jackass saved them. 'Tis all in Numbers Twinty-two. Och hone! 'Tis different these times. The Jackass knew better till Balaam tamed him.

"Lave me ride ye," says Balaam, "an' I'll make ye the biggest Ass in the wurld."

"Great," says the Ass; "what d'ye feed?"

"Pork," says Balaam.

"Me savior," says the Ass.

So Balaam mounts. But soon the Jack balks.

"Phwat is it?" says Balaam.

"Snakes," says the Ass; "Ut looks like the jawbone uv me mother."

"G'wan," says Balaam, hittin' the Ass a clip, "'tis me furren' policy," he says.

"Phwat's ut for?" axes the Ass.

"Ut definds the nashun," says Balaam.

"How?" says the Ass.

"Faith," says Balaam, "ut takes a bigger Ass than you to know that. Lave it to Brine," says Balaam to the Ass; an' the Jack walks on meditatin'.

"Hee, haw," says the Ass, balkin' an' kickin'.

"What now?" says Balaam.

"Divil a Jackass ever seen the like," says the Ass. "Ut could be a frog," says he, "for ut stands up in front an' sits down behind; an' 'tis mos'ly mouth," says the Ass. "Ut has white feathers," says the Jack, "wid yaller streaks, that changes," he says, "to Very Crooz Red, or Niagaray Blue, an' now they're Carrysall Yaller again," says he. "Hivins, have I been drinkin'?" screams the Ass to Balaam.

"Saints be praised," says Balaam. "Me Watchful Waitin' can still change its mind," he says. "G'wan, where glory waits," he says. "G'wan, in the service uv Mankind," says Balaam to the Ass, touching him up. An' the Ass shuffles ahead, wavin' his ears in admiration.

"Hee-haw! Hee-haw!" says the Jack, rearin' up wid his eyes bulgin'.

"Phwat's grippin' ye now?" says Balaam, impashunt like.

"I donno," says the Ass. "Ut looks like the Flyin' Dutchman with a Socialist Crew," he says.

"'Tis me Ship Bill," says Balaam. "Side step to the right," he says; "side step to the left," says he, weltin' him. "Back up," says Balaam, near wrenchin' off the Jack's jaw. "Now forward for the Merchant Marine an' fifty millyun pork," says Balaam wid a shower uv blows; an' the Ass goes on thremblin'.

"Wah-hee! Wah-hee! Wah-hee!" says the Jack, shyin' so he near threw his rider.

"I'll learn ye to shy at me Naval Bill," says Balaam, lar-rupin' the baste so he cud scarce stand.

"Ye can't pass ut widout wearin' Republican clothes," says the Jack in a coarse whisper.

"Ye Ass," says Balaam. "Don't ye know that anny cloes is bethter nor nakedness? G'wan," says Balaam, in tones uv thunder. So the poor baste lopes on, limpin' wid pain.

I've not time to tell ye all the adventures they had, but they kep' on over rough roads, now an' then crossin' a ditch on a wan term plank, which made even Balaam uneasy. Iviry time the Jack kicked, he got short rations an' a wallup. So when the journey was near over, the poor baste wus all in, and far too proud to fight. Any Jack-Ass can be that when he's licked.

Wan stormy night, the Jack blooms into a harmony like a Dimycrat Tariff Hymn played on a gaspipe wid the feet.

"Phwat ails ye now?" calls Balaam, clubbin' him wid both hands.

"Nivver did I pass the like," yells the Ass, sweatin' and thremblin'. "Ut says ut's an eight hour law. Oh, phwat is ut?" screams the Ass to Balaam, feebly waggling' his ears.

"I dinno phwat ut is meself," says Balaam, "but I know phwat ut's got," Balaam says.

"Phwat?" axes the poor Ass.

"Five hundther thousand votes," says Balaam, wid a pious air. "G'wan, ye big Ass, an' dount ye argue wid an Idaylist," says Balaam to the Ass.

"We can't pass ut in the dark," pleads the Ass. "Lave us wait for light," moans the Ass, weepin'.

"Nix," says Balaam, "There's a hot time comin' an' the votes'll spile. Do ye thurst for sixteen more years in the wilderness? Giddip," says he, "purgin' ye'r heart," says Balaam, "iv iviry thought that's selfish," says Balaam, "or personal," chants Balaam to the poor Ass ticklin' the Jack's slats wid a touplin' pin.

By this time, the Ass was so wore out wid his ardyous labors, that he knew no more than Balaam himself. So, wid one despairin' cry, he dropped his ears, as he an' his master stumbled forward into the dark.

SURRENDER TO FORCE WOULD TEND TO DISASTER.

"That kind of virus in our life—surrender to force—would bring us no end of disaster. If we let capitalists or workingmen, any interest, learn that the way to get what is wanted is by applying pressure and if we continue in that course for a few years, democracy will be a failure, and we might as well give up our force of government." — Mr. Hughes in His Speech at Portland, Maine.

HUGHES FOR ARBITRATION.

He Would Be First to Accord to Labor All Rights Found Just After Consideration.

In his Maine speeches Mr. Hughes made it plain that he was not attacking labor or the equity of the proposed increase of wages for the railroad men. He was simply contending for the all important principle of arbitration as the right means of settlement of such questions. Speaking at different places in Maine Mr. Hughes dwelt upon this question, saying:

"I deeply deplore, in the name of labor, in the name of justice, in the name of American ideals, the surrender of the Executive and of Congress to force, instead of permitting reason to relan.

"The measure to which I have alluded was not, properly speaking, an eight-hour measure. It was a wage measure. It was a plain proposition for a change in the wage scale. I do not speak of the equity of that. That is a matter to be fairly considered. I want what is just and right with respect to wages. I am for the arbitration and the peaceful settlement of these industrial controversies. We can settle everything in this country if we approach those matters with a fair and open mind and an examination of the facts.

"This particular measure shows on its face that it was legislation in advance of the investigation, instead of investigation in advance of legislation. It is said that there was in its favor the judgment of society. The judgment of society in this country has never been passed in favor of legislation without knowledge of the equity and regardless of the facts of the case. There was no judgment of society in favor of the roads which were excepted from its provisions. If there was a judgment of society, why not apply the rule to electric or other kinds of roads or roads less than 100 miles in length? I say, away with such pretense! It was a surrender to force instead of a clear, candid, faithful framed examination of the facts, and then action in accordance with American principles.

"Autocracy represents force; tyranny represents force. Democracy represents the rule of the common judgment after discussion, after an opportunity to know the facts."

It All Depends.

"If Hughes wins an Oregon town will get a new shingle mill employing fifty men," says the Olympia Recorder, "according to an announcement of the individual who took an option on timbered land. If Wilson wins the option will be allowed to lapse. That's the way with a thousand and one enterprises, all waiting to see which way the wind blows. The moment it is assured that Charles E. Hughes is elected, just watch the wheels of industry spin and listen to the hum of business."

ADVICE FOR SEED POTATO GROWERS

Selection for Next Year Should Be Made Before This Year's Harvest.

John McGill, Jr., the Allegany county agent is suggesting to growers of seed potatoes plans for next year. He states the 1916 crop is ready for harvest, but before this is done, the selection of the growers seed for next year should be made.

The quality and quantity of seed produced this year by the Western Maryland Seed Potato Growers Association as a whole is excellent and that with the exception of a very little, it is above the standard set, which is a very high one, and is eligible for certification, and will add to the price obtained for it, but that the growers who have been so successful this year should be very careful in selection of their seed for next season.

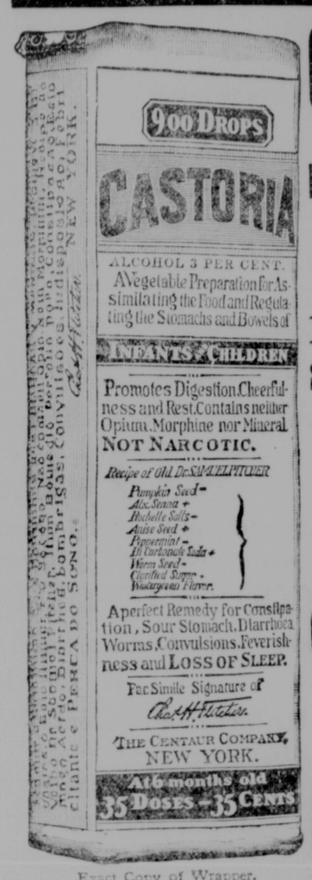
To equal this year's yield and quality the following suggestions by Prof. Temple of the Maryland Agriculture extension Service are being sent out to potato growers:

Good seed potatoes should be true to name, of medium size, free from disease, and capable of producing sprouts that will grow vigorously. The planting of mixed varieties on the Eastern Shore has resulted in more or less loss to the growers. In at least one case, the writer found recently as much as 25 per cent. of Green Mountain in a field of Irish Cobbler, and only rarely did he find a field of unmixed Cobblers, even though he traveled more than two hundred miles through the potato region. It should be noted in this connection that Green Mountain plants in a field of early Cobblers are not more than so many weeds. It should be noted also that of the many fields observed, those planted with northern seed showed the most mixture and the most disease. From these observations, it would seem that some effort should be made to obtain or produce seed potatoes free from mixture. It is understood that certain growers in Maine are making considerable progress in the production of unmixed seed by roguing their fields and by practicing the seed plat and hill section methods. Seed produced in this way is very desirable, and it should be obtained by our growers. In the Frostburg region of Western Maryland, 800 bushels of this select Main seed is being planted this year in an attempt to produce good seed potatoes at home. The conditions of Western Maryland are similar to those of Maine; and, the seed has been handled and the fields are going to be cared for in the most approved manner for the production of A No. 1 seed.

We are beginning to learn in the improvement of any plant, or any domestic animal, that it is the behavior of the individual which is of prime importance. To improve the egg production of our poultry, we trapnest our hens; to improve the production of our dairy herd, we test our cows for butterfat; and in like manner, we improve the production of our corn, wheat, tomatoes and potatoes, we must know the production of the individual. In every case, whether plant or animal, we must eliminate the low producers and propogate from only the best. As in other plants, and in animals, there are many strains in every variety of potato; for example, there are low yielding strains and high yielding strains with knotty tubers or subject to second growth, and strains in which these characters almost never appear; and, there are strains that are susceptible to disease and strains more resistant to disease. By hill selection, many of the undesirable characters are gradually eliminated although they may never entirely disappear. On the other hand, by the bin method of selecting seed, the undesirable characters can never be eliminated; a smooth, medium sized tuber from the bin or barrell might appear desirable for seed, yet it may have come from a hill that had in it all the undesirable strains mentioned above. The bin method of selecting seed, therefore, cannot be depended upon to materially improve the potato crop. The hill method requires extra labor, as the selected hills are usually dug with a fork before the vines die. It is important to select first a thrifty plant, and if the tubers on it do not come up to your standard of size, yield, type, earliness and freedom from disease they may be covered up and left till digging time. Enough should be selected in this manner to plant a separate lot or a number of rows in the field which we may designate as a seed plat.

Every grower who raises his own seed should have a seed plat. The best hills in the seed plat will furnish the seed for the seed plat the following year, and the others will furnish the seed for the general crop the following year.

If this method is practiced for a number of years, it will repay any-one for the extra labor required. He will not only eliminate certain disease, but he will also grow a better quality and a greater yield of potatoes, thus profiting doubly by the practice.



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Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

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THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

THE CITY'S BEST

MEAT MARKET

IN THE EMPIRE BUILDING.

Choice Steak, Boiling Meat, and all other kinds of meat. Highest cash price paid for Poultry and Eggs; also cash paid for Hides and Skins.

H. L. MILLER

We Carry in Stock

TIRES
TUBES
SHOCK ABSORBERS
CHAINS
SPARK PLUGS
DRY CELLS
TIRETITE

And many other accessories at the OAKLAND GARAGE,
Prest-O-Lite Exchange,
Oakland, Maryland.

THE JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY

Entrance Examinations
State Scholarship in Engineering Courses

Entrance Examinations for the Department of Engineering, as well as for the College of Arts and Sciences, will be held in the Academic Building of the Johns Hopkins University, Homewood, Baltimore, September 18-21, 1916, beginning at 9 a. m. each day.

Application For Scholarships in The Department of Engineering, established in the Johns Hopkins University under the provisions of the Laws of Maryland, Chapter 90, 1912, may now be made. If there is more than one applicant for a particular scholarship, a competitive examination must be taken in the Academic Building, Homewood, on September 22, 1916, beginning at 9 a. m.

Each County of the State and each Legislative District of Baltimore City, with the exception of Charles, Harford, and Queen Anne's Counties will be entitled to one or more scholarships for the year 1916-17, in addition to those which have already been assigned. In the three counties mentioned above all the available scholarships have been awarded.

Under the provisions of the Act of Assembly, the County and City scholarships in the Department of Engineering are awarded only to deserving students whose financial circumstances are such that they are unable to obtain an education in Engineering unless free tuition be granted to them. The scholarships entitle the holders to free tuition, free use of text-books, and exemption from all regular fees. The expense of attendance for those who do not receive scholarships is no greater than at other Maryland institutions.

Scholarships may be awarded to graduates of Loyola College, Maryland Agricultural College, Mt. St. Mary's College; and one scholarship will be awarded "At Large."

Applicants should address the Registrar, The Johns Hopkins University, for blank forms of application and for further information as to examinations, award of scholarships, and courses of instruction.

Advertisement. 26-4t

REAL BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE

One of the most desirable residences on Alder street in Oakland, now owned by M. A. Carney, and occupied as a residence by States Attorney Jones, is offered at a very attractive price.

A valuable 90 acre farm near Ottaway, Garrett Co., on the line of the proposed new state road to West Va., and a very desirable piece of real estate.

Improved farm of 138 acres near Swanton, Garrett Co., improved by nine room dwelling, barn and young orchard now bearing. A safe investment.

JAS. D. HAMILL,
Real Estate Agent.

Farm for Sale

Containing two hundred and seventy-six acres. About 175 acres cleared and in good cultivation and the balance in timber.

Located twelve miles west of Lonaconing in Garrett county in the Fairview settlement. With seven or eight never failing springs on it. One dwelling house containing seven rooms and a good cellar; bank barn 40 x 60 feet and all other necessary outbuildings.

Good apple orchard of about 200 bearing trees and all other kinds of fruits.

If not sold prior to January 1st, 1917, the property will be for rent.

For any other information call on or address the undersigned.

JONAS WEITZELL,
Lonaconing, Md.

Notice to the Public

The undersigned has bought out the general store of Mr. J. S. Clary at Deer Park, Md., and will continue the business in the same building and in the same manner in which it has been conducted, and extends to the public generally a cordial invitation to call, get prices and see if we cannot do business.

Remember that satisfaction is guaranteed in every transaction.

Thanking you in advance.
I am very truly,
W. B. MILLER.

MILLIONS WON BY BLACKMAIL BAND

Two of the Gang Confess and Dragnet Is Set for Their Leader

CHIEF PREY IN NEW YORK

Searched From Coast to Coast, Federal Authorities Say, for Rich Victims—Net Spread by Government for Members of the Syndicate.

Chicago.—Hinton G. Clabaugh of the Investigating Bureau of the Department of Justice said that he had secured enough evidence to convict the gang accused of using the Mann White Slave Act as a weapon to blackmail wealthy men and women in New York, Philadelphia and other places, without exposing the names of some of their victims.

These victims, principally wealthy men whose flirtations with pretty women led them into traps from which they escaped only by payment of large sums, will be shielded from publicity except as a last resort, it is said.

The two who have made full confessions, "Dick" Barret and Edward J. Thompson, probably will get immunity. They have given to the agents of the Department of Justice an abundance of information relative to the movements of H. C. Woodward, alleged director of the blackmailing syndicate.

According to the Federal authorities the confessions which have been made show that the operations of the swindlers netted them $1,000,000 in the last year.

Sixty suave blackmailers were in the syndicate, according to Barret and Thompson, and twenty of them were women. In silks and jewels the women stalked their prey, finding victims among justices, lawyers, bankers, merchants and even clergymen. So well developed was the system that few "prospects" nosed out by the scouts escaped.

The men were scarcely less impressive than the women in appearance and address, and frequently were able to edge their way into supposedly exclusive circles by reason of the acquaintance they claimed, which was seldom denied. To their share fell the subsidiary plants of the system, including gambling houses, poolrooms and opium resorts, all lavishly furnished and accessible only to the initiated.

PREDICTS EGGS AT 75C A DOZEN

Secretary of Massachusetts Board Says There Are Fewer Hens.

Boston.—Fresh eggs will sell at 75 cents a dozen, retail, in this State within a short time, Wilfred Wheeler, Secretary of the State Board of Agriculture, stated. This almost unprecedented price was inevitable, he said, because of the high price of poultry, which has reduced the number of hens, low fertility of eggs laid last spring, which lessened the season's hatch, and higher prices of food products and labor. He said storage supplies are not as plentiful as in former years, and that the increase probably would affect this product.

WRITES STORY OF HIS SUICIDE

Reporter Then Carries Out Plan Except That He Takes Poison.

Los Angeles, Cal.—Harry Howland, a newspaper reporter, wrote the story of his proposed suicide and then carried out his plan, except that he took poison instead of shooting himself, as he had said in his story.

Howland took poison at his desk in a newspaper office here. The copy was found after his death. Howland had grieved over the death of his wife and child in Kansas City a year ago.

WORLD'S NEWS IN CONDENSED FORM

WASHINGTON.—The deposits in postal savings banks, according to an announcement by the Postoffice Department, show a record-breaking gain of nearly $3,000,000.

LONDON.—The Dutch Government has prohibited the export of cattle, says a Reuter dispatch from The Hague. All preserves containing meat also will come under the prohibition.

ATHENS.—The revolutionary movement in Crete is completely successful.

PITTSBURGH.—Shell Steel contracts now looming up are likely to be a factor on the steel market.

NEW YORK.—The Conference Committee of Central Labor bodies unanimously voted for a "general suspension" of all work in all trades and industries in the metropolitan district, in aid of the street car strikers. The order affects union workers under contract with their employers.

LONDON.—The continued depletion of the world's supply of tonnage as a result of the operations of the submarines of the Central Powers will be met by an increase in stringent measures by which the Entente Allies design to control the world's shipping.

ZEPPELIN ATTACK ON BRITISH ISLES

Two Giant Airships Lie Wrecked in an English Village

MANY HOUSES ARE WRECKED

London.—Of the twelve Zeppelins which invaded the British Isles two lay blackened masses of steel and aluminum in the little village of Mangold, Essex county, victims of the anti-aircraft defenses of London and outlying districts.

The airships were of a new and larger type than heretofore known.

One came down a flaming torch, as did the Zeppelin L-21, destroyed in the raid three weeks ago, while the second, disabled by gunfire, effected a landing, which saved the lives of the crew of twenty-two men, who are prisoners in England.

The crew of the first raider died in the flames of their own ship, which was consumed much more quickly than was the L-21. It is possible though that some of the men were still living when the great vessel struck the ground. The captain's body was found some ditance frosm the wreck.

The burning of the first Zeppelin was seen by tens of thousands of London's residents, but the crippling and descent of the second raider was a matter of doubt until official statements were given out. Few details are available of this second airship's condition, but it is reliably reported that the crew surrendered to special constables.

Many who saw the shrapnel bursting like skyrockets about the invader, which subsequently caught fire, think there must have been several direct hits. Many aeroplanes were aloft and attacked the Zeppelins from all sides.

The raiders took a heavy toll of lives before destruction, 30 persons being killed and 110 wounded.

Outside of the London district two persons were killed and eleven injured in an East Midland town.

The casualties in the metropolitan area, in the southern and southeastern sections of London, according to an official compilation are as follows:

Killed—Men 17, women 8, children 3; total, 28.

Injured—Men 45, women 37, children 17; total, 99.

RUMANIANS ROUT TEUTON ARMY

London.—The Russo-Rumanian troops have won the big Dobrudja battle. Von Mackensen's army of Germans, Bulgars and Turks is retreating southward, burning Rumanian villages in its fight, the Rumanian War Office announces.

For six days the battle raged, when the strong Russian re-enforcements which were brought up turned the tide. An earlier Rumanian statement had announced that the Allied troops were counter attacking the Teutons and German statements lately have spoken of "fluctuating" fighting.

The heavy fighting went on all along a line of forty-five miles about ten miles south of Constanza, on the Black Sea west to Cernavoda, on the Danube. The Rumanians, retreating before Von Mackensen's sudden invasion of the Dobrudja from Bulgaria, were forced to give up Tutrakan and Sillistria, but were joined by the Russians in time to stand at this strong line. Then came more Russians, who were distributed along the Constanza-Cernavoda Railroad along the battle front, and the Teutons were thrown back.

If the Russo-Rumanians press their advantage and throw the Teutons out again from Tutrakan and Sillistria and out of the whole Dobrudja, they will be able to commence the crushing of Bulgaria between their army on the north and the force of Gen. Sarrail in Macedonia on the south. Von Mackensen's invasion of the Dobrudja was aimed to prevent this.

The official statement, which tells of the victory in the Dobrudja, also tells of the capture of Ordernei, better known as Szekely Udvarhely.

GERMANY OPENS FRONTIER

Belgian Families Pouring Across Border Into Holland.

London.—A despatch to the Evening News from Amsterdam reports that the German guards along the Dutch frontier toward both Belgium and Germany have been withdrawn. From Belgium, adds the despatch, numbers of Belgian families who for months had appealed for permission to enter Holland are now streaming across the line with their belongings piled on every kind of conveyance.

BERLIN BREAD PRICE CUT

Four Pound Loaf Sells Now at About 17 Cents.

Berlin, by wireless to Sayville.—In reporting the recently announced cut in the price of bread in Berlin, by which the four pound loaf sells at about 17 cents, the Overseas News Agency tells of decreases in the price of oats and barley. All the reductions are "in consequence of the abundance of the new crops," it says. The price of oats has been lowered from 45 pfennigs a pound retail to 28 pfennigs.

GERMAN FORCES FAIL IN BIG DRIVE

Bavarian Crown Prince's Army Makes Desperate Attempt to Penetrate Iron Ring

FIGHTING LASTS ALL DAY

London. — The Bavarian Crown Prince's army north of the Somme made a desperate attempt to drive back the French from the Peronne-Combles highway and thus break the iron ring that has been steadily closing in on these two important bases. The French War Office in its communique reports that the attempt failed completely, the French holding their positions everywhere intact.

The British suddenly shifted the fighting to the northern end of their line, capturing 200 yards of German trenches. On the Somme, Sir Douglass Haig's troops beat off all Teuton counter attacks.

The Germans again attacked French positions in the Champagne, east of Soutain Hill, but were repulsed. Similar action in the Vosges, northwest of Altkirch, also broke down under the French curtain of fire.

At Verdun the Crown Prince's infantry wrested from the French a small portion of a trench on the western slope of Dead Man Hill, west of the Meuse.

The outstanding event of the fighting was the German effort north of the Somme. The battle centered around Bouchavesnes, about half-way between Combles and Peronne. From 9 o'clock in the morning until nightfall Teuton infantry was hurled against Gen. Foch's lines in a series of fierce counter attacks in massed formation. They were met by a hail of bullets and shells from the French machine guns and artillery. That the Bavarian throne heir meant to make a supreme effort to re-establish the communications between the two vital bases was indicated by the terrific drumfire which preceded each infantry attack made by the large contingents thrown into battle.

GREAT SERBIAN GAIN CLAIMED.

Paris.—Serbian troops have set foot again on their own soil. Unofficial reports say the Bulgarians are removing their archives from Monastir and preparing to evacuate that stronghold. Allied advances are reported elsewhere along the Macedonian line.

On the other hand, the Bulgarians and Germans assert the Rumanians and Russians have not been able to hold the new line they had selected as the strongest and most easily defended in the Dobrudja.

The campaigns in the southeast thus change complexion every hour and the situation is for the moment the most interesting in the whole theatre of the world war.

The problem all along has been, can the Rumanians make enough progress to force the Central Powers to choose which line—the Serbo-Greek or the Rumanian—they will hold and which relinquish? The answer must come soon.

The Serbians after a night of desperate fighting took the highest summit of the Kaimakcalan range, north of Lake Ostrovo, which the Bulgarians had been ordered to defend to the last man, and they held the peak, more than a mile and a half high, in the face of counter attacks, according to a report from Saloniki.

The French, Serbians and Russians who expelled the Bulgarians from Florina and thus menaced Monastir have not been molested in their new gains, according to the official communique of the War Office, which said no counter attacks had been attempted by the troops of the Central Powers. Apparently the force of the Bulgarian counter attacks was spent at other points, against the Serbians, who held their ground.

PITH OF THE WAR NEWS

Forty-eight aeroplanes were shot down on the western front during the past twenty-four hours, according to official reports from Paris and Berlin. Aerial combats were fought almost continuously during the daylight hours. Airmen on the entire front from the region of Havre to the Vosges were engaged in the battles.

The French official statement enumerates 24 German machines brought down, making no mention of casualties suffered by the French air corps. Berlin admits the loss of but six machines, and says "we shot down 24 machines."

The number of German prisoners captured by the French and British in the Somme battle from July 1 to September 18 aggregates more than 55,800, the French War Office announced. Of this number 34,050, about five-eighths, were taken by the French troops.

Field Marshal von Mackensen, whose army in Dobrudja, it was reported, was retreating before an onslaught of the Russo-Rumanian army, has turned the tables on the defenders, according to an official announcement from Berlin, by means of an encircling counter-attack.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters Testamentry on the estate of

OTTO FILSINGER

late of Garrett County, Md., deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 17th day of February, 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 17th day of August, 1916.

E. R. JONES,
Executor,
Oakland, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

HENRY SCHLOSSNAGLE

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 24th day of February, 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under our hand this 22nd day of August, 1916.

G. W. SCHLOSSNAGLE,
Administrator,
Berlin, Somerset Co., Pa.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.

Under the law passed recently all State taxes are due Sept. 1st after which date they bear interest. Taxpayers, in remitting their taxes, are urged to add sufficient interest to cover taxes in arrear otherwise their remittances will be returned which adds materially to the work of the Treasurer and causes more or less trouble to the remitters.

J. W. KIMMELL, Treasurer.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

ARTHUR O. HARVEY,

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 13th day of March, 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 13th day of September 1916.

N. B. HARVEY,
Administrator,
R. D. 1 Deer Park, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

BUCKNER MASON

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 12th, day of March, 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 12th day of September, 1916.

A. B. MASON,
Administrator,
Swanton, Md.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Testamentary on the estate of

JOHN M. FISHER

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 12th day of March, 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 12th day of September, 1916.

MILTON FISHER,
Executor,
Accident, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

SIMON P. BAKER,

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 12th day of March, 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 12th day of September, 1916.

ELIZABETH E. BAKER,
Adm'x
R. D. Deer Park, Md.

Road Petition

Notice is hereby given that thirty days after the first publication hereof application will be made to the Board of County Commissioners of Garrett county, Maryland, for the appointment of viewers to view and locate a proposed new public road in Election District No. 1 of Garrett county, said proposed new road to begin at a point at the Ingman Place and running thence through the lands of Thayer & Mason, John Stelling, Calvin Glotfelty, Marcellus Shank, Laura E. Green, C. J. Beachy and Mrs. Wilhelm to connect with the Swanton road at the gate of C. J. Beachy, a distance of about two miles.

C. H. GLOTFELTY,
C. J. BEACHY,
MARCELLUS SHANK,
CHARLES A. GREEN,
and others.

Published first time September 14, 1916.

The man Who Makes A STUDY OF HIS APPEARANCE

Is the man who best appreciates the detail of the tailoring we turn out The workmanship passes without a question, the fit is naturally a matter of course, but the shape we mould into the garments give them a character that finishes them off and makes the satisfaction of the owner complete.

All this is a bid for your next tailoring order. We know we can make you the best clothes you ever wore We want you to know it. That orde s the best and only sure way to settle he question.

JAMES BROCK,
Dixon Building,
Oakland, Maryland.

PROCLAMATION

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF MARYLAND CREATING A BUDGET SYSTEM.

WHEREAS, at the January Session of the General Assembly of Maryland, held in the year 1916, an Act was passed, to-wit: Chapter 159 of said Acts, being an Act to propose an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title, "Legislative Department," of the Constitution of this State; and which said Act is in words and figures following:

"CHAPTER 159.

AN ACT to propose an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title, Legislative Department, of the Constitution of this State, regulating the making of appropriations by the General Assembly of Maryland in regular session, and to provide for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of this State for adoption or rejection.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Gen al Assembly of Maryland (three-fifths of all the members of each of the two houses concurring) That the following be and the same is hereby proposed as an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title Legislative Department, of the Constitution of this State, the same, if adopted by the legally qualified voters of the State, as herein provided, to become Section 52 of Article III of the Constitution of Maryland.

Sec. 52. The General Assembly shall not appropriate any money out of the Treasury except in accordance with the followin provisions:

Sub-Section A:

Every appropriation bill shall be either a Budget Bill, or a Supplementary Appropriation Bill, as hereinafter mentioned.

Sub-Section B:

First. Within twenty days after the convening of the General Assembly (except in the case of a newly elected Governor, and then within thirty days after his inauguration,) unless such time shall be extended by the General Assembly for the session at which the Budget is to be submitted, the Governor shall submit to the General Assembly two budgets, one for each of the ensuing fiscal years. Each budget shall contain a complete plan of proposed expenditures and estimated revenues for the particular fiscal year to which it relates; and shall show the estimated surplus or deficit of revenues at the end of such year. Accompanying each budget shall be a statement showing: (1) the revenues and expenditures for each of the two fiscal years next preceding; (2) the current assets, liabilities, reserves and surplus or deficit of the State; (3) the debts and funds of the State; (4) an estimate of the State's financial condition as of the beginning and end of each of the fiscal years covered by the two budgets above provided; (5) any explanation the Governor may desire to make as to the important features of any budget and any suggestion as to methods for the reduction or increase of the State's revenue.

Second. Each budget shall be divided into two parts, and the first part shall be designated "Governmental Appropriations" and shall embrace an itemized estimate of the appropriations: (1) for the General Assembly as certified to the Governor in the manner hereinafter provided; (2) for the Executive Department; (3) for the Judiciary Department, as provided by law, certified to the Governor by the Comptroller; (4) to pay and discharge the principal and interest of the debt of the State of Maryland in conformity with Section 34 of Article III of the Constitution, and all laws enacted in pursuance thereof; (5) for the salaries payable by the State under Constitution and laws of the State; (6) for the establishment and maintenance throughout the State of a thorough and efficient system of public schools in conformity with Article VIII of the Constitution and with the laws of the State; (7) for such other purposes as are set forth in the Constitution of the State.

Third. The second part shall be designated "General Appropriations," and shall include all other estimates of appropriations.

The Governor shall deliver to the presiding officer of each house the budgets and a bill for all the proposed appropriations of the budgets clearly itemized and classified; and the presiding officer of each house shall promptly cause said bill to be introduced therein, and such bill shall be known as the "Budget Bill." The Governor may, before final action thereon by the General Assembly, amend or supplement either of said budgets to correct an oversight or in case of an emergency, with the consent of the General Assembly by delivering such an amendment or supplement to the presiding officers of both houses; and such amendment or supplement shall thereby become a part of said budget bill as an addition to the items of said bill or as a modification of or a substitute for any item of said bill such amendment or supplement may affect.

The General Assembly shall not amend the budget bill so as to affect either the obligations of the State under Section 34 of Article III of the Constitution, or the provisions made by the laws of the State for the establishment and maintenance of a system of public schools, or the payment of any salaries required to be paid by the State of Maryland by the Constitution thereof; and the General Assembly may amend the bill by increasing or diminishing the items therein relating to the General Assembly and by increasing the items therein relating to the judiciary, but except as hereinbefore specified, may not alter the said bill except to strike out or reduce items therein provided; however, that the salary or compensation of any public officer shall not be decreased during his term of office; and such bill when and as passed by both houses shall be a law immediately without further action by the Governor.

Fourth. The Governor and such representatives of the executive departments, boards, officers and commissions of the State expending or supplying for State's money, as have been designated by the Governor for this purpose, shall have the right, and when requested by either house of the Legislature, it shall be their duty to appear and be heard with respect to any budget bill during the consideration thereof, and to answer inquiries relative thereto.

Sub-Section C: Supplementary Appropriation Bills.

Neither house shall consider other appropriations until the Budget Bill has been finally acted upon by both houses, and no such other appropriation shall be valid except in accordance with the provisions following: (1) Every such appropriation shall be embodied in a separate bill limited to some single work, object or purdose therein stated and called herein a Supplementary Appropriation Bill; (2) Each Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall provide the revenue necessary to pay the appropriation thereby made by a tax, direct or indirect, to be laid and collected as shall be directed in said Bill. (3) No Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall become a law unless it be passed in each house by a vote of a majority of the whole number of the members elected; and in the yeas and nays recorded on its final passage; (4) Each Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall be presented to the Governor of the State as provided in Section 17 of Article II of the Constitution and thereafter all the provisions of said Section shall apply.

Nothing in this amendment shall be construed as preventing the Legislature from passing at any time in accordance with the provisions of Section 28 of Article III of the Constitution and subject to the Governor's power of approval as provided in Section 17 of Article II of the Constitution an appropriation bill to provide for the payment of any obligation of the State of Maryland within the protection of Section 10 of Article I of the Constitution of the United States.

Sub-Section D. General Provisions:

First. If the Budget Bill shall not have been finally acted upon by the Legislature three days before the expiration of its regular session, the Governor may, and it shall be his duty to issue a proclamation extending the session for such further period as may, in his judgment, be necessary for the passage of such Bill; but no other matter than such Bill shall be considered during such extended session except a provision for the cost thereof.

Second. The Governor for the purpose of making up his budgets shall have the power, and it shall be his duty, to require from the proper State officials, including herein all executive departments, all executive and administrative offices, bureaus boards, commissions and agencies expending or supervising the expenditure of, and all institutions applying for State moneys and appropriations, such itemized estimates and other information, in such form and at such times as he shall direct. The estimates for the Legislative Department, certified by the presiding officer of each house, of the Judiciary, as provided by law, certified by the Comptroller, and for the public schools, as provided by law shall be transmitted to the Governor, in such form and at such times as he shall direct, and shall be included in the budget without revision.

The Governor may provide for public hearings on all estimates and may require the attendance at such hearings of representatives of all agencies, and of all institutions applying for State moneys. After such public hearings he may, in his discretion, revise all estimates except those for the legislative and judiciary departments and for the public schools as provided by law.

Third. The Legislature may, from time to time, enact such laws, not inconsistent with this Section, as may be necessary and proper to carry out it provisions

Fourth. In the event of any inconsistency between any of the provisions of this Section and any of the other provisions of the Constitution, the provisions of this Section shall prevail. But nothing herein shall in any manner affect the provisions of Section 34 of Article III of the Constution or of any laws heretofore or hereafter passed in pursuance thereof, or be construed as preventing the Governor from calling extraordinary sessions of the Legislature, as provided by Section 16 of Article II, or as preventing the Legislature at such extraordinary sessions from considering any emergency appropriations.

If any item of any appropriation bill passed under the provisions of this Section shall be held invalid upon any ground, such invalidity shall not affect the legality of the Bill or of any other item of such Bill or Bills.

Section 2. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said foregoing Section hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution shall at the next ensuing general election, being the Presidential and Congressional election, being the Presidential and Congressional, election, to be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday of November, nineteen hundred and sixteen, be submitted to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection in conformity with the directions contained in Article XVI of this State, and at said election the vote on said proposed amendment to the constitution shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be placed the following synopsis of said amendment under the caption of 'CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROVIDING FOR A BUDGET.'

"This amendment provides that the Governor shall present to the Legislature soon after it is convened a Budget giving a complete plan of proposed expenditures and estimated revenues for the two succeeding fiscal years showing clearly any surplus or deficit in State funds. In these estimates he shall make provision for the interest and sinking funds of all State debts, for all salaries as fixed by law, and for the public schools as fixed by law. With regard to most other matters he may revise the estimates presented to him either by State officers or State aided institutions. The Legislature may not increase the estimates presented by the Governor or pass any additional appropriation act except by a majority vote and must make provision by tax for such increase or additional appropriation. The Legislature may not alter in any appropriation act the provision made by law for the State debt, or for the judiciary, but may reduce all other items in the Governor's estimates; and the words 'for the Constitutional Amendment' and 'against the Constitutional Amendment' as now provided by law, and immediately after said election due returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote in accordance with Article XVI of the Constitution.

Approved Marah 28, 1916."

Now, therefore, I, Emerson C. Harrington, Governor of the State of Maryland, in pursuance of the direction contained in Section 1 of Article 14 of the Constitution of Maryland, do hereby order and direct a copy of this Proclamation, containing a full, true and correct copy of the text of said Chapter 159 of the Acts of Maryland of 1916, be published in at least two newspapers in each of the counties of the State and in three newspapers published in the City of Baltimore one of which said newspapers in the City of Baltimore to be printed in the German language, once a week for three months next preceding the General Election to be held in this State on November 7th, 1916, and at which election the said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be submitted in form and manner prescribed by the General Assembly, to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection.

GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND THE GREAT SEAL OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND.

The Great Seal of Maryland.

DONE at the City of Annapolis, this twentieth day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand and nine hundred and sixteen.

EMERSON C. HARRINGTON,
By the Governor:
THOMAS W. SIMMONS,
Secretary of State.

ROAD PETITION

Notice is hereby given that thirty days after the first publication hereof, application will be made to the County Commissioners of Garrett county for the appointment of viewers to lay out and locate a proposed new county road in Election District No. 10 of said county, said proposed road to begin at a point on the Ryan's Glade and Maine road at or near Z. H. Moon's mail box, and running thence through the lands of Michael and Bell Tasker, Alexander Moon, George W. Walter and Jesse and George White to intersect the road leading from Bethlehem to Mountain Lake Park, a distance of about two miles.

F. B. TASKER,
MIKE TASKER,
ALEX. MOON,
JESSE WHITE,
GEORGE A. WHITE,
GEORGE W. WALTER,
AND OTHERS.

First publication August 3, 1916.

The Maryland State College Of Agriculture

Gives special courses in—

AGRICULTURE, ANIMAL HUSBANDRY, DAIRYING, POULTRY HUSBANDRY, FRUIT GROWING, MARKET GARDENING, FLORICULTURE, CANNING, CHEMISTRY, BIOLOGY, RURAL, CIVIL, MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING.

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College Expenses $40—Living Expenses $100 a year, 2 year, 10 week and CORRESPONDENCE COURSES—

FALL TERM Begins September 12th.

For Full Information address—

THE REGISTAR, COLLEGE PARK, MD.

Adv. 22-6t

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Only the Best Material Used.

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CONCRETE WORK of All Kinds.

All Work Guaranteed.

OAKLAND, - MARYLAND.

Examiner's Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, appointed by the County Commissioners of Garrett county, to view the lands through which the change in the turn of the road is to be made leading from Hoyes to Oakland road, to intersect the State road near William Callis' and examine whether the said change in road should be made, will meet on the 15th day of September, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said change of said road, and if so to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

R. M. HOLEMAN.
JAMES W. FRIEND.
D. S. CUSTER,
Examiners.

Just received at McIntire's Hardware Store, a car load of Paroid Roofing to sell at the right price.

Advertisement.

SPEICHER LAW IS UPHELD BY COURT

(Continued from page 1.)

the majority of vote were cast 'Against License.' A number of sections provide for the regulation of sales, etc., in case a majority vote were cast 'For License.' It is a character of legislation that has become quite familiar in this and other states and it would be unreasonable and useless to require that every proposed prohibition, if the vote be against license, be in the title. It is not necessary, as might be shown by reference to numerous decisions. The subject of the Act was the prohibition or regulation of the sale of liquor, as determined by the people, and no one who saw or heard the title could suppose that an Act with such a title would simply submit the question of 'Against License' or 'For License, without more. It would be worse than useless to submit the question to the people whether liquor shall be sold and stop there. If determined that it should not be sold then it was eminently fitting, and it may be said, necessary, in order to properly give force to the law, to enact some provisions and penalties to that end."

To strengthen the opinion as above the Court sited a number of decisions bearing upon the question and continued:

"The attorneys have shown commendable zeal in the preparation of their briefs and have cited, any of the great number of decisions on the subject, but we will not prolong this opinion by referring to or discussing many of them.

"As the title of Act of 1916 was to repeal and reenact with amendments Section 4 of the Act of 1914, which is the section that had the prohibition in it, no one ought to have been misled, but if interested, should have examined or inquired into the Act to see what changes were proposed to be made.

"That section, as repealed and reenacted with amendments by the Act of 1916, simply took the place of the section as originally enacted, and it was not intended, and there was no occasion to resubmit the question whether liquor should be sold. The title did not indicate that it was so intended, but on the contrary it was simply to repeal and reenact Section 4 of the Act of 1914, which did submit the question of license or no license. Section 6, which prescribes the penalities for violations of the provisions of the proceding sections, is still in force, and is of course applicable to Section 4 as reenacted.

"We are therefore of the opinion that the contention that the Act is invalid by reason of Section 29 of Article 3 of the Constitution, is not sustained.

"We do not deem it necessary to discuss at length the Webb-Kenyon Act. It is sufficient to say that so far as we are aware the Supreme Court has not thusfar any construction on this Act which prevents the prosecution under our Act. If it was in violation of the laws of Maryland to bring liquor into this State, as the petitioners are charged with doing, then the Webb-Kenyon Act 'divests' such liquors of their 'interstate character,' and the Inter-State Commerce Clause is not a defense. Without attempting to discuss the many authorities on the subject, we might state that the case of Adams Express Company vs. Kentucky, refers to many of the cases. As each of the warrants under which these parties were arrested alleges that he 'did unlawfully carry and bring into Garrett county intoxicating liquors, in quantity greater than one quart, to-wit: 12 quart bottles and one pint of whiskey,' the very language of the statute is followed, and it was a violation of the Maryland law, if as charged in the Warrants."

The order of the Court directed that 'In each of the above cases the petition for habeas corpus be dismissed.

O. H. S. Notes.

The Oakland High School opened in the Maryland theatre, Sept. 4th, with an enrollment of 108, which is the largest in the history of the school. At the present time we have an enrollment of 120. Rev. Mr. Appleton was elected to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Miss Stewart.

We have lost several old students, two of whom were members of the class of '17—Felix Robinson who has entered Pennsylvania College, Gettysburg, Penna., and Gerald Tanner, who has entered the preparatory school at Keyser, W. Va.

Mary Sincell and Louise Harned, members of the class of '16, visited school before leaving for Western Maryland College, where they matriculated in the freshman year.

Ada Glotfelty was absent several days from school on account of the death of her grandmother, Mrs. Mahlon Glotfelty.

We have two new members in the fourth year class, Helen Marquis, of Cumberland, Md., and Ada Fahey, of Grafton, W. Va.

Ruth Robinson, Accident; Lena Adams, Crellin, Rosalie Pendergast, Ottaway, Ada Warnick, Bloomington, Paul Laffey, Frankville, and a number from Mt. Lake and Deer Park have enrolled in the first year class.

James Hamill, who had enrolled in the first year class, later decided to enter the Boy's Latin School, Baltimore, Md., where he expects to take up his work in the near future.

Ross Isenberg received a scholarship in the Frostburg State Normal, where he is the secretary of Professor Staples.

Edward Lewis, also of the same class, who is traveling for the Quayle Jewelery Co., visited school and sold the third and fourth year classes considerable jewelry.

The following officers were elected in the third year class: President, Robert Sliger; vice president, Clyde Dawson; treasure Robert Porter; secretary, Mary D. Naylor.

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Offutt and Mr. and Mrs. King Delawder motored to Kingwood, West Va., Tuesday afternoon, returning to Oakland the same evening.

Shoe Repairing Shop

I have opened a shoe repairing shop in the Beckwith building on Green street and am prepared to do work while you wait.

All work Guaranteed.

Shoes made to fit deformed feet.

PHILIP COLLALTI.

Adv. 31-4t

Administrator's Sale OF Personal Property AND Real Estate

Under and by virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court for Garrett county, the undersigned administrator of the personal estate of Buckner Mason, late of Garrett county deceased, hereby gives notice that he will on

WEDNESDAY,
the 18th day of October, 1916,

at the hour of 10 o'clock A. M., at the farm of the deceased located 6 miles north of Swanton, Garrett county, offer at public auction and sell to the highest bidder all of the following personal property, to-wit:

One gray Horse, 6 years old; 1 gray Horse, 7 years old; 1 Jersey Cow, 1 two-horse Carriage, 1 Grain Drill, 1 Land Roller, 1 Mowing Machine, 1 Hillside Plow, 1 Cutting Box, 1 Hay Rake, 1 Spring tooth Harrow, 1 Cultivator, 1 Road Wagon, nearly new; 1 old Road Wagon, 1 set Double Work Harness, 1 Saddle, about 8 tons Hay, and 250 bushel of Oats, and other articles too numerous to mention.

I will also, upon the same day and immediately after the above personal property has been sold, offer at public auction the farm of the decedent, containing the quantity of 81 acres, which is improved by a good Dwelling House and barn, all cleared except six acres and under fence. This land is very productive and is under a good state of cultivation. There is also located upon the farm two good apple orchards; good well and never-falling springs.

TERMS OF SALE—On the personal property, sums of $5 and under cash on the day of sale; above $5 a credit of six months with approved security will be given. On the real estate, one fourth of the purchase money to be paid in cash on the day of sale; and the balance in three equal annual installments, the deferred payments to be evidenced and secured by the notes of the purchaser or purchasers with security satisfactory to the undersigned administrator, and to bear interest from the day of sale, or the entire purchase price may be paid in cash on the day of sale.

A. B. MASON,
Administrator.
Swanton, Md. R. F. D.

REPORT OF CONDITION OF

The First National Bank, AT KITZMILLERVILLE,

In the State of Maryland, at the close of business, September 12, 1916.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$89,302 84
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)		24,000 00
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged		6,633 85
Stock of Federal Reserve bank (50 per cent of subscription)		1,150 00
Value of banking house (if unencumbered)		7,000 00
Furniture and fixtures		4,646 00
Net amount due from Federal Reserve bank		2,612 31
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in New York, Chicago and St. Louis	4 90	
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in other reserve cities	6,122 67	6,127 57
Net amount due from banks and bankers (other than above)		18 22
Outside checks and other cash items	147 70	
Fractional currency, nickles, and cents	163 64	311 34
Notes of other national banks		2,490 00
Coin and certificates		10,608 30
Redemption fund with U.S.Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		1,249 50
Total		$157,109 93

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		25,000 00
Surplus fund		10,011 69
Undivided profits	1,945 54	
Less current expenses, interest and taxes paid	1,255 27	690 27
Circulating notes outstand		23,900 00
Net amount due to banks and bankers (other than above)		816 36
Demand deposits—		
Individual deposits subject to check		29,228 23
Certified checks		80 25
Cashier's Checks out standing		346 54
Total demand deposits	29,655 02	
Time deposits (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice):		
Other time deposits		67,446 59
Total of time deposits	67,446 59	
Total		$157,109 93

State of Maryland, County of Garrett.

I, G. B. M. KEPLER, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

G. B. M. KEPLER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 21st day of September, 1916.

SUE R. LAUGHLIN, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: D. F. FICHTNER,
G. B. PEW,
S. S. BENDER,
Directors.

Supervisors' Notice OF Registration of Voters.

OFFICE OF
THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF ELECTION FOR GARRETT COUNTY.
OAKLAND, MD., SEPTEMBER, 12, 1916.

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with the provisions of Article 33, as amended by Chapter 236 Acts of 1910, the undersigned Officers of Registration of the respective Election Districts of Garrett county, Md., will hold their sittings from 8 o'clock a. m. until 8 o'clock p. m., on

Tuesday, October 3rd,
Tuesday, October 10th,
AND ON
Tuesday, October 17th,

for revision only.

(No one can register after Tuesday, October 10.)

at their respective places of registration hereinafter named, for the purpose of registering in their respective registries of voters all persons who possess or before the day of election next ensuing may possess the requisite qualifications under the Constitution of the State of Maryland and the laws make thereunder entitling them to vote in said election districts and for the purpose of performing all other duties required of them by Article 33 of the Code of Public General Laws of Maryland.

Election District Number One—
Swanton.

The Officers of Registration for the First Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Election Building in the town of Swanton.

Election District Number Two—
Friendsville.

The Officers of Registration for the Second Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Council chamber in the town of Friendsville.

Election District Number Three—
Grantsville.

The Officers of Registration for the Third Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Council Chamber in the town of Grantsville.

Election District Number Four—
Bloomington.

The Officers for Registration for the Fourth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Cleary building in the town of Bloomington.

Election District Number Five—
Accident.

The Officers of Registration of the Fifth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the house of Mrs. Susan Englehart in the town of Accident.

Election District Number Six—
Sang Run.

The Officers of Registration for the Sixth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Election Building in the town of Sang Run.

Election District Number Seven—
Oakland.

The Officers of Registration for the Seventh Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the office of the Board of Election Supervisors in the Court House.

Election District Number Eight—
Ryans Glade. First Precinct.

The Officers of Registration for the First Precinct of the Eighth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Election Building on the Northwestern Pike.

Second Precinct.

The Officers of Registration for the Second Precinct of the Eighth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid at Red House.

Election District Number Nine—
Johnson's.

The Officers of Registration for the Ninth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the shop of Thomas Johnson on the National Pike.

Election District Number Ten—
Deer Park.

The Officers of Registration for the Tenth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Savage building in the town of Deer Park.

Election District Number Eleven—
The Elbow.

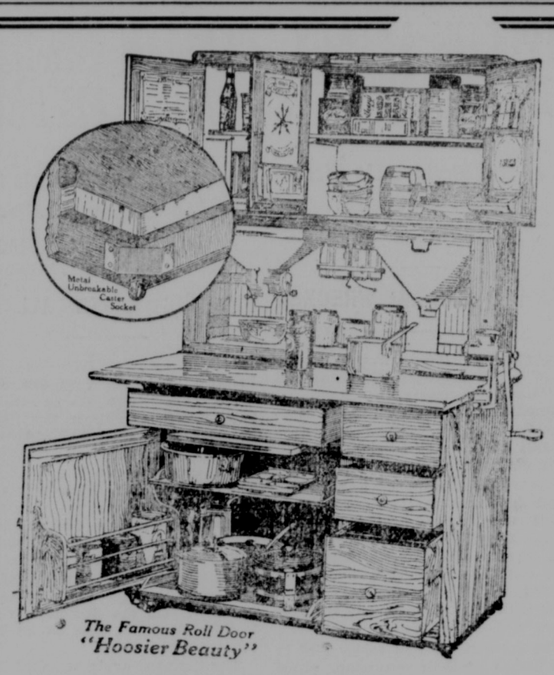
The officers of Registration for the Eleventh Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the residence of Joseph Warnick.

Election District Number Twelve—
Bittinger.

The Officers of Registration for the Twelfth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the old store room originally occupied by G. W. Engle in the town of Bittinger.

Election District Number Thirteen—
Kitzmiller.

The Officers of Registration for the Thirteenth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Bank Room in the town of Kitzmiller.



The Famous Roll Door "Hoosier Beauty"

WE have in stock the famous HOOSIER KITCHEN CABINET at a price within your reach:

$21.00, $27.00 and $34.00

$1.00 down; balance $1.00 per week

The safest and surest plan is to order now. You take no risk. We guarantee to refund every cent if you are not delighted with the Hoosier.

CALL AND SEE OUR LINE.

McIntire's Hardware Store

Oakland, Maryland.

Gold Medal Winner Panama-Pacific Exposition San Francisco 1915

Election District Number Fourteen—
Oakland.

The Officers of Registration for the Fourteenth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Dr. J. Lee McComas office Building adjoining the Commercial Hotel in the town of Oakland.

JOHN T. O'BRIEN,
JOSIAH G. FRIEND.

Officers of Registration for the First Election District.

WILLIAM FREDERICK, Jr.
JAS. W. FRIEND.

Officers of Registration for the Second Election District.

WILLIAM T. STANTON,
C. C. DURST.

Officers of Registration for the Third Election District.

EARL FAZENBAKER,
JOEL PAUGH.

Officers of Registration for the Fourth Election District.

LYMAN FRAZEE,
ADAM HETRICK.

Officers of Registration for the Fifth Election District.

G. WM. BROWNING,
SHERMAN G. SAVAGE.

Officers of Registration for the Sixth Election District.

JOHN F. HART,
WARREN RATHBUN.

Officers of Registration for the Seventh Election District.

FRANK LAYTON,
P. A. CHISHOLM.

Officers of Registration for the First Precinct, Eighth Election District.

ROBERT LATHRUM,
JONAS YUTZY.

Officers of Registration for the Second Precinct, Eighth Election District.

C. ARTHUR MURPHY,
JAMES R. MCKENZIE.

Officers of Registration for the Ninth Election District.

BRUCE T. BROWNING,
B. T. THRASHER.

Officers of Registration for the Tenth Election District.

CORNELIUS H. SMITH,
ALFRED MAGRUDER.

Officers of Registration for the Twelfth Election District.

OLIN WARNICK,
E. S. BRENNEMAN.

Officers of Registration for the Twelfth Election District.

WM. S. HARVEY,
LEWIS CASPER BRAY,

Officers of Registration for the Thirteenth Election District.

C. F. WHITE,
H. R. DEWITT.

Officers of Registration for the Fourteenth Election District.

J. M. STANTON, Pres.
FRED T. MILLER,
GEO. D. BROWNING.

Board of Supervisors of Election for Garrett County, Md.
H. A. RASCHE, Clerk.

A Money Saving Chance For You.

Get rid of your old scrap iron, old rags, old gum shoes, copper and brass. We are paying best cash prices for same.

25c per hundred for iron; 50c per hundred for rags; 5c per lb. for rubber; from 5c to 10c per lb. for copper and brass.

We are located at the old Hamill house, opposite the electric light plant, Oakland, Md.

A. G. TARLO, Proprietor.

Adv. 16-5 months.

Assignee's Sale OF VALUABLE House and Lot

In Mt. Lake Park, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage from Phillip T. Garthright and Sarah E. Garthright, his wife, dated October 13th, 1908, and recorded among the Mortgage Records of Garrett county, in Liber No. 57, folio 60, and assigned to Richard S. Bell, for the purpose of foreclosure, there being default in the covenants and conditions of said mortgage, the undersigned assignee of said mortgage, will sell at public auction in front of the premises hereinafter described, in Mt. Lake Park, Garrett County, Maryland on

SATURDAY
the 7th day of October, 1916

at 10:30 A. M. the following property, to-wit:

First. All that lot or parcel of land known and described as Lot No. 1017, fronting on "K" Street, on the Plat of Mountain Lake Park, as recorded in Liber No. 6, folio 300, of the Land Records of Garrett County, and being the same property which was conveyed to the said Phillip T. Garthright by Gilmor S. Hamill, Trustee, by deed dated April 7th, 1909, and recorded among said Land Records in Liber No. 56, folio 315, a reference to which is hereby made.

This property is improved with a very good dwelling and outbuildings, the house being equipped with bath and electric light, and the property is known as "Smouse Cottage."

Second. All those lots, pieces or parcels of land situate, lying and being in Mountain Lake Park, and known and described as Lots Nos. 920 and 922 respectively on the plat of Mountain Lake Park, and being the same lots which were conveyed to the said Phillip T. Garthright by the Mountain Lake Park Association, by deed dated February 22nd, 1896, and recorded among the Land Records of Garrett County aforesaid, in Liber No. 24, folio 15, a reference to which said deed is hereby made.

Each of these lots is improved with a good dwelling house and the whole is known as "Virginia Homes," these houses are equipped with bath, electric light etc., with necessary outbuildings.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on the day of sale.

RICHARD S. BELL,
Assignee of Mortgage.

Proposals for Building Iron and Concrete Bridges.

Office of the County Commissioners for Garrett County.
Oakland, Md., September 13th, 1916.

Notice is hereby given that the County Commissioners of Garrett county Maryland, will receive sealed proposals until

Monday, October 2nd, 1916,

at 2 o'clock p. m. at their office in the town of Oakland, Md., for the building of four concrete or iron bridges.

Bridge near Jennings to be an iron structure 41 feet and 6 inches long 12 foot clear road way capacity 15 tons white oak plank floor two and one half inches thick.

or a Concrete Bridge.

To be of Concrete arched 36 feet long ten feet and eight inches from bed of stream to finished roadway with a 12 foot clear roadway set in between the old butmans.

And at the same time and the same place sealed bids will be received for the building of a concrete bridge over Mill Run near John Stuck's blacksmith shop. Bridge to be concrete arched 24 feet long 14 feet clear roadway on a 7 per cent grade 12 feet 5 inches from bed of stream to finished road way at highest end.

And at the same time and at the same place sealed bids will be received for the building of a concrete bridge over Cherry creek on the road leading to Bittinger, bridge to be 28 feet arched concrete with a 14 foot clear road way 9 feet from bed of stream to finished roadway on 70 degrees off center line of road way.

And at the same time and at the same place sealed bids will be received for the building of a concrete bridge over Cherry creek near L. C. Ewin farm in District No. 14 bridge to be 40 feet arched concrete 10 feet and 8 inches from bed of stream to finished roadway 12 feet clear roadway wing walls 14 feet long.

The above bridge to be designed to carry 150 pounds to the square foot, or a concentrated load of 20 tons.

Specifications can be seen at the County Commissioners office.

The County Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the Board.

W. G. MEYERS, Clerk.

The Celebrated South Bend Plow.

Buy one now and pay for it in the spring. Price is just right.

McIntire's Hardware Store, Oakland. Advertisement.

For Sale.

Crooks Crest, comprising about twenty acres, improved by handsome house. Apply to the owner or any real estate agent. Mrs. E. Fundenberg. Oakland, Md. Adv. 12-tf

The Celebrated South Bend Plow.

Buy one now and pay for it in the spring. Price is just right.

McIntire's Hardware Store, Oakland. Advertisement.

For Sale On The Monthly Payment Plan

Pay Like Rent

You can buy the 3 room cottage, equipped with city water, sewer, inside toilet and gas, on the lot fronting 50 feet on Bartlett St. by 100 ft. deep, on the monthly payment plan on the same terms and conditions as thousands o homes are being secured every [illegible] through the Building and Loan sociations.

Or the 7-room house, with cellar, gas, city water, sewer, bath etc. on the lot 100 by 100 ft. at the corner of Center and Bartlett Sts.

If not sold these houses are for rent on very reasonable terms.

For particulars see
Paul B. Naylor or write to
U. G. Palmer, Verona, Pa.

VULCALENE

SELF VULCANIZING

For punctures, blow outs, cuts, tears, hot water bags, and all rubber goods

Save 200 to 500 per cent on your tire troubles

Heat or friction will not affect it

It is a pure Para Rubber compound, not a tire dough.

Anyone can apply it.

For sale by

E. S. EVANS

Terra Alta, W. Va. Oakland, Md.

THE VULCALENE CO.,
Washington, D. C.

29-4t

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Notice is hereby given to all creditors of Angemima George, of Gorman, Md., lately adjudicated an insolvent by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, the same being No. 105 Insolvents on the docket of said Court, that a meeting of creditors of said insolvent will be held on Tuesday September 26, 1916, at the hour of 3 p. m. in the Clerk's Office at the Court House in Oakland, Md., at which said time a permanent trustee will be selected and such other business relating to said insolvency transacted as may be necessary and proper. All creditors are hereby notified to appear and present their claims properly proven.

JULIUS C. RENNINGER,
ERNEST RAY JONES,
Preliminary Trustees.

Commissioners Meeting.

Office of the County Commissioners for Garrett county, Oakland, Md., September 18th, 1916.

The Board of County Commissioners for Garrett County, Maryland, will meet in their office in the town of Oakland, on

Monday, October 2nd, 1916,

to transact routine business.

By order of the Board.

W. G. MEYERS, Clerk.

THE REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME 41. OAKLAND, MARYLAND THURSDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1916. NUMBER 32

FALL WAS FATAL TO AGED WOMAN

Mrs. Wm. Ryland, Friendsville, Died As A Result Of Injury

Mrs. Wm. Ryland, aged sixty years, one of the oldest and most respected residents of Friendsville, died at her home in that town last Thursday evening three hours after she had fallen down a cellar-way at her home and sustained such injuries that she never recovered consciousness.

From what can be learned of the accident Mrs. Ryland was just returning to the house after doing some chores and not being aware, or at least not seeing that a trap door in the rear porch that led down to the cellar was open, walked into space and striking upon the cement floor of the cellar on her head suffered a fractured skull and other injuries.

The injured woman was found where she had fallen a few minutes afterward and carried from the cellar to her room in the house where everything was done to revive her but her injuries were of such nature that death ensued in about three hours.

Mrs. Ryland was the widow of the late William Ryland, who was a leading merchant at Friendsville a number of years ago and whose death occurred within the past three years. She is survived by her son, E. C. W. Ryland, of Friendsville. She was a consistent member of the Disciple church, her funeral occurring Saturday and was conducted by the Rev. Mr. Young, of the Lutheran church, in the absence of the pastor of the Disciple church.

Merchandise Sold.

On Monday Mr. R. S. Jamison, proprietor of the 5 and 10 cent store, sold his stock of goods to Mr. A. C. Whetsell, who has taken charge and will enlarge the stock of goods and reopen the store within a few days.

HAMMOND HOME RUINED BY FIRE

Destructive Fire Wrecked Palatial Residence in Oakland Saturday Morning.

The beautiful home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Hammond, located on Second street, in Oakland, which was erected a few years ago at a cost of some twenty thousand dollars, was badly damaged Saturday morning as the result of a fire which broke out in the building about one o'clock and which was discovered by Mr. Hammond shortly afterward and who gave the alarm, which brought hundreds of people to the scene within a comparatively short time.

Mr. Hammond had retired at his usual hour (Mrs. Hammond being on a visit to friends in Meyersdale) and was awakened between the hours of one and two o'clock by smoke pouring into his sleeping appartment and upon making an investigation of the cause found that the upper floor of the buildlng was on fire, the flames having gained considerable headway. He at once called to his neighbors and they responded by going to his assistance in saving some of the furniture of the first floor and in giving an alarm by telephone and otherewise with the result that in a few minutes the town turned out.

The hose reels were soon at the fire and the work of extinguishing the flames was begun. For more than three hours thousands of gallons of water were poured into the building. The fire seemed to be confined to the third floor of the structure and in the roof timbers and at times it appeared that the flames were under control, only to burst through the roof at other points which was disheartening to the fighters, but they persisted and at last they were the victors, but only after the roof had been almost entirely burned off and the third floor burned out, with damage by fire and water to the two lower floors.

Nothing whatever in the way of furnishings was saved from the second and third floors of the house, and it was only through the hard work and persistent efforts of those who got to the scene earyl that the furniture on the first floor of the home was carried out.

The fire from its incipiency was hard to fight and was the hardest proposition ever undertaken by the local firemen, to whom is given the credit for saving even a portion of the building, the side walls being intact as well as some of the interior.

Insurance amounting to $14,000 on the building and its contents was carried by Mr. Hammond, which amount will probably cover the loss. Adjusters were here yesterday making an inventory of the damage and as soon as their report is received Mr. Hammond will begin the work of restoring the building for occupancy.

DEER PARK WANTS ROAD

Improved Highway From Sand Flat to That Town Petitioned For

Yesterday a delegation of citizens from Deer Park appeared before the Board of County Commissioners and presented a petition for the building of a State-Aid road from Sand Flat to Deer Park, a distance of about five miles and at the same time filed a bond as required by law governing the matter.

With this road completed it will give the residents of Deer Park an improved highway from their town to connect with the State road and will be of decided advantage to the entire community.

Cattle Poisoned.

As the result of eating the foliage from young oak trees eight head of imported and registered Gurnsey cattle, on the farm of Col. George W. Truesdell at Altamont, suffered tannic poisoning on last Friday and for a time it was thought the attack would prove fatal. Dr. Melody, of Oakland, treated the affected animals and they are now fully recovered.

ORGAN RECITAL AND DEDICATION

The Former Last Friday Night and Dedication Services Sunday Morning.

The organ recital and vocal entertainment at St. Mark's Ev. Lutheran church on last Friday evening was liberally patronized by the people of Oakland and the audience was gratified with the program rendered by those taking part.

The organ, a new instrument built and installed by the H. P. Moller Company of Hagerstown, Md., was constructed especially for the local church and its completion is a socrce of congratulation to the membership who have looked forward to this occasion ever since the new church was erected some ten or more years ago.

The instrument is fitted with all the latest improvements, mechanical and otherwise, and its tone is pronounced by those who are judges to be the best.

The program on Friday night contained superb numbers. Those having parts showed remarkable musical ability and was as follows:

Fourth Sonata in D Minor ..by Guilmont
Miss Eleanor Hinebaugh
Solo .."Grass and Roses"..by Bartlett
Miss Grace Falkenstein
"The King's March".....by Gambrell
Mr. Carl Richardson
Solo "My Redeemer and My Lord" Buck
Mr. John Johnsotn
Communion in G.....by Batiste
Miss Hinebaugh
Solo .."O, Divine Redeemer"..Gounod
Mrs. J. Gordon Mealy
Intermezzo in D Flat..."Alfred Hollins
Miss Hinebaugh
Overture to Stradella.....Dudley Buck
Miss Hinebaugh
Duet....."I Waited for the Lord"
Mrs. Mealy, Dr. John G. Robinson
Solo "The Lord Is my Shepherd" Liddle
Mr. Johnston
Berceuse.....Jocelyn.....Goddard
Mr. Richardson
Solo .....''Ava Maria''.....Millard
Mrs. Mealy
Solo.....''Open the Gates''.....Knapp
Dr. Robinson
Buona Notte.....Nevin
Miss Hinebaugh

On Sunday morning the organ was dedicated as the "Groshon Memorial Pipe Organ," in memory of Miss Anna V. Groshon, of Frederick, Md., who, by her will bequeathed to the local church a sum of money, more than sufficient to make the purchase. The service was brief but impressive and was conducted by the pastor Rev. O. A. Bremer.

WILL ERECT NEW CITY BUILDING

Action Was Taken By Council at Its Meeting Monday Night.

At the meeting of Council Monday night it was decided by that body to erect a new city building to occupy the site of the old building which was torn down some months ago, Mr. Bolden being appointed a committee to draft the plans and prepare the specifications of the structure which will include quarters for the hose reels, council chamber, Mayor's office and lock-up. It is the plan of Council to begin work upon the building at an early date and have it completed before winter. It will be constructed of brick or concrete blocks.

Council also ordered the purchase of automatic nozzles for the fire hose, something that has been greatly needed ever since the installation of the fire protective system.

The contract for the erection of a retaining wall along Liberty street adjacent to the lumber and tie yards of Merchant Dixon was awarded to J. W. McCue, who has started the work.

Mr. and Mrs. Hammond Extend Their Thanks.

We wish to thank the people, one and all, who worked so nobly trying to save our home and contents during the fire which almost completely destroyed it last week. The fire laddies were brave—our heart thanks to you all.

MR. AND MRS. C. F. HAMMOND.

FREDERICK FIGHTS TAX COMMISSION

County Board Refuses to Admit Mr. Gorman to Meeting.

Frederick County Commissioners, or at least a majority of the board, have again taken the bit in arranging for a new assessment of real estate, to begin on October 9. They have appointed the tax supervisors and other officials, and, in defiance of orders of the State Tax Commission, have instructed them to assess real estate at 70 per cent. of its value. The state commission insists upon a full valuation on a "uniform and fair basis."

Chairman A. P. Gorman, of the state commission, visited Frederick Saturday to attend a meeting of the county assessment officials in order to inform himself fully on the plans which the county commissioners have laid down.

Accompanied by Alfred W. Gaver, Frederick county supervisor of assessments, he went to where the conference was being held between the county commissioners and the recently appointed listing clerks to conduct the general reassessment, but was refused admittance.

"No this is our meeting, said President of the Board of County Commissioners Frank M. Stevens when Supervisor Gaver asked if he would not like to have Chairman Gorman address the listening clerks. "You and Mr. Gorman," continued the president, "can have your meeting in October."

Chairman Gorman afterward told the county commissioners that the local board had no authority to instruct listing clerks as to the standard of values to be taken in appraising property. He protested against any valuation under 100 per cent. Any instructions the commissioners had to give along this line, explained Mr. Gorman, were out of order.

Subscribe for The Republican.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

D. M. Dixon & Co., received this week a large shipment of

Floor Oil Cloth

AND

Linoleum

These were bought on a low market and will be sold at a Bargain.

Our customers will find ready for their inspection the largest line of

Underwear, Gloves

AND

Warm Goods

Ever shown in Oakland. These goods were bought early in the spring on a low market and we will give our customers the adyantage of our lucky buy.

Will pay $1.00 per bushel for Potatoes, $1.25 per bushel for Wheat, 30 cents per dozen for Eggs, 28 cents per pound for Butter, 15 cents per pound for young Chickens.

P. S.—Our Buckwheat mill is in First Class order and will be in charge of Mr. Hendrickson. Offer 5 cents cash for good second hand feed sacks.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

C. H. BROWNING

Deer Park's Best Store

You can't possibly dodge an offer like this one:

Will pay the following prices for produce:

Potatoes - -	$1.10 Bushel
Grain Buckwheat	.85 Bushel
Buckwheat Flour	3.00 A cwt.
Ear Corn - -	1.40 Barrel
Butter - - -	.30 Pound
Eggs - - -	.30 Dozen

Special price on one, two and three ply Roofing.

A big stock of floor covering, Linoleum, Oil Cloth and Congoleum.

New stock of Shoes.

Get right trade at Brownings.

Offutt's

WANTED

Three Cars

OF

Potatoes

WILL PAY

$1.10 Per Bushel

Eggs 30 cents Per Dozen,
Butter 30 cents Per Pound.

Will pay highest market price for all Produce.

OFFUTTS'

THE WEEK'S BIG NEWS EVENTS

Happenings That Caused A Stir Briefly Chronicled.

SITUATION AT WASHINGTON

Executive Acts at the Capital—Victories and Defeats of the Great War—Doings in the Forty-Eight States Recorded.

WAR BULLETINS

Sub-Lieutenant Nungesser, of the French aviation service, brings down his seventeenth Prussian airship.

Russo-Rumanian troops gain a decisive victory over Teutons and Bulgarian allies in the Balkans, taking thousands of prisoners and scattering the enemy in flight.

Bulgarians, in two attacks on the Allied positions east and west of Florina, on the Macedonian front, have been repulsed, Paris announces.

British armored tractors played a decisive part in the victory on the Somme. One of these "tanks" at Guendecourt killed 300 Prussians who tried in vain to storm it.

Capture by the British of the greater part of a redoubt north of Thiepval and commanding the valley of the Ancre is announced at London. The gain here and also on high ground northeast of Thiepval strengthens the British position for a drive on Bapaume from the north.

Greek war ships desert the court party and join the Allied fleet in Salamis Bay, while the King decided upon declaring war against Bulgaria.

Serbians descending the Kaimakcalan range are attacking Bulgar positions north of the Greek frontier, while the British again cross the Struma and occupy Jenmita.

WASHINGTON

Secretary of State Lansing announced that the American Ambassador to Germany, James W. Gerard, will return to the United States on a two months' leave of absence.

Secretary of Commerce Redfield accepted the resignation of Assistant Secretary Edwin F. Sweet, who is the Democratic nominee for governor of Michigan.

President Wilson pinned the Eagle Scout badge of honor on Boy Scout MacMorris, of Hazleton, Pa.

Washington receives an official hint that negotiations are to be reopened soon with Berlin, with a view to a settlement of the Lusitania case.

Vi Kyuin Wellington Koo, Chinese Minister to the United States, sent his resignation to the Chinese Foreign Office.

The conference of Sir Richard Crawford, trade adviser of the British Embassy, with American bankers and business men are resented by the State Department as indiscreet and inconsiderate.

The Mexican section of the American and Mexican Joint Commission charge plotting in the U. S. and say the neutrality laws of the U. S. are inadequate to protect Mexican against American conspirators.

A gain of $5,000,000 for the month of August by the Postal Savings Bank is reported by the Postmaster General.

GENERAL

Loan of $50,000,000 to the city of Paris, proceeds, to be devoted mainly to humanitarian purposes, is arranged by Kuhn, Loeb & Co., to run five years, at six per cent.

Flour advanced 20 cents a barrel to $9.10 at Chicago.

The First Vermont Regiment of the National Guard arrived at Burlington, Vt., from the Mexican border.

Prices of all bakery goods in Denver will be advanced approximately 50 per cent.

Colonel F. W. Roe, U. S. A., retired, shot himself at Port Orange, Fla., and died instantly.

J. R. Burkle, dairyman of Manassas, Va., was shot and killed by Eugene Dobson, a negro, who then committed suicide.

Alfred Thompson, a star pitcher of the National League 15 years ago, was found dead of heart disease in a rooming house at Chicago.

Real estate men at New Haven were approached by Government agents who are seeking a site for a government armor plate plant.

The seventh death from infantile paralysis since the disease began to attract attention in Pittsburgh several months ago, was reported.

Two negroes were lynched at Gordonsburg, near Nashville, Tenn., by a mob that broke into the jail there.

Call for a general strike of all union workmen in Seattle as a means of aiding striking longshoremen was voted by the Central Labor Council.

Experts estimated that $500,000,000 is the retail value of sodas, sundaes and other fountain refreshment sold in the United States in 1916.

Buda Goodwin, alleged "lurer" in the blackmailing of Edward R. West, of Chicago, a tea importer, out of $15,000, was arrested on a warrant charging conspiracy.

Exportations into Mexico through Texas ports broke the monthly record during August, according to official report of the United States customs. The aggregate exports for the month were $1,118,650, all of which, except about $14,750 from foreign countries, represented domestic exports, principally foodstuffs.

A memorial to Minnesota soldiers who died in Andersonville Confederate prison, near Americus, Ga., during the Civil War was unveiled at the Andersonville national cemetery.

Forty men, the majority reported to be members of the Industrial Workers of the World, were locked in jail at North Kakima, Wash., by 150 citizens after the railroads refused to take them out of town.

Charged with assault with intent to kill George W. Johnson, American Association umpire, Jacob Scholkey was indicted at Toledo.

The Dover Manufacturing Co.'s iron works plant at Dover, three miles north of New Philadelphia, Ohio, was destroyed by fire at a loss of $200,000.

Mayor William Hale Thompson of Chicago was fined $500 by Federal authorities for violations of the motor boat laws.

Rear Admiral Charles E. Vreeland, who entered the Naval Academy from the enlisted ranks, died at Atlantic City.

Infantile paralysis is laid to vaccine virus by the Anti-Vaccination League of America.

After suffering almost indescribable hardships Joseph A. Dennison and his wife, of Boston, who disappeared four days before, were found in an abandoned logging camp in the White Mountains.

MEXICAN CAMPAIGN

Secretary of War Baker issued another order sending a large number of National Guardsmen to the Mexican border.

Francisco Villa is in control of the State of Chihuahua and has become a "dangerous factor" once more, American army officers report.

Major W. E. Lank of the Delaware regiment was thrown from his horse and painfully injured during a review of the National Guard brigade encamped at Deming, N. M.

The defeat of a large body of Villa followers, with heavy losses among Carranzistas, is reported in El Paso.

Secretary Lane, member of the American Commission in conference with the Mexican representatives at New London, Conn., predicted a satisfactory agreement will be reached and the conference adjourn within two weeks.

Thirty carloads of corn and flour shipped into Mexico at the request of the de facto government were robbed of their contents before reaching the interior.

Brig.-Gen. Granger Adams, U. S. A., who has been in command of the 4th Separate Brigade at Deming, was retired for age.

SPORTING

Twelve gloved pugilists and one barefoot dancer return from South America with dismal accounts of how high art is appreciated below the equator.

Albert Baston, captain of the University of Minnesota football team, broke his collar bone in practice.

Al Bridwell, a former star of the New York Giants, has been appointed manager of the Milwaukee team of the American Association.

Five American athletic champions embark for a competitive tour of Sweden and Norway.

The Pittsburgh National League club announced that Pitcher Harold Carlson had been obtained by the draft route from the team at Rockford, Ill.

Ben Earl, the Nebraska pacer which won the $5,000 Hartman stake at Columbus, repeated in the $3,000 Arch City stake for 2:10 pacers, the feature of the Grand Circuit races.

The defeat of Jim Coffey by the ancient Gunboat Smith at Philadelphia pretty well kills the optimistic dream of an Irish-born heavyweight champion. It should have been killed when Frank Moran twice knocked out the big motorman.

Walter Johnson failed to win a game this season on the home field of the Detroit Tigers.

FOREIGN

The Turkish government has granted permission to a large number of American Jews at Jaffa, Syria, to come to the United States.

The great Poniatowski bridge across the Vistula at Warsaw has been inaugurated in the presence of Gov. Gen. von Besseler.

Six men were killed on board the British steamer Wairuna by an explosion of benzene when the vessel was unloading at New South Wales.

Italy has placed an embargo on exports of all kinds of cheese.

Count Okuma, the Japanese Premier, will resign.

A cargo of 4,000 tons of wheat and linseed left Buenos Aires for New York on the steamer Pampa.

The Chilian steamer Yelcho arrived at Valparaiso, bringing Sir Ernest Shackleton and the sailors of his Antarctic expedition from Elephant Island.

Bandits wrecked two National Railway trains between Gonzales Juncti and San Luis Postosi, Mex., causing the loss of more than a score of lives.

The Bulgarians have seized at the Greek port of Kavala, tobacco valued at $15,000,000 of which $2,000,000 is property of American companies.

RUMANIAN ARMY CUT TO PIECES

Decimated by Von Falkenhayn When Von Delmensingen Forces Flank

RESUME DRIVE AT LEMBERG

London.—The Allies are making further gains on the Eastern and Western fronts, the Russians forcing back the Teutons in another great offensive directed towards Lemberg; the French and British taking new ground in the Somme region.

Another Zeppelin is reported to have been shot down during a raid, over London.

Field Marshal Sir John French, commanding the Somme forces says that a number of hostile airships crossed the east coast between 9 o'clock and midnight. A few bombs were dropped near the coast. An airship is reported brought down in flames north of London.

The Rumanian army evidently is not in as desperate plight as the first German accounts of the victories four days ago seemed to indicate. South of the Red Tower pass, which the Bavarians captured, the Rumanians have reorganized and are making strong attacks on the heights commanding the pass west of Caineni, the Rumanian frontier post.

The two-pronged avance of the Russians on Lemberg is again gathering such headway that the Austro-German armies of Prince Leopold of Bavaria and Archduke Karl have been pushed back. Both northeast and southeast of the Galician capital the Russians have registered advances, capturing, according to the official report issued in Petrograd, more than 4,000 prisoners. Russian gains were admitted by Berlin.

The two main actions are being waged in the region of the Brody-Krasne railway, about 30 miles northeast of Lemberg, and in the Brozosany sector on the Zlota Lipa river, fifty miles southeast of the city.

In the former district, the Russians have pressed forward against heavy resistance, taking about 2,000 prisoners. A Teuton Lipa was carried on the southeastern prow of the advance.

A war office report from Vienna says that four Russian officers and 532 men, together with eight machine guns were captured in the Ludova sector.

ALLIES CONTINUE SOMME DRIVE

London.—Giving the Germans no rest, the victorious British and French troops are driving forward on the Somme front. Both armies won more victories along the same front where they made their important progress. Every German attempt to turn the tide failed, all counter attacks being beaten back.

The British pushed home their capture of Thiepval and placed themselves firmly on the main ridge northeast of the village. They stormed the German work called the Stuff Redoubt, 2,000 yards from Thiepval. Five miles east they pushed forward north of Flers, taking German trenches on a 2,000 yard front and threatening Eaucourt l'Abbaye.

The French swept the Germans still further back from Rancourt and penetrated the large St. Pierre Vaast Wood, directly east of Rancourt. They also captured a fortified wood east of Vermandovillers, south of the Somme. The Germans counter attacked the French positions at Bouchavesnes again, but the French dashed out to meet the attackers, threw them back broken and took 250 prisoners and eight machine guns.

The French also got much booty.

A British statement estimates the number of prisoners in the last fortnight at 10,000, while despatches from the front say that upward of 5,000 of these have been taken in the last two days, when Combles, Thiepval, Gueudecourt, Morval, Lesboeufs and other places fell. In Combles the British captured 1,800 rifles, four liquid flame throwers and much ammunition.

More than 1,800 rifles, four flammenwerfer and many thousand rounds of artillery ammunition and grenades were taken in Combles, where our Allies also made large captures of material.

ERROR HALTS RESERVE ACT

Inadvertence Limits Acceptances of Bills of Exchange.

Washington.—By a mistake made in amending the Federal Reserve act during the closing days of the session, Congress has tied the hands of member banks of the reserve system desiring to accept drafts or bills of exchange beyond 50 per cent. of their capital and surplus. In the act as originally framed, member banks were permitted to accept bill of exchange beyond the 50 per cent. limitation.

CANADIAN LOAN WELL RECEIVED

Result Indicates Flotation of Another at an Early Date.

Ottawa.—Sir Thomas White announces that he was so impressed with the result of the loan as showing the essential strength and soundness of the Canadian financial situation that he will at once take up the question of establishing a further dollar credit in Canada to be availed of by the Imperial government for the purchase of munitions and supplies on this side of the Atlantic.

NEW LIGHT ON CRIME

By FREDERIC J. HASKIN

An English jurist who visited Chicago not long ago remarked that the United States had developed two courts of international importance—courts the form and principle of which would spread to other nations. One he said was the United States Supreme Court; the other was the Municipal Court as an institution.

The Municipal Court of Chicago was the first of its kind, as it still is the largest. It is a court organized on business principles, and as a result of its form of organization it has developed a number of branch courts of much interest and of national importance.

When the necessity for a new court called for its organization, the business men of Chicago got together and put in a few suggestions as to how a court ought to be run. They thought a court ought to be organized like a corporation, with an executive officer and a board of directors, The executive is the Chief Justice, and the board of directors are the thirty-one judges who meet with him once a month to talk over the administration of justice. The judges are all elective, of course; but in between elections they have a pretty free hand, and make and adopt their own rules within the limits. The Chief Justice has large powers. He can assign any one of his thirty-one judges to any class of cases he sees fit.

The most interesting thing that has resulted from this way of running a big court is the specialization feature. About 200,000 cases of all sorts come before the Municipal Court every year. They include every kind of a case that can come before a court, from the trial of the tobacco-masticating enthusiast who expectorates on the public pavements to judgments like one which the court passed affecting the validity of a $6,000,000 bond issue. It has always been a great court to give experience to its judges, and the idea of specialization has enhanced this advantage until it makes experts of them in their lines.

The Chief Justice having power to assign any case to any judge, all that is necessary to create a specialized court is to assign all cases to a certain judge. Then he will get such cases in an unending procession until he knows every variety and sub-species like his middle name. They have a special court, for instance, for auto speeding cases. One judge hears all the speeders. He is probably the nation's leading authority on speeders by this time. Another judge sat and heard cases of a certain involved civil type until he was able to write a book about them that is the recognized authority. What he didn't know to start with, the ablest lawyers in Illinois were sitting up nights to study and tell him. The special knowledge that the judge thus acquires is a good thing, not only for the greater weight that it lends to his decisions, but because lawyers know that he knows and respects him accordingly. It is an excellent thing for the community when the judge knows more than the best attorney either side can hire.

The special branches of the Municipal Court that interest the average man most—and they are the most truly significant—are the Domestic Relations Court, the Boy's Court, and the Morals Court. Here the advantages of specialization show up more clearly. The judge of the Domestic Relations Court gets all the cases involving trouble between husband and wife, and wrongs against women and children.

Consider what that means. Not only is it possible to select a judge who has a special aptitude for dealing with such cases, and give him every opportunity to learn by hundreds of instances what is at the bottom of them and what measures are efficacious in restoring domestic bliss where it is possible to restore it, but by lumping the cases in one court it became possible to build up around that court an elaborate machine for helping the parties concerned. Domestic Relations cases are cases of a very human nature. All the family cases of the poor come up for redress. And as a result of the bringing them altogether, relief agencies get about thirty times as good a chance to work on them as if they were scattered in thirty different courts.

The Domestic Relations Court is perhaps the best known of all the courts. People from the poorer quarters who have a case in which they are concerned in progress anwhere drift into the Domestic Relations courtroom and ask for directions. It has proved necessary to take one of the big court rooms of the building and use it for a waiting room for the families concerned in the Domestic Relations cases. The families come in force and bring the children. There is a special room provided where babies may be stowed for safe-keeping, in charge of a very competent nurse who is generally able to give the mother valuable medical advice incidentally. They have had as many as thirty-two babies in that room at once.

The cases take the usual run of such cases in a big city—desertion, cruelty, non-support. Before they actually go to the judge the workers attached to the court try to straighten matters out without actual trial and sentence. They have before them lists of all the social welfare associations in Chicago; they can lay their fingers on the right one at a moment's notice. If it is a Polish or a Bohemian or a Jewish family that is having difficulties they can call in the proper society and the society will come and add its influence in the matter, pointing out what a disgrace it will be to the race involved if the matter goes up to court. If the principals are Catholics the priest may be asked to help. No court in the world has such an immense machinery of social welfare at its back as the Domestic Relations Court.

The Boy's Court established by Chief Justic Oslen in 1914, is a similarly specialized branch, where all boys between the age of 17 and 21 come up for trial. The tremendous significance of this court lies in the fact that this is the critical age in the boy's life, when he has got to be handled right if there is to be hope for his future. The great majority of crimes are committed between the ages of eighteen and twenty-four. The "criminal age" all over the world ranges from 16 to 24—here in the United States from 19 to 24.

The third special branch court, the Morals Court, bears about the same relation to young girls that the Boy's Court does to boys, and is similarly important. Younger children of both sexes who are arrested go to the Chicago Juvenile Court, which is not a part of the Municipal Court, but is famous in its own account. It was the first Juvenile Court in America, and has its own psychopathic laboratory, also a pioneer in the field.

The specialization of the Municipal Court branches has made the operation of the psychopathic laboratory established in connection much easier. Most of the subjects taken to the laboratory for testing of their minds and examination for mental defects come from these three courts—the Domestic relations, the Boy's, and the Morals. Here are gathered the criminals who are most significant psychologically—young people starting out of their somewhat unpromising careers, and husbands and wives who suffer from exaggerated jealousy or seclusions as to the faithfulness of their helpmates—both common enough afflictions in court cases.

The laboratory is finding a high percentage of feeble-mindedness and mental derangement among those that it examines. Since they are largely selected cases, the laboratory does not go in for general conclusions as to percentages as yet, but any one can look at the results and see that the percentages run high. It is a new conception in some ways for society to adjust its viewpoint to, but many of these criminals and most of the more serious ones, have something the matter with their minds. Such being the case, it is hard to see where punishment helps.

In some ways the outlook is more discouraging than the older one, which saw the criminal knowing good and evil and choosing evil. But a certain minister after studying the work of the experts said to a judge, "I feel that I am going to sleep at nights again. I have been working with these people, and the thought that I was making no progress has kept me awake. If it is true that their minds are wrong—and I feel that it is, in the light of what I have seen—then my failure is no fault of mine." And a woman said to the same judge, "I have more faith in God and humanity since I know that it's not their fault that they do what they do." So apparantly some consolation can be extracted from the new viewpoint; and perhaps a plan for bringing about better things, not in this generation but in the next.

GRANTSVILLE.

The macadam road is a thing of beauty without doubt and almost, not quite a joy forever. At least so think Grantsville housewives and proprietors or business places since tar has been applied to assist in resurfacing the pike a process which is carried out once each year and is most necessary to the perfect roadway, but decidedly a nuisance to the motorist and pedestrian, as well as to those who have the sticky substance carried over their floors and pavements. Last week the tar was spread with a lavish prodigality, or so it seemed, and automobolists vainly tried to avoid having their tires covered, while tourists swathed in paper covers was no uncommon sight. One irate gentleman on a motorcycle shook his fist after the offending tar wagon and exclaimed vehemently of the outrage to his machine and feelings. All day the swish, swish of the spattered motor wheels could be heard and at no time did any one attempt to exceed the speed limit when passing. The condition of the roads kept a number of people from different parts of the county from attending both the Oakland and Meyersdale Fair, but the circumstance was unavoidable and Garrett county rejoices in an almost perfect roadway of which she is justly proud and which makes traveling a pleasure and delight.

A Rally Day service will be held in the Lutheran church on Sunday afternoon, Oct. 8th, at 2:30, the song service being "Our Rallying Host," with exercises for different departments.

The trial of Platter vs. Folk, of Jennings, held at this place Saturday, resulted in Magistrate Dorsey fining each of the men one dollar and costs. The suit was the outcome of a quarrel between Will Folk and Silas Platter, during which the latter bit the ear of the plaintiff, who caused Platter's arrest. A number of witnesses were summoned on either side.

Mrs. T. H. Bittinger was summoned to Midland, Md., last week, owing to the illness of her daughter, Mrs. J. C. Grady, who has been suffering with blood poisoning in her finger, due to a cut. It is understood that the danger is now over and the wound healing. Mr. Grady has been working in Brownsville, Pa., to which place the family will move in the near future.

Mrs. J. O. Getty entertained a few friends on Wednesday afternoon in honor of her sister, Mrs. Alvin Getty, of Cumberland. "Five-hundred" was the diversion. Refreshments were served. The guests included Mrs. Geo. Hurlbert, of Philadelphia, Mrs. T. B. Finan, Mrs. Alice Steiner and Mrs. John Swartzenbach, of Cumberland, Mrs. Llewellyn Blocher, Mrs. Chas. Bill, Mrs. Charles Getty, Mrs. G. C. Keller, Miss Mollie Dorsey and Miss Ethel Broadwater, of Grantsville. Mr. and Mrs. Alvin Getty entertained the Cumberland ladies and Mrs. J. O. Getty at a most elaborately appointed dinner served at the Casselman Hotel, at noon Wednesday.

On Sunday, Oct. 8th, in the morning at 9:30, a Rally Day service will be held in lieu of the regular Sabbath school. Preaching service immediately following.

BITTINGER.

The rain which fell on Friday of last week was followed by two or three days of very cool weather with intensely frosty nights. In places ice was formed and the ground was frozen.

Communion services were held in the Lutheran church in this village on Sunday morning with a splendid attendance.

Messrs. Peter and William Kahl, of Accident, are painting the buildings on C. C. Beachy's farm.

William Railey, of McHenry, was seen in this neighborhood one day last week.

Noah Stark, of Blaine, W. Va., is visiting his parents here at this writing.

Mrs. Charles Reckner and daughter, of Confluence, Pa., are attending Mrs. Reckner's mother, Mrs. Joel Brenneman, during her illness.

Mrs. Winterburg and daughter, of Grantsville, are the guests of Mrs. T. B. Wiley this week.

Henry Enock, of Springfield, O., who spent several weeks with his daughter, Mrs. J. L. Marvin here, returned to Springfield last week.

CHESTNUT GROVE

We have been absent for a couple of weeks but will come again.

Mr. Fred Pollan, well known throughout Garrett county, died at his daughter's, Mrs. Scott Elott, October 2, of valvular heart disease with which he had suffered for some time, aged 83 years. Funeral services were held Wednesday by Rev. Barnard of the Garrett charge.

Miss Margaret Athey, our accommodating school teacher, was visiting in Barton last Sunday.

Mrs. Isaac Moon, of Kitzmiller, is visiting her parents, Rev. and Mrs. Barnard during the absence of her husband who is a typhoid patient in a hospital at Cumberland.

Mr. and Mrs. Cleaver Titchnell, of this place made a flying trip to Baltimore Friday night.

Mr. Ulrick Barnard, of Vindex, Md., was seen on our streets recently.

RED OAK

School at this place opened Thursday with Mr. Hanft as teacher.

This community was shocked Wednesday to hear of the death of Mrs. Anna Kitzmiller.

Mrs. D. W. Wilson spent Sunday at Bayard with her sister.

Mr. and Mrs. Lester Wilkens spent Sunday afternoon at Mr. J. F. Child's.

Some of the people of this place attended the box supper at Sang R[illegible] Saturday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Kitzmiller spent Sunday at Mr. M. P. Jack's.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray Gnegy, Mrs. Childs and Mr. Hanft spent Sunday near Red House, at Mr. Gnegy's.

Quite a number of people of this place spent Suuday at Roth's Rock, got an abundance of chestnuts and on their way home met some boys and girls from Red House and were entertained with some fine music.

Subscribe for The Republican.

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CENTENNIAL TO BE NOTABLE AFFAIR

Pittsburgh's Celebration Will Be Held Oct. 29-Nov. 4

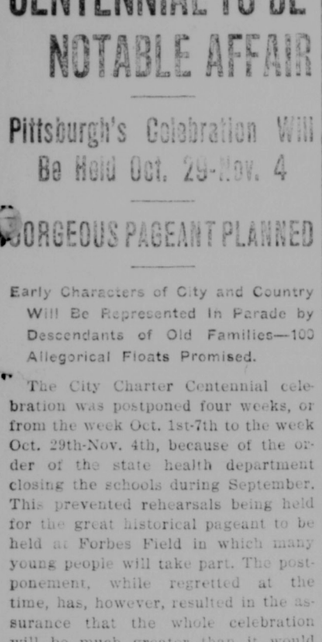
GORGEOUS PAGEANT PLANNED

Early Characters of City and Country Will Be Represented In Parade by Descendants of Old Families—100 Allegorical Floats Promised.

The City Charter Centennial celebration was postponed four weeks, or from the week Oct. 1st-7th to the week Oct. 29th-Nov. 4th, because of the order of the state health department closing the schools during September. This prevented rehearsals being held for the great historical pageant to be held at Forbes Field in which many young people will take part. The postponement, while regretted at the time, has, however, resulted in the assurance that the whole celebration will be much greater than it would have been if it had taken place on the days originally named.

The pageant and masque of freedom, which will now be held at Forbes Field on the evenings of Oct. 31st, Nov. 1st and 2nd, will be presented in much better and more complete form by reason of the additional time secured for perfecting arrangements and holding rehearsals. In this pageant 1,500 young people belonging to the various educational institutions and dramatic associations of Pittsburgh will take part. An interesting feature will be the fact that descendants of prominent early residents of the city will assume historical characters such as Washington, Celeron, Monroe, Lincoln, Grant, Langley and other noted Americans and Frenchmen who figured largely in the early history of this section.

The Book of the Pageant, written by Professor George M. P. Baird of the University of Pittsburgh, who is also director of the whole affair, has



been pronounced by competent authorities to be one of the best ever written in this country. The stage setting for the pageant will contain some notable features, including a steam curtain which will be used between scenes of the pageant. During the intervals between the pageant scenes, a chorus of 1,000 voices will entertain the audience with music, while at the same time a large number of character dances will be presented. It is planned that there will be "something doing" every minute during the performance, either the pageant scenes, singing or dancing, so that there will not be a dull moment for the audience.

Another result of the postponement of the celebration will be that the parade on Friday, Nov. 3rd, will be much greater than was originally contemplated. In fact, it is now assured that it will be the largest procession ever held in Pittsburgh. Already more than 100 artistic floats have been promised and the number is constantly increasing. In the great Sesqui-Centennial celebration of 1908 there were only 60 such floats.

The celebration will be immediately preceded by a special Charter Centennial Night at the Pittsburgh Exposition on the evening of Saturday, Oct. 28th, at which Creator's fine band will render a special program of music by Pittsburgh composers.

On Sunday, Oct. 29th, there will be special religious services in all the churches and a great union service at the Soldiers' Memorial Hall in the afternoon.

On the evening of Monday, Oct. 30th, Education Day, prizes will be presented to the school children of the city for the best essays on subjects relating to the history of Pittsburgh.

The next three evenings, Oct. 31st, Nov. 1st and 2nd, will be occupied by the pageant at Forbes Field. On Friday, Nov. 3rd, the great parade will take place, which will be participated in by many organizations of Pittsburgh and of Allegheny county. In the evening a great banquet will be held at the William Penn hotel at which men of national reputation will speak and at which members of the State Editorial association will be guests. On Saturday, Nov. 4th, there will be a football game at Forbes Field and other sports.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

Destruction of the Foundation.

There are times when men ask themselves, does God care for me? Why does He permit so much evil? If I am His why am I so sorely pressed? Such questions indicate a weak faith and all the ills of life, and the misfortunes that befall us, instead of driving us from God and tempting us to distrust Him should lead us nearer to Him and establish our faith in His goodness and providences. We should reexamine the foundations on which we rest, and having these secure we may then build a strong superstructure against which the storms of persecution may beat in vain.

If we are securely planted on the Rock of Ages, and the principles of His word, all the things which seem to be against us, will be found in reality to be for us. Every victory over our foe, or adverse circumstances will then tend to strengthen our faith in God and we shall be able, like David, to gain a great victory. It is natural for us to trust our own strength and when that fails we are tempted to say hard things against God. Why does He permit us to suffer? How short sighted we are! If we had no trials or afflictions that were an evidence that we are not the children of God. David was feeling the resentment of Saul. The javelins had been hurled at him and Saul would have been glad could he have slain him.

His friends tried to get him to flee. No, I'll stand my ground. How say ye to my soul, flee as a bird to your mountains, out of the neck of the fowler. Was he too much of a soldier to flee? Would it be cowardly for him to act thus? Not that, for it may be an act of valor to flee and the worst kind of cowardice to hold our position. What decided David, was that such a course would savor of unbelief. They enforced their advice by personal interest. You are not safe and your usefulness will be at an end, for if the foundations be destroyed what can the righteous do. They assumed too much.

Did they suppose Saul had the power to destroy the civil state and government. What can you do David, to redress the grievances. Better abandon the ship to her fate and secure your own safety by flight.

Maybe his enemies were taunting him and trying to shake his confidence in God. If that were so, then we have David's answer to their sarcasm in Ps. 11:3. He complains of their malice and then resists it with abhorrence. He regards this as striking at the foundations upon which every true Israelite built.

Destroy the hope of the Christian, persuade him that it is false, convince him that religion is a sham and you make him miserable indeed.

The righteous build their hopes on the principles of religion. These are our bulwarks and we hold fast to them against the attacks of skepticism and infidelity. True, the foundations of law and justice were destroyed under Saul's reign, but what was that to David, His trust was in God. He does not say that the foundations can be destroyed. The case is suppositive. It is a sad case, if the foundations be destroyed.

It is a sad question, what can the righteous do? A sad answer is implied, viz. that they are powerless to do anything in re-establishing the destroyed foundations. When once the laws and constitution of a people are destroyed what can the best and wisest do under such circumstances.

Christians sometime despair and suppose that all is about to be lost. The ark of the Lord has been carried off. The Goliathes of skepticism and infidelity come out and defy the armies of Israel, who are thus made to quail before their defiant challenges.

These clarion mouthed, braying giants say, come to me and we'll show you how easily the foundations can be destroyed. What can you do now? Timorous Christians affrighted at these blatant assumptions hang their harps on the willows and refuse either to sing or fight; they throw down their weapons and huddle together like sheep in a storm, with their heads to the earth instead of looking up and encouraging themselves in the Lord and valiantly sallying forth against the enemies, who would be like a pack of wolves in close quarters.

If they would take some of the smooth stones of God's promises and put them in the sling of prayer and then with the strong arm of faith hurl them, these boasting clamoring giants would fall, and upon their great mailed carcass, they could stand and behead them with their own weapons. We needn't worry about the foundations of our Christian religion ever being destroyed. That has been tried too often the devil himself with all his power can't destroy the church. The gates of hell shall not prevail against her. Timid Christian heed this, "The foundation of God standeth sure, having this seal, the Lord knoweth them that are his."

Men may boast that they have succeeded, they may think they have done it, as the Caesar Augustus did, when he issued a decree that all the world should be taxed, whereas he only had a part of Europe, a little bit of Asia, and a mere speck of Africa—he thought, in his pride of heart, that he had all the world.

Modern Caesars think they have destroyed the foundations of Christianity. In persecution the church is like a ship in a storm. She may be forced to pull down her sails, not a bit of canvas, plays in the wind, but when the storm is over they hoist up all sails and spread the canvass to the winds. So the church in afflictive times loses all the gayness that attracts on lookers, but sinning times are the praying times of saints. There are days of national confusion, when the foundations are destroyed and iniquity with a high hand seems to rule.

It seems like it now when the hideous evil "Intemperance and kindred vices strike at the roots of law and order, virtue and honors, when law is defied and rulers conniye at intrigue and vice and sell themselves for money or office, betray their country and defy God, the righteous can do little but pray and seek unto God.

In spite of the combined attacks, to destroyed the foundations, shall the rightous be dismayed? No, rather say with David, "In the Lord we put our trust." What are some of the foundations, which wicked men are trying to destroy today. We will notice some of them in our next. Yours truly,

JOANNES.

The Late Rt. Rev. George W. PeterKin.

To the Editor of The Republican.

The secular, no less than the religious press, has given wide publicity to the death in Parkersburg Friday, September 22nd, 1916, of the Rt. Rev. George W. Peterkin, the presiding Bishop of the Diocese of West Virginia. By automatic operation of Canonical law, and of the ancient usage of the Established church, without any official formality or ceremonial, the Rt. Rev. William L. Gravatt, the Coadjutor Bishop, is elevated to the head of the West Virginia Episcopal See and is made its presiding Bishop.

This diocese, carned from the mother commonwealth, and co-equal with the bounds of the State of West Virginia, is as distinctly the creation of Bishop Peterkin's head and heart as is a master piece of molded design new from the Potter's hand, bearing the stamp of his individuality and evincing his Godly teachings. The out come of his choice for a seemingly impossible undertaking is an enduring pillar of support to the belief that there is an exercise of hidden wisdom over labors in the Lord's vineyard..

Responding to an inquiry as to how early to begin to teach a boy to be a gentleman, a philosopher replied, "not less than one hundred years before his birth." Few, even in the most exclusive walks of life, ever came nearer this exacting maxim for a gentleman than did the beloved prelate to day mourned by multitudes ever beyond the limits of the wide territory over which he so lovingly ministered. He was of honorable lineage both as to church and State and:

"The earth that bears him dead,
Bears not alive a truer gentleman."

He served with accomplished fidelity in the four years of Civil War, a large part of the time upon the staff of Brigadier General William N. Pendelton, Chief of Artillery Army of Northern Virginia, a West Point graduate and a minister of the Protestant Episcopal church. This station about Headquarters, brought young Peterkin frequently in contact with General Lee and his subordinate commanders, and the opportunity contributed no little to make the youthful member of Genl. Pendleton's staff one of the best informed authorities upon the events of that great conflict today surviving among its participants, and he has left among, his voluminous writings, valuable contributions to the history of that war.

At the incipiency of this long career of this eminent churchman the present writer received a letter from a prominent resident of a town within the jurisdiction of the then newly formed diorses, asking if a clergyman of the Episcopal church could be sent the following Sunday for a service in that town, stating that a certain congregation was broken by dissensions and that the dissenting element was looking to the Episcopal church. Just then the recently consecrated Bishop for this western part of old Virginia, was in Mountain Lake Park to deliver his lecture on "Principalities in the Air." After the lecture, the writer hereof, laid the whole prospect of a new church in the town named before the Bishop. At the close of a sober and patient listening he said with calm firmness, "This Sir, is a matter in which we can afford to wait six months or a year. It will not do to attempt to build our betterment upon the distress of our brethren of another denomination." My eyes were lifted to him in an admiration that increased and deepened with all the years of subsequent relationship.

In the robes of his high office and in the policies of his sacred administration, he was sound in the best type of Virginia churchmanship; and stood in his diocese, in the general councils and wherever his voice was heard or his example felt, among the most resistless breakwaters of the American church against the advanced practices and innovations from whatever quarter eminating.

Several years back he found himself leaning so heavily on his pilgrim staff as to admonish that, at last, the arduous labors his office imposed had become more than could be borne by his broken health and enfeebled frame. Consequently he wrote urgently to each of three successive councils to be released from duties he was incapacited by nature of ability to perform. Each of these councils while trying to relieve him from the weight of responsibility and contribute to the comfort of his declining years, in a spirit of devotion and proof of loyalty, refused to accept the resignation, wishing him to continue as their Bishop and to pass the closing evening of life in the shade of the glorious diocesan monument built by his thirty-eight years of wise and devoted labors. Thus, from the heat and burden of a long day, with an unrelaxed grasp upon the pilgrim staff, he journeyed by faith down to a serene sun-set hour to the God he served. And, of all wearing this mortality, few ever possessed a better claim to the white flower of a blameless life, or, were richer in possession of those comforting assurances, that come to the righteous as such priceless pearls from the Masters' lips. "Come ye blessed of my Father, inherit the kingdom prepared for you from the foundation of the world."

RELLIM.

DODGE

Not seeing any items from our community, I shall attempt to pen a few of the happenings and if they are not consigned to the waste basket you may occassionally hear from me again.

Our farmers are finishing their fall work here, and seem well pleased with their crops, except potatoes which were not so good.

Our school is again being successfully taught by Miss Della Savage. We hope our patrons obey the compulsory school law, which is not unreasonable.

We are glad to know the son and daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Holtsnider, who have been seriously ill with typhoid fever, are improving.

Miss Helen Tasker is teaching the Fork Hill school. This is her first experience in teaching and we wish her success.

Mr. I. A. Paugh sold some valuable cattle to Mr. Wm. Mattingly recently.

The Messrs. Garrett, of Tunnelton, W. Va., who have been visiting friends and relatives here, recently returned to their home.

Mr. Sailor Browning, of Denver, Colo., is spending some time here visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ramsey Browning. Mr. Browning went west six years ago and this is his first visit to his home and friends of Garrett county since going away. The west seems to have used him well as he will soon return to Denver.

The people of this vicinity are delighted to know that Rev. Frank McCamic will be returned to them as their pastor for another year.

Mrs. Minnie Cunningham, of Pittsburgh, has been spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. Allen Paugh. She will be joined by her husband soon when they will go to Atlantic city to spend a week or ten days.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Jorden, of Shaffer, W. Va., have recently been visiting relatives and friends here.

Miss Nellie Jorden and Mr. Wallace Kimmell, were united in the holy bonds of wedlock. We wish them Bon-Voyage over life's matrimonial sea.

Mr. B. F. Paugh lost a valuable cow recently and we are informed had others treated by Mr. Melody.

We are glad to state that Mrs. Mahlon Schooley's health is much improved,

Mr. Carroll Paugh, accompanied by Misses Oca and Mamie Garrett, spent several days visiting Misses Sadie and Bertha Spoerline, of Accident.

Mr. John White recently motored to Cumberland. Mr. White is a careful driver but on his way a Pennsylvania car ran into his car. However it did very little damage. Mr. White states he was keeping his side of the road and there was plenty of room but some drivers take the whole road, hence the need of considering the rights of others in motoring as in other affairs in life.

Miss Effie Paugh contemplates making a visit to relatives and friends in W. Va., soon.

Our teacher, Miss Savage, is planning for a parents and teacher's meeting soon.

Miss Olia Browning left Saturday for Buckhannan, W. Va., where she will enter school. We wish her success.

The youngest child of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Cuppett died this morning. They have our deepest sympathy.

Watch and Clock Repairing.

I have opened a watch and clock repairing shop in the Totten building on Alder street and solicit your trade. All work guaranteed.
Adv. 31-3t D. A. ASHBY.

Money to Loan on real estate. Renninger & Offutt, Attorneys, Garrett National Bank building, Oakland, Md. Adv. tf

FOR SALE—A seven passenger six cylinder Studebaker car. Has run less than 3000 miles; electric lights; electric starter; all modern improvements. A Bargain. Address C, this office.

HUGHES PITILESS ON MEXICAN DISGRACE

In His Mind and on His Tongue More Than Any Other Single Problem With Which Mr. Wilson Has Paltered.

CRAZY CHAPTER OF BLUNDERS

No One Can Hear Him Speak Without Seeing the Reality of His Indignation Over the Heartless Policy of the Democratic Administration Toward American Men, Women and Children, American Citizens, Soldiers and Sailors Along and Across the Rio Grande.

Soon after Mr. Hughes was nominated a friend said to him, "Governor, if the American people forget the Mexican disgrace they do not deserve to have you for president." Quick as a flash he replied, "The candidate who dodges the Mexican disgrace does not deserve to be president." He did not pass around his address of acceptance for compliment or criticism in advance of its delivery, but the amount of space he devoted to the Mexican disgrace—"that confused chapter of blunders"—surprised no one who had talked with him since his nomination. It has been in his mind and on his mind more than any other single problem with which Mr. Wilson has paltered. To talk with him is to see at once the reality of his indignation over the heartless manner in which American men, women and children, American citizens, soldiers and sailors have been abandoned by the administration along and across the Rio Grande, the victims of Mexican armed forces, outfitted with American ammunition and American rifles. Mexicans whom Mr. Wilson has coddled one day as patriots only to chase the next as bandits.

It is apparently the belief of Mr. Wilson that the people of the United States are not interested in Mexico. His defenders have declared that it was an "old story and out of date." Mr. Hughes has a better opinion of his fellow countrymen. He has proved himself a better judge of their feelings. He has made "the Mexican disgrace" a foremost issue of his campaign. He has assailed the record of the administration in that respect in almost every speech he has made. He has never failed to strike a responsive chord in the hearts of his audience, whether speaking in Carnegie hall, New York, from the platform of his train at Grand Forks, N. D., to a vast audience at Portland, at the exposition at San Diego or in the prairie states of the middle west. He has refuted the slander, sometimes heard in the effete east, that the people of the great west do not care what happens to their fellow citizens in Mexico or to the flag beyond the border. No man born in the west has a firmer faith in the fundamental patriotism and "dominant Americanism" of the people of that section than Mr. Hughes. He holds them responsible in large measure for th encouragement and support he received while governor of New York in his war upon political graft and political bossism. He thinks they had much to do with conscripting him as the champion of nationalism in the current campaign. He showed his confidence in their practical idealism when he made "the Mexican disgrace" an uppermost issue of his campaign. He has been vindicated by the response his arraignment of the administration on this score has everywhere evoked. From Maine to California "the Mexican disgrace" is a sore subject with red blooded Americans today. But nowhere between the oceans are the outrages inflicted in Mexico upon American honor, life and property more keenly resented than around the firesides of the great west. Mr. Hughes is no stranger to the west. His straightforward talk on Mexico proves it.

HUGHES OR WILSON? ROOSEVELT'S ANSWER

"Against Mr. Wilson's combination of grace in elocution with futility in action, against his record of words unbacked by deeds or betrayed by deeds, we see Mr. Hughes' rugged and uncompromising straightforwardness of character and action in every office he has held. We put the man who thinks and speaks directly and whose words have always been made good against the man whose adroit and facile elocution is used to conceal his plans or his want of plans. The next four years may well be years of tremendous national strain. Which of the two men do you, the American people, wish at the helm during these four years—the man who has been actually tried and found wanting or the man whose whole career in public office is a guarantee of his power and good faith? But one answer is possible, and it must be given by the American people through the election of Charles Evans Hughes as president of the United States."—Roosevelt in Maine Speech.

BLOODY SHIRT IS NOT BEING WAVED

Governor Hughes States Facts That Stirs Up The Democrats.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 3.—In reply to criticisms of the Democratic press that Governor Hughes is waving the bloody shirt and stirring up sectionalism in his remarks on control of National government by the South, Representative Fess, of Ohio, Chairman of the Publicity Committee of the National Republican Congressional Committee, gave out the following statement today:

"The Democratic press editorially takes to task Governor Hughes for calling the country's attention to the sectionalism of the Wilson Administration. It denies the fact of sectionalism—the editorial writers lack information—that's all.

"No man who knows would deny that the Underwood bill retains duties upon southern products—cotton goods, rice, tobacco, Angora goat hair, etc., and places twenty articles of agriculture on the free list all northern products. That is sectional legislation.

"If any citizen calls attention to these facts he is at once accused by Democrats of raising a sectional issue. This Congress is responsible for this sectional spirit. The Congressional Record of June 3rd, 1916, records some interesting data. By special order of the House previously made, Representative Aswell, of Louisiana, was given a stated time to eulogize Jefferson Davis as one of the country's patriots. The Record shows his speech was punctuated by frequent 'Applauses' and when it was finished the Record reads—'(prolonged applause)'.

"Immediately following this speech Representative Kinheloe, of Kentucy, by special order of the House, previously arranged, pronounced a second eulogy upon the head of the Confederacy, which was closed with '(loud applause)'. When these two eulogies were finished the House adjourned making a day's work of two eulogies upon Jefferson Davis.

"This is but one item of others indicating the sectionalism fomented by the present Democratic Administration that Republicans are expected to grin and bear, but say nothing. It is in keeping with Wilson's statement in Philadelphia: 'I look across the Potomac from the White House and view my country.'

"On March 1st, the Congressional Record gives an interesting item of the same import. Both the 63rd and 64th Congresses had witnessed efforts to do away with the element of loyalty as a necessary condition for southern claimants to establish a case against the government for damage arising during the Civil War. This proof of loyalty has been steadily adhered to. On March 1st when the House was considering the subject of 'captured or abandoned property,' an amendmeut was affered as follows: 'Provided, that no claim shall be allowed any claimant unless it is proved that the original owner was loyal to the U. S. government during the Civil War.' This amendment was rejected upon a standing vote, ayes 58, 74. A motion was then made to recommit the bill to the Committee on War Claims with instructions to report back with an amendment requiring loyalty as a condition for any claim. Upon this the yeas and nays were ordered by Republican members. By a vote of 187 to 170 loyalty was again made a requirement. Of course the solid south voted against it. They were joined by forty-three northern Democrats, five of whom were from Ohio,—Allen, Ashbrook, Gordon, Key, and Overmeyer. Neither Brumbaugh, Gard, nor Crosser voted. Seven of the forty-three came from Indiana,—Barnhart, Cline, Cox, Dixon, Gray, Lieb and Morrison. Neither Adair, Rauch nor Cullop voted. All the Democrats from Kansas voted against requiring loyalty.

"The Committee on War Claims which has charge of these matters has fifteen members, nine Democrats and six Republicans. Of the nine Democrats six are from the southern states including Chairman Gregg, of Texas, of the three from northern states two voted with the Democrats against loyalty. One only joined the Republicans in their demands for loyalty.

"If the national treasury is required to satisfy all the war claims that grow out of the exigencies of a four years civil war, whether the claimant was loyal or disloyal, can any expert accountant place a limit upon the demands from that source?

"In the 63rd Congress Mr. Underwood, taking advantage of his position as floor leader, secured passage through the House of a special act, granting a claim without reference to the loyalty. This was carried after the most determined opposition by Minority Leader Mann. This was the opening wedge. In the light of recent legislation of the most wasteful character where the federal treasury is drawn upon for southern projects, and in the glare of the proceedings of March 1st and June 3rd of this year, the strictures of the Democratic press against Mr. Hughes for calling the country's attention to the sectionalism of the government as now administered are but whimperings of troubled minds seriously disturbed by the strength of the criticism."

THE REPUBLICAN

BENJ. H. SINCELL, EDITOR.

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THE REPUBLICAN,
Oakland, Md.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1916

REPUBLICAN TICKET

For President:
CHARLES E. HUGHES
For Vice President:
CHARLES W. FAIRBANKS
For United States Senator:
JOSEPH IRWIN FRANCE
of Cecil County.
For Congressman:
FREDERICK N. ZIHLMAN
of Allegany County

REGISTER TUESDAY.

Republicans will have but one more opportunity to get their name on the registration books so that they may vote at the election in November. Final registration day will be Tuesday, October 10, and Republican committeemen will make vigorous efforts to have all those who have not yet qualified to cast their ballot do so on this day.

From all indications this rock-ribbed Republican district is going to out-do itself in November and national as well as state party leaders are looking to this section of Maryland for one of the heaviest Republican Majorities in years. To bring this about it is desired that every voter who believes in Republican principles and proponents of those principles be able to express his belief at the polls November 4.

Under direction of Senator F. N. Zihlman, candidate for congress from this district, registration day is being earnestly brought to the attention of Garrett Republicans and few of those qualified will fail to get their names on the poll lists before the registration officers close next Tuesday evening.

Senator Zihlman has just returned to his home in Cumberland after a week's campaign in Frederick county. He will devote the entire week, helping in the work of registration and with his aides, will then concentrate his energy on the big Republican rally to be held at the Maryland Theatre, Cumberland, October 17.

Senator Warren G. Harding, of Ohio, one of the foremost orators of the Republican party, a presidential possibility at the last convention, at which he sounded the keynote of the campaign, will make the principal address. Senator Zihlman and Dr. Jos. France will also address the meeting.

The Republican county committee is planning to make the rally a hummer, every band in the county having been engaged, free trains will be run from the Creek region and Republican enthusiasm will be ebullient.

HUGHES AND THE WAR BOGY

If President Wilson can convince the country that the election of Mr. Hughes means that the United States will be headed for war with either Germany or Mexico, he will be well on the way to assuring an overwhelming Republican defeat. In his speech Saturday the President said:

There is only one choice as against peace, and that is war; some of the supporters of that party outspokenly declare that they want war, so that the certain prospect of the success of the Republican party is that we shall be drawn in one form or another into the embroilments of the European war, and that to the south of us the force of the United States will be used to produce in Mexico the kind of law and order which some American investors in Mexico consider most to their advantage.

At the present moment a Joint Commission is in desultory session endeavoring to settle our differences with Mexico. It has been marking time for weeks. If anything has been accomplished, the country has been left in ignorance of what it is. The stiff-necked de facto President of Mexico seems to be the real boss of the Commission. He gives it to understand what it may discuss and what it may not discuss. He is determined upon one thing—that is, to get American troops out of Mexico. We do not accuse the President of playing politics with the situation, but there is not the slightest indication that the Commission is going to do anything other than keep the Mexican muddle in the background until the election is out of the way.

In what way will Mr. Hughes, election make matters worse? All he has done is to give Carranza and everybody else to understand that American citizens and American interests in Mexico will have the strong hand of this Government back of them. The News believes that that is precisely what is needed in order to bring Carranza off his high horse. So far from threatening worse trouble with Mexico, a mandate from the American people to their President that they expect him to see that these rights are protected should serve, and probably will serve, to avert intervention. Nobody in the United States know how far Carranza will be permitted to trifle with us. No wonder Mexico thinks there is no limit to American patience. We shall be surprised, indeed, if victory for Mr. Hughes does not produce a sudden and helpful change in Carranza's attitude.

As for Germany, war can only come from such a defiance of neutral interests as will necessitate our entry in the conflict. Hughes is not going to force Germany's hand. He is not going to bait her into ruthless submarine warfare. The only conclusion from Mr. Wilson's speech is that Mr. Hughes as President would go farther than Mr. Wilson in upholding American rights and protecting American interests. We believe he would. But we believe, further, that is the only way to maintain peace with honor.

Aside from these considerations, if the President is now going to rely on a war bogy to get votes, what will become of the hyphen bogy? When war is spoken of it means war with Germany. That is the country the President and his supporters have in mind. It will be interesting to see how they are going to reconcile their plea for the defeat of Mr. Hughes on the ground that he will precipitate war with Germany with their strenuous appeal for his defeat because he is bowing his neck to the hyphenates.—Baltimore News.

Mr. Hughes' Visit to Maryland.

The people of Maryland, and particularly the politicians, both Democrats and Republicans, are looking forward with a great deal of interest to the visit of the Republican candidate for President of the United States, Hon. Charles Evans Hughes next week. Mr. Hughes will spend but one day in Maryland, and that day will be Tuesday, October 10th.

Mr. Hughes will make but two speeches in Maryland. The first will be at Elkton, where his train will stop but a few minutes. At Elkton the meeting will be addressed also by Dr. Joseph Irwin France, candidate for United States Senator and Hon. Robert F. Duer, candidate for congress, in the first Congressional district.

Mr. Hughes' utterances in his campaign speeches have been so forceful and so direct that it is now conceded he is one of the most effective campaign orators in the history of the country.

Both in his speeches and in his private life Mr. Hughes is as intensely human as Roosevelt, and is thought by many to be even more cordial in his treatment of those who are not his most intimate political associates. But it is about his official character that the people are most concerned. It is stated that throughout his professional life he never would accept a general retainer, and would never put himself in a position where he would even professionally be obliged to present an argument in the court which was not backed by his real conviction. Furthermore, it is conceded even by his most critical enemies that in official life as Governor of New York he was never swerved by considerations of political or personal expediency, and that in his judicial career his opinions were based wholly and absolutely upon the logical and necessary interpretation of the Law.

In fact he is one of the few men who have reached great prominence in American politics whose record has not at sometime been marred by very evident show of ambition.

The Baltimore meeting will be at 8:15 o'clock, in the evening at the Fifth Regiment Armory and it is expected that the attendance from the City and from all portions of the State will be large. This is one of the largest buildings of the kind in the United States, but it will be so arranged that every person in the audience will be able to hear practically every word of the Hughes' speech.

Woodman Monument Dedicated.

The monument erected to the memory of the late Harry Biggs at the Thayerville cemetery on the State road, eight miles north of Oakland, was unveiled by members of White Oak Camp, No. 20, of Fairmont, West Va., on Sunday morning last, assisted by members of the Loch Lynn and Crellin Camps of the same organization. The Fairmont contingent came to Oakland on train No. 2 Sunday morning and were taken to Thayerville in automobiles, the return being made in time for train No. 55 the same evening.

Wool Season Closed.

The season for buying and shipping wool in Garrett county has about closed for the present year. One local dealer, Mr. Abel DeWitt, has bought and shipped more than 175,000 pounds from farmers and merchants in this community, entailing an expenditure of more than $70,000.

OAKLAND DIST. APPOINTMENTS

Were Made Monday Night and the West Virginia Conference Adjourned.

When Bishop Franklin Hamilton, of Pittsburgh, Pa., dropped his gravel at 8.47 o'clock Monday night at Wheeling, West Va., the seventieth annual conference of the West Virginia Methodist Episcopal church passed into history. The next conference will be held at Clarksburg, West Va. The appointments for the year were announced for Oakland district as follows:

Archibald Moore, district superintendent.

Albright, Arthur Merrills; Aurora, E. C. Bedford; Blaine, C. E. Bissell; Brandonville, E. R. Nicholson, supply; Bruceton, C. D. Johnson; Circleville, H. L. Gaston; Corinth, J. W. Idleman, supply; Cranesville, W. W. Bragg; Davis, Eugene Weaver; Deer Park, F. McCamic, supply; Evansville, P. W. Shrader; Friendsville, C. W. Stephan; Gormania, D. B. Orr; Grantsville, H. M. Law; Hendricks, W. R. Eskew; Jenningston, B. S. Hamrick; Howesville, A. J. Shahan, supply; Kingwood, J. E. Wells; Montrose, R. L. Greynolds; Mt. Lake Park, Paul L. Flanagan; Newburg, J. C. Strader; Oakland, W. M. Shultz, Parsons, A. M. Hammond; Pendleton, C. A. Feather; Rowlesburg, P. Z. Musgrove; Sinclair, W. H. Plum, supply; St. George, C. A. Matheny; Terra Alta, C. C. Lanham; Thomas, J. R. Cheuvront; Tunnelton, H. B. Moose.

Rev. Dr. John H. Howard, who served the Oakland church for one year, goes to Zane street church, Wheeling. Dr. R. B. Ward, of Oakland, was appointed Conference Evangelist and will maintain his home in Oakland. Rev. J. B. Workman, a former pastor of the Oakland church, was appointed Superintendent of the Buckhannon District and will reside at Buckhannon. This is considered by many as the best appointment in the entire conference and Rev. Workman's friends in Oakland and elsewhere are well pleased that he should be given this appointment.

Rev. W. M. Shultz, the recently appointed pastor of the Oakland church comeshere from Wheeling. He is energetic, a splendid pastor and a strong sermonizer.

Married.

ENGLEHART--BROWNING--In Washington, D. C., on Wednesday, September 27th, Miss Josephine Browning, of Oakland, and Mr. Alvin Englehart, of Accident were married, announcement cards having been received by the Garrett county friends of the couple on the following morning. The bride for several years past was one of the grade teachers in the Oakland Grammar school where she has many friends, whilst the groom has been engaged as a traveling salesman for some years. The couple will go to housekeeping at Meyersdale, Pa.

Stork News.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Kendall, of near Oakland are receiving the congratulations of their friends over the arrival at their home on Tuesday morning, of a bright little daughter.

Overland From the Coast.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Weber and two children arrived at the Weber home just east of Oakland last Friday evening from their journey of thirty-six hundred miles across the continent from Sisson, California, there running time being twenty-four days, five days being spent in visiting various points en route. The start was made from Sisson, a town situated at the foot of Mount Shasta and the journey to Oakland carried them over the Rockies, through deserts and the agricultural centers and manufacturing cities of the entire country. The trip home was uneventful and thoroughly enjoyed.

Dr. Howard to Preach Farewell Sermon

Dr. John H. Howard, who has been pastor of the local Methodist Episcopal church for the past year and who was appointed to the pastorate of the Zane street church, Wheeling, by the recently adjourned Conference, has arranged with his successor, the Rev. W. M. Shultz, to fill the pulpit here on Sunday morning when he will preach his farewell sermon to the congregation of St. Paul's church, upon which occasion he desires the full membership of the church to be present.

Notice to Water Users.

All water bills for September quarter are past due and must be paid at once, otherwise the Water Superintendent will be ordered to discontinue the service to delinquents as required by the town ordinance.

JAS. D. HAMILL, Collector.
Adv. 1t

Violin and Piano Lessons.

Instructions on the Violin and Piano. The best and most practical methods employed by masters of musical instruction. Special attention given to heir very effective methods of primary eaching. Address J. M. Litzinger, Grarton, W. Va. Adv. 32-tf

FATAL DISEASE AMONG CATTLE

Twenty-Seven Have Died As a Result of Outbreak.

During the past week an epidemic of anthrax among cattle in different localities of Garrett county has broken out and as a result twenty-five head have died, the disease having its inception at a point near Hutton where the heards of Mr. D. N. Sanders, Mr. Fred A. Thayer and Mr. Bert C. Scott were attacked, the former losing some eight or ten within a few hours.

It was thought by Mr. Sanders that lightning had killed five head during a thunder storm, but upon the following day he discovered that several others were sick and called Dr. Melody, who upon post morten and microscopical examinations pronounced the disease anthrax and ordered all dead animals burned and isolated all infected ones.

The disease rapidly spread and in a days it was found to have infected animals on adjoining farms and as a result it became necessary to quarantine and vaccinate several hundred cattle against the disease which work has been accomplished by the local veterinarian.

THE DEATH RECORD.

GEORGE I. RICHARDSON.

Monday's Baltimore Sun contained the following account of the death of the late George I. Richardson, who made Mountain Lake Park his summer home from the time the Park was founded until about three years ago when he sold his property at that place which has since been remodeled.

George I. Richardson died at his residence in Lutherville, Md., yesterday from a complication of diseases incident to old age.

He was born at Warren, Baltimore county, on March 12, 1830, and resided in Lutherville for about fifty years. He was twice married. His first wife was Miss Mary Bowley, of Baltimore, and the result of this marriage was one son, G. B. Richardson, now residing in Pittsburgh, Pa. His second wife, who was Mrs. May Hundley Bowley, widow of Louis Bowley, of Essex county, Virginia, survive him.

Mr. Richardson was in the employ of a large life insurance company for 53 years, and had sold over $6,000,000 of insurance, $1,000,000 of it having been solicited by him after he reached 70 years of age.

Mr. Richardson had been a member of St. John's board of beneficence of Baltimore since 1879 and was its president for about 15 years; he was one of the charter members of St John's Methodist Episcopal Church, Luthervill, and was an active worker in the church. He was a very remarkable man in many respects and retained his full mental vigor until the beginning of his last illness, several week ago. The funeral will take place tomorrow afternoon at St. John's Methodist Episcopal Church, Lutherville, the Rev. Frank Steelman, pastor, and the Rev. Joel Brown officiating.

SAMUEL B. LEE.

Samuel B. Lee, of Terra Alta, formerly of near Oakland, died at the home of his son, A. J. Lee, at Norristown, Pa., Tuesday night after a short illness. The deceased was in Oakland last week and was then on his way to Norristown to visit his son. His funeral will occur at Terra Alta today, the remains having been sent there last night.

ARVIL REYNOLD WEIMER.

Arvil Reynold Weimer, aged seven years, son of Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Weimer, of Deep Creek, near McHenry, who was stricken with infantile paralysis on Wednesday of last week, succumbed to the disease on Saturday morning and the remains were interred near the home the same day.

FANNIE SWARTZENTRUBER.

Fannie, aged 13 years and a few months, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Swartzentruber, of near Gortner, a few miles south of Oakland, died at her home on Friday, September 29th, after an illness of two weeks. Her funeral took place from the home with interment in the Union church cemetery at Gortner on Sunday morning, the Rev. Jonas Petersheim officiating. The young girl was a prime favorite in the community where she lived and her death is sincerely regretted by a large circle of friends and relatives.

BRISON and JOSEPH MEESE.

Brison, aged two years, and Joseph, aged ten years, sons of Mr. and Mrs. Thaddeus C. Meese, of Paradise, died at their home, the former on Saturday and the latter Sunday morning, of diphtheria, with whice they were attacked but a few hours preceding their demise. Five other children as well as Mrs. Meese, are yet suffering with the disease, but they are now well on the way toward recovery. The bodies of the children were interred privately near the home. The sympathy of the entire community is with the bereaved parents and friends.

MRS. ARA ANN KITZMILLER.

Mrs. Ara Ann Kitzmiller, wife of William Kitzmiller, departed this life on Wednesday evening, September 27th, at the old home place in District No. 8, which is now owned by David Liller, her brother-in-law, where Mr. and Mrs. Kitzmiller were visiting at the time. The deceased lady had been an invalid for more than two years as the result of a stroke of paralysis. She was married in 1876 and is survived by her husband, daughter and two sons (James H. and Joseph E. Kitzmiller.) She was aged 59 years and for the greater part of her life was a member of the German Baptist church. Her funeral took place on Friday morning from the Fairview church of that denomination, the Rev. Isaac W. Abernathy officiating.

Farm For Sale

Containing 173 acres. About 80 cleared and in good cultivation and the balance in timber and pasture. Large maple grove with camp and about 1400 vessels. Located at Bittinger in Garrett Co. Improved by one dwelling house containing 8 rooms and a good cellar; bank barn 62x76; good orchard and well watered. Also tenant house and stable.

ELIAS ORENDORF,
Bittinger, Maryland.
Advertisement 13t3-2

WENT OFF ROAD IN AUTO

Mr. W. G. Hinebaugh and Party Had Narrow Escape Last Thursday Night.

Last Thursday night Mr. William G. Hinebaugh, of Oakland, driving his Saxon car from Cumberland, where he had been in company with Mrs. Hinebaugh and two little daughters and Mrs. Louis Walters, had a narrow escape from more or less serious injury when the car left the road just north of McHenry on Commissary Hill during a terrific thunder storm and went down in the woods quite a distance where the machine turned on its side, throwing the occupants out but fortunately all escaped without even a bruise and the car without a scratch aside from slight damage to one fender.

Mr. Hinebaugh, who was driving, was blinded by a bright flash of lightning just as a curve was reached and before he recovered his vision the car was off the road as above stated. The machine was brought into Oakland the same night under its own steam.

More Sheep for Baltimore

Local sheepmen loaded from the Oakland station Tuesday another large lot of sheep for the Baltimore markets, the greater number belonging to Mr. Henry Smouse, of near town who shipped four car loads.

Notice to Subscribers.

Beginning November 1st, 1916, the subscription price of The Republican will be advanced from $1.25 per year to $1.50 per year. This advance in price is made unwillingly by the publisher, but at the same time it is absolutely necessary by reason of the fact that every single item going into the making of a newspaper, including inks, paper and fixed charges has so advanced that the present subscription price of $1.25 per year is much less than the cost of production.

News print paper has advanced from $2.40 per hundred pounds to $7.00 per hundred pounds, while inks have advanced from 6 cents per pound to 15 cents per pound within the past six months. It was the hope of the management that prices would become normal and this advance in the price of subscription would not be necessary; but instead indications are that all material will become higher.

Anyone desiring to pay their subscription in advance prior to November 1st may do so at the present rate for a period of not more than one year. All subscriptions that are now paid in advance will be continued the full time paid for. All subscriptions in arrear must be promptly settled as we cannot longer carry delinquents.

Important Notice to Taxpayers.

Your attention is directed to the tax law of 1916, which provides that no discount is allowed on State Tax, and after September 1st, 6 per cent. interest must be charged and collected on the same.

J. W. KIMMELL,
County Treasurer.

The Lutheran Church

SECOND STREET, OAKLAND

Sunday School, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

B. H. SINCELL, Superintendent.

Men's Brotherhood Class, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

O. A. BREMER, Teacher.

All the men not attending Sunday School elsewhere are cordially invited to join this class and to have a part in the study and discussion of the lesson

Morning Worship, 10.45 o'Clock.

The Sacrament of the Holy Communion will be administered at both the morning and evening services. The pastor earnestly urges all members of the congregation to partake of this Blessed Feast.

Luther League, 6.30 o'Clock P. M.

Topic—"The Necessity of English Home Mission Work."
Leader—MISS RACHEL JOHNSON.

Evening Worship, 7.30 o'Clock.

All friends of the church and those without a permanent church home are invited to worship with us.

O. A. BREMER, Pastor.

—The above was prepared by the pastor and the advertisement is authorized and paid for by one interested in church work.

FOUNDED 1888

The
Garrett National Bank
Of Oakland, Maryland.

FOUNDED 1888

THE STRONGEST BANK IN GARRETT COUNTY

Capital - - - - -	$ 50,000.00
Surplus - - - - -	65,000.00
Deposits over - - -	550,000.00
Resources over - - -	725,000.00

Consider seriously what that means. Think of it when you open an account. It means

STRENGTH

In opening a bank account first satisfy yourself as to the responsibility of the institution with which you propose to deposit your money.

NO ACCOUNT TOO SMALL---NONE TOO LARGE

We pay three per cent interest on time and saving deposits. Safe deposit boxes for rent.

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ESTABLISHED 1884. BOTH PHONES.

SEE US

AT THE FAIR

With a big line of the latest Farm Machinery and Vehicles.

Check off the items you need and ask to see and get our price on:

Famous Turnbull Wagons	Plows
Low Down Farm Trucks	Tiling
Buggies	Sleighs
Carriages	Sleds
Sulky Plows	Farm Tractors
Famous Black Hawk Spreader	Gasoline Engines
Cream Separators	Grain Drills
Barn Door Track & Hangers	Lime Sowers
Telephone Batteries	Fertilizer
Roofing Paints	Hot Air Plants
Gas Fixtures	Steam and Water Plants
Pipe Fittings	Bath Rooms Fully Installed
Spouting	Gas Stoves
Engine Oils	Asbestes Mill Board
Corn Shellers	Fancy Gas Shades
Roofings all Prices	Carbide

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.

Remember the Place and that
"Naylor has it and sells it for less."

D. E. BOLDEN

Furniture Dealer and Funeral Director

HAVING moved my furniture business to the Manhattan Hotel store room, I am prepared to serve the public to the best of my ability, having now in stock the finest line of Furniture ever brought to the city and which I offer as cheap as it can be bought in the wholesale markets.

All I ask is a chance to name you prices.

My stock is complete in every detail, and which consists of Furnitnre, Carpets, Mattings, Window Shades, Bedding of all kinds, large and small Rugs—in fact everything with which to furnish a house from cellar to attic.

I am also prepared to give estimates on Buildings and repair work—from a pig pen to a palace.

Call and see me; I will treat you fair and square.

Thanking the public for past favors and soliciting a continuance of the same, I remain,

Yours respectfully,

D. E. BOLDEN

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Adv. 22 3t

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CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Mrs. Lowenstein is having built at her boarding house on Oak street a very commodious sun parlor which will be appreciated the coming winter days.

Messrs. Arthur White and Bernard Faherty, both of Cumberland, where they are employed as salesmen, spent Sunday in Oakland with home folks.

Mr. Leslie King, of Fairmont, was the guest of his parents in Oakland Sunday for a few hours, having motored here from the West Virginia city.

FOR SALE—A few choice Shropshire Ram Lambs at Little Meadows, Grantsville, Md. H. P. Miller, Superintendent. Adv. 31-6t

Miss Elizabeth Weber returned home yesterday morning from a three weeks' visit to Chicago, Ill., and Milwaukee, Wis., in both of which cities she was the guests of friends.

State Supervisor of High Schools, Dr. North, of Johns Hopkins University, visited the schools of Oakland and Friendsville by Prof. Rathbun and Attendance Officer Wiley.

Mr. James M. Litzinger, of Grafton, formerly of Oakland where he conducted the Mountain Democrat as editor and owner, spent Tuesday afternoon and evening among friends in town.

Mrs. Stuart F. Hamill and children have returned to Oakland from a visit to relatives at Johnstown, Pa., where several weeks were spent by them as guests of Mr. and Mrs. Horace Rose.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Glover, daughter and son, of Walla Walla, Washington, arrived in Oakland Tuesday afternoon and went from here to the home of Mr. C. H. O'Brien, near Swanton, where they will be guests for a short time.

The Methodist ministers of Oakland and other parts of Garrett county who were in attendance at the annual conference of the church at Wheeling, West Va., returned to their respective homes on Monday, some to remain for another year and others for the purpose of packing up their belongings and removing to other fields of labor.

Mr. John T. Browning, of Oakland, who has been ill for a number of months following successive strokes of paralysis, is being treated at a Cumberland hospital where he was taken last Sunday by his son, Mr. W. R. Browning.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Jamesson, of Piedmont, who have been in Oakland for some time past, will return to their home tomorrow and will be accompanied by the former's father, Mr. William T. Jamesson, who has been here for several months with his daughter, Mrs. King Delawder at her home on Second street.

Wanted—Good cook in small family. Good wages, references required. Apply to Mrs. A. Brooks Fleming, Jr., Fairmont, W. Va. Adv. 31-2t.

Mr. and Mrs. John H. Sanders and Mr. and Mrs. Charles Winters, all of near Gortner, passed through Oakland Friday last for Altoona, Pa., where they will be guests of Rev. and Mrs. E. R. Hauser for a short time.

The Aid Society of the Presbyterian church will hold a food sale at Creutzburg's store the last Saturday of each month until further notice. All the ladies of the church are requested to contribute and patronize these sales. The public is cordially invited.
Adv. 31-2em.

FOR SALE—A good cow. John N. Michael, Oakland, Md. Adv. 30-3t

Dr. N. I. Broadwater, of Oakland, was called to his former home at Grantsville Monday afternoon to see his father, who is suffering with an attack of typhoid fever. Mr. Broadwater is being attended by Dr. Bowen, of Grantsville.

Mr. Fred. A. Thayer, of Oakland, accompanied his son Frederick to Baltimore on last Thursday afternoon where the latter will remain during the winter and receive treatment by a specialist. Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Thayer, of Baltimore, who were in Oakland visiting relatives, also accompanied Mr. Thayer.

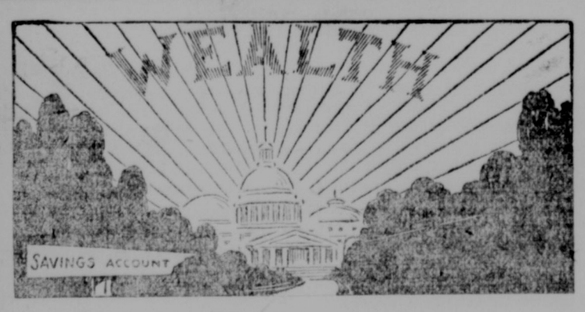
While on a brief visit to Grantsville Monday afternoon it was the pleasure of the editor to meet quite a number of the sterling citizens of the thrifty little city on the Pike, amongst whom were Mr. C. A. Bender, of the National Hotel, which hostelry enjoys a steady and ever increasing patronage from the public; Mayor Henry C. Bonig, Dr. G. C. Keller and Mr. John O. Getty, cashier of the First State Bank, all of whom were just recovering from the effects of a fourteen mile hike to Frostburg made the day previous. As an inducement for their company on the stroll Mayor Bonig offered to dine his companions, should they be able to make the trip in five hours or less. Mr. Getty being a heavy weight, Dr. Keller, medium, and Mayor Bonig the lightest of the trio, the start was made at 6.30 Sunday morning and they landed in Frostburg just two minutes ahead of schedule time. Mr. Getty went in on the homestretch in good condition, somewhat tired, and his companions nonetheless better off. They walked home—in Merchant Bender's automobile.

Apple Butter Factory

I will make apple butter and cider on Tuesdays and Thursdays of each week at the Apple Butter factory near Gortner. N. L. SWARTZENTRUBER.
Adv.

Library Notice.

Those who have contributed books or magazines to the Free Public Library are: Mrs. Elmer Haulenbeek, Mr. C. E. Bender and Emersom Cross.



The path to at least moderate wealth is open to you, but you will have to enter

By Way of the Savings Account Route.

No man has ever attained even monerate wealth without the aid of a bank account.

If you really have the ambition to acquire wealth, you will start an account at once. It is the only way.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OAKLAND - MARYLAND

ALBERT H. BOZMAN FREED

Woman Who Charged Him With Fleecing Her Doesn't Appear.

The case against Albert H. Bozman, of Baltimore, who was alleged to have fleeced Mrs. Margaret Ridge, a wealthy widow, of Brownsville, Pa., out of $1,400 on a pretense of marriage, was dismissed at a hearing before Alderman Kirby in Pittsburgh yesterday morning, when Mrs. Ridge failed to appear at the hearing to sustain the charges, according to a dispatch from Pittsburgh. Charges of larceny and false pretenses were preferred against Bozman by Mrs. Ridge after she had learned that her alleged suitor had married Miss Alvira B. McKeen, of Friendsville, Md.

Bozman was arrested last Tuesday and had been in jail at Pittsburgh since awaiting a hearing.

Two Stabbed in Fight.

In a fight with four Italians on the Piedmont end of the interstate bridge crossing the Potomac at nine o'clock last night, Charles Jeffries was stabbed in the jaw and Ercil Fike received a gash in the stomach and a severed ligament in the right arm. Besides, both men were considerably pummeled. According to their story, one of the Italians made an insulting remark as the quartet passed and when Jeffries asked for an explanation, the Italian struck him. Fike intervened and in the general melee, stilettos were drawn and the two Americans were badly used. The Italians, who were moving toward Piedmont, escaped. Dr. Zdock T. Kalbaugh dressed the wounds of the two men.

A Giant Punpkin.

There is on exhibition in the banking room of the First State Bank at Grantsville a sweet pumpkin that weighs just fifty pounds. It was grown by Mr. James P. Wiley, of the Bittinger section of the county.

Subscribe for The Republican.

O. H. S. Notes.

Dr. North, Supervisor of State High Schools, Annapolis, Md., visited the school Monday and Wednesday of this week. He gave a most excellent talk during chapel period Wednesday morning. Dr. Ely visited the school Tuesday afternoon and spent some time in the various class rooms.

Harry Weimer, an alumnus, has gone to Washington, D. C., where he has taken a position in the shoe department of Woodward & Lethrop Store. He will also attend night school at George Washington University.

Catherine, Coyla and Guy Barnhouse, former pupils of the High School, have moved to Terra Alta, where they will attend the High School of that place.

Catherine Porter, Isabel Hamill, Mildred Ford and Nellie Maroney were absent from school several days last week on account of sickness.

Robert Sliger and Clyde Dawson were visitors to Uniontown, Pa., on Sunday.

Leah Maffett has been chosen to represent the first year class on the editorial staff, Nellie Schmidt, the second year, Mary D. Naylor, the third year and Cecelia Hart, the fourth year.

The second year class has chosen purple and cream for its colors.

The following students have made not less than 80 per cent. in each subject studied and not lessthat 95 per cent. in deportment for the month ending September 30: First year class; Lena Adams, Fern Crane, Helen Mason, Mary Williams, William Garrett. Second year class; Nellie Schmidt, Mary May. Third year class; Mary Naylor, Elizabeth Townshend, Reva Davis, Frances Miller, Gertrude Carney, Victor Harvey, Frank Lyon. Fourth year class; Mildred Dixon, Cecelia Hart, Lilian Helbig, Pauline Jones, Carrie Mann, Carol Miller, Beulah Ralston, Winifred Weimer, Ada Fahey, Julius Littman, Charles Garrett.

FOR SALE—A seven passenger six cylinder Studebaker car. Has run less than 3000 miles; electric lights; electric starter; all modern improvements. A Bargain. Address C, this office.

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In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Mrs. Lowenstein is having built at her boarding house on Oak street a very commodious sun parlor which will be appreciated the coming winter days.

Messrs. Arthur White and Bernard Faherty, both of Cumberland, where they are employed as salesmen, spent Sunday in Oakland with home folks.

Mr. Leslie King, of Fairmont, was the guest of his parents in Oakland Sunday for a few hours, having motored here from the West Virginia city.

FOR SALE—A few choice Shropshire Ram Lambs at Little Meadows, Grantsville, Md. H. P. Miller, Superintendent. Adv. 31-6t

Miss Elizabeth Weber returned home yesterday morning from a three weeks' visit to Chicago, Ill., and Milwaukee, Wis., in both of which cities she was the guests of friends.

State Supervisor of High Schools, Dr. North, of Johns Hopkins University, visited the schools of Oakland and Friendsville by Prof. Rathbun and Attendance Officer Wiley.

Mr. James M. Litzinger, of Grafton, formerly of Oakland where he conducted the Mountain Democrat as editor and owner, spent Tuesday afternoon and evening among friends in town.

Mrs. Stuart F. Hamill and children have returned to Oakland from a visit to relatives at Johnstown, Pa., where several weeks were spent by them as guests of Mr. and Mrs. Horace Rose.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Glover, daughter and son, of Walla Walla, Washington, arrived in Oakland Tuesday afternoon and went from here to the home of Mr. C. H. O'Brien, near Swanton, where they will be guests for a short time.

The Methodist ministers of Oakland and other parts of Garrett county who were in attendance at the annual conference of the church at Wheeling, West Va., returned to their respective homes on Monday, some to remain for another year and others for the purpose of packing up their belongings and removing to other fields of labor.

Mr. John T. Browning, of Oakland, who has been ill for a number of months following successive strokes of paralysis, is being treated at a Cumberland hospital where he was taken last Sunday by his son, Mr. W. R. Browning.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Jamesson, of Piedmont, who have been in Oakland for some time past, will return to their home tomorrow and will be accompanied by the former's father, Mr. William T. Jamesson, who has been here for several months with his daughter, Mrs. King Delawder at her home on Second street.

Wanted—Good cook in small family. Good wages, references required. Apply to Mrs. A. Brooks Fleming, Jr., Fairmont, W. Va. Adv. 31-2t.

Mr. and Mrs. John H. Sanders and Mr. and Mrs. Charles Winters, all of near Gortner, passed through Oakland Friday last for Altoona, Pa., where they will be guests of Rev. and Mrs. E. R. Hauser for a short time.

The Aid Society of the Presbyterian church will hold a food sale at Creutzburg's store the last Saturday of each month until further notice. All the ladies of the church are requested to contribute and patronize these sales. The public is cordially invited. Adv. 31-2em.

FOR SALE—A good cow. John N. Michael, Oakland, Md. Adv. 30-3t

Dr. N. I. Broadwater, of Oakland, was called to his former home at Grantsville Monday afternoon to see his father, who is suffering with an attack of typhoid fever. Mr. Broadwater is being attended by Dr. Bowen, of Grantsville.

Mr. Fred. A. Thayer, of Oakland, accompanied his son Frederick to Baltimore on last Thursday afternoon where the latter will remain during the winter and receive treatment by a specialist. Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Thayer, of Baltimore, who were in Oakland visiting relatives, also accompanied Mr. Thayer.

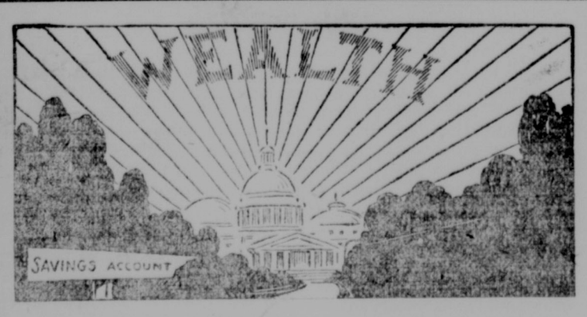
While on a brief visit to Grantsville Monday afternoon it was the pleasure of the editor to meet quite a number of the sterling citizens of the thrifty little city on the Pike, amongst whom were Mr. C. A. Bender, of the National Hotel, which hostelry enjoys a steady and ever increasing patronage from the public; Mayor Henry C. Bonig, Dr. G. C. Keller and Mr. John O. Getty, cashier of the First State Bank, all of whom were just recovering from the effects of a fourteen mile hike to Frostburg made the day previous. As an inducement for their company on the stroll Mayor Bonig offered to dine his companions, should they be able to make the trip in five hours or less. Mr. Getty being a heavy weight, Dr. Keller, medium, and Mayor Bonig the lightest of the trio, the start was made at 6.30 Sunday morning and they landed in Frostburg just two minutes ahead of schedule time. Mr. Getty went in on the homestretch in good condition, somewhat tired, and his companions nonetheless better off. They walked home—in Merchant Bender's automobile.

Apple Butter Factory

I will make apple butter and cider on Tuesdays and Thursdays of each week at the Apple Butter factory near Gortner. N. L. SWARTZENTRUBER. Adv.

Library Notice.

Those who have contributed books or magazines to the Free Public Library are: Mrs. Elmer Haulenbeek, Mr. C. E. Bender and Emersom Cross.



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By Way of the Savings Account Route.

No man has ever attained even monerate wealth without the aid of a bank account.

If you really have the ambition to acquire wealth, you will start an account at once. It is the only way.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OAKLAND - MARYLAND

D. E. BOLDEN

Furniture Dealer and Funeral Director

HAVING moved my furniture business to the Manhattan Hotel store room, I am prepared to serve the public to the best of my ability, having now in stock the finest line of Furniture ever brought to the city and which I offer as cheap as it can be bought in the wholesale markets.

All I ask is a chance to name you prices.

My stock is complete in every detail, and which consists of Furniture, Carpets, Mattings, Window Shades, Bedding of all kinds, large and small Rugs—in fact everything with which to furnish a house from cellar to attic.

I am also prepared to give estimates on Buildings and repair work—from a pig pen to a palace.

Call and see me; I will treat you fair and square.

Thanking the public for past favors and soliciting a continuance of the same, I remain.

Yours respectfully,

D. E. BOLDEN

ALBERT H. BOZMAN FREED

Woman Who Charged Him With Fleecing Her Doesn't Appear.

The case against Albert H. Bozman, of Baltimore, who was alleged to have fleeced Mrs. Margaret Ridge, a wealthy widow, of Brownsville, Pa., out of $1,400 on a pretense of marriage, was dismissed at a hearing before Alderman Kirby in Pittsburgh yesterday morning, when Mrs. Ridge failed to appear at the hearing to sustain the charges, according to a dispatch from Pittsburgh. Charges of larceny and false pretenses were preferred against Bozman by Mrs. Ridge after she had learned that her alleged suitor had married Miss Alvira B. McKeen, of Friendsville, Md.

Bozman was arrested last Tuesday and had been in jail at Pittsburgh since awaiting a hearing.

Two Stabbed in Fight.

In a fight with four Italians on the Piedmont end of the interstate bridge crossing the Potomac at nine o'clock last night, Charles Jeffries was stabbed in the jaw and Ercil Fike received a gash in the stomach and a severed ligament in the right arm. Besides, both men were considerably pummeled. According to their story, one of the Italians made an insulting remark as the quartet passed and when Jeffries asked for an explanation, the Italian struck him. Fike intervened and in the general melee, stilettos were drawn and the two Americans were badly used. The Italians, who were moving toward Piedmont, escaped. Dr. Zdock T. Kalbaugh dressed the wounds of the two men.

A Giant Punpkin.

There is on exhibition in the banking room of the First State Bank at Grantsville a sweet pumpkin that weighs just fifty pounds. It was grown by Mr. James P. Wiley, of the Bittinger section of the county.

Subscribe for The Republican.

O. H. S. Notes.

Dr. North, Supervisor of State High Schools, Annapolis, Md., visited the school Monday and Wednesday of this week. He gave a most excellent talk during chapel period Wednesday morning. Dr. Ely visited the school Tuesday afternoon and spent some time in the various class rooms.

Harry Weimer, an alumnus, has gone to Washington, D. C., where he has taken a position in the shoe department of Woodward & Lethrop Store. He will also attend night school at George Washington University.

Catherine, Coyla and Guy Barnhouse, former pupils of the High School, have moved to Terra Alta, where they will attend the High School of that place.

Catherine Porter, Isabel Hamill, Mildred Ford and Nellie Maroney were absent from school several days last week on account of sickness.

Robert Sliger and Clyde Dawson were visitors to Uniontown, Pa., on Sunday.

Leah Maffett has been chosen to represent the first year class on the editorial staff; Nellie Schmidt, the second year, Mary D. Naylor, the third year and Cecelia Hart, the fourth year.

The second year class has chosen purple and cream for its colors.

The following students have made not less than 80 per cent. in each subject studied and not lessthat 95 per cent. in deportment for the month ending September 30: First year class; Lena Adams, Fern Crane, Helen Mason, Mary Williams, William Garrett. Second year class; Nellie Schmidt, Mary May. Third year class; Mary Naylor, Elizabeth Townshend, Reva Davis, Frances Miller, Gertrude Carney, Victor Harvey, Frank Lyon. Fourth year class; Mildred Dixon, Cecelia Hart, Lilian Helbig, Pauline Jones, Carrie Mann, Carol Miller, Beulah Ralston, Winifred Weimer, Ada Fahey, Julius Littman, Charles Garrett.

FOR SALE—A seven passenger six cylinder Studebaker car. Has run less than 3000 miles; electric lights; electric starter; all modern improvements. A Bargain. Address C, this office.

MORE APPROVAL.

Cartoon by Bradley in the Chicago Daily News.

BROTHERHOODS WIN; FARMERS' WIVES LOSE

Democrats Unctuously but Vainly Flatter Themselves That Tillers of the Soil Believe Their Bunk Uplift Laws Will Improve Agricultural Conditions.

FARING WORSE THAN LOWLIEST RAILROAD HAND

Plight of Women Laborers in the Fields Described by President Pope of the Association of State Presidents of the Farmers' Union as More Deplorable Than During the Days of Slavery, and Yet Not a Word Was Spoken in the Last Congress, Which Is Boasting of Its Farm Legislation, About the Woman Who Rakes the Hay and Gathers the Sheaves.

That the increase in pay of the members of the four railroad brotherhoods, caused by the enactment of the eight hour day law by congress, will rest ultimately upon the farmer was asserted by Henry N. Pope, newly elected president of the Association of State Presidents of the Farmers' union, in a statement issued by him.

Mr. Pope declared that the farmers of the country stand for a fair wage for both labor and capital and favor an eight hour working day, but that he personally doubted the wisdom of congress fixing wages for labor employed by private enterprise. "I doubt," said he, "if it is in the interest of either labor, capital or the people to make the wage schedule of railroad employees a political issue."

The condition of the farmers of the country is worse than that of the most lowly railroad laborer, Mr. Pope stated, with an average farm income of only $1.47 a day, out of which must be paid the expenses of the family. The condition of women laborers in the fields he described as worse than during the days of slavery.

Not a Word For Farmers.

"Not a word has been spoken by congress in defense of the woman who rakes the hay and gathers the sheaves," said Mr. Pope. "Little has been done that has increased the income of the farmer or enabled him to pay a higher wage to his laborers.

"But today we find the highest paid laborers in the world making three times more money than a farmer demanding 25 per cent increase, and congress hastening to their relief. This increase must in the end rest upon the back of the farmer and will reduce his income, increase his hours of labor and call for another levy of farm mothers from the home to the field.

"The farmers of this nation must fight through organization to hold what they have and to get what is rightfully theirs from the government."

Mr. Pope stated that by the enactment of the eight hour day law congress had thrust upon the people of the country a new responsibility and organized labor now stands committed to the principle of government regulation of wages. The government, he said, should fix wages for all classes of railroad employees and should have the power to decrease as well as to increase wages to remedy comparative inequalities.

"Square Deal" For All.

"In my opinion," he continued, "the next session of congress should readjust the wages of all railroad employees, from railroad president to section laborer, giving all a square deal and fixing a schedule of pay based upon business justice and human rights. I submit a schedule of wages taken from official government reports which presents conclusive evidence of the inequalities of the present daily wages:

"General officers, $16.11; other officers, $6.49; general office clerks, $2.53; station agents, $2.37; other station men, $1.99; enginemen, $5.28; firemen, $3.23; conductors, $4.49; other trainmen, $3.11; all shopmen, $2.37, and trackmen, $1.50."

Mr. Pope declared that the foregoing schedule showed that the 350,000 section hands in the country were condemned to a life of poverty. He said he believed that congress, having undertaken to regulate the wages of higher paid employees, should review their wages.

Finnegan's Philosophy

Single Track Minds

"What is he?" asked Finnegan. "Sure at Injainnypoles he said he was full of Annymated Concerv'tism. Fwhat's that, ye say? 'Tis the turn-table on the wan thrack mind. It kapes spinnin' round and round an' divil a man can tell fwhat switch it will pick up. It dinnau itself. So ye dinnau where to lay for it.

"'Twas so wid the arrumed freight ships. 'They're not warships,' he says, 'onless I change me mind,' he says, 'which I have,' he says, 'an' annywan who says so is a liar,' he says, 'but I refuse to discuss it,' he says. 'I'll pass the buck to Congress,' he says, 'on'y I won't,' he says, 'for 'tis no business of theirs,' he says, 'though they must vote on the resolution,' he says, 'to show where they stand,' he says, 'since ye'll lay it on the table,' he says, 'an' thin they can't vote,' says Wudthrow to Stone.

"'I—I—thought I seen a fallacy,' says, Stone, timid like, but the Great Idayllst brung down his fiskt wid a t'ump.

"'Table the risolution,' says he—an' away goes Stone.

"'Pwhat does this mean?' axes the Sinit.

"'Gintlemen,' says Stone, weepin' bitterly, 'ye can frisk me. But thim's the orders,' says Stone, 'an' if anny man iver knew fwhat it meant he's kep quiet about it.'

"So wid the fightin' wurd. 'We're too proud to fight,' says this turrible man to a bunch iv just-overs at Philadelphy. 'Haw-haw-haw,' says the wurled (a laugh gets his goat, Jawn. 'I was thinkin' iv somethin' I didn't say,' yells Wudthrow. 'Haw-haw-haw,' says the wurld, laughin' to split.

"Be this an' be that 'Too Proud to Fight' has made the reppytashun iv Wudthrow. 'Tis like the Monroe Doctrine to Monroe or Emanshipashun to Lincoln. 'Twas thranslated into ivry tongue. 'Tis better known than the twenty-third psalm or the famous oration iv the Guv'nor iv North Carliny. If an Ashantee poked another in the eye he's give him the coon fr 'Are Ye Too Proud to Fight?' an' they'd both laugh befure they wint to the flure. All the recruitin' signs abroad had it, an' the shame 'ud bring three recruits where 'Tipperary' or rum wud bring wan. 'Oh, won't ye plaze stop laughin?' says Wudthrow, but they laughed the more. So he sinds Jim Ham Lewis to explain. He's called Ham by reason he's so fond of pork.

"'Three thousand years agone,' says Jim Ham, 'or maybe less,' says he, 'an ould Dago said, "Non Dinny Carey win Kerry"'* (or the like o' that, Jawn. It means not to have a chip on yer shoulder.) 'Non Dinny Carey win Kerry,' says Jim Ham, 'an' Julius Sayzer,' says he, 'an' Tolmy Philadelphy,' says he, 'an' the Earl iv Cheatem,' says Jim, 'an' William Haitch Seward,' says Ham, 'an' a lot more I forget,' says Ham, 'who felt the same way,' says Jim, 'although,' he says, 'they nivir said so,' says Jim Ham to the Sinit.

"'Now,' says he, 'how, I axe ye, cud the Prisidint know that the cultyvated Christian audience,' he says, 'iv immygrants,' says he, 'wud fail to grasp the nooance,' says Jim Ham. 'An' Jawn, they shut the dures the way the people wudden't see the Sinit lose its dignity.'

"'Fhwat's a nooance?' asked Malumphy.

"'Tis a sort iv intellectual gold brick,' replied Finnegan, slightly puzzled, 'be which ye say fhwat ye doan't mane an' mane wye doan't say. The nooance comes out iv it somehow. 'Tis like I dinnau what, just exactly like it,' he added after a short pause. 'I cudden't tell thim apart.'

"'Well,' said Malumphy, 'the single thrack mind gets nowhere, I'm thinkin'.'

"'Th' gauge is none too broad,' replied his friend, 'an' the thraffic's heavy,' he added."

*Non Dinicare est Vincere.

ANSWER: EIGHT HOURS, NOT EIGHT YEARS.

[Special Dispatch to the New York Herald.]

Bar Harbor, Me., Monday.

To the Editor of the Herald:

Maine's answer to Wilson: "Eight hours, but not eight years."—A Former Progressive.

Editorial Comments

Mr. Hughes has made Mr. Wilson's policy of deciding a case and then getting the facts afterward one of the most pitiable exhibitions of weakness that even the present administration can give.

"Peace, preparedness and prosperity" are claimed as the Democratic campaign cries. More appropriate ones would be "Pie, pork and pitile."

And now nobody seems to know exactly what the new wage law means or to whom it applies. Another illustration of Democratic inefficiency.

The Democratic congress has voted a tariff on dyes, thereby declaring in favor of the principle of protection. How the party does change its colors.

If President Wilson were really earnest in telling the suffrage women "I come to fight for you" he would have put a suffrage measure through congress by the same stop watch method that he used to force the railway wage increase bill through.

Shadow Lawn, as a residence for the next few weeks, will give its occupant an opportunity to get accustomed to the after election gloom.

Here is reason enough why Mr. Wilson should be defeated. Why should Mr. Hughes be preferred? Gifford Pinchot, the Progressive, answers, giving facts to support his statement: "Hughes is a man of his word. * * * I cannot vote for Wilson because I cannot trust him. He does not do what he says. Hughes does. Therefore my choice is Hughes."

When the Progressives come back they bring their punch with them.

Villa says he bears us no grudge. Well, why should he? Haven't we always treated him as a perfect gentleman?

What has become of the old fashioned man who used to say of President Wilson, "Ye-es, he does make mistakes, but I believe he's sincere."

And we haven't yet got either Francisco Villa or that salute.

Next stop for the political express Nov. 7.

Irvin S. Cobb is to make campaign speeches for the Democratic party in the west. Irv, you all recall, of course, is a humorist and is peculiarly equipped to do full justice to his subject.

The least that may be said of President Wilson is that he has been right half the time, for he has been on both sides of almost all important questions.

NOT AN EIGHT HOUR DAY.

Recent Hold-up Legislation Does Not Shorten Workday a Minute.

As a matter of fact, it is not an eight hour law at all. It does not curtail the trainmen's's workday by a single minute. If an engineer has been receiving $5 for working ten hours a day this law will raise his pay to $6.25, but it will not shorten his workday even the tenth part of a second. This is no more like the true eight hour principle than chalk is like cheese.

The reason why people call this an eight hour law is because it says that in the case of railroad trainmen they shall get their day's pay for the first eight hours' work, and all the rest is to be considered overtime.

Do not tell me that this strike could not have been called off or postponed if President Wilson had shown that he meant business. I do not for one minute believe that those four brotherhood leaders started the blaze going without knowing how to put it out. One of them admitted that he could put it out so far as his own brotherhood was concerned, but that his followers would think that he had gone back on them if he were to do so. —Statement of Congressman A. P. Gardner.

A WEEK OF THE WAR.

In the offensive against Verdun the Germans had a definite strategic point to attain. The strategic advantage to come with its possition may not have been entirely obnious. Its value may not have been worth the men sacrificed in the attempt to get it. But for four months of almost continuous battle we could follow each step, each bit of ground gained with reference to the one great comprehensible objective.

In the present offensive on the Somme this is not the case. The initial great drive was apparently directed against Peronne, and the line was advanced to within a mile of that place. The correspondents and experts at once began to point out its great value as a central point in the German system of communications. But since the first week or so of the offensive this Peronne sector has been practically neglected. The English attack, particularly, switched toward Bapaume, fifteen miles to the north. The French have operated first on one side, then on the other, making salients and then gradually bringing the rest of their front up into alignment with them. This, of course, is the same strategy the Germans pursued at Verdun. But in the Verdun case the active front narrowed as the advance progressed, until in the end all the fighting concentrated within the short sector running from Fort Vaux past Fort Souville to the Thiaumount farm that is directly at the gate to Verdun. The present offensive, instead of contracting, widens as it progresses.

The news dispatches gave great prominence to the capture of Combles and relatively little to that of Thiepval. Yet Combles opens the way to no other place of manifestly great strategical importance. Its defense held up the allied advance, but there is no such manifest single objective behind it as Verdun behind "Dead Man's Hill," for instance, Thiepval, on the other hand, was the anchor by which the Germans bound their new front along the line of the offensive with their original positions to the north. Like Combles, it is only a village. But its capture paves the way to a considerable extension of the fighting front northward.

This seems to have been the really important event of the past two weeks, not only in itself but as an indication of the allies' strategical plans. Between Thiepval on the north and Vermandovillers on the south, the practical limits of the offensive thus far, the allies have made a great and fairly regular bend in the German line, some seven miles deep. The salients within it are of minor and local character; and its extremities are too far apart to render progress in the center dangerous because of the risk of flank attacks. The last two weeks seem to have shown that in the center the Germans have been pushed entirely out of their lines of permanent fortifications, and that the new ones, thrown up hastily, offer far less obstacle to the allies' advance. The fact is indicated in the greater distances now covered regularly in the allies' attack when made in this section. The wonder is, then, if the object is simply to pierce the line, why we do not see the fighting become more and more restricted. Rather, the idea seems to be to broaden the pregnable front so greatly, before this final drive is made, that the English, particularly, will have elbow room for the employment of the hundreds of thousands of men who must as yet be kept behind the lines. However intense the fighting, there are limits to the numbers one can throw against a breach only eighteen miles wide. The broader the front the more telling will be the attack, for where Germany, by concentraning her troops, might present a fair resistance on an eighteen-mile front, she certainly cannot have the men to meet the same kind of an onslaught on a front of forty or fifty miles.

The allies, progress in the west has been notable. In the east, whatever there war councils may have expected, events must have proved keenly disappointing to the British and French public. As the season progresses the immediate value of Rumania as an ally grows more and more problematical. The Austrians and Bulgarians seem able to take care of her without serious injury to the Macedonian defense and without leaving Russia free to resume her offensive in Galicia, Rumania herself might, indeed, not have been expected to accomplish much; for this is not a war where 300,000 men count particularly. But the removal of the obstacle the Cumanian frontier opposed to a Russian advance southward has not been followed up; nor, at the end of a month, is there the slightest indication of preparation on Russia's part to seize upon the advantage offered her with millions of men available, provided they had equipment, and with the obviously deadly blow that a severance of communications with Constantinople would deal the Teutonic cause, and the road open, Russia's quietude is a mystery that can be explained only by the assumption that this year's accumulation of munitions has been exhausted. And, of course, if this be found to be true, Germany may pretty soon feel easy enough to transfer troops to the west if she conceives the situation there growing too menacing for the safety of her plans.

Means of communication between this country and Germany are so circumscribed that implicit reliance cannot be placed in the cable dispatches which seem to forcast resumption of submarine activity on a broader scale than has yet been attempted and regardless of neutral protests. This may be the meaning of von Bethmann-Hollweg's speech in the Reichstag on Thursday. If he has gone over to the von Tirpitz idea of ruthless warfare, the worst may be feared; but is difficult to reconcile such a change of attitude on the Chancellor's part with what we have been given to understand he has been doing to hold the fire-eaters in check. Having carried the day against them and having disposed of von Tirpitz, it does not seem likely that the Chancellor would suddenly reserve himself. The idea that Germany would take on another antagonist with the great resources of the United States, and thus having the world against her in arms would find it easier to quit, might be entertained if it were not for the fact that Germany will need friends after the war considerably more than she needs more enemies during the war, even though an additional one might help to save her face. If she now determines to force the submarine issue at the risk of bringing the United States into the conflict, it will be because she sees a way to do far greater damage to her enemies than has yet been demonstrated to be possible.

The Celebrated South Bend Plow.

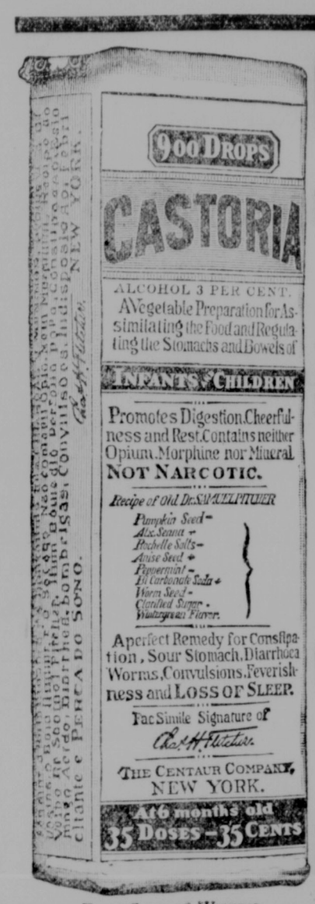
Buy one now and pay for it in the spring. Price is just right.

McIntire's Hardware Store, Oakland. Advertisement.

Split Siding Cheap.

We have just received a car of Split Siding which we offer at a low price to those who place their orders immediately. H. W. Kahl & Sons, Oakland Planing Mills, Oakland, Md. Adv.

Subscribe for The Republican.



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MEAT MARKET

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SHOCK ABSORBERS
CHAINS
SPARK PLUGS
DRY CELLS
TIRETITE

And many other accessories at the OAKLAND GARAGE, Prest-O-Lite Exchange, Oakland, Maryland.

REAL BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE

One of the most desirable residences on Alder street in Oakland, now owned by M. A. Carney, and occupied as a residence by States Attorney Jones, is offered at a very attractive price.

A valuable 90 acre farm near Ottaway, Garrett Co., on the line of the proposed new state road to West Va., and a very desirable piece of real estate.

Improved farm of 138 acres near Swanton, Garrett Co., improved by nine room dwelling, barn and young orchard now bearing. A safe investment.

JAS. D. HAMILL, Real Estate Agent.

Farm for Sale

Containing two hundred and seventy-six acres. About 175 acres cleared and in good cultivation and the balance in timber.

Located twelve miles west of Lonaconing in Garrett county in the Fairview settlement. With seven or eight never failing springs on it. One dwelling house containing seven rooms and a good cellar; bank barn 40 x 60 feet and all other necessary outbuildings.

Good apple orchard of about 200 bearing trees and all other kinds of fruits.

If not sold prior to January 1st, 1917, the property will be for rent.

For any other information call on or address the undersigned.

JONAS WEITZELL, Lonaconing, Md.

Notice to the Public

The undersigned has bought out the general store of Mr. J. S. Clary at Deer Park, Md., and will continue the business in the same building and in the same manner in which it has been conducted, and extends to the public generally a cordial invitation to call, get prices and see if we cannot do business.

Remember that satisfaction is guaranteed in every transaction.

Thanking you in advance.

I am very truly, W. B. MILLER.

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Not a Word For Farmers.

"Not a word has been spoken by congress in defense of the woman who rakes the hay and gathers the sheaves," said Mr. Pope. "Little has been done that has increased the income of the farmer or enabled him to pay a higher wage to his laborers.

"But today we find the highest paid laborers in the world making three times more money than a farmer demanding 25 per cent increase, and congress hastening to their relief. This increase must in the end rest upon the back of the farmer and will reduce his income, increase his hours of labor and call for another levy of farm mothers from the home to the field.

"The farmers of this nation must fight through organization to hold what they have and to get what is rightfully theirs from the government."

Mr. Pope stated that by the enactment of the eight hour day law congress had thrust upon the people of the country a new responsibility and organized labor now stands committed to the principle of government regulation of wages. The government, he said, should fix wages for all classes of railroad employees and should have the power to decrease as well as to increase wages to remedy comparative inequalities.

"Square Deal" For All.

"In my opinion," he continued, "the next session of congress should readjust the wages of all railroad employees, from railroad president to section laborer, giving all a square deal and fixing a schedule of pay based upon business justice and human rights. I submit a schedule of wages taken from official government reports which presents conclusive evidence of the inequalities of the present daily wages:

"General officers, $16.11; other officers, $6.49; general office clerks, $2.53; station agents, $2.37; other station men, $1.99; enginemen, $5.28; firemen, $3.23; conductors, $4.49; other trainmen, $3.11; all shopmen, $2.37, and trackmen, $1.50."

Mr. Pope declared that the foregoing schedule showed that the 350,000 section hands in the country were condemned to a life of poverty. He said he believed that congress, having undertaken to regulate the wages of higher paid employees, should review their wages.

Finnegan's Philosophy

Single Track Minds

"What is he?" asked Finnegan. "Sure at Injainnypoles he said he was full of Annymated Concerv'tism. Fwhat's that, ye say? 'Tis the turn-table on the wan thrack mind. It kapes spinnin' round and round an' divil a man can tell fwhat switch it will pick up. It dinnau itself. So ye dinnau where to lay for it.

"'Twas so wid the arrumed freight ships. 'They're not warships,' he says, 'onless I change me mind,' he says, 'which I have,' he says, 'an' annywan who says so is a liar,' he says, 'but I refuse to discuss it,' he says. 'I'll pass the buck to Congress,' he says, 'on'y I won't,' he says, 'for 'tis no business of theirs,' he says, 'though they must vote on the resolution,' he says, 'to show where they stand,' he says, 'hince ye'll lay it on the table,' he says, 'an' thin they can't vote,' says Wudthrow to Stone.

"'I—I—thought I seen a fallacy,' says, Stone, timid like, but the Great Idayllst brung down his fisht wid a t'ump.

"'Table the risolution,' says he—an' away goes Stone.

"'Fwhat does this mean?' axes the Sinit.

"'Gintlemen,' says Stone, weepin' bitterly, 'ye can frisk me. But thim's the orders,' says Stone, 'an' if anny man iver knew fwhat it meant he's kep quiet about it.'

"So wid the fightin' wurd. 'We're too proud to fight,' says this turrible man to a bunch iv just-overs at Philadelphy. 'Haw-haw-haw,' says the wurled (a laugh gets his goat, Jawn). 'I was thinkin' iv somethin' I didn't say,' yells Wudthrow. 'Haw-haw-haw,' says the wurld, laughin' to split.

"Be this an' be that 'Too Proud to Fight' has made the reppytashun iv Wudthrow. 'Tis like the Monroe Doctrine to Monroe or Emanshipashun to Lincoln. 'Twas thranslated into ivry tongue. 'Tis better known than the twenty-third psalm or the famous oration iv the Guv'nor iv North Carliny. If an Ashantee poked another in the eye he's give him the coon f'r 'Are Ye Too Proud to Fight?' an' they'd both laugh before they wint to the flure. All the recruitin' signs abroad had it, an' the shame 'ud bring three recruits where 'Tipperary' or rum wud bring wan. 'Oh, won't ye plaze stop laughin?' says Wudthrow, but they laughed the more. So he sinds Jim Ham Lewis to explain. He's called Ham by reason he's so fond of pork.

"'Three thousand years agone,' says Jim Ham, 'or maybe less,' says he, 'an ould Dago said, "Non Dinny Carey win Kerry"'* (or the like o' that, Jawn. It means not to have a chip on yer shoulder.) 'Non Dinny Carey win Kerry,' says Jim Ham, 'an' Julius Sayzer,' says he, 'an' Tolmy Philadelphy,' says he, 'an' the Earl iv Cheaten,' says Jim, 'an' William Haitch Seward,' says Ham, 'an' a lot more I forget,' says Ham, 'who felt the same way,' says Jim, 'although,' he says, 'they nivir said so,' says Jim Ham to the Sinit.

"'Now,' says he, 'how, I axe ye, cud the Prisidint know that the cultyvated Christian audience,' he says, 'iv immygrants,' says he, 'wud fail to grasp the nooance,' says Jim Ham. 'An' Jawn, they shut the dures the way the people wudden't see the Sinit lose its dignity.'

"'Fhwat's a nooance?' asked Malumphy.

"'Tis a sort iv intellectual gold brick,' replied Finnegan, slightly puzzled, 'be which ye say fhwat ye doan't mane an' mane wye doan't say. The nooance comes out iv it somehow. 'Tis like I dinnau what, just exactly like it,' he added after a short pause. 'I cudden't tell thim apart.'

"'Well,' said Malumphy, 'the single thrack mind gets nowhere, I'm thinkin'.'

"'Th' gauge is none too broad,' replied his friend, 'an' the thraffie's heavy,' he added."

*Non Dinicare est Vincere.

ANSWER: EIGHT HOURS, NOT EIGHT YEARS.

[Special Dispatch to the New York Herald.]

Bar Harbor, Me., Monday.

To the Editor of the Herald:

Maine's answer to Wilson: "Eight hours, but not eight years."—A Former Progressive.

Editorial Comments

Mr. Hughes has made Mr. Wilson's policy of deciding a case and then getting the facts afterward one of the most pitiable exhibitions of weakness that even the present administration can give.

"Peace, preparedness and prosperity" are claimed as the Democratic campaign cries. More appropriate ones would be "Pie, pork and pickle."

And now nobody seems to know exactly what the new wage law means or to whom it applies. Another illustration of Democratic inefficiency.

The Democratic congress has voted a tariff on dyes, thereby declaring in favor of the principle of protection. How the party does change its colors.

If President Wilson were really earnest in telling the suffrage women "I come to fight for you" he would have put a suffrage measure through congress by the same stop watch method that he used to force the railway wage increase bill through.

Shadow Lawn, as a residence for the next few weeks, will give its occupant an opportunity to get accustomed to the after election gloom.

Here is reason enough why Mr. Wilson should be defeated. Why should Mr. Hughes be preferred? Gifford Pinchot, the Progressive, answers, giving facts to support his statement: "Hughes is a man of his word. * * * I cannot vote for Wilson because I cannot trust him. He does not do what he says. Hughes does. Therefore my choice is Hughes."

When the Progressives come back they bring their punch with them.

Villa says he bears us no grudge. Well, why should he? Haven't we always treated him as a perfect gentleman?

What has become of the old fashioned man who used to say of President Wilson, "Ye-es, he does make mistakes, but I believe he's sincere."

And we haven't yet got either Francisco Villa or that salute.

Next stop for the political express Nov. 7.

Irvin S. Cobb is to make campaign speeches for the Democratic party in the west. Irv, you all recall, of course, is a humorist and is peculiarly equipped to do full justice to his subject.

The least that may be said of President Wilson is that he has been right half the time, for he has been on both sides of almost all important questions.

NOT AN EIGHT HOUR DAY.

Recent Hold-up Legislation Does Not Shorten Workday a Minute.

As a matter of fact, it is not an eight hour law at all. It does not curtail the trainmen's's workday by a single minute. If an engineer has been receiving $5 for working ten hours a day this law will raise his pay to $6.25, but it will not shorten his workday even the tenth part of a second. This is no more like the true eight hour principle than chalk is like cheese.

The reason why people call this an eight hour law is because it says that in the case of railroad trainmen they shall get their day's pay for the first eight hours' work, and all the rest is to be considered overtime.

Do not tell me that this strike could not have been called off or postponed if President Wilson had shown that he meant business. I do not for one minute believe that those four brotherhood leaders started the blaze going without knowing how to put it out. One of them admitted that he could put it out so far as his own brotherhood was concerned, but that his followers would think that he had gone back on them if he were to do so. —Statement of Congressman A. P. Gardner.

A WEEK OF THE WAR.

In the offensive against Verdun the Germans had a definite strategic point to attain. The strategic advantage to come with its possition may not have been entirely obnious. Its value may not have been worth the men sacrificed in the attempt to get it. But for four months of almost continuous battle we could follow each step, each bit of ground gained with reference to the one great comprehensible objective.

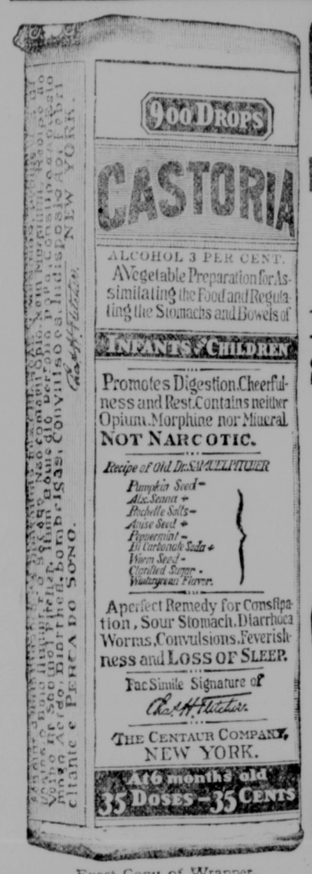
In the present offensive on the Somme this is not the case. The initial great drive was apparently directed against Peronne, and the line was advanced to within a mile of that place. The correspondents and experts at once began to point out its great value as a central point in the German system of communications. But since the first week or so of the offensive this Peronne sector has been practically neglected. The English attack, particularly, switched toward Bapaume, fifteen miles to the north. The French have operated first on one side, then on the other, making salients and then gradually bringing the rest of their front up into alignment with them. This, of course, is the same strategy the Germans pursued at Verdun. But in the Verdun case the active front narrowed as the advance progressed, until in the end all the fighting concentrated within the short sector running from Fort Vaux past Fort Souville to the Thiaumount farm that is directly at the gate to Verdun. The present offensive, instead of contracting, widens as it progresses.

The news dispatches gave great prominence to the capture of Combles and relatively little to that of Thiepval. Yet Combles opens the way to no other place of manifestly great strategical importance. Its defense held up the allied advance, but there is no such manifest single objective behind it as Verdun behind "Dead Man's Hill," for instance, Thiepval, on the other hand, was the anchor by which the Germans bound their new front along the line of the offensive with their original positions to the north. Like Combles, it is only a village. But its capture paves the way to a considerable extension of the fighting front northward.

This seems to have been the really important event of the past two weeks, not only in itself but as an indication of the allies' strategical plans. Between Thiepval on the north and Vermandovillers on the south, the practical limits of the offensive thus far, the allies have made a great and fairly regular bend in the German line, some seven miles deep. The salients within it are of minor and local character; and its extremities are too far apart to render progress in the center dangerous because of the risk of flank attacks. The last two weeks seem to have shown that in the center the Germans have been pushed entirely out of their lines of permanent fortifications, and that the new ones, thrown up hastily, offer far less obstacle to the allies' advance. The fact is indicated in the greater distances now covered regularly in the allies' attack when made in this section. The wonder is, then, if the object is simply to pierce the line, why we do not see the fighting become more and more restricted. Rather, the idea seems to be to broaden the pregnable front so greatly, before this final drive is made, that the English, particularly, will have elbow room for the employment of the hundreds of thousands of men who must as yet be kept behind the lines. However intense the fighting, there are limits to the numbers one can throw against a breach only eighteen miles wide. The broader the front the more telling will be the attack, for where Germany, by concentraning her troops, might present a fair resistance on an eighteen-mile front, she certainly cannot have the men to meet the same kind of an onslaught on a front of forty or fifty miles.

The allies, progress in the west has been notable. In the east, whatever there war councils may have expected, events must have proved keenly disappointing to the British and French public. As the season progresses the immediate value of Rumania as an ally grows more and more problematical. The Austrians and Bulgarians seem able to take care of her without serious injury to the Macedonian defense and without leaving Russia free to resume her offensive in Galicia, Rumania herself might, indeed, not have been expected to accomplish much; for this is not a war where 300,000 men count particularly. But the removal of the obstacle the Cumanian frontier opposed to a Russian advance southward has not been followed up; nor, at the end of a month, is there the slightest indication of preparation on Russia's part to seize upon the advantage offered her with millions of men available, provided they had equipment, and with the obviously deadly blow that a severance of communications with Constantinople would deal the Teutonic cause, and the road open, Russia's quietude is a mystery that can be explained only by the assumption that this year's accumulation of munitions has been exhausted. And, of course, if this be found to be true, Germany may pretty soon feel easy enough to transfer troops to the west if she conceives the situation there growing too menacing for the safety of her plans.

Means of communication between this country and Germany are so circumscribed that implicit reliance cannot be placed in the cable dispatches which seem to forcast resumption of submarine activity on a broader scale than has yet been attempted and regardless of neutral protests. This may be the meaning of von Bethmann-Hollweg's speech in the Reichstag on Thursday. If he has gone over to the von Tirpitz idea of ruthless warfare, the worst may may be feared; but is difficult to reconcile such a change of attitude on the Chancellor's part with what we have been given to understand he has been doing to hold the fire-eaters in check. Having carried the day against them and having disposed of von Tirpitz, it does not seem likely that the Chancellor would suddenly reserve himself. The idea that Germany would take on another antagonist with the great resources of the United States, and thus having the world against her in arms would find it easier to quit, might be entertained if it were not for the fact that Germany will need friends after the war considerably more than she needs more enemies during the war, even though an additional one might help to save her face. If she now determines to force the submarine issue at the risk of bringing the United States into the conflict, it will be because she sees a way to do far greater damage to her enemies than has yet been demonstrated to be possible.



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And many other accessories at the OAKLAND GARAGE, Prest-O-Lite Exchange, Oakland, Maryland.

REAL BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE

One of the most desirable residences on Alder street in Oakland, now owned by M. A. Carney, and occupied as a residence by States Attorney Jones, is offered at a very attractive price.

A valuable 90 acre farm near Ottaway, Garrett Co., on the line of the proposed new state road to West Va., and a very desirable piece of real estate.

Improved farm of 138 acres near Swanton, Garrett Co., improved by nine room dwelling, barn and young orchard now bearing. A safe investment.

JAS. D. HAMILL, Real Estate Agent.

Farm for Sale

Containing two hundred and seventy-six acres. About 175 acres cleared and in good cultivation and the balance in timber.

Located twelve miles west of Lonaconing in Garrett county in the Fairview settlement. With seven or eight never failing springs on it. One dwelling house containing seven rooms and a good cellar; bank barn 40 x 60 feet and all other necessary outbuildings.

Good apple orchard of about 200 bearing trees and all other kinds of fruits.

If not sold prior to January 1st, 1917, the property will be for rent.

For any other information call on or address the undersigned.

JONAS WEITZELL, Lonaconing, Md.

Notice to the Public

The undersigned has bought out the general store of Mr. J. S. Clary at Deer Park, Md., and will continue the business in the same building and in the same manner in which it has been conducted, and extends to the public generally a cordial invitation to call, get prices and see if we cannot do business.

Remember that satisfaction is guaranteed in every transaction.

Thanking you in advance.

I am very truly,

W. B. MILLER.

The Celebrated South Bend Plow.

Buy one now and pay for it in the spring. Price is just right.

McIntire's Hardware Store, Oakland. Advertisement.

Split Siding Cheap.

We have just received a car of Split Siding which we offer at a low price to those who place their orders immediately. H. W. Kahl & Sons, Oakland Planing Mills, Oakland, Md. Adv.

Subscribe for The Republican.

GREEK KING TO AGREE TO WAR

Constantine, in Fear of Losing Throne, Decides to Join Allies.

TO ORDER BULGARS OUT

London.—War against Bulgaria has been decided on by King Constantine and the Greek Cabinet. An ultimatum will be sent demanding that Bulgaria evacuate immediately the parts of Greek Macedonia she now occupies. Mobilization of the whole Greek army will begin without loss of time.

This is the news in despatches received from Athens. Premier Kalogeropoulos said before a hastily summoned Cabinet meeting that an ultimatum would be sent to Bulgaria. An Athens despatch says:

"The King called a conference of Premier Kalogeropoulos, Gen. Moschopoulos, the Chief of Staff; Rear Admiral Damianos, the Minister of Marine, and Nicholas Strathos, ex-Minister of Marine, at the Palace to discuss the action to be taken in view of the silence of the Entente Powers respecting Greece's proposal to join the Allies, made through the Greek Ministers at the Entente capitals ten days ago."

This is the first news that the formal proposal for action by Greece on the side of the Allies was made by King Constantine's Government. It is believed that the King was induced to take this step by the growth of the national revolt and fear of the loss of his throne unless he acceded to the desires of the Greek people.

In a despatch from Athens Reuter's correspondent says a telegram has been received there from Canea giving the summary of the proclamation of a provisional Government by former Premier Venizelos and Admiral Condouriotis. The main points of the document, says the correspondent, constitute a comparison of the Greece of today with the Greece of 1912-13.

COMBLES TAKEN BY THE ALLIES.

London.—The Allies won spectacular successes in the Somme region. Two vital strongholds were captured, and at a third point the British took a village which puts them a mile closer to Bapaume.

Combles fell to the French and British troops, who entered it together, each cleaning out half of the town whose capture had come to be regarded as of the greatest significance.

The British also took Thiepval, the Hohenzollern redoubt and the high ridge east of it. The importance of this advance surpasses in military advantage even the taking of Combles. Thiepval had been fortified with an elaborate system of heavily wired trenches. The Germans regarded it as impregnable, and their desperate resistance at Thiepval had held up the British left wing for months—ever since the Somme offensive began. The village marked the northernmost limit of the Allies' gains.

The British also took Gueudecourt, in he centre of their line. Gueudecourt is three miles from Bapaume.

Combles fell easily. It could not hold out after the capture of Fregicourt and Morval and all the high ground commanding it. So well was this recognized that the Allies' artillery did not even fire upon the village itself. Then the khaki clad British and the French in blue gray entered the town together, each attending strictly to its own section. The British cleaned out the part on the left of the railroad, while he French took the section on the right of the line. The work was accomplished within a few hours.

There has been fierce fighting northeast of Thiepval, in the course of which our troops stormed and now hold an enemy work known as the Stuff Redoubt, on the main ridge 2,000 yards northeast of the village.

PITH OF THE WAR NEWS

The victory of General von Falkenhayn over the Rumanians around Hermannstadt, in Transylvania, grows with every new dispatch from the front.

The thrust of Von Delminsingen's troops in behind the Rumanians is greeted by the German press as one of the most notable military achievements of the war. His army was confronted with stupendous difficulties of terrain and placed itself directly in the way of peril.

Armored "tanks" helped clear German trenches in a British drive along a 3,000 yard front on the Somme.

The Greek revolution is spreading by leaps and bounds. Not only has the Greek warship Hydra been seized by the rebels and brought to join the Allied fleet in Salonica Bay, but the Kilkis, formerly the U. S. battleship Idaho, also has deserted.

General Joffre, commander-in-chief of the French army, has sent a message congratulating General Haig, commander-in-chief of the British forces in France, on the recent British successes. In replying, General Haig said he looks forward to victory.

The charge is made Bulgarian troops are slaughtering wounded Serbians.

FARMERS' MILK STRIKE ON

Famine Will Hit Public Hard Unless West and Canada Come to Rescue

BOTH SIDES ARE DETERMINED

They Attack Wagons and Defeat Company's Employes in Fist Fights—Trees Felled Across Roads to Block Deliveries.

New York.—The State Dairymen's League throttled the New York City milk distributors. They succeeded in cutting the supply to 30 per cent. of the normal, while the great distributing companies made frantic efforts to bring milk from the western states and Canada.

As a result, thousands of New York families are without milk and the supply allowed others throughout the metropolitan district is curtailed. Hospitals and homes in which there are sick children will be cared for first, it is said, and for the present these places will get the full supply needed.

These were the other developments of the strike:

1—Loton Horton, vice-president of the Sheffield Farms-Slawson Decker Company, made charges of conspiracy and restraint of trade against the Dairymen's League to Attorney-General Woodbury. He also complained of the action of Commissioner John J. Dillon, of the State Department of Foods and Markets, who is directing the strike.

2—Commissioner Dillon declared these charges were "the last squeal of a beaten man," and that the dairymen would win in a week. He said the law empowered him to act for the farmers.

3—Violence began upstate. In Pawling, Dutchess County, milk shipped by farmers not in the league was spilled.

4—One thing became certain. The ultimate consumer will lose, whoever wins. Mr. Dillon said the advances already announced by two big companies were in anticipation of defeat, and more advances may come when the league wins.

From various towns and villages in the milk producing sections of New York and New Jersey reports were received showing that farmers who are doing picket duty at the cross roads and at turnpikes leading to the milk stations controlled by the milk distributing companies have learned the treiks of their striking brothers in big cities.

DR. KOO RESIGNS POST.

Chinese Minister at Washington Suffering From Ill Health.

Washington.—Dr. Wellington Koo, Chinese Minister to the United States, has sent his resignation to the Chinese Foreign Office, it was learned here. Continued ill health was given as the reason.

Dr. Koo is only 30 years old—the youngest diplomat ever accredited to the United States. He was graduated from Columbia University in 1909, and received his degree of doctor of philosophy in 1912. He has also received an honorary degree from Yale. He was appointed Minister to the United States in November, 1915, by Yuan Shih-k'ai, to whom he had been private secretary. His home is near Shanghai. He married the daughter of Tong Shao-Yi, first Prime Minister of the Republican Cabinet.

TO PAY FOR MAIL BY BULK

New Plan to Be Tried on Railroads Commencing Nov. 1.

Washington.—The space basis for compensating railroads for transportation of mails will be put into effect November 1 throughout 90 per cent. of the service, the Post Office Department announced here. Final decision as to whether it shall be made permanent is left to the Interstate Commerce Commission.

The 10 per cent of the service in which the present weight basis will be retained is the "closed pouch service," consisting of mails transmitted in locked sacks in baggage cars and handled by agents of the railroad companies.

CHINA TO FAVOR U. S.

Trade Formerly Given to Japan May Cross the Pacific.

Washington.—Anxious to have as little to do with Japan as possible in any way, China is making special efforts to give her former Japanese trade to the United States. Even now in Washington the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce and representatives in China—unofficial, it is true, are working to the same end. So far as the Chinese are concerned, the move is guarded with secrecy.

POSTAL DEPOSITS GAIN

August Shows Increase of More Than $5,000,000.

Washington.—The deposits in postal savings banks during August, according to information furnished at the Postoffice Department, showed a record breaking gain of almost $5,000,000, more than $1,000,000 a week. The gains are not confined to any particular city or section, but were general throughout the country. The next largest monthly increase was $4,016,000 for August, 1914.

U-BOAT WARFARE RENEWAL FEARED

United States Officials See in German Chancellor's Speech Intention to Break Pledges

MUST USE EVERY MEANS

Chancellor Declared In Reichstag Address Any Statesman Who Refused to Advocate Such Action Should Be Hanged.

Washington.—State Department officials view with uneasiness the speech of Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg to the Reichstag. They interpreted it as a declaration that Germany contemplated resumption of relentless submarine warfare against the Allies, and against Great Britain in particular.

It was pointed out that the Chancellor, after arraigning England as "Germany's most egotistical, fiercest and most obstinate enemy," and declaring she had broken one international law after another had declared:

"A German statesman who would hesitate to use against this enemy every available instrument of battle that would shorten this war—such a statesman should be hanged."

It was remarked that the speech seemed to verify clippings sent to the State Department some time ago by Ambassador Gerard in which Admiral von Tirpitz was credited with exerting himself to have the U-boat campaign renewed.

At that time, the State Department undertook to ascerain if he old sea fighter spoke authoritatively. It is likely Mr. Gerard will be able to throw some light on this.

Since the Sussex incident, Germany has implicitly followed her assurances that submarine warfare would be conducted according to international law.

London.—Commenting on the speech of the German Chancellor, Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg before the Reichstag, Lord Roberts Cecil, minister of war, trade and blocade, said that all of Europe is "ready for peace" but that Germany wants "only a truce."

"Everybody is ready for peace," he concluded. "It depends upon what one calls peace. The Germans are not ready for peace; they only want a truce for a period of preparation for further world attacks."

MEXICAN PARLEY ENDS OCT. 15.

Commission Expresses Satisfaction With Progress Made.

New London, Conn.—Its work here virtually finished, the American-Mexican joint commission expects to end its conference not later than October 15.

Both sides expressed satisfaction with the progress already made. Border conditions and to some extent the banking question were discussed. A memorandum of conditions has been prepared by mining men in Mexico.

Mexican members of the commission said that Ambassador Designate Arredondo's departure for Mexico was not related to the conference and they believed he would return soon.

TO STOP PAYING GUARDSMEN.

New Yok.—The New York Title and Mortgage Company recently notified its guardsmen employes now doing service on the border that their salaries will be discontinued after October 1 unless they shall have returned to their positions.

"We feel we have done our duty," said Henry C. Acken, president of the company, "and we feel that now the Government should do its duty by relieving firms of the strain under which they have been operating their business."

WORLD'S NEWS IN CONDENSED FORM

LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—United States Senator James P. Clarke died at his home here. He was taken ill suddenly with acute indigestion. A meeting of the Democratic State Central Committee will be called at once to name a candidate as his permanent successor who must be elected in November.

NEW YORK.—With a fire raging in her hold, the steamship Philadelphia arrived here safely, after a four-day fight by her crew to keep the flames in check. Many of the passengers did not learn of their peril until the arrival here.

WASHINGTON. — Cadets at the United States Military Academy at West Point are to receive a "commutation of 40 cents per ration per day" dating from July 1, 1916, instead of 30 cents a day as previously.

WASHINGTON.—On Oct. 25 next bids will be opened by the U. S. Government for twenty-nine ships valued at $91,400,000 and early in November for twenty submarines valued at $15,500,000. This total of $106,900,00 represents the first instalment of the Government's naval preparedness program calling for an approximate expenditure of $588,600,000 for 147 ships.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters Testamentry on the estate of

OTTO FILSINGER

late of Garrett County, Md., deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 17th day of February, 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 17th day of August, 1916.

E. R. JONES,
Executor,
Oakland, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

HENRY SCHLOSSNAGLE

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 24th day of February, 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under our hand this 22nd day of August, 1916.

G. W. SCHLOSSNAGLE,
Administrator,
Berlin, Somerset Co., Pa.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.

Under the law passed recently all State taxes are due Sept. 1st after which date they bear interest. Taxpayers, in remitting their taxes, are urged to add sufficient interest to cover taxes in arrear otherwise their remittances will be returned which adds materially to the work of the Treasurer and causes more or less trouble to the remitters.

J. W. KIMMELL, Treasurer.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

ARTHUR O. HARVEY,

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 12th day of March, 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 12th day of September 1916.

N. B. HARVEY,
Administrator,
R. D. 1 Deer Park, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

BUCKNER MASON

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before he 12th, day of March, 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 12th day of September, 1916.

A. B. MASON,
Administrator,
Swanton, Md.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Testamentary on the estate of

JOHN M. FISHER

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 12th day of March 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 12th day of September, 1916.

MILTON FISHER,
Executor,
Accident Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

SIMON P. BAKER,

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 12th day of March, 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 12th day of September, 1916.

ELIZABETH E. BAKER,
Adm'x
R. D. Deer Park, Md.

Road Petition

Notice is hereby given that thirty days after the first publication hereof application will be made to the Board of County Commissioners of Garrett county, Maryland, for the appointment of viewers to view and locate a proposed new public road in Election District No. 1 of Garrett county, said proposed new road to begin at a point at the Ingman Place and running thence through the lands of Thayer & Mason, John Steelding, Calvin Glotfelty, Marcellus Shank, Laura E. Green, C. J. Beachy and Mrs. Wilhelm to connect with the Swanton road at the gate of C. J. Beachy, a distance of about two miles.

C. H. GLOTFELTY,
C. J. BEACHY,
MARCELLUS SHANK,
CHARLES A. GREEN,
and others.

Published first time September 14, 1916.

The man Who Makes A STUDY OF HIS APPEARANCE

Is the man who best appreciates the detail of the tailoring we turn out The workmanship passes without a question, the fit is naturally a matter of course, but the shape we mould into the garments give them a character that finishes them off and makes the satisfaction of the owner complete.

All this is a bid for your next tailoring order. We know we can make you the best clothes you ever wore We want you to know it. That order s the best and only sure way to settle he question.

JAMES BROCK,
Dixon Building,
Oakland, Maryland.

PROCLAMATION

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF MARYLAND CREATING A BUDGET SYSTEM.

WHEREAS, at the January Session of the General Assembly of Maryland, held in the year 1916, an Act was passed, to-wit: Chapter 159 of said Acts, being an Act to propose an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title, "Legislative Department," of the Constitution of this State; and which said Act is in words and figures following:

"CHAPTER 159.

AN ACT to propose an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title, Legislative Department, of the Constitution of this State, regulating the making of appropriations by the General Assembly of Maryland in regular session, and to provide for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of this State for adoption or rejection.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Gen a Assembly of Maryland (three-fifths of all the members of each of the two houses concurring.) That the following be and the same is hereby proposed as an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title Legislative Department, of the Constitution of this State, the same, if adopted by the legally qualified voters of the State, as herein provided, to become Section 52 of Article III of the Constitution of Maryland.

Sec. 52. The General Assembly shall not appropriate any money out of the Treasry except in accordance with the followin provisions:

Sub-Section A:

Every appropriation bill shall be either a Budget Bill, or a Supplementary Appropriation Bill, as hereinafter mentioned.

Sub-Section B:

First. Within twenty days after the convening of the General Assembly (except in the case of a newly elected Governor, and then within thirty days after his inauguration,) unless such time shall be extended by the General Assembly for the session at which the Budget is to be submitted, the Governor shall submit to the General Assembly two budgets, one for each of the ensuing fiscal years. Each budget shall contain a complete plan of proposed expenditures and estimated revenues for the particular fiscal year to which it relates; and shall show the estimated surplus or deficit of revenues at the end of such year. Accompanying each budget shall be a statement showing: (1) the revenues and expenditures for each of the two fiscal years next preceding; (2) the current assets, liabilities, reserves and surplus or deficit of the State; (3) the debts and funds of the State; (4) an estimate of the State's financial condition as of the beginning and end of each of the fiscal years covered by the two budgets above provided; (5) any explanation the Governor may desire to make as to the important features of any budget and any suggestion as to methods for the reduction or increase of the State's revenue.

Second. Each budget shall be divided into two parts, and the first part shall be designated "Governmental Appropriations" and shall embrace an itemized estimate of the appropriations: (1) for the General Assembly as certified to the Governor in the manner hereinafter provided; (2) for the Executive Department; (3) for the Judiciary Department, as provided by law, certified to the Governor by the Comptroller; (4) to pay and discharge the principal and interest of the debt of the State of Maryland in conformity with Section 31 of Article III of the Constitution, and all laws enacted in pursuance thereof; (5) for the salaries payable by the State under Constitution and laws of the State; (6) for the establishment and maintenance throughout the State of a thorough and efficient system of public schools in conformity with Article VIII of the Constitution and with the laws of the State; (7) for such other purposes as are set forth in the Constitution of the State.

Third. The second part shall be designated "General Appropriations," and shall include all other estimates of appropriations.

The Governor shall deliver to the presiding officer of each house the budgets and a bill for all the proposed appropriations of the budgets clearly itemized and classified; and the presiding officer of each house shall promptly cause said bill to be introduced therein, and such bill shall be known as the "Budget Bill." The Governor may, before final action thereon by the General Assembly, amend or supplement either of said budgets to correct an oversight or in case of an emergency, with the consent of the General Assembly by delivering such an amendment or supplement to the presiding officers of both houses; and such amendment or supplement shall thereby become a part of said budget bill as an addition to the items of said bill or as a modification of or a substitute for any item of said bill such amendment or supplement may affect.

The General Assembly shall not amend the budget bill so as to affect either the obligations of the State under Section 34 of Article III of the Constitution, or the provisions made by the laws of the State for the establishment and maintenance of a system of public schools, or the payment of any salaries required by the laws of the State of Maryland by the Constitution thereof; and the General Assembly may amend the bill by increasing or diminishing the items therein relating to the General Assembly; and by increasing the items therein relating to the Judiciary, but except as hereinbefore specified, may not alter the said bill except to strike out or recuce items therein provided, however, that the salary or compensation of any public officer shall not be decreased during his term of office; and such bill when and as passed by both houses shall be a law immediately without further action by the Governor.

Fourth. The Governor and such representatives of the executive departments, boards, officers and commissions of the State expending or supplying for State's money, as have been designated by the Governor for this purpose, shall have right, and when requested by either house of the Legislature, it shall be their duty to appear and be heard with respect to any budget bill during the consideration thereof, and to answer inquiries relative thereto.

Sub-Section C: Supplementary Appropriation Bills:

Neither house shall consider other appropriations until the Budget Bill has been finally acted upon by both houses, and no such other appropriation shall be valid except in accordance with the provisions following: (1) Every such appropriation shall be embodied in a separate bill limited to some single work, object or purdose therein stated and called herein a Supplementary Appropriation Bill; (a) Each Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall provide the revenue necessary to pay the appropriation thereby made by a tax, direct or indirect, to be laid and collected as shall be directed in said Bill. (3) No Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall become a law unless it be passed in each house by a vote of a majority of the whole number of the members elected; and in the yeas and nays recorded on its final passage. (4) Each Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall be presented to the Governor of the State as provided in Section 17 of Article II of the Constitution and thereafter all the provisions of said Section shall apply.

Nothing in this amendment shall be construed as preventing the Legislature from passing at any time in accordance with the provisions of Section 29 of Article III of the Constitution and subject to the Governor's power of approval as provided in Section 17 of Article II of the Constitution an appropriation bill to provide for the payment of any obligation of the State of Maryland within the protection of Section 10 of Article I of the Constitution of the United States.

Sub-Section D: General Provisions:

First. If the Budget Bill shall not have been finally acted upon by the Legislature three days before the expiration of its regular session, the Governor may, and it shall be his duty to issue a proclamation extending the session for such further period as may, in his judgment, be necessary for the passage of such Bill; but no other matter than such Bill shall be considered during such extended session except a provision for the cost thereof.

Second. The Governor for the purpose of making up his budgets shall have the power, and it shall be his duty, to require from the proper State Officials, including herein all executive departments, all executive and administrative offices, bureaus boards, commissions and agencies expending or supervising the expenditure of, and all institutions applying for State moneys and appropriations, such itemized estimates and other information, in such form and at such times as he shall direct. The estimates for the Legislative Department, certified by the presiding officer of each house, of the Judiciary, as provided by law, certified by the Comptroller, and for the public schools, as provided by law shall be transmitted to the Governor, in such form and at such times as he shall direct, and shall be included in the budget without revision.

The Governor may provide for public hearings on all estimates and may require the attendance at such hearings of representatives of all agencies, and of all institutions applying for State moneys. After such public hearings he may, in his discretion, revise all estimates except those for the legislative and judiciary departments and for the public schools as provided by law.

Third. The Legislature may, from time to time, enact such laws, not inconsistent with this Section, as may be necessary and proper to carry out it provisions.

Fourth. In the event of any inconsistency between any of the provisions of this Section and any of the other provisions of the Constitution, the provisions of this Section shall prevail. But nothing herein shall in any manner affect the provisions of Section 34 of Article III of the Constution or of any laws heretofore or hereafter passed in pursuance thereof, or be construed as preventing the Governor from calling extraordinary sessions of the Legislature, as provided by Section 16 of Article II, or as preventing the Legislature at such extraordinary sessions from considering any emergency appropriations.

If any item of any appropriation bill passed under the provisions of this Section shall be held invalid upon any ground, such invalidity shall not affect the legality of the Bill or of any other item of such Bill or Bills.

Section 2. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said foregoing Section hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution shall at the next ensuing general election, being the Presidential and Congressional election, being the Presidential and Congressional, election, to be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday of November, nineteen hundred and sixteen, be submitted to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection in conformity with the directions contained in Article XVI of this State, and at said election the vote on said proposed amendment to the constitution shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be placed the following synopsis of said amendment under the caption of

"CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROVIDING FOR A BUDGET."

"This amendment provides that the Governor shall present to the Legislature soon after it is convened a Budget giving a complete plan of proposed expenditures and estimated revenues for the two succeeding fiscal years showing clearly any surplus or deficit in State funds. In these estimates he shall make provision for the interest and sinking funds of all State debts, for all salaries as fixed by law, and for the public schools as fixed by law. With regard to most other matters he may revise the estimates presented to him either by State Officers or State-aided Institutions. The Legislature may not increase the estimates presented by the Governor or pass any additional appropriation act except by a majority vote and must make provision by tax for such increase or additional appropriation. The Legislature may not alter in any appropriation act the provision made by law for the State debt, or for the judiciary, but may reduce all other items in the Governor's estimates; and the words 'for the Constitutional Amendment' and 'against the Constitutional Amendment' as now provided by law, and immediately after said election due returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote in accordance with Article XVI of the Constitution.

Approved Marah 28, 1916."

Now, therefore, I, Emerson C. Harrington, Governor of the State of Maryland, in pursuance of the direction contained in Section 1 of Article XVI of the Constitution of Maryland, do hereby order and direct a copy of this Proclamation, containing a full, true and correct copy of the text of said Chapter 159 of the Acts of Maryland of 1916, be published in at least two newspapers in each of the counties of the State and in three newspapers published in the City of Baltimore, one of which said newspapers in the City of Baltimore to be printed in the German language, once a week for three months next preceding the General Election to be held in this State on November 7th, 1916, and at which election the said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be submitted, in form and manner prescribed by the General Assembly, to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection.

GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND THE GREAT SEAL OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND,
The Great Seal of Maryland. DONE at the City of Annapolis, this twentieth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen.

EMERSON C. HARRINGTON,
By the Governor:
THOMAS W. SIMMONS,
Secretary of State.

ROAD PETITION

Notice is hereby given that thirty days after the first publication hereof, application will be made to the County Commissioners of Garrett county for the appointment of viewers to lay out and locate a proposed new county road in Election District No. 10 of said county, said proposed road to begin at a point on the Ryan's Glade and Blaine road at or near Z. B. Moon's mail box, and running thence through the lands of Michael and Bell Tasker, Alexander Moon, George W. Walter and Jesse and George White to intersect the road leading from Bethlehem to Mountain Lake Park, a distance of about two miles.

E. B. TASKER,
MIKE TASKER,
ALEX. MOON,
JESSE WHITE,
GEORGE A. WHITE,
GEORGE W. WALTER,
AND OTHERS.

First publication August 3, 1916.

The Maryland State College Of Agriculture

Gives special courses in—
AGRICULTURE, ANIMAL HUSBANDRY, DAIRYING, POULTRY HUSBANDRY, FRUIT GROWING, MARKET GARDENING, FLORICULTURE, CANNING, CHEMISTRY, BIOLOGY, RURAL, CIVIL, MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING.

Military Training

College Expenses $50—Living Expenses $100
4 year, 1 year, 10 week and CORRESPONDENCE COURSES—
FALL TERM Begins September 12th.
For Full Information address—
THE REGISTAR, COLLEGE PARK, MD.
Adv. 22-6t

J. W. Whorton & Son CONTRACTING PLASTERERS

Only the Best Material Used.

Best Grade of Wall Plaster on hand at all times.

CONCRETE WORK of All Kinds.

All Work Guaranteed.

OAKLAND, - MARYLAND.

Examiner's Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, appointed by the County Commissioners of Garrett county, to view the lands through which the change in the turn of the road is to be made leading from Hoyes to Oakland road, to intersect the State road near William Callis' and examine whether the said change in road should be made, will meet on the 18th day of September, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said change of said road, and if so to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

R. M. HOLEMAN,
JAMES W. FRIEND,
D. S. CUSTER,
Examiners.

Just received at McIntire's Hardware Store, a car load of Paroid Roofing to sell at the right price.

Advertisement.

MOUNTAIN LAKE PARK.

The post office at this place has been made an International money order office.

Rev. and Mrs. Ed. Browning enjoyed a visit the past week from B. W. Browning and wife, of Norfolk, Va. Mr. Browning is superintendent of terminals, N. & W. R. R. Mr. Browning is a Garrett county boy who has made good. Years ago he entered the employ of the N. & W. R. R. as a call boy and by strictly attending to business he has advanced to his present position.

Mrs. Campbell, Mrs. Thraves and little daughter, left last Thursday night for Tulsa, Oklahoma, where they will spend the winter.

The remains of Mrs. Orval Lish were brought to the Park, from Fairmont, last Thursday, for burial. The funeral took place on Friday. Rev. Mr. Jones conducted the services. The deceased was about 28 years of age. She is survived by her husband and two children.

Squire Floyd White was a week end visitor at Pittsburgh, Pa. The Squire and his auto are great travelers and always ready for service.

Mrs. L. T. Yoder, of Pittsburgh, Pa., was a visitor at the Park last week.

Mrs. J. P. McKee and daughters have returned to their home at Pittsburgh.

The hotel and boarding house people held a meeting at the office of the Association to consider the outlook for 1917 and to consult over the best way to largely extend the season. The meeting was well attended and full of enthusiasm, Mr. Westwood is to be congratulated in this step to enlist the hearty cooperation of the hotel people in building up the Park, and the exchange of ideas must be productive of good. Every one was impressed that 1917 would be the most prosperous season ever enjoyed in the Park.

Mr. C. V. Harvey has purchased the Nihiser property on I street and is moving into it. We are glad to number Mr. Harvey and family among our permanent residents. They have secured an up-to-date property, conveniently located and pleasantly surrounded.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Kahl have moved into Miss Pollock's cottage for the winter.

Mrs. Roger Annen, of St. Louis, Mo., has rented Mrs. B. H. Sincell's bungalow for next season. The house will be improved by a bath room and outfit. Both parties are to be congratulated.

Rev. Barnhouse and family have moved to Terra Alta, their new appointment. We were sorry to see them leave.

The plans for the Builders' Exchange outing have been completed. From present indications about 50 cars will be used by the excursionists on their tour of Western Maryland. They will leave the Builders' Exchange building October 8. The route will be along the old National turnpike. Overnight stops will be made at Hagerstown and Mountain Lake Park, reaching here for dinner. Their ride from Grantsville to the Park will doubtless attract considerable attention and the excursionists will get a mighty good impression of this growing county, as well as the great summer resort of this mountain region. While in the Park the automobilists will be guests of the Mountain Lake hotel.

The apple butter season is here. Almost every body is busy making butter for the days to come.

A corps of State Roads engineers are engaged in surveying for the extension of the new road from the intersection of the Oakland road and C street to the Baltimore and Ohio station in the Park. This road will be of great benefit to every one in the country and will make an improved roadway from this point clear through to Baltimore and the eastern section of the State.

NORTH GLADE

Everybody is busy trying to save crops and get ready for winter.

Buckwheat and potatoes are not as good as usual, though better prices for them will help us some.

Mrs. J. L. McRobie is still seriously ill. She is a great sufferer.

Newton Merrill is recovering from typhoid fever. He has a new son to cheer him up.

Supt. Rathbun and Attendance Officer Wiley were visiting schools here abouts last week.

Our school is doing nicely with a much better attendance than formerly. Our citizens are disposod to be law abiding.

Messrs. Wiley and Rodeheaver, of Oakland, seem to be frequent visitors here. Of course they are welcome but we must not divulge secrets.

Merchant Dixon and family also Mrs. Kelso were visitors at Judge Harvey's recently.

Albert Baker returned from Akron, O., Saturday. He is preparing to move his family thither.

Russell and Maynard Moon were at Oakland on business, Monday.

What is wrong with our Sunday schools? Would compulsory attendance be beneficial? Are parents interested in the highest welfare of their children as they should be?

GORTNER

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Schlossnagle and children, of Accident, were the guests of Mrs. Schlossnagle's brother, W. R. Spoerline Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Maltan, and Mrs. Geo. Cramer, of Richwood, W. Va., dined at W. C. Welch's Monday.

Miss Ruth Irwin, who has been visiting her grandmother at this place for sometime, returned to her home in Pittsburgh, Pa., Wednesday.

Mrs. Elizabeth Gnagy spent a week here with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. John Sanders, in company with Mr. and Mrs. Winters of West Va., left Friday for Altoona, Pa., where they will visit Rev. and Mrs. E. R. Hauser.

Mark Gower spent several days recently at this place.

P. P. Gortner, son Ernest, P. F. Brenninger and Fred Gortner, of Loch Lynn, motored to Springs, Pa., Sunday, where they attended the dedication of the church at that place.

I. J. Lichty has purchased a self feeding thrashing machine and clover huller which will be a great help to our community.

Mrs. Sam Kelley, of Terra Alta, spent a week at this place the guest of Will Welch and family.

L. M. Beachy left Saturday for a visit with friends and relatives near Meyersdale, Pa.

Mrs. Joel Gnegy and daughter, Mrs. James Ross, were visiting Mrs. F. S. Irwin, one day last week.

Public Sale of Personal Property.

The undersigned will offer at public sale and sell to the highest bidder, a lot of live stock, farm implements, grain and hay at his farm 2½ miles south of Mountain Lake Park on Friday, October 20th, beginning at one o'clock p. m. See posters for further particulars, as to terms, etc. B. F. Shaffer.
Advertisement.

Shoe Repairing Shop

I have opened a shoe repairing shop in the Beck with building on Green street and am prepared to do work while you wait.

All work Guaranteed.
Shoes made to fit deformed feet.

PHILIP COLLALTI.
Adv. 31-4t

Public Sale

OF VALUABLE

Live Stock, Farming Implements, Hay, Grain and Corn in Shock.

I will sell at Public Sale at my farm one mile east of Mt. Lake Park depot on the Gorman road on

WEDNESDAY,
October 18th 1916,

beginning at 10:00 o'clock a. m., sharp, the following property:

One brown Mare, 8 years old; weight, 1100; 2 Gray Mares, 11 years old, in foal, weight, 1300; 1 thoroughbred Hambletonian driving Mare, 12 years old Percheron Colt, 1424 pounds; 1 2-year old Colt, 1200 pounds; Percheron Suckling Colt; 1 3-year old thoroughbred Holstein Bull; 1 thoroughbred Holstein Cow with Calf at side; 1 3-year old Holstein and Jersey Cow fresh on January 22nd; 1 2-year old full Jersey Cow, to be fresh in March; 1 8-year old Jersey to be fresh in early spring; 2 2-year old Jersey Heifers to be fresh in February; 1 Yearling, full Holstein Heifer to be fresh in March; 1 yearling Jersey Heifer to be fresh in March; 3 Calves. All the above stock is in good condition and may be slaughtered. Twenty tons of Hay, 10 tons in stack and 10 tons in the barn, all being loose; 225 Shocks of Corn in field; 200 bushels of Oats, 1 Road Wagon, 1 Mowing Machine, 1 Hay Rake, 1 Bobsled, 1 Surrey, 1 Runabout, 1 Hillside Plow, 2 Cultivators, 1 Cutting Box, 1 Double set Harness, 1 Single set Buggy Harness, 1 Side Saddle, 1 Grain Cradle, 1 Man's Saddle and a lot of small articles not mentioned above.

TERMS OF SALE—All sums under $5.00 cash on the day of sale; all sums above $5.00 a credit of six months, said deferred payments to be secured by note with approved security, and to bear interest.

Come ONE, come ALL. Everything will be sold regardless of price or weather.

UPTON CUPPETT, Mt. Lake Park.
E. S. EVANS, Auctioneer.

The Celebrated South Bend Plow.

Buy one now and pay for it in the spring. Price is just right.
McIntire's Hardware Store, Oakland.
Advertisement.

For Sale.

Crooks Crest, comprising about twenty acres, improved by handsome house. Apply to the owner or any real estate agent. Mrs. E. Fundenberg, Oakland, Md. Adv. 12-tf

Supervisors' Notice OF Registration of Voters.

OFFICE OF
THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF ELECTION FOR GARRETT COUNTY.
OAKLAND, MD., SEPTEMBER, 12, 1916.

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with the provisions of Article 33, as amended by Chapter 236 Acts of 1910, the undersigned Officers of Registration of the respective Election Districts of Garrett county, Md., will hold their sittings from 8 o'clock a. m. until 8 o'clock p. m., on

Tuesday, October 3rd,
Tuesday, October 10th,
AND ON
Tuesday, October 17th,

for revision only.

(No one can register after Tuesday, October 10.)

at their respective places of registration hereinafter named, for the purpose of registering in their respective registries of voters all persons who possess or before the day of election next ensuing may possess the requisite qualifications under the Constitution of the State of Maryland and the laws make thereunder entitling them to vote in said election districts and for the purpose of performing all other duties required of them by Article 33 of the Code of Public General Laws of Maryland.

Election District Number One—
Swanton.

The Officers of Registration for the First Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Election Building in the town of Swanton.

Election District Number Two—
Friendsville.

The Officers of Registration for the Second Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Council chamber in the town of Friendsville.

Election District Number Three—
Grantsville.

The Officers of Registration for the Third Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Council Chamber in the town of Grantsville.

Election District Number Four—
Bloomington.

The Officers for Registration for the Fourth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Cleary building in the town of Bloomington.

Election District Number Five—
Accident.

The Officers of Registration of the Fifth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the house of Mrs. Susan Englehart in the town of Accident.

Election District Number Six—
Sang Run.

The Officers of Registration for the Sixth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Election Building in the town of Sang Run.

Election District Number Seven—
Oakland.

The Officers of Registration for the Seventh Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the office of the Board of Election Supervisors in the Court House.

Election District Number Eight—
Ryans Glade—First Precinct.

The Officers of Registration for the First Precinct of the Eighth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Election Building on the Northwestern Pike.

Second Precinct.

The Officers of Registration for the Second Precinct of the Eighth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid at Red House.

Election District Number Nine—
Johnson's.

The Officers of Registration for the Ninth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the shop of Thomas Johnson on the National Pike.

Election District Number Ten—
Deer Park.

The Officers of Registration for the Tenth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Savage building in the town of Deer Park.

Election District Number Eleven—
The Elbow.

The officers of Registration for the Eleventh Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the residence of Joseph Warnick.

Election District Number Twelve—
Bittinger.

The Officers of Registration for the Twelfth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the old store room originally occupied by G. W. Engle in the town of Bittinger.

Election District Number Thirteen—
Kitzmiller.

The Officers of Registration for the Thirteenth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Bank Room in the town of Kitzmiller.

Election District Number Fourteen—
Oakland.

The Officers of Registration for the Fourteenth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Dr. J. Lee McComas office Building adjoining the Commercial Hotel in the town of Oakland.

JOHN T. O'BRIEN,
JOSIAH G. FRIEND.

Officers of Registration for the First Election District.
WILLIAM FREDERICK, Jr.
JAS. W. FRIEND.

Officers of Registration for the Second Election District.
WILLIAM T. STANTON,
C. C. DURST.

Officers of Registration for the Third Election District.
EARL FAZENBAKER,
JOEL PAUGH.

Officers of Registration for the Fourth Election District.
LYMAN FRAZEE,
ADAM HETRICK.

Officers of Registration for the Fifth Election District.
G. WM. BROWNING,
SHERMAN G. SAVAGE.

Officers of Registration for the Sixth Election District.
JOHN F. HART,
WARREN RATHBUN.

Officers of Registration for the Seventh Election District.
FRANK LAYTON,
P. A. CHISHOLM.

Officers of Registration for the First Precinct, Eighth Election District.
ROBERT LATHRUM,
JONAS YUTZY.

Officers of Registration for the Second Precinct, Eighth Election District.
C. ARTHUR MURPHY,
JAMES R. MCKENZIE.

Officers of Registration for the Ninth Election District.
BRUCE T. BROWNING,
B. T. THRASHER.

Officers of Registration for the Tenth Election District.
CORNELIUS H. SMITH,
ALFRED MAGRUDER.

Officers of Registration for the Twelfth Election District.
OLIN WARNICK,
E. S. BRENNEMAN.

Officers of Registration for the Twelfth Election District.
WM. S. HARVEY,
LEWIS CASPER BRAY.

Officers of Registration for the Thirteenth Election District.
C. F. WHITE,
H. R. DEWITT.

Officers of Registration for the Fourteenth Election District.
J. M. STANTON, Pres.
FRED T. MILLER,
GEO. D. BROWNING.

Board of Supervisors of Election for Garrett County, Md.
H. A. RASCHE, Clerk.

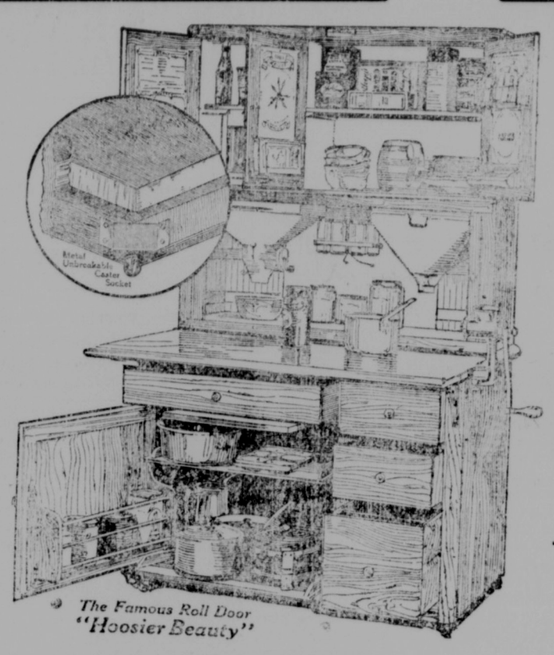
A Money Saving Chance For You.

Get rid of your old scrap iron, old rags, old gum shoes, copper and brass. We are paying best cash prices for same.

25c per hundred for iron; 50c per hundred for rags; 5c per lb. for rubber; from 5c to 10c per lb. for copper and brass.

We are located at the old Hamill house, opposite the electric light plant, Oakland, Md.

A. G. TARLO, Proprietor.
Adv. 16-5 months



WE have in stock the famous HOOSIER KITCHEN CABINET at a price within your reach:

$21.00, $27.00 and $34.00

$1.00 down; balance $1.00 per week

The safest and surest plan is to order now. You take no risk. We guarantee to refund every cent if you are not delighted with the Hoosier.

CALL AND SEE OUR LINE.

McIntire's Hardware Store

Oakland, Maryland.

Assignee's Sale OF VALUABLE House and Lot

In Mt. Lake Park, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage from Philip T. Garthright and Sarah E. Garthright, his wife, dated October 19th, 1908, and recorded among the Mortgage Records of Garrett county, in Liber No. 57, folio 60, and assigned to Richard S. Bell, for the purpose of foreclosure, there being default in the covenants and conditions of said mortgage, the undersigned assignee of said mortgage, will sell at public auction in front of the premises hereinafter described, in Mt. Lake Park, Garrett County, Maryland on

SATURDAY
the 7th day of October, 1916

at 10:30 A. M. the following property, to-wit:

First. All that lot or parcel of land known and described as Lot No. 1017, fronting on "K" Street, on the Plat of Mountain Lake Park, as recorded in Liber No. 6, folio 99, of the Land Records of Garrett County, and being the same property which was conveyed to the said Philip T. Garthright by Gilmor S. Hamill, Trustee, by deed dated April 17th, 1906, and recorded among said Land Records, in Liber No. 26, folio 513, a reference to which is hereby made.

This property is improved with a very good dwelling and outbuildings, the house being equipped with bath and electric light, and the property is known as "Smouse Cottage."

Second. All those lots, pieces or parcels of land situate, lying and being in Mountain Lake Park, and known and described as Lots Nos. 920 and 922 respectively on the plat of Mountain Lake Park, and being the same lots which were conveyed to the said Philip T. Garthright by the Mountain Lake Park Association, by deed dated February 22nd, 1908, and recorded among the Land Records of Garrett County aforesaid, in Liber No. 24, folio 19, a reference to which said deed is hereby made.

Each of these lots is improved with a good dwelling house and the whole is known as "Virginia Homes," these houses are equipped with bath, electric light etc., with necessary outbuildings.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on the day of sale.

RICHARD S. BELL,
Assignee of Mortgage.

Administrator's Sale OF Personal Property AND Real Estate

Under and by virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court for Garrett county, the undersigned administrator of the personal estate of Buckner Mason, late of Garrett county deceased, hereby gives notice that he will on

WEDNESDAY,
the 18th day of October, 1916,

at the hour of 10 o'clock A. M., at the farm of the deceased located 6 miles north of Swanton, Garrett county, offer at public auction and sell to the highest bidder all of the following personal property, to-wit:

One gray Horse, 6 years old; 1 gray Horse, 7 years old; 1 Jersey Cow, 1 two-horse Carriage, 1 Grain Drill, 1 Land Roller, 1 Mowing Machine, 1 Hillside Plow, 1 Cutting Box, 1 Hay Rake, 1 Spring tooth Harrow, 1 Cultivator, 1 Road Wagon, nearly new; 1 old Road Wagon, 1 set Double Work Harness, 1 Saddle, about 8 tons Hay, and 250 bushel of Oats, and other articles too numerous to mention.

I will also, upon the same day and immediately after the above personal property has been sold, offer at public auction the farm of the decedent, containing the quantity of 51 acres, which is improved by a good Dwelling House and barn, all cleared except six acres and under fence. This land is very productive and is under a good state of cultivation. There is also located upon the farm two good apple orchards; good well and never-failing spring.

TERMS OF SALE—On the personal property, sums of $5 and under cash on the day of sale; above $5 a credit of six months with approved security will be given. On the real estate, one fourth of the purchase money to be paid in cash on the day of sale; and the balance in three equal annual installments, the deferred payments to be evidenced and secured by the notes of the purchaser or purchasers with security satisfactory to the undersigned administrator, and to bear interest from the day of sale, or the entire purchase price may be paid in cash on the day of sale.

A. B. MASON,
Administrator,
Swanton, Md. R. F. D.

The Celebrated South Bend Plow.

Buy one now and pay for it in the spring. Price is just right.
McIntire's Hardware Store, Oakland.
Advertisement.

For Sale On The Monthly Payment Plan

Pay Like Rent

You can buy the 3 room cottage, equipped with city water, sewer, inside toilet and gas, on the lot fronting 50 feet on Bartlett St. by 100 ft. deep, on the monthly payment plan on the same terms and conditions as thousands o homes are being secured every ye through the Building and Loan A sociations.

Or the 7-room house, with cellar, gas, city water, sewer, bath etc. on the lot 100 by 100 ft. at the corner of Center and Bartlett Sts.

If not sold these houses are for rent on very reasonable terms.

For particulars see
Paul B. Naylor or write to
U. G. Palmer, Verona, Pa.

VULCALENE

SELF VULCANIZING

For punctures, blow outs, cuts, tears, hot water bags, and all rubber goods

Save 200 to 500 per cent on your tire troubles

Heat or friction will not affect it

It is a pure Para Rubber compound, not a tire dough.

Anyone can apply it.

For sale by
E. S. EVANS
Terra Alta, W. Va. Oakland, Md.
THE VULCALENE CO.,
Washington, D. C.
29-4t

Notice of Appointments of Substitute Registration Officers and Judges of Election.

Notice is hereby given that the following have been appointed substitute Officers of Registration and Judges of election for Garrett county, said appointments to take effect from date of qualifying of the appointees for a term of one year:

George W. Moon, whose postoffice address is Swanton, Md., appointed Republican Officer and Judge of Election for District No. 1, in the place and stead of Josiah G. Friend, resigned on account of being appointed District Assessor.

Marshall R. Wolfe, whose postoffice address is Oakland, Md., appointed Republican Officer of Registration and Judge of Election for District No. 8, Second Precinct, in the place and stead of Jonas Yutzy, resigned on account of being appointed District Assessor.

By order of the Board this 4th day of October, 1916.

J. M. STANTON, Pres.
H. A. RASCHE, Clerk.

THE REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME 41. OAKLAND, MARYLAND THURSDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1916. NUMBER 33

POSTMASTERS BEING ASSESSED

Democrats Using Government Machinery at Public's Expense.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 10.—Secretary McAdoo is using the Treasury Department to frank personal documents which have no relation to the public business of the Treasury; Senator William E. Chilton, of West Virginia, Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Census, is permitting Henry Fry, Clerk of the Committee, under Chilton's frank, to appeal to the postmasters of West Virginia to get votes for Chilton in the November election; and officials of the Postoffice Department are traveling around the country addressing meetings of postmasters and rural route carriers urging them to work for the Democratic candidates.

McAdoo has a large force of employees working in the Treasury building sending out, under the frank of Senator Fletcher, of Florida, large numbers of a speech by McAdoo entitled "Some International Aspects of Public Education," delivered by McAdoo at the annual convention of the National Education Association in New York City July 6th, last. This speech concerns the International Conference held in Buenos Aires and refers to the "Pan-Americanism" upon which the Wilson Administration is continually harping, although President Wilson's Mexican and Haitian policies have aroused bitter hostility of the Pan-American nations.

It is a violation of law for a Cabinet officer to use the employees and facilities of his department to send throughout the country, under the frank of a United States Senator, one of his own speeches, which is not a public document.

Henry Fry, Clerk of the Senate Committee on the Census, has sent to postmasters throughout West Virginia, under Senator Chilton's frank, from Charleston, West Virginia, date of September 22nd, the following letter:

"My Dear Sir:

"If every one whom Senator Chilton has helped will remember him on election day and get him one or two votes from the opposition, there will be no doubt of his reelection. You are a man of influence in your community. You can do this easily. Can I set you down as one who will at his voting precinct help to reelect Senator Chilton for what he has done for West Virginia? If you will join this army which will make his election certain, please write me at once. We want to know that the whole thing is moving along all over the State in the same way."

These letters are a glaring violation of law as they solicit postmasters to engage in "pernacious political activity" and have been sent through the mails without payment of postage.

On September 16th, Representative William E. Cullop, of Indiana, and Fourth Assistant Postmaster General James I. Blakslee, addressed a meeting of postmasters and rural route carriers at Sullivan, Indiana, which had been called by Representative Cullop. The ostensible purpose of the meeting was to straighten out rural route matters, but Blakslee made a Democratic speech in which he told the postmasters and carriers that he expected them, and it was their duty, to work for the reelection of Cullop.

Serious illness of Mrs. Haulenbeek

Mrs. Geo. W. Haulenbeek, a sufferer from hardening of the arteries, is confined to her bed at her Uplands home at Deer Park. She has had attacks, quite serious in character heretofore but the present one has symptoms causing the family much alarm, and Dr. E. E. Sollars, the attending physician, is frequently called upon. Mrs. Haulenbeek came to Deer Park from her Baltimore home in 1884, and has spent every summer in Garrett county since that time.

Just received at McIntire's Hardware Store, a car load of Paroid Roofing to sell at the right price.

Advertisement.

UNLAWFUL ABSENCE FROM SCHOOL EXPLAINED

Superintendent Rathbun Sends Instructions to Teachers Concerning New Law.

Under date of the 6th inst. County Superintendent of Schools F. E. Rathbun forwarded to each teacher employed by the Board of Education a clear and concise definition of the meaning of absence according to the school law of the State. The explanation says that absence shall be considered lawful only under the following conditions:

Owing to abnormal conditions prevailing throughout the County in regard to health, all the District Institutes that have been announced are herewith called off until you are further notified.

The State Board of Education has sent out the following information, by which you are to be strictly governed in connection with compulsory attendance:

LAWFUL ABSENCE: Absence shall be considered lawful only under the following conditions:

1. Death in the immediate family.
2. Illness of child.

The principal shall require a physician's certificate from the parent or guardian of a child reported continuously absent from illness.

3. Quarantine.

Quarantine shall be understood to mean isolation by order of the local or of the State Board of Health, and a physician's certificate certifying the time of absence required by the quarantine shall be secured by the principal.

4. Court summons.
5. Incapacity, (Physical.)

"Physical Incapacity" shall be interpreted as meaning such a state of ill-health or physical defect as shall render the instruction of the child impracticable in any other than a special class or school; and the attendance officer may require of the parent a certificate to this effect, signed by a reputable physician.

6. Incapacity, (Mental.)

"Mental Incapacity" shall be interpreted to mean feeble-mindedness or such nervous disorders as make it either impossible for such a child to profit by the instruction given in the school, or impracticable for the teacher properly to instruct the normal pupils of the school; and the attendance officer may require of the parent a certificate to this effect, signed by a reputable physician.

Violent Storms.

"Violent Storms" shall be interpreted to mean only such conditions of the weather as would endanger the health or safety of the child when in transit to and from school.

Unlawful absence: Indifference of parent; indifference of child; health of parent; health of others in family; poverty; unlawfully employed; truant; suspended.

Definition of terms: (1) "Being thirteen years of age, or fourteen years of age" shall be construed to mean from the thirteenth to the fifteenth birthdays, (2) "Being fifteen years of age, or sixteen years of age" shall be construed to mean from the fifteenth to the seventeenth birthdays. (3) "Elementary School" shall be construed to mean the elementary school course of seven grades, as set forth in the State Course of Study.

Automobiles Collide.

A large Buick car going east collided with a Ford touring car operated by J. L. Compton, of Accident, who was going to his home there on Sunday. The right wheel was badly damaged and Mr. Compton was compelled to remain at Frostburg Monday until James Morton could repair the machine. Mr. Compton stated the Buick was coming down the mountain at a high rate of speed and that he was fortunate in escaping serious injury.

M. E. Church Services.

Rev. W. M. Shultz, who was appointed to the pastorate of St. Paul's M. E. church in Oakland by the recent Conference of that church, will preach his initial sermon here on Sunday morning. Mr. Shultz comes to Oakland with high recommendations as a pastor as well as pulpit orator.

NEW CASES OF PARALYSIS

Three Children Stricken In Different Parts of the County.

Since the last issue of The Republican three new cases of infantile paralysis have been reported, the victims being Hazel Miller, aged 5 years, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Miller, of Sand Flat; Mercer O. Kemp, aged 1 year, son of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Kamp, of Accident, and Ralph Ault, aged 16 months, son of Mr. and Mrs. Earl Ault, also of Accident.

Another case which developed the latter part of last week in the vicinity of Accident and which proved fatal, was that of Robert C. Callis, aged ten months, son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Callis.

SLIGHT BLAZE SUNDAY

Stable in Rear Of Gonder Home on Second Street Fired.

Sunday morning just as the bells of the churches of Oakland were ringing fire was discovered in the stable situated in the rear of Mrs. A. B. Gonder's residence on Second street. The flames, however, were arrested without doing any damage other than to the side and roof of the building, the hose reel being upon the scene within a very few minutes after the alarm was given.

Services in the Lutheran church, which adjoins Mrs. Gonder's home, were about to begin when the pastor was notified of the close proximity of the fire and he dismissed the congregation who left the building without undue haste. After the fire had been put out the services were held.

Married.

SMITH—CRANE—Cards have been received in Oakland announcing the wedding of Miss Jessie, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Cloyd M. Crane, and Mr. Russell L. Smith, which occurred in Pittsburgh on the 10th inst. The groom will be remembered by many Oakland people as an employe of the Northern Natural Gas Company a few years ago. The couple will be at home after November 1st at Bellevue, Pa.

OAKLAND WILL HAVE NEW STORE

Mr. John W. Davis Will Engage In Grocery Business Here.

Mr. John W. Davis, of Oakland, a member of the late firm of J. M. Davis & Sons, will again engage in business here and expects to have his new store open within a few weeks, which will be located on Second street across the alleway from The Republican building.

Plans have been made and adopted by Mr. Davis for the remodeling of the dwelling in which he now lives and contemplates the extension of the building to the property line. A modern plate glass front will be installed and two of the living rooms of the dwelling will be thrown into one for the store room, while the rear and upper floor of the house will be used for residential purposes.

Mr. D. E. Bolden will be in charge of the work, which will be commenced on Friday of this week and as soon as the improvement is completed Mr. Davis will stock the room with a line of groceries to which will be added, as the demand increases, other and additional lines of merchandise.

Caught by Gasoline Engine.

Luther Wotring, aged sixty years, of near Aurora, West Va., was seriously injured a few days ago when he was caught by the fly wheel of a large gasoline engine he and other men were trying to operate. Mr. Wotring's injuries are a broken arm, four broken ribs and contusions of his face and lacerations to other parts of his body. His condition is serious as a result of the injuries.

Too Late for Publication.

We received this morning a newsy letter from Bloomington, but which came in too late for publication in this issue.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

D. M. Dixon & Co., will be receiving the last of this week a large shipment of Ladies, Misses and Children's Wraps, Ladies Skirts and Shirt Waists and a seasonable line of fall goods generally.

Just returned from the eastern market where we succeeded in picking up some very good bargains.

Will pay 75 cents trade or 70 cents cash for No. 1 Ties; $1.10 cents a bushel for Potatoes, 30 cents for Butter; 30 cents for Eggs; 90 cents a bushel for Buckwheat; $1.20 cents a bushel for wheat.

Still have some Flour which we are selling below the wholesale market.

Can grind Buckwheat same day it is brought to our mill.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

C. H. BROWNING

Deer Park's Best Store

WANTED
TWO CARS
OF
Potatoes
WILL PAY
$1.10 Per Bushel Cash,
delivered at car at Deer Park,
$1.15 Per Bushel Trade.

Butter - - - .30 Pound
Eggs - - - .30 Dozen

Just received our new line of Lambertville Gums, high and low tops, also new line of Watsontown Shoes.

P. S. Can handle 100 Bushel of Apples at the right price.

Get right trade at Brownings.

Offutt's

WANTED
Three Cars
OF
Potatoes
WILL PAY
$1.10 Per Bushel

Eggs 30 cents Per Dozen,
Butter 30 cents Per Pound.

Will pay highest market price for all Produce.

JUST RECEIVED
A new line of the finest and latest styles in
HAT CREATIONS
for Women. Call and see them.

OFFUTTS'

WEEK'S NEWS STORIES RETOLD

What the Wires Report of the World's Happenings

ALL INCIDENTS OF INTEREST

What People Are Doing Everywhere—Tales of Great Events From Every Clime—Reports From Other States.

War Bulletins

Count von Dohna-Schlodien, commander of the German cruiser Moewe, was killed in battle in France.

In the Dobrudja region of Rumania the Russians and Rumanians are advancing southward against the Teutonic Allies, according to Bucharest.

Austro-Prussians recaptured Kronstadt, in Transylvania, the Roumanians withdrawing to their Carpathian frontier.

On the estern front in France the British captured all of the town of Le Sars and also made gains north and northeast of Courcelette and southwest of Gueudecourt. The Germans have recaptured from the British portions of trenches that had been taken from them in the region north of Les Boeufs.

In heavy fighting during the night the Germans claim to have repulsed an attack made by the French at Fregicourt and Bouchavesnes, the sector where later Gen. Foch's troops pushed forward. The Germans report indicates that reinforcements have been brought from the Eastern front to withstand the Allied pressure on the Somme.

Paris reports great activity on the part of the artillery on the Verdun front. The Germans are shelling Poivre Hill, east of the Meuse and north of Verdun.

On the front northeast of Lemberg the Russians admit that they have been held in check by the determined resistence of the Teutons.

Field Marshal von Mackensen has ordered the evacuation of Silistria and Tutrakan in the Dobrudja on account of the Rumanian flank movement.

Washington

The Navy Department awarded contracts for 9,000 tons of structural steel to the Carnegie Steel Co. of Pittsburgh.

Commander Emmanuel Aubin De Planpre has been appointed naval attache of French Embassy at Washington.

The Navy Department announced that proposals for constructing by contract four battle cruisers will be received at the Department until noon Dec. 6, when they will be opened.

Secretary of State Lansing announced that the French Government was sending a separate note on mail seizures and that it was now enroute to the United States.

The Department of Commerce received from Consul-General Skinner in London, notification that the British Government has revoked the embargo on importation into England of oranges from the United States.

The Interstate Commerce Commission issued notice to carriers that it would investigate and later hold hearings as to the question of railway mail pay.

General

The will of Thomas L. James, Postmaster-General under President Garfield, was admitted to probate at Hackensack, N. J. He left an estate valued at $1,000,000.

John Reid, Sr., known as the father of golf in America, died at his home at Yonkers, N. Y.

The Rev. Thomas F. Myhan, pastor of the Roman Catholic Church of the Blessed Sacrament, Broadway and Seventy-first street, died suddenly in New York after having been stricken while in a taxicab on his way to preach the golden jubilee sermon for Mgr. John Edwards.

The American Game Protective Association decided to urge the Charmberlain-Hayden bill, now before Congress, to protect big game in the West.

Employes of five more factories in the cigar industry at Tampa, Fla., went on strike.

Thirty new cases of infantile paralysis were reported to the New Jersey Health Department.

Gold imported into the United States from Jan. 1 to Sept. 22, amounted to $384,450,000.

The tenth annual meeting of the Ohio Valley Historical Association opened at Indianapolis.

Copper production of the Anaconda Copper Mining Co. in September amounted to 29,400,000 pounds.

Lieut. Gen. Count Seiki Terauchi has been appointed premier of Japan to succeed Count Okuma.

Daniel G. Reid, resigned as vice-president and director of the Second National Bank of Richmond, Ind.

The steamship Honolulan was sold for $2,000,000 to Norwegian interests by the American-Hawaiian Line.

Thirty-five men employed in the paraffin department of the Standard Oil Works in Bayonne, N. J., went on strike.

The German submarine U-53, aided, it is believed, by another submersible which did not enter Newport, torpedoes and sinks six steamships off Nantucket lightship, four of the vessels being British, one Dutch and one Norwegian.

A carload of No. 1 hard wheat sold for $1.81 a bushel at the Equity Cooperative Grand Exchange, St. Paul, Minn. This was said to be the highest price paid for wheat in the Northwest in recent years.

Eighteen new cases of typhoid fever were reported to the Health Department at Harrisburg, Pa.

A bid has been made of $4,500 for a membership of the New York Coffee & Sugar Exchange.

Frank McDonald confessed he and his brother wrecked a Michigan Central train at Bridgeport, Ontario, on May 30, 1911, killing the fireman and engineer and severely injuring several others.

Former United States Senator William Warner died at his home at Kansas City.

Fire destroyed the five-story boot and shoe factory of Aird & Sons, at Montreal, Que.

Announcements of gifts totaling $50,000 were made by President W. P. Few, of Trinity College.

Kentucky and Tennessee coal operators are of the opinion that the country will face the most serious coal famine in its history before Jan. 1, unless relief is obtained from the present car shortage.

E. B. Taylor was elected president of the Lorain, Ashland & Southern Railroad.

MEXICAN CAMPAIGN

A French ranchman named Flotte and a Mexican boy were killed on the Flotte ranch, 15 miles from Lajitas, in trying to repel a band of Mexican cattle thieves attempting to raid the ranch. The Mexicans crossed to the American side near San Carlos and later recrossed near the same point.

Elisco Arredondo, Ambassador-Designate to the United States, left for Washington accompanied by Colonel Darrigan, chief of staff to General Carranza.

The Mexican conference at Atlantic City is waiting for some definite word from Carranza as to whether he will accede to the proposals advanced by Secretary Lane as head of the American Commissioners. If he will authorize his representatives to adopt the course recommended it is probable that an agreement satisfactory to both sides can be reached. The greatest secrecy has been thrown around the conference.

Major-General Frederick Funston praised the condition and the spirit of State troops on duty in the Brownsville district, following his return from the first inspection trip to the border.

Sporting

The victory of Miss Alexa Stirling in the women's national golf championship at Belmont Springs; the great exhibition that Miss Mildred Caverly of Philadelphia gave as runner-up, and the fine fight that Miss Elaine Rosenthal made against the ultimate winner—these are the heralds of better things, the dawn of a new day in the world of women's golf in this country.

Miss Alexa W. Stirling, nineteen years of age, and Miss Mildred Caverly, twenty-three, probably are the youngest pair who ever have survived in tournament for national women's golf championship.

Emma Magowan won the Lexington stake, the eldest two year old trotting race.

Miss Constance Vauclain led all exhibitors at Brockton horse show, winning twenty blue ribbons and three championships.

Pitcher James Middleton, who will be a Giant next year, won twenty-one games and lost nine as the Louisville team's mainstay this year.

Beals Becker led the American Association in stickwork with an average of 341 this season.

Bill Clymer's Louisvilles have won the American Association pennant. Clymer has managed numerous championship teams in the minors and may secure a major berth.

Foreign

King Constantine of Greece, personally called at the home of Dionysis Stephanou and asked the aged statesmen, who is ill abed, to form a Cabinet.

Figures compiled by the British Board of Trade for the month of September show that imports increased $36,010,000.

Since the beginning of the war 35,000 military and naval inventions have been submitted to British Government.

The new Japanese Cabinet is constituted, with Count Terauchi as Premier and Minister of Finance and Baron Ichiro Motono as Minister of Foreign Affairs.

Flavelles Limited, one of the largest produce and cold storage plants in Canada, was destroyed by fire at a loss of over $200,000.

The Chamber of Deputies adopted a resolution calling upon all French people to make good the damage caused by the war in eastern France.

Owing to the risks of North Sea traffic the Dutch Batavier Line has suspended its regular sailing between London and Rotterdam.

The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows an increase of 7,595,000 francs in gold and a decrease of 1,735,000 francs in silver.

BANDITS SHOOT 4 IN MOTOR PARTY

Brother of "Cranberry King" Slain and Himself Desperately Wounded

$8,000 IN CAR MISSED

Heroine Notifies Authorities of Tragedy and Starts Hunt for Murderers—Chauffeur Hit by Seven Bullets, Returning Shots.

Hammonton, N. J.—Five masked bandits shot and killed Henry Rider of Howell, Mich., and seriously wounded A. J. Rider, one of the wealthiest cranberry growers in the State, his daughter, Mrs. Elsie Smathers, and J. M. Rigby, a chauffeur, in an attempted holdup. The bandits ran away and did not get the $8,000 payroll, for which they held up the automobile in which the four were riding.

A. J. Rider, with his brother, Henry, who was paying him a visit, Mrs. Smathers and the chauffeur were on their way to Hampton Park, the cranberry bogs, owned by Mr. Rider, to pay off the pickers. Mrs. Smathers was driving the car. At a lonely spot near Atsion, ten miles from Hammonton, five men, believed to be Italians, sprang into the road in front of the car brandishing revolvers.

"Give us that bag of money," shouted the leader. Instead of stopping Mrs. Smathers drove straight at the bandits. As the car whizzed by the bandits opened fire. Henry Rider was hit in the head, and all the other occupents were shot. Although shot through the legs Mrs. Smathers drove the car several hundred yards beyond the bandits before stopping.

When the men opened fire, Rigby stood up in the car and fired back. He was shot seven times. He hit one of the bandits. The others picked him up and carried him off the scene.

After she had learned of her uncle's death and assured herself that her father was not mortally hurt and the chauffeur was still alive, Mrs. Smathers, apparently unmindful of the three bullets still in fleshy parts of her body, hurried to a nearby farmhouse.

There she telephoned first to a doctor and then to Sheriff Stecher, Detective Parker and Prosecutor Kelsey. While she returned to the bullet-riddled auto an alarm was sent out by the officials for a bandit hunt.

$60,000,000 LOAN TO CHINA

Scope of the American International Concession Is Explained.

Washington.—The $60,000,000 loan for railroad construction in China will be advanced by American interests, Peking dispatches announced the conclusion of the agreement. The new loan is twice the size of any previous similar loan to the Oriental republic. It will increase the railroad mileage of China 50 per cent.

The negotiations in China were conducted by W. F. Carey of the Siems Carey Railway & Canal Company.

The American International Corporation issued a statement in which it announced that as a preliminary to beginning work on the railroads in China the organization had loaned the Chinese Government $500,000 for the cost of investigation and surveying and initial expenses.

Concerning the contract the statement says:

"The railroad lines to be constructed have not yet been decided upon, but will be located by an American chief engineer, to be appointed by the Chinese Government on the recommendation of the American International Corporation. The contract provides for the construction of roads between points to be agreed upon after investigation. When the line to be first constructed has been agreed upon, the road will be built by contractors on a percentage basis."

WORLD'S NEWS IN CONDENSED FORM

NEWPORT, R. I.—There is evidence accepted seriously by some naval men that two German submarines are operating off the coast.

WASHINGTON. — Inventors and manufacturers throughout the country were invited to submit completed machine guns as soon as possible to the board appointed by Secretary Baker to investigate this type of gun for the United States army.

PITTSBURGH.—Demands for a seven hour day will be made by coal miners of the country at the coming wage conference, according to John P. White.

LONDON.—Famine is at the doors of Belgium because of the requisitions of the Germans on the conquered population, according to the Times correspondent at Lausanne. Meat is practically unobtainable, he says, and butter very scarce. Potatoes have not been seen for some time.

WASHINGTON.—A new town has been erected in the Arctic Circle by Imperial decree of the Russian Czar. The town has been named Murman and it is to be an ice-free port for the shipment of supplies during the war. It is situated at the terminus of the Murman Railway in Russia.

New School Methods

By FREDERIC J. HASKIN

When the New York child went back to school on the first of October he met with a new and disconcerting experience. He was required to open his mouth and say "Ah" while his teacher carefully examined his molars to see that they were in good condition. Then he was requested to unfasten his collar and turn his head from side to side while his neck and ears were minutely inspected. It has not yet been announced by the board of education whether there will be an adjacent washroom where he may remedy any defects in his morning toilet, or whether he will be sent home for repair, but it has announced that from now on absolute personal cleanliness is to be the ideal of the New York schools and that hygiene is going to be put on a practical basis.

"Every child is going to know the necessity of a toothbrush, the value of the individual towel, hankerchief and comb before the New York school gets through with him," said one educator in discussing the new plan. In addition to this, he will also learn the science of food, so that all-day suckers and five cent pastry will no longer appeal to him. It has often been pointed out by child authorities that if children understood the value of good food they would become quite amenabe to discipline in the matter of diet, so the New York board of education is going to put the theory to the test.

This is only one of the numerous reforms and experiments that are going forward in public schools all over the country this year. Vocational schools are opening for the first time in many cities under different systems of management. In Minneapolis, for example, the free and arbitrary choice of vocational courses for children will be tried out in a practical manner this year. There are two Junior-senior high schools in Minneapolis, having vocational training courses, and in one of these the student will be asked to choose "what he is going to do, and how and when he is going to do it," and in the other he will be "told what to do and how and when to do it." By the end of one year the school officials believe they will be able to ascertain which system is the more efficient, and by the end of three years, they feel, there will be no doubt. Each school is to have a vocational guide, who will have nothing to do with the classes, but who will act as an agent in placing graduating pupils and following up their careers.

The public school authorities have at last started in to test the various theories which have been propounded by psychologists and medical men. The first complaint was based on inadequate physical facilities of the schools. The desks were either too low or too high for the children; the rooms were badly ventilated, causing them to take cold, and the quarantine inspection was not strict enough. One by one all of these faults have been remedied, but now the criticism is directed to the question of the educational system itself. After eight years, stated the critics, the majority of the public school students are left absolutely unprepared to meet the obligations of the world. Why were there no vocational schools? Others complained that after eight years of schooling their children could not add a simple column of figures nor write an intelligible letter.

To these criticisms, the school authorities replied that the schools had fitted the past generations admirably and they did not see why they should not suit the modern child. But, secretly, a few progressive educators made some inquiries in the commercial world concerning boys and girls who had left their schools at the end of the 8th grade to help support themselves. In a great many cases the children had succeeded very well, but it was usually with the help of classes established by their employers who desired to promote the efficiency of their staffs. It was then that the school teachers and educators of the nation began to criticize the old traditions of education themselves and to cooperate with the psychologists and the medical men and the parents in working out new methods and making new experiments.

In numerable instances it was brought to the attention of various educators that a great deal of the school work was repeated in different grades and that many children were quite capable of skipping whole grades. In one school in the District of Columbia, for example, a large number of children were promoted to the eighth grade from the seventh grade when they had accomplished practically no seventh grade work at all. The teacher had been singularly inefficient, but for some reason had escaped the attention of the school authorities. When the children came to the eighth grade teacher she was at her wit's end to know what to do with them to get their attention and to make them work. Upon questioning a few of them she discovered the astonishing fact that their afternoons of the year before had been spent in bicycling and roller-skating when they should have been in school. "It was very simple," said one girl, "you climb out the window of the cloak room and had your skates and just before the afternoon roll call was taken you climbed back again. The teacher never knew the difference." In spite of this seventh grade handicapp however, the majority of these children had no difficulty in completing their eighth grade work and making high school the next fall.

Now many cities have removed the age requirement of fourteen years for entrance into high school, and if a pupil is naturally bright enough to skip a grade or two, or by study during the summer is able to do so, he is not held back if he happens to be only twelve. Moreover, in many cities now there are junior high schools. Instead of the old system of eight years of elementary education and four years of high school, the seventh and eighth grades have been added to the high school course so that there are six grades and six years of high school. This new organization, which is called the six-six system, has proved a big success wherever it has been tried out, so far as the educators can tell from the limited time it has been in practice. According to the Bureau of Education the junior high school is an improvement over the old school division in four ways: It makes greater provision for individual differences in the pupils; it makes the break from the graded school to the high school much easier; it decreases the number of pupils at the end of the eight grade; and "it furnishes an opportunity for various reforms in instruction."

Perhaps the most important result accomplished by the junior high school is the third qualification made by the Bureau of Education. It keeps pupils in school who under the old system stopped at the eighth grade. Concerning this feature, Dr. Dean, of the University of Cincinnati, makes this estimate: "If all school children under eighteen years attending schools in the United States were put in a straight line one foot apart, the line would extend diagonally across our continent from the northern part of Maine to the Pacific Coast at Southern California; and if those were taken away from this line who dropped out at the age of fourteen—most of them bread-winners—those remaining would extend only across the state of California."

Another improvement to be adopted by several schools this fall is the extension of the course to eleven months, begining in September and expiring in August. Knoxville is among the first to try this experiment. When this measure is called an improvement, no account is taken of the many child authorities who think that a three month's vacation is necessary to the health of the normal child. Under the present circumstances, however, the average school year is 165 days; hence in eight years of his life the child receives about four years of schooling. The eleven month course will doubtless afford much better opportunity for thorough instruction as well as several additions to the curricula.

Other schools this year are planning to wage "toothbrush campaigns" among their pupils. The amazing facts brought to light by a school dentist in Kansas City last year have startled the school authorities into this innovatioon. Out of 17,024 pupils examined in Kansas City schools, 15,000 had never used a toothbrush; just 1,005 out of the 17,024 had mouths that were clean and in good condition.

Thus the modern school is loosening itself from the tradition and gradually fitting its equipment to the changing requirements of the public. The child is told how to wash his face, what to eat for breakfast and is advised as to his life occupation. This year Ashtabula has started promoting its children by subjects—the nearest attempt at individual education yet,—Worcester is teaching salesmanship in its high schools and seven buildings are to house junior high schools in New York. Next to the preparedness issue, and as a part of the preparedness issue, education today is the most important reform on foot in America. At the suggestion of Dr. P. P. Claxton, Commissioner of Education, Uncle Sam is contemplating establishing national experiments stations for experimental education in every state in the Union.

COUNT MARYLAND VOTE FOR HUGHES

State's Republican Leaders Also Expect to Elect Senator.

Republican leaders in Maryland are confident of carrying the state for Hughes and Fairbanks and electing Dr. Irwin France United States Senator and three of the six Congressmen.

Maryland in the last three Presidential elections has been close. Taft carried it by 600 in the popular vote over Bryan in 1f08, although a mojority of the electors were for Bryan, and in 1912, while Wilson had a plurality of 57,718 over Taft in the vote on the highest elector, the combined vote of Taft and Roosevelt was 112,745, or seventy-one more votes than Wilson's.

This year the Progressives, except a few hundred or less, are for Hughes. Former Attorney General Charles J. Bonaparte, their leader, has set the example, and the Progressive State Committee has indorsed the Republican Presidential ticket. Colonel George A. Pearre, for two terms Republican Representative from the 6th District, who supported Roosevelt four years ago, has declared he will vote for Wilson, but Colonel Pearre was the law partner and close friend of Representative David J. Lewis, of the same district, who is now the Democratic candidate for United States Senator.

The vote of the few still disaffected Bull Moose will be more than offset by the old Cleveland Democrats, many of whom are against Wilson. Then the Democratic state and city leaders are taking little interest in the campaign. The machine that controls one faction of the Democrats in this city is so busy fighting the City Hall clique that neither is paying much attention to the Presidential or Senatorial race.

Many of the local Democratic leaders are devoting their time and political influence to endeavoring to prevent the city from going "dry." The lipuor campaign is of more vital interest to these politicians than the election of a President. The loss of the saloon support, and especially the big campaign fund contributed by the liquor dealers and saloonkeepers to the Democratic machine at every state and city election, would be a sledge hammer blow to it. The liquor fight is not in any way mixed up in the Presidential or Senatorial campaign, however, as, had there been no such contest on hand, most of these Democratic politicians would have been just as apathetic toward Wilson.

In the Congressional contests Representative Jesse D. Price, Democrat, and Robert F. Duer, Republican, again are opponents in the 1st, or Eastern Shore, District, which has gone Republican, and is likely to do so this time. Two years ago, when it was assumed that Price would win easily, he defeated Duer by only 200 majority, notwithstanding a Democratic majority in registration of several thousand. Duer and his friends say and believe that he would have won if he had perceived the drift toward him. He now thinks that Price can be beaten by a hard fight, and he is making the hardest one he can. The Republican leaders are "on their toes." On the other hand, Price knows that he is up against much more than the nominal fight of two years ago.

For the first time in years Representative Fred Talbott, the veteran Democratic boss of Baltimore county, has a real fight on his hands in the 2d District. His opponent, William H. Lawrence, is slipping in and out of the different sections of the district with his campaign hinging on the prejudices and predilections of each section. And it happens that there are several factors that make such a campaign advantageous.

In the 2d District, all of which is in Baltimore city, Representative Coady Democrat, is in some danger of a "cut" from German sympathizers, who will hit at him to express their opposition to the President.

In the 4th District, also in Baltimore city, there is no sign at this time that Representative Linthicum, Democrat, will have trouble.

The fight in the 5th District between Representative Mudd and Jackson H. Ralston, the Democratic nominee is lively, with the odds much in favor of Mudd.

In the 6th State Senator Frederick N. Zihlman, Republican, is confident of election, as the district is almost certain to go Republican, now that Congressman Lewis is the Democratic candidate for Senator.

CHESTNUT GROVE

The farmers have about finished digging their potatoes and picking apples.

Mr. and Mrs. Mycle O'Haiven, of Westernport, were visiting Mrs. Henry Barnard Sunday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Dan. Reed, of Bloomington, were here recently.

Mr. James Lockridge, of this place, was taken to the Western Maryland Hospital last Monday suffering with typhoid fever. He was accompanied by Joseph Myers and H. L. Barnard.

Mr. Stephen Titchnell, who is an electrician at the West Virginia Pulp and Paper Mill at Luke, was visiting relatives in town recently.

Mrs. Otho Warnick, of Bloomington, is visiting her father Bawse Warnick at this writing.

Miss Della Titchnell and brother Steward were visiting friends at North Glade the week end.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Barnard were visiting the sick at Albert Wilson's Sunday.

Our school is progressing nicely under the skillful management of Miss Margaret Athey.

Subscribe for The Republican.

AMERICA NEEDS HUGHES

By THEODORE ROOSEVELT

SINCE 1912 we have had four years of a policy which has been an opiate to the spirit of idealism.

It has meant the relaxation of our moral fibre.

A sordid appeal to self-interest and to fear has paralyzed the national conscience.

We have been told that Americans, if they do not wish to be killed, should keep off the ocean; that to save a few American lives it is not worth while to hazard the lives of American soldiers; that Mexicans should be allowed to spill blood to their hearts' content; that the European War is no concern of ours; that even as between Belgium and Germany we should be neutral not only in act but in sympathy!

Not once has President Wilson squarely placed before the American people the question which Abraham Lincoln put before the American people in 1860: what is our duty?

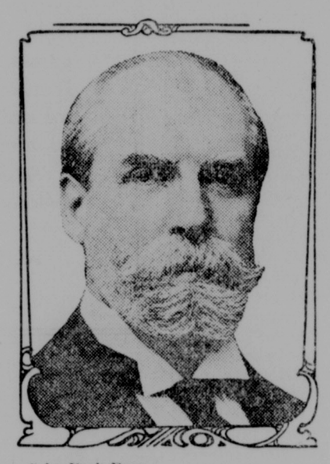
Not once has he appealed to moral idealism, to the stern enthusiasm of strong men for the right.

On the contrary, he has employed every elocutionary device to lull to sleep our sence of duty, to make us content with words, instead of deeds, to make our moral idealism and enthusiasm evaporate in empty phrases, instead of being reduced to concrete action.

AMERICA as a nation has been officially kept in a position of timid indifference and cold selfishness.

America, which sprang to the succor of Cuba in 1898, has stood an idle spectator to the invasion of Belgium, of the sinking of the Lusitania, of the continued slaughter of our own citizens, and of the reign of anarchy, rapine and murder in Mexico.

Nevertheless, I believe that the American people were ready for the same kind of appeal which was made to them by Abraham Lincoln in 1860, by the advocates of an honest currency in 1890, by the advocates of the Spanish War in 1898, by the advocates of Nationalism in 1900.



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CHARLES EVANS HUGHES.

But the appeal was not made.

On the contrary, Mr. Wilson invoked the spirit of timidity and selfishness. He made no effort to invoke the sense of duty.

He put "safety first," the immediate safety of the moment, to be obtained by shrinking from duty.

He did not even put American rights first, still less did he put American duty first.

His task was not an especially difficult or dangerous task; but it needed a brave heart and a steady hand.

Under this lead America could and should have put itself at the head of all the neutral nations by its example, if not by direct diplomatic agreements, in demanding that the war should be conducted in accordance with the usage of civilized nations, that international law should be observed, that the rights of neutrals and non combatants should be respected.

If this spirit had animated our administration there would probably have been no invasion of Belgium, no fears of a like fate to terrorize other smaller nations, no torpedoing of merchant vessels, no bombarding of churches and hospitals, no massacring of women and children, no murder of Miss Cavell, no attempted extermination of the Armenians and Syrian Christians.

WE cannot undo what has been done. But we can repudiate what has been done. We can regain our own self-respect and the respect of other nations for this country. We can put in power an administration which will throughout its term of power protect our own citizens and live up to our national obligations.

It is just that this nation should concern itself with its rights; but it is even more necessary that it should concern itself with its duties.

As between Mr. Hughes and Mr. Wilson, who can doubt which is the man who will, with austere courage, stand for the national duty?

Mr. Wilson's words have contradicted one another; and all his words have been contradicted by his acts.

Mr. Wilson's promise has not borne the slightest reference to his performance.

We have against him in Mr. Hughes a man whose public life is a guarantee that whatever he says he will make good, and that all his words will be borne out by his deeds.

Against Mr. Wilson's combination of grace in elocution, with futility in action; against his record of words unbacked by deeds or betrayed by deeds, we set Mr. Hughes' rugged and uncompromising straightforwardness of character and action in every office he has held.

We put the man who thinks and speaks directly, and whose words have always been made good, against the man whose adroit and facile elocution is used to conceal his plans or his want of plans.

The next four years may well be years of tremendous national strain.

Which of the two men do you, the American people, wish at the helm during these four years; the man who has been actually tried and found wanting, or the man whose whole career in public office is a guarantee of his power and good faith?

But one answer is possible; and it must be given by the American people through the election of Charles Evans Hughes as President of the United States.

GRANTSVILLE.

Apropos of snake stories, a monster blacksnake, found on Elmer J. Beachy's farm last week, caused a little excitement in that quarter for a few minutes. The reptile measured five feet and six inches long and was killed by Paul and Leonard Custer on their uncle's barn floor where it had presumably crept for warmth. The boys carried their prize over to the Mt. Nebo studio and had it photographed in several positions by their uncle Leo J. Beachy.

The Miller and Nathan families held a moving party on Saturday last and are now comfortably installed in their new quarters. Mrs. Mary Miller and daughters, Misses Blanche Miller and Gertrude Hone, and grandchild, Miss Connor, have moved from their two omes, one at the west of town and the her at the Squire Nathan home, into e home formerly occupied by Michael athan and family. Michael Nathan d family moved into the home of his late brother, Squire Peter Nathan. Clarence Miller moved his family into the west end home vacated by his mother, and Milton B. Miller and bride moved from part of the house occupied by H. A. Schaefer into the one vacated by Clarence Miller. It remains for ome one to move into M. B. Miller's ooms to complete the arrangement.

Miss Carrie Dorsey very charmingly ntertained the ladies sewing club at he Casselman hotel on Friday afternoon. The ladies included, beside the Misses Dorsey, Misses Mary and Saleina locher, Lulu Shaw, Christine Winterberg and Ethel Broadwater; Mesdames J. O. Getty and C. B. Getty. Pretty fancy work was in evidence. Coffee and rolls were served.

L. J. Beachy, the Mt. Nebo artist, was again awarded first prize for his work at the Oakland Fair this year. His work stood first in both portrait and landscape photography. Mr. Beachy has long been recognized as an artist of unusual merit.

Miss Edna Bender entertained last Thursday night in honor of her brother, Harry, whose fourteenth birthday it was. The affair was a surprise party. A few girls assisted by baking cakes which, added to Miss Edna's delicacies, made the refreshments a thing long to be remembered. About two dozen were present. Harry received some very handsome presents.

The congregation at the Lutheran church was favored with a quartette from the Salisbury and St. Paul charges, composed of Messrs. William Reitz and Jonas Sichty of the former, and E. Frank and Orville Folk from the latter. The four young men had charge of the music and their vocal selections were a treat to the audience. Rev. Oney preached an excellent sermon. A number of Pennsylvania people were present at the service.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Swauger and their sister, Mrs. Ed. Fischer, spent Saturday and Sunday in Albright, W. Va.

Mrs. Irene Hayes is spending several days in Midland, Md., with her sister, Mrs. J. C. Grady, who has been ill with blood poisoning of the finger.

Wm. Bender, from Springs, Pa., has taken the place of Allan Bender in J. Bender's store, Allan having gone to Cumberland to attend Tri-State Business College.

Dr. Wm. Shaw and family, of Berlin; Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Martin and family, of Meyersdale; Miss Inskip and Miss Gans, of Addison were all Sunday guests of Misses Fannie and Lulu Shaw.

Wm. Hone and family, of Friendsville, spent Wednesday with the former's mother, Mrs. Mary Miller.

A number of our people attended the big circus at Cumberland, Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Roberts, of Cumberland, spent Thursday at the Casselman Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Davis spent the week-end at their home in Confluence.

Mrs. T. H. Bittinger returned home from Midland, Md., on Saturday.

Messrs. A. T. Matthews and Thomas Little were Grantsville visitors on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Schaefer and son and Prof. R. R. Sanner were dinner guests of Mrs. Albert Swauger, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilford Fricky of Bittinger spent one day of last week with their sister and brothers, Miss Lizzie, and Daniel and Lewis Klotz.

Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Shope and family, of Watson, spent Sunday here, guests of Mr. and Mrs. Howard Ringer.

Mrs. Lydia Wiley, from Bittinger; Mrs. Mary Petry, from Elk Lick; Mrs. Rush Montgomery and Miss Lizzie, from Cumberland were guests last week of Miss Christinia Winterberg and her mother.

Mrs. Truman Frankhouser from Keyser, W. Va., is visiting Miss Gertrude Hone.

Misses Mary and Kathleen Sullivan, from Frostburg, spent last week with the Misses Stanton of Little Crossing.

Miss Viola Broadwater, who has been visiting in Waynesboro, Pa., returned home Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Bender spent Thursday at the latter's home, in Pocahontas.

G. W. Slick, of Dayton, O., has been a Grantsville visitor the past week, registered at the National hotel.

Violin and Piano Lessons.

Instructions on the Violin and Piano. The best and most practical methods employed by masters of musical instruction. Special attention given to heir very effective methods of primary eaching. Address J. M. Litzinger, Grarton, W. Va. Adv. 32-tf

FOR SALE—Good winter apples, 25 cents per bushel; Cider apples, 10 cents per bushel in orchard. Address Wm. E. Fitzwater, R. D. 1, Swanton, Md.

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WILSON'S PERU PROTEGE IS WORSE THAN HUERTA

Recognized Benavides as President After He Had Obtained Power In a Sister Republic by Treachery and Violence.

ACT DOES NOT SQUARE WITH SMUG DICTUM IN HIS SPEECH

Latin American Diplomats Amazed When They Read the President's Explanation of His Mexican Policy—Informed Their Governments That Mr. Wilson's Personal Whims Doubtless Were to Be His Guides In Conducting This Government's Latin American Policy.

Latin American diplomats are amazed at the statement in President Wilson's speech of acceptance: "So long as the power of recognition rests with me, the government of the United States will refuse to extend the hand of welcome to any one who obtains power in a sister republic by treachery and violence."

This is the president's explanation of his refusal to recognize Huerta and of his Mexican policy. Yet the records show that President Wilson has deliberately violated this dictum in several instances since the case of Huerta arose.

The most flagrant example was the president's recognition extended to Colonel Benavides, head of the revolutionary government in Peru, in February, 1914. His government was founded on assassination, established by assassination and had no vestige of constitutional authority back of it. It came into power on Feb. 4, 1914, when Colonel Benavides led the garrison troops against the national palace at Lima, imprisoned President Billinghurst and assassinated the minister of war and all others who opposed the coup d'etat.

More Flagrant Than Mexico.

Minister McMillin reported these facts fully to Washington and assumed that this government would decline to sanction the newly established regime. The case was identical with the Huerta case in Mexico, except a much more flagrant violation of the spirit of popular government. Huerta had Madero and Vice President Suarez imprisoned, but he became president of Mexico under provisions of the constitution providing for the succession of the minister of foreign affairs upon the disability of the president. Huerta's accession to the presidency was confirmed by the Mexican congress.

Benavides came into power simply by killing those who opposed him. His acts had no basis whatever in the constitution of the country and were not confirmed by the Peruvian congress. His sole backing was a junta of conspirators, which forced their will on the unapproving people by means of ready rifle bullets. Under these circumstances Minister McMillin naturally assumed that President Wilson would have nothing to do with Benavides and his junta. The president shortly before this had stated in a speech at Mobile, Ala.: "We must follow the course of high principle, not expediency, no matter what the pressure. To do otherwise would be untrue to ourselves."

Envoy Is Surprised.

Mr. McMillin was therefore mildly surprised when he was instructed by President Wilson to call on the newly established Benavides and graciously confer the recognition of the United States Government upon him.

In explaining this the President simply said that "expediency dictated the recognition of the revolutionary government of Peru." He told his advisers that he had not liked the personality of Billinghurst. He was chagrined also with the news that Billinghurst had intended to dissolve the Peruvian congress, which the President said would have been an unconstitutional act.

Latin American diplomats at the time were astounded to learn of the President's action in Peru. They found that it was impossible to know where the president stood on any matter of principle and informed their governments that the President's personal whims doubtless were to be his guidance in conducting this government's Latin American policy.

HUGHES ON REUNITED PARTY.

"I come to you as the spokesman of a reunited party. We have said that it was reunited; we have believed it was reunited; we have devoutly hoped it was reunited. Now, Maine proves that it is reunited. I am glad to speak for the reunited Republican party because it is a great liberal party. It started as a liberal party; its best traditions are those of a liberal party. And today it faces the future with a truly national outlook and a progressive spirit."—Charles E. Hughes in a Speech Delivered at Plattsburgh, N. Y.

A CONTEST OF CHARACTER, NOT OF WEASEL WORDS

Cardinal Question In This Campaign Is Whether the People Want In the White House a Phrase Maker or a Man Who Backs Words With Deeds.

Woodrow Wilson excels in the artistry of politics beyond the capacity of Charles Evans Hughes to compete. Were the current campaign a game of professional politics instead of a contest of character between two candidates for the highest office in the gift of the people Mr. Wilson would walk away with the prize next November. All his life he has made a study of form—first of literary form—and latterly of political form. In the first period he mastered a style peculiarly his own and peculiarly characteristic. The study of words and their multiplicity of meaning always fascinates him, so much that a Princeton classmate recently said of him, "Tommy has lived with words so long he thinks they are real things." Thence comes his collection of what Theodore Roosevelt's Maine guide calls "weasel words." That is—"he can take a word and weasel it around and suck the meaning out of it like a weasel sucks an egg, until it don't mean anything at all, no matter what it sounds like it means." Thence came also the series of catch phrases, so fascinating in sound, so false in suggestion; so easy to read, so hard to understand. So it is that he is able to be on all sides of every public question while covering his circuitous course with a flow of words that roll as easily from his pen as a brook through the meadow. It is his artfulness in the use of words that enables him to pose as "an amateur in politics" while playing the game with the skill of a professional. Whatever his ineptitude in other respects, he is easily first among presidents in the artistry of politics, and he would win next November were that the test.

Compare the wiliness of Mr. Wilson with the straightforwardness of Mr. Hughes. Compare the smooth style of the one with the rugged diction of the other. The one is as complex in the use of words as the other is simple. It is a case of sonorousness versus strength. Mr. Hughes is depending upon the strategy of straightforwardness and the strength of sincerity; upon the force of facts instead of upon the fiction of a phrase, to win his case before the jury of the nation. His appeal is to the head and not the ear of the people; to their intelligence and not to their emotion; to their heroic side and not to their hysterical side. It is an appeal to the courage of the country and not to its cowardice. Mr. Hughes could not if he would perform in a year the political tricks that Mr. Wilson can do in a day. The question today is whether the people want in the White House for the next four years a phrase maker or a history maker, a man of many sayings or a man who backs his words with deeds. There is a fundamental difference between the two candidates which marks the line of cleavage in this extraordinary campaign—"Hughes means what he says."

LABOR VOTE NOT DELIVERABLE

This Is the Outstanding Fact Which Political Philosophers Deduce From the Defeat In Maine of Representative McGillicuddy.

From among the numerous lessons or conclusions which the political philosophers can draw from the Maine election one lesson or conclusion stands out more sharply defined than any other. It jumps at you.

The labor vote, for the sake of which the Poltroon Congress tarred and feathered itself with its own hands only a dozen days ago, is not deliverable by traders who pretended to sell it.

This salient fact of the election is illustrated conspicuously in the Second Congress district. There are few places within the confines of our republic where labor is relatively stronger than in the city of Lewiston, the home city of Representative McGillicudy, and he has made a specialty of it in his own political practice. In the Second Maine, if anywhere, would there be indications of any return, in the shape of votes, for the surrender of Congress to the four Brotherhoods. After a campaign which might almost be called desperate in its effort to save McGillicuddy and one Democratic seat in the House from the Republican onset, Mr. McGillicudy was defeated by an adverse plurality of nearly 40, whereas he had been elected to the Sixty-second Congress by a plurality of 1,389 and to the Sixty-third by 1,281.

IDEALS OF THE SUCCESS OF THE PLAIN PEOPLE.

"If I did not believe that the Republican party was the party of true progress, which was prepared under its leadership to take the country along the way of adaptation to new needs and exigencies of the future, I should have no pride in representing it. But the party of Lincoln is reunited today, and we consecrate it to the ideals of Lincoln, and those ideals are permanent. These are the ideals of the success of the plain people. They are the ideals of the achievements under free institutions, of success in all the activities of the co-operative energy of the plain people."—Charles E. Hughes in a Speech Delivered at Plattsburgh, N. Y.

THE REPUBLICAN

BENJ. H. SINCELL, EDITOR.

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Oakland, Md.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1916

REPUBLICAN TICKET

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CHARLES E. HUGHES

For Vice President:
CHARLES W. FAIRBANKS

For United States Senator:
JOSEPH IRWIN FRANCE
of Cecil County.

For Congressman:
FREDERICK N. ZIHLMAN
of Allegany County

RELATIONS WITH JAPAN.

A few years ago Baron Sakatani, of Japan, in a public interview laid stress upon the "justice and necessity" of an adjustment of the differences between the United States and Japan, to the end that Japanese subjects might be placed on an exact equality with Europeans in entering, residing in and doing business in the United State.

Baron Sakatani's utterance was approved and applauded by the leading newspapers of Japan.

Now Count Okuma retires, and is succeeded as premier by Gen. Terauchi, a soldier whose efficiency in extending Japanese mastership over Korea has marked him in the minds of Japanese as the ideal national leader. Great work must be done in China, and it must be done efficiently, says the Washington Post.

Japan is steadily gaining ascendency over China, and is now pressing for concessions which, if granted, will prevent the Chinese government from dealing as an independent sovereign with other nations in many important particulars. China will not remain a sovereign nation it Japan's demands are conceded, Japan's explanations to the contrary notwithstanding. A study of the demands by Americans who are familiar with the conditions is all that is necessary to establish the fact that China's independence is imperiled. Secret demands, it is believed, are also being pressed.

While Japan is thus encroaching in such a way as to invite a clash with nations whose interests required that China should remain intact and independent, there are unmistakable signs that the United States will be asked to remove all discriminations against Japanese in this country as a matter of justice and necessity.

The Japanese government and people have never acquiesced in the American view that the Japanese are not Caucasians; that they are not assimialble with white people; that they are not entitled to naturalization, and are economically undesirable emigrants. They hold that they are members of the Caucasian, race, assimilable with other Caucasians, entitled to citizenship in the United States and not an injurious economic factor. They regard the classification of the Japanese as Mongolians as degrading and humiliating. They are convinced that the exclusion of Japanese immigrants is a reflection upon their nation and its prestige as a civilized power of the first rank.

Thus there is an irreconcilable conflict of opinion between the Japanese and Americans upon questions which touch national and individual pride. The resolute action of California respecting the Japanese is sufficient evidence that there are parts of the Union at least which have no sympathy with any movement to place the Japanese upon an equal footing in the United States with Europeans. No political party or group of legislators has dared to make a fight for the repeal of the law barring non-Caucasians from naturalization. That law stands, a barrier to any diplomatic negotiations looking to the making of a treaty satisfactory to Japan.

A treaty proposing to open the ports to Japanese immigration and providing for the naturalization of Japanese would cause as lively a storm in Congress and on the Pacific coast as any administration could wish in its most suicidal moods.

Vigilance as to developments in China, procrastination in reopening the immigration question with Japan and anything but procrastination in the completion of the program of national defense on land and sea may constitute the best policy of the United States for the time being.

FOOD PRICES.

We are apt to look with pity upon the Germans who, even in times of peace, are under a paternal form of government. The German authorities take upon themselves the regulation of some of the minutest details of life in the empire, and every subject of the Kaiser is expected to obey every law and regulation of the government. We on this side boast that we are a free people and that we make laws to suit ourselves. The advantage, as far as living conditions are concerned, rests altogether with the Germans. A proof of this is found in the higher prices for foodstuffs in the markets, provision stores and restaurants, which have been arbitrarily fixed, it would seem, according to the caprice of merchants and purveyors. We find that in New York, for instance, most of the chain restaurants and lunchrooms have fallen in line with other restaurants that raised their prices early this week on practically all the dishes they serve. The reason given is that the prices of commodities have risen from 10 to 100 per cent. within the past year. We are told that potatoes, which last year were $1.70 a sack in New York, are now quoted at $2.50, and it is predicted that they will reach $6 before long. Other increases pointed out as the cause of the rise in restaurant prices are: Beans, $9.65 for 100 pounds, formerly, $7 90; peas, $6.75, formerly $3.85; flour, $6 60, formerly $5.10; eggs, 44 cents formerly 36 cents. And we know, too, what difficulties the New Yorkers are laboring under with regard to milk prices. Again this we know that this year has seen bumper crops in everything raised on the farm and in the garden. Potatoes, beans and peas have never been so plentiful, while the wheat yield has been most satisfactory. The trouble is that there is no central authority to control the greed of speculators. The wonder is not that prices are so high, but that the prices are not higher. There is no authority to check this persistent gouging of the public. A little paternalism in our government would not do us any harm. For one thing, we should be out of the grasp of unscrupulous money-grabbers.

DR. ELIOT'S CONFESSION.

Mr. Hughes, Mr. Roosevelt, Mr. Taft and Mr. Root, four of the most skilled analysts of public questions in this country, have been spending months in pounding home to the electorate the underlying issue of this campaign. Neither severally nor together have they succeeded in developing it so perfectly as does Dr. Charles W. Eliot, ex-president of Harvard, in this single sentence in eulogy of the President.

America has now turned its back on the familiar policy of Rome and Great Britain, of protecting or avenging their wandering citizens by force of arms, and has set up a quite different policy of her own.

The conclusion is that of a man who has looked events in the face, discerned with the same clearness of vision with which Mr. Hughes, Mr. Roosevelt, Mr. Taft and Mr. Root have observed it, the tact of this Government's repudiation of the first historical principle by which nations have always been actuated in their dealings with each other.

We commend Dr. Eliot's summary of Mr. Wilson's policy to the careful consideration of every Democrat and invite any Democrat to compare it with this simple statement of a fact which, before the year 1913, no loyal American citizen would have thought to question. It is by Dr. Eliot's colleague at Harvard, John Fiske:

A government touches the lowest of ignominy when it confesses to an inability to protect the lives and property of its citizens.

We need not doubt the sincerity of Dr. Eliot's support of the principle of non-protection of our nationals as an advance over the principle which all other nations accept. He is free to indorse it if he chooses. But certainly there can be no question of the propriety of insistence by those who cling to the old ideas of a Government's obligations to its nationals—the ideas to which we have all been born and bred—that departure from them does mean ignominy and humiliation.

The departure is thus far the work of Woodrow Wilson. For four years he has been free to follow his own course, to pursue such fanciful, idealistic or pusillanimous policies as he would. Dr. Eliot, in his eulogistic analysis of his course, errs only in saying that it is America that has turned its back on the old traditions of what national honor means. America is not bound permanently by what one Administration does. Her means of repudiating her chief executive's acts are not instantaneous in their action. Thus far, Woodrow Wilson's course has been neither rejected nor indorsed by America.

But America cannot re-elect him as her President save she be willing to take his policy as her own. Mr. Wilson has turned his back on the familiar policy of protecting "wandering Americans." Is the country willing to scratch out that name and write America in stead? Or does it propose to cling to its old ideas of national obligation and pride and bring its Government back to them.—Baltimore News.

Subscribe for The Republican.

SHOULD PLANT FOREST TREES

Residents of Maryland Advised to Take Advantage of State Forest Nursery.

With the coming of the fall season the State Board of Forestry, 532 North Howard St. Baltimore, is renewing its offer to residents of Maryland to supply them with standard forest and roadside planting stock at cost. The Nursery has been established and growing trees for State improvement work since the spring of 1914. The responce with which it has met has shown that the service which it offers is appreciated generally by local landowners, and it has enabled the extension of Nursery facilities to meet a growing need.

While in the past not as much of forest and roadside planting has been done in the fall as in the spring, there seems no reason practically throughout the State, why this should not show steady increase in the future. In fact, there are several distinct advantages attached to fall planting which do not obtain in the spring. Labor is usually more plentiful and cheaper, and the ground is very frequently easier to "work." There are many reasons for utilizing the month of October and early November for improvement work through planting trees along the roads and on the farms of Maryland.

Two distinct classes of trees are offered for sale this year: Forest trees, and Roadside trees. Twelve hundred forest trees are sufficient for planting an acre of ground, one hundred and fifty trees are sufficient for planting a mile of highway. Prices on the former are therefore by the thousand, on the latter by the hundred, and in both cases are rated at the cost of production.

Among varieties on hand, in forest trees, are seedlings and transplants of white pine, loblolly pine, Norway spruce, red oak and black locust; in the roadside trees there are offered larger red oak transplant stock in white ash, honey locust, American elm, black walnut and tulip poplar. Prices range from the $4 per thousand charged for the small white pines to $5 per hundred for transplants of black walnut four to five feet in height. The rates on all of them are very reasonable, as low as it is possible to make them. Packing is free and instructions for planting accompany each order.

MOUNTAIN LAKE PARK.

M. M. Schrock is putting an extra story to the laundry of the Deaconness' Home. It will have two rooms and a bath. The dining room is also to be enlarged.

Mrs. Milton Echard has rented a "rooming house" in Washington City. She expects to leave for that city in a day or two and will spend the winter there. Her son Charley has a position in that city.

Miss Virginia Richardson, one of our splendid "summer girls" has entered the Woman's Hospital at Baltimore, to take up the studies for a trained nurse.

Mrs. Ada Armstrong Divine, Mrs. Jennie Armstrong Fee each receive a bequest of $500 in the will of Mary P. Lee deceased.

Marvin Harmison and Rudolph Browning, of this place, "a fishing went" last week. The fish remain in the stream, the lads are home. They had a great experience. They left the Park with a new boat, "grub" a plenty, packed in a large suit case, a shot gun. Just this side of Morefield they put their boat in the stream, piled in the equippage, etc., then got in and before they knew it were in the rapids, the boat upset and everything went into the water and the boat turned upside down. The gun was rescued and after a while the boat, which was abandoned. The boys walked to Morefield and in due course of time reached home in good condition minus their outfit and several dollars in cash.

Rev. W. D. Reed, D. D. of Grafton, spent Friday in the Park and Saturday in Oakland.

Have you seen the new road to the Park? It is great. A credit to the State and an honor to Garrett county. It is as pretty as a picture. Its completion has advanced the value of property along the road 50 per cent.

Wm. Riley, on Bear Ranch farm, estimates his apple crop at 1000 bushels. He will not be able to pick them all.

Wm. H. Landon has the contract to fit up two or three bath rooms with modern conveniences.

W. C. Dunnington spent Monday in Washington City.

At the mortgage sale last Saturday E. W. Kelso bought Virginia cottage No. 1; Herbert Bitner purchased No. 2, and Rev. Dr. Reed the Smouse cottage. Total amount of sale, $1950.

M. M. Schrock is busy at work making the new state assessment upon Park property.

Reception to Pastor.

The Ladies Aid Society of St. Paul's M. E. church of Oakland will give a reception in honor of the new pastor, Rev. W. M. Shultz, on Friday evening, October 13th, at 8 o'clock, in the church. All members of the congregation are invited to be present.

A VISIT TO KEMPTON

A Newspaper Correspondent Describes New Workings.

The Elk Garden correspondent of the Piedmont Hearld thus describes a visit he recently made to the new town of Kempton, Garrett county, where is located the new workings ot the Davis Coal and Coke Company, and in which mine an explosion occurred last winter when a number of men were killed:

Your correspondent was at Kempton this week and gleaned some points about this up-to date mine. This mine is seven miles from Thomas, and is in Maryland, the mine and town, except the store and Arcade building which are in Preston county, W. Va. The line due North from the Fairfax stone in longitude 79 degrees and 30 minutes West separates the store and other building from the rest of the town. Kempton is not a passenger station—has been operating not much over two years—and passengers are dropped off at Beechwood and then hike it down the mountain path and up the railroad one mile to Kempton. The store building is of brick and the houses are supplied with water and arranged for gas. The roofs are of asbestos and the town presents a white appearance. The shaft is four hundred and thirty feet deep, and all the machinery is run by electricity furnished by the power house at Thomas. There are eight motors in the mine and the output is between seven and eight hundred tons a day and the coal is of excellent quality. The first object of interest as one steps from the iron cage at the bottom of the shaft is the motto in livid letters "safety first." The main entrances are well lighted by electricity, the headings clean and the roof is of an excellent variety of rock and a feeling of safety makes a visit to this mine a pleasure. The coal is a vein of five or six feet nearly uniform throughout the mine, a splendid vein of coal indeed. The ventilation is very good and extra precautions are taken for safety. People from this county figure largely in charge of this mine. Wm. Murphy, of Emoryville, is manager of the store, Miss Nina Knabenshue, of Keyser, is one of the clerks, and Mr. Lewis Duling, of Hartmonsville, is the butcher. J. Ray Hubbs, of Elk Garden, is mine foreman having received appointment a few weeks ago. Mr. Harmon Trenton, of Elk District is office clerk. We acknowledge the courtesies from all the above and in addition the mine superintendent Geo. Raberts and assistant mine foreman Matthew Stewart. A concrete walk runs the length of the town. The original Fairfax stone is no longer the corner stone of state and counties. The Potomac winds around two miles from the Fairfax stone into the little valley of Kempton and on the small Potomac a new stone has been erected on a line due north from the other. This was done by the government in 1910.

HUTTON

PORTRAYAL OF AUTUMN

The season attains to the heights of a marvelous perfection—yesterday—thrills of ardent emotion surged our pulses with renewed vigor that coursed with a tremendous vibration—awakening pathos—so forcible—so vehement, as to render a vociferation of an evident expression useless.

And what a scene—

The earth, a veritable flood of golden sunlight, lay shimmering in radiant splendor without a cloud to mar the heavenly canopy of azure blue. Indeed well may we view with a sense of satisfaction the autumn wrought wonders;—exhibiting, so gorgeously, the tangible beauties which nature surrounds us.

Ah! ere we are aware, our admiring perception becomes so thoroughly engrossed in the meshes of its enchanting metamorphosis that for the moment we become unconscious of a mortal existence and live—and breathe—as it were in a visionaay sphere.

Were it possible for me to adequately depict the realism of that Autumn scene as it appeared—only yesterday—it would require considerable tact—and volumes of paper, to reproduce a faint glimmer of that magnificent spectacle, but space in these columns, as well as my few leisure moments would not permit of such an extended delineation, so I am obliged to draw upon the reader's imagination to supplement the deficiencies of my feeble endeavorments—in the portrayal of yesterday's scene of unsupassing loveliness.

But the pictorial of To-day's—
When the dawn broke cold and drear,
And the world seemed void of cheer—
And the leaves began to fall,
And a gloom spread over all—
O, I've decided to await
A future writing to illustrate.

ST. ELMO.

Suffrage Tea.

A Suffrage tea will be held at the home of Mrs. Benj. H. Sincell in Oakland on Thursday afternoon of next week from 4 until 6 o'clock to which all who are in sympathy with the Woman's Suffrage movement are cordially invited. A silver offering will be received.

A Distinctive Reason

What is the chief reason for the superiority of Royal Baking Powder?

There are several good reasons, but there is one which distinguishes Royal from other baking powders.

This reason, which every woman should know, is that Royal Baking Powder is made from cream of tartar, which comes from grapes. This means a healthful fruit origin. It means natural food as distinguished from mineral substitutes used in other baking powders.

There is no alum nor phosphate in Royal Baking Powder.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO.
New York

A CORRECTION WITH REFERENCE TO ANTHRAX

Misinformation Concerning Disease In The Vicinity of Hutton.

In these columns there was published last week an article dealing with the reported outbreak of anthrax among the cattle on the farms of Messrs. Fred A. Thayer, D. N. Sanders and Bert C. Scott near Hutton in which it was stated that as a result of the disease a number had died, twenty-five in all, eight or ten of them belonging to Mr. Sanders.

Upon investigating this report and in conversation with the owners of the farms upon which the disease was stated to have occurred, it is learned that none had suffered the loss of a single head, but that several animals belonging to a son of Mr. Sanders had died as the result of being struck by lightning or eating of a poisoned weed.

The Republican regrets that the matter was given publicity.

THE DEATH RECORD.

BRISON CARLTON MEESE
JOSEPH ELLSWORTH MEESE

In memory of Brison Carlton Meese, who departed this life Saturday, Sept. 30th, at 9:25 a. m. of diphtheria, aged 2 years 11 months and 17 days, and Joseph Ellsworth Meese, October 1, 1916, aged 10 years, 7 months and 5 days, while the burial of his little brother was taking place. The latter was buried the next day. Interment in both cases being private at the Thayerville cemetery. They leave to mourn, father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Meese, two brothers, Wade and Scott, and three sisters, Helen, Grace and Elenora.

God has called two more angels home
To his throne beyond the skies;
Two little ones pure and true—
Where He cares for them better than here.
I whisper in my bed time prayer
God keep my brother in Thy care
God keep my brothers everywhere.

A FRIEND.

HARMON W. HESEN

Another pioneer resident of Oakland, in the person of the venerable Harmon W. Hesen, passed to his eternal reward early last Thursday morning, October 5, 1916, after months of weary, lingering waiting.

Mr. Hesen was one of the oldest living pioneers in the county today, and was born in Isnabruck, Hanover, Germany, on March 20, 1820, having reached the advanced age of 96 years, 6 months and 10 days. His father was Louis Von Hazen, a colonel in Napoleon's army, and had his bitter share with the other soldiers in the awful misfortunes attending the downfall of that unfortunate monarch at Waterloo, after which he made arrangements to sail for America with his wife and fifteen children, landing at Locust Point, Baltimore, in 1828, later moving to Lonaconing. When the colonel died, his sons decided to drop their cumbersome title and Americanized the name into Hesen.

Mr. Hesen came to Oakland in 1845, at which time it was part of a large farm owned by Mr. Isaac McCarty, and his stories of the intervening years, during which he saw the steady growth and development of this locality, were interesting, indeed.

Shortly after having settled here, he married Miss Margaret White, of Cumberland, who died within the year, leaving an infant son, William, who, with his family, now resides in Fairmont, W. Va. On May 9, 1859, Miss Helen Bringle, of Oakland, became his second wife. The children of this union are Harmon O., of Washington, D. C.; Ellsworth, living in the west; A. C. of Pittsburgh; Edward, of Washington; George, of Keyser, and Bruce, Margaret and Elizabeth, the latter three having preceded their father to the grave. He was the grand father and the great-grand father of a small army of decendants, and enjoyed one of life's rarest blessings in the companionship of a most patient and devoted wife, who ministered to his every last exacting want, as to that of a tender infant, as she tranquilly, prayerfully, tearfully handed him over to that grim, unwelcome harvester we call death.

The funeral took place Monday morning at 9 o'clock from St. Peter's Catholic church, after the solemnization of a high requiem mass by Father Jas. E. Connell, the pastor, who delivered an affectionate tribute to the deceased in a most tender strain.

The children and relatives attending the funeral from a distance were Will Hesen and wife, Fairmont, W. Va.; Harmon O., and Edward, of Washington, D. C.; Mrs. Bruce Hesen, Martinsburg, W. Va.; A. C. Pittsburgh, Pa.; Mrs. George Hesen, Keyser; Mrs. Helen Hesen Mullin and E. W. Hesen, grandchildren, Washington; Mr. Will Faith, Hancock, Md., and Mrs. Katherine Donnelly, Pittsburgh, and Mrs. Tobias Delawder, Keyser, nieces.

Subscribe for The Republican.

Notice to Subscribers.

Beginning November 1st, 1916, the subscription price of The Republican will be advanced from $1.25 per year to $1.50 per year. This advance in price is made unwillingly by the publisher, but at the same time it is absolutely necessary by reason of the fact that every single item going into the making of a newspaper, including inks, paper and fixed charges has so advanced that the present subscription price of $1.25 per year is much less than the cost of production.

News print paper has advanced from $2.40 per hundred pounds to $7.00 per hundred pounds, while inks have advanced from 6 cents per pound to 15 cents per pound within the past six months. It was the hope of the management that prices would become normal and this advance in the price of subscription would not be necessary; but instead indications are that all material will become higher.

Anyone desiring to pay their subscription in advance prior to November 1st may do so at the present rate for a period of not more than one year. All subscriptions that are now paid in advance will be continued the full time paid for. All subscriptions in arrear must be promptly settled as we cannot longer carry delinquents.

The

FOUNDED 1888

Garrett National Bank

FOUNDED 1888

Of Oakland, Maryland.

THE STRONGEST BANK IN GARRETT COUNTY

Capital - - - - -	$ 50,000.00
Surplus - - - - -	65,000.00
Deposits over - - -	550,000.00
Resources over - - -	725,000.00

Consider seriously what that means. Think of it when you open an account. It means

STRENGTH

In opening a bank account first satisfy yourself as to the responsibility of the institution with which you propose to deposit your money.

NO ACCOUNT TOO SMALL---NONE TOO LARGE

We pay three per cent interest on time and saving deposits. Safe deposit boxes for rent.

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GARRETT COUNTY and C. & P. TELEPHONES.

The time is right here when you should be thinking of placing your heating plant in shape for the winter months or the installation of a Hot Water Honeywell Heating System or the Famous Caloric Pipeless Hot Air Furnace, the price of which is within reach of all.

To those who as yet do not have the convenience of a nice clean sanitary bath room, we would be very glad to go into detail and furnish an estimate.

Yours to please,

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.

"Naylor has it and sells it for less."

ESTABLISHED 1884.

Misses Helen Little and Genevieve Walter spent Saturday last at Deer Park.

Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Loraditch spent Sunday with relatives at Pocahontas, Penna.

Mr. J. M. Crane, of Kingwood, was in Oakland and at Loch Lynn Heights Saturday and Sunday.

Deputy State Health Officer, R. H. Riley spent Monday in and about Oakland on official business.

I will pay 12½ cents per pound for Hog Dressed Veals. Andrew Shartzer, Oakland, Md. Advertisement.

Miss Bertie Lawton has returned from an extended visit to relatives at Keyser and other points.

Mrs. Sarah Bittinger, of Swanton, accompanied by her son, spent Saturday in Oakland on business.

Miss Bertie Turney spent Friday and Saturday at Thomas, West Va., returning to Oakland Sunday morning.

See Naylor & Co., for the genuine Ru-ber-oid Roofings. Adv.

Mrs. Belle Miller and daughter, Mrs. Orerndorf, of Baltimore, are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Sinceil.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Baker and children, of Swanton, have moved to Akron, Ohio, where Mr. Baker is engaged as a carpenter.

FOR SALE—A good cow. John N. Michael, Oakland, Md. Adv. 30-3t

Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Dixon went to Baltimore Sunday night for a few days' pleasure trip, returning to Oakland Wednesday morning.

Dr. N. I. Broadwater was at Grantsville Sunday afternoon to visit his father, Mr. Gilead Broadwater, who is ill of typhoid fever.

FOR SALE—Pair fine black driving and work horses; full brothers; about 1100 pounds. Inquire Kelly's Livery, Oakland. Adv. tf

Miss Mamie Selby, of Baltimore, was the week-end guest of Dr. and Mrs. B. F. Selby at their home in Oakland, returning to Baltimore Sunday night.

Mrs. Carney Hartley, of Denver, Col., arrived in Oakland Saturday evening for an extended visit to her sisters, Mrs. Ernest Townehend and Miss Elizabeth Leary.

FOR SALE—A few choice Shropshire Ram Lambs at Little Meadows, Grantsville, Md. H. P. Miller, Superintendent. Adv. 31-6t

Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Helbig and two children, of Durgon, West Va., arrived in Oakland Sunday by automobile and will spend the week here visiting relatives and friends.

Dr. John H. Howard and Mrs. Howard have left Oakland for Wheeling where the former will begin his work as pastor of the Zane street M. E. church Sunday morning.

Heat your house at a moderate price with a Caloric Pipeless Hot Air Furnace. Estimate quickly and cheerfully furnished by A. D. Naylor & Co. Adv.

Mr. Charles S. Davis and his son, Mr. Wilbur Davis, of Oakland, have formed a copartnership and will represent manufacturers as agents. The new firm will be known as C. S. Davis & Son.

FOR SALE—The complete set of Blacksmith Tools owned by the late George Rider. Can be seen at the shop in Gorman, everything complete for a first class shop. Apply to E. M. Mickey, Gormania, W. Va. Adv. 32 3t

Mr. Ed. A. Shaffer, who spent several weeks in Baltimore on business conected with the Order of Railway Telegraphers, returned to his home in Oakland Saturday night and resumed his position as one of the regular operators at the local office of the Western Union Sunday evening.

Some folks apparently are getting rich with great ease. In fact they are the ones who commenced

By Laying Aside a Fixed Portion of their Income Each Week

and deposit it in a reliable bank. Then when opportunity offered they had the necessary funds for taking advantage of it.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OAKLAND - MARYLAND

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Hersman, of Deer Park, spent yesterday in Oakland shopping.

Another car of Drain Tile just unloaded by A. D. Naylor & Co. Advertisement.

Mrs. F. H. Thrasher, of Deer Park, spent an hour or two in Oakland last Saturday evening.

Postmaster L. D. Thrasher, of Deer Park, was in the city yesterday for a few hours on business.

Mr. Ed. Offutt returned to Oakland Tuesday morning from a business trip to Wheeling, W. Va.

Abe Martin says: Mrs. Spitznoodle can drive her auto into the garage without striking the sides only a little bit.

Mr. D. S. Custer, one of The Republican's good friends in Friendsville, was in the city Monday when he called at this office.

Miss Gertrude Shirer left Oakland Friday afternoon for a visit to relatives at Morgantown and other West Virginia points.

Yesterday morning the first real freeze of the season visited this section of the county and did much damage to apples yet unpicked.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Rev. G. S. Hanleiter, the recently appointed pastor of the Loch Lynn Heights U. B. church, visited Oakland Tuesday on business.

It is well worth your time to investigate the quality and prices of Buggies and Carriages sold by A. D. Naylor & Co. Adv.

Dr. Harriet B. Jones, of near Wheeling, was in the city Sunday afternoon where she was the guest of her brother, Mr. Scott T. Jones, and other relatives.

Mr. S. O. Clark, of Morgantown, West, Va., a former resident of Garrett county, is spending this week among friends and relatives in and near Oakland.

Mr. David Jones and daughter Mrs. Nannie Reams, of Johnstown, Pa., who were in Oakland for a short visit to Mr. and Mrs. Scott J. Jones, have returned to their home at Johnstown.

Misses Eva Lawton, of Amboy, W. Va., and Edna Lawton, of Baltimore, who were guests at the home of Mrs. D. H. Loar in Oakland for several days, returned to their respective homes yesterday.

Miss Gladys Mason, of Friendsville, spent Sunday in Oakland, where she was the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. C. Kendall, returning to her home Sunday evening accompanied by Miss Mary Porter.

Miss Gladys Browning, of Sang Run, who was the guest of Mrs. R. S. Jamison, went to Accident Friday and from that point will go to Meyersdale to be the guest of her sister, Mrs. Alvin Englehart.

Messrs. John J. Sweeney, Percy Frantz, Guy Hinebaugh and Wallace Brown left Oakland Monday in an automobile for the Hagerstown Fair, expecting to return to their homes here on Friday.

FOR SALE—A seven passenger six cylinder Studebaker car. Has run less than 3000 miles; electric lights; electric starter; all modern improvements. A Bargain. Address C, this office.

Mr. Daniel W. Dorsey, of Grantsville, was in Oakland Tuesday night attending the Democratic mass meeting, having accompanied Congressman Lewis, of Maryland; Wilson, of Louisiana and Caldwell, of New York, to Oakland.

Mr. D. E. Bolden left Oakland yesterday morning for Columbus, Ohio, where he went to attend the annual convention of the National Association of Undertakers. Mr. Bolden expects to be absent a week or more.

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Naylor left Oakland Sunday afternoon for North Mountain, W. Va., where they will be guests of relatives. They also expect to visit Hagerstown and Gettysburg before returning to Oakland.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Edgar Long and family, of Clarksburg, West Va., spent Sunday in Oakland where they were guests of Mrs. Long's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd C. Shaffer. The party came by automobile and returned to Clarksburg the same evening.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Renninger and Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Sincell left Oakland Tuesday morning in the former's automobile for a trip through Maryland and Virginia, their objective points being Hagerstown to visit the Fair and Charlottesville, Va.

The Orphans' Court for Garrett county was in session Tuesday with all members present when letters of administration on the personal estate of the late Mrs. Sarah F. Ryland, of Friendsville, was issued to her daughter, Mrs. Nora I. Reybeck, of Confluence Pa.

Mr. Silas C. Beachy, of near Bittinger, who was appointed district assessor for District No. 12, was in town Tuesday in company with the assessors of other parts of the county when they received their instructions as to the procedure in making the new assessments of real and personal property.

Apple and potato buyers from different sections of Maryland, Pennsylvania and West Virginia have been in Garrett county during the past week or ten days where they have made a number of contracts for the entire production of many farms of these two commodities. Shipments will begin within the next two or three days.

Mr. Richard S. Bell, of the Cumberland bar, was at Mountain Lake Park last Saturday where he sold at public auction several pieces of real estate known as the Virginia Homes. The sale was made under foreclosure proceedings. The purchasers were Dr. W. D. Reed and Mr. E. W. Kelso.

Rev. O. A. Bremer, pastor of St. Mark's Ev. Lutheran church, will leave Oakland this afternoon for Clarksburg, West Va., where the Synod of the Lutheran church will convene tonight. As the sessions of the Synod will last over Sunday there will be no preaching service in the local church upon that day. Other services, however, as usual will be held.

Mr. William Sines, who is probably the oldest man in the county, being past the ninety-sixth year, was in Oakland Tuesday on business. While he drove to town in company with his grandson he stated that he could have walked had it been necessary and to see Mr. Sines step out along the street is evidence sufficient to know that he could. He has retained his every faculty and is interested in questions of public import.

Subscribe for The Republican.

D. E. BOLDEN

Furniture Dealer and Funeral Director

HAVING moved my furniture business to the Manhattan Hotel store room, I am prepared to serve the public to the best of my ability, having now in stock the finest line of Furniture ever brought to the city and which I offer as cheap as it can be bought in the wholesale markets.

All I ask is a chance to name you prices.

My stock is complete in every detail, and which consists of Furnitnre, Carpets, Mattings, Window Shades, Bedding of all kinds, large and small Rugs—in fact everything with which to furnish a house from cellar to attic.

I am also prepared to give estimates on Buildings and repair work—from a pig pen to a palace.

Call and see me; I will treat you fair and square.

Thanking the public for past favors and soliciting a continuance of the same, I remain,

Yours respectfully,

D. E. BOLDEN

ADDITIONAL SPEAKER

Hon. Willis L. Moore, Will Also Address Republican Meeting.

Advices received this morning from the Republican State Central Committee at Baltimore, are to the effect that Hon. Willis L. Moore, former head of the Weather Bureau, U. S. Department of Agriculture, will be in Oakland and speak at the Republican meeting to be held in the Maryland Theatre on next Wednesday evening.

Dr. Moore is a man well versed and is a most fluent speaker.

The other speakers advertised to be present are Dr. France, Senator Zihlman, C. R. Shirm and R. H. Bond, all of whom are well known to Garrett countians.

This meeting will be one of the largest ever held in the county, according to reports received, and it will be well for those expecting to attend to be on hand early in the evening in order to obtain good seats.

Oakland As Shipping Centre

Last Saturday six cars of cattle, comprising 175 head, and one car of sheep, containing 204 head, were shipped from the local cattle pens in Oakland. Two cars of cattle and the car of sheep were consigned to Baltimore dealers; two cars went to Bridgeport, West Va., and two to Webster, West Va. In addition to these shipments Mr. Silas C. Beachy sold ninety head of beef cattle to a Pennsylvania dealer who drove them from his farm near Bittinger to a point in Pennsylvania.

A Birthday Celebration.

On last Saturday night Mr. Peter J. Lohr, of near Deer Park, celebrated his sixty-third anniversary when quite a number of invited guests were present and at which a pleasant and profitable evening was spent. Among the guests were Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Wolte and two children, of Rowlesburg, West Va.

Subscribe for The Republican.

O. H. S. Notes.

The girls' Glee Club has been reorganized and the following officers elected: Pres., Mabel Falkenstein; sec'y., Mary D. Naylor; treas., Mabel White; pianist, Julius Littman; director, Prof. Bender; committee of members, Prof. Bender, Mabel White, Eva Falkenstein and Cecelia Hart. They are all very enthusiastic about the work they expect to accomplish this year. The club is contemplating the preparation of a patriotic cantata to be rendered sometime after the holidays.

The literary societies, Yorkists and Lancasterian, have been reorganized. Each society will render a program once a month and the two societies combined will render a program.

The fourth year class has received its rings and are very well pleased with them.

Effie Wamsley spent Saturday and Sunday with her parents at Gortner.

Eva Falkenstein spent Saturday and Sunday at Deer Park, where she visited Ellen Smouse.

We wish to make the following correction in the honor roll of last week: 1st year should have read Mary V. Willison instead of Mary Williams; 3rd year, Edward Scott's and Mabel Falkenstein's names should have been added.

The Celebrated South Bend Plow.

Buy one now and pay for it in the spring. Price is just right.
McIntire's Hardware Store, Oakland. Advertisement.

For Sale.

Crooks Crest, comprising about twenty acres, improved by handsome house. Apply to the owner or any real estate agent. Mrs. E. Fundenberg, Oakland, Md. Adv. 12-tf

Public Sale of Personal Property.

The undersigned will offer at public sale and sell to the highest bidder, a lot of live stock, farm implements, grain and hay at his farm 2½ miles south of Mountain Lake Park on Friday, October 20th, beginning at one o'clock p. m. See posters for further particulars, as to terms, etc. B. F. Shaffer. Advertisement.

REPUBLICAN

MASS MEETING

The citizens of Garrett County are invited to attend a Republican Meeting at the Maryland Theatre, Oakland,

Wednesday, Oct: 18, 1916

at 8:00 o'clock P. M.

The issue of the campaign will be ably discussed by

Dr. Joseph Irwin France,

Candidate for U. S. Senate

Hon. Frederick N. Zihlman,

Candidate for Congress

Hon. C. R. Schrim, of Baltimore City, and

Hon. R. H. Bond, of Baltimore County.

RESERVED SEATS FOR THE LADIES

Music By The Aurora Band

JAMES C. PEDDICORD,
Chairman.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

Destroying the Foundations.

There is today, as there has been in the past, a strong and persistent effort being made to destroy one of the great foundation stones upon which our faith is built, viz:—the

Inspiration of the Bible. All they have or can do is to shake the confidence of a few weak persons who are not rooted and grounded in the faith. All men do not like to be governed by the principles of the Bible. They want to be wise above what is written and so thinking themselves to be something when they are nothing and vainly puffed up with self conceit, they delight in picking up a few thread bare arguments and thoughts of other men and fling them off as their own and unsuspecting minds look upon them as very wise, when in reality they are, as the Bible expresses it, fools.

If they can get rid of the Bible, they could give the loose reins to their passions, do as they please and sail clear of moral restraint. To do this they begin by rejecting portions of the Bible, in spite of the declaration that "all Scripture is given by inspiration of God." They laugh at the idea of all the scriptures being inspired; they talk with many words of plunary inspiration as an exploded doctrine, destroyed by philosophy, science and the higher criticism of these latter days, yet three fourths of these pretended servants could not give an intelligent definition of inspiration. It is a supernatural influence, distinguished from the providential agency of God, which operates everywhere and from the gracious operations of the spirit on the hearts of men. There is always a difference recognized between these effects which are due to the efficiency of God through second causes and those produced without the intervention of such causes.

Inspiration belongs to this class. It is not merely a spiritual illumination, for all true believers are spiritually illuminated, while the subjects of inspiration are a few selected individuals, who are made infallible teachers, whereas spiritual illumination is designed to make men holy.

The effect of this is to sanctify its subjects, while inspiration has no such effect.

Baalam was inspired, but he was not sanctified.

Saul was among the prophets, and such a man as Caiaphas uttered a prediction which "he spake not of himself."

It is not simply a revelation, for it differs from this in its objects and effects. The design of Revelation is to communicate knowledge, while Inspiration is to secure infallibility in teaching. The effect of Revelation is to make those who receive it wiser, but inspiration preserves them from error in teaching. The men who were inspired were only the organs of God, taught by Him. They were not machines to grind out a book, say of logarithms, with unerring exactness, but they were intelligent and willing instruments. If a Hebrew was inspired, he spake as a Hebrew. If a Greek, he spake as a Greek. If an educated man was inspired, he spake, as a man of culture would, and if he was uneducated he spake as such an one was want to speak.

So we have the logic of Paul, the emotion of John and the pathos of Jeremiah, which all of the writers stated facts as they were.

They recount sins without comment and refer to the judgments attending them. They state things that seem to shock modesty and to be contrary to decency, but they never commend them, but leave them as beacons to warn us against going in such a course.

They are for our correction and instruction.

We have not time to show that Inspiration extends to all parts of the Bible. It is enough to know that Jesus says, "The scriptures cannot be broken," that is, they cannot err.

Yet in the face of the declaration of Christ and the Apostles and their constant reference to the whole book as the work of God, men try to overthrow this corner stone of the foundation. They say only a part is inspired and so the inspired part of one man is rejected by another. Each one has his own Bible and hence there are as many Bibles as there are skeptics.

If only a part is inspired what part is it, and how are we to know which parts are to be rejected. The truth of the matter is, these ambitious, self-conceited, proud creatures, confessing themselves wise are fools and they do not know it.

If you can shake the faith of man in the inspiration of the Bible, then you will have no difficulty in rejecting the atonement.

The word throughout the Old Testament is used to signify the reconciliation of God—by means of bloody sacrifices—to men alienated from Him by the guilt of sin. The priest atoned for the transgressor of the law by sacrifices which were offered. On the great day of atonement the High Priest made atonement first for his own sin by the sacrifice of a bullock and then for the sins of the people by the sacrifice of a goat and the sins thus atoned for, were after confession laid upon the head of a live goat and carried into the desert. This was called the scape goat and this act signified that the sins atoned for were carried into oblivion. They would not appear against them any more.

Our sins were laid on God's sacrifice even Jesus all the guilt or punishment incurred by the sins of his people were charged to his account. He gave his life a sacrifice for us. He was wounded for our trangressions, He was bruised for our iniquities and the chastisement of our peace was laid upon Him. Christ designed by His death to expiate guilt and restore us to the image of God which had been destroyed by sin.

But this humiliates the pride of the human heart and so theories have been devised that are contrary to scripture, or ignore one or both of the objects of His death. To say that the death of the Son of God was necessary just to satisfy the demands of Satan who held us in bondage, would be an admission that He could not remove our guilt or restore us to the image of God. That would make Christ merely a ransom and not an expiation for guilt.

It is said Christ was only a conqueror but He is more. He liberates man from the thraldom of Satan by expiating for his guilt, and making him a king and priest to God.

The ransom price was not paid to Satan but to God, man is under penalty of divine law. That law must be satisfied, that penalty borne, but since man could not do this, Christ rendered a complete satisfaction, hence we are free from the power of Satan. I say we—I mean of course believers or tho e who truly accept Christ.

As late as the 17th century a theory was invented called "the governmental theory" which made the death of Christ not a satisfaction to justice, only a substitute for it. God is only a moral Governor, who finds it expident to punish sin so as to restrain His subjects lest they rebel and overthrow His kingdom. This makes the object of punishment to be the reformation of the offender and the good of society, whereas, His nature requires Him to punish sin.

This would make the death of Christ, not a satisfaction to divine justice, but merely a substitue for it. If this be true there is no real union between Christ and believers. It is only figurative. We are not heirs but merely beneficiaries, He did not ransom us from sin and death, He only bailed us out of prison so to speak.

His death instead of satisfying justice and appeasing divine wrath, only opened up the way by which an opportunity could be given us ot becoming righteous. It only makes salvation possible instead of actually saving us, while His death was to produce a moral effect on us. But the Lord really and actually saves from their sins all who truly believe in Him. A satisfaction has been made, for Jesus suffered the penalty due our sin.

JOANNES.

RED OAK

Ird Culp led singing at this place Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Nutter spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. M. P. Jack.

Miss Stella Cooper spent the past week at Schell, W. Va., with friends.

Lela Whitmer spent Sunday at Henry with Mrs. Lester Wilkens.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray Gnegy spent Saturday in Oakland.

Quite a large crowd attended the apple cutting at Mrs. M. P. Jack's Monday night. All report a fine time.

Hazel Jack spent Saturday night with Stella Cooper.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Harvey, of Fairview, spent Sunday at this place.

Mrs. K. P. Gibbs was calling on her son, Roy Gibbs, at Dobbin, Saturday.

Misses Mamie Arnold, Bessie Fike and Nora Lipscomb were the guests of Miss Edna Child's Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. D. W. Wilson spent Saturday evening with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. P. Jack.

GORTNER

Again our hearts have been made sad by death coming into our midst and taking from us Fannie, the youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Swartzentruber. To know Fannie was to love her and she will not only be greatly missed in her home but by her many friends also. Shsuffered very much at times, so much that those attending her—her mother, father and sister—were kept working with her the entire night, yet after death there was a beautiful calm expression on her face. It made you forget you were in the presence of death.

August Killius, formerly of this place, dined at S. J. Lichty's Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Owen Martin, son Derrell, Mr. and Mrs. Ben Friend and children, spent Sunday evening at Mrs. J. J. Schlossnagles.

Ernest and Harvey Gortner expect to leave Thursday for Hagerstown, Md., where they will attend the fair.

Miss Lizzie Hershberger, who spent several months at this place, returned to her home in Millersburg, Ohio, Thursday. She was accompanied by Miss Elizabeth Lichty.

Roy Lichty, Milton Swartzentruber, Roy and Lee Sanders and Misses Mabel and Effie Wamsley were calling on Miss Emma Burkholder Saturday evening.

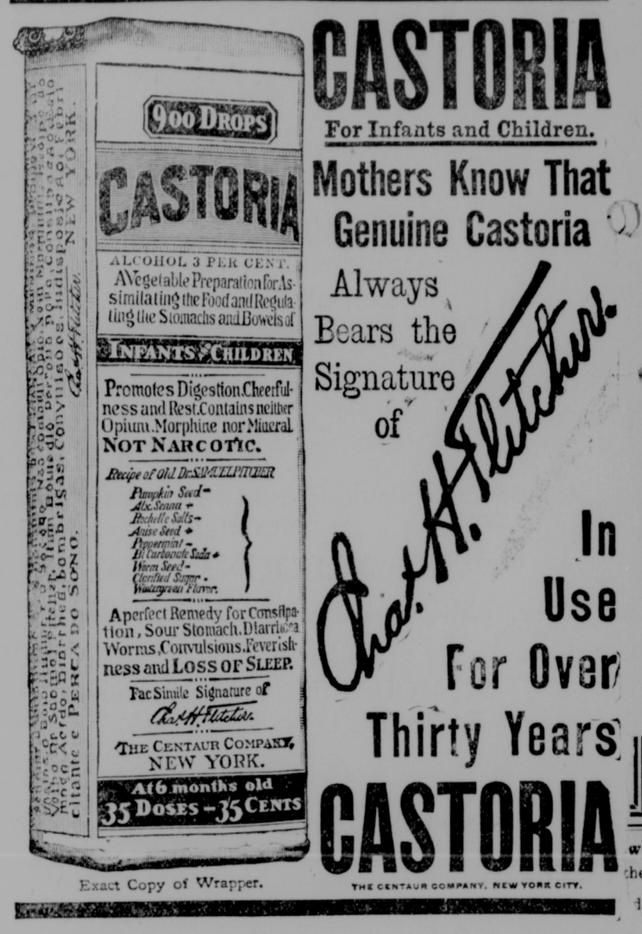
Mrs. R. L. Gaur spent the past week with her brother near Terra Alta, W. Va.

Eli Petersheim is putting up a silo.

Church services in the Union church Sunday morning, by the German Brethren.

Public Sale.

The undersigned will offer at public auction, at her farm six miles south of Oakland and two miles from Gortner, on the Ashby road, sale to commence at 2 o'clock, p. m., Saturday, October 21, 1916, a lot of valuable personal property, including live stock, grain, hay, potatoes, farming implements, etc., and a 50-acre farm well cultivated and improved. Reasonable terms of sale upon application. MRS. EMMA SETZER,
Route 1, Oakland, Md.
Adv. 33-2t*



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

THE CITY'S BEST

MEAT MARKET

IN THE EMPIRE BUILDING.

Choice Steak, Boiling Meat, and all other kinds of meat. Highest cash price paid for Poultry and Eggs; also cash paid for Hides and Skins,

H. L. MILLER

We Carry in Stock

TIRES
TUBES
SHOCK ABSORBERS
CHAINS
SPARK PLUGS
DRY CELLS
TIRETITE

And many other accessories at the
OAKLAND GARAGE,
Prest-O-Lite Exchange,
Oakland, Maryland.

The Celebrated South Bend Plow.

Buy one now and pay for it in the spring. Price is just right.
McIntire's Hardware Store, Oakland. Advertisement.

Split Siding Cheap.

We have just received a car of Split Siding which we offer at a low price to those who place their orders immediately. H. W. Kahl & Sons, Oakland Planing Mills, Oakland, Md. Adv.

BITTINGER.

We have enjoyed a week of ideal October weather.

Mrs. Charles Reckner and family, who visited here for some days, returned to their home near Confluence, Pa., on Sunday.

Luther Ralston, of Eckart, Md., was a Sunday visitor to this village.

Mrs. Rhineas Compton, of Salisbury, Pa., accompanied by Mrs. S. O. Wiley, spent last Sunday with Mrs. T. B. Wiley and family.

The ladies of the Woman's Home and Foreign Missionary Society held an ice cream festival in Ellithorp's grove Saturday evening.

C. E. Ellithorp made a business trip to Piedmont, W. Va., one day last week.

Daniel Klotz, of the Grantsville Garage, was called to this village on Sunday to repair C. E. Ellithorp's car, which broke down on the road.

Farmers are using the fine weather for corn husking and apple picking, both of which are yielding a good crop.

Laura Fazenbaker returned to Clarksburg, W. Va., a few days ago, after spending several weeks at her home here.

Money to Loan on real estate. Renninger & Offutt, Attorneys, Garrett National Bank building, Oakland, Md. Adv. tf

REAL BARGAINS
IN
REAL ESTATE

One of the most desirable residences on Alder street in Oakland, now owned by M. A. Carney, and occupied as a residence by States Attorney Jones, is offered at a very attractive price.

A valuable 90 acre farm near Ottaway, Garrett Co., on the line of the proposed new state road to West Va., and a very desirable piece of real estate.

Improved farm of 138 acres near Swanton, Garrett Co., improved by nine room dwelling, barn and young orchard now bearing. A safe investment.

JAS. D. HAMILL,
Real Estate Agent.

Farm for Sale

Containing two hundred and seventy-six acres. About 175 acres cleared and in good cultivation and the balance in timber.

Located twelve miles west of Lonaconing in Garrett county in the Fairview settlement. With seven or eight never failing springs on it. One dwelling house containing seven rooms and a good cellar; bank barn 40 x 60 feet and all other necessary outbuildings.

Good apple orchard of about 200 bearing trees and all other kinds of fruits.

If not sold prior to January 1st, 1917, the property will be for rent.

For any other information call on or address the undersigned.

JONAS WEITZELL,
Lonaconing, Md.

Notice to the Public

The undersigned has bought out the general store of Mr. J. S. Clary at Deer Park, Md. and will continue the business in the same building and in the same manner in which it has been conducted, and extends to the public generally a cordial invitation to call, get prices and see if we cannot do business.

Remember that satisfaction is guaranteed in every transaction.

Thanking you in advance.
I am very truly,
W. B. MILLER.

U-BOAT SINKS SIX SHIPS OFF COAST

West Point, Strathdene, Stephano, Kingston, Bloomersdijk, C. Knudson Torpedoed

AMERICAN VESSEL HELD UP

Four British, One Dutch and One Norwegian Vessels Are Attacked—Only Ship to Escape of Those Sighted by the Boat Was the Kansas.

Boston.—The German war submarine U-53, which departed from Newport, R. I., after a mysterious three-hour visit, brought the war within 35 miles off the New England Coast when she torpedoed six steamship at different times on the same day in trans-Atlantic lane off Nantucket Shoals Lightship. There was no loss of life. The crews were rescued from their boats by United States revenue cutters and torpedo boats and taken to the lightship, 35 miles southeast of the island of Nantucket.

Admiral Knight, commander of the naval station at Newport, R. I., announced that the Nantucket Lightship reported a second German submarine nearby. Naval officers say they expect a fleet of German submarines will blockade every Atlantic harbor from which munitions ships leave.

The radius of the attacks was bout fifty miles and covered a period f eight hours. If the U-53 worked lone, she had to double on her tracks any times and travel at a speed hich allowed nothing for waits while he was aiming her torpedoes and warning the ships she had marked for destruction.

These ships were sunk in the first day of German submarine activity in American waters:

The Red Cross liner, Stephano, St. Johns, N. F., to New York, passengers and freight.

The West Point, freighter from Liverpool to Newport News.

The Strathdene, New York to Brest, France, laden with munition.

Kingston, former Canadian lake vessel.

Bloomersdijk, Holland-America line merchantman.

Christian Knudsen, Norwegian tanker.

The crews of all the vessels were given time to take to boats and then the vessels were torpedoed. All of them sent wireless calls as soon as the submarine halted them.

The first sign of the U-35 after it left Newport was 5.30 in the morning off the lightship when it signalled the American steamer Kansan, bound from New York to Boston to stop. The Kansan did so in response to signals, sent a boat with an officer and the ship's papers. A boarding crew from the submarine sent back to the Kansan and satisfied with their inspection, permitted the steamship to proceed.

The Kansas was about forty miles away from where she received a wireless call from the British steamship West Point, saying that she was sinking. The Kansas put about and the revenue cutters Androscoggin, from Boston, Acushnet, from Woods Hole, and the torpedo destroyers Jarvis and Jerkins from Newport also answered the call. Before she had reached the scene there came a succession of wireless calls in the course of several hours from other boats which had fallen victims to the submarine.

The distress signals, which came first from the West Point, were picked up by the government rad'o station at Newport, R. I., and immediately Rear Admiral Albert Gleaves, commander of the destroyer flotilla of the American Atlantic fleet, ordered virtually all of his ships to the rescue. The West Point gave her position as fifty miles southeast of Nantucket, but the navy officials questioned the accuracy of this and said later reports indicated the vessel was not more than ten miles off shore.

The booming of the submarine's guns, apparently fired in warning, was distinctly heard at Nantucket. But where the submersible was at the moment these reports was heard was pure speculation.

FORD INSPECTS STEEL MILLS

Pittsburgh Hears He Plans to Build Mammoth Plant.

Pittsburgh.—Accompanied by several of his own engineers, Henry Ford of Detroit, in company with Julian Kennedy, made a tour of the big steel manufacturing plants in this district.

Ford refused either to affirm or deny a report that he was contemplating the construction of a mammoth steel making plant to supply his automobile factories.

STOLEN GIRL RETURNED

Kidnapped Four Years Ago, Child Found Safe in Canada.

Indianapolis.—A hunt for Lorine Merriman, 9 years old, kidnapped from the home of her aunt, Mrs. Luelle Overman, here four years ago, which extended twice across the continent, ended when the girl was returned to Indianapolis from Grand Forks, B. C. Advertisements for Katharine Winters of Newcastle, Ind., led to the finding of the Merriman child in the Canadian home.

ALLIES ADVANCE ON SOMME FRONT

British Continue to Increase Gains, Deopite Heavy Shelling; Take Strong Village

CAPTURE TOWN OF LE SARS

London.—The British continued the advance they made on the western front, when they and the French moved forward about two-thirds of a mile on an 8-mile front.

South of the Ancre the British front was heavily shelled in the neighborhood of Gueudecourt and Le Sars, which latter village was won in the drive, but the British succeeded in pushing their lines southwest of Gueudecourt.

Only north of Les Boufes was the Emperor's heavy artillery fire successful in recapturing part of the trenches won by the British.

Captain Boelke, the famous German flyer, was credited with his thirtieth aeroplane victim. Berlin claims five Allied aeros were brought down.

The Germans again attacked the Schwaben redoubt in the morning, but without success.

There was severe fighting north of the Courcelette - Warlencourt road, where the British won some ground.

The total number of prisoners reported in the last two days has reached 13 officers and 866 others.

Paris reports that after violent artillery preparation, the Germans launched against their position west of Sailly Saillisel an attack whose successive waves were broken up by the barrier fire without one of them reaching the French trenches.

In the Woevre heavy artillery bombarded some German convoys and camps. The railroad station of Thiaucourt also was bombarded.

Six lively aerial combats were fought and French aviators bombarded Meislains and Vaux wood, north of Peronne.

The British, north of the Somme, cut into the German lines to a depth of from 800 to 1,000 yards between the villages of Gueudecourt and Les Boeufs, almost directly south of Bapaume. This wedge pushes out toward the village of Le Transloy, a mainstay of the German fourth line, on the highway from Bapaume to Paronne.

The French line was carried forward nearly a mile northeast of Morval, across the Peronne-Bapaume road, which connects Le Transloy and Sailly-Saillisel. Thus the direct communication between the two garrisons of Germans is cut off.

To the south of Sailly-Saillisel an advance was made that marks the beginning of the encircling of this town. The French pushed their lines ahead to the edge of the St. Pierre Vaast wood, and thence over Hill 130, the important summit southeast of Bouchavesnes.

The French thus far have counted 400 German prisoners, of whom ten are officers, and 15 machine guns.

RUMANIAN ARMY HURLED BACK.

London.—Official announcement was made in Bucharest that the Rumanian troops which crossed the Danube and invaded Bulgaria had returned to the Rumanian side of the river.

The Berlin War Office in announcing this retreat did not claim that the Rumanians had suffered heavy losses in their expedition, nor does the Frankfurter Zeitung, which is quoted in a dispatch from Amsterdam as saying that the flanking force, which it figured at 24,000 men, was threatened by an enveloping movement and had to recross to the north bank in boats, adding that only a few scattered bodies remained on the south side; but the official communication put out from Sofia asserts that the flanking force, which it estimates at 15,000 to 16,000 men, was practically annihilated.

Bucharest reports that in the Parajd region of Transylvania the Rumanians have won a three-day battle.

Following is the official account given out by Sofia:

Russian war vessel off the Black Sea coast shelled the heights near the village of Tatladohokos.

TO INVESTIGATE MAIL BY SPACE

Commerce Board Issues Order to Obtain Light on New Plan.

Washington.—The Interstate Commerce Commission issued a formal order for the investigation of the new scheme for carrying the mails. Beginning November 1, 90 per cent. of the railroads will be paid for mail carrying on a basis of space instead of the old basis of weight. The experiment will be tried until, following the investigation, a report is made to Congress by the commission.

PREMIER OKUMA RESIGNS

Japanese Cabinet Members Surrender Portfolios to the Emperor.

Tokio.—Count Okuma, the Prime Minister of Japan, resigned, owing to his advanced age.

The members of the Cabinet tendered their resignations to the Emperor.

Before he resigned the Premier, it is said, asserted that he would recommend to the Emperor the appointment of Viscount Takaaki Kato as his successor

GEN. FALKENHAYN HITS RUMANIANS

German Commander Says Foe Is in Full Retreat in Transylvania

43 GUNS ARE CAPTURED

London.—The Rumanians were defeated again, says an official statement from Berlin and the Rumanian statement bears out the assertion. Von Falkenhayn has struck again in Transylvania and the Rumanians have been routed. Leaving thirty cannon, thirteen machine guns and hundreds of prisoners in the Teutons' hands, they are in full retreat.

The fourth severe defeat the Rumanians have suffered in their five weeks of war was administered near Koehalom, about sixty-five miles northeast of the scene of their rout at Hermannstadt and fifty miles west of the Rumanian border. Von Falkenhayn, until recently chief of the German General Staff, struck at several points of the Rumanian front at once, using mixed columns of Germans and Austrians.

For a time the Rumanians made a stubborn resistance, especially in the Sinca sector. Here the Rumanians held their ground until German troops were ordered to charge with the bayonet. Several hundred of Rumanians were made prisoners.

The Rumanians retreated across the Homorod River, a tributary of the Alt, and then over the Alt itself. When the German report was telegraphed from Van Falkenhayn's headquarters they were fleeing through the Geister-Wald, the Forest of Spirits, the northern part of the Perschan hills and forests.

Rumania has been forced by this new stroke of Von Falkenhayn to give up Fogaras, for the army that he has defeated had its headquarters there. This is the same force, the Second Army, that tried to succor the First Army, that was cut up at Hermanstadt.

GERMAN ATTACK FAILS.

London.—Isolated French and British attacks were the only operations on the Somme front. Heavy rains deterred the Allies from large enterprises.

The French completed the capture of the tenaciously defended German trench system between Morval and the St. Pierre Vaast wood, northeast of Combles, and made 300 prisoners, of whom ten were officers. This is an advance toward Sailly-Saillisel. The British made secure their hold on a difficult position, the village of Eaucourt l'Abbaye, which the Germans succeeded in penetrating after its capture by Haig's men. The latter cleared the last German from the village.

The British front line at several points is within a mile of the German fourth line, to which the Germans have fallen back. It lies west of the Bapaume-Le Transloy road, where the Germans are protected by a low ridge.

An official statement issued, in which Gen. Sir Douglas Haig sums up the fighting on the Somme after September 15, says:

"The importance of the three months offensive is not to be judged by the distance advanced or th number of enemy trench lines taken. It must be looked for in the effect upon the enemy's strength in numbers, material and morale. The enemy has used up his reserves in repeated, costly and unsuccessful counter attacks without causing our Allies or ourselves to relax our steady, methodical pressure.

"Our aircraft have shown in the highest degree the spirit of the offensive. They have patrolled regularly far behind the enemy's lines, and have fought many battles in the air with hostile machines and many with enemy troops on the ground.

PITH OF THE WAR NEWS

In the face of far superior forces, mainly German, the Rumanian troops, from Hermanstadt to Brasso (Kronstadt), have been withdrawn to the Carpathian frontier to insure better defense of the frontier passes.

In Macedonia the contending sides have been engaged for the most part in artillery duels. Alike condition prevails on the Austro-Italian front.

Monastir and Seres the mainstays of the Bulgar right and left wings in Macedonia, are more seriously imperilled by the late strokes of Gen. Serrail's allied army than at any time since the offensive was begun.

The Rumanian invasion of Bulgaria has failed and the Bulgarians are attempting a counter invasion.

In Transylvania the Rumanians report the defeat of Austrian and German troops in the Pogaras mountains. In the Odorkim district the Teutons also suffered a very severe repulse, losing 1226 in prisoners.

The Berlin War Office admits the retirement of the Teutonic Allies before the Serbians to prepared positions near Lake Presba, on the western end of the Macedonian front, and also at Nize Hill, north of Kaimakcalan Height.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters Testamentry on the estate of

OTTO FILSINGER

late of Garrett County, Md., deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 17th day of February, 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 17th day of August, 1916.

E. R. JONES,
Executor,
Oakland, Md.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.

Under the law passed recently all State taxes are due Sept. 1st after which date they bear interest. Taxpayers, in remitting their taxes, are urged to add sufficient interest to cover taxes in arrear otherwise their remittances will be returned which adds materially to the work of the Treasurer and causes more or less trouble to the remitters.

J. W. KIMMELL, Treasurer.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

ARTHUR O. HARVEY,

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 12th day of March 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 12th day of September 1916.

N. B. HARVEY,
Administrator,
R. D. 1 Deer Park, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

SARAH F. RYLAND

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 10th day of April, 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under our hand this 10th day of October, 1916.

NORA I. REYBECK,
Administratrix,
Confluence, Pa.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans Court, of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

BUCKNER MASON

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 12th, day of March, 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 12th day of September, 1916.

A. B. MASON,
Administrator,
Swanton, Md.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Testamentary on the estate of

JOHN M. FISHER

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 12th day of March 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 12th day of September, 1916.

MILTON FISHER,
Executor,
Accident Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of administration on the estate of

SIMON P. BAKER,

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 12th day of March, 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 12th day of September, 1916.

ELIZABETH E. BAKER,
Adm'x
R. D. Deer Park, Md.

Road Petition

Notice is hereby given that thirty days after the first publication hereof application will be made to the Board of County Commissioners of Garrett county, Maryland, for the appointment of viewers to view and locate a proposed new public road in Election District No. 1 of Garrett county, said proposed new road to begin at a point at the Ingman Place and running thence through the lands of Thayer & Mason, John Stelding, Calvin Glottelty, Marcellus Shank, Laura E. Green, C. J. Beachy and Mrs. Wilhelm to connect with the Swanton road at the gate of C. J. Beachy, a distance of about two miles.

C. H. GLOTFELTY,
C. J. BEACHY,
MARCELLUS SHANK,
CHARLES A. GREEN,
and others.

Published first time September 14, 1916.

The man Who Makes
A STUDY OF HIS
APPEARANCE

Is the man who best appreciates the detail of the tailoring we turn out The workmanship passes without a question, the fit is naturally a matter of course, but the shape we mould into the garments give them a character that finishes them off and makes the satisfaction of the owner complete.

All this is a bid for your next tailoring order. We know we can make you the best clothes you ever wore We want you to know it. That orders the best and only sure way to settle he question.

JAMES BROCK,
Dixon Building,
Oakland, Maryland.

PROCLAMATION

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF MARYLAND CREATING A BUDGET SYSTEM.

WHEREAS, at the January Session of the General Assembly of Maryland, held in the year 1916, an Act was passed, to-wit: Chapter 159 of said Acts, being an Act to propose an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title, "Legislative Department," of the Constitution of this State; and which said Act is in words and figures following:

"CHAPTER 159.

AN ACT to propose an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title, Legislative Department, of the Constitution of this State, regulating the making of appropriations by the General Assembly of Maryland in regular session, and to provide for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of this State for adoption or rejection.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Gen a Assembly of Maryland (three-fifths of all the members of each of the two houses concurring.) That the following be and the same is hereby proposed as an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title Legislative Department, of the Constitution of this State, the same, if adopted by the legally qualified voters of the State, as herein provided, to become Section 52 of Article III of the Constitution of Maryland.

Sec. 52 The General Assembly shall not appropriate any money out of the Treasry except in accordance with the followin provisions:

Sub-Section A:

Every appropriation bill shall be either a Budget Bill, or a supplementary Appropriation Bill, as hereinafter mentioned.

Sub-Section B:

First. Within twenty days after the convening of the General Assembly (except in the case of a newly elected Governor, and then within thirty days after his inauguration,) unless such time shall be extended by the General Assembly for the session at which the Budget is to be submitted, the Governor shall submit to the General Assembly two budgets, one for each of the ensuing fiscal years. Each budget shall contain a complete plan of proposed expenditures and estimated revenues for the particular fiscal year to which it relates; and shall show the estimated surplus or deficit of revenues at the end of such year. Accompanying each budget shall be a statement showing: (1) the revenues and expenditures for each of the two fiscal years next preceding; (2) the current assets, liabilities, reserves and surplus or deficit of the State; (3) the debts and funds of the State; (4) an estimate of the State's financial condition as of the beginning and end of each of the fiscal years covered by the two budgets above provided; (5) any explanation the Governor may desire to make as to the important features of any budget and any suggestion as to methods for the reduction or increase of the State's revenue.

Second. Each budget shall be divided into two parts, and the first part shall be designated "Governmental Appropriations" and shall embrace an itemized estimate of the appropriations: (1) for the General Assembly as certified to the Governor in the manner hereinafter provided; (2) for the Executive Department; (3) for the Judiciary Department, as provided by law, certified to the Governor by the Comptroller; (4) to pay and discharge the principal and interest of the debt of the State of Maryland in conformity with Section 34 of Article III of the Constitution, and all laws enacted in pursuance thereof; (5) for the salaries payable by the State under Constitution and laws of the State; (6) for the establishment and maintenance throughout the State of a thorough and efficient system of public schools in conformity with Article VIII of the Constitution and with the laws of the State; (7) for such other purposes as are set forth in the Constitution of the State.

Third. The second part shall be designated "General Appropriations," and shall include all other estimates of appropriations.

The Governor shall deliver to the presiding officer of each house the budgets and a bill for all the proposed appropriations of the budgets clearly itemized and classified; and the presiding officer of each house shall promptly cause said bill to be introduced therein, and such bill shall be known as the "Budget Bill." The Governor may, before final action thereon by the General Assembly, amend or supplement either of said budgets to correct an oversight or in case of an emergency, with the consent of the General Assembly by delivering such an amendment or supplement to the presiding officers of both houses; and such amendment or supplement shall thereby become a part of said budget bill as an addition to the items of said bill or as a modification of or a substitute for any item of said bill such amendment or supplement may affect.

The General Assembly shall not amend the budget bill so as to affect either the obligations of the State under Section 34 of Article III of the Constitution, or the provisions made by the laws of the State for the establishment and maintenance of a system of public schools, or the payment of any salaries required by said laws by the State of Maryland by the Constitution thereof; and the General Assembly may amend the bill by increasing or diminishing the items therein relating to the General Assembly; and by increasing the items therein relating to the judiciary, but except as hereinbefore specified, may not alter the said bill except to strike out or recuce items therein, provided, however, that the salary or compensation of any public officer shall not be decreased during his term of office; and such bill when and as passed by both houses shall be a law immediately without further action by the Governor

Fourth. The Governor and such representatives of the executive departments, boards, officers and commissions of the State expending or supplying for State's money, as have been designated by the Governor for this purpose, shall have the right, and when requested by either house of the Legislature, it shall be their duty to appear and be heard with respect to any budget bill during the consideration thereof, and to answer inquiries relative thereto.

Sub-Section C: Supplementary Appropriation Bills:

Neither house shall consider other appropriations until the budget bill has been finally acted upon by both houses, and no such other appropriation shall be valid except in accordance with the provisions following: (1) Every such appropriation shall be embodied in a separate bill limited to some single work, object or purpose therein stated and called herein a Supplementary Appropriation Bill; (a) Each Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall provide the revenue necessary to pay the appropriation thereby made by a tax, direct or indirect, to be laid and collected as shall be directed in said Bill. (3) No Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall become a law unless it be passed in each house by a vote of a majority of the whole number of the members elected; and in the yeas and nays recorded on its final passage. (4) Each Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall be presented to the Governor or the State as provided in Section 17 of Article II of the Constitution and thereafter all the provisions of said Section shall apply.

Nothing in this amendment shall be construed as preventing the Legislature from passing at any time, in accordance with the provisions of Section 28 of Article III of the Constitution and subject to the Governor's power of approval as provided in Section 17 of Article II of the Constitution an appropriation bill to provide for the payment of any obligation of the State of Maryland within the protection of Section 10 of Article I of the Constitution of the United States.

Sub-Section D: General Provisions:

First. If the Budget Bill shall not have been finally acted upon by the Legislature three days before the expiration of its regular session, the Governor may, and it shall be his duty to issue a proclamation extending the session for such further period as may, in his judgment, be necessary for the passage of such Bill; but no other matter than such Bill shall be considered during such extended session except a provision for the cost thereof.

Second. The Governor for the purpose of making up his budgets shall have the power, and it shall be his duty, to require from the proper State Officials, including herein all executive departments, all executive and administrative offices, bureaus boards, commissions and agencies expending or supervising the expenditure of, and all institutions applying for State moneys and appropriations, such itemized estimates and other information, in such form and at such times as he shall direct. The estimates for the Legislative Department, certified by the presiding officer of each house, of the Judiciary, as provided by law, certified by the Comptroller, and for the public schools, as provided by law shall be transmitted to the Governor, in such form and at such times as he shall direct, and shall be included in the budget without revision.

The Governor may provide for public hearings on all estimates and may require the attendance at such hearings of representatives of all agencies, and of all institutions applying for State moneys. After such public hearings he may, in his discretion, revise all estimates except those for the legislative and judiciary departments and for the public schools as provided by law.

Third. The Legislature may, from time to time, enact such laws, not inconsistent with this Section, as may be necessary and proper to carry out it provisions

Fourth. In the event of any inconsistency between any of the provisions of this Section and any of the other provisions of the Constitution, the provisions of this Section shall prevail. But nothing herein shall in any manner affect the provisions of Section 34 of Article III of the Constution or of any laws heretofore or hereafter passed in pursuance thereof, or be construed as preventing the Governor from calling extraordinary sessions of the Legislature, as provided by Section 16 of Article II, or as preventing the Legislature at such extraordinary sessions from considering any emergency appropriations.

If any item of any appropriation bill passed under the provisions of this Section shall be held invalid upon any ground, such invalidity shall not affect the legality of the Bill or of any other item of such Bill or Bills.

Section 2. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said foregoing Section hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution shall at the next ensuing general election, being the Presidential and Congressional election, being the Presidential and Congressional, election, to be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday of November, nineteen hundred and sixteen, be submitted to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection in conformity with the directions contained in Article XVI of this State, and at said election the vote on said proposed amendment to the constitution shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be placed the following synopsis of said amendment under the caption of "CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROVIDING FOR A BUDGET."

"This amendment provides that the Governor shall present to the Legislature soon after it is convened a Budget giving a complete plan of proposed expenditures and estimated revenues for the two succeeding fiscal years showing clearly any surplus or deficit in State funds. In these estimates he shall make provision for the interest and sinking funds of all State debts, for all salaries as fixed by law, and for the public schools as fixed by law. With regard to most other matters he may revise the estimates presented to him either by State officers or State-aided institutions. The Legislature may not increase the estimates presented by the Governor or pass any additional appropriation act except by a majority vote and must make provision by tax for such increase or additional appropriation. The Legislature may not alter in any appropriation act the provision made by law for the State debt, or for the judiciary, but may reduce all other items in the Governor's estimates; and the words 'for the Constitutional Amendment' and 'against the Constitutional Amendment' as now provided by law, and immediately after said election due returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote in accordance with Article XVI of the Constitution.

Approved March 28, 1916."

Now, therefore, I, Emerson C. Harrington, Governor of the State of Maryland, in pursuance of the direction contained in Section 1 of Article 14 of the Constitution of Maryland, do hereby order and direct a copy of this Proclamation, containing a full, true and correct copy of the text of said Chapter 159 of the Acts of Maryland of 1916, be published in at least two newspapers in each of the counties of the State and in three newspapers published in the City of Baltimore, one of which said newspapers in the City of Baltimore to be printed in the German language, once a week for three months next preceding the General Election to be held in this State on November 7th, 1916, and at which election the said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be submitted, in form and manner prescribed by the General Assembly, to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection.

GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND THE GREAT SEAL OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND.

The Great Seal of Maryland.

DONE at the City of Annapolis, this twentieth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand and nine hundred and sixteen.

EMERSON C. HARRINGTON.
By the Governor.
THOMAS W. SIMMONS,
Secretary of State.

Order Nisi.

Richard S. Bell, Assignee vs. Philip T. Garthright and Sarah E. Garthright, his wife.

In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland, No. 2983 Equity.

It Is Ordered, this 10th day of October, nineteen hundred and sixteen, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in equity that the sales made and reported in the above cause by Richard S. Bell, Assignee of Mortgage, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 10th day of November, 1916, provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Oakland, Garrett county, once a week for three successive weeks before the 3rd day of November, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $950.00.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

ROAD PETITION

Notice is hereby given that thirty days after the first publication hereof, application will be made to the County Commissioners of Garrett county for the appointment of viewers, to lay out and locate a proposed new county road in Election District No. 10 of said county, said proposed road to begin at a point on the Ryan's Glade and Blaine road at or near Z. H. Moon's mail box, and running thence through the lands of Michael and Bell Tasker, Alexander Moon, George W. Walter and Jesse and George White to intersect the road leading from Bethlehem to Mountain Lake Park, a distance of about two miles.

F. B. TASKER,
MIKE TASKER,
ALEX. MOON,
JESSE WHITE,
GEORGE A. WHITE,
GEORGE W. WALTER,
AND OTHERS.

First publication August 3, 1916.

J. W. Whorton & Son
CONTRACTING
PLASTERERS

Only the Best Material Used.

Best Grade of Wall Plaster on hand at all times.

CONCRETE WORK
of All Kinds.

All Work Guaranteed.

OAKLAND, - MARYLAND.

Examiner's Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, appointed by the County Commissioners of Garrett county, to view the lands through which the change in the turn of the road is to be made leading from Hoyes to Oakland road, to intersect the State road near William Callis' and examine whether the said change in road should be made, will meet on the 15th day of September, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said change of said road, and if so to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

R. M. HOLLMAN,
JAMES W. FRIEND,
D. S. CUSTER,
Examiners.

Subscribe for The Republican.

Autumn Wedding at Mountain Lake Park.

"Journey's End," the attractive summer home of Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Winchell, at Mt. Lake Park, Md., was the scene of a pretty autumn wedding, at eight o'clock Tuesday evening, October 10th. The rooms had been charmingly decorated with brilliant foliage interspersed with jardinieres of yellow and white chrysanthemumns and formed a beautiful setting for the handsome young couple who stood under a canopy of autumn leaves. The bride, Miss Elena Stuart Floyd, daughter of Mrs. Mary Chalmers Floyd, late of Virginia, but now residing in Texas, is noted throughout the States of her nativity and adoption for her many accomplishments and charming personality.

Her gown was a dainty French model of embroidered tulle, girlish and beautiful in its simplicity.

The groom, Mr. Chauncy Copp Devoe, is a son of Col. J. H. Devoe, formerly of Wheeling but now living in Atascadero, California, and a nephew of Mrs. Winchell. Mr. Devoe is the Goodyear Rubber Co.'s representative in India with headquarters in Bombay from which country he returned about Sept 1st. The marriage ceremony of the Episcopal church was read by the Rev. Mr. Appleton of St. Matthew's church, Oakland, in an impressive manner. After congratulations had been showered upon the happy pair the party repaired to the dining room where a course dinner was served. The decorations here were Killarney and bride's roses, with garlands and festoons of Southern smilax. The marriage was the culmination of a house party given by Mr. and Mrs. Winchell in honor of their nephew and his fiancee, and only the fortunate house guests witnessed the ceremony. Among the guests were Mrs. M. C. Floyd and Mr. Preston St. George Floyd, of Texas, and Mrs. H. Arthur Heinze, of Clarksburg, W. Va., sister of the groom.

Mr. and Mrs. Devoe left in their car Thursday morning accompanied by several of their party, to visit the venerable grandmother of the groom, Mrs. M. J. Devoe, in Woodsfield, Ohio. From there there they will go to visit relatives in Texas and California.

On November 2nd they will sail for their home in far off India and with them will go the heart-felt prayers and good wishes of a host of interested friends.

Golden Anniversary.

A few of the many friends of Captain R. R. Sanner, the veteran school master, met him at the evening train upon his arrival at Oakland last Friday evening and escorted him to the Hinebaugh resturant where a sumptuous banquet had been prepared for him. The honored guest knew nothing whatever of the contemplated banquet, the result being a complete surprise to him.

The occasion was arranged in honor of the fiftieth anniversary of the wedding of Captain and Mrs. Sanner they having been married on October 8, 1866. Covers were laid for sixteen guests, and the room and tables were tastefully arranged and beautified by flowers, typical of the golden anniversary.

Appropriate remaras were made by Mr. J. E. Harned and Mr. F. E. Rathbun, during which a bouquet of chrysanthemums was presented for Mrs. Sanner, who was unable to be present, and a handsome fountain pen, suitably engraved, was given to the Captain.

Those present in addition to those above mentioned were Misses Zaidee Browning, Beulah Loughridge, Elizabeth Leary, Daisy Hanna, Olive DeWitt, Myrtle Breyfogle and Ida Mae Arnold; Messrs. Norman, son Richard and Walter Sanner, C. Edward Bender, Herman A. Ziel, H. B. Wiley, Mrs. J. E. Harned and Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Loraditch.

The evening was most pleasantly spent and all who attended were delighted over the opportunity to contribute to the honoring of the Captain and Mrs. Sanner upon the completion of fifty years of happy wedlock.

Executor's Sale

OF VALUABLE

Personal Property

Under and by virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court for Garrett county, the undersigned executor of the personal estate of Otto Filsinger, late of Garrett county deceased, hereby gives notice that he will on

TUESDAY, the 17th Day of October, 1916,

at the hour of 130 p. m., at the farm of the deceased, located about three miles from Deer Park on the road leading from Deer Park to the State Road at Sand Flat, offer at public auction and sell to the highest bidder all of the following personal property, to-wit:

One red Cow, 1 gray Mare, 1 gray Colt, 1 Colt, 1 pair Bobsleds, 1 set heavy double Harness, 1 set light driving Harness, 1 set buggy Harness, 1 Syracuse Plow, 1 Buggy, 1 Wagon, 1 low down Wagon, and a number of other articles of personal property.

TERMS OF SALE: On purchase of $10 and under, cash on the day of sale; above $10 a credit of three months with approved security will be given.

E. R. JONES.
Executor.

FOR SALE—Good winter apples, 25 cents per bushel; Cider apples, 10 cents per bushel in orchard. Address Wm. E. Fitzwater, R. D. 1, Swanton, Md.

TRUSTEE'S SALE

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Garrett county, Maryland, passed on the 7th day of October, 1916 in a cause in said Court in which Joseph Broderick et al., are plaintiffs and Annie M. Dreonen, et al., are defendants, the undersigned, named in said decree Trustee to make sale of the real estate in said cause mentioned and described, will on

SATURDAY, the 4th Day of November,

1916, beginning at the hour of 1030 o'clock a. m., on the premises herehafter mentioned, offer at public sale the following described real estate:

1st. Part of Lot No. 11 of a tract of land called "Walnut Hills," and beginning for said part at a maple tree at the end of the second line of said Lot No. 11, and running thence with the third line thereof East, 150 perches to the end of the second line of Lot No. 9 South, 263 purches to the end of the twenty-first line, then South 85 degrees West, 25 perches to the end of the second line of part of said Lot No. 11 formerly sold to John Garlitz, and with his line, the third, to the end thereof, then North 130 perches, North 38 degrees West, 145 perches to the beginning, save and except so much of said tract as has been sold to Joseph C. Robinson and duly recorded. The part hereby offered for sale contains 18 acres more or less.

2nd. The land bounded as follows: Beginning at a chestnut stake and running thence North 38½ perches to a stake, then East 99½ perches to a spruce tree marked with three notches, then South 38½ perches to a white oak marked with three notches, then West 99½ perches to the beginning, containing 24 acres.

3rd. Thirty-nine and three-fourth acres of land described in a deed from W. R. Getty and wife to Moses H. McKinzie, recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 28, folio 34, etc., one of the Land Records of said Garrett county.

4th. Also another small strip of land, and the whole that will be offered for sale on said date, embraces 28½ acres and being the same farm of which Patrick Broderick, late of Garrett county, died, seized and possessed, and is known as the "FULLER FARM."

This property is located about one-half mile northwest of Aviltion, Garrett county. The farm is improved by a five room dwelling house, small barn and some other outbuildings; about 40 acres cleared and in cultivation, the balance in second growth of timber. There is also a small orchard.

TERMS OF SALE As prescribed by the decree:—One-third cash on day of sale; one-third in six months, and balance in twelve months from day of sale, or all cash at the option of the purchaser, the credit portions to bear interest and to be secured to the satisfaction of the trustee.

Conveyancing at cost of purchaser.

HIRAM S. COLEMAN,
Trustee.

Public Sale

OF VALUABLE

Live Stock, Farming Implements, Hay, Grain and Corn in Shock.

I will sell at Public Sale at my farm one mile east of Mt. Lake Park depot on the Gorman road on

WEDNESDAY, October 18th 1916,

beginning at 10:00 o'clock a. m., sharp, the following property:

One brown Mare, 8 years old; weight, 1100; 2 Gray Mares, 11 years old, in foal, weight, 1300; 1 thoroughbred Hambletonian driving Mare, 12 years old, 1200 pounds; 1 4-year Horse, 1400 pounds, sound and well broken; 1 3-year old Percheron Colt, 1424 pounds; 1 2-year old Colt, 1200 pounds; 1 Percheron Yearling, heavy draft; 1 thoroughbred Hambletonian Yearling driving colt; 1 Percheron Suckling Colt; 1 3-year old thoroughbred Holstein Bull; 1 thoroughbred Holstein Cow with Calf at side; 13-year old Holstein and Jersey Cow fresh on January 22nd; 1 2-year old full Jersey Cow, to be fresh in March; 1 8-year old Jersey to be fresh in early spring; 2 2-year old Jersey Heifers to be fresh in February; 1 Yearling, full Holstein Heifer to be fresh in March; 1 yearling Jersey Heifer to be fresh in March; 3 Calves. All the above stock is in good condition and may be slaughtered. Twenty tons of Hay, 10 tons in stack and 10 tons in the barn, all being loose; 225 Shocks of Corn in field; 200 bushels of Oats, 1 Road Wagon, 1 Mowing Machine, 1 Hay Rake, 1 Bobsled, 1 Surrey, 1 Runabout, 1 Hillside Plow, 2 Cultivators, 1 Cutting Box, 1 Double set Harness, 1 Single set Buggy Harness, 1 Side Saddle, 1 Grain Cradle, 1 Man's Saddle and a lot of small articles not mentioned above.

TERMS OF SALE—All sums under $5.00 cash on the day of sale; all sums above $5.00 a credit of six months, said deferred payments to be secured by note with approved security, and to bear interest.

Come ONE, come ALL. Everything will be sold regardless of price or weather.

UPTON CUPPETT, Mt. Lake Park.
E. S. EVANS, Auctioneer.

PROPOSALS.

Sealed proposals will be received by the Mayor and Town Council of Oakland until 7:30 p. m., October 16, 1916, at the Council Chamber, or City Clerks office, Oakland, Md., for the construction and erection of a municipal building, in accordance with the specifications and plans of Mayor and Town Council of Oakland, which may be obtained from the City Clerk.

A certified check for $100.00, payable to order of Mayor and Town Council must accompany each bid.

The Mayor and Town Council reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

The successful bidder will be required to give bond in the usual form in the amount of the contract to be approved by the Mayor and Town Council.

BY ORDER of the Mayor and Town Council of Oakland.

ARTHUR LAWTON, City Clerk.

Approved:
GEORGE GIESSMAN, Mayor.

Apple Butter Factory

I will make apple butter and cider on Tuesdays and Thursdays of each week at the Apple Butter factory near Gortner. N. L. SWARTZENTRUBER.

Adv.

Subscribe for The Republican.

Supervisors' Notice

OF

Registration of Voters.

OFFICE OF
THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF ELECTION FOR GARRETT COUNTY.
OAKLAND, MD., SEPTEMBER, 12, 1916.

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with the provisions of Article 33, as amended by Chapter 236 Acts of 1910, the undersigned Officers of Registration of the respective Election Districts of Garrett county, Md., will hold their sittings from 8 o'clock a. m. until 8 o'clock p. m., on

Tuesday, October 3rd,
Tuesday, October 10th,
AND ON
Tuesday, October 17th,

for revision only.

(No one can register after Tuesday, October 10.)

at their respective places of registration hereinafter named, for the purpose of registering in their respective registries of voters all persons who possess or before the day of election next ensuing may possess the requisite qualifications under the Constitution of the State of Maryland and the laws make thereunder entitling them to vote in said election districts and for the purpose of performing all other duties required of them by Article 33 of the Code of Public General Laws of Maryland.

Election District Number One—
Swanton.

The Officers of Registration for the First Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Election Building in the town of Swanton.

Election District Number Two—
Friendsville.

The Officers of Registration for the Second Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Council chamber in the town of Friendsville.

Election District Number Three—
Grantsville.

The Officers of Registration for the Third Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Council Chamber in the town of Grantsville.

Election District Number Four—
Bloomington.

The Officers for Registration for the Fourth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Clearly building in the town of Bloomington.

Election District Number Five—
Accident.

The Officers of Registration of the Fifth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the house of Mrs. Susan Englehart in the town of Accident.

Election District Number Six—
Sang Run.

The Officers of Registration for the Sixth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Election Building in the town of Sang Run.

Election District Number Seven—
Oakland.

The Officers of Registration for the Seventh Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the office of the Board of Election Supervisors in the Court House.

Election District Number Eight—
Ryans Glade. First Precinct.

The Officers of Registration for the First Precinct of the Eighth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Election Building on the Northwestern Pike.

Second Precinct.

The Officers of Registration for the Second Precinct of the Eighth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid at Red House.

Election District Number Nine—
Johnson's.

The Officers of Registration for the Ninth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the shop of Thomas Johnson on the National Pike.

Election District Number Ten—
Deer Park.

The Officers of Registration for the Tenth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Savage building in the town of Deer Park.

Election District Number Eleven—
The Elbow.

The officers of Registration for the Eleventh Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the residence of Joseph Warnick.

Election District Number Twelve—
Bittinger.

The Officers of Registration for the Twelfth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the old store room originally occupied by G. W. Engle in the town of Bittinger.

Election District Number Thirteen—
Kitzmiller.

The Officers of Registration for the Thirteenth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Bank Room in the town of Kitzmiller.

Election District Number Fourteen—
Oakland.

The Officers of Registration for the Fourteenth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Dr. J. Lee McComas office Building adjoining the Commercial Hotel in the town of Oakland.

JOHN T. O'BRIEN,
JOSIAH G. FRIEND.

Officers of Registration for the First Election District.
WILLIAM FREDERICK, Jr.
JAS. W. FRIEND.

Officers of Registration for the Second Election District.
WILLIAM T. STANTON,
C. C. DURST.

Officers of Registration for the Third Election District.
EARL FAZENBAKER,
JOEL PAUGH.

Officers of Registration for the Fourth Election District.
LYMAN FRAZEE,
ADAM HETRICK.

Officers of Registration for the Fifth Election District.
G. WM. BROWNING,
SHERMAN G. SAVAGE.

Officers of Registration for the Sixth Election District.
JOHN F. HART,
WARREN RATHBUN.

Officers of Registration for the Seventh Election District.
FRANK LAYTON,
P. A. CHISHOLM.

Officers of Registration for the First Precinct, Eighth Election District.
ROBERT LATHRUM,
JONAS YUTZY.

Officers of Registration for the Second Precinct, Eighth Election District.
C. ARTHUR MURPHY,
JAMES R. MCKENZIE.

Officers of Registration for the Ninth Election District.
BRUCE T. BROWNING,
B. T. THRASHER.

Officers of Registration for the Tenth Election District.
CORNELIUS H. SMITH,
ALFRED MAGRUDER.

Officers of Registration for the Twelfth Election District.
OLIN WARNICK,
E. S. BRENNEMAN.

Officers of Registration for the Twelfth Election District.
WM. S. HARVEY,
LEWIS CASPER BRAY,

Officers of Registration for the Thirteenth Election District.
C. F. WHITE,
H. R. DEWITT.

Officers of Registration for the Fourteenth Election District.
J. M. STANTON, Pres.
FRED T. MILLER,
GEO. D. BROWNING.

Board of Supervisors of Election for Garrett County, Md.
H. A. RASCHE, Clerk.

A Money Saving Chance For You.

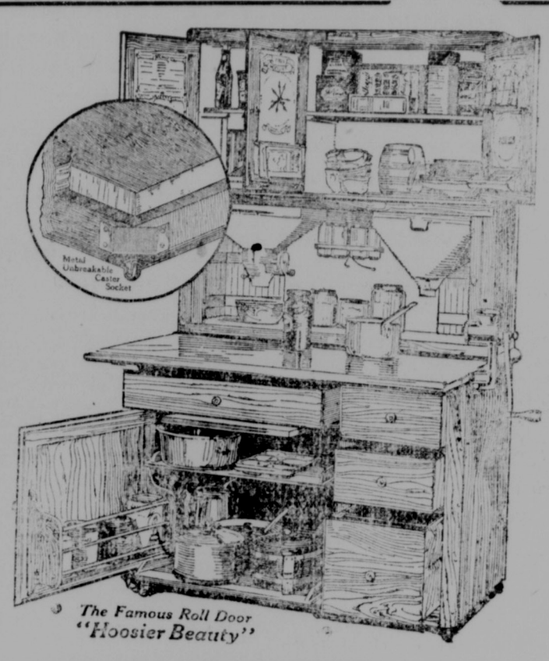
Get rid of your old scrap iron, old rags, old gum shoes, copper and brass. We are paying best cash prices for same.

25c per hundred for iron; 50c per hundred for rags; 5c per lb. for rubber; from 5c to 10c per lb. for copper and brass.

We are located at the old Hamill house, opposite the electric light plant, Oakland, Md,

A. G. TARLO, Proprietor.

Adv. 16-5 months



WE have in stock the famous HOOSIER KITCHEN CABINET at a price within your reach:

$21.00, $27.00,

and $34.00

$1.00 down; balance $1.00 per week

The safest and surest plan is to order now. You take no risk. We guarantee to refund every cent if you are not delighted with the Hoosier.

CALL AND SEE OUR LINE.

McIntire's Hardware Store

Oakland, Maryland.

Gold Medal Winner Panama-Pacific Exposition San Francisco 1915

Shoe Repairing Shop

I have opened a shoe repairing shop in the Beckwith building on Green street and am prepared to do work while you wait.

All work Guaranteed.

Shoes made to fit deformed feet.

PHILIP COLLALTI.

Adv. 31-4t

Commissioners Meeting.

Office of the County Commissioners for Garrett county, Oakland, Md., October 9th, 1916.

The Board of County Commissioners for Garrett County, Maryland, will meet in their office in the town of Oakland, on

Monday, November 6th, 1916,

to transact general routine business.

By order of the Board.
W. G. MEYERS, Clerk.

ORDER NISI.

Cloudersport Trust Company, Trustee, vs. Waitman Smokeless Coal Company No. 2071 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

The aforegoing supplementary report and affidavit having been read and considered, it is herepon ordered, this 16th day of October, 1916, by the Circuit Court for Garrett county, sitting in equity, that the expenses of administering said Trust and the expenses of the Committee appointed by said Trustee in the development work on the property therein named be allowed said Trustee from the funds reported in hand from the proceeds of said sale, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 28th day of October, 1916, provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper in Garrett county once a week for two successive weeks before the 21st day of October, 1916.

The report states the amount of said expenses to be $1994.34.

ROBERT R. HENDERSON.

True copy. Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Administrator's Sale

OF

Personal Property

AND

Real Estate

Under and by virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court for Garrett county, the undersigned administrator of the personal estate of Buckner Mason, late of Garrett county deceased, hereby gives notice that he will on

WEDNESDAY, the 18th day of October, 1916,

at the hour of 10 o'clock A. M., at the farm of the deceased located 6 miles north of Swanton, Garrett county, offer at public auction and sell to the highest bidder all of the following personal property, to-wit:

One gray Horse, 6 years old; 1 gray Horse, 7 years old; 1 Jersey Cow, 1 two-horse Carriage, 1 Grain Drill, 1 Land Roller, 1 Mowing Machine, 1 Hillside Plow, 1 Cutting Box, 1 Hay Rake, 1 Spring tooth Harrow, 1 Cultivator, 1 Road Wagon, nearly new; 1 old Road Wagon, 1 set Double Work Harness, 1 Saddle, about 8 tons Hay, and 250 bushel of Oats, and other articles too numerous to mention.

I will also, upon the same day and immediately after the above personal property has been sold, offer at public auction the farm of the decedent, containing the quantity of 51 acres, which is improved by a good Dwelling House and barn, all cleared except six acres and under fence. This land is very productive and is under a good state of cultivation. There is also located upon the farm two good apple orchards; good well and never-failing spring.

TERMS OF SALE—On the personal property, sums of $5 and under cash on the day of sale; above $5 a credit of six months with approved security will be given. On the real estate, one fourth of the purchase money to be paid in cash on the day of sale; and the balance in three equal annual installments, the deferred payments to be evidenced and secured by the notes of the purchaser or purchasers with security satisfactory to the undersigned administrator, and to bear interest from the day of sale, or the entire purchase price may be paid in cash on the day of sale.

A. B. MASON,
Administrator,
Swanton, Md. R. F. D.

The Celebrated South Bend Plow.

Buy one now and pay for it in the spring. Price is just right.

McIntire's Hardware Store, Oakland. Advertisement.

For Sale

On The Monthly Payment Plan

Pay Like Rent

You can buy the 3 room cottage, equipped with city water, sewer, inside toilet and gas, on the lot fronting 50 feet on Bartlett St. by 100 ft. deep, on the monthly payment plan on the same terms and conditions as thousands of homes are being secured every month through the Building and Loan Associations.

Or the 7-room house, with cellar, gas, city water, sewer, bath etc. on the lot 100 by 100 ft. at the corner of Center and Bartlett Sts.

If not sold these houses are for rent on very reasonable terms.

For particulars see
Paul B. Naylor or write to
U. G. Palmer, Verona, Pa.

VULCALENE

SELF VULCANIZING

For punctures, blow outs, cuts, tears, hot water bags, and all rubber goods

Save 200 to 500 per cent on your tire troubles

Heat or friction will not affect it

It is a pure Para Rubber compound, not a tire dough.

Anyone can apply it.

For sale by
E. S. EVANS
Terra Alta, W. Va. Oakland, Md.
THE VULCALENE CO.,
Washington, D. C.

29-4t

Notice of Appointments of Substitute Registration Officers and Judges of Election.

Notice is hereby given that the following have been appointed substitute Officers of Registration and Judges of election for Garrett county, said appointments to take effect from date of qualifying of the appointees for a term of one year:

George W. Moon, whose postoffice address is Swanton, Md., appointed Republican Officer and Judge of Election for District No. 1, in the place and stead of Josiah G. Friend, resigned on account of being appointed District Assessor.

Marshall R. Wolfe, whose postoffice address is Oakland, Md., appointed Republican Officer of Registration and Judge of Election for District No. 8, Second Precinct, in the place and stead of Jonas Yutzy, resigned on account of being appointed District Assessor.

By order of the Board this 4th day of October, 1916.

J. M. STANTON, Pres.
H. A. RASCHE, Clerk.

THE REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME 41. OAKLAND, MARYLAND THURSDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1916. NUMBER 34

ICE PLANT WILL BE IN NEW HANDS

Messrs. Harry West and Harry Lowenstein Purchase Factory.

Messrs. R. H. West and Harry Lowenstein, the former manager for some months of the local ice factory and the latter the city water engineer for more than three years past, purchased the ice plant from its former owner, Mr. Truman W. Casteel, one day the latter part of last week and will take charge of the property within the next week and will continue to operate it along the same lines it has been run during the past summer except that the new firm will add materially to the output by manufacturing ice cream and selling it to local and out of town customers.

Mr. West has been very successful and obliging in the management of the plant during the summer and with Mr. Lowenstein associated with him in the future conduct of the concern the many friends of both will give them their loyal support.

Reception For New Pastor.

A reception was tendered in St. Paul's M. E. church last Friday evening to the newly appointed pastor, Rev. W. M. Shultz, and family, which was well attended by the members of the congregation, and held under the auspices of the M. E. Ladie's Aid Society.

Brief addresses of welcome were made by Mr. J. E. Harned and Attorney E. Ray Jones, to which Rev. Shultz responded with a few words of promising predictions for the future.

The evening's program was enlivened by a few selections by the choir, a vocal solo by Mrs. J. Gordon Mealy and selections on the pipe organ by Misses Lottie Loar and Eleanor Hinebaugh.

Delicious refreshments, consisting of coffee and sandwiches, were served by the aid society.

MOTOR HEARSE AND AMBULANCE

A Splendid Equipment Purchased By Mr. D. E. Bolden, Undertaker.

Mr. D. E. Bolden, the local undertaker and embalmer, who spent several days of last week at Columbus, Ohio, where he attended a meeting of the National Undertakers' Association, returned to Oakland Monday afternoon, driving through from Columbus in a new combination motor hearse and ambulance.

The car was especially constructed for Mr. Bolden at the works located at Ravenna, Ohio, and is complete in its every detail, being driven by a powerful motor which will carry it over the steepest grades with ease.

The car can be changed from an ambulance to a hearse or vice versa within a fraction of a minute. It is lighted throughout by electricity, ceiling lights for the driver as well as the occupants of the ambulance being provided. The car is finished in light leather and painted in light gray.

THE DEATH RECORD.

JOHN ROSENBERG.

John Rosenberg, 74 years old, a bachelor, died at the home of his brother, Godfrey Rosenberg, near Finzel, Garrett county, Sunday night, from infirmities. He was a retired farmer. Surviving are three brothers—August, of Meversdale, Pa., and Andrew and Godfrey Rosenberg, Finzel, and two sisters, Mrs. Catherine Tagen, Frostburg, and Mrs. Rebecca Stinger, Levanna, Ohio. Mr. Rosenberg was a member of St. Michael's Catholic Church, Frostburg, in the cemetery of which interment was made Tuesday.

Card of Thanks.

Mrs. Ellen Hesen takes this means of thanking her friends and neighbors for the sympathy and help extended her during her late great bereavement.

WOULDHAVEKEPT HUGHES'NAME OFF

Failure to Certify to Candidate's Nomination---Chase After Signatures.

Baltimore, Oct. 17—An oversight on the part of the Republican management in this State came very near depriving Hughes and Fairbanks of a place on the ballot. Fortunately, Chairman Tait made the discovery in time to prevent the names from being ruled off, but he passed four days on the griddle pending the adjustment of the details which made it possible to save the candidates, but it was only at the eleventh hour that the final requirements were complied with.

While there is no State law governing the action of officials with reference to the certification of the names of candidates for President and Vice President, the same procedure as is directed by statute in the case of other candidates at large is, by implication, regarded as binding on other candidates to be voted for by voters in the entire State. It is demanded that such nomination when made in convention must be certified by the chairman and secretary of the nominating body. This action had not been taken in Maryland so far as it affected the Republican candidates.

The Democratic Secretary of State was well aware of this fact and it is assumed that the Governor and other Democratic officials knew of it, and from what has since developed they were prepared to take advantage of the oversight. They were less broadminded and not possessed of the spirit of fairness shown by the Republican administration four years ago when the shoe was on the other foot. Then the Democrats failed to certify to Wilson's nomination and they did not find out their failure to do so until it was too late, but notwithstanding Governor Goldsborough refused to take advantage of the opening offered and Secretary Graham placed the names on the ballot. He regarded it simply as a technical mistake and there was no express provision in the law directly forbidding him to do so.

A very different view was apparently entertained by the Harrington administration and that the Democrats did not put one over on the Republicans was due wholly to the excessive caution exercised by Chairman Tait. It occurred to the latter about ten days ago that the state committee should know whether all of the state candidates had taken the necessary precautions, and so he requested of Secretary Simmons a copy of all the names that were to appear on the ballot.

This arrived on last Monday and brought the desired information. The name of every candidate of each of the parties was set forth with the exception of those of the Republican Presidential candidates. Then, and not until then, did it occur to him that these names had not been certified. Prompt action was necessary. The time limit for filing the names expired on last Friday, October 13, and only four days intervened.

Quickly preparing the papers the chairman dispatched Mr. Charles O. Carter, the publicity manager of the state committee at New York, to hunt up Senator Harding and the secretary of the convention. The latter was easily found. He was at National headquarters, but Senator Harding was out campaigning somewhere in Oklahoma. Away went Carter with instructions to locate the chairman and get his signature.

En route he kept the wires hot and finally was advised that the Senator had left Oklahoma for another far western state, but would be in Missouri on Thursday. Without any definite information as to where in the state he could find his man, Mr. Carter decided to try St. Louis and he was fortunate enough to come up with him at the breakfast table.

Then began the race for home. Taking the Congressional Limited Mr. Carter made quick connections and reached here Friday afternoon. He hustled to Annapolis and before 3 o'clock had filed the necessary certification. It was a close shave, but Mr. Tait is consoling himself with the reflection that a miss is as good as a mile.

GROCERY SOLD TO MR. JOHN W. DAVIS

G. C. Martin Disposed of Stock to New Owner Saturday.

Mr. G. C. Martin, who purchased the general grocery store of Arthur White early in the spring has sold the stock of goods to Mr. John W. Davis, who took charge on Saturday last. For the present the store will be managed by Mr. James W. White and will remain at its present location on Alder street. As soon as the work of remodeling the Davis property on Liberty street is completed, which will be in a short time, the grocery stock will be removed to the new location and additional lines of goods will be laid in by Mr. Davis.

In Loving Memory.

Lois Maxine Cuppett, daughter of Rev. and Mrs. J. H. Cuppett, of near Thayerville, who came to them on September 16, 1913, and left them on October 2, 1916, aged three years and a few days.

Maxine, our darling of three short years,
Has left us in sadness to weep in tears—
And why God called her we cannot tell,
But know she's resting where angels dwell.
Those pink little feet, those baby hands,
Are now keeping time with angel bands;
Those cheeks all sweetness, those ruby lips
Are chanting God's praise in joyful bliss.
How soon He'll call us we cannot know,
But we'll be watching ready to go;
For God has promised his faithful ones
To meet their loved ones when work is done
So God helping us with grace and pow'r
We'er going to meet our angel flow'r.

HER FATHER.

Stork News.

A daughter was born on Monday to Mr. and Mrs. Walter Sanner.

MR. L. W. HOPKINS BUYS CREAMERY

Has Been the Successful Manager for Several Years Past.

The Garrett County Creamery, which has been owned by Mr. T. W. Casteel and operated under the management of Mr. L. W. Hopkins for the past three or four years, was purchased a day or two ago by the latter who will assume the proprietorship on November 1st, and continue its operation and management.

The creamery, at the time it was taken over by Mr. Casteel, was being operated at a loss. Shortly afterwards Mr. Hopkins was placed in charge with the result that it was soon placed upon a paying basis and has been most successfully operated since that time.

Mr. Hopkins is a young man but has had years of practical work in the creamery business and there is every reason to believe that he will continue to be successful in its management.

FELL AND BROKE HIP.

Aged Mrs. Anna Jones Is In a Serious Condition As Result.

Mrs. Anna Jones, of Oakland, was brought to her home here yesterday afternoon from Morgantown, West Va., where she had been on a visit to relatives, suffering as the result of a fall in which she sustained a fracture of her hip. Mrs. Jones is quite aged and is in a serious condition. She makes her home with her nephew, Mr. Hal Jackson.

Lutheran Services at Hutton.

Rev. O. A. Bremer, pastor of the Oakland Lutheran church, will preach in the school house at Hutton on Sunday afternoon next, October 22nd, at 2.30 o'clock. All are cordially invited to attend this service.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

D. M. Dixon & Co., will be receiving the last of this week a large shipment of Ladies, Misses and Children's Wraps, Ladies Skirts and Shirt Waists and a seasonable line of fall goods generally.

Just returned from the eastern market where we succeeded in picking up some very good bargains.

Will pay 75 cents trade or 70 cents cash for No. 1 Ties; $1.10 cents a bushel for Potatoes, 30 cents for Butter; 30 cents for Eggs; 90 cents a bushel for Buckwheat; $1.20 cents a bushel for wheat.

Still have some Flour which we are selling below the wholesale market.

Can grind Buckwheat same day it is brought to our mill.

P. S. Offer $1.10 per bushel cash for Potatoes, $1.20 per bushel trade.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

C. H. BROWNING

Deer Park's Best Store

WANTED
TWO CARS
OF
Potatoes
WILL PAY
$1.25 Per Bu. Half Cash

Butter - - - .30 Pound
Eggs - - - .30 Dozen

We always pay the highest prices for young and old chickens. Bring them in while the market is good.

Just received our new line of Lambertville Gums, high and low tops, also new line of Watsontown Shoes.

Wanted: Five cars of Mine Ties. Dimensions 4x6x5.

Get right trade at Brownings.

Offutt's

WANTED
Potatoes
WILL PAY
$1.10 Per Bu. Cash
OR
$1.15 Per Bu. Trade

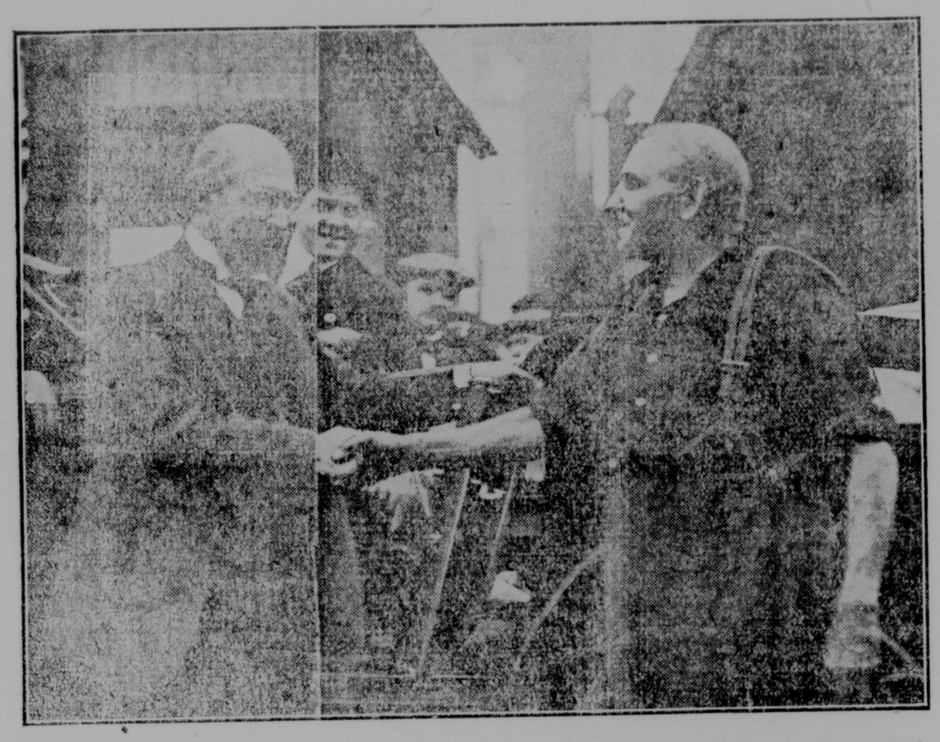
Buckwheat Flour 3½c per lb.
Cabbage 3 cents per pound

Bring us your trade and get your wants at the right prices.

Ladies---Bring us your Butter, Eggs and Produce for your Fall and Winter Hats in the Millinery Department.

OFFUTTS'

"I Am Very Pleased to Meet You"



Christopher Horrocks, machinist, and for 47 years in the employ of the Westinghouse Company, shaking hands with Republican Presidential Nominee Charles Evans Hughes at the Airbrake plant, Wilmerding. The veteran employe conducted Mr. Hughes on a trip through the works and later introduced him to the assembled workmen.

HARVEY REDHOT FOR HUGHES

Espousal by Distinguished Editor of the Cause of the Republican Candidate a Significant Campaign Feature.

ORIGINAL WILSON BOOSTER.

He Takes This Action Not Because He Is the Victim of Ingratitude But Because Wilson Stands for Wilson First and Col. Harvey Cannot Assist in the Betrayal of His Country for the Gratification of Personal Ambition—A Democrat's Patriotic Stand.

The avowal of the cause of Mr Hughes by Colonel George Harvey is one of the distinct features of the present campaign. It would be significant in itself that a man of his prestige, who had always trained with the Democratic party, had espoused the cause of the Republican candidate. But in Mr. Harvey's case the significance is very much greater, as well as the importance of the event. He has been not only a Democrat, but a Wilson Democrat. Moreover, he was the first man of prominence to advocate the election of Woodrow Wilson as President, and for many years one of the closest friends and advisers of the present occupant of the White House. Mr. Harvey not only proposed Mr. Wilson for the Presidency, but as early as 1910 interested United States Senator Smith, a Democratic leader of New Jersey, in Mr. Wilson, and this resulted in the Wilson nomination and election as Governor of New Jersey.

Mr. Harvey not only comes out for Mr. Hughes, but gives very intelligent reasons for his action in the current number of his "North American Review." In his judgment there are two vital questions to be answered before election. One is, which of the two great parties at this particular juncture in our progress as a nation is the better equipped and the more likely to render the highest public service? The other is, which of the two designated leaders is the more certain to preserve protect and defend the Constitution of the United States? Such an issue as the Democrats claim, that Mr. Wilson has kept us out of war and therefore is entitled to re-election, is brushed aside as something that has no proper place in the mind of the voter of this year. In Mr. Harvey's judgment, only the most insane partisan would venture to suggest a possibility of Mr. Wilson or Mr. Hughes inciting or inviting war with any European or Asiatic Power, and therefore there is no fair issue between them on this question.

There are three elements that are involved in the answers to these two questions, those of military and industrial preparedness, government by and for the people and national honor and opportunity. So far as all of these are concerned, the answer is the same. Mr. Hughes is the man who should be chosen from each and every standpoint—both as the representative of the Republican party and as an individual. The best interests of the country are to be served by his election.

Mr. Harvey calls attention to the fact that the utter absence of self-seeking on the part of Mr. Hughes throughout his entire career, confirms the belief that he does, in fact, from the very nature of his being, stand for "America first."

On the other hand, no less surely and most disappointingly, happenings of the past two years culminating in the betrayal of his country for the gratification of personal ambition prove incontestably that Mr. Wilson stands for Wilson first. That is Mr Harvey's opinion. In his judgment there is no need to seek a conclusion. it finds itself. The summing up of the situation is that upon the clearly marked issues as between the candidates, there is no reason why any professed Republican, any thoughtful Progressive or any principled Democrat should not, and every reason why every patriotic Republican should vote for Mr. Hughes for President.

Such advice from such a source should make a deep impression upon the American electorate. It certainly is not given through any prejudice against Mr. Wilson, for its author would naturally be predisposed in favor of the President. Nor does it come from any lack of knowledge of Mr Wilson's methods and intent. The intimacy of the two men has been too long and too close to admit of any lack of knowledge on Mr. Harvey's part. The man who, as Mr. Wilson's friend, first started the movement for him for President, now, after a test of Mr. Wilson in the White House, advises the American people to vote for Mr. Hughes. There should be no hesitancy on the part of the voters to follow this advice.

ELECTION OF HUGHES MEANS PEACE WITH HONOR—NOT WAR, NOT PEACE WITH INFAMY.

"We have heard in recent days that the alternative of the policy of the present Administration is war. I think the alternative of the present Administration is peace with honor. I am a man devoted to the pursuits of peace. We cherish the ideals of peace. We entertain no thought of aggression; we are not covetous, we are not exploiters, but we are Americans, and American rights must be maintained throughout the world. That is the cornerstone of our security; that is the essential basis of peace. We are not courting struggle, but I do say in all seriousness that we have been living in a period of national humiliation.

"Our citizens have been murdered, their property destroyed and our commerce interrupted. The alternative of a weak and vacillating policy is not war; it is a firm insistence on known rights in a world where all nations desire our friendship and we desire the friendship of all, and where only inexcusable blundering could drag us into strife."—Charles E. Hughes at Union League Club Reception in New York City, October 3.

EDITORIAL COMMENTS.

Mr. Wilson used four pens to affix his signature to the Adamson bill, a souvenir for each of the brotherhoods' chiefs. The public's souvenir will be in the form of an added tax amounting, say, to fifty million dollars a year, or fifty cents a head for every man, woman and child.

T. R.'s grin when he compared Watchful Woodrow unfavorably to Pontius Pilate was deleted by the censor.

With Mr. Roosevelt likening his "neutrality" to that of President Wilson and the Houston Post coupling his most famous act with that of a Democratic Congress, the late Mr. Pontius Pilate must be having an uncomfortable time in his grave, if he has a grave.

The President used four pens signing the increased wage law, highly representative of the different humors of his variable mind.

In a speech to 2,000 negroes at Nashville, Tenn., Mr. Hughes said: "We want honesty with respect to the ballot. I want an honest and a pure ballot. I say to you that I stand, if I stand for anything, for equal and exact justice to all. I stand for the maintenance of the rights of all American citizens regardless of race or color." The saddest and sorest people in the land are the negroes who voted for Wilson four years ago. And there were a lot of them.

DOG GONE IT ALL!

—Cartoon by Bradley in Chicago Daily News.

AUTUMN HEALTH TIPS

By FREDERIC J. HASKIN

Many persons in the United States are now passing through a biennial period of trial and struggle and self questioning. They are faced by a problem containing incalculable factors—one which they can not decide for themselves, and upon which they are restrained from seeking advice by pride and false modesty. Yet it is a matter which intimately concerns their well being, and in which an error may mean weeks or months of suffering and loss. These persons, in a word, are unable to decide whether or not to put on their winter underwear.

This is really a matter of prime importance. The common occurrence of colds in spring and fall is due chiefly to this change from cotton to wool, which is usually made too early and often necessitates a change back.

The correct procedure in this matter is a thing which each individual must work out for himself; but the officials of the United States Public Health Service have a word to say about the theory of underwear. They emphasize the fact that underwear should not be worn for warmth. Overcoats, mufflers, spats, leggings, ear-pads, foot-warmers, laprobes, sweaters, and other wraps should protect the body from chilling and freezing when it is exposed to outdoor air. The function of the underwear is merely to form a covering next to the body which may be conveniently changed and washed. If this covering is made heavy enough to keep the body warm when exposed to the air, it will inevitably mean over-heating at times, and chilling at others. The correct underwear, therefore, is the very lightest you can stand. The ponderous, fleeced-lined "flannels" which were almost universally worn in winter a generation ago belong in the limbo of sanitary discards along with pie for breakfast and featherbeds. Many modern doctors recommend the wearing of one light weight of underclothing all the year around. Many robust persons do this, and nearly always are exceptionally free from colds. If you do not feel equal to abolishing the biennial change entirely, at least postpone the fall event until the weather has turned cold to stay cold, and use always the lightest possible weight of underwear. Get over the idea that there is anything prudent or conservative about swathing your person in wool for the winter.

Having decided this question, the next one, say the national health officers, is to consider what zone of the earth you are going to live in this winter. You have been stewing and complaining in the heat all summer, now are you going to follow the American custom and rest and doze all winter?

There is no doubt but that Americans live in vastly overheated houses all winter, that they spend money to maintain the very temperatures which in summer sent them scurrying to mountains and beaches. A temperature of 85 degrees is by no means uncommon either in American homes or school rooms.

It would be interesting to trace the origin of this fondness for heat. In Europe, no such temperatures are maintained. Houses are seldom kept at more than sixty-five or seventy degrees in England, and American visitors almost find them uncomfortably chilly. It is probable that the great abundance of fuel in this country has much to do with it. The early American generally lived in a house or cabin that was somewhat draughty, and depended upon an immense open fire of logs to keep him warm. The wood pile became the chief source of comfort, and in rural districts today, a man's way of living is often estimated as much by the size of his woodpile as anything else. Generous, roaring fires, creating a luxurious, relaxing heat have become one of the American ideals of comfort. The great fires have been forced out to some extent by modern heating appliances; but the craving for high temperatures has survived them.

This self-indulgence of baking in an excessive heat does little harm to a hardy man, who leads an outdoor life all day, but when the high temperatures are brought into apartment houses, and other city homes where many people spend most of their time indoors, and into office buildings and school rooms, the effect is really serious. For these temperatures are enervating. They lack stimulus, they coddle the skin, making one more liable to take cold, while the breathing of overheated air is especially harmful.

In regulating the temperature of your house, you should not take comfort as the standard. What will feel comfortable to you, depends entirely upon what temperatures you have been accustomed to. A person who has always kept his room at eighty or higher will feel uncomfortable at seventy; while robust men who live a great deal out doors would find that temperature oppressive and sixty degrees quite comfortable. Anyone should be able to accustom himself to an indoor temperature of seventy degrees. The bracing weather of this time of the year, the temperature of a sunny mid-autumn day, is what we should try to reproduce in our houses, and not the enervating heat of summer.

High indoor temperatures are especially injurious to children. "A temperature higher than seventy degrees in a school room is worse than illiteracy," is the way Surgeon J. M. Eager of the Public Health Service, puts it. And yet, because the teacher feels chilly, children in American schools are often subjected to temperatures of eighty or even eighty-five degrees. It is not always the teacher or the school authorities that are primarily to blame either. Frequently, children coming from overheated homes complain of the cold school rooms, and are indignantly supported by their parents, who imagine that the atmosphere of seventy degrees means danger of pneumonia.

The subject can not be better summed up than in the following words written by Surgeon Eager:

"Moderate temperatures slightly inclined to coolness, promotes mental and bodily activity, and increase resistance to infectious disease. High temperatures induce bodily lasitude and mental dullness, with corresponding depression of health and resultant loss of appetite and low spirits. The antidote is sometimes sought in stimulating food and drink, with a sad train of troubles, such as dyspepsia and alcoholism. So one sort of intemperance is added to another—excess in drink to excess in heat."

The way to learn to like healthful temperatures is to cultivate their acquaintance out-doors. Vacation in crisp fall weather are much better than summer hammock-loafing. Learn the pleasure and stimulus of tramping against singing winds, and you will not crave high indoor temperatures.

There is one other tip worth taking about the regulation of temperature. Moist air feels warmer, and is more congenial, than cold air. You should regulate the humidity as well as the temperature in which you live. An open dish of water will supply the moisture which artificially warmed air often lacks.

GRANTSVILLE.

Mrs. John Slicer, Miss Therese Slicer, Mrs. Nat Slicer, Miss Allie Friedline and James Slicer, of Meyersdale, motored to Grantsville, Friday, the two latter spending the day with Miss Ethel Broadwater, and the three elderly with Mrs. C. H. Younkin.

Wilson Bill has returned to Wheeling, W. Va., after a few weeks' visit with his uncle, C. H. Bill.

Dr. and Mrs. Bruce Lichty, of Meyersdale, spent Sunday with their sister, Mrs. G. C. Keller.

The warm weather is ideal for tourists. The National Hotel served ninety meals on Sunday last mostly to strangers.

Hayward Broadwater, from Rochester, N. Y., has returned to assist in nursing his father, Gilead Broadwater, who is ill.

Mrs. J. W. Delaney, Mrs. C. S. Zeller and Miss Maud Bevans were Frostburg visitors Thursday, making the trip in Bruce Miller's car.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Petry and daughters, Mr. and Mrs. Otto Petry and Mrs. Mary Petry of Elk Lick were all Sunday guests of Miss Christine Winterberg.

Dr. Oliver McLane and daughter, Miss Anna, of Frostburg, were guests of Dr. and Mrs. Bowen Sunday.

Mrs. Rebekah Johnson and family who had moved to Youngstown, O., a few weeks ago, have returned to their old home at the west end of town.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Durst of West Salisbury, were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Younkin.

Miss Beulah Bender will enter the Western Maryland Hospital at Cumberland, this week, for an operation for appendicitis, having been a victim of the malady for some time.

Mrs. Howard Ringer has been indisposed the past week, but is now better.

Mrs. Chas. Reckner and daughter, Grace, of Confluence, have been guests of the former's daughter, Mrs. Will. Schaefer.

Mrs. Catherine Brenneman, of Bittinger has been quite ill for the past few weeks.

Misses Ruth Keller, Angela and Wilda Getty, Blanche Miller and Marie Connor enjoyed a motor trip to Uniontown on Saturday with Stewart Rodamer as chauffeur. The young ladies took dinner at one of the large hotels there.

Mrs. H. A. Schaefer has returned from a visit with her brothers and sisters at Springs.

Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Roeder, of Cumberland motored to Grantsville with their family, Sunday, spending a few hours with Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Getty, and taking dinner at the Victoria hotel.

Murray Smouse, of Cumberland, was the guest of Olin F. Broadwater for the week-end.

Miss Helen Loechel, has recovered from the chickenpox.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

Destroying the Foundation.

It is not surprising that men should go a step further after their efforts to destroy the foundations mentioned in my last letter, and try to destroy one that is a comfort to the Christian and is precious to the believers, the resurection of the body.

Revelation says it shall be, but philosophy, of the concord type, smiles contemptuously at the idea, nay rejects it with scorn and its adherent feel themselves insulted, that they are asked to accept what their vain hearts do not want to believe. Their will's are not ready to accept it, and their fine reason cannot understand. They prefer their own wisdom to that of God. They think they can sweep the whole doctrine aside, by simply saying it is impossible. It is unreasonable and so they try to measure the infinite with the finite, and the power of God by the standerd of their own minds. They can't see how God is going to watch over the particles of dust.

With God nothing is impossible. A magnet will select iron filings from rubbish. Can philosophy explain why a mineral will do this? It will not attract lead or gold. Suppose God should give to each soul the same power with reference to the elements of the former body, as He could, we must admit, then all difficulties would be removed. The principle of chemical affinity ought to silence the objection to the possibility of the resurection.

They think they have propounded an unanswerable objection when they say, if the race continues a few centuries longer, there would not be enough matter on the globe to reconstruct all the bodies of mankind, when the truth is there is enough in the atmosphere pressing on a very small space of the U. S. to do this.

There is about as much sense in the objection that the world would not afford standing room, when the truth is—as a simple calculation will show, that you could stand all in the state of Ohio, allowing two persons to the square yard, four generations to the century, one billion to the generation and count the world 6000 years old. God will call them forth, we cannot tell how.

It is too deep for the scientific dredge; too profound for philosophy but we believe it, because God tells us in His word, that we shall rise again. It is possible that the power of the Almighty is so feeble, that His ultimate designs are so circumscribed that the inventions of a poor liliputian intellect, the devices of human reason, or the objection of a self styled philosophy can throw them into confusion? "But why should it be thought incredible that God should raise the dead.

Philosophy and science falsely so called, join hands and say impossible! Shall our faith be shaken on that account? It is as great a miracle to regenerate a soul. It is not incredible. A servant stood before his master. In his hand he held a silver cup which he let fall into aqua forties. He contends that it cannot be restored, for you know the effect would be to dissolve the silver at once.

The master comes now upon the scene and infuse some salt water which precipitates the silver from solution. It is gathered again and melted over and then made into a cup, just like the originial one.

There will be a change in fitting us for the new sphere, which shall be adapted to its new conditions and suited to its new wants. But its identity will be destroyed.

A glance at nature ought to satisfy any honest mind. The tree whose leafless branches will sigh in the wind, whose trunk apparently dead will be lashed by wintry gusts, is the same one that was a little while ago clad in green and now in the lovely October, has put on garments of purple or orange, or a coat of many colors. It will be held in icy bands, but these will fall off and winters robe of white will give place to the velvet garments of spring. It is the same in all these circumstances.

When the arch angels trumpet sounds, the sleeping myriads come forth to newness of life with shining bodies like unto Christs. What an anthem will peal forth, as the mighty host falls before the throne crying. Thou art worthy. Yes, His redemption work is completed. The saint's victory is won for the soul, since death has rested in paradise with Jesus, will again be reunited with the body that slept in the dust of the earth, for ever more to be with the Lord.

The resurrection of the body is one of the fundamental doctrines of christanity.

We accept it as a matter of revelation. We believe it for the springtime comes as nature's evangelist illustrating, emphasizing and reminding us of this great doctrine. Faith bows to the declaration of an infallible inspiration and says we rest upon this. More anon.

JOANNES.

Apple Butter Factory

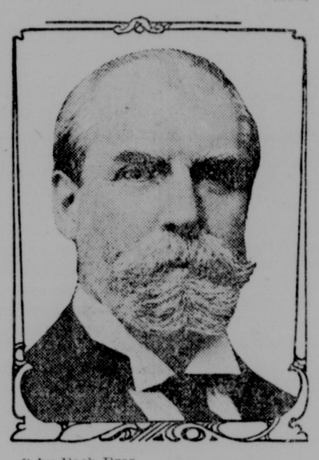
I will make apple butter and cider on Tuesdays and Thursdays of each week at the Apple Butter factory near Gortner. N. L. SWARTZENTRUBER.

Adv.

Subscribe for The Republican.

AMERICA NEEDS HUGHES

By THEODORE ROOSEVELT



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CHARLES EVANS HUGHES.

SINCE 1912 we have had four years of a policy which has been an opiate to the spirit of idealism.

It has meant the relaxation of our moral fibre.

A sordid appeal to self-interest and to fear has paralyzed the national conscience.

We have been told that Americans, if they do not wish to be killed, should keep off the ocean; that to save a few American lives it is not worth while to hazard the lives of American soldiers; that Mexicans should be allowed to spill blood to their hearts' content; that the European War is no concern of ours; that even as between Belgium and Germany we should be neutral not only in act but in sympathy!

Not once has President Wilson squarely placed before the American people the question which Abraham Lincoln put before the American people in 1860: what is our duty?

Not once has he appealed to moral idealism, to the stern enthusiasm of strong men for the right.

On the contrary, he has employed every elocutionary device to lull to sleap our sence of duty, to make us content with words, instead of deeds, to make our moral idealism and enthusiasm evaporate in empty phrases, instead of being reduced to concrete action.

AMERICA as a nation has been officially kept in a position of timid indifference and cold selfishness.

America, which sprang to the succor of Cuba in 1898, has stood an idle spectator to the invasion of Belgium, of the sinking of the Lusitania, of the continued slaughter of our own citizens, and of the reign of anarchy, rapine and murder in Mexico.

Nevertheless, I believe that the American people were ready for the same kind of appeal which was made to them by Abraham Lincoln in 1860, by the advocaes of an honest currency in 1890, by the advocates of the Spanish War in 1898, by the advocates of Nationalism in 1900.

But the appeal was not made.

On the contrary, Mr. Wilson invoked the spirit of timidity and selfishness. He made no effort to invoke the sense of duty.

He put "safety first," the immediate safety of the moment, to be obtained by shrinking from duty.

He did not even put American rights first, still less did he put American duty first.

His task was not an especially difficult or dangerous task; but it needed a brave heart and a steady hand.

Under this lead America could and should have put itself at the head of all the neutral nations by its example, if not by direct diplomatic agreements, in demanding that the war should be conducted in accordance with the usage of civilized nations, that international law should be observed, that the rights of neutrals and non combatants should be respected.

If this spirit had animated our administration there would probably have been no invasion of Belgium, no fears of a like fate to terrorize other smaller nations, no torpedoing of merchant vessels, no bombarding of churches and hospitals, no massacring of women and children, no murder of Miss Cavell, no attempted extermination of the Armenians and Syrian Christians.

WE cannot undo what has been done. But we can repudiate what has been done. We can regain our own self-respect and the respect of other nations for this country. We can put in power an administration which will throughout its term of power protect our own citizens and live up to our national obligations.

It is just that this nation should concern itself with its rights; but it is even more necessary that it should concern itself with its duties.

As between Mr. Hughes and Mr. Wilson, who can doubt which is the man who will, with austere courage, stand for the national duty?

Mr. Wilson's words have contradicted one another; and all his words have been contradicted by his acts.

Mr. Wilson's promise has not borne the slightest reference to his performance.

We have against him in Mr. Hughes a man whose public life is a guarantee that whatever he says he will make good, and that all his words will be borne out by his deeds.

Against Mr. Wilson's combination of grace in elocution, with futility in action; against his record of words unbacked by deeds or betrayed by deeds, we set Mr. Hughes' rugged and uncompromising straightforwardness of character and action in every office he has held.

We put the man who thinks and speaks directly, and whose words have always been made good, against the man whose adroit and facile elocution is used to conceal his plans or his want of plans.

The next four years may well be years of tremendous national strain.

Which of the two men do you, the American people, wish at the helm during these four years; the man who has been actually tried and found wanting, or the man whose whole career in public office is a guarantee of his power and good faith?

But one answer is possible; and it must be given by the American people through the election of Charles Evans Hughes as President of the United States.

WHITE PINE MENACED

Board of Forestry Cooperating With U. S. Bureau to Save Valuable Trees to Maryland

When it became evident in August that the White Pine blister rust, already so destructive in New York State and New England, might with considerable likelihood spread to the States farther South, the Maryland Board of Forestry immediately placed in the field a Forester from its office to honeycomb the State in collaboration with the U. S. Bureau of Plant Industry for early signs of this menace to the State's White Pines.

In this important and timely undertaking the State Forester has detailed E. R. Ford, Assistant Forester, to make a thoroug inspection of the whole State. Pine is susceptible of successful cultivation over the whole State, and by an examination of recent plantations, especially of imported stock, it may readily be ascertained whether the dreaded disease has already spread to this State. For it is of comparatively recent origin, having first been brought to America not many years ago on white pine seedlings from Europe.

The nisease spreads rapidly, has already done so over much of the northeast, in fact. In the spring the spores or seeds are blown by the wind from diseased pines to currant and gooseberry leaves, where they germinate, penetrate the leaf tissues, and produce a rust on the underside of the leaves in late summer and fall. The leaves of these common brushes produce millions of tiny spores or seeds, capable of infecting great quantities of these white pines. Once infected, the white pine does not recover.

Evidently the only certain way to circumvent the spread and contagion of this disease through development on its dual host would consist in the removal of all such berry bushes. In certain cases, however, this would undoubtedly work unnecessary hardship and inconvenience, and as yet this remedy seems barely necessary for Maryland. The State Board of Forestry and the U. S. Bureau of Plant Industry engaged with them will make a thorough survey of the existing situation, and are bending every endeavor toward preventing the inception of a blight so disastrous to a tree which may be grown with profit in the State.

Farm For Sale

Containing 173 acres. About 80 cleared and in good cultivation and the balance in timber and pasture. Large maple grove with camp and about 1400 vessels. Located at Bittinger in Garrett Co. Improved by one dwelling house containing 8 rooms and a good cellar; bank barn 62x76; good orchard and well watered. Also tenant house and stable.

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TAFT EXCORIATES HIS SUCCESSOR

Asserts the Democratic Party and its Candidate Are Seeking a Vote to Power by Disingenuous and Unsound Pleas.

LEFT CLEAN SLATE FOR WRITING MEXICAN POLICY

Former President Declares That the Passage Under Duress of the Adamson Bill Was One of the Greatest National Humiliations to Which Our Country Has Ever Been Subjected.

Declaring that the campaign of 1916 is as important as the campaign of 1896 and resembles that campaign in that the Democratic party and its candidate are seeking a vote of power for disingenuous, unsound, but alluring reasons, William H. Taft, former President of the United States, delivered the opening address of the New Jersey Republican state campaign at Trenton.

Mr. Taft said, in part:

The great public advantage in organization and combination of capital and of wage-earners we all recognize. The power they acquire may, however, become so great as to tempt to serious abuse and public injury, and they have done so. Hence, we have had the anti-trust law and the interstate commerce law, directed chiefly against combinations of capital but effecting in some measure combinations of labor. Labor leaders have sought exemption from such laws as a privileged class, and in some cases they have been successful. While Mr. Wilson in one of his memorandums attached to an appropriation bill avowed his opposition to such class legislation, he united with the Democratic Congress in passing, at the demand of the unions, the Clayton Act, which, the labor leaders claim, takes unions out of the limitations of the Trust Act.

Unwise subserviency to the demands of leaders of organized labor finds its crowning instance, however, in Mr. Wilson's dealing with the threatened strike of the Railway Orders of conductors, engineers, trainmen and switchmen. The Orders claim to control 400,000 men, who run the freight and passenger trains of the country, which constitute the arterial circulation of commerce, and are necessary not only to the business but to the health and life of the people. Were these men able to tie up the railways of the country, as they said they could and would, it would mean enormous loss in business, and great deprivation and suffering to the public. It would mean that many millions of other workmen would be thrown out of employment, and lose the high wages they are now receiving, because without commerce local industries cannot proceed. The Railway unions said to the railway president: "We wish an eight-hour day, with ten hours' pay, and if we work more than eight hours, we demand 50 per cent. more an hour for the extra hours. If you do not give us this, we will not only injure you, but we will bring disaster to the country." The railway managers refused the demand, but offered to submit it to arbitration. They said it would increase their cost of operation $60,000,000, and that this would have to come out of the pockets of the railway stockholders, by a reduction of profits, or out of the shipping public by an increase of rates. The labor leaders said they had had arbitration in the past and that it was not satisfactory, that now unless their demands were fully granted, no power under heaven could prevent the strike, with its disastrous consequences. Under the duress of the threat, the President of the United States and Congress of the United States succumbed. It was one of the greatest national humiliations to which the people of this country have ever been subjected. It struck most a blow at the principle of arbitration for the settlement of industrial disputes.

Mr. Wilson as a publicist attacked the enactment of a federal child labor law as an absurd extravagance, and a departure from constitutional limitations, and now within the last sixty days he has personally visited Congress to urge the adoption of exactly such a measure.

For the purpose of evading responsibility for present conditions, it is advanced in behalf of Mr. Wilson and the Democratic Administration that the conditions in Mexico were an inheritance from the last Administration. The last Administration did nothing to complicate Mr. Wilson's problems. Huerta had been twelve days in power when Mr. Wilson came in. Up to that time nothing had been done committing the government to one policy or another. Had the Republican Administration been continued, Huerta would have been recognized, but with only twelve days before the coming in of a new Administration it would have been entirely improper and inconsiderate for the outgoing Administration to commit the incoming to any policy on the subject. Mr. Wilson can not shift the blame for his blunders in Mexico. He had a clean slate upon which to write when he came in.

The President "has kept us out of war," but would you like to have him boss the job if some one should force war on us?

FINNEGAN'S PHILOSOPHY.

Purging the Heart.

"Yes sir. He's like the patriarchs. Which iv them? All iv them. He smites the Civil Service Rock and refreshin' jobs gushes foorth for thursty but dishurvin' Dimycrats. He blows on a horn an' ivrythin' falls for ut. If the people call him iver so soft, Little Samuel had no quicker ear. An' for sacryficin' what's dear to his heart, Abraham had nawthin' on him. Sure he is Dimocricy's shield an' exceedin' great reward.

"T'is his Presbytaryan bringin' up, I'm thinkin.' Furst he adopts a policy; thin he thries to justify it, thin he sanctifies it wid a phrase, while a choir iv Deshurvin Dimmycrats sings a hymn. An' there ye are. Justification, Adoption an' Sankty-ficashun.

"The choir med great harmony whin Jim Smith, George Harvey an' Billy Brine was all in ut. But wan be wan their v'ices cracked an' they passed out iv the life iv the great Idaylist.

Harvey wint back to editin' an' Bill Brine wint in search iv the Howly Kale. McCombs was canned, because him an' Billy McAdoo cuddent sing a duet, an' Oscar Underwood was weak on Tariff ragtime. But Wudthrow dicorated them all. Wid f'what say ye? Wid the Order iv the Double Cross. O—ho. I mind well the time at the Manhattan Clyb, whin he kissed Brine an' kicked Harvey wid wan motion. Now the choir has what Wudthrow calls 'the vital stuffs iv life.' Stone an' McAdoo; Danyiels an' Jim Ham Lewis wid Redfield for the high falsetto. Wudthrow sits wid his hands crossed while the stuffs sings songs iv praise, an' Col. House winds the Victhrola.

"Wudthrow is fond iv music, but Colonel House himself is the quiet man. Faith av he danced a Clog on a Washbiler ye'd niver hear a sound.

"Well, wan night in August the Colonel come tiptoein' in through the basement dure.

"'How's the game, Colonel?' says Wudthrow. 'So-so,' the Colonel says. 'Ye might round up a few more votes,' says he, scratchin' his ear wid an absent air.

"'Ain't I got the full dinner-pail's?' axes Wudthrow, anxious like. 'AL that's forgot the first two year and a half,' says House pleasantly. 'Ain't I kep' 'em out o' war?' axes Wudthrow. 'Part o' the time,' says House, rubbin' his left shin wid the felt-slipper on his right foot. 'Ain't my voice our greatest liquid asset?' axes Wilson earnestly. 'It's some voice,' says House, 'but a lot iv suckers can't tell a asset fr'm an li'bility,' the Colonel says.

"'F'what are ye drivin' at?' says Wilson, four flushing a little.

"'Arre ye watchin' the strike?' says House. 'Half a millyun votes might be useful,' says House, tiptoein' out through the dure, an' closin' ut behind him.

"Well, Sir, he left Wudthrow sunk in profound miditashun. At last he spakes. 'I hear,' he says, in a low sweet tone 'that v'ice iv the people, which is to me as the v'ice of a Carnegie Penshun.' 'Oh,' he says, thrillin' in ivry nerve, 'must I indade sacryfice wan more idol,' says he, 'on the altar iv me Counthry!' says Wudthrow.

"'Was not the Wan Turn Plank,' he says; 'an' the Sugar Tax,' he says; 'an' the Tariff for Rev-noo,' he says; 'an' all me friends, beside,' says he, 'sixteen per'fly good Mexican Policies—was not all thim enough?' he axes in agony. 'But I will purge me Heart iv ivry pers'nal thought,' says he, startin' for bed. An' before he retires he takes a Heart Purge iv his own invinshun the way it'll wurk while he sleeps. I dinnaw f'what the purge is. 'Tis a secret.

"In the morn he was puzzled. He wanted a gr-reat sacryfise of a pur-rinciple, dear to his heart, but he'd used most iv thim already, an' he felt that this was no time for second hand or slightly damaged sacryfises. So he sends for House. 'Colonel,' says he, "F'what pur-rinciple d'yr think wud be an' acceptable sacryfise in this gr-reat morel imarginey?" he axes anxiously.

"'Whisper,' says the Colonel. And he said wan wurd in Wudthrow's ear, and faded silently away through the dure.

"For wan instant Wudthrow stud spellbound. Thin he burrst into a whoop; 'The 'Ram in the Bushes,' cries he wid tears iv j'y.

"'Twas an impressive ceremony whin the sacryfise was solemny-ised at the Capitol.

"The procission started f'om the White House wid the Prisidint walkin' ahead carryin' the Ram in wan hand an' a box iv Safety-First matches in th' other. He was followed by a coon bearin' four gold pans, and behind came four Union Chiefs ridin' on milk white steeds followed be a group iv Railroad Prisidints, Stock Holders, Farmers, Shippers and Conshumers, loaded wid chains. After a short sermon to Congress on 'Purgin' the Heart,' the Prisidint laid the Ram on th' alter, an' imprissively stabbed it wid the four gold pens while the choir sang Holy, Holy, Holy. The Prisidint handed the gold pens to the four chiefs wid a bow; Jim Ham lit the wood an' wiped up the blood, an' the sacryfise was complete.

"'What was the Ram?' say ye. 'Twas a pet baste Wudthrow used to graze in the White House lawn. T'was th' Idol iv his heart. He named it Arbitrashun. It was the Ram, an' all the people was the goat."

Mr. Wilson has become so thoroughly neutral that he looks with grave suspicion on the American contention in any international dispute.

THE REPUBLICAN

BENJ. H. SINCELL, EDITOR.

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THURSDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1916

REPUBLICAN TICKET

For President:
CHARLES E. HUGHES
For Vice President:
CHARLES W. FAIRBANKS
For United States Senator:
JOSEPH IRWIN FRANCE
of Cecil County.
For Congressman:
FREDERICK N. ZIHLMAN
of Allegany County

IT is not what Wilson has kept us out of but what he's got us into that counts at present.

ANOTHER thing you never hear of since the Democrats reduced the cost of living is the "baker's dozen."

THE President says he has no interest in any political party. "except as an instrument of achievement." If that's it, then how did he happen to select such a poor instrument as the Democratic party?

I PROPOSE that the Republican party as the national party, according to the constitution of the United States, within the national sphere, shall proceed wherever it is practicable, to build up and foster and encourage American enterprise, and open the doors wide for honest American achievement.

ADEQUATE preparedness is not militarism, It is the essential assurance of security. It is a necessary safeguard of peace." Candidate Hughes has left nothing to be said on this subject. He has snuffed out counter argument at the very outset.

WHAT would Hughes have done? Well, for one thing, he would not have spent $100,000,000 of the people's money in not getting Villa, and then abandon the "pursuit" to hold a New London conference on a $200,000,000 loan, while Villa jubilantly raids Chihuahua.

CHARLES E. HUGHES cannot get so far away from Washington that the men in charge of the chariot of government there do not feel the jolting of his criticisms. In fact, the Democratic leaders at the capital city show symptoms of sea-sickness from the way in which the ex-Justice of the Supreme Court has shaken them up. Mr. Hughes is pursuing the only proper method, which is first to take the deadwood out of the way so that the path to righteous and propitious government may be made clear.

MARYLAND IN NEXT CONGRESS

Maryland has, upon occasions, been referred to as one of the solid South states; meaning that Maryland is one of the states that never stops to reason why but always goes Democratic in the lurid way that Maine once went for Governor Kent. But, unless we are interpreting the signs wrong, Maryland is this year reasoning why and the bent that is going to show up in the election count is likely to have a Hughes ending to it. But how is Maryland going to line up in the next Congress? It there is to be a change in the administrative head of the government—and we believe it is written in the book of destiny that there is to be such a change—by the same token the change should be put in position to do things and to undo the things that have been wrongly done.

And Maryland should line up with the changed governmental control. Dr. France should be sent to the United States Senate to succeed Blair Lee and a solid Republican delegation should be sent to the House. Is the State of Maryland under any special obligations to go Democratic because of good things bestowed by the Wilson administration or by either of two Democratic Congresses? If so, what are those good things? As for Baltimore city, she has begged for a small crumb in the way of a short section channel appropriation and wasn't given the crumb. The city was deprived of the Reserve Bank in perversion of all the facts and circumstances bearing upon the question of locating this institution. The thirty-five-foot channel from which the city's commerce is now benefiting came through the square deal of a Republican Congress; This present Congress appropriated $42,000,000 for rivers and harbors, mostly for rivers upon which there is practically no commerce.

What does Baltimore city or the State of Maryland owe to Democratic control of the national government? Centered in and around Baltimore and scattered over the State of Maryland are thousands of manufacturing industries. Can this city, can this state, afford the risk of another four years under the handicap of a Democratic tariff? In less than three weeks Maryland should not only turn in its electoral vote for Hughes, but should send a solid Republican delegation to Congress—the Senator and the six Representatives. There's a reason why.—Baltimore Star.

ENTHUSIASTIC MASS MEETING

Was Held In Maryland Theatre, Oakland, Last Night.

Last night at the Maryland Theatre in Oakland a splendid audience, considering the state of weather then prevailing, greeted Dr. Joseph Irvin France, Republican candidate for the United States Senate; Frederick N. Zihlman, candidate for Congress from the Sixth District, and Hon. Willis L. Moore, former chief of the United States Weather Bureau, when these three gifted gentlemen addressed those who had assembled upon the issues of the present campaign, all of them delivering telling blows upon their opponents and the present Democratic administration.

The meeting was not only attended by the town people but many farmers and residents of towns located in other parts of the county were present to hear, and from the applause following and interrupting the remarks of the speakers it was evident that Garrett county is still true to the principles of the party of Lincoln and Grant.

Mr. Fred A. Thayer, of Oakland, presided and very happily introduced the speakers, the first of whom was Mr. Zihlman, who for an hour entertained an enthusiastic audience. He is quite popular in Garrett county and as he appeared upon the stage of the theatre he received an ovation, Mr. Zihlman's remarks were delivered with deliberation that stamped them as coming from a man honest in his convictions and imbued with the purpose to serve the people well should he be elected to the office he seeks. His talk was mainly upon the tariff issue and the claim made by the Democrats that Wilson has kept us out of war.

The address of Dr. France followed that of Mr. Zihlman and was upon and along the lines of national issues as was also that of Dr. Moore, who followed him. Dr. France is becoming well known in Garrett county and at the meeting last night it was evident that he made many friends.

Among those upon the platform during the speaking were Senator Speicher, former Senator Brown, County Chairman Peddicord, Committeemen DeWitt and Weitzell, W. A. Smith and others.

Music for the occasion was furnished by the Aurora Band.

M'KINLEY'S WAR COST LESS BLOODSHED THAN WILSON'S PEACE

BY THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

Under President McKinley we had a war with Spain. Under President Wilson we are assured that we had "peace" with Mexico. These are the words. Now for the deeds. During the war with Spain fewer Americans were killed by the Spainiards than have been killed by Mexicans during the present "peace" with Mexico. Let me repeat this. A greater number of Americans have been killed by Mexicans during these years, when we are officially informed that we have been at peace with them, than were killed by the Spaniards during our entire war with Spain. Moreover when the war with Spain was through, it was through. But peace stil continues to rage as furiously as ever in Mexico. Nor is this all. The instant effect of the outcome of the war with Spain was to put a stop to the dreadful butchery and starvation in Cuba and the Philippines, and the entry of both Cuba and the Philippines on a career of eighteen years of peace and prosperity such as they have never known before in all their checkered history. But during these three years of Mr. Wilson's "peace," the Mexicans themselves have been butchered by their own bandits steadily and without intermission; and Mexican women and Mexican women and children have died by thousands—probably by scores of thousands—of starvation, and of the diseases incident to starvation. In other words, Mr. McKinley's war cost less peace; and it reflected high honor on the American people; whereas Mr. Wilson's peace has been one of shame and dishonor for the American people, and one of ruin and bloodshed for the Mexicans.

DEATH COMES TO R. T. BROWNING

After An Illness of Several Weeks Dissolution Results.

In the death of Hon. Richard Thomas Browning, which occurred at his home on Fourth street in Oakland last Saturday evening, Garrett county has lost one of its best known and highest esteemed residents. Mr. Browning was taken ill early in August of the present year up to which time he had enjoyed most excellent health. His demise was the result of complication of diseases, which, coupled, with advancing years, failed to respond to treatment and he died as he had lived, a true man to every conviction. He was true to his friends, his country and his Maker.

Mr. Browning was a member of one of the poineer families of Western Maryland, being a grandson of the famous hunter of the Alleghanies, Meshack Browning, who, late ln life, wrote the story of his personal reminiscences during the days when this section was a vast wilderness, and which are set forth in an interesting and entertaining manner in the well known book "Forty-Four Years a Hunter." His father was William Browning, who was born in the famous Glade cabin, near McHenry, in 1804, and who was one of the leading men of his generation in this section and an important factor in local Democratic politics. He served two terms as county commissioner and was a justice of the peace for fifteen years. His mother was Elizabeth Anne, only daughter of James Drane, who moved from Prince George's county in the year 1800 and settled at Accident. She and William Browning were married in 1829, and lived on the old homestead at Sang Run, where the birth of Mr. Browning occurred on May 23, 1839, when he went to Missouri. In the fall of 1861 he returned home and on September 28, 1861, enlisted in the Union army with Company I, Second Maryland Infantry. He was gradually promoted until he was a sergeant, and was honorably discharged at New Creek, (now Keyser) W. Va., in February, 1864, re-enlisting soon thereafter in the same regiment, and was made second lieutenant of his company March 25, 1865. He was severely wounded by a musket ball at Lynchburg, Va., in June 1864, and after being in the hospital for several weeks, rejoined his regiment at Cumberland, and was finally mustered out of service at Baltimore, May 29, 1865.

At the close of the war Mr. Browning returned to Cumberland, and in the summer of 1869 settled on the Promised Land farm, near Oakland. Later he located on the Frank Sebold farm, near Johnstown, and in the fall of 1867, the family took up their residence on the Skyles homestead. About this time he was enrolling officer for the Maryland National Guard, and in 1868 was appointed deputy tax collector for Allegany county, in which capacity he served until 1871. In the spring of that year he came to Oakland, and six years thereafter was engaged in the hotel business and other enterprises, when he sold out again with the intention of moving west, but, owing to the poor health of Mrs. Browning, he yielded to her wishes and those of numerous friends, and remained in this county. The following two years he engaged in the mercantile business at Hutton, returning to Oakland in 1884 when he was appointed tax collector for this county.

Mr. Browning took a leading part in the formation of Garrett county out of the Western section of Allegany county, and it was largely through his efforts that the division of Allegany county was effected. The plan was strongly supported by the majority of the best people of this section, and no one perhaps was more generous in contributions of time, work and means to the furtherance of the desired object than he. A certain bitter sectional feeling was created by the opponents of the plan, and this was increased when the question of the location of the county seat came before the public, but this sentiment gradually died away, and at the present time is entirely forgotten.

In the fall of 1873, Mr. Browning was elected on the Democratic ticket to the House of Delegates, and during the succeeding winter an effort was made to re-open the question in regard to Oakland as the county seat by her opponents, by re-submitting the question to the people, and through the advocates of this measure eloquently and earnestly pleaded in its behalf, Mr. Browning succeeded in turning the tide back to the old channels and Oakland was saved.

In 1885 he was elected to the State Senate, serving three years, resigning his place in that honorable body in the spring of 1888 to accept the appointment of State inspector of mines for Allegany and Garrett counties, which office he acceptably filled for four years. At the close of this period he was appointed by Gov. Frank Brown Commissioner of Fisheries for the Western Shore, and later served as deputy fish commissioner with Chas. F. Brooke, Dr. J. W. Downey and Dr. J. H. Wade.

Mr. Browning was married on April 17, 1864, to Miss Harriet C. Twigg, of Cumberland, the ceremony being performed by Rev. Father Dolan in St. Patrick's Catholic church, that city. This union was blessed by the birth of two sons and six daughters, the following of whom, with their mother survive:

Mrs. P. J. Garrett, of Deer Park, Sister Maria Teresa, of Philadelphia, Richard S. of Spokane, Wash., Miss Nell, of Cleveland, Ohio, Miss Margaret, of Oakland and R. Getty, of Baltimore. Two daughters, Mrs. R. K. Maroney and Mrs. N. R. Sanner both of Oakland preceeded him in death.

His funeral took place on Tuesday morning from St. Peter's Catholic church after High Requiem mass conducted by the pastor, Rev. James E. Connell, and the remains were interred in the local Catholic cemetery.

Six Weekly Report. Oakland Grammar School.

Grade 1. Honor Roll. Dolores Coglan, Cecelia Lawton, Anna B. Miller, Alice Weimer, Katherine Welling, Margie Teets, Elsie Lewis, Oscar Cross, Francis Coglan, McClellan Dixon, Douglas Helbig, Kenneth Graves, Willard Moon, Joseph Maroney, Wm. Miller, DeWarren Shartzer, Franklin Wolfe, Harry Rumor, Louie Lewis, Kermit Lohr.

OLIVE A. DEWITT, Teacher.

Grade 2. Highest Averages. Millison Lee, Archie Miller, Roger Glaze, Francis Cogley, Russell Lee.

Honor Roll. Thornton Deffinbaugh, Harland Hardesty, Percy Lawton, John Maroney, Russell Lee, Bernard Nally, Marvin Smithwick, Edward Wagner, Wiley Welling, Charles Wilt, Gladys Gonder, Mary Gonder, Fannabelle Offutt, Bernadette Slabaugh.

BEULAH LOUGHRIDGE, Teacher.

Grade 3. Highest Averages. Mary Thomas, Bernadine Stanton, Vesta Slabaugh, Mildred Miller, Kathleen Lawton.

Honor Roll. Adeline Ashby, Helen Jones, Genevive Gonder, Esperince Ashby, Mildred Miller, Bernardine Stanton, Mary Thomas, Genevive Walters, Ray Custer, Olin Hardesty, Robert Hoffman, Walter Newman.

ZAIDEE J. BROWNING, Teacher.

Grade 4. Highest Averages. Eleanor Townshend 93; Mary Louise Coglan 89; Russell Brown 88; Elizabeth Dixon 90.

Honor Roll. Mary Falkenstein, Mary Louise Coglan, Geraldine Maffett, Elizabeth Dixon, Helen Byrd, Helen Hinebaugh, Cynthia Polleson, Bonnie Calhoun, Hazel Liller, Hattie Cross, Agnes Maroney, Jane King, Magnolia Hoffman, John Helbig, Henry Polleson, Carter Forman, Harley Forman, William Lauer, Agnes Carney, James Pollock.

JENNIE MILLER, Teacher.

Grade 5. Highest Averages. Franklin Glaze 87; Irving Bumgartner 85; Helen Bush 83; Roger Tower 79; George Littman 78.

Honor Roll. Helen Bush, Margaret Selby, Agnes Shaffer, Mabel Forman, John Davis, Eva Welling, Charles Welling, Louise Price, Ruth Price, Susie Lee, Margaret Nalley, George Littman, John Cheuvront, Alma Lohr.

ORLEY V. DUNHAM, Teacher.

Grade 6. Highest Auerages. Ruby Martin 80; Richard Maroney 78; Mildred Welling 75; Arthur Townshend 75.

Honor Roll. Dorothy Pritchard, Mary Spedden, Mildred Welling, Audrey Trickett.

ANNA J. GONDER, Teacher.

Grade 7. Highest Averages. Marie Stanton 83; Emerson Cross 79; Mary Martin 78; Rebecca Naylor 76; Blanche Schmidth 73.

Honor Grade. Amelia Lauer, Rebecca Naylor, Merrill Crane, Edward Pollock, Evelyn Welling.

ORPAH ASHAY, Teacher.

All children who have been neither absent nor tardy during the six weeks are entitled to have their names included in the honor roll.

HERMAN A. ZIEL, Principal.

$350.00.

Will buy a 1914 Overland car in excellent condition; fine engine; new Firestone tires; self starter; electric lights, etc. Will be delivered in Oakland if desired. A rare bargain; cost 1075.

A. S. McILWAINE,
P. O. Box 43 Wheeling, W. Va.
Adv. 34 3t

Wanted, Boys.

Boys over 16 years of age to work in glass factory. Wages, $1.20 to $1.80 per day. Light work 8½ hour days. Opportunity to learn trade.

MONONGAH GLASS COMPANY,
Adv. Fairmont, W. Va.

Library Notice.

Those who have made recent contributions to the Public Library are:

Mrs. E. Lord Howard, $2; Miss May Howard, Miss Helen Enlow, and Irving Bumgartner magazines and books.

Public Sale.

The undersigned will offer at public auction, at her farm six miles south of Oakland and two miles from Gortner, on the Ashby road, sale to commence at 2 o'clock, p. m., Saturday, October 21, 1916, a lot of valuable personal property, including live stock, grain, hay, potatoes, farming implements, etc., and a 50-acre farm well cultivated and improved. Reasonable terms of sale upon application. MRS. EMMA SETZER,
Route 1, Oakland, Md.
Adv. 33-2t*

Just received at McIntire's Hardware Store, a car load of Paroid Roofing to sell at the right price.
Advertisement.

COUNTY GAME LAWS

State's Attorney Jones Gives Information On This Subject.

Inasmuch as there have been a number of inquiries concerning the game laws of this year and there seems to be some uncertainty concerning the same, I wish to state for the benefit of all interested that there has been no practical change from the law in force last year.

The Act of 1914, which made it unlawful "at any time to sell or expose for sale in Garrett county, or ship or transport out of Garrett county, any pheasant, partridge or quail, woodcock or wild turkey," is still in force. Likewise the provision that rabbits may be sold and shipped out of the county during the continuance of the game season provided they are shipped openly with their hind legs tied together and tagged.

The Act of 1916 with regard to the hunting season is as follows:

"No person shall shoot, trap, catch or kill, or gun, or hunt for any partridge or quail, English or Mongolian pheasant, American pheasant, dark neck Bohemian pheasant, pheasant or ruffled grouse, rabbit, wild turkey, woodcock or deer within the State of Maryland between the 24th day of December and the 10th day of November in any year, exclusive of both dates; nor shall any person shoot, kill or hunt for any squirrel between the 24th day of December and the 25th day of August, or between the first day of October and the 10th day of November in any year, both dates exclusive. Nor upon Sunday or when the ground is sufficiently covered with snow to track the birds or game above mentioned. And there shall be a daily closed season on all the above mentioned game birds and game animals, with the exception of rabbits, between sunset and sunrise."

By another provision the season for deer is closed until 1922.

E. R. JONES,
State's Attorney.

FOR SALE—A seven passenger six cylinder Studebaker car. Has run less than 3000 miles; electric lights; electric starter; all modern improvements. A Bargain. Address C, this office.

Subscribe for The Republican.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure
Made from Cream of Tartar
NO ALUM—NO PHOSPHATE

MR. WILSON'S WARS.

President Wilson is running on the platform "he kept us out of war." This claim is based on a half-truth, a pettifogging quibble, It is true that since Mr. Wilson has been in office Congress has not formally declared war against any foreign nation. But the President has, on his own initiative repeatedly engaged in war, without calling it war. In two instances (when he seized Vera Cruz in 1914 and again when he invaded Chihuahua in 1916). Congress gave an ex-post facto approval to his military expeditions and authorized him to employ the armed forces of the United States on foreign soil. Those who say that Mr. Wilson "kept us out of war" haggle over definitions. Mr. Wilson has four times prosecuted by force in foreign territory what he considered the rights of the United States—once in Hayti, once in the Dominican republic, and twice in Mexico.

Money to Loan on real estate. Renninger & Offutt, Attorneys, Garrett National Bank building, Oakland, Md. Adv. tf

Notice to Subscribers.

Beginning November 1st, 1916, the subscription price of The Republican will be advanced from $1.25 per year to $1.50 per year. This advance in price is made unwillingly by the publisher, but at the same time it is absolutely necessary by reason of the fact that every single item going into the making of a newspaper, including inks, paper and fixed charges has so advanced that the present subscription price of $1.25 per year is much less than the cost of production.

News print paper has advanced from $2.40 per hundred pounds to $7.00 per hundred pounds, while inks have advanced from 6 cents per pound to 15 cents per pound within the past six months. It was the hope of the management that prices would become normal and this advance in the price of subscription would not be necessary; but instead indications are that all material will become higher.

Anyone desiring to pay their subscription in advance prior to November 1st may do so at the present rate for a period of not more than one year. All subscriptions that are now paid in advance will be continued the full time paid for. All subscriptions in arrear must be promptly settled as we cannot longer carry delinquents.

The Lutheran Church

SECOND STREET, OAKLAND

Sunday School, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

B. H. SINCELL, Superintendent.

Men's Brotherhood Class, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

O. A. BREMER, Teacher.

All the men not attending Sunday School elsewhere are cordially invited to join this class and to have a part in the study and discussion of the lesson

Morning Worship, 10.45 o'Clock.

The pastor will preach a Missionary sermon as he announced some time ago and desires as many of his people present as may be possible.

Luther League, 6.30 o'Clock P. M.

Topic—"The Sure Promise (The "Amen")
Leader—MISS GERTRUDE GLOTFELTY.

Evening Worship, 7.30 o'Clock.

All friends of the church and those without a permanent church home are invited to worship with us.

Afternoon Worship at Hutton, Md.

There will be worship in the Hutton school Sunday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Rev. O. A. Bremer will preach.

O. A. BREMER, Pastor.

—The above was prepared by the pastor and the advertisement is authorized and paid for by one interested in church work.

It's the price that sells Gas Stoves at Naylor & Co's. Adv.

Mr. W. H. Bittinger, of Accident, was in the city yesterday and called at this office.

Mrs. Ophelia Trippett, of Salem, West Va., is here on a visit to her sister, Mrs. Scott T. Jones.

Mr. Richard Custer, of near Swanton, visited Oakland on business yesterday when he called at this office.

Attorney D. Lindley Sloan, of Cumberland, spent Tuesday afternoon in Oakland on professional business.

FOR RENT—A dwelling on Second street. Apply to Miss Mollie Porter.
Advertisement 34-2t

Mrs. Harry Hodges, of Keyser, West Va., is in Oakland visiting her aunt, Miss Mollie Porter, and other relatives.

Miss Beatrice Faherty left Oakland Wednesday for Cumberland, where she will spend several days the guest of relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Sliger left Oakland Tuesday afternoon in their automobile for a trip to Baltimore and intermediate points.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Hammond returned to Oakland last Saturday from an automobile trip through Maryland and Pennsylvania.

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Naylor, who spent a week visiting relatives and friends in Eastern West Virginia, have returned to their home in Oakland.

How about your Roofing, Floor Covering, Roof Paints, Oils, Greases, Valve Fittings, Pipe Pumps and Hose? Adv.

Mr. J. L. Harvey, one of The Republican's excellent friends from the neighborhood of Deer Park, was in the city early yesterday morning and visited this office.

The attention of our readers is directed to the change of advertisement of the Garrett National Bank which shows a perceptible increase in deposits and along other lines over that of a year ago.

FOR SALE—A 78 acre farm; 50 acres under cultivation; 7 room house, good barn, abundance of spring water; 10 acres virgin timber, for $2400. E. F. DEWITT, Scottdale, Pa. Adv. 34-4t

Mrs. Louis Bowman, of near town, is on a visit to relatives at Pittsburgh, having left Oakland for that point on Thursday last and was accompanied by her sister, Miss Sophie Ault, of Accident.

FOR SALE—One good draft horse; dark iron gray; 6 years old; weighs 1400 lbs.; gentle and a good worker. Will sell on easy terms. A. D. NAYLOR.
Advertisement 34-3t

Mr. Harry L. McComas, of Baltimore, where he is engaged as an employ of the C. & P. Telephone Company, spent Tuesday in Oakland visiting his parents, Dr. and Mrs. Henry W. McComas.

The Board of County Commissioners was in session yesterday and this morning when they met in conference a representative of the State Tax Commission and transacted some business of minor importance.

Mr. J. M. Stearn, who purchased a farm near Swanton some years ago, has disposed of his real estate and in a short time he will sell his personal property and return to his former home near Harrisonburg, Va., to again engage in agriculture.

County Superintendent F. E. Rathbun spent several days last week and this week in New York City on business connected with educational matters. Under the new school law the local authorities must employ a supervisor for the grade schools and it was upon this mission that he made the trip to New York.

Capt. Sam Kight, retired Baltimore and Ohio conductor, is visiting his nephew, Mr. James D. Hamill and other relatives in Oakland. Capt. Kight is well known at all points along the railroad from Grafton to Cumberland over which line he traveled almost daily for nearly fifty years and was retired several years ago, having reached the age limit in point of service.

Rev. and Mrs. W. M. Shultz, the former being the recently appointed pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church in Oakland, arrived here on Thursday afternoon last in their automobile, having driven through from Wheeling that day. On Sunday morning Rev. Shultz preached his initial sermon to the local congregation which was well received by the membership.

The editor and Mrs. Sincell and Miss Julia Byrne enjoyed a few days' outing last week in Floyd White's new Ford which carried the party safely and in comfort through Maryland and into Gettysburg, Pa., where Saturday and Sunday was spent. From Gettysburg the trip to Westminster was made Sunday afternoon and Monday. The journey was a most pleasant one.

. . . THE . . .

Garrett National Bank

OF OAKLAND, MARYLAND

Statement of Condition at the Close of Business October 18, 1916

RESOURCES.

Loans and Investments,	$596,967 94
United States Bonds,	50,000 00
Banking House, Furniture and Fixtures,	30,500 00
Due from Banks,	4,771 18
Redemption Fund with U. S. Treasurer,	2,500 00
Cash and Reserve,	93,445 93
Total,	$778,185 05

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock,	$50,000 00
Surplus and Undivided Profits,	69,160 31
National Bank Notes outstanding,	49,497 50
Due to other Banks,	4,798 30
DEPOSITS	604,728 94
Total,	$778,185 05

Deposits October 18th, 1916, . $604,728.94
Deposits October 18th, 1915, . 507,604.37
INCREASE, . . $97,124.57

OFFICERS

GILMOR S. HAMILL, President. G. A FRALEY, Cashier.
D. E. OFFUTT, Jr. Vice Pres't. H. L. JONES, Ass't. Cashier.

DIRECTORS

GILMOR S. HAMILL, JOHN T. MITCHELL, CHARLES S. DAVIS,
DANIEL E. OFFUTT, Jr, JOSEPH E. HARNED
HARLAND L. JONES, GEORGE A. FRALEY.

GARRETT COUNTY and C. & P. TELEPHONES.

Gas Stoves, Gas Fixtures
Inverted and Upright Lights, Pipe Fittings and Valves.
Lavatories, Bath Tubs, Closets, Kitchen Sinks, Tanks and Water Heaters.
Calcimo wall Finish and Floor Covering.
Carlide and Lighting Plants.
Wagons, Buggies, Trailers and Carts.
The Famous Sharpless Separators, to meet all needs and prices.
Honeywell Hot Water Heating Systems and Calorie Pipless Furnaces, installed by expert workmen.

Remember the place

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.

"Naylor has it and sells it for less."

ESTABLISHED 1884.

D. E. BOLDEN

Furniture Dealer and Funeral Director

HAVING moved my furniture business to the Manhattan Hotel store room, I am prepared to serve the public to the best of my ability, having now in stock the finest line of Furniture ever brought to the city and which I offer as cheap as it can be bought in the wholesale markets.

All I ask is a chance to name you prices.

My stock is complete in every detail, and which consists of Furnitnre, Carpets, Mattings, Window Shades, Bedding of all kinds, large and small Rugs—in fact everything with which to furnish a house from cellar to attic.

I am also prepared to give estimates on Buildings and repair work—from a pig pen to a palace.

Call and see me; I will treat you fair and square.

Thanking the public for past favors and soliciting a continuance of the same, I remain,

Yours respectfully,

D. E. BOLDEN

Your Bank
if it is doing its full duty, is
Your Best Business Friend.

Our most earnest desire is to merit the friendship of every resident of this community, whether our customer or not. It may be our experience has covered your particular situation. For disinterested advice bring your Business Problems to us.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OAKLAND - MARYLAND

Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Kahl spent a few days in Cumberland last week, where Mr. Kahl was looking after some business matters.

Mrs. James A. Sweeney returned to her home in Baltimore, Monday, after an extended visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hart.

Great bargains on tin ware, glass ware, queensware and granite ware at the Racket Store. Adv. 34-4t

Mrs. John T. Mitchell and son, John, spent several days of last week in Ridgley, West Va., visiting friends and relatives.

Mr. F. A. Brobst, of Swanton, was in town Saturday on business.

Mrs. A. Filsinger, of Deer Park, was in Oakland Saturday on business.

Did you hear the Racket Store. Adv.

Mr. Chauncey Bittinger, of Accident, was in town Saturday.

Mr. Harry Bougler, of Cumberland, spent part of Sunday in Oakland.

Mr. Claude Reigger, of Grafton, W. Va., spent Saturday in Oakland.

Mr. Michael Kelly returned to Oakland, Friday, from Hagerstown.

Miss Evelyn Helbig spent Friday evening and Saturday Cumberland.

Mrs. Tresa Greeser spent Sunday in Kitzmiller, as the guests of friends.

Mr. Robert Helbig, of Westernport, spent Sunday at his home in Oakland.

Misses Edwana and Ara Peddicord spent Saturday in Cumberland shopping.

Mr. and Mrs. James Bowers, of Swanton, spent Friday in Oakland on business.

Lee Hayden will be glad to see all of his old friends at the Racket Store. Adv. 34-4t

Dr. W. W. Grant motored to Cumberland Sunday where he was the guest of friends.

Naylor & Co., have just received a big supply of Gas Stoves.
Advertisement.

Mr. George Blessing, of Frederick, Md., spent Sunday in Oakland the guest of friends.

Mr. George Lohr, of Grafton, West Va., spent Sunday in Oakland visiting his mother, Mrs. D. H. Lohr.

Mr. Norman Reidler spent Sunday at his home in Mt. Savage, Md., returning to Oakland Monday morning.

Great Bargains at the Racket Store.
Advertisement.

Miss Kathleen Helbig, who spent several months in Cleveland, Ohio, returned home Saturday.

Mr. Dwight Townshend left Oakland Saturday for Pittsburgh, Pa., where he expects to secure employment.

Mr. J. N. Whorton, of Cumberland, spent several days in Oakland last week visiting his son, J. W. Whorton.

Edward Lewis, who is traveling for Quayle & Co., New York, is on a visit to his parents in Oakland.

Mr. and Mrs. M. R. Hamill and daughter, Margaret, spent several days at Blaine, W. Va., last week returning to their home Sunday.

Mrs. T. W. Stewart and daughter, Helen, left Friday evening for Parkersburg, W. Va., where they will visit relatives and friends for a few weeks.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

To avoid the rush come early to the Racket Store. Adv. 34-4t

Mrs. William Canty and daughter, Miss Mary, returned to Oakland Sautrday after spending several days in Cumberland where they were guests of relatives.

Mrs. J. L. Smyth, and daughter, returned to their home in Fairmont Sunday. They have been on an extended visit to Mrs. Smyth's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Ault.

Messrs. John Sweeney, Percy Frantz Guy Hinebaugh and Wallace Brown returned to Oakland Saturday night from Hagerstown where they had been attending the fair.

The Racket Store will trade for all kinds of country produce. Adv.

Miss Ella Beckwith, who spent several weeks in various points in Pennsylvania, returned home last Monday and resumed her position as chief operator in the Bell telephone office.

Mr. Robert White, of Ashtabula, Ohio, spent Saturday and Sunday in Oakland as the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charley White, returning to Astabula Sunday night.

Miss Charlotte Sweet, who was in training at the Home Sanitorium for the past two years has left that institu tion and in a few weeks will enter Cooks Hospital at Fairmont where she will complete her course of training.

Prof. Maurice K. Turner, of the Fairmont State Normal and who was Principal of the Oakland Grammar School several years ago, was in Oakland Saturday and Sunday visiting friends.

Rev. H. E. Sloop, who has been pastor of the Red House Lutheran church for several years, has resigned his pastorate to take effect on November 1st, when he will move to a point in lower West Virginia to continue as a minister of the same denomination.

Come early and get your choice of Gas Heaters at the right price from A. D. Naylor & Co. Adv.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Renninger and Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Sincell returned to Oakland Sunday evening, after having spent the past week on a motor trip through the Valley of Virginia, Maryland and Pennsylvania.

How about your Separator? See Naylor & Co., about the famous Sharpless Separator and eliminate all your troubles.
Advertisement.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. O'Brien and daughter, Nina, of North Glade, and Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Glover, daughter and son, of Walla Walla, Washington, were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Falkenstein Sunday.

FOR SALE—Good winter apples, 25 cents per bushel; Cider apples, 10 cents per bushel in orchard. Address Wm. E. Fitzwater, R. D. 1, Swanton, Md.

Mr. E. G. Naylor has a force of men making repairs to the Oak street bridge, the contract having been awarded to him by Mayor and Town Council. A new floor will be put down and the iron work scraped and repainted.

FOR SALE—The complete set of Blacksmith Tools owned by the late George Rider. Can be seen at the shop in Gorman, everything complete for a first class shop. Apply to E. M. Mickey, Gormania, W. Va.
Adv. 22-3t

The venerable John J. Michael, of Shade Mills, east of Grantsville on the Pike, accompanied by his daughter, Miss Angie, spent Sunday and part of Monday at the home of his granddaughter, Mrs. E. E. Friend, at Mountain Lake Park. Mr. Michael is more than ninety-three years of age, well preserved and is in full possession of all his faculties. The occasion of Mr. Michael's visit to the Park was to visit his greatgreatgranddaughter, the infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Walter W. Dawson, when a photograph of the five generations of the family was made.

The Celebrated South Bend Plow.

Buy one now and pay for it in the spring. Price is just right.
McIntire's Hardware Store, Oakland.
Advertisement.

For Sale.

Crooks Crest, comprising about twenty acres, improved by handsome house. Apply to the owner or any real estate agent. Mrs. E. Fundenberg, Oakland, Md. Adv. 12-tf

Public Sale of Personal Property.

The undersigned will offer at public sale and sell to the highest bidder, a lot of live stock, farm implements, grain and hay at his farm 2½ miles south of Mountain Lake Park on Friday, October 20th, beginning at one o'clock p. m. See posters for further particulars, as to terms, etc. B. F. Shaffer.
Advertisement.

FOR SALE—A few choice Shropshire Ram Lambs at Little Meadows, Grantsville, Md. H. P. Miller, Superintendent. Adv. 31-6t

REPUBLICAN

MASS MEETING

Republican Meetings will be held throughout Garrett county on the following dates, to which all citizens are invited.

Sang Run, Monday, Oct. 23, 2 o'clock
Jennings, Monday, Oct. 23, 5 o'clock
Grantsville, Monday, Oct. 23, 8 o'clock
Bittinger, Tuesday, Oct. 24, 2 o'clock
Accident, Tuesday, Oct. 24, 4 o'clock
Friendsville, Tuesday, Oct. 24, 8 o'clock
Swanton, Wednesday, Oct. 25, 2 o'clock
Kitzmiller, Wednesday, Oct. 25, 8 o'clock
Deer Park, Thursday, Oct. 26, 2 o'clock
Crellin, Thursday, Oct. 26, 8 o'clock

These meetings will be addressed and the important questions confronting the people will be ably discussed by

Hon. Frederick N. Zihlman,

Candidate for Congress

Hon. Richard H. Bond,

Of Baltimore County

Hon. L. L. Shaffer,

Of Cumberland, and others

Ladies are invited to all meetings

JAMES C. PEDDICORD,
Chairman.

BITTINGER.

As a result of the sittings of the Board of Registrars for this district, four Republicans and two Democrats were added to the list of voters.

The past week witnessed considerable excitement and high competition among sheep buyers in this section, and as a result the highest price paid for spring lambs was $9 per hundred pounds, which was paid by Messrs. Smouse and Rush. Other buyers were 25 cents below this price.

Thomas H. Brenneman made a business trip to Oakland last Saturday, the trip being made in C. Oester's car.

A. J. Oester and family were visiting at McHenry on Sunday.

Mrs. S. O. Wiley, of Oakland, spent last week with relatives and friends here.

Adam Bittinger and sister, Mrs. Noonan, of Connellsville, Pa., were guests of their aunt, Mrs. Joel Brenneman, for a week past.

Rev. J. L. Marvin was absent from his flock for several days in attendance at the annual meeting of the West Virginia Synod, of the Lutheran church, recently held at Clarksburg, West Va.

Mrs. Lester Hetrick and children are visiting Mrs. Hetrick's parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Speicher.

KEYSER RIDGE

Husking corn and digging potatoes is now the farmers daily work.

Mrs. Lewis Smearman attended the fair at Hagerstown Thursday last.

Mrs. Sarah Speicher was visiting at Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Speicher's Sunday.

The Western Union Telegraph Co., have a force of men working on the telegraph line at this place. They are erecting new poles which adds very much to the improvement of the line.

Mr. C. J. Hanft is home from Red Oak visiting friends.

Mr. Nathan Custer was calling on Miss Nellie Patton Sunday.

Mr. Peter Beachy dined at C. J. Folk's Sunday.

The school at this place is moving along nicely under the management of Miss Leota Shartzer.

BOBBY.

I will pay 12½ cents per pound for Hog Dressed Veals. Andrew Shartzer, Oakland, Md. Advertisement.

BLOOMINGTON

Mr. Harry Kight, store manager for the Monroe Coal Mining Co., at Barnum, is back home from a business trip to Baltimore city. He was accompanied by Mr. Kirby Dellinger, manager of the store for the Garrett Coal Co., at Dodson, and was on the occasion of their annual fall trip to the East to lay in their supplies of merchandise for the fall and winter season. The journey was made in Mr. Kight's Hudson Super Six and although not a speed test by any means remarkably fast time was made on the way to the city. The party left Cumberland on last Monday morning at 7:30, arriving in Baltimore at 12:30, covering the distance in 5 hours, considerably better than the fastest train over the B. & O. The trip to the city and return was made without a single mishap of any kind, the only stops being made for oil and gas.

Mr. A. Leon Bozman, of Baltimore, spent the week-end in town the guest of very dear friends. On Sunday Mr. Bozman entertained Cashier Kepler of the First National Bank of Kitzmillerville.

Mr. Curtis Wilson, of Bond, who for the past few years has been chauffeur on the motor car plying between Bond Junction and the town of Bond, has resigned his position and moved to Bloomington. He is succeeded by his brother.

Born, unto Mr. and Mrs. William Joseph, at the home of her mother, Mrs. Powers, of Beryl, on last Saturday evening, a boy.

Mr. Martin Broadwater, living about two miles from Bond, has buried two members of his family in the last ten days. One the youngest son, ten years of age died last Thursday, one week after his mother's death. Both died of typhoid fever.

Mr. James Loughridge, who has been making his home with his son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Wilson, went to Cumberland the first of the week to enter the Western Maryland hospital for treatment for typhoid fever. This is the third case to develop in the family, Mr. Wilson, having returned this week from the hospital a convalescent from the disease.

The call of the road! The delightful weather of last Sunday, the excellent roads on the West Virginia side (not on the Maryland side in this section by any means) attracted every one in this community fortunate enough to own a car, to take to the road and spend the day, motoring from place to place. Postmaster Stump and family, County Commissioner Geo. Warnick and family, accompanied by his brother, Mr. Truman Warnick, of Cleveland, journeyed to Burlington. Mr. F. H. Tibbetts, wife and daughter Isabelle, accompanied by States Attorney Tyler of Mineral county, took dinner at Martinsburg. Mr. George Kinkead and family Forded to Frostburg, dined at the Gladstone, drove to Grantsville for an after dinner smoke and got home in time for an early supper.

Mr. William Kalbaugh, owner of the finest farm in the Elk district, Mineral county, West Va., lost three valuable horses last week, from poisoning. The horses escaped from pasture and had been grazing in the woods for three or four days and when found were too sick to drive home and died shortly afterward. It is thought the animals got hold of poison that had been scattered in the woods for sheep killing dogs.

Born, unto Mr. and Mrs. Milton Michaels, early on last Sunday morning, a boy. Mr. and Mrs. Michaels are boarding with Mr. and Mrs. William Ward, the latter having recently moved to the property of Mrs. Sarah Tompson.

Mrs. Jennie Kalbaugh, of Westernport, who has been the guest of friends at Borderside for the past few days, returned home Tuesday.

The Grand officers of the Grand Lodge I. O. O. F. of the State of Maryland paid an official visit to the Bloomington lodge on last Monday night and were royally entertained by its members.

RED OAK

The farmers are busy husking corn.

Mr. Wesley Harvey spent Sunday at J. F. Child's.

Mr. J. Taylor, of Regittsville, was calling on Miss Hazel Jack Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. Sylvanus Cooper, attended the fair at Hagerstown the past week.

Virgil Jack, of Bayard, spent Sunday with her parents at this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Harvey and Mr. Anderson, of Fairview, spent Sunday at D. F. Cooper's.

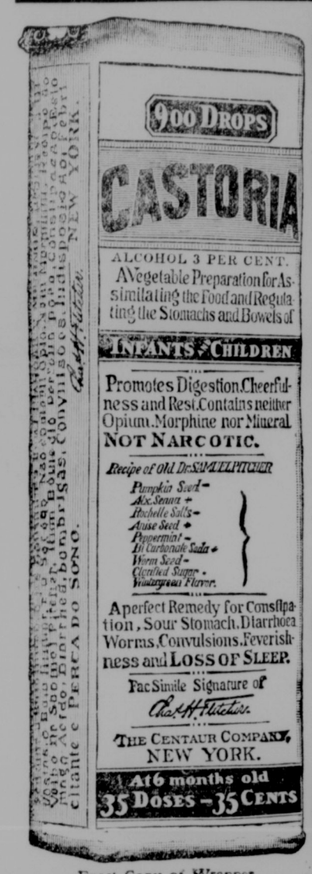
The surprise party that was held for Josie Fike Monday evening was well attended.

Miss Mamie Arnold spent Sunday with Estella Cooper.

Mr. Isaac Arnold went out with his automobile Sunday, but he seemed to think horses were better than a car.

Mr. and Mrs. Lester Walker, of Henry, W. Va., spent Sunday at this place.

Subscribe for The Republican.



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For Infants and Children.
Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria
Always Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

THE CITY'S BEST
MEAT MARKET
IN THE EMPIRE BUILDING.
Choice Steak, Boiling Meat, and all other kinds of meat. Highest cash price paid for Poultry and Eggs; also cash paid for Hides and Skins.
H. L. MILLER

GORTNER

Jacob Swartzentruber assisted W. H. Smouse in driving a herd of cattle from Accident Monday.

P. P. Gortner and family motored to Black Water Falls Sunday afternoon.

Sarah Sanders is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Lester Dewitt in Oakland.

Miss Mabel Wamsley was visiting Mrs. Geo. Sanders and family Saturday and Sunday.

Grover Gortner, of Loch Lynn, was visiting friends at this place Sunday.

Mrs. Catherine Slabaugh and daughter, Mrs. Frank Shaffer, left Friday for Akron, Ohio, where they will be the guests of Gil Slabaugh and family.

A crowd of young people from Silver Knob took a hike to the cider mill at this place one evening last week.

Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Lichty were visiting Mr. and Mrs. Felty Selders at Brookside Sunday. Mrs. Selders is very ill of cancer.

FORT HILL

Mr. Noah Wilt has been preparing for the winter, which is coming. He says "come and see me, I have the bread." He always has.

Mrs. Mary Watkins, of Baltimore, spent the latter part of last week with J. Albert Wilt.

Hearing this morning that Mrs. John A. Wilt, who has had the rheumatism, is improving.

Miss Helen Tasker, who has charge of the school at this place, is getting along very nicely and with all prospects of it continueing so. She spent Saturday and Sunday with home folks.

Mr. Thompson Paugh, of Bloomington, spent a few days with his father, Mr. Henry Paugh, who is ill. He is the oldest man in this neighborhood.

Digging potatoes is a money making business this year, if you understand raising them.

Misses J. and P. Coats are preparing to start business in Luke, Md., this winter.

Mr. T. R. Murphy and family and S. F. Broadwater and family, all of Dry Run, spent Sunday with J. Albert Wilt.

Garrett County School Commissioners, why not pay Mr. Emory Tasker a salary for having pity on the school teachers by not letting them walk to their school.

Split Siding Cheap.

We have just received a car of Split Siding which we offer at a low price to those who place their orders immediately. H. W. Kahl & Sons, Oakland Planing Mills, Oakland, Md. Adv.

REAL BARGAINS
IN
REAL ESTATE

One of the most desirable residences on Alder street in Oakland, now owned by M. A. Carney, and occupied as a residence by States Attorney Jones, is offered at a very attractive price.

A valuable 90 acre farm near Ottaway, Garrett Co., on the line of the proposed new state road to West Va., and a very desirable piece of real estate.

Improved farm of 138 acres near Swanton, Garrett Co., improved by nine room dwelling, barn and young orchard now bearing. A safe investment.

JAS. D. HAMILL,
Real Estate Agent.

Farm for Sale

Containing two hundred and seventy-six acres. About 175 acres cleared and in good cultivation and the balance in timber.

Located twelve miles west of Lonaconing in Garrett county in the Fairview settlement. With seven or eight never failing springs on it. One dwelling house containing seven rooms and a good cellar; bank barn 40 x 60 feet and all other necessary outbuildings.

Good apple orchard of about 200 bearing trees and all other kinds of fruits.

If not sold prior to January 1st, 1917, the property will be for rent.

For any other information call on or address the undersigned.

JONAS WEITZELL,
Lonaconing, Md.

We Carry in Stock
TIRES
TUBES
SHOCK ABSORBERS
CHAINS
SPARK PLUGS
DRY CELLS
TIRETITE
And many other accessories at the
OAKLAND GARAGE,
Prest-O-Lite Exchange,
Oakland, Maryland.

Subscribe for The Republican.

THE WEEK'S BIG NEWS EVENTS

Happenings That Caused A Stir Briefly Chronicled.

SITUATION AT WASHINGTON

Executive Acts at the Capital—Victories and Defeats of the Great War—Doings in the Forty-Eight States Recorded.

WAR BULLETINS

The British are now fighting against a single line of German trenches on lower rolling lands, having taken the fortified hills, Major General F. B. Maurice, chief director of military operations, says in telling of the advantages gained in the Somme drive.

The total British casualties on all fronts for the week just ended announced by the War Department to have been 22,852 of all ranks, killed, wounded, and missing.

The whole Greek fleet has now joined the revolutionary movement.

The French and British lost 130 aeroplanes last month on the western front, as compared with 21 lost by the Germans.

In Macedonia the British who crossed the Struma have taken more positions, and the Bulgarian left wing in Greece is in retreat.

A second heavy defeat has been inflicted on the Rumanians in southern Transylvania by General von Falkenhayn, Hindenburg's predecessor as German Chief of Staff.

Von Falkenhayn apparently is proceeding methodically to clean up the whole Transylvanian border.

In the Dobrudja region of Rumania the Russians and Rumanians are advancing southward against the Teutonic Allies, according to Bucharest.

WASHINGTON

Presidents of nineteen colleges and universities have been called in conference by the War Department preparatory to establishment of systematic methods for training in those institutions reserve officers for the army.

Capt. A. T. Long, Superviser of naval auxiliaries at Norfolk, Va., was assigned to command the battleship Connecticut.

Brig.-Gen. Montgomery Meiggs Macomb, U. S. A., president of the army war college, was retired from active service.

The newly appointed Ambassador from Japan, Aimaco Sato, arrived at Washington.

The United States pension bureau at Washington, has received 66,000 applications for increases of widow's pensions under the law passed by Congress at the last session.

Gen. Hugh L. Scott, chief of the army staff, who has been treated in a hospital at Washington for stomach trouble, has returned to his home entirely recovered.

Limit of weight of parcel post packages carried between the United States and Panama will be increased from eleven to twenty pounds.

The new government eight-hour day commission will first turn to Chicago and the Middle West in their investigating of railway pay and hours of labor.

GENERAL

Three persons under arrest at Cleveland on suspicion of being members of an organized band of car robbers who have been operating between Cleveland, Chicago and St. Louis for three years were turned over to federal authorities on charges of violating the Interstate Commerce act.

Professor Levi L. Conant, of the Worcester Polytechnic Institute faculty, was killed by an automobile truck.

Three children of Richard Giltner, a farmer, near Connellsville, Pa., were burned to death in the destruction of their homes by fire.

The Navy Department began preparations to establish a patrol of warships along the North Atlantic Coast to make certain that American neutrality is not violated by the German submarine raids on Allied shipping.

Automobile bandits held up eight restaurants in Northern Hammond, Ind., and made their escape with $3,000 in cash.

A canon forbidding the remarriage of divorced persons, with husbands or wives living, is presented to the General Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church, in session in St. Louis.

J. L. Hanscon, who was attacked and wounded by a large shark near Palm Beach, Fla., is dead.

The total gross earnings of all New York Central lines for August were $32,290,439, an increase of $6,167,509 over August, 1915.

Twelve United States destroyers started out to search for any possible survivors of merchantmen that fell prey to the German submarine U-53.

A strike was declared by employes of the Standard Oil Company's plant at Bayonne following the company's refusal to grant demands for wage increases of from 20 to 30 per cent.

Fire destroyed the main building of the University of Wisconsin.

Three British cruisers are scouring the waters in which the German raider claimed its toll of ships.

One hundred thousand dollars for the traction strikers is received from Detroit, Mich.

Frederick L. Small, formerly a Boston stock broker, was held for the Grand Jury charged with the murder of his wife, Florence A. Small, after a hearing in the District Court at Mountainview, N. H.

Ellis E. Shookman, cashier of the Burrows Bank at Burrows, Ind., confessed the theft of $10,000, after surrendering at the state Auditor's office.

James O'Brien, of Providence, R. I., who has been held since last summer on a charge of having murdered Beatrice Walter, was set free.

Two white men were shot and killed and a third severely wounded by seven negroes in a race riot near Hibill, Meagher County, Mont.

A Chicago Board of Trade membership sold at $6,800, an advance of $500.

A memorial meeting in honor of the late James Whitcomb Riley was held at Indianapolis on the anniversary of the poet's birth.

Mothers of Englewood, N. J., are up in arms against the change in school hours to 8:30 in the morning and discrimination in favor of children of wealthy families.

MEXICAN CAMPAIGN

United States Secret Service agents learned of a movement of the military leaders of the de facto government to revolt and overthrow General Carranza and join the legalistas party.

The machine guns consigned to William H. Hoegee Company, of Los Angeles, were seized by the Federal authorities and held as evidence in an alleged conspiracy to violate neutrality in which four men are involved.

Batteries D., E. and F. of the 3d Field Artillery, N. G. N. Y., arrived at McAllen, Texas, from Camp Whitman.

Unmolested by Carranza troops, Francisco Villa is in control of all territory in the State of Chihuahua, west of San Antonio. He is making his headquarters at Malpaso and has 4,000 men under his command. The bandit chieftain is recruiting scores of volunteers daily.

General Venustiano Carranza may not be a candidate for the Presidency of Mexico at the first election to be held by the de facto Government. J. J. Pesquiera, Carranza Consul at Los Angeles, Cal., declared upon his arrival from Mexico City en route to Los Angeles.

Orders for the return of the first field hospital and the first battalion of the 22d Engineers of New York have been received from the War Department.

SPORTING

Although the Rumanians in northeast Transylvania continue to fall back before the Austro-Germans, from this region al along the battle line to the vicinity of Orsova on the Danube they not alone are giving battle to their adversaries but at several points by violent counter-attacks have gained an advantage over them.

Boston Americans retain world's baseball championship by defeating Brooklyn in fifth game of series, 4 to 1. Total receipts for five games, $385,590.

Lee Axworthy, driven by amateur owner, trots in 2:02 3-4 to wagon—a record—at Lexington, Ky.

Percy A. Rockefeller's hunters win all the prizes in class for hunters at White Plains horse show.

Members of the Chicago American and National League ball clubs divide a purse of $19,581 as their share of the city series receipts.

William Kyromen of New York won the Brockton Fair Marathon race of 25 miles.

A representative of "Tex" Rickard and "Sam" McCracken, who promoted the ten round bout between Jess Willard and Frank Moran at Madison Square Garden, New York, last March, is now on his way to France to offer Georges Carpentier $25,000 for one fight in this country.

FOREIGN

King Haakon has approved an ordinance forbidding submarines of belligerent powers from traversing Norwegian waters except in emergencies, when they must remain on the surface and fly the national flag.

Mrs. Francisco Villa, wife of the Mexican bandit leader, sailed from Havana for New Orleans.

Norman Prince, American aviator, is dead of wounds received fighting for France.

The total number of casualties among officers and men of the Canadian expeditionary forces was 52,026, up to October 11.

King Alfonso presided in person at a meeting of the Spanish Cabinet when the questions arising from German submarine activities were discussed.

The Russian Government released 21 Swedish vessels which have been held in Russian harbors.

Captain Paul Koenig of the German submarine Deutschland is reported preparing for a second trip across the ocean.

The most violent rainstorm in 50 years has paralyzed railroads, destroyed bridges and damaged crops over a large part of Scotland.

RUMANIAN ARMY FALLING BACK

Make Stubborn Resistance to Austro-German Forces in Transylvania

VIOLENT INFANTRY FIGHTING

London.—Steadily the pressure of the Austro-German forces is compelling the Rumanian troops who invaded Transylvania less than eight weeks ago, to fall back upon or toward their own frontier. In Eastern Transylvania, north of Kronstadt, Berlin reports additional territory free of Rumanians. Southeast of Kronstadt the Austro-Germans have also been successful against the invaders. The Rumanians, however, are offering stubborn resistance. Bucharest reports the repulse by them of attacks on the frontier of Southern Transylvania.

Violent infantry fighting continues on the Carso front, in the Austro-Italian theatre, with further successes for the Italians. In the vicinity of Gorizia, and to the south of this region, they have repulsed heavy Austrian counter attacks, inflicting heavy casualties, and east of Doberdo have approached the second Austrian line, taking 400 prisoners.

Vienna admits the loss of the town of Novavas, but announces that the Austrians put down Italian attacks at other points on the Carso Plateau and made 2,700 men prisoner. In the Pasubio region of the Trentino sector some additional gains in ground are claimed by the Italians.

The French and British have been repulsed in a new attempt to break through the German lines between the Ancre and the Somme rivers in France. The British attacked in the district around Gueudecourt and the French near Sailly, but neither was able to pierce the defense of the Germans, although London claims a slight advance near Gueudecourt. South of the Somme stubborn fighting is still in progress at Genermont and Ablaincourt.

In Macedonia the Entente offensive apparently has come to a halt. British advance guards have been active east of the Struma, but on the remainder of the front there has been little activity. A belated report from Sofia records the repulse of six Serbian attacks at Skochivir, on the Cerna River.

TEUTONS PRESS RUMANIANS.

London.—Continued successes of the Teutonic forces in Transylvania were reported from Berlin and Vienna, the Rumanians, it is asserted, having been driven to retreat both east and south. In the latter region the Teuton advance is now within seven miles of the Rumanian frontier. Bucharest, however, declares that the Germans and Austrians are still being held from strong positions in certain sections.

The Teutonic campaign is apparently something of a race against time in competition with the advance of the forces of the Entente forces in Macedonia. The former, if swiftly continuing its success, would have the effect of relieving the sorely pressed Bulgarians in Macedonia, since it would serve to release Bulgarian forces in the Dobrudja and on the Rumanian border along the Danube for service in Macedonia.

Meanwhile the British, Serbian and Franco-Russian armies in Macedonia are continuing their forward movement. The latest reports from the Saloniki front state that the British have pushed forward on a twenty-mile front toward the railway from Seres to Rupel, with the capture of two additional villages, and are now within three miles of this railroad.

On the western end of the Macedonia front, in the general campaign to re-enter Serbia by way of Monastir, the Serbians are settled on the northern bank of the Tcherna river, to the southeast of Monastir, and have captured the village of Skochivir. The Serbians are now within six miles of Mosastir. The Franco-Russian troops have pressed forward to the new Bulgarian line from Kenali to Lake Presba, on the western side of the Tcherna valley and to the southwest of Monastir.

SAYS ALLIES LOST 500,000

German Military Critic Insists Somme Crisis Is Past.

Berlin. — Captain von Salzmann, military critic of the Vossische Zeitung, is quoted by the Overseas News Agency in a discussion of the Somme battle as follows: We know that France and England have already employed ninety divisions on the Somme, which means a million men and that five hundred thousand of these ninety division are already disabled. Our enemies give 500,000 as disabled.

READ ADMIRAL COOK DEAD

Retired Officer Commanded the Brooklyn at Santiago.

Northampton, Mass.—Rear Admiral Francis A. Cook, U. S. N., retired, who was commended for "eminent and conspicuous conduct in battle," while in command of the cruiser Brooklyn at the battle of Santiago de Cuba, died suddenly at his home here during the night. Admiral Cook was born here in 1843. For forty years he served in the American Navy, retiring in 1903.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters Testamentry on the estate of

OTTO FILSINGER

late of Garrett County, Md., deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 17th day of February, 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 17th day of August, 1916.

E. R. JONES,
Executor,
Oakland, Md.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.

Under the law passed recently all State taxes are due Sept. 1st after which date they bear interest. Taxpayers, in remitting their taxes, are urged to add sufficient interest to cover taxes in arrear otherwise their remittances will be returned which adds materially to the work of the Treasurer and causes more or less trouble to the remitters.

J. W. KIMMELL, Treasurer.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

ARTHUR O. HARVEY,

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 12th day of March 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 12th day of September 1916.

N. B. HARVEY,
Administrator,
R. D. 1 Deer Park, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

SARAH F. RYLAND

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 10th day of April, 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under our hand this 10th day of October, 1916.

NORA I. REYBECK,
Administratrix.
Confluence, Pa.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

BUCKNER MASON

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before he 12th, day of March, 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 12th day of September, 1916.

A. B. MASON,
Administrator,
Swanton, Md.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Testamentary on the estate of

JOHN M. FISHER

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 12th day of March 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 12th day of September, 1916.

MILTON FISHER,
Executor,
Accident Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County, Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

SIMON P. BAKER,

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 12th day of March, 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 12th day of September, 1916.

ELIZABETH E. BAKER,
Adm'x
R. D. Deer Park, Md.

Road Petition

Notice is hereby given that thirty days after the first publication hereof application will be made to the Board of County Commissioners of Garrett county, Maryland, for the appointment of viewers to view and locate a proposed new public road in Election District No. 1 of Garrett county, said proposed new road to begin at a point at the Ingman Place and running thence through the lands of Thayer & Mason, John Steiding, Calvin Glotfelty, Marcellus Shank, Laura E. Green, C. J. Beachy and Mrs. Wilhelm to connect with the Swanton road at the gate of C. J. Beachy, a distance of about two miles.

C. H. GLOTFELTY,
C. J. BEACHY,
MARCELLUS SHANK,
CHARLES A. GREEN,
and others.

Published first time September 14, 1916.

The man Who Makes

A STUDY OF HIS

APPEARANCE

Is the man who best appreciates the detail of the tailoring we turn out The workmanship passes without a question, the fit is naturally a matter of course, but the shape we mould into the garments give them a character that finishes them off and makes the satisfaction of the owner complete.

All this is a bid for your next tailoring order. We know we can make you the best clothes you ever wore We want you to know it. That order is the best and only sure way to settle the question.

JAMES BROCK,

Dixon Building,

Oakland, Maryland.

PROCLAMATION

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF MARYLAND CREATING A BUDGET SYSTEM.

WHEREAS, at the January Session of the General Assembly of Maryland, held in the year 1916, an Act was passed, to-wit: Chapter 159 of said Acts, being an Act to propose an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title, "Legislative Department," of the Constitution of this State; and which said Act is in words and figures following:

"CHAPTER 159.

AN ACT to propose an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title, Legislative Department, of the Constitution of this State, regulating the making of appropriations by the General Assembly of Maryland in regular session, and to provide for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of this State for adoption or rejection.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland (three-fifths of all the members of each of the two houses concurring) That the following be and the same is hereby proposed as an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title Legislative Department, of the Constitution of this State, the same, if adopted by the legally qualified voters of the State, as herein provided, to become Section 52 of Article III of the Constitution of Maryland.

Sec. 52. The General Assembly shall not appropriate any money out of the Treasry except in accordance with the followin provisions:

Sub-Section A:

Every appropriation bill shall be either a Budget Bill, or a Supplementary Appropriation Bill, as hereinafter mentioned.

Sub-Section B:

First. Within twenty days after the convening of the General Assembly (except in the case of a newly elected Governor, and then within thirty days after his inauguration,) unless such time shall be extended by the General Assembly for the session at which the Budget is to be submitted, the Governor shall submit to the General Assembly two budgets, one for each of the ensuing fiscal years. Each budget shall contain a complete plan of proposed expenditures and estimated revenues for the particular fiscal year to which it relates; and shall show the estimated surplus or deficit of revenues at the end of such year. Accompanying each budget shall be a statement showing: (1) the revenues and expenditures for each of the two fiscal years next preceding; (2) the current assets, liabilities, reserves and surplus or deficit of the State; (3) the debts and funds of the State; (4) an estimate of the State's financial condition as of the beginning and end of each of the fiscal years covered by the two budgets above provided; (5) any explanation the Governor may desire to make as to the important features of any budget and any suggestion as to methods for the reduction or increase of the State's revenue.

Second. Each budget shall be divided into two parts, and the first part shall be designated "Governmental Appropriations" and shall embrace an itemized estimate of the appropriations: (1) for the General Assembly as certified to the Governor in the manner hereinafter provided; (2) for the Executive Department; (3) for the Judiciary Department, as provided by law, certified to the Governor by the Comptroller; (4) to pay and discharge the principal and interest of the debt of the State of Maryland in conformity with Section 34 of Article III of the Constitution, and all laws enacted in pursuance thereof; (5) for the salaries payable by the State under Constitution and laws of the State; (6) for the establishment and maintenance throughout the State of a thorough and efficient system of public schools in conformity with Article VIII of the Constitution and with the laws of the State; (7) for such other purposes as are set forth in the Constitution of the State.

Third. The second part shall be designated "General Appropriations," and shall include all other estimates of appropriations.

The Governor shall deliver to the presiding officer of each house the budgets and a bill for all the proposed appropriations of the budgets clearly itemized and classified, and the presiding officer of each house shall promptly cause said bill to be introduced therein, and such bill shall be known as the "Budget Bill." The Governor may, before final action thereon by the General Assembly, amend or supplement either of said budgets to correct an oversight or in case of an emergency, with the consent of the General Assembly by delivering such an amendment or supplement to the presiding officers of both houses; and such amendment or supplement shall thereby become a part of said budget bill, as an addition to the items of said bill or as a modification of or a substitute for any item of said bill such amendment or supplement may affect.

The General Assembly shall not amend the budget bill so as to affect either the obligations of the State under Section 34 of Article III of the Constitution, or the provisions made by the laws of the State for the establishment and maintenance of a system of public schools, or the payment of any salaries required to be paid by the state of Maryland by the Constitution thereof; and the General Assembly may not amend the bill by increasing or diminishing the items therein relating to the General Assembly; and by increasing the items therein relating to the judiciary, but except as hereinbefore specified, may not alter the said bill except to strike out or reduce items therein, provided, however, that the salary or compensation of any public officer shall not be decreased during his term of office; and such bill when and as passed by both houses shall be a law immediately without further action by the Governor

Fourth. The Governor and such representatives of the executive departments, boards, officers and commissions of the State expending or supplying for State's money, as have been designated by the Governor for this purpose, shall have the right, and when requested by either house of the Legislature, it shall be their duty to appear and be heard with respect to any budget bill during the consideration thereof, and to answer inquiries relative thereto.

Sub Section C: Supplementary Appropriation Bills:

Neither house shall consider other appropriations until the Budget Bill has been finally acted upon by both houses, and no such other appropriation shall be valid except in accordance with the provisions following: (1) Every such appropriation shall be embodied in a separate bill limited to some single work, object or purdose therein stated and called herein a Supplementary Appropriation Bill; (a) Each Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall provide the revenue necessary to pay the appropriation thereby made by a tax, direct or indirect, to be laid and collected as shall be directed in said Bill. (3) No Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall become a law unless it be passed in each house by a vote of a majority of the whole number of the members elected; and in the yeas and nays recorded on its final passages. (4) Each Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall be presented to the Governor of the State as provided in Section 17 of Article II of the Constitution and thereafter all the provisions of said Section shall apply.

Nothing in this amendment shall be construed as preventing the Legislature from passing at any time in accordance with the provisions of Section 28 of Article III of the Constitution and subject to the Governor's power of approval as provided in Section 17 of Article II of the Constitution an appropriation bill to provide for the payment of any obligation of the State of Maryland within the protection of Section 10 of Article I of the Constitution of the United States.

Sub-Section D: General Provisions:

First. If the Budget Bill shall not have been finally acted upon by the Legislature three days before the expiration of its regular session, the Governor may, and it shall be his duty to issue a proclamation extending the session for such further period as may, in his judgment, be necessary for the passage of such Bill; but no other matter than such Bill shall be considered during such extended session except a provision for the cost thereof.

Second. The Governor for the purpose of making up his budgets shall have the power, and it shall be his duty, to require from the proper State Officials, including herein all executive departments, all executive and administrative offices, bureaus boards, commissions and agencies expending or supervising the expenditure of, and all institutions applying for State moneys and appropriations, such itemized estimates and other information, in such form and at such times as he shall direct. The estimates for the Legislative Department, certified by the presiding officer of each house, of the Judiciary, as provided by law, certified by the Comptroller, and for the public schools, as provided by law shall be transmitted to the Governor, in such form and at such times as he shall direct, and shall be included in the budget without revision.

The Governor may provide for public hearings on all estimates and may require the attendance at such hearings of representatives of all agencies, and of all institutions applying for State moneys. After such public hearings he may, in his discretion, revise all estimates except those for the legislative and judiciary departments and for the public schools as provided by law.

Third. The Legislature may, from time to time, enact such laws, not inconsistent with this Section, as may be necessary and proper to carry out it provisions.

Fourth. In the event of any inconsistency between any of the provisions of this Section and any of the other provisions of the Constitution, the provisions of this Section shall prevail. But nothing hereon shall in any manner affect the provisions of Section 34 of Article III of the Constution or of any laws heretofore or hereafter passed in pursuance thereof, or be construed as preventing the Governor from calling extraordinary sessions of the Legislature, as provided by Section 16 of Article II, or as preventing the Legislature at such extraordinary sessions from considering any emergency appropriations.

If any item of any appropriation bill passed under the provisions of this Section shall be held invalid upon any ground, such invalidity shall not affect the legality of the Bill or of any other item of such Bill or Bills.

Section 2. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said foregoing Section hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution shall at the next ensuing general election, being the Presidential and Congressional election, being the Presidential and Congressional election, to be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday of November, nineteen hundred and sixteen, be submitted to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection in conformity with the directions contained in Article XVI of this state, and at said election the vote on said proposed amendment to the constitution shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be placed the following synopsis of said amendment under the caption of 'CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROVIDING FOR A BUDGET.'

"This amendment provides that the Governor shall present to the Legislature soon after it is convened a Budget giving a complete plan of proposed expenditures and estimated revenues for the two succeeding fiscal years showing clearly any surplus or deficit in State funds. In these estimates he shall make provision for the interest and sinking funds of all State debts, for all salaries as fixed by law, and for the public schools as fixed by law. With regard to most other matters he may revise the estimates presented to him either by State Officers or State aided institutions. The Legislature may not increase the estimates presented by the Governor or pass any additional appropriation act except by a majority vote and must make provision by tax for such increase or additional appropriation. The Legislature may not alter in any appropriation act the provision made by law for the State debt, or for the Judiciary, but may reduce all other items in the Governor's estimates; and the words 'for the Constitutional Amendments' and 'against the Constitutional Amendment' as now provided by law, and immediately after said election due returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote in accordance with Article XVI of the Constitution.

Approved Marah 28, 1916."

Now, therefore, I, Emerson C. Harrington, Governor of the State of Maryland, in pursuance of the direction contained in Section 1 of Article 14 of the Constitution of Maryland, do hereby order and direct a copy of this Proclamation, containing a full, true and correct copy of the text of said Chapter 159 of the Acts of Maryland of 1916, be published in at least two newspapers in each of the counties of the State and in the newspapers published in the City of Baltimore, one of which said newspapers is the City of Baltimore to be printed in the German language, once a week for three months next preceding the General Election to be held in this State on November 7th, 1916, at which election the said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be submitted, in form and manner prescribed by the General Assembly, to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection.

GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND THE GREAT SEAL OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND.

The Great Seal of Maryland.

DONE at the City of Annapolis, this twentieth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand and nine hundred and sixteen.

EMERSON C. HARRINGTON,
By the Governor:
THOMAS W. SIMMONS,
Secretary of State.

Order Nisi.

Richard E. Bell, Assignee vs. Philip T. Garthright and Sarah E. Garthright, his wife.

In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland, No. 2561 Equity.

It Is Ordered, this 10th day of October, nineteen hundred and sixteen, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in equity that the sales made and reported in the above cause by Richard E. Bell, Assignee of Mortgage, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 10th day of November, 1916; provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Oakland, Garrett county, once a week for three successive weeks before the 3rd day of November, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $1950.00.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

ROAD PETITION

Notice is hereby given that thirty days after the first publication hereof, application will be made to the County Commissioners of Garrett county for the appointment of viewers to lay out and locate a proposed new county road in Election District No. 10 of said county, said proposed road to begin at a point on the Ryan's Glade and Blaine road at or near Z. H. Moon's mail box, and running thence through the lands of Michael and Bell Tasker, Alexander Moon, George W. Walter and Jesse and George White to intersect the road leading from Bittinger to Mountain Lake Park, a distance of about two miles.

E. B. TASKER,
MIKE TASKER,
ALEX. MOON,
JESSE WHITE,
GEORGE A. WHITE,
GEORGE W. WALTER,
AND OTHERS.

First publication August 3, 1916.

J. W. Whorton & Son

CONTRACTING PLASTERERS

Only the Best Material Used.

Best Grade of Wall Plaster on hand at all times.

CONCRETE WORK

of All Kinds.

All Work Guaranteed.

OAKLAND, - MARYLAND.

Examiner's Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, appointed by the County Commissioners of Garrett county, to view the lands through which the change in the turn of the road is to be made leading from Hoyes to Oakland road, to intersect the State road near William Callis' and examine whether the said change in road should be made, will meet on the 15th day of September, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said change of said road, and if so to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

R. M. HOLEMAN.
JAMES W. FRIEND.
D. S. CUSTER,
Examiners.

Subscribe for The Republican.

HIGH PRICE DUE TO DEMOCRATS

Promised Lower Cost of Living, But It Has Gone Up.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 17—"The high price of gasoline, which affects the owner of every automobile in the country as well as all business houses which use gasoline trucks; the high price of print paper, which has affected every newspaper and publication in the United States, particularly the owners of the smaller newspapers; the high price of binder twine which is costing the farmers millions of dollars—all these increased expenses affecting millions of our citizens and costing them billions of unnecessary expense, is due to the Wilson administration and the Democratic party, "declared Representative Halvor Steenerson, of Minnesota, in a statement here today.

"The Democratic party promised economy and gave us extravagance. It promised lower cost of living but it has gone up and is still going up. It promised to curb monopoly but the Democrats have pulled the teeth out of the anti-trust law by the Clayton act to such an extent that we are now in the grip of some of the most rapacious trusts in the world.

"When I sought to get the Government to prosecute them for violating the anti-trust law the Department of Justice could not find sufficient evidence, although the Secretary of the Interior, the Bureau of Mines, and the Federal Trade Commission investigated the subject and reported there was no natural or economic cause for the increase in prices and it must be due to monopolization.

"The paper trust has gradually raised the price of paper so that settlers who furnish the pulp wood have been paid the same old price but the manufacture has doubled the selling price.

"The latest product of Democratic legislation and policy, the binder twine trust—the Commission del Mercado de Henequin Reguladora of Yucatan—controls absolutely the world's sisal supply out of which binder twine is made. This trust was organized by the military governor of Yucatan and was approved by Carranza. It was financed in the United States with approval of the State Department. Norman Lind, whose father, John Lind, was sent as President Wilson's 'personal representative' to Mexico is its American representative. This trust has already doubled the price of binder twine. In the state of Minnesota alone it has raised the price from 3½ cents to 7 cents and refuses to quote prices for next season lower than 10 cents. Minnesota farmers use approximate y 25,000,000 pounds of twine annually, and this means an extra tax of at least ten cents an acre or more than a million dollars on the farmers of this one state. This money, wrung from American farmers, will not go to the peons of Yucatan in increased wages but to Carranza. It will help him buy more arms and ammunition with which to murder Americans.

"The Democratic party has imposed extra taxes on the people amounting to $600,000,000 per annum. They have created more than 35,000 new offices, involving a permanent burden on the tax payers of $4,000,000 per annum.

"They are great for economy when out of office, but in power they are more than extravagant—they are profligate."

Watch For Bands On Wild Ducks

If you kill or capture a wild duck bearing an aluminum band around one leg, having a number on one side, and on the other a statement requesting that the United States Department of Agriculture, or the Biological Survey, be notified, you are requested to send this band at once to the Bureau of Biological Survey, Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C. This band, if accompanied by a statement as to date, place, and circumstances under which the bird was taken, will be of service to the Survey in its efforts to determine the longevity of individual ducks and the routes of migration of the species. The bands are being attached to considerable numbers of wild duck of several species which have been cured of the duck sickness prevalent around Great Salt Lake, Utah, and there released. The department is particularly anxious to secure reports from these birds to determine their complete recovery from this malady which has killed hundreds of thousands of ducks in Utah.

O. H. S. Notes.

The teachers of the school have arranged to have a professional meeting, at least once a month, throughout the school year. At these meetings methods of teaching and pedagogical questions will be discussed. The first meeting will be on October 26, at the Oakland High School building at 7:30 p. m. The subject for discussion is "The Question Method of Teaching." The first part of the hour will be devoted to a discussion of the subject by Prof. Bender. The remainder of the time will be given over to general discussion.

A cordial invitation is extended to the Oakland Grammar School teachers, and all other teachers in the vicinity of Oakland, to meet at the High School at the time stated and take an active part in the discussion. It is hoped that the meetings will be of mutual benefit to all teachers.

Charles and William Garrett were absent several days from school on account of the death of their grandfather, Mr. Richard T. Browning.

Winifred Weimer and Carrie Mann spent Saturday and Sunday at Deer Park as the guests of Carol Miller.

Ara Peddicord spent Friday as the guest of friends at Selbysport, Md.

The Senior class is preparing a play, entitled "At the End of the Rainbow," which is to be given about Thanksgiving time. The proceeds are to be used to purchase books for the school library.

The Junior Civic Club, recently organized and under the supervision of Mrs. Elwood Offutt, meets Friday afternoons at 5, in the First National Bank building. Juniors and Seniors are cordially asked to join the class. Starting two weeks ago at New York, the object of the class is to make a study travel tour of foreign countries, visiting Old and Modern England, Romantic Scotland, France, Belgium, Germany, up the Rhine to Switzerland and Italy, studying their antiquity, government, people, literary heroes, architecture and all things which will be of mental, moral and material benefit.

Friday afternoon the class takes up the study of London, "the greatest city in the world." Its antiquity, most impressive, dates back two thousand years, will furnish us proofs of the great achievements of human thought.

Finishing each country, the plan is to review each point of interest with a carefully selected lot of colored slides, with a prepared lecture, and in all probability this lecture will be open to the public in order to cover the expense.

MOUNTAIN LAKE PARK.

Mr. Lee Hayden, and family, of Mountain Lake Park, spent Sunday in Westernport, as the guest of Mrs. Heyden's Mother, Mrs. Walter Waldie.

Mrs. Mae E. Crane, of Somers, New York, has purchased the Hopkins cottage and will greatly improve it for next summer's use.

The electric light plant closed down Thursday night. The lantern brigade is now moving about.

Mrs. Dr. Eiler, of Cumberland, has purchased the Miller bungalow and will improve it quite considerably. The Doctor is meeting with considerable success in the Park professionally.

Burning leaves, cleaning out gutters, and getting things in shape for the winter is occupying the attention of our people.

Mr. Wilson's reduction in the cost of living has not reached this locality, but on the other hand, there is an increase right along. A loaf of bread, 20 ounces, 10 cents; peck of potatoes 35 cents; sack flour $1.35. The indications are that everything will go up to the top notch before the winter is over. The wise man will lay in a supply for that day.

Mrs. Rockhold, of Baltimore, is visiting her sisters, the Misses Hamill at "The Eberlon." The sisters went to Fairmont, W. Va., Saturday to visit their sister, Mrs. Homer Smouse, returning to the Park Sunday night.

Adam Long has returned from Speers, Pa., satisfied that Garrett county is good enough for anybody.

You have a special invitation to attend preaching in the Methodist church next Sabbath morning and evening.

The new road is open to the Park. Everybody is pleased. It is a good job. Let the good work continue.

Mountain Lake Park Hotel has a good week end business. Sunday several automobile parties dined at the hotel.

Fourteen or fifteen summer people are here but they will leave very shortly. The Mountain Lake Hotel will be open for two or three weeks longer.

Mrs. Paul Lee Murkland, of Beloit, Wisconsin, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Wilson L. Camden, at her summer home at Mt. Lake Park.

Violin and Piano Lessons.

Instructions on the Violin and Piano. The best and most practical methods employed by masters of musical instruction. Special attention given to heir very effective methods of primary eaching. Address J. M. Litzinger, Grarton, W. Va. Adv. 32-tf

MR. HUGHES.

Where Mr. Hughes goes it has been arranged by the Democratic campaign managers that a set of 10 questions shall precede him. They are claptrap political questions, designed to put Mr. Hughes in a hole whichever way he answers them or is silent regarding them. We quote the most significant:

Would you have made the [Lusitania] disaster the subject of diplomatic negotiations or would you have broken relations with Germany at once?

As matters stand today, would you be in favor of intervening in Mexico?

Mr. Hughes has spoken here in Baltimore. He spoke to one of the greatest, one of the most curious, most attentive and earnest political gatherings Baltimore has ever seen. He reviewed in broad perspective the work of this present Administration, and he analyzed the directions in which it is carrying, or tending to carry, the nation. He was constantly interruped by applause. But at one point his audience did not stop short with applause. He said one thing that brought 17,000 people to their feet, and that one thing was a simple, honest, unequivocal pledge that, if elected President, he will make it his paramount business to protect American rights.

Those 17,000 people know that all the answer called for by those questions has been given.

They were satisfied by his answer. They know that underneath all the froth of particularized issues and happenings of the last four years there is awaiting settlement at the polls four weeks hence a question that reaches deep into the matter of our national life, our self-respect as a nation and the respect of other nations for us. There could be no higher constructive effort on the part of a candidate than Mr. Hughes made in this speech, when he so ruthlessly analyzed the courses by which this Administration has broken down national purpose and national spirit and tradition, and pleaded so earnestly for a return to the recognition of the ordinary functions and obligations of a government in safe-guarding the interests and lives of its nationals.

Mr. Hughes made in this speech no statement as of fact that has been or can be honestly disputed. He laid bare the miserable history of four years. We need ask no man to vote on Mr. Hughe's interpretation of the record. But every man who votes at all must vote on the record. The question is not whether we shall risk another four years of similar history making. It is whether the American nation is so far astray, so forgetful of its meaning as a nation, as formally to vote its indorsement and approval of such conditions and policies as Mr. Hughes outlined and to incorporate them in its charter of national existence and purpose.—Baltimore News.

PRESIDENT WILSON says that having been a lawyer, he can "divide a hair 'twixt north and northeast side." We knew he could. He did it when he split fine distinctions to justify his violation of the single-term pledge. He split some mighty fine foreign countries that defiantly trespassed upon our rights. He split a hair every time he appointed a commission that was required to be bi-partisan. He has split many a hair in order to place deserving Democrats in office in violation of the spirit of the civil service law. When it comes to dividing hairs, whether between north and northeast, or between south and southwest, as Samuel Butler expressed it, Wilson has few peers and no superiors. The pity of it is that by precept and practice he teaches the young men and women of the country that it is wise and proper policy to take advantage of technical distinctions whenever self interest makes it expedient.

FOR SALE—Pair fine black driving and work horses; full brothers; about 1100 pounds. Inquire Kelly's Livery, Oakland. Adv. tf

TRUSTEE'S SALE
OF VALUABLE
Real Estate

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Garrett county, Maryland, passed on the 7th day of October, 1916 in a cause in said Court in which Joseph Broderick et al., are plaintiffs and Annie M. Drennen, et al., are defendants, the undersigned, named in said decree Trustee to make sale of the real estate in said cause mentioned and described, will on

SATURDAY,
the 4th Day of November,

1916, beginning at the hour of 10:30 o'clock a. m., on the premises hereinafter mentioned, offer at public sale the following described real estate:

1st. Part of Lot No. 11 of a tract of land called "Walnut Hills," and beginning for said part at a maple tree at the end of the second line of Said Lot No. 11, and running thence with the third line thereof East, 150 perches to the end of the second line of Lot No. 9 South, 203 purches to the end of the twenty-first line, then South 85 degrees West, 23 perches to the end of the second line of part of said Lot No. 11 formerly sold to John Garlitz, and with his line, the third, to the end thereof, then North 130 perches, North 58 degrees West, 145 perches to the beginning, save and except so much of said tract as has been sold to Joseph C. Robinson and, duly recorded. The part hereby offered for sale contains 18 acres more or less.

2nd. The land bounded as follows: Beginning at a chestnut stake and running thence North 38¾ perches to a stake, then East 99¾ perches to a spruce tree marked with three notches, then South 38¾ perches to a white oak marked with three notches, then West 99¾ perches to the beginning, containing 24 acres.

3rd. Thirty-nine and three-fourth acres of land described in a deed from W. R. Getty and wife to Moses H. McKinzie, recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 28, folio 34, etc., one of the Land Records of said Garrett county.

4th. Also another small strip of land, and the whole that will be offered for sale on said date, embraces 82⅝ acres and being the same farm of which Patrick Broderick, late of Garrett county, died, seized and possessed, and is known as the "FULLER FARM."

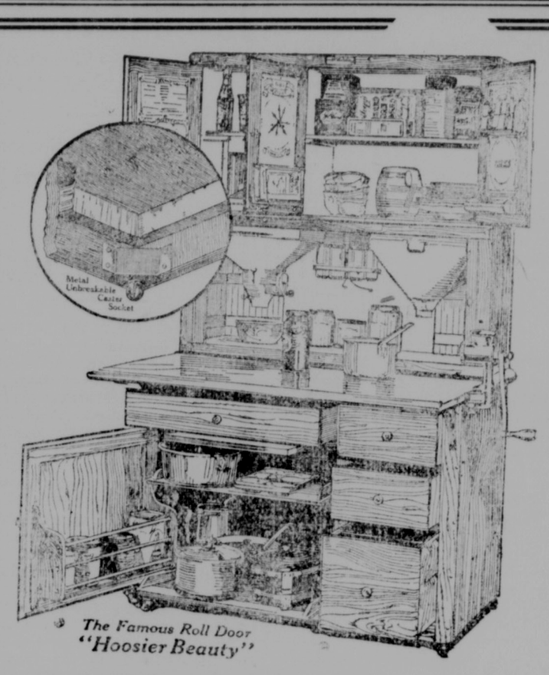
This property is located about one-half mile northwest of Avilton, Garrett county.

The farm is improved by a five room dwelling house, small barn and some other outbuildings; about 40 acres cleared and in cultivation, the balance in second growth of timber. There is also a small orchard.

TERMS OF SALE As prescribed by the decree:—One-third cash on day of sale; one-third in six months, and balance in twelve months from day of sale, or all cash at the option of the purchaser, the credit portions to bear interest and to be secured to the satisfaction of the trustee.

Conveyancing at cost of purchaser.

HIRAM S. COLEMAN,
Trustee.



The Famous Roll Door "Hoosier Beauty"

WE have in stock the famous HOOSIER KITCHEN CABINET at a price within your reach:

$21.00, $27.00 and $34.00

$1.00 down; balance $1.00 per week

The safest and surest plan is to order now. You take no risk. We guarantee to refund every cent if you are not delighted with the Hoosier.

CALL AND SEE OUR LINE.

McIntire's Hardware Store

Oakland, Maryland.

Gold Medal Winner Panama-Pacific Exposition San Francisco 1915

We Want a Business Man

A business man who has selling ability. The man we want may be in the automobile business now; he may be in some other business; he may be a farmer; he may be retired.

Whoever he is or whatever may be his occupation, we want him if he can fulfill the conditions of our proposal.

We are in search of a real, live, wide-awake man, who has had business training, who has some capital, who can sell Maxwell Motor Cars.

We are represented in almost 3000 of the leading cities and towns of the United States, and our dealers are prosperous and happy.

They should be, and will continue to be, for the Maxwell Car is the unquestioned leader of its class.

It is a car for which there is a nation-wide and growing demand—because it represents more real value, dollar for dollar, than any other car in the world.

We have no dealer in this locality. We want one immediately. Our representative will call and explain the details of a very attractive proposition.

Anyone interested should inquire at once.

Maxwell Motor Sales Corporation

Detroit, Mich.

Touring Car $595 F. O. B. Detroit

One Chassis Five Body Styles

Roadster $580 F. O. B. Detroit

All Models Completely Equipped—No Extras to Buy

Commissioners Meeting.

Office of the County Commissioners for Garrett county, Oakland, Md., October 4th, 1916.

The Board of County Commissioners for Garrett County, Maryland, will meet in their office in the town of Oakland, on

Monday, November 6th, 1916,

to transact general routine business.

By order of the Board.

W. G. MEYERS, Clerk.

PROPOSALS.

Sealed proposals will be received by the Mayor and Town Council of Oakland until 7:30 p. m., October 19, 1916, at the Council Chamber, or City Clerks office, Oakland, Md., for the construction and erection of a municipal building, in accordance with the specifications and plans of Mayor and Town Council of Oakland, which may be obtained from the City Clerk.

A certified check for $100.00, payable to order of Mayor and Town Council must accompany each bid.

The Mayor and Town Council reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

The successful bidder will be required to give bond in the usual form in the amount of the contract to be approved by the Mayor and Town Council.

BY ORDER of the Mayor and Town Council of Oakland.

ARTHUR LAWTON, City Clerk.

Approved:

GEORGE GIESSMAN, Mayor.

A Money Saving Chance For You.

Get rid of your old scrap iron, old rags, old gum shoes, copper and brass. We are paying best cash prices for same.

25c per hundred for iron; 50c per hundred for rags; 5c per lb. for rubber; from 5c to 10c per lb. for copper and brass.

We are located at the old Hamill house, opposite the electric light plant, Oakland, Md.

A. G. TARLO, Proprietor.

Adv. 16-5 months

Notice of Appointments of Substitute Registration Officers and Judges of Election.

Notice is hereby given that the following have been appointed substitute Officers of Registration and Judges of election for Garrett county, said appointments to take effect from date of qualifying of the appointees for the term of one year:

George W. Moon, whose postoffice address is Swanton, Md., appointed Republican Officer and Judge of Election for District No. 1, in the place and stead of Josiah G. Friend, resigned on account of being appointed District Assessor.

Marshall R. Wolfe, whose postoffice address is Oakland, Md., appointed Republican Officer of Registration and Judge of Election for District No. 8, Second Precinct, in the place and stead of Jonas Yutzy, resigned on account of being appointed District Assessor.

By order of the Board this 4th day of October, 1916.

J. M. STANTON, Pres.

H. A. RASCHE, Clerk.

STATEMENT of the Ownership, Management, Circulation etc., required by the Act of August 24, 1912, of The Republican, published weekly at Oakland, Md., for September 30, 1916. Name of Editor, Managing Editor, Business Manager and Publisher, Benj. H. Sincell, Oakland, Md.

Owners: (If a corporation, give its name and the names and address of stockholders holding 1 per cent. or more of the total amount of stock. If not a corporation, give name and addresses of individual owners.) Benj. H. Sincell, Oakland, Md.

Known bondholders, mortgagees, and other security holders, holding 1 per cent. or more of total amount of bonds, mortgagees, or other securities: There are none.

BENJ. H. SINCELL.

Sworn and subscribed before me this 30th day of September, 1916.

MARK S. WHITE, N. P.

My commission expires May, 1917.

ORDER NISI.

Cloudersport Trust Company, Trustee, vs. Waitman Smokeless Coal Company No. 2071 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

The aforegoing supplementary report and affidavit having been read and considered, it is herepon ordered, this 10th day of October, 1916, by the Circuit Court for Garrett county, sitting in equity, that the expenses of administering said Trust and the expenses of the Committee appointed by said Trustee in the development work on the property therein named be allowed said Trustee from the funds reported in hand from the proceeds of said sale, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 28th day of October, 1916, provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper in Garrett county once a week for two successive weeks before the 21st day of October, 1916.

The report states the amount of said expenses to be $199.34.

ROBERT R. HENDERSON.

True copy. Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Shoe Repairing Shop

I have opened a shoe repairing shop in the Beck building with building on Green street and am prepared to do work while you wait.

All work Guaranteed.

Shoes made to fit deformed feet.

PHILIP COLLALTI.

Adv. 31-4t

THE REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME 41. OAKLAND, MARYLAND THURSDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1916. NUMBER 35

KILLED SUNDAY NEAR DENVER

Francis DeSales Browning, of Garrett County, Met Sudden Death.

Francis DeSales Browning, aged about thirty years, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Ramsey Browning, of near Oakland, was instantly killed on Sunday last at a point near Denver, Colorado, by being thrown from a motorcycle he was riding.

Details of the death of the young man are lacking the only information obtainable being through a telegram received Monday in which it was stated the fact that he had been killed as above.

The young man left Garrett county some years ago and went west, returning home a few weeks ago where he made his parents a visit and then went to Denver, having been there about three weeks.

His remains are now on the way east and are expected to arrive here this morning. The funeral will occur today, should there be no delay in the trains, with interment at Hoyes.

Child Scalded.

The three-year old child of Mr. and Mrs. Chester Green, who reside on a farm a few miles west of Lonaconing in Garrett county, was very severely scalded Monday when it fell into a tub of hot water that had been placed on the floor of the home for scrubbing purposes. The child is in a serious condition, having been severely scalded about the limbs and body.

Wanted, Boys.

Boys over 16 years of age to work in glass factory. Wages, $1.20 to $1.80 per day. Light work 8½ hour days. Opportunity to learn trade.

MONONGAH GLASS COMPANY,
Adv. Fairmont, W. Va.

Subscribe for The Republican.

BARN BURNED MONDAY NIGHT

Building on Farm of Mr. Nelson Custer Entirely Consumed.

Monday night about eleven o'clock the barn on the farm of Nelson Custer, which is located about three miles from Oakland and formerly was the property of James Smith, was burned to the ground along with its contents, consisting of about twenty tons of hay, a large lot of corn and buckwheat as well as a stack of straw in the barnyard, and farming machinery.

A report was in circulation Tuesday morning that an unrecognized man had been observed by a neighbor crossing a field from the direction of the building and that an attempt was made to catch him, but he made his escape. In a very few minutes thereafter the structure was in flames and all efforts on the part of the tenant on the farm assisted by neighbors who had been attracted by the blaze were futile in putting the fire out.

Acting upon the information he had received concerning the actions of the stranger about the premises Mr. Custer secured a pair of bloodhounds and they were taken to the site of the burned building Tuesday afternoon but nothing that would lead to a trail was discovered by the dogs and they were brought back to Oakland shortly afterward.

The building was insured for about $400 and the contents for $200, which will not cover the loss, Mr. Custer placing a value upon the barn and grain at $1200.

185 Bakers Fail.

Curtailments of profits because of the increase in the cost of wheat and flour was instrumental in causing 185 bakers of the United States to fail in business during June, July and August. This is shown in figures compiled by the National Association of Bakers through trade channels and made known a few days ago.

MAKING STRENUOUS CAMPAIGN

Senator Zihlman Is Doing Splendid Work Here.

Senator Frederick N. Zihlman, congressional candidate on the Republican ticket in the sixth district is on a final canvas of his district. He is beginning on the crest of the Alleghenies here in Garrett county and his campaign schedule calls for a meeting of one sort or another every day until election day and includes a visit to every outpost village, town and city in Western Maryland.

His Garrett itinerary included meetings both afternoon and evening at Sang Run, Jennings, Grantsville, Bittinger, Accident, Friendsville, Swanton, Kitzmiller, Deer Park and Crellin, at which two latter points he will speak Friday. Thursday afternoon he will likely go to Frederick county to address a rally there, coming back to Deer Park and Crellin on Friday. Saturday and Monday and Tuesday of next week he will spend in Washington county.

In Crellin there are 108 registered voters, 102 of whom are affiliated with the Republican party and a straw vote in the town showed the 102 will vote solid for the straight Hughes-France Zihlman ticket.

Similar conditions exist all over the sixth. Normally a Republican district the strength of the ticket and the party harmony which exists makes it overwhelmingly Republican and tremendous majorities are predicted for all the candidates. In Garrett county, Senator Harvey Speicher, one of Mr. Zihlman's opponents for the nomination, assures his colleague Garrett will give Hughes, France and Zihlman over 800 majority. The Garrett Republican committee, as the committee in all the other counties, has been doing effective campaign work despite the assured outcome and the party showed a net gain in the affiliated majority at the recent registration of 108 votes. This makes the Republican book majority in Garrett 1200 and with a united party and personally popular candidates the majority is apt to vote like a phalanx for the candidates.

All of those who sought the nomination with Senator Zihlman are working hard for his election. Gist Blair, in Montgomery and Leo Weinberg, in Frederick, are doing effective work. J. Frank Ridenour, chairman of the Washington county Republican committee, predicts the party majority in Washington will not be under 600.

In Allegany the party leaders say they can not remember when a campaign ran more smoothly than the present. The affiliated Republican majority was increased by good work before the registration 244 making a total book majority of 3288. Every faction has united behind the straight Republican ticket. Zihlman's popularity of course will get him many Democratic votes but sentiment in the sixth on national issues has a decided Republican trend too, and Hughes and France will draw heavily on the sparse Democratic affiliation.

The vote in the sixth is largely divided into two classes, the farm and the labor vote. The farmer is from the pioneer stock of Maryland, descendants of the cresap and "Too Proud To Fight" has no merry symphonies for them. The laborer feels the pinch of the high cost of living and the slim pay envelope. Even the railroad men manifest little interest in the Wilson condidacy. War prosperity has not effected the mines or the railroad shops or lumber camps. Hundreds of young men have left the district to work in munition factories. Mindful of this Western Maryland, it is predicted, will return one of the banner majorities of the nation for the straight Republican ticket.

Taken to Cumberland Hospital.

On Tuesday evening Mrs. Hervey Smouse, of near Oakland, was taken to a hospital in Cumberland in the Bolden ambulance for treatment. Mrs. Smouse was accompanied by her physician, Dr. Darby, and by her husband.

SEED POTATOES PRIZES AWARDED

First Annual Exhibit of Western Md. Growers Held in Frostburg.

The first annual potato exhibit of the Western Maryland Seed Potatoe Growers Association was held at the Citizens National Bank, Frostburg, yesterday. There were thirty exhibits of seed potatoes raised from prize winning seeds that were distributed among the members of the association last year. The exhibits were judged by Prof. C. E. Temple, of the Maryland Agricultural College, and the prizes awarded by the Citizens National Bank were as follows:

For Irish cobbler seed potatoes, first prize, James A. Morgan, Carlos; second prize, H. P. Miller, Garrett county; third prize, Bradford Blocher, Garrett county.

Green Mountain seed potatoes, first prize, Cecil Michael, Garrett county; second prize, James A. Morgan, Carlos; third prize, Robert Tenhant, Vale Summit.

Twenty-five dollars for the yield of not less than one acre showing the highest percentage of plants free from disease at the time of the second inspection was awarded to Earl Michael, of Garrett county.

The prizes for Irish Cobblers and Green Mountains were $6, $4 and $2.50 respectively, for the first, second and third awards in each class.

The exhibits attracted a great deal of interest among the members and was a big success. The result of the competitive planting, the farmers stated, tended materially to a better crop.

Forty Years Ago.

Forty years ago in Garrett county Philip C. Myerly addressed each political meeting in the interest of Louis E. McComas, Republican candidate for Congress, in German.

23 YEAR OLD MAN HAS PARALYSIS

Two New Cases of Disease, One of Which Proves Fatal.

Two new cases of infantile paralysis in Garrett county has been reported by the health office, one of the victims being John Edgar, aged 23 years, married and the father of one child, and the other a five-year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Brandt, the latter dying on Tuesday after an illness of about forty-eight hours.

Mr. Edgar lives at a point midway between Deep Creek and McHenry on the State road and was stricken with the plague on Monday. Tuesday his physician, Dr. R. A. Ravenscroft, was called and found that the patient was entirely helpless, both arms and both legs being affected.

The Brandt family also reside in the same section of the county and the death of the child came sudden and unexpected. Its funeral occurred the day of its death.

CUNBERLAND MURDERER WAS SENT TO OAKLAND

Fearing Mob Violence, William Wonstreet, Rushed Here for Safety.

One night last week William Wonstreet, a railroad man of Grafton, walked into one of Cumberland's many saloons and without provocation cut the throat of a man named Mathews, the latter at the time being engaged in playing a piano.

Wonstreet was immediately arrested and fearing mob violence he was brought to Oakland the same night and kept in the Garrett County Jail until midnight Monday when the officials of Allegany county came up here and took him to Cumberland.

The presence of Wonstreet in the local jail was not known by the general public.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

D. M. Dixon & Co., will have a large shipment of

Ladies and Misses Coats

for the inspection of their customers Saturday, October 28th 1916.

Have also put in a big stock of

Boys Suits and Knee Pants

We are now offering

$1.40 Per Bu. Trade For POTATOES

$1.25 Per Bu. Cash

30c. lb. for Butter, 35c. doz. for Eggs

Cannot be overstocked with Cross Ties and Mine Props.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

C. H. BROWNING

Deer Park's Best Store

WANTED Potatoes

WILL PAY

$1.30 Per Bu. Half Cash

Butter - - - .32 Pound
Eggs - - - .32 Dozen

We always pay the highest prices for young and old chickens. Bring them in while the market is good.

Wanted: One-hundred bushel of Buckwheat, will pay 90 cents cash, $1.00 trade.

Wanted: Five cars of Mine Ties. Dimensions 4x6x5.

Get right trade at Brownings.

Offutt's

WANTED Potatoes

WILL PAY

$1.25 Per Bu. Cash

OR

$1.35 Per Bu. Trade

Will also pay Cash on Cross Ties and all Produce

Bring us your Trade

OFFUTTS'

List of Nominations, Proposed Constitutional Amendment and Proposed Bond Issue Certifi

In compliance with the provisions of Section 49 of Chapter 307, Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland of 1914, we do hereby certify that the following are the names and des
ters of Garrett County may vote; also the proposed Constutional Amendment, the Acts of Assembly known as Chapter 453, authorizing its submission to said legally qualified vote

FOR PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES			FOR PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES		
WILSON MARSHALL	DEMOCRATIC		BENSON KIRKPATRICK	SOCIALIST	
FOR ELECTORS OF PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT VOTE FOR EIGHT			FOR ELECTORS OF PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT VOTE FOR EIGHT		
AT LARGE—FRANK A. FURST BALTIMORE	DEMOCRATIC		JOHN A. MILLS BALTIMORE	SOCIALIST	
AT LARGE—JOHN ROYSTON STIFLER BELAIR, HARFORD COUNTY	DEMOCRATIC		W. W. GROVE HAGERSTOWN	SOCIALIST	
FIRST DISTRICT—LEVIN ERNEST WILLIAMS SALISBURY	DEMOCRATIC		S. L. HENSELL HAGERSTOWN	SOCIALIST	
SECOND DISTRICT—ALBERT C. TOLSON BALTIMORE	DEMOCRATIC		JAMES A. APPLEBY BRUNSWICK	SOCIALIST	
THIRD DISTRICT—FOREST BRAMBLE BALTIMORE	DEMOCRATIC		JOHN M. MARQUETTE WEVERTON	SOCIALIST	
FOURTH DISTRICT—WILLIAM W. BURNETT BALTIMORE	DEMOCRATIC		ANDREW T. HARRISON HAGERSTOWN	SOCIALIST	
FIFTH DISTRICT—GEORGE WELLS ANNAPOLIS	DEMOCRATIC		GEORGE W. MYERS BRUNSWICK	SOCIALIST	
SIXTH DISTRICT—GEORGE STERN FROSTBURG	DEMOCRATIC		MRS. NATHALIE B. ELLS BALTIMORE	SOCIALIST	
FOR PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES			FOR PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES		
HUGHES FAIRBANKS	REPUBLICAN		REIMER HARRISON	LABOR	
FOR ELECTORS OF PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT VOTE FOR EIGHT			FOR ELECTORS OF PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT VOTE FOR EIGHT		
AT LARGE—ERNEST A. ACKERMAN BALTIMORE	REPUBLICAN		WILLIAM G. DUFFEY BALTIMORE	LABOR	
AT LARGE—HOWARD D. KEFAUVER FREDERICK	REPUBLICAN		LEO REISS BALTIMORE	LABOR	
FIRST DISTRICT—EDWARD S. FURBUSH BERLIN	REPUBLICAN		DAVID H. SCHMULOVITZ BALTIMORE	LABOR	
SECOND DISTRICT—WALTER R. RUDY MT. AIRY	REPUBLICAN		WORD HORST MILLS BALTIMORE	LABOR	
THIRD DISTRICT—GEORGE WILLE BALTIMORE	REPUBLICAN		ROBERT W. STEVENS BALTIMORE	LABOR	
FOURTH DISTRICT—WILLIAM G. ALBRECHT BALTIMORE	REPUBLICAN		NATHAN KLIENMAN BALTIMORE	LABOR	
FIFTH DISTRICT—ARTHUR W. DOWELL PRINCE FREDERICK	REPUBLICAN		BENJAMIN GOLDMAN BALTIMORE	LABOR	
SIXTH DISTRICT—FRANK L. HEWITT SILVER SPRING	REPUBLICAN		ABRAHAM EGOREN BALTIMORE	LABOR	
FOR PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES			FOR PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES		
HANLY LANDRITH	PROHIBITION				
FOR ELECTORS OF PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT VOTE FOR EIGHT			FOR ELECTORS OF PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT VOTE FOR EIGHT		
JOHN N. PARKER BALTIMORE	PROHIBITION				
CHARLES R. WOODS BALTIMORE	PROHIBITION				
ALBERT G. BOWMAN POPLAR SPRINGS	PROHIBITION				
JAMES R. JARRELL EASTON	PROHIBITION				
SAMUEL R. NEAVE HUGHESVILLE	PROHIBITION				
WILLIAM L. PURDUM MONROVIA	PROHIBITION				
GEORGE W. EASTON CLAGETTSVILLE	PROHIBITION				
FINLEY C. HENDRICKSON CUMBERLAND	PROHIBITICN				

Published by authority of the Board of Supervisors of Elections of Garrett County, Maryland.

H. A. RASCHE, *Clerk.*

PROCLAMATION

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF MARYLAND CREATING A BUDGET SYSTEM.

WHEREAS, at the January Session of the General Assembly of Maryland, held in the year 1916, an Act was passed, to-wit: Chapter 159 of said Acts, being an Act to propose an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title, "Legislative Department," of the Constitution of this State; and which said Act is in words and figures following:

"CHAPTER 159.

AN ACT to propose an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title, Legislative Department, of the Constitution of this State, regulating the making of appropriations by the General Assembly of Maryland in regular session, and to provide for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of this State for adoption or rejection.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland (three-fifths of all the members of each of the two houses concurring.) That the following be and the same is hereby proposed as an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title Legislative Department, of the Constitution of this State, the same, if adopted by the legally qualified voters of the State, as herein provided, to become Section 52 of Article III of the Constitution of Maryland.

Sec. 52. The General Assembly shall not appropriate any money out of the Treasury except in accordance with the following provisions:

Sub-Section A:

Every appropriation bill shall be either a Budget Bill, or a Supplementary Appropriation Bill, as hereinafter mentioned.

Sub-Section B:

First. Within twenty days after the convening of the General Assembly (except in the case of a newly elected Governor, and then within thirty days after his inauguration), unless such time shall be extended by the General Assembly for the session at which the Budget is to be submitted, the Governor shall submit to the General Assembly two budgets, one for each of the ensuing fiscal years. Each budget shall contain a complete plan of proposed expenditures and estimated revenues for the particular fiscal year to which it relates; and shall show the estimated surplus or deficit of revenues at the end of such year. Accompanying each budget shall be a statement showing: (1) the revenues and expenditures for each of the two fiscal years next preceding; (2) the current assets, liabilities, reserves and surplus or deficit of the State; (3) the debts and funds of the State; (4) an estimate of the State's financial condition as of the beginning and end of each of the fiscal years covered by the two budgets above provided; (5) any explanation the Governor may desire to make as to the important features of any budget and any suggestion as to methods for the reduction or increase of the State's revenue.

Second. Each budget shall be divided into two parts, and the first part shall be designated "Governmental Appropriations" and shall embrace an itemized estimate of the appropriations: (1) for the General Assembly as certified to the Governor in the manner hereinafter provided; (2) for the Executive Department; (3) for the Judiciary Department, as provided by law, certified for the Governor by the Comptroller; (4) to pay and discharge the principal and interest of the debt of the State of Maryland in conformity with Section 34 of Article III of the Constitution, and all laws enacted in pursuance thereof; (5) for the salaries payable by the State under Constitution and laws of the State; (6) for the establishment and maintenance throughout the State of a thorough and efficient system of public schools in conformity with Article VIII of the Constitution and with the laws of the State; for such other purposes as are set forth in the Constitution of the State.

Third. The second part shall be designated "General Appropriations," and shall include all other estimates of appropriations.

The Governor shall deliver to the presiding officer of each house the budgets and a bill for all the proposed appropriations of the budgets clearly itemized and classified; and the presiding officer of each house shall promptly cause said bill to be introduced therein, and such bill shall be known as the "Budget Bill." The Governor may, before final action thereon by the General Assembly, amend or supplement either of said budgets to correct an oversight or in case of an emergency, with the consent of the General Assembly by delivering such an amendment or supplement to the presiding officers of both houses; and such amendment or supplement shall thereby become a part of said budget bill as an addition to the items of said bill or as a modification of or a substitute for any item of said bill such amendment or supplement may affect.

The General Assembly shall not amend the budget bill so as to affect either the obligations of the State under Section 34 of Article III of the Constitution, or the provisions made by the laws of the State for the establishment and maintenance of a system of public schools, or the payment of any salaries required to be paid by the State of Maryland by the Constitution thereof; and the General Assembly may amend the bill by increasing or diminishing the items therein relating to the General Assembly; and by increasing the items therein relating to the judiciary, but except as hereinbefore specified, may not alter the said bill except to strike out or reduce items therein, provided, however, that the salary or compensation of any public officer shall not be decreased during his term of office; and such bill when and as passed by both houses shall be a law immediately without further action by the Governor.

Fourth. The Governor and such representatives of the executive departments, boards, officers and commissions of the State expending or supplying for State's money, as have been designated by the Governor for this purpose, shall have the right, and when requested by either house of the Legislature, it shall be their duty to appear and be heard with respect to any budget bill during the consideration thereof, and to answer inquiries relative thereto.

Sub-Section C: Supplementary Appropriation Bills:

Neither house shall consider other appropriations until the Budget Bill has been finally acted upon by both houses, and no such other appropriation shall be valid except in accordance with the provisions following: (1) Every such appropriation shall be embodied in a separate bill limited to some single work, object or purdose therein stated and called herein a Supplementary Appropriation Bill; (2) Each Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall provide the revenue necessary to pay the appropriation thereby made by a tax, direct or indirect, to be laid and collected as shall be directed in said Bill. (3) No Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall become a law unless it be passed in each house by a vote of a majority of the whole number of the members elected; and the yeas and nays recorded on its final passage; (4) Each Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall be presented to the Governor of the State as provided in Section 17 of Article II of the Constitution and thereafter all the provisions of said Section shall apply.

Nothing in this amendment shall be construed as preventing the Legislature from passing at any time in accordance with the provisions of Section 28 of Article III of the Constitution and subject to the Governor's power of approval as provided in Section 17 of Article II of the Constitution an appropriation bill to provide for the payment of any obligation of the State of Maryland within the protection of Section 10 of Article I of the Constitution of the United States.

Sub-Section D: General Provisions:

First. If the Budget Bill shall not have been finally acted upon by the Legislature three days before the expiration of its regular session, the Governor may, and it shall be his duty to issue a proclamation extending the session for such further period as may, in his judgment, be necessary for the passage of such Bill; but no other matter than such Bill shall be considered during such extended session except a provision for the cost thereof.

Second. The Governor for the purpose of making up his budgets shall have the power, and it shall be his duty, to require from the proper State Officials, including herein all executive departments, all executive and administrative offices, bureaus boards, commissions and agencies expending or supervising the expenditure of, and all institutions applying for State moneys and appropriations, such itemized estimates and other information, in such form and at such times as he shall direct. The estimates for the Legislative Department, certified by the presiding officer of each house, of the Judiciary, as provided by law, certified by the Comptroller, and for the public schools, as provided by law shall be transmitted to the Governor, in such form and at such times as he shall direct, and shall be included in the budget without revision.

The Governor may provide for public hearings on all estimates and may require the attendance at such hearings of representatives of all agencies, and of all institutions applying for State moneys. After such public hearings he may, in his discretion, revise all estimates except those for the legislative and judiciary departments, and for public schools as provided by law.

Third. The Legislature may, from time to time, enact such laws, not inconsistent with this Section, as may be necessary and proper to carry out it provisions.

Fourth. In the event of any inconsistency between any of the provisions of this Section and any other provisions of the Constitution, the provisions of this Section shall prevail. But nothing herein shall in any manner affect the provisions of Section 34 of Article III of the Constution or of any laws heretofore or hereafter passed in pursuance thereof, or be construed as preventing the Governor from calling extraordinary sessions of the Legislature, as provided by Section 16 of Article II, or as preventing the Legislature at such extraordinary sessions from considering any emergency appropriations.

If any item of any appropriation bill passed under the provisions of this Section shall be held invalid upon any ground, such invalidity shall not affect the legality of the Bill or of any other item of such Bill or Bills.

Section 2. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said foregoing Section hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution shall at the next ensuing general election, being the Presidential and Congressional election, being the Presidential and Congressional, election, to be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday of November, nineteen hundred and sixteen, be submitted to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection in conformity with the directions contained in Article XIV of this State, and at said election the vote on said proposed amendment to the constitution shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be placed the following synopsis of said amendment under the caption of 'CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROVIDING FOR A BUDGET.'

"This amendment provides that the Governor shall present to the Legislature soon after it is convened a Budget giving a complete plan of proposed expenditures and estimated revenues for the two succeeding fiscal years showing clearly any surplus or deficit in State funds. In these estimates he shall make provision for the interest and sinking funds of all State debts, for all salaries as fixed by law, and for the public schools as fixed by law. With regard to most other matters he may revise the estimates presented to him either by State Officers or State aided institutions. The Legislature may not increase the estimates presented by the Governor or pass any additional appropriation act except by a majority vote and must make provision by tax for such increase or additional appropriation. The Legislature may not alter in any appropriation act the provision made by law for the State debt, or for the judiciary, but may reduce all other items in the Governor's estimates; and the words 'for the Constitutional Amendment' and 'against the Constitutional Amendment' as now provided by law, and immediately after said election due returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote in accordance with Article XVI of the Constitution.

Approved March 28, 1916."

Now, therefore, I, Emerson C, Harrington, Governor of the State of Maryland, in pursuance of the direction contained in Section 1 of Article 14 of the Constitution of Maryland, do hereby order and direct a copy of this Proclamation, containing a full, true and correct copy of the text of said Chapter 159 of the Acts of Maryland of 1916, be published in at least two newspapers in each of the counties of the State and in three newspapers published in the City of Baltimore, one of which said newspapers in the City of Baltimore to be printed in the German language, once a week for three months next preceding the General Election to be held in this State on November 7th, 1916, and at which election the said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be submitted, in form and manner prescribed by the General Assembly, to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection.

GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND THE GREAT SEAL OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND.

The Great Seal of Maryland.

DONE at the City of Annapolis, this twentieth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen.

EMERSON C. HARRINGTON.
By the Governor:
THOMAS W. SIMMONS,
Secretary of State.

SUPERVISORS' NOTICE OF ELECTION.

OFFICE OF
THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF ELECTION
OF GARRETT COUNTY, MD.,
OAKLAND, MD., Oct. 21, 1916.

Notice is hereby given to the Judges and Clerks of Election and to the qualified voters of Garrett county, Maryland, that in accordance with the provisions of Article 33 of Chapter 202, of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed at the January Session, 1896, and amended by the Acts of 1900, 1901 and 1902 an Election will be held in the several Districts of said Garrett county, at the usual places of holding elections and hereinafter set forth on

TUESDAY, 7th day November, 1916,

for the purpose of balloting for—

Eight persons to act as Electors for President and Vice President of the United States; also for—

One person for United States Senator from the state of Maryland; also for

One person for Member of the House of Representatives of the United States in the Sixty-fifth Congress from the Sixth Congressional District of the State of Maryland; also

For the Constitutional Amendment, against the Constitutional Amendment, said proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of Maryland being as follows:

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF MARYLAND CREATING A BUDGET SYSTEM.

WHEREAS, at the January Session of the General Assembly of Maryland, held in the year 1916, an Act was passed, to-wit: Chapter 159 of said Acts, being an Act to propose an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title, "Legislative Department," of the Constitution of this State and which said Act is in words and figures following:

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First. Within twenty days after the convening of the General Assembly (except in the case of a newly elected Governor, and then within thirty days after his inauguration), unless such time shall be extended by the General Assembly for the session at which the Budget is to be submitted, the Governor shall submit to the General Assembly two budgets, one for each of the ensuing fiscal years. Each budget shall contain a complete plan of proposed expenditures and estimated revenues for the particular fiscal year to which it relates; and shall show the estimated surplus or deficit of revenues at the end of such year. Accompanying each budget shall be a statement showing: (1) the revenues and expenditures for each of the two fiscal years next preceding; (2) the current assets, liabilities, reserves and surplus or deficit of the State; (3) the debts and funds of the State; (4) an estimate of the State's financial condition as of the beginning and end of each of the fiscal years covered by the two budgets above provided; (5) any explanation the Governor may desire to make as to the important features of any budget and any suggestion as to methods for the reduction or increase of the State's revenue.

Second. Each budget shall be divided into two parts, and the first part shall be designated "Governmental Appropriations" and shall embrace an itemized estimate of the appropriations: (1) for the General Assembly as certified to the Governor in the manner hereinafter provided; (2) for the Executive Department; (3) for the Judiciary Department, as provided by law, certified for the Governor by the Comptroller; (4) to pay and discharge the principal and interest of the debt of the State of Maryland in conformity with Section 34 of Article III of the Constitution, and all laws enacted in pursuance thereof; (5) for the salaries payable by the State under Constitution and laws of the State; (6) for the establishment and maintenance throughout the State of a thorough and efficient system of public schools in conformity with Article VIII of the Constitution and with the laws of the State; for such other purposes as are set forth in the Constitution of the State.

Third. The second part shall be designated "General Appropriations," and shall include all other estimates of appropriations.

The Governor shall deliver to the presiding officer of each house the budgets and a bill for all the proposed appropriations of the budgets clearly itemized and classified; and the presiding officer of each house shall promptly cause said bill to be introduced therein, and such bill shall be known as the "Budget Bill." The Governor may, before final action thereon by the General Assembly, amend or supplement either of said budgets to correct an oversight or in case of an emergency, with the consent of the General Assembly by delivering such an amendment or supplement to the presiding officers of both houses; and such amendment or supplement shall thereby become a part of said budget bill as an addition to the items of said bill or as a modification of or a substitute for any item of said bill such amendment or supplement may affect.

The General Assembly shall not amend the budget bill so as to affect either the obligations of the State under Section 34 of Article III of the Constitution, or the provisions made by the laws of the State for the establishment and maintenance of a system of public schools, or the payment of any salaries required to be paid by the State of Maryland by the Constitution thereof; and the General Assembly may amend the bill by increasing or diminishing the items therein relating to the General Assembly; and by increasing the items therein relating to the judiciary, but except as hereinbefore specified, may not alter the said bill except to strike out or reduce items therein, provided, however, that the salary or compensation of any public officer shall not be decreased during his term of office; and such bill when and as passed by both houses shall be a law immediately without further action by the Governor.

Fourth. The Governor and such representatives of the executive departments, boards, officers and commissions of the State expending or supplying for State's money, as have been designated by the Governor for this purpose, shall have the right, and when requested by either house of the Legislature, it shall be their duty to appear and be heard with respect to any budget bill during the consideration thereof, and to answer inquiries relative thereto.

Sub-Section C: Supplementary Appropriation Bills:

Neither house shall consider other appropriations until the Budget Bill has been finally acted upon by both houses, and no such other appropriation shall be valid except in accordance with the provisions following: (1) Every such appropriation shall be embodied in a separate bill limited to some single work, object or purdose therein stated and called herein a Supplementary Appropriation Bill; (2) Each Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall provide the revenue necessary to pay the appropriation thereby made by a tax, direct or indirect, to be laid and collected as shall be directed in said Bill. (3) No Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall become a law unless it be passed in each house by a vote of a majority of the whole number of the members elected; and the yeas and nays recorded on its final passage; (4) Each Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall be presented to the Governor of the State as provided in Section 17 of Article II of the Constitution and thereafter all the provisions of said Section shall apply.

Nothing in this amendment shall be construed as preventing the Legislature from passing at any time in accordance with the provisions of Section 28 of Article III of the Constitution and subject to the Governor's power of approval as provided in Section 17 of Article II of the Constitution an appropriation bill to provide for the payment of any obligation of the State of Maryland within the protection of Section 10 of Article I of the Constitution of the United States.

Sub-Section D: General Provisions:

First. If the Budget Bill shall not have been finally acted upon by the Legislature three days before the expiration of its regular session, the Governor may, and it shall be his duty to issue a proclamation extending the session for such further period as may, in his judgment, be necessary for the passage of such Bill; but no other matter than such Bill shall be considered during such extended session except a provision for the cost thereof.

Second. The Governor for the purpose of making up his budgets shall have the power, and it shall be his duty, to require from the proper State Officials, including herein all executive departments, all executive and administrative offices, bureaus boards, commissions and agencies expending or supervising the expenditure of, and all institutions applying for State moneys and appropriations, such itemized estimates and other information, in such form and at such times as he shall direct. The estimates for the Legislative Department, certified by the presiding officer of each house, of the Judiciary, as provided by law, certified by the Comptroller and for the public schools, as provided by law, shall be transmitted to the Governor, in such form and at such times as he shall direct, and shall be included in the budget without revision.

The Governor may provide for public hearings on all estimates and may require the attendance at such hearings of representatives of all agencies, and of all institutions applying for State moneys. After such public hearings he may, in his discretion, revise all estimates except those for the legislative and judiciary departments, and for public schools as provided by law.

Third. The Legislature may, from time to time, enact such laws, not inconsistent with this Section, as may be necessary and proper to carry out its provisions.

Fourth. In the event of the inconsistency between any of the provisions of this Section and any other provisions of the Constitution, the provisions of this Section shall prevail. But nothing herein shall in any manner affect the provisions of Section 34 of Article III of any laws heretofore or hereafter passed in pursuance thereof, or be construed as preventing the Governor from calling extraordinary sessions of the Legislature, as provided by Section 16 of Artical II, or as preventing the Legislature at such extraordinary sessions from considering any emergency appropriation or appropriations.

If any item of any appropriation bill passed under the provisions of this Section shall be held invalid upon any ground, such invalidity shall not affect the legality of the Bill or any other item of such Bill or Bills.

Section 2. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said foregoing Section hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution shall at the next ensuing general election, being the Presidential and Congressional election, to be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday of November, nineteen hundred and sixteen, be submitted to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection in conformity with the directions contained in Article XIV of the Constitution of this State, and at said election the vote on said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be placed the following synopsis of said amendment under the chapter of

'CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROVIDING FOR A BUDGET.'

'This amendment provides that the Governor shall present to the Legislature soon after it is convened a Budget giving a complete plan of proposed expenditures and estimated revenues for the two succeeding fiscal years showing clearly any surplus or deficit in State funds. In these estimates he shall make provision for the interest and sinking funds of all State debts, for all salaries as fixed by law, and for the public schools as fixed by law. With regard to most other matters he may revise the estimates presented to him either by State Officers or State-aided institutions. The Legislature may not increase the estimates presented by the Governor or pass any additional appropriation act except by a majority vote and must make provision by tax for such increase or additional appropriation. The Legislature may not alter in an appropriation act the provision made by law for the state debt, or for the judiciary, but may reduce all other items in the Governor's estimates; and the words 'for the Constitutional Amendment' as now provided by law, and immediately after said election due returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote for and against the proposed amendment, and further proceedings had in accordance with Article XIV of the Constitution.

Approved March 28, 1916.

Now, therefore, I, Emerson C. Harrington, Governor of the State of Maryland, in pursuance of the direction contained in Section 1 of Article 14 of the Constitution of Maryland, do hereby order and direct a copy of this Proclamation, containing a full, true and correct copy of the text of said Chapter 159 of the Acts of Maryland of 1916, be published in at least two newspapers in each of the counties of the State and in three newspapers published in the City of Baltimore, one of which said newspaper in the City of Baltimore to be printed in the German language once a week for three months next preceding the General Election to be held in this State on November 7th, 1916, and at which election the said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be submitted, in form and manner prescribed by the General Assembly, to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection.

For the Bond issue, against the Bond issue, said proposed bond issue being as follows:

CHAPTER NO. 453.

AN ACT to empower and direct the County Commissioners of Garrett County to borrow money on the credit of said county for the purpose of erecting a high school building in the town of Oakland, and heating, furnishing and equipping the same, and to purchase or condemn real estate for the erection of the same, and for the purpose of erecting, repairing and improving other public school buildings in said county, and to issue bonds for the payment of said money, and to levy taxes upon the assessable property of said county to redeem such bonds and to pay the interest thereon, to refer such question to the voters of Garrett County.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That for the purpose of erecting a high school building in the town of Oakland and for the purpose of furnishing, heating and equipping said building, and for the erection, repairing and improving other public school buildings in said county, and for the purpose of purchasing or condemning real estate for the erection of the same, the County Commissioners for Garrett County, be and they are hereby authorized, empowered and directed to borrow money on the credit of said county to an amount not exceeding thirty thousand dollars, and to issue coupon bonds therefor, the said bonds to be in the sum of one thousand dollars each and to be signed by the president of the Board of County Commissioners for Garrett County, and countersigned by the Clerk of said board, with the corporate seal of said County Commissioners attached to every bond so issued; said bonds to be dated the first day of January, 1917, and to bear interest at a rate not exceeding 5 per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually on the first day of July and the first day of January in each and every year until the maturity thereof, and the said bonds shall mature as follows: one thousand dollars thereof on January 1, 1922, and annual thereafter the sum of one thousand dollars in every year until all of said bonds shall have matured.

SEC. 2. And be it enacted. That said bonds shall have written or printed on them a distinct reference to the act directing the issue of the same, and that said bonds when issued shall be exempt from municipal and county taxation in Garrett County, and they shall be sold after due advertisement by the County Commissioners to the highest bidder or bidders, provided however that none of said bonds shall be sold for less than par value.

SEC. 3. And be it enacted, That the said County Commissioners for Garrett County shall levy annually upon the assessable property of said county tax sufficient to pay the interest upon said bonds, and in the year 1921 they shall levy the sum on one thousand dollars to meet the first maturing bond issued, and annually thereafter the said County Commissioners shall levy upon the assessable property of said county the sum of one thousand dollars until the maturity of the last bond by this act authorized to be issued.

SEC. 4. And be it enacted, That the clerk of the County Commissioners of Garrett County shall register the said bonds when the same are sold, showing to whom the same were sold, what price was obtained therefor, and shall keep a record upon the books of said County Commissioners of all bonds paid.

SEC. 5. And be it enacted, That the County Commissioners of Garrett County shall when notified by the Board of County School Commissioners of said county that they desire to avail themselves of the provisions of this act and of the amount of money they will require for the purpose aforesaid, advertise and sell said bonds as above provided to an amount sufficient to produce the sum designated by the said Board of School Commissioners, but in no event in excess of the sum of thirty thousand dollars, and shall pay over the proceeds of the sale of said bonds to the Board of County Schcol Commissioners who shall account for the same as they account for other monies passing through their hands.

SEC. 6. And be it enacted, That the said County Commissioners for Garrett County shall have the option to redeem any or all of said bonds outstanding after ten years from the date of their issue.

SEC. 7. And be it enacted, That at the general election in November, 1916, there shall be submitted to the qualified voters of Garrett County, the question whether the said bonds shall be issued, and at such election the ballots cast upon the question shall have printed or written thereon the words, "For the Bond Issue," or "Against the Bond Issue," and if the majority of the votes cast upon said question shall be "For the Bond Issue," then the County Commissioners for Garrett County shall proceed to exercise the power vested in them by this Act, and shall issue the bonds as herein provided; but if the majority of the votes cast shall be "Against the Bond Issue," then this Act shall be null and void.

The polls of said election will be open in each and every Election District of said Garrett county, at the usual places of holding the polls, at 8 o'clock a. m. and will be closed at the hour of 6 o'clock p. m., when the ballots shall be counted according to law.

Election District Number One—Swanton.

The Judges and Clerks of the First Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Election Building n the town of Swanton.

Election District Number Two—Friendsville.

The Judges and Clerks of the Second Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Council Chamber in the town of Friendsville.

Election District Number Three—Grantsville.

The Judges and Clerks of the Third Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Council Chamber in the town of Grantsville.

Election District Number Four—Bloomington.

The Judges and Clerks for the Fourth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Postoffice Building in the town of Bloomington.

Election District Number Five—Accident.

The Judges and Clerks for the Fifth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the town of Accident.

Election District Number Six—Sang Run.

The Judges and Clerks for the Sixth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Election Building in the town of Sang Run.

Election District Number Seven—Oakland.

The Judges and Clerks for the Seventh Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the office of the Board of Election Supervisors in the Court House, in the town of Oakland.

Election District Number Eight—Ryan's Glade.

The Judges and Clerks for the 1st Precinct of the Eighth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Election Building on the Northwestern Pike.

The Judges and Clerks for the 2nd Precinct of the Eighth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid at Red House.

Election District Number Nine—Johnson's.

The Judges and Clerks for the Ninth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the shop of Thomas Johnson on the National Road.

Election District Number Ten—Deer Park.

The Judges and Clerks for the Tenth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Savage Building in the town of Deer Park.

Election District Number Eleven—The Elbow.

The Judges and Clerks for the Eleventh Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the residence of Joseph Warnick.

Election District Number Twelve—Bittinger.

The Judges and Clerks for the Twelfth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the store room formerly occupied by G. W. Engle in the town of Bittinger.

Election District Number Thirteen—Kitzmiller.

The Judges and Clerks for the Thirteenth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Band Room in the town of Kitzmiller.

Election District Number Fourteen—Oakland.

The Judges and Clerks for the Fourteenth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Dr. J. Lee Mccomas office building adjoining the Commercial Hotel in the town of Oakland.

By order of the Board.

J. M. STANTON, Pres.,
FRED P. MILLER,
GEO. D. BROWNING.
Board of Supervisors of Eelection for Garrett county.
H. A. RASCHE, Clerk.

Examiners' Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, appointed by the County Commissioners of Garrett County, to view the lands through which the proposed new road beginning about 1⅛ miles west from Henry, West Va., on the Henry road at or near the point where the logging road which formerly belonged to F. H. Whaley crosses the Henry road, and running thence with or near the grade of said logging road through the lands of the Western Maryland Railroad Company, about 1 mile to Laurel run, then crossing said run and through the lands of D. W. Wilson and S. L. Whitmer about three-quarters of a mile to the Mason road, near the intersection of the Mason and Shaffer road in Election District No. 8, and examine whether the said new road should be built, will meet on the 28th day of November, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said new road, and if so, to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

JAMES ARONHALT,
JOHN BLAMBLE,
FRANK H. HARVEY,
Examiners.

$350.00.

Will buy a 1914 Overland car in excellent condition; fine engine; new Firestone tires; self starter; electric lights, etc. Will be delivered in Oakland if desired. A rare bargain; cost 1075.

A. S. McILWAINE,
P. O. Box 43 Wheeling, W. Va.
Adv. 34-3t

MAKING MARYLAND WOODLOTS PAY

State Forester Gives Plan for Improving Woodlands and Selling Forest Products.

For sometime the State Forester of Maryland has cooperated with local owners in devising and executing a plan for not only conserving the forest resources of their lands and farms but doing so with a profit. Nothing, forestry included, can long be practiced at a loss, and recognizing this, a plan was made and offered to the people of the State which met not only the needs of the woodland, but the financial needs of the owner. An instance will explain.

The holder of a hundred-acre tract of timber less than ten miles from Baltimore City requested the Forester, late last winter, to make a preliminary examination for the land in question with an eye to laying out some practical plans of improvement. The examination was made, and a plan prepared for the handling of the woodlands. This plan was adopted by the owner and in March an Assistant Forester from the Board of Forestry went over the tract, marking the trees to be cut, estimating values and carrying out in detail the work recommended. The timber was, as a whole, mature, and intermingled with it was a considerable growth of other species with little present, and no future, value. This latter included some little scrubby pine, gum, maple and the like; in brief, "weed trees" which needed to be thoroughly removed to give the room to the other better trees, then needed for their best development and growth.

Among the better species, also, some cutting was indicated, this being done by a blaze upon the trunk of the tree, several feet above the ground, and another, stamped with the letter "M" farther down, near the stump, where it would be left after the tree was cut to show that only marked trees had been removed by the purchaser. The work was done by the Forester; to estimate, tally, and indicate the trees to be marked; and two assistants, who had to mark and measure them. Young, thrifty, trees of the better kinds were left to perpetuate the stand, and the mature specimens were removed, together with those over-mature defective, diseased, or undesirable in any way. Several large seed-trees were also left per acre.

The work was done a little faster than 35 acres per day, and the total cost to the owner, for his 100 acres of timber, was $20. This included all of the field work, and that only, as the data is worked out in the Forester's office at no additional cost. The estimated value of the standing timber was $1,772.04, and bids were solicited from lumbermen of the vicinity. To aid in this, memeographed statements of the timber for sale were furnished to the owner, together with a list of lumber dealers to whom they should be sent. The timber was sold almost immediately, and cutting started with the beginning of summer. The price secured was $1,800, which was slightly above the estimated value, enough to more than cover the entire cost of the work—$20. It would seem that there was considerable clear profit.

When the work is done, a young, growing forest will be left, and another tract of timber of valuable character will in a comparatively short time succeed that removed. Such work pays-pays in timber, pays in the future of the forest, pays inpresent revenue. It is work available to all in Maryland, and the State Forester, at 532 North Howard St., Baltimore, is prepared with a corps of trained Foresters to give prompt assistance.

JENNINGS

The potato crop is the smallest this year it has been for a number of years. Potatoes are selling right out of the patch for $1.00 per bushel. Apples are a pretty fair crop. The farmers are not near done picking winter apples yet. The cider and applebutter factory is snowed under with bags of apples, which the farmers have hauled in to get manufactured into cider and applebutter.

Mrs. L. A Durst, who was operated on for rupture at the Miner's Hospital, Frostburg, is convalescing. She returned home Sunday.

Mrs. Hampton Butler is undergoing a second operation in the Western Maryland Hospital, Cumberland.

Russell Stark, son of Chas. Stark, was taken to the Western Maryland Hospital to be operated upon for appendicitis.

George Hoover sold two Fords last week.

The pentecostal movement is gaining ground rapidly. They have prayer meeting three or four times a week at Rev. McCauley's residence. Mrs. McCauley is a good leader in prayer meeting.

Rev. Carder, pastor of M. E. charge did not return here. They sent in his place Rev. Laws who will live in the M. E. parsonage at Grantsville.

Grant Dean has purchased a lot of chickens. He is studying how to make money out of poultry.

Mr. Bouncer and wife are visiting at Henry Palmer's.

THE REPUBLICAN

BENJ. H. SINCELL, EDITOR.

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THURSDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1916

REPUBLICAN TICKET

For President:
CHARLES E. HUGHES
For Vice President:
CHARLES W. FAIRBANKS
For United States Senator:
JOSEPH IRWIN FRANCE
of Cecil County.
For Congressman:
FREDERICK N. ZIHLMAN
of Allegany County

HYPOCRISY OF THE ADAMSON LAW

No better example is needed as showing the hypocrisy of the Democratic party towards labor than the very title of the Adamson bill. This measure, as it passed the House and Senate, is entitled "An act to establish an eight hour day for employes of carriers engaged in interstate or foreign commerce, and for other purposes." The framers and supporters of this act knew that they were not justified in so labeling it. They knew that it was designed to benefit but a small portion of railroad employes, and the title was so worded as deliberately to deceive the public generally and the workingman in particular.

Previous to the adoption of the administration bill Congressman Temple of Pennsylvania offered the following amendment: "Add to section 1 the following: 'Provided further, that this section shall also include and apply to the station agents, train dispatchers, trackmen, office employes, workers in railway shops, and all other employes of a railroad carrier engaged in interstate carriage of passengers and freight."

This amendment, which would have benefited five times as many persons as does the Adamson law, was rejected by the Democratic majority. The vote was 81 for and 121 against, nearly all of the latter coming from Democrats. Then the Adamson bill was passed under threat of the brotherhoods, whose representatives sat in the gallery keeping tab on the vote.

If the administration had been honest, if it really wished to benefit the railroad employes of the country, its bill would have been as wide in its scope as Mr. Temple's amendment. It did not, however, dare to father a bill which would benefit so many hundreds of thousands of unorganized employes. The Temple amendment was snowed under and the Democrats went before the country with a law whose title is a lie and whose doubtful benefits concern only a small proportion of the whole army of railroad labors.—Chicago Tribune.

THE HOUSE ON SAND

The bland assurances from the Democratic national committee that our whole prosperity is the result of legislative tinkering, with the war in no way responsible, might cause nervousness were it not for the continued reports from widely separated sections of the country. The Republican has referred to the significance of the Maine election and the New York and New Jersey primaries. The east has gone clearly on record as determined to end Democratic misrule.

Now comes the west. San Francisco's registration a week ago, for example, brought out 102,000 Republicans and 36,000 Democrats, with 30,000 voters not indicating their party affiliation. That is a fair index to northern California conditions. Southern California is reported as being strongly in favor of an immediate return to the Republican party—and the Republican tariff. What is true of California and Washington and Oregon is reported from the mountain states as well.

The answer is plain. The west wishes protection. The west has not participated so heavily in the spotted prosperity which the war has brought. The west still suffers from the sharp blow struck it in 1913, when the Democratic tariff went into and immediately pushed exports downward and raised imports. The war had no part in that. The west remembers.

It also remembers that in the two years following March, 1913, when the Democrats gained power, there were only two months when business failures throughout the country failed to show an increase. There were 18,200 in 1914. The war did not cause the merchants to fail, for the war did not start until August, 1914.

The west remembers that from the month in which the Democrat tariff went into effect for sixteen months, at the end of which time the war had finally created the present prosperity, there was only one month in which railroad earnings did not show a decrease.

The west remembers that from August, 1913, three months after the Democracy gained control and a year before the war, until the spring of 1915 there were only four months in which bank clearings did not show a decrease. The west not only remembers, but will act accordingly on November 7.

Mr. Hughes' recent Missouri speech identified accurately our current prosperity as a prosperity "built on sand" and sure to be demolished by the winds and rain which will come, unless there be a strengthening of the foundation. That strengthening he identified as the protective tariff, to which the Democratic party has been and is and will be opposed. Democracy does not believe in the protective tariff and cannot be expected to revive it.

The abandonment of the protective tariff created the demoralization of 1914. It took the great war to remedy America's ills temporarily. Will America fail to effect a permanent remedy on Nov. 7? Can America forget that it has never enjoyed a protracted prosperity except under a Republican protective tariff? Both east and west apparently remember. The voter goes to the polls on Nov. 7 with his own future in his hands. A vote for a Democratic legislator or executive is a vote for a return of hard times.

DO NOT BE MISLED.

So much that is silly passes among some Democrats for truth supporting the sophistries emanating from the White House that it would deserve no attention were it not that failure to expose it might seem to confirm its verity. No superior intelligence is necessary to understand that our prosperity is founded on war business. It is "as plain as the nose on your face."

If one of two neigboring and competing towns were suddenly to be closed to ordinary industry and the trade of the surrounding country, usually divided between them diverted to the town remaining open, would you regard its access of business as due to the statesmanship of the mayor of that place, and as assuring its permanent commercial leadership when the temporary prostration of the rival town were at an end?

Or, if 10 per cent. of the industries of a town were suddenly called upon to provide temporarily for a distant city all they could make of their special products at extraordinarily high prices and in quick time, resulting in competitive demand for raw materials, for labor at higher wages and for transportation facilities beyond normal, with an inflow of cash such as never had been known before don't you suppose that whole town would feel the impulse of the new business and become prosperous to a degree not before dreamed of? Would you attribute the good fortune to good management at home?

Or, if your town, depending upon outside sources for its labor supply, were suddenly to be deprived of a goodly number of its workers by their scurrying to distant points to engage in war and the same war prevented the customary accessions of laborers to your community, thereby causing wage advances for the limited number remaining, due to competition for their services, would you consider the mayor and common council entitled to a medal for increasing the prosperity of your town?

And, if all these conditions arose following a period of industrial stagnation in your town due as you knew to the refusal of the authorities to co-operate with the community and their imposing conditions that made it difficult or impossible for the merchants and manufacturers to conduct their enterprises in normal times because more consideration was given to outside than to home industries, would you consider the happy reversal something for which you had to thank the inept government? Would you—could you be made to—believe that when the emergency orders had been fulfilled there would not be a relapse to the previous distressing conditions if the authorities, clinging to the old policies and declaring against all common sense that they had produced the prosperity and it would endure, were they retained in office?

In the imaginary community made the subject of our interrogations the situation is fundamentally that of the United States today. Our prosperity is very real, but it is not permanent. It cannot last longer than the extraordinary demand for our goods due to the prostration of industry in belligerent lands lasts, unless we provide protection against them. They are looking forward to the economic struggle after the war of arms. They all will be out to pluck the United State. And they will strip us if we do not adopt measures of safety and security. President Wilson and his Democratic followers reject the truth. They will do nothing for America. The facts of experience and common sense appeal to them not at all. But you know, if you but stop to consider. We must prepare for the future of American industry. The Republican policy of protection is the only safe way. Wilson means misery when the war-born business ends. Hughes means permanent prosperity.

A WORD TO YOUNG MEN.

Preparedness for defense is a political issue and concerns you more directly than some others, perhaps. It is you who are under 25 who will make up in largest part whatever armed force we we will put into the field or on the seas in case of necessity to protect our country from aggressions by foreign powers. As a peace-loving people we need not consider any but a war of defense. Should war be necessary, you would go, of course, if the regular establishment were inadequate to repel invasion. You are patriotic, liberty-loving, a thoroughgoing American. Being ready to serve in case of need, what do you demand on the part of your government, first, to postpone the evil day as long as possible; second, to make sure the speedy triumph of our arms with as little sacrifice of our blood as may be? You demand preparedness of men and implements of warfare. If you must strike you want to strike hard and effectively and have it overwith. To which political porty can you look with confidence for the protection of your personal welfare as a potential soldier in the American army of defense? That's the question for you to decide now; having decided, you must back your judgment with your votes.

Protection may be a concrete policy of government or it may be a mere shibboleth shouted to catch votes.

When the European war broke out and America for the first time realized that its isolation does not afford the protection from attack that we had imagined; when for a time there was grave danger of our becoming embroiled, what was the attitude of the principal political parties? The Republicans clamored for adequate preparation for defense. President WILSON sneered at the alarm. When public opinion had crystalized for preparedness, the President suddenly made the "discovery" that the country was unprepared for defense and made a campaign to "convert" the people to it. Hundreds of millions were appropriated by Congress for strengthening the army and navy. What has been done and what can you expect from the WILSON administration in realization of the power we need? JOSEPHUS DANIELS, Secretary of the Navy, the President's most intimate cabinet minister, is opposed to a strong navy, has done nothing toward carrying out the congressional program, has not even started work on two battleships authorized on March 3, 1915. Mr. Daniels has persistently antagonized the professional men of the navy whom the nation has trained for its defense. If Mr. WILSON is re-elected Mr. DANIELS will remain in office. Our first line of defense will be neglected. More of our young men than should be will have to be sacrificed if we ever have to go to war because the WILSON administration has not prepared to protect our country and its young men—you young men who will vote, many of you for the first time, on November 7.

Congress provided money and a scheme for enlarging and strengthening the army. The better army we have the fewer American young men we will have to sacrifice in defending the country. But the Democratic scheme, in which Mr. Wilson acquiesced, has not proved effectual and holds no promise of doing so. The federalization of the National Guard was carried out against the protest of Republicans. It was a political measure, not one of defense. The idea was to make a political machine that would deliver votes to Wilson. The Volunteer Army plan was rejected. A large Regular Army was authorized, but the recruiting scheme has proved ineffective. Few men have been added to the army. Thanks to the failure of the Democratic schemes, if we are called upon to defend ourselves you will go forth raw recruits to be slaughtered because there has been no adequate preparedness.

Here are considerations for the young men who will have to do the fighting if any is to be done. Mr. Hughes and the Republican party stand for genuine preparedness. Mr. Wilson and the Democratic party have had their opportunity to provide it. They have refused and failed to do so. You, young men, will pay with your blood if we are attacked. Your safety lies in making the country safe. It will not be done through the election of Mr. Wilson. If you think that "he has kept us out of war" think also what will be your fate if war is thrust upon us before we have adequately prepared.

RED OAK

Buying hay and straw is the order of the day.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Prather were shopping in Gormania Wednesday evening.

Albert Cooper, of Schell, W. Va., spent the latter part of this week with D. F. Cooper.

Hazel and Virgie Jack, Stella Cooper, Mr. and Mrs. D. F. Cooper, Cora and Della Deems, spent Sunday at Dobbin, West Va., with Mr. and Mrs. Harry Nutter.

Song service at this place was well attended Sunday evening.

MOUNTAIN LAKE PARK.

R. G. Richardson, of Piedmont, spent Friday last in the Park looking over his property.

Prof. Welch was a week-end visitor in the lower end of the county.

Constable Callis officially assisted Sheriff Ashby last week. Tom is always ready for business.

Mrs. Ida Lee has purchased the lots in front of her property. She has now one of the finest properties in the Park, with a charming outlook. This purchase has increased the value of her property one hundred percent.

William Edgar has sold a number of of potatoes at $1.25 per bushel, delivered at the railroad station. The farmers do not seem to be anxious to sell their potatoes, claiming that they will be worth $2 a bushel before very long. The farmers are living on Prosperity avenue just now. Everything they have bring big prices.

Turkey and Thanksgiving is a very serious thought. This great National day is coming. Very close is it, but the turkey, that is the question. Eight ounces of bread a nickle, a pound of turkey—the very question is painful to contemplate.

Coal at quoted $2.85 per ton at the mines, brings Garrett county coal in the market. The C. M. Rathbun Sons Co., have contracted for the delivery of coal, from the Harvey mine, to run their plant, at a much less figure than they can ship in coal.

The poor man has one consolation these days, and that is, "Salvation is free."

The water has been let out of the lake. When drained a fresh supply of water will be accumulated for the ice harvest of this winter.

Many of our men folks are not considering the question of the preacher, "Where will you spend eternity?" but are wondering "where they will spend the winter." Everything closed down here and no work.

Messrs. Landon, Echard & Co., have been notified to file their bond for the contract to finish the State road to the railroad station. This will be done at once. We congratulate these gentlemen in securing the contract. This means that early next summer the State road will be completed to Loch Lynn.

Plans are being made to make Mountain Lake Park, next summer, a week-end excursion point for automobiles. Mountain Lake Parks success is Garrett county's success.

Floyd White motored to Pittsburgh and spent last week in the "Smoky City."

We have the promise of a drug store in the Park next summer. It was a mistake not having one the past summer. Our two grocery stores are a great public convenience. They will be kept open all winter.

The State Department of Health, Baltimore, has made an examination of the water in Jacob's well and pronounce it "safe for use."

The deepest sympathy of this community went out to Mr. and Mrs. George Dawson, in the death of their young son, from dyphtheria. Mrs. Dawson is also sick from the same disease, but is getting along nicely.

William White is painting the Hopkins cottage. The cottage will be put in good shape for next summer by the new owner.

Mrs. Carrie Hopkins is visiting her sister-in-law, Mrs. L. A. Rudisill.

Mr. E. W. Kelso is making a business trip through several southern states. He will be gone several weeks.

Mr. J. L. Echard visited Mr. Lohr's near Oakland, last week and ate strawberries picked from the vines while he was there. Florida cannot beat that. Score one for Garrett county.

BITTINGER.

Mrs. Eliza Fazenbaker, aged 49 years, died at her home in this village on Friday morning, October 20th after an illness of about five weeks' duration. The funeral occurred on Saturday morning, from the Lutheran Church, services conducted by Rev. Samuel Miller. The deceased is survived by her husband, Mr. Jacob Fazenbaker, and three sons and five daughters, as well as a number of brothers and sisters.

Dr. N. I. Broadwater, of Oakland, passed through this village one day last week enroute to the east side of Meadow Mountain to see a patient.

Mrs. T. B. Wiley spent last Saturday and Sunday at her home in Grantsville.

Mr. Uriah Hutsell, of Hamilton county, Nebraska, spent part of last week visiting his sister, Mrs. Edward Railey, near this place.

Albert Brenneman had the misfortune to lose a valuable horse last Sunday.

Mrs. Rose Beitzell returned last Saturday from Connellsville, Pa., where she had gone for treatment for an affection of the eyes.

Merchant O. C. Buckle and wife are greatly rejoiced over the gift of a young daughter, by Mr. Stork, on last Sunday morning, and we may expect punctual arrivals of the mails now.

Did you hear the Racket Store. Adv

There is a Real Difference

Cream of tartar, derived from grapes, is used in Royal Baking Powder because it is the best and most healthful ingredient known for the purpose.

Phosphate and alum, which are derived from mineral sources, are used in some baking powders, instead of cream of tartar, because they are cheaper.

If you have been induced to use baking powders made from alum or phosphate, use Royal Baking Powder instead. You will be pleased with the results and the difference in the quality of the food.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO.
New York

O. H. S. Notes.

The Third year class has purchased combination geometry tablets, which are to be used in class work and examinations. The members of the Fourth year class have purchased special note books for their physic work.

The students have paid a years subscription for the following magazines: Review of Reviews, American Magazine and McClures. The magazines have been placed in the library for reading and class-room work. In addition to the magazines The Review of Reviews Company has presented the school with a set of "Lock and Key Library" of ten volumes, which is composed of the following titles: North Europe, Mediterranean, German, Classic, French, Modern French, French Novels, Old English, American and Real Life Stories.

The High and Grammar schools are making arrangements with Mr. William Burdick, director of the Baltimore Public Athletic League, to introduce soccer in the schools. A representative will be here two days of next week, bringing paraphernalia with him to show the teachers and scholars the principles of the game.

The Freshmen class elected the following officers: Pres., William Garrett; vice pres., Leah Maffett; sec., Nell McComas; Treas., Ara Peddicord.

The Lancastrian literary society elected the following officers; Rec. sec., Eva Falkenstein; cor. sec., Carrie Mann; treas., Edward Kahl; editor-in-chief, Robert Porter; chief usher, Carleton Hinebaugh; sergeant-at-arms, Ralph Davis; pianist, Leah Maffett. The Yorkists selected: Pres., Charles Garrett; vice pres., Mabel Falkenstein; rec. sec., Mary D. Navlor; cor. sec., Beulah Ralston; treas., Pauline Jones; editor-in-chief, Donald Sincell; chief usher, Margaret Sincell; sergeant-at-arms, Uriel Cheuvront; pianist, Julius Littman. The Yorkists will give the first program, Nov. 3.

Subscribe for The Republican.

Notice to Subscribers.

Beginning November 1st, 1916, the subscription price of The Republican will be advanced from $1.25 per year to $1.50 per year. This advance in price is made unwillingly by the publisher, but at the same time it is absolutely necessary by reason of the fact that every single item going into the making of a newspaper, including inks, paper and fixed charges has so advanced that the present subscription price of $1.25 per year is much less than the cost of production.

News print paper has advanced from $2.40 per hundred pounds to $7.00 per hundred pounds, while inks have advanced from 6 cents per pound to 15 cents per pound within the past six months. It was the hope of the management that prices would become normal and this advance in the price of subscription would not be necessary; but instead indications are that all material will become higher.

Anyone desiring to pay their subscription in advance prior to November 1st may do so at the present rate for a period of not more than one year. All subscriptions that are now paid in advance will be continued the full time paid for. All subscriptions in arrear must be promptly settled as we cannot longer carry delinquents.

The Lutheran Church

SECOND STREET, OAKLAND

Sunday School, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.
B. H. SINCELL, Superintendent.

Men's Brotherhood Class, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.
O. A. BREMER, Teacher.

All the men not attending Sunday School elsewhere are cordially invited to join this class and to have a part in the study and discussion of the lesson

Morning Worship, 10.45 o'Clock.

A cordial invitation is extended to all strangers and visitors to worship with us.

Luther League, 6.30 o'Clock P. M.

Topic—"The Cradle of the Reformation."
Leader—WALTER KAHL.

Evening Worship, 7.30 o'Clock.

Afternoon Worship at Crellen, Md.

There will be worship in the Union church at Crellen, Md., Sunday afternoon October 29th at 2:30 o'clock p. m. Rev. O. A. Bremer will preach.

O. A. BREMER, Pastor.

—The above was prepared by the pastor and the advertisement is authorized and paid for by one interested in church work.

The

FOUNDED 1888

Garrett National Bank

FOUNDED 1888

Of Oakland, Maryland.

THE STRONGEST BANK IN GARRETT COUNTY

Capital - - - - -	$ 50,000.00
Surplus - - - - -	65,000.00
Deposits over - - -	550,000.00
Resources over - - -	725,000.00

Consider seriously what that means. Think of it when you open an account. It means

STRENGTH

In opening a bank account first satisfy yourself as to the responsibility of the institution with which you propose to deposit your money.

NO ACCOUNT TOO SMALL---NONE TOO LARGE

We pay three per cent interest on time and saving deposits. Safe deposit boxes for rent.

OFFICERS

GILMOR S. HAMILL, President. **G. A. FRALEY, Cashier.**
D. E. OFFUTT, Jr. Vice Pres't. **H. L. JONES, Ass't. Cashier.**

DIRECTORS

GILMOR S. HAMILL, JOHN T. MITCHELL, CHARLES S. DAVIS, DANIEL E. OFFUTT Jr., JOSEPH E. HARNED HARLAND L. JONES, GEORGE A. FRALEY.

ESTABLISHED 1884.

A WORD

FROM

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.,

Oakland, Maryland.

Who solicit your business when needing

Farm machinery, buggies, wagons, fertilizers, roofings, barn door track.

As well as

Honeywell hot water heating system

AND

The Calorie pipeless hot air furnace.

PLUMBING

Of all nature promptly and quickly done by Expert Workmen.

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.

"Naylor has it and sells it for less."

Miss Stella Welling spent last week with friends near Gorman, Md.

Mr. E. H. Sincell was at Philippi, West Va., yesterday on professional business.

The Racket Store will trade for all kinds of country produce. Adv.

Miss Irene Harvey, of Keyser, West Va., is spending a few days in Oakland with friends.

Rev. George S. Hanleiter, of Loch Lynn Heights, was in the city Tuesday morning on business.

Mrs. Howard P. Stuck and little daughter are on a visit to relatives and friends in Frederick county, this state.

It is the price that sells Roofing at A. D. Naylor & Co. Adv.

The Orphans' court for this county as in session Tuesday when a small amount of business was transacted.

To avoid the rush come early to the Racket Store. Adv. 34-4t

Mrs. Wm. R. Offutt and children, who were on an extended visit to relatives in Cumberland, returned to their home in Oakland Monday.

Mr. J. M. Crane, of Kingwood, spent Tuesday night in Oakland with relatives after having attended the communication Lodge of Masons here that evening.

Mrs. Izetta Brown, widow of the late Congressman William G. Brown, of Kingwood, was in the city for a few hours last Friday evening, going from here to points east.

Lee Hayden will be glad to see all of his old friends at the Racket Store. Adv. 34-4t

Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Hesen, of Washington, D. C., who have been in Oakland for three or four weeks, returned to their home Tuesday, accompanied by Mr. Hesen's mother, Mrs. Ellen Hesen, who will make her home with her son.

Dr. Fleming Howell, who is interested very extensively in mineral lands located near Denver, Col., left Oakland on Saturday night for the west, expecting to be absent several weeks.

Messrs. W. C. Chaney, of Avilton, and Thomas Chaney, of Frostburg, the latter a brother of the late "Long John" Chaney, were in Oakland last Friday when both called at this office.

LOST—Gold chain and locket; together or separate; locket with monogram M. M. S. Finder please leave same at my office and receive reward.—Dr. B. F. Selby. Adv.*

Postmaster C. A. Deffinbaugh, under orders from the Department at Washington, inspected rural routes Nos. 1 and 2 this week and will make his report as to existing conditions immediately.

A Bonded Guarantee is given with the installation of every Calorie Pipeless Furnace by A. D. Naylor & Co.

FOR SALE—One good draft horse; dark iron gray; 6 years old; weighs 1400 lbs.; gentle and a good worker. Will sell on easy terms. A. D. NAYLOR. Advertisement 34-3t

Miss Edith Bolden, who has been at Fairmont, West Va., for some weeks where she is engaged in the Hartleys store as head of the glove department, returned to her home Saturday afternoon for a visit of a few days, leaving for Fairmont yesterday afternoon.

That job of Plumbing is neatly and quickly done by seeing A. D. Naylor & Co. Adv.

Last Sunday afternoon Rev. O. A. Bremer, pastor of the Oakland Lutheran church, went to Hutton where he conducted religious services in the school building at that place. About sixty persons were present. On next Sunday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock the minister will preach in the Crellin church to which service all are cordially invited.

Mr. George W. Loar, of Grafton, spent several days last and this week with relatives in Oakland.

Mr. George D. Browning, who spent several days at Johnstown, Pa., returned to Oakland yesterday morning.

Mr. Percy Frantz left Oakland on Monday for Akron and Cleveland, Ohio, where he expects to remain a week or more.

LOST—On the State road Saturday an automobile chain. Finder please return to Frantz Hotel, Oakland, Md. Adv.

Mr. L. W. Hopkins, manager of the Garrett County Creamery, is on a brief visit to relatives and friends in Northern Ohio.

FOR SALE—A few choice Shropshire Ram Lambs at Little Meadows, Grantsville, Md. H. P. Miller, Superintendent. Adv. 31-6t

Mr. Carl B. White, of Uniontown, Pa., accompanied by Dr. Howard also of that city, spent a portion of Sunday with relatives and friends in Oakland.

Misses Bess Hendrickson and Lena Ravenscroft left Oakland yesterday afternoon for Keyser, W. Va., where they will spend several days the guests of friends.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

FOR SALE—A 78 acre farm; 50 acres under cultivation; 7 room house, good barn, abundance of spring water; 10 acres virgin timber, for $2200. E. F. DEWITT, Scottdale, Pa. Adv. 34-4t

Dr. Mason, C. V. Guard, Harry J. Black and W. W. Frazee, all of Friendsville; E. M. Mickey, H. J. Swartz and E. C. Millgard, of Garmania, and Guss T. Hillearv, of near that place, were in the city Tuesday night.

Work of remodeling the Davis building on Second street is progressing nicely and Mr. Davis expects to have the new store open in ample time to care for the Thanksgiving trade which will surely follow him.

No bids having been received by the City Council for the erection of the proposed new city hall at the last meeting of that body, they give notice in another column of this paper that such bids will be received on November 6th for the erection of the structure as planned originally.

Just received at McIntire's Hardware Store, a car load of Paroid Roofing to sell at the right price. Advertisement.

Mr. D. E. Bolden has a force of men at work at Mr. Hammond's residence, which was partially destroyed by fire some weeks ago, rebuilding the roof and making other absolutely necessary repairs before cold weather sets in. During the winter months to follow it is the intention of Mr. Hammond to have the structure entirely restored.

Oiling the State roads in Garrett county was completed Tuesday when the last truck load of oil was distributed over the Oakland-Gortner road and the equipment doing the work left Oakland for its base in Baltimore this morning. In all many thousands of gallons of oil were used during the past two or three months on the roads leading into Oakland. That the work is completed is gratifying to both autoists and those driving teams over the roads.

Great Bargains at the Racket Store. Advertisement.

Mr. Lester Yutzy, of Mountain Lake Park, where he has been associated as store manager and bookkeper with the firm of C. M. Rathbun & Sons Co. for more than ten years, has accepted a position with Mr. C. N. McIntire of Oakland and will move to Oakland about November 1st and take the place of Mr. John W. Davis in Mr. McIntire's store.

Subscribe for The Republican.

Three trains bearing the First Regiment Maryland National Guard, passed through Oakland Sunday night on the way to Baltimore from Eagle Pass where the soldiers had been doing patrol duty during the summer months. Arriving in Baltimore that night they went into camp and in a few days it is expected that they will be mustered out of the National service.

I will pay 12½ cents per pound for Hog Dressed Veals. Andrew Shartzer, Oakland, Md. Advertisement.

Mr. William Miller, of Accident, was in Oakland early Tuesday morning to meet the Rev. George Luecke, of Beardstown, Ill., who has accepted a call as pastor of the German Lutheran church at Accident. The latter arrived on train No. 2 that morning and will be installed as pastor of the congregation on Sunday morning by the Rev. F. Dreyer, of Detroit, Mich., assisted by Rev. P. Dollmeyer, of Cumberland, Md.

Great bargains on tin ware, glass ware, queensware and granite ware at the Racket Store. Adv. 34-4t

THE LADIES' HOME JOURNAL, THE SATURDAY EVENING POST and THE COUNTRY GENTLEMAN wish to secure the spare time of a man or woman to act as local representative in Oakland and vicinity, looking after the renewals of their many subscriptions in this section and introducing these publications to new readers. Payment will be made in salary and commission. Previous experience is desirable but not essential. For details address with references, Box 654, THE CURTIS PUBLISHING COMPANY, Independence Square Philadelphia.

Consult A. D. Naylor and Co., about the heating of your home with the Famous Calorie Pipeless Furnace. Adv.

We print elsewhere in The Republican today the official ballot and notice of election to occur on the 7th day of November. The ballot is the largest ever voted in Maryland. In counties and towns where the local option measure is to be submitted to a vote the ballot will be somewhat larger than the one to be voted in this county. The electorate of Maryland will also have the opportunity on election day of voting for a woman as an elector on the Socialist ticket—Mrs. Nathalie B. Ells, who is a socialistic worker maintaining her home in Baltimore.

FOR RENT—A dwelling on Second street. Apply to Miss Mollie Porter. Advertisement 34-2t

The Maryland Theatre will offer a new play to its patrons next Tuesday, Oct. 31, 1961, when "A Little Girl In A Big City" will be seen at that popular playhouse. The play is by James Karle MacCurdy, who is said to have written a better sermon than many a one preached from the pulpit. It centers about a shrinking country girl's excursion into New York City, her battle for meagre existence and the preservation of her honor. Some of the scenes in the play are said to be thrilling and exciting in the extreme. Adv.

Cement on Hand.

I have received a car load of cement and expect another car load next week. Place your orders now.

H. W. KAHL,
Adv. 1t Oakland, Md.

Subscribe for The Republican.

D. E. BOLDEN

Furniture Dealer and Funeral Director

HAVING moved my furniture business to the Manhattan Hotel store room, I am prepared to serve the public to the best of my ability, having now in stock the finest line of Furniture ever brought to the city and which I offer as cheap as it can be bought in the wholesale markets.

All I ask is a chance to name you prices.

My stock is complete in every detail, and which consists of Furniture, Carpets, Mattings, Window Shades, Bedding of all kinds, large and small Rugs—in fact everything with which to furnish a house from cellar to attic.

I am also prepared to give estimates on Buildings and repair work—from a pig pen to a palace.

Call and see me; I will treat you fair and square.

Thanking the public for past favors and soliciting a continuance of the same, I remain,

Yours respectfully,

D. E. BOLDEN

Our Legal Responsibility

to our customers insures the safeguarding of your funds in this Bank.

Our Personal Responsibility

gives each member of the bank a friendly interest in whatever business problem you may care to discuss with us. If we can help, command Us.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OAKLAND - MARYLAND

HEAVY REGISTRATION IN ALLEGANY COUNTY

It Is the Banner Republican County of the State.

The total registered vote in Allegany county, which is now the banner Republican county of the State, as shown by the revised figures in the returns made to the Election Supervisors last Tuesday, show that the total vote of the county is 14,190, a gain over the 1915 vote of 828.

Of these 8,442 are registered as Republicans, a gain of 524 over the affiliated majority of 1915.

The Democrats now have a registered vote of 5,154, a gain of 261 over the 1915 registration.

There are 231 Socialists registered in the County, 127 Prohibitionists, 35 Progressives and 194 declined.

When it is considered that hundreds of young men from the Georges Creek mining region have gone to work in the munition factories of Western Pennsylvania and Ohio this is regarded as a remarkable showing.

The Republican workers of the county are jubilant over the returns.

Surprise for Pastor.

To the Editor of The Republican.

Will you permit me through your columns to extend our thanks to the good friends, who on Tuesday night brought such a pleasant and complete surprise to the manse. Without the slightest intimation a large company of the church members slipped in, bringing with them not only good cheer, but an abundance of the good things of life, enough to last us many days.

To say thank you does not express our feelings. We can only ask the Giver of all good, to abundantly bless and reward all those who were not there in person, but were by their gifts, as well as those present.

It was a handsome and cheerful expression of confidence and affection that must ever be appreciated and can not fail to lead us to pray for the richest of divine blessings to rest upon all.

J. C. AND MRS. ELY.

THE DEATH RECORD.

MISS ELLA MERRILL.

Miss Ella Merrill, a well known and highly respected resident of Oakland died at the home of her niece, Miss Alice Hesen, with whom she had lived in late years, last Friday afternoon about 2 o'clock, after a long illness of two years.

Miss Merrill was born on the old Merrill farm, near here, Sept. 27, 1835, her parents being Cathryn Wartman and Stephen Merrill, early settlers in this section. The only surviving relative in her immediate family is her brother, Mr. Nicholas Merrill, who lives on the old home place.

The deceased lady lived practically all her life in Oakland and vicinity and had many friends to whom the news of her death is a cause for deep regret. The funeral took place last Sunday afternoon from her late home, after services conducted by Rev. Dr. Ward, assisted by Rev. W. M. Shultz, of the M. E. church. The pall bearers were Messrs. F. A. Thayer, A. D. Naylor, C. S. and J. W. Davis, J. E. Harned and Harry Davis.

GEORGE PRITCHARD DAWSON.

George Pritchard, aged five years, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. George Dawson, of Mountain Lake Park, died at the family home there on Sunday morning after a week's illness of diphtheria and was burried in the Oakland cemetery Sunday evening about six o'clock, the funeral being entirely private. The parents of the little one have the sympathy of a host of friends both in Oakland and the Park.

A Money Saving Chance For You.

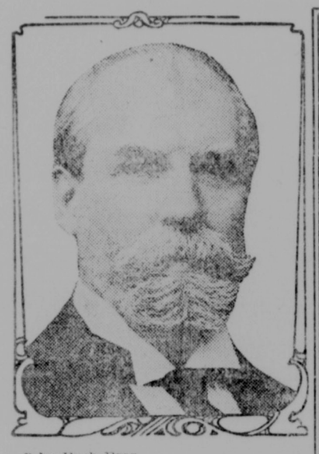
Get rid of your old scrap iron, old rags, old gum shoes, copper and brass. We are paying best cash prices for same.

25c per hundred for iron; 50c per hundred for rags; 5c per lb. for rubber; from 5c to 10c per lb. for copper and brass.

We are located at the old Hamill house, opposite the electric light plant, Oakland, Md.

A. G. TARLO, Proprietor.

Adv. 16-5 months.



© by Pach Bros.

CHARLES EVANS HUGHES.
FOR PRESIDENT

FOR PRESIDENT AND VICE-PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES		
HUGHES FAIRBANKS	REPUBLICAN	X
FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR (VOTE FOR ONE)		
JOSEPH IRWIN FRANCE	REPUBLICAN	X
FOR MEMBER OF CONGRESS (VOTE FOR ONE)		
FREDERICK N. ZIHLMAN	REPUBLICAN	X

FREDERICK N. ZIHLMAN.
FOR MEMBER OF CONGRESS

PROTECTION
PREPAREDNESS AND AFTER THE WAR
PROSPERITY

The positive, constructive platform of the Republican Party has no "isms" in it. It means the welfare of all, the respect of the world, the sacredness of American rights and property and lives both at home and abroad.

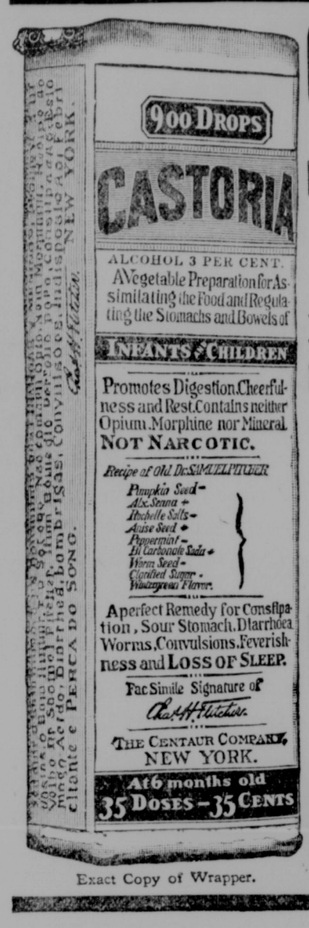
The Republican Doctrine of Tariff Protection

Means more this year than ever before to every American laborer and business man, his home, and his property, BECAUSE, after the war, in competition with cheap but efficient European labor, Tariff Protection will be the only means of UPHOLDING THE AMERICAN STANDARD OF WAGES, and will give us a chance to convert munitions plants into peace industries.

To guarantee the protection of American industries after the war it is necessary to elect not only a Republican President, but also a Republican Senate and House of Representatives.

The above illustration shows how this can be done by three X marks—one opposite Hughes and Fairbanks to vote for the entire electoral ticket, one opposite Joseph Irwin France for United States Senator and one opposite Frederick N. Zihlman for Member of Congress.

Published by authority of GALEN L. TAIT, Chairman and Treasurer, Republican State Central Committee.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

THE CITY'S BEST

MEAT MARKET

IN THE EMPIRE BUILDING.

Choice Steak, Boiling Meat, and all other kinds of meat. Highest cash price paid for Poultry and Eggs; also cash paid for Hides and Skins,

H. L. MILLER

J. W. Whorton & Son

CONTRACTING PLASTERERS

Only the Best Material Used.

Best Grade of Wall Plaster on hand at all times.

CONCRETE WORK of All Kinds.

All Work Guaranteed.

OAKLAND, - MARYLAND.

Order Nisi.

Richard S. Bell, Assignee vs. Philip T. Garthright and Sarah E. Garthright, his wife.

In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland. No. 2085 Equity.

It Is Ordered, this 10th day of October, nineteen hundred and sixteen, by the Circuit Court for Garrett County, sitting in equity that the sales made and reported in the above cause by Richard S. Bell, Assignee of Mortgage, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 10th day of November, 1916; provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Oakland, Garrett county, once a week for three successive weeks before the 3rd day of November, 1916.

The report states the amount of sale to be $1950.00.

E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Garrett County Maryland, Letters of Administration on the estate of

SARAH F. RYLAND

late of Garrett County, Maryland, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 10th day of April, 1917, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under our hand this 10th day of October, 1916.

NORA I. REYBECK,
Administratrix,
Confluence, Pa.

Farm For Sale

Containing 173 acres. About 80 cleared and in good cultivation and the balance in timber and pasture. Large maple grove with camp and about 1400 vessels. Located at Bittinger in Garrett Co. Improved by one dwelling house containing 8 rooms and a good cellar; bank barn 62x76; good orchard and well watered. Also tenant house and stable.

ELIAS ORENDORF,
Bittinger, Maryland.

Advertisement 32-13t

REAL BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE

One of the most desirable residences on Alder street in Oakland, now owned by M. A. Carney, and occupied as a residence by States Attorney Jones, is offered at a very attractive price.

A valuable 90 acre farm near Ottaway, Garrett Co., on the line of the proposed new state road to West Va., and a very desirable piece of real estate.

Improved farm of 138 acres near Swanton, Garrett Co., improved by nine room dwelling, barn and young orchard now bearing. A safe investment.

JAS. D. HAMILL,
Real Estate Agent.

Farm for Sale

Containing two hundred and seventy-six acres. About 175 acres cleared and in good cultivation and the balance in timber.

Located twelve miles west of Lonaconing in Garrett county in the Fairview settlement. With seven or eight never failing springs on it. One dwelling house containing seven rooms and a good cellar; bank barn 40 x 60 feet and all other necessary outbuildings.

Good apple orchard of about 200 bearing trees and all other kinds of fruits.

If not sold prior to January 1st, 1917, the property will be for rent.

For any other information call on or address the undersigned.

JONAS WEITZELL,
Lonaconing, Md.

We Carry in Stock

TIRES
TUBES
SHOCK ABSORBERS
CHAINS
SPARK PLUGS
DRY CELLS
TIRETITE

And many other accessories at the
OAKLAND GARAGE,
Prest-O-Lite Exchange,
Oakland, Maryland.

Subscribe for The Republican.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

Destroying the Foundation.

May I call attention now, to another foundation of our Christion faith, that is being endangered in its stability.

There is a desire to destroy, or at least greatly weaken, one of the foundations that is as old as the Bible. The age sees no use for it. The spirit of the age is opposed to it.

It rather curtails personal liberty they think, though they do not realize that the highest form of liberty is to please to do right and obey God.

If men could but get rid of the restraints of the Sabbath they would be happy. Maybe they would be, after a manner, but it would be the unsatisfactory and false happiness of unbridled desire.

France thought so too, but she found out her mistake. When she was plunged into her awful revolution, when her streets were slippery with blood and Marat and Robertspeare swayed the frantic masses according to their own will. She reaped an awful harvest of misery and suffering, nor has she recovered from the awful blow, even to this day. She has verified in her history the truth of the Divine word "whatsoever we sow, that we also reap."

The Sabbath rest is a necessity to our physical, mental, moral and spiritual life, yet the age insists on converting the Lords day into one of self destruction. Not satisfied with six days of the weak, they want to cheat the Lord out of his one. They defy the civil law of the land, in regard to the Sabbath, and claim to be law abiding citizens, when in truth they are tories; they claim to be obedient subjects when they are rebels against themselves, their country and their God. The Maker of mankind saw the necessities of His creatures and so instituted this day to meet it.

He requires its observance and offers inducement for its proper observance, and threatens judgment against its breakers. Man full of selfishness and pride, the love of the world and avarice, rebellion and hatred of God, thinks it does not pay to keep it, but reason, experience and scripture testify that it does pay, and big dividend are attractive now days.

Properly used it prepares us for the work of the week. Six hundred physicians in England thought it paid when they petitioned Parliament to close the Royal Palace on the Sabbath, on the ground that the health and longevity of the people demanded it.

Where, let me ask, are the men who twenty-five years ago were and continued to be Sabbath breakers? They are moral or financial bankrupts or both.

Pull down the shutters of business places and open up your offices on the Sabbath and you bring down the curse of God.

Sir Matthew Hale uttered a fact, founded—not on superstition—but on natural law, when he said, "That he prospered during the week according to the degree of fidelity with which he observed the Sabbath."

Lord Castlereaugh on the contrary taxed his brain without any Sabbath rest, until his overtaxed nature broke down under the strain and he died by his own hand in the delerium of insanity.

Blackston said, "That a corruption of morals usually follows a profanation of the Sabbath." Church members are helping to destroy this foundation when they refuse to assert their rights and allow its enemies to defy the civil law, when they join Sabbath excursions and indulge in unnecessary travel on the Sabbath. Capital is striking at this foundation when, for the sake of larger dividends they demand unceasing labor which deprives the laborer of his Sabbath and its worship. It wants to control religion whereas religion ought to and must control capital.

Corporations, as carried on today, for the most part are Sabbath disecrating institutions which strike at this divine foundation. Christian people are largely responsible for the loose Sabbatarian principles, for instead of lifting up their voices against its unlawful use, they continue at it, and so they are too often guilty of disregarding its sacred enactments.

We succumb to the demands of irreligion and by conniving at and encouraging present evils, become partners in crime.

Break down the Sabbath and you give the loose reins to avarice and blind passion. You throw down the restraints of pure religion take a long stride toward barbarism and hasten the day when the judgments of the Almighty shall be poured out, like the fire of old upon wicked Sodom. Then the glory of our land shall be dimmed, her honor trailed in the dust and the floodgates of ingdelity shall be opened upon her, and her name shall become a by word and a hissing among the nations of the world.

Inroads on the Sabbath are made by business, pleasure, open saloons, theaters, moving pictures, sports, as baseball, golf, Sunday papers, excursions, concerts, entertainments etc., in short whatever wants to have its way on the Lord's Day, enter with little or no protest.

A recent writer says, "It is appaling to note the number of accidents and disasters that are recorded in our daily papers on Monday morning. At the door of the Sunday automobile, the chief blame for this condition of affairs is laid. An editorial in one of New York's largest dailies of Sept. 7th, 1915 said:

Incomplete reports show that probably more people lost their lives on Sunday in automobile accidents and by drowning, than ever perished on a Fourth of July when the use of cannon, guns and fireworks was without restraint. With much difficulty we have established a comparatively bloodless Fourth. Must we now agitate for a safe and sane Sunday? The Presbyterian General Assembly on Sabbath observance uses these lines--

"They are killing our Sunday of long ago—
The good old Sunday we used to know,
The day of quiet when everywhere
The spirit of peace pervaded the air
And the whole world wearing its Sunday best,
Sat down by the roadside of life to rest.

They are killing our Sunday, not with a blow,
To end it suddenly, but sure and slow,
As they did the martyrs who suffered shame
On the wheel and the rack and in the flame.

They are killing our Sunday, and when it is dead,
When the last, last drop of its blood is shed,
And its spirit has gone from the knowledge of men
In their world—weary struggle for pleasure—what then?"

JOANNES.

GRANTSVILLE.

Miss Beulah Bender who was operated upon last week for appendicitis is now improving at the Western Maryland Hospital at Cumberland. The young lady's mother, Mrs. C. A. Bender, spent the week with her daughter and will probably remain until her convalescence is assured.

Miss Marie Connor has been quite ill for over a week, and it is feared her malady is typhoid fever, as she has been suffering from exhaustion for several weeks. Miss Margaret Finan, a trained nurse from Cumberland, is in attendance upon the patient, and Miss Connor's school has been closed pending her recovery or the acqisition of a substitute teacher during her illness.

J. C. Grady, formerly of this place but now of Brownsville, Pa., passed through here, Saturday, on his way to Midland, Md., where his family still live, and to be with his wife who underwent an operation on Sunday for the removal of the thumb of her right hand, made necessary by a case of blood poisoning. Mrs. Grady's condition has been a source of great anxiety to her family and both her sisters, Mrs. Irene Hayes and mother, Mrs. T. H. Bittinger, are with her at present.

Mrs. Charles Getty entertained the Ladies Sewing Club on Columbus Day, the guests including Mesdames J. A. Carney, H. C. Bonig, C. S. Zeller, and Frank Davis; Misses Sabina and Mary Blocher, Carrie Dorsey, Ethel Broadwater and Christine Winterberg. A picture of the Genoese discoverer hung beneath a flag, and an article on Columbus' life was read by one of the ladies. Passepartout pictures of Columbus were given by the hostess as souvenirs. Refreshments followed a pleasant afternoon.

Dr. and Mrs. J. A. Carney were called to Belleville, Pa., Sunday, by the death of the former's mother, at that place.

Senator George L. Wellington and party from Cumberland were Saturday evening guests at the National hotel.

Master Raymond Shirer is recovering from the measles.

Mrs. John McCullogh and sons, Ford and George, and daughter, Miss Maria, from Friendsville, spent Saturday with Mrs. G. C. Keller,

Mrs. Sophia Bonig, whose health has been failing the past few weeks, is slightly improved.

Mrs. David Pope from Sutton, Md., spent last week, with her sisters, Mrs. C. H. Bill and Mrs. John Zehner.

Dr. and Mrs. G. C. Keller and Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Getty spent last Thursday in Uniontown, Pa., with Stewart Rodamer, as chauffeur.

Mrs. Howard Ringer is better after a few days' indisposition.

Mrs. L. T. Murray from Mt. Savage, spent the past two weeks at the Casselman Hotel.

John Zehner and W. C. Loechel were among the people from here who attended the Hagerstown Fair last week.

The infant child of Mrs. Ed. Fisher has been quite ill for a few days with eczema, but is improving.

Ripe strawberries have been picked in the fields near Grantsville, which is most unusual at this time of year.

d to and Filed with the Board of Supervisors of Elections for Garrett County, Maryland.

Office of the Board of Supervisors of Elections of Garrett County, Md., Oakland, October 21st, 1916.

iptions of the candidates of the several political parties whose certificates of nomination have been certified to and duly filed with this Board and for whom the legally qualified vo- for adoption or rejection, which will appear upon the official ballot to be voted at the election to be held on Tuesday, November 7th, 1916.

FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR VOTE FOR ONE		
OSEP IRWIN FRANCE	REPUBLICAN	
MES W. FRIZZELL	PROHIBITION	
RANK N. H. LANG	LABOR	
AVID J. LEWIS	DEMOCRATIC	
YLVESTER L. V. YOUNG	SOCIALIST	

FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN THE SIXTY-FIFTH CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES FROM THE SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT OF MARYLAND VOTE FOR ONE		
OSS V. AYERS	SOCIALIST	
ENRY DORSEY ETCHISON	DEMOCRATIC	
WILLIAM A. WALKER	PROHIBITION	
FREDERICK N. ZIHLMAN	REPUBLICAN	

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROVIDING FOR A BUDGET.

"This amendment provides that the Governor shall present to the Legislature soon after it is convened a Budget giving a complete plan of proposed expenditures and estimated revenues for the two succeeding fiscal years showing clearly any surplus or deficit in State funds. In these estimates he shall make provision for the interest and sinking funds of all State debts, for all salaries as fixed by law, and for the public schools as fixed by law. With regard to most other matters he may revise the estimates presented to him either by State Officers or State-aided institutions. The Legislature may not increase the estimates presented by the Governor or pass any additional appropriation act except by a majority vote and must make provision by tax for such increase or additional appropriation. The Legislature may not alter in any appropriation act the provision made by law for the State debt, or for the judiciary, but may reduce all other items in the Governor's estimates; and the words 'for the Constitutional Amendment' and against the Constutional Amendment' as now provided by law, and immediately after said election due returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote in accordance with Article XVI of the Constitution.

Approved March 28, 1916.

FOR THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT	
AGAINST THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT	

CHAPTER NO. 453.

AN ACT to empower and direct the County Commissioners of Garrett County to borrow money on the credit of said county for the purpose of erecting a high school building in the town of Oakland, and heating, furnishing and equipping the same, and to purchase or condemn real estate for the erection of the same, and for the purpose of erecting, repairing and improving other public school buildings in said county, and to issue bonds for the payment of said money, and to levy taxes upon the assessable property of said county to redeem such bonds and to pay the interest thereon, to refer such question to the voters of Garrett County.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That for the purpose of erecting a high school building in the town of Oakland and for the purpose of furnishing, heating and equipping said building, and for the erection, repairing and improving other public school buildings in said county, and for the purpose of purchasing or condemning real estate for the erection of the same, the County Commissioners for Garrett County, be and they are hereby authorized, empowered and directed to borrow money on the credit of said county to an amount not exceeding thirty thousand dollars, and to issue coupon bonds therefor, the said bonds to be in the sum of one thousand dollars each, and to be signed by the president of the Board of County Commissioners for Garrett County and countersigned by the Clerk of said board, with the corporate seal of said County Commissioners attached to every bond so issued; said bonds to be dated the first day of January, 1917, and to bear interest, at a rate not exceeding 5 per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually on the first day of July and the first day of January in each and every year until the maturity thereof, and the said bonds shall mature as follows: one thousand dollars thereof on January 1, 1922, and annually thereafter the sum of one thousand dollars in every year until all of said bonds shall have matured.

SEC. 2. And be it enacted. That said bonds shall have written or printed on them a distinct reference to the act directing the issue of the same, and that said bonds when issued shall be exempt from municipal and county taxation in Garrett County, and they shall be sold after due advertisement by the County Commissioners to the highest bidder or bidders, provided however that none of said bonds shall be sold for less than par value.

SEC. 3. And be it enacted. That the said County Commissioners for Garrett County shall levy annually upon the assessable property of said county tax sufficient to pay the interest upon said bonds, and in the year 1921 they shall levy the sum of one thousand dollars to meet the first maturing bond issued, and annually thereafter the said County Commissioners shall levy upon the assessable property of said county the sum of one thousand dollars until the maturity of the last bond by this act authorized to be issued.

SEC. 4. And be it enacted. That the clerk of the County Commissioners of Garrett County shall register the said bonds when the same are sold, showing to whom the same were sold, what price was obtained therefor, and shall keep a record upon the books of said County Commissioners of all bonds paid.

SEC. 5. And be it eaacted. That the County Commissioners of Garrett County shall when notified by the Board of County School Commissioners of said county that they desire to avail themselves of the provision of this act and of the amount of money they will require for the purpose aforesaid, advertise and sell said bonds as above provided to an amount sufficient to produce the sum designated by the said Board of School Commissioners, but in no event in excess of the sum of thirty thousand dollars, and shall pay over the proceeds of the sale of said bonds to the Board of County School Commissioners who shall accouut for the same as they account for other monies passing through their hands.

SEC. 6. And be it enacted, That the said County Commissioners for Garrett County shall have the option to redeem any or all of said bonds outstanding after ten years from the date of their issue.

SEC. 7. And be it enacted, That at the general election in November, 1916, there shall be submitted to the qualified voters of Garrett County, the question whether the said bonds shall be issued, and at such election the ballots cast upon the question shall have printed or written thereon the words, "For the Bond Issue," or "Against the Bond Issue," and if the majority of the votes cast upon said question shall be "For the Bond Issue" then the County Commissioners for Garrett County shall proceed to exercise the power vested in them by this Act, and shall issue the bonds as herein provided; but if the majority of the votes cast shall be "Against the Bond Issue," then this Act shall be null and void.

FOR THE BOND ISSUE	
AGAINST THE BOND ISSUE	

J. M. STANTON, *President.*
FRED P. MILLER,
GEORGE D. BROWNING,
Board of Supervisors of Elections of Garrett County, Maryland.

GORTNER

Miss Ruth Smouse spent Saturday night at W. H. Smouse's the guest of Miss Jessie Shaffer.

Mrs. J. J. Schlossnagle and son, Elwood, left Saturday for Fairmont, West Va., and Liverpool, O., where they will visit Mrs. Schlossnagle's daughters.

Ralph Liller, of Dobbin, West Va., formerly of this place, spent Wednesday night with Roy and Lee Sanders.

Mrs. Ed. Bittinger and son Lawrence were calling at W. C. Welch's Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. R. L. Gauer spent the past week with Mrs. Henry Ridder, at Mason.

A number from this place have been attending the revival meetings at Pleasant Valley.

Harry Bowman, of Keyser, West Va., spent Thursday night with Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Sanders.

We are sorry to note that Beulah, the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ben Friend, had the misfortune of falling out of the barn and breaking her leg.

Christ Yoder, of Iowa, Jonas Kauffman, of Arthur, Illinois, and Moses Yoder, of Grantsville, spent Saturday and Sunday at this place.

Mrs. Lewis Beachy, who spent the past week with her parents at Meyersdale, returned home Friday.

Mrs. F. S. Irwin, left Sunday for Brookside, where she will spend some time with Mr. and Mrs. Felty Selders.

Miss Mabel Wamsley is staying with Mrs. Truman DeWitt at Crellin.

Mr. and Mrs. Claude Sanders are rejoicing over the arrival of a son.

Mr. and Mrs. P. P. Gortner and son, Forrest, Roy, Lee and Charlie Sanders, were callers at the home of Mrs. Catherine Slabaugh Sunday afternoon.

An expert from North Carolina is coming to this place, to doctor Mr. Schrock's tractor, which has been somewhat balky.

Milton Swartzentruber, who spent several weeks at this place, returned to his home in Delaware Monday evening.

Services in the Union church Sunday morning, and evening by the Mennonite brethren. Everybody invited.

Galon Fike passed through our vicinity one day last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Hervey Bittner and Mrs. Samuel Slabaugh, of Mountain Lake, motored to this place Sunday evening and were guest's at Noah Slabaugh's.

SILVER KNOB

Mr. Roy Lichty and Milton Swartzentruber were callers at O. S. Ridders Sunday evening.

Mrs. Frank Strawser and Mrs. W. G. Sanders were visiting at Mr. Hervey Nine's Sunday.

Mr. Hervey Nine is smiling. He says its a boy.

Quite a number of young people attended singing at this place Sunday evening,

Elva Christman was a caller at O. S. Ridder's Sunday.

Quite a crowd of the young people of this place attended the sale at Mr. Jonas Setzers Saturday.

Miss Bertha Nicholson and Mr. Floyd Wensell were at singing Sunday night.

Shucking corn seems to be the order of the day at this place.

Mrs. Christman was a visitor to Oakland Monday.

We are glad to hear that Mrs. Rena Hornbrook is improving.

People on No. 1 route have been wondering why Mr. Sanner is so happy He says its a girl.

Sunday school next Sunday at half-past two. Everybody come.

Memories of Eighteen Eighty Nine.

I never shall forget the time,
'Twas when we both were young,
That we first met at an old time dance,
Way down on Tolliver's Run.

'Twas on one beautiful autumn night,
In eighteen eighty-nine,
We took a stroll to Tolliver's Run
Among the lofty pine.

Where once those pines so huge and tall,
The little brook still flows,
'Tis singing just the same today
As it sang long years ago.

But we since have grown old,
Our locks are silvering o'er,
Yet memory holds a vision still
As in the days of yore.

I oft recall those golden days,
As the years go fleeting by,
Like peering through the icy mists
Of a chilled December sky.

Though looking back through the vale of time,
With a vision of those who've trod,
I see many a kind and loving face
We've laid beneath the sod.

But this I'll say, to you, dear Joe,
When we pass life's setting sun,
I hope we'll meet with those who danced
Way down on Tolliver's Run.

Note: The above poem was written at the conclusion of a letter to an old time friend by J. W. Kimmell in which he portrays in a very sentimental manner the ties of early friendship and joy mingled with sorrow and sadness, at the thought of declining years and the severance of friendship ties.

Split Siding Cheap.

We have just received a car of Split Siding which we offer at a low price to those who place their orders immediately. H. W. Kahl & Sons, Oakland Planing Mills, Oakland, Md. Adv.

BUSINESS women give rubber footwear hard service. Earning her living makes a woman watch the pennies.

That's why school teachers, saleswomen, stenographers, etc., show a decided preference for Hub-Mark Rubber Footwear.

Trim fitting, stylish and serviceable.

Hub-Mark Rubber Footwear is made in a wide variety of kinds and styles to cover the stormy weather needs of men, women, boys and girls in town or country.

The Hub-Mark is your value mark.

HUB

HUB-MARK RUBBERS

The World's Standard Rubber Footwear

For sale by all good dealers.

The Care of Teeth.

The United States Public Health Service issued yesterday the following bulletin: "A recent investigation made by the U. S. Public Health Service in connection with studies of rural school children showed that 49.3 per cent. had defective teeth, 21.1 per cent. had two or more missing teeth, and only 16.9 per cent. had had dental attention. Over 14 per cent. never used a tooth brush, 58.2 per cent. used one occasionally and only 27.4 per cent. used daily. Defective teeth reduce physical efficiency. Dirty, suppurating, snaggle-toothed mouths are responsible for many cases of heart disease, rheumatism, and other chronic affections. The children are not responsible for the neglected state of their teeth. The ignorant and careless parent is to blame for this condition—a condition which hampers mental and physical growth and puts a permanent handicap on our future citizens. School teachers can and are doing much in inculcating habits of personal cleanliness on the rural school child but this will fail of the highest accomplishment unless parents co-operate heartily and continuously. This is a duty which we owe our children.

The Celebrated South Bend Plow.

Buy one now and pay for it in the spring. Price is just right.

McIntire's Hardware Store, Oakland. Advertisement.

LEST WE FORGET

It is astonishing what short memories some people have. To hear Democratic spellbinders talk, one would imagine that the present prosperity in certain lines of trade is due entirely to the beneficient effect of Democratic policies. Those who have had experience with industrial affairs know, however, that the present feverish activity is entirely due to the war. Charles Evans Hughes, in his talks in Nebraska, aptly described the present situation as the "false prosperity" of the Underwood tariff bill. It was less than three years ago when the Democratic party had been in power only a few months, that industries were at a very low ebb.

What happened when the Democrats began to tinker with the tariff, and before the outbreak of the European war, will happen again as soon as the war is over, if the Democratic party is in power and American industries are at the mercy of the Underwood law. That law brought disaster to our industries and idleness to labor long before the conflict in Europe began, and since that time has brought a large increase in imports accompanied with a great decrease in revenue, which has made it necessary to supplement the receipts of the government by the imposition of onerous taxes never known before in times of peace.

Dental Preparedness.

What is the most important attribute of a soldier.

Good feet?

No.

Good eyesight?

No.

Good brains?

No.

What then?

Good teeth.

A soldier may have good feet, good eyesight, and good brains but if he has bad teeth, he can't eat. If he can't eat he can't march near enough to the enemy to see him and use his brains to fight him.

How does a soldier get good teeth?

By having good teeth in childhood.

How do children keep good teeth?

Through being taught by their mother how to keep their teeth clean and having their teeth looked after while they are growing. This makes good teeth for future soldiers.

It would seem then as though the first patriotic duty of a mother was to keep her children's teeth in good condition.

It is.

The Celebrated South Bend Plow.

Buy one now and pay for it in the spring. Price is just right.

McIntire's Hardware Store, Oakland. Advertisement.

TRUSTEE'S SALE
OF VALUABLE
Real Estate

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Garrett county, Maryland, passed on the 7th day of October, 1916, in a cause in said Court in which Joseph Broderick et al., are plaintiffs and Annie M. Drennen, et al., are defendants, the undersigned, named in said decree Trustee to make sale of the real estate in said cause mentioned and described, will on

SATURDAY,
the 4th Day of November,

1916, beginning at the hour of 10:30 o'clock a. m., on the premises hereinafter mentioned, offer at public sale the following described real estate:

1st. Part of Lot No. 11 of a tract of land called "Walnut Hills," and beginning for said part at a maple tree at the end of the second line of said Lot No. 11, and running thence with the third line thereof East, 150 perches to the end of the second line of Lot No. 9 South, 203 purches to the end of the twenty-first line, then South 85 degrees West, 25 perches to the end of the second line of part of said Lot No. 11 formerly sold to John Garlitz, and with his line, the third, to the end thereof, then North 130 perches, North 58 degrees West, 145 perches to the beginning, save and except so much of said tract as has been sold to Joseph C. Robinson and duly recorded. The part hereby offered for sale contains 18 acres more or less.

2nd. The land bounded as follows: Beginning at a chestnut stake and running thence North 38¾ perches to a stake, then East 99¾ perches to a spruce tree marked with three notches, then South 38¾ perches to a white oak marked with three notches, then West 99¾ perches to the beginning, containing 24 acres.

3rd. Thirty-nine and three-fourth acres of land described in a deed from W. R. Getty and wife to Moses H. McKinzie, recorded in Liber E. Z. T., No. 28, folio 34, etc., one of the Land Records of said Garrett county.

4th. Also another small strip of land, and the whole that will be offered for sale on said date, embraces 82¾ acres and being the same farm of which Patrick Broderick, late of Garrett county, died, seized and possessed, and is known as the "FULLER FARM."

This property is located about one-half mile northwest of Avilton, Garrett county.

The farm is improved by a five room dwelling house, small barn and some other outbuildings; about 40 acres cleared and in cultivation, the balance in second growth of timber. There is also a small orchard.

TERMS OF SALE As prescribed by the decree:—One-third cash on day of sale; one-third in six months, and balance in twelve months from day of sale, or all cash at the option of the purchaser, the credit portions to bear interest and to be secured to the satisfaction of the trustee.

Conveyancing at cost of purchaser.

HIRAM S. COLEMAN,
Trustee.

Public Sale
OF VALUABLE
Live Stock, Hay, Grain and Corn Fodder.

I will offer at public sale at my farm one mile north west of Hoyes, Md., on

THURSDAY
November 23, 1916.

the following property to wit:

One black Mare, six years old, weight about 1300 lbs.; 1 grey horse, four years, weight about 1400 lbs.; 1 sorrel Stallion, two years old, weight about 1300 lbs.; 5 milch Cows, 1 two-year old Heifer, 3 yearling Heifers, 6 calves, 12 stock Ewe's, 2 brood Sows, 1 male Hog, O. I. C.; 8 Pigs, six weeks old; 4 Shoats, three months old; 1 road Wagon, 2 Buggies, 1 Buggy Pole, 1 Johnson Binder, 1 Mowing Machine, 1 Horse Rake, 1 Grain Drill, good as new; 1 Spring Tooth Harrow, 1 Oliver Walking Plow, 1 Oliver Sulkey Plow, 1 Cultivator, 1 Double Shovel Plow, 1 Sleigh, 1 pair Bob Sleds, 1 pair Hay Ladders, 1 block Sled, 3 sets of Work Harness, 2 sets of single Buggy Harness, 1 set of double Buggy Harness, 1 cook Stove, 2 heating Stoves, 2 Cupboards, 4 Bed Steads, 1 Washing Machine, 3 Tables, 3 rocking Chairs, 6 dining room Chairs, 1 Organ, 2 Safes, 1 Cream Separator, 1 iron Kettle, 1 copper Kettle, 1 Sausage grinder, 2 Wash Tubs, 1 Churn and other articles too numerous to mention.

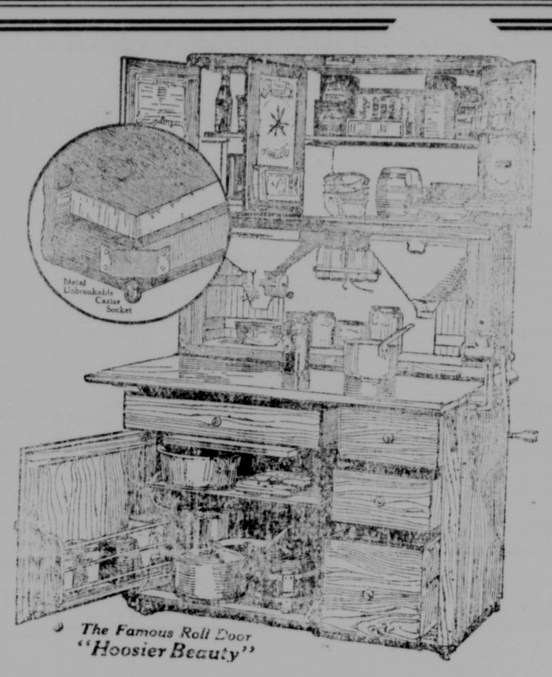
TERMS OF SALE—All sums of five dollars and under cash on day of sale; all over five dollars a credit of six months with note and approved security. Three per cent. discount for cash.

Sale beginning at 9 a. m.

ALLEN GLOVER.

Auctioneer THOMAS E. NULL.

FOR SALE—Good winter apples, 25 cents per bushel; Cider apples, 10 cents per bushel in orchard. Address Wm. E. Fitzwater, R. D. 1, Swanton, Md.



The Famous Roll Door "Hoosier Beauty"

WE have in stock the famous HOOSIER KITCHEN CABINET at a price within your reach:

$21.00, $27.00 and $34.00

$1.00 down; balance $1.00 per week

The safest and surest plan is to order now. You take no risk. We guarantee to refund every cent if you are not delighted with the Hoosier.

Gold Medal Winner Panama-Pacific Exposition San Francisco 1915

CALL AND SEE OUR LINE.

McIntire's Hardware Store

Oakland, Maryland.

Are You the Man?

Are you anxious to identify yourself with one of the biggest, livest and most profitable industries in the world?

Are you willing to work hard, providing your efforts yield a greater return?

Are you eager to establish yourself in a sound, growing and money-making business?

Are you thinking about a business that you can build up, that will provide you with a real income, and that you can hand down to your son?

Have you a good reputation, a business training, selling ability, acquaintances and some capital?

If you can qualify, we want you. And we can submit a proposition that you will like. The possibilities are unlimited for a live, hustling business man.

We are at the present time without representation in this locality. We must have a dealer at once. The demand for Maxwell Cars is insistent and we must make arrangements to satisfy it.

The Maxwell Company is one of the three largest automobile concerns in the world. The Maxwell Car is famous for its durability, economy, comfort and good looks. It is without question the ***World's Greatest Motor Car Value.***

If you are interested (and if you are the kind of a man we want, you will be) write, wire or telephone at once to

Maxwell Motor Sales Corporation

Detroit, Mich.

Touring Car $595 F. O. B. Detroit

One Chassis Five Body Styles

Roadster $580 F. O. B. Detroit

All Models Completely Equipped—No Extras to Buy

Violin and Piano Lessons.

Instructions on the Violin and Piano. The best and most practical methods employed by masters of musical instruction. Special attention given to heir very effective methods of primary eaching. Address J. M. Litzinger, Grarton, W. Va. Adv. 32-tf

Apple Butter Factory.

I will make apple butter and cider on Tuesdays and Thursdays of each week at the Apple Butter factory near Gortner. N. L. SWARTZENTRUBER. Adv.

FOR SALE—Pair fine black driving and work horses; full brothers; about 1100 pounds. Inquire Kelly's Livery, Oakland. Adv. tf

The Celebrated South Bend Plow.

Buy one now and pay for it in the spring. Price is just right.

McIntire's Hardware Store, Oakland. Advertisement.

Notice of Appointments of Substitute Clerk of Election.

Notice is hereby given that Stanley M. Jacobs, whose postoffice address is Lonaconing, Md., has been appointed Republican Clerk of Election for District No. 11, Garrett county, in the place and stead of Walter H. Weir, whose resignation has been accepted, said appointment to take effect from the date of qualifying of the appointee for the term of one year.

By order of the Board of Election Supervisors this 21st day of October, 1916.

J. M. STANTON, Pres.
H. A. RASCHE, Clerk.

STATEMENT of the Ownership, Management, Circulation etc., required by the Act of August 24, 1912, of The Republican, published weekly at Oakland, Md., for September 30, 1916. Name of Editor, Managing Editor, Business Manager and Publisher, Benj. H. Sincell, Oakland, Md.

Owners: (If a corporation, give its name and the names and address of stockholders holding 1 per cent. or more of the total amount of stock. If not a corporation, give name and addresses of individual owners.) Benj. H. Sincell, Oakland, Md.

Known bondholders, mortgagees, and other security holders, holding 1 per cent. or more of total amount of bonds, mortgagees, or other securities: There are none.

BENJ. H. SINCELL.

Sworn and subscribed before me this 30th day of September, 1916.

MARK S. WHITE, N. P.

My commission expires May, 1917.

Commissioners Meeting.

Office of the County Commissioners for Garrett county, Oakland, Md., October 9th, 1916.

The Board of County Commissioners for Garrett County, Maryland, will meet in their office in the town of Oakland, on

Monday, November 6th, 1916,

to transact general routine business.

By order of the Board.

W. G. MEYERS, Clerk.

PROPOSALS.

Sealed proposals will be received by the Mayor and Town Council of Oakland until 7:30 p. m., November 6, 1916, at the Council Chamber, or City Clerks office, Oakland, Md., for the construction and erection of a municipal building, in accordance with the specifications and plans of Mayor and Town Council of Oakland, which may be obtained from the City Clerk.

A certified check for $100.00, payable to order of Mayor and Town Council must accompany each bid.

The Mayor and Town Council reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

The successful bidder will be required to give bond in the usual form in the amount of the contract to be approved by the Mayor and Town Council.

BY ORDER of the Mayor and Town Council of Oakland.

ARTHUR LAWTON, City Clerk.

Approved:
GEORGE GIESSMAN, Mayor.

ORDER NISI.

Cloudersport Trust Company, Trustee, vs. Waltman Smokeless Coal Company No. 2074 Equity. In the Circuit Court for Garrett County, Maryland.

The aforegoing supplementary report and affidavit having been read and considered, it is herepon ordered, this 10th day of October, 1916, by the Circuit Court for Garrett county, siting in equity, that the expenses of administering said Trust and the expenses of the Committee appointed by said Trustee in the development work on the property therein named be allowed said Trustee from the funds reported in hand from the proceeds of said sale, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 28th day of October, 1916, provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper in Garrett county once a week for two successive weeks before the 21st day of October, 1916.

The report states the amount of said expenses to be $1994.34.

ROBERT R. HENDERSON.

True copy, Test:
E. Z. TOWER, Clerk.

The man Who Makes

A STUDY OF HIS

APPEARANCE

Is the man who best appreciates the detail of the tailoring we turn out The workmanship passes without a question, the fit is naturally a matter of course, but the shape we mould into the garments give them a character that finishes them off and makes the satisfaction of the owner complete.

All this is a bid for your next tailoring order. We know we can make you the best clothes you ever wore We want you to know it. That orde s the best and only sure way to settle he question.

JAMES BROCK,

Dixon Building,

Oakland, Maryland.

THE REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME 41. OAKLAND, MARYLAND THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1916. NUMBER 36

ARM CAUGHT AND WAS AMPUTATED

Lorenzo Fike Met With Serious Accident Yesterday Afternoon

Rev. Lorenzo Fike, a minister of the German Baptist Church and a prominent farmer residing in Election District No. 8 of this county, met with a serious accident yesterday afternoon and as a result he is today minus his left arm that member having been caught in a corn shredder which literally ground the arm to shreds and amputation at a point just below the elbow was necessary to save the man's life, the operation being performed last night by Drs. Darby and Broadwater.

Mr. Fike was engaged with other men in operating the machine at the Henry Smouse farm just South of Oakland when the accident occurred. This morning Mr. Fike, who was placed at the Manhattan Hotel following the operation, is resting as comfortable as can be expected.

BARBER SHOP BOUGHT

Messrs. Bitner and Stahl Purchased Liller Establishment.

Yesterday morning Messrs. Floyd Stahl, of Oakland, and Harvey Bitner, of Mountain Lake Park, purchased the Liller barber shop on Second street and have taken charge of the property.

The business was established and operated by its recently deceased owner, Charles C. Liller, for many years, and since his death it has been in charge of Jerry Flanigan, who will continue in the employ of the new owners.

Dr. and Mrs. Logan Carr, who spent the summer and fall at their Mountain Lake Park cottage, left here yesterday afternoon for Fairmont, West Va., where they will remain a few weeks and go from thence South to spend the winter months.

ZIHLMAN HEADS FLYINGSQUADRON

Closing Days of Campaign Are To Be Devoted to Home County.

Senator Frederick N. Zihlman, Republican candidate for Congress, concludes his splendid campaign this week, devoting all the remaining time before the election to his home county, Allegany. On Wednesday he headed a flying squadron of twenty automobiles through the creek region where ten minute talks were made by himself, Charles Schrim, of Baltimore and other Republicans of Allegany county. At every town big enthusiastic crowds greeted him. In fact the Senator's tour of his home county is more than a campaign it is a reception and, from the manner in which he was greeted by voters regardless of party affiliations, Alleganyon Tuesday will give him one of the largest majorities ever given a candidate.

At Frostburg and Lonaconing the crowds were tremendous for the nature of the meetings. The flying squadron started at Lonaconing promptly at six o'clock and followed a regular schedule to Cumberland where the last meeting was held at 9:45 P. M.

During the closing days of the campaign Senator Zihlman has been the recipient of many laudatory remarks for his clean cut and aggressive campaign. It has been totally devoid of mire and mud slinging. Senator Zihman has criticised his opponent personally on but one feature. The Democratic candidates is from Frederick county and he has been appealing to his home district to vote for him regardless of party affiliation because he says he is best fitted to represent Frederick county, of which he is a native. Mr. Zihlman has pointed out he does not claim to be best fitted to represent any one particular county. He has pledged himself from the stump that if sent to Washington he will represent the whole district. He will do more. He will represent the nation in that he will always stand for good old G. O. P. doctrines, Peace, Protection and Prosperity. When in the Maryland Senate, Mr. Zihlman was not known as the Allegany county Senator. He was a leader for his party in the whole state. He advocated with all of his ability such bills as were paramount to the welfare of all Maryland. He supported prominently the Public Utilities Law, the Direct Primary Laws, all bills looking to election reforms, State Road Laws, Workmen's Compensation, State Care of the Insane, Pure Food Law, Two Days' Rest Bill for Railroad Telegraphers, Ten Hour Law For Women, Mothers' Pension Bill, Miners and Operators Co-Operation Relief Law (which he fathered) all measures for the reduction of the expense of legislative sessions. At the last session he abely advocated a lineal Inheritance Tax.

A vote for Zihlman, Hughes and France Tuesday is a vote for thriving industries, steady employment, a fat pay envelope.

HALLOWE'EN CELEBRATED

Some Worked Exceptionally Hard to Pile Things Up.

Hallowe'en was celebrated Tuesday evening and night by many Oaklanders, amongst whom were staid spinsters, little tots and from the appearance of the streets yesterday morning there were some strong and overgrown tots at work.

Early in the evening many masking parties were on the streets and a right royal time was had by every one. A slight shower came up about nine o'clock which dampened the ardor of the masqueraders and the streets were soon emptied. Later weather conditions improved and it was then that things begun to happen. Second street at the corner of Green and also at the corner of Alder was completely blocked by wagons and other vehicles which had been hauled to the spots by main strength, while the elevated walk leading to the railroad station from Second street was filled up with the overflow from the street barricades. A construction wagon used by the State Road Commission which has been in the railroad yards here for some months was hauled out and in it was placed a brindle cow. Yesterday morning the owner was at a loss to know what had become of his property until he was informed of its whereabouts.

ANOTHER BARN IN COUNTY BURNED

Structure on W. A. Smith's Farm, Hoyes, Destroyed.

The third barn to be burned in Garrett county during the past week was that of W. A. Smith at Hoyes, which was a prey to the flames at an early hour Sunday morning, the cause of the fire being unknown.

The building was well filled with hay, straw and corn, the latter of which had been hauled from the fields on Saturday, as well as farming implements, harness and vehicles, all of which burned with an insurance in force of $1000. Mr. Smith valued the building and contents at $3200 which makes his net loss $2200.

Mr. Smith was on a visit to his son at New Windsor, Md., where he is a student and did not arrive at his home until Monday.

Married.

FRINGER—BARRETT—At Lynn Haven, Florida, on October 25th, Mrs. Margaret Barrett and Mr. E. J. Fringer, the latter a former resident of Oakland who went to Florida several years ago and engaged in the real estate business.

Tractor Demonstration.

A demonstration was given one day last week to a number of Pennsylvania farmers of the working qualities of the Waterloo tractor which was recently purchased by Mr. D. M. Schrock.

REGISTERED VOTE OF THIS COUNTY

Records Soow that Republicans Have a Majority of 1409 over Democrats.

A compiliation of the registration book of Garrett county just recently complied shows a wonderful gain in the affiliated Republican vote of the county, giving as it does a majority of more than 1400 votes to the Republicans over the Democrats, the figures for the various districts being as follows:

Districts	R.	D.
No. 1.—Swanton	122	67
No. 2.—Friendsville	328	102
No. 3.—Grantsville	308	138
No. 4.—Bloomington	97	68
No. 5.—Accident	125	134
No. 6.—Sang Run	151	25
No. 7.—East Oakland	239	133
No. 8.—1st Precinct	114	26
No. 8.—2nd Precinct	90	85
No. 9.—Johnsons	56	79
No. 10.—Deer Park	211	55
No. 11.—The Elbow	65	36
No. 12.—Bittinger	103	34
No. 13.—Kitzmiller	192	30
No. 14.—West Oakland	387	167
Totals	2588	1179

In addition to the above there are registered in the various districts voters to the number of 169 who declined to state their party affiliation or who are affiliated with the Socialist or Prohibition parties.

New Dimes Like Buttons.

It'll be hard to tell a pocketful of dimes from a pocketful of buttons pretty soon. The new dimes which the Government will begin introducing Monday to all persons who desire to meet them, will be concave on one side, as a result of high relief on the other side. The relief is designed to increase the beauty of Miss Liberty whose face still adorns the 10-cent piece, albeit she is wearing a winged cap and looks different in other respects.

Subscribe for The Republican.

PASTOR RUSSELL DIES ON TRAIN

Noted Preacher and Teacher Dies of Heart Disease.

CANANIAN, Texas, Oct. 31.—Charles Russell, well known as Pastor Russell, an independent minister and prominent author of studies on the scriptures, died at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon on a Santa Fe train en route from Los Angeles to New York. Heart disease was given as the cause of death.

For years Pastor Russell has been an unique figure in this country and abroad. He was an independent preacher with congregations in almost every state in the Union. The most important of which was the Tabernacle in Brooklyn. In London he also conducted a tabernacle. He frequently visited Oakland where he had a good sized following.

Card of Thanks.

We take this means of thanking our friends and neighbors for any kindness and help, for their sympathy and love, and to the teacher and children of Dodge school for the beautiful wreath given in the death and burial of our son and brother.

MR. AND MRS. JOHN RAMSY BROWNING.

Autos Collide.

On Sunday last the automobiles of Dr. Melody and Mr. E. H. Smouse, of Deer Park, collided at a point near the home of Mr. Smouse, but fortunately none of the occupants of either car was injured. Both machines were slightly damaged.

Public Sale of Personal Property.

As I have sold my farm I will offer at public auction on November 18th at the premises near Eagle Rock, live stock, farm implements, grain, chickens, household goods, etc.

Adv. LIGE H. MOON.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

D. M. Dixon & Co., will pay for good clean

Wheat	$1.50 bushel
Buckwheat	1.10 bushel
Potatoes	1.50 bushel
Beans	6.00 bushel
Oats	.60 bushel
Eggs	.35 dozen
Butter	.30 pound
No. 1 Cross Ties	.75 cents
10 foot Round Props	.10 cents
8 foot Round Props	.08 cents

Have a small stock of Flour to sell at about the present wholesale price.

D. M. Dixon & Co.

C. H. BROWNING

Deer Park's Best Store

Taking advantage of the best is your duty.

Potatoes, $1.50 trade; $1.35 cash
Butter - - - .35 Pound
Eggs - - - .35 Dozen

Will pay the highest market price for chickens.

SPECIAL

Sugar . . .8 1-2 c. pound
Good loose Coffee .17 c. pound
Big cotton Blankets, $1.00 & $1.25
Heavy Watson Shoes for boy's and men.
Snagproof and Ball Band Gums high and low tops.

P. S. Get your mine ties and props in before the first of the year as there isn't much demand after that time.

Get right trade at Brownings.

Offutt's

WANTED

Potatoes

WILL PAY

$1.60 Per Bu. Trade

Will also pay Cash on Cross Ties and all Produce

Bring us your Trade

OFFUTTS'

List of Nominations, Proposed Constitutional Amendment and Proposed Bond Issue Certi

In compliance with the provisions of Section 49 of Chapter 307, Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland of 1914, we do hereby certify that the following are the names and ca
ters of Garrett County may vote; also the proposed Constutional Amendment, the Acts of Assembly known as Chapter 453, authorizing its submission to said legally qualified voter

FOR PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES			FOR PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES		
WILSON MARSHALL	DEMOCRATIC		BENSON KIRKPATRICK	SOCIALIST	
FOR ELECTORS OF PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT VOTE FOR EIGHT			FOR ELECTORS OF PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT VOTE FOR EIGHT		
AT LARGE—FRANK A. FURST BALTIMORE	DEMOCRATIC		JOHN A. MILLS BALTIMORE	SOCIALIST	
AT LARGE—JOHN ROYSTON STIFLER BELAIR, HARFORD COUNTY	DEMOCRATIC		W. W. GROVE HAGERSTOWN	SOCIALIST	
FIRST DISTRICT—LEVIN ERNEST WILLIAMS SALISBURY	DEMOCRATIC		S. L. HENSELL HAGERSTOWN	SOCIALIST	
SECOND DISTRICT—ALBERT C. TOLSON BALTIMORE	DEMOCRATIC		JAMES A. APPLEBY BRUNSWICK	SOCIALIST	
THIRD DISTRICT—FOREST BRAMBLE BALTIMORE	DEMOCRATIC		JOHN M. MARQUETTE WEVERTON	SOCIALIST	
FOURTH DISTRICT—WILLIAM W. BURNETT BALTIMORE	DEMOCRATIC		ANDREW T. HARRISON HAGERSTOWN	SOCIALIST	
FIFTH DISTRICT—GEORGE WELLS ANNAPOLIS	DEMOCRATIC		GEORGE W. MYERS BRUNSWICK	SOCIALIST	
SIXTH DISTRICT—GEORGE STERN FROSTBURG	DEMOCRATIC		MRS. NATHALIE B. ELLS BALTIMORE	SOCIALIST	
FOR PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES			FOR PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES		
HUGHES FAIRBANKS	REPUBLICAN		REIMER HARRISON	LABOR	
FOR ELECTORS OF PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT VOTE FOR EIGHT			FOR ELECTORS OF PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT VOTE FOR EIGHT		
AT LARGE—ERNEST A. ACKERMAN BALTIMORE	REPUBLICAN		WILLIAM G. DUFFEY BALTIMORE	LABOR	
AT LARGE—HOWARD D. KEFAUVER FREDERICK	REPUBLICAN		LEO REISS BALTIMORE	LABOR	
FIRST DISTRICT—EDWARD S. FURBUSH BERLIN	REPUBLICAN		DAVID H. SCHMULOVITZ BALTIMORE	LABOR	
SECOND DISTRICT—WALTER R. RUDY MT. AIRY	REPUBLICAN		WORD HORST MILLS BALTIMORE	LABOR	
THIRD DISTRICT—GEORGE WILLE BALTIMORE	REPUBLICAN		ROBERT W. STEVENS BALTIMORE	LABOR	
FOURTH DISTRICT—WILLIAM G. ALBRECHT BALTIMORE	REPUBLICAN		NATHAN KLIENMAN BALTIMORE	LABOR	
FIFTH DISTRICT—ARTHUR W. DOWELL PRINCE FREDERICK	REPUBLICAN		BENJAMIN GOLDMAN BALTIMORE	LABOR	
SIXTH DISTRICT—FRANK L. HEWITT SILVER SPRING	REPUBLICAN		ABRAHAM EGOREN BALTIMORE	LABOR	
FOR PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES			FOR PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES		
HANLY LANDRITH	PROHIBITION				
FOR ELECTORS OF PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT VOTE FOR EIGHT			FOR ELECTORS OF PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT VOTE FOR EIGHT		
JOHN N. PARKER BALTIMORE	PROHIBITION				
CHARLES R. WOODS BALTIMORE	PROHIBITION				
ALBERT G. BOWMAN POPLAR SPRINGS	PROHIBITION				
JAMES R. JARRELL EASTON	PROHIBITION				
SAMUEL R. NEAVE HUGHESVILLE	PROHIBITION				
WILLIAM L. PURDUM MONROVIA	PROHIBITION				
GEORGE W. EASTON CLAGETTSVILLE	PROHIBITION				
FINLEY C. HENDRICKSON CUMBERLAND	PROHIBITION				

Published by authority of the Board of Supervisors of Elections of Garrett County, Maryland.

E. A. RASCHE, *Clerk.*

PROCLAMATION

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF MARYLAND CREATING A BUDGET SYSTEM.

WHEREAS, at the January Session of the General Assembly of Maryland, held in the year 1916, an Act was passed, to-wit: Chapter 159 of said Acts, being an Act to propose an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title, "Legislative Department," of the Constitution of this State; and which said Act is in words and figures following:

"CHAPTER 159.

AN ACT to propose an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title, Legislative Department, of the Constitution of this State, regulating the making of appropriations by the General Assembly of Maryland in regular session, and to provide for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of this State for adoption or rejection.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland (three-fifths of all the members of each of the two houses concurring), That the following be and the same is hereby proposed as an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title Legislative Department, of the Constitution of this State, the same, if adopted by the legally qualified voters of the State, as herein provided, to become Section 52 of Article III of the Constitution of Maryland.

Sec. 52. The General Assembly shall not appropriate any money out of the Treasry except in accordance with the followin provisions:

Sub-Section A:

Every appropriation bill shall be either a Budget Bill, or a Supplementary Appropriation Bill, as hereinafter mentioned.

Sub-Section B:

First. Within twenty days after the convening of the General Assembly (except in the case of a newly elected Governor, and then within thirty days after his inauguration,) unless such time shall be extended by the General Assembly for the session at which the Budget is to be submitted, the Governor shall submit to the General Assembly two budgets, one for each of the ensuing fiscal years. Each budget shall contain a complete plan of proposed expenditures and estimated revenues for the particular fiscal year to which it relates; and shall show the estimated surplus or deficit of revenues at the end of such year. Accompanying each budget shall be a statement showing: (1) the revenues and expenditures for each of the two fiscal years next preceding; (2) the current assets, liabilities, reserves and surplus or deficit of the State; (3) the debts and funds of the State; (4) an estimate of the State's financial condition as of the beginning and end of each of the fiscal years covered by the two budgets above provided; (5) any explanation the Governor may desire to make as to the important features of any budget and any suggestion as to methods for the reduction or increase of the State's revenue.

Second. Each budget shall be divided into two parts, and the first part shall be designated "Governmental Appropriations" and shall embrace an itemized estimate of the appropriations: (1) for the General Assembly as certified to the Governor in the manner hereinafter provided; (2) for the Executive Department; (3) for the Judiciary Department, as provided by law, certified to the Governor by the Comptroller; (4) to pay and discharge the principal and interest of the debt of the State of Maryland in conformity with Section 34 of Article III of the Constitution, and all laws enacted in pursuance thereof; (5) for the salaries payable by the State under Constitution and laws of the State; (6) for the establishment and maintenance throughout the State of a thorough and efficient system of public schools in conformity with Article VIII of the Constitution and with the laws of the State; (7) for such other purposes as are set forth in the Constitution of the State.

Third. The second part shall be designated "General Appropriations," and shall include all other estimates of appropriations.

The Governor shall deliver to the presiding officer of each house the budgets and a bill for all the proposed appropriations of the budgets clearly itemized and classified; and the presiding officer of each house shall promptly cause said bill to be introduced therein, and such bill shall be known as the "Budget Bill." The Governor may, before final action thereon by the General Assembly, amend or supplement either of said budgets to correct an oversight or in case of an emergency, with the consent of the General Assembly by delivering such an amendment or supplement to the presiding officers of both houses; and such amendment or supplement shall thereby become a part of said budget bill as an addition to the items of said bill or as a modification of or a substitute for any item of said bill such amendment or supplement may affect.

The Genenal Assembly shall not amend the budget bill so as to affect either the obligations of the State under Section 34 of Article III of the Constitution, or the provisions made by the laws of the State for the establishment and maintenance of a system of public schools, or the payment of any salaries required to be paid by the State of Maryland by the Constitution thereof; and the General Assembly may amend the bill by increasing or diminishing the items therein relating to the General Assembly and by increasing the items therein relating to the judiciary, but except as hereinbefore specified, may not alter the said bill except to strike out or reduce items therein, provided, however, that the salary or compensation of any public officer shall not be decreased during his term of office; and such bill when and as passed by both houses shall be a law immediately without further action by the Governor

Fourth. The Governor and such representatives of the executive departments, boards, officers and commissions of the State expending or supplying for State's money, as have been designated by the Governor for this purpose, shall have the right, and when requested by either house of the Legislature, it shall be their duty to appear and be heard with respect to any budget bill during the consideration thereof, and to answer inquiries relative thereto.

Sub-Section C: Supplementary Appropriation Bills:

Neither house shall consider other appropriations until the Budget Bill has been finally acted upon by both houses, and no such other appropriation shall be valid except in accordance with the provisions following: (1) Every such appropriation shall be embodied in a separate bill limited to some single work, object or purdose therein stated and called herein a Supplementary Appropriation Bill; (2) Each Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall provide the revenue necessary to pay the appropriation thereby made by a tax, direct or indirect, to be laid and collected as shall be directed in said Bills. (3) No Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall become a law unless it be passed in each house by a vote of a majority of the whole number of the members elected; and in the yeas and nays recorded on its final passage; (4) Each Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall be presented to the Governor of the State as provided in Section 17 of Article II of the Constitution and thereafter all the provisions of said Section shall apply.

Nothing in this amendment shall be construed as preventing the Legislature from passing at any time in accordance with the provisions of Section 28 of Article III of the Constitution and subject to the Governor's power of approval as provided in Section 17 of Article II of the Constitution an appropriation bill to provide for the payment of any obligation of the State of Maryland within the protection of Section 10 of Article I of the Constitution of the United States.

Sub-Section D: General Provisions:

First. If the Budget Bill shall not have been finally acted upon by the Legislature three days before the expiration of its regular session, the Governor may, and it shall be his duty to issue a proclamation extending the session for such further period as may, in his judgment, be necessary for the passage of such Bill; but no other matter than such Bill shall be considered during such extended session except a provision for the cost thereof.

Second. The Governor for the purpose of making up his budgets shall have the power, and it shall be his duty, to require from the proper State Officials, including herein all executive departments, all executive and administrative offices, bureaus boards, commissions and agencies expending or supervising the expenditure of, and all institutions applying for State moneys and appropriations, such itemnized estimates and other information, in such form and at such times as he shall direct. The estimates for the Legislative Department, certified by the presiding officer of each house, of the Judiciary, as provided by law, certified by the Comptroller, and for the public schools, as provided by law shall be transmitted to the Governor, in such form and at such times as he shall direct, and shall be included in the budget without revision.

The Governor may provide for public hearings on all estimates and may require the attendance at such hearings of representatives of all agencies, and of all institutions applying for State moneys. After the hearings he may, in his discretion, revise all estimates except those for the legislative and judiciary departments, and for the public schools as provided by law.

Third. The Legislature may, from time to time, enact such laws, not inconsistent with this Section, as may be necessary and proper to carry out its provisions.

Fourth. In the event of the inconsistency between any of the provisions of this Section and any other provisions of the Constitution, the provisions of this Section shall prevail. But nothing herein shall in any manner affect the provisions of Section 34 of Article III of the Constution or of any laws heretofore or hereafter passed in pursuance thereof, or be construed as preventing the Governor from calling extraordinary sessions of the Legislature, as provided by Section 16 of Article II, or as preventing the Legislature at such extraordinary sessions from considering any emergency appropriations.

If any item of any appropriation bill passed under the provisions of this Section shall be held invalid upon any ground, such invalidity shall not affect the legality of the Bill or of any other item of such Bill or Bills.

Section 2. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said foregoing Section hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution shall at the next ensuing general election, being the Presidential and Congressional election, to be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday of November, nineteen hundred and sixteen, be submitted to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection in conformity with the directions contained in Article XVI of this State, and at said election the vote on said proposed amendment to the constitution shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be placed the following synopsis of said amendment under the caption of

'CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROVIDING FOR A BUDGET.'

"This amendment provides that the Governor shall present to the Legislature soon after it is convened a Budget giving a complete plan of proposed expenditures and estimated revenues for the two succeeding fiscal years showing clearly any surplus or deficit in State funds. In these estimates he shall make provision for the interest and sinking funds of all State debts, for all salaries as fixed by law, and for the public schools as fixed by law. With regard to most other matters he may revise the estimates presented to him either by State Officers or State-aided institutions. The Legislature may not increase the estimates presented by the Governor or pass any additional appropriation act except by a majority vote and must make provision by tax for such increase or additional appropriation. The Legislature may not alter in any appropriation act the provision made by law for the State debt, or for the judiciary, but may reduce all other items in the Governor's estimates;' and the words 'for the Constitutional Amendment' and 'against the Constitutional Amendment' as now provided by law, and immediately after said election due returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote in accordance with Article XVI of the Constitution.

Approved Marah 28, 1916."

Now, therefore, I, Emerson C, Harrington, Governor of the State of Maryland, in pursuance of the direction contained in Section 1 of Article 14 of the Constitution of Maryland, do hereby order and direct a copy of this Proclamation, containing a full, true and correct copy of the text of said Chapter 159 of the Acts of Maryland of 1916, be published in at least two newspapers in each of the counties of the State and in three newspapers of Baltimore City, of Baltimore, one of which said newspapers in the City of Baltimore to be printed in the German language, once a week for three months next preceding the General Election to be held in this State on November 7th, 1916, and at which election the said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be submitted, in form and manner prescribed by the General Assembly, to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection.

GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND THE GREAT SEAL OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND.

The Great Seal of Maryland.

DONE at the City of Annapolis, this twentieth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand and nine hundred and sixteen.

EMERSON C. HARRINGTON,
By the Governor:
THOMAS W. SIMMONS,
Secretary of State.

SUPERVISORS' NOTICE OF ELECTION.

OFFICE OF
THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF ELECTION
OF GARRETT COUNTY, MD.,
OAKLAND, MD., Oct. 21, 1916.

Notice is hereby given to the Judges and Clerks of Election and to the qualified voters of Garrett county, Maryland, that in accordance with the provisions of Article 33 of Chapter 202, of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed at the January Session, 1896, and amended by the Acts of 1900, 1901 and 1902 an Election will be held in the several Districts of said Garrett county, at the usual places of holding elections and hereinafter set forth on

TUESDAY, 7th day November, 1916,

for the purpose of balloting for—

Eight persons to act as Electors for President and Vice President of the United States; also for—

One person for United States Senator from the state of Maryland; also for

One person for Member of the House of Representatives of the United States in the Sixty-fifth Congress from the Sixth Congressional District of the State of Maryland; also

For the Constitutional Amendment, against the Constitutional Amendment, said proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of Maryland being as follows:

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF MARYLAND CREATING A BUDGET SYSTEM.

WHEREAS, at the January Session of the General Assembly of Maryland, held in the year 1916, an Act was passed, to-wit: Chapter 159 of said Acts, being an Act to propose an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title, "Legislative Department," of the Constitution of this State; and which said Act is in words and figures following:

"CHAPTER 159.

AN ACT to propose an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title, Legislative Department, of the Constitution of this State, regulating the making of appropriations by the General Assembly of Maryland in regular session, and to provide for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of this State for adoption or rejection.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland (three-fifths of all the members of each of the two houses concurring), That the following be and the same is hereby proposed as an amendment to Section 52 of Article III, title Legislative Department, of the Constitution of this State, the same, if adopted by the legally qualified voters of the State, as herein provided, to become Section 52 of Article III of the Constitution of Maryland.

Sec. 52. The General Assembly shall not appropriate any money out of the Treasry except in accordance with the followin provisions:

Sub-Section A:

Every appropriation bill shall be either a Budget Bill, or a Supplementary Appropriation Bill, as hereinafter mentioned.

Sub-Section B:

First. Within twenty days after the convening of the General Assembly (except in the case of a newly elected Governor, and then within thirty days after his inauguration,) unless such time shall be extended by the General Assembly for the session at which the Budget is to be submitted, the Governor shall submit to the General Assembly two budgets, one for each of the ensuing fiscal years. Each budget shall contain a complete plan of proposed expenditures and estimated revenues for the particular fiscal year to which it relates; and shall show the estimated surplus or deficit of revenues at the end of such year. Accompanying each budget shall be a statement showing: (1) the revenues and expenditures for each of the two fiscal years next preceding; (2) the current assets, liabilities, reserves and surplus or deficit of the State; (3) the debts and funds of the State; (4) an estimate of the State's financial condition as of the beginning and end of each of the fiscal years covered by the two budgets above provided; (5) any explanation the Governor may desire to make as to the important features of any budget and any suggestion as to methods for the reduction or increase of the State's revenue.

Second. Each budget shall be divided into two parts, and the first part shall be designated "Governmental Appropriations" and shall embrace an itemized estimate of the appropriations: (1) for the General Assembly as certified to the Governor in the manner hereinafter provided; (2) for the Executive Department; (3) for the Judiciary Department, as provided by law, certified to the Governor by the Comptroller; (4) to pay and discharge the principal and interest of the debt of the State of Maryland in conformity with Section 34 of Article III of the Constitution, and all laws enacted in pursuance thereof; (5) for the salaries payable by the State under Constitution and laws of the State; (6) for the establishment and maintenance throughout the State of a thorough and efficient system of public schools in conformity with Article VIII of the Constitution and with the laws of the State; (7) for such other purposes as are set forth in the Constitution of the State.

Third. The second part shall be designated "General Appropriations," and shall include all other estimates of appropriations.

The Governor shall deliver to the presiding officer of each house the budgets and a bill for all the proposed appropriations of the budgets clearly itemized and classified; and the presiding officer of each house shall promptly cause said bill to be introduced therein, and such bill shall be known as the "Budget Bill." The Governor may, before final action thereon by the General Assembly, amend or supplement either of said budgets to correct an oversight or in case of an emergency, with the consent of the General Assembly by delivering such an amendment or supplement to the presiding officers of both houses; and such amendment or supplement shall thereby become a part of said budget bill as an addition to the items of said bill or as a modification of or a substitute for any item of said bill such amendment or supplement may affect.

The Genenal Assembly shall not amend the budget bill so as to affect either the obligations of the State under Section 34 of Article III of the Constitution, or the provisions made by the laws of the State for the establishment and maintenance of a system of public schools, or the payment of any salaries required to be paid by the State of Maryland by the Constitution thereof; and the General Assembly may amend the bill by increasing or diminishing the items therein relating to the General Assembly and by increasing the items therein relating to the judiciary, but except as hereinbefore specified, may not alter the said bill except to strike out or reduce items therein, provided, however, that the salary or compensation of any public officer shall not be decreased during his term of office; and such bill when and as passed by both houses shall be a law immediately without further action by the Governor

Fourth. The Governor and such representatives of the executive departments, boards, officers and commissions of the State expending or supplying for State's money, as have been designated by the Governor for this purpose, shall have the right, and when requested by either house of the Legislature, it shall be their duty to appear and be heard with respect to any budget bill during the consideration thereof, and to answer inquiries relative thereto.

Sub-Section C: Supplementary Appropriation Bills:

Neither house shall consider other appropriations until the Budget Bill has been finally acted upon by both houses, and no such other appropriation shall be valid except in accordance with the provisions following: (1) Every such appropriation shall be embodied in a separate bill limited to some single work, object or purdose therein stated and called herein a Supplementary Appropriation Bill; (2) Each Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall provide the revenue necessary to pay the appropriation thereby made by a tax, direct or indirect, to be laid and collected as shall be directed in said Bills. (3) No Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall become a law unless it be passed in each house by a vote of a majority of the whole number of the members elected; and in the yeas and nays recorded on its final passage; (4) Each Supplementary Appropriation Bill shall be presented to the Governor of the State as provided in Section 17 of Article II of the Constitution and thereafter all the provisions of said Section shall apply.

Nothing in this amendment shall be construed as preventing the Legislature from passing at any time in accordance with the provisions of Section 28 of Article III of the Constitution and subject to the Governor's power of approval as provided in Section 17 of Article II of the Constitution an appropriation bill to provide for the payment of any obligation of the State of Maryland within the protection of Section 10 of Article I of the Constitution of the United States.

Sub-Section D: General Provisions:

First. If the Budget Bill shall not have been finally acted upon by the Legislature three days before the expiration of its regular session, the Governor may, and it shall be his duty to issue a proclamation extending the session for such further period as may, in his judgment, be necessary for the passage of such Bill; but no other matter than such Bill shall be considered during such extended session except a provision for the cost thereof.

Second. The Governor for the purpose of making up his budgets shall have the power, and it shall be his duty, to require from the proper State Officials, including herein all executive departments, all executive and administrative offices, bureaus boards, commissions and agencies expending or supervising the expenditure of, and all institutions applying for State moneys and appropriations, such itemnized estimates and other information, in such form and at such times as he shall direct. The estimates for the Legislative Department, certified by the presiding officer of each house, of the Judiciary, as provided by law, certified by the Comptroller, and for the public schools, as provided by law shall be transmitted to the Governor, in such form and at such times as he shall direct, and shall be included in the budget without revision.

The Governor may provide for public hearings on all estimates and may require the attendance at such hearings of representatives of all agencies, and of all institutions applying for State moneys. After the hearings he may, in his discretion, revise all estimates except those for the legislative and judiciary departments, and for the public schools as provided by law.

Third. The Legislature may, from time to time, enact such laws, not inconsistent with this Section, as may be necessary and proper to carry out its provisions.

Fourth. In the event of the inconsistency between any of the provisions of this Section and any other provisions of the Constitution, the provisions of this Section shall prevail. But nothing herein shall in any manner affect the provisions of Section 34 of Article III of any laws heretofore or hereafter passed in pursuance thereof, or be construed as preventing the Governor from calling extraordinary sessions of the Legislature, as provided by Section 16 of Artical II, or as preventing the Legislature at such extraordinary sessions from considering any emergency appropriation or appropriations.

If any item of any appropriation bill passed under the provisions of this Section shall be held invalid upon any ground, such invalidity shall not affect the legality of the Bill or any other item of such Bill or Bills.

Section 2. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid. That the said foregoing Section hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution shall at the next ensuing general election, being the Presidential and Congressional election, to be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday of November, nineteen hundred and sixteen, be submitted to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection in conformity with the directions contained in Article XIV of the Constitution of this State, and at said election the vote on said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be placed the following synopsis of said amendment under the chapter of

'CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROVIDING FOR A BUDGET.'

'This amendment provides that the Governor shall present to the Legislature soon after it is convened a Budget giving a complete plan of proposed expenditures and estimated revenues for the two succeeding fiscal years showing clearly any surplus or deficit in State funds. In these estimates he shall make provision for the interest and sinking funds of all State debts, for all salaries as fixed by law, and for the public schools as fixed by law. With regard to most other matters he may revise the estimates presented to him either by State Officers or State-aided institutions. The Legislature may not increase the estimates presented by the Governor or pass any additional appropriation act except by a majority vote and must make provision by tax for such increase or additional appropriation. The Legislature may not alter in an appropriation act the provision made by law for the State debt, or for the judiciary, but may reduce all other items in the Governor's estimates;' and the words 'for the Constitutional Amendment' as now provided by law, and immediately after said election due returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote in accordance with Article XIV of the Constitution.

Approved March 28, 1916.

Now, therefore, I, Emerson C. Harrington, Governor of the State of Maryland, in pursuance of direction contained in Section 1 of Article 14 of the Constitution of Maryland, do hereby order and direct a copy of this Proclamation, containing a full, true and correct copy of the text of said Chapter 159 of the Acts of Maryland of 1916, be published in at least two newspapers in each of the counties of the State and in three newspapers published in the city of Baltimore, one of which said newspaper in the City of Baltimore to be printed in the German language once a week for three months next preceding the General Election to be held in this State on November 7th, 1916, and at which election the said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be submitted, in form and manner prescribed by the General Assembly, to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection.

For the Bond issue, against the Bond issue, said proposed bond issue being as follows:

CHAPTER NO. 453.

AN ACT to empower and direct the County Commissioners of Garrett County to borrow money on the credit of said county for the purpose of erecting a high school building in the town of Oakland, and heating, furnishing and equipping the same, and to purchase or condemn real estate for the erection of the same, and for the purpose of erecting, repairing and improving other public school buildings in said county, and to issue bonds for the pavment of said money, and to levy taxes upon the assessable property of said county to redeem such bonds and to pay the interest thereon, to refer such question to the voters of Garrett County.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That for the purpose of erecting a high school building in the town of Oakland and for the purpose of furnishing, heating and equipping said building, and for the erection, repairing and improving other public school buildings in said county, and for the purpose of purchasing or condemning real estate for the erection of the same, the County Commissioners for Garrett County, be and they are hereby authorized, empowered and directed to borrow money on the credit of said county to an amount not exceeding thirty thousand dollars, and to issue coupon bonds therefor, the said bonds to be in the sum of one thousand dollars each and to be signed by the president of the Board of County Commissioners for Garrett County, and countersigned by the Clerk of said board, with the corporate seal of said County Commissioners attached to every bond so issued; said bonds to be dated the first day of January, 1917, and to bear interest at a rate not exceeding 5 per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually on the first day of July and the first day of January in each and every year until the maturity thereof, and the said bonds shall mature as follows: one thousand dollars thereof on January 1, 1922, and annual thereafter the sum of one thousand dollars in every year until all of said bonds shall have matured.

SEC. 2. And be it enacted, That said bonds shall have written or printed on them a distinct reference to the act directing the issue of the same, and that said bonds when issued shall be exempt from municipal and county taxation in Garrett County, and they shall be sold after due advertisement by the County Commissioners to the highest bidder or bidders, provided however that none of said bonds shall be sold for less than par value.

SEC. 3. And be it enacted, That the said County Commissioners for Garrett County shall levy annually upon the assessable property of said county tax sufficient to pay the interest upon said bonds, and in the year 1921 they shall levy the sum on one thousand dollars to meet the first maturing bond issued, and annually thereafter the said County Commissioners shall levy upon the assessable property of said county the sum of one thousand dollars until the maturity of the last bond by this act authorized to be issued.

SEC. 4. And be it enacted, That the clerk of the County Commissioners of Garrett County shall register the said bonds when the same are sold, showing to whom the same were sold, what price was obtained therefor, and shall keep a record upon the books of said County Commissioners of all bonds paid.

SEC. 5 And be it enacted, That the County Commissioners of Garrett County shall when notified by the Board of County School Commissioners of said county that they desire to avail themselves of the provisions of this act and of the amount of money they will require for the purpose aforesaid, advertise and sell said bonds as above provided to an amount sufficient to produce the sum designated by the said Board of School Commissioners, but in no event in excess of the sum of thirty thousand dollars, and shall pay over the proceeds of the sale of said bonds to the Board of County School Commissioners who shall account for the same as they account for other monies passing through their hands.

SEC. 6. And be it enacted, That the said County Commissioners for Garrett County shall have the option to redeem any or all of said bonds outstanding after ten years from the date of their issue.

SEC. 7. And be it enacted, That at the general election in November, 1916, there shall be submitted to the qualified voters of Garrett County, the question whether the said bonds shall be issued, and at such election the ballots cast upon the question shall have printed or written thereon the words, "For the Bond Issue," or 'Against the Bond Issue," and if the majority of the votes cast upon said question shall be "For the Bond Issue," then the County Commissioners for Garrett County shall proceed to exercise the power vested in them by this Act, and shall issue the bonds as herein provided; but if the majority of the votes cast shall be "Against the Bond Issue," then this Act shall be null and void.

The polls of said election will be open in each and every Election District of said Garrett county, at the usual places of holding the polls, at 8 o'clock a. m. and will be closed at the hour of 6 o'clock p. m., when the ballots shall be counted according to law.

Election District Number One—
Swanton.

The Judges and Clerks of the First Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Election Building in the town of Swanton.

Election District Number Two—
Friendsville.

The Judges and Clerks of the Second Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Council Chamber in the town of Friendsville.

Election District Number Three—
Grantsville.

The Judges and Clerks of the Third Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Council Chamber in the town of Grantsville.

Election District Number Four—
Bloomington.

The Judges and Clerks for the Fourth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Postoffice Building in the town of Bloomington.

Election District Number Five—
Accident.

The Judges and Clerks for the Fifth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the town of Accident.

Election District Number Six—
Sang Run.

The Judges and Clerks for the Sixth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Election Building in the town of Sang Run.

Election District Number Seven—
Oakland.

The Judges and Clerks for the Seventh Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the office of the Board of Election Supervisors in the Court House, in the town of Oakland.

Election District Number Eight—
Ryan's Glade.

The Judges and Clerks for the 1st Precinct of the Eighth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Election Building on the Northwestern Pike.

The Judges and Clerks for the 2nd Precinct of the Eighth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid at Red House.

Election District Number Nine—
Johnson's.

The Judges and Clerks for the Ninth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the shop of Thomas Johnson on the National Road.

Election District Number Ten—
Deer Park.

The Judges and Clerks for the Tenth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Savage Building in the town of Deer Park.

Election District Number Eleven—
The Elbow.

The Judges and Clerks for the Eleventh Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the residence of Joseph Warnick.

Election District Number Twelve—
Bittinger.

The Judges and Clerks for the Twelfth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the store room formerly occupied by G. W. Engle in the town of Bittinger.

Election District Number Thirteen—
Kitzmiller.

The Judges and Clerks for the Thirteenth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Band Room in the town of Kitzmiller.

Election District Number Fourteen—
Oakland.

The Judges and Clerks for the Fourteenth Election District will attend and sit for the purpose aforesaid in the Dr. J. Lee Mecomas office building adjoining the Commercial Hotel in the town of Oakland.

By order of the Board.

J. M. STANTON, Pres.,
FRED P. MILLER,
GEO. D. BROWNING.

Board of Supervisors of Eelection for Garrett county.
H. A. RASCHE, Clerk.

Examiners' Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, appointed by the County Commissioners of Garrett County, to view the lands through which the proposed new road beginning about 1½ miles west from Henry, West Va., on the Henry road at or near the point where the logging road which formerly belonged to F. H. Whaley crosses the Henry road, and running thence with or near the grade of said logging road through the lands of the Western Maryland Railroad Company, about 1 mile to Laurel run, then crossing said run and through the lands of D. W. Wilson and S. L. Whitmer about three-quarters of a mile to the Mason road, near the intersection of the Mason and Shaffer road in Election District No. 8, and examine whether the said new road should be built, will meet on the 28th day of November, 1916, for such purpose, and to determine whether the public convenience requires the said new road, and if so, to locate the same and perform their duty in the premises.

JAMES ARONHALT,
JOHN BLAMBLE,
FRANK H. HARVEY,
Examiners.

$350.00.

Will buy a 1914 Overland car in excellent condition; fine engine; new Firestone tires; self starter; electric lights, etc. Will be delivered in Oakland if desired. A rare bargain; cost 1075.

A. S. McILWAINE,
P. O. Box 43 Wheeling, W. Va.
Adv. 34-3t

FIFTY YEARS OF WEDDED BLISS.

The following poem was read at the banquet recently given at Oakland in honor of Capt. and Mrs. R. R. Sanner on the occasion of their fiftieth wedding anniversary:

Fresh in the memory of today
As the dew on the new mown hay,
There comes a vision of the long ago,
When two young hearts as one were beating,
Full of joy and hopeful greating.

The day of days was set;
Fancies of Boyhood's ambition rise;
'Tis time to draw and close the net
Ere some other equally fair and wise
Shall seek to wiu my bride to be
And leave behind an aching wish for me.

The hour has come and they together stand,
The man and the wedded bride;
The vows have passed and hand in hand
Are sealed forever to abide.

With faith, hope and courage strong,
Anew is life begun,
Each morn is gladdened with a song,
Each eve some task is done.

Years heve come and years have gone
Till fifty now have flown
Since the day the deed was done
And the minister made it known.

Tho' not so fleet nor yet so strong
As earlier life would show,
Their souls are just as true and young
As when wedded some fifty years ago.

Full many a joy and pleasure known
Has been to others shown,
And by generous, hopeful giving,
Came their chiefest joy of living.

'Twas not for gain of gold,
Boasted pride nor vision bold
Our honored guests have striven,
But rather for reward in heaven.

Fifty fleeting years are past,
Fifty years of wedded life;
Fifty years since the die was cast
In pronouncement of man and wife.

Fifty years of honest toil,
Fifty years of hopeful labor,
Planting fertile seed in mental soil
To help their next door neighbor.

JOS. E. HARNED.

Oakland, Md., Oct. 6, 1916.

GRANTSVILLE.

Mrs. Nelson Broadwater of near New Germany died at her home on Oct. 15th of acute hemorrhages. She was but 41 years of age and leaves her husband and seven young children. The funeral was held on Tuesday at 10:30 o'clock. Rev. John Green of Savage River officiating. Interment in Fairview Cemetery.

Mrs. Jacob Fazenbaker died at her home at Bittinger on Oct. 19th, of a complication of diseases. Her husband and eight children survive. She was 49 years old. The funeral was held on Saturday afternoon, Rev. Samuel Miller from the Cove conducting the services. Interment at Bittinger.

Miss Christine Winterberg very charmingly entertained the Ladies Sewing Club on Thursday afternoon. There were thirteen ladies present, including the hostess and her mother. Most delightful refreshments were served.

Miss Ruth Keller entertained the Girls' Fancy Work Club on Friday evening at her home, the following being present: Misses Angela and Wilda Getty, Viola Broadwater, Marie Connor, Blanche Miller, and Winifred Bonig. Refreshments were served.

The local committees of the Maryland Corn and Potato Club met on Tuesday night in the Woodmen's hall to plan for the entertainment of the boys on the Home State team who will be here on Nov. 7th. Members of the entertainment. Transportation and Mothers's Committee's were present and it was arranged that the boys, twenty-six in number, will be entertained in the various homes. They will arrive here from Frostburg at noon and leave about 2 o'clock. Nov. 7th, being election day there will be more than the usual number of people in the village to give the young farmers a welcome.

Mrs. J. W. Delaney entertained a number of the town people and from Frostburg. The guests, including her house guests, Mrs. Gordon and Miss Pearle Moore, from Pittsburgh, were Messrs. L. G. R. Hitchins, Wm. Gunter, David Gunter, James Diehl and Glenn Beall from Frostburg, and Misses Angela and Wilda Getty, Ruth Keller Blanche Miller, Winifred Bonig, Hazel Younkin and Mabel Bevans; Messrs. Olin Broadwater, John Livengood and Clay Stanton from Grantsville. The decorations were suggestive of Hallowe'en, the guests wearing sheets and masks during the evening. Delicious refreshments were served.

A surprise party was given to Master Henry Bonig on Tuesday night in honor of his fourteenth birthday. About two dozen young people were present and a most enjoyable evening ensued. Refreshments followed.

Joel Orendorf has returned from a nine weeks' stay at the University hospital, Baltimore, where he underwent treatment and a surgical operation.

Just received at McIntire's Hardware Store, a car load of Paroid Roofing to sell at the right price.
Advertisement.

THE REPUBLICAN

BENJ. H. SINCELL, EDITOR.

Entered at the Postoffice in Oakland Md., as Second-class matter.

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THE REPUBLICAN,
Oakland, Md.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1916

REPUBLICAN TICKET

For President:
CHARLES E. HUGHES

For Vice President:
CHARLES W. FAIRBANKS

For United States Senator:
JOSEPH IRWIN FRANCE
of Cecil County.

For Congressman:
FREDERICK N. ZIHLMAN
of Allegany County

WHERE HUGHES IS BEST KNOWN

"The most honest Governor the State ever had" is the way Mr. Hughes is greeted in Central New York, where they have had opportunity to know the character of the man. The reference to the Republican candidate's record in the Gubernatorial chair carries with it the reflection that memories in a republic are very short if any considerable part of the public is in doubt as to what sort of President Mr. Hughes would make.

For the four years Mr. Hughes was in Albany the eyes of the country were centered to an extent rarely witnessed on the struggle there for reform and for good government. The exhibition of courage, force, indefatigable industry, political foresight and executive capacity displayed earned commendation outside of New York and made Mr. Hughes one of the nation's foremost figures, a man who was admittedly of Presidential caliber—a reformer with a clear head; neither a doctrinaire nor a visionary, but eminently practical.

He fought for a direct primary, but he saw the defects of the system as it was evolving and strove to safeguard it against the very criticisms that are now being brought against it.

In a spectacular contest with the largest corporations in the United States he put through the Legislature a plan for the regulation of public utilities that has become the model for other States.

He effected reform of the great insurance companies, a work alone that would have entitled him to the gratitude of the public.

In labor legislation he earned the appreciation of wage-earners by putting on the statute books more reforms calculated to inure to their benefit than New York had ever seen before.

He gathered about him men of high character and gave the State a new ideal of public service. The politicians hated him as a foe who could not be deterred from doing his duty by intimidation from any source and whose powers of analysis and clear statement made him unbeatable on the stump.

Last of all, when he had to stand against the very forces he had been compelled to arouse and lead and protect industry and capital from unjust attack, he did not falter. When the two-cent rate bill was passed he declared he would not be a party to legislation first and investigation afterward. He vetoed the bill and turned the issue over to the Public Service Commission, where it properly belonged.

When the labor forces of the State undertook to make the full train crew effective and bulldozed the Legislature into enacting the law, once more Mr. Hughes stepped into the breach and refused to sanction the act until investigation disclosed it was fair to the railroads.

He did not hesitate at any time to risk his political fortunes in defying labor on the one side or capital on the other when conscience dictated.

No Governor of any State in this generation has left office with a higher reputation, justly earned, for integrity, ability, executive capacity and a power of doing things, coupled with rare judgment of how and when to do them. In consensus of opinion of the country at large, Mr. Hughes' Gubernatorial career marked him out as one who would reach the White House if his ambition pointed that way. When the reapproachment of the Republican and Progressive parties appeared inevitable, when there was need of a candidate whom each could support but whom neither could dominate, who would appeal to independent Democrats dissatisfied with Mr. Wilson, there was never doubt on whom the choice would fall. And the reasons that dictated the choice are as conclusive today as they were last August, when men of all parties approved it as the wisest that could be made.

THE WAGE-EARNER VOTE

The Wilson campaign managers are making advance statements, based upon no evidence that is tangible or apparent, which speak with a cock-sureness about carrying for Wilson states that are normally Republican. Some of the sporting men who are taking the Wilson end of the betting have apparently caught this feeling of cocksureness, for they are, in instances, willing to bet even money that Wilson will be elected. The theory upon which the Democratic managers and the Democratic sporting men are taking prophecies and cash is not concealed. They believe that the bulk of the organized labor vote can be and will be delivered by Samuel Gompers and various heads of labor organizations in bulk to the Democratic candidate. Can this thing be done? Are the wage-earners of these United States, whether organized into unions or not, so blind as to permit themselves to be delivered a living sacrifice? We use the phrase "to be delivered a living sacrifice" guardedly and thoughtfully, for that expresses exactly what would take place if the wage-earners could be delivered in volume, on election day, to the Democratic party.

The Democratic party in its theories, in its applied policies, has absolutely nothing but husks and delusive hopes to offer wage-earners. If the Democratic party should remain in power for four more years the industrial demoralization that had already begun during the first year under the Democratic tariff will come again as soon as the war lifts the gates to low-wage foreign products. It is only the war that has saved American industries from the terrible stagnation during the era of Democratic control from 1903 to 1907. The Democratic tariff is still in force and will stay in force if Wilson is elected, because, even though there should be a Democratic Congress, Wilson would never sign a tariff embodying the protective principle. It was the protective policy of the Republican party that raised wage scales in the United States to more than double the average of outside wage scales. Can the wage earners of this country be fooled by a pipe dream? Does Samuel Gompers carry organized labor in his vest pocket? They are not being tooled; Gompers cannot deliver the wage-earner vote as a living sacrifice to Wilson.

THE DEATH RECORD.

FRANCIS DESALES BROWNING.

Francis DeSales, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Ramsy Browning, was instantly killed October 22, 1916, at 11 o'clock p. m., at Denver, Col., as he was going to meet a friend. He was coasting across the tracks on his motorcycle when a street car struck the rear wheel throwing him to the ground. A physician who was passing at the time gave the case his immediate attention to no avail. His brother, Robert, who went back to Denver to locate, was at the scene of the Accident in thirty minutes and made arrangements to ship the remains East as soon as possible.

Robert left Denver with the body at 2 p. m. Tuesday taking a through train by way of Chicago and Cumberland arriving in Oakland at 10:12 p. m., Thursday. The funeral took place at Hoyes, Md., on Saturday, Oct. 28, 1916, at 10 a. m. Mass and a short sermon was preached by Rev. James E. Connell.

The deceased was 25 years, 8 months and 1 day old, and was a boiler-maker in the Union Pacific shops at Denver.

The beautiful wreath of flowers contributed by the boys of the Union Pacific shop showed how well he was liked by his Western friends. The floral tributes were many and beautiful.

The following account of his death is taken from the Denver Post of the 22d:

Francis Browning, 25 years old, a boiler maker in the Union Pacific shops, was nearly instantly killed at noon today, (Oct. 22 1916) when a Twenty-second avenue tramway car struck him as he was crossing the tracks on his motorcycle at Twenty-second avenue and Humboldt street.

Browning was going south on Humboldt street, and tried to cut across Twenty-second ahead of the car. The car fenders struck the rear of the motorcycle, throwing Browning to the ground. Death was due to concussion of the brain.

Browning roomed at 3834 Williams street. His parents live in Deer Park, Md. He returned a week ago from visiting them. His brother, Robert, a chauffer of Akron, Ohio, came to Denver with him to locate here.

Election Supplies to be Delivered.

On Saturday the Board of Supervisors will deliver to the various district election officials the supplies to be used in the election on Tuesday next. The ballots are 19½ x 28 inches and in their printing several hundred pounds of book paper were necessary. In addition to the ballots large lots of other paper material such as poll books, tally sheets, etc., are required.

Wanted, Boys.

Boys over 16 years of age to work in glass factory. Wages, $1.20 to $1.80 per day. Light work 8½ hour days. Opportunity to learn trade.
MONONGAH GLASS COMPANY,
Adv. Fairmont, W. Va.

Subscribe for The Republican.

A VOTE FOR ZIHLMAN IS A VOTE FOR PEACE, PROTECTION, PROSPERITY

Seldom has an electorate faced such important issues in a national election as will have to be decided at the polls next Tuesday. Upon the vote hangs the balance and the fate of the nation. The electorate will determine Tuesday whether the nation is to have four more years of Democratic misrule, through a Democratic Congress which will stand for legislation on demand; of a Congress which will open the trade of the country to foreign bidders, with their cheap labor; a Congress famous for its pork barrel proclivities; or whether by returning Republicans to control the country is to enjoy a solid prosperity founded on Republican legislation which calls for a high protective tariff; which means high wages to the laboring man; good prices to the farmer and thriving industries.

The issues are greater than what this country's foreign policy should be. There is to be elected from the sixth congressional district one Congressman and from the state of Maryland one Senator. It is paramount not only to the welfare and prosperity of Western Maryland that the people send to the halls of Congress Frederick N. Zihlman and to the Senate Dr. Jos. France, but it is vital to the life of the nation.

From all pre-election reports the Republicans are going to have a majority of both houses though indications are these majority will be slim. The election in the sixth district, therefore, assumes national importance. By sending Senator Zihlman to succeed David J. Lewis in Congress the party of peace, protection and prosperity gains one more vote—a vote which the people of the sixth district are assured by their knowledge of the man and his past performances will always be cast after due deliberation for legislation which will bring back the peace, prosperity and glory of the nation.

Senator Zihlman in his clean cut aggressive campaign has pronounced his platform. He stands for a protective tariff which will protect the industries of the sixth district.

Senator Zihlman's record alone is sufficient reason for sending him to represent this district in Washington. He has been tried and always came through with flying colors. His record as a public servant is one any man can be proud of. But national issues and the state of the country today make it all the more imperative that he be sent to Washington. A vote for Zihlman is not only a vote to send the popular State Senator to Congress but it is a vote for peace, protection and prosperity and preparedness as against pussyfooting, petty politics, and a prosperity enjoyed only by munition workers and sucked from the blood of Europe.

The sixth district of Maryland will do her share on Tuesday to assert Republican principles. This district will undoubtedly return one of the banner majorities of the nations for the straight Hughes-France-Zihlman ticket because this district realizes that four more years of Wilson and a Democratic Congress will mean a return of the soup houses and bread lines which quickly made their appearance when Democratic policies began to get in their death blows to American industries and which were only saved from a business grave by the European war.

MR. TAIT IS SURE OF MARYLAND

Republican State Chairman Sees Victory All Along Line For the Ticket.

Galen L. Tait, chairman of the Republican State Central Committee, sees a Republican victory all along the line in Maryland at the election on Tuesday of next week. Mr. Tait yesterday made the following statement regarding the political outlook, the conduct of the campaign and the enthusiasm and harmony which characterize the Republicans in their determination to place Maryland in the Hughes column, to elect Dr. France senator and the several candidates for Congress:

At the beginning of this the last week of the Maryland campaign the indications are for the election of Hughes and Fairbanks, Dr. France and a strong Republican congressional representation. This opinion is based on the solid ground of known facts. The campaign waged by the Harrington-Kelly-Lewis combination has been lame and halting and has not met with the approval of the independent and liberal-minded citizens of the state, many of whom usually support the Democratic ticket.

Realization is growing upon labor-industry and business that the old adage, "In times of peace prepare for war," must be reversed. The present American version should be, "In times of war prepare for peace," the peace which means that 20,000,000 soldiers now in the trenches will at once begin to compete bitterly with and fight our people in industrial warfare with but a knee-high Democratic tariff wall between to protect us against the invasion of cheap European goods. The Republican party is united. Republican registration showed a net gain over the opposition of at least 6,000 votes. Progressives are now working shoulder to shoulder with Republicans.

All elements are together. That this is true is attested by the prominence and representative character of the executive committee, which has been working with state headquarters in this campaign and to whose faithful service the success of the big Hughes and Taft and other meetings are to be in large measure attributed. That all elements are together is further vindicated by a friendly meeting which took place Saturday afternoon atthe Belvedere Hotel, to which Governor Goldsborough, O. E. Weller, Col. C. Wilbur Miller, Gen. W. Bladen Lowndes, Senator William P. Jackson, national committeeman, and the Republican state chairman were invited, at which all phases of the Republican campaign now under way in Maryland were freely discussed and fully considered together. Governor Goldsborough, Mr. Weller, General Lowndes and Colonel Miller and their friends are all alike heartily and unitedly for the whole Republican ticket. That all elements are together is further shown by the cordial co-operation between Republican state and city headquarters and with all those of influence who work for Republicanism along independent or individual lines.

All good Republicans and very many independent citizens will follow the leadership of Governor Hughes and help elect a Senate and Congress that will support his American, foreign and domestic policies.

The Celebrated South Bend Plow.

Buy one now and pay for it in the spring. Price is just right.
McIntire's Hardware Store, Oakland.
Advertisement.

FOR SALE—Good winter apples, 25 cents per bushel; Cider apples, 10 cents per bushel in orchard. Address Wm. E. Fitzwater, R. D. 1, Swanton, Md.

Apple Butter Factory

I will make apple butter and cider on Tuesdays and Thursdays of each week at the Apple Butter factory near Gortner. N. L. SWARTZENTRUBER.
Adv.

FOR SALE—Pair fine black driving and work horses; full brothers; about 1100 pounds. Inquire Kelly's Livery, Oakland. Adv. tf

The Celebrated South Bend Plow.

Buy one now and pay for it in the spring. Price is just right.
McIntire's Hardware Store, Oakland.
Advertisement.

Notice of Appointments of Substitute Clerk of Election.

Notice is hereby given that Stanley M. Jacobs, whose postoffice address is Lonaconing, Md., has been appointed Republican Clerk of Election for District No. 11, Garrett county, in the place and stead of Walter H. Weir, whose resignation has been accepted, said appointment to take effect from the date of qualifying of the appointee for the term of one year.

By order of the Board of Election Supervisors this 21st day of October, 1916.

J. M. STANTON, Pres.
H. A. RASCHE, Clerk.

ROYAL
BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure
No Alum—No Phosphate

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE
Building Lots
In Oakland, Maryland.

I will offer for sale at public auction on the premises on Third street in Oakland, Md.,

Saturday, Nov., 11th 1916,

at 2 o'clock p. m. a number of

Valuable Unimproved Building Lots

fronting 41½ feet on the street and running back 160 feet to an alley.

These lots are desirably located for building purposes and have frontage on two of the principal streets of the town.

TERMS: One-half of the purchase money to be paid on the delivery of the deed and the balance in six months from date of sale, the defered payments to be secured by the note of the purchaser with security satisfactory to the undersigned and to bear interest from date.

The home property on the east side of Fourth street will be offered for sale at the close of the lot sale.

THOS. HARNE, Owner,
JAS. D. HAMILL, Agent.

Notice to Subscribers.

Beginning November 1st, 1916, the subscription price of The Republican will be advanced from $1.25 per year to $1.50 per year. This advance in price is made unwillingly by the publisher, but at the same time it is absolutely necessary by reason of the fact that every single item going into the making of a newspaper, including inks, paper and fixed charges has so advanced that the present subscription price of $1.25 per year is much less than the cost of production.

News print paper has advanced from $2.40 per hundred pounds to $7.00 per hundred pounds, while inks have advanced from 6 cents per pound to 15 cents per pound within the past six months. It was the hope of the management that prices would become normal and this advance in the price of subscription would not be necessary; but instead indications are that all material will become higher.

Anyone desiring to pay their subscription in advance prior to November 1st may do so at the present rate for a period of not more than one year. All subscriptions that are now paid in advance will be continued the full time paid for. All subscriptions in arrear must be promptly settled as we cannot longer carry delinquents.

The Lutheran Church

SECOND STREET, OAKLAND

Sunday School, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

B. H. SINCELL, Superintendent.

Men's Brotherhood Class, 9.30 o'Clock A. M.

O. A. BREMER, Teacher.

All the men not attending Sunday School elsewhere are cordially invited to join this class and to have a part in the study and discussion of the lesson

Morning Worship, 10.45 o'Clock.

A cordial invitation is extended to all strangers and visitors to worship with us.

Luther League, 6.30 o'Clock P. M.

Topic—"Some Personal Questions on Prayer."
Leader—GRACE FALKENSTEIN.

Evening Worship, 7.30 o'Clock.

Notice to Deer Park.

There will be worship in the Lutheran church at Deer Park, Md., Sunday afternoon November 5th at 2:30 o'clock.

O. A. BREMER, Pastor.

—The above was prepared by the pastor and the advertisement is authorized and paid for by one interested in church work.

The

FOUNDED 1888

Garrett National Bank

FOUNDED 1888

Of Oakland, Maryland.

THE STRONGEST BANK IN GARRETT COUNTY

Capital - - - - -	$ 50,000.00
Surplus - - - - -	65,000.00
Deposits over - - -	550,000.00
Resources over - - -	725,000.00

Consider seriously what that means. Think of it when you open an account. It means

STRENGTH

In opening a bank account first satisfy yourself as to the responsibility of the institution with which you propose to deposit your money.

NO ACCOUNT TOO SMALL---NONE TOO LARGE

We pay three per cent interest on time and saving deposits. Safe deposit boxes for rent.

OFFICERS

GILMOR S. HAMILL, President. **G. A. FRALEY, Cashier.**
D. E. OFFUTT, Jr. Vice Pres't. **H. L. JONES, Ass't. Cashier.**

DIRECTORS

GILMOR S. HAMILL, JOHN T. MITCHELL, CHARLES S. DAVIS, DANIEL E. OFFUTT Jr.,
JOSEPH E. HARNED HARLAND L. JONES, GEORGE A. FRALEY.

ESTABLISHED 1884.

A WORD

FROM

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.,

Oakland, Maryland.

Who solicit your business when needing

Farm machinery, buggies, wagons, fertilizers, roofings, barn door track.

As well as

Honeywell hot water heating system

AND

The Calorie pipeless hot air furnace.

PLUMBING

Of all nature promptly and quickly done by Expert Workmen.

A. D. NAYLOR & CO.

"Naylor has it and sells it for less."

D. E. BOLDEN

Furniture Dealer and Funeral Director

HAVING moved my furniture business to the Manhattan Hotel store room, I am prepared to serve the public to the best of my ability, having now in stock the finest line of Furniture ever brought to the city and which I offer as cheap as it can be bought in the wholesale markets.

All I ask is a chance to name you prices.

My stock is complete in every detail, and which consists of Furnitnre, Carpets, Mattings, Window Shades, Bedding of all kinds, large and small Rugs—in fact everything with which to furnish a house from cellar to attic.

I am also prepared to give estimates on Buildings and repair work—from a pig pen to a palace.

Call and see me; I will treat you fair and square.

Thanking the public for past favors and soliciting a continuance of the same, I remain,

Yours respectfully,

D. E. BOLDEN

WANTED—A nurse girl; good wages. Apply to Mrs. W. R. Offutt, Oakland, Md. Adv. 36-2t

Mr. D. E. Offutt was at Grafton and other West Virginia points on business last Friday.

Drain Tile can be gotten from A. D. Naylor & Co. Adv.

Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Harvey and children, of near Deer Park, spent Tuesday in Oakland.

FOR SALE—One good draft horse; dark iron gray; 6 years old; weighs 1400 lbs.; gentle and a good worker. Will sell on easy terms. A. D. NAYLOR. Advertisement 34-3t

Miss Elizabeth Walter spent several days of last week with friends at Piedmont, West Va., and Deer Park.

Miss Norine Ault, of near town, left on Saturday afternoon for a visit to her sister, Mrs. John Smyth, at Fairmont, West Va.

Mr. G. A. Bolden, of Charleston, W. Va., was the guest on Sunday of Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Bolden at their home on Second street.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Winters and two children spent Saturday and Sunday at Keyser, West Va., where they were guests of relatives.

FOR SALE—A few choice Shropshire Ram Lambs at Little Meadows, Grantsville, Md. H. P. Miller, Superintendent. Adv. 31-6t

Mr. Joseph E. Harned, of the Oakland Pharmacy, accompanied Dr. R. H. Riley to Cumberland Tuesday and spent the day in that city.

Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Stewart and daughter left Oakland this morning for Daytona Beach, Florida, where they will spend the winter.

Cashier G. A. Fraley of the Garrett National Bank, went to Baltimore last Thursday night on business, returning to Oakland Friday evening.

Subscribe for The Republican.

LOST—On Friday evening a gold clasp bracelet engraved with the initials "M. E. M." Liberal reward if returned to this office. Advertisement.

It's the price that sells Roofing at A. D. Naylor & Co's. Adv.

B. & O. Engineer Howard Hoffman has stored his furniture and will live in Keyser during the winter with his family to which point they will go in a few days.

Mr. Donald Maffett, of Clarksburg, West Va., where he is employed by a coal company as bookkeeper, spent a few days last and this week in Oakland with his mother.

Get your Buggy or Carriage at Naylor & Co's. Adv.

FOR SALE—A 78 acre farm; 50 acres under cultivation; 7 room house, good barn, abundance of spring water; 10 acres virgin timber, for $2200. E. F. DEWITT, Scottdale, Pa. Adv. 34-4t

At Western Maryland College, Westminster, a Hughes campaign club has been formed among the students of which Jarold Kemp, son of Dr. and Mrs. H. M. Kemp, of Bloomington, is the secretary.

Mr. Silas C. Beachy and son, of Bittinger, left Oakland last Saturday night for Baltimore where they went on business, having shipped that day several car loads of sheep and cattle for the Monday morning market.

Rev. W. M. Shultz of St. Paul's M. E. church, has prepared a series of Sunday evening sermons, the first of which will be preached on Sunday night next, when the text will be "Know Thy Work and Do It."

Heat your home comfortably by the Patented Pipeless Caloric Hot air furnace. For particulars see A. D. Naylor & Co. Adv.

The Racket Store will trade for all kinds of country produce. Adv.

Mrs. J. M. Crane, of Kingwood, W. Va., spent Monday in Oakland, leaving here Tuesday morning for Shepherdstown, West Va., to attend a convention of the Daughters of the American Revolution now in session in that city.

Drs. Besler and Dobbin, of Baltimore, who are connected with the Maryland Geological Survey, stopped off in Oakland Tuesday on their way from near Frostburg to Friendsville, where they will do some field work for the Survey.

Great bargains on tin ware, glass ware, queensware and granite ware at the Racket Store. Adv. 34-4t

Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Woods and son, Mrs. W. D. Taylor and Mrs. C. W. Dunbarger, all of Wheeling, motored to Oakland from that city last Friday and were week-end guests of Rev. and Mrs. W. M. Shultz at the parsonage of St. Paul's M. E. church.

To avoid the rush come early to the Racket Store. Adv. 34-4t

Mr. William T. Jamesson, of Piedmont, who spent several months in Oakland was taken to his home Tuesday morning by his son, Mr. Frank Jamesson. The former has been quite ill for the past several weeks owing to advancing years but at present is somewhat improved.

I will pay 12½ cents per pound for Hog Dressed Veals. Andrew Shartzer, Oakland, Md. Advertisement.

Messrs. Percy Frantz and John Collins, who went to Akron Ohio, one day last week, returned to their homes in Oakland Monday night. They report that while wages are high and work plentiful in the Ohio city it requires a large proportion of the money earned to live, and that a wage of $2.00 per day in Oakland is equal to more than twice that amount in Akron.

An exchange will be held at Shaffer & Bush's store in Oakland on Saturday afternoon by the ladies of the Pastor's Aid Society of the Lutheran church when they will have on sale many articles, including pastry, potato rolls, etc. Your patronage solicited. Adv.

THE LADIES' HOME JOURNAL, THE SATURDAY EVENING POST and THE COUNTRY GENTLEMAN wish to secure the spare time of a man or woman to act as local representative in Oakland and vicinity, looking after the renewals of their many subscriptions in this section and introducing these publications to new readers. Payment will be made in salary and commission. Previous experience is desirable but not essential. For details address with references, Box 654, THE CURTIS PUBLISHING COMPANY, Independence Square Philadelphia.

Great Bargains at the Racket Store. Advertisement.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Dr. Archibald Moore, who spent a vacation of two weeks in Wheeling and other West Virginia points, returned to Oakland on last Thursday and on Saturday accompanied the West Virginia and Garrett County "Flying Squadron" on a campaign tour through Allegany county in the interest of the prohibition fight being waged in that county. Largely attended meetings were held in the George's Creek towns where the speakers were met and given ovations by the temperance people. The "drys" are confident of victory.

HOME STATE TOUR

Corn and Potato Club Boys To Arrive in Oakland Monday.

The boys from the Eastern Shore who win out in the corn and potato clubs, will leave Baltimore so as to arrive in Oakland on train Number 55 on Monday next, and the tour really starts from here.

There will be twenty-three boys in the party, and two or three men that will look after them during the trip through each county along the state road to Baltimore.

These boys, winners in either the corn or potato contest in each county on the Eastern Shore, will find a hearty welcome when they come to Oakland, and will be met at the train and shown the points of interest around the town.

There will be a reception in the Maryland Theatre in the evening with the High and Grammar schools as hosts to the boys and they will then be taken to the Empire Theater, which will conclude the evenings program.

Citizens of the town have agreed to take care of the boys at their homes during the stay in Oakland.

On Tuesday the Oakland citizens have agreed to furnish cars to take the party over the new State Road to Gortner, and from there to Grantsville where they will arrive at twelve o'clock and the Grantsville delegation will then take charge of their entertainment, giving them dinner, showing them interesting points around the town and country, and send them on to Frostburg.

A stop will be made at Accident on the way to Grantsville.

The boys that win in Garrett county will go to Baltimore and join the Western Shore party in a trip over the Eastern Shore, and both parties will then meet in Baltimore and will be taken to Washington to have an interview with the President and to Annapolis to call on the Governor. After this they will be entertained in Baltimore during the Maryland Week Exhibit.

The people of Garrett county are cordially invited to attend the entertainment at the Maryland Theatre on Monday evening.

FOR RENT—Two houses; one 6 room; one four room. Both have water and gas. Apply to A. D. NAYLOR. Adv. 36-3t

Mr. William Murphy, of Bloomington, was in the city Monday when he made this office a brief business visit.

Mrs. Ernest Shirer went to Cumberland Tuesday and is visiting at the home of Mrs. Calvin Echard in that city.

Mr. Michael Boyle has opened a restaurant and billiard room in his store room on Oak street where he will be pleased to see his many friends.

County Superintendent F. E. Rathbun and Attendance Officer Wiley are visiting school communities in the eastern and southern sections of the county this week, where they find conditions satisfactory generally.

Rev. Frank McCamic, pastor of the Deer Park Circuit, closed a series of meetings, which has been in progress at Kurtz chapel, on Sunday evening last. On Thursday night of next week Mr. McCamic will deliver a lecture upon the subject "A Hundred Years of Progress in this Country," at the chapel to which all are cordially invited.

Subscribe for The Republican.

Your duty to yourself, to your Family, to Society

Demands

that you look after the

Safety

of your funds.

Thieves do Steal and Fire-brands Burn, but your money in this Bank is here for you when you want it. The man who has his money in the Bank is the man with his Mind at Ease.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OAKLAND - MARYLAND

O. H. S. Notes.

The high school was not in session last Friday because all of the teachers went to Cumberland to attend the Potomac Valley Round Table, which is an organization of teachers.

The High School faculty held its first professional meeting Thursday evening, Oct. 26, at 7.30. All the high school and five grammar school teachers were present. The discussion of "The Question Method of Teaching" was profitable to all. There will be another meeting soon. Prof. Ziel, principal of the grammar school, will have charge. Announcement of the same will appear in due time.

Karl Jansen, the Sweedish entertainer and humorist, will give a high class entertainment at the Maryland Theatre Friday evening, Nov. 10th. His program will be taken from "The Land of The Midnight Sun" or "Two Ways of Selling The Goods." Mr. Jansen appeared in Oakland about ten years ago, and gave a program for the benefit of the public schools. This time he will give a program for the benefit of the O. H. S. Full announcements will appear in the next issue.

Last Monday soccer was organized in the Oakland high and grammar schools by Mr. Frederick H. Bahr, representative of the Public Athletic League, Baltimore, Md., assisted by Principals Bender and Ziel. All the boys of the high school and those of the 5th, 6th and 7th grades of the grammar school were taught the game. Mr. Bahr being coach. The boys are very enthusiastic over soccer. Mr. Bahr made the following statement: "The boys turned out in large numbers for the game and made a wonderful showing. They played three games, one in the morning and two in the afternoon. The playing in the afternoon showed a big improvement over the morning practice." The boys became so interested in soccer that by the suggestion of Mr. Bender of the high school, and Mr. Ziel of the grammar school, a league was formed, with four teams taking part, 68 boys in all. The teams will play under the following names: Oakland Stars, Tigers, Wing Foot and Lions. Two games in the league have already been played and without a score, Oakland Stars playing the Tigers 0 to 0. The Lions played the Wingfoots 0 to 0. The speed of the boys and the way they handled themselves was remarkable for the first time out. In about there weeks the boys will be able to play the best team in the counties of Maryland, and be sure to make them hustle.

The league is composed of the following students:

Oakland Stars:—Edward Scott, captain; Donald Sincell, Frank Lyon, Chas. Garrett, Paul Frazee, Robert Porter, Britten Martin, Edison Kesner, Joe Hinebaugh, Richard West, Joe Hessen; substitute Oscar Hinebaugh, Emerson Cross, Whitney Thayer, Paul Weimer, William Glaze.

Tigers:—Gilbert Yutzy, captain; Edward Kahl, Julius Littman, Paul Riley, Townshend Naylor, Charles Moon, Harry Newman, James Hart, Leo Helbig, Wellington Hill, Delbert Payton; substitute Sprigg Tower, Swan Weber, Wilhelm Weber, Scott Shirer, Ronald Michael, John Cheuvront.

Wing Foot:—Victor Harvey, captain; Carl Kahl, Paul Little, William Garrett, Hugh Maffett, Ralph Davis, Ralph Robinson, Ruthven Browning, Calvin Jones, Leon Helbig, Robert Sliger; substitute Richard Maroney, Philip Walters, Robert Weimer, Arthur Townshend, Keith Ashby, Singleton Townshend.

Lions:—Carleton Hinebaugh, captain; Bruce Frazee, Uriel Cheuvront, Clyde Dawson, Herschel Harvey, Morgan Hinebaugh, Paul Ashby, Oliver Smouse, Paul Laffey, Edward Pollock, Reese Friend; substitute: Jennings Shultz, Robert Maroney, Robert Ford, Edward Helbig, Roger Tower, Joseph Stanton.

The Celebrated South Bend Plow.

Buy one now and pay for it in the spring. Price is just right.

McIntire's Hardware Store, Oakland. Advertisement.

Subscribe for The Republican.